

HSBC HOLDINGS PLC  
Form 6-K  
August 06, 2010

Table of Contents

**FORM 6-K**  
**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
**Washington, D.C. 20549**  
**Report of Foreign Private Issuer**  
**Pursuant to Rule 13a - 16 or 15d - 16 of**  
**the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**  
**For the month of August 2010**  
**HSBC Holdings plc**

42nd Floor, 8 Canada Square, London E14 5HQ, England

(Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F).

Form 20-F  Form 40-F

(Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the information contained in this Form is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934).

Yes  No

(If  Yes  is marked, indicate below the file number assigned to the registrant in connection with Rule 12g3-2(b): 82-.....).

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**Table of Contents**

**SIGNATURE**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

HSBC Holdings plc

By: /s/ D J Flint

Name: D J Flint

Title: Chief Financial Officer,  
Executive Director,  
Risk and Regulation

Date: August 6, 2010

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**Table of Contents**

**HSBC HOLDINGS PLC  
Interim Report 2010**

Headquartered in London, HSBC is one of the largest banking and financial services organisations in the world. Its international network comprises some 8,000 offices in 87 countries and territories in Europe; Hong Kong; Rest of Asia-Pacific; the Middle East; North America and Latin America.

With listings on the London, Hong Kong, New York, Paris and Bermuda stock exchanges, shares in HSBC Holdings plc are held by over 220,000 shareholders in 124 countries and territories. The shares are traded on the New York Stock Exchange in the form of American Depositary Shares.

HSBC provides a comprehensive range of financial services to around 100 million customers through four customer groups and global businesses: Personal Financial Services (including consumer finance); Commercial Banking; Global Banking and Markets; and Private Banking.

**Certain defined terms**

Unless the context requires otherwise, HSBC Holdings means HSBC Holdings plc and HSBC or the Group means HSBC Holdings together with its subsidiaries. Within this document, the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China is referred to as Hong Kong. When used in the terms shareholders equity and total shareholders equity, shareholders means holders of HSBC Holdings ordinary shares and those preference shares classified as equity.

*HSBC's Interim Financial Statements and Notes thereon, as set out on pages 204 to 232, have been prepared in accordance with the Disclosure Rules and Transparency Rules of the Financial Services Authority and International Accounting Standard ( IAS ) 34 Interim Financial Reporting as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ( IASB ) and endorsed by the European Union ( EU ). The consolidated financial statements of HSBC at 31 December 2009 were prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ( IFRSs ) as issued by the IASB, and as endorsed by the EU. EU-endorsed IFRSs may differ from IFRSs as issued by the IASB if, at any point in time, new or amended IFRSs have not been endorsed by the EU. At 31 December 2009, there were no unendorsed standards effective for the year ended 31 December 2009 affecting the consolidated financial statements at that date, and there was no difference between IFRSs endorsed by the EU and IFRSs issued by the IASB in terms of their application to HSBC. Accordingly, HSBC's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009 were prepared in accordance with IFRSs as issued by the IASB. At 30 June 2010, there were no unendorsed standards effective for the period ended 30 June 2010 affecting these interim consolidated financial statements, and there was no difference between IFRSs endorsed by the EU and IFRSs issued by the IASB in terms of their application to HSBC.*

*HSBC uses the US dollar as its presentation currency because the US dollar and currencies linked to it form the major currency bloc in which HSBC transacts and funds its business. Unless otherwise stated, the information presented in this document has been prepared in accordance with IFRSs.*

*When reference is made to underlying or underlying basis in tables or commentaries, comparative information has been expressed at constant currency (see page 12) and adjusted for the effects of acquisitions and disposals.*

**HSBC HOLDINGS PLC**

**Contents**

|   |           |
|---|-----------|
| <b><u>Financial Highlights</u></b>                                      | <b>2</b>  |
| <b><u>Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements</u></b> | <b>4</b>  |
| <b><u>Group Chief Executive's Review</u></b>                            | <b>5</b>  |
| <b><u>Interim Management Report</u></b>                                 | <b>11</b> |
| Operating and Financial Review  |           |
| <u>Principal activities</u>   | 11        |
| <u>Strategic direction</u>  | 11        |
| <u>Challenges and uncertainties</u>                                     | 11        |
| <u>Reconciliation of reported and underlying profit</u>                 | 11        |
| <u>Financial summary</u>  | 14        |
| <u>Income statement</u>   | 14        |
| <br>  |           |
| <u>Group performance by income and expense item</u>                     | 15        |
| <u>Economic profit/(loss)</u>   | 25        |
| <u>Balance sheet</u>  | 26        |
| <u>Other information</u>  | 28        |
| <u>Customer groups and global businesses</u>                            | 30        |
| <u>Geographical regions</u>   | 46        |
| <br>  |           |
| Impact of Market Turmoil  |           |
| <u>Background and disclosure policy</u>                                 | 97        |
| <u>Overview of exposure</u>   | 98        |
| <u>Business model</u>   | 102       |
| <u>Risk management</u>  | 103       |
| <u>Accounting policies</u>  | 103       |
| <br>  |           |
| <u>Nature and extent of HSBC's exposures</u>                            | 103       |
| <u>Fair values of financial instruments</u>                             | 114       |
| <u>Special purpose entities</u>   | 125       |
| <u>Other off-balance sheet arrangements and commitments</u>             | 136       |
| <br>  |           |
| Risk  |           |
| <u>Current challenges in regulation and supervision</u>                 | 138       |
| <u>Risk management</u>  | 140       |

|  |            |
|--|------------|
| <u>Credit risk</u>   | 141        |
| <u>Liquidity and funding</u>   | 172        |
| <br>   |            |
| <u>Market risk</u>   | 175        |
| <u>Operational risk</u>  | 183        |
| <u>Reputational risk</u>   | 184        |
| <u>Risk management of insurance operations</u>   | 185        |
| <u>Capital management and allocation</u>   | 189        |
| <br>   |            |
| <b><u>Board of Directors and Senior Management</u></b>                                       | <b>198</b> |
| <br>   |            |
| <b><u>Financial Statements</u></b>   | <b>204</b> |
| <br>   |            |
| <b><u>Notes on the Financial Statements<sup>1</sup></u></b>                                  | <b>212</b> |
| <br>   |            |
| <b><u>Additional Information</u></b>   | <b>235</b> |
| <br>   |            |
| <u>Directors' interests</u>  | 235        |
| <u>Employee share option plans</u>   | 238        |
| <u>Notifiable interests in share capital</u>   | 243        |
| <u>Dealings in HSBC Holdings shares</u>  | 243        |
| <u>First interim dividend for 2010</u>   | 244        |
| <u>Second interim dividend for 2010</u>  | 244        |
| <u>Proposed interim dividends for 2010</u>   | 245        |
| <br>   |            |
| <u><i>Interim Management Statement</i></u>   | 245        |
| <u>Final results</u>   | 245        |
| <u>Corporate governance</u>  | 245        |
| <u>Telephone and online share dealing service</u>  | 245        |
| <u>Stock codes</u>   | 246        |
| <u>Copies of the <i>Interim Report 2010</i> and shareholder enquiries and communications</u> | 246        |
| <br>   |            |
| <b><u>Glossary</u></b>   | <b>248</b> |
| <br>   |            |
| <b><u>Index</u></b>  | <b>257</b> |

1 *Detailed contents are provided on the referenced page.*

**Table of Contents**

**HSBC HOLDINGS PLC**

**Financial Highlights**

**For the half-year**

Group pre-tax profit 121 per cent higher at US\$11,104 million (US\$5,019 million in the first half of 2009).

Underlying pre-tax profit up by US\$2,245 million or 30 per cent to US\$9,630 million.

Profit attributable to shareholders of the parent company 102 per cent higher at US\$6,763 million (US\$3,347 million in the first half of 2009).

Total operating income 1 per cent higher at US\$40,672 million (US\$40,248 million in the first half of 2009).

Net operating income before loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions 2 per cent higher at US\$35,551 million (US\$34,741 million in the first half of 2009).

Return on average shareholders' equity of 10.4 per cent (6.4 per cent in the first half of 2009).

Earnings per ordinary share 81 per cent higher at US\$0.38 (US\$0.21 in the first half of 2009).

**Dividends and capital position**

Second interim dividend for 2010 of US\$0.08 per ordinary share which, together with the first interim dividend for 2010 of US\$0.08 per ordinary share already paid, represents US\$0.16 per share for 2010, the same as for the first half of 2009.

Core tier 1 ratio of 9.9 per cent and tier 1 ratio of 11.5 per cent.

**Table of Contents****Profitability and balance sheet data**

|   |                  | Half-year to |             |
|---|------------------|--------------|-------------|
|   | <b>30 June</b>   | 30 June      | 31          |
|   | <b>2010</b>      | 2009         | December    |
|   | <b>US\$m</b>     | US\$m        | US\$m       |
| <b>For the period</b>   |                  |              |             |
| Total operating income  | <b>40,672</b>    | 40,248       | 38,383      |
| Profit before tax   | <b>11,104</b>    | 5,019        | 2,060       |
| Profit attributable to shareholders of the parent company                               | <b>6,763</b>     | 3,347        | 2,487       |
| Dividends   | <b>3,261</b>     | 2,728        | 2,911       |
| <b>At the period-end</b>  |                  |              |             |
| Total equity  | <b>143,323</b>   | 125,298      | 135,661     |
| Total shareholders' equity  | <b>135,943</b>   | 118,355      | 128,299     |
| Capital resources <sup>1</sup>  | <b>154,886</b>   | 155,186      | 155,729     |
| Customer accounts   | <b>1,147,321</b> | 1,163,343    | 1,159,034   |
| Total assets  | <b>2,418,454</b> | 2,421,843    | 2,364,452   |
| Risk-weighted assets  | <b>1,075,264</b> | 1,159,274    | 1,133,168   |
|   |                  | <b>US\$</b>  | <b>US\$</b> |
| <b>Per ordinary share</b>   |                  |              |             |
| Basic earnings  |                  | <b>0.38</b>  | 0.21        |
| Diluted earnings  |                  | <b>0.38</b>  | 0.21        |
| Dividends <sup>2</sup>  |                  | <b>0.18</b>  | 0.18        |
| Net asset value at period end   |                  | <b>7.35</b>  | 6.63        |
| <b>Capital and performance ratios (annualised)</b>                                      |                  |              |             |
|   |                  | <b>%</b>     | <b>%</b>    |
| <b>Capital ratios</b>   |                  |              |             |
| Core tier 1 ratio   |                  | <b>9.9</b>   | 8.8         |
| Tier 1 ratio  |                  | <b>11.5</b>  | 10.1        |
| Total capital ratio   |                  | <b>14.4</b>  | 13.4        |
| <b>Performance ratios</b>   |                  |              |             |
| Return on average invested capital <sup>3</sup>   |                  | <b>9.4</b>   | 5.0         |
| Return on average total shareholders' equity <sup>4</sup>                               |                  | <b>10.4</b>  | 6.4         |
| Post-tax return on average total assets   |                  | <b>0.62</b>  | 0.31        |
| Post-tax return on average risk-weighted assets   |                  | <b>1.33</b>  | 0.66        |
| <b>Credit coverage ratios</b>   |                  |              |             |
| Loan impairment charges as a percentage of total operating income                       |                  | <b>17.8</b>  | 33.1        |
| Loan impairment charges as a percentage of average gross customer advances              |                  | <b>1.70</b>  | 3.08        |
| Total impairment allowances outstanding as a percentage of impaired loans at period end |                  | <b>79.0</b>  | 86.6        |
| <b>Efficiency and revenue mix ratios</b>  |                  |              |             |



|  |             |      |      |
|--|-------------|------|------|
| Cost efficiency ratio <sup>5</sup><br>reported | <b>50.9</b> | 47.9 | 56.4 |
| As a percentage of total operating income:     |             |      |      |
| net interest income                            | <b>48.6</b> | 51.0 | 52.6 |
| net fee income                                 | <b>20.9</b> | 20.9 | 24.1 |
| net trading income                             | <b>8.7</b>  | 15.5 | 9.4  |

**Financial ratio**

|  |            |     |     |
|--|------------|-----|-----|
| Average total shareholders' equity to average total assets | <b>5.5</b> | 4.3 | 4.7 |
|--|------------|-----|-----|

**Foreign exchange translation rates to US\$**

|                 |              |       |       |
|-----------------|--------------|-------|-------|
| Closing £:US\$1 | <b>0.667</b> | 0.605 | 0.616 |
| :US\$1          | <b>0.815</b> | 0.710 | 0.694 |
| Average £:US\$1 | <b>0.656</b> | 0.673 | 0.611 |
| :US\$1          | <b>0.755</b> | 0.751 | 0.688 |

*For footnotes, see page 4.*

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Financial Highlights** (continued)**Share information**

|   | At               | At            | At            |
|---|------------------|---------------|---------------|
|   | <b>30 June</b>   | 30 June       | 31            |
|   | <b>2010</b>      | 2009          | December      |
| US\$0.50 ordinary shares in issue (million)                 | <b>17,510</b>    | 17,315        | 17,408        |
| Market capitalisation (billion)                             | <b>US\$161</b>   | US\$141       | US\$199       |
| Closing market price per ordinary share:                    |                  |               |               |
| London  | <b>£6.152</b>    | £5.025        | £7.09         |
| Hong Kong   | <b>HK\$72.65</b> | HK\$65.65     | HK\$89.40     |
| Closing market price per American Depositary Share ( AD\$ ) | <b>US\$45.59</b> | US\$41.77     | US\$57.09     |
|   | <b>Over 1</b>    | <b>Over 3</b> | <b>Over 5</b> |
|   | <b>year</b>      | <b>years</b>  | <b>years</b>  |
| HSBC total shareholder return to 30 June 2010 <sup>7</sup>  | <b>126.9</b>     | <b>90.3</b>   | <b>102.6</b>  |
| Benchmarks:   |                  |               |               |
| FTSE 100 <sup>8</sup>                                       | 119.8            | 83.8          | 115.8         |
| MSCI World <sup>9</sup>                                     | 110.8            | 70.6          | 103.1         |
| MSCI Banks <sup>9</sup>                                     | 106.9            | 48.6          | 68.9          |

- 1 *Capital resources are total regulatory capital, the calculation of which is set out on page 193.*
- 2 *Dividends recorded in the financial statements are dividends per ordinary share declared in the first six months of 2010 and are not dividends in respect of, or for, the period.*
- 3 *The definition of return on average invested capital and a*

*reconciliation to the equivalent Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ( GAAP ) measures are set out on page 25.*

4 *The return on average total shareholders equity is defined as profit attributable to shareholders of the parent company divided by average total shareholders equity.*

5 *The cost efficiency ratio is defined as total operating expenses divided by net operating income before loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions.*

6 *Each ADS represents five ordinary shares.*

7 *Total shareholder return is defined on page 19 of the Annual Report and Accounts 2009.*

8

*The Financial  
Times Stock  
Exchange 100  
Index.*

9 *The Morgan  
Stanley Capital  
International  
World Index  
and the Morgan  
Stanley Capital  
International  
World Banks  
Index.*

**Cautionary statement regarding forward-looking statements**

This *Interim Report 2010* contains certain forward-looking statements with respect to the financial condition, results of operations and business of HSBC. These forward-looking statements represent HSBC's expectations or beliefs concerning future events and involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results, performance or events to differ, in some instances materially, from those expressed or implied in such statements. For example, certain of the market risk disclosures, some of which are only estimates and, therefore, could be materially different from actual results, are dependent on key model characteristics and assumptions and are subject to various limitations. Certain statements that are not historical facts, such as those that include the words "potential", "value at risk", "expects", "anticipates", "objective", "intends", "seeks", "plans", "believes", "estimates", and similar expressions or variations thereof, may be considered forward-looking statements.

Written and/or oral forward-looking statements may also be made in the periodic reports to the US Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), summary financial statements to shareholders, proxy statements, offering circulars and prospectuses, press releases and other written materials and in oral statements made by HSBC's Directors, officers or employees to third parties, including financial analysts.

Forward-looking statements involve inherent risks and uncertainties. Readers are cautioned that a number of factors could cause actual results to differ, in some instances materially, from those anticipated or implied in any forward-looking statement. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made, and it should not be assumed that they have been revised or updated in the light of new information or future events. Past performance cannot be relied on as a guide to future performance. Trends and factors that are expected to affect HSBC's results of operations are described in the *Operating and Financial Review*, *Market Turmoil* and *Risk*. A more detailed cautionary statement is given on pages 6 and 7 of the *Annual Report and Accounts 2009*.

**Table of Contents**

**HSBC HOLDINGS PLC**

**Group Chief Executive's Review**

**Group financial performance strongly ahead**

At HSBC, we have a clear and distinctive strategy. It is to rebalance the Group towards the needs of a fast-changing global economy, while keeping our strong capital and liquidity position. Our focus is therefore to build upon our unrivalled franchise in emerging markets, while delivering connectivity for our customers everywhere in an increasingly connected world. That HSBC delivered a strongly improved performance in the first half of 2010 is in large part thanks to this strategy and our success in repositioning and transforming the business to deliver on it.

Our Personal Financial Services and Commercial Banking businesses delivered significantly improved results, adding to another very strong performance in Global Banking and Markets. On a reported basis, pre-tax profits more than doubled to US\$11.1 billion compared with the first half of 2009, including the impact of movements on the fair value on our own debt relating to credit spreads. Underlying pre-tax profits<sup>1</sup> increased by 30 per cent to US\$9.6 billion year-on-year, driven by significantly reduced loan impairment charges.

With regulatory change ahead, capital and funding strength will become even more important in deciding which banks can grow and which are left behind. Maintaining our strong balance sheet therefore remains core to our banking philosophy. We further strengthened our tier 1 capital through underlying profit generation and capital issuance.

1 *Commentary on financial performance is given on an underlying basis unless otherwise stated.*

2 *All references to July are July 2010.*

We increased our tier 1 capital ratio to 11.5 per cent, we grew our core tier 1 ratio to 9.9 per cent and the outcome of the EU-wide stress test exercise by the Committee of European Banking Supervisors in July<sup>2</sup> confirmed the robustness of our capital position. Our ratio of customer advances to deposits remained steady at under 80 per cent, providing a broad indication of our funding strength and keeping our distinctive liquidity position.

As one of the industry's leading dividend payers, HSBC recognises the importance of dividend income to all our shareholders, not least our many retail investors. We declared dividends on ordinary shares of US\$2.8 billion in respect of the first half of the year including a second interim dividend of eight US cents per ordinary share, payable on 6 October 2010. Return on average total shareholders' equity improved to 10.4 per cent on a reported basis and was 9.3 per cent excluding the impact of movements on the fair value of our own debt related to credit spreads. As we reduce our run-off portfolios, we believe shareholders' continuing support of HSBC will be rewarded with improving returns albeit towards the lower end of the target range in the medium term.

Once again, emerging economies led the global recovery in the first half. Government infrastructure investment continued apace, while flows of cross-border trade and investment sustained their rapid recovery. We continued to rebalance our assets steadily towards the world's emerging markets and to build new revenue streams across the Group, positioning the business for sustainable growth.

Despite increasing economic uncertainty towards the end of the period, we saw appetite for credit grow steadily, especially among our business customers. This is now feeding through into lending growth, a trend we expect to continue. In the first half of the year, we added assets in targeted segments to the balance sheet, more than offsetting the effect of the run-off in our exit portfolios. We grew loans and advances to customers in all regions and by four per cent overall, compared with the end of 2009. Geographically, the strongest growth was in Asia, where we grew lending by 15 per cent. In Commercial Banking we grew lending by nine per cent globally.

We gained share of international trade volumes, made progress in building our Insurance and Wealth Management businesses, and expanded our advisory services in Global Banking and Markets. As a result, fee income rose overall outside the US. Overall,

**Table of Contents**

**HSBC HOLDINGS PLC**

**Group Chief Executive's Review (continued)**

revenues were broadly in line with the second half of 2009. However, as we expected, they were lower than in the first half, given the exceptional market conditions in that period, especially in Global Banking and Markets. This also reflected our success in reducing and repositioning Personal Financial Services portfolios away from Consumer Finance and other unsecured lending products.

As we focus on building a high quality asset base for the future, it is encouraging that loan impairment charges now stand at their lowest levels since the start of the financial crisis. They almost halved overall, reducing by US\$6.8 billion to US\$7.5 billion year-on-year. This reflects the benefit of more stable economic conditions for many of our customers and follows our actions, begun before the crisis, to reduce exposure to unsecured lending outside our key relationships, to exit unprofitable business lines and to tighten underwriting standards for new business.

We continued to invest in expanding the business and transforming our operations. However, we did so with a focus on cost control. As a result, our cost efficiency ratio was only slightly above our target range at 53.1 per cent. Costs were broadly unchanged, excluding the impact of the one-off pension gain in the first half of 2009, and the UK and French payroll taxes on 2009 bonuses and pension curtailment accounting gain in the US which were accounted for in the current period. Overall, operating expenses were five per cent higher.

**Profitable in every region outside North America**

In Asia, performance was comfortably ahead, with pre-tax profits increasing by 20 per cent to US\$5.6 billion. As levels of trade activity improved from the lows of a year ago and demand for credit, investment and insurance products increased, we continued to meet our customers' growing financial needs. The contribution of Asian profits generated outside Hong Kong grew to 50 per cent, underlining our growing presence across the region.

Pre-tax profits in Latin America increased by 36 per cent to US\$0.9 billion, largely driven by improved credit experience in our retail businesses as we ran off higher risk consumer portfolios.

In the Middle East, pre-tax profits were down by 39 per cent at US\$393 million but were well ahead of the second half of 2009. Loan impairment charges were modestly higher year-on-year but more than halved in comparison with the second half of 2009 as credit delinquency trends improved. We have seen customer activity beginning to pick up and

believe the region has a sustainable and strong future.

In Europe, pre-tax profits were strongly ahead in Personal Financial Services and were also higher in Commercial Banking. Overall, they were 19 per cent lower at US\$2.8 billion, as Global Banking and Markets revenues reduced from the exceptional first half performance of 2009.

Profits in the UK accounted for 52 per cent of the European total. In the UK, we grew international trade volumes and increased mortgage lending. The quality of the new mortgage book is illustrated by a low average loan to value ratio of 53 per cent.

Continental Europe represented 48 per cent of total European pre-tax profits. We strengthened our management team to focus more closely on opportunities for growth across the region and began to centralise our processing operations to deliver greater economies of scale. Despite weak and volatile market conditions, HSBC successfully managed its sovereign risk exposures in respect of Greece, Portugal, Spain and Ireland which were US\$4 billion and the overall quality of our sovereign debt portfolio remains strong.

It is an encouraging sign of progress in the US that performance in North America was ahead by some US\$2 billion, resulting in a significantly reduced pre-tax loss of US\$80 million. Loan impairment charges fell markedly and we made good progress in developing our continuing businesses generally including Premier, international trade finance, and our Global Banking and Markets business where we continued to support the needs of our Latin American corporate clients.

Our US Consumer Finance run-off portfolios continued to decrease in line with our expectations. We reduced total balances across these portfolios by a further US\$10 billion to US\$69 billion since the end of 2009. In July, we also agreed in principle to sell the remainder of the vehicle finance loan portfolio and other related assets to an unaffiliated third party. The sale is expected to close in the third quarter of 2010.

**Profitable in every customer group**

Led by these improvements in the US, Personal Financial Services returned to profit for the first time in two years. Pre-tax profits were US\$1.2 billion, following an improvement of US\$2.5 billion year-on-year. We benefited from a stronger credit experience, in part driven by improved collections processes. We also saw stronger sales of wealth management, insurance and mortgage products and higher customer deposits.



**Table of Contents**

In Commercial Banking, pre-tax profits were also well ahead, rising by 40 per cent to US\$3.1 billion, reflecting an improvement in the economic environment, supported by active portfolio management during the crisis, robust revenues and progress in rebuilding the balance sheet through selective lending growth.

Although pre-tax profits were down 13 per cent at US\$5.6 billion, Global Banking and Markets reported its second best performance of any half-year period, reinforcing the success of our emerging markets-led, financing-focused strategy. The business remained highly diversified with the largest revenue stream contributing some 20 per cent of the total. Balance Sheet Management revenues were lower, but they were robust and opportunities remained to redeploy our liquidity efficiently.

Private Banking pre-tax profits were 13 per cent lower at US\$0.6 billion, largely due to the impact of low interest rates. However, net new money inflows totalled US\$7.3 billion, the majority of which were from emerging markets.

**Building on our distinctive strengths**

At HSBC, we are very clear about what makes us a different kind of bank and we are building on those strengths that enable us to serve our customers best.

**Connecting customers across regions**

As we see other companies in all industries working to build global scale, we are thankful for the global reach that comes from 145 years of doing business as an international bank. We are constantly working to harness the connectivity this provides so we can better meet the needs of our international customers.

Global Banking and Markets provides an excellent example of this in action. Our global network allows us to service customers with cross-border trading or financing needs anywhere in the world, by accessing the expertise in our major dealing rooms in centres like London, Paris, New York and Hong Kong. This has helped us to increase the revenue contribution from emerging markets, which grew from 35 per cent to 37 per cent year-on-year.

**Reinforcing our position as the world's leading emerging markets bank**

In July, *Euromoney* recognised the breadth and depth of HSBC's presence across the world's faster-growing regions by naming us Best Global Emerging Markets Bank. Throughout the first half, we continued to rebalance our footprint towards

these regions and we expect them to account for the majority of global growth for the foreseeable future.

There is no market of greater strategic importance to HSBC than Greater China. We continue to protect and build on our position as the leading international bank in mainland China, where we opened our 100<sup>th</sup> HSBC-branded outlet and opened a flagship new China Head Office in Shanghai. We are building on our strategic partnerships and subscribed for our full entitlement of H-shares in the Bank of Communications rights issue. We also incorporated locally in Taiwan which will complement our platforms in Hong Kong and mainland China and improve our access to the region.

We are committed to building our presence in India too and so, in July, we announced our third investment in two years through the acquisition of the Indian retail and commercial operations of the Royal Bank of Scotland. This will significantly increase our scale in Asia's third largest economy and give us access to 1.1 million customer relationships. Subject to regulatory approvals, we expect to complete the deal in the first half of 2011.

In June, we also announced an acquisition to increase our presence in Kazakhstan, a fast-growing economy with important trade links to mainland China.

**Maintaining our funding strength**

One of the key lessons to emerge from the financial crisis was the critical importance of stable liquidity. At HSBC, deposits have always been fundamental to everything we do and they remain the fuel for our future growth.

It is proof of our brand strength that at a time of low interest rates and intense competition for savings we increased customer deposit balances by three per cent to US\$1,147 billion during the period. The effect on our profits of low deposit spreads remains significant, but I believe HSBC is a bank well positioned to benefit from a progressive rise in interest rates. Just as important as the financial returns, our liquidity position means we can respond to new growth opportunities as soon as they emerge not least in Asia, where our funding base is particularly strong.

**Building a customer base for tomorrow**

There is no greater opportunity for HSBC in Personal Financial Services than serving the needs of the world's 180 million mass affluent individuals. These customers are typically highly mobile, with



**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Group Chief Executive's Review** (continued)

significant cross-border requirements that play to our strengths as a global bank.

Premier is our flagship product for this sector and we are on track to build our customer base to six million by the end of 2011. In June, the monthly increase in Premier customer numbers reached 100,000 and, at the end of the period, total numbers reached 3.9 million. Revenues from Premier customers can be over four times that generated by a standard account in the current interest rate environment. Furthermore, wealth management products account for an increasing proportion of Premier revenues, highlighting our ability to manufacture and deliver a full suite of products of real value to affluent customers over their lifetimes. Looking to the longer term, we have now also launched Advance in 22 countries, an international proposition for the next generation of potential Premier customers.

As trade volumes recover and the direction of global investment shifts, international business customers have continued to turn to HSBC and to benefit from our global scale and connectivity across the world's emerging and developed markets. In Commercial Banking, international customers typically generate more than double the revenues of domestically focused companies and we grew this customer base by 16 per cent. Building relationships with small and medium-size companies is also core to our future growth strategy, and we increased these customer numbers by three per cent to 3.3 million, with 84 per cent of new customers in emerging markets.

Within Global Banking and Markets, we are focusing on building broad-based relationships with those international customers where we are best equipped to meet their full range of financial needs and we have the greatest opportunity to grow revenues. Working together, Private Banking and Global Banking and Markets launched a family office partnership to provide better, more holistic relationship management, for our wealthiest clients. Private Banking also continued to focus on developing business in emerging markets and was recognised as Best Global Wealth Manager by *Euromoney* in July.

**Building sustainable revenue streams for the future**

With a very clear understanding of our customers and their future needs, we are carefully developing our range of products and services in response. We are targeting those areas where we know HSBC has distinctive strengths, where the revenue opportunity

is big enough to make a difference and where the risk-adjusted returns are most attractive.

**Expanding our wealth management offering**

People in most of our key markets are living longer and demanding longer-term financial products, presenting great opportunities to grow our wealth management business. We are increasing share in key markets including Hong Kong, the UK and Canada and developing new products to meet the needs of our Premier customers. In 2009, we launched World Selection, a dynamically managed multi-manager fund product, bringing a diverse range of international assets to our local retail customers. In the first half of 2010, we extended the product to 21 countries and increased funds under management by 59 per cent to US\$4.1 billion. We also launched five new Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs) and, in July, announced the launch of our first emerging market ETF for Brazil as we continue to make low-cost access to global markets available for our retail customers.

**Building our emerging market insurance platforms**

As growth in demand for insurance in emerging markets accelerates, we are investing for the future with encouraging success, particularly in Asia and Latin America. Our ambition is to be the leading international bancassurer in Asia within the next decade.

We have already built a leading life insurance business in Hong Kong through our integrated bancassurance strategy. In mainland China, HSBC Life has grown rapidly within its first year of operation. In India, our joint venture with Canara Bank and Oriental Bank of Commerce is a top 12 international insurer in the country after two years of operation. Our commitment to Asia was further underlined in January when we increased our investment in Vietnam one of the fastest-growing ASEAN economies by increasing our stake in Bao Viet Holdings from ten to 18 per cent.

In Latin America, sales of insurance products increased and we continued to tailor our proposition to different customer segments and successfully launched new products in Mexico and Brazil.

Extending our leadership in international trade

International trade is set to grow faster than GDP for the foreseeable future and our own research shows that the trade finance needs of most mid-sized companies are growing quickly. Thanks to our global connectivity and local knowledge, we are meeting these needs. HSBC's export-related trade

**Table of Contents**

volume continued to grow steadily and we progressively gained market share during the period.

To support the growing flows between emerging and developed economies, we are moving the right people and skills to the right places and, as the leading international emerging markets bank, we are particularly well placed to support the growing flows of South-South trade. In Commercial Banking, we are seeing a rapid increase in trade flows between Latin America and mainland China and we are transferring bankers from Europe, the US and Latin America to mainland China and Hong Kong. In Global Banking, we transferred bankers from our Latin American operations into HSBC offices in mainland China, and set up a reciprocal China desk in Brazil.

**Capturing the outflows from mainland China**

I believe that the re-emergence of China's economy will drive the biggest change to global trade patterns in the generation ahead. We expect mainland China's total trade flows with the rest of the world to grow by some 13 per cent a year over the next five years to US\$5 trillion.

Mainland Chinese companies expanding overseas accounted for about half of new customer growth in Commercial Banking in Hong Kong over the past twelve months. We also aim to be the pre-eminent international bank in renminbi trade, settlement and bond issuance, as regulations change and the offshore renminbi market gradually develops. In Hong Kong, HSBC had a significant share of the cross-border clearance market and we expect to grow this further in the second half of the year. In June, we executed the first cross-border renminbi transaction in the UK and we aspire to be the first international bank to execute transactions across six continents. In July, we also acted as sole bookrunner and lead manager for the first ever offshore renminbi certificate of deposit issue, which provides a new investment vehicle for market participants to manage portfolio risk.

**Building out our equity platform**

Over the past 15 years, HSBC has built a world-class debt capital market platform in the world's faster-growing markets, something *Euromoney* recognised when they named us 'Best Global Emerging Markets Debt House' in July. We are now leveraging these customer relationships and building out our equities platform in a co-ordinated and selective way across Advisory, Equity Capital Markets, Research and Distribution. We are expanding in Hong Kong, mainland China, India, the Middle East, Brazil and Mexico and developing our European business in the UK, France and Germany. This will enable us to deliver a comprehensive range of Equities products to key institutional clients and personal, commercial and private banking customers alike. During the period, we made key hires, continued to invest in our trading and infrastructure platform, and gained market share in Asia and Europe.

**Growing our leadership in Islamic finance**

Islamic finance is a fast-developing industry, currently growing at over 20 per cent a year. HSBC Amanah represents the largest and most comprehensive Islamic proposition of any international bank, with successful operations in the UK, the Middle East and Asia-Pacific. We continued to expand our product range across our customer groups and we were delighted to be recognised as *Euromoney*'s 'Best International Islamic Bank' and 'Best Sukuk House' in 2010. In the first half of the year, we were the global lead underwriter for sukuk and we launched an Amanah Premier proposition in four markets in the Middle East and two markets in Asia-Pacific. In July, we opened our first Amanah-only branch in Qatar, the fourth country in which we have established dedicated branches to serve the full range of Islamic banking needs.

**Transforming our business infrastructure**

Of course, investment in building relationships and expanding our products and services will not be successful unless we continuously invest to improve customer service and deliver greater efficiency.

Above all, we are delivering a better and more consistent experience for our customers. This year, we will refresh, refurbish or expand over 1,000 branches including more than 200 in the UK, and we have begun a three-year programme to invest over US\$500 million in our Latin American branch network. We have taken the first steps towards improving the account opening experience across our retail businesses which will, over time, free our staff to focus directly on customer needs.

We are also investing in adding front-line staff, to improve relationship management and drive future sales growth. In Personal Financial Services, we aim to recruit 1,000 additional relationship managers and other customer-facing staff this year to support the development of Premier. In Private Banking, we have begun a three-year programme to add up to 500 customer-facing staff covering key markets in Asia, Latin America and the Middle East. In Commercial

Banking, we are recruiting up to 500 relationship

**Table of Contents**

**HSBC HOLDINGS PLC**

**Group Chief Executive's Review (continued)**

managers and business specialists to drive business expansion in Brazil and Mexico.

At the same time, we are transforming our operations to create a more efficient, better connected bank. In Latin America, we are joining up our sites across the region so we can better compete with bigger local competitors. One example is the centralisation of our trade operations in Panama, which has allowed us to deliver a better, more consistent customer experience across a number of countries. We have adopted a new collections call model, allowing us to export our best practice in the US across the Group and, in the Middle East, this has led to a 40 per cent reduction in the number of outbound calls.

We also continued to improve our direct channels. As a result, one million small and medium-size business customers used our Business Internet Banking platform and we grew the number of users of our online platform for larger commercial customers, HSBCnet, by 17 per cent to 55,000.

Thanks to these important initiatives and the dedication and focus of all of our staff, we are making measurable progress in improving customer satisfaction. Among Business Banking customers, we have exceeded our brand health scores in a number of key markets. Meanwhile, among our Personal Financial Services customers, our ambition is to achieve a top three ranking for customer recommendation in all 15 markets that we track. We are already in the top three for nine of these markets. All of this is helping to reinforce the strength of our brand and we were delighted to be named the top banking brand by *Brand Finance* for the third year running in 2010.

**Well positioned for the shifting economy and for regulatory change**

Global demand will remain constrained as long as we face the likelihood of anaemic growth in various Western nations. But while these economies come to terms with austerity, we remain bullish on the outlook for emerging markets – both short and long-term. Some cooling off is possible, however I am confident that the authorities in leading economies like China can and will continue to deliver sustainable growth and support domestic demand.

Regulatory change is now beginning to move up a gear, and HSBC's capital strength positions us strongly for change. HSBC is preparing for a period which will be characterised by further intense public and political scrutiny of banks in the West and a complex compliance environment with a higher level of intervention by regulators.

Meanwhile, finalising

the shape of the global regulatory framework remains the most urgent challenge for the industry and its supervisors.

Greater clarity is required, however reform is clearly moving in the right overall direction. Our collective responsibility now is to get the details and the timetable right so trade and capital can flow freely and banks are able to play their full part in financing these flows and supporting economic growth.

The West is realising that it does not have all the answers and the commitment of the G20 in driving forward the reform agenda is promising, with policymakers in emerging markets playing an increasing part. We believe it is essential that all G20 members participate according to the same rules, otherwise we will end up with an uneven playing field that looks very different depending on where a company is headquartered. In a global marketplace where businesses and people are mobile, one country cannot afford to pursue its own particular policy agenda without considering the possible unintended consequences for the wider economy.

Finally, we believe that HSBC's results over the past decade – and throughout the latest crisis – prove that a well-balanced, universal banking model of scale really works. We have weathered the storms in different regions and in different sectors precisely because our business is large, broad and diverse. As we continue to debate the shape of the regulatory framework, it remains our view that the financial system needs banks which are big enough to cope. Soundly-managed universal banks not only contribute to financial stability – but are also best placed to support economic growth by meeting the full range of customer needs in our globalised, connected world.

Michael Geoghegan, *Group Chief Executive*

2 August 2010





**Table of Contents**

**HSBC HOLDINGS PLC**

**Interim Management Report: Operating and Financial Review**

**Principal activities**

HSBC is one of the largest banking and financial services organisations in the world, with a market capitalisation of US\$161 billion at 30 June 2010.

Through its subsidiaries and associates, HSBC provides a comprehensive range of banking and related financial services. Headquartered in London, HSBC operates through long-established businesses and has an international network of some 8,000 offices in 87 countries and territories in six geographical regions: Europe; Hong Kong; Rest of Asia-Pacific; the Middle East; North America and Latin America. Within these regions, a comprehensive range of financial services is offered to personal, commercial, corporate, institutional, investment and private banking clients. Services are delivered primarily by domestic banks, typically with large retail deposit bases, and by consumer finance operations.

**Strategic direction**

HSBC's strategic direction reflects its position as 'The world's local bank', combining the largest global developing markets banking business and a uniquely cosmopolitan customer base with an extensive international network and substantial financial strength.

The Group's strategy is aligned with the key trends which are shaping the global economy. In particular, HSBC recognises that, over the long term, developing markets are growing faster than the mature economies, world trade is expanding at a greater rate than gross domestic product and life expectancy is lengthening virtually everywhere. HSBC's strategy is focused on delivering superior growth and earnings over time by building on the Group's heritage and skills. Its origins in trade in Asia have had a considerable influence over the development of the Group and, as a consequence, HSBC has an established and longstanding presence in many countries. The combination of local knowledge and international breadth is supported by a substantial financial capability founded on balance sheet strength, largely attributable to the scale of the Group's retail deposit bases.

HSBC is, therefore, continuing to direct incremental investment primarily to the faster growing markets and, in the more developed markets, is focusing on businesses and customer segments which have international connectivity. A policy of maintaining HSBC's capital strength and strong liquidity position remains complementary to these activities and is the foundation of decisions about the pace and direction of investment.

The Group has identified three main business models for its customer groups and global businesses that embody HSBC's areas of natural advantage:

businesses with international customers for whom connections with developing markets are crucial – Global Banking and Markets, Private Banking, the large business segment of Commercial Banking and the mass affluent segment of Personal Financial Services;

businesses with local customers where service efficiencies can be enhanced through global scale – the small business segment of Commercial Banking and the mass market segment of Personal Financial Services; and

products where global scale is possible by applying the Group's efficiency, expertise and brand – product platforms such as global transaction banking.

The means of executing the strategy and making greater use of the linkages within the Group are clear:

the HSBC brand and global networks will be leveraged to reach new customers and offer further services to existing clients;

efficiency will be enhanced by taking full advantage of local, regional and global economies of scale, in particular by adopting a common systems architecture wherever possible; and

objectives and incentives will be aligned to motivate and reward staff for being fully engaged in delivering the strategy.

**Challenges and uncertainties**

A detailed account of HSBC's challenges and uncertainties is provided on pages 12 to 18 of the *Annual Report and Accounts 2009*. Further comments on expected risks and uncertainties are made throughout this Interim Management Report, particularly in the sections on Market Turmoil and Risk.

**Reconciliation of reported and underlying profit before tax**

HSBC measures its performance internally on a like-for-like basis by eliminating the effects of foreign currency translation differences; acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries and businesses; fair value movements on own debt designated at fair value attributable to changes in HSBC's own credit spread as the net result of such movements will be zero upon maturity of the debt; and gains from the

**Table of Contents**

**HSBC HOLDINGS PLC**

**Interim Management Report: Operating and Financial Review** (continued)

dilution of the Group's interests in associates, all of which distort period-on-period comparisons. HSBC refers to this as its underlying performance.

This approach is used to monitor progress against operating plans and previous period results because management believes that the underlying basis more accurately reflects operating performance. Reported results include the effect of the above items.

**Constant currency**

Constant currency comparatives for the half-years to 30 June 2009 and 31 December 2009, used in the 2010 commentaries, are computed by retranslating into US dollars for non-US dollar branches, subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates:

the income statements for the half-years to 30 June 2009 and 31 December 2009 at the average rates of exchange for the half-year to 30 June 2010; and

the balance sheets at 30 June 2009 and 31 December 2009 at the rates of exchange ruling at 30 June 2010.

No adjustment has been made to the exchange rates used to translate foreign currency-denominated assets and liabilities into the functional currencies of any HSBC branches, subsidiaries, joint ventures or associates.

When reference is made to constant currency in tables or commentaries, comparative data reported in the functional currencies of HSBC's operations have been translated at the appropriate exchange rates applied in the current period on the basis described above.

**Underlying performance**

The tables below compare HSBC's underlying performance for the half-year to 30 June 2010 with the half-years to 30 June 2009 and 31 December

2009. Equivalent tables are provided for each of HSBC's customer groups and geographical segments in their respective sections below.

The foreign currency translation differences reflect the relative strengthening of the US dollar across Asia, as well as in Brazil, Mexico and the UK during the first half of 2010.

The following acquisitions and disposals were adjusted for in arriving at the underlying comparison:

the acquisition of Bank Ekonomi in May 2009;

the gain on sale of HSBC's 49 per cent interest in a joint venture for a UK merchant acquiring business in June 2009 of US\$280 million;

the gain on reclassification of Bao Viet Holdings ( Bao Viet ) from an available-for-sale asset to an associate in January 2010 of US\$62 million;

the gain on the sale of HSBC's stake in Wells Fargo HSBC Trade Bank in March 2010 of US\$66 million;

the gain on disposal of HSBC Insurance Brokers Limited in April 2010 of US\$107 million;

the dilution gain which arose on HSBC's holding in Ping An Insurance (Group) Company of China, Limited ( Ping An Insurance ) following the issue of shares by Ping An Insurance in May 2010, of US\$188 million; and

the loss of US\$47 million on reclassification of British Arab Commercial Bank plc from an associate to a held-for-sale asset in June 2010.

The timing of the Bank Ekonomi acquisition creates an underlying adjustment between the first half of 2009 and the first half of 2010 but not between the second half of 2009 and the first half of 2010.



**Table of Contents***Reconciliation of reported and underlying profit before tax*

|  | Half-year to 30 June 2010 ( 1H10 ) compared with half-year to 30 June 2009 ( 1H09 ) |  |   |  |                                 |  |                                  |   |   |
|--|---|--|---|--|---------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|---|---|
|  | 1H09<br>as<br>reported<br>US\$m   | 1H09<br>adjust-<br>ments <sup>1</sup><br>US\$m | Currency<br>translation <sup>2</sup><br>US\$m | 1H09<br>at 1H10<br>exchange<br>rates <sup>3</sup><br>US\$m | 1H10<br>as<br>reported<br>US\$m | 1H10<br>adjust-<br>ments <sup>1</sup><br>US\$m | 1H10<br>under-<br>lying<br>US\$m | Re-<br>ported<br>change <sup>4</sup><br>% | Under-<br>lying<br>change <sup>4</sup><br>% |
| <b>HSBC</b>  |   |  |   |  |                                 |  |                                  |   |   |
| Net interest income                                      | 20,538  |  | 707   | 21,245   | 19,757                          | (31)   | 19,726                           | (4)                                       | (7)   |
| Net fee income   | 8,428   | (71)   | 248   | 8,605  | 8,518                           | (3)  | 8,515                            | 1   | (1)   |
| Changes in fair value <sup>5</sup>                       | (2,457)   | 2,457  |   |  | 1,074                           | (1,074)  |                                  |   |   |
| Other income <sup>6</sup>                                | 8,232   | (281)  | 264   | 8,215  | 6,202                           | (385)  | 5,817                            | (25)                                      | (29)  |
| <b>Net operating income<sup>7</sup></b>                  | <b>34,741</b>   | <b>2,105</b>                                   | <b>1,219</b>                                  | <b>38,065</b>  | <b>35,551</b>                   | <b>(1,493)</b>                                 | <b>34,058</b>                    | <b>2</b>                                  | <b>(11)</b>                                 |
| Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions | (13,931)  |  | (363)   | (14,294)   | (7,523)                         |  | (7,523)                          | 46  | 47  |
| <b>Net operating income</b>                              | <b>20,810</b>   | <b>2,105</b>                                   | <b>856</b>                                    | <b>23,771</b>  | <b>28,028</b>                   | <b>(1,493)</b>                                 | <b>26,535</b>                    | <b>35</b>                                 | <b>12</b>                                   |
| Operating expenses                                       | (16,658)  | 70   | (663)   | (17,251)   | (18,111)                        | 19   | (18,092)                         | (9)                                       | (5)   |
| <b>Operating profit</b>                                  | <b>4,152</b>  | <b>2,175</b>                                   | <b>193</b>                                    | <b>6,520</b>   | <b>9,917</b>                    | <b>(1,474)</b>                                 | <b>8,443</b>                     | <b>139</b>                                | <b>29</b>                                   |
| Income from associates                                   | 867   | (1)  | (1)   | 865  | 1,187                           |  | 1,187                            | 37  | 37  |
| <b>Profit before tax</b>                                 | <b>5,019</b>  | <b>2,174</b>                                   | <b>192</b>                                    | <b>7,385</b>   | <b>11,104</b>                   | <b>(1,474)</b>                                 | <b>9,630</b>                     | <b>121</b>                                | <b>30</b>                                   |

|  | Half-year to 30 June 2010 ( 1H10 ) compared with half-year to 31 December 2009 ( 2H09 ) |                                       |                                      |   |                        |                                       |                         |                                      |  |
|--|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
|  | 2H09<br>as<br>reported  | 2H09<br>adjust-<br>ments <sup>1</sup> | Currency<br>translation <sup>2</sup> | 2H09<br>at 1H10<br>exchange<br>rates <sup>8</sup> | 1H10<br>as<br>reported | 1H10<br>adjust-<br>ments <sup>1</sup> | 1H10<br>under-<br>lying | Re-<br>ported<br>change <sup>4</sup> | Under-<br>lying<br>change <sup>4</sup> |
|  |   |                                       |                                      |   |                        |                                       |                         |                                      |  |

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| HSBC   | US\$m    | US\$m | US\$m | US\$m    | US\$m    | US\$m   | US\$m    | %   | %   |
|--|----------|-------|-------|----------|----------|---------|----------|-----|-----|
| Net interest income                                      | 20,192   |       | (316) | 19,876   | 19,757   |         | 19,757   | (2) | (1) |
| Net fee income   | 9,236    | (105) | (177) | 8,954    | 8,518    |         | 8,518    | (8) | (5) |
| Changes in fair value <sup>5</sup>                       | (4,076)  | 4,076 |       |          | 1,074    | (1,074) |          |     |     |
| Other income <sup>6</sup>                                | 6,088    | (2)   | (104) | 5,982    | 6,202    | (376)   | 5,826    | 2   | (3) |
| Net operating income <sup>7</sup>                        | 31,440   | 3,969 | (597) | 34,812   | 35,551   | (1,450) | 34,101   | 13  | (2) |
| Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions | (12,557) |       | 141   | (12,416) | (7,523)  |         | (7,523)  | 40  | 39  |
| Net operating income                                     | 18,883   | 3,969 | (456) | 22,396   | 28,028   | (1,450) | 26,578   | 48  | 19  |
| Operating expenses                                       | (17,737) | 99    | 323   | (17,315) | (18,111) |         | (18,111) | (2) | (5) |
| Operating profit   | 1,146    | 4,068 | (133) | 5,081    | 9,917    | (1,450) | 8,467    | 765 | 67  |
| Income from associates                                   | 914      |       | 1     | 915      | 1,187    |         | 1,187    | 30  | 30  |
| Profit before tax  | 2,060    | 4,068 | (132) | 5,996    | 11,104   | (1,450) | 9,654    | 439 | 61  |

For footnotes, see page 95.

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Operating and Financial Review (continued)****Financial summary****Income statement**

|   | <b>30 June<br/>2010<br/>US\$m</b> | Half-year to<br>30 June<br>2009<br>US\$m | 31<br>December<br>2009<br>US\$m |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| Interest income   | <b>28,686</b>                     | 32,479                                   | 29,617                          |
| Interest expense  | <b>(8,929)</b>                    | (11,941)                                 | (9,425)                         |
| Net interest income   | <b>19,757</b>                     | 20,538                                   | 20,192                          |
| Fee income  | <b>10,405</b>                     | 10,191                                   | 11,212                          |
| Fee expense   | <b>(1,887)</b>                    | (1,763)                                  | (1,976)                         |
| Net fee income  | <b>8,518</b>                      | 8,428                                    | 9,236                           |
| Trading income excluding net interest income  | <b>2,309</b>                      | 4,301                                    | 1,935                           |
| Net interest income on trading activities   | <b>1,243</b>                      | 1,954                                    | 1,673                           |
| Net trading income  | <b>3,552</b>                      | 6,255                                    | 3,608                           |
| Changes in fair value of long-term debt issued and related derivatives <sup>9</sup> | <b>1,125</b>                      | (2,300)                                  | (3,947)                         |
| Net income/(expense) from other financial instruments designated at fair value      | <b>(40)</b>                       | 777                                      | 1,939                           |
| Net income/(expense) from financial instruments designated at fair value            | <b>1,085</b>                      | (1,523)                                  | (2,008)                         |
| Gains less losses from financial investments  | <b>557</b>                        | 323                                      | 197                             |
| Dividend income   | <b>59</b>                         | 57                                       | 69                              |
| Net earned insurance premiums   | <b>5,666</b>                      | 5,012                                    | 5,459                           |
| Other operating income  | <b>1,478</b>                      | 1,158                                    | 1,630                           |
| <b>Total operating income</b>   | <b>40,672</b>                     | 40,248                                   | 38,383                          |
|   | <b>(5,121)</b>                    | (5,507)                                  | (6,943)                         |

Net insurance claims incurred and movement in liabilities to  
policyholders

|   |                 |          |          |
|---|-----------------|----------|----------|
| <b>Net operating income before loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions</b> | <b>35,551</b>   | 34,741   | 31,440   |
| Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions                                    | <b>(7,523)</b>  | (13,931) | (12,557) |
| <b>Net operating income</b>   | <b>28,028</b>   | 20,810   | 18,883   |
| Employee compensation and benefits  | <b>(9,806)</b>  | (9,207)  | (9,261)  |
| General and administrative expenses   | <b>(7,014)</b>  | (6,258)  | (7,134)  |
| Depreciation and impairment of property, plant and equipment                                | <b>(834)</b>    | (814)    | (911)    |
| Amortisation and impairment of intangible assets  | <b>(457)</b>    | (379)    | (431)    |
| <b>Total operating expenses</b>   | <b>(18,111)</b> | (16,658) | (17,737) |
| <b>Operating profit</b>   | <b>9,917</b>    | 4,152    | 1,146    |
| Share of profit in associates and joint ventures  | <b>1,187</b>    | 867      | 914      |
| <b>Profit before tax</b>  | <b>11,104</b>   | 5,019    | 2,060    |
| Tax expense   | <b>(3,856)</b>  | (1,286)  | 901      |
| <b>Profit for the period</b>  | <b>7,248</b>    | 3,733    | 2,961    |
| Profit attributable to shareholders of the parent company                                   | <b>6,763</b>    | 3,347    | 2,487    |
| Profit attributable to non-controlling interests  | <b>485</b>      | 386      | 474      |

*For footnotes, see page 95.*



**Table of Contents**

Reported profit before tax of US\$11.1 billion in the first half of 2010 was 121 per cent higher than in the first half of 2009, 30 per cent on an underlying basis, with significantly lower loan impairment charges more than offsetting lower revenues. The difference between reported and underlying results is explained on page 11. Except where otherwise stated, the commentaries in the Financial Summary are on an underlying basis.

Profit before tax on an underlying basis was 30 per cent higher than the first half of 2009.

The 11 per cent reduction in net operating income before loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions ( revenue ) was primarily attributable to three factors: (i) lower revenues in Balance Sheet Management as higher yielding positions matured, interest rates remained low and major yield curves flattened; (ii) lower revenues in HSBC Finance Corporation ( HSBC Finance ) as the run-off portfolios continued to fall; and (iii) lower net trading income. Although deposit spread compression continued to constrain net interest income in a number of key markets, notably Hong Kong, there was strong growth in insurance and investment businesses in Asia along with higher fee income due to an increase in trade activity. In the UK, higher revenues were primarily driven by mortgage lending growth and stronger lending spreads.

Loan impairment charges were significantly lower than in both the first and second halves of 2009 (US\$6.8 billion or 47 per cent and US\$4.9 billion or 39 per cent, respectively), reflecting initiatives taken to exit higher risk portfolios, enhanced underwriting and collection activities and a general improvement in the economic environment which helped stabilise credit quality. This substantial decline was driven by a significant reduction in the HSBC Finance run-off portfolio, largely due to lower customer loan balances and an easing in delinquency rates. The non-recurrence of a small number of specific charges related to Global Banking and Markets clients in the first half of 2009 and the run-off of certain consumer portfolios in Latin America also contributed to the improvement.

Reported profit after tax was US\$3.5 billion or 94 per cent higher than in the first half of 2009. The tax charge included US\$1.6 billion attributable to the taxable gain arising from an internal reorganisation designed to strengthen the US operations, capital position and support the recoverability of US deferred tax assets. No gain appears in the consolidated financial statements from this reorganisation, but the transaction generated a tax charge in the US that is expected to be covered by operating tax losses and foreign tax credits. The gain on the transaction was eliminated on consolidation but the tax charge remained, resulting in an increase in the Group's effective tax rate.

**Group performance by income and expense item**

Net interest income

|   |                  | Half-year to |           |
|---|------------------|--------------|-----------|
|   | <b>30 June</b>   | 30 June      | 31        |
|   | <b>2010</b>      | 2009         | December  |
|   | <b>2010</b>      | 2009         | 2009      |
| Net interest income <sup>10</sup> (US\$m)     | <b>19,757</b>    | 20,538       | 20,192    |
| Average interest-earning assets (US\$m)       | <b>1,431,458</b> | 1,345,569    | 1,423,202 |
| Gross interest yield <sup>11</sup> (per cent) | <b>4.04</b>      | 4.87         | 4.13      |
| Net interest spread <sup>12</sup> (per cent)  | <b>2.68</b>      | 3.05         | 2.77      |
| Net interest margin <sup>13</sup> (per cent)  | <b>2.78</b>      | 3.08         | 2.81      |

*For footnotes, see page 95.*

Reported net interest income fell by 4 per cent to US\$19.8 billion; the decline was 7 per cent on an underlying basis.

The decrease in net interest income was driven by the effects of the continuing low interest rate environment on all parts of the balance sheet together with a repositioning of customer assets towards secured lending, which has a lower incidence of loss and a lower yield.

As expected, revenues in Balance Sheet Management slowed significantly as interest rates remained low and major yield curves flattened. In Balance Sheet Management, average interest-earning assets increased, reflecting a rise in the

Group's commercial deposit surplus, particularly in Hong Kong, and driving an increase in overall interest-earning assets.

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Operating and Financial Review** (continued)

Low interest rates and a move towards lower yielding secured assets reduced net interest income by 4 per cent.

Average loans and advances to customers were broadly unchanged. However, yields were noticeably reduced as a result of a series of decisions to reposition lending in line with the Group's revised risk appetite. Higher yielding balances declined in North America as the run-off portfolios continued to repay and charge-off. Unsecured portfolios in Mexico, India and Europe decreased as a result of tighter underwriting criteria and the cessation of some business lines. In the US, credit card balances

declined as customers repaid more and the number of active credit card accounts fell. This reduction in balances was mitigated by growth in lending in Asia and the UK in residential mortgages, which command a lower yield.

The low interest rate environment had a favourable effect on the cost of funding the Group's trading assets. Despite a lower cost of funds and asset repricing, the net interest spread contracted for the reasons described above. The net interest margin declined by a smaller amount as net free funds increased, in part due to the low interest rates which led customers to hold more funds in liquid non-interest bearing current accounts.

Net fee income

|  | <b>30<br/>June<br/>2010<br/>US\$m</b> | Half-year to             | 31<br>December<br>2009<br>US\$m |
|--|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|
|  |                                       | 30 June<br>2009<br>US\$m | December<br>2009<br>US\$m       |
| Cards                                  | <b>1,900</b>                          | 2,209                    | 2,416                           |
| Account services                       | <b>1,821</b>                          | 1,771                    | 1,821                           |
| Funds under management                 | <b>1,181</b>                          | 945                      | 1,227                           |
| Credit facilities                      | <b>827</b>                            | 729                      | 750                             |
| Broking income                         | <b>766</b>                            | 749                      | 868                             |
| Insurance                              | <b>578</b>                            | 688                      | 733                             |
| Imports/exports                        | <b>466</b>                            | 438                      | 459                             |
| Global custody                         | <b>439</b>                            | 471                      | 517                             |
| Remittances                            | <b>329</b>                            | 281                      | 332                             |
| Unit trusts                            | <b>267</b>                            | 137                      | 226                             |
| Underwriting                           | <b>264</b>                            | 348                      | 398                             |
| Corporate finance                      | <b>248</b>                            | 164                      | 232                             |
| Trust income                           | <b>141</b>                            | 134                      | 144                             |
| Taxpayer financial services            | <b>91</b>                             | 91                       | (4)                             |
| Mortgage servicing                     | <b>60</b>                             | 62                       | 62                              |
| Maintenance income on operating leases | <b>53</b>                             | 55                       | 56                              |
| Other                                  | <b>974</b>                            | 919                      | 975                             |
| <b>Fee income</b>                      | <b>10,405</b>                         | 10,191                   | 11,212                          |
| <b>Less: fee expense</b>               | <b>(1,887)</b>                        | (1,763)                  | (1,976)                         |
| <b>Net fee income</b>                  | <b>8,518</b>                          | 8,428                    | 9,236                           |

Net fee income remained broadly in line with the first half of 2009 on both a reported and underlying basis.

Net fee income related to credit cards fell significantly, primarily in the US, due to a decline in late fees driven by lower volumes and delinquency levels, higher repayment levels, and reduced overlimit fees due to changes to charging practices following implementation of the CARD Act.

Underwriting fees decreased due to reduced activity in debt and equity capital markets, particularly in the US and the UK.

Insurance fee income in the US declined due to lower sales of credit protection products as a result of the run-off of the Consumer Lending portfolio and the reduced volume within the card business.

Offsetting the above, there were substantial increases in funds under management and unit trust income compared with the first half of 2009, particularly in Hong Kong and Rest of Asia-Pacific. Strong gains in most major markets during the latter part of 2009 led to an increase in the market value of assets, which resulted in higher management fees and an increase in customer transaction volumes as investor sentiment improved.

Credit facilities fees also increased, primarily as a result of an increase in the arrangement of loans and loan syndication in Hong Kong and the Rest of Asia-Pacific region.

**Table of Contents**

## Net trading income

|   | <b>30</b>      | Half-year to |          |
|---|----------------|--------------|----------|
|   | <b>June</b>    | 30 June      | 31       |
|   | <b>2010</b>    | 2009         | December |
|   | <b>US\$m</b>   | US\$m        | US\$m    |
| Trading activities                          | <b>3,419</b>   | 3,294        | 1,946    |
| Net interest income on trading activities   | <b>1,242</b>   | 1,954        | 1,673    |
| Loss on termination of hedges               | <b>(3)</b>     | (37)         | (17)     |
| Other trading income hedge ineffectiveness: |                |              |          |
| on cash flow hedges                         | <b>(24)</b>    | 70           | 74       |
| on fair value hedges                        | <b>17</b>      | (3)          | (42)     |
| Non-qualifying hedges                       | <b>(1,099)</b> | 977          | (26)     |
| Net trading income <sup>14,15</sup>         | <b>3,552</b>   | 6,255        | 3,608    |

*For footnotes, see page 95.*

Reported net trading income at US\$3.6 billion was 43 per cent lower than in the first half of 2009. On an underlying basis, it fell by 45 per cent compared with the first half of 2009 but was in line with the second half of the year.

The decline in net trading income was driven by a US\$2.1 billion adverse effect from non-qualifying hedges, which are derivatives entered into as part of a documented interest rate management strategy for which hedge accounting has not or cannot be applied. These are principally cross-currency and interest rate swaps used to economically hedge fixed rate debt issued by HSBC Holdings, floating rate debt issued by HSBC Finance and certain operating leased assets. The loss recognised in respect of non-qualifying hedges was a result of fair value losses on these instruments, primarily driven by the decrease in long-term US interest rates relative to sterling and euro interest rates. In HSBC Finance, the volume of non-qualifying hedge positions also increased as the duration of the mortgage book lengthened and swaps were used to more closely align the duration of the funding liabilities. This compared with fair value gains recognised in respect of these instruments in the same period in 2009. The size and direction of the changes in the fair value of non-qualifying hedges which are recognised in the income statement can be volatile from period to period, but do not alter the cash flows expected as part of the documented interest rate management strategy for both the instruments and the underlying economically hedged assets and liabilities.

Net interest income earned on trading activities decreased due to a fall in interest rates. The cost of internally funding these assets also declined as a result of the reduction in interest rates. However, reported net trading income excludes this interest expense.

Net income from trading activities declined compared with the unusually high levels reported in the first half of 2009, which benefited from exceptional volumes and margins and favourable market conditions. Revenues slowed in the second quarter of 2010 as European sovereign debt concerns and widening credit spreads suppressed client activity and reduced demand for foreign exchange, Credit and Rates products.

Rates income fell with the slowdown in client activity in Europe, while increased competition in the US adversely affected volumes and margins. The decrease was partly offset by fair value gains on structured liabilities as credit spreads widened, compared with losses in the same period in 2009.

Fall in trading income driven by US\$2.1 billion adverse effect from non-qualifying hedges.

Credit trading recorded a net release of previous write-downs on legacy positions and monoline exposures of US\$362 million, reflecting an improvement in asset prices; the first half of 2009 included a reported net charge of US\$602 million. This benefit however, was more than offset by the non-recurrence of gains in other parts of the business that arose in the first half of 2009.

Performance in the foreign exchange business remained strong but suffered from a reduction in market volatility and customer-driven volumes compared with the unprecedented levels experienced in late 2008 and early 2009. Additionally, as a number of competitors sought to rebuild their businesses, the trading environment became more competitive, reducing spreads and adversely affecting revenues.

Trading income benefited from foreign exchange gains on trading assets held as economic hedges of foreign currency debt designated at fair value, with the offset reported in Net income from financial instruments designated at fair value . Foreign exchange losses were reported on these instruments in the first half of 2009.

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Operating and Financial Review** (continued)

Net income/(expense) from financial instruments designated at fair value

|  | <b>30<br/>June<br/>2010<br/>US\$m</b> | Half-year to<br>30 June<br>2009<br>US\$m | 31<br>December<br>2009<br>US\$m |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| Net income/(expense) arising from:   |                                       |  |                                 |
| financial assets held to meet liabilities under insurance and investment contracts | <b>(229)</b>                          | 956                                      | 2,837                           |
| liabilities to customers under investment contracts                                | <b>184</b>                            | (197)                                    | (1,132)                         |
| HSBC's long-term debt issued and related derivatives                               | <b>1,125</b>                          | (2,300)                                  | (3,947)                         |
| Change in own credit spread on long-term debt                                      | <b>1,074</b>                          | (2,457)                                  | (4,076)                         |
| Other changes in fair value <sup>16</sup>  | <b>51</b>                             | 157                                      | 129                             |
| other instruments designated at fair value and related derivatives                 | <b>5</b>                              | 18                                       | 234                             |
| Net income/(expense) from financial instruments designated at fair value           | <b>1,085</b>                          | (1,523)                                  | (2,008)                         |
| Financial assets designated at fair value at period end                            | <b>32,243</b>                         | 33,361                                   | 37,181                          |
| Financial liabilities designated at fair value at period end                       | <b>80,436</b>                         | 77,314                                   | 80,092                          |

*For footnote, see page 95.*

HSBC designates certain financial instruments at fair value to remove or reduce accounting mismatches in measurement or recognition, or where financial instruments are managed and their performance is evaluated together on a fair value basis. All income and expense from financial instruments designated at fair value are included in this line except for interest arising from HSBC's issued debt securities and related derivatives managed in conjunction with those debt securities, which is recognised in Interest expense.

HSBC principally uses the fair value designation in the following instances (for which all numbers are reported): for certain fixed-rate long-term debt issues whose rate profile has been changed to floating through interest rate swaps as part of a documented interest rate management strategy. Approximately US\$64 billion (31 December 2009: US\$63 billion) of the Group's debt issues have been accounted for using the fair value option.

The movement in fair value of these debt issues includes the effect of own credit spread changes and any ineffectiveness in the economic relationship between the related swaps and own debt. As credit spreads widen or narrow, accounting profits or losses, respectively, are booked. The size and direction of the changes in own credit spread and ineffectiveness, which will be recognised in the income statement, can be volatile from period to period, but do not alter the cash flows envisaged as part of the documented interest rate management strategy. As a consequence, gains and losses arising from changes in own credit spread on long-term debt, and other fair value movements on the long-term debt and related derivatives, are not regarded internally as part of managed performance and are therefore not allocated to customer groups, but are reported in the Other group. Own credit spread movements are excluded from underlying results. Similarly, such gains and losses are ignored in the calculation of regulatory capital;

for US\$15 billion (31 December 2009: US\$15 billion) of financial assets held to meet liabilities under insurance contracts, and certain liabilities under investment contracts with discretionary participation features ( DPF ); and

for US\$7 billion (31 December 2009: US\$8 billion) of financial assets held to meet liabilities under unit-linked and other investment contracts, as well as the associated liabilities.

Income from financial instruments designated at fair value of US\$1.1 billion was reported compared with an expense of US\$1.5 billion in the first half of 2009.

On an underlying basis, HSBC reported income of US\$11 million in the first half of 2010 compared with income of US\$917 million in the first half of 2009. The large difference between the reported and underlying results is due to the exclusion from the latter of the credit spread-related movements in the fair value of HSBC's own long-term debt. A gain of US\$1.1 billion was reported in the first half of 2010, which resulted from a widening of credit spreads, compared with a loss of US\$2.5 billion reported in the first half of 2009.

An expense of US\$229 million was recorded due to a fair value movement on assets held to back insurance and investment contracts, compared with



**Table of Contents**

income of US\$892 million in 2009. This reflected investment losses in the current period which were driven by weaker markets, and predominantly affected the value of assets held in unit-linked and participating funds in Hong Kong, the UK and France. Investment gains were also lower in Brazil than in the first half of 2009.

To the extent that the investment gains or losses related to assets held to back investment contracts, the income or expense associated with the corresponding movement in liabilities to customers was also recorded under Net income from financial instruments designated at fair value. This amounted to income of US\$198 million in the first half of 2010 compared with an expense of US\$158 million in the same period in 2009.

To the extent that the investment gains or losses related to assets held to back insurance contracts or investment contracts with DPF, they were offset by a corresponding change in Net insurance claims incurred and movement in liabilities to policyholders to reflect the extent to which unit-linked policyholders, in particular, participate in the investment performance experienced in the associated asset portfolios.

## Gains less losses from financial investments

|   | <b>30<br/>June<br/>2010<br/>US\$m</b> | Half-year to<br>30 June<br>2009<br>US\$m | 31<br>December<br>2009<br>US\$m |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| Net gains/(losses) from disposal of:                |                                       |  |                                 |
| debt securities                                     | <b>382</b>                            | 329                                      | 134                             |
| equity securities                                   | <b>223</b>                            | 268                                      | 139                             |
| other financial investments                         | <b>(8)</b>                            | 7  | 1                               |
|   | <b>597</b>                            | 604                                      | 274                             |
| Impairment of available-for-sale equity securities. | <b>(40)</b>                           | (281)                                    | (77)                            |
| Gains less losses from financial investments        | <b>557</b>                            | 323                                      | 197                             |

Reported net gains from financial investments of US\$557 million were US\$234 million higher than in the first half of 2009. On an underlying basis, excluding a US\$62 million accounting gain arising from the reclassification of Bao Viet as an associate following the purchase of additional shares, they increased by US\$147 million. This was primarily from a reduction in the level of impairments on available-for-sale equity securities.

Net gains on the disposal of debt securities increased. These gains were primarily attributable to the sale of assets by Balance Sheet Management and by Global Markets, including available-for-sale government debt securities and mortgage-backed securities.

Net gains on the disposal of equity securities were lower than in the first half of 2009. Disposal gains in the private equity portfolios increased. However, this was more than offset by the non-recurrence of the gain on disposal of holdings of Visa Inc. shares in 2009.

## Net earned insurance premiums

|                                | <b>30</b>    | Half-year to |          |
|--------------------------------|--------------|--------------|----------|
|                                | <b>June</b>  | 30 June      | 31       |
|                                | <b>2010</b>  | 2009         | December |
|                                | <b>US\$m</b> | US\$m        | US\$m    |
| Gross insurance premium income | <b>5,902</b> | 5,255        | 5,736    |
| Reinsurance premiums           | <b>(236)</b> | (243)        | (277)    |
| Net earned insurance premiums  | <b>5,666</b> | 5,012        | 5,459    |

Reported net earned insurance premiums amounted to US\$5.7 billion, 13 per cent higher than in the first half of 2009. On an underlying basis, they increased by 11 per cent.

Growth in net earned insurance premiums was driven by continuing strong performance in the Hong Kong life insurance business, with higher sales of unit-linked, whole life and deferred annuity products reflecting successful sales campaigns and additional sales staff. The life insurance product designed for high net worth individuals introduced in Hong Kong in 2009 performed well.

Net earned insurance premiums also grew strongly in Latin America, driven by improved

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Operating and Financial Review** (continued)

economic conditions and stronger sales, mainly in unit-linked pension products. Within other regions, successful marketing campaigns in France, Malaysia and Taiwan, and new product launches in the latter, resulted in higher sales.

Partly offsetting this growth was the effect of closing the loss-making motor underwriting business in the UK during the second half of 2009. In the US, the run-off of payment protection insurance following the decision to cease new real estate lending in HSBC Finance, led to a decrease in net earned premiums.

As a consequence of the increase in premiums from new business noted above, there was an increase in liabilities to policyholders reported in Net insurance claims incurred and movement in liabilities to policyholders which reflected new liabilities established on the inception of policies. The relationship between insurance premiums and movement in liabilities to policyholders becomes more direct as the level of policyholder participation in asset performance increases; this is particularly the case for unit-linked contracts and, to a lesser extent, those with DPF.

Strong growth in insurance premiums reported in Hong Kong and Latin America.

## Other operating income

|  | <b>30</b>    | Half-year to |          |
|--|--------------|--------------|----------|
|  | <b>June</b>  | 30 June      | December |
|  | <b>2010</b>  | 2009         | 2009     |
|  | <b>US\$m</b> | US\$m        | US\$m    |
| Rent received  | <b>297</b>   | 273          | 274      |
| Gains/(losses) recognised on assets held for sale  | <b>(100)</b> | (120)        | 5        |
| Valuation gains/(losses) on investment properties  | <b>(8)</b>   | (43)         | 19       |
| Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and non-financial investments | <b>274</b>   | 305          | 728      |
| Gains arising from dilution of interests in associates   | <b>188</b>   |              |          |
| Change in present value of in-force long-term insurance business                                   | <b>325</b>   | 290          | 315      |
| Other  | <b>502</b>   | 453          | 289      |
| Other operating income   | <b>1,478</b> | 1,158        | 1,630    |

Reported other operating income of US\$1.5 billion was 28 per cent higher than in the first half of 2009. Income in the first half of 2010 included a gain of US\$188 million following the dilution of HSBC's holding in Ping An Insurance, gains of US\$107 million from the sale of HSBC Insurance Brokers and US\$66 million from the disposal of the Group's interest in the Wells Fargo HSBC Trade Bank, and a write-down of US\$47 million resulting from an agreement to sell HSBC's shareholding in British Arab Commercial Bank plc.

Reported results in the first half of 2009 included gains of US\$280 million from the sale of the card merchant-acquiring business. On an underlying basis, excluding the items referred to above, other operating income increased by 34 per cent, mainly from gains on the disposal of property in France and the US.

Net losses recognised on assets held for sale declined, reflecting lower losses on foreclosed properties held for sale in HSBC Finance due to the stabilisation in property prices. In addition, a US\$77 million loss was recognised on the sale of

the US vehicle finance servicing operations and an associated US\$1.0 billion loan portfolio to Santander Consumer USA Inc.

The improvement in the property markets in Hong Kong and the UK led to gains and lower valuation losses, respectively, on investment properties, resulting in reduced net investment valuation losses for HSBC. In addition, property gains of US\$194 million and US\$56 million, respectively, were recognised on the sale and leaseback of HSBC's Paris and New York headquarters.

Favourable movements in the present value of in-force ( PVIF ) long-term insurance business were mainly due to an increase in sales of life insurance products in Hong Kong. These were partly offset by the non-recurrence of gains recognised in the first half of 2009 following the refinement of the income recognition methodology in HSBC Finance.

Gains recognised in the first half of 2009 on the sale of US prime residential mortgage portfolios did not recur.

**Table of Contents**

## Net insurance claims incurred and movement in liabilities to policyholders

|   | <b>30</b>    | Half-year to |          |
|---|--------------|--------------|----------|
|   | <b>June</b>  | 30 June      | 31       |
|   | <b>2010</b>  | 2009         | December |
|   | <b>US\$m</b> | US\$m        | US\$m    |
| Insurance claims incurred and movement in liabilities to policyholders: |              |              |          |
| gross   | <b>5,281</b> | 5,505        | 7,055    |
| reinsurers share  | <b>(160)</b> | 2            | (112)    |
| <b>net</b>  | <b>5,121</b> | 5,507        | 6,943    |

*For footnote, see page 95.*

Reported net insurance claims incurred and movement in liabilities to policyholders decreased by 7 per cent to US\$5.1 billion. On an underlying basis, they fell by 8 per cent.

This largely reflected a decline in the value of assets backing policyholder funds compared with an increase in the first half of 2009, which was partly offset by new business growth, mainly in Hong Kong, Brazil and France, as described in Net earned insurance premiums .

A fall in asset values, particularly in the UK, France and Hong Kong, driven by weaker investment markets, led to a decrease in liabilities to policyholders on unit-linked insurance contracts and, to a certain extent, participating policies whose policyholders share in the investment performance of the assets supporting the policies. In comparison, the first half of 2009 included an increase in policyholder liabilities reflecting higher asset values.

The gains or losses experienced on the financial assets designated at fair value held to support insurance contract liabilities and investment contracts with DPF are reported in Net income from financial instruments designated at fair value .

An increase in the reserves in the UK motor insurance book was recorded in the first half of 2009 to reflect the rising incidence and severity of claims at that time. This business has since been placed into run-off. There was no further deterioration in claims in the first half of 2010 and, accordingly, no equivalent strengthening in reserves was required.

Net insurance claims incurred and movement in liabilities to policyholders declined in the US, reflecting the run-off of payment protection insurance following the decision to cease new real estate lending in HSBC Finance and the non-recurrence of reserve strengthening in the US reinsurance business.

## Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions

|  | <b>30</b>    | Half-year to |          |
|--|--------------|--------------|----------|
|  | <b>June</b>  | 30 June      | 31       |
|  | <b>2010</b>  | 2009         | December |
|  | <b>US\$m</b> | US\$m        | US\$m    |
| Loan impairment charges                      |              |              |          |
| New allowances net of allowance releases     | <b>7,687</b> | 13,710       | 12,122   |
| Recoveries of amounts previously written off | <b>(453)</b> | (377)        | (513)    |

|  |               |        |        |
|--|---------------|--------|--------|
|  | <b>7,234</b>  | 13,333 | 11,609 |
| Individually assessed allowances   | <b>1,069</b>  | 2,250  | 2,208  |
| Collectively assessed allowances   | <b>6,165</b>  | 11,083 | 9,401  |
| Impairment of available-for-sale debt securities   | <b>282</b>    | 591    | 883    |
| Other credit risk provisions   | <b>7</b>      | 7      | 65     |
| Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions   | <b>7,523</b>  | 13,931 | 12,557 |
|  | <b>%</b>      | %      | %      |
| as a percentage of net operating income excluding the effect of fair value movements in respect of credit spread on own debt and before loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions | <b>21.8</b>   | 37.5   | 35.4   |
| Impairment charges on loans and advances to customers as a percentage of gross average loans and advances to customers (annualised)  | <b>1.7</b>    | 3.1    | 2.6    |
|  | <b>US\$m</b>  | US\$m  | US\$m  |
| Customer impaired loans  | <b>27,887</b> | 31,826 | 30,606 |
| Customer loan impairment allowances  | <b>22,033</b> | 27,701 | 25,542 |

**Table of Contents**

**HSBC HOLDINGS PLC**

**Interim Management Report: Operating and Financial Review** (continued)

Reported loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions of US\$7.5 billion were US\$6.4 billion or 46 per cent lower than in the first half of 2009. On an underlying basis, they were US\$6.8 billion or 47 per cent less than in the first half of 2009.

At 30 June 2010, the aggregate balance of outstanding customer loan impairment allowances stood at US\$22 billion and represented 2.6 per cent of gross customer advances (net of reverse repos and settlement accounts), compared with 3.1 per cent at 30 June 2009.

The marked reduction in loan impairment charges compared with the first half of 2009 occurred in all customer groups. It was largely driven by the planned run-down of lending balances in higher-risk portfolios, a general upturn in credit quality as economic conditions improved, and the introduction of stronger underwriting and collection processes. The bulk of the improvement was in the US, where better economic conditions underpinned a slowdown in the pace of job losses and greater stability in house prices, particularly in the low to mid-price segments served by HSBC Finance. In addition, several large loan impairment charges generated in 2009 from individually significant Global Banking and Markets accounts were not replicated.

Underlying loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions were 47 per cent lower than in the first half of 2009.

In the US, loan impairment charges declined by 47 per cent to US\$4.4 billion, driven by lower balances and an improvement in economic conditions.

In Consumer Lending and Mortgage Services, loan impairment charges fell by 29 per cent and 25 per cent, respectively, reflecting the continued run-off of balances, lower delinquency and improved economic conditions.

In the Card and Retail Services portfolio, loan impairment charges fell by US\$1.4 billion or 51 per cent, driven by reduced balances, improved economic and credit conditions, lower delinquency levels and higher repayment activity, all of which generated an improved outlook for future loss estimates. In the Personal Financial Services business of HSBC Bank USA, lower loan impairment charges reflected the stabilisation of both delinquencies and loss severity and lower balances, which combined to have a favourable effect on future loss estimates. Loan impairment charges in the US Commercial Banking business

also decreased as improved economic conditions and managed reductions in exposures led to fewer customer downgrades and lower impairment of assets.

In Global Banking and Markets, loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions declined by 72 per cent to US\$500 million. Loan impairment charges decreased, reflecting improved credit conditions and the non-recurrence of the significant loan impairments taken in relation to a small number of clients in the first half of 2009. The decline was partly offset by higher specific loan impairment charges in the Middle East, driven by a deterioration in credit quality which continued into the first half of 2010. This, combined with further restructuring, led to additional loan impairment charges in the region. A reduction in other credit risk provisions in Global Banking and Markets reflected a rise in asset-backed securities prices and a decline in default rates.

In the UK Personal Financial Services business, loan impairment charges of US\$625 million were 28 per cent less than in the first half of 2009. The decline was due to lower delinquencies across all products as interest rates continued at historical lows, improved collection activity, a change in mix to secured lending and a rise in house prices which lessened the collective impairment charge against the residential mortgage portfolio. In UK Commercial Banking, loan impairment charges declined by 32 per cent, reflecting the better economic backdrop and the continued benefit of low interest rates.

In Latin America, loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions of US\$820 million fell by 48 per cent with improvements seen in many countries in the region. In Personal Financial Services, loan impairment charges decreased by 49 per cent to US\$661 million, mainly in Mexico as balances in the cards portfolio declined and actions taken in previous periods to improve credit quality and increase collections continued. In the Commercial Banking portfolios, loan impairment charges were US\$160 million, 47 per cent less than the first half of 2009, with lower charges in Brazil in the mid-market and Business Banking segments.

The situation in India improved notably on the first half of 2009, with loan impairment charges of US\$53 million, 83 per cent below the comparable period. In Personal Financial Services, lower loan impairment charges reflected the Group's success in reducing the troubled elements within the credit card and unsecured portfolios, and tighter credit criteria. The specific impairment charges on technology-



**Table of Contents**

related exposures reported in the first half of 2009 in India did not recur, helping Commercial Banking to reduce loan impairment charges by 97 per cent to US\$3 million.

In Hong Kong, the improvement in economic conditions resulted in a decline in unemployment and fewer bankruptcies and individual corporate failures, reducing the loan impairment charge by 77 per cent to US\$63 million.

In the Middle East, loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions increased by 12 per cent in the first half of 2010 to US\$438 million, mainly in Global Banking and Markets (see above). The increase was offset by a 43 per cent decline in

loan impairment charges in Commercial Banking as incremental loan impairment allowances were required on only a small number of customer accounts. In Personal Financial Services, loan impairment charges also fell, notably in the United Arab Emirates ( UAE ), as steps taken to enhance the quality of the personal lending portfolio and improve collections took effect.

In Private Banking, loan impairment charges were negligible compared with a small charge in 2009 as releases in North America fully offset a low level of loan impairment charges in other regions.

## Operating expenses

|  | <b>30<br/>June<br/>2010<br/>US\$m</b> | Half-year to<br>30 June<br>2009<br>US\$m | 31<br>December<br>2009<br>US\$m |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| <b>By expense category</b>                                     |                                       |  |                                 |
| Employee compensation and benefits                             | <b>9,806</b>                          | 9,207                                    | 9,261                           |
| Premises and equipment (excluding depreciation and impairment) | <b>2,089</b>                          | 2,048                                    | 2,051                           |
| General and administrative expenses                            | <b>4,925</b>                          | 4,210                                    | 5,083                           |
| Administrative expenses  | <b>16,820</b>                         | 15,465                                   | 16,395                          |
| Depreciation and impairment of property, plant and equipment   | <b>834</b>                            | 814                                      | 911                             |
| Amortisation and impairment of intangible assets               | <b>457</b>                            | 379                                      | 431                             |
| Operating expenses   | <b>18,111</b>                         | 16,658                                   | 17,737                          |
|  | <b>At</b>                             | At                                       | At                              |
|  | <b>30 June<br/>2010</b>               | 30 June<br>2009                          | December<br>2009                |
| <b>Staff numbers (full-time equivalent)</b>                    |                                       |  |                                 |
| Europe   | <b>73,431</b>                         | 79,132                                   | 76,703                          |
| Hong Kong  | <b>28,397</b>                         | 28,259                                   | 27,614                          |
| Rest of Asia-Pacific   | <b>88,605</b>                         | 87,567                                   | 87,141                          |
| Middle East  | <b>8,264</b>                          | 8,819                                    | 8,281                           |
| North America  | <b>33,988</b>                         | 37,021                                   | 35,458                          |
| Latin America  | <b>54,886</b>                         | 54,812                                   | 54,288                          |

|               |                |         |         |
|---------------|----------------|---------|---------|
| Staff numbers | <b>287,571</b> | 295,610 | 289,485 |
|---------------|----------------|---------|---------|

Operating expenses increased by 9 per cent to US\$18.1 billion on a reported basis and by 5 per cent on an underlying basis. There were a number of one-off items, including payroll taxes levied on 2009 bonuses in the UK and France, amounting in aggregate to US\$367 million, and the curtailment of certain benefits delivered through pension schemes, which generated accounting credits of US\$148 million and US\$480 million (US\$499 million as reported) in the first halves of 2010 and 2009, respectively. After allowing for these items, expenses were broadly unchanged as the Group continued to leverage its global scale and technology platforms to make sustainable reductions in its cost base, while positioning itself for future growth.

Underlying cost efficiency ratio slightly above target range at 53.1 per cent following investment in expanding the business and transforming operations.

*Employee compensation and benefits* increased by 3 per cent due to the net effect of the curtailment gains and the payroll tax referred to above. Excluding these items, staff costs fell by 4 per cent as staff numbers declined. During the second quarter of 2010, HSBC began to recruit selectively to position itself for an upturn in the global economy. Performance-related costs were US\$246 million lower in Global Banking and Markets, as performance declined from the exceptional levels reported in the first half of

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Operating and Financial Review** (continued)

2009. Costs in the US also declined with the non-recurrence of restructuring costs associated with the closure of the Consumer Lending branch network in the first half of 2009.

*Premises and equipment costs* were broadly in line with the first half of 2009. Lower rental costs following the closure of the Consumer Lending branch offices and the non-recurrence of the related restructuring costs were offset by higher rental costs in the UK following the sale and leaseback of 8 Canada Square, London in 2009, and expansion and refurbishment costs in Europe, Rest of Asia-Pacific and Latin America. IT costs also rose, mainly in Europe.

*General and administrative expenses* rose, reflecting in part an increased expenditure on services contracted out in Europe and in the US. Marketing and advertising costs were increased, primarily in the US and Brazil, to position HSBC for growth as the economic recovery boosted confidence and activity in these markets.

The One HSBC programme continued to invest in infrastructure and process redesign in order to contribute to progress through the better use of direct channels, increased automation of manual processes, enhanced utilisation of Global Service Centres and elimination of redundant systems over time.

*Cost efficiency ratios*

|                                    | <b>30</b>   | Half-year to |          |
|------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|----------|
|                                    | <b>June</b> | 30           | 31       |
|                                    | <b>2010</b> | June         | December |
|                                    | %           | 2009         | 2009     |
|                                    | %           | %            | %        |
| <b>HSBC</b>                        | <b>50.9</b> | 47.9         | 56.4     |
| <b>Personal Financial Services</b> | <b>56.2</b> | 49.1         | 54.3     |
| Europe                             | <b>66.9</b> | 65.7         | 71.3     |
| Hong Kong                          | <b>34.1</b> | 34.6         | 35.1     |
| Rest of Asia-Pacific               | <b>82.8</b> | 79.9         | 82.4     |
| Middle East                        | <b>56.3</b> | 48.7         | 59.0     |
| North America                      | <b>45.3</b> | 36.9         | 39.4     |
| Latin America                      | <b>70.5</b> | 62.9         | 70.4     |
| <b>Commercial Banking</b>          | <b>48.5</b> | 43.2         | 49.5     |
| Europe                             | <b>51.2</b> | 40.7         | 54.3     |
| Hong Kong                          | <b>30.7</b> | 33.4         | 34.0     |
| Rest of Asia-Pacific               | <b>49.4</b> | 45.4         | 48.4     |
| Middle East                        | <b>39.9</b> | 32.1         | 35.7     |
| North America                      | <b>43.1</b> | 49.3         | 46.3     |
| Latin America                      | <b>65.7</b> | 54.4         | 59.5     |

## Share of profit in associates and joint ventures

|  | <b>30</b>   | Half-year to |          |
|--|-------------|--------------|----------|
|  | <b>June</b> | 30           | 31       |
|  |             | June         | December |

|   | <b>2010</b>  | 2009  | 2009  |
|---|--------------|-------|-------|
|   | <b>US\$m</b> | US\$m | US\$m |
| Associates  |              |       |       |
| Bank of Communications Co., Limited                 | <b>467</b>   | 358   | 396   |
| Ping An Insurance (Group) Company of China, Limited | <b>377</b>   | 235   | 316   |
| Industrial Bank Co., Limited                        | <b>146</b>   | 92    | 124   |
| The Saudi British Bank                              | <b>101</b>   | 136   | 36    |
| Other   | <b>84</b>    | 19    | 23    |
| Share of profit in associates                       | <b>1,175</b> | 840   | 895   |
| Share of profit in joint ventures                   | <b>12</b>    | 27    | 19    |
| Share of profit in associates and joint ventures    | <b>1,187</b> | 867   | 914   |

The share of profit in associates and joint ventures was US\$1.2 billion, an increase of 37 per cent compared with the first half of 2009 on both reported and underlying bases.

This increase was driven by higher contributions from the mainland China associates.

**Table of Contents**

HSBC's share of profits in associates and joint ventures increased by 37 per cent, principally in mainland China.

HSBC's share of profits from the Bank of Communications Co., Limited (Bank of Communications) was higher than in the first half of 2009. Net interest income rose with higher average balances and fee income improved, benefiting from growth in the cards business, wealth management and settlement and agent services.

Profits from Ping An Insurance increased by 60 per cent, driven by strong sales growth as the company capitalised on the improved economic conditions.

Profits from Industrial Bank Co., Limited (Industrial Bank) increased, driven by a decline in loan impairment charges which reflected an improvement in the credit environment.

HSBC's share of profits from The Saudi British Bank decreased due to higher loan impairment charges and a decline in revenue following a contraction in lending as a result of the challenging operating conditions faced by customers in the region.

**Economic profit/(loss)**

HSBC's internal performance measures include economic profit/(loss), a calculation which compares the return on financial capital invested in HSBC by its shareholders with the cost of that capital. HSBC prices its cost of capital internally and the difference between that cost and the post-tax profit attributable to ordinary shareholders represents the amount of economic profit/(loss) generated. Economic profit/

(loss) generated is used by management as one input in deciding where to allocate capital and other resources.

In order to concentrate on external factors rather than measurement bases, HSBC emphasises the trend in economic profit/(loss) ahead of absolute amounts within business units. The Group's long term cost of capital is reviewed annually and for 2010 it was revised to 11 per cent from the 10 per cent used in 2009. The Group uses the Capital Asset Pricing Model to determine its cost of capital. The main drivers of the increase were the rise in the Group's beta along with the risk free rate. The following commentary is on a reported basis.

The economic loss decreased by US\$2.1 billion to US\$1.1 billion. The increase in profit attributable to shareholders was offset by the effect of higher average invested capital and the change in the cost of capital used.

The increase in profit attributable to shareholders was predominantly driven by lower loan impairment charges, which more than offset lower income and increased expenses. Personal Financial Services in the US was the primary driver of lower loan impairment charges due to an improvement in the economic environment and the run-off of the Consumer Lending portfolio. Income was lower in Global Banking and Markets following the exceptional first half in 2009 and also in Personal Financial Services, reflecting the effect of the run-off portfolio in the US.

The increase in average invested capital compared with the first half of 2009 primarily reflected the rights issue in April 2009, which did not impact average shareholders' equity for the full period.

*Economic loss*

|   | <b>30 June 2010</b> |                       | Half-year to<br>30 June 2009 |                       | 31 December 2009 |                       |
|---|---------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------------|
|   | <b>US\$m</b>        | <b>%<sup>18</sup></b> | US\$m                        | <b>%<sup>18</sup></b> | US\$m            | <b>%<sup>18</sup></b> |
| Average total shareholders equity                                     | <b>131,198</b>      |                       | 105,734                      |                       | 124,970          |                       |
| Adjusted by:  |                     |                       |                              |                       |                  |                       |
| Goodwill previously amortised or written off                          | <b>8,123</b>        |                       | 8,123                        |                       | 8,123            |                       |
| Property revaluation reserves   | <b>(786)</b>        |                       | (804)                        |                       | (794)            |                       |
| Reserves representing unrealised losses on effective cash flow hedges | <b>25</b>           |                       | 582                          |                       | 191              |                       |
|   | <b>7,590</b>        |                       | 19,456                       |                       | 12,975           |                       |

|   |                |               |         |       |         |        |
|---|----------------|---------------|---------|-------|---------|--------|
| Reserves representing unrealised losses on available-for-sale securities Preference shares and other equity instruments | <b>(3,661)</b> |               | (3,538) |       | (3,538) |        |
| Average invested capital <sup>19</sup>  | <b>142,489</b> |               | 129,553 |       | 141,927 |        |
| Return on invested capital <sup>20</sup>  | <b>6,629</b>   | <b>9.4</b>    | 3,213   | 5.0   | 2,352   | 3.3    |
| Benchmark cost of capital   | <b>(7,772)</b> | <b>(11.0)</b> | (6,424) | 10.0) | (7,155) | (10.0) |
| Economic loss and spread  | <b>(1,143)</b> | <b>(1.6)</b>  | (3,211) | (5.0) | (4,803) | (6.7)  |

*For footnotes, see page 95.*

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Operating and Financial Review (continued)****Balance sheet**

|  | At               | At        | At        |
|--|------------------|-----------|-----------|
|  | 30 June          | 30 June   | December  |
|  | 2010             | 2009      | 2009      |
|  | US\$m            | US\$m     | US\$m     |
| <b>ASSETS</b>                                  |                  |           |           |
| Cash and balances at central banks             | <b>71,576</b>    | 56,368    | 60,655    |
| Trading assets                                 | <b>403,800</b>   | 414,358   | 421,381   |
| Financial assets designated at fair value      | <b>32,243</b>    | 33,361    | 37,181    |
| Derivatives                                    | <b>288,279</b>   | 310,796   | 250,886   |
| Loans and advances to banks                    | <b>196,296</b>   | 182,266   | 179,781   |
| Loans and advances to customers                | <b>893,337</b>   | 924,683   | 896,231   |
| Financial investments                          | <b>385,471</b>   | 353,444   | 369,158   |
| Other assets                                   | <b>147,452</b>   | 146,567   | 149,179   |
| <br>   |                  |           |           |
| Total assets                                   | <b>2,418,454</b> | 2,421,843 | 2,364,452 |
| <br>   |                  |           |           |
| <b>LIABILITIES AND EQUITY</b>                  |                  |           |           |
| <b>Liabilities</b>                             |                  |           |           |
| Deposits by banks                              | <b>127,316</b>   | 129,151   | 124,872   |
| Customer accounts                              | <b>1,147,321</b> | 1,163,343 | 1,159,034 |
| Trading liabilities                            | <b>274,836</b>   | 264,562   | 268,130   |
| Financial liabilities designated at fair value | <b>80,436</b>    | 77,314    | 80,092    |
| Derivatives                                    | <b>287,014</b>   | 298,876   | 247,646   |
| Debt securities in issue                       | <b>153,600</b>   | 156,199   | 146,896   |
| Liabilities under insurance contracts          | <b>52,516</b>    | 48,184    | 53,707    |
| Other liabilities                              | <b>152,092</b>   | 158,916   | 148,414   |
| <br>   |                  |           |           |
| Total liabilities                              | <b>2,275,131</b> | 2,296,545 | 2,228,791 |
| <br>   |                  |           |           |
| <b>Equity</b>                                  |                  |           |           |
| Total shareholders' equity                     | <b>135,943</b>   | 118,355   | 128,299   |
| Non-controlling interests                      | <b>7,380</b>     | 6,943     | 7,362     |
| <br>   |                  |           |           |
| Total equity                                   | <b>143,323</b>   | 125,298   | 135,661   |
| <br>   |                  |           |           |
| Total equity and liabilities                   | <b>2,418,454</b> | 2,421,843 | 2,364,452 |

*A more detailed consolidated balance sheet is contained in the Financial Statements on page 206.*

Movement from 31 December 2009 to 30 June 2010

Total assets amounted to US\$2.4 trillion, 2 per cent higher than at 31 December 2009. After excluding currency movements, underlying assets increased by 7 per cent. The following commentary is on an underlying basis.

HSBC continued to attract both customer and bank deposits in the first half of 2010 and maintained a strong and liquid balance sheet. In addition, the Group was able to further strengthen its capital base with an issue of US\$3.8 billion of innovative tier 1 securities. The consumer finance portfolios continued to run off, and unsecured portfolios in Mexico, India and Europe reduced as a result of tighter underwriting criteria. This decrease in balances was mitigated by growth in lending in Asia and in residential mortgages in the UK. There was also a rise in derivative assets and liabilities driven by higher mark-to-market movements following a downward shift in interest rate yield curves.

The Group's reported tier 1 ratio increased from 10.8 per cent to 11.5 per cent, mainly due to internal capital generation, the issuance of innovative tier 1 securities and a reduction in the level of risk-weighted assets. For further details of capital and risk weighted assets, see pages 189 to 195.

#### **Assets**

*Cash and balances at central banks* increased by 22 per cent as a result of higher period-end cash balances, which are inherently volatile, predominantly in Europe. This was partly offset by lower balances in North America, as funds were placed in reverse repo and available-for-sale investments.

*Trading assets* grew by 2 per cent, driven by an increase in settlement account balances, which vary considerably in proportion to the volume of outstanding trades, along with higher holdings of government and government-agency debt securities as market volatility and customer demand increased. Money market placements also increased due to higher collateral posted to counterparties, in line with an increase in derivative liabilities. This was partly offset by a decrease in reverse repo balances due to lower yields, and decreased holdings of equity shares due to a reduction in trading activity.



**Table of Contents**

*Financial assets designated at fair value* decreased by 6 per cent due to asset disposals in Europe during the first half of 2010.

*Derivative assets* grew by 26 per cent. This was driven by growth in the fair value of interest rate contracts due to downward shifts in major currency yield curves as the prospective rate of global economic growth reduced during the second quarter. An increased number of open transactions also drove a rise in the notional value of outstanding contracts. A higher volume of transactions executed through clearing houses enabled a greater level of netting between derivative assets and liabilities.

*Loans and advances to customers* grew by 4 per cent, driven by targeted growth in Hong Kong and Rest of Asia-Pacific, mainly in the Commercial Banking and Global Banking segments reflecting growth in trade finance in particular. In Europe, growth was driven by a continued increase in mortgage balances in the UK, along with higher balances in the securities services and Private Banking businesses. North America reported a reduction in the consumer finance portfolio as the business continued to run-off, coupled with a decline in credit card balances due to management actions to reduce risk and an increased focus by consumers on reducing credit card debt. However, these factors were partly offset by an increase in reverse repo balances with customers.

*Loans and advances to banks* increased by 14 per cent. This was driven by an increase in reverse repos collateralised with government securities in Europe. There was also a rise in central bank deposit balances in Latin America and Rest of Asia-Pacific.

*Financial investments* increased by 7 per cent due to additional purchases of available-for-sale treasury bills and other government and government-agency debt securities, particularly in Europe and North America. These included a notable increase in UK gilts.

*Other assets* were approximately in line with 31 December 2009.

**Liabilities**

*Deposits by banks* increased by 11 per cent, driven by an increase in funds placed with HSBC by central banks and other financial institutions in Asia.

*Customer account* balances were 3 per cent higher, driven by an increase in repo balances with customers in Europe. Savings balances increased in most regions, and growth in Premier deposits contributed to an increase in current account balances, as customers responded well to HSBC's marketing and brand strength.

*Trading liabilities* rose by 10 per cent, driven by an increase in settlement account balances, which tend to vary in proportion to the volume of outstanding trades. Furthermore, money market deposits rose due to an increase in collateral posted by counterparties, which reflected the higher value of derivative assets. In Europe, there was an increase in short bond positions; these are held to hedge long swap trades which rose due to an increase in client demand. This was partly offset, however, by a reduction in repo balances used to meet internal funding requirements. In contrast, repo balances increased in North America due to increased trading volumes of treasury and government agency securities, and corporate bonds, driven by market volatility in the bond market.

*Financial liabilities designated at fair value* grew by 5 per cent due to new bond issues in Europe.

Derivative businesses are managed within market risk limits and, as a consequence, the increase in the value of *derivative liabilities* broadly matched that of derivative assets.

*Debt securities in issue* rose by 8 per cent, partly due to new issuances in Europe. This was partly offset by lower funding requirements in North America due to the continued run-off of the consumer finance business.

*Liabilities under insurance contracts* grew by 6 per cent, driven by higher sales of life insurance products in Hong Kong.

*Other liabilities* increased by 5 per cent compared with 31 December 2009.

**Equity**

*Total shareholders' equity* increased by 11 per cent, driven by profits generated during the period and the issue of US\$3.8 billion of Perpetual Subordinated Capital Securities, an innovative form of tier 1 securities, during June 2010. The available-for-sale reserve deficit also decreased from US\$10.0 billion at 31 December 2009 to US\$5.5 billion at 30 June 2010, which largely reflected an increase in asset prices as market conditions improved.



**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Operating and Financial Review** (continued)*Reconciliation of reported and underlying changes in assets and liabilities*

|  | 30 June 2010 compared with 31 December 2009 |                  |                  |                |                  |          |          |
|--|---|------------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|----------|----------|
|  | 31 Dec 09                                   | Currency         | 31 Dec 09        | Underlying     | 30 Jun 10        | Reported | Under-   |
|  | as  | Translation      | at 30 Jun        | change         | as               | change   | lying    |
|  | reported                                    | US\$m            | exchange         | US\$m          | reported         | %        | change   |
| <b>HSBC</b>                                    | <b>US\$m</b>                                | <b>US\$m</b>     | <b>US\$m</b>     | <b>US\$m</b>   | <b>US\$m</b>     | <b>%</b> | <b>%</b> |
| Cash and balances at central banks             | 60,655                                      | (1,856)          | 58,799           | 12,777         | 71,576           | 18       | 22       |
| Trading assets                                 | 421,381                                     | (27,158)         | 394,223          | 9,577          | 403,800          | (4)      | 2        |
| Financial assets designated at fair value      | 37,181                                      | (2,830)          | 34,351           | (2,108)        | 32,243           | (13)     | (6)      |
| Derivative assets                              | 250,886                                     | (21,532)         | 229,354          | 58,925         | 288,279          | 15       | 26       |
| Loans and advances to banks                    | 179,781                                     | (7,620)          | 172,161          | 24,135         | 196,296          | 9        | 14       |
| Loans and advances to customers                | 896,231                                     | (40,403)         | 855,828          | 37,509         | 893,337          |          | 4        |
| Financial investments                          | 369,158                                     | (9,341)          | 359,817          | 25,654         | 385,471          | 4        | 7        |
| Other assets                                   | 149,179                                     | (3,777)          | 145,402          | 2,050          | 147,452          | (1)      | 1        |
| <b>Total assets</b>                            | <b>2,364,452</b>                            | <b>(114,517)</b> | <b>2,249,935</b> | <b>168,519</b> | <b>2,418,454</b> | <b>2</b> | <b>7</b> |
| Deposits by banks                              | 124,872                                     | (10,458)         | 114,414          | 12,902         | 127,316          | 2        | 11       |
| Customer accounts                              | 1,159,034                                   | (43,055)         | 1,115,979        | 31,342         | 1,147,321        | (1)      | 3        |
| Trading liabilities                            | 268,130                                     | (17,713)         | 250,417          | 24,419         | 274,836          | 3        | 10       |
| Financial liabilities designated at fair value | 80,092                                      | (3,136)          | 76,956           | 3,480          | 80,436           |          | 5        |
| Derivative liabilities                         | 247,646                                     | (21,496)         | 226,150          | 60,864         | 287,014          | 16       | 27       |
| Debt securities in issue                       | 146,896                                     | (5,281)          | 141,615          | 11,985         | 153,600          | 5        | 8        |
| Liabilities under insurance contracts          | 53,707                                      | (3,971)          | 49,736           | 2,780          | 52,516           | (2)      | 6        |
| Other liabilities                              | 148,414                                     | (3,290)          | 145,124          | 6,968          | 152,092          | 2        | 5        |
| <b>Total liabilities</b>                       | <b>2,228,791</b>                            | <b>(108,400)</b> | <b>2,120,391</b> | <b>154,740</b> | <b>2,275,131</b> | <b>2</b> | <b>7</b> |
| Total shareholders equity                      | 128,299                                     | (5,993)          | 122,306          | 13,637         | 135,943          | 6        | 11       |
|  | 7,362                                       | (124)            | 7,238            | 142            | 7,380            |          | 2        |

Non-controlling  
interests

|                              |                  |                  |                  |                |                  |          |           |
|------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|----------|-----------|
| Total equity                 | <b>135,661</b>   | <b>(6,117)</b>   | <b>129,544</b>   | <b>13,779</b>  | <b>143,323</b>   | <b>6</b> | <b>11</b> |
| Total equity and liabilities | <b>2,364,452</b> | <b>(114,517)</b> | <b>2,249,935</b> | <b>168,519</b> | <b>2,418,454</b> | <b>2</b> | <b>7</b>  |

In 2010, the effect of acquisitions and disposals was not significant.

**Other information**

Funds under management

|   | <b>30</b>     | Half-year to |          |
|---|---------------|--------------|----------|
|   | <b>June</b>   | 30 June      | 31       |
|   | <b>2010</b>   | 2009         | December |
|   | <b>US\$bn</b> | US\$bn       | US\$bn   |
| <b>Funds under management</b>             |               |              |          |
| At beginning of period                    | <b>857</b>    | 735          | 763      |
| Net new money                             | <b>25</b>     | 1            | 35       |
| Value change                              | <b>(16)</b>   | 21           | 55       |
| Exchange and other                        | <b>(38)</b>   | 6            | 4        |
| At end of period                          | <b>828</b>    | 763          | 857      |
| <b>Funds under management by business</b> |               |              |          |
| HSBC Global Asset Management              | <b>407</b>    | 387          | 423      |
| Private Banking                           | <b>245</b>    | 223          | 251      |
| Affiliates                                | <b>3</b>      | 3            | 3        |
| Other                                     | <b>173</b>    | 150          | 180      |
|   | <b>828</b>    | 763          | 857      |

**Table of Contents**

Funds under management at 30 June 2010 amounted to US\$828 billion, a decrease of 3 per cent compared with 31 December 2009. Both Global Asset Management and Private Banking fund holdings decreased.

Global Asset Management funds decreased by 4 per cent compared with 31 December 2009 to US\$407 billion, despite strong net inflows of US\$12 billion. This decline was primarily due to the foreign exchange translation of non-US dollar denominated funds under management and falls in global equity markets. Emerging markets funds increased during the first half of 2010, driven by net inflows. HSBC remains one of the world's largest emerging market asset managers with funds under management of US\$93 billion at 30 June 2010.

Private Banking funds under management decreased by 2 per cent to US\$245 billion compared with 31 December 2009, as net inflows of US\$9 billion were offset by adverse foreign exchange and equity market movements.

Client assets, which provide an indicator of overall Private Banking volumes and include funds under management, were US\$354 billion, down by US\$13 billion compared with 31 December 2009.

Other funds under management, the majority of which are held by a corporate trust business in Asia, decreased by 4 per cent to US\$173 billion.

Assets held in custody and under administration

Custody is the safekeeping and servicing of securities and other financial assets on behalf of clients. At 30 June 2010, assets held by HSBC as custodian amounted to US\$4.9 trillion, 6 per cent lower than the US\$5.2 trillion held at 31 December 2009. This was mainly due to adverse movements on foreign exchange.

HSBC's assets under administration business, which includes the provision of various support function activities including the valuation of portfolios of securities and other financial assets on behalf of clients, complements the custody business. At 30 June 2010, the value of assets held under administration by the Group amounted to US\$2.5 trillion.

Review of transactions with related parties

The Financial Services Authority's (FSA) Disclosure Rules and Transparency Rules require the disclosure of related party transactions that have taken place in the first six months of the current financial year and any changes in the related party transactions described in the *Annual Report and Accounts 2009*, that have or could have materially affected the financial position or performance of HSBC. A fair review has been undertaken and any such related party transactions have been disclosed in the Notes on the Financial Statements.

Ratios of earnings to combined fixed charges (and preference share dividends)

|  | <b>Half-year<br/>to 30 June<br/>2010</b> | 2009 | Year ended 31 December |      |      |      |
|--|--|------|------------------------|------|------|------|
|  |  |      | 2008                   | 2007 | 2006 | 2005 |
| Ratios of earnings to combined fixed charges and preference share dividends: <sup>21</sup> |  |      |                        |      |      |      |
| excluding interest on deposits   | <b>7.28</b>                              | 2.64 | 2.97                   | 6.96 | 7.22 | 9.16 |
| including interest on deposits   | <b>1.89</b>                              | 1.20 | 1.13                   | 1.34 | 1.40 | 1.59 |
| Ratios of earnings to combined fixed charges: <sup>21</sup>                                |  |      |                        |      |      |      |
| excluding interest on deposits   | <b>8.25</b>                              | 2.99 | 3.17                   | 7.52 | 7.93 | 9.60 |
| including interest on deposits   | <b>1.92</b>                              | 1.22 | 1.14                   | 1.34 | 1.41 | 1.59 |

*For footnote, see page 95.*

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Operating and Financial Review (continued)****Customer groups and global businesses****Summary**

HSBC's senior management reviews operating activity on a number of bases, including by geographical region and by customer group and global business. Capital resources are allocated and performance is assessed primarily by geographical region, as presented on page 46.

In addition to utilising information by geographical region, management assesses performance through two customer groups, Personal Financial Services and Commercial Banking, and two global businesses, Global Banking and Markets and Private Banking. Personal Financial Services incorporates the Group's consumer finance businesses.

The commentaries below present customer groups and global businesses followed by geographical regions. Performance is discussed in this order because certain strategic themes, business initiatives and trends affect more than one geographical region. All commentaries are on an underlying basis (see page 11) unless stated otherwise.

*Profit/(loss) before tax*

|                             | 30 June 2010  |              | Half-year to<br>30 June 2009 |        | 31 December 2009 |         |
|-----------------------------|---------------|--------------|------------------------------|--------|------------------|---------|
|                             | US\$m         | %            | US\$m                        | %      | US\$m            | %       |
| Personal Financial Services | <b>1,171</b>  | <b>10.5</b>  | (1,249)                      | (24.9) | (816)            | (39.6)  |
| Commercial Banking          | <b>3,204</b>  | <b>28.9</b>  | 2,432                        | 48.5   | 1,843            | 89.5    |
| Global Banking and Markets  | <b>5,633</b>  | <b>50.7</b>  | 6,298                        | 125.5  | 4,183            | 203.0   |
| Private Banking             | <b>556</b>    | <b>5.0</b>   | 632                          | 12.6   | 476              | 23.1    |
| Other <sup>22</sup>         | <b>540</b>    | <b>4.9</b>   | (3,094)                      | (61.7) | (3,626)          | (176.0) |
|                             | <b>11,104</b> | <b>100.0</b> | 5,019                        | 100.0  | 2,060            | 100.0   |

*Total assets<sup>23</sup>*

|                               | At 30 June 2010  |               | At 30 June 2009 |        | At 31 December 2009 |        |
|-------------------------------|------------------|---------------|-----------------|--------|---------------------|--------|
|                               | US\$m            | %             | US\$m           | %      | US\$m               | %      |
| Personal Financial Services   | <b>507,088</b>   | <b>21.0</b>   | 547,084         | 22.6   | 554,074             | 23.4   |
| Commercial Banking            | <b>264,077</b>   | <b>10.9</b>   | 249,030         | 10.3   | 251,143             | 10.6   |
| Global Banking and<br>Markets | <b>1,777,643</b> | <b>73.5</b>   | 1,770,618       | 73.1   | 1,683,672           | 71.2   |
| Private Banking               | <b>108,499</b>   | <b>4.5</b>    | 117,468         | 4.9    | 116,148             | 4.9    |
| Other                         | <b>189,153</b>   | <b>7.8</b>    | 170,414         | 7.0    | 150,983             | 6.4    |
| Intra-HSBC items              | <b>(428,006)</b> | <b>(17.7)</b> | (432,771)       | (17.9) | (391,568)           | (16.5) |
|                               | <b>2,418,454</b> | <b>100.0</b>  | 2,421,843       | 100.0  | 2,364,452           | 100.0  |

*For footnotes, see page 95.*

**Basis of preparation**

The results of customer groups and global businesses are presented in accordance with the accounting policies used in the preparation of HSBC's consolidated financial statements. HSBC's operations are closely integrated and,

accordingly, the presentation of customer group data includes internal allocations of certain items of income and expense. These allocations include the costs of certain support services and Group Management Office (GMO) functions, to the extent that these can be meaningfully attributed to operational business lines. While such allocations have been made on a systematic and consistent basis, they necessarily involve a degree of subjectivity.

Where relevant, income and expense amounts presented include the results of inter-segment funding as well as inter-company and inter-business line transactions. All such transactions are undertaken on arm's length terms.

**Table of Contents****Personal Financial Services***Profit/(loss) before tax*

|  | <b>30 June<br/>2010<br/>US\$m</b> | Half-year to<br>30 June<br>2009<br>US\$m | 31<br>December<br>2009<br>US\$m |
|--|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| Net interest income  | <b>12,198</b>                     | 12,650                                   | 12,457                          |
| Net fee income   | <b>3,560</b>                      | 4,045                                    | 4,193                           |
| Trading income/(expense) excluding net interest income                   | <b>(392)</b>                      | 450                                      | 187                             |
| Net interest income on trading activities                                | <b>15</b>                         | 39                                       | 26                              |
| Net trading income/ (expense) <sup>25</sup>                              | <b>(377)</b>                      | 489                                      | 213                             |
| Net income/(expense) from financial instruments designated at fair value | <b>(127)</b>                      | 744                                      | 1,595                           |
| Gains less losses from financial investments                             | <b>3</b>                          | 195                                      | 29                              |
| Dividend income  | <b>14</b>                         | 17                                       | 16                              |
| Net earned insurance premiums  | <b>4,953</b>                      | 4,585                                    | 4,949                           |
| Other operating income   | <b>387</b>                        | 302                                      | 507                             |
| <b>Total operating income</b>  | <b>20,611</b>                     | 23,027                                   | 23,959                          |
| Net insurance claims <sup>26</sup>                                       | <b>(4,572)</b>                    | (5,144)                                  | (6,427)                         |
| <b>Net operating income<sup>7</sup></b>                                  | <b>16,039</b>                     | 17,883                                   | 17,532                          |
| Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions                 | <b>(6,317)</b>                    | (10,673)                                 | (9,229)                         |
| <b>Net operating income</b>  | <b>9,722</b>                      | 7,210                                    | 8,303                           |
| Employee expenses <sup>27</sup>  | <b>(2,584)</b>                    | (2,876)                                  | (3,193)                         |
| Other operating expenses   | <b>(6,425)</b>                    | (5,898)                                  | (6,325)                         |
| Total operating expenses   | <b>(9,009)</b>                    | (8,774)                                  | (9,518)                         |
| <b>Operating profit/(loss)</b>   | <b>713</b>                        | (1,564)                                  | (1,215)                         |
| Share of profit in associates and joint ventures                         | <b>458</b>                        | 315                                      | 399                             |



|                                   |                |          |          |
|-----------------------------------|----------------|----------|----------|
| <b>Profit/(loss) before tax</b>   | <b>1,171</b>   | (1,249)  | (816)    |
| <b>By geographical region</b>     |                |          |          |
| Europe                            | <b>562</b>     | 212      | 100      |
| Hong Kong                         | <b>1,422</b>   | 1,337    | 1,391    |
| Rest of Asia-Pacific              | <b>476</b>     | 135      | 328      |
| Middle East                       | <b>58</b>      | 35       | (161)    |
| North America                     | <b>(1,484)</b> | (2,843)  | (2,383)  |
| Latin America                     | <b>137</b>     | (125)    | (91)     |
|                                   | <b>1,171</b>   | (1,249)  | (816)    |
|                                   | <b>%</b>       | <b>%</b> | <b>%</b> |
| Share of HSBC's profit before tax | <b>10.5</b>    | (24.9)   | (39.6)   |
| Cost efficiency ratio             | <b>56.2</b>    | 49.1     | 54.3     |

*Balance sheet data*<sup>23</sup>

|                                       |                |         |         |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|---------|---------|
|                                       | <b>US\$m</b>   | US\$m   | US\$m   |
| Loans and advances to customers (net) | <b>377,467</b> | 400,692 | 399,460 |
| Total assets                          | <b>507,088</b> | 547,084 | 554,074 |
| Customer accounts                     | <b>488,249</b> | 482,935 | 499,109 |

*For footnotes, see page 95.*

**Financial and business highlights**

Personal Financial Services reported a profit before tax of US\$1.2 billion, compared with reported and underlying losses of US\$1.2 billion and US\$1.3 billion, respectively, in the first half of 2009. Loan impairment charges fell in line with the managed reduction of the run-off portfolios and as global economic conditions improved, the latter also creating opportunities to expand insurance and wealth management revenues. This was partly offset by fair value losses on non-qualifying hedges in the US due to a decline in long-term interest rates, compared with fair value gains in 2009 (see page 82).

Net interest income was constrained by lower asset balances in the run-off portfolios in the US, Latin America and the Middle East, and significant deposit spread compression in the Group's major deposit-taking entities due to the effect of continuing low interest rates. This was partly offset by higher secured lending volumes and spreads in Europe.

Net fee income benefited from higher investment income as market sentiment improved, most notably in Asia. However, this was more than offset by a decrease in credit card fees in the US from lower volumes and delinquency levels and the impact on charging practices of the Credit Card Accountability, Responsibility and Disclosure Act (CARD Act).

Net earned insurance premiums rose as a result of strong life insurance sales in Hong Kong, Brazil and France, partly offset by the closure of the UK motor insurance business in 2009.

The decrease in costs was primarily due to a reduction in staff numbers and a US\$113 million pension curtailment accounting gain in the US. This was partly offset by the non-recurrence of an accounting gain relating

to a change in the delivery of certain staff benefits in the main UK pension scheme in 2009 and continuing investment in the branch networks in mainland China and Taiwan. The cost efficiency ratio increased as revenues were lower in the period.

Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions fell in all regions, most notably in the US, due to the continued reduction of the run-off portfolios, the improvement in economic conditions, enhanced collection processes and tightened lending criteria.

Customer accounts were broadly in line with December 2009 levels, reflecting the strength of the HSBC brand and efforts to maintain strong

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Operating and Financial Review** (continued)

liquidity levels. Loans and advances to customers decreased as the reduction in balances in the run-off portfolios overshadowed growth in secured lending in the UK and Hong Kong.

HSBC Premier ( Premier ), the Group's flagship global customer proposition, attracted 469,000 net new customers in the first half of 2010, of whom 51 per cent were new to the bank. Asia exceeded the one million customer milestone in the period, extending HSBC's global reach to 3.9 million customers in 46 markets.

A second global proposition, HSBC Advance ( Advance ), for emerging mass affluent customers, had a customer base of 3.6 million at 30 June 2010 and is now offered in 22 markets.

The Group's World Selection global investment offering is now available in 21 countries and increased its total assets under management to US\$4.1 billion at 30 June 2010.

HSBC won a number of awards in the UK for its range of mortgages in the 2010 *Moneyfacts* awards. HSBC also won awards in various markets in Asia, including the best foreign retail bank in mainland China for the second year in a row from the *Asian Banker* Excellence in Retail Financial Services Awards 2010.

*Reconciliation of reported and underlying profit/(loss) before tax*

|   | Half-year to 30 June 2010 ( 1H10 ) compared with half-year to 30 June 2009 ( 1H09 ) |  |   |  |                                 |  |                                  |   |   |
|---|---|--|---|--|---------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|---|---|
|   | 1H09<br>as<br>reported<br>US\$m   | 1H09<br>adjust-<br>ments <sup>1</sup><br>US\$m | Currency<br>translation <sup>2</sup><br>US\$m | 1H09<br>at 1H10<br>exchange<br>rates <sup>3</sup><br>US\$m | 1H10<br>as<br>reported<br>US\$m | 1H10<br>adjust-<br>ments <sup>1</sup><br>US\$m | 1H10<br>under-<br>lying<br>US\$m | Re-<br>ported<br>change <sup>4</sup><br>% | Under-<br>lying<br>change <sup>4</sup><br>% |
| <b>Personal<br/>Financial<br/>Services</b>                        |   |  |   |  |                                 |  |                                  |   |   |
| Net interest<br>income  | 12,650  |  | 425   | 13,075   | 12,198                          | (8)  | 12,190                           | (4)                                       | (7)   |
| Net fee income  | 4,045   | (4)  | 121   | 4,162  | 3,560                           | (1)  | 3,559                            | (12)                                      | (14)  |
| Other income <sup>6</sup>   | 1,188   |  | 71  | 1,259  | 281                             | (5)  | 276                              | (76)                                      | (78)  |
| <b>Net operating<br/>income<sup>7</sup></b>                       | <b>17,883</b>   | <b>(4)</b>                                     | <b>617</b>                                    | <b>18,496</b>  | <b>16,039</b>                   | <b>(14)</b>                                    | <b>16,025</b>                    | <b>(10)</b>                               | <b>(13)</b>                                 |
| Loan impairment<br>charges and other<br>credit risk<br>provisions | (10,673)  |  | (252)   | (10,925)   | (6,317)                         |  | (6,317)                          | 41  | 42  |
| <b>Net operating<br/>income</b>                                   | <b>7,210</b>  | <b>(4)</b>                                     | <b>365</b>                                    | <b>7,571</b>   | <b>9,722</b>                    | <b>(14)</b>                                    | <b>9,708</b>                     | <b>35</b>                                 | <b>28</b>                                   |

|                                 |                |            |             |                |              |             |              |     |    |
|---------------------------------|----------------|------------|-------------|----------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|-----|----|
| Operating expenses              | (8,774)        | 2          | (426)       | (9,198)        | (9,009)      | 4           | (9,005)      | (3) | 2  |
| <b>Operating profit/(loss)</b>  | <b>(1,564)</b> | <b>(2)</b> | <b>(61)</b> | <b>(1,627)</b> | <b>713</b>   | <b>(10)</b> | <b>703</b>   |     |    |
| Income from associates          | 315            |            | (1)         | 314            | 458          |             | 458          | 45  | 46 |
| <b>Profit/(loss) before tax</b> | <b>(1,249)</b> | <b>(2)</b> | <b>(62)</b> | <b>(1,313)</b> | <b>1,171</b> | <b>(10)</b> | <b>1,161</b> |     |    |

Half-year to 30 June 2010 ( 1H10 ) compared with half-year to 31 December 2009 ( 2H09 )

|  | 2H09<br>as<br>reported<br>US\$m | 2H09<br>adjust-<br>ments <sup>1</sup><br>US\$m | Currency<br>translation <sup>2</sup><br>US\$m | 2H09<br>at 1H10<br>exchange<br>Rates <sup>8</sup><br>US\$m | 1H10<br>as<br>reported<br>US\$m | 1H10<br>adjust-<br>ments <sup>1</sup><br>US\$m | 1H10<br>under-<br>lying<br>US\$m | Re-<br>ported<br>change <sup>4</sup><br>% | Under-<br>lying<br>change <sup>4</sup><br>% |
|--|---------------------------------|--|---|--|---------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|---|---|
| Personal Financial Services                              |                                 |  |   |  |                                 |  |                                  |   |   |
| Net interest income                                      | 12,457                          |  | (144)   | 12,313   | 12,198                          |  | 12,198                           | (2)                                       | (1)   |
| Net fee income   | 4,193                           | (2)  | (51)  | 4,140  | 3,560                           |  | 3,560                            | (15)                                      | (14)  |
| Other income <sup>6</sup>                                | 882                             |  | 12  | 894  | 281                             | (3)  | 278                              | (68)                                      | (69)  |
| Net operating income <sup>7</sup>                        | 17,532                          | (2)  | (183)   | 17,347   | 16,039                          | (3)  | 16,036                           | (9)                                       | (8)   |
| Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions | (9,229)                         |  | 37  | (9,192)  | (6,317)                         |  | (6,317)                          | 32  | 31  |
| Net operating income                                     | 8,303                           | (2)  | (146)   | 8,155  | 9,722                           | (3)  | 9,719                            | 17  | 19  |
| Operating expenses                                       | (9,518)                         | 1  | 133   | (9,384)  | (9,009)                         |  | (9,009)                          | 5   | 4   |
| Operating profit/(loss)                                  | (1,215)                         | (1)  | (13)  | (1,229)  | 713                             | (3)  | 710                              |   |   |
|  | 399                             |  | (1)   | 398  | 458                             |  | 458                              | 15  | 15  |

Income from  
associates

|                             |       |     |      |       |       |     |       |
|-----------------------------|-------|-----|------|-------|-------|-----|-------|
| Profit/(loss)<br>before tax | (816) | (1) | (14) | (831) | 1,171 | (3) | 1,168 |
|-----------------------------|-------|-----|------|-------|-------|-----|-------|

*For footnotes, see page 95.*

**Table of Contents****Commercial Banking***Profit before tax*

|  | <b>30 June<br/>2010<br/>US\$m</b> | Half-year to<br>30 June<br>2009<br>US\$m | 31<br>December<br>2009<br>US\$m |
|--|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| Net interest income  | <b>4,024</b>                      | 3,809                                    | 4,074                           |
| Net fee income   | <b>1,935</b>                      | 1,749                                    | 1,953                           |
| Trading income excluding net interest income                             | <b>222</b>                        | 183                                      | 149                             |
| Net interest income on trading activities                                | <b>11</b>                         | 11                                       | 11                              |
| Net trading income <sup>25</sup>   | <b>233</b>                        | 194                                      | 160                             |
| Net income/(expense) from financial instruments designated at fair value | <b>26</b>                         | (17)                                     | 117                             |
| Gains less losses from financial investments                             | <b>3</b>                          | 25                                       | (2)                             |
| Dividend income  | <b>5</b>                          | 3  | 5                               |
| Net earned insurance premiums  | <b>696</b>                        | 390                                      | 496                             |
| Other operating income   | <b>355</b>                        | 519                                      | 220                             |
| <b>Total operating income</b>  | <b>7,277</b>                      | 6,672                                    | 7,023                           |
| Net insurance claims <sup>26</sup>                                       | <b>(537)</b>                      | (328)                                    | (514)                           |
| <b>Net operating income<sup>7</sup></b>                                  | <b>6,740</b>                      | 6,344                                    | 6,509                           |
| Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions                 | <b>(705)</b>                      | (1,509)                                  | (1,773)                         |
| <b>Net operating income</b>  | <b>6,035</b>                      | 4,835                                    | 4,736                           |
| Employee expenses <sup>27</sup>  | <b>(1,063)</b>                    | (876)                                    | (1,196)                         |
| Other operating expenses   | <b>(2,203)</b>                    | (1,864)                                  | (2,027)                         |
| Total operating expenses   | <b>(3,266)</b>                    | (2,740)                                  | (3,223)                         |
| <b>Operating profit</b>  | <b>2,769</b>                      | 2,095                                    | 1,513                           |
| Share of profit in associates and joint ventures                         | <b>435</b>                        | 337                                      | 330                             |

|                                   |              |          |          |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|----------|----------|
| <b>Profit before tax</b>          | <b>3,204</b> | 2,432    | 1,843    |
| <b>By geographical region</b>     |              |          |          |
| Europe                            | <b>709</b>   | 852      | 440      |
| Hong Kong                         | <b>672</b>   | 424      | 532      |
| Rest of Asia-Pacific              | <b>757</b>   | 459      | 605      |
| Middle East                       | <b>258</b>   | 252      | (231)    |
| North America                     | <b>572</b>   | 224      | 319      |
| Latin America                     | <b>236</b>   | 221      | 178      |
|                                   | <b>3,204</b> | 2,432    | 1,843    |
|                                   | <b>%</b>     | <b>%</b> | <b>%</b> |
| Share of HSBC's profit before tax | <b>28.9</b>  | 48.5     | 89.5     |
| Cost efficiency ratio             | <b>48.5</b>  | 43.2     | 49.5     |

*Balance sheet data*<sup>23</sup>

|                                       |                |         |         |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|---------|---------|
|                                       | <b>US\$m</b>   | US\$m   | US\$m   |
| Loans and advances to customers (net) | <b>207,763</b> | 198,903 | 199,674 |
| Total assets                          | <b>264,077</b> | 249,030 | 251,143 |
| Customer accounts                     | <b>263,616</b> | 239,933 | 267,388 |

*For footnotes, see page 95.*

**Financial and business highlights**

The reported profit before tax in the first half of 2010 was US\$3.2 billion, 32 per cent higher than in the first half of 2009. Revenue included gains from the sale of HSBC Insurance Brokers and the Group's stake in the Wells Fargo HSBC Trade Bank (see page 20). On an underlying basis, profit before tax increased by 40 per cent as credit quality improved, trade levels increased and 2009 repricing fed through into higher revenue.

HSBC's broad geographic presence allowed it to capitalise on growing levels of international trade flows. Revenue increased by 5 per cent to US\$6.6 billion, mainly due to growth in trade-related fee income and an increase in insurance sales in Hong Kong. Reflecting the faster rate of economic growth, customers within emerging markets contributed 50 per cent of revenue, and 63 per cent of profit before tax.

Loan impairment charges were 56 per cent lower with declines across all regions as higher risk portfolios were actively managed down and the economic environment improved. The percentage of overall loan impairment charges to customer advances was broadly in line with historically low levels at less than 1 per cent.

Excluding the non-recurrence of a 2009 accounting gain related to a change in the delivery of certain staff benefits in the UK pension scheme, operating expenses increased by 8 per cent to US\$3.3 billion. Costs grew as the business expanded, mainly in emerging markets, and HSBC invested in technology and front-line staff. On a reported basis, the cost efficiency ratio rose to 48.5 per cent.

Despite the low interest rate environment, deposit balances increased by 2 per cent, while customer advances, which had declined markedly during the financial crisis, increased by 9 per cent, with the strongest growth in Hong Kong, mainland China, Brazil and France.

In the first half of 2010, Business Banking customer numbers increased by 3 per cent to over 3.3 million, with 84 per cent of this growth generated in emerging markets. Business Banking represented 55 per cent of total deposit balances at 30 June 2010. HSBC was awarded the best SME's Partner award for the fifth



**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Operating and Financial Review** (continued)

consecutive year by the Hong Kong Chamber of Small and Medium Business.

The number of successful cross-border referrals doubled compared with the first half of 2009, with 13 per cent of referral flow generated from developed markets into emerging markets. The total transaction value of cross-border referrals exceeded US\$6.8 billion.

In Hong Kong, HSBC's renminbi-denominated trade settlement volume was over US\$450 million in the first half of 2010, representing a significant share of the cross-border clearance business. With its strong foothold in Hong Kong and mainland China, HSBC is well positioned to build its market position and support businesses needing renminbi.

*Reconciliation of reported and underlying profit before tax*

|  | Half-year to 30 June 2010 ( 1H10 ) compared with half-year to 30 June 2009 ( 1H09 ) |                    |                          |                    |              |                    |              |                     |                     |
|--|---|--------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------|--------------------|--------------|---------------------|---------------------|
|  | 1H09  | 1H09               | Currency                 | 1H09               | 1H10         | 1H10               | 1H10         | Re-                 | Under-              |
|  | as  | adjust-            | translation <sup>2</sup> | at 1H10            | as           | adjust-            | under-       | ported              | lying               |
|  | reported  | ments <sup>1</sup> | US\$m                    | exchange           | reported     | ments <sup>1</sup> | lying        | change <sup>4</sup> | change <sup>4</sup> |
|  | US\$m   | US\$m              | US\$m                    | rates <sup>3</sup> | US\$m        | US\$m              | US\$m        | %                   | %                   |
| <b>Commercial Banking</b>                                |   |                    |                          |                    |              |                    |              |                     |                     |
| Net interest income                                      | 3,809   |                    | 207                      | 4,016              | 4,024        | (20)               | 4,004        | 6                   | -                   |
| Net fee income   | 1,749   | (57)               | 71                       | 1,763              | 1,935        | (2)                | 1,933        | 11                  | 10                  |
| Other income <sup>6</sup>                                | 786   | (281)              | 5                        | 510                | 781          | (121)              | 660          |                     | 29                  |
| <b>Net operating income<sup>7</sup></b>                  | <b>6,344</b>  | <b>(338)</b>       | <b>283</b>               | <b>6,289</b>       | <b>6,740</b> | <b>(143)</b>       | <b>6,597</b> | <b>6</b>            | <b>5</b>            |
| Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions | (1,509)   |                    | (81)                     | (1,590)            | (705)        |                    | (705)        | 53                  | 56                  |
| <b>Net operating income</b>                              | <b>4,835</b>  | <b>(338)</b>       | <b>202</b>               | <b>4,699</b>       | <b>6,035</b> | <b>(143)</b>       | <b>5,892</b> | <b>25</b>           | <b>25</b>           |
| Operating expenses                                       | (2,740)   | 50                 | (143)                    | (2,833)            | (3,266)      | 13                 | (3,253)      | (19)                | (15)                |
| <b>Operating profit</b>                                  | <b>2,095</b>  | <b>(288)</b>       | <b>59</b>                | <b>1,866</b>       | <b>2,769</b> | <b>(130)</b>       | <b>2,639</b> | <b>32</b>           | <b>41</b>           |
|  | 337   | (1)                |                          | 336                | 435          |                    | 435          | 29                  | 29                  |

Income from  
associates

|                          |              |              |           |              |              |              |              |           |           |
|--------------------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|-----------|
| <b>Profit before tax</b> | <b>2,432</b> | <b>(289)</b> | <b>59</b> | <b>2,202</b> | <b>3,204</b> | <b>(130)</b> | <b>3,074</b> | <b>32</b> | <b>40</b> |
|--------------------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|-----------|

Half-year to 30 June 2010 ( 1H10 ) compared with half-year to 31 December 2009 ( 2H09 )

|  | 2H09<br>as<br>reported<br>US\$m | 2H09<br>adjust-<br>ments <sup>1</sup><br>US\$m | Currency<br>translation <sup>2</sup><br>US\$m | 2H09<br>at 1H10<br>exchange<br>Rates <sup>8</sup><br>US\$m | 1H10<br>as<br>reported<br>US\$m | 1H10<br>adjust-<br>ments <sup>1</sup><br>US\$m | 1H10<br>under-<br>lying<br>US\$m | Re-<br>ported<br>change <sup>4</sup><br>% | Under-<br>lying<br>change <sup>4</sup><br>% |
|--|---------------------------------|--|---|--|---------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|---|---|
| <b>Commercial Banking</b>                                |                                 |  |   |  |                                 |  |                                  |   |   |
| Net interest income                                      | 4,074                           |  | (74)  | 4,000  | 4,024                           |  | 4,024                            | (1)                                       | 1   |
| Net fee income   | 1,953                           | (71)   | (50)  | 1,832  | 1,935                           |  | 1,935                            | (1)                                       | 6   |
| Other income <sup>6</sup>                                | 482                             | (2)  | (2)   | 478  | 781                             | (114)  | 667                              | 62  | 40  |
| <b>Net operating income<sup>7</sup></b>                  | <b>6,509</b>                    | <b>(73)</b>                                    | <b>(126)</b>                                  | <b>6,310</b>   | <b>6,740</b>                    | <b>(114)</b>                                   | <b>6,626</b>                     | <b>4</b>                                  | <b>5</b>                                    |
| Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions | (1,773)                         |  | 38  | (1,735)  | (705)                           |  | (705)                            | 60  | 59  |
| <b>Net operating income</b>                              | <b>4,736</b>                    | <b>(73)</b>                                    | <b>(88)</b>                                   | <b>4,575</b>   | <b>6,035</b>                    | <b>(114)</b>                                   | <b>5,921</b>                     | <b>27</b>                                 | <b>29</b>                                   |
| Operating expenses                                       | (3,223)                         | 64   | 67  | (3,092)  | (3,266)                         |  | (3,266)                          | (1)                                       | (6)   |
| <b>Operating profit</b>                                  | <b>1,513</b>                    | <b>(9)</b>                                     | <b>(21)</b>                                   | <b>1,483</b>   | <b>2,769</b>                    | <b>(114)</b>                                   | <b>2,655</b>                     | <b>83</b>                                 | <b>79</b>                                   |
| Income from associates                                   | 330                             |  | 2   | 332  | 435                             |  | 435                              | 32  | 31  |
| <b>Profit before tax</b>                                 | <b>1,843</b>                    | <b>(9)</b>                                     | <b>(19)</b>                                   | <b>1,815</b>   | <b>3,204</b>                    | <b>(114)</b>                                   | <b>3,090</b>                     | <b>74</b>                                 | <b>70</b>                                   |

*For footnotes, see page 95.*

**Table of Contents****Global Banking and Markets***Profit before tax*

|  | <b>30</b>      | Half-year to |         |
|--|----------------|--------------|---------|
|  | <b>June</b>    | 30 June      | 31      |
|  | <b>2010</b>    | 2009         | 2009    |
|  | <b>US\$m</b>   | US\$m        | US\$m   |
| Net interest income  | <b>3,720</b>   | 4,667        | 3,943   |
| Net fee income   | <b>2,379</b>   | 1,968        | 2,395   |
| Trading income excluding net interest income                   | <b>2,867</b>   | 3,422        | 1,279   |
| Net interest income on trading activities                      | <b>888</b>     | 1,056        | 1,118   |
| Net trading income <sup>25</sup>                               | <b>3,755</b>   | 4,478        | 2,397   |
| Net income from financial instruments designated at fair value | <b>8</b>       | 329          | 144     |
| Gains less losses from financial investments                   | <b>505</b>     | 158          | 107     |
| Dividend income  | <b>22</b>      | 23           | 45      |
| Net earned insurance premiums                                  | <b>22</b>      | 40           | 14      |
| Other operating income   | <b>438</b>     | 603          | 543     |
| <b>Total operating income</b>                                  | <b>10,849</b>  | 12,266       | 9,588   |
| Net insurance claims <sup>26</sup>                             | <b>(15)</b>    | (35)         | 1       |
| <b>Net operating income<sup>7</sup></b>                        | <b>10,834</b>  | 12,231       | 9,589   |
| Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions       | <b>(500)</b>   | (1,732)      | (1,436) |
| <b>Net operating income</b>                                    | <b>10,334</b>  | 10,499       | 8,153   |
| Employee expenses <sup>27</sup>                                | <b>(2,520)</b> | (2,492)      | (1,843) |
| Other operating expenses                                       | <b>(2,427)</b> | (1,913)      | (2,289) |
| Total operating expenses                                       | <b>(4,947)</b> | (4,405)      | (4,132) |
| <b>Operating profit</b>  | <b>5,387</b>   | 6,094        | 4,021   |
| Share of profit in associates and joint ventures               | <b>246</b>     | 204          | 162     |

|                                   |              |          |          |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|----------|----------|
| <b>Profit before tax</b>          | <b>5,633</b> | 6,298    | 4,183    |
| <b>By geographical region</b>     |              |          |          |
| Europe                            | <b>2,085</b> | 2,891    | 1,654    |
| Hong Kong                         | <b>730</b>   | 907      | 600      |
| Rest of Asia-Pacific              | <b>1,306</b> | 1,239    | 1,080    |
| Middle East                       | <b>49</b>    | 304      | 163      |
| North America                     | <b>998</b>   | 477      | 235      |
| Latin America                     | <b>465</b>   | 480      | 451      |
|                                   | <b>5,633</b> | 6,298    | 4,183    |
|                                   | <b>%</b>     | <b>%</b> | <b>%</b> |
| Share of HSBC's profit before tax | <b>50.7</b>  | 125.5    | 203.0    |
| Cost efficiency ratio             | <b>45.7</b>  | 36.0     | 43.1     |

*For footnotes, see page 95.*

#### Financial and business highlights

Global Banking and Markets delivered its second highest ever half-year performance with pre-tax profits of US\$5.6 billion, below the record results of the first half of 2009 which benefited from exceptional market conditions. On an underlying basis, profit before tax fell by 13 per cent. Notably, market share gains captured in 2009 were broadly maintained and performance significantly exceeded the second half of 2009 with stronger revenues and lower loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions. Operating results remained well diversified with a strong contribution from emerging markets and no single business contributing much more than a fifth of total revenues. The breadth of this performance demonstrated the continuing benefit of Global Banking and Markets' emerging markets-led and financing-focused strategy.

Revenues slowed in the second quarter of 2010, as European sovereign debt concerns and widening credit spreads were reflected in less client activity and reduced debt and equity issuance in the market. Operating expenses included initial costs of a number of strategic investments to drive future revenue growth, including the development of Prime Services and equity capital markets capabilities with increased focus on emerging markets and the expansion of the foreign exchange and Rates e-commerce platform. Additionally, a charge of US\$350 million was taken in respect of UK and French payroll taxes levied on certain 2009 bonus payments. The cost efficiency ratio, at 45.7 per cent, was 10 percentage points higher than in the first half of 2009.

There was an overall improvement in asset-backed securities (ABS) prices and a significant reduction in write-downs following a return of liquidity to financial markets. This was reflected in a net release of US\$362 million relating to legacy positions in credit trading, leveraged and acquisition financing and monoline Credit exposures. 2009's results included a reported net charge of US\$602 million in the first half and a US\$271 million release in the second half. A fair value gain of US\$255 million resulting from widening credit spreads on structured liabilities was reported during the first half of 2010 (losses of US\$127 million and US\$317 million were reported in the first and second halves of 2009, respectively).

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Operating and Financial Review** (continued)*Management view of total operating income*

|  | <b>30<br/>June<br/>2010<br/>US\$m</b> | Half-year to<br>30 June<br>2009<br>US\$m | 31<br>December<br>2009<br>US\$m |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| Global Markets <sup>28</sup>               | <b>5,542</b>                          | 5,991                                    | 4,373                           |
| Credit                                     | <b>1,043</b>                          | 1,066                                    | 1,264                           |
| Rates                                      | <b>1,529</b>                          | 1,964                                    | 684                             |
| Foreign exchange                           | <b>1,513</b>                          | 1,797                                    | 1,182                           |
| Equities                                   | <b>479</b>                            | 315                                      | 326                             |
| Securities services <sup>29</sup>          | <b>718</b>                            | 712                                      | 708                             |
| Asset and structured finance               | <b>260</b>                            | 137                                      | 209                             |
| <br>                                       |                                       |  |                                 |
| Global Banking                             | <b>2,288</b>                          | 2,403                                    | 2,227                           |
| <br>                                       |                                       |  |                                 |
| Financing and equity capital markets       | <b>1,420</b>                          | 1,609                                    | 1,461                           |
| Payments and cash management <sup>30</sup> | <b>542</b>                            | 535                                      | 518                             |
| Other transaction services <sup>31</sup>   | <b>326</b>                            | 259                                      | 248                             |
| <br>                                       |                                       |  |                                 |
| Balance Sheet Management                   | <b>2,269</b>                          | 3,350                                    | 2,040                           |
| Global Asset Management                    | <b>540</b>                            | 414                                      | 525                             |
| Principal Investments                      | <b>126</b>                            | (38)                                     | 80                              |
| Other <sup>32</sup>                        | <b>84</b>                             | 146                                      | 343                             |
| <br>                                       |                                       |  |                                 |
| Total operating income                     | <b>10,849</b>                         | 12,266                                   | 9,588                           |

*For footnotes, see page 95.*

Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions decreased by US\$1.3 billion. Loan impairment charges of US\$0.2 billion fell by US\$0.9 billion and US\$0.3 billion against the first and second halves of 2009, respectively. This reflected improving credit conditions which strengthened the credit quality of the portfolio. The significant impairments taken in relation to a small number of clients in both halves of 2009 did not recur.

The available-for-sale portfolio continued to track the impairment and loss expectations contained within the parameters of the stress tests described on page 156 of the *Annual Report and Accounts 2009*. Credit risk provisions were US\$0.3 billion compared with US\$0.6 billion and US\$0.8 billion in the first and second halves of 2009, respectively. ABSs accounted for US\$256 million of this charge; the expected cash flow impairment on which was US\$122 million. A further US\$488 million impairment was absorbed by income note holders who take the first loss on positions within the securities investment conduits (SICs) now consolidated in HSBC's accounts; details of the SICs are provided on page 126. The available-for-sale reserves in respect of these securities continued to fall, standing at US\$8.1 billion at 30 June 2010 as a result of improved prices and continued amortisations and maturities in the portfolio.

HSBC was recognised in a number of key industry awards which highlighted the strength of Global Banking and Market's core businesses and its strategy. This included being awarded *Euromoney's* Best Global Emerging Markets Bank and Best Global Emerging Markets Debt House. Regionally, achievements were recognised through the attainment of Best Investment Bank in the Middle East and Best Debt House in Asia and in Central and Eastern Europe.

Global Markets recorded its second highest half-year performance with revenues exceeding US\$5 billion, delivered through enhanced sales coverage and greater alignment across regions and with other customer groups. Revenues rose significantly on the second half of 2009, but were lower than in the record first half as the exceptional market conditions did not recur. Higher economic uncertainty and subdued market conditions resulted in lower demand for foreign exchange, Credit and Rates products in the second quarter of 2010. In credit trading, a net release of write-downs on legacy positions was more than offset by the non-recurrence of gains in other parts of the business due to the events described above.

The securities services business benefited from greater transaction volumes and an 8.9 per cent increase in assets under custody compared with the first half of 2009. However, this performance was offset in part by the continuation of spread compression, as interest rates in major economies remained at historical lows.

In Global Banking, revenues from financing and equity capital markets declined from the highs recorded in the latter part of 2008 and early 2009 due to lower client activity, while reduced credit and lending revenues reflected tighter spreads and a reduction in overall lending balances as clients repaid debt in order to strengthen their balance sheets. Compared with the second half of 2009, overall revenues were stable with well diversified income streams. Payments and cash management income was broadly in line with the first half of 2009.

As expected, Balance Sheet Management revenues fell compared with the record first half of 2009, as interest rates remained low and major yield curves flattened. Although revenues improved on the second half of 2009, the declining revenue trend is expected to resume in the second half of 2010 as a result of lower-

**Table of Contents**

yielding reinvestment opportunities with flatter yield curves in the major currencies.

Results in Global Asset Management reflected continuation of the momentum achieved in the second half of 2009. Management fees increased significantly with a notable growth in the contribution from emerging markets. Average funds under management at US\$421 billion were 15 per cent higher than in the first half of 2009, assisted by net inflows in the first six months of 2010 of

US\$12 billion. On 30 June 2010, HSBC announced the single brand of HSBC Global Asset Management, to reflect better the breadth, strength and expertise of its specialist global asset management businesses.

Principal Investments reported an increase in profits on the first half of 2009, due to higher realisations and lower impairments.

*Reconciliation of reported and underlying profit before tax*

|   | Half-year to 30 June 2010 ( 1H10 ) compared with half-year to 30 June 2009 ( 1H09 ) |  |   |  |                                 |  |                                  |   |   |
|---|---|--|---|--|---------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|---|---|
|   | 1H09<br>as<br>reported<br>US\$m   | 1H09<br>adjust-<br>ments <sup>1</sup><br>US\$m | Currency<br>translation <sup>2</sup><br>US\$m | 1H09<br>at 1H10<br>exchange<br>rates <sup>3</sup><br>US\$m | 1H10<br>as<br>reported<br>US\$m | 1H10<br>adjust-<br>ments <sup>1</sup><br>US\$m | 1H10<br>under-<br>lying<br>US\$m | Re-<br>ported<br>change <sup>4</sup><br>% | Under-<br>lying<br>change <sup>4</sup><br>% |
| <b>Global Banking<br/>and Markets</b>                             |   |  |   |  |                                 |  |                                  |   |   |
| Net interest<br>income  | 4,667   |  | 124   | 4,791  | 3,720                           | (3)  | 3,717                            | (20)                                      | (22)  |
| Net fee income  | 1,968   | (10)   | 51  | 2,009  | 2,379                           |  | 2,379                            | 21  | 18  |
| Other income <sup>6</sup>   | 5,596   |  | 153   | 5,749  | 4,735                           | (9)  | 4,726                            | (15)                                      | (18)  |
| <b>Net operating<br/>income<sup>7</sup></b>                       | <b>12,231</b>   | <b>(10)</b>                                    | <b>328</b>                                    | <b>12,549</b>  | <b>10,834</b>                   | <b>(12)</b>                                    | <b>10,822</b>                    | <b>(11)</b>                               | <b>(14)</b>                                 |
| Loan impairment<br>charges and other<br>credit risk<br>provisions | (1,732)   |  | (32)  | (1,764)  | (500)                           |  | (500)                            | 71  | 72  |
| <b>Net operating<br/>income</b>                                   | <b>10,499</b>   | <b>(10)</b>                                    | <b>296</b>                                    | <b>10,785</b>  | <b>10,334</b>                   | <b>(12)</b>                                    | <b>10,322</b>                    | <b>(2)</b>                                | <b>(4)</b>                                  |
| Operating<br>expenses   | (4,405)   | 18   | (116)   | (4,503)  | (4,947)                         | 2  | (4,945)                          | (12)                                      | (10)  |
| <b>Operating profit</b>   | <b>6,094</b>  | <b>8</b>                                       | <b>180</b>                                    | <b>6,282</b>   | <b>5,387</b>                    | <b>(10)</b>                                    | <b>5,377</b>                     | <b>(12)</b>                               | <b>(14)</b>                                 |
|   | 204   |  | (1)   | 203  | 246                             |  | 246                              | 21  | 21  |

Income from  
associates

|                          |              |          |            |              |              |             |              |             |             |
|--------------------------|--------------|----------|------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|
| <b>Profit before tax</b> | <b>6,298</b> | <b>8</b> | <b>179</b> | <b>6,485</b> | <b>5,633</b> | <b>(10)</b> | <b>5,623</b> | <b>(11)</b> | <b>(13)</b> |
|--------------------------|--------------|----------|------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|

Half-year to 30 June 2010 ( 1H10 ) compared with half-year to 31 December 2009 ( 2H09 )

|   | 2H09<br>as<br>reported<br>US\$m | 2H09<br>adjust-<br>ments <sup>1</sup><br>US\$m | Currency<br>translation <sup>2</sup><br>US\$m | 2H09<br>at 1H10<br>exchange<br>Rates <sup>8</sup><br>US\$m | 1H10<br>as<br>reported<br>US\$m | 1H10<br>adjust-<br>ments <sup>1</sup><br>US\$m | 1H10<br>under-<br>lying<br>US\$m | Re-<br>ported<br>change <sup>4</sup><br>% | Under-<br>lying<br>change <sup>4</sup><br>% |
|---|---------------------------------|--|---|--|---------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|---|---|
| Global Banking<br>and Markets                                     |                                 |  |   |  |                                 |  |                                  |   |   |
| Net interest<br>income  | 3,943                           |  | (115)   | 3,828  | 3,720                           |  | 3,720                            | (6)                                       | (3)   |
| Net fee income  | 2,395                           | (32)   | (60)  | 2,303  | 2,379                           |  | 2,379                            | (1)                                       | 3   |
| Other income <sup>6</sup>   | 3,251                           |  | (68)  | 3,183  | 4,735                           | (9)  | 4,726                            | 46  | 48  |
| Net operating<br>income <sup>7</sup>                              | 9,589                           | (32)   | (243)   | 9,314  | 10,834                          | (9)  | 10,825                           | 13  | 16  |
| Loan impairment<br>charges and other<br>credit risk<br>provisions | (1,436)                         |  | 64  | (1,372)  | (500)                           |  | (500)                            | 65  | 64  |
| Net operating<br>income   | 8,153                           | (32)   | (179)   | 7,942  | 10,334                          | (9)  | 10,325                           | 27  | 30  |
| Operating<br>expenses   | (4,132)                         | 34   | 131   | (3,967)  | (4,947)                         |  | (4,947)                          | (20)                                      | (25)  |
| Operating profit  | 4,021                           | 2  | (48)  | 3,975  | 5,387                           | (9)  | 5,378                            | 34  | 35  |
| Income from<br>associates   | 162                             |  | 1   | 163  | 246                             |  | 246                              | 52  | 51  |
| Profit before tax   | 4,183                           | 2  | (47)  | 4,138  | 5,633                           | (9)  | 5,624                            | 35  | 36  |

*For footnotes, see page 95.*



**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Operating and Financial Review** (continued)*Balance sheet data significant to Global Banking and Markets*

|  | <b>Europe<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Hong<br/>Kong<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Rest of<br/>Asia-<br/>Pacific<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Middle<br/>East<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>North<br/>America<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Latin<br/>America<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Total<br/>US\$m</b> |
|--|-------------------------|--------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|
| <b>At 30 June 2010</b>                 |                         |                                |  |                                  |                                    |                                    |                        |
| Trading assets <sup>33</sup>           | <b>265,958</b>          | <b>26,406</b>                  | <b>19,976</b>                                  | <b>733</b>                       | <b>76,015</b>                      | <b>6,786</b>                       | <b>395,874</b>         |
| Derivative assets <sup>34</sup>        | <b>227,337</b>          | <b>18,858</b>                  | <b>17,268</b>                                  | <b>827</b>                       | <b>71,490</b>                      | <b>3,268</b>                       | <b>339,048</b>         |
| Loans and advances<br>to:              |                         |                                |  |                                  |                                    |                                    |                        |
| - customers (net)                      | <b>163,031</b>          | <b>25,501</b>                  | <b>30,718</b>                                  | <b>6,389</b>                     | <b>32,861</b>                      | <b>10,006</b>                      | <b>268,506</b>         |
| - banks (net)                          | <b>77,976</b>           | <b>25,428</b>                  | <b>28,108</b>                                  | <b>6,583</b>                     | <b>16,606</b>                      | <b>15,932</b>                      | <b>170,633</b>         |
| Financial<br>investments <sup>33</sup> | <b>91,468</b>           | <b>83,284</b>                  | <b>36,576</b>                                  | <b>10,066</b>                    | <b>59,244</b>                      | <b>17,426</b>                      | <b>298,064</b>         |
| Total assets <sup>23</sup>             | <b>1,021,875</b>        | <b>214,091</b>                 | <b>153,877</b>                                 | <b>29,106</b>                    | <b>299,345</b>                     | <b>59,349</b>                      | <b>1,777,643</b>       |
| Deposits by banks                      | <b>74,808</b>           | <b>10,181</b>                  | <b>14,642</b>                                  | <b>1,623</b>                     | <b>16,327</b>                      | <b>3,246</b>                       | <b>120,827</b>         |
| Customer accounts                      | <b>170,697</b>          | <b>26,142</b>                  | <b>46,089</b>                                  | <b>5,359</b>                     | <b>19,229</b>                      | <b>23,158</b>                      | <b>290,674</b>         |
| Trading liabilities                    | <b>162,471</b>          | <b>9,838</b>                   | <b>5,131</b>                                   | <b>48</b>                        | <b>81,118</b>                      | <b>4,616</b>                       | <b>263,222</b>         |
| Derivative liabilities <sup>34</sup>   | <b>227,156</b>          | <b>19,159</b>                  | <b>16,744</b>                                  | <b>849</b>                       | <b>71,874</b>                      | <b>3,545</b>                       | <b>339,327</b>         |
| <b>At 30 June 2009</b>                 |                         |                                |  |                                  |                                    |                                    |                        |
| Trading assets <sup>33</sup>           | 287,752                 | 24,818                         | 15,812   | 500                              | 68,707                             | 7,600                              | 405,189                |
| Derivative assets <sup>34</sup>        | 227,424                 | 20,034                         | 19,355   | 682                              | 84,307                             | 3,921                              | 355,723                |
| Loans and advances<br>to:              |                         |                                |  |                                  |                                    |                                    |                        |
| - customers (net)                      | 198,290                 | 23,182                         | 21,682   | 6,799                            | 28,320                             | 9,055                              | 287,328                |
| - banks (net)                          | 66,639                  | 33,833                         | 27,487   | 4,470                            | 8,703                              | 15,572                             | 156,704                |
| Financial<br>investments <sup>33</sup> | 95,658                  | 76,095                         | 33,532   | 9,479                            | 49,878                             | 10,700                             | 275,342                |
| Total assets <sup>23</sup>             | 1,060,344               | 221,196                        | 138,266  | 27,423                           | 269,492                            | 53,897                             | 1,770,618              |
| Deposits by banks                      | 84,262                  | 10,006                         | 12,394   | 974                              | 11,297                             | 3,959                              | 122,892                |
| Customer accounts                      | 208,792                 | 34,875                         | 42,712   | 7,312                            | 19,268                             | 18,003                             | 330,962                |
| Trading liabilities                    | 161,294                 | 11,019                         | 3,747  | 39                               | 66,308                             | 5,737                              | 248,144                |
| Derivative liabilities <sup>34</sup>   | 222,408                 | 20,200                         | 18,606   | 678                              | 80,583                             | 3,680                              | 346,155                |
| <b>At 31 December 2009</b>             |                         |                                |  |                                  |                                    |                                    |                        |
| Trading assets <sup>33</sup>           | 294,951                 | 25,742                         | 15,960   | 511                              | 67,466                             | 6,283                              | 410,913                |
| Derivative assets <sup>34</sup>        | 190,900                 | 16,937                         | 15,660   | 668                              | 61,192                             | 2,820                              | 288,177                |
| Loans and advances<br>to:              |                         |                                |  |                                  |                                    |                                    |                        |
| - customers (net)                      | 176,123                 | 21,991                         | 23,989   | 6,554                            | 18,654                             | 9,645                              | 256,956                |

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|                                      |         |         |         |        |         |        |           |
|--------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------|---------|--------|-----------|
| - banks (net)                        | 59,171  | 27,789  | 29,388  | 6,385  | 14,403  | 16,638 | 153,774   |
| Financial                            |         |         |         |        |         |        |           |
| investments <sup>33</sup>            | 83,715  | 92,181  | 36,355  | 9,688  | 49,386  | 14,659 | 285,984   |
| Total assets <sup>23</sup>           | 981,831 | 217,146 | 138,884 | 28,189 | 260,131 | 57,491 | 1,683,672 |
| Deposits by banks                    | 88,043  | 5,824   | 7,874   | 1,357  | 13,229  | 3,948  | 120,275   |
| Customer accounts                    | 169,390 | 26,650  | 43,698  | 5,752  | 19,095  | 20,142 | 284,727   |
| Trading liabilities                  | 169,814 | 10,720  | 3,040   | 13     | 69,302  | 2,875  | 255,764   |
| Derivative liabilities <sup>34</sup> | 191,480 | 16,619  | 15,500  | 651    | 60,178  | 3,270  | 287,698   |

*For footnotes, see page 95.*

**Table of Contents****Private Banking***Profit before tax*

|  |                | Half-year to |          |
|--|----------------|--------------|----------|
|  | <b>30 June</b> | 30 June      | 31       |
|  | <b>2010</b>    | 2009         | December |
|  | <b>US\$m</b>   | US\$m        | US\$m    |
| Net interest income                                      | <b>646</b>     | 784          | 690      |
| Net fee income   | <b>643</b>     | 602          | 634      |
| Trading income excluding net interest income             | <b>209</b>     | 154          | 168      |
| Net interest income on trading activities                | <b>10</b>      | 9            | 13       |
| Net trading income <sup>25</sup>                         | <b>219</b>     | 163          | 181      |
| Gains less losses from financial investments             | <b>11</b>      | (2)          | 7        |
| Dividend income  | <b>3</b>       | 2            | 3        |
| Other operating income                                   | <b>21</b>      | 40           | 8        |
| <b>Total operating income</b>                            | <b>1,543</b>   | 1,589        | 1,523    |
| Net insurance claims <sup>26</sup>                       |                |              |          |
| <b>Net operating income</b> <sup>7</sup>                 | <b>1,543</b>   | 1,589        | 1,523    |
| Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions |                | (14)         | (114)    |
| <b>Net operating income</b>                              | <b>1,543</b>   | 1,575        | 1,409    |
| Employee expenses <sup>27</sup>                          | <b>(609)</b>   | (604)        | (594)    |
| Other operating expenses                                 | <b>(358)</b>   | (345)        | (341)    |
| Total operating expenses                                 | <b>(967)</b>   | (949)        | (935)    |
| <b>Operating profit</b>                                  | <b>576</b>     | 626          | 474      |
| Share of profit/(loss) in associates and joint ventures  | <b>(20)</b>    | 6            | 2        |
| <b>Profit before tax</b>                                 | <b>556</b>     | 632          | 476      |

**By geographical region**

|                                   |             |          |          |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|----------|----------|
| Europe                            | <b>359</b>  | 447      | 407      |
| Hong Kong                         | <b>119</b>  | 106      | 91       |
| Rest of Asia-Pacific              | <b>43</b>   | 47       | 43       |
| Middle East                       | <b>(23)</b> | 5        | 1        |
| North America                     | <b>54</b>   | 23       | (73)     |
| Latin America                     | <b>4</b>    | 4        | 7        |
|                                   | <b>556</b>  | 632      | 476      |
|                                   | <b>%</b>    | <b>%</b> | <b>%</b> |
| Share of HSBC's profit before tax | <b>5.0</b>  | 12.6     | 23.1     |
| Cost efficiency ratio             | <b>62.7</b> | 59.7     | 61.4     |

*Balance sheet data*<sup>23</sup>

|                                       | <b>US\$m</b>   | US\$m   | US\$m   |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|---------|---------|
| Loans and advances to customers (net) | <b>36,590</b>  | 34,282  | 37,031  |
| Total assets                          | <b>108,499</b> | 117,468 | 116,148 |
| Customer accounts                     | <b>104,025</b> | 108,278 | 106,533 |

*For footnotes, see page 95.*

**Financial and business highlights**

Profit before tax of US\$556 million was 12 per cent lower than reported in the first half of 2009, 13 per cent lower on an underlying basis. This was primarily due to lower net interest income and a loss from associates. Fee income and trading income rose and costs were broadly in line with the first half of 2009.

Net interest income fell as continued low interest rates adversely affected customer deposit spreads. However, fee income grew as an improvement in market sentiment drove a rise in client activity levels and an increase in average client assets under management compared with the same period in 2009. Net trading income also rose, driven by higher client transaction volumes as client risk appetite returned, particularly in foreign exchange and debt securities trading.

Loan impairment charges were lower than in the first half of 2009, with a net recovery in North America, compared with a small charge in the first half of 2009.

Operating expenses were broadly in line with the comparable period in 2009 despite recruitment in faster-growing markets. The cost efficiency ratio deteriorated by 3 percentage points as revenue declined.

The share of profit from associates fell due to an increase in loan impairment charges in The Saudi British Bank.

*Client assets*

|               | Half-year to |           |
|---------------|--------------|-----------|
| <b>30</b>     |              | <b>31</b> |
| <b>June</b>   | 30 June      | December  |
| <b>2010</b>   | 2009         | 2009      |
| <b>US\$bn</b> | US\$bn       | US\$bn    |

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|                        |             |     |     |
|------------------------|-------------|-----|-----|
| At beginning of period | <b>367</b>  | 352 | 345 |
| Net new money          | <b>7</b>    | (7) |     |
| Value change           | <b>(4)</b>  | 7   | 20  |
| Exchange/other         | <b>(16)</b> | (7) | 2   |
| <br>                   |             |     |     |
| At end of period       | <b>354</b>  | 345 | 367 |

Reported client assets of US\$354 billion were marginally lower than at 31 December 2009, as net inflows were more than offset by negative market and foreign exchange movements. Net new money amounted to US\$7 billion and resulted from increased client leverage and strong inflows in a number of regions, particularly from Asia and other emerging markets. In Switzerland, HSBC reported net inflows as management reinforced their relationships with the core customer base as part of the communication initiatives around the local data theft incident reported in March.

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Operating and Financial Review** (continued)

Reported total client assets decreased to US\$445 billion from US\$460 billion at 31 December 2009. Total client assets is equivalent to many industry definitions of assets under management and includes some non-financial assets held in client trusts.

Cross-business referrals continued to result in good inflows with over US\$2 billion raised during the first half of 2010.

Hedge fund inflows into HSBC Alternative Investments Limited returned to levels last seen prior to the global financial crisis.

A Family Office Partnership initiative was launched with Global Banking and Markets, targeting ultra high net worth clients and family offices seeking quasi-institutional client services.

HSBC Private Bank was named the Best Global Wealth Manager in the *Euromoney* Awards for Excellence 2010 and *FT Money* and *Investors Chronicle* Magazine voted HSBC Private Bank as Best Wealth Manager for Alternative Investments .

*Reconciliation of reported and underlying profit before tax*

|  | Half-year to 30 June 2010 ( 1H10 ) compared with half-year to 30 June 2009 ( 1H09 ) |  |   |  |                                 |  |                                  |   |   |
|--|---|--|---|--|---------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|---|---|
|  | 1H09<br>as<br>reported<br>US\$m   | 1H09<br>adjust-<br>ments <sup>1</sup><br>US\$m | Currency<br>translation <sup>2</sup><br>US\$m | 1H09<br>at 1H10<br>exchange<br>rates <sup>3</sup><br>US\$m | 1H10<br>as<br>reported<br>US\$m | 1H10<br>adjust-<br>ments <sup>1</sup><br>US\$m | 1H10<br>under-<br>lying<br>US\$m | Re-<br>ported<br>change <sup>4</sup><br>% | Under-<br>lying<br>change <sup>4</sup><br>% |
| <b>Private Banking</b>                                   |   |  |   |  |                                 |  |                                  |   |   |
| Net interest income                                      | 784   |  | 3   | 787  | 646                             |  | 646                              | (18)                                      | (18)  |
| Net fee income   | 602   |  | 5   | 607  | 643                             |  | 643                              | 7   | 6   |
| Other income <sup>6</sup>                                | 203   |  | 2   | 205  | 254                             |  | 254                              | 25  | 24  |
| <b>Net operating income<sup>7</sup></b>                  | <b>1,589</b>  |  | <b>10</b>                                     | <b>1,599</b>   | <b>1,543</b>                    |  | <b>1,543</b>                     | <b>(3)</b>                                | <b>(4)</b>                                  |
| Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions | (14)  |  |   | (14)   |                                 |  |                                  |   |   |
| <b>Net operating income</b>                              | <b>1,575</b>  |  | <b>10</b>                                     | <b>1,585</b>   | <b>1,543</b>                    |  | <b>1,543</b>                     | <b>(2)</b>                                | <b>(3)</b>                                  |
| Operating expenses                                       | (949)   |  | (6)   | (955)  | (967)                           |  | (967)                            | (2)                                       | (1)   |

|                          |            |  |          |            |             |  |             |             |             |
|--------------------------|------------|--|----------|------------|-------------|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| <b>Operating profit</b>  | <b>626</b> |  | <b>4</b> | <b>630</b> | <b>576</b>  |  | <b>576</b>  | <b>(8)</b>  | <b>(9)</b>  |
| Income from associates   | <b>6</b>   |  |          | <b>6</b>   | <b>(20)</b> |  | <b>(20)</b> |             |             |
| <b>Profit before tax</b> | <b>632</b> |  | <b>4</b> | <b>636</b> | <b>556</b>  |  | <b>556</b>  | <b>(12)</b> | <b>(13)</b> |

Half-year to 30 June 2010 ( 1H10 ) compared with half-year to 31 December 2009 ( 2H09 )

|  | 2H09<br>as<br>reported<br>US\$m | 2H09<br>adjust-<br>ments <sup>1</sup><br>US\$m | Currency<br>translation <sup>2</sup><br>US\$m | 2H09<br>at 1H10<br>exchange<br>Rates <sup>8</sup><br>US\$m | 1H10<br>as<br>reported<br>US\$m | 1H10<br>adjust-<br>ments <sup>1</sup><br>US\$m | 1H10<br>under-<br>lying<br>US\$m | Re-<br>ported<br>change <sup>4</sup><br>% | Under-<br>lying<br>change <sup>4</sup><br>% |
|--|---------------------------------|--|---|--|---------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|---|---|
| Private Banking  |                                 |  |   |  |                                 |  |                                  |   |   |
| Net interest income                                      | 690                             |  | (11)  | 679  | 646                             |  | 646                              | (6)                                       | (5)   |
| Net fee income   | 634                             |  | (14)  | 620  | 643                             |  | 643                              | 1   | 4   |
| Other income <sup>6</sup>                                | 199                             |  | (3)   | 196  | 254                             |  | 254                              | 28  | 30  |
| Net operating income <sup>7</sup>                        | 1,523                           |  | (28)  | 1,495  | 1,543                           |  | 1,543                            | 1   | 3   |
| Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions | (114)                           |  | 2   | (112)  |                                 |  |                                  |   |   |
| Net operating income                                     | 1,409                           |  | (26)  | 1,383  | 1,543                           |  | 1,543                            | 10  | 12  |
| Operating expenses                                       | (935)                           |  | 15  | (920)  | (967)                           |  | (967)                            | (3)                                       | (5)   |
| Operating profit   | 474                             |  | (11)  | 463  | 576                             |  | 576                              | 22  | 24  |
| Income from associates                                   | 2                               |  |   | 2  | (20)                            |  | (20)                             |   |   |
| Profit before tax  | 476                             |  | (11)  | 465  | 556                             |  | 556                              | 17  | 20  |

For footnotes, see page 95.





**Table of Contents****Other***Profit/(loss) before tax*

|  | <b>30<br/>June<br/>2010<br/>US\$m</b> | Half-year to<br>30 June<br>2009<br>US\$m | 31<br>December<br>2009<br>US\$m |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| Net interest expense   | <b>(537)</b>                          | (551)                                    | (484)                           |
| Net fee income   | <b>1</b>                              | 64                                       | 61                              |
| Trading income/(expense) excluding net interest income                   | <b>(597)</b>                          | 92                                       | 152                             |
| Net interest income on trading activities                                | <b>25</b>                             | 18                                       | 17                              |
| Net trading income/(expense) <sup>25</sup>                               | <b>(572)</b>                          | 110                                      | 169                             |
| Net income/(expense) from financial instruments designated at fair value | <b>1,178</b>                          | (2,579)                                  | (3,864)                         |
| Gains less losses from financial investments                             | <b>35</b>                             | (53)                                     | 56                              |
| Dividend income  | <b>15</b>                             | 12                                       |                                 |
| Net earned insurance premiums  | <b>(5)</b>                            | (3)                                      |                                 |
| Other operating income   | <b>3,114</b>                          | 2,172                                    | 2,870                           |
| <b>Total operating income/(expense)</b>                                  | <b>3,229</b>                          | (828)                                    | (1,192)                         |
| Net insurance claims <sup>26</sup>                                       | <b>3</b>                              |  | (3)                             |
| <b>Net operating income/(expense)<sup>7</sup></b>                        | <b>3,232</b>                          | (828)                                    | (1,195)                         |
| Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions                 | <b>(1)</b>                            | (3)                                      | (5)                             |
| <b>Net operating income/(expense)</b>                                    | <b>3,231</b>                          | (831)                                    | (1,200)                         |
| Employee expenses <sup>27</sup>  | <b>(3,030)</b>                        | (2,358)                                  | (2,432)                         |
| Other operating income/(expenses)  | <b>271</b>                            | 90                                       | (15)                            |
| Total operating expenses   | <b>(2,759)</b>                        | (2,268)                                  | (2,447)                         |
| <b>Operating profit/(loss)</b>   | <b>472</b>                            | (3,099)                                  | (3,647)                         |
| Share of profit in associates and joint ventures                         | <b>68</b>                             | 5  | 21                              |

|                                 |            |         |         |
|---------------------------------|------------|---------|---------|
| <b>Profit/(loss) before tax</b> | <b>540</b> | (3,094) | (3,626) |
|---------------------------------|------------|---------|---------|

**By geographical region**

|                      |       |         |         |
|----------------------|-------|---------|---------|
| Europe               | (194) | (1,426) | (1,568) |
| Hong Kong            | (66)  | (273)   | (86)    |
| Rest of Asia-Pacific | 403   | 142     | 122     |
| Middle East          | 4     | 47      | 40      |
| North America        | 352   | (1,584) | (2,133) |
| Latin America        | 41    |         | (1)     |

|  |            |         |         |
|--|------------|---------|---------|
|  | <b>540</b> | (3,094) | (3,626) |
|--|------------|---------|---------|

|                                   |             |          |          |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|----------|----------|
|                                   | <i>%</i>    | <i>%</i> | <i>%</i> |
| Share of HSBC's profit before tax | <b>4.9</b>  | (61.7)   | (176.0)  |
| Cost efficiency ratio             | <b>85.4</b> | (273.9)  | (204.8)  |

*For footnotes, see page 95.*

*Balance sheet data<sup>23</sup>*

|                                       | <b>At</b>      | At      | At       |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|---------|----------|
|                                       | <b>30 June</b> | 30 June | December |
|                                       | <b>2010</b>    | 2009    | 2009     |
|                                       | <b>US\$m</b>   | US\$m   | US\$m    |
| Loans and advances to customers (net) | <b>3,011</b>   | 3,478   | 3,110    |
| Total assets                          | <b>189,153</b> | 170,414 | 150,983  |
| Customer accounts                     | <b>757</b>     | 1,235   | 1,277    |

**Notes**

Reported profit before tax of US\$540 million compared with a loss of US\$3.1 billion in the first half of 2009. This included gains of US\$1.1 billion on the fair value of HSBC's own debt attributable to movements in credit spreads, compared with losses of US\$2.5 billion in the first half of 2009. In addition, the first half of 2010 included gains of US\$188 million following the dilution of HSBC's Holding in Ping An Insurance and US\$62 million on the reclassification of Bao Viet to an associate following the purchase of an additional 8 per cent stake. On an underlying basis, loss before tax increased by 25 per cent to US\$784 million. For a description of the main items reported under 'Other', see footnote 22 on page 95.

Net interest expense of US\$537 million substantially comprised interest expense on long-term debt issued by HSBC Holdings.

Net trading expense of US\$572 million compared with reported net income of US\$110 million. This was largely attributable to fair value losses on non-qualifying hedges, mainly cross-currency swaps used to economically hedge fixed rate long-term debt issued by HSBC Holdings. The fair value losses, which were driven by a decline in long-term US interest rates relative to sterling and euro interest rates, compared with fair value gains on these instruments in the first half of 2009; they were partly offset by the non-recurrence of a loss of US\$344 million on forward foreign exchange contracts associated with the Group's rights issue in 2009, which were accounted as derivatives with fair value taken to profit or loss.

Net income from financial instruments designated at fair value was US\$104 million compared with a net expense in the first half of 2009 due to fair value gains from interest and exchange rate ineffectiveness in the economic hedging of long-term debt designated at fair value which was issued by HSBC Holdings and

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Operating and Financial Review** (continued)

its North American and European subsidiaries. This compared with losses on the ineffectiveness in the economic hedging of long-term debt designated at fair value in the first half of 2009.

HSBC recognised gains of US\$194 million and US\$56 million, respectively, from the sale and leaseback of its headquarters buildings in Paris and New York.

Operating expenses increased by 20 per cent to US\$2.8 billion as an increasing number of activities were centralised, notably in the US. These costs were previously incurred directly by customer groups, but are now recorded in Other and charged to customer groups through a recharge mechanism with income reported as Other operating income .

*Reconciliation of reported and underlying profit/(loss) before tax*

|  | Half-year to 30 June 2010 ( 1H10 ) compared with half-year to 30 June 2009 ( 1H09 ) |              |                          |                    |              |                    |              |                     |                     |
|--|---|--------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------|--------------------|--------------|---------------------|---------------------|
|  | 1H09  | 1H09         | Currency                 | 1H09               | 1H10         | 1H10               | 1H10         | Re-                 | Under-              |
|  | as  | adjust-      | translation <sup>2</sup> | at 1H10            | as           | adjust-            | under-       | ported              | lying               |
|  | reported  | ments        |                          | exchange           | reported     | ments <sup>1</sup> | lying        | change <sup>4</sup> | change <sup>4</sup> |
|  | US\$m   | US\$m        | US\$m                    | rates <sup>3</sup> | US\$m        | US\$m              | US\$m        | %                   | %                   |
| <b>Other</b>   |   |              |                          |                    |              |                    |              |                     |                     |
| Net interest expense                                     | (551)   |              | 20                       | (531)              | (537)        |                    | (537)        | 3                   | (1)                 |
| Net fee income   | 64  |              |                          | 64                 | 1            |                    | 1            | (98)                | (98)                |
| Changes in fair value <sup>5</sup>                       | (2,457)   | 2,457        |                          |                    | 1,074        | (1,074)            |              |                     |                     |
| Other income <sup>6</sup>                                | 2,116   |              | 12                       | 2,128              | 2,694        | (250)              | 2,444        | 27                  | 15                  |
| <b>Net operating income/ (expense)<sup>7</sup></b>       | <b>(828)</b>  | <b>2,457</b> | <b>32</b>                | <b>1,661</b>       | <b>3,232</b> | <b>(1,324)</b>     | <b>1,908</b> |                     | <b>15</b>           |
| Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions | (3)   |              | 2                        | (1)                | (1)          |                    | (1)          | 67                  |                     |
| <b>Net operating income/ (expense)</b>                   | <b>(831)</b>  | <b>2,457</b> | <b>34</b>                | <b>1,660</b>       | <b>3,231</b> | <b>(1,324)</b>     | <b>1,907</b> |                     | <b>15</b>           |
| Operating expenses                                       | (2,268)   |              | (23)                     | (2,291)            | (2,759)      |                    | (2,759)      | (22)                | (20)                |

|                                 |                |              |           |              |            |                |              |       |             |
|---------------------------------|----------------|--------------|-----------|--------------|------------|----------------|--------------|-------|-------------|
| <b>Operating profit/(loss)</b>  | <b>(3,099)</b> | <b>2,457</b> | <b>11</b> | <b>(631)</b> | <b>472</b> | <b>(1,324)</b> | <b>(852)</b> |       | <b>(35)</b> |
| Income from associates          | 5              |              | 1         | 6            | 68         |                | 68           | 1,260 | 1,033       |
| <b>Profit/(loss) before tax</b> | <b>(3,094)</b> | <b>2,457</b> | <b>12</b> | <b>(625)</b> | <b>540</b> | <b>(1,324)</b> | <b>(784)</b> |       | <b>(25)</b> |

Half-year to 30 June 2010 ( 1H10 ) compared with half-year to 31 December 2009 ( 2H09 )

|  | 2H09<br>as<br>reported<br>US\$m | 2H09<br>adjust-<br>ments <sup>1</sup><br>US\$m | Currency<br>translation <sup>2</sup><br>US\$m | 2H09<br>at 1H10<br>exchange<br>Rates <sup>8</sup><br>US\$m | 1H10<br>as<br>reported<br>US\$m | 1H10<br>adjust-<br>ments <sup>1</sup><br>US\$m | 1H10<br>under-<br>lying<br>US\$m | Re-<br>ported<br>change <sup>4</sup><br>% | Under-<br>lying<br>change <sup>4</sup><br>% |
|--|---------------------------------|--|---|--|---------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|---|---|
| Other  |                                 |  |   |  |                                 |  |                                  |   |   |
| Net interest expense                                     | (484)                           |  | 27  | (457)  | (537)                           |  | (537)                            | (11)                                      | (18)  |
| Net fee income   | 61                              |  | (2)   | 59   | 1                               |  | 1                                | (98)                                      | (98)  |
| Changes in fair value <sup>5</sup>                       | (4,076)                         | 4,076  |   |  | 1,074                           | (1,074)  |                                  |   |   |
| Other income <sup>6</sup>                                | 3,304                           |  | (58)  | 3,246  | 2,694                           | (250)  | 2,444                            | (18)                                      | (25)  |
| Net operating income/<br>(expense) <sup>7</sup>          | (1,195)                         | 4,076  | (33)  | 2,848  | 3,232                           | (1,324)  | 1,908                            |   | (33)  |
| Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions | (5)                             |  |   | (5)  | (1)                             |  | (1)                              | 80  | 80  |
| Net operating income/<br>(expense)                       | (1,200)                         | 4,076  | (33)  | 2,843  | 3,231                           | (1,324)  | 1,907                            |   | (33)  |
| Operating expenses                                       | (2,447)                         |  | (7)   | (2,454)  | (2,759)                         |  | (2,759)                          | (13)                                      | (12)  |
| Operating profit/(loss)                                  | (3,647)                         | 4,076  | (40)  | 389  | 472                             | (1,324)  | (852)                            |   |   |
| Income from associates                                   | 21                              |  | (1)   | 20   | 68                              |  | 68                               | 224                                       | 240   |

|                             |         |       |      |     |     |         |       |
|-----------------------------|---------|-------|------|-----|-----|---------|-------|
| Profit/(loss)<br>before tax | (3,626) | 4,076 | (41) | 409 | 540 | (1,324) | (784) |
|-----------------------------|---------|-------|------|-----|-----|---------|-------|

*For footnotes, see page 95.*

**Table of Contents****Analysis by customer group and global business***Profit/(loss) before tax*

|   | Half-year to 30 June 2010                  |                                |  |                             |                              |   | Total<br>US\$m |
|---|--|--------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|------------------------------|---|----------------|
|   | Personal<br>Financial<br>Services<br>US\$m | Commercial<br>Banking<br>US\$m | Global<br>Banking<br>&<br>Markets<br>US\$m | Private<br>Banking<br>US\$m | Other <sup>22</sup><br>US\$m | Inter-<br>segment<br>elimination <sup>35</sup><br>US\$m |                |
| <b>Total</b>  |  |                                |  |                             |                              |   |                |
| Net interest income/<br>(expense)   | 12,198                                     | 4,024                          | 3,720                                      | 646                         | (537)                        | (294)   | 19,757         |
| Net fee income  | 3,560                                      | 1,935                          | 2,379                                      | 643                         | 1                            |   | 8,518          |
| Trading<br>income/(expense)<br>excluding net<br>interest income                         | (392)                                      | 222                            | 2,867                                      | 209                         | (597)                        |   | 2,309          |
| Net interest income<br>on trading activities  | 15   | 11                             | 888  | 10                          | 25                           | 294   | 1,243          |
| Net trading income/<br>(expense) <sup>25</sup>  | (377)                                      | 233                            | 3,755                                      | 219                         | (572)                        | 294   | 3,552          |
| Net<br>income/(expense)<br>from financial<br>instruments<br>designated at fair<br>value | (127)                                      | 26                             | 8  |                             | 1,178                        |   | 1,085          |
| Gains less losses<br>from financial<br>investments                                      | 3  | 3                              | 505  | 11                          | 35                           |   | 557            |
| Dividend income   | 14   | 5                              | 22   | 3                           | 15                           |   | 59             |
| Net earned insurance<br>premiums  | 4,953                                      | 696                            | 22   |                             | (5)                          |   | 5,666          |
| Other operating<br>income   | 387  | 355                            | 438  | 21                          | 3,114                        | (2,837)   | 1,478          |
| <b>Total operating<br/>income</b>   | <b>20,611</b>                              | <b>7,277</b>                   | <b>10,849</b>                              | <b>1,543</b>                | <b>3,229</b>                 | <b>(2,837)</b>  | <b>40,672</b>  |
| Net insurance<br>claims <sup>26</sup>   | (4,572)                                    | (537)                          | (15)                                       |                             | 3                            |   | (5,121)        |
|   | 16,039                                     | 6,740                          | 10,834                                     | 1,543                       | 3,232                        | (2,837)   | 35,551         |

**Net operating income<sup>7</sup>**

|  |              |              |               |              |              |                |               |
|--|--------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|
| Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions | (6,317)      | (705)        | (500)         |              | (1)          |                | (7,523)       |
| <b>Net operating income</b>                              | <b>9,722</b> | <b>6,035</b> | <b>10,334</b> | <b>1,543</b> | <b>3,231</b> | <b>(2,837)</b> | <b>28,028</b> |
| Operating expenses                                       | (9,009)      | (3,266)      | (4,947)       | (967)        | (2,759)      | 2,837          | (18,111)      |
| <b>Operating profit</b>                                  | <b>713</b>   | <b>2,769</b> | <b>5,387</b>  | <b>576</b>   | <b>472</b>   |                | <b>9,917</b>  |
| Share of profit/(loss) in associates and joint ventures  | 458          | 435          | 246           | (20)         | 68           |                | 1,187         |
| <b>Profit before tax</b>                                 | <b>1,171</b> | <b>3,204</b> | <b>5,633</b>  | <b>556</b>   | <b>540</b>   |                | <b>11,104</b> |
|  | %            | %            | %             | %            | %            |                | %             |
| Share of HSBC's profit before tax                        | 10.5         | 28.9         | 50.7          | 5.0          | 4.9          |                | 100.0         |
| Cost efficiency ratio                                    | 56.2         | 48.5         | 45.7          | 62.7         | 85.4         |                | 50.9          |
| <i>Balance sheet data<sup>23</sup></i>                   |              |              |               |              |              |                |               |
|  | US\$m        | US\$m        | US\$m         | US\$m        | US\$m        |                | US\$m         |
| Loans and advances to customers (net)                    | 377,467      | 207,763      | 268,506       | 36,590       | 3,011        |                | 893,337       |
| Total assets   | 507,088      | 264,077      | 1,777,643     | 108,499      | 189,153      | (428,006)      | 2,418,454     |
| Customer accounts  | 488,249      | 263,616      | 290,674       | 104,025      | 757          |                | 1,147,321     |

43



**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Operating and Financial Review** (continued)*Profit/(loss) before tax (continued)*

|   | Half-year to 30 June 2009                  |                                |   |                             |                              |   | Total<br>US\$m |
|---|--|--------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|------------------------------|---|----------------|
|   | Personal<br>Financial<br>Services<br>US\$m | Commercial<br>Banking<br>US\$m | Global<br>Banking &<br>Markets<br>US\$m | Private<br>Banking<br>US\$m | Other <sup>22</sup><br>US\$m | Inter-<br>segment<br>elimination <sup>35</sup><br>US\$m |                |
| Total<br>Net interest income/<br>(expense)  | 12,650                                     | 3,809                          | 4,667                                   | 784                         | (551)                        | (821)   | 20,538         |
| Net fee income  | 4,045                                      | 1,749                          | 1,968                                   | 602                         | 64                           |   | 8,428          |
| Trading income<br>excluding net<br>interest income                                      | 450  | 183                            | 3,422                                   | 154                         | 92                           |   | 4,301          |
| Net interest income<br>on trading activities  | 39   | 11                             | 1,056                                   | 9                           | 18                           | 821   | 1,954          |
| Net trading income <sup>25</sup>  | 489  | 194                            | 4,478                                   | 163                         | 110                          | 821   | 6,255          |
| Net<br>income/(expense)<br>from financial<br>instruments<br>designated at fair<br>value | 744  | (17)                           | 329                                     |                             | (2,579)                      |   | (1,523)        |
| Gains less losses<br>from financial<br>investments                                      | 195  | 25                             | 158                                     | (2)                         | (53)                         |   | 323            |
| Dividend income   | 17   | 3                              | 23                                      | 2                           | 12                           |   | 57             |
| Net earned insurance<br>premiums  | 4,585                                      | 390                            | 40                                      |                             | (3)                          |   | 5,012          |
| Other operating<br>income   | 302  | 519                            | 603                                     | 40                          | 2,172                        | (2,478)   | 1,158          |
| Total operating<br>income/ (expense)  | 23,027                                     | 6,672                          | 12,266                                  | 1,589                       | (828)                        | (2,478)   | 40,248         |
| Net insurance<br>claims <sup>26</sup>   | (5,144)                                    | (328)                          | (35)                                    |                             |                              |   | (5,507)        |
| Net operating<br>income/ (expense) <sup>7</sup>   | 17,883                                     | 6,344                          | 12,231                                  | 1,589                       | (828)                        | (2,478)   | 34,741         |

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|  |          |         |           |         |         |           |           |
|--|----------|---------|-----------|---------|---------|-----------|-----------|
| Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions | (10,673) | (1,509) | (1,732)   | (14)    | (3)     |           | (13,931)  |
| Net operating income/ (expense)                          | 7,210    | 4,835   | 10,499    | 1,575   | (831)   | (2,478)   | 20,810    |
| Operating expenses                                       | (8,774)  | (2,740) | (4,405)   | (949)   | (2,268) | 2,478     | (16,658)  |
| Operating profit/(loss)                                  | (1,564)  | 2,095   | 6,094     | 626     | (3,099) |           | 4,152     |
| Share of profit in associates and joint ventures         | 315      | 337     | 204       | 6       | 5       |           | 867       |
| Profit/(loss) before tax                                 | (1,249)  | 2,432   | 6,298     | 632     | (3,094) |           | 5,019     |
|  | %        | %       | %         | %       | %       |           | %         |
| Share of HSBC s profit before tax                        | (24.9)   | 48.5    | 125.5     | 12.6    | (61.7)  |           | 100.0     |
| Cost efficiency ratio                                    | 49.1     | 43.2    | 36.0      | 59.7    | (273.9) |           | 47.9      |
| <i>Balance sheet data</i> <sup>23</sup>                  |          |         |           |         |         |           |           |
|  | US\$m    | US\$m   | US\$m     | US\$m   | US\$m   |           | US\$m     |
| Loans and advances to customers (net)                    | 400,692  | 198,903 | 287,328   | 34,282  | 3,478   |           | 924,683   |
| Total assets   | 547,084  | 249,030 | 1,770,618 | 117,468 | 170,414 | (432,771) | 2,421,843 |
| Customer accounts  | 482,935  | 239,933 | 330,962   | 108,278 | 1,235   |           | 1,163,343 |

**Table of Contents**

|   | Half-year to 31 December 2009              |                                |   |                             |                              |   | Total<br>US\$m |
|---|--|--------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|------------------------------|---|----------------|
|   | Personal<br>Financial<br>Services<br>US\$m | Commercial<br>Banking<br>US\$m | Global<br>Banking &<br>Markets<br>US\$m | Private<br>Banking<br>US\$m | Other <sup>22</sup><br>US\$m | Inter-<br>segment<br>elimination <sup>35</sup><br>US\$m |                |
| Total<br>Net interest income/<br>(expense)  | 12,457                                     | 4,074                          | 3,943                                   | 690                         | (484)                        | (488)   | 20,192         |
| Net fee income  | 4,193                                      | 1,953                          | 2,395                                   | 634                         | 61                           |   | 9,236          |
| Trading income<br>excluding net<br>interest income                                      | 187  | 149                            | 1,279                                   | 168                         | 152                          |   | 1,935          |
| Net interest income<br>on trading activities  | 26   | 11                             | 1,118                                   | 13                          | 17                           | 488   | 1,673          |
| Net trading income <sup>25</sup>  | 213  | 160                            | 2,397                                   | 181                         | 169                          | 488   | 3,608          |
| Net<br>income/(expense)<br>from financial<br>instruments<br>designated at fair<br>value | 1,595                                      | 117                            | 144                                     |                             | (3,864)                      |   | (2,008)        |
| Gains less losses<br>from financial<br>investments                                      | 29   | (2)                            | 107                                     | 7                           | 56                           |   | 197            |
| Dividend income   | 16   | 5                              | 45                                      | 3                           |                              |   | 69             |
| Net earned insurance<br>premiums  | 4,949                                      | 496                            | 14                                      |                             |                              |   | 5,459          |
| Other operating<br>income   | 507  | 220                            | 543                                     | 8                           | 2,870                        | (2,518)   | 1,630          |
| Total operating<br>income/ (expense)  | 23,959                                     | 7,023                          | 9,588                                   | 1,523                       | (1,192)                      | (2,518)   | 38,383         |
| Net insurance<br>claims <sup>26</sup>   | (6,427)                                    | (514)                          | 1                                       |                             | (3)                          |   | (6,943)        |
| Net operating<br>income/ (expense) <sup>7</sup>   | 17,532                                     | 6,509                          | 9,589                                   | 1,523                       | (1,195)                      | (2,518)   | 31,440         |
| Loan impairment<br>charges and other<br>credit risk provisions                          | (9,229)                                    | (1,773)                        | (1,436)                                 | (114)                       | (5)                          |   | (12,557)       |

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|  |         |         |           |         |         |           |           |
|--|---------|---------|-----------|---------|---------|-----------|-----------|
| Net operating income/ (expense)                  | 8,303   | 4,736   | 8,153     | 1,409   | (1,200) | (2,518)   | 18,883    |
| Operating expenses                               | (9,518) | (3,223) | (4,132)   | (935)   | (2,447) | 2,518     | (17,737)  |
| Operating profit/(loss)                          | (1,215) | 1,513   | 4,021     | 474     | (3,647) |           | 1,146     |
| Share of profit in associates and joint ventures | 399     | 330     | 162       | 2       | 21      |           | 914       |
| Profit/(loss) before tax                         | (816)   | 1,843   | 4,183     | 476     | (3,626) |           | 2,060     |
|  | %       | %       | %         | %       | %       |           | %         |
| Share of HSBC s profit before tax                | (39.6)  | 89.5    | 203.0     | 23.1    | (176.0) |           | 100.0     |
| Cost efficiency ratio                            | 54.3    | 49.5    | 43.1      | 61.4    | (204.8) |           | 56.4      |
| <i>Balance sheet data</i> <sup>23</sup>          |         |         |           |         |         |           |           |
|  | US\$m   | US\$m   | US\$m     | US\$m   | US\$m   |           | US\$m     |
| Loans and advances to customers (net)            | 399,460 | 199,674 | 256,956   | 37,031  | 3,110   |           | 896,231   |
| Total assets                                     | 554,074 | 251,143 | 1,683,672 | 116,148 | 150,983 | (391,568) | 2,364,452 |
| Customer accounts                                | 499,109 | 267,388 | 284,727   | 106,533 | 1,277   |           | 1,159,034 |

*For footnotes, see page 95.*

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Operating and Financial Review (continued)****Geographical regions****Summary**

In the analysis of profit and loss by geographical region that follows, operating income and operating expenses include intra-HSBC items of

US\$1,467 million (first half of 2009: US\$1,347 million; second half of 2009: US\$1,409 million).

*Profit/(loss) before tax*

|                      | <b>30 June 2010</b> |              | Half-year to<br>30 June 2009 |        | 31 December 2009 |         |
|----------------------|---------------------|--------------|------------------------------|--------|------------------|---------|
|                      | US\$m               | %            | US\$m                        | %      | US\$m            | %       |
| Europe               | <b>3,521</b>        | <b>31.7</b>  | 2,976                        | 59.3   | 1,033            | 50.2    |
| Hong Kong            | <b>2,877</b>        | <b>25.9</b>  | 2,501                        | 49.8   | 2,528            | 122.7   |
| Rest of Asia-Pacific | <b>2,985</b>        | <b>26.9</b>  | 2,022                        | 40.3   | 2,178            | 105.7   |
| Middle East          | <b>346</b>          | <b>3.1</b>   | 643                          | 12.8   | (188)            | (9.1)   |
| North America        | <b>492</b>          | <b>4.4</b>   | (3,703)                      | (73.8) | (4,035)          | (195.9) |
| Latin America        | <b>883</b>          | <b>8.0</b>   | 580                          | 11.6   | 544              | 26.4    |
|                      | <b>11,104</b>       | <b>100.0</b> | 5,019                        | 100.0  | 2,060            | 100.0   |

*Total assets<sup>23</sup>*

|                      | <b>At 30 June 2010</b> |              | At 30 June 2009 |       | At 31 December 2009 |       |
|----------------------|------------------------|--------------|-----------------|-------|---------------------|-------|
|                      | US\$m                  | %            | US\$m           | %     | US\$m               | %     |
| Europe               | <b>1,280,698</b>       | <b>52.9</b>  | 1,324,687       | 54.7  | 1,268,600           | 53.7  |
| Hong Kong            | <b>410,991</b>         | <b>17.0</b>  | 413,107         | 17.1  | 399,243             | 16.9  |
| Rest of Asia-Pacific | <b>244,624</b>         | <b>10.1</b>  | 217,794         | 9.0   | 222,139             | 9.4   |
| Middle East          | <b>49,637</b>          | <b>2.1</b>   | 48,601          | 2.0   | 48,107              | 2.0   |
| North America        | <b>495,408</b>         | <b>20.5</b>  | 494,778         | 20.4  | 475,014             | 20.1  |
| Latin America        | <b>121,885</b>         | <b>5.0</b>   | 107,515         | 4.4   | 115,967             | 4.9   |
| Intra-HSBC items     | <b>(184,789)</b>       | <b>(7.6)</b> | (184,639)       | (7.6) | (164,618)           | (7.0) |
|                      | <b>2,418,454</b>       | <b>100.0</b> | 2,421,843       | 100.0 | 2,364,452           | 100.0 |

*Risk-weighted assets<sup>24</sup>*

|                      | <b>At 30 June 2010</b> |             | At 31 December 2009 |      |
|----------------------|------------------------|-------------|---------------------|------|
|                      | US\$bn                 | %           | US\$bn              | %    |
| Total                | <b>1,075.3</b>         |             | 1,133.2             |      |
| Europe               | <b>316.9</b>           | <b>29.3</b> | 339.7               | 29.8 |
| Hong Kong            | <b>111.8</b>           | <b>10.3</b> | 119.5               | 10.5 |
| Rest of Asia-Pacific | <b>189.0</b>           | <b>17.5</b> | 173.9               | 15.3 |

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|               |              |             |       |      |
|---------------|--------------|-------------|-------|------|
| Middle East   | <b>53.8</b>  | <b>5.0</b>  | 54.3  | 4.8  |
| North America | <b>322.4</b> | <b>29.8</b> | 369.2 | 32.4 |
| Latin America | <b>87.5</b>  | <b>8.1</b>  | 81.7  | 7.2  |

*For footnotes, see page 95.*

**Table of Contents****Europe**

Profit/(loss) before tax by country within customer groups and global businesses

|                                      | <b>Personal<br/>Financial<br/>Services<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Commercial<br/>Banking<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Global<br/>Banking<br/>&amp;<br/>Markets<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Private<br/>Banking<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Other<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Total<br/>US\$m</b> |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|---|--------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| <b>Half-year to 30 June 2010</b>     |  |   |   |                                      |                        |                        |
| UK                                   | 479  | 500                                     | 1,360   | 116                                  | (366)                  | 2,089                  |
| France <sup>36</sup>                 | 73   | 83                                      | 415   | 6                                    | 157                    | 734                    |
| Germany                              |  | 17                                      | 146   | 18                                   | (4)                    | 177                    |
| Malta                                | 20   | 28                                      | 8   |                                      |                        | 56                     |
| Switzerland                          |  |   |   | 161                                  |                        | 161                    |
| Turkey                               | 35   | 47                                      | 58  |                                      |                        | 140                    |
| Other                                | (45)   | 34                                      | 98  | 58                                   | 19                     | 164                    |
|                                      | <b>562</b>   | <b>709</b>                              | <b>2,085</b>  | <b>359</b>                           | <b>(194)</b>           | <b>3,521</b>           |
| <br>Half-year to 30 June 2009        |  |   |   |                                      |                        |                        |
| UK                                   | 205  | 688                                     | 1,853   | 124                                  | (1,214)                | 1,656                  |
| France <sup>36</sup>                 | 26   | 51                                      | 661   | 1                                    | (219)                  | 520                    |
| Germany                              |  | 17                                      | 129   | 8                                    | (4)                    | 150                    |
| Malta                                | 13   | 29                                      | 5   |                                      |                        | 47                     |
| Switzerland                          |  |   |   | 233                                  |                        | 233                    |
| Turkey                               | 21   | 54                                      | 87  | 1                                    |                        | 163                    |
| Other                                | (53)   | 13                                      | 156   | 80                                   | 11                     | 207                    |
|                                      | 212  | 852                                     | 2,891   | 447                                  | (1,426)                | 2,976                  |
| <br>Half-year to 31<br>December 2009 |  |   |   |                                      |                        |                        |
| UK                                   | 159  | 338                                     | 1,192   | 128                                  | (1,347)                | 470                    |
| France <sup>36</sup>                 | 28   | 51                                      | 233   | 2                                    | (210)                  | 104                    |
| Germany                              |  | 4                                       | 126   | 24                                   | (14)                   | 140                    |
| Malta                                | 20   | 29                                      | 4   |                                      |                        | 53                     |
| Switzerland                          |  |   | 5   | 215                                  | (3)                    | 217                    |
| Turkey                               | 22   | 43                                      | 32  | 1                                    |                        | 98                     |
| Other                                | (129)  | (25)                                    | 62  | 37                                   | 6                      | (49)                   |
|                                      | 100  | 440                                     | 1,654   | 407                                  | (1,568)                | 1,033                  |

*Loans and advances to customers (net) by country*

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|                      | <b>At</b>      | <b>At</b>      | <b>At</b>          |
|----------------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------|
|                      | <b>30 June</b> | <b>30 June</b> | <b>31 December</b> |
|                      | <b>2010</b>    | <b>2009</b>    | <b>2009</b>        |
|                      | <b>US\$m</b>   | <b>US\$m</b>   | <b>US\$m</b>       |
| UK                   | <b>309,933</b> | 342,153        | 329,182            |
| France <sup>36</sup> | <b>60,428</b>  | 77,096         | 71,567             |
| Germany              | <b>3,913</b>   | 5,201          | 4,131              |
| Malta                | <b>3,929</b>   | 4,480          | 4,649              |
| Switzerland          | <b>12,022</b>  | 9,566          | 12,072             |
| Turkey               | <b>5,813</b>   | 5,586          | 5,758              |
| Other                | <b>11,188</b>  | 13,008         | 12,122             |
|                      | <b>407,226</b> | 457,090        | 439,481            |

*Customer accounts by country*

|                      | <b>At</b>      | <b>At</b>      | <b>At</b>          |
|----------------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------|
|                      | <b>30 June</b> | <b>30 June</b> | <b>31 December</b> |
|                      | <b>2010</b>    | <b>2009</b>    | <b>2009</b>        |
|                      | <b>US\$m</b>   | <b>US\$m</b>   | <b>US\$m</b>       |
| UK                   | <b>335,493</b> | 371,675        | 349,162            |
| France <sup>36</sup> | <b>68,942</b>  | 85,899         | 70,899             |
| Germany              | <b>7,698</b>   | 10,007         | 8,134              |
| Malta                | <b>5,084</b>   | 5,646          | 5,888              |
| Switzerland          | <b>41,556</b>  | 41,122         | 45,148             |
| Turkey               | <b>5,888</b>   | 5,394          | 5,830              |
| Other                | <b>12,597</b>  | 9,982          | 9,958              |
|                      | <b>477,258</b> | 529,725        | 495,019            |

*For footnote, see page 95.*



**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Operating and Financial Review** (continued)*Profit before tax*

|   | <b>30 June<br/>2010<br/>US\$m</b> | Half-year to<br>30 June<br>2009<br>US\$m | 31<br>December<br>2009<br>US\$m |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| <b>Europe</b>   |                                   |  |                                 |
| Net interest income   | <b>5,802</b>                      | 5,978                                    | 6,290                           |
| Net fee income  | <b>3,177</b>                      | 2,843                                    | 3,424                           |
| Net trading income  | <b>1,604</b>                      | 3,429                                    | 2,030                           |
| Changes in fair value of long-term debt issued and related derivatives                      | <b>715</b>                        | (788)                                    | (1,958)                         |
| Net income/(expense) from other financial instruments designated at fair value              | <b>(142)</b>                      | 212                                      | 1,109                           |
| Net income/(expense) from financial instruments designated at fair value                    | <b>573</b>                        | (576)                                    | (849)                           |
| Gains less losses from financial investments  | <b>237</b>                        | (60)                                     | 110                             |
| Dividend income   | <b>14</b>                         | 13                                       | 16                              |
| Net earned insurance premiums   | <b>2,137</b>                      | 2,134                                    | 2,089                           |
| Other operating income  | <b>1,141</b>                      | 976                                      | 1,286                           |
| <b>Total operating income</b>   | <b>14,685</b>                     | 14,737                                   | 14,396                          |
| Net insurance claims incurred and movement in liabilities to policyholders                  | <b>(1,964)</b>                    | (2,383)                                  | (3,206)                         |
| <b>Net operating income before loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions</b> | <b>12,721</b>                     | 12,354                                   | 11,190                          |
| Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions                                    | <b>(1,501)</b>                    | (2,813)                                  | (2,755)                         |
| <b>Net operating income</b>   | <b>11,220</b>                     | 9,541                                    | 8,435                           |
| Operating expenses  | <b>(7,704)</b>                    | (6,587)                                  | (7,401)                         |
| <b>Operating profit</b>   | <b>3,516</b>                      | 2,954                                    | 1,034                           |
| Share of profit/(loss) in associates and joint ventures                                     | <b>5</b>                          | 22                                       | (1)                             |

|  |                  |           |           |
|--|------------------|-----------|-----------|
| <b>Profit before tax</b>   | <b>3,521</b>     | 2,976     | 1,033     |
|  | <b>%</b>         | <b>%</b>  | <b>%</b>  |
| Share of HSBC's profit before tax  | <b>31.7</b>      | 59.3      | 50.2      |
| Cost efficiency ratio  | <b>60.6</b>      | 53.3      | 66.1      |
| Period-end staff numbers (full-time equivalent)  | <b>73,431</b>    | 79,132    | 76,703    |
| <i>Balance sheet data</i> <sup>23</sup>  |                  |           |           |
|  | <b>US\$m</b>     | US\$m     | US\$m     |
| Loans and advances to customers (net)  | <b>407,226</b>   | 457,090   | 439,481   |
| Loans and advances to banks (net)  | <b>82,035</b>    | 72,491    | 65,521    |
| Trading assets, financial instruments designated at fair value and financial investments <sup>33</sup> | <b>420,145</b>   | 449,928   | 450,727   |
| Total assets   | <b>1,280,698</b> | 1,324,687 | 1,268,600 |
| Deposits by banks  | <b>77,585</b>    | 87,159    | 89,893    |
| Customer accounts  | <b>477,258</b>   | 529,725   | 495,019   |

*For footnotes, see page 95.*

*The commentary on Europe is on an underlying basis unless stated otherwise.*

**Table of Contents**

## Economic briefing

The **UK** economy experienced a modest recovery during the first half of 2010 as economic conditions stabilised following the severe weakness experienced in 2009. Having fallen 6.4 per cent during the recession, by the end of the second quarter the level of gross domestic product ( GDP ) had risen by 1.9 per cent from the low in activity seen in the third quarter of 2009. Labour market conditions also showed signs of stabilisation as the headline rate of unemployment remained around 8 per cent during the half-year. Housing market activity proved subdued and, after appreciating during the early months of 2010, house prices displayed signs of softening during the second quarter. The Bank of England left interest rates unchanged at 0.5 per cent during the first half of the year, while the Asset Purchase Facility also remained steady at £200 billion (US\$300 billion). Consumer Price Index ( CPI ) inflation remained relatively high throughout the period, falling only marginally from 3.5 per cent in January 2010 to 3.2 per cent in June, well above the Bank of England's 2 per cent target.

The pace of economic recovery also proved lacklustre within the eurozone. In the first quarter the level of GDP rose by just 0.2 per cent on the previous quarter. There was evidence of an acceleration of growth during the second quarter, although economic performance proved increasingly disparate as concerns mounted over the health of the public finances of some member states and a number of austerity programmes were implemented. Tensions within government bond markets across the region prompted the creation of a 750 billion stabilisation fund to be used to provide loans to eurozone governments in need of financial assistance. CPI inflation rose from 0.9 per cent in December 2009 to 1.4 per cent in June 2010, while the unemployment rate increased to an 11-year high of 10 per cent in June 2010. The European Central Bank held the refi rate at 1 per cent throughout the period and, from early May, started to purchase small amounts of the government debt of several eurozone nations in the secondary market.

## Review of business performance

*Reconciliation of reported and underlying profit before tax*

|  | Half-year to 30 June 2010 ( 1H10 ) compared with half-year to 30 June 2009 ( 1H09 ) |  |   |  |                                 |  |                                  |   |   |
|--|---|--|---|--|---------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|---|---|
|  | 1H09<br>as<br>reported<br>US\$m   | 1H09<br>adjust-<br>ments <sup>1</sup><br>US\$m | Currency<br>translation <sup>2</sup><br>US\$m | 1H09<br>at 1H10<br>exchange<br>rates <sup>3</sup><br>US\$m | 1H10<br>as<br>reported<br>US\$m | 1H10<br>adjust-<br>ments <sup>1</sup><br>US\$m | 1H10<br>under-<br>lying<br>US\$m | Re-<br>ported<br>change <sup>4</sup><br>% | Under-<br>lying<br>change <sup>4</sup><br>% |
| <b>Europe</b>  |   |  |   |  |                                 |  |                                  |   |   |
| Net interest income                                      | 5,978   |  | 109   | 6,087  | 5,802                           |  | 5,802                            | (3)                                       | (5)   |
| Net fee income   | 2,843   | (71)   | 37  | 2,809  | 3,177                           |  | 3,177                            | 12  | 13  |
| Changes in fair value <sup>5</sup>                       | (836)   | 836  |   |  | 574                             | (574)  |                                  |   |   |
| Other income <sup>6</sup>                                | 4,369   | (281)  | 4   | 4,092  | 3,168                           | (107)  | 3,061                            | (27)                                      | (25)  |
| <b>Net operating income<sup>7</sup></b>                  | <b>12,354</b>   | <b>484</b>                                     | <b>150</b>                                    | <b>12,988</b>  | <b>12,721</b>                   | <b>(681)</b>                                   | <b>12,040</b>                    | <b>3</b>                                  | <b>(7)</b>                                  |
| Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions | (2,813)   |  | (66)  | (2,879)  | (1,501)                         |  | (1,501)                          | 47  | 48  |
|  | <b>9,541</b>  | <b>484</b>                                     | <b>84</b>                                     | <b>10,109</b>  | <b>11,220</b>                   | <b>(681)</b>                                   | <b>10,539</b>                    | <b>18</b>                                 | <b>4</b>                                    |

**Net operating income**

|                          |              |            |             |              |              |              |              |           |             |
|--------------------------|--------------|------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|-------------|
| Operating expenses       | (6,587)      | 70         | (115)       | (6,632)      | (7,704)      |              | (7,704)      | (17)      | (16)        |
| <b>Operating profit</b>  | <b>2,954</b> | <b>554</b> | <b>(31)</b> | <b>3,477</b> | <b>3,516</b> | <b>(681)</b> | <b>2,835</b> | <b>19</b> | <b>(18)</b> |
| Income from associates   | 22           | (1)        | (1)         | 20           | 5            |              | 5            | (77)      | (75)        |
| <b>Profit before tax</b> | <b>2,976</b> | <b>553</b> | <b>(32)</b> | <b>3,497</b> | <b>3,521</b> | <b>(681)</b> | <b>2,840</b> | <b>18</b> | <b>(19)</b> |

*For footnotes, see page 95.*

HSBC's European operations reported a pre-tax profit of US\$3.5 billion, 18 per cent higher than in the comparable period in 2009 and more than trebled the second half of 2009, mainly due to favourable movements in the Group's own debt held at fair value.

Included within these results was a US\$107 million gain on the disposal of the HSBC Insurance Brokers business to Marsh Inc. in April 2010. The first half of 2009 included a US\$280 million gain on the sale of the remaining stake in the UK card merchant acquiring business to Global Payments Inc. There was a gain of

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Operating and Financial Review** (continued)

US\$0.6 billion from the widening of credit spreads on the Group's own debt held at fair value; losses of US\$0.8 billion and US\$2.0 billion were recorded in the first and second halves of 2009, respectively, due to the tightening of credit spreads. Management does not regard the resulting movement of US\$1.4 billion compared with the first half of 2009 as part of operating performance. On an underlying basis, which excludes this movement and the gains noted above, profit before tax decreased by 19 per cent compared with the first half of 2009, due to lower income from Global Banking and Markets, where record results in the first half of 2009 were not repeated, partly offset by an overall improvement in credit experience.

In the UK personal sector, Premier customers increased by 9 per cent in the first half of 2010, while Advance attracted 23,000 new customers to HSBC, as the business focused on building sustainable long-term relationships and wealth management revenues in these target segments. Funds under management totalled US\$22.0 billion at 30 June 2010, with the World Selection Fund rising by 59 per cent to US\$2.3 billion in the first half of the year. Higher revenues were primarily driven by mortgage lending growth. HSBC took an 8 per cent share of new residential mortgage lending in the UK in the first quarter of 2010, with an average new loan to value ratio of 53 per cent.

In Continental Europe, the personal sector increased investment in Premier, growing its customer base to 444,000 in the first half of 2010, particularly in France and Turkey. Advance was launched in Turkey and Poland during the period with a phased roll-out across the region planned in the second half of 2010.

In the UK commercial sector, further progress was made in achieving HSBC's strategy of becoming the leading bank for international business with the number of its UK-based customers managed through the international proposition increasing by 9 per cent during the first half of 2010. Trade and supply chain income increased by 18 per cent on the comparable period. HSBC lent US\$2.0 billion to small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs), and opened accounts for over 65,000 customers starting new businesses.

The commercial sector in Continental Europe continued to focus on expanding relationships with international businesses. Early signs of business revival were seen in a number of markets, most notably in Germany, Turkey and Poland.

*Net interest income* fell by 5 per cent compared with the exceptional results reported in the first half of 2009, reflecting a decreasing trend, as forecast, in Balance Sheet Management revenues, as interest rates remained low and major yield curves flattened. In Global Banking and Markets, tighter spreads and a reduction in overall lending balances resulted in lower income in the Credit and lending businesses as corporates repaid debt in order to strengthen their balance sheets.

This reduction was partly offset by mortgage lending growth in the personal sector and wider asset spreads in the UK. This was partly offset by a reduction in deposit spreads which remained narrow in the low interest rate environment and the effects on Personal Financial Services of interest rate cap reductions on credit cards set by the central bank in Turkey.

UK Personal Financial Services maintained its strong deposit base despite fierce competition. Within this, Premier and Advance customer account balances increased by 3 per cent. Strong underlying growth in personal and commercial banking complemented a resilient performance from Global Banking and Markets.

*Net fee income* increased by 13 per cent. Fee income was received for management services provided by HSBC to Structured Investment Conduits and management fees rose in Global Asset Management and the wealth management segment of the personal sector, driven by an increase in the average value of funds under management. Net inflows into Global Asset Management funds were US\$8.1 billion in the first half of 2010. The Equity Capital Markets business, however, was affected by a reduction in client activity as the exceptional volumes seen in the first half of 2009 were not repeated.

*Net trading income* fell by 54 per cent to US\$1.6 billion as increased economic uncertainty and subdued market conditions following the concerns over European sovereign debt in the second quarter of 2010 resulted in lower client activity and demand for foreign exchange, Credit and Rates products.

In credit trading, a net release of US\$230 million of previous write-downs on legacy positions and monoline exposures reflected an overall improvement in asset prices; the first half of 2009 included a reported net charge of US\$252 million. However, this benefit was more than offset by the non-recurrence of gains in other parts of the business that arose in the first half of 2009. Performance in the foreign exchange business remained strong but suffered from a reduction in

**Table of Contents**

market volatility and customer-driven volumes compared with the unprecedented levels experienced in late 2008 and early 2009, and Rates income decreased following a slowdown in client activity.

Included within Net trading income was a fair value gain of US\$177 million resulting from widening credit spreads on structured liabilities; a loss of US\$120 million was reported in the first half of 2009. In addition, foreign exchange gains were reported on trading assets held as economic hedges of foreign currency debt designated at fair value, with the offset reported in Net income from financial instruments designated at fair value. Foreign exchange losses were reported on these instruments in the first half of 2009.

Trading income also included fair value losses on non-qualifying hedges, mainly cross-currency swaps used to economically hedge fixed rate long-term debt issued by HSBC Holdings. The fair value losses, which were driven by a decline in long-term US dollar interest rates relative to sterling and euro interest rates, compared with fair value gains on these instruments in the first half of 2009. This was partly offset by the non-recurrence of a loss on a forward foreign exchange contract associated with the Group's rights issue.

Net income from *financial instruments designated at fair value* reduced by US\$208 million. Losses on the fair value of assets held to meet liabilities under insurance and investment contracts were recognised as equity markets fell, compared with gains reported in the first half of 2009. To the extent that these losses accrued to policyholders holding unit-linked insurance policies and insurance or investment contracts with DPF, there was a corresponding decrease in *net insurance claims incurred and movement in liabilities to policyholders*.

In addition, foreign exchange losses on debt designated at fair value were reported in the period, with the offset reported in Net trading income. This was partly offset by fair value gains from interest and exchange rate ineffectiveness in the economic hedging of long-term debt designated at fair value compared with fair value losses in the first half of 2009.

*Gains less losses from financial investments* increased to US\$237 million as improved market conditions resulted in lower impairment charges and afforded opportunities to realise private equity investments at a profit. Gains were also realised on available-for-sale assets.

*Net earned insurance premiums* were broadly in line with the first half of 2009, with an increase in France driven by successful sales campaigns offset by lower premiums in the UK as the motor insurance underwriting business was placed into run-off during the second half of 2009 with no new customer business written in 2010.

*Other operating income* increased by 51 per cent, primarily due to the gain on the sale and leaseback of HSBC's Paris headquarters.

*Net insurance claims incurred and movement in liabilities to policyholders* decreased by 16 per cent. This was in line with the movement in liabilities to policyholders reported above in *Financial instruments designated at fair value*, coupled with significantly lower claims provisioning related to the now closed UK motor insurance book. An increase in reserves was recorded in the first half of 2009 to reflect the rising incidence and severity of claims at that time. No further deterioration in claims was observed in the UK motor insurance book in the first half of 2010 and, accordingly, no equivalent reserve strengthening was required.

*Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions* decreased by 48 per cent to US\$1.5 billion, reflecting an overall improvement in the credit environment in the region and the Group's success in mitigating risk. In Global Banking and Markets, loan impairment charges fell compared with both halves of 2009, reflecting the improved credit quality of the portfolio. The significant impairments taken in relation to a small number of clients in both halves of 2009 did not recur. Credit risk provisions on certain ABSs held on the available-for-sale portfolio decreased as asset prices rose and default rates declined.

Lower loan impairment charges in the personal sector were driven by an improvement in delinquencies across both the secured and unsecured lending portfolios, in part due to enhanced credit risk management practices and improved collections, falling by US\$239 million in the UK and US\$61 million in Turkey. In the commercial sector, loan impairment charges reduced by US\$205 million. The commercial property sector in the UK experienced the most significant improvement with impairments. Continuation of the positive loan impairment trend experienced in the first half of 2010 in the commercial and personal sectors remains highly sensitive to general economic activity, employment, interest rates and house prices.

*Operating expenses*, excluding the impact of two unusual items, were marginally higher in the first half of 2009: Global Banking and Markets costs included one-off payroll taxes on certain bonuses paid in the second quarter of 2010 in respect



**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Operating and Financial Review** (continued)

of 2009 of US\$308 million in the UK and US\$42 million in France; and a US\$480 million pension accounting gain (US\$499 million as reported) in the first half of 2009 related to a change in the delivery of certain staff benefits in the main UK pension scheme which did not recur.

Employee compensation and benefits increased by 19 per cent to US\$4.1 billion as a result of these unusual items, partly offset by the Group's continued efforts to leverage global scale and technology platforms to re-engineer the business and make sustainable reductions in its cost base. General and administrative expenses increased by 13 per cent to US\$3.1 billion, driven by higher services contracted out and IT costs along with increased rental expenses following the sale and leaseback of 8 Canada Square in London.

*Reconciliation of reported and underlying profit before tax*

|   | Half-year to 30 June 2010 ( 1H10 ) compared with half-year to 31 December 2009 ( 2H09 ) |  |   |  |                                 |  |                                  |   |   |
|---|---|--|---|--|---------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|---|---|
|   | 2H09<br>as<br>reported<br>US\$m   | 2H09<br>adjust-<br>ments <sup>1</sup><br>US\$m | Currency<br>translation <sup>2</sup><br>US\$m | 2H09<br>at 1H10<br>exchange<br>rates <sup>8</sup><br>US\$m | 1H10<br>as<br>reported<br>US\$m | 1H10<br>adjust-<br>ments <sup>1</sup><br>US\$m | 1H10<br>under-<br>lying<br>US\$m | Re-<br>ported<br>change <sup>4</sup><br>% | Under-<br>lying<br>change <sup>4</sup><br>% |
| Europe  |   |  |   |  |                                 |  |                                  |   |   |
| Net interest<br>income  | 6,290   |  | (424)   | 5,866  | 5,802                           |  | 5,802                            | (8)                                       | (1)   |
| Net fee income  | 3,424   | (105)  | (219)   | 3,100  | 3,177                           |  | 3,177                            | (7)                                       | 2   |
| Changes in fair<br>value <sup>5</sup>                             | (2,005)   | 2,005  |   |  | 574                             | (574)  |                                  |   |   |
| Other income <sup>6</sup>   | 3,481   | (2)  | (138)   | 3,341  | 3,168                           | (107)  | 3,061                            | (9)                                       | (8)   |
| Net operating<br>income <sup>7</sup>                              | 11,190  | 1,898  | (781)   | 12,307   | 12,721                          | (681)  | 12,040                           | 14  | (2)   |
| Loan impairment<br>charges and other<br>credit risk<br>provisions | (2,755)   |  | 184   | (2,571)  | (1,501)                         |  | (1,501)                          | 46  | 42  |
| Net operating<br>income   | 8,435   | 1,898  | (597)   | 9,736  | 11,220                          | (681)  | 10,539                           | 33  | 8   |
| Operating<br>expenses   | (7,401)   | 99   | 432   | (6,870)  | (7,704)                         |  | (7,704)                          | (4)                                       | (12)  |
| Operating profit  | 1,034   | 1,997  | (165)   | 2,866  | 3,516                           | (681)  | 2,835                            | 240                                       | (1)   |
| Income from<br>associates   | (1)   |  |   | (1)  | 5                               |  | 5                                |   |   |

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|                   |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |     |     |
|-------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|-----|
| Profit before tax | 1,033 | 1,997 | (165) | 2,865 | 3,521 | (681) | 2,840 | 241 | (1) |
|-------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----|-----|

*For footnotes, see page 95.*

**Table of Contents**

Analysis by customer group and global business  
*Profit/(loss) before tax*

|   | Half-year to 30 June 2010      |                                |                                   |                    |            |  | Total<br>US\$m |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|------------|--|----------------|
|   | Personal                       |                                | Global<br>Banking<br>&<br>Markets | Private<br>Banking | Other      | Inter-<br>segment<br>elimination <sup>35</sup> |                |
| Europe  | Financial<br>Services<br>US\$m | Commercial<br>Banking<br>US\$m | US\$m                             | US\$m              | US\$m      | US\$m  |                |
| Net interest income/<br>(expense)   | 2,711                          | 1,324                          | 1,643                             | 424                | (292)      | (8)  | 5,802          |
| Net fee income/<br>(expense)  | 965                            | 796                            | 975                               | 444                | (3)        |  | 3,177          |
| Trading<br>income/(expense)<br>excluding net<br>interest income                         | (19)                           | 14                             | 1,342                             | 105                | (570)      |  | 872            |
| Net interest income<br>on trading activities  |                                | 7                              | 700                               | 10                 | 7          | 8  | 732            |
| Net trading income/<br>(expense) <sup>25</sup>  | (19)                           | 21                             | 2,042                             | 115                | (563)      | 8  | 1,604          |
| Net<br>income/(expense)<br>from financial<br>instruments<br>designated at fair<br>value | (121)                          | (26)                           | (31)                              |                    | 751        |  | 573            |
| Gains less losses<br>from financial<br>investments                                      |                                |                                | 240                               | 1                  | (4)        |  | 237            |
| Dividend income   |                                |                                | 12                                | 2                  |            |  | 14             |
| Net earned insurance<br>premiums  | 2,012                          | 130                            |                                   |                    | (5)        |  | 2,137          |
| Other operating<br>income   | 93                             | 125                            | 314                               | 4                  | 479        | 126  | 1,141          |
| <b>Total operating<br/>income</b>   | <b>5,641</b>                   | <b>2,370</b>                   | <b>5,195</b>                      | <b>990</b>         | <b>363</b> | <b>126</b>                                     | <b>14,685</b>  |
| Net insurance<br>claims <sup>26</sup>   | (1,882)                        | (81)                           |                                   |                    | (1)        |  | (1,964)        |

|  |              |              |              |              |              |            |               |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|------------|---------------|
| <b>Net operating income<sup>7</sup></b>                  | <b>3,759</b> | <b>2,289</b> | <b>5,195</b> | <b>990</b>   | <b>362</b>   | <b>126</b> | <b>12,721</b> |
| Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions | (685)        | (410)        | (395)        | (11)         |              |            | (1,501)       |
| <b>Net operating income</b>                              | <b>3,074</b> | <b>1,879</b> | <b>4,800</b> | <b>979</b>   | <b>362</b>   | <b>126</b> | <b>11,220</b> |
| Operating expenses                                       | (2,514)      | (1,171)      | (2,717)      | (620)        | (556)        | (126)      | (7,704)       |
| <b>Operating profit/(loss)</b>                           | <b>560</b>   | <b>708</b>   | <b>2,083</b> | <b>359</b>   | <b>(194)</b> |            | <b>3,516</b>  |
| Share of profit in associates and joint ventures         | 2            | 1            | 2            |              |              |            | 5             |
| <b>Profit/(loss) before tax</b>                          | <b>562</b>   | <b>709</b>   | <b>2,085</b> | <b>359</b>   | <b>(194)</b> |            | <b>3,521</b>  |
|  | %            | %            | %            | %            | %            |            | %             |
| Share of HSBC's profit before tax                        | 5.1          | 6.3          | 18.8         | 3.2          | (1.7)        |            | 31.7          |
| Cost efficiency ratio                                    | 66.9         | 51.2         | 52.3         | 62.6         | 153.6        |            | 60.6          |
| <i>Balance sheet data<sup>23</sup></i>                   |              |              |              |              |              |            |               |
|  | <b>US\$m</b> | <b>US\$m</b> | <b>US\$m</b> | <b>US\$m</b> | <b>US\$m</b> |            | <b>US\$m</b>  |
| Loans and advances to customers (net)                    | 135,735      | 82,822       | 163,031      | 24,717       | 921          |            | 407,226       |
| Total assets   | 190,549      | 105,134      | 1,021,875    | 70,116       | 74,744       | (181,720)  | 1,280,698     |
| Customer accounts  | 156,579      | 95,558       | 170,697      | 54,423       | 1            |            | 477,258       |

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Operating and Financial Review** (continued)*Profit/(loss) before tax (continued)*

|   | Half-year to 30 June 2009                  |                                |   |                             |                |   | Total<br>US\$m |
|---|--|--------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|----------------|---|----------------|
|   | Personal<br>Financial<br>Services<br>US\$m | Commercial<br>Banking<br>US\$m | Global<br>Banking &<br>Markets<br>US\$m | Private<br>Banking<br>US\$m | Other<br>US\$m | Inter-<br>segment<br>elimination <sup>35</sup><br>US\$m |                |
| Europe<br>Net interest income/<br>(expense)   | 2,507                                      | 1,295                          | 2,376                                   | 506                         | (265)          | (441)   | 5,978          |
| Net fee income  | 875  | 789                            | 706                                     | 438                         | 35             |   | 2,843          |
| Trading income<br>excluding net interest<br>income                                      | 78   | 4                              | 1,678                                   | 72                          | 167            |   | 1,999          |
| Net interest income<br>on trading activities  | (1)  | 7                              | 966                                     | 9                           | 8              | 441   | 1,430          |
| Net trading income <sup>25</sup>  | 77   | 11                             | 2,644                                   | 81                          | 175            | 441   | 3,429          |
| Net<br>income/(expense)<br>from financial<br>instruments<br>designated at fair<br>value | 170  | 5                              | 358                                     |                             | (1,109)        |   | (576)          |
| Gains less losses<br>from financial<br>investments                                      | 5  | 2                              | (47)                                    | (2)                         | (18)           |   | (60)           |
| Dividend income   |  | 1                              | 11                                      | 1                           |                |   | 13             |
| Net earned insurance<br>premiums  | 2,002                                      | 135                            |   |                             | (3)            |   | 2,134          |
| Other operating<br>income   | 89   | 323                            | 303                                     | 26                          | 162            | 73  | 976            |
| Total operating<br>income/ (expense)  | 5,725                                      | 2,561                          | 6,351                                   | 1,050                       | (1,023)        | 73  | 14,737         |
| Net insurance<br>claims <sup>26</sup>   | (2,249)                                    | (134)                          |   |                             |                |   | (2,383)        |
| Net operating<br>income/ (expense) <sup>7</sup>   | 3,476                                      | 2,427                          | 6,351                                   | 1,050                       | (1,023)        | 73  | 12,354         |
|   | (982)                                      | (606)                          | (1,212)                                 | (10)                        | (3)            |   | (2,813)        |

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Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions

|  |         |         |           |        |         |           |           |
|--|---------|---------|-----------|--------|---------|-----------|-----------|
| Net operating income/ (expense)                  | 2,494   | 1,821   | 5,139     | 1,040  | (1,026) | 73        | 9,541     |
| Operating expenses                               | (2,283) | (987)   | (2,251)   | (593)  | (400)   | (73)      | (6,587)   |
| Operating profit/(loss)                          | 211     | 834     | 2,888     | 447    | (1,426) |           | 2,954     |
| Share of profit in associates and joint ventures | 1       | 18      | 3         |        |         |           | 22        |
| Profit/(loss) before tax                         | 212     | 852     | 2,891     | 447    | (1,426) |           | 2,976     |
|  | %       | %       | %         | %      | %       |           | %         |
| Share of HSBC's profit before tax                | 4.2     | 17.0    | 57.6      | 8.9    | (28.4)  |           | 59.3      |
| Cost efficiency ratio                            | 65.7    | 40.7    | 35.4      | 56.5   | (39.1)  |           | 53.3      |
| <i>Balance sheet data</i> <sup>23</sup>          |         |         |           |        |         |           |           |
|  | US\$m   | US\$m   | US\$m     | US\$m  | US\$m   |           | US\$m     |
| Loans and advances to customers (net)            | 143,886 | 89,788  | 198,290   | 23,774 | 1,352   |           | 457,090   |
| Total assets                                     | 205,023 | 112,749 | 1,060,344 | 74,469 | 86,649  | (214,547) | 1,324,687 |
| Customer accounts                                | 166,295 | 95,132  | 208,792   | 59,503 | 3       |           | 529,725   |

54

**Table of Contents**

|   | Half-year to 31 December 2009              |                                |  |                             |                |   | Total<br>US\$m |
|---|--|--------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|----------------|---|----------------|
|   | Personal<br>Financial<br>Services<br>US\$m | Commercial<br>Banking<br>US\$m | Global<br>Banking<br>&<br>Markets<br>US\$m | Private<br>Banking<br>US\$m | Other<br>US\$m | Inter-<br>segment<br>elimination <sup>35</sup><br>US\$m |                |
| Europe<br>Net interest<br>income/(expense)  | 2,906                                      | 1,444                          | 1,991                                      | 443                         | (260)          | (234)   | 6,290          |
| Net fee income  | 1,074                                      | 890                            | 964  | 445                         | 51             |   | 3,424          |
| Trading<br>income/(expense)<br>excluding net interest<br>income                         | (44)                                       | (1)                            | 589  | 103                         | 215            |   | 862            |
| Net interest income<br>on trading activities  |  | 10                             | 903  | 14                          | 7              | 234   | 1,168          |
| Net trading income <sup>25</sup>  | (44)                                       | 9                              | 1,492                                      | 117                         | 222            | 234   | 2,030          |
| Net<br>income/(expense)<br>from financial<br>instruments<br>designated at fair<br>value | 842  | 128                            | 17   |                             | (1,836)        |   | (849)          |
| Gains less losses<br>from financial<br>investments                                      | 15   |                                | 72   | 7                           | 16             |   | 110            |
| Dividend income   | 2  |                                | 15   | 2                           | (3)            |   | 16             |
| Net earned insurance<br>premiums  | 1,973                                      | 118                            | (2)  |                             |                |   | 2,089          |
| Other operating<br>income   | 93   | 50                             | 367  | 2                           | 752            | 22  | 1,286          |
| Total operating<br>income/ (expense)  | 6,861                                      | 2,639                          | 4,916                                      | 1,016                       | (1,058)        | 22  | 14,396         |
| Net insurance<br>claims <sup>26</sup>   | (2,972)                                    | (231)                          |  |                             | (3)            |   | (3,206)        |
| Net operating<br>income/ (expense) <sup>7</sup>   | 3,889                                      | 2,408                          | 4,916                                      | 1,016                       | (1,061)        | 22  | 11,190         |
|   | (1,010)                                    | (661)                          | (1,065)                                    | (19)                        |                |   | (2,755)        |

Loan impairment  
charges and other  
credit risk provisions

|  |         |         |         |       |         |      |         |
|--|---------|---------|---------|-------|---------|------|---------|
| Net operating<br>income/ (expense)                   | 2,879   | 1,747   | 3,851   | 997   | (1,061) | 22   | 8,435   |
| Operating expenses                                   | (2,779) | (1,307) | (2,196) | (590) | (507)   | (22) | (7,401) |
| Operating<br>profit/(loss)                           | 100     | 440     | 1,655   | 407   | (1,568) |      | 1,034   |
| Share of loss in<br>associates and joint<br>ventures |         |         | (1)     |       |         |      | (1)     |
| Profit/(loss) before<br>tax                          | 100     | 440     | 1,654   | 407   | (1,568) |      | 1,033   |
|  | %       | %       | %       | %     | %       |      | %       |
| Share of HSBC's<br>profit before tax                 | 4.9     | 21.4    | 80.2    | 19.8  | (76.1)  |      | 50.2    |
| Cost efficiency ratio                                | 71.5    | 54.3    | 44.7    | 58.1  | 47.8    |      | 66.1    |

*Balance sheet data*<sup>23</sup>

|  | US\$m   | US\$m   | US\$m   | US\$m  | US\$m  |           | US\$m     |
|--|---------|---------|---------|--------|--------|-----------|-----------|
| Loans and advances<br>to customers (net) | 147,760 | 89,084  | 176,123 | 25,541 | 973    |           | 439,481   |
| Total assets                             | 208,669 | 111,874 | 981,831 | 76,871 | 84,010 | (194,655) | 1,268,600 |
| Customer accounts                        | 165,161 | 102,249 | 169,390 | 58,213 | 6      |           | 495,019   |

For footnotes, see page 95.



**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Operating and Financial Review (continued)****Hong Kong***Profit/(loss) before tax by customer group and global business*

|                             | <b>30</b>    | Half-year to |       |
|-----------------------------|--------------|--------------|-------|
|                             | <b>June</b>  | 30 June      | 31    |
|                             | <b>2010</b>  | 2009         | 2009  |
|                             | <b>US\$m</b> | US\$m        | US\$m |
| Personal Financial Services | <b>1,422</b> | 1,337        | 1,391 |
| Commercial Banking          | <b>672</b>   | 424          | 532   |
| Global Banking and Markets  | <b>730</b>   | 907          | 600   |
| Private Banking             | <b>119</b>   | 106          | 91    |
| Other                       | <b>(66)</b>  | (273)        | (86)  |
| <i>Profit before tax</i>    | <b>2,877</b> | 2,501        | 2,528 |

Profit before tax

|  | <b>30 June</b> | Half-year to |         |
|--|----------------|--------------|---------|
|  | <b>2010</b>    | 30 June      | 31      |
|  | <b>US\$m</b>   | 2009         | 2009    |
|  | <b>US\$m</b>   | US\$m        | US\$m   |
| Net interest income  | <b>1,994</b>   | 2,232        | 1,963   |
| Net fee income   | <b>1,395</b>   | 1,200        | 1,469   |
| Net trading income   | <b>688</b>     | 704          | 521     |
| Changes in fair value of long-term debt and related derivatives                | <b>(2)</b>     | (3)          |         |
| Net income/(expense) from other financial instruments designated at fair value | <b>(28)</b>    | 348          | 440     |
| Net income/(expense) from financial instruments designated at fair value       | <b>(30)</b>    | 345          | 440     |
| Gains less losses from financial investments                                   | <b>111</b>     | 2            | 7       |
| Dividend income  | <b>13</b>      | 14           | 14      |
| Net earned insurance premiums  | <b>2,248</b>   | 1,838        | 1,836   |
| Other operating income   | <b>644</b>     | 505          | 769     |
| <b>Total operating income</b>  | <b>7,063</b>   | 6,840        | 7,019   |
|  | <b>(2,167)</b> | (2,126)      | (2,266) |

Net insurance claims incurred and movement in liabilities to policyholders

|   |              |         |         |
|---|--------------|---------|---------|
| <b>Net operating income before loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions</b> | <b>4,896</b> | 4,714   | 4,753   |
| Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions                                    | (63)         | (273)   | (227)   |
| <b>Net operating income</b>   | <b>4,833</b> | 4,441   | 4,526   |
| Operating expenses  | (1,968)      | (1,935) | (2,011) |
| <b>Operating profit</b>   | <b>2,865</b> | 2,506   | 2,515   |
| Share of profit/(loss) in associates and joint ventures                                     | 12           | (5)     | 13      |
| <b>Profit before tax</b>  | <b>2,877</b> | 2,501   | 2,528   |
|   | %            | %       | %       |
| Share of HSBC's profit before tax   | 25.9         | 49.8    | 122.7   |
| Cost efficiency ratio   | 40.2         | 41.0    | 42.3    |
| Period-end staff numbers (full-time equivalent)   | 28,397       | 28,259  | 27,614  |
| <i>Balance sheet data<sup>23</sup></i>  |              |         |         |
|   | US\$m        | US\$m   | US\$m   |
| Loans and advances to customers (net)   | 114,075      | 97,486  | 99,381  |
| Loans and advances to banks (net)   | 31,633       | 41,197  | 36,197  |
| Trading assets, financial instruments designated at fair value, and financial investments   | 151,332      | 135,916 | 154,418 |
| Total assets  | 410,991      | 413,107 | 399,243 |
| Deposits by banks   | 10,552       | 10,299  | 6,023   |
| Customer accounts   | 274,112      | 267,532 | 275,441 |

*For footnote, see page 95.*

*The commentary on Hong Kong is on an underlying basis unless stated otherwise.*

**Table of Contents**

## Economic briefing

**Hong Kong** s economy expanded steadily during the first half of 2010 following the very volatile conditions that developed during 2009. In the first quarter the level of GDP rose by 2.4 per cent on the previous quarter, with manufacturing activity, investment expenditure and external demand all showing substantial improvement on the comparable period in 2009. Labour market conditions improved more modestly, with the unemployment rate falling from 4.9 per cent in December 2009 to 4.6 per cent in June 2010. CPI inflation accelerated from 1.3 per cent in December 2009 to 2.8 per cent in June 2010, although this movement largely reflected rises in food and energy prices. The Hong Kong Monetary Authority held the base rate steady at 0.5 per cent during the first half of 2010. Asset price performance again proved volatile during the period, with the Hang Seng Index falling by about 8 per cent.

## Review of business performance

*Reconciliation of reported and underlying profit before tax*

|  | Half-year to 30 June 2010 ( 1H10 ) compared with half-year to 30 June 2009 ( 1H09 ) |  |   |   |                                 |  |                                  |   |   |
|--|---|--|---|---|---------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|---|---|
|  | 1H09<br>as<br>reported<br>US\$m   | 1H09<br>adjust-<br>ments <sup>1</sup><br>US\$m | Currency<br>translation <sup>2</sup><br>US\$m | 1H09<br>at<br>exchange<br>rates <sup>3</sup><br>US\$m | 1H10<br>as<br>reported<br>US\$m | 1H10<br>adjust-<br>ments <sup>1</sup><br>US\$m | 1H10<br>under-<br>lying<br>US\$m | Re-<br>ported<br>change <sup>4</sup><br>% | Under-<br>lying<br>change <sup>4</sup><br>% |
| <b>Hong Kong</b>   |   |  |   |   |                                 |  |                                  |   |   |
| Net interest income                                      | 2,232   |  | (4)   | 2,228   | 1,994                           |  | 1,994                            | (11)                                      | (11)  |
| Net fee income   | 1,200   |  | (2)   | 1,198   | 1,395                           |  | 1,395                            | 16  | 16  |
| Changes in fair value <sup>5</sup>                       | (2)   | 2  |   |   | (6)                             | 6  |                                  | (200)                                     |   |
| Other income <sup>6</sup>                                | 1,284   |  | (3)   | 1,281   | 1,513                           | (62)   | 1,451                            | 18  | 13  |
| <b>Net operating income<sup>7</sup></b>                  | <b>4,714</b>  | <b>2</b>                                       | <b>(9)</b>                                    | <b>4,707</b>  | <b>4,896</b>                    | <b>(56)</b>                                    | <b>4,840</b>                     | <b>4</b>                                  | <b>3</b>                                    |
| Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions | (273)   |  | 1   | (272)   | (63)                            |  | (63)                             | 77  | 77  |
| <b>Net operating income</b>                              | <b>4,441</b>  | <b>2</b>                                       | <b>(8)</b>                                    | <b>4,435</b>  | <b>4,833</b>                    | <b>(56)</b>                                    | <b>4,777</b>                     | <b>9</b>                                  | <b>8</b>                                    |
| Operating expenses                                       | (1,935)   |  | 4   | (1,931)   | (1,968)                         |  | (1,968)                          | (2)                                       | (2)   |
| <b>Operating profit</b>                                  | <b>2,506</b>  | <b>2</b>                                       | <b>(4)</b>                                    | <b>2,504</b>  | <b>2,865</b>                    | <b>(56)</b>                                    | <b>2,809</b>                     | <b>14</b>                                 | <b>12</b>                                   |
| Income from associates                                   | (5)   |  |   | (5)   | 12                              |  | 12                               |   |   |

|                          |              |          |            |              |              |             |              |           |           |
|--------------------------|--------------|----------|------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|-----------|-----------|
| <b>Profit before tax</b> | <b>2,501</b> | <b>2</b> | <b>(4)</b> | <b>2,499</b> | <b>2,877</b> | <b>(56)</b> | <b>2,821</b> | <b>15</b> | <b>13</b> |
|--------------------------|--------------|----------|------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|-----------|-----------|

*For footnotes, see page 95.*

HSBC's operations in Hong Kong reported pre-tax profits of US\$2.9 billion compared with US\$2.5 billion in the first half of 2009, an increase of 15 per cent. On an underlying basis, excluding the accounting gains of US\$62 million arising from the reclassification of Bao Viet as an associate following the purchase of additional shares, profit before tax increased by 13 per cent. HSBC took advantage of the improved economic environment and better market sentiment in the region to build its revenue base in its investment and insurance businesses. Lending increased, particularly in Commercial Banking, as a result of higher trade activity and a stronger property market. Deposit inflows in both Personal Financial Services and Commercial Banking were supported by increased market liquidity and targeted marketing campaigns, though the higher revenues from volume growth were partly offset by continued deposit spread compression. The improved economic conditions also resulted in a marked decrease in loan impairment charges from what was already a low level.

HSBC maintained its market leadership in deposits, mortgages, life insurance and credit cards through product innovation and enhancing its brand proposition, particularly for higher value segments. The Premier customer base increased by 14 per cent compared with 31 December 2009 to almost 440,000, supported by the launch of a real-time online financial consultancy service, the first in Hong Kong. Advance was successfully launched in January as a branded proposition to capture the mid-market customer segment that will in due course feed into Premier. Commercial Banking's successful inward cross-border referrals increased more than threefold as the strategy to prioritise international connectivity to grow the business was implemented. HSBC also actively participated in the Hong Kong

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Operating and Financial Review** (continued)

Government Special Loan Guarantee Scheme which helps SMEs secure funding. Following continued support for Business Banking customers, HSBC was awarded the Best SME's Partner award for the fifth consecutive year by The Hong Kong Chamber of Small and Medium Business.

*Net interest income* declined by 11 per cent, primarily due to lower Balance Sheet Management income.

Personal lending balances were 6 per cent higher, driven by targeted growth in residential mortgage lending. HSBC continued to lead the mortgage market with a 30 per cent market share of new loan drawdowns in the first half of 2010, primarily driven by the introduction of HIBOR-linked mortgages which have become the dominant product type in the Hong Kong mortgage market. Commercial lending growth reflected a recovery in business and trade activity and ongoing credit support to customers. Growth was noted particularly in commercial real estate and other property-related sectors, and commercial, industrial and international trade. Commercial Banking further developed its renminbi business and launched a number of renminbi-related products in the first half of 2010.

Higher income from volume growth was partly offset as asset spreads narrowed, largely from competitive pricing due to high levels of liquidity in the market.

Underlying pre-tax profit in Hong Kong grew by 13 per cent as lending increased and HSBC maintained its market leadership in deposits, mortgages, life insurance and credit cards.

Growth in average deposit balances was reported against 30 June 2009 as HSBC expanded its market share through targeted marketing campaigns and customers of both Personal Financial Services and Commercial Banking displayed a preference for liquid deposits. The benefit of this increase was partly offset by liability spreads remaining under pressure in the low interest rate environment.

In Balance Sheet Management, net interest income declined from the exceptional results achieved in the first half of 2009 as higher yielding positions matured, interest rates remained low and yield curves flattened.

*Net fee income* increased by 16 per cent, primarily from higher income on unit trusts and assets under management. This was driven by improved investor sentiment and the launch of attractive product offerings such as FundMax which, for a monthly fee, offers retail investors unlimited

unit trust transactions and switching between over 300 funds.

The recovery in regional trade, and consequent rise in the value of Hong Kong's total exports and imports, boosted remittances and trade-related facilities fees. Underwriting fees also increased due to the number of significant initial public offerings (IPOs) that were concluded in the first half of 2010.

*Net trading income* was 2 per cent lower than in the first half of 2009. Income in Rates decreased following a fall in client activity and compressed margins as a result of increased competition. Foreign exchange revenues declined due to lower market volatility, while credit trading revenues fell, reflecting reduced customer demand and a relative widening of credit spreads.

A net expense of US\$24 million on *financial instruments designated at fair value* was recorded compared with income of US\$346 million in the first half of 2009. The movement reflected revaluation losses in the first half of 2010 on assets linked to the insurance business compared with gains in the comparable period. To the extent that these losses were attributed to policyholders, there was an offsetting change in *net insurance claims incurred and movement in liabilities to policyholders*.

*Net earned insurance premiums* grew by 23 per cent to US\$2.2 billion, as strong new business growth, particularly in whole life, deferred annuity and unit-linked products, was driven by successful sales campaigns and additional sales staff. A life insurance product designed for high net worth individuals introduced in the first half of 2009 also performed well. There was a corresponding increase in *net insurance claims incurred and movement in liabilities to policyholders*.

*Gains less losses from financial investments* were US\$47 million higher, mainly due to gains from disposal of available-for-sale investments in Balance Sheet Management in the first half of 2010.

*Other operating income* increased by 28 per cent to US\$644 million, largely due to an increase in PVIF, reflecting strong life insurance sales. Also, the improvement in the property market in Hong Kong generated a revaluation gain

on investment properties.

*Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions* decreased by 77 per cent to US\$63 million, reflecting the economic recovery which took shape in the second half of 2009. Commercial Banking drove the fall in loan impairment charges with fewer large specific

**Table of Contents**

impairments as credit conditions improved. Loan impairment charges also fell in Personal Financial Services, mainly on unsecured lending as unemployment and bankruptcy levels fell. HSBC's mortgage portfolio in Hong Kong continued to be well secured with an average loan-to-value ratio of almost 38 per cent.

*Operating expenses* rose by 2 per cent as technology and marketing expenditure was increased to position HSBC's business advantageously to support the growth of customers' businesses in the continuing economic recovery. These cost increases were partially offset by efficiency improvements, which were reflected in lower average staff numbers as the shift of transactions to non-branch channels continued, and a decrease in performance-related pay in Global Banking and Markets.

*Reconciliation of reported and underlying profit before tax*

|   | Half-year to 30 June 2010 ( 1H10 ) compared with half-year to 31 December 2009 ( 2H09 ) |  |   |  |                                 |  |                                  |   |   |
|---|---|--|---|--|---------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|---|---|
|   | 2H09<br>as<br>reported<br>US\$m   | 2H09<br>adjust-<br>ments <sup>1</sup><br>US\$m | Currency<br>translation <sup>2</sup><br>US\$m | 2H09<br>at 1H10<br>exchange<br>rates <sup>8</sup><br>US\$m | 1H10<br>as<br>reported<br>US\$m | 1H10<br>adjust-<br>ments <sup>1</sup><br>US\$m | 1H10<br>under-<br>lying<br>US\$m | Re-<br>ported<br>change <sup>4</sup><br>% | Under-<br>lying<br>change <sup>4</sup><br>% |
| Hong Kong   |   |  |   |  |                                 |  |                                  |   |   |
| Net interest<br>income  | 1,963   |  | (4)   | 1,959  | 1,994                           |  | 1,994                            | 2   | 2   |
| Net fee income  | 1,469   |  | (4)   | 1,465  | 1,395                           |  | 1,395                            | (5)                                       | (5)   |
| Changes in fair<br>value <sup>5</sup>                             | 1   | (1)  |   |  | (6)                             | 6  |                                  |   |   |
| Other income <sup>6</sup>   | 1,320   |  | (5)   | 1,315  | 1,513                           | (62)   | 1,451                            | 15  | 10  |
| Net operating<br>income <sup>7</sup>                              | 4,753   | (1)  | (13)  | 4,739  | 4,896                           | (56)   | 4,840                            | 3   | 2   |
| Loan impairment<br>charges and other<br>credit risk<br>provisions | (227)   |  |   | (227)  | (63)                            |  | (63)                             | 72  | 72  |
| Net operating<br>income   | 4,526   | (1)  | (13)  | 4,512  | 4,833                           | (56)   | 4,777                            | 7   | 6   |
| Operating<br>expenses   | (2,011)   |  | 4   | (2,007)  | (1,968)                         |  | (1,968)                          | 2   | 2   |
| Operating profit  | 2,515   | (1)  | (9)   | 2,505  | 2,865                           | (56)   | 2,809                            | 14  | 12  |
| Income from<br>associates   | 13  |  |   | 13   | 12                              |  | 12                               | (8)                                       | (8)   |
| Profit before tax   | 2,528   | (1)  | (9)   | 2,518  | 2,877                           | (56)   | 2,821                            | 14  | 12  |

*For footnotes, see page 95.*



**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Operating and Financial Review** (continued)

Analysis by customer group and global business

*Profit/(loss) before tax*

|  | Half-year to 30 June 2010      |                                |  |                             |                |   | Total<br>US\$m |
|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|----------------|---|----------------|
|  | Personal                       |                                | Global<br>Banking<br>&<br>Markets<br>US\$m | Private<br>Banking<br>US\$m | Other<br>US\$m | Inter-<br>segment<br>elimination <sup>35</sup><br>US\$m |                |
| Hong Kong  | Financial<br>Services<br>US\$m | Commercial<br>Banking<br>US\$m |  |                             |                |   |                |
| Net interest<br>income/(expense)   | 1,279                          | 504                            | 437  | 77                          | (247)          | (56)  | 1,994          |
| Net fee income   | 698                            | 305                            | 305  | 78                          | 9              |   | 1,395          |
| Trading income<br>excluding net interest<br>income                                   | 107                            | 53                             | 368  | 59                          | 4              |   | 591            |
| Net interest income<br>on trading activities   | 1                              |                                | 34   |                             | 6              | 56  | 97             |
| Net trading income <sup>25</sup>   | 108                            | 53                             | 402  | 59                          | 10             | 56  | 688            |
| Net income/(expense)<br>from financial<br>instruments<br>designated at fair<br>value | (110)                          | 23                             | 42   |                             | 15             |   | (30)           |
| Gains less losses from<br>financial investments                                      |                                |                                | 63   | 8                           | 40             |   | 111            |
| Dividend income  |                                |                                |  |                             | 13             |   | 13             |
| Net earned insurance<br>premiums   | 1,874                          | 369                            | 5  |                             |                |   | 2,248          |
| Other operating<br>income  | 222                            | 27                             | 30   | 5                           | 499            | (139)   | 644            |
| <b>Total operating<br/>income</b>  | <b>4,071</b>                   | <b>1,281</b>                   | <b>1,284</b>                               | <b>227</b>                  | <b>339</b>     | <b>(139)</b>  | <b>7,063</b>   |
| Net insurance<br>claims <sup>26</sup>  | (1,853)                        | (309)                          | (5)  |                             |                |   | (2,167)        |
| <b>Net operating<br/>income<sup>7</sup></b>  | <b>2,218</b>                   | <b>972</b>                     | <b>1,279</b>                               | <b>227</b>                  | <b>339</b>     | <b>(139)</b>  | <b>4,896</b>   |

|   |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |
|---|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Loan impairment<br>(charges)/ recoveries<br>and other credit risk<br>provisions | (42)         | (2)          | (20)         |              | 1            |              | (63)         |
| <b>Net operating<br/>income</b>   | <b>2,176</b> | <b>970</b>   | <b>1,259</b> | <b>227</b>   | <b>340</b>   | <b>(139)</b> | <b>4,833</b> |
| Operating expenses  | (756)        | (298)        | (529)        | (108)        | (416)        | 139          | (1,968)      |
| <b>Operating<br/>profit/(loss)</b>  | <b>1,420</b> | <b>672</b>   | <b>730</b>   | <b>119</b>   | <b>(76)</b>  |              | <b>2,865</b> |
| Share of profit in<br>associates and joint<br>ventures                          | 2            |              |              |              | 10           |              | 12           |
| <b>Profit/(loss) before<br/>tax</b>   | <b>1,422</b> | <b>672</b>   | <b>730</b>   | <b>119</b>   | <b>(66)</b>  |              | <b>2,877</b> |
|   | %            | %            | %            | %            | %            |              | %            |
| Share of HSBC's<br>profit before tax  | 12.8         | 6.1          | 6.6          | 1.1          | (0.7)        |              | 25.9         |
| Cost efficiency ratio   | 34.1         | 30.7         | 41.4         | 47.6         | 122.7        |              | 40.2         |
| <i>Balance sheet data</i> <sup>23</sup>   |              |              |              |              |              |              |              |
|   | <b>US\$m</b> | <b>US\$m</b> | <b>US\$m</b> | <b>US\$m</b> | <b>US\$m</b> |              | <b>US\$m</b> |
| Loans and advances<br>to customers (net)  | 45,121       | 37,184       | 25,501       | 4,353        | 1,916        |              | 114,075      |
| Total assets <sup>37</sup>  | 69,052       | 44,409       | 214,091      | 19,919       | 92,165       | (28,645)     | 410,991      |
| Customer accounts   | 165,238      | 63,562       | 26,142       | 18,559       | 611          |              | 274,112      |

**Table of Contents**

|  | Half-year to 30 June 2009                  |                                |  |                             |                |   | Total<br>US\$m |
|--|--|--------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|----------------|---|----------------|
|  | Personal<br>Financial<br>Services<br>US\$m | Commercial<br>Banking<br>US\$m | Global<br>Banking<br>&<br>Markets<br>US\$m | Private<br>Banking<br>US\$m | Other<br>US\$m | Inter-<br>segment<br>elimination <sup>35</sup><br>US\$m |                |
| Hong Kong<br>Net interest<br>income/(expense)  | 1,294                                      | 480                            | 713  | 122                         | (313)          | (64)  | 2,232          |
| Net fee income   | 643  | 244                            | 230  | 57                          | 26             |   | 1,200          |
| Trading<br>income/(expense)<br>excluding net interest<br>income                      | 69   | 41                             | 555  | 42                          | (70)           |   | 637            |
| Net interest<br>income/(expense) on<br>trading activities                            | 2  |                                | (7)  |                             | 8              | 64  | 67             |
| Net trading income/<br>(expense) <sup>25</sup>                                       | 71   | 41                             | 548  | 42                          | (62)           | 64  | 704            |
| Net income/(expense)<br>from financial<br>instruments<br>designated at fair<br>value | 319  | (22)                           | 28   |                             | 20             |   | 345            |
| Gains less losses from<br>financial investments                                      | 81   | 17                             | (76)                                       |                             | (20)           |   | 2              |
| Dividend income  | 4  |                                | 1  |                             | 9              |   | 14             |
| Net earned insurance<br>premiums   | 1,622                                      | 211                            | 5  |                             |                |   | 1,838          |
| Other operating<br>income  | 146  | 39                             | 18   | 5                           | 440            | (143)   | 505            |
| Total operating<br>income  | 4,180                                      | 1,010                          | 1,467                                      | 226                         | 100            | (143)   | 6,840          |
| Net insurance<br>claims <sup>26</sup>  | (1,953)                                    | (168)                          | (5)  |                             |                |   | (2,126)        |
| Net operating<br>income <sup>7</sup>   | 2,227                                      | 842                            | 1,462                                      | 226                         | 100            | (143)   | 4,714          |
|  | (122)                                      | (137)                          | (14)                                       |                             |                |   | (273)          |

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Loan impairment  
charges and other  
credit risk provisions

|   |         |        |         |        |        |          |         |
|---|---------|--------|---------|--------|--------|----------|---------|
| Net operating income  | 2,105   | 705    | 1,448   | 226    | 100    | (143)    | 4,441   |
| Operating expenses  | (770)   | (281)  | (541)   | (120)  | (366)  | 143      | (1,935) |
| Operating profit/(loss)                                       | 1,335   | 424    | 907     | 106    | (266)  |          | 2,506   |
| Share of profit/(loss)<br>in associates and joint<br>ventures | 2       |        |         |        | (7)    |          | (5)     |
| Profit/(loss) before<br>tax                                   | 1,337   | 424    | 907     | 106    | (273)  |          | 2,501   |
|   | %       | %      | %       | %      | %      |          | %       |
| Share of HSBC s<br>profit before tax                          | 26.6    | 8.4    | 18.1    | 2.1    | (5.4)  |          | 49.8    |
| Cost efficiency ratio   | 34.6    | 33.4   | 37.0    | 53.1   | 366.0  |          | 41.0    |
| <i>Balance sheet data</i> <sup>23</sup>                       |         |        |         |        |        |          |         |
|   | US\$m   | US\$m  | US\$m   | US\$m  | US\$m  |          | US\$m   |
| Loans and advances<br>to customers (net)                      | 42,665  | 26,682 | 23,182  | 3,054  | 1,903  |          | 97,486  |
| Total assets  | 79,113  | 33,209 | 221,196 | 23,000 | 67,820 | (11,231) | 413,107 |
| Customer accounts   | 157,437 | 54,730 | 34,875  | 19,919 | 571    |          | 267,532 |

61

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Operating and Financial Review (continued)***Profit/(loss) before tax (continued)*

|  | Half-year to 31 December 2009              |                                |  |                             |   |   | Total<br>US\$m |
|--|--|--------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|---|---|----------------|
|  | Personal<br>Financial<br>Services<br>US\$m | Commercial<br>Banking<br>US\$m | Global<br>Banking<br>&<br>Markets<br>US\$m | Private<br>Banking<br>US\$m | Other<br>elimination <sup>35</sup><br>US\$m | Inter-<br>segment<br>elimination <sup>35</sup><br>US\$m |                |
| Hong Kong<br>Net interest<br>income/(expense)  | 1,283                                      | 458                            | 437  | 90                          | (245)                                       | (60)  | 1,963          |
| Net fee income   | 767  | 286                            | 333  | 68                          | 15  |   | 1,469          |
| Trading<br>income/(expense)<br>excluding net interest<br>income                      | 117  | 51                             | 237  | 49                          | (23)  |   | 431            |
| Net interest income<br>on trading activities   | 1  |                                | 23   |                             | 6   | 60  | 90             |
| Net trading income/<br>(expense) <sup>25</sup>                                       | 118  | 51                             | 260  | 49                          | (17)  | 60  | 521            |
| Net income/(expense)<br>from financial<br>instruments<br>designated at fair<br>value | 388  | (24)                           | 110  |                             | (34)  |   | 440            |
| Gains less losses from<br>financial investments                                      | (1)  | 1                              | (32)                                       |                             | 39  |   | 7              |
| Dividend income  | (3)  | 1                              | 9  |                             | 7   |   | 14             |
| Net earned insurance<br>premiums   | 1,539                                      | 289                            | 8  |                             |   |   | 1,836          |
| Other operating<br>income  | 200  | 25                             | 41   | 5                           | 622   | (124)   | 769            |
| Total operating<br>income  | 4,291                                      | 1,087                          | 1,166                                      | 212                         | 387   | (124)   | 7,019          |
| Net insurance<br>claims <sup>26</sup>  | (2,026)                                    | (236)                          | (4)  |                             |   |   | (2,266)        |
| Net operating income <sup>7</sup>  | 2,265                                      | 851                            | 1,162                                      | 212                         | 387   | (124)   | 4,753          |

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|  |         |        |         |        |        |         |         |
|--|---------|--------|---------|--------|--------|---------|---------|
| Loan impairment (charges)/ recoveries and other credit risk provisions | (81)    | (31)   | (117)   | 1      | 1      |         | (227)   |
| Net operating income   | 2,184   | 820    | 1,045   | 213    | 388    | (124)   | 4,526   |
| Operating expenses   | (796)   | (289)  | (446)   | (122)  | (482)  | 124     | (2,011) |
| Operating profit/(loss)  | 1,388   | 531    | 599     | 91     | (94)   |         | 2,515   |
| Share of profit in associates and joint ventures                       | 3       | 1      | 1       |        | 8      |         | 13      |
| Profit/(loss) before tax   | 1,391   | 532    | 600     | 91     | (86)   |         | 2,528   |
|  | %       | %      | %       | %      | %      |         | %       |
| Share of HSBC s profit before tax                                      | 67.5    | 25.8   | 29.1    | 4.4    | (4.1)  |         | 122.7   |
| Cost efficiency ratio  | 35.1    | 34.0   | 38.4    | 57.5   | 124.5  |         | 42.3    |
| <i>Balance sheet data</i> <sup>23</sup>                                |         |        |         |        |        |         |         |
|  | US\$m   | US\$m  | US\$m   | US\$m  | US\$m  |         | US\$m   |
| Loans and advances to customers (net)                                  | 43,869  | 28,217 | 21,991  | 3,361  | 1,943  |         | 99,381  |
| Total assets   | 83,497  | 34,743 | 217,146 | 20,353 | 52,508 | (9,004) | 399,243 |
| Customer accounts  | 166,445 | 62,146 | 26,650  | 19,474 | 726    |         | 275,441 |

For footnotes, see page 95.

**Table of Contents****Rest of Asia-Pacific**

Profit/(loss) before tax by country within customer groups and global businesses

|                                  | <b>Personal</b>  |                   | <b>Global</b>  | <b>Private</b> | <b>Other</b> | <b>Total</b> |
|----------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|
|                                  | <b>Financial</b> | <b>Commercial</b> | <b>Banking</b> | <b>Banking</b> | <b>US\$m</b> | <b>US\$m</b> |
|                                  | <b>Services</b>  | <b>Banking</b>    | <b>&amp;</b>   | <b>Markets</b> |              |              |
|                                  | <b>US\$m</b>     | <b>US\$m</b>      | <b>Markets</b> | <b>US\$m</b>   |              |              |
|                                  | <b>US\$m</b>     | <b>US\$m</b>      | <b>US\$m</b>   | <b>US\$m</b>   | <b>US\$m</b> | <b>US\$m</b> |
| <b>Half-year to 30 June 2010</b> |                  |                   |                |                |              |              |
| Australia                        | 23               | 42                | 68             |                | 3            | 136          |
| India                            | (50)             | 39                | 245            | 3              | 103          | 340          |
| Indonesia                        | (3)              | 48                | 60             |                | (3)          | 102          |
| Japan                            | (30)             |                   | 60             |                | (2)          | 28           |
| Mainland China                   | 364              | 390               | 297            | (4)            | 234          | 1,281        |
| Associates                       | 415              | 356               | 215            |                | 192          | 1,178        |
| Other mainland China             | (51)             | 34                | 82             | (4)            | 42           | 103          |
| Malaysia                         | 54               | 45                | 96             |                | 6            | 201          |
| Singapore                        | 65               | 42                | 111            | 43             | 3            | 264          |
| South Korea                      | 8                | (4)               | 180            |                | 29           | 213          |
| Taiwan                           | 20               | 32                | 43             |                | (9)          | 86           |
| Other                            | 25               | 123               | 146            | 1              | 39           | 334          |
|                                  | <b>476</b>       | <b>757</b>        | <b>1,306</b>   | <b>43</b>      | <b>403</b>   | <b>2,985</b> |
| <b>Half-year to 30 June 2009</b> |                  |                   |                |                |              |              |
| Australia                        | 12               | 9                 | 60             |                | 3            | 84           |
| India                            | (124)            | (39)              | 244            |                | 120          | 201          |
| Indonesia                        | (12)             | 16                | 77             |                | (1)          | 80           |
| Japan                            | (41)             |                   | 38             | (4)            | (1)          | (8)          |
| Mainland China                   | 188              | 292               | 258            | (3)            | 17           | 752          |
| Associates                       | 287              | 255               | 143            |                |              | 685          |
| Other mainland China             | (99)             | 37                | 115            | (3)            | 17           | 67           |
| Malaysia                         | 38               | 27                | 76             |                | (2)          | 139          |
| Singapore                        | 67               | 43                | 126            | 54             | (7)          | 283          |
| South Korea                      | (6)              | (6)               | 186            |                | 11           | 185          |
| Taiwan                           | (7)              | 32                | 55             |                | 1            | 81           |
| Other                            | 20               | 85                | 119            |                | 1            | 225          |
|                                  | <b>135</b>       | <b>459</b>        | <b>1,239</b>   | <b>47</b>      | <b>142</b>   | <b>2,022</b> |

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Half-year to 31 December 2009

|                      |      |     |       |     |      |       |
|----------------------|------|-----|-------|-----|------|-------|
| Australia            | 18   | 23  | 80    |     | (7)  | 114   |
| India                | (95) | (2) | 149   | 1   | 120  | 173   |
| Indonesia            | (12) | 44  | 52    |     | (10) | 74    |
| Japan                | (38) |     | 27    |     | 2    | (9)   |
| Mainland China       | 306  | 324 | 221   | (4) | 33   | 880   |
| Associates           | 391  | 303 | 142   |     |      | 836   |
| Other mainland China | (85) | 21  | 79    | (4) | 33   | 44    |
| Malaysia             | 50   | 26  | 64    |     | 7    | 147   |
| Singapore            | 62   | 34  | 121   | 44  | (2)  | 259   |
| South Korea          | 3    | 1   | 156   |     | 14   | 174   |
| Taiwan               | 4    | 33  | 41    |     | 1    | 79    |
| Other                | 30   | 122 | 169   | 2   | (36) | 287   |
|                      | 328  | 605 | 1,080 | 43  | 122  | 2,178 |



**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Operating and Financial Review** (continued)*Loans and advances to customers (net) by country*

|                | At             | At      | At       |
|----------------|----------------|---------|----------|
|                | <b>30 June</b> | 30 June | December |
|                | <b>2010</b>    | 2009    | 2009     |
|                | <b>US\$m</b>   | US\$m   | US\$m    |
| Australia      | <b>12,737</b>  | 10,594  | 12,112   |
| India          | <b>5,974</b>   | 5,236   | 4,893    |
| Indonesia      | <b>3,200</b>   | 2,540   | 2,721    |
| Japan          | <b>3,325</b>   | 2,486   | 2,496    |
| Mainland China | <b>15,295</b>  | 10,784  | 13,294   |
| Malaysia       | <b>10,625</b>  | 8,873   | 9,132    |
| Singapore      | <b>17,616</b>  | 12,956  | 14,817   |
| South Korea    | <b>4,911</b>   | 4,426   | 4,438    |
| Taiwan         | <b>5,385</b>   | 4,123   | 4,280    |
| Other          | <b>12,604</b>  | 12,044  | 11,860   |
|                | <b>91,672</b>  | 74,062  | 80,043   |

*Customer accounts by country*

|                | At             | At      | At       |
|----------------|----------------|---------|----------|
|                | <b>30 June</b> | 30 June | December |
|                | <b>2010</b>    | 2009    | 2009     |
|                | <b>US\$m</b>   | US\$m   | US\$m    |
| Australia      | <b>12,641</b>  | 9,621   | 12,093   |
| India          | <b>11,269</b>  | 11,719  | 11,676   |
| Indonesia      | <b>5,599</b>   | 4,557   | 5,014    |
| Japan          | <b>4,432</b>   | 4,673   | 4,914    |
| Mainland China | <b>21,893</b>  | 19,874  | 21,867   |
| Malaysia       | <b>13,751</b>  | 12,080  | 12,809   |
| Singapore      | <b>34,696</b>  | 32,920  | 33,211   |
| South Korea    | <b>4,258</b>   | 4,336   | 4,162    |
| Taiwan         | <b>10,385</b>  | 9,819   | 9,891    |
| Other          | <b>19,395</b>  | 16,984  | 18,362   |
|                | <b>138,319</b> | 126,583 | 133,999  |

## Economic briefing

GDP growth in **mainland China** moderated slightly during the first half of 2010 as government measures aimed at cooling the previously rapid rate of expansion encouraged a modest slowdown in economic activity. In the second quarter, the level of GDP rose by 10.3 per cent in year-on-year terms, down from 11.9 per cent during the first quarter of the year, and most indicators suggest some further moderation in activity during the remainder of 2010. Growth in

industrial production during the first half of the year, while slowing, proved very strong as output rose by 17.6 per cent on the comparable period in 2009. Consumer spending remained robust, with retail sales rising by 18.3 per cent over the year to June 2010. The annual CPI inflation rate rose to 3.1 per cent in May 2010 before easing slightly to 2.9 per cent in June. The renminbi's de facto peg against the US dollar, which had existed for 23 months, was removed in June 2010 as the Chinese authorities returned to the previous floating system with reference to a basket of currencies.

Economic conditions improved markedly in **Japan** during the first half of 2010. In the first quarter the level of GDP rose by 1.2 per cent on the previous quarter, due in large part to strong external demand and some improvement in consumer demand. Industrial production rose significantly, albeit remaining well below pre-crisis levels, and labour market conditions proved volatile as unemployment rose to 5.2 per cent at the end of June. Consumer prices fell by 0.7 per cent over the year to June in the deflationary environment. The Bank of Japan kept the target unsecured overnight call rate at 0.1 per cent and introduced a range of initiatives designed to improve the availability and flow of credit across the economy.

**Table of Contents**

Profit before tax

|   | <b>30 June<br/>2010<br/>US\$m</b> | Half-year to<br>30 June<br>2009<br>US\$m | 31<br>December<br>2009<br>US\$m |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| <b>Rest of Asia-Pacific</b>   |                                   |  |                                 |
| Net interest income   | <b>1,822</b>                      | 1,768                                    | 1,771                           |
| Net fee income  | <b>934</b>                        | 719                                      | 838                             |
| Net trading income  | <b>780</b>                        | 909                                      | 697                             |
| Changes in fair value of long-term debt issued and related derivatives                      |                                   | (2)                                      | 1                               |
| Net income/(expense) from other financial instruments designated at fair value              | <b>(2)</b>                        | 31                                       | 80                              |
| Net income/(expense) from financial instruments designated at fair value                    | <b>(2)</b>                        | 29                                       | 81                              |
| Gains less losses from financial investments  | <b>39</b>                         | (21)                                     | 2                               |
| Dividend income   | <b>1</b>                          | 1  | 1                               |
| Net earned insurance premiums   | <b>198</b>                        | 152                                      | 213                             |
| Other operating income  | <b>877</b>                        | 608                                      | 630                             |
| <b>Total operating income</b>   | <b>4,649</b>                      | 4,165                                    | 4,233                           |
| Net insurance claims incurred and movement in liabilities to policyholders                  | <b>(151)</b>                      | (156)                                    | (239)                           |
| <b>Net operating income before loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions</b> | <b>4,498</b>                      | 4,009                                    | 3,994                           |
| Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions                                    | <b>(147)</b>                      | (531)                                    | (365)                           |
| <b>Net operating income</b>   | <b>4,351</b>                      | 3,478                                    | 3,629                           |
| Operating expenses  | <b>(2,417)</b>                    | (2,151)                                  | (2,299)                         |
| <b>Operating profit</b>   | <b>1,934</b>                      | 1,327                                    | 1,330                           |
| Share of profit in associates and joint ventures  | <b>1,051</b>                      | 695                                      | 848                             |

|   |                |          |          |
|---|----------------|----------|----------|
| <b>Profit before tax</b>  | <b>2,985</b>   | 2,022    | 2,178    |
|   | <b>%</b>       | <b>%</b> | <b>%</b> |
| Share of HSBC's profit before tax   | <b>26.9</b>    | 40.3     | 105.7    |
| Cost efficiency ratio   | <b>53.7</b>    | 53.7     | 57.6     |
| Period-end staff numbers (full-time equivalent)   | <b>88,605</b>  | 87,567   | 87,141   |
| <i>Balance sheet data</i> <sup>23</sup>   |                |          |          |
|   | <b>US\$m</b>   | US\$m    | US\$m    |
| Loans and advances to customers (net)   | <b>91,672</b>  | 74,062   | 80,043   |
| Loans and advances to banks (net)   | <b>35,338</b>  | 34,278   | 35,648   |
| Trading assets, financial instruments designated at fair value, and financial investments | <b>64,142</b>  | 55,328   | 58,941   |
| Total assets  | <b>244,624</b> | 217,794  | 222,139  |
| Deposits by banks   | <b>15,412</b>  | 12,980   | 8,075    |
| Customer accounts   | <b>138,319</b> | 126,583  | 133,999  |

*For footnote, see page 95.*

*The commentary on Rest of Asia-Pacific is on an underlying basis unless stated otherwise.*

Elsewhere in Asia the recovery continued, with strong rates of growth recorded during the first half of 2010 as the rebound in activity continued from the final months of 2009. In most economies, the level of output exceeded pre-crisis peaks. **Singapore**, especially, staged a significant recovery, with output growing at double-digit rates, placing the economy amongst the region's best performers during the first half of 2010. Growth also recovered impressively in **India**, with the level of GDP rising by 8.6 per cent in year-on-year terms during the first three months of 2010, helped by an acceleration of private investment and consumer spending. The pace of recovery encouraged the Reserve Bank of India to tighten monetary conditions modestly from March onwards. In **Indonesia**, economic recovery continued into 2010 with the year-on-year rate of change in GDP accelerating to 5.7 per cent in the first quarter of the year, while the annual rate of growth in **Malaysia** rebounded sharply to double-

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Operating and Financial Review** (continued)

digits in the first quarter, owing in part to an extensive government stimulus programme. Other economies in Southeast Asia also maintained a healthy pace of recovery in the first half of 2010. The **Philippines, Thailand, and Vietnam** economies which appeared to lag the regional recovery in 2009 saw impressive advances in GDP in the first quarter of 2010, with indicative data also suggesting a sustained rate of expansion into the second quarter of the year. Political uncertainties in Thailand appear to have exerted less of a depressive influence on growth than initially feared, while the Philippines and Vietnam also benefited from strong consumer spending and accommodative fiscal policies. Meanwhile, **South Korea and Taiwan** witnessed impressive gains in industrial output during the first half of 2010, benefiting especially from the improving global trade cycle and rapidly growing demand in mainland China. In both economies, the strength of exports supported labour markets, household income growth and consumer expenditure.

Review of business performance

*Reconciliation of reported and underlying profit before tax*

|  | Half-year to 30 June 2010 ( 1H10 ) compared with half-year to 30 June 2009 ( 1H09 ) |  |   |   |                              |  |                                  |   |   |
|--|---|--|---|---|------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|---|---|
|  | 1H09<br>as reported<br>US\$m  | 1H09<br>adjust-<br>ments <sup>1</sup><br>US\$m | Currency<br>translation <sup>2</sup><br>US\$m | 1H09<br>at<br>exchange<br>rates <sup>3</sup><br>US\$m | 1H10<br>as reported<br>US\$m | 1H10<br>adjust-<br>ments <sup>1</sup><br>US\$m | 1H10<br>under-<br>lying<br>US\$m | Re-<br>ported<br>change <sup>4</sup><br>% | Under-<br>lying<br>change <sup>4</sup><br>% |
| <b>Rest of Asia-Pacific</b>                              |   |  |   |   |                              |  |                                  |   |   |
| Net interest income                                      | 1,768   |  | 146   | 1,914   | 1,822                        | (31)   | 1,791                            | 3   | (6)   |
| Net fee income   | 719   |  | 63  | 782   | 934                          | (3)  | 931                              | 30  | 19  |
| Changes in fair value <sup>5</sup>                       | (3)   | 3  |   |   |                              |  |                                  |   |   |
| Other income <sup>6</sup>                                | 1,525   |  | 137   | 1,662   | 1,742                        | (197)  | 1,545                            | 14  | (7)   |
| <b>Net operating income<sup>7</sup></b>                  | <b>4,009</b>  | <b>3</b>                                       | <b>346</b>                                    | <b>4,358</b>  | <b>4,498</b>                 | <b>(231)</b>                                   | <b>4,267</b>                     | <b>12</b>                                 | <b>(2)</b>                                  |
| Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions | (531)   |  | (53)  | (584)   | (147)                        |  | (147)                            | 72  | 75  |
| <b>Net operating income</b>                              | <b>3,478</b>  | <b>3</b>                                       | <b>293</b>                                    | <b>3,774</b>  | <b>4,351</b>                 | <b>(231)</b>                                   | <b>4,120</b>                     | <b>25</b>                                 | <b>9</b>                                    |
| Operating expenses                                       | (2,151)   |  | (169)   | (2,320)   | (2,417)                      | 19   | (2,398)                          | (12)                                      | (3)   |
| <b>Operating profit</b>                                  | <b>1,327</b>  | <b>3</b>                                       | <b>124</b>                                    | <b>1,454</b>  | <b>1,934</b>                 | <b>(212)</b>                                   | <b>1,722</b>                     | <b>46</b>                                 | <b>18</b>                                   |
| Income from associates                                   | 695   |  |   | 695   | 1,051                        |  | 1,051                            | 51  | 51  |

|                          |              |          |            |              |              |              |              |           |           |
|--------------------------|--------------|----------|------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|-----------|
| <b>Profit before tax</b> | <b>2,022</b> | <b>3</b> | <b>124</b> | <b>2,149</b> | <b>2,985</b> | <b>(212)</b> | <b>2,773</b> | <b>48</b> | <b>29</b> |
|--------------------------|--------------|----------|------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-----------|-----------|

*For footnotes, see page 95.*

HSBC's operations in the Rest of Asia-Pacific region reported pre-tax profits of US\$3.0 billion compared with US\$2.0 billion in the first half of 2009, an increase of 48 per cent. Within reported profits was an accounting gain of US\$188 million arising from the dilution of HSBC's shareholding in Ping An Insurance following its issue of share capital to a third party in the first half of 2010. On an underlying basis, which excludes this dilution gain, pre-tax profit rose by 29 per cent as a result of increased economic activity, expanding trade flows and improved credit conditions.

HSBC's focus on the key regional markets of mainland China, India, Indonesia, Singapore, Malaysia and Australia, where the greatest opportunities have been identified to support customers' growing local and international needs, resulted in expansion of the business in these countries, including the opening of new branches.

In addition, HSBC increased its shareholding in Bao Viet. The new mainland China head office building was opened in Shanghai in June which, along with the 100th HSBC branded outlet, reaffirmed HSBC's position as the leading foreign bank in the country. Two Hang Seng Bank branded outlets and one rural bank outlet were also opened in the first half of 2010. During the period, HSBC increased its investment in the Bank of Communications by agreeing to subscribe for its full entitlement of H-Shares in the Bank of Communications rights issue for a consideration of approximately US\$921 million. The Group also subscribed for its entitlement in Industrial Bank's rights issue through its holding in Hang Seng Bank. In July 2010, HSBC agreed to acquire a substantial part of Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc's commercial and retail business in India with assets of US\$1.8 billion as at 31 March 2010 and approximately 1.1 million customers.

**Table of Contents**

Advance was successfully launched in six countries and territories. The acquisition of Premier customers continued apace, with numbers growing by 15 per cent in the 15 countries and territories within Rest of Asia-Pacific where the proposition is offered. Commercial Banking further enhanced its international connectivity, with inward referrals from other regions and outward referrals increasing by 62 per cent and 75 per cent, respectively, providing evidence of its progress with implementing HSBC's strategic objective to be the leading international business bank.

*Net interest income* decreased by 6 per cent, mainly in Balance Sheet Management, driven by the maturing of higher yielding positions and the flattening of yield curves.

Lending increased as a result of business growth in Commercial Banking and Global Banking, primarily in mainland China but also in Singapore and Japan, in part reflecting the recovery in trade volumes in the region. Lending balances in Personal Financial Services also grew, particularly in the residential mortgage books in Malaysia, Australia, mainland China and Singapore. The risk profile of lending improved as the planned reduction in non-relationship managed cards and personal loans continued, particularly in India.

Asset spreads narrowed due to intensified market competition, primarily in residential mortgages in Personal Financial Services, and a change in the mix of assets towards more secured lending.

Customer deposits grew by 6 per cent from 30 June 2009, with continued growth in mainland China, Australia, Singapore and Malaysia. Premier customer balances in the region increased as demand for the proposition continued to expand.

Liability spreads remained constrained, reflecting low interest rates in many countries across the region. However, improvement was seen in Australia and mainland China, where overall spreads gradually widened in the first half of 2010.

Balance Sheet Management income declined from the exceptional results of the first half of 2009 as higher yielding trades matured, interest rates remained low and yield curves flattened, primarily in Japan, Singapore and Australia.

*Net fee income* was 19 per cent higher, driven by a rise in fees from funds under management, securities services and sales of investment products, all of which benefited from an improvement in equity markets and investor sentiment compared with the first half of 2009. Marketing activities were increased to support revenue growth opportunities arising from these developments. Increased levels of regional trade generated higher fee income from greater volumes of remittances and credit facilities. Re-pricing initiatives taken in 2009 were also a contributing factor.

*Net trading income* declined by 22 per cent, as lower market volatility resulted in fewer trading opportunities in Credit, Rates and foreign exchange compared with the first half of 2009. Similarly, the non-recurrence of significant gains from credit trading in India and the one-off gains recognised on certain transactions in South Korea, further affected revenues. This was partly offset by higher interest income on trading products, notably in India, reflecting growth in the size of the trading portfolio.

Increased economic activity, expanding trade flows and improved credit conditions drove a 29 per cent increase in pre-tax profit in Rest of Asia-Pacific.

A net expense of US\$2 million on *financial instruments designated at fair value* was recorded, compared with income of US\$34 million in the first half of 2009. The movement was primarily driven by lower revaluation gains on assets linked to the insurance business. To the extent that the current period gains were attributed to policyholders, there was a corresponding change in *net insurance claims incurred and movement in liabilities to policyholders*.

*Gains less losses from financial investments* rose by US\$52 million as a result of gains on sales of available-for-sale investments and the non-recurrence of impairments reported in the same period in 2009.

*Net earned insurance premiums* increased by 22 per cent to US\$198 million, largely due to higher sales in Taiwan primarily from unit-linked products, and successful product launches and marketing campaigns in Malaysia. Growth in the insurance business resulted in an increase in *net insurance claims incurred and movement in liabilities to policyholders*.

*Loan impairment charges* decreased by 75 per cent to US\$147 million. In Personal Financial Services, the decrease was driven by the planned reduction in cards and other unsecured lending balances in India, and the general improvement in economic conditions in the region. The economic environment also contributed to fewer individual

loan impairment charges in Commercial Banking.



**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Operating and Financial Review** (continued)

*Operating expenses* increased marginally by 3 per cent to US\$2.4 billion. Higher staff costs in mainland China, Singapore and Taiwan to support business expansion were partly offset by reduced costs due to lower headcount in most other countries in the region, as high utilisation of direct channels continued, reflecting the progressive benefits of cost efficiency programmes and technology enhancement.

*Share of profit from associates and joint ventures* in the region increased by 51 per cent, with a higher contribution from Ping An Insurance, which achieved very strong sales growth as the company capitalised on improved economic conditions. An increase in net interest income and net fee income in Bank of Communications and lower loan impairment charges in Industrial Bank also resulted in higher profits as both banks benefited from buoyant economic growth and a higher lending base in mainland China following the stimulus packages implemented in 2009.

*Reconciliation of reported and underlying profit before tax*

|  | Half-year to 30 June 2010 ( 1H10 ) compared with half-year to 31 December 2009 ( 2H09 ) |                                       |                                      |   |                        |                                       |                         |                                      |  |
|--|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
|  | 2H09<br>as<br>reported  | 2H09<br>adjust-<br>ments <sup>1</sup> | Currency<br>translation <sup>2</sup> | 2H09<br>at 1H10<br>exchange<br>rates <sup>8</sup> | 1H10<br>as<br>reported | 1H10<br>adjust-<br>ments <sup>1</sup> | 1H10<br>under-<br>lying | Re-<br>ported<br>change <sup>4</sup> | Under-<br>lying<br>change <sup>4</sup> |
|  | US\$m   | US\$m                                 | US\$m                                | US\$m   | US\$m                  | US\$m                                 | US\$m                   | %                                    | %                                      |
| Rest of Asia-Pacific   |   |                                       |                                      |   |                        |                                       |                         |                                      |  |
| Net interest income  | 1,771   |                                       | 47                                   | 1,818   | 1,822                  |                                       | 1,822                   | 3                                    |  |
| Net fee income   | 838   |                                       | 19                                   | 857   | 934                    |                                       | 934                     | 11                                   | 9                                      |
| Other income <sup>6</sup>                                      | 1,385   |                                       | 40                                   | 1,425   | 1,742                  | (188)                                 | 1,554                   | 26                                   | 9                                      |
| Net operating<br>income <sup>7</sup>                           | 3,994   |                                       | 106                                  | 4,100   | 4,498                  | (188)                                 | 4,310                   | 13                                   | 5                                      |
| Loan impairment<br>charges and other<br>credit risk provisions | (365)   |                                       | (14)                                 | (379)   | (147)                  |                                       | (147)                   | 60                                   | 61                                     |
| Net operating income   | 3,629   |                                       | 92                                   | 3,721   | 4,351                  | (188)                                 | 4,163                   | 20                                   | 12                                     |
| Operating expenses   | (2,299)   |                                       | (56)                                 | (2,355)   | (2,417)                |                                       | (2,417)                 | (5)                                  | (3)                                    |
| Operating profit   | 1,330   |                                       | 36                                   | 1,366   | 1,934                  | (188)                                 | 1,746                   | 45                                   | 28                                     |
| Income from<br>associates                                      | 848   |                                       | 1                                    | 849   | 1,051                  |                                       | 1,051                   | 24                                   | 24                                     |
| Profit before tax  | 2,178   |                                       | 37                                   | 2,215   | 2,985                  | (188)                                 | 2,797                   | 37                                   | 26                                     |

*For footnotes, see page 95.*



**Table of Contents**

Analysis by customer group and global business  
*Profit before tax*

|   | Half-year to 30 June 2010      |                                |                                   |                    |            |  | Total<br>US\$m |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|------------|--|----------------|
|   | Personal                       |                                | Global<br>Banking<br>&<br>Markets | Private<br>Banking | Other      | Inter-<br>segment<br>elimination <sup>35</sup> |                |
| Rest of Asia-Pacific  | Financial<br>Services<br>US\$m | Commercial<br>Banking<br>US\$m | US\$m                             | US\$m              | US\$m      | US\$m  |                |
| Net interest income   | 754                            | 431                            | 662                               | 40                 | 30         | (95)   | 1,822          |
| Net fee<br>income/(expense)   | 320                            | 204                            | 385                               | 30                 | (5)        |  | 934            |
| Trading<br>income/(expense)<br>excluding net interest<br>income                   | 36                             | 61                             | 462                               | 35                 | (8)        |  | 586            |
| Net interest income on<br>trading activities                                      |                                |                                | 98                                |                    | 1          | 95   | 194            |
| Net trading income/<br>(expense) <sup>25</sup>                                    | 36                             | 61                             | 560                               | 35                 | (7)        | 95   | 780            |
| Net income/(expense)<br>from financial<br>instruments designated<br>at fair value | 2                              | 1                              |                                   |                    | (5)        |  | (2)            |
| Gains less losses from<br>financial investments                                   | 1                              | 3                              | 30                                | 2                  | 3          |  | 39             |
| Dividend income   |                                |                                | 1                                 |                    |            |  | 1              |
| Net earned insurance<br>premiums  | 172                            | 26                             |                                   |                    |            |  | 198            |
| Other operating income  | 52                             | 53                             | 20                                |                    | 826        | (74)   | 877            |
| <b>Total operating<br/>income</b>   | <b>1,337</b>                   | <b>779</b>                     | <b>1,658</b>                      | <b>107</b>         | <b>842</b> | <b>(74)</b>                                    | <b>4,649</b>   |
| Net insurance claims <sup>26</sup>  | (133)                          | (18)                           |                                   |                    |            |  | (151)          |
| <b>Net operating income<sup>7</sup></b>   | <b>1,204</b>                   | <b>761</b>                     | <b>1,658</b>                      | <b>107</b>         | <b>842</b> | <b>(74)</b>                                    | <b>4,498</b>   |
| Loan impairment<br>(charges)/ recoveries<br>and other credit risk<br>provisions   | (175)                          | 18                             | 10                                |                    |            |  | (147)          |

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|  |              |            |              |            |            |             |              |
|--|--------------|------------|--------------|------------|------------|-------------|--------------|
| <b>Net operating income</b>                      | <b>1,029</b> | <b>779</b> | <b>1,668</b> | <b>107</b> | <b>842</b> | <b>(74)</b> | <b>4,351</b> |
| Operating expenses                               | (997)        | (376)      | (564)        | (64)       | (490)      | 74          | (2,417)      |
| <b>Operating profit</b>                          | <b>32</b>    | <b>403</b> | <b>1,104</b> | <b>43</b>  | <b>352</b> |             | <b>1,934</b> |
| Share of profit in associates and joint ventures | 444          | 354        | 202          |            | 51         |             | 1,051        |
| <b>Profit before tax</b>                         | <b>476</b>   | <b>757</b> | <b>1,306</b> | <b>43</b>  | <b>403</b> |             | <b>2,985</b> |
|  | %            | %          | %            | %          | %          |             | %            |
| Share of HSBC's profit before tax                | 4.3          | 6.8        | 11.8         | 0.4        | 3.6        |             | 26.9         |
| Cost efficiency ratio                            | 82.8         | 49.4       | 34.0         | 59.8       | 58.2       |             | 53.7         |
| <i>Balance sheet data</i> <sup>23</sup>          |              |            |              |            |            |             |              |
|  | US\$m        | US\$m      | US\$m        | US\$m      | US\$m      |             | US\$m        |
| Loans and advances to customers (net)            | 31,317       | 26,284     | 30,718       | 3,181      | 172        |             | 91,672       |
| Total assets                                     | 42,096       | 34,810     | 153,877      | 12,013     | 10,393     | (8,565)     | 244,624      |
| Customer accounts                                | 48,890       | 31,046     | 46,089       | 12,262     | 32         |             | 138,319      |

69

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Operating and Financial Review** (continued)*Profit before tax (continued)*

|   | Half-year to 30 June 2009                  |                                |  |                             |                |   | Total<br>US\$m |
|---|--|--------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|----------------|---|----------------|
|   | Personal<br>Financial<br>Services<br>US\$m | Commercial<br>Banking<br>US\$m | Global<br>Banking<br>&<br>Markets<br>US\$m | Private<br>Banking<br>US\$m | Other<br>US\$m | Inter-<br>segment<br>elimination <sup>35</sup><br>US\$m |                |
| Rest of Asia-Pacific<br>Net interest income                                       | 730  | 380                            | 626  | 55                          | 63             | (86)  | 1,768          |
| Net fee<br>income/(expense)   | 254  | 154                            | 294  | 25                          | (8)            |   | 719            |
| Trading<br>income/(expense)<br>excluding net interest<br>income                   | 40   | 71                             | 609  | 35                          | (15)           |   | 740            |
| Net interest<br>income/(expense) on<br>trading activities                         | (1)  |                                | 82   |                             | 2              | 86  | 169            |
| Net trading income/<br>(expense) <sup>25</sup>                                    | 39   | 71                             | 691  | 35                          | (13)           | 86  | 909            |
| Net income/(expense)<br>from financial<br>instruments designated<br>at fair value | 34   |                                | (3)  |                             | (2)            |   | 29             |
| Gains less losses from<br>financial investments                                   | 5  | 3                              | (10)                                       |                             | (19)           |   | (21)           |
| Dividend income   |  |                                | 1  |                             |                |   | 1              |
| Net earned insurance<br>premiums  | 136  | 16                             |  |                             |                |   | 152            |
| Other operating income  | 36   | 28                             | 17   |                             | 590            | (63)  | 608            |
| Total operating income  | 1,234                                      | 652                            | 1,616                                      | 115                         | 611            | (63)  | 4,165          |
| Net insurance claims <sup>26</sup>  | (145)                                      | (11)                           |  |                             |                |   | (156)          |
| Net operating income <sup>7</sup>   | 1,089                                      | 641                            | 1,616                                      | 115                         | 611            | (63)  | 4,009          |
| Loan impairment<br>charges and other<br>credit risk provisions                    | (375)                                      | (151)                          | (5)  |                             |                |   | (531)          |

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|   |        |        |         |        |       |         |         |
|---|--------|--------|---------|--------|-------|---------|---------|
| Net operating income                                    | 714    | 490    | 1,611   | 115    | 611   | (63)    | 3,478   |
| Operating expenses                                      | (870)  | (291)  | (517)   | (68)   | (468) | 63      | (2,151) |
| Operating profit/(loss)                                 | (156)  | 199    | 1,094   | 47     | 143   |         | 1,327   |
| Share of profit/(loss) in associates and joint ventures | 291    | 260    | 145     |        | (1)   |         | 695     |
| Profit before tax                                       | 135    | 459    | 1,239   | 47     | 142   |         | 2,022   |
|   | %      | %      | %       | %      | %     |         | %       |
| Share of HSBC's profit before tax                       | 2.7    | 9.1    | 24.7    | 0.9    | 2.9   |         | 40.3    |
| Cost efficiency ratio                                   | 79.9   | 45.4   | 32.0    | 59.1   | 76.6  |         | 53.7    |
| <i>Balance sheet data</i> <sup>23</sup>                 |        |        |         |        |       |         |         |
|   | US\$m  | US\$m  | US\$m   | US\$m  | US\$m |         | US\$m   |
| Loans and advances to customers (net)                   | 27,780 | 21,693 | 21,682  | 2,739  | 168   |         | 74,062  |
| Total assets  | 36,761 | 29,760 | 138,266 | 13,068 | 5,958 | (6,019) | 217,794 |
| Customer accounts                                       | 45,179 | 26,031 | 42,712  | 12,624 | 37    |         | 126,583 |

70

**Table of Contents**

|  | Half-year to 31 December 2009  |                                |                                   |                    |       |  | Total<br>US\$m |
|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-------|--|----------------|
|  | Personal                       |                                | Global<br>Banking<br>&<br>Markets | Private<br>Banking | Other | Inter-<br>segment<br>elimination <sup>35</sup> |                |
|  | Financial<br>Services<br>US\$m | Commercial<br>Banking<br>US\$m | US\$m                             | US\$m              | US\$m | US\$m  |                |
| Rest of Asia-Pacific<br>Net interest income                          | 763                            | 427                            | 548                               | 60                 | 28    | (55)   | 1,771          |
| Net fee<br>income/(expense)  | 300                            | 177                            | 342                               | 30                 | (11)  |  | 838            |
| Trading<br>income/(expense)<br>excluding net interest<br>income      | 40                             | 63                             | 404                               | 20                 | (3)   |  | 524            |
| Net interest<br>income/(expense) on<br>trading activities            |                                |                                | 120                               |                    | (2)   | 55   | 173            |
| Net trading income/<br>(expense) <sup>25</sup>                       | 40                             | 63                             | 524                               | 20                 | (5)   | 55   | 697            |
| Net income from<br>financial instruments<br>designated at fair value | 76                             | 1                              | 1                                 |                    | 3     |  | 81             |
| Gains less losses on<br>financial investments                        |                                | (1)                            | 3                                 |                    |       |  | 2              |
| Dividend income  |                                |                                |                                   |                    | 1     |  | 1              |
| Net earned insurance<br>premiums                                     | 201                            | 12                             |                                   |                    |       |  | 213            |
| Other operating<br>income/ (expense)                                 | 31                             | 38                             | 24                                | (2)                | 610   | (71)   | 630            |
| Total operating income   | 1,411                          | 717                            | 1,442                             | 108                | 626   | (71)   | 4,233          |
| Net insurance claims <sup>26</sup>                                   | (235)                          | (4)                            |                                   |                    |       |  | (239)          |
| Net operating income <sup>7</sup>                                    | 1,176                          | 713                            | 1,442                             | 108                | 626   | (71)   | 3,994          |
| Loan impairment<br>charges and other<br>credit risk provisions       | (274)                          | (70)                           | (18)                              | (2)                | (1)   |  | (365)          |
| Net operating income   | 902                            | 643                            | 1,424                             | 106                | 625   | (71)   | 3,629          |

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|  |        |        |         |        |       |         |         |
|--|--------|--------|---------|--------|-------|---------|---------|
| Operating expenses                               | (969)  | (345)  | (489)   | (63)   | (504) | 71      | (2,299) |
| Operating profit/(loss)                          | (67)   | 298    | 935     | 43     | 121   |         | 1,330   |
| Share of profit in associates and joint ventures | 395    | 307    | 145     |        | 1     |         | 848     |
| Profit before tax                                | 328    | 605    | 1,080   | 43     | 122   |         | 2,178   |
|  | %      | %      | %       | %      | %     |         | %       |
| Share of HSBC's profit before tax                | 15.9   | 29.4   | 52.4    | 2.1    | 5.9   |         | 105.7   |
| Cost efficiency ratio                            | 82.4   | 48.4   | 33.9    | 58.3   | 80.5  |         | 57.6    |
| <i>Balance sheet data</i> <sup>23</sup>          |        |        |         |        |       |         |         |
|  | US\$m  | US\$m  | US\$m   | US\$m  | US\$m |         | US\$m   |
| Loans and advances to customers (net)            | 30,433 | 22,595 | 23,989  | 2,834  | 192   |         | 80,043  |
| Total assets                                     | 40,266 | 31,221 | 138,884 | 11,928 | 7,160 | (7,320) | 222,139 |
| Customer accounts                                | 47,573 | 30,196 | 43,698  | 12,496 | 36    |         | 133,999 |

*For footnotes, see page 95.*



**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Operating and Financial Review (continued)****Middle East***Profit/(loss) before tax by country within customer groups and global businesses*

|  | <b>Personal</b>                         |   | <b>Global<br/>Banking<br/>&amp;<br/>Markets</b> | <b>Private<br/>Banking</b> | <b>Other</b> | <b>Total</b> |
|--|---|---|---|----------------------------|--------------|--------------|
|  | <b>Financial<br/>Services<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Commercial<br/>Banking<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>US\$m</b>                                    | <b>US\$m</b>               | <b>US\$m</b> | <b>US\$m</b> |
| <b>Half-year to 30 June 2010</b>         |   |   |   |                            |              |              |
| Egypt                                    | <b>18</b>                               | <b>41</b>                               | <b>19</b>                                       |                            |              | <b>78</b>    |
| Qatar                                    | <b>10</b>                               | <b>28</b>                               | <b>33</b>                                       |                            |              | <b>71</b>    |
| United Arab Emirates                     | <b>7</b>                                | <b>98</b>                               | <b>24</b>                                       | <b>(2)</b>                 | <b>(1)</b>   | <b>126</b>   |
| Other                                    | <b>14</b>                               | <b>15</b>                               | <b>(64)</b>                                     | <b>(1)</b>                 |              | <b>(36)</b>  |
|  |   |   |   |                            |              |              |
| Middle East (excluding<br>Saudi Arabia)  | <b>49</b>                               | <b>182</b>                              | <b>12</b>                                       | <b>(3)</b>                 | <b>(1)</b>   | <b>239</b>   |
| Saudi Arabia                             | <b>9</b>                                | <b>76</b>                               | <b>37</b>                                       | <b>(20)</b>                | <b>5</b>     | <b>107</b>   |
|  | <b>58</b>                               | <b>258</b>                              | <b>49</b>                                       | <b>(23)</b>                | <b>4</b>     | <b>346</b>   |
|  |   |   |   |                            |              |              |
| <b>Half-year to 30 June 2009</b>         |   |   |   |                            |              |              |
| Egypt                                    | 10                                      | 27                                      | 49  |                            | 34           | 120          |
| Qatar                                    | 10                                      | 29                                      | 35  |                            |              | 74           |
| United Arab Emirates                     | (14)                                    | 141                                     | 182   | (1)                        | 3            | 311          |
| Other                                    | 9                                       | 6                                       | (15)  |                            | (4)          | (4)          |
|  |   |   |   |                            |              |              |
| Middle East (excluding<br>Saudi Arabia)  | 15                                      | 203                                     | 251   | (1)                        | 33           | 501          |
| Saudi Arabia                             | 20                                      | 49                                      | 53  | 6                          | 14           | 142          |
|  | 35                                      | 252                                     | 304   | 5                          | 47           | 643          |
|  |   |   |   |                            |              |              |
| <b>Half-year to 31<br/>December 2009</b> |   |   |   |                            |              |              |
| Egypt                                    | 8                                       | 24                                      | 48  |                            | 24           | 104          |
| Qatar                                    |   | 31                                      | 31  |                            |              | 62           |
| United Arab Emirates                     | (163)                                   | (277)                                   | 125   | (1)                        | 2            | (314)        |
| Other                                    | (6)                                     | (21)                                    | (65)  |                            | 1            | (91)         |
|  | (161)                                   | (243)                                   | 139   | (1)                        | 27           | (239)        |

|                                      |       |       |     |    |       |
|--------------------------------------|-------|-------|-----|----|-------|
| Middle East (excluding Saudi Arabia) |       |       |     |    |       |
| Saudi Arabia                         | 12    | 24    | 2   | 13 | 51    |
|                                      | (161) | (231) | 163 | 1  | 40    |
|                                      |       |       |     |    | (188) |

*Loans and advances to customers (net) by country*

|                      | <b>At</b>      | <b>At</b>      | <b>At</b>       |
|----------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|
|                      | <b>30 June</b> | <b>30 June</b> | <b>December</b> |
|                      | <b>2010</b>    | <b>2009</b>    | <b>2009</b>     |
|                      | <b>US\$m</b>   | <b>US\$m</b>   | <b>US\$m</b>    |
| Egypt                | <b>2,689</b>   | 2,503          | 2,553           |
| Qatar                | <b>1,743</b>   | 1,802          | 1,811           |
| United Arab Emirates | <b>14,350</b>  | 15,906         | 13,883          |
| Other                | <b>4,612</b>   | 4,886          | 4,597           |
|                      | <b>23,394</b>  | 25,097         | 22,844          |

*Customer accounts by country*

|                      | <b>At</b>      | <b>At</b>      | <b>At</b>       |
|----------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|
|                      | <b>30 June</b> | <b>30 June</b> | <b>December</b> |
|                      | <b>2010</b>    | <b>2009</b>    | <b>2009</b>     |
|                      | <b>US\$m</b>   | <b>US\$m</b>   | <b>US\$m</b>    |
| Egypt                | <b>6,666</b>   | 5,642          | 5,743           |
| Qatar                | <b>3,192</b>   | 2,742          | 2,698           |
| United Arab Emirates | <b>16,136</b>  | 19,284         | 17,498          |
| Other                | <b>6,983</b>   | 6,613          | 6,590           |
|                      | <b>32,977</b>  | 34,281         | 32,529          |

**Table of Contents**

Profit/(loss) before tax

|   | <b>30<br/>June<br/>2010<br/>US\$m</b> | Half-year to<br>30 June<br>2009<br>US\$m | 31<br>December<br>2009<br>US\$m |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| <b>Middle East</b>  |                                       |  |                                 |
| Net interest income   | <b>667</b>                            | 763                                      | 722                             |
| Net fee income  | <b>356</b>                            | 308                                      | 317                             |
| Net trading income  | <b>194</b>                            | 220                                      | 174                             |
| Gains less losses from financial investments  | <b>(1)</b>                            | 13                                       | 3                               |
| Dividend income   | <b>5</b>                              | 2  | 1                               |
| Other operating income/(expense)  | <b>(33)</b>                           | 63                                       | 8                               |
| <b>Total operating income</b>   | <b>1,188</b>                          | 1,369                                    | 1,225                           |
| Net insurance claims incurred and movement in liabilities to policyholders                  |                                       |  |                                 |
| <b>Net operating income before loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions</b> | <b>1,188</b>                          | 1,369                                    | 1,225                           |
| Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions                                    | <b>(438)</b>                          | (391)                                    | (943)                           |
| <b>Net operating income</b>   | <b>750</b>                            | 978                                      | 282                             |
| Operating expenses  | <b>(519)</b>                          | (482)                                    | (519)                           |
| <b>Operating profit/(loss)</b>  | <b>231</b>                            | 496                                      | (237)                           |
| Share of profit in associates and joint ventures  | <b>115</b>                            | 147                                      | 49                              |
| <b>Profit/(loss) before tax</b>   | <b>346</b>                            | 643                                      | (188)                           |
|   | <b>%</b>                              | <b>%</b>                                 | <b>%</b>                        |
| Share of HSBC's profit before tax   | <b>3.1</b>                            | 12.8                                     | (9.1)                           |
| Cost efficiency ratio   | <b>43.7</b>                           | 35.2                                     | 42.4                            |
| Period-end staff numbers (full-time equivalent)   | <b>8,264</b>                          | 8,819                                    | 8,281                           |

*Balance sheet data*<sup>23</sup>

|   | <b>US\$m</b>  | US\$m  | US\$m  |
|---|---------------|--------|--------|
| Loans and advances to customers (net)   | <b>23,394</b> | 25,097 | 22,844 |
| Loans and advances to banks (net)   | <b>8,627</b>  | 6,556  | 8,420  |
| Trading assets, financial instruments designated at fair value, and financial investments | <b>10,944</b> | 10,064 | 10,230 |
| Total assets  | <b>49,637</b> | 48,601 | 48,107 |
| Deposits by banks   | <b>1,938</b>  | 991    | 1,491  |
| Customer accounts   | <b>32,977</b> | 34,281 | 32,529 |

*For footnote, see page 95.*

*The commentary on Middle East is on an underlying basis unless stated otherwise.*

## Economic briefing

Most of the economies of the **Middle East** stabilised during the first half of 2010, but continued to show growth rates far short of pre-crisis levels. Resilient oil prices offered some support, particularly in the Gulf, with the US\$77 per barrel average price of the first six months of 2010 sufficient to leave all the region's major oil producers with budget surpluses, supporting growth in public spending and a further reduction of public debt. However, while growth in public spending provided some impetus to regional economies, domestic demand struggled to build momentum. Most immediately, consumption and investment spending were held back by a limited access to credit, with lending growth remaining weak over the first few months of 2010. More difficult access to international debt and equity funding also weighed on the performance of the economy, particularly in the UAE. Egypt, meanwhile, took more convincing steps towards recovery, with the level of GDP in the first quarter rising by more than 5.5 per cent in year-on-year terms.

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Operating and Financial Review** (continued)

Review of business performance

*Reconciliation of reported and underlying profit before tax*

|  | Half-year to 30 June 2010 ( 1H10 ) compared with half-year to 30 June 2009 ( 1H09 ) |                    |                          |                    |              |                    |              |                     |                     |
|--|---|--------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------|--------------------|--------------|---------------------|---------------------|
|  | 1H09  | 1H09               |                          | 1H09               | 1H10         | 1H10               | 1H10         | Re-                 | Under-              |
|  | as  | adjust-            | Currency                 | exchange           | as           | adjust-            | under-       | ported              | lying               |
|  | reported  | ments <sup>1</sup> | translation <sup>2</sup> | rates <sup>3</sup> | reported     | ments <sup>1</sup> | lying        | change <sup>4</sup> | change <sup>4</sup> |
|  | US\$m   | US\$m              | US\$m                    | US\$m              | US\$m        | US\$m              | US\$m        | %                   | %                   |
| <b>Middle East</b>                                       |   |                    |                          |                    |              |                    |              |                     |                     |
| Net interest income                                      | 763   |                    |                          | 763                | 667          |                    | 667          | (13)                | (13)                |
| Net fee income   | 308   |                    |                          | 308                | 356          |                    | 356          | 16                  | 16                  |
| Other income <sup>6</sup>                                | 298   |                    |                          | 298                | 165          | 47                 | 212          | (45)                | (29)                |
| <b>Net operating income<sup>7</sup></b>                  | <b>1,369</b>  |                    |                          | <b>1,369</b>       | <b>1,188</b> | <b>47</b>          | <b>1,235</b> | <b>(13)</b>         | <b>(10)</b>         |
| Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions | (391)   |                    |                          | (391)              | (438)        |                    | (438)        | (12)                | (12)                |
| <b>Net operating income</b>                              | <b>978</b>  |                    |                          | <b>978</b>         | <b>750</b>   | <b>47</b>          | <b>797</b>   | <b>(23)</b>         | <b>(19)</b>         |
| Operating expenses                                       | (482)   |                    |                          | (482)              | (519)        |                    | (519)        | (8)                 | (8)                 |
| <b>Operating profit</b>                                  | <b>496</b>  |                    |                          | <b>496</b>         | <b>231</b>   | <b>47</b>          | <b>278</b>   | <b>(53)</b>         | <b>(44)</b>         |
| Income from associates                                   | 147   |                    |                          | 147                | 115          |                    | 115          | (22)                | (22)                |
| <b>Profit before tax</b>                                 | <b>643</b>  |                    |                          | <b>643</b>         | <b>346</b>   | <b>47</b>          | <b>393</b>   | <b>(46)</b>         | <b>(39)</b>         |

*For footnotes, see page 95.*

HSBC's operations in the Middle East reported profit before tax of US\$346 million, a decline of 46 per cent compared with US\$643 million in the first half of 2009 but a significant improvement on the second half of 2009.

In June 2010, HSBC agreed to sell its shareholding in British Arab Commercial Bank plc, pending regulatory and other approvals. Reflecting the terms of the sale, an impairment of US\$47 million was recognised following the reclassification of the asset as available for sale. On an underlying basis, and excluding this impairment, pre-tax profit declined by 39 per cent, largely due to the run-off of higher yielding loans and weaker economic conditions, which were reflected in a rise in loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions and reduced revenues compared

with the first half of 2009.

In light of the weaker economic backdrop, HSBC augmented its support for local internationally-focused businesses through the launch of a US\$100 million fund targeted at SMEs in the UAE engaged in cross-border business. Over 75 per cent of these facilities were allocated at 30 June 2010.

The emphasis on attracting high quality Personal Financial Services customers continued with further roll out of Premier and the introduction of the Advance proposition in the region. The number of Premier customers grew by 21 per cent

in the first half of 2010 and the number of Advance customers reached 63,000 as at June 2010.

A rise in loan impairment charges and lower revenues reduced underlying pre-tax profit by 39 per cent in the Middle East.

*Net interest income* decreased by 13 per cent as average lending balances fell in both Personal Financial Services and Commercial Banking.

In Personal Financial Services, HSBC continued to manage down unsecured lending balances at greatest risk in the weaker economic conditions, and this more than offset new lending primarily targeted at more creditworthy Premier and Advance customers. The move from riskier unsecured lending to a higher quality portfolio resulted in a narrowing of spreads.

Average Commercial Banking lending fell compared with the first half of 2009, reflecting the decline in economic activity, particularly in construction. However, trade-related balances recovered from the low levels of the second half of 2009.

Average customer accounts declined as corporate customers reduced their funding requirements in response to lower activity levels and tighter liquidity in the local markets. This was partly offset by an increase in personal customer deposits as a result of successful marketing campaigns.

**Table of Contents**

Deposit spreads improved as fixed-term deposits raised at higher rates towards the end of 2008 matured in the second half of 2009.

*Net fee income* grew by 16 per cent, with increased volumes in credit facilities, primarily related to trade and guarantees, and remittances in Commercial Banking. Global Banking and Markets generated higher fee income from export and project finance and an increase in the institutional equities business.

*Net trading income* declined by 12 per cent to US\$194 million. In Credit, lower revenues were due to the non-recurrence of gains which had resulted from the tightening of credit spreads on trading positions in the first half of 2009, coupled with lower liquidity levels in the regional markets. The decrease in foreign exchange income was driven by lower market volatility as speculation regarding the unpegging of Gulf currencies from the US dollar receded.

*Other operating income* declined by 78 per cent. The first half of 2009 benefited from the gains arising from the one-off buy-back and extinguishment of own debt.

*Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions* rose by 12 per cent compared with the first half of 2009 to US\$438 million, although this reflected a significant decline on the second half of the year. The increase on the comparable period was

driven by the economic downturn which occurred in the latter part of 2009 and continued to affect activity in the first half of 2010. This, combined with further restructuring activity, led to additional loan impairment charges in Global Banking and Markets related to the UAE.

Loan impairment charges fell by 43 per cent in Commercial Banking compared with the first half of 2009 and by 90 per cent from their peak in the second half of 2009 as incremental new impairment allowances were required on only a small number of customer accounts. In Personal Financial Services, loan impairment charges were lower than in both halves of 2009 as measures taken to improve loan quality, primarily from repositioning the loan book to more creditworthy customers, strengthening origination criteria and collections processes and running off certain mass market portfolios, resulted in lower delinquency rates.

*Operating expenses* increased by 8 per cent. Staff costs were unchanged and other costs increased, reflecting higher premises costs, property write-downs in the UAE and higher litigation provisions.

*Profit from associates and joint ventures* declined by 22 per cent, principally driven by a fall in contribution from The Saudi British Bank as loan impairment charges rose and revenue declined in the challenging operating conditions as lending contracted.

*Reconciliation of reported and underlying profit before tax*

|                           | Half-year to 30 June 2010 ( 1H10 ) compared with half-year to 31 December 2009 ( 2H09 ) |                                       |                                      |   |                        |                                       |                         |                                      |  |
|---------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
|                           | 2H09<br>as<br>reported  | 2H09<br>adjust-<br>ments <sup>1</sup> | Currency<br>translation <sup>2</sup> | 2H09<br>at 1H10<br>exchange<br>rates <sup>8</sup> | 1H10<br>as<br>reported | 1H10<br>adjust-<br>ments <sup>1</sup> | 1H10<br>under-<br>lying | Re-<br>ported<br>change <sup>4</sup> | Under-<br>lying<br>change <sup>4</sup> |
|                           | US\$m   | US\$m                                 | US\$m                                | US\$m   | US\$m                  | US\$m                                 | US\$m                   | %                                    | %                                      |
| Middle East               |   |                                       |                                      |   |                        |                                       |                         |                                      |  |
| Net interest              |   |                                       |                                      |   |                        |                                       |                         |                                      |  |
| income                    | 722   |                                       | (1)                                  | 721   | 667                    |                                       | 667                     | (8)                                  | (7)                                    |
| Net fee income            | 317   |                                       |                                      | 317   | 356                    |                                       | 356                     | 12                                   | 12                                     |
| Other income <sup>6</sup> | 186   |                                       | (1)                                  | 185   | 165                    | 47                                    | 212                     | (11)                                 | 15                                     |
| Net operating             |   |                                       |                                      |   |                        |                                       |                         |                                      |  |
| income <sup>7</sup>       | 1,225   |                                       | (2)                                  | 1,223   | 1,188                  | 47                                    | 1,235                   | (3)                                  | 1                                      |
|                           | (943)   |                                       |                                      | (943)   | (438)                  |                                       | (438)                   | 54                                   | 54                                     |

Loan impairment  
charges and other  
credit risk  
provisions

|                             |       |     |       |       |    |       |     |     |
|-----------------------------|-------|-----|-------|-------|----|-------|-----|-----|
| Net operating<br>income     | 282   | (2) | 280   | 750   | 47 | 797   | 166 | 185 |
| Operating<br>expenses       | (519) | 1   | (518) | (519) |    | (519) |     |     |
| Operating<br>profit/(loss)  | (237) | (1) | (238) | 231   | 47 | 278   | 197 | 217 |
| Income from<br>associates   | 49    |     | 49    | 115   |    | 115   | 135 | 135 |
| Profit/(loss) before<br>tax | (188) | (1) | (189) | 346   | 47 | 393   | 284 | 308 |

*For footnotes, see page 95.*



**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Operating and Financial Review** (continued)

Analysis by customer group and global business

*Profit/(loss) before tax*

|   | Half-year to 30 June 2010                  |                                |  |                             |            |   | Total<br>US\$m |
|---|--|--------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|------------|---|----------------|
|   | Personal<br>Financial<br>Services<br>US\$m | Commercial<br>Banking<br>US\$m | Global<br>Banking<br>&<br>Markets<br>US\$m | Private<br>Banking<br>US\$m | Other      | Inter-<br>segment<br>elimination <sup>35</sup><br>US\$m |                |
| Middle East   |  |                                |  |                             |            |   |                |
| Net interest income   | <b>287</b>                                 | <b>214</b>                     | <b>163</b>                                 | <b>1</b>                    | <b>5</b>   | <b>(3)</b>  | <b>667</b>     |
| Net fee income  | <b>103</b>                                 | <b>134</b>                     | <b>113</b>                                 | <b>6</b>                    |            |   | <b>356</b>     |
| Trading<br>income/(expense)<br>excluding net<br>interest income   | <b>30</b>                                  | <b>44</b>                      | <b>113</b>                                 |                             | <b>(3)</b> |   | <b>184</b>     |
| Net interest income<br>on trading activities                      | <b>1</b>                                   | <b>3</b>                       | <b>5</b>                                   |                             | <b>(2)</b> | <b>3</b>  | <b>10</b>      |
| Net trading<br>income/(expense) <sup>25</sup>                     | <b>31</b>                                  | <b>47</b>                      | <b>118</b>                                 |                             | <b>(5)</b> | <b>3</b>  | <b>194</b>     |
| Gains less losses<br>from financial<br>investments                | <b>1</b>                                   |                                | <b>(1)</b>                                 |                             | <b>(1)</b> |   | <b>(1)</b>     |
| Dividend income   | <b>2</b>                                   | <b>1</b>                       | <b>2</b>                                   |                             |            |   | <b>5</b>       |
| Other operating<br>income/(expense)                               | <b>11</b>                                  | <b>(20)</b>                    | <b>(11)</b>                                |                             | <b>16</b>  | <b>(29)</b>   | <b>(33)</b>    |
| <b>Total operating<br/>income</b>                                 | <b>435</b>                                 | <b>376</b>                     | <b>384</b>                                 | <b>7</b>                    | <b>15</b>  | <b>(29)</b>   | <b>1,188</b>   |
| Net insurance<br>claims <sup>26</sup>                             |  |                                |  |                             |            |   |                |
| <b>Net operating<br/>income<sup>7</sup></b>                       | <b>435</b>                                 | <b>376</b>                     | <b>384</b>                                 | <b>7</b>                    | <b>15</b>  | <b>(29)</b>   | <b>1,188</b>   |
| Loan impairment<br>charges and other<br>credit risk<br>provisions | <b>(141)</b>                               | <b>(47)</b>                    | <b>(250)</b>                               |                             |            |   | <b>(438)</b>   |

|   |            |            |            |             |            |             |            |
|---|------------|------------|------------|-------------|------------|-------------|------------|
| <b>Net operating income</b>                             | <b>294</b> | <b>329</b> | <b>134</b> | <b>7</b>    | <b>15</b>  | <b>(29)</b> | <b>750</b> |
| Operating expenses                                      | (245)      | (150)      | (127)      | (10)        | (16)       | 29          | (519)      |
| <b>Operating profit/(loss)</b>                          | <b>49</b>  | <b>179</b> | <b>7</b>   | <b>(3)</b>  | <b>(1)</b> |             | <b>231</b> |
| Share of profit/(loss) in associates and joint ventures | 9          | 79         | 42         | (20)        | 5          |             | 115        |
| <b>Profit/(loss) before tax</b>                         | <b>58</b>  | <b>258</b> | <b>49</b>  | <b>(23)</b> | <b>4</b>   |             | <b>346</b> |
|   | %          | %          | %          | %           | %          |             | %          |
| Share of HSBC's profit before tax                       | 0.5        | 2.3        | 0.4        | (0.2)       | 0.1        |             | 3.1        |
| Cost efficiency ratio                                   | 56.3       | 39.9       | 33.1       | 142.9       | 106.7      |             | 43.7       |
| <i>Balance sheet data<sup>23</sup></i>                  |            |            |            |             |            |             |            |
|   | US\$m      | US\$m      | US\$m      | US\$m       | US\$m      |             | US\$m      |
| Loans and advances to customers (net)                   | 5,443      | 11,541     | 6,389      | 18          | 3          |             | 23,394     |
| Total assets  | 6,238      | 13,892     | 29,106     | (267)       | 4,247      | (3,579)     | 49,637     |
| Customer accounts                                       | 16,449     | 10,482     | 5,359      | 641         | 46         |             | 32,977     |

76

**Table of Contents**

|  | Half-year to 30 June 2009                  |                                |  |                             |                |   | Total<br>US\$m |
|--|--|--------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|----------------|---|----------------|
|  | Personal<br>Financial<br>Services<br>US\$m | Commercial<br>Banking<br>US\$m | Global<br>Banking<br>&<br>Markets<br>US\$m | Private<br>Banking<br>US\$m | Other<br>US\$m | Inter-<br>segment<br>elimination <sup>35</sup><br>US\$m |                |
| Middle East<br>Net interest<br>income                    | 343  | 243                            | 149  | 1                           | 27             |   | 763            |
| Net fee<br>income  | 99   | 109                            | 98   | 1                           | 1              |   | 308            |
| Trading<br>income<br>excluding net<br>interest<br>income | 26   | 37                             | 146  |                             | 1              |   | 210            |
| Net interest<br>income on<br>trading<br>activities       |  |                                | 10   |                             |                |   | 10             |
| Net trading<br>income <sup>25</sup>                      | 26   | 37                             | 156  |                             | 1              |   | 220            |
| Gains less<br>losses from<br>financial<br>investments    | 11   | (2)                            | (1)  |                             | 5              |   | 13             |
| Dividend<br>income                                       |  |                                | 2  |                             |                |   | 2              |
| Other<br>operating<br>income                             | 24   | 33                             | 25   | 2                           | 19             | (40)  | 63             |
| Total<br>operating<br>income                             | 503  | 420                            | 429  | 4                           | 53             | (40)  | 1,369          |
| Net insurance<br>claims <sup>26</sup>                    |  |                                |  |                             |                |   |                |
| Net operating<br>income <sup>7</sup>                     | 503  | 420                            | 429  | 4                           | 53             | (40)  | 1,369          |

|  |        |        |        |       |       |         |        |
|--|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|---------|--------|
| Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions | (244)  | (83)   | (64)   |       |       |         | (391)  |
| Net operating income                                     | 259    | 337    | 365    | 4     | 53    | (40)    | 978    |
| Operating expenses                                       | (245)  | (135)  | (117)  | (5)   | (20)  | 40      | (482)  |
| Operating profit/(loss)                                  | 14     | 202    | 248    | (1)   | 33    |         | 496    |
| Share of profit in associates and joint ventures         | 21     | 50     | 56     | 6     | 14    |         | 147    |
| Profit before tax  | 35     | 252    | 304    | 5     | 47    |         | 643    |
|  | %      | %      | %      | %     | %     |         | %      |
| Share of HSBC's profit before tax                        | 0.7    | 5.0    | 6.1    | 0.1   | 0.9   |         | 12.8   |
| Cost efficiency ratio                                    | 48.7   | 32.1   | 27.3   | 125.0 | 37.7  |         | 35.2   |
| <i>Balance sheet data<sup>23</sup></i>                   |        |        |        |       |       |         |        |
|  | US\$m  | US\$m  | US\$m  | US\$m | US\$m |         | US\$m  |
| Loans and advances to customers (net)                    | 6,645  | 11,567 | 6,799  | 31    | 55    |         | 25,097 |
| Total assets   | 7,578  | 13,040 | 27,423 | 95    | 5,285 | (4,820) | 48,601 |
| Customer accounts  | 14,967 | 9,844  | 7,312  | 1,645 | 513   |         | 34,281 |

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Operating and Financial Review (continued)***Profit/(loss) before tax (continued)*

|   | Half-year to 31 December 2009              |                                |  |                             |                |   | Total<br>US\$m |
|---|--|--------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|----------------|---|----------------|
|   | Personal<br>Financial<br>Services<br>US\$m | Commercial<br>Banking<br>US\$m | Global<br>Banking<br>&<br>Markets<br>US\$m | Private<br>Banking<br>US\$m | Other<br>US\$m | Inter-<br>segment<br>elimination <sup>35</sup><br>US\$m |                |
| Middle East<br>Net interest<br>income                             | 301  | 221                            | 181  |                             | 19             |   | 722            |
| Net fee income  | 104  | 110                            | 100  | 2                           | 1              |   | 317            |
| Trading income<br>excluding net<br>interest income                | 29   | 38                             | 89   | 1                           | 2              |   | 159            |
| Net interest<br>income on trading<br>activities                   |  |                                | 10   |                             | 5              |   | 15             |
| Net trading<br>income <sup>25</sup>                               | 29   | 38                             | 99   | 1                           | 7              |   | 174            |
| Gains less losses<br>from financial<br>investments                | 1  |                                | 2  |                             |                |   | 3              |
| Dividend income   |  |                                | 1  |                             |                |   | 1              |
| Other operating<br>income/(expense)                               | 11   | 6                              | 10   | (3)                         | 20             | (36)  | 8              |
| Total operating<br>income   | 446  | 375                            | 393  |                             | 47             | (36)  | 1,225          |
| Net insurance<br>claims <sup>26</sup>                             |  |                                |  |                             |                |   |                |
| Net operating<br>income <sup>7</sup>                              | 446  | 375                            | 393  |                             | 47             | (36)  | 1,225          |
| Loan impairment<br>charges and other<br>credit risk<br>provisions | (344)                                      | (490)                          | (109)                                      |                             |                |   | (943)          |

|  |       |        |       |     |      |      |       |
|--|-------|--------|-------|-----|------|------|-------|
| Net operating income/(expense)                   | 102   | (115)  | 284   |     | 47   | (36) | (282) |
| Operating expenses                               | (263) | (134)  | (138) | (1) | (19) | 36   | (519) |
| Operating profit/(loss)                          | (161) | (249)  | 146   | (1) | 28   |      | (237) |
| Share of profit in associates and joint ventures |       | 18     | 17    | 2   | 12   |      | 49    |
| Profit/(loss) before tax                         | (161) | (231)  | 163   | 1   | 40   |      | (188) |
|  | %     | %      | %     | %   | %    |      | %     |
| Share of HSBC s profit before tax                | (7.8) | (11.1) | 7.9   |     | 1.9  |      | (9.1) |
| Cost efficiency ratio                            | 59.0  | 35.7   | 35.1  |     | 40.4 |      | 42.4  |

*Balance sheet data<sup>23</sup>*

|                                       | US\$m  | US\$m  | US\$m  | US\$m | US\$m |         | US\$m  |
|---------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|-------|-------|---------|--------|
| Loans and advances to customers (net) | 5,979  | 10,281 | 6,554  | 28    | 2     |         | 22,844 |
| Total assets                          | 6,810  | 11,861 | 28,189 | 96    | 4,952 | (3,801) | 48,107 |
| Customer accounts                     | 15,074 | 10,122 | 5,752  | 1,172 | 409   |         | 32,529 |

*For footnotes, see page 95.*

**Table of Contents****North America***Profit/(loss) before tax by country within customer groups and global businesses*

| <b>Half-year to 30 June 2010</b>     | <b>Personal</b>           |                           | <b>Global</b>                | <b>Private</b> | <b>Other</b>   | <b>Total</b>   |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
|                                      | <b>Financial Services</b> | <b>Commercial Banking</b> | <b>Banking &amp; Markets</b> |                |                |                |
|                                      | <b>US\$m</b>              | <b>US\$m</b>              | <b>US\$m</b>                 | <b>US\$m</b>   | <b>US\$m</b>   | <b>US\$m</b>   |
| US                                   | (1,579)                   | 265                       | 843                          | 55             | 342            | (74)           |
| Canada                               | 73                        | 289                       | 133                          |                | 7              | 502            |
| Bermuda                              | 22                        | 18                        | 21                           | (2)            | 7              | 66             |
| Other                                |                           |                           | 1                            | 1              | (4)            | (2)            |
|                                      | <b>(1,484)</b>            | <b>572</b>                | <b>998</b>                   | <b>54</b>      | <b>352</b>     | <b>492</b>     |
| <b>Half-year to 30 June 2009</b>     |                           |                           |                              |                |                |                |
| US                                   | (2,858)                   | 52                        | 384                          | 23             | (1,519)        | (3,918)        |
| Canada                               | (12)                      | 151                       | 75                           |                | (70)           | 144            |
| Bermuda                              | 30                        | 19                        | 19                           | 2              | 3              | 73             |
| Other                                | (3)                       | 2                         | (1)                          | (2)            | 2              | (2)            |
|                                      | <b>(2,843)</b>            | <b>224</b>                | <b>477</b>                   | <b>23</b>      | <b>(1,584)</b> | <b>(3,703)</b> |
| <b>Half-year to 31 December 2009</b> |                           |                           |                              |                |                |                |
| US                                   | (2,434)                   | 106                       | 121                          | (72)           | (2,107)        | (4,386)        |
| Canada                               | 29                        | 196                       | 84                           |                | (30)           | 279            |
| Bermuda                              | 19                        | 18                        | 28                           | (4)            | 7              | 68             |
| Other                                | 3                         | (1)                       | 2                            | 3              | (3)            | 4              |
|                                      | <b>(2,383)</b>            | <b>319</b>                | <b>235</b>                   | <b>(73)</b>    | <b>(2,133)</b> | <b>(4,035)</b> |

*Loans and advances to customers (net) by country*

|         | <b>At</b>      | <b>At</b>      | <b>At</b>       |
|---------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|
|         | <b>30 June</b> | <b>30 June</b> | <b>31</b>       |
|         | <b>2010</b>    | <b>2009</b>    | <b>December</b> |
|         | <b>US\$m</b>   | <b>US\$m</b>   | <b>US\$m</b>    |
| US      | <b>156,288</b> | 177,641        | 156,638         |
| Canada  | <b>48,448</b>  | 45,761         | 47,158          |
| Bermuda | <b>3,405</b>   | 2,856          | 3,057           |

|                |         |         |
|----------------|---------|---------|
| <b>208,141</b> | 226,258 | 206,853 |
|----------------|---------|---------|

*Customer accounts by country*

|         | <b>At</b>      | At      | At       |
|---------|----------------|---------|----------|
|         | <b>30 June</b> | 30 June | December |
|         | <b>2010</b>    | 2009    | 2009     |
|         | <b>US\$m</b>   | US\$m   | US\$m    |
| US      | <b>97,804</b>  | 96,059  | 99,371   |
| Canada  | <b>42,438</b>  | 36,514  | 41,565   |
| Bermuda | <b>9,196</b>   | 7,768   | 8,221    |
|         | <b>149,438</b> | 140,341 | 149,157  |

## Economic briefing

Economic conditions improved in the **US** during the first half of the year. The level of GDP rose by 3.7 per cent and 2.4 per cent in the first and second quarters, respectively, in seasonally adjusted, annualised terms. The housing sector, typically a strong contributor to recovery from recession, continued to experience difficult conditions. Temporary tax subsidies for home purchases helped stabilise home sales and prices for a time, but once these incentives expired, both sales and prices came

under renewed downward pressure. The high rate of unemployment, averaging 9.7 per cent in the second quarter of 2010, contributed to concerns over the rising trend of delinquencies on secured debt within the household sector while also working to depress consumer confidence and household expenditure growth. Consumer prices also proved weak during the first half of 2010, with the annual rate of inflation falling to 1.1 per cent in June 2010 from 2.7 per cent in December 2009. The Federal Reserve's programme to purchase a large quantity



**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Operating and Financial Review (continued)***Profit/(loss) before tax*

|   | <b>30 June<br/>2010<br/>US\$m</b> | Half-year to<br>30 June<br>2009<br>US\$m | 31<br>December<br>2009<br>US\$m |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| <b>North America</b>  |                                   |  |                                 |
| Net interest income   | <b>6,353</b>                      | 7,177                                    | 6,493                           |
| Net fee income  | <b>1,801</b>                      | 2,535                                    | 2,282                           |
| Net trading income/(expense)  | <b>(67)</b>                       | 394                                      | (63)                            |
| Changes in fair value of long-term debt issued and related derivatives                      | <b>412</b>                        | (1,507)                                  | (1,990)                         |
| Net income/(expense) from other financial instruments designated at fair value              | <b>2</b>                          | (2)                                      | 3                               |
| Net income/(expense) from financial instruments designated at fair value                    | <b>414</b>                        | (1,509)                                  | (1,987)                         |
| Gains less losses from financial investments  | <b>118</b>                        | 257                                      | 39                              |
| Dividend income   | <b>21</b>                         | 23                                       | 30                              |
| Net earned insurance premiums   | <b>126</b>                        | 164                                      | 145                             |
| Other operating income  | <b>306</b>                        | 292                                      | 274                             |
| <b>Total operating income</b>   | <b>9,072</b>                      | 9,333                                    | 7,213                           |
| Net insurance claims incurred and movement in liabilities to policyholders                  | <b>(72)</b>                       | (143)                                    | (98)                            |
| <b>Net operating income before loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions</b> | <b>9,000</b>                      | 9,190                                    | 7,115                           |
| Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions                                    | <b>(4,554)</b>                    | (8,538)                                  | (7,126)                         |
| <b>Net operating income/(expense)</b>   | <b>4,446</b>                      | 652                                      | (11)                            |
| Operating expenses  | <b>(3,957)</b>                    | (4,362)                                  | (4,029)                         |
| <b>Operating profit/(loss)</b>  | <b>489</b>                        | (3,710)                                  | (4,040)                         |
| Share of profit in associates and joint ventures  | <b>3</b>                          | 7  | 5                               |
| <b>Profit/(loss) before tax</b>   | <b>492</b>                        | (3,703)                                  | (4,035)                         |

|   |                |         |         |
|---|----------------|---------|---------|
| Share of HSBC's profit before tax   | <b>4.4</b>     | (73.8)  | (195.9) |
| Cost efficiency ratio   | <b>44.0</b>    | 47.5    | 56.6    |
| Period-end staff numbers (full-time equivalent)   | <b>33,988</b>  | 37,021  | 35,458  |
| <i>Balance sheet data</i> <sup>23</sup>   |                |         |         |
|   | <b>US\$m</b>   | US\$m   | US\$m   |
| Loans and advances to customers (net)   | <b>208,141</b> | 226,258 | 206,853 |
| Loans and advances to banks (net)   | <b>17,068</b>  | 10,048  | 15,386  |
| Trading assets, financial instruments designated at fair value, and financial investments <sup>29</sup> | <b>142,628</b> | 125,321 | 123,288 |
| Total assets  | <b>495,408</b> | 494,778 | 475,014 |
| Deposits by banks   | <b>16,905</b>  | 12,389  | 13,970  |
| Customer accounts   | <b>149,438</b> | 140,341 | 149,157 |

*For footnotes, see page 95.*

*The commentary on North America is on an underlying basis unless stated otherwise.*

of government-sponsored agency debt and mortgage-backed securities came to an end in March 2010. However, the Federal Reserve maintained an accommodative policy stance, holding the fed funds rate to a narrow range between zero and 25 basis points throughout the first half of 2010.

**Canadian** GDP rose by 2.7 per cent during the first five months of 2010 compared with the equivalent period of 2009, helped by a rebound in output within the manufacturing sector. Labour market conditions also improved as the unemployment rate fell from 8.4 per cent in December 2009 to 7.9 per cent in June 2010, while the headline CPI inflation rate proved volatile during the period, falling from 1.9 per cent in January 2010 to 1.0 per cent in June 2010. Responding to the improved economic outlook, the Bank of Canada increased its overnight interest rate to 0.5 per cent in June 2010.

**Table of Contents**

Review of business performance

*Reconciliation of reported and underlying profit/(loss) before tax*

|  | Half-year to 30 June 2010 ( 1H10 ) compared with half-year to 30 June 2009 ( 1H09 ) |                         |                                      |   |                        |                                       |                         |                                      |  |
|--|---|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
|  | 1H09<br>as<br>reported  | 1H09<br>adjust-<br>ment | Currency<br>translation <sup>2</sup> | 1H09 at<br>exchange<br>rates <sup>3</sup> | 1H10<br>as<br>reported | 1H10<br>adjust-<br>ments <sup>1</sup> | 1H10<br>under-<br>lying | Re-<br>ported<br>change <sup>4</sup> | Under-<br>lying<br>change <sup>4</sup> |
|  | US\$m   | US\$m                   | US\$m                                | US\$m                                     | US\$m                  | US\$m                                 | US\$m                   | %                                    | %                                      |
| <b>North America</b>                                     |   |                         |                                      |   |                        |                                       |                         |                                      |  |
| Net interest income                                      | 7,177   |                         | 100                                  | 7,277                                     | 6,353                  |                                       | 6,353                   | (11)                                 | (13)                                   |
| Net fee income   | 2,535   |                         | 40                                   | 2,575                                     | 1,801                  |                                       | 1,801                   | (29)                                 | (30)                                   |
| Changes in fair value <sup>5</sup>                       | (1,616)   | 1,616                   |                                      |   | 506                    | (506)                                 |                         |                                      |  |
| Other income <sup>6</sup>                                | 1,094   |                         | 14                                   | 1,108                                     | 340                    | (66)                                  | 274                     | (69)                                 | (75)                                   |
| <b>Net operating income<sup>7</sup></b>                  | <b>9,190</b>  | <b>1,616</b>            | <b>154</b>                           | <b>10,960</b>                             | <b>9,000</b>           | <b>(572)</b>                          | <b>8,428</b>            | <b>(2)</b>                           | <b>(23)</b>                            |
| Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions | (8,538)   |                         | (42)                                 | (8,580)                                   | (4,554)                |                                       | (4,554)                 | 47                                   | 47                                     |
| <b>Net operating income</b>                              | <b>652</b>  | <b>1,616</b>            | <b>112</b>                           | <b>2,380</b>                              | <b>4,446</b>           | <b>(572)</b>                          | <b>3,874</b>            | <b>582</b>                           | <b>63</b>                              |
| Operating expenses                                       | (4,362)   |                         | (75)                                 | (4,437)                                   | (3,957)                |                                       | (3,957)                 | 9                                    | 11                                     |
| <b>Operating profit/(loss)</b>                           | <b>(3,710)</b>  | <b>1,616</b>            | <b>37</b>                            | <b>(2,057)</b>                            | <b>489</b>             | <b>(572)</b>                          | <b>(83)</b>             |                                      | <b>96</b>                              |
| Income from associates                                   | 7   |                         |                                      | 7   | 3                      |                                       | 3                       | (57)                                 | (57)                                   |
| <b>Profit/(loss) before tax</b>                          | <b>(3,703)</b>  | <b>1,616</b>            | <b>37</b>                            | <b>(2,050)</b>                            | <b>492</b>             | <b>(572)</b>                          | <b>(80)</b>             |                                      | <b>96</b>                              |

*For footnotes, see page 95.*

In North America, HSBC reported a profit before tax of US\$492 million for the first half of 2010 compared with a loss before tax of US\$3.7 billion in the first half of 2009. On an underlying basis, a loss before tax of US\$80 million compared with a loss before tax of US\$2.1 billion in the first half of 2009, reflecting a marked decline in loan impairment charges partly offset by reduced revenue, in both cases driven by continued portfolio run-off.

HSBC continued to leverage on the Group's global scale and connectivity to grow in selected markets. The number of Premier customers increased by 20 per cent to over 600,000. In Commercial Banking, successful referrals to other

regions increased by 15 per cent, and Global Banking and Markets continued to benefit from business flows from the Group's presence in emerging markets, especially Latin America.

*Net interest income* fell by 13 per cent compared with the first half of 2009, driven by the planned decline in lending balances in the run-off portfolios and lower lending balances in Card and Retail Services, lower overall yields, a shift in loan mix and a decline in revenue from Balance Sheet Management. These factors were partly offset by lower funding costs and repricing initiatives.

In May 2009, the CARD Act was passed into law in the US. HSBC has implemented the changes that have taken effect to date and will continue to make changes in order to comply with the remaining requirements by the effective date of August 2010. Management's current estimate is that the effect of the CARD Act, after taking mitigating action, will be to reduce revenue, net of loan impairment charges, by between US\$200 million and US\$300 million in 2010, mainly in the second half of the year.

Customer asset balances declined, compared with the first half of 2009, mainly due to the run-off of the Consumer Lending, Mortgage Services and vehicle finance portfolios. In order to accelerate this process, HSBC Finance sold US\$1.0 billion of vehicle finance loans to Santander Consumer USA Inc. in the first half of 2010. In July 2010 HSBC reached agreement in principle with an unaffiliated third party to sell the remainder of the portfolio (US\$4.3 billion). In Card and Retail Services, lower lending balances largely reflected fewer active accounts, the effects of management actions taken to reduce risk and an increased focus by consumers on reducing credit card debt.

Asset spreads in the real estate secured portfolios widened due to a lower cost of funds, partly offset by a reduction in yields. This reflected a change in mix as the proportion of modified or delinquent loans rose and there was an increase in the expected duration of participation by customers in payment incentive programmes. In Card and Retail Services, asset spreads widened due to repricing initiatives and a lower cost of funds, partly offset by the CARD Act as noted above. In

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Operating and Financial Review** (continued)

Commercial Banking, spreads benefited from loan repricing initiatives in the second half of 2009.

Deposit balances remained buoyant reflecting the strength of HSBC's deposit franchise. Balances rose moderately from 31 December 2009, with larger year-on-year increases for Commercial Banking and Personal Financial Services. In Personal Financial Services, deposit growth reflected the ongoing success of HSBC's Premier and branch expansion strategies, in addition to the continued rise in online savings.

Liability spreads widened modestly but remained constrained in the low interest rate environment. Spreads benefited from re-pricing initiatives and less intensive price competition.

Net interest income from Balance Sheet Management activities declined markedly compared with the record first half of 2009 due to lower interest rates and flatter yield curves.

As portfolios ran off, loan impairment charges fell, driving significantly improved performance in North America.

*Net fee income* declined by 30 per cent, mainly in the US credit card portfolio due to a decline in late and overlimit fees driven by lower volumes and delinquency levels, and changes in customer payment behaviour. Overlimit fees also fell due to changes in fee practices because of the requirements of the CARD Act. Enhancement services fee income declined due to fewer accounts and lower balances.

*Net trading expense* of US\$67 million compared with net trading income in the first half of 2009. In Global Banking and Markets, trading income rose by US\$325 million as higher asset prices generated recoveries of previous write-downs on legacy positions in credit trading and on monoline exposures. This compared with charges in the first half of 2009, and was offset by declines in trading income from Rates and foreign exchange, due to a rise in competition, and a decrease in market volatility. The increase in Global Banking and Markets was more than offset by fair value losses from non-qualifying hedges, mainly interest rate swaps used to economically hedge floating rate debt issued by HSBC Finance. The deterioration in marketplace and economic conditions since 2006 resulted in Consumer Lending and Mortgage Services mortgage loans remaining on the balance sheet longer because of lower prepayment rates due to loan modifications and the lack of refinancing alternatives. To offset the increase in duration of the mortgage loan portfolio and to mitigate the corresponding increase in interest rate risk, interest

rate swap positions were entered into to more closely align the duration of the liabilities. The loss recognised in respect of non-qualifying hedges was a result of fair value losses on these instruments primarily driven by the decrease in long-term US interest rates. In the first half of 2009, fair value gains were recorded on these instruments.

A net expense of US\$92 million was incurred on *financial instruments designated at fair value*, compared with net income of US\$109 million in the first half of 2009, arising from fair value losses from interest rate ineffectiveness in the hedging of long-term debt designated at fair value issued by the Group's North American subsidiaries. This compared with gains on ineffectiveness in the economic hedging of long-term debt designated at fair value in the first half of 2009.

*Gains less losses from financial investments* declined by 55 per cent to US\$118 million, due to lower gains on the disposal of available-for-sale assets in Balance Sheet Management, partly offset by gains on private equity investments compared with losses in the first half of 2009.

*Net earned insurance premiums* and *net insurance claims incurred and movement in liabilities to policyholders* both declined. This reflected the run-off of payment protection insurance following the decision to cease new real estate lending in HSBC Finance. The improvement in the economy and lower unemployment also led to lower claims. The business continued to collect premiums and pay claims on existing policies. There was also a significant reduction in reserving by the reinsurance business.

*Other operating income* declined by 16 per cent to US\$240 million. This included a loss of US\$77 million from the sale of the vehicle finance servicing operations and a US\$1.0 billion associated loan portfolio to Santander Consumer USA Inc. and the non-recurrence of gains in the first half of 2009 which arose from the refinement of the income recognition methodology for long-term insurance contracts in HSBC Finance, and gains from the sale of prime residential mortgages. The decline was mitigated by a gain of US\$56 million in the current period on the sale of HSBC's headquarters in New York and reduced losses on foreclosed properties as house prices continued to stabilise.

*Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions* decreased by 47 per cent to US\$4.6 billion. The reduction reflected a marked decline in loan impairment charges in the HSBC Finance portfolios and, to a lesser extent, improvement across all customer groups in HSBC Bank USA and in

**Table of Contents**

Canada. Balances declined and delinquencies fell as economic conditions and credit quality improved.

Loan impairment charges in Card and Retail Services decreased by 51 per cent to US\$1.3 billion. This was driven by a decline in lending balances as a result of actions taken in 2007 to manage risk, and better early stage delinquency rates which reflected improvements in economic conditions and the credit quality of the portfolio. The effects of the economic environment on loan impairment charges were less severe than had been expected, in part due to improved cash flow from government stimulus programmes that benefited customers significantly.

Loan impairment charges fell in Consumer Lending by 29 per cent to US\$2.3 billion and, in the Mortgage Services portfolio, by 25 per cent to US\$813 million. These declines in loan impairment charges were driven by the reduction in loan balances as noted above, fewer new delinquencies, improved economic conditions and less severe losses, which together more than offset a rise in the volume of restructured loans in both portfolios.

Loan impairment charges in the Personal Financial Services business of HSBC Bank USA declined, as delinquencies stabilised, the severity of losses on mortgage lending moderated and balances fell, leading to lower future loss estimates.

In Global Banking and Markets, there was a net recovery of loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions as the credit environment improved and asset prices rose. Loan impairment charges in Commercial Banking fell from US\$288 million to US\$104 million as the upturn in the economy and managed reductions in exposures were reflected in lower write-offs and impairment of assets and fewer customer downgrades in all sectors in the US, and in the manufacturing, trade and service sectors in Canada.

Information on credit quality in the US Personal Financial Services portfolios is provided in Areas of special interest personal lending on page 150.

*Operating expenses* declined by 11 per cent to US\$4.0 billion, mainly from a US\$147 million pension curtailment accounting gain and the non-recurrence of restructuring costs associated with the closure of the Consumer Lending branch network in the first half of 2009. Excluding these items, operating expenses declined by 4 per cent due to lower staff costs in HSBC Finance following the run-off of the Consumer Lending, Mortgage Services and vehicle finance portfolios. Marketing expenditure rose modestly in Card and Retail Services as HSBC targeted certain segments selected for the resumption of new account originations, though these remained at low levels. Other administrative costs benefited from lower deposit insurance costs as a special assessment in the first half of 2009 did not recur, partly offset by increased expenses relating to real estate owned properties.

*Reconciliation of reported and underlying profit/(loss) before tax*

|                           | Half-year to 30 June 2010 ( 1H10 ) compared with half-year to 31 December 2009 ( 2H09 ) |                                       |                                      |   |                        |                                       |                         |                                      |  |
|---------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
|                           | 2H09<br>as<br>reported  | 2H09<br>adjust-<br>ments <sup>1</sup> | Currency<br>translation <sup>2</sup> | 2H09<br>at 1H10<br>exchange<br>rates <sup>8</sup> | 1H10<br>as<br>reported | 1H10<br>adjust-<br>ments <sup>1</sup> | 1H10<br>under-<br>lying | Re-<br>ported<br>change <sup>4</sup> | Under-<br>lying<br>change <sup>4</sup> |
|                           | US\$m   | US\$m                                 | US\$m                                | US\$m   | US\$m                  | US\$m                                 | US\$m                   | %                                    | %                                      |
| North America             |   |                                       |                                      |   |                        |                                       |                         |                                      |  |
| Net interest              |   |                                       |                                      |   |                        |                                       |                         |                                      |  |
| income                    | 6,493   |                                       | 29                                   | 6,522   | 6,353                  |                                       | 6,353                   | (2)                                  | (3)                                    |
| Net fee income            | 2,282   |                                       | 12                                   | 2,294   | 1,801                  |                                       | 1,801                   | (21)                                 | (21)                                   |
| Changes in fair           |   |                                       |                                      |   |                        |                                       |                         |                                      |  |
| value <sup>5</sup>        | (2,072)   | 2,072                                 |                                      |   | 506                    | (506)                                 |                         |                                      |  |
| Other income <sup>6</sup> | 412   |                                       | (1)                                  | 411   | 340                    | (66)                                  | 274                     | (17)                                 | (33)                                   |
| Net operating             |   |                                       |                                      |   |                        |                                       |                         |                                      |  |
| income <sup>7</sup>       | 7,115   | 2,072                                 | 40                                   | 9,227   | 9,000                  | (572)                                 | 8,428                   | 26                                   | (9)                                    |
|                           | (7,126)   |                                       | (9)                                  | (7,135)   | (4,554)                |                                       | (4,554)                 | 36                                   | 36                                     |

Loan impairment  
charges and other  
credit risk  
provisions

|                                    |         |       |      |         |         |       |         |      |
|------------------------------------|---------|-------|------|---------|---------|-------|---------|------|
| Net operating<br>income/ (expense) | (11)    | 2,072 | 31   | 2,092   | 4,446   | (572) | 3,874   | 85   |
| Operating<br>expenses              | (4,029) |       | (24) | (4,053) | (3,957) |       | (3,957) | 2    |
| Operating<br>profit/(loss)         | (4,040) | 2,072 | 7    | (1,961) | 489     | (572) | (83)    | 96   |
| Income from<br>associates          | 5       |       |      | 5       | 3       |       | 3       | (40) |
| Profit/(loss) before<br>tax        | (4,035) | 2,072 | 7    | (1,956) | 492     | (572) | (80)    | 96   |

*For footnotes, see page 95.*



**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Operating and Financial Review** (continued)

Analysis by customer group and global business

*Profit/(loss) before tax*

|   | Half-year to 30 June 2010                  |                                |  |                             |                |   | Total<br>US\$m |
|---|--|--------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|----------------|---|----------------|
|   | Personal<br>Financial<br>Services<br>US\$m | Commercial<br>Banking<br>US\$m | Global<br>Banking<br>&<br>Markets<br>US\$m | Private<br>Banking<br>US\$m | Other<br>US\$m | Inter-<br>segment<br>elimination <sup>35</sup><br>US\$m |                |
| North America<br>Net interest<br>income/(expense)                                       | <b>5,190</b>                               | <b>758</b>                     | <b>425</b>                                 | <b>94</b>                   | <b>(86)</b>    | <b>(28)</b>   | <b>6,353</b>   |
| Net fee<br>income/(expense)   | <b>1,031</b>                               | <b>252</b>                     | <b>453</b>                                 | <b>71</b>                   | <b>(6)</b>     |   | <b>1,801</b>   |
| Trading<br>income/(expense)<br>excluding net<br>interest income                         | <b>(567)</b>                               | <b>12</b>                      | <b>401</b>                                 | <b>9</b>                    | <b>(16)</b>    |   | <b>(161)</b>   |
| Net interest<br>income on trading<br>activities   | <b>13</b>                                  | <b>1</b>                       | <b>40</b>                                  |                             | <b>12</b>      | <b>28</b>   | <b>94</b>      |
| Net trading<br>income/<br>(expense) <sup>25</sup>                                       | <b>(554)</b>                               | <b>13</b>                      | <b>441</b>                                 | <b>9</b>                    | <b>(4)</b>     | <b>28</b>   | <b>(67)</b>    |
| Net<br>income/(expense)<br>from financial<br>instruments<br>designated at fair<br>value |  |                                | <b>(3)</b>                                 |                             | <b>417</b>     |   | <b>414</b>     |
| Gains less losses<br>from financial<br>investments                                      |  |                                | <b>121</b>                                 |                             | <b>(3)</b>     |   | <b>118</b>     |
| Dividend income   | <b>9</b>                                   | <b>3</b>                       | <b>6</b>                                   | <b>1</b>                    | <b>2</b>       |   | <b>21</b>      |
| Net earned<br>insurance<br>premiums   | <b>126</b>                                 |                                |  |                             |                |   | <b>126</b>     |
| Other operating<br>income/ (expense)  | <b>(4)</b>                                 | <b>160</b>                     | <b>79</b>                                  | <b>11</b>                   | <b>1,213</b>   | <b>(1,153)</b>  | <b>306</b>     |
|   | <b>5,798</b>                               | <b>1,186</b>                   | <b>1,522</b>                               | <b>186</b>                  | <b>1,533</b>   | <b>(1,153)</b>  | <b>9,072</b>   |

**Total operating income**

|                                    |      |  |  |  |   |  |      |
|------------------------------------|------|--|--|--|---|--|------|
| Net insurance claims <sup>26</sup> | (76) |  |  |  | 4 |  | (72) |
|------------------------------------|------|--|--|--|---|--|------|

**Net operating income<sup>7</sup>**

|  |       |       |       |     |       |         |       |
|--|-------|-------|-------|-----|-------|---------|-------|
|  | 5,722 | 1,186 | 1,522 | 186 | 1,537 | (1,153) | 9,000 |
|--|-------|-------|-------|-----|-------|---------|-------|

|  |         |       |     |    |  |  |         |
|--|---------|-------|-----|----|--|--|---------|
| Loan impairment (charges)/ recoveries and other credit risk provisions | (4,613) | (104) | 152 | 11 |  |  | (4,554) |
|--|---------|-------|-----|----|--|--|---------|

**Net operating income**

|  |       |       |       |     |       |         |       |
|--|-------|-------|-------|-----|-------|---------|-------|
|  | 1,109 | 1,082 | 1,674 | 197 | 1,537 | (1,153) | 4,446 |
|--|-------|-------|-------|-----|-------|---------|-------|

|                    |         |       |       |       |         |       |         |
|--------------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|---------|-------|---------|
| Operating expenses | (2,593) | (511) | (676) | (143) | (1,187) | 1,153 | (3,957) |
|--------------------|---------|-------|-------|-------|---------|-------|---------|

**Operating profit/(loss)**

|  |         |     |     |    |     |  |     |
|--|---------|-----|-----|----|-----|--|-----|
|  | (1,484) | 571 | 998 | 54 | 350 |  | 489 |
|--|---------|-----|-----|----|-----|--|-----|

|  |  |   |  |  |   |  |   |
|--|--|---|--|--|---|--|---|
| Share of profit in associates and joint ventures |  | 1 |  |  | 2 |  | 3 |
|--|--|---|--|--|---|--|---|

**Profit/(loss) before tax**

|  |         |     |     |    |     |  |     |
|--|---------|-----|-----|----|-----|--|-----|
|  | (1,484) | 572 | 998 | 54 | 352 |  | 492 |
|--|---------|-----|-----|----|-----|--|-----|

|                                   |        |      |      |      |      |  |      |
|-----------------------------------|--------|------|------|------|------|--|------|
|                                   | %      | %    | %    | %    | %    |  | %    |
| Share of HSBC s profit before tax | (13.4) | 5.1  | 9.0  | 0.5  | 3.2  |  | 4.4  |
| Cost efficiency ratio             | 45.3   | 43.1 | 44.4 | 76.9 | 77.2 |  | 44.0 |

*Balance sheet data<sup>23</sup>*

|                                       |         |        |         |        |       |          |         |
|---------------------------------------|---------|--------|---------|--------|-------|----------|---------|
|                                       | US\$m   | US\$m  | US\$m   | US\$m  | US\$m |          | US\$m   |
| Loans and advances to customers (net) | 140,501 | 30,498 | 32,861  | 4,281  |       |          | 208,141 |
| Total assets                          | 164,555 | 38,525 | 299,345 | 5,608  | 7,290 | (19,915) | 495,408 |
|                                       | 74,475  | 42,853 | 19,229  | 12,814 | 67    |          | 149,438 |

Customer  
accounts

84

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**Table of Contents**

|   | Half-year to 30 June 2009                  |                                |  |                             |                |   | Total<br>US\$m |
|---|--|--------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|----------------|---|----------------|
|   | Personal<br>Financial<br>Services<br>US\$m | Commercial<br>Banking<br>US\$m | Global<br>Banking<br>&<br>Markets<br>US\$m | Private<br>Banking<br>US\$m | Other<br>US\$m | Inter-<br>segment<br>elimination <sup>35</sup><br>US\$m |                |
| North America   |  |                                |  |                             |                |   |                |
| Net interest<br>income/ (expense)   | 5,976                                      | 661                            | 528  | 91                          | (51)           | (28)  | 7,177          |
| Net fee income  | 1,711                                      | 213                            | 539  | 69                          | 3              |   | 2,535          |
| Trading<br>income/(expense)<br>excluding net<br>interest income             | 204  |                                | (18)                                       | 4                           | 13             |   | 203            |
| Net interest<br>income on trading<br>activities                             | 37   | 2                              | 124  |                             |                | 28  | 191            |
| Net trading<br>income <sup>25</sup>   | 241  | 2                              | 106  | 4                           | 13             | 28  | 394            |
| Net expense from<br>financial<br>instruments<br>designated at fair<br>value |  |                                | (4)  |                             | (1,505)        |   | (1,509)        |
| Gains less losses<br>from financial<br>investments                          | 6  | 4                              | 248  |                             | (1)            |   | 257            |
| Dividend income   | 10   | 2                              | 7  | 1                           | 3              |   | 23             |
| Net earned<br>insurance<br>premiums   | 164  |                                |  |                             |                |   | 164            |
| Other operating<br>income/ (expense)  | (74)                                       | 78                             | 223  | 6                           | 975            | (916)   | 292            |
| Total operating<br>income/ (expense)  | 8,034                                      | 960                            | 1,647                                      | 171                         | (563)          | (916)   | 9,333          |
| Net insurance<br>claims <sup>26</sup>                                       | (143)                                      |                                |  |                             |                |   | (143)          |
| Net operating<br>income/  | 7,891                                      | 960                            | 1,647                                      | 171                         | (563)          | (916)   | 9,190          |

(expense)<sup>7</sup>

|  |         |        |         |        |         |          |         |
|--|---------|--------|---------|--------|---------|----------|---------|
| Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions | (7,825) | (271)  | (438)   | (4)    |         |          | (8,538) |
| Net operating income/ (expense)                          | 66      | 689    | 1,209   | 167    | (563)   | (916)    | 652     |
| Operating expenses                                       | (2,909) | (473)  | (732)   | (144)  | (1,020) | 916      | (4,362) |
| Operating profit/(loss)                                  | (2,843) | 216    | 477     | 23     | (1,583) |          | (3,710) |
| Share of profit/(loss) in associates and joint ventures  |         | 8      |         |        | (1)     |          | 7       |
| Profit/(loss) before tax                                 | (2,843) | 224    | 477     | 23     | (1,584) |          | (3,703) |
|  | %       | %      | %       | %      | %       |          | %       |
| Share of HSBC s profit before tax                        | (56.7)  | 4.5    | 9.5     | 0.5    | (31.6)  |          | (73.8)  |
| Cost efficiency ratio                                    | 36.9    | 49.3   | 44.4    | 84.2   | (181.2) |          | 47.5    |
| <i>Balance sheet data</i> <sup>23</sup>                  |         |        |         |        |         |          |         |
|  | US\$m   | US\$m  | US\$m   | US\$m  | US\$m   |          | US\$m   |
| Loans and advances to customers (net)                    | 160,293 | 33,011 | 28,320  | 4,634  |         |          | 226,258 |
| Total assets   | 185,347 | 39,657 | 269,492 | 6,523  | 4,453   | (10,694) | 494,778 |
| Customer accounts  | 71,176  | 37,601 | 19,268  | 12,185 | 111     |          | 140,341 |

85

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Operating and Financial Review** (continued)*Profit/(loss) before tax (continued)*

|   | Half-year to 31 December 2009              |                                |   |                             |                |   | Total<br>US\$m |
|---|--|--------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|----------------|---|----------------|
|   | Personal<br>Financial<br>Services<br>US\$m | Commercial<br>Banking<br>US\$m | Global<br>Banking &<br>Markets<br>US\$m | Private<br>Banking<br>US\$m | Other<br>US\$m | Inter-<br>segment<br>elimination <sup>35</sup><br>US\$m |                |
| North America   |  |                                |   |                             |                |   |                |
| Net interest<br>income/ (expense)   | 5,268                                      | 730                            | 471                                     | 87                          | (33)           | (30)  | 6,493          |
| Net fee income  | 1,463                                      | 240                            | 506                                     | 73                          |                |   | 2,282          |
| Trading<br>income/(expense)<br>including net<br>interest income                         | 53   | (10)                           | (161)                                   | (7)                         | (43)           |   | (168)          |
| Net interest<br>income/ (expense)<br>from trading<br>activities                         | 23   | 1                              | 51                                      | (1)                         | 1              | 30  | 105            |
| Net trading<br>income/<br>expense) <sup>25</sup>  | 76   | (9)                            | (110)                                   | (8)                         | (42)           | 30  | (63)           |
| Net<br>income/(expense)<br>from financial<br>instruments<br>designated at fair<br>value |  |                                | 4                                       |                             | (1,991)        |   | (1,987)        |
| Gains less losses<br>from financial<br>investments                                      | 10   | (1)                            | 29                                      |                             | 1              |   | 39             |
| Dividend income   | 11   | 3                              | 20                                      | 1                           | (5)            |   | 30             |
| Net earned<br>insurance<br>premiums   | 145  |                                |   |                             |                |   | 145            |
| Other operating<br>income   | 83   | 84                             | 94                                      | 5                           | 853            | (845)   | 274            |
| Total operating<br>income/ (expense)  | 7,056                                      | 1,047                          | 1,014                                   | 158                         | (1,217)        | (845)   | 7,213          |
|   | (98)                                       |                                |   |                             |                |   | (98)           |

|  |         |        |         |        |         |          |         |
|--|---------|--------|---------|--------|---------|----------|---------|
| net insurance claims <sup>26</sup>                       |         |        |         |        |         |          |         |
| net operating income/expense) <sup>7</sup>               | 6,958   | 1,047  | 1,014   | 158    | (1,217) | (845)    | 7,115   |
| loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions | (6,599) | (248)  | (183)   | (94)   | (2)     |          | (7,126) |
| net operating income/ (expense)                          | 359     | 799    | 831     | 64     | (1,219) | (845)    | (11)    |
| operating expenses                                       | (2,742) | (485)  | (596)   | (137)  | (914)   | 845      | (4,029) |
| operating profit/(loss)                                  | (2,383) | 314    | 235     | (73)   | (2,133) |          | (4,040) |
| share of profit in associates and joint ventures         |         | 5      |         |        |         |          | 5       |
| operating profit/(loss) before tax                       | (2,383) | 319    | 235     | (73)   | (2,133) |          | (4,035) |
| share of HSBC's profit before tax                        | (115.7) | 15.4   | 11.4    | (3.5)  | (103.5) |          | (195.9) |
| cost efficiency ratio                                    | 39.4    | 46.3   | 58.8    | 86.7   | 75.1    |          | 56.6    |
| <i>Balance sheet data<sup>23</sup></i>                   |         |        |         |        |         |          |         |
|  | US\$m   | US\$m  | US\$m   | US\$m  | US\$m   |          | US\$m   |
| loans and advances to customers (net)                    | 151,671 | 31,292 | 18,654  | 5,236  |         |          | 206,853 |
| total assets   | 179,597 | 38,232 | 260,131 | 6,572  | 2,071   | (11,589) | 475,014 |
| customer accounts  | 74,228  | 42,900 | 19,095  | 12,834 | 100     |          | 149,157 |

For footnotes, see page 95.





**Table of Contents****Latin America***Profit/(loss) before tax by country within customer groups and global businesses*

|  | <b>Personal<br/>Financial<br/>Services<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Commercial<br/>Banking<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Global<br/>Banking<br/>&amp;<br/>Markets<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Private<br/>Banking<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Other<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Total<br/>US\$m</b> |
|--|--|---|---|--------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| <b>Half-year to 30 June 2010</b>         |  |   |   |                                      |                        |                        |
| Argentina                                | 38   | 41                                      | 54  |                                      |                        | 133                    |
| Brazil                                   | 34   | 160                                     | 253   | 2                                    | 29                     | 478                    |
| Mexico                                   | 91   | (2)                                     | 116   | 1                                    | 18                     | 224                    |
| Panama                                   | 18   | 26                                      | 15  | 1                                    |                        | 60                     |
| Other                                    | (44)   | 11                                      | 27  |                                      | (6)                    | (12)                   |
|  | <b>137</b>   | <b>236</b>                              | <b>465</b>  | <b>4</b>                             | <b>41</b>              | <b>883</b>             |
| <b>Half-year to 30 June 2009</b>         |  |   |   |                                      |                        |                        |
| Argentina                                | 13   | 42                                      | 62  |                                      |                        | 117                    |
| Brazil                                   | (165)  | 107                                     | 267   | 2                                    | 3                      | 214                    |
| Mexico                                   | 8  | 51                                      | 115   | 3                                    |                        | 177                    |
| Panama                                   | 41   | 25                                      | 7   |                                      |                        | 73                     |
| Other                                    | (22)   | (4)                                     | 29  | (1)                                  | (3)                    | (1)                    |
|  | <b>(125)</b>   | <b>221</b>                              | <b>480</b>  | <b>4</b>                             |                        | <b>580</b>             |
| <b>Half-year to 31<br/>December 2009</b> |  |   |   |                                      |                        |                        |
| Argentina                                | 11   | 44                                      | 60  |                                      |                        | 115                    |
| Brazil                                   | (59)   | 104                                     | 248   | 3                                    |                        | 296                    |
| Mexico                                   | (39)   | 15                                      | 115   | 4                                    |                        | 95                     |
| Panama                                   | 28   | 30                                      | 17  |                                      |                        | 75                     |
| Other                                    | (32)   | (15)                                    | 11  |                                      | (1)                    | (37)                   |
|  | <b>(91)</b>  | <b>178</b>                              | <b>451</b>  | <b>7</b>                             | <b>(1)</b>             | <b>544</b>             |

*Loans and advances to customers (net) by country*

|           | <b>At<br/>30 June<br/>2010<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>At<br/>30 June<br/>2009<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>At<br/>31<br/>December<br/>2009<br/>US\$m</b> |
|-----------|--|--|--|
| Argentina | <b>2,796</b>                             | 2,222                                    | 2,319  |
| Brazil    | <b>23,474</b>                            | 20,038                                   | 22,765   |

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|        |               |        |        |
|--------|---------------|--------|--------|
| Mexico | <b>11,901</b> | 11,913 | 12,114 |
| Panama | <b>5,973</b>  | 5,921  | 5,989  |
| Other  | <b>4,685</b>  | 4,596  | 4,442  |
|        | <b>48,829</b> | 44,690 | 47,629 |

*Customer accounts by country*

|           | <b>At</b>      | At      | At       |
|-----------|----------------|---------|----------|
|           | <b>30 June</b> | 30 June | December |
|           | <b>2010</b>    | 2009    | 2009     |
|           | <b>US\$m</b>   | US\$m   | US\$m    |
| Argentina | <b>3,505</b>   | 2,963   | 3,083    |
| Brazil    | <b>41,001</b>  | 33,508  | 39,022   |
| Mexico    | <b>18,160</b>  | 16,311  | 18,195   |
| Panama    | <b>7,083</b>   | 6,468   | 6,996    |
| Other     | <b>5,468</b>   | 5,631   | 5,593    |
|           | <b>75,217</b>  | 64,881  | 72,889   |

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Operating and Financial Review** (continued)*Profit before tax*

|   | <b>30 June<br/>2010<br/>US\$m</b> | Half-year to<br>30 June<br>2009<br>US\$m | 31<br>December<br>2009<br>US\$m |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| <b>Latin America</b>  |                                   |  |                                 |
| Net interest income   | <b>3,119</b>                      | 2,620                                    | 2,953                           |
| Net fee income  | <b>855</b>                        | 823                                      | 906                             |
| Net trading income  | <b>353</b>                        | 599                                      | 249                             |
| Changes in fair value from long-term debt issued and related derivatives                    |                                   |  |                                 |
| Net income from other financial instruments designated at fair value                        | <b>130</b>                        | 188                                      | 307                             |
| Net income from financial instruments designated at fair value                              | <b>130</b>                        | 188                                      | 307                             |
| Gains less losses from financial investments  | <b>53</b>                         | 132                                      | 36                              |
| Dividend income   | <b>5</b>                          | 4  | 7                               |
| Net earned insurance premiums   | <b>957</b>                        | 724                                      | 1,176                           |
| Other operating income  | <b>10</b>                         | 61                                       | 72                              |
| <b>Total operating income</b>   | <b>5,482</b>                      | 5,151                                    | 5,706                           |
| Net insurance claims incurred and movement in liabilities to policyholders                  | <b>(767)</b>                      | (699)                                    | (1,134)                         |
| <b>Net operating income before loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions</b> | <b>4,715</b>                      | 4,452                                    | 4,572                           |
| Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions                                    | <b>(820)</b>                      | (1,385)                                  | (1,141)                         |
| <b>Net operating income</b>   | <b>3,895</b>                      | 3,067                                    | 3,431                           |
| Operating expenses  | <b>(3,013)</b>                    | (2,488)                                  | (2,887)                         |
| <b>Operating profit</b>   | <b>882</b>                        | 579                                      | 544                             |
| Share of profit in associates and joint ventures  | <b>1</b>                          | 1  |                                 |
| <b>Profit before tax</b>  | <b>883</b>                        | 580                                      | 544                             |

|   |         |         |         |
|---|---------|---------|---------|
| Share of HSBC's profit before tax   | 8.0     | 11.6    | 26.4    |
| Cost efficiency ratio   | 63.9    | 55.9    | 63.1    |
| Period-end staff numbers (full-time equivalent)   | 54,886  | 54,812  | 54,288  |
| <i>Balance sheet data</i> <sup>23</sup>   |         |         |         |
|   | US\$m   | US\$m   | US\$m   |
| Loans and advances to customers (net)   | 48,829  | 44,690  | 47,629  |
| Loans and advances to banks (net)   | 21,595  | 17,696  | 18,608  |
| Trading assets, financial instruments designated at fair value, and financial investments | 32,323  | 24,606  | 28,779  |
| Total assets  | 121,885 | 107,515 | 115,967 |
| Deposits by banks   | 4,924   | 5,333   | 5,421   |
| Customer accounts   | 75,217  | 64,881  | 72,889  |

*For footnote, see page 95.*

*The commentary on Latin America is on an underlying basis unless stated otherwise.*

#### Economic briefing

Economic recovery continued in **Mexico** during the first quarter of 2010, with the level of GDP rising by 4.3 per cent year-on-year due in large part to a rebound in regional manufacturing activity, particularly within the US. CPI inflation remained at a relatively subdued level, helped by low levels of regional inflation, strong domestic currencies and spare capacity in the economy. The Central Bank of Mexico maintained its overnight target rate at 4.5 per cent throughout the period.

In **Brazil**, the recovery gained further momentum during the first quarter of the year with the level of GDP rising by a robust 8.9 per cent in year-on-year terms, driven by the continued strength of consumer expenditure. Labour market conditions continued to improve, with the unemployment rate averaging 7.4 per cent during the first five months of 2010 against 8.7 per cent during the comparable

**Table of Contents**

period in 2009. The annual CPI inflation rate rose from 4.3 per cent in December 2009 to 5.3 per cent in April 2010, before moderating to 4.8 per cent in June. This mixture of rising inflation and strong growth led to a tightening of monetary policy conditions, with the Central Bank of Brazil raising the Selic policy target rate by a cumulative 150 basis points during the first half of 2010, placing the rate at 10.25 per cent at the end of the period.

Economic recovery was evident in **Argentina**, with the Statistics Bureau reporting an increase in overall activity of 12.4 per cent in the first five months of 2010 compared with the equivalent period in 2009. Industrial production was reported to have increased by 9.8 per cent over the year to June 2010, while a record level of production within the agricultural sector, which was recovering from a severe drought in 2009, provided broad-based support to the economy.

Review of business performance

*Reconciliation of reported and underlying profit before tax*

|  | Half-year to 30 June 2010 ( 1H10 ) compared with half-year to 30 June 2009 ( 1H09 ) |                                       |                                      |   |                     |                                       |                         |                                      |  |
|--|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|---------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
|  | 1H09<br>as reported   | 1H09<br>adjust-<br>ments <sup>1</sup> | Currency<br>translation <sup>2</sup> | 1H09<br>at 1H10<br>exchange<br>rates <sup>3</sup> | 1H10<br>as reported | 1H10<br>adjust-<br>ments <sup>1</sup> | 1H10<br>under-<br>lying | Re-<br>ported<br>change <sup>4</sup> | Under-<br>lying<br>change <sup>4</sup> |
|  | US\$m   | US\$m                                 | US\$m                                | US\$m   | US\$m               | US\$m                                 | US\$m                   | %                                    | %                                      |
| <b>Latin America</b>                                     |   |                                       |                                      |   |                     |                                       |                         |                                      |  |
| Net interest income                                      | 2,620   |                                       | 356                                  | 2,976   | 3,119               |                                       | 3,119                   | 19                                   | 5                                      |
| Net fee income   | 823   |                                       | 110                                  | 933   | 855                 |                                       | 855                     | 4                                    | (8)                                    |
| Other income <sup>6</sup>                                | 1,009   |                                       | 145                                  | 1,154   | 741                 |                                       | 741                     | (27)                                 | (36)                                   |
| <b>Net operating income<sup>7</sup></b>                  | <b>4,452</b>  |                                       | <b>611</b>                           | <b>5,063</b>                                      | <b>4,715</b>        |                                       | <b>4,715</b>            | <b>6</b>                             | <b>(7)</b>                             |
| Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions | (1,385)   |                                       | (203)                                | (1,588)   | (820)               |                                       | (820)                   | 41                                   | 48                                     |
| <b>Net operating income</b>                              | <b>3,067</b>  |                                       | <b>408</b>                           | <b>3,475</b>                                      | <b>3,895</b>        |                                       | <b>3,895</b>            | <b>27</b>                            | <b>12</b>                              |
| Operating expenses                                       | (2,488)   |                                       | (341)                                | (2,829)   | (3,013)             |                                       | (3,013)                 | (21)                                 | (7)                                    |
| <b>Operating profit</b>                                  | <b>579</b>  |                                       | <b>67</b>                            | <b>646</b>  | <b>882</b>          |                                       | <b>882</b>              | <b>52</b>                            | <b>37</b>                              |
| Income from associates                                   | 1   |                                       |                                      | 1   | 1                   |                                       | 1                       |                                      |  |
| <b>Profit before tax</b>                                 | <b>580</b>  |                                       | <b>67</b>                            | <b>647</b>  | <b>883</b>          |                                       | <b>883</b>              | <b>52</b>                            | <b>36</b>                              |

*For footnotes, see page 95.*

HSBC's operations in Latin America reported pre-tax profits of US\$883 million compared with US\$580 million in the first half of 2009, an increase of 52 per cent. On an underlying basis, pre-tax profits increased by 36 per cent as loan impairment charges in Personal Financial Services and, to a lesser extent in Commercial Banking, fell, reflecting actions taken to improve the quality of the loan portfolio and a recovery in the overall credit environment. Revenue was lower, due to a change in the portfolio mix away from higher yielding unsecured lending, and lower fees from reduced transaction volumes in Personal Financial Services. Revenues also declined due to the non-recurrence of the strong performance in trading income in Global Banking and Markets and gains on Visa Inc. shares, both of which took place in the first half of 2009. In Mexico, the regulator announced in July 2010 new regulations limiting the fees that can be charged for various banking services. This is expected to have a significant impact on future fee income.

HSBC continued to build its base of high quality Personal Financial Services customers via the Premier and Advance propositions. The number of Premier customers reached 690,000 at 30 June 2010. Advance was launched in Mexico, Brazil, Panama and Chile and customer numbers exceeded 50,000 at 30 June 2010. Strong performance continued in insurance as improved sales drove higher premiums on pension products in Brazil, along with improved premiums and claims in term life products in Mexico.

Global Banking and Markets and Commercial Banking built on HSBC's positioning to benefit from increasing intra-regional and inter-regional connectivity. In particular, linkages with other emerging markets were strengthened through the establishment of Latin America sales desks in Hong Kong, mainland China and London to leverage cross-selling opportunities.

*Net interest income* increased by 5 per cent. In Global Banking and Markets, a strong performance

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Operating and Financial Review** (continued)

in Balance Sheet Management resulted from an increase in volumes of financial investments, a decline in market interest rates and a change in the portfolio mix to higher-yielding longer-term assets.

Average customer lending balances fell in Personal Financial Services, primarily as a result of the managed decline in credit cards and unsecured personal loan balances in Mexico. This was partly offset by an expansion in lending in Global Banking and Commercial Banking as the economic recovery resulted in a greater drawdown of credit facilities. Spreads on lending products narrowed in Brazil, particularly for overdraft products, due to stronger competition encouraged by the economic recovery.

Average customer accounts were higher in Brazil while, in Mexico, sales and marketing initiatives supported by product and channel enhancements resulted in an increase in current and savings account balances. Spreads on customer accounts narrowed as a result of falling interest rates in Mexico.

Underlying pre-tax profits grew by 36 per cent in Latin America as a reduction in loan impairment charges and credit risk provisions more than offset the decline in revenue.

*Fee income* of US\$855 million fell by 8 per cent, driven by lower originations and fewer transaction volumes in credit cards and account services in Mexico, and reduced account services income in Brazil following regulatory changes. In Global Banking and Markets, fee income increased in Brazil due to higher corporate finance advisory and structuring fees and an increase in funds under management fees as volumes grew.

*Trading income* of US\$353 million was 49 per cent lower as the strong performance in foreign exchange and Rates in the first half of 2009, which benefited from greater market volatility and favourable positioning ahead of interest rate movements, did not recur.

*Net income on financial instruments designated at fair value* declined by 41 per cent to US\$130 million, primarily due to lower investment returns experienced on assets held in support of the pension portfolio in Brazil. An offsetting decrease was recorded in *net insurance claims incurred and movement in liabilities to policyholders*.

*Gains less losses from financial investments* declined by US\$101 million, largely due to the non-recurrence of the gains on the sale of Visa Inc. shares in 2009.

*Net earned insurance premiums* increased by 17 per cent to US\$957 million, driven by improved economic conditions and higher sales, mainly in pension-linked products in Brazil. An offsetting increase was recorded in *net insurance claims incurred and movement in liabilities to policyholders*.

*Other operating income* of US\$10 million was lower by 85 per cent, due to a decline in PVIF and the one-off gain in the first half of 2009 on the sale of the local head office building in Argentina.

*Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions* declined by 48 per cent on the first half of 2009 to US\$820 million as credit conditions improved and actions taken to improve the quality of the lending portfolio continued to have an effect. In Personal Financial Services, the reduction in loan impairment charges reflected a significant decline in the size of the Mexico cards portfolio and an improvement in its quality, achieved through tighter origination criteria and better collection practices. In Commercial Banking, loan impairment charges fell in Brazil, reflecting an improvement in economic conditions.

*Operating expenses* increased by 7 per cent to US\$3.0 billion. Expense growth was largely driven by investment in the region and inflationary pressure. Within this, staff expenses increased, mainly due to union agreements in Brazil and Argentina. The cost was partly mitigated by a decline in average staff numbers, following the restructuring of mass market operations in Brazil. As the quality of the customer portfolio was upgraded and customer propositions were enhanced, there was a corresponding increase in marketing costs in Brazil, greater investment in Mexico on regional infrastructure, technology projects and the renovation of the branch network, and further investment in One HSBC across the region.





**Table of Contents***Reconciliation of reported and underlying profit before tax*

|  | Half-year to 30 June 2010 ( 1H10 ) compared with half-year to 31 December 2009 ( 2H09 ) |                    |                          |          |          |                    |         |                     |                     |
|--|---|--------------------|--------------------------|----------|----------|--------------------|---------|---------------------|---------------------|
|  | 2H09  | 2H09               |                          | 2H09     | 1H10     | 1H10               | 1H10    | Re-                 | Under-              |
|  | as  | adjust-            | Currency                 | at 1H10  | as       | adjust-            | under-  | ported              | lying               |
|  | reported  | ments <sup>1</sup> | translation <sup>2</sup> | exchange | reported | ments <sup>1</sup> | lying   | change <sup>4</sup> | change <sup>4</sup> |
|  | US\$m   | US\$m              | US\$m                    | US\$m    | US\$m    | US\$m              | US\$m   | %                   | %                   |
| Latin America  |   |                    |                          |          |          |                    |         |                     |                     |
| Net interest income                                      | 2,953   |                    | 37                       | 2,990    | 3,119    |                    | 3,119   | 6                   | 4                   |
| Net fee income   | 906   |                    | 15                       | 921      | 855      |                    | 855     | (6)                 | (7)                 |
| Other income <sup>6</sup>                                | 713   |                    | 6                        | 719      | 741      |                    | 741     | 4                   | 3                   |
| <br>   |   |                    |                          |          |          |                    |         |                     |                     |
| Net operating income <sup>7</sup>                        | 4,572   |                    | 58                       | 4,630    | 4,715    |                    | 4,715   | 3                   | 2                   |
| <br>   |   |                    |                          |          |          |                    |         |                     |                     |
| Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions | (1,141)   |                    | (20)                     | (1,161)  | (820)    |                    | (820)   | 28                  | 29                  |
| <br>   |   |                    |                          |          |          |                    |         |                     |                     |
| Net operating income                                     | 3,431   |                    | 38                       | 3,469    | 3,895    |                    | 3,895   | 14                  | 12                  |
| <br>   |   |                    |                          |          |          |                    |         |                     |                     |
| Operating expenses                                       | (2,887)   |                    | (39)                     | (2,926)  | (3,013)  |                    | (3,013) | (4)                 | (3)                 |
| <br>   |   |                    |                          |          |          |                    |         |                     |                     |
| Operating profit   | 544   |                    | (1)                      | 543      | 882      |                    | 882     | 62                  | 62                  |
| <br>   |   |                    |                          |          |          |                    |         |                     |                     |
| Income from associates                                   |   |                    |                          |          | 1        |                    | 1       |                     |                     |
| <br>   |   |                    |                          |          |          |                    |         |                     |                     |
| Profit before tax  | 544   |                    | (1)                      | 543      | 883      |                    | 883     | 62                  | 63                  |

*For footnotes, see page 95.*

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Operating and Financial Review** (continued)

Analysis by customer group and global business

*Profit/(loss) before tax*

|  | Half-year to 30 June 2010                  |                                |  |                             |                |   | Total<br>US\$m |
|--|--|--------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|----------------|---|----------------|
|  | Personal<br>Financial<br>Services<br>US\$m | Commercial<br>Banking<br>US\$m | Global<br>Banking<br>&<br>Markets<br>US\$m | Private<br>Banking<br>US\$m | Other<br>US\$m | Inter-<br>segment<br>elimination <sup>35</sup><br>US\$m |                |
| Latin America  |  |                                |  |                             |                |   |                |
| Net interest income  | 1,977                                      | 793                            | 390  | 10                          | 53             | (104)   | 3,119          |
| Net fee income   | 443  | 244                            | 148  | 14                          | 6              |   | 855            |
| Trading income/(expense) excluding net interest income         | 21   | 38                             | 181  | 1                           | (4)            |   | 237            |
| Net interest income on trading activities                      |  |                                | 11   |                             | 1              | 104   | 116            |
| Net trading income/(expense) <sup>25</sup>                     | 21   | 38                             | 192  | 1                           | (3)            | 104   | 353            |
| Net income from financial instruments designated at fair value | 102  | 28                             |  |                             |                |   | 130            |
| Gains less losses from financial investments                   | 1  |                                | 52   |                             |                |   | 53             |
| Dividend income  | 3  | 1                              | 1  |                             |                |   | 5              |
| Net earned insurance premiums                                  | 769  | 171                            | 17   |                             |                |   | 957            |
| Other operating income   | 13   | 10                             | 6  | 1                           | 81             | (101)   | 10             |
| <b>Total operating income</b>                                  | <b>3,329</b>                               | <b>1,285</b>                   | <b>806</b>                                 | <b>26</b>                   | <b>137</b>     | <b>(101)</b>  | <b>5,482</b>   |
|  | <b>(628)</b>                               | <b>(129)</b>                   | <b>(10)</b>                                |                             |                |   | <b>(767)</b>   |

Net insurance  
claims<sup>26</sup>

|  |                |              |              |             |             |              |                |
|--|----------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|----------------|
| <b>Net operating<br/>income<sup>7</sup></b>  | <b>2,701</b>   | <b>1,156</b> | <b>796</b>   | <b>26</b>   | <b>137</b>  | <b>(101)</b> | <b>4,715</b>   |
| Loan impairment<br>(charges)/<br>recoveries and<br>other credit risk<br>provisions | <b>(661)</b>   | <b>(160)</b> | <b>3</b>     |             | <b>(2)</b>  |              | <b>(820)</b>   |
| <b>Net operating<br/>income</b>  | <b>2,040</b>   | <b>996</b>   | <b>799</b>   | <b>26</b>   | <b>135</b>  | <b>(101)</b> | <b>3,895</b>   |
| Operating<br>expenses  | <b>(1,904)</b> | <b>(760)</b> | <b>(334)</b> | <b>(22)</b> | <b>(94)</b> | <b>101</b>   | <b>(3,013)</b> |
| <b>Operating profit</b>  | <b>136</b>     | <b>236</b>   | <b>465</b>   | <b>4</b>    | <b>41</b>   |              | <b>882</b>     |
| Share of profit in<br>associates and<br>joint ventures                             | <b>1</b>       |              |              |             |             |              | <b>1</b>       |
| <b>Profit before tax</b>   | <b>137</b>     | <b>236</b>   | <b>465</b>   | <b>4</b>    | <b>41</b>   |              | <b>883</b>     |
|  | <b>%</b>       | <b>%</b>     | <b>%</b>     | <b>%</b>    | <b>%</b>    |              | <b>%</b>       |
| Share of HSBC s<br>profit before tax   | <b>1.2</b>     | <b>2.2</b>   | <b>4.2</b>   |             | <b>0.4</b>  |              | <b>8.0</b>     |
| Cost efficiency<br>ratio   | <b>70.5</b>    | <b>65.7</b>  | <b>42.0</b>  | <b>84.6</b> | <b>68.6</b> |              | <b>63.9</b>    |

*Balance sheet  
data<sup>23</sup>*

|   | <b>US\$m</b>  | <b>US\$m</b>  | <b>US\$m</b>  | <b>US\$m</b> | <b>US\$m</b> | <b>US\$m</b>   |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|
| Loans and<br>advances to<br>customers (net) | <b>19,350</b> | <b>19,434</b> | <b>10,006</b> | <b>39</b>    |              | <b>48,829</b>  |
| Total assets                                | <b>34,598</b> | <b>27,307</b> | <b>59,349</b> | <b>1,110</b> | <b>314</b>   | <b>121,885</b> |
| Customer<br>accounts                        | <b>26,618</b> | <b>20,115</b> | <b>23,158</b> | <b>5,326</b> |              | <b>75,217</b>  |

92

**Table of Contents**

|   | Half-year to 30 June 2009                  |                                |  |                             |                |   | Total<br>US\$m |
|---|--|--------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|----------------|---|----------------|
|   | Personal<br>Financial<br>Services<br>US\$m | Commercial<br>Banking<br>US\$m | Global<br>Banking<br>&<br>Markets<br>US\$m | Private<br>Banking<br>US\$m | Other<br>US\$m | Inter-<br>segment<br>elimination <sup>35</sup><br>US\$m |                |
| Latin America<br>Net interest<br>income/ (expense)                                      | 1,800                                      | 750                            | 275  | 9                           | (12)           | (202)   | 2,620          |
| Net fee income  | 463  | 240                            | 101  | 12                          | 7              |   | 823            |
| Trading<br>income/(expense)<br>excluding net<br>interest income                         | 33   | 30                             | 452  | 1                           | (4)            |   | 512            |
| Net interest<br>income/(expense)<br>on trading<br>activities                            | 2  | 2                              | (119)                                      |                             |                | 202   | 87             |
| Net trading<br>income/<br>(expense) <sup>25</sup>                                       | 35   | 32                             | 333  | 1                           | (4)            | 202   | 599            |
| Net<br>income/(expense)<br>from financial<br>instruments<br>designated at fair<br>value | 221  |                                | (50)                                       |                             | 17             |   | 188            |
| Gains less losses<br>from financial<br>investments                                      | 87   | 1                              | 44   |                             |                |   | 132            |
| Dividend income   | 3  |                                | 1  |                             |                |   | 4              |
| Net earned<br>insurance<br>premiums   | 661  | 28                             | 35   |                             |                |   | 724            |
| Other operating<br>income/ (expense)  | 81   | 18                             | 17   | 1                           | (14)           | (42)  | 61             |
| Total operating<br>income/ (expense)  | 3,351                                      | 1,069                          | 756  | 23                          | (6)            | (42)  | 5,151          |
| Net insurance<br>claims <sup>26</sup>   | (654)                                      | (15)                           | (30)                                       |                             |                |   | (699)          |

|  |         |        |        |       |         |       |         |
|--|---------|--------|--------|-------|---------|-------|---------|
| Net operating income/ (expense) <sup>7</sup>                           | 2,697   | 1,054  | 726    | 23    | (6)     | (42)  | 4,452   |
| Loan impairment (charges)/ recoveries and other credit risk provisions | (1,125) | (261)  | 1      |       |         |       | (1,385) |
| Net operating income/ (expense)  | 1,572   | 793    | 727    | 23    | (6)     | (42)  | 3,067   |
| Operating expenses   | (1,697) | (573)  | (247)  | (19)  | 6       | 42    | (2,488) |
| Operating profit/(loss)  | (125)   | 220    | 480    | 4     |         |       | 579     |
| Share of profit in associates and joint ventures                       |         | 1      |        |       |         |       | 1       |
| Profit/(loss) before tax   | (125)   | 221    | 480    | 4     |         |       | 580     |
|  | %       | %      | %      | %     | %       |       | %       |
| Share of HSBC's profit before tax                                      | (2.5)   | 4.4    | 9.6    | 0.1   |         |       | 11.6    |
| Cost efficiency ratio  | 62.9    | 54.4   | 34.0   | 82.6  | (100.0) |       | 55.9    |
| <i>Balance sheet data<sup>23</sup></i>                                 |         |        |        |       |         |       |         |
|  | US\$m   | US\$m  | US\$m  | US\$m | US\$m   |       | US\$m   |
| Loans and advances to customers (net)                                  | 19,423  | 16,162 | 9,055  | 50    |         |       | 44,690  |
| Total assets   | 33,262  | 20,615 | 53,897 | 313   | 249     | (821) | 107,515 |
| Customer accounts  | 27,881  | 16,595 | 18,003 | 2,402 |         |       | 64,881  |

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Operating and Financial Review (continued)***Profit/(loss) before tax (continued)*

|   | Half-year to 31 December 2009              |                                |  |                             |                |   | Total<br>US\$m |
|---|--|--------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|----------------|---|----------------|
|   | Personal<br>Financial<br>Services<br>US\$m | Commercial<br>Banking<br>US\$m | Global<br>Banking<br>&<br>Markets<br>US\$m | Private<br>Banking<br>US\$m | Other<br>US\$m | Inter-<br>segment<br>elimination <sup>35</sup><br>US\$m |                |
| Latin America   |  |                                |  |                             |                |   |                |
| Net interest income   | 1,936                                      | 794                            | 315  | 10                          | 7              | (109)   | 2,953          |
| Net fee income  | 485  | 250                            | 150  | 16                          | 5              |   | 906            |
| Trading<br>income/(expense)<br>excluding net<br>interest income                         | (8)  | 8                              | 121  | 2                           | 4              |   | 127            |
| Net interest income<br>on trading activities  | 2  |                                | 11   |                             |                | 109   | 122            |
| Net trading<br>income/(expense) <sup>25</sup>   | (6)  | 8                              | 132  | 2                           | 4              | 109   | 249            |
| Net<br>income/(expense)<br>from financial<br>instruments<br>designated at fair<br>value | 289  | 12                             | 12   |                             | (6)            |   | 307            |
| Gains less losses<br>from financial<br>investments                                      | 4  | (1)                            | 33   |                             |                |   | 36             |
| Dividend income   | 6  | 1                              |  |                             |                |   | 7              |
| Net earned<br>insurance premiums  | 1,091                                      | 77                             | 8  |                             |                |   | 1,176          |
| Other operating<br>income   | 89   | 17                             | 7  | 1                           | 13             | (55)  | 72             |
| Total operating<br>income   | 3,894                                      | 1,158                          | 657  | 29                          | 23             | (55)  | 5,706          |
| Net insurance<br>claims <sup>26</sup>   | (1,096)                                    | (43)                           | 5  |                             |                |   | (1,134)        |
|   | 2,798                                      | 1,115                          | 662  | 29                          | 23             | (55)  | 4,572          |

|  |         |        |        |       |       |       |         |
|--|---------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|---------|
| Net operating income <sup>7</sup>                                      |         |        |        |       |       |       |         |
| Loan impairment (charges)/ recoveries and other credit risk provisions | (921)   | (273)  | 56     |       | (3)   |       | (1,141) |
| Net operating income   | 1,877   | 842    | 718    | 29    | 20    | (55)  | 3,431   |
| Operating expenses   | (1,969) | (663)  | (267)  | (22)  | (21)  | 55    | (2,887) |
| Operating profit/(loss)  | (92)    | 179    | 451    | 7     | (1)   |       | 544     |
| Share of profit/(loss) in associates and joint ventures                | 1       | (1)    |        |       |       |       |         |
| Profit/(loss) before tax   | (91)    | 178    | 451    | 7     | (1)   |       | 544     |
|  | %       | %      | %      | %     | %     |       | %       |
| Share of HSBC s profit before tax                                      | (4.4)   | 8.6    | 21.9   | 0.3   |       |       | 26.4    |
| Cost efficiency ratio  | 70.4    | 59.5   | 40.3   | 75.9  | 91.3  |       | 63.1    |
| <i>Balance sheet data<sup>23</sup></i>                                 |         |        |        |       |       |       |         |
|  | US\$m   | US\$m  | US\$m  | US\$m | US\$m |       | US\$m   |
| Loans and advances to customers (net)                                  | 19,748  | 18,205 | 9,645  | 31    |       |       | 47,629  |
| Total assets   | 35,236  | 23,212 | 57,491 | 328   | 281   | (581) | 115,967 |
| Customer accounts  | 30,628  | 19,775 | 20,142 | 2,344 |       |       | 72,889  |

*For footnotes, see page 95.*

**Table of Contents**

Footnotes to the Operating and Financial Review

**Reconciliations of reported and underlying profit/(loss) before tax**

- 1 *These columns comprise the net increments or decrements in profits in the current half-year (compared with the previous half-years) which are attributable to acquisitions or disposals of subsidiaries, gains arising on the dilution of interests in associates and/or movements in fair value of own debt designated at fair value attributable to credit spread. The inclusion of acquisitions and disposals is determined in the light of events in each period.*
- 2 *Currency translation is the effect of translating the results of subsidiaries and associates for the previous half-years at the average rates of exchange applicable in the current half-year.*
- 3 *Excluding acquisitions and disposals in the first half of 2009.*
- 4 *Positive numbers are favourable; negative numbers are unfavourable.*
- 5 *Changes in fair value of own debt designated at fair value attributable to credit spread.*
- 6 *Other income in this context comprises net trading income, net income/(expense) from other financial instruments designated at fair value, gains less losses from financial investments, dividend income, net earned insurance premiums and other operating income less net insurance claims incurred and movement in liabilities to policyholders.*
- 7 *Net operating income before loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions.*
- 8 *Excluding acquisitions and disposals in the second half of 2009.*

**Financial summary**

- 9 *The change in fair value related to movements in the Group's credit spread on long-term debt resulted in an income of US\$1.1 billion in the first half of 2010 (first half of 2009: expense of US\$2.5 billion; second half of 2009: expense of US\$4.1 billion).*
- 10 *Net interest income includes the cost of funding trading assets, while the related external revenues are reported in trading income. In HSBC's customer group results, the cost of funding trading assets is included within Global Banking and Markets' net trading income as an interest expense.*
- 11 *Gross interest yield is the average annualised interest rate earned on average interest-earning assets ( AIEA ).*
- 12 *Net interest spread is the difference between the average annualised interest rate earned on AIEA, net of amortised premiums and loan fees, and the average annualised interest rate payable on average interest-bearing funds.*
- 13 *Net interest margin is net interest income expressed as an annualised percentage of AIEA.*
- 14 *The cost of internal funding of trading assets was US\$294 million (first half of 2009: US\$821 million; second half of 2009: US\$488 million) and is excluded from the reported Net trading income line and included in Net interest income. However, this cost is reinstated in Net trading income in HSBC's customer group and global business reporting.*
- 15 *Net trading income includes an income of US\$255 million (first half of 2009: expense of US\$127 million; second half of 2009: expense of US\$317 million) associated with changes in the fair value of issued structured notes and other hybrid instrument liabilities derived from movements in HSBC issuance spreads.*



- 16 *Includes gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of derivatives that are managed in conjunction with HSBC's long-term debt issued.*
- 17 *Net insurance claims incurred and movement in liabilities to policyholders arise from both life and non-life insurance business. For non-life business, amounts reported represent the cost of claims paid during the year and the estimated cost of notified claims. For life business, the main element of claims is the liability to policyholders created on the initial underwriting of the policy and any subsequent movement in the liability that arises, primarily from the attribution of investment performance to savings-related policies. Consequently, claims rise in line with increases in sales of savings-related business and with investment market growth.*
- 18 *Expressed as a percentage of average invested capital.*
- 19 *Average invested capital is measured as average total shareholders' equity after:*  
*adding back the average balance of goodwill amortised before the transition to IFRSs or subsequently written off directly to reserves (less goodwill previously amortised in respect of the French regional banks sold in 2008);*  
*deducting the average balance of HSBC's revaluation surplus relating to property held for own use. This reserve was generated when determining the deemed cost of such properties on transition to IFRSs and will run down as the properties are sold;*  
*deducting average preference shares and other equity instruments issued by HSBC Holdings; and*  
*deducting average reserves for unrealised gains/(losses) on effective cash flow hedges and available-for-sale securities.*
- 20 *Return on invested capital is based on the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company.*
- 21 *For the purpose of calculating the ratios, earnings consist of income from continuing operations before taxation and non-controlling interest plus fixed charges and after deduction of the unremitted pre-tax income of associated undertakings. Fixed charges consist of total interest expense, including or excluding interest on deposits, as appropriate, preference share dividends, as applicable, and the proportion of rental expense deemed representative of the interest factor.*

**Analyses by customer group and global business and by geographical region**

- 22 *The main items reported under 'Other' are certain property activities, unallocated investment activities, centrally held investment companies, gains arising from the dilution of interests in associates, movements in the fair value of own debt designated at fair value (the remainder of the Group's gain on own debt is included in Global Banking and Markets), and HSBC's holding company and financing operations. The results also include net interest earned on free capital held centrally, operating costs incurred by the Group Management Office operations in providing stewardship and central management services to HSBC, and costs incurred by the Group Service Centres and Shared Service Organisations and associated recoveries.*
- 23 *Assets by geographical region and customer group include intra-HSBC items. These items are eliminated, where appropriate, under the headings 'Intra-HSBC items' or 'Inter-segment elimination'.*
- 24 *RWAs are non-additive across geographical regions due to market risk diversification effects within the Group.*
- 25 *In the analysis of customer groups and global businesses, net trading income comprises all gains and losses from changes in the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities classified as held for trading, related external and internal interest income and interest expense, and dividends received; in the statutory presentation internal interest income and expense are eliminated.*
- 26 *Net insurance claims incurred and movement in liabilities to policyholders.*
- 27 *Employee expenses' comprises costs directly incurred by each customer group. The reallocation and recharging of employee and other expenses directly incurred in the 'Other' customer group is shown in 'Other'*

*operating expenses* .

95

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**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Operating and Financial Review (continued)**

- 28 *In the first half of 2010, Global Markets included income of US\$255 million from movements in credit spreads on structured liabilities (first half of 2009: expense of US\$127 million; second half of 2009: expense of US\$317 million).*
- 29 *Total income earned on securities services products in the Group amounted to US\$0.7 billion (first half of 2009: US\$0.7 billion; second half of 2009: US\$0.7 billion), of which US\$0.7 billion was in Global Banking and Markets (first half of 2009: US\$0.7 billion; second half of 2009: US\$0.7 billion) and US\$11 million was in Commercial Banking (first half of 2009: US\$8 million; second half of 2009: US\$10 million).*
- 30 *Total income earned on payments and cash management products in the Group amounted to US\$2.1 billion (first half of 2009: US\$2.0 billion; second half of 2009: US\$2.2 billion), of which US\$1.6 billion was in Commercial Banking (first half of 2009: US\$1.4 billion; second half of 2009: US\$1.7 billion) and US\$0.5 billion was in Global Banking and Markets (first half of 2009: US\$0.5 billion; second half of 2009: US\$0.5 billion).*
- 31 *Total income on other transaction services in the Group amounted to US\$1.1 billion (first half of 2009: US\$1.0 billion; second half of 2009: US\$1.0 billion). Of this US\$0.8 billion was in Commercial Banking relating to trade and supply chain (first half of 2009: US\$0.7 billion; second half of 2009: US\$0.7 billion) and US\$0.3 billion was in Global Banking and Markets of which US\$0.3 billion related to trade and supply chain (first half of 2009: US\$0.2 billion; second half of 2009: US\$0.2 billion) and US\$71 million related to banknotes and other (first half of 2009: US\$58 million; second half of 2009: US\$67 million).*
- 32 *Other in Global Banking and Markets includes net interest earned on free capital held in the global business not assigned to products.*
- 33 *Trading assets, financial instruments designated at fair value and financial investments held in Europe, and by Global Banking and Markets in North America, include financial assets which may be repledged or resold by counterparties.*
- 34 *Derivative assets and derivative liabilities of Global Banking and Markets include derivative transactions between different regions of Global Banking and Markets.*
- 35 *Inter-segment elimination comprises (i) the costs of shared services and Group Service Centres included within Other which are recovered from customer groups, and (ii) the intra-segment funding costs of trading activities undertaken within Global Banking and Markets. HSBC's Balance Sheet Management business, reported within Global Banking and Markets, provides funding to the trading businesses. To report Global Banking and Markets net trading income on a fully funded basis, Net interest income and Net interest income/(expense) on trading activities are grossed up to reflect internal funding transactions prior to their elimination in the inter-segment column.*
- 36 *France primarily comprises the domestic operations of HSBC France, HSBC Assurances Vie and the Paris branch of HSBC Bank plc.*
- 37 *Hong Kong Government certificates of indebtedness were reclassified from Personal Financial Services to Other at 1 January 2010.*

**Table of Contents**

**HSBC HOLDINGS PLC**

**Interim Management Report: Impact of Market Turmoil**

**Background and disclosure policy**

Following the market turmoil which began in 2007, there was a modest recovery in the risk appetite of investors in 2009. The first quarter of 2010 saw renewed uncertainty regarding the future growth prospects of the global economy, however, and concerns over sovereign credit risk that began in Greece and extended to other obligors, particularly in Southern Europe. As a result, the second quarter of 2010 saw significant falls in the prices of many assets perceived to be of higher risk, although some stability was regained with the announcement of a package of measures by the EU and the International Monetary Fund.

Widespread downgrading of securitised assets continued in the first half of 2010 as rating agencies changed their rating methodologies in response to the new circumstances. Although these downgrades were largely expected and did not affect management's loss estimates, for those institutions subject to the Basel II framework, which ties capital requirements to external credit ratings, the appetite for securitised assets remained limited regardless of the actual level of expected loss on the securities.

Although the general environment remained difficult, some positive developments were observed in securities supported by US sub-prime and Alt-A mortgages. The prices of the securitised assets had been depressed due to expected further deterioration in the value of the supporting collateral. However, the first half of 2010 saw a stabilisation and in some areas a modest increase in house prices. This, combined with the continued low interest rate environment, contributed to a rise in the price of these securitised assets.

Notwithstanding the renewed uncertainty in the first half of 2010, the levels of write-downs and losses on holdings of structured assets remained modest.

This section contains disclosures about the effect of the market turmoil on HSBC's securitisation exposures and other structured products. HSBC's principal exposures to the US and the UK mortgage markets take the form of credit risk from direct loans and advances to customers which were originated to be held to maturity or refinancing. Details are provided on page 152.

Financial instruments which were most affected by the market turmoil include exposures to direct lending which are held at fair value through profit or loss, or are classified as available for sale and are also held at fair value. Financial instruments included in these categories comprise asset-backed securities (ABSs), including mortgage-backed securities (MBSs) and collateralised debt obligations (CDOs), exposures to and contingent claims on monoline insurers (monolines) in respect of structured credit activities and leveraged finance transactions originated for distribution. In accordance with HSBC's policy to provide meaningful disclosures that help investors and other stakeholders understand the Group's performance, financial position and changes thereto, the information provided in this section goes beyond the minimum levels required by accounting standards, statutory and regulatory requirements and listing rules.

HSBC has voluntarily adopted the draft British Bankers' Association Code on Financial Reporting Disclosure (the draft BBA Code) with effect from its *Annual Report and Accounts 2009*. The draft code sets out five disclosure principles together with supporting guidance. These principles have been applied, as appropriate, in the context of the *Interim Report 2010*.

In order to facilitate an understanding of the turmoil in markets for securitised and structured assets and in line with the principles of the draft BBA Code, HSBC has continued to assess good practice recommendations issued from time to time by relevant regulators and standard setters, including the Assessment of banks' transparency in their 2009 audited annual reports recently published by the Committee of European Banking Supervisors.

The particular topics covered in respect of HSBC's securitisation activities and exposure to structured products are as follows:

- overview of exposure;
- business model;
- risk management;
- accounting policies;
- nature and extent of HSBC's exposures;

fair values of financial instruments; and  
special purpose entities.

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Impact of Market Turmoil** (continued)**Overview of exposure**

At 30 June 2010, the aggregate carrying amount of HSBC's exposure to ABSs, trading loans held for securitisation and exposure to leveraged finance transactions, including securities mitigated by credit derivatives with monolines and other financial institutions, was US\$79.7 billion (30 June 2009: US\$77.9 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$78.8 billion), as summarised in the table below. The majority of these exposures arose in Global Banking and Markets.

HSBC's holdings of available-for-sale ABSs increased by US\$5 billion to US\$53 billion. The associated AFS reserve deficit improved by US\$4 billion to US\$8 billion.

Within the total carrying amount of ABSs on the balance sheet, ABS holdings of US\$13.8 billion (30 June 2009: US\$12.9 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$14.0 billion) are held through vehicles discussed on page 101, where significant first loss protection is provided by external investors on a fully collateralised basis. This includes US\$3.3 billion (30 June 2009: US\$3.3 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$3.3 billion) in respect of sub-prime and Alt-A residential mortgage exposure.

*Overall exposure of HSBC*

|                        | At 30 June 2010 |              | At 30 June 2009 |           | At 31 December 2009 |           |
|------------------------|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|-----------|---------------------|-----------|
|                        | Carrying        | Including    | Carrying        | Including | Carrying            | Including |
|                        | amount          | sub-prime    | amount          | sub-prime | amount              | sub-prime |
|                        | US\$bn          | and          | US\$bn          | and       | US\$bn              | and       |
|                        |                 | Alt-A        |                 | Alt-A     |                     | Alt-A     |
|                        |                 | US\$bn       |                 | US\$bn    |                     | US\$bn    |
| ABSs                   | <b>72.6</b>     | <b>9.4</b>   | 69.0            | 10.6      | 70.6                | 10.8      |
| fair value through     |                 |              |                 |           |                     |           |
| profit or loss         | <b>10.8</b>     | <b>0.5</b>   | 11.4            | 0.8       | 12.1                | 0.7       |
| available for sale     | <b>53.2</b>     | <b>7.5</b>   | 47.1            | 7.9       | 48.1                | 8.2       |
| held to maturity       | <b>2.4</b>      | <b>0.2</b>   | 2.6             | 0.2       | 2.5                 | 0.2       |
| loans and              |                 |              |                 |           |                     |           |
| receivables            | <b>6.2</b>      | <b>1.2</b>   | 7.9             | 1.7       | 7.9                 | 1.7       |
| Loans at fair value    |                 |              |                 |           |                     |           |
| through profit or      |                 |              |                 |           |                     |           |
| loss                   | <b>1.9</b>      | <b>1.5</b>   | 2.6             | 2.1       | 2.0                 | 1.6       |
| Total ABS and          |                 |              |                 |           |                     |           |
| direct lending at fair |                 |              |                 |           |                     |           |
| value through profit   |                 |              |                 |           |                     |           |
| or loss                | <b>74.5</b>     | <b>10.9</b>  | 71.6            | 12.7      | 72.6                | 12.4      |
| Less securities        | <b>(8.6)</b>    | <b>(0.6)</b> | (9.2)           | (0.8)     | (10.2)              | (1.0)     |
| mitigated by credit    |                 |              |                 |           |                     |           |

derivatives with  
monolines and other  
financial institutions

**65.9**                      **10.3**                      62.4                      11.9                      62.4                      11.4

Leveraged finance  
loans

**5.2**    6.3    6.2

fair value through  
profit or loss

**0.2**    0.3    0.2

loans and  
receivables

**5.0**    6.0    6.0

**71.1**                      **10.3**                      68.7                      11.9                      68.6                      11.4

Exposure including  
securities mitigated  
by credit derivatives  
with monoline

**79.7**                      **10.9**                      77.9                      12.7                      78.8                      12.4

*For footnote, see page 137.*

*Reconciliation of movement in carrying amount of ABSs*

|  | <b>Half-year to<br/>30 June 2010<br/>US\$bn</b> |
|--|---|
| Balance at 1 January 2010  | <b>70.6</b>                                     |
| Net ABS acquisitions (principally of US Government agency and sponsored enterprises) | <b>6.8</b>                                      |
| Principal amortisation of available-for-sale ABSs (repayment at par)                 | <b>(3.3)</b>                                    |
| Movement on fair values of available-for-sale ABSs                                   | <b>2.7</b>                                      |
| Net sales, principal amortisation and write-downs of ABSs                            | <b>(2.7)</b>                                    |
| Exchange differences and other movements   | <b>(1.5)</b>                                    |
| <br>Balance at 30 June 2010  | <br><b>72.6</b>                                 |

**Table of Contents****Reclassification of financial assets**

The accounting policy for reclassification is set out on page 370 of the *Annual Report and Accounts 2009*.

During the second half of 2008, HSBC reclassified US\$15.3 billion and US\$2.6 billion of financial assets from the held-for-trading category to the loans and receivables and available-for-sale classifications, respectively. The effect on HSBC's profit before tax if the reclassifications had not been made, are tabulated below. HSBC has not undertaken any further reclassifications.

*Reclassifications of HSBC's financial assets*

|  | At 30 June 2010          |                     | At 30 June 2009          |                     | At 31 December 2009      |                     |
|--|--------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
|  | Carrying amount<br>US\$m | Fair value<br>US\$m | Carrying amount<br>US\$m | Fair value<br>US\$m | Carrying amount<br>US\$m | Fair value<br>US\$m |
| <b>Reclassification to loans and receivables</b> |                          |                     |                          |                     |                          |                     |
| ABSs   | <b>6,172</b>             | <b>4,947</b>        | 7,827                    | 5,266               | 7,827                    | 6,177               |
| Trading loans – commercial mortgage loans        | <b>484</b>               | <b>440</b>          | 605                      | 551                 | 553                      | 506                 |
| Leveraged finance and syndicated loans           | <b>5,015</b>             | <b>4,338</b>        | 5,720                    | 4,758               | 5,824                    | 5,434               |
|  | <b>11,671</b>            | <b>9,725</b>        | 14,152                   | 10,575              | 14,204                   | 12,117              |
| <b>Reclassification to available for sale</b>    |                          |                     |                          |                     |                          |                     |
| Corporate debt and other securities              | <b>103</b>               | <b>103</b>          | 2,156                    | 2,156               | 1,408                    | 1,408               |
|  | <b>11,774</b>            | <b>9,828</b>        | 16,308                   | 12,731              | 15,612                   | 13,525              |

*Reconciliation of effect on profit before tax if reclassifications had not occurred*

|   | <b>30 June 2010</b><br>US\$m | Half-year to<br>30 June 2009<br>US\$m | 31 December 2009<br>US\$m |
|---|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Reported profit before tax  | <b>11,104</b>                | 5,019                                 | 2,060                     |
| Profit before tax if reclassifications had not been made                | <b>11,093</b>                | 4,758                                 | 3,820                     |
| Increase/(reduction) in profit before tax from reclassification         | <b>11</b>                    | 261                                   | (1,760)                   |
|   | <b>US\$m</b>                 | US\$m                                 | US\$m                     |
| Attributable to increase/(reduction) in profit before tax in:<br>Europe | <b>(82)</b>                  | 494                                   | (1,425)                   |



|               |    |       |       |
|---------------|----|-------|-------|
| North America | 32 | (238) | (379) |
| Middle East   | 61 | 5     | 44    |

The following table shows the fair value gains and losses, income and expense recognised in the income statement and shows the impact that would have occurred if no reclassification had taken place.

*HSBC's fair value gains and losses, income and expense*

|   | Effect on income statement<br>for half-year to 30 June 2010        |   |  |
|---|--|---|--|
|   | Recorded<br>in<br>the<br>income<br>statement <sup>2</sup><br>US\$m | Assuming<br>no<br>reclass-<br>ification <sup>3</sup><br>US\$m | Net effect<br>of<br>reclass-<br>ification<br>US\$m |
| <b>Financial assets reclassified to loans and receivables</b> |  |   |  |
| ABSs  | 214  | 538   | (324)  |
| Trading loans – commercial mortgage loans                     | 12   | 10  | 2  |
| Leveraged finance and syndicated loans                        | 177  | (170)   | 347  |
|   | 403  | 378   | 25   |
| <b>Financial assets reclassified to available for sale</b>    |  |   |  |
| Corporate debt and other securities                           | 55   | 69  | (14)   |
|   | 458  | 447   | 11   |

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Impact of Market Turmoil** (continued)*HSBC's fair value gains and losses, income and expense* (continued)

|   | Effect on income statement<br>for half-year to 30 June 2009        |   |   | Effect on income statement<br>for half-year to 31 December 2009    |   |  |
|---|--|---|---|--|---|--|
|   | Recorded<br>in<br>the<br>income<br>statement <sup>2</sup><br>US\$m | Assuming<br>no<br>reclass-<br>ification <sup>3</sup><br>US\$m | Net<br>effect<br>of<br>reclass-<br>ification<br>US\$m | Recorded<br>in<br>the<br>income<br>statement <sup>2</sup><br>US\$m | Assuming<br>no<br>reclass-<br>ification <sup>3</sup><br>US\$m | Net effect<br>of<br>reclass-<br>ification<br>US\$m |
| Financial assets reclassified<br>to loans and receivables |  |   |   |  |   |  |
| ABSs  | 243  | (466)   | 709   | 268  | 1,233   | (965)  |
| Trading loans – commercial<br>mortgage loans              | 15   | (8)   | 23  | 17   | 23  | (6)  |
| Leveraged finance and<br>syndicated loans                 | 210  | 679   | (469)   | 224  | 815   | (591)  |
|   | 468  | 205   | 263   | 509  | 2,071   | (1,562)  |
| Financial assets reclassified<br>to available for sale    |  |   |   |  |   |  |
| Corporate debt and other<br>securities                    | 36   | 38  | (2)   | 65   | 263   | (198)  |
|   | 504  | 243   | 261   | 574  | 2,334   | (1,760)  |

*For footnotes, see page 137.***Financial effect of market turmoil**

The write-downs incurred by the Group for the last three half-year periods on ABSs, trading loans held for securitisation, leveraged finance transactions and the movement in fair values on available-for-sale ABSs taken to equity, plus impairment losses on specific exposures to banks, are summarised in the following table. Virtually all of these effects were recorded in Global Banking and Markets. Further analyses of the write-downs taken to the income statement by Global Banking and Markets and the net carrying amounts of the positions that generated these write-downs are shown in the succeeding table:

*Financial effect of market turmoil on HSBC*

|  | <b>30<br/>June<br/>2010<br/>US\$bn</b> | Half-year to<br>30 June<br>2009<br>US\$bn | 31<br>December<br>2009<br>US\$bn |
|--|--|---|----------------------------------|
| (Write-downs)/write-backs taken to income statement              | <b>0.1</b>                             | (1.3)                                     | (0.6)                            |
| Net movement on available-for-sale reserve on ABSs in the period | <b>4.1</b>                             | 1.2                                       | 5.3                              |

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Closing balance of available-for-sale reserve relating to ABSs **(8.1)** (17.5) (12.2)  
*Global Banking and Markets write-downs/(write-backs) taken to the income statement and carrying amounts*

|  | Write-downs/(write-backs) during |              |              | Carrying amount at |              |              |
|--|----------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------------|--------------|--------------|
|  | half-year to                     |              |              |                    |              |              |
|  | <b>30</b>                        |              | 31           | <b>30</b>          |              | 31           |
| <b>June</b>  | 30 June                          | December     | <b>June</b>  | 30 June            | December     |              |
| <b>2010</b>  | 2009                             | 2009         | <b>2010</b>  | 2009               | 2009         |              |
| <b>US\$m</b>   | <b>US\$m</b>                     | <b>US\$m</b> | <b>US\$m</b> | <b>US\$m</b>       | <b>US\$m</b> | <b>US\$m</b> |
| Sub-prime mortgage-related assets                                  |                                  |              |              |                    |              |              |
| loan securitisation  | <b>(49)</b>                      | 156          | 80           | <b>478</b>         | 943          | 758          |
| credit trading   | <b>(32)</b>                      | 83           | 17           | <b>146</b>         | 303          | 282          |
| Other ABSs   | <b>(125)</b>                     | 103          | (196)        | <b>959</b>         | 1,376        | 990          |
| Impairments on reclassified assets                                 | <b>(25)</b>                      | 160          | 3            | <b>11,774</b>      | 16,308       | 15,612       |
| Derivative exposure to monolines                                   |                                  |              |              |                    |              |              |
| investment grade counterparts                                      | <b>(6)</b>                       | 25           | (78)         | <b>828</b>         | 1,593        | 897          |
| non-investment grade counterparts                                  | <b>(117)</b>                     | 241          | 45           | <b>276</b>         | 510          | 408          |
| Leveraged finance loans <sup>4</sup>                               | <b>(30)</b>                      | (11)         | (120)        | <b>154</b>         | 285          | 196          |
| Other credit related items   | <b>(3)</b>                       | 5            | (19)         | <b>25</b>          | 116          | 61           |
| Available-for-sale impairments and other non-trading related items | <b>256</b>                       | 564          | 833          |                    |              |              |
|  | <b>(131)</b>                     | 1,326        | 565          |                    |              |              |

*For footnote, see page 137.*

**Table of Contents****Asset-backed securities classified as available for sale**

HSBC's principal holdings of ABSs in the Global Banking and Markets business are held through special purpose entities (SPEs) which were established from the outset with the benefit of external investor first loss protection support, together with positions held directly and by Solitaire Funding Limited (Solitaire) where HSBC has first loss risk.

The table below summarises the Group's exposure to ABSs which are classified as available for sale. The methodology used to determine the fair valuation of the securities and hence the available for sale reserve is described on page 114.

*Available-for-sale ABSs exposure*

|   | At 30 June 2010                                   |                |                | At 30 June 2009                                   |               |                | At 31 December 2009                               |               |                |
|---|---|----------------|----------------|---|---------------|----------------|---|---------------|----------------|
|   | Directly held/<br>Solitaire <sup>5</sup><br>US\$m | SPEs<br>US\$m  | Total<br>US\$m | Directly held/<br>Solitaire <sup>5</sup><br>US\$m | SPEs<br>US\$m | Total<br>US\$m | Directly held/<br>Solitaire <sup>5</sup><br>US\$m | SPEs<br>US\$m | Total<br>US\$m |
| Total carrying amount of net principal exposure   | <b>39,391</b>                                     | <b>13,774</b>  | <b>53,165</b>  | 34,153  | 12,898        | 47,051         | 34,040  | 14,021        | 48,061         |
| Total available-for-sale reserves                 | <b>(4,914)</b>                                    | <b>(3,168)</b> | <b>(8,082)</b> | (10,898)  | (6,587)       | (17,485)       | (7,349)   | (4,864)       | (12,213)       |
|   | Half-year to<br>30 June 2010                      |                |                | Half-year to<br>30 June 2009                      |               |                | Half-year to<br>31 December 2009                  |               |                |
|   | Directly held/<br>Solitaire <sup>5</sup><br>US\$m | SPEs<br>US\$m  | Total<br>US\$m | Directly held/<br>Solitaire <sup>5</sup><br>US\$m | SPEs<br>US\$m | Total<br>US\$m | Directly held/<br>Solitaire <sup>5</sup><br>US\$m | SPEs<br>US\$m | Total<br>US\$m |
| Impairment charge:<br>borne by HSBC               | <b>277</b>  |                | <b>277</b>     | 539   |               | 539            | 883   |               | 883            |
| allocated to capital<br>note holders <sup>6</sup> |   | <b>488</b>     | <b>488</b>     |   | 646           | 646            |   | 20            | 20             |
| Total impairment charge                           | <b>277</b>  | <b>488</b>     | <b>765</b>     | 539   | 646           | 1,185          | 883   | 20            | 903            |

*For footnotes, see page 137.*

Securities investment conduits (special purpose entities)

In the table above, the total carrying amount of ABSs in respect of SPEs represents holdings in which significant first loss protection is provided through capital notes issued by the SICs, excluding Solitaire.

Impairment charges incurred on assets held by these SPEs are offset by a credit to the impairment line for the amount of the loss allocated to capital note holders.

The economic first loss protection remaining at 30 June 2010 amounted to US\$2.2 billion (30 June 2009: US\$2.2 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$2.2 billion).

On an IFRSs accounting basis, the carrying value of the liability for the capital notes at 30 June 2010 amounted to US\$0.3 billion (30 June 2009: US\$0.6 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$0.7 billion). The impairment charge recognised during the first half of 2010 amounted to US\$488 million (first half of 2009: US\$646 million; second half of 2009: US\$20 million).

At 30 June 2010, the available-for-sale reserve in respect of securities held by the SICs was a deficit of US\$3.4 billion (30 June 2009: US\$7.7 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$5.2 billion). Of this, US\$3.2 billion related to ABSs (30 June 2009: US\$6.6 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$4.9 billion).

Impairments recognised during the first half of 2010 from assets held directly or within Solitaire, in recognition of the first loss protection of US\$1.2 billion provided by HSBC through credit enhancement and from drawings against the liquidity facility provided by HSBC, were US\$277 million (first half of 2009: US\$539 million; second half of 2009: US\$883 million), based on a notional principal value of securities which were impaired of US\$0.4 billion (30 June 2009: US\$0.7 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$2.6 billion). The reduction in impairment charges compared with the first half of 2009 is due to the stabilising of loss severities and delinquency roll rates which have resulted in lower losses in the underlying collateral pools causing losses in the assets held. The level of impairment recognised in comparison with the deficit in the available-for-sale reserve is a reflection of the credit quality and seniority of the assets held.

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Impact of Market Turmoil** (continued)

Sub-prime and Alt-A residential mortgage-backed securities

Management judges that the assets which are most sensitive to possible future impairment are sub-prime and Alt-A residential MBSs within HSBC's holdings of available-for-sale ABSs.

Excluding those held in the SPEs discussed above, available-for-sale holdings in these higher risk categories amounted to US\$4.2 billion at 30 June 2010 (30 June 2009: US\$4.6 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$4.9 billion). The deficit in the available-for-sale fair value reserve at 30 June 2010 in relation to these securities was US\$3.3 billion (30 June 2009: US\$5.0 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$4.3 billion).

Details of HSBC's methodology for assessing available-for-sale ABSs for objective evidence of impairment at each balance sheet date, are described on page 122.

**Available-for-sale ABS impairment and cash loss projections**

At 31 December 2009, management undertook an analysis of the portfolio to estimate the further potential impairments and expected cash losses on the available-for-sale ABS portfolio. This exercise comprised a shift of projections of future loss severities, default rates and prepayment rates. The analysis showed that the portfolio is now primarily sensitive to impairments arising on Alt-A securities. The sensitivity of Global Banking and Markets available-for-sale ABS positions to the loss of protection from monolines reduced during 2009 and is no longer expected to be a significant contributor to future impairment charges. The results of the analysis indicate that further impairment charges of some US\$1.1 billion and expected cash losses of some US\$450 million could arise over the next two to three years. At 30 June 2010, management re-performed the stress test and the outcome, taking into account the impairment charges in 2010, was consistent with the exercise at 31 December 2009.

HSBC's regular impairment assessment utilises an industry standard valuation model which uses data with reference to the underlying asset pools and models the future projected cash flows of the underlying pools. The key assumptions and inputs to the models are the delinquency status of the underlying loans, the probability of delinquent loans progressing to default, the proportion of assets subsequently recoverable, the prepayment profiles of the underlying assets and the loss severity in the event of default. The projected cash flows of the pools are then used to determine whether payment of

principal and interest on the securities held by HSBC will be made. For the purposes of identifying impairment at the reporting date, the future projected cash flows reflect the effect of loss events that have occurred at or prior to the reporting date. For the purposes of performing stress tests to estimate potential future impairment charges, the future projected cash flows reflect additional assumptions about future loss events after the balance sheet date.

This analysis makes assumptions in respect of the future behaviour of loss severities, default rates and prepayment rates. Movements in the parameters are not independent of each other. For example, increased default rates and increased loss severities, which would imply greater impairments, generally arise under economic conditions that give rise to reduced levels of prepayment, reducing the potential for impairment charges. Conversely, economic conditions which increase the rates of prepayment are generally associated with reduced default rates and decreased loss severities. The assumptions used by management in the roll-forward analysis have been set in the context of further increases in loss severities and raised levels of default rates partly offset by stable prepayment rates in the short to medium term.

At 30 June 2010, the incurred and projected impairment charges measured for accounting purposes significantly exceeded the expected cash losses on the securities. Over the lives of the available-for-sale ABSs the cumulative impairment charges will converge towards the level of cash losses.

**Business model****Asset-backed securities and leveraged finance**

HSBC is or has been involved in the following activities in these areas:

- purchasing US mortgage loans with the intention of structuring and placing securitisations into the market;
- trading in ABSs, including MBSs, in secondary markets;
- holding MBSs and other ABSs in balance sheet management activities, with the intention of earning net interest income over the life of the securities;

holding MBSs and other ABSs as part of investment portfolios, including the structured investment vehicles (SIVs), SICs and money market funds described under Special purpose

**Table of Contents**

entities below, with the intention of earning net interest income and management fees; holding MBSs or other ABSs in the trading portfolio hedged through credit derivative protection, typically purchased from monolines, with the intention of earning the spread differential over the life of the instruments; and originating leveraged finance loans for the purposes of syndicating or selling them down in order to generate a trading profit and holding them in order to earn interest margin over their lives.

These activities are not a significant part of Global Banking and Markets business, and Global Banking and Markets is not reliant on them for any material aspect of its business operations or profitability.

**Special purpose entities**

HSBC enters into certain transactions with customers in the ordinary course of business which involves the establishment of SPEs to facilitate customer transactions. SPEs are used in HSBC's business in order to provide structured investment opportunities for customers, facilitate the raising of funding for customers' business activities, or diversify HSBC's sources of funding and/or improve capital efficiency.

The use of SPEs in this way is not a significant part of HSBC's activities and HSBC is not reliant on the use of SPEs for any material part of its business operations or profitability. Detailed disclosures of HSBC's sponsored SPEs are provided on page 125.

**Risk management**

The effect of the market turmoil on HSBC's risk exposures, the way in which HSBC has managed risk exposures in this context, and any changes made in HSBC's risk management policies and procedures in response to the market conditions are set out in the following sections:

- Credit risk Credit exposure (see page 141);
- Liquidity risk The impact of market turmoil on liquidity risk (see page 175); and
- Market risk The impact of market turmoil on market risk (see page 177).

**Accounting policies**

HSBC's accounting policies regarding the classification and valuation of financial instruments are described in the accounting policies on pages 369 to 385 of the *Annual Report and Accounts 2009*, and the use of assumptions and estimation in respect of the valuation of financial instruments is described on page 63 of the *Annual Report and Accounts 2009*.

**Nature and extent of HSBC's exposures**

This section contains information on HSBC's exposures to the following:

- direct lending held at fair value through profit or loss;
- ABSs including MBSs and CDOs;
- monolines;
- credit derivative product companies (CDPCs); and
- leveraged finance transactions.

MBSs are securities that represent interests in a group of mortgages. Investors in these securities have the right to cash received from future mortgage payments (interest and/or principal). Where an MBS references mortgages with different risk profiles, the MBS is classified according to the highest risk class. Consequently, an MBS with both sub-prime and Alt-A exposures is classified as sub-prime.

CDOs are securities in which ABSs and/or other related assets have been purchased and securitised by a third party, or securities which pay a return which is referenced to those assets. CDOs may include exposure to sub-prime mortgage assets where these are part of the underlying assets or reference assets. As there can be uncertainty surrounding the precise nature of the underlying collateral supporting CDOs, all CDOs supported by residential mortgage-related assets, irrespective of the level of sub-prime assets referenced or contained therein, are classified as sub-prime.

HSBC's holdings of ABSs and CDOs, and its direct lending positions, include the following categories of collateral and lending activity:

- sub-prime:** loans to customers who have limited credit histories, modest incomes or high debt-to-income ratios or have experienced credit problems caused by occasional delinquencies,





**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Impact of Market Turmoil (continued)**

prior charge-offs, bankruptcy or other credit-related actions. For US mortgages, standard US credit scores are primarily used to determine whether a loan is sub-prime. US Home Equity Lines of Credit ( HELoC s) are classified as sub-prime. For non-US mortgages, management judgement is used to identify loans with similar risk characteristics to sub-prime, for example, UK non-conforming mortgages (see below);

**US Home Equity Lines of Credit:** a form of revolving credit facility provided to customers, which is supported by a first or second lien charge over residential property. Global Banking and Markets holdings of HELoCs are classified as US sub-prime residential mortgage assets;

**US Alt-A:** loans classified as Alt-A are regarded as lower risk than sub-prime, but they share higher risk characteristics than lending under fully conforming standard criteria. US credit scores, as well as the level and completeness of mortgage documentation held (such as whether there is proof of income), are considered when determining whether an Alt-A classification is appropriate. Mortgages in the US which are not eligible to be sold to the major government sponsored mortgage agencies, Ginnie Mae (Government National Mortgage Association), Fannie Mae (the Federal National Mortgage Association) and Freddie Mac (the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation), are classified as Alt-A if they do not meet the criteria for classification as sub-prime;

**US Government agency and US Government sponsored enterprises mortgage-related assets:** securities that are guaranteed by US Government agencies, such as Ginnie Mae, or are guaranteed by US Government sponsored entities, including Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac;

**UK non-conforming mortgage-related assets:** UK mortgages that do not meet normal lending criteria. This includes instances where the normal level of documentation has not been provided (for example, in the case of self-certification of income), or where increased risk factors, such as poor credit history, result in lending at a rate that is higher than the normal lending rate. UK non-conforming mortgages are treated as sub-prime exposures; and

**other mortgage-related assets:** residential mortgage-related assets that do not meet any of the classifications described above. Prime residential mortgage-related assets are included in this category.

HSBC s exposure to non-residential mortgage-related ABSs and direct lending includes:

**commercial property mortgage-related assets:** MBSs with collateral other than residential mortgage-related assets;

**leveraged finance-related assets:** securities with collateral relating to leveraged finance loans;

**student loan-related assets:** securities with collateral relating to student loans; and

**other assets:** securities with other receivable-related collateral.

Included in the tables on pages 105 to 109 are ABSs which are held through SPEs that are consolidated by HSBC. Although HSBC consolidates these assets in full, the risks arising from the assets are mitigated to the extent of third-party investment in notes issued by those SPEs. For a description of HSBC s holdings of and arrangements with SPEs, see page 125.

The exposures detailed in the table on page 105 include long positions where risk is mitigated by specific credit derivatives with monolines and other financial institutions. These positions comprise:

residential MBSs with a carrying amount of US\$0.6 billion (30 June 2009: US\$0.9 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$1.0 billion);

residential MBS CDOs with a carrying amount of US\$13 million (30 June 2009: US\$16 million; 31 December 2009: US\$15 million); and

ABSs other than residential MBSs and MBS CDOs with a carrying amount of US\$8.0 billion (30 June 2009: US\$8.3 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$9.2 billion).

In the tables on pages 107 to 109, carrying amounts and gains and losses are given for securities except those where risk is mitigated through specific credit derivatives with monolines, as detailed above, with a total carrying amount of US\$8.6 billion (30 June 2009: US\$9.2 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$10.2 billion). The counterparty credit risk arising from the derivative transactions undertaken with monolines is covered in the monoline exposure analysis on page 111.



**Table of Contents**

*Carrying amount of HSBC's consolidated holdings of ABSs, and direct lending held at fair value through profit or loss*

|   | Trading<br>US\$m | Available<br>for sale<br>US\$m | Held<br>to<br>maturity<br>US\$m | Designated<br>at fair<br>value<br>through<br>profit or<br>loss<br>US\$m | Loans<br>and<br>receivables<br>US\$m | Total<br>US\$m | Of which<br>held<br>through<br>consolidated<br>SPEs<br>US\$m |
|---|------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|----------------|--|
| <b>At 30 June 2010</b>  |                  |                                |                                 |   |                                      |                |  |
| Mortgage-related<br>assets:   |                  |                                |                                 |   |                                      |                |  |
| Sub-prime residential   | 1,891            | 2,626                          |                                 |   | 658                                  | 5,175          | 3,077  |
| Direct lending<br>MBSs and MBS<br>CDOs <sup>7</sup>                       | 1,438            |                                |                                 |   |                                      | 1,438          | 883  |
|   | 453              | 2,626                          |                                 |   | 658                                  | 3,737          | 2,194  |
| US Alt-A residential  | 115              | 4,907                          | 193                             |   | 536                                  | 5,751          | 3,720  |
| Direct lending<br>MBSs <sup>7</sup>                                       | 102              |                                |                                 |   |                                      | 102            |  |
|   | 13               | 4,907                          | 193                             |   | 536                                  | 5,649          | 3,720  |
| US Government<br>agency and sponsored<br>enterprises<br>MBSs <sup>7</sup> | 472              | 19,341                         | 2,254                           |   |                                      | 22,067         | 347  |
| Other residential   | 1,243            | 4,063                          |                                 | 59  | 1,303                                | 6,668          | 2,771  |
| Direct lending<br>MBSs <sup>7</sup>                                       | 348              |                                |                                 |   |                                      | 348            | 2,735  |
|   | 895              | 4,063                          |                                 | 59  | 1,303                                | 6,320          | 36   |
| Commercial property<br>MBSs and MBS<br>CDOs <sup>7</sup>                  | 751              | 8,111                          |                                 | 75  | 1,905                                | 10,842         | 6,470  |
|   | 4,472            | 39,048                         | 2,447                           | 134   | 4,402                                | 50,503         | 16,385   |
| Leveraged<br>finance-related assets<br>ABSs and ABS<br>CDOs <sup>7</sup>  | 413              | 6,310                          |                                 |   | 516                                  | 7,239          | 4,173  |
| Student loan-related<br>assets<br>ABSs and ABS<br>CDOs <sup>7</sup>       | 141              | 5,241                          |                                 |   | 144                                  | 5,526          | 4,192  |
| Other assets  | 1,715            | 2,566                          |                                 | 5,852   | 1,116                                | 11,249         | 2,439  |

ABSs and ABS  
CDOs<sup>7</sup>

|  |              |               |              |              |              |               |               |
|--|--------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
|  | <b>6,741</b> | <b>53,165</b> | <b>2,447</b> | <b>5,986</b> | <b>6,178</b> | <b>74,517</b> | <b>27,189</b> |
|--|--------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|

At 30 June 2009  
Mortgage-related  
assets:

|                       |       |       |  |  |     |       |       |
|-----------------------|-------|-------|--|--|-----|-------|-------|
| Sub-prime residential | 2,498 | 2,876 |  |  | 732 | 6,106 | 3,156 |
|-----------------------|-------|-------|--|--|-----|-------|-------|

|                |       |  |  |  |  |       |     |
|----------------|-------|--|--|--|--|-------|-----|
| Direct lending | 1,923 |  |  |  |  | 1,923 | 864 |
|----------------|-------|--|--|--|--|-------|-----|

|                                   |     |       |  |  |     |       |       |
|-----------------------------------|-----|-------|--|--|-----|-------|-------|
| MBSs and MBS<br>CDOs <sup>7</sup> | 575 | 2,876 |  |  | 732 | 4,183 | 2,292 |
|-----------------------------------|-----|-------|--|--|-----|-------|-------|

|                      |     |       |     |  |     |       |       |
|----------------------|-----|-------|-----|--|-----|-------|-------|
| US Alt-A residential | 371 | 5,057 | 190 |  | 953 | 6,571 | 3,356 |
|----------------------|-----|-------|-----|--|-----|-------|-------|

|                   |     |       |     |  |     |       |       |
|-------------------|-----|-------|-----|--|-----|-------|-------|
| Direct lending    | 207 |       |     |  |     | 207   |       |
| MBSs <sup>7</sup> | 164 | 5,057 | 190 |  | 953 | 6,364 | 3,356 |

US Government  
agency and sponsored  
enterprises  
MBSs<sup>7</sup>

|  |     |        |       |  |  |        |  |
|--|-----|--------|-------|--|--|--------|--|
|  | 102 | 14,074 | 2,388 |  |  | 16,564 |  |
|--|-----|--------|-------|--|--|--------|--|

|                   |       |       |  |    |       |       |       |
|-------------------|-------|-------|--|----|-------|-------|-------|
| Other residential | 1,274 | 4,175 |  | 25 | 1,262 | 6,736 | 2,801 |
|-------------------|-------|-------|--|----|-------|-------|-------|

|                   |     |       |  |    |       |       |       |
|-------------------|-----|-------|--|----|-------|-------|-------|
| Direct lending    | 498 |       |  |    |       | 498   |       |
| MBSs <sup>7</sup> | 776 | 4,175 |  | 25 | 1,262 | 6,238 | 2,801 |

Commercial property  
MBSs and MBS  
CDOs<sup>7</sup>

|  |     |       |  |     |       |       |       |
|--|-----|-------|--|-----|-------|-------|-------|
|  | 390 | 6,575 |  | 227 | 2,126 | 9,318 | 4,815 |
|--|-----|-------|--|-----|-------|-------|-------|

|  |       |        |       |     |       |        |        |
|--|-------|--------|-------|-----|-------|--------|--------|
|  | 4,635 | 32,757 | 2,578 | 252 | 5,073 | 45,295 | 14,128 |
|--|-------|--------|-------|-----|-------|--------|--------|

Leveraged  
finance-related assets

|                                   |     |       |  |  |     |       |       |
|-----------------------------------|-----|-------|--|--|-----|-------|-------|
| ABSs and ABS<br>CDOs <sup>7</sup> | 252 | 4,690 |  |  | 563 | 5,505 | 3,825 |
|-----------------------------------|-----|-------|--|--|-----|-------|-------|

Student loan-related  
assets

|                                   |     |       |  |  |     |       |       |
|-----------------------------------|-----|-------|--|--|-----|-------|-------|
| ABSs and ABS<br>CDOs <sup>7</sup> | 203 | 5,136 |  |  | 141 | 5,480 | 4,334 |
|-----------------------------------|-----|-------|--|--|-----|-------|-------|

Other assets  
ABSs and ABS  
CDOs<sup>7</sup>

|  |       |       |  |       |       |        |       |
|--|-------|-------|--|-------|-------|--------|-------|
|  | 2,409 | 4,468 |  | 6,346 | 2,092 | 15,315 | 2,726 |
|--|-------|-------|--|-------|-------|--------|-------|

7,499      47,051      2,578      6,598      7,869      71,595      25,013

105

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**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Impact of Market Turmoil** (continued)

*Carrying amount of HSBC's consolidated holdings of ABSs, and direct lending held at fair value through profit or loss*

*(continued)*

|  | Trading<br>US\$m | Available<br>for sale<br>US\$m | Held<br>to<br>maturity<br>US\$m | Designated<br>at fair<br>value<br>through<br>profit or<br>loss<br>US\$m | Loans<br>and<br>receivables<br>US\$m | Total<br>US\$m | Of which<br>held<br>through<br>consolidated<br>SPEs<br>US\$m |
|--|------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|----------------|--|
| At 31 December 2009                            |                  |                                |                                 |   |                                      |                |  |
| Mortgage-related assets:                       |                  |                                |                                 |   |                                      |                |  |
| Sub-prime residential                          | 2,063            | 2,782                          |                                 |   | 837                                  | 5,682          | 3,213  |
| Direct lending                                 | 1,439            |                                |                                 |   |                                      | 1,439          | 913  |
| MBSs and MBS CDOs <sup>7</sup>                 | 624              | 2,782                          |                                 |   | 837                                  | 4,243          | 2,300  |
| US Alt-A residential                           | 191              | 5,403                          | 192                             |   | 882                                  | 6,668          | 3,672  |
| Direct lending                                 | 113              |                                |                                 |   |                                      | 113            |  |
| MBSs <sup>7</sup>                              | 78               | 5,403                          | 192                             |   | 882                                  | 6,555          | 3,672  |
| US Government agency and sponsored enterprises |                  |                                |                                 |   |                                      |                |  |
| MBSs <sup>7</sup>                              | 375              | 13,332                         | 2,333                           |   |                                      | 16,040         | 322  |
| Other residential                              | 1,646            | 4,582                          |                                 | 335   | 1,401                                | 7,964          | 3,160  |
| Direct lending                                 | 452              |                                |                                 |   |                                      | 452            |  |
| MBSs <sup>7</sup>                              | 1,194            | 4,582                          |                                 | 335   | 1,401                                | 7,512          | 3,160  |
| Commercial property                            |                  |                                |                                 |   |                                      |                |  |
| MBSs and MBS CDOs <sup>7</sup>                 | 414              | 7,535                          |                                 | 103   | 2,143                                | 10,195         | 5,730  |
|  | 4,689            | 33,634                         | 2,525                           | 438   | 5,263                                | 46,549         | 16,097   |
| Leveraged finance-related assets               |                  |                                |                                 |   |                                      |                |  |
| ABSs and ABS CDOs <sup>7</sup>                 | 555              | 5,150                          |                                 |   | 484                                  | 6,189          | 4,144  |
| Student loan-related assets                    |                  |                                |                                 |   |                                      |                |  |

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|                                |       |        |       |       |        |        |
|--------------------------------|-------|--------|-------|-------|--------|--------|
| ABSs and ABS CDOs <sup>7</sup> | 141   | 4,948  |       | 145   | 5,234  | 4,127  |
| Other assets                   |       |        |       |       |        |        |
| ABSs and ABS CDOs <sup>7</sup> | 2,302 | 4,329  | 6,025 | 1,987 | 14,643 | 2,696  |
|                                | 7,687 | 48,061 | 2,525 | 6,463 | 7,879  | 72,615 |
|                                |       |        |       |       |        | 27,064 |

*For footnote, see page 137.*

*The above table excludes leveraged finance transactions, which are shown separately on page 113.*



**Table of Contents**

*HSBC's consolidated holdings of ABSs, and direct lending held at fair value through profit or loss*

|  | Half-year to 30 June 2010                |                                       |                          |                              | At 30 June 2010               |  |                                      |                               |
|--|--|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
|  | Gross fair value movements               |                                       | Realised gains/ (losses) | Reclassi- fied <sup>12</sup> | Gross principal <sup>13</sup> | Credit default swap gross protection <sup>14</sup> | Net principal exposure <sup>15</sup> | Carrying amount <sup>16</sup> |
| Income statement <sup>9</sup>                  | Other comprehensive income <sup>10</sup> | in the income statement <sup>11</sup> | US\$m                    |                              |                               |  |                                      |                               |
| Mortgage-related assets                        |  |                                       |                          |                              |                               |  |                                      |                               |
| Sub-prime residential                          |  |                                       |                          |                              |                               |  |                                      |                               |
| Direct lending                                 | (15)                                     |                                       | (14)                     |                              | 2,064                         |  | 2,064                                | 1,438                         |
| MBSs <sup>7</sup>                              | 329                                      | 186                                   | 52                       | 315                          | 5,268                         | 456  | 4,812                                | 3,142                         |
| - high grade <sup>8</sup>                      | 2  | 102                                   | 2                        | 38                           | 1,968                         | 331  | 1,638                                | 1,423                         |
| - rated C to A                                 | 327                                      | 84                                    | 50                       | 277                          | 3,194                         | 125  | 3,068                                | 1,717                         |
| - not publicly rated                           |  |                                       |                          |                              | 106                           |  | 106                                  | 2                             |
| MBS CDOs <sup>7</sup>                          | 9  | 3                                     | 52                       |                              | 676                           | 14   | 662                                  | 31                            |
| - high grade <sup>8</sup>                      |  | 2                                     | 52                       |                              | 14                            |  | 14                                   | 16                            |
| - rated C to A                                 | 9  | 1                                     |                          |                              | 524                           | 14   | 510                                  | 13                            |
| - not publicly rated                           |  |                                       |                          |                              | 138                           |  | 138                                  | 2                             |
|  | 323                                      | 189                                   | 90                       | 315                          | 8,008                         | 470  | 7,538                                | 4,611                         |
| US Alt-A residential                           |  |                                       |                          |                              |                               |  |                                      |                               |
| Direct lending                                 |  |                                       |                          |                              | 113                           |  | 113                                  | 102                           |
| MBSs <sup>7</sup>                              |  | 359                                   | 9                        | 884                          | 11,384                        | 100  | 11,284                               | 5,580                         |
| - high grade <sup>8</sup>                      |  | 29                                    |                          | 30                           | 818                           | 100  | 718                                  | 610                           |
| - rated C to A                                 |  | 323                                   | 9                        | 855                          | 10,381                        |  | 10,381                               | 4,811                         |
| - not publicly rated                           |  | 7                                     |                          | (1)                          | 185                           |  | 185                                  | 159                           |
|  |  | 359                                   | 9                        | 884                          | 11,497                        | 100  | 11,397                               | 5,682                         |
| US Government agency and sponsored enterprises |  |                                       |                          |                              |                               |  |                                      |                               |
| MBSs <sup>7</sup>                              |  |                                       |                          |                              |                               |  |                                      |                               |
| - high grade <sup>8</sup>                      | (2)                                      | 415                                   | (3)                      | (63)                         | 21,271                        |  | 21,271                               | 22,067                        |

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|                                |       |       |      |       |        |       |        |        |
|--------------------------------|-------|-------|------|-------|--------|-------|--------|--------|
| Other residential              |       |       |      |       |        |       |        |        |
| Direct lending                 | 40    |       | 16   |       | 341    |       | 341    | 348    |
| MBSs <sup>7</sup>              | 116   | 108   | 22   | 4     | 7,141  |       | 7,141  | 6,320  |
| - high grade <sup>8</sup>      | 46    | 106   | 22   | 7     | 6,242  |       | 6,242  | 5,580  |
| - rated C to A                 | 70    |       |      | (3)   | 705    |       | 705    | 633    |
| - not publicly rated           |       | 2     |      |       | 194    |       | 194    | 107    |
|                                | 156   | 108   | 38   | 4     | 7,482  |       | 7,482  | 6,668  |
| Commercial property            |       |       |      |       |        |       |        |        |
| MBS and MBS CDOs <sup>7</sup>  | (163) | 946   | (31) | 170   | 12,635 | 412   | 12,223 | 10,580 |
| - high grade <sup>8</sup>      | (174) | 601   | (47) | 119   | 8,682  | 100   | 8,582  | 7,644  |
| - rated C to A                 | 12    | 345   | 15   | 48    | 3,821  | 312   | 3,509  | 2,838  |
| - not publicly rated           | (1)   |       | 1    | 3     | 132    |       | 132    | 98     |
| Leveraged                      |       |       |      |       |        |       |        |        |
| finance-related assets         |       |       |      |       |        |       |        |        |
| ABSs and ABS CDOs <sup>7</sup> | 57    | 462   | 4    | 40    | 8,372  | 514   | 7,858  | 6,725  |
| - high grade <sup>8</sup>      | 57    | 328   | 1    | 23    | 6,943  | 346   | 6,598  | 5,815  |
| - rated C to A                 |       | 134   | 3    | 17    | 1,383  | 168   | 1,214  | 864    |
| - not publicly rated           |       |       |      |       | 46     |       | 46     | 46     |
| Student loan-related           |       |       |      |       |        |       |        |        |
| assets                         |       |       |      |       |        |       |        |        |
| ABSs and ABS CDOs <sup>7</sup> | 3     | 132   | 2    | (3)   | 7,317  |       | 7,317  | 5,438  |
| - high grade <sup>8</sup>      | 5     | 93    | 2    | (2)   | 4,898  |       | 4,898  | 4,311  |
| - rated C to A                 | (2)   | 46    |      | (1)   | 1,649  |       | 1,649  | 835    |
| - not publicly rated           |       | (7)   |      |       | 770    |       | 770    | 292    |
| Other assets                   |       |       |      |       |        |       |        |        |
| ABS and ABS CDOs <sup>7</sup>  | (204) | 118   | 64   | 55    | 12,775 | 7,076 | 5,699  | 4,160  |
| - high grade <sup>8</sup>      | (312) | (8)   | 4    | 3     | 9,176  | 6,613 | 2,563  | 1,794  |
| - rated C to A                 | 107   | 131   | 50   | 52    | 2,784  | 463   | 2,321  | 1,758  |
| - not publicly rated           | 1     | (5)   | 10   |       | 815    |       | 815    | 608    |
| Total                          | 170   | 2,729 | 173  | 1,402 | 89,357 | 8,572 | 80,785 | 65,931 |



**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Impact of Market Turmoil** (continued)*HSBC's consolidated holdings of ABSs, and direct lending held at fair value through profit or loss* (continued)

|  | Half-year to 30 June 2009     |  |                                |                              | At 30 June 2009               |  |                                      |                               |
|--|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
|  | Gross fair value movements    |  | Realised gains/(losses) in the | Reclassi- fied <sup>12</sup> | Gross principal <sup>13</sup> | Credit default swap gross protection <sup>14</sup> | Net principal exposure <sup>15</sup> | Carrying amount <sup>16</sup> |
|  | Income statement <sup>9</sup> | Other comprehensive income <sup>10</sup> |                                |                              |                               |  |                                      |                               |
| Mortgage-related assets                        |                               |  |                                |                              |                               |  |                                      |                               |
| Sub-prime residential                          |                               |  |                                |                              |                               |  |                                      |                               |
| Direct lending                                 | (154)                         | 11                                       | 11                             |                              | 2,253                         |  | 2,253                                | 1,923                         |
| MBSs <sup>7</sup>                              | (142)                         | (631)                                    | (7)                            | 449                          | 8,001                         | 436  | 7,565                                | 3,534                         |
| - high grade <sup>8</sup>                      | (16)                          | 163                                      | (2)                            | 27                           | 3,142                         | 392  | 2,750                                | 1,874                         |
| - rated C to A                                 | (126)                         | (794)                                    | (5)                            | 422                          | 4,811                         | 44   | 4,767                                | 1,657                         |
| - not publicly rated                           |                               |  |                                |                              | 48                            |  | 48                                   | 3                             |
| MBS CDOs <sup>7</sup>                          |                               | (15)                                     |                                | 2                            | 394                           | 35   | 359                                  | 26                            |
| - high grade <sup>8</sup>                      |                               | (6)                                      |                                |                              | 41                            | 17   | 24                                   | 15                            |
| - rated C to A                                 |                               | (9)                                      |                                | 2                            | 351                           | 18   | 333                                  | 9                             |
| - not publicly rated                           |                               |  |                                |                              | 2                             |  | 2                                    | 2                             |
|  | (296)                         | (635)                                    | 4                              | 451                          | 10,648                        | 471  | 10,177                               | 5,483                         |
| US Alt-A residential                           |                               |  |                                |                              |                               |  |                                      |                               |
| Direct lending                                 |                               |  |                                |                              | 231                           |  | 231                                  | 207                           |
| MBSs <sup>7</sup>                              | (41)                          | 891                                      |                                | 455                          | 15,195                        | 303  | 14,892                               | 6,228                         |
| - high grade <sup>8</sup>                      | (9)                           | 3,191                                    | 1                              | (54)                         | 2,521                         | 142  | 2,379                                | 1,754                         |
| - rated C to A                                 | (32)                          | (2,300)                                  | (1)                            | 509                          | 12,663                        | 161  | 12,502                               | 4,463                         |
| - not publicly rated                           |                               |  |                                |                              | 11                            |  | 11                                   | 11                            |
|  | (41)                          | 891                                      |                                | 455                          | 15,426                        | 303  | 15,123                               | 6,435                         |
| US Government agency and sponsored enterprises |                               |  |                                |                              |                               |  |                                      |                               |

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|                                  |       |       |     |       |        |        |        |        |
|----------------------------------|-------|-------|-----|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| MBSs <sup>7</sup>                |       |       |     |       |        |        |        |        |
| - high grade <sup>8</sup>        | 8     | 35    | 236 | (120) | 16,460 |        | 16,460 | 16,564 |
| Other residential                |       |       |     |       |        |        |        |        |
| Direct lending                   | (41)  | 104   | 104 |       | 526    |        | 526    | 498    |
| MBSs <sup>7</sup>                | (43)  | 35    | (4) |       | 7,969  |        | 7,969  | 6,112  |
| - high grade <sup>8</sup>        | (17)  | 63    | (5) |       | 7,309  |        | 7,309  | 5,708  |
| - rated C to A                   | (16)  | (28)  | 1   |       | 580    |        | 580    | 358    |
| - not publicly rated             | (10)  |       |     |       | 80     |        | 80     | 46     |
|                                  | (84)  | 139   | 100 |       | 8,495  |        | 8,495  | 6,610  |
| Commercial property              |       |       |     |       |        |        |        |        |
| MBS and MBS CDOs <sup>7</sup>    | (92)  | (723) | 13  |       | 13,855 | 359    | 13,496 | 9,111  |
| - high grade <sup>8</sup>        | (64)  | (519) | 12  |       | 12,718 | 359    | 12,359 | 8,437  |
| - rated C to A                   | (28)  | (204) | 2   |       | 1,119  |        | 1,119  | 669    |
| - not publicly rated             |       |       | (1) |       | 18     |        | 18     | 5      |
| Leveraged finance-related assets |       |       |     |       |        |        |        |        |
| ABSs and ABS CDOs <sup>7</sup>   | (1)   | 143   |     |       | 7,372  | 758    | 6,614  | 5,075  |
| - high grade <sup>8</sup>        | (1)   | 156   |     |       | 6,755  | 271    | 6,484  | 4,963  |
| - rated C to A                   |       | (13)  |     |       | 617    | 487    | 130    | 112    |
| Student loan-related assets      |       |       |     |       |        |        |        |        |
| ABSs and ABS CDOs <sup>7</sup>   | (3)   | 507   | (1) |       | 7,397  |        | 7,397  | 5,308  |
| - high grade <sup>8</sup>        | (1)   | 381   |     |       | 6,890  |        | 6,890  | 5,201  |
| - rated C to A                   | (2)   | 126   | (1) |       | 507    |        | 507    | 107    |
| Other assets                     |       |       |     |       |        |        |        |        |
| ABS and ABS CDOs <sup>7</sup>    | (153) | 80    | (4) | 24    | 20,208 | 9,617  | 10,591 | 7,793  |
| - high grade <sup>8</sup>        | (10)  | 528   | (2) | 1     | 8,089  | 3,179  | 4,910  | 4,250  |
| - rated C to A                   | (131) | (448) | (2) | 33    | 5,268  | 295    | 4,973  | 2,902  |
| - not publicly rated             | (12)  |       |     | (10)  | 6,851  | 6,143  | 708    | 641    |
| Total                            | (662) | 437   | 348 | 810   | 99,861 | 11,508 | 88,353 | 62,379 |

**Table of Contents**

|  | Half-year to 31 December 2009            |                                |                                 |                              | At 31 December 2009           |  |                                      |                               |
|--|--|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
|  | Gross fair value movements               |                                | Realised gains/ (losses) in the | Reclassi- fied <sup>12</sup> | Gross principal <sup>13</sup> | Credit default swap gross protection <sup>14</sup> | Net principal exposure <sup>15</sup> | Carrying amount <sup>16</sup> |
| Income statement <sup>9</sup>                  | Other comprehensive income <sup>10</sup> | income statement <sup>11</sup> | US\$m                           |                              |                               |  |                                      |                               |
| Mortgage-related assets                        |  |                                |                                 |                              |                               |  |                                      |                               |
| Sub-prime residential                          |  |                                |                                 |                              |                               |  |                                      |                               |
| Direct lending                                 | (73)                                     | (11)                           | (51)                            |                              | 1,703                         |  | 1,703                                | 1,439                         |
| MBSs <sup>7</sup>                              | 98                                       | 818                            | (123)                           | 346                          | 7,483                         | 1,248  | 6,235                                | 3,419                         |
| - high grade <sup>8</sup>                      |  | 14                             | 3                               | 107                          | 2,762                         | 603  | 2,159                                | 1,719                         |
| - rated C to A                                 | 101                                      | 804                            | (126)                           | 239                          | 4,616                         | 645  | 3,971                                | 1,700                         |
| - not publicly rated                           | (3)                                      |                                |                                 |                              | 105                           |  | 105                                  |                               |
| MBS CDOs <sup>7</sup>                          | (2)                                      | 6                              |                                 |                              | 138                           | 15   | 123                                  | 29                            |
| - high grade <sup>8</sup>                      |  | 5                              |                                 |                              | 36                            | 15   | 21                                   | 17                            |
| - rated C to A                                 | (1)                                      | 1                              |                                 |                              | 89                            |  | 89                                   | 10                            |
| - not publicly rated                           | (1)                                      |                                |                                 |                              | 13                            |  | 13                                   | 2                             |
|  | 23                                       | 813                            | (174)                           | 346                          | 9,324                         | 1,263  | 8,061                                | 4,887                         |
| US Alt-A residential                           |  |                                |                                 |                              |                               |  |                                      |                               |
| Direct lending                                 |  |                                |                                 |                              | 129                           |  | 129                                  | 113                           |
| MBSs <sup>7</sup>                              | 136                                      | (230)                          | (143)                           | 1,238                        | 13,546                        | 491  | 13,055                               | 6,427                         |
| - high grade <sup>8</sup>                      |  | (2,830)                        |                                 | 371                          | 1,625                         | 428  | 1,197                                | 1,237                         |
| - rated C to A                                 | 135                                      | 2,600                          | (143)                           | 867                          | 11,885                        | 63   | 11,822                               | 5,176                         |
| - not publicly rated                           | 1  |                                |                                 |                              | 36                            |  | 36                                   | 14                            |
|  | 136                                      | (230)                          | (143)                           | 1,238                        | 13,675                        | 491  | 13,184                               | 6,540                         |
| US Government agency and sponsored enterprises |  |                                |                                 |                              |                               |  |                                      |                               |
| MBSs <sup>7</sup>                              |  |                                |                                 |                              |                               |  |                                      |                               |
| - high grade <sup>8</sup>                      | 108                                      | 217                            | (238)                           | (3)                          | 15,827                        |  | 15,827                               | 16,040                        |
| Other residential                              |  |                                |                                 |                              |                               |  |                                      |                               |

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|  |      |       |       |       |        |        |        |        |
|--|------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Direct lending                                       | 120  | (104) | (34)  |       | 463    |        | 463    | 452    |
| MBSs <sup>7</sup>                                    | 114  | 590   | 41    | 50    | 8,741  | 91     | 8,650  | 7,443  |
| - high grade <sup>8</sup>                            | 93   | 554   | 42    | 75    | 7,884  | 91     | 7,793  | 6,440  |
| - rated C to A                                       | 11   | 38    | (1)   | (34)  | 773    |        | 773    | 941    |
| - not publicly rated                                 | 10   | (2)   |       | 9     | 84     |        | 84     | 62     |
|  | 234  | 486   | 7     | 50    | 9,204  | 91     | 9,113  | 7,895  |
| Commercial property<br>MBS and MBS CDOs <sup>7</sup> | 127  | 1,425 | (21)  | (104) | 13,734 | 395    | 13,339 | 9,954  |
| - high grade <sup>8</sup>                            | 136  | 1,202 | (20)  | (90)  | 9,805  | 264    | 9,541  | 7,537  |
| - rated C to A                                       | (9)  | 221   | (2)   | (12)  | 3,860  | 131    | 3,729  | 2,365  |
| - not publicly rated                                 |      | 2     | 1     | (2)   | 69     |        | 69     | 52     |
| Leveraged finance-related<br>assets                  |      |       |       |       |        |        |        |        |
| ABSs and ABS CDOs <sup>7</sup>                       |      | 578   |       | (40)  | 7,516  | 895    | 6,621  | 5,612  |
| - high grade <sup>8</sup>                            | 15   | 602   |       | (41)  | 6,620  | 414    | 6,206  | 5,301  |
| - rated C to A                                       | (15) | (24)  |       | 1     | 881    | 481    | 400    | 295    |
| - not publicly rated                                 |      |       |       |       | 15     |        | 15     | 16     |
| Student loan-related<br>assets                       |      |       |       |       |        |        |        |        |
| ABSs and ABS CDOs <sup>7</sup>                       | (3)  | 62    | 3     | 32    | 7,192  | 224    | 6,968  | 5,122  |
| - high grade <sup>8</sup>                            | 3    | 249   |       | 32    | 6,690  | 30     | 6,660  | 5,019  |
| - rated C to A                                       | (6)  | (187) | 3     |       | 477    | 194    | 283    | 76     |
| - not publicly rated                                 |      |       |       |       | 25     |        | 25     | 27     |
| Other assets   |      |       |       |       |        |        |        |        |
| ABS and ABS CDOs <sup>7</sup>                        | 227  | 335   | (13)  | 67    | 17,608 | 8,797  | 8,811  | 6,327  |
| - high grade <sup>8</sup>                            | 28   | (240) | 12    | 30    | 12,846 | 8,607  | 4,239  | 3,564  |
| - rated C to A                                       | 171  | 600   | (27)  | 52    | 4,126  | 190    | 3,936  | 2,245  |
| - not publicly rated                                 | 28   | (25)  | 2     | (15)  | 636    |        | 636    | 518    |
| Total  | 852  | 3,686 | (579) | 1,586 | 94,080 | 12,156 | 81,924 | 62,377 |

For footnotes, see page 137.





**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Impact of Market Turmoil** (continued)**Analysis of exposures and significant movements**

## Sub-prime residential mortgage-related assets

Sub-prime residential mortgage-related assets included US\$3.5 billion (30 June 2009: US\$4.3 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$3.7 billion) relating to US-originated assets and US\$1.1 billion (30 June 2009: US\$1.1 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$1.1 billion) relating to UK non-conforming residential mortgage-related assets. Of the non-high grade assets held of US\$1.7 billion, US\$1.5 billion (30 June 2009: US\$1.5 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$1.7 billion) related to US-originated assets, reflecting the higher quality of the UK-originated assets.

A modest increase in observable values of sub-prime assets took place in the first half of 2010. However, further impairment of US\$100 million on assets classified as available for sale was recognised in the first half of 2010 (first half of 2009: US\$542 million; second half of 2009: US\$17 million) as losses were incurred under current accounting impairment rules which require the full fair value deficit to be recognised when there is objective evidence of impairment that has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the instrument, without reference to the amount of the expected loss. The expectation of losses on the underlying assets did not increase from that at 31 December 2009. Of the impairment above, US\$98 million (first half of 2009: US\$275 million; second half of 2009: US\$37 million) occurred in the SICs and was borne by the capital note holders.

## US Alt-A residential mortgage-related assets

During the first half of 2010, spreads on Alt-A mortgage-related assets tightened from the levels seen in 2009. Further impairments of US\$598 million (first half of 2009: US\$631 million; second half of 2009: US\$741 million) were recorded in respect of Alt-A mortgage-related assets as losses were incurred under the current accounting rules described in the paragraph above, without reference to the amount of expected loss. The expectation of losses in the underlying assets did not increase from that at 31 December 2009. Of the impairment above, US\$369 million (first half of 2009: US\$352 million; second half of 2009: write-back of US\$6 million) occurred in the SICs and was borne by the capital note holders.

The following table shows the vintages of the collateral assets supporting HSBC's holdings of US sub-prime and Alt-A MBSs. Market prices for these instruments generally incorporate higher discounts for later vintages. The majority of HSBC's holdings of US sub-prime MBSs are originated pre-2007; holdings of US Alt-A MBSs are more evenly distributed between pre- and post-2007 vintages.

*Vintages of US sub-prime and Alt-A mortgage-backed securities*

|                         | Gross principal <sup>13</sup> of US sub-prime mortgage-backed securities at |              |                  | Gross principal <sup>13</sup> of US Alt-A mortgage-backed securities at |              |                  |
|-------------------------|---|--------------|------------------|---|--------------|------------------|
|                         | <b>30 June 2010</b>   | 30 June 2009 | 31 December 2009 | <b>30 June 2010</b>   | 30 June 2009 | 31 December 2009 |
|                         | US\$m   | US\$m        | US\$m            | US\$m   | US\$m        | US\$m            |
| <b>Mortgage vintage</b> |   |              |                  |   |              |                  |
| Pre-2006                | <b>1,358</b>  | 1,571        | 1,748            | <b>1,389</b>  | 2,237        | 2,108            |
| 2006                    | <b>2,074</b>  | 3,262        | 2,827            | <b>5,499</b>  | 7,076        | 6,225            |
| 2007                    | <b>1,060</b>  | 1,851        | 1,187            | <b>4,496</b>  | 5,882        | 5,213            |
|                         | <b>4,492</b>  | 6,684        | 5,762            | <b>11,384</b>   | 15,195       | 13,546           |

*For footnote, see page 137.*

US Government agency and sponsored enterprises mortgage-related assets

During the first half of 2010, HSBC increased its holdings of US Government agency and sponsored enterprises mortgage-related assets by US\$6.0 billion.

Other residential mortgage-related assets

The majority of other residential mortgage-related assets were originated in the UK (30 June 2010: US\$4.2 billion; 30 June 2009: US\$4.0 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$4.7 billion). No impairments were recognised in respect of these UK-originated assets in the first half of 2010 (first and second halves of 2009: nil), reflecting credit support within the asset portfolio.

**Table of Contents****Commercial property mortgage-related assets**

Of the total of US\$10.6 billion (30 June 2009: US\$9.1 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$10.0 billion) of commercial property mortgage-related assets, US\$5.4 billion related to US-originated assets (30 June 2009: US\$3.9 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$4.3 billion). Spreads tightened on both US and non-US commercial property mortgage-related assets during 2009. Impairments of US\$11 million (first half of 2009: US\$14 million; second half of 2009: US\$74 million) were recognised in the first half of 2010.

**Leveraged finance-related assets**

The majority of assets related to US-originated exposures; almost all (30 June 2010: 86 per cent; 30 June 2009: 98 per cent; 31 December 2009: 94 per cent) were high grade with no impairments recorded in the period (first and second halves of 2009: nil).

**Student loan-related assets**

Holdings in student loan-related assets were US\$5.4 billion (30 June 2009: US\$5.3 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$5.1 billion). No impairments were recorded on student loan-related assets in the first half of 2010 (first and second halves of 2009: nil).

**Transactions with monoline insurers**

HSBC's exposure to derivative transactions entered into directly with monoline insurers

HSBC's principal exposure to monolines is through a number of over-the-counter (OTC) derivative transactions, mainly credit default swaps (CDSs). HSBC entered into these CDSs primarily to purchase credit protection against securities held at the time within the trading portfolio.

*HSBC's exposure to derivative transactions entered into directly with monoline insurers*

|  | <b>Notional<br/>amount<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Net exposure<br/>before credit<br/>risk<br/>adjustment<sup>17</sup><br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Credit risk<br/>adjustment<sup>18</sup><br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Net<br/>exposure<br/>after credit<br/>risk<br/>adjustment<br/>US\$m</b> |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| <b>At 30 June 2010</b>                               |                                      |  |  |  |
| Derivative transactions with monoline counterparties |                                      |  |  |  |
| Monoline investment grade (BBB- or above)            | <b>5,103</b>                         | <b>920</b>   | <b>(92)</b>  | <b>828</b>   |
| Monoline sub-investment grade (below BBB-)           | <b>2,464</b>                         | <b>751</b>   | <b>(475)</b>   | <b>276</b>   |
|  | <b>7,567</b>                         | <b>1,671</b>   | <b>(567)</b>   | <b>1,104</b>   |
| <b>At 30 June 2009</b>                               |                                      |  |  |  |
| Derivative transactions with monoline counterparties |                                      |  |  |  |
| Monoline investment grade (BBB- or above)            | 7,259                                | 2,308  | (715)  | 1,593  |
| Monoline sub-investment grade (below BBB-)           | 3,683                                | 1,357  | (847)  | 510  |
|  | 10,942                               | 3,665  | (1,562)  | 2,103  |

At 31 December 2009

Derivative transactions with monoline counterparties

|  |        |       |         |       |
|--|--------|-------|---------|-------|
| Monoline investment grade (BBB- or above)  | 5,623  | 997   | (100)   | 897   |
| Monoline sub-investment grade (below BBB-) | 4,400  | 1,317 | (909)   | 408   |
|  | 10,023 | 2,314 | (1,009) | 1,305 |

*For footnotes, see page 137.*

During the first half of 2010, the notional value of derivative contracts with monolines and HSBC's overall credit exposure to monolines decreased as a number of transactions were commuted, and others matured. The above table sets out the fair value, essentially the replacement cost, of the remaining derivative transactions at 30 June 2010, and hence the amount at risk if the CDS protection purchased were to be wholly ineffective because, for example, the monoline insurer was unable to meet its obligations. In order to further analyse that risk, the value of protection purchased is shown subdivided between those monolines that were rated by Standard & Poor's (S&P) at BBB- or above at 30 June 2010, and those that were below BBB- (BBB- is the S&P cut-off for an investment grade classification). The Credit risk adjustment column indicates the valuation adjustment taken by HSBC against the net exposures, and reflects HSBC's best estimate of the likely loss of value on purchased protection arising from the deterioration in creditworthiness of the monolines. These valuation adjustments, which reflect a measure of the irrecoverability of the protection purchased, have been charged to the income statement. During the first half of 2010, the CRA on derivative contracts

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Impact of Market Turmoil** (continued)

with monolines decreased as a number of transactions were commuted and others matured.

The above table can be analysed as follows. HSBC has derivative transactions referenced to underlying securities with a notional value of US\$7.6 billion (30 June 2009: US\$10.9 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$10.0 billion), whose value at 30 June 2010 indicated a potential claim against the protection purchased from the monolines of some US\$1.7 billion (30 June 2009: US\$3.7 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$2.3 billion). On the basis of a credit assessment of the monolines, a provision of US\$0.6 billion has been taken (30 June 2009: US\$1.6 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$1.0 billion), leaving US\$1.1 billion exposed (30 June 2009: US\$2.1 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$1.3 billion), of which US\$0.8 billion is recoverable from monolines rated investment grade at 30 June 2010 (30 June 2009: US\$1.6 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$0.9 billion). The provisions taken imply in aggregate that 90 cents in the dollar will be recoverable from investment grade monolines and 37 cents in the dollar from non-investment grade monolines (30 June 2009: 69 cents and 38 cents, respectively; 31 December 2009: 90 cents and 31 cents, respectively).

For the CDSs, market prices are generally not readily available. Therefore the CDSs are valued on the basis of market prices of the referenced securities.

The credit risk adjustment against monolines is determined by one of a number of methodologies, dependent upon the internal credit rating of the monoline. HSBC's assignment of internal credit ratings is based upon detailed credit analysis, and may differ from external ratings.

For highly-rated monolines, the standard credit risk adjustment methodology (as described on page 170 of the *Annual Report and Accounts 2009*) applies, with the exception that the future exposure profile is deemed to be constant (equal to the current mark value) over the weighted average life of the referenced security, and the credit risk adjustment cannot fall below 10 per cent of the mark-to-market exposure.

In respect of monolines, where default has either occurred or there is a strong possibility of default in the near term, the adjustment is determined based upon the estimated probabilities of various potential scenarios, and the estimated recovery in each case.

For other monoline exposures, the credit risk adjustment follows the methodology for well-rated monolines. However, this methodology is adjusted to include the probability of a claim arising in respect of the referenced security, and applies implied probabilities of default where the likelihood of claim is believed to be high.

At 30 June 2010, US\$1.6 billion (31 December 2009: US\$2.6 billion) notional value of securities referenced by monoline CDS transactions with a market value of US\$1.2 billion (31 December 2009: US\$1.9 billion), were held in the loans and receivables category, having been included in the reclassification of financial assets described on page 98. At the date of reclassification, the market value of the assets was US\$1.9 billion. The reclassification resulted in an accounting asymmetry between the CDSs, which continue to be held at fair value through profit and loss, and the reclassified securities, which are accounted for on an amortised cost basis. If the reclassifications had not occurred, the impact on the income statement for the first half of 2010 would have been an increase in profit of US\$30 million (first half of 2009: increase in profit of US\$23 million; second half of 2009: decrease in profit of US\$18 million). This amount represents the difference between the increase in market value of the securities during the first half of 2010 and the accretion recognised under the amortised cost method in 2010.

HSBC's exposure to direct lending and irrevocable commitments to lend to monoline insurers

HSBC has no liquidity facilities to monolines at 30 June 2010 (30 June 2009: US\$2 million; 31 December 2009: minimal).

HSBC's exposure to debt securities which benefit from guarantees provided by monoline insurers

Within both the trading and available-for-sale portfolios, HSBC holds bonds that are wrapped with a credit enhancement from a monoline. As the bonds are traded explicitly with the benefit of this enhancement, any deterioration in the credit profile of the monoline is reflected in market prices and, therefore, in the carrying amount of

these securities at 30 June 2010. For wrapped bonds held in the trading portfolio, the mark-to-market movement has been reflected through the income statement. For wrapped bonds held in the available-for-sale portfolio, the mark-to-market movement is reflected in other comprehensive income unless there is objective evidence of impairment, in which case the impairment loss is reflected in the income statement. No wrapped bonds were included in the reclassification of financial assets described on page 98.

**Table of Contents****HSBC's exposure to Credit Derivative Product Companies**

CDPCs are independent companies that specialise in selling credit default protection on corporate exposures. At 30 June 2010, HSBC had purchased from CDPCs credit protection with a notional value of US\$5.0 billion (30 June 2009: US\$6.2 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$5.0 billion) which had a fair value (replacement cost) of US\$0.4 billion (30 June 2009: US\$0.7 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$0.3 billion), against which a credit risk adjustment (a provision) of US\$0.1 billion was held (30 June 2009: US\$0.2 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$0.1 billion). At 30 June 2010, 23 per cent of exposure was to CDPCs with investment grade ratings (30 June 2009: 80 per cent; 31 December 2009: 83 per cent). The deterioration reflects the downgrade of a CDPC to below investment grade in the first quarter of 2010.

**Leveraged finance transactions**

Leveraged finance transactions include sub-investment grade acquisition or event-driven financing.

The following tables show HSBC's commitments and exposure to leveraged finance transactions arising from primary transactions and the movement in that leveraged finance exposure in the year. HSBC's additional exposure to leveraged finance loans through holdings of ABSs from its trading and investment activities is shown in the table on page 105.

*HSBC's exposure to leveraged finance transactions*

|                                     | Exposures at 30 June 2010 |                        |              | Exposures at 30 June 2009 |                        |       | Exposures at 31 December 2009 |                        |       |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|------------------------|-------|-------------------------------|------------------------|-------|
|                                     | Funded <sup>19</sup>      | Unfunded <sup>20</sup> | Total        | Funded <sup>19</sup>      | Unfunded <sup>20</sup> | Total | Funded <sup>19</sup>          | Unfunded <sup>20</sup> | Total |
|                                     | US\$m                     | US\$m                  | US\$m        | US\$m                     | US\$m                  | US\$m | US\$m                         | US\$m                  | US\$m |
| Europe                              | 3,369                     | 393                    | 3,762        | 3,747                     | 455                    | 4,202 | 3,790                         | 368                    | 4,158 |
| Rest of Asia-Pacific                | 63                        | 24                     | 87           | 13                        | 73                     | 86    | 70                            | 22                     | 92    |
| North America                       | 1,204                     | 184                    | 1,388        | 1,833                     | 173                    | 2,006 | 1,713                         | 188                    | 1,901 |
|                                     | <b>4,636</b>              | <b>601</b>             | <b>5,237</b> | 5,593                     | 701                    | 6,294 | 5,573                         | 578                    | 6,151 |
| Held within:                        |                           |                        |              |                           |                        |       |                               |                        |       |
| - loans and receivables             | 4,633                     | 450                    | 5,083        | 5,589                     | 420                    | 6,009 | 5,569                         | 386                    | 5,955 |
| - fair value through profit or loss | 3                         | 151                    | 154          | 4                         | 281                    | 285   | 4                             | 192                    | 196   |

*For footnotes, see page 137.*

*Movement in leveraged finance exposures*

|                                       | Funded exposures <sup>19</sup> | Unfunded exposures <sup>20</sup> | Total exposures |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|
|                                       | US\$m                          | US\$m                            | US\$m           |
| At 1 January 2010                     | 5,573                          | 578                              | 6,151           |
| Additions                             | 1                              |                                  | 1               |
| Fundings                              | (19)                           | 19                               |                 |
| Sales, repayments and other movements | (949)                          | 5                                | (944)           |
| Write-backs                           | 30                             | (1)                              | 29              |

|                 |              |            |              |
|-----------------|--------------|------------|--------------|
| At 30 June 2010 | <b>4,636</b> | <b>601</b> | <b>5,237</b> |
|-----------------|--------------|------------|--------------|

*For footnotes, see page 137.*

Leveraged finance commitments held by HSBC were US\$5.5 billion at 30 June 2010 (30 June 2009: US\$6.7 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$6.5 billion), of which US\$4.9 billion (30 June 2009: US\$6.0 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$5.9 billion) was funded.

As described on page 98, certain leveraged finance loans were reclassified from held-for-trading to loans and receivables. As a result, these loans are held at amortised cost subject to impairment and are not marked to market, and net losses of US\$0.3 billion (first half of 2009: net gains of US\$0.6 billion; second half of 2009: net gains of US\$0.6 billion) were not taken to the income statement in the first half of 2010.



**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Impact of Market Turmoil** (continued)

At 30 June 2010, HSBC's principal exposures were to companies in two sectors: US\$3.1 billion to data processing (30 June 2009: US\$3.7 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$3.8 billion) and US\$1.7 billion to communications and infrastructure (30 June 2009: US\$1.9 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$1.9 billion). During the period, 99 per cent of the total fair value movement not recognised was against exposures in these two sectors (30 June 2009: 98 per cent; 31 December 2009: 99 per cent). The reduction in exposure in the current period was primarily a result of sales of the most junior tranches of securitised positions.

**Fair values of financial instruments**

*This section on fair values of financial instruments forms part of the interim consolidated financial statements.*

The accounting policies which determine the classification of financial instruments and the use of assumptions and estimation in valuing them are described on pages 63 to 65 and 369 to 385, respectively, of the *Annual Report and Accounts 2009*. The following is a description of HSBC's methods of determining fair value and its related control framework, and a quantification of its exposure to financial instruments measured at fair value.

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction.

Financial instruments measured at fair value on an ongoing basis include trading assets and liabilities, instruments designated at fair value, derivatives and financial investments classified as available for sale (including treasury and other eligible bills, debt securities and equity securities).

**Fair values of financial instruments carried at fair value****Control framework**

Fair values are subject to a control framework designed to ensure that they are either determined or validated by a function independent of the risk-taker. To this end, ultimate responsibility for the determination of fair values lies with Finance, which reports functionally to the Chief Financial Officer, Executive Director, Risk and Regulation. Finance establishes the accounting policies and procedures governing valuation, and is responsible for ensuring that they comply with all relevant accounting standards.

Further details of the control framework, including details on fair values determined using a valuation model, are included on pages 166 to 168 of the *Annual Report and Accounts 2009*.

**Determination of fair value**

Fair values are determined according to the following hierarchy:

*Level 1 quoted market price:* financial instruments with quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets.

*Level 2 valuation technique using observable inputs:* financial instruments with quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets or quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in inactive markets and financial instruments valued using models where all significant inputs are observable.

*Level 3 valuation technique with significant unobservable inputs:* financial instruments valued using valuation techniques where one or more significant inputs are unobservable.

The best evidence of fair value is a quoted price in an actively traded market. In the event that the market for a financial instrument is not active, a valuation technique is used.

The judgement as to whether a market is active may include, but is not restricted to, the consideration of factors such as the magnitude and frequency of trading activity, the availability of prices and the size of bid/offer spreads. The bid/offer spread represents the difference in prices at which a market participant would be willing to buy compared with the price at which they would be willing to sell. In inactive markets, obtaining assurance that the transaction price provides evidence of fair value or determining the adjustments to transaction prices that are necessary to measure the fair value of the instrument requires additional work during the valuation process.

The majority of valuation techniques employ only observable market data. However, certain financial instruments are valued on the basis of valuation techniques that feature one or more significant market inputs that are unobservable and, for them, the derivation of fair value is more judgemental. An instrument in its entirety is classified

as valued using significant unobservable inputs if, in the opinion of management, a significant proportion of the instrument's carrying amount and/or inception profit (day 1 gain or loss) is driven by unobservable inputs.

Unobservable in this context means that there is little or no current

**Table of Contents**

market data available from which to determine the price at which an arm's length transaction would be likely to occur. It generally does not mean that there is no market data available at all upon which to base a determination of fair value (consensus pricing data may, for example, be used). Furthermore, in some cases the majority of the fair value derived from a valuation technique with significant unobservable inputs may be attributable to observable inputs. Consequently, the effect of uncertainty in determining unobservable inputs will generally be less than the overall fair value of the financial instrument being measured. To help in understanding the extent and the range of this uncertainty, additional information is provided in the section headed "Effect of changes in significant unobservable assumptions to reasonably possible alternatives" on page 120.

In certain circumstances, primarily where debt is hedged with interest rate derivatives, HSBC records its own debt in issue at fair value, based on quoted prices in an active market for the specific instrument concerned, if available. When quoted market prices are unavailable, the own debt in issue is valued using valuation techniques, the inputs for which are either based upon quoted prices in an inactive market for the instrument, or are estimated by comparison with quoted prices in an active market for similar instruments. In both cases, the fair value includes the effect of applying the credit spread which is appropriate to HSBC's liabilities. For all issued debt securities, discounted cash flow modelling is used to separate the change in fair value that may be attributed to HSBC's credit spread movements from movements in other market factors such as benchmark interest rates or foreign exchange rates. Specifically, the change in fair value of issued debt securities attributable to the Group's own credit spread is computed as follows: for each security at each reporting date, an externally verifiable price is obtained or a price is derived using credit spreads for similar securities for the same issuer. Then, using discounted cash flow, each security is valued using a LIBOR-based discount curve. The difference in the valuations is attributable to the Group's own credit spread. This methodology is applied consistently across all securities.

Structured notes issued and certain other hybrid instrument liabilities are included within trading liabilities and are measured at fair value. The credit spread applied to these instruments is derived from the spreads at which HSBC issues structured notes. These market spreads are generally smaller than credit spreads observed for plain vanilla debt or in the credit default swap markets.

Gains and losses arising from changes in the credit spread of liabilities issued by HSBC reverse over the contractual life of the debt, provided that the debt is not repaid at a premium or a discount.

All net positions in non-derivative financial instruments, and all derivative portfolios, are valued at bid or offer prices as appropriate. Long positions are marked at bid prices; short positions are marked at offer prices.

The fair value of a portfolio of financial instruments in an active market is calculated as the product of the number of units and its quoted price and no block discounts are applied.

**Fair value adjustments**

The valuation models applied for level 2 and level 3 assets incorporate assumptions that HSBC believes would be made by a market participant to establish fair value. Fair value adjustments are adopted when HSBC considers that there are additional factors that would be considered by a market participant that are not incorporated within the valuation model. The magnitude of fair value adjustments depends upon many entity-specific factors, including modelling sophistication, the nature of products traded, and the size and type of risk exposures. For this reason, fair value adjustments may not be comparable across the banking industry.

HSBC classifies fair value adjustments as either risk-related or model-related. They form part of the portfolio fair value and are incorporated within the balance sheet values of the product types to which they have been applied. The majority of these adjustments relate to Global Banking and Markets. The magnitude and types of fair value adjustment adopted by Global Banking and Markets are listed in the following table:

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Impact of Market Turmoil** (continued)*Global Banking and Markets fair value adjustments*

| <b>Type</b>                           | <b>At 30<br/>June<br/>2010<br/>US\$m</b> | At 31<br>December<br>2009<br>US\$m |
|---------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|
| Risk-related                          | <b>2,243</b>                             | 2,955                              |
| Bid-offer                             | <b>560</b>                               | 528                                |
| Uncertainty                           | <b>162</b>                               | 223                                |
| Credit risk adjustment                | <b>1,493</b>                             | 2,172                              |
| Other                                 | <b>28</b>                                | 32                                 |
| Model-related                         | <b>447</b>                               | 457                                |
| Model limitation                      | <b>367</b>                               | 391                                |
| Other                                 | <b>80</b>                                | 66                                 |
| Inception profit (Day 1 P&L reserves) | <b>256</b>                               | 260                                |
|                                       | <b>2,946</b>                             | 3,672                              |

The quantum of fair value adjustments reduced by US\$726 million during the first half of 2010. Movements in the level of fair value adjustments do not necessarily result in the recognition of profits or losses within the income statement. For example, if a model is enhanced to incorporate an additional factor previously not included in the model but incorporated in the valuation through a fair value adjustment, then following that change the fair value adjustment in respect of that factor will no longer be required. As another example, if a position is unwound at a price which reflects the fair value adjustment, then the fair value adjustment base will decrease, but no profit or loss will result.

The major movement occurred in the credit risk adjustment category. The reduction of US\$679 million in the first half of 2010 reflected the release of US\$442 million of credit risk adjustment held against monoline insurers. Of this, US\$318 million resulted from commutations which did not result in any material gain or loss being recognised in the income statement, which provided evidence that fair value adjustments historically applied against monoline and other counterparty exposures successfully represented fair value measurement. A further US\$176 million reduction arose from commutations and/or restructures with non-monoline counterparties.

Detailed descriptions of risk-related and model-related adjustments, HSBC's credit risk adjustment methodology, and the valuation techniques applied to instruments of particular interest are provided on page 168 of the *Annual Report and Accounts 2009*.

#### Consideration of other methodologies for calculation of credit risk adjustments

The credit risk adjustment methodology used by HSBC, in the opinion of management, appropriately quantifies the exposure of HSBC to counterparty risk on its OTC derivative portfolio and appropriately reflects the risk management strategy of the business.

HSBC recognises that a variety of credit risk adjustment methodologies are adopted within the banking industry. HSBC has estimated the impact of adopting two alternative methodologies on the level of its credit risk adjustment (excluding the monoline credit risk adjustment), as follows:

adapting HSBC's existing methodology to utilise probabilities of default implied from credit default swaps with no adjustment factor applied, and also implying HSBC's own credit probability of default from credit default swaps, results in an additional adjustment of US\$285 million (31 December 2009: US\$170 million); and

adapting HSBC's existing methodology to exclude collateralised counterparties, include HSBC's own probability of default based on historical data, and apply loss given default assumptions consistent with those used in regulatory capital calculations, results in a reduction of the credit risk adjustment of US\$200 million (31 December 2009: US\$300 million).

#### Fair value valuation bases

The table below provides an analysis of the various bases described above which have been deployed for valuing financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value in the consolidated financial statements.

The movement in the balances of assets and liabilities measured at fair value with significant unobservable inputs was mainly attributable to a decrease in the fair value of derivative liabilities and available-for-sale ABSs. At 30 June 2010, financial instruments measured at fair value using a valuation technique with significant unobservable inputs represented 1.8 per cent of total assets and liabilities measured at fair value (30 June 2009: 2.0 per cent; 31 December 2009: 2.0 per cent).

**Table of Contents***Bases of valuing financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value*

|  | Valuation techniques                          |   |   | Total<br>US\$m |
|--|---|---|---|----------------|
|  | Quoted<br>market<br>price<br>Level 1<br>US\$m | Using<br>observable<br>inputs<br>Level 2<br>US\$m | With<br>significant<br>unobservable<br>inputs<br>Level 3<br>US\$m |                |
| <b>At 30 June 2010</b>                         |   |   |   |                |
| <b>Assets</b>                                  |   |   |   |                |
| Trading assets                                 | 258,303                                       | 139,855   | 5,642   | 403,800        |
| Financial assets designated at fair value      | 19,043  | 12,151  | 1,049   | 32,243         |
| Derivatives                                    | 1,844   | 281,705   | 4,730   | 288,279        |
| Financial investments: available for sale      | 181,160                                       | 177,447   | 7,951   | 366,558        |
| <b>Liabilities</b>                             |   |   |   |                |
| Trading liabilities                            | 126,435                                       | 139,961   | 8,440   | 274,836        |
| Financial liabilities designated at fair value | 28,271  | 51,689  | 476   | 80,436         |
| Derivatives                                    | 1,612   | 281,126   | 4,276   | 287,014        |
| <b>At 30 June 2009</b>                         |   |   |   |                |
| <b>Assets</b>                                  |   |   |   |                |
| Trading assets                                 | 272,812                                       | 134,897   | 6,649   | 414,358        |
| Financial assets designated at fair value      | 20,550  | 12,218  | 593   | 33,361         |
| Derivatives                                    | 7,304   | 296,242   | 7,250   | 310,796        |
| Financial investments: available for sale      | 145,558                                       | 182,075   | 9,521   | 337,154        |
| <b>Liabilities</b>                             |   |   |   |                |
| Trading liabilities                            | 134,641                                       | 122,941   | 6,980   | 264,562        |
| Financial liabilities designated at fair value | 26,849  | 50,465  |   | 77,314         |
| Derivatives                                    | 9,288   | 285,726   | 3,862   | 298,876        |
| <b>At 31 December 2009</b>                     |   |   |   |                |
| <b>Assets</b>                                  |   |   |   |                |
| Trading assets                                 | 272,509                                       | 142,452   | 6,420   | 421,381        |
| Financial assets designated at fair value      | 24,184  | 11,773  | 1,224   | 37,181         |
| Derivatives                                    | 1,961   | 244,472   | 4,453   | 250,886        |
| Financial investments: available for sale      | 163,149                                       | 178,168   | 10,214  | 351,531        |
| <b>Liabilities</b>                             |   |   |   |                |
| Trading liabilities                            | 119,544                                       | 139,812   | 8,774   | 268,130        |
| Financial liabilities designated at fair value | 27,553  | 52,032  | 507   | 80,092         |
| Derivatives                                    | 1,843   | 240,611   | 5,192   | 247,646        |

*Financial instruments measured at fair value using a valuation technique with significant unobservable inputs level 3*

**Assets  
Designated**

**Liabilities  
Designated**

|                                  | Available<br>for<br>sale<br>US\$m | Held<br>for<br>trading<br>US\$m | at fair<br>value<br>through<br>profit or<br>loss<br>US\$m | Derivatives<br>US\$m | Held<br>for<br>trading<br>US\$m | at fair<br>value<br>through<br>profit or<br>loss<br>US\$m | Derivatives<br>US\$m |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|----------------------|---------------------------------|---|----------------------|
| <b>At 30 June 2010</b>           |                                   |                                 |   |                      |                                 |   |                      |
| Private equity<br>investments    | 3,672                             | 195                             | 396   |                      |                                 |   |                      |
| Asset-backed<br>securities       | 1,903                             | 659                             |   |                      |                                 |   |                      |
| Leveraged finance                |                                   | 42                              |   |                      |                                 |   | 18                   |
| Loans held for<br>securitisation |                                   | 1,127                           |   |                      |                                 |   |                      |
| Structured notes                 |                                   |                                 |   |                      | 7,786                           |   |                      |
| Derivatives with<br>monolines    |                                   |                                 |   | 1,104                |                                 |   |                      |
| Other derivatives                |                                   |                                 |   | 3,626                |                                 |   | 4,258                |
| Other portfolios                 | 2,376                             | 3,619                           | 653   |                      | 654                             | 476   |                      |
|                                  | 7,951                             | 5,642                           | 1,049   | 4,730                | 8,440                           | 476   | 4,276                |

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Impact of Market Turmoil** (continued)

*Financial instruments measured at fair value using a valuation technique with significant unobservable inputs level 3 (continued)*

|                               | Assets                         |                                 |   |                      | Liabilities                     |   |                      |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|----------------------|---------------------------------|---|----------------------|
|                               | Available<br>for sale<br>US\$m | Held<br>for<br>trading<br>US\$m | Designated<br>at fair<br>value<br>through<br>profit or<br>loss<br>US\$m | Derivatives<br>US\$m | Held<br>for<br>trading<br>US\$m | Designated<br>at fair<br>value<br>through<br>profit or<br>loss<br>US\$m | Derivatives<br>US\$m |
| At 30 June 2009               |                                |                                 |   |                      |                                 |   |                      |
| Private equity investments    | 2,566                          | 31                              | 235   |                      |                                 |   |                      |
| Asset-backed securities       | 3,977                          | 1,257                           |   |                      |                                 |   |                      |
| Leveraged finance             |                                | 143                             |   |                      |                                 |   | 40                   |
| Loans held for securitisation |                                | 1,539                           |   |                      |                                 |   |                      |
| Structured notes              |                                | 138                             |   |                      | 4,650                           |   |                      |
| Derivatives with monolines    |                                |                                 |   | 2,102                |                                 |   |                      |
| Other derivatives             |                                |                                 |   | 5,148                |                                 |   | 3,822                |
| Other portfolios              | 2,978                          | 3,541                           | 358   |                      | 2,330                           |   |                      |
|                               | 9,521                          | 6,649                           | 593   | 7,250                | 6,980                           |   | 3,862                |
| At 31 December 2009           |                                |                                 |   |                      |                                 |   |                      |
| Private equity investments    | 2,949                          | 197                             | 345   |                      |                                 |   |                      |
| Asset-backed securities       | 4,270                          | 944                             |   |                      |                                 |   |                      |
| Leveraged finance             |                                | 73                              |   |                      |                                 |   | 25                   |
| Loans held for securitisation |                                | 1,395                           |   |                      |                                 |   |                      |
| Structured notes              |                                | 196                             |   |                      | 5,055                           |   |                      |
| Derivatives with monolines    |                                |                                 |   | 1,305                |                                 |   |                      |
| Other derivatives             |                                |                                 |   | 3,148                |                                 |   | 5,167                |
| Other portfolios              | 2,995                          | 3,615                           | 879   |                      | 3,719                           | 507   |                      |
|                               | 10,214                         | 6,420                           | 1,224   | 4,453                | 8,774                           | 507   | 5,192                |



At 30 June 2010, available-for-sale ABSs valued using a valuation technique with significant unobservable inputs comprised Alt-A securities, with no particular concentration in any other ABS category. The reduction in available-for-sale ABSs valued using a valuation technique with significant unobservable inputs since December 2009 reflected greater pricing certainty, particularly in commercial property-related securities and leveraged finance-related securities, which resulted in these assets being transferred out of level 3.

Trading assets valued using a valuation technique with significant unobservable inputs principally comprised ABSs, loans held for securitisation and other portfolios. The ABSs are classified in level 3 as a result of the unobservability of the underlying price of the assets. Loans held for securitisations are valued using a proprietary model which utilises inputs relating to the credit spread of the obligor. Other portfolios included holdings in various bonds, preference shares and debentures.

Derivative products with monolines valued using techniques with unobservable inputs decreased during the period as a result of a decrease in exposure to the monoline counterparties, primarily as a result of commutations undertaken. The primary unobservable input relates to the probability of default of the counterparty. Further details of the transactions with monoline counterparties are shown on page 111.

Derivative products valued using valuation techniques with significant unobservable inputs included certain types of correlation products, such as foreign exchange basket options, equity basket options, foreign exchange interest rate hybrid transactions and long-dated option transactions. Examples of the latter are equity options, interest rate and foreign exchange options and certain credit derivatives. Credit derivatives include certain tranching CDS transactions. The increase in derivative assets during the first half of 2010 was mainly due to certain types of tranching CDS transactions being transferred into the level 3 category.

Trading liabilities valued using a valuation technique with significant unobservable inputs principally comprised equity-linked structured notes, which are issued by HSBC, and provide the counterparty with a return that is linked to the performance of certain equity securities, and other portfolios. The notes are classified as level 3 due to the unobservability of parameters such as long-dated equity volatilities and correlations between equity prices, between equity prices and interest rates and between interest rates and foreign exchange rates.

**Table of Contents**

The movement in trading liabilities during the first half of 2010 was primarily due to the issue of new equity derivative linked structures and other structured notes.

The decrease in derivative liabilities valued using a valuation technique with significant unobservable inputs was primarily attributable to a fall in market value of securitisation structures, primarily as a result of foreign exchange movements.

Reconciliation of fair value measurements in level 3 of the fair value hierarchy

The following table provides a reconciliation of the movement between opening and closing balances of level 3 financial instruments, measured at fair value using a valuation technique with significant unobservable inputs:

*Movement in level 3 financial instruments*

|  | Assets<br>Designated<br>at fair<br>value |                                 |                                       |                      | Liabilities<br>Designated<br>at fair<br>value |                                       |                      |
|--|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|---|---------------------------------------|----------------------|
|  | Available<br>for sale<br>US\$m           | Held<br>for<br>trading<br>US\$m | through<br>profit or<br>loss<br>US\$m | Derivatives<br>US\$m | Held<br>for<br>trading<br>US\$m               | through<br>profit or<br>loss<br>US\$m | Derivatives<br>US\$m |
| At 1 January 2010  | 10,214                                   | 6,420                           | 1,224                                 | 4,453                | 8,774   | 507                                   | 5,192                |
| Total gains or losses<br>recognised in profit or<br>loss   | 112                                      | 131                             | 41                                    | 199                  | (245)   | (8)                                   | (431)                |
| Total gains or losses<br>recognised in other<br>comprehensive<br>income  | 198                                      | (181)                           | (36)                                  | (133)                | (325)   | (23)                                  | (24)                 |
| Purchases  | 1,428                                    | 419                             | 36                                    |                      |   |                                       |                      |
| Issues   |  |                                 |                                       |                      | 1,730   |                                       |                      |
| Sales  | (960)                                    | (1,044)                         | (28)                                  |                      |   |                                       |                      |
| Settlements  | (173)                                    | 18                              | (6)                                   | (92)                 | (823)   |                                       | (407)                |
| Transfers out  | (4,731)                                  | (339)                           | (304)                                 | (442)                | (1,165)                                       |                                       | (423)                |
| Transfers in   | 1,863                                    | 218                             | 122                                   | 745                  | 494   |                                       | 369                  |
| <b>At 30 June 2010</b>   | <b>7,951</b>                             | <b>5,642</b>                    | <b>1,049</b>                          | <b>4,730</b>         | <b>8,440</b>                                  | <b>476</b>                            | <b>4,276</b>         |
| Total gains or losses<br>recognised in profit or<br>loss relating to those<br>assets and liabilities<br>held at the end of the<br>reporting period | 70                                       | 74                              | 42                                    | 720                  | (246)   | (8)                                   | 105                  |
| At 1 January 2009  | 9,116                                    | 7,561                           | 460                                   | 9,883                | 6,509   |                                       | 3,805                |
| Total gains or losses<br>recognised in profit or   | (350)                                    | (714)                           | 1                                     | (2,358)              | (283)   |                                       | (100)                |

|   |       |         |     |         |         |       |
|---|-------|---------|-----|---------|---------|-------|
| loss  |       |         |     |         |         |       |
| Total gains or losses recognised in other comprehensive income  | 196   | 110     |     | 211     | 171     | 197   |
| Purchases   | 841   | 550     | 138 |         | 312     |       |
| Issues  |       |         |     |         | 1,001   |       |
| Sales   | (551) | (1,120) | (7) |         |         |       |
| Settlements   | (574) | (199)   |     | (113)   | (484)   | (171) |
| Transfers out   | (890) | (481)   |     | (715)   | (1,196) | (475) |
| Transfers in  | 1,733 | 942     | 1   | 342     | 950     | 606   |
| At 30 June 2009   | 9,521 | 6,649   | 593 | 7,250   | 6,980   | 3,862 |
| Total gains or losses recognised in profit or loss relating to those assets and liabilities held at the end of the reporting period | (349) | (560)   | 1   | (1,836) | (271)   | 485   |

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Impact of Market Turmoil** (continued)*Movement in level 3 financial instruments (continued)*

|  | Assets                         |                                 |   |                      | Liabilities                     |   |                      |
|--|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|----------------------|---------------------------------|---|----------------------|
|  | Available<br>for sale<br>US\$m | Held<br>for<br>trading<br>US\$m | Designated<br>at fair<br>value<br>through<br>profit or<br>loss<br>US\$m | Derivatives<br>US\$m | Held<br>for<br>trading<br>US\$m | Designated<br>at fair<br>value<br>through<br>profit or<br>loss<br>US\$m | Derivatives<br>US\$m |
| At 1 July 2009   | 9,521                          | 6,649                           | 593   | 7,250                | 6,980                           |   | 3,862                |
| Total gains or losses<br>recognised in profit or<br>loss   | 90                             | (16)                            | 96  | (2,917)              | 176                             | (3)   | (1,272)              |
| Total gains or losses<br>recognised in other<br>comprehensive income   | 421                            | (25)                            |   | (92)                 | 130                             | 10  | (103)                |
| Purchases  | 944                            | 1,048                           | 122   |                      | (290)                           |   |                      |
| Issues   |                                |                                 |   |                      | 1,521                           | 500   |                      |
| Sales  | (255)                          | (1,046)                         | (6)   |                      |                                 |   |                      |
| Settlements  | (485)                          | (96)                            | (6)   | 9                    | (782)                           |   | (35)                 |
| Transfers out  | (2,153)                        | (596)                           |   | (342)                | 659                             |   | (145)                |
| Transfers in   | 2,131                          | 502                             | 425   | 545                  | 380                             |   | 2,885                |
| At 31 December 2009  | 10,214                         | 6,420                           | 1,224   | 4,453                | 8,774                           | 507   | 5,192                |
| Total gains or losses<br>recognised in profit or<br>loss relating to those<br>assets and liabilities<br>held at the end of the<br>reporting period | (22)                           | (36)                            | 97  | (1,917)              | 135                             | (3)   | (620)                |

For available-for-sale securities, the greater pricing certainty associated with certain ABSs (particularly related to commercial property and leveraged finance) resulted in assets being transferred out of level 3 during the first half of 2010.

For trading assets, sales related to the disposal of certain loans held for securitisation and ABSs.

For derivative assets, transfers into level 3 were driven by certain types of tranching CDS transaction.

For held-for-trading liabilities, issues reflect new structured note issuance, settlements reflect structured note redemptions/maturities and transfers out of level 3 reflect increased observability as the residual maturity of existing notes falls, and also some additional market observability for certain longer-dated equity volatilities.

For derivative liabilities, total gains or losses recognised in profit and loss includes a fall in market value of securitisation structures, primarily as a result of foreign exchange movements.

During the first half of 2010, there were no significant transfers between levels 1 and 2.

For assets and liabilities classified as held for trading, realised and unrealised gains and losses are presented in the income statement under Trading income excluding net interest income .

Fair value changes on long term debt designated at fair value and related derivatives are presented in the income statement under Changes in fair value of long-term debt issued and related derivatives . The income statement line item Net income/(expense) from other financial instruments designated at fair value captures fair value movements on all other financial instruments designated at fair value and related derivatives.

Realised gains and losses from available-for-sale securities and impairment charges on equity instruments classified as available for sale are presented under Gains less losses of financial investments while impairment charges on other available-for-sale securities are presented under Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions in the income statement. Unrealised gains and losses are presented in Fair value gains/(losses) within Available-for-sale investments in other comprehensive income.

Effect of changes in significant unobservable assumptions to reasonably possible alternatives

As discussed above, the fair value of financial instruments are, in certain circumstances, measured using valuation techniques that incorporate assumptions that are not evidenced by prices from observable current market transactions in the same instrument and are not based on observable market data. The following table shows the sensitivity of these fair values to reasonably possible alternative assumptions:

**Table of Contents***Sensitivity of fair values to reasonably possible alternative assumptions*

|   | Reflected in profit or loss |                               | Reflected in equity         |                               |
|---|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
|   | Favourable changes<br>US\$m | Unfavourable changes<br>US\$m | Favourable changes<br>US\$m | Unfavourable changes<br>US\$m |
| <b>At 30 June 2010</b>  |                             |                               |                             |                               |
| Derivatives, trading assets and trading liabilities <sup>21</sup> | 661                         | (637)                         |                             |                               |
| Financial assets and liabilities designated at fair value         | 116                         | (103)                         |                             |                               |
| Financial investments: available for sale                         |                             |                               | 595                         | (573)                         |
| At 30 June 2009   |                             |                               |                             |                               |
| Derivatives, trading assets and trading liabilities <sup>21</sup> | 1,428                       | (1,126)                       |                             |                               |
| Financial assets and liabilities designated at fair value         | 39                          | (39)                          |                             |                               |
| Financial investments: available for sale                         |                             |                               | 1,263                       | (1,288)                       |
| At 31 December 2009   |                             |                               |                             |                               |
| Derivatives, trading assets and trading liabilities <sup>21</sup> | 984                         | (577)                         |                             |                               |
| Financial assets and liabilities designated at fair value         | 102                         | (98)                          |                             |                               |
| Financial investments: available for sale                         |                             |                               | 1,161                       | (1,157)                       |

*For footnote, see page 137.*

The decrease in the effect of favourable changes in significant unobservable inputs in relation to derivatives, trading assets and trading liabilities during the year primarily reflected internal downgrades of certain monolines. The decrease in the effect of changes in significant unobservable inputs for available-for-sale assets arose primarily from the decrease in ABSs in level 3.

*Sensitivity of fair values to reasonably possible alternative assumptions by level 3 instrument type*

|                               | Reflected in profit or loss |                               | Reflected in equity         |                               |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
|                               | Favourable changes<br>US\$m | Unfavourable changes<br>US\$m | Favourable changes<br>US\$m | Unfavourable changes<br>US\$m |
| <b>At 30 June 2010</b>        |                             |                               |                             |                               |
| Private equity investments    | 69                          | (59)                          | 356                         | (340)                         |
| Asset-backed securities       | 18                          | (11)                          | 131                         | (134)                         |
| Leveraged finance             | 1                           | (1)                           |                             |                               |
| Loans held for securitisation | 10                          | (10)                          |                             |                               |
| Structured notes              | 24                          | (33)                          |                             |                               |
| Derivatives with monolines    | 116                         | (85)                          |                             |                               |
| Other derivatives             | 328                         | (370)                         |                             |                               |
| Other portfolios              | 211                         | (171)                         | 108                         | (99)                          |
| At 30 June 2009               |                             |                               |                             |                               |
| Private equity investments    | 26                          | (26)                          | 267                         | (292)                         |
| Asset-backed securities       | 124                         | (103)                         | 709                         | (708)                         |

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|                               |     |       |     |       |
|-------------------------------|-----|-------|-----|-------|
| Leveraged finance             | 2   | (2)   |     |       |
| Loans held for securitisation | 19  | (19)  |     |       |
| Structured notes              | 21  | (21)  |     |       |
| Derivatives with monolines    | 211 | (444) |     |       |
| Other derivatives             | 895 | (397) |     |       |
| Other portfolios              | 169 | (153) | 287 | (288) |
| At 31 December 2009           |     |       |     |       |
| Private equity investments    | 54  | (54)  | 302 | (299) |
| Asset-backed securities       | 41  | (41)  | 734 | (735) |
| Leveraged finance             | 1   | (1)   |     |       |
| Loans held for securitisation | 16  | (16)  |     |       |
| Structured notes              | 3   | (3)   |     |       |
| Derivatives with monolines    | 333 | (25)  |     |       |
| Other derivatives             | 309 | (332) |     |       |
| Other portfolios              | 329 | (203) | 125 | (123) |

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Impact of Market Turmoil (continued)**

Favourable and unfavourable changes are determined on the basis of changes in the value of the instrument as a result of varying the levels of the unobservable parameter using statistical techniques. When parameters are not amenable to statistical analysis, quantification of uncertainty is judgemental.

When the fair value of a financial instrument is affected by more than one unobservable assumption, the above table reflects the most favourable or most unfavourable change from varying the assumptions individually.

In respect of private equity investments, the valuations are assessed on an asset by asset basis using a valuation methodology appropriate to the specific investment, in line with industry guidelines. In many of the methodologies, the principal assumption is the valuation multiple to be applied to the main financial indicators. This may be determined with reference to multiples for comparable listed companies and includes discounts for marketability.

For ABSs whose prices are unobservable, models are used to generate the expected value of the asset. The principal assumptions in these models are based on benchmark information about prepayment speeds, default rates, loss severities and the historical performance of the underlying assets. The models used are calibrated by using securities for which external market information is available.

For leveraged finance, loans held for securitisation and derivatives with monolines the principal assumption concerns the appropriate value to be attributed to the counterparty credit risk. This requires exposure at default, probability of default and recovery in the event of default to be estimated. For loan transactions, assessment of exposure at default is straightforward. For derivative transactions, a future exposure profile is generated on the basis of current market data. Probabilities of default and recovery levels are estimated using market evidence, which may include financial information, historical experience, CDS spreads and consensus recovery levels. In the absence of such evidence, management's best estimate is used.

For structured notes and other derivatives, principal assumptions concern the value to be attributed to future volatility of asset values and the future correlation between asset values. These principal assumptions include credit volatilities and correlations used in the valuation of structured credit derivatives (including leveraged credit derivatives). For such unobservable assumptions, estimates are based on available market data, which may include the use of a proxy method to derive a volatility or a correlation from comparable assets for which market data is more readily available, and/or an examination of historical levels.

**Assessing available-for-sale assets for impairment**

HSBC's policy on impairment of available-for-sale assets is described on page 375 of the *Annual Report and Accounts 2009*. The following is a description of HSBC's application of that policy.

A systematic impairment review is carried out periodically of all available-for-sale assets, and all available indicators are considered to determine whether there is any objective evidence that an impairment may have occurred, whether as the result of a single loss event or as the combined effect of several events.

**Debt securities**

When assessing available-for-sale debt securities for objective evidence of impairment at the reporting date, HSBC considers all available evidence, including observable data or information about events specifically relating to the securities which may result in a shortfall in recovery of future cash flows. These events may include a significant financial difficulty of the issuer, a breach of contract such as a default, bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation, or the disappearance of an active market for the debt security because of financial difficulties relating to the issuer.

These types of specific event and other factors such as information about the issuers' liquidity, business and financial risk exposures, levels of and trends in default for similar financial assets, national and local economic trends and conditions, and the fair value of collateral and guarantees may be considered individually, or in combination, to determine if there is objective evidence of impairment of a debt security.

In addition, when assessing available-for-sale ABSs for objective evidence of impairment, HSBC considers the performance of underlying collateral and the extent and depth of market price declines. Changes in credit ratings are considered but a downgrade of a security's credit rating is not, of itself, evidence of impairment. The primary indicators of potential impairment are considered to be adverse fair value movements, and the disappearance of an active market for a security.



At 30 June 2010, the population of available-for-sale ABSs considered to be most at risk of impairment included residential MBSs backed by

**Table of Contents**

sub-prime and Alt-A mortgages originated in the US, commercial MBSs originated in the US and Europe and CDOs with considerable exposure to this sector. The estimated future cash flows of these securities are assessed at the specific financial asset level to determine whether any of their cash flows are unlikely to be recovered as a result of events occurring on or before the reporting date.

In particular, for residential and commercial MBSs the estimated future cash flows are assessed by determining the future projected cash flows arising on the underlying collateral taking into consideration the delinquency status of underlying loans, the probability of delinquent loans progressing to default, the proportion of the advances subsequently recoverable and the prepayment profiles of underlying assets. Management uses externally available data and applies judgement when determining the appropriate assumptions in respect of these factors. HSBC uses a modelling approach which incorporates historically observed progression rates to default, to determine if the decline in aggregate projected cash flows from the underlying collateral will lead to a shortfall in contractual cash flows. In such cases the security is considered to be impaired.

In respect of CDOs, in order to determine whether impairment has occurred, the expected future cash flows of the CDOs are compared with the total of the underlying collateral on the non-defaulted assets and the recovery value of the defaulted assets. In the event of a shortfall, the CDO is considered to be impaired.

When a security benefits from a contract provided by a monoline insurer that insures payments of principal and interest, the expected recovery on the contract is assessed in determining the total expected credit support available to the ABS.

**Equity securities**

Objective evidence of impairment for available-for-sale equity securities may include specific information about the issuer as detailed under *Debt securities* above, but may also include information about significant changes in technology, markets, economics or the law that provides evidence that the cost of the equity securities may not be recovered.

A significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the asset below its cost is also objective evidence of impairment. In assessing whether it is significant, the decline in fair value is evaluated against the original cost of the asset at initial recognition. In assessing whether it is prolonged, the decline is evaluated against the period in which the fair value of the asset has been below its original cost at initial recognition.

For impairment losses on available-for-sale debt and equity securities, see pages 21 and 19, respectively. Any impairment losses relating to ABSs recognised in the income statement are recorded as *Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions*. Impairment losses incurred on assets held by consolidated securities investment conduits (excluding Solitaire) are offset by a credit to the impairment line for the amount of the loss borne by capital note holders.

Fair values of financial instruments not carried at fair value

*Fair values of financial instruments which are not carried at fair value on the balance sheet*

|                                 | At 30 June 2010          |                     | At 30 June 2009          |                     | At 31 December 2009      |                     |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
|                                 | Carrying amount<br>US\$m | Fair value<br>US\$m | Carrying amount<br>US\$m | Fair value<br>US\$m | Carrying amount<br>US\$m | Fair value<br>US\$m |
| <b>Assets</b>                   |                          |                     |                          |                     |                          |                     |
| Loans and advances to banks     | 196,296                  | 196,122             | 182,266                  | 181,507             | 179,781                  | 179,658             |
| Loans and advances to customers | 893,337                  | 864,274             | 924,683                  | 871,973             | 896,231                  | 855,780             |
| Financial investments:          |                          |                     |                          |                     |                          |                     |
| - debt securities               | 18,788                   | 20,075              | 16,290                   | 16,571              | 17,526                   | 18,097              |
|                                 | 125                      | 125                 |                          |                     | 101                      | 101                 |

- treasury and other  
eligible bills

**Liabilities**

|                          |                  |                  |           |           |           |           |
|--------------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Deposits by banks        | <b>127,316</b>   | <b>127,286</b>   | 129,151   | 129,076   | 124,872   | 124,856   |
| Customer accounts        | <b>1,147,321</b> | <b>1,148,229</b> | 1,163,343 | 1,164,256 | 1,159,034 | 1,160,036 |
| Debt securities in issue | <b>153,600</b>   | <b>152,820</b>   | 156,199   | 151,295   | 146,896   | 145,888   |
| Subordinated liabilities | <b>28,247</b>    | <b>27,978</b>    | 30,134    | 28,299    | 30,478    | 30,307    |

123

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Impact of Market Turmoil** (continued)

*Fair values of financial instruments held for sale which are not carried at fair value on the balance sheet*

|  | At 30 June 2010          |                     | At 30 June 2009          |                     | At 31 December 2009      |                     |
|--|--------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
|  | Carrying amount<br>US\$m | Fair value<br>US\$m | Carrying amount<br>US\$m | Fair value<br>US\$m | Carrying amount<br>US\$m | Fair value<br>US\$m |
| <b>Assets classified as held for sale</b>                                  |                          |                     |                          |                     |                          |                     |
| Loans and advances to banks and customers                                  | 40                       | 40                  | 801                      | 729                 | 1,300                    | 1,257               |
| Financial investments: debt securities                                     | 70                       | 70                  | 45                       | 45                  | 59                       | 59                  |
| <i>Analysis of loans and advances to customers by geographical segment</i> |                          |                     |                          |                     |                          |                     |

|  | At 30 June 2010          |                     | At 30 June 2009          |                     | At 31 December 2009      |                     |
|--|--------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
|  | Carrying amount<br>US\$m | Fair value<br>US\$m | Carrying amount<br>US\$m | Fair value<br>US\$m | Carrying amount<br>US\$m | Fair value<br>US\$m |
| <b>Loans and advances to customers</b> |                          |                     |                          |                     |                          |                     |
| Europe                                 | 407,226                  | 400,580             | 457,090                  | 445,335             | 439,481                  | 431,158             |
| Hong Kong                              | 114,075                  | 114,265             | 97,486                   | 97,052              | 99,381                   | 99,694              |
| Rest of Asia-Pacific                   | 91,672                   | 91,616              | 74,062                   | 74,082              | 80,043                   | 79,972              |
| Middle East                            | 23,394                   | 23,389              | 25,097                   | 24,798              | 22,844                   | 22,538              |
| North America                          | 208,141                  | 185,643             | 226,258                  | 185,826             | 206,853                  | 174,957             |
| Latin America                          | 48,829                   | 48,781              | 44,690                   | 44,880              | 47,629                   | 47,461              |
|  | <b>893,337</b>           | <b>864,274</b>      | 924,683                  | 871,973             | 896,231                  | 855,780             |

Financial instruments that are not carried at fair value on the balance sheet include loans and advances to banks and customers, deposits by banks, customer accounts, debt securities in issue and subordinated liabilities. Their fair values are, however, provided for information by way of note disclosure and are calculated as described below.

The calculation of fair value incorporates HSBC's estimate of the amount at which financial assets could be exchanged, or financial liabilities settled, between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction. It does not reflect the economic benefits and costs that HSBC expects to flow from the instruments' cash flows over their expected future lives. Other reporting entities may use different valuation methodologies and assumptions in determining fair values for which no observable market prices are available, so comparisons of fair values between entities may not be meaningful and users are advised to exercise caution when using this data.

As a consequence of the market turmoil, there has been a significant reduction in the secondary market demand for US consumer lending assets. Uncertainty over the extent and timing of future credit losses, together with a near absence of liquidity for non-prime ABSs and loans, continued to be reflected in a lack of bid prices at 30 June 2010. It is not possible from the indicative market prices that are available to distinguish between the relative discount to nominal value within the fair value measurement that reflects cash flow impairment due to expected losses to maturity, and the discount that the market is demanding for holding an illiquid asset. Under impairment accounting for loans and advances, there is no requirement to adjust carrying value to reflect illiquidity as HSBC's intention is to fund assets until the earlier of prepayment, charge-off or repayment on maturity.

The fair value, by contrast, reflects both incurred loss and loss expected through the life of the asset, a discount for illiquidity and a credit spread which reflects the market's current risk preferences. This usually differs from the credit spread applicable in the market at the time the loan was underwritten and funded.

The estimated fair values at 30 June 2010, 30 June 2009 and 31 December 2009 of loans and advances to customers in North America reflect the combined effect of these conditions. As a result, the fair values are substantially lower than the carrying amount of customer loans held on-balance sheet and lower than would otherwise be reported under more normal market conditions. Accordingly, the fair values reported do not reflect HSBC's estimate of the underlying long-term value of the assets.

Fair values of the assets and liabilities set out below are estimated for the purpose of disclosure as follows:

*Loans and advances to banks and customers*

The fair value of loans and advances is based on observable market transactions, where available. In the absence of observable market transactions, fair value is estimated using discounted cash flow models. Performing loans are grouped, as far as possible, into homogeneous pools segregated by maturity and

**Table of Contents**

interest rates. In general, contractual cash flows are discounted using HSBC's estimate of the discount rate that a market participant would use in valuing instruments with similar maturity, repricing and credit risk characteristics.

The fair value of a loan portfolio reflects both loan impairments at the reporting date and estimates of market participants' expectations of credit losses over the life of the loans.

For impaired loans, fair value is estimated by discounting the future cash flows over the time period they are expected to be recovered.

*Financial investments*

The fair values of listed financial investments are determined using bid market prices. The fair values of unlisted financial investments are determined using valuation techniques that take into consideration the prices and future earnings streams of equivalent quoted securities.

*Deposits by banks and customer accounts*

For the purpose of estimating fair value, deposits by banks and customer accounts are grouped by remaining contractual maturity. Fair values are estimated using discounted cash flows, applying current rates offered for deposits of similar remaining maturities. The fair value of a deposit repayable on demand is assumed to be the amount payable on demand at the reporting date.

*Debt securities in issue and subordinated liabilities*

Fair values are determined using quoted market prices at the reporting date where available, or by reference to quoted market prices for similar instruments.

These fair values are stated at a specific date and may be significantly different from the amounts which will actually be paid on the maturity or settlement dates of the instruments. In many cases, it would not be possible to realise immediately the estimated fair values given the size of the portfolios measured. Accordingly, these fair values do not represent the value of these financial instruments to HSBC as a going concern.

For all classes of financial instruments, fair value represents the product of the value of a single instrument, multiplied by the number of instruments held. No block discount or premium adjustments are made where instruments are quoted in an active market. The fair values of intangible assets related to the businesses which originate and hold the financial instruments subject to fair value measurement, such as values placed on portfolios of core deposits, credit card and customer relationships, are not included in the above because they are not classified as financial instruments. Accordingly, an aggregation of fair value measurements does not approximate to the value of the organisation as a going concern.

The following table lists financial instruments whose carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value because, for example, they are short-term in nature or reprice to current market rates frequently:

**Assets**

- Cash and balances at central banks
- Items in the course of collection from other banks
- Hong Kong Government certificates of indebtedness
- Endorsements and acceptances
- Short-term receivables within Other assets
- Accrued income

**Liabilities**

- Hong Kong currency notes in circulation

Items in the course of transmission to other banks

Investment contracts with DPF within Liabilities under insurance contracts

Endorsements and acceptances

Short-term payables within Other liabilities

Accruals

**Special purpose entities**

This section contains disclosures about HSBC-sponsored SPEs that are included in HSBC's consolidated balance sheet, with a particular focus on SPEs containing exposures affected by the turmoil in credit markets which began in mid-2007, and those that are not consolidated by HSBC under IFRSs. Information on other off-balance sheet arrangements has also been included in this section.

HSBC enters into certain transactions with customers in the ordinary course of business which involve the establishment of SPEs to facilitate or secure customer transactions. Newly established structures that utilise SPEs are authorised centrally by HSBC to ensure appropriate purpose and governance. The activities of SPEs administered by HSBC are closely monitored by senior management.

**HSBC-sponsored SPEs**

HSBC sponsors the formation of entities which are designed to accomplish certain narrow and well-defined objectives, such as securitising financial assets or effecting a lease, and this requires a form of legal structure that restricts the assets and liabilities within the structure to the single purpose for which it was established. HSBC consolidates these SPEs when the substance of the relationship indicates

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Impact of Market Turmoil** (continued)

that HSBC controls them. In assessing control, all relevant factors are considered, including qualitative and quantitative aspects, as described on pages 181 and 182 of the *Annual Report and Accounts 2009*.

HSBC reassesses the required consolidation accounting tests whenever there is a change in the substance of the relationship between HSBC and an SPE, for example, when the nature of HSBC's involvement or the governing rules, contractual arrangements or capital structure of the SPE change. The most significant categories of SPEs are discussed in more detail below.

**Conduits**

HSBC sponsors and manages two types of conduits which issue commercial paper ( CP ): securities investment conduits ( SIC s) and multi-seller conduits. HSBC has consolidated these conduits from inception because it is exposed to the majority of risks and rewards of ownership.

**Securities investment conduits**

Solitaire, HSBC's principal SIC, purchases highly rated ABSs to facilitate tailored investment opportunities. HSBC's other SICs, Mazarin Funding Limited ( Mazarin ), Barion Funding Limited ( Barion ) and Malachite Funding Limited ( Malachite ), evolved from the restructuring of HSBC's sponsored structured investment vehicles ( SIV s), as discussed in the *Annual Report and Accounts 2009*.

**Multi-seller conduits**

These vehicles were established for the purpose of providing access to flexible market-based sources of finance for HSBC's clients, for example, to finance discrete pools of third-party originated trade and vehicle finance loan receivables. HSBC's principal multi-seller conduits are Regency Assets Limited ( Regency ), Bryant Park Funding Limited LLC ( Bryant Park ) and Performance Trust.

*Ratings analysis of assets held by HSBC's conduits*

|  | Solitaire<br>US\$bn | Other<br>SICs<br>US\$bn | Total<br>SICs<br>US\$bn | Total<br>multi-seller<br>conduits<br>US\$bn |
|--|---------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---|
| <b>S&amp;P ratings at 30 June 2010</b> |                     |                         |                         |   |
| AAA                                    | 4.6                 | 4.9                     | 9.5                     | 6.5   |
| AA                                     | 3.0                 | 4.7                     | 7.7                     | 1.1   |
| A                                      | 1.0                 | 5.8                     | 6.8                     | 1.5   |
| BBB                                    | 0.9                 | 0.9                     | 1.8                     |   |
| BB                                     | 0.2                 | 0.2                     | 0.4                     | 0.5   |
| B                                      | 0.4                 | 0.3                     | 0.7                     |   |
| CCC                                    | 0.8                 | 0.7                     | 1.5                     |   |
| CC                                     | 0.5                 | 0.8                     | 1.3                     |   |
| D                                      | 0.6                 | 0.6                     | 1.2                     |   |
| <br>                                   |                     |                         |                         |   |
| Total investments                      | 12.0                | 18.9                    | 30.9                    | 9.6   |
| Cash and other investments             | 1.9                 | 0.1                     | 2.0                     | 0.4   |
|  | 13.9                | 19.0                    | 32.9                    | 10.0  |

S&P ratings at 31 December 2009



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|                            |      |      |      |      |
|----------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| AAA                        | 5.2  | 6.7  | 11.9 | 6.2  |
| AA                         | 3.0  | 4.1  | 7.1  | 1.3  |
| A                          | 0.8  | 6.0  | 6.8  | 1.8  |
| BBB                        | 0.7  | 0.8  | 1.5  | 0.5  |
| BB                         | 0.2  | 0.3  | 0.5  | 0.5  |
| B                          | 0.4  | 0.3  | 0.7  |      |
| CCC                        | 1.0  | 1.0  | 2.0  |      |
| CC                         | 0.3  | 0.4  | 0.7  |      |
| D                          | 0.1  | 0.1  | 0.2  |      |
| <br>                       |      |      |      |      |
| Total investments          | 11.7 | 19.7 | 31.4 | 10.3 |
| Cash and other investments | 1.1  | 0.3  | 1.4  | 0.6  |
|                            | 12.8 | 20.0 | 32.8 | 10.9 |

**Table of Contents**

At 30 June 2010, 6.9 per cent of the SICs' exposures to sub-prime and US Alt-A mortgages, which in aggregate amounted to US\$0.4 billion, remained AAA rated (31 December 2009: 6.8 per cent, US\$0.4 billion), while 20.7 per cent, which in aggregate amounted to US\$1.2 billion, remained investment grade (31 December 2009: 30.5 per cent, US\$1.8 billion).

It should be noted that securities purchased by SICs typically benefit from substantial transaction-specific credit enhancements such as subordinated tranches and/or excess spread, which absorb any credit losses before they fall on the tranche held by the SPE.

*Weighted average life of portfolios*

|                     | Weighted average life (years) |               |               | Total<br>multi-seller<br>conduits |
|---------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------------------------|
|                     | Solitaire                     | Other<br>SICs | Total<br>SICs |                                   |
| At 30 June 2010     | 5.8                           | 3.9           | 4.6           | 2.1                               |
| At 31 December 2009 | 6.3                           | 4.1           | 4.9           | 2.4                               |

*Composition of asset portfolios*

| Asset class at 30 June 2010             | Weighted average life (years) |                         |                         | Total<br>multi-seller<br>conduits <sup>22</sup><br>US\$bn |
|---|-------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---|
|   | Solitaire<br>US\$bn           | Other<br>SICs<br>US\$bn | Total<br>SICs<br>US\$bn |   |
| <b>Structured finance</b>               |                               |                         |                         |   |
| Vehicle loans and equipment leases      |                               |                         |                         | 2.6   |
| Consumer receivables                    |                               |                         |                         | 0.7   |
| Credit card receivables                 | 0.3                           |                         | 0.3                     | 1.3   |
| Residential MBSs                        | 3.9                           | 4.7                     | 8.6                     | 0.2   |
| Commercial MBSs                         | 2.5                           | 3.9                     | 6.4                     | 0.1   |
| Auto floor plan                         |                               |                         |                         | 0.5   |
| Trade receivables                       |                               |                         |                         | 3.2   |
| Student loan securities                 | 2.4                           | 1.8                     | 4.2                     |   |
| Vehicle finance loan securities         | 0.1                           | 0.1                     | 0.2                     |   |
| Leverage loan securities                | 1.9                           | 2.3                     | 4.2                     |   |
| Other ABSs                              | 0.9                           | 1.0                     | 1.9                     | 0.9   |
|   | 12.0                          | 13.8                    | 25.8                    | 9.5   |
| <b>Finance</b>                          |                               |                         |                         |   |
| Commercial bank securities and deposits |                               | 4.3                     | 4.3                     | 0.4   |
| Investment bank debt securities         |                               | 0.6                     | 0.6                     |   |
| Finance company debt securities         |                               | 0.2                     | 0.2                     | 0.1   |
| Other assets                            | 1.9                           | 0.1                     | 2.0                     |   |

|                     |             |             |             |             |
|---------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
|                     | <b>1.9</b>  | <b>5.2</b>  | <b>7.1</b>  | <b>0.5</b>  |
|                     | <b>13.9</b> | <b>19.0</b> | <b>32.9</b> | <b>10.0</b> |
| Sub-prime mortgages | <b>0.6</b>  | <b>1.5</b>  | <b>2.1</b>  |             |
| US Alt-A            | <b>1.9</b>  | <b>1.8</b>  | <b>3.7</b>  |             |
|                     | <b>2.5</b>  | <b>3.3</b>  | <b>5.8</b>  |             |

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Impact of Market Turmoil** (continued)*Composition of asset portfolios (continued)*

|   | Solitaire<br>US\$bn | Other<br>SICs<br>US\$bn | Total<br>SICs<br>US\$bn | Total<br>multi-seller<br>conduits <sup>22</sup><br>US\$bn |
|---|---------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---|
| Asset class at 31 December 2009         |                     |                         |                         |   |
| Structured finance                      |                     |                         |                         |   |
| Vehicle loans and equipment leases      |                     |                         |                         | 3.0   |
| Consumer receivables                    |                     |                         |                         | 0.8   |
| Credit card receivables                 | 0.2                 |                         | 0.2                     | 1.3   |
| Residential MBSs                        | 3.8                 | 4.6                     | 8.4                     | 0.3   |
| Commercial MBSs                         | 2.4                 | 3.3                     | 5.7                     | 0.2   |
| Auto floor plan                         |                     |                         |                         | 0.5   |
| Trade receivables                       |                     |                         |                         | 2.8   |
| Student loan securities                 | 2.3                 | 1.8                     | 4.1                     |   |
| Vehicle finance loan securities         | 0.1                 | 0.2                     | 0.3                     |   |
| Leverage loan securities                | 1.9                 | 2.3                     | 4.2                     |   |
| Other ABSs                              | 1.0                 | 1.8                     | 2.8                     | 1.2   |
|   | 11.7                | 14.0                    | 25.7                    | 10.1  |
| Finance                                 |                     |                         |                         |   |
| Commercial bank securities and deposits | 0.1                 | 4.8                     | 4.9                     | 0.6   |
| Investment bank debt securities         |                     | 0.8                     | 0.8                     |   |
| Finance company debt securities         |                     | 0.2                     | 0.2                     | 0.2   |
| Other assets                            | 1.0                 | 0.2                     | 1.2                     |   |
|   | 1.1                 | 6.0                     | 7.1                     | 0.8   |
|   | 12.8                | 20.0                    | 32.8                    | 10.9  |
| Sub-prime mortgages                     | 0.7                 | 1.5                     | 2.2                     |   |
| US Alt-A                                | 1.9                 | 1.8                     | 3.7                     |   |
|   | 2.6                 | 3.3                     | 5.9                     |   |

*For footnote, see page 137.*

*Asset analysis by geographical origination for multi-seller conduits<sup>23</sup>*

**At**

**At**

|                      | <b>30 June<br/>2010<br/>US\$bn</b> | 31<br>December<br>2009<br>US\$bn |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Europe               | <b>5.9</b>                         | 6.1                              |
| Rest of Asia-Pacific | <b>0.5</b>                         | 0.6                              |
| North America        | <b>3.6</b>                         | 4.2                              |
|                      | <b>10.0</b>                        | 10.9                             |

*For footnote, see page 137.*

*Total assets by balance sheet classification*

|  | <b>Solitaire<br/>US\$bn</b> | <b>Other<br/>SICs<br/>US\$bn</b> | <b>Total<br/>SICs<br/>US\$bn</b> | <b>Total<br/>multi-seller<br/>conduits<br/>US\$bn</b> |
|--|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| <b>At 30 June 2010</b>                         |                             |                                  |                                  |   |
| Financial instruments designated at fair value | <b>0.1</b>                  |                                  | <b>0.1</b>                       |   |
| Loans and advances to banks                    |                             |                                  |                                  | <b>0.2</b>  |
| Loans and advances to customers                |                             |                                  |                                  | <b>9.6</b>  |
| Financial investments                          | <b>11.9</b>                 | <b>19.0</b>                      | <b>30.9</b>                      |   |
| Other assets                                   | <b>1.9</b>                  |                                  | <b>1.9</b>                       | <b>0.2</b>  |
|  | <b>13.9</b>                 | <b>19.0</b>                      | <b>32.9</b>                      | <b>10.0</b>   |
| <b>At 31 December 2009</b>                     |                             |                                  |                                  |   |
| Financial instruments designated at fair value | 0.1                         |                                  | 0.1                              |   |
| Loans and advances to banks                    |                             |                                  |                                  | 0.3   |
| Loans and advances to customers                |                             |                                  |                                  | 10.3  |
| Financial investments                          | 11.6                        | 19.8                             | 31.4                             |   |
| Other assets                                   | 1.1                         | 0.2                              | 1.3                              | 0.3   |
|  | 12.8                        | 20.0                             | 32.8                             | 10.9  |

**Table of Contents***Funding structure*

|                            | <b>Solitaire<br/>Provided<br/>by</b> |                        | <b>Other SICs<br/>Provided<br/>by</b> |                        | <b>Total SICs<br/>Provided<br/>by</b> |                        | <b>Total multi-seller<br/>conduits<br/>Provided<br/>by</b> |                        |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------|--|------------------------|
|                            | <b>Total<br/>US\$bn</b>              | <b>HSBC<br/>US\$bn</b> | <b>Total<br/>US\$bn</b>               | <b>HSBC<br/>US\$bn</b> | <b>Total<br/>US\$bn</b>               | <b>HSBC<br/>US\$bn</b> | <b>Total<br/>US\$bn</b>                                    | <b>HSBC<br/>US\$bn</b> |
| <b>At 30 June 2010</b>     |                                      |                        |                                       |                        |                                       |                        |  |                        |
| Capital notes              |                                      |                        | <b>0.3</b>                            |                        | <b>0.3</b>                            |                        |  |                        |
| Drawn liquidity facility   | <b>8.5</b>                           | <b>8.5</b>             |                                       |                        | <b>8.5</b>                            | <b>8.5</b>             |  |                        |
| Commercial paper           | <b>9.5</b>                           | <b>0.3</b>             | <b>8.7</b>                            | <b>8.7</b>             | <b>18.2</b>                           | <b>9.0</b>             | <b>9.4</b>   |                        |
| Medium-term notes          |                                      |                        | <b>5.2</b>                            | <b>5.2</b>             | <b>5.2</b>                            | <b>5.2</b>             |  |                        |
| Other funding              |                                      |                        |                                       |                        |                                       |                        | <b>0.6</b>   | <b>0.6</b>             |
| Term repos executed        |                                      |                        | <b>7.8</b>                            | <b>7.8</b>             | <b>7.8</b>                            | <b>7.8</b>             |  |                        |
|                            | <b>18.0</b>                          | <b>8.8</b>             | <b>22.0</b>                           | <b>21.7</b>            | <b>40.0</b>                           | <b>30.5</b>            | <b>10.0</b>  | <b>0.6</b>             |
| <b>At 31 December 2009</b> |                                      |                        |                                       |                        |                                       |                        |  |                        |
| Capital notes              |                                      |                        | 0.7                                   |                        | 0.7                                   |                        |  |                        |
| Drawn liquidity facility   | 7.6                                  | 7.6                    |                                       |                        | 7.6                                   | 7.6                    |  |                        |
| Commercial paper           | 10.8                                 | 0.7                    | 10.1                                  | 10.1                   | 20.9                                  | 10.8                   | 10.3   |                        |
| Medium-term notes          |                                      |                        | 3.8                                   | 3.8                    | 3.8                                   | 3.8                    |  |                        |
| Other funding              |                                      |                        |                                       |                        |                                       |                        | 0.4  | 0.4                    |
| Term repos executed        |                                      |                        | 10.2                                  | 10.2                   | 10.2                                  | 10.2                   |  |                        |
|                            | 18.4                                 | 8.3                    | 24.8                                  | 24.1                   | 43.2                                  | 32.4                   | 10.7   | 0.4                    |

*Weighted average life of the funding liabilities*

|                            | <b>Weighted average life of funding liabilities (years)</b> |                   |                   |                                    |
|----------------------------|---|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|
|                            | <b>Solitaire</b>  | <b>Other SICs</b> | <b>Total SICs</b> | <b>Total multi-seller conduits</b> |
| <b>At 30 June 2010</b>     |   |                   |                   |                                    |
| CP funding                 | <b>0.2</b>  | <b>0.1</b>        | <b>0.1</b>        | <b>0.1</b>                         |
| MTN funding                |   | <b>5.8</b>        | <b>5.8</b>        |                                    |
| <b>At 31 December 2009</b> |   |                   |                   |                                    |
| CP funding                 | 0.2   | 0.1               | 0.1               | 0.1                                |
| MTN funding                |   | 10.3              | 10.3              |                                    |
| HSBC's maximum exposure    |   |                   |                   |                                    |
| <b>Conduits</b>            |   |                   |                   |                                    |
| <i>Mazarin</i>             |   |                   |                   |                                    |

HSBC is exposed to the par value of Mazarin's assets through the provision of a liquidity facility equal to the lesser of the amortised cost of issued senior debt and the amortised cost of non-defaulted assets. At 30 June 2010, HSBC's exposure amounted to US\$12.1 billion (31 December 2009: US\$13.6 billion). First loss protection is provided through the capital notes issued by Mazarin, which are substantially all held by third parties.

At 30 June 2010, HSBC held 1.3 per cent (31 December 2009: 1.3 per cent) of Mazarin's capital notes, which had a par value of US\$17 million (31 December 2009: US\$17 million), and a carrying amount of US\$0.6 million (31 December 2009: US\$0.6 million).

*Barion and Malachite*

These SICs are term funded by HSBC, consequently HSBC's primary exposure to them is represented by the amortised cost of the debt required to support the non-cash assets of the vehicles. At 30 June 2010 this amounted to US\$9.6 billion (31 December 2009: US\$10.5 billion).

First loss protection is provided through the capital notes issued by these vehicles, which are substantially all held by third parties.

At 30 June 2010, HSBC held 3.8 per cent (31 December 2009: 3.8 per cent) of the capital notes issued by these vehicles which have a par value of US\$34 million (31 December 2009: US\$37 million), and a carrying amount of US\$1.9 million (31 December 2009: US\$2 million).

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Impact of Market Turmoil** (continued)*Solitaire*

CP issued by Solitaire benefits from a 100 per cent liquidity facility provided by HSBC. First loss credit protection against CP-funded securities, after any transaction-specific credit enhancement (as described on page 101) and retained reserves, is provided by HSBC in the form of letters of credit with a combined notional value of US\$1.2 billion at 30 June 2010 (31 December 2009: US\$1.2 billion).

At 30 June 2010, US\$8.5 billion of Solitaire's assets were funded by the draw-down of the liquidity facility (31 December 2009: US\$7.6 billion). HSBC is exposed to credit losses on the drawn amounts.

HSBC's maximum exposure to Solitaire is limited to the amortised cost of non-cash equivalent assets, which represents the risk that HSBC may be required to fund the vehicle in the event the debt is redeemed without reinvestment from third parties.

HSBC's maximum exposure at 30 June 2010 amounted to US\$18 billion (31 December 2009: US\$18.4 billion).

*Multi-seller conduits*

HSBC provides transaction-specific liquidity facilities to each of its multi-seller conduits, designed to be drawn in order to ensure the repayment of the CP issued. At 30 June 2010, the committed liquidity facilities amounted to US\$12.7 billion (31 December 2009: US\$14.4 billion).

First loss protection is provided through transaction-specific credit enhancements, for example, over-collateralisation and excess spread. These credit enhancements are provided by the originator of the assets and not by HSBC. In addition, a layer of secondary loss protection is provided by HSBC in the form of programme-wide enhancement facilities, and at 30 June 2010 this amounted to US\$0.6 billion (31 December 2009: US\$0.6 billion). HSBC's maximum exposure is equal to the transaction-specific liquidity facilities offered to the multi-seller conduits, as described above.

The liquidity facilities are set to support total commitments and therefore exceed the funded assets at both 30 June 2010 and 31 December 2009.

In consideration of the significant first loss protection afforded by the structure, the credit enhancements and a range of indemnities provided by the various obligors, HSBC carries only a minimal risk of loss from the programme. Money market funds

HSBC has established and manages a number of money market funds which provide customers with tailored investment opportunities with a set of narrow and well-defined objectives. In most cases, they are not consolidated in HSBC because the Group's holdings in them are not of sufficient size to represent the majority of the risks and rewards of ownership.

Investors in money market funds generally have no recourse other than to the assets in the funds, so asset holdings are designed to meet expected fund liabilities. Usually, money market funds are constrained in their operations should the value of their assets and their ratings fall below predetermined thresholds. The risks to HSBC are, therefore, contingent, arising from the reputational damage which could occur if an HSBC-sponsored money market fund was thought to be unable to meet withdrawal requests on a timely basis or in full.

In aggregate, HSBC has established money market funds with total assets of US\$99.6 billion at 30 June 2010 (31 December 2009: US\$99.0 billion).

The main sub-categories of money market funds are:

US\$74.2 billion (31 December 2009: US\$73.6 billion) in Constant Net Asset Value (CNAV) funds, which invest in shorter-dated and highly-rated money market securities with the objective of providing investors with a highly liquid and secure investment;

US\$0.6 billion (31 December 2009: US\$0.7 billion) in French domiciled *dynamique* (dynamic) funds and Irish enhanced funds, together Enhanced Variable Net Asset Value (Enhanced VNAV) funds, which invest in longer-dated money market securities to provide investors with a higher return than traditional money market funds; and



US\$24.8 billion (31 December 2009: US\$24.7 billion) in various other money market Variable Net Asset Value ( VNAV ) funds, including funds predominantly domiciled in Brazil, France, India and Mexico.

These money market funds invest in diverse portfolios of highly-rated debt instruments, and historically included limited holdings in instruments issued by SIVs.

**Table of Contents****Constant Net Asset Value funds**

During 2008, action was taken by HSBC in respect of the CNAV funds to maintain their AAA rating and mitigate the forced sale of liquid assets to meet potential redemptions.

As a result of this action, HSBC concluded that the relationship with these CNAV funds had substantively changed, so HSBC consolidated them from 30 September 2008. It was not necessary for any further action to be taken after this date by HSBC in respect of maintaining the rating of the CNAV funds.

*Total assets of HSBC's CNAV funds which are on-balance sheet*

|                         | At<br>30 June<br>2010<br>US\$bn | At<br>31<br>December<br>2009<br>US\$bn |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| ABSs                    | 0.3                             | 0.3                                    |
| Certificates of deposit | 17.8                            | 16.6                                   |
| CP                      | 19.6                            | 12.0                                   |
| Asset-backed CP         | 2.7                             | 4.6                                    |
| Government agency bonds | 2.5                             | 6.6                                    |
| Other assets            | 1.0                             | 2.3                                    |
| <br>                    |                                 |  |
| Total                   | <b>43.9</b>                     | 42.4                                   |

The associated liabilities included on HSBC's balance sheet at 30 June 2010 amounted to US\$43.1 billion (31 December 2009: US\$41.5 billion) and are shown in 'Other liabilities'. The associated interest income from the funds and the expense payable to third-party holders of units in the funds are presented within 'Net interest income on trading activities'.

*HSBC's maximum exposure*

HSBC's maximum exposure to consolidated and unconsolidated CNAV funds is represented by HSBC's investment in the units of each CNAV fund. HSBC's exposure at 30 June 2010 amounted to US\$0.8 billion (31 December 2009: US\$1.0 billion).

**Enhanced Variable Net Asset Value funds**

Enhanced VNAV funds price their assets on a fair value basis and, consequently, prices may change from one day to the next. These funds pursue an enhanced investment strategy, as part of which investors accept greater credit and duration risk in the expectation of higher returns.

During 2008, HSBC consolidated two of its French dynamic money market funds as a result of continued redemptions by unitholders. HSBC's aggregate holdings in these funds at 30 June 2010 amounted to 0.4 billion (US\$0.5 billion) (31 December 2009: 0.5 billion (US\$0.6 billion)).

*HSBC's maximum exposure*

HSBC's maximum exposure to consolidated and unconsolidated Enhanced VNAV and unconsolidated VNAV funds is represented by HSBC's investment in the units of each fund. HSBC's maximum exposure at 30 June 2010 amounted to US\$0.5 billion (31 December 2009: US\$0.6 billion) and US\$0.2 billion (31 December 2009: US\$0.2 billion), for Enhanced VNAV and VNAV funds, respectively.

*Total assets of HSBC's money market funds which are on-balance sheet by balance sheet classification*

|  | At<br>30 June<br>2010 | At<br>31<br>December<br>2009 |
|--|-----------------------|------------------------------|
|--|-----------------------|------------------------------|

|                | US\$bn      | US\$bn |
|----------------|-------------|--------|
| Trading assets | <b>44.4</b> | 42.8   |
| Other assets   |             | 0.3    |
|                | <b>44.4</b> | 43.1   |

#### Non-money market investment funds

Through its fund management business, HSBC has established a large number of non-money market funds to enable customers to invest in a range of assets, typically equities and debt securities. At the launch of a fund HSBC, as fund manager, usually provides a limited amount of initial capital known as "seed capital" to enable the fund to start purchasing assets. These holdings are normally redeemed over time. The majority of these funds are off-balance sheet for HSBC because the Group's limited economic interest means it does not have the majority of the risks and rewards of ownership. As the non-money market funds explicitly provide investors with tailored risk, the risk to HSBC is restricted to HSBC's own investments in the funds.

In aggregate, HSBC has established non-money market funds with total assets of US\$243.8 billion at 30 June 2010 (31 December 2009: US\$255.4 billion).

The main sub-categories of non-money market funds are:

US\$108.6 billion (31 December 2009: US\$115.6 billion) in specialist funds, which comprise fundamental active specialists and active quantitative specialists;

US\$116.2 billion (31 December 2009: US\$121.7 billion) in local investment management funds, which invest in domestic

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Impact of Market Turmoil** (continued)

products, primarily for retail and private clients; and

US\$19.0 billion (31 December 2009: US\$18.1 billion) in multi-manager funds, which offer fund of funds and manager-of-managers products across a diversified portfolio of assets.

*Total assets of HSBC's on-balance sheet non-money market funds by balance sheet classification*

|  | <b>At</b>      | <b>At</b>       |
|--|----------------|-----------------|
|  | <b>30 June</b> | <b>31</b>       |
|  | <b>2010</b>    | <b>December</b> |
|  | <b>US\$bn</b>  | <b>US\$bn</b>   |
| Cash   | <b>0.4</b>     | 0.2             |
| Trading assets                                 | <b>0.7</b>     | 0.2             |
| Financial instruments designated at fair value | <b>5.3</b>     | 5.3             |
|  | <b>6.4</b>     | 5.7             |

**HSBC's maximum exposure**

HSBC's maximum exposure to consolidated and unconsolidated non-money market funds is represented by HSBC's investment in the units of each respective fund. HSBC's exposure at 30 June 2010 amounted to US\$7.5 billion (31 December 2009: US\$6.8 billion).

**Securitisations**

HSBC uses SPEs to securitise customer loans and advances that it has originated, mainly in order to diversify its sources of funding for asset origination and for capital efficiency purposes. In such cases, the loans and advances are transferred by HSBC to the SPEs for cash, and the SPEs issue debt securities to investors to fund the cash purchases. Credit enhancements to the underlying assets may be used to obtain investment grade ratings on the senior debt issued by the SPEs. HSBC has also established securitisation programmes in the US and Germany where loans originated by third parties are securitised. Most of these vehicles are not consolidated by HSBC as it is not exposed to the majority of risks and rewards of ownership in the SPEs. In the first half of 2010, demand for the securitised products remained low.

In addition, HSBC uses SPEs to mitigate the capital absorbed by some of the customer loans and advances it has originated. Credit derivatives are used to transfer the credit risk associated with these customer loans and advances to an SPE, using securitisations commonly known as synthetic securitisations by which the SPE writes credit default swap protection to HSBC. The SPE is funded by the issuance of notes with the cash held as collateral against the credit default protection. From a UK regulatory perspective, the credit protection issued by the SPE in respect of the customer loans allows the risk weight of the loans to be replaced by the risk weight of the collateral in the SPE and as a result mitigates the capital absorbed by the customer loans. Any notes issued by the SPE and held by HSBC attract the appropriate risk weight under the relevant regulatory regime. These SPEs are consolidated when HSBC is exposed to the majority of risks and rewards of ownership.

*Total assets of HSBC's securitisations which are on-balance sheet, by balance sheet classification*

|  | <b>At</b>      | <b>At</b>       |
|--|----------------|-----------------|
|  | <b>30 June</b> | <b>31</b>       |
|  | <b>2010</b>    | <b>December</b> |
|  | <b>US\$bn</b>  | <b>US\$bn</b>   |

|                                 |             |      |
|---------------------------------|-------------|------|
| Trading assets                  | <b>0.9</b>  | 0.9  |
| Loans and advances to customers | <b>29.7</b> | 35.4 |
| Other assets                    |             | 1.4  |
| Derivatives                     | <b>0.9</b>  | 1.2  |
|                                 | <b>31.5</b> | 38.9 |

These assets include US\$0.9 billion (31 December 2009: US\$0.9 billion) of exposure to US sub-prime mortgages.  
*Total assets of HSBC's securitisations which are off-balance sheet*

|  | <b>At</b>      | <b>At</b>       |
|--|----------------|-----------------|
|  | <b>30 June</b> | <b>31</b>       |
|  | <b>2010</b>    | <b>December</b> |
|  | <b>US\$bn</b>  | <b>US\$bn</b>   |
| HSBC originated assets                                       | <b>0.6</b>     | 0.6             |
| Non-HSBC originated assets<br>term securitisation programmes | <b>9.4</b>     | 10.5            |
|  | <b>10.0</b>    | 11.1            |

HSBC's financial investments in off-balance sheet securitisations at 30 June 2010 were US\$46 million (31 December 2009: US\$109 million). These assets include assets which are classified as available-for-sale securities and measured at fair value, and have been securitised by HSBC under arrangements by which HSBC retains a continuing involvement in them.

#### **HSBC's maximum exposure**

The maximum exposure is the aggregate of any holdings of notes issued by these vehicles and the reserve account positions intended to provide credit support under certain pre-defined circumstances to senior note holders. HSBC is not obligated to

**Table of Contents**

provide further funding. At 30 June 2010, HSBC's maximum exposure to consolidated and unconsolidated securitisations amounted to US\$5.9 billion (31 December 2009: US\$8.0 billion).

**Other**

HSBC also establishes SPEs in the normal course of business for a number of purposes, for example, structured credit transactions for customers to provide finance to public and private sector infrastructure projects, and for asset and structured finance transactions.

**Structured credit transactions**

HSBC provides structured credit transactions to third-party professional and institutional investors who wish to obtain exposure, sometimes on a leveraged basis, to a reference portfolio of debt instruments. In such structures, the investor receives returns referenced to the underlying portfolio by purchasing notes issued by the SPEs. HSBC enters into contracts with the SPEs, generally in the form of derivatives, in order to pass the required risks and rewards of the reference portfolios to the SPEs. HSBC's risk in relation to the derivative contracts with the SPEs is managed within HSBC's trading market risk framework (see *Market risk* on page 175).

In certain transactions HSBC is exposed to risk often referred to as gap risk. Gap risk typically arises in transactions where the aggregate potential claims against the SPE by HSBC pursuant to one or more derivatives could be greater than the value of the collateral held by the SPE and securing such derivatives. HSBC often mitigates such gap risk by incorporating in the SPE transaction features which allow for deleveraging, a managed liquidation of the portfolio, or other mechanisms including trade restructuring or unwinding the trade. Following the inclusion of such risk reduction mechanisms, HSBC has, in certain circumstances, retained all or a portion of the underlying exposure in the transaction. In these circumstances HSBC assesses whether the exposure retained causes a requirement under IFRSs to consolidate the SPE. When this retained exposure represents ABSs, it has been included in *Nature and extent of HSBC's exposures* on page 103.

Often transactions are facilitated through SPEs to enable the notes issued to the investors to be rated. The SPEs are not consolidated by HSBC when the investors bear substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership through the notes.

The total fair value of liabilities (notes issued and derivatives) in structured credit transaction SPEs was US\$19.3 billion at 30 June 2010 (31 December 2009: US\$20.6 billion). There were no SPEs that were consolidated by HSBC included in these amounts in either period.

**Other uses of SPEs**

HSBC participates in Public-Private Partnerships to provide financial support for infrastructure projects initiated by government authorities. The funding structure is commonly achieved through the use of SPEs. HSBC consolidates these SPEs when it is exposed to the majority of risks and rewards of the vehicles.

HSBC's Asset and Structured Finance business specialises in leasing and arranging finance for aircraft and other physical assets, which it is customary to ring-fence through the use of SPEs, and in structured loans and deposits, where SPEs introduce cost efficiencies. HSBC consolidates these SPEs when the substance of the relationship indicates that HSBC controls the SPE.

HSBC's risks and rewards of ownership in these SPEs are in respect of its on-balance sheet assets and liabilities. HSBC's maximum exposures to SPEs

The following tables show the total assets of the various types of SPEs, and the amount and types of funding provided by HSBC to these SPEs. The tables also show HSBC's maximum exposure to the SPEs and, within that exposure, the types of liquidity and credit enhancements provided by HSBC. The maximum exposures to SPEs represent HSBC's maximum possible risk exposure that could occur as a result of the Group's arrangements and commitments to SPEs. The maximum amounts are contingent in nature, and may arise as a result of drawdowns under liquidity facilities, where these have been provided, and any other funding commitments, or as a result of any loss protection provided by HSBC to the SPEs. The conditions under which such exposure might arise differ depending on the nature of each SPE and HSBC's involvement with it. The aggregation of such maximum exposures across the different forms of SPEs results in a theoretical total maximum exposure number. The elements of the maximum exposure to an SPE are not necessarily additive and a detailed explanation of how maximum exposures are determined is provided under each category of SPE.







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|   |      |      |      |     |     |     |      |      |
|---|------|------|------|-----|-----|-----|------|------|
| Other                                       | 7.1  | 10.9 | 37.5 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 5.3 | 38.0 | 99.7 |
| Funding provided by HSBC                    | 32.4 | 0.4  | 0.9  | 0.6 | 0.1 | 5.3 | 2.9  | 42.6 |
| CP  | 10.8 |      |      |     |     |     |      | 10.8 |
| MTNs  | 3.8  |      |      |     |     |     | 2.8  | 6.6  |
| Junior notes                                |      |      |      |     |     |     | 0.1  | 0.1  |
| Term repos executed                         | 10.2 |      |      |     |     |     |      | 10.2 |
| Investments in funds                        |      |      | 0.9  | 0.6 | 0.1 | 5.3 |      | 6.9  |
| Drawn liquidity facility                    | 7.6  |      |      |     |     |     |      | 7.6  |
| Other funding                               |      | 0.4  |      |     |     |     |      | 0.4  |
| Total maximum exposure to consolidated SPEs | 42.5 | 14.4 | 0.9  | 0.6 | 0.1 | 5.3 | 7.9  | 71.7 |
| Liquidity and credit enhancements           |      |      |      |     |     |     |      |      |
| Deal-specific liquidity facilities          |      | 14.4 |      |     |     |     |      | 14.4 |
| Programme-wide liquidity facilities         | 29.1 |      |      |     |     |     |      | 29.1 |
| Programme-wide limited credit enhancements  | 1.2  | 0.6  |      |     |     |     |      | 1.8  |
| Other liquidity and credit enhancements     |      |      |      |     |     |     | 0.1  | 0.1  |

*For footnotes, see page 137.*

**Table of Contents***HSBC's maximum exposure to unconsolidated SPEs*

|   | Securitisations <sup>28</sup>  |  | Money market funds <sup>28</sup> |                         |                         | Non-money market funds <sup>28</sup> |  |                                      | Other       | Total        |
|---|--------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|
|   | HSBC                           | Non-HSBC                                     | Enhanced                         | VNAV                    | VNAV                    | Specialist                           | Local manager                                  | Multi-                               |             |              |
|   | originated<br>assets<br>US\$bn | originated<br>assets <sup>29</sup><br>US\$bn | CNAV<br>funds<br>US\$bn          | VNAV<br>funds<br>US\$bn | VNAV<br>funds<br>US\$bn | Specialist<br>funds<br>US\$bn        | Local manager<br>funds <sup>25</sup><br>US\$bn | Multi-<br>manager<br>funds<br>US\$bn |             |              |
| <b>At 30 June 2010</b>                        |                                |  |                                  |                         |                         |                                      |  |                                      |             |              |
| Total assets                                  | <b>0.6</b>                     | <b>9.4</b>                                   | <b>30.3</b>                      | <b>0.1</b>              | <b>24.8</b>             | <b>108.1</b>                         | <b>110.3</b>                                   | <b>19.0</b>                          | <b>19.3</b> | <b>321.9</b> |
| Funding provided by HSBC                      |                                |  | <b>0.1</b>                       |                         | <b>0.2</b>              | <b>1.3</b>                           | <b>0.1</b>                                     |                                      | <b>8.8</b>  | <b>10.5</b>  |
| MTNs  |                                |  |                                  |                         |                         |                                      |  |                                      | <b>8.8</b>  | <b>8.8</b>   |
| Investments in funds                          |                                |  | <b>0.1</b>                       |                         | <b>0.2</b>              | <b>1.3</b>                           | <b>0.1</b>                                     |                                      |             | <b>1.7</b>   |
| Total maximum exposure to unconsolidated SPEs |                                |  | <b>0.1</b>                       |                         | <b>0.2</b>              | <b>1.3</b>                           | <b>0.1</b>                                     |                                      | <b>3.4</b>  | <b>5.1</b>   |
| <b>At 31 December 2009</b>                    |                                |  |                                  |                         |                         |                                      |  |                                      |             |              |
| Total assets                                  | 0.6                            | 10.5   | 31.2                             |                         | 24.7                    | 115.2                                | 116.4  | 18.1                                 | 20.6        | 337.3        |
| Funding provided by HSBC                      |                                | 0.1  | 0.1                              |                         | 0.2                     | 1.1                                  | 0.2  | 0.1                                  | 8.8         | 10.6         |
| MTNs  |                                | 0.1  |                                  |                         |                         |                                      |  |                                      | 8.8         | 8.9          |
| Investments in funds                          |                                |  | 0.1                              |                         | 0.2                     | 1.1                                  | 0.2  | 0.1                                  |             | 1.7          |
| Total maximum exposure to unconsolidated SPEs |                                | 0.1  | 0.1                              |                         | 0.2                     | 1.1                                  | 0.2  | 0.1                                  | 3.2         | 5.0          |

*For footnotes, see page 137.*

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Impact of Market Turmoil** (continued)**Third-party sponsored SPEs**

Through standby liquidity facility commitments, HSBC has exposure to third-party sponsored SIVs, conduits and securitisations under normal banking arrangements on standard market terms. These exposures are quantified below.

*HSBC's commitments under liquidity facilities to third-party SIVs, conduits and securitisations*

|                             | <b>Commit-<br/>ments<br/>US\$bn</b> | <b>Drawn<br/>US\$bn</b> |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| <b>At 30 June 2010</b>      |                                     |                         |
| Third-party conduits        | <b>1.3</b>                          | <b>0.3</b>              |
| Third-party securitisations | <b>0.7</b>                          | <b>0.1</b>              |
|                             | <b>2.0</b>                          | <b>0.4</b>              |
| <b>At 31 December 2009</b>  |                                     |                         |
| Third-party conduits        | 1.3                                 | 0.3                     |
| Third-party securitisations | 0.7                                 | 0.1                     |
|                             | 2.0                                 | 0.4                     |

*Other exposures to third-party SIVs, conduits and securitisations where a liquidity facility has been provided*

|                   | <b>At<br/>30 June<br/>2010<br/>US\$bn</b> | <b>At<br/>31<br/>December<br/>2009<br/>US\$bn</b> |
|-------------------|---|---|
| Derivative assets | <b>0.1</b>                                | 0.1   |

**Other off-balance sheet arrangements and commitments****Financial guarantees, letters of credit and similar undertakings**

Note 16 on the Financial Statements describes various types of guarantees and discloses the maximum potential future payments under such arrangements. Credit risk associated with all forms of guarantees is assessed in the same manner as for on-balance sheet credit advances and, where necessary, provisions for assessed impairment are included in

Other provisions .

**Commitments to lend**

Undrawn credit lines are disclosed in Note 16 on the Financial Statements. The majority by value of undrawn credit lines arise from open to buy lines on personal credit cards, advised overdraft limits and other pre-approved loan products, and mortgage offers awaiting customer acceptance. HSBC generally has the right to change or terminate any conditions of a personal customer's overdraft, credit card or other credit line upon notification to the customer. In respect of corporate commitments to lend, in most cases HSBC's position will be protected through restrictions on access to funding in the event of material adverse change.

**Leveraged finance transactions**

Loan commitments in respect of leveraged finance transactions are accounted for as derivatives where it is HSBC's intention to sell the loan after origination. Further information is provided on page 113.



**Table of Contents**

Footnotes to Impact of Market Turmoil

- 1 *Total includes holdings of ABSs issued by Freddie Mac and Fannie Mae.*
- 2 *Recorded in the income statement represents the accrual of the effective interest rate and, for the first half of 2010, also includes a US\$25 million write-back in respect of impairment (first half of 2009: US\$160 million write-down; second half of 2009: US\$3 million write-down).*
- 3 *Effect on the income statement during the period had the reclassification not occurred.*
- 4 *The carrying amount includes funded loans plus the net exposure to unfunded leveraged finance commitments, held within fair value through profit or loss.*
- 5 *Directly held includes assets*

*held by Solitaire where HSBC provides first loss protection and assets held directly by the Group.*

- 6 *Impairment charges allocated to capital note holders represent impairments where losses would be borne by external third-party investors in the structures.*
- 7 *Mortgage-backed securities ( MBS s), asset-backed securities ( ABS s) and collateralised debt obligations ( CDO s).*
- 8 *High grade assets rated AA or AAA.*
- 9 *Gains or losses on the net principal exposure (footnote 15) recognised in the income statement as a result of changes in the fair value of the asset.*
- 10 *Fair value gains and losses on the net principal exposure (footnote 15) recognised in other comprehensive income as a result*

*of the changes in the fair value of available-for-sale assets.*

- 11 *Realised fair value gains and losses on the net principal exposure (footnote 15) recognised in the income statement as a result of the disposal of assets or the receipt of cash flows from assets.*
  
- 12 *Reclassified from equity on impairment, disposal or payment. This includes impairment losses recognised in the income statement in respect of the net principal exposure (footnote 15) of available-for-sale assets. Payments are the contractual cash flows received on the assets.*
  
- 13 *The gross principal is the redemption amount on maturity or, in the case of an amortising instrument, the sum of the future redemption amounts through the residual life of*

*the security.*

- 14 *A credit default swap ( CDS ) gross protection is the gross principal of the underlying instrument that is protected by CDSs.*
- 15 *Net principal exposure is the gross principal amount of assets that are not protected by CDSs. It includes assets that benefit from monoline protection, except where this protection is purchased with a CDS.*
- 16 *Carrying amount of the net principal exposure.*
- 17 *Net exposure after legal netting and any other relevant credit mitigation prior to deduction of the credit risk adjustment.*
- 18 *Cumulative fair value adjustment recorded against OTC derivative counterparty exposures to reflect the creditworthiness of the counterparty.*



- 19 *Funded exposure represents the loan amount advanced to the customer, less any fair value write-downs, net of fees held on deposit.*
- 20 *Unfunded exposures represent the contractually committed loan facility amount not yet drawn down by the customer, less any fair value write-downs, net of fees held on deposit.*
- 21 *Derivatives, trading assets and trading liabilities are presented as one category to reflect the manner in which these financial instruments are risk-managed.*
- 22 *Assets within multi-seller conduits are classified as collateralised loans. Under IFRSs, the conduits cannot recognise the underlying assets.*
- 23 *For details of the geographical origin of the mortgage loans held at fair value*

*and ABSs, including those represented by MBSs and CDOs held in consolidated securities investment conduits, see Nature and extent of HSBC's exposures on page 103.*

- 24 *The securities investment conduits include Mazarin, Barion, Malachite and Solitaire.*
- 25 *Local investment management funds.*
- 26 *Also includes consolidated SPEs that hold mortgage loans held at fair value.*
- 27 *These assets only include those measured at fair value. For details on the geographical origin of the mortgage loans held at fair value and ABSs, including those represented by MBSs and CDOs held in consolidated securities investment conduits, see Nature and extent of HSBC's*

*exposures on page 103. The geographical origin of the loans and receivables held by the multi-seller conduits is disclosed on page 128.*

- 28 *HSBC's financial investments in off-balance sheet money market funds and non-money market funds have been classified as available-for-sale securities, and measured at fair value. HSBC's financial investments in off-balance sheet securitisations have been classified as trading assets and available-for-sale securities, and measured at fair value.*
- 29 *In the US, HSBC has established securitisation programmes where term-funded SPEs are used to securitise third-party originated mortgages, mainly sub-prime and Alt-A residential mortgages. The majority of these SPEs are not*

*consolidated by HSBC as it is not exposed to the majority of the risk and rewards of ownership in the SPEs. No liquidity facility has been provided by HSBC.*

**Table of Contents**

**HSBC HOLDINGS PLC**

**Interim Management Report: Risk**

**Current challenges in regulation and supervision**

Regulatory and supervisory developments have largely been shaped by the Leaders, Finance Ministers and Central Bank Governors of the Group of Twenty ( the G20 ). In looking to address the systemic failures that caused the financial crisis, the G20 has issued several statements highlighting the following priorities:

a stronger international framework for prudential regulation, ensuring increased liquidity and regulatory capital buffers and enhanced quality of capital;

an increased role for colleges of supervisors to coordinate oversight of systemically significant institutions such as HSBC, and effective coordination of resolution regimes for failed banks;

convergence towards a single set of high-quality, global, independent accounting standards on financial instruments, loan loss provisioning, off-balance sheet exposures and the impairment and valuation of financial assets;

strengthening of the regulation of hedge funds and credit rating agencies, and an improved infrastructure for derivative transactions, including central counterparty clearing of over-the-counter derivatives;

design and implementation of a system which will allow for the restructuring or resolution of financial institutions, without taxpayers ultimately bearing the burden;

measures on financial sector compensation arrangements to prevent excessive short-term risk taking and mitigate systematic risk on a globally consistent basis; and

a fair and substantial contribution by the financial sector towards paying for any burden associated with government interventions, where they occur, to repair and reduce risks from the financial system or fund the resolution of problems.

The Financial Stability Board ( FSB ) was established by the G20 to help address these issues, specifically assessing vulnerabilities affecting the financial system, monitoring and advising on market developments and best practice in meeting regulatory standards. The FSB has provided a number of interim and progress reports to the G20, including reports on the reform of compensation structures and on reducing the moral hazard of systemically important financial institutions.

The key steps that have been taken by governments, regulators and accounting standard setters towards meeting the aims set out by the G20 are described below.

**Global**

**Regulation**

In December 2009, the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision (the Basel Committee ) issued its draft proposals, commonly referred to as Basel III, for greater consistency, quality and transparency in regulatory capital requirements, and greater resilience on the part of international banks to liquidity stresses. The proposals aim to exclude lower quality instruments from core capital, significantly reduce banks' structural reliance on short-term funding and reduce banks' leverage by setting a minimum ratio of capital to assets.

In July 2010, the Basel Committee issued a consultation paper as part of the approach to addressing the issue of pro-cyclicality identified in their December 2009 paper. Also in July 2010, the Basel Committee announced that its oversight body, the Group of Governors and Heads of Supervision, had reached broad agreement on the overall design of the capital and liquidity reform package. Calibration and phase-in arrangements are to be finalised towards the end of 2010, and further material is expected on contingent capital and systemically significant banks. It is not possible to assess the financial impact of these reforms on HSBC.

**Accounting standards**

In June 2010, the International Accounting Standards Board ( IASB ) and the Financial Accounting Standards Board in the US ( FASB ) renewed their commitment to achieving convergence in the accounting for financial instruments. In particular, the IASB re-prioritised its work programme to focus on its response to the financial crisis. The key steps taken by the Boards to date are:

In November 2009, the IASB issued IFRS 9 Financial Instruments , effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013, to address the classification and measurement of financial assets. This is the first phase of its project to replace IAS 39 and simplify the accounting for financial instruments.

In November 2009, the IASB exposed its proposals for changes to the impairment rules for financial assets measured at amortised cost.

**Table of Contents**

The proposals are intended to result in the earlier recognition of impairment losses.

In May 2010, the IASB exposed its proposals for changes to the classification and measurement of financial liabilities. The proposals are intended to address the volatility in profit and loss caused by changes in an entity's own credit risk.

In May 2010, the FASB issued an Accounting Standards Update, setting out its proposed comprehensive approach to financial instrument classification and measurement, impairment, and revisions to hedge accounting. To date the proposals of the FASB differ significantly from those of the IASB and it is unclear whether convergence will be achieved.

**Compensation**

To address concerns around the compensation arrangements of banks, in September 2009, the FSB published its implementation standards on compensation, focusing on areas where rapid progress was deemed necessary, including independent and effective Board oversight of compensation policies and practices, linkages of the total variable compensation pool to the overall performance of the firm and the need to maintain a sound capital base, alignment of compensation structures to risk, limitations on guaranteed bonuses and enhanced disclosure and supervisory oversight.

**Europe**

**Regulation**

In Europe, the European Union Council of Ministers (the Council) and European Parliament continue to discuss proposals for the establishment of a European Systemic Risk Board for macro-prudential oversight of the financial system, a European Banking Authority, a European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority and a European Securities and Markets Authority.

In February 2010, the European Commission issued a public consultation on the third set of proposed amendments to the EU Capital Requirements Directive (CRD), CRD 4 to reflect its proposed implementation of Basel III, with certain adjustments. These will supplement (i) CRD 2, covering own funds, large exposures, supervisory arrangements, qualitative standards for liquidity risk management and securitisation which will come into force on 31 December 2010; and (ii) CRD 3, covering disclosure of remuneration policies, effective 1 January 2011, and capital requirements

for trading books and re-securitisations and disclosure of securitisation exposures, effective 31 December 2011.

In July 2010, the European Commission proposed further reforms to depositor and investor compensation schemes, including regular contributions by banks into the applicable national deposit guarantee scheme. The European Commission has also announced plans for legislation to promote greater central clearing of derivatives and to strengthen corporate governance.

In the UK, the Financial Services Act 2010, enacted in April 2010, established a requirement for UK banks to prepare recovery and resolution plans.

In June 2010, the UK Government announced that the UK Financial Services Authority (FSA) will cease to exist in its present form and four new supervisory bodies will be established by the end of 2012:

the Prudential Regulation Authority, a subsidiary of the Bank of England, will be responsible for the prudential regulation of financial firms;

the Consumer Protection and Markets Authority (CPMA) will regulate the conduct of financial firms providing services to consumers;

the Financial Policy Committee (FPC), chaired by the Governor of the Bank of England, will consider macro issues affecting economic and financial stability and take action in response. An interim FPC will be established in the second half of 2010, prior to any legislation; and

the Economic Crime Agency will take on functions currently fulfilled by a number of UK Government departments and agencies to tackle serious economic crime.

Pending these changes to supervision in the UK, the FSA continues to operate as before and, in June 2010, finalised its proposals for a new liquidity regime, including updated quantitative rules coupled with a narrow definition of liquid assets.

In July 2010, the FSA announced the implementation of its new powers granted by the Financial Services Act 2010, including the power to impose financial penalties on individuals and firms and more intense information-gathering in relation to financial stability to help identify potential threats to the UK financial market. Also in July 2010, the UK government published a consultation paper seeking views on whether it should merge the UK Listing Authority ( UKLA ) with the Financial Reporting Council, the UK 's independent regulator responsible



**Table of Contents**

**HSBC HOLDINGS PLC**

**Interim Management Report: Risk** (continued)

for promoting high quality corporate governance and reporting, under the Department for Business, Innovation and Skills, or whether the UKLA should remain within the CPMA markets division.

**Compensation**

In December 2009, the governments of the UK and France introduced one-off taxes in respect of certain bonuses payable by banks and banking groups. In both countries the tax was levied at 50 per cent on bonuses awarded during a certain period and over a threshold amount. The taxes were liabilities of the employer and were payable on awards of both cash and shares. The provision held by HSBC in respect of the relevant tax payable, is US\$325 million in the UK. The French liability of US\$42 million was paid by the due date of 25 April 2010.

The FSA introduced new rules relating to the remuneration within UK banks and HSBC voluntarily determined to apply them to the Group on a global basis. On 29 July 2010, the FSA announced that it intends to update the rules to incorporate the effects of the EU's CRD 3 proposal and the Financial Services Act 2010.

**Financial contribution**

A joint statement was made by the UK, French and German governments in June 2010 announcing plans for the introduction of a bank levy in each country. The specific design of each may differ to reflect the different domestic circumstances and tax systems. In the UK, a consultation paper has been published indicating that the levy will be introduced from 1 January 2011. However, detailed legislation has yet to be finalised or enacted in any of the countries and it is therefore not possible to quantify the financial impact on the Group.

**US**

**Regulation**

In July 2010, the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (the Act) was signed into law by the US president. The Act creates a number of regulatory agencies and offices with broad responsibilities for improving the safety of the financial system, including the creation of a Financial Stability Oversight Council to identify emerging risks to financial stability and advise the Federal Reserve Board (FRB), expanding the powers of the FRB to regulate capital and risk management requirements in systemically important financial institutions and establishing comprehensive regulation of over-the-counter derivatives including credit default swaps. US bank holding companies such as HSBC North America Holdings Inc. and non-bank financial companies deemed systemically significant by the new Council will be subject to enhanced prudential standards with respect to capital, liquidity, leverage and amounts of short-term debt, and subject to periodic stress tests. In addition, US bank holding companies may be required to replace certain securities at the holding company level which today constitute tier 1 capital under Basel I. The new requirements are planned to be phased in over the two years following enactment, and uncertainty remains over the details of the rule making. The implementation of the Act will require significant adjustments to operating regulations in the US and it is therefore not possible to quantify the financial impact on the Group.

**Financial contribution**

In January 2010, the US President announced his intention to seek Congressional support to enact legislation imposing a Financial Crisis Responsibility Fee for a period of at least ten years to be applied to financial institutions with more than US\$50 billion of consolidated assets. There is no proposed or otherwise pending legislation in Congress which seeks to impose such a Financial Crisis Responsibility Fee on financial institutions, and it is therefore not possible to assess the financial impact on HSBC.

**Risk management**

All HSBC's activities involve, to varying degrees, the analysis, evaluation, acceptance and management of risks or combinations of risks. The most important risk categories that the Group is exposed to are credit risk (including cross-border country risk), market risk, operational risk in various forms, liquidity risk, insurance risk, pension risk, residual value risk, reputational risk and sustainability (environmental and social) risk. Market risk includes foreign exchange, interest rate and equity price risks.

HSBC's risk management policies are designed to identify and analyse these risks, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor the risks and adherence to limits by means of reliable and up-to-date administrative and information systems. HSBC regularly reviews its risk management policies and systems to reflect changes in law,

regulation, markets, products and emerging best practice. Personal accountability, reinforced by the Group's governance structure and instilled by training and experience, helps to foster a disciplined and constructive culture of risk management and control.

**Table of Contents**

Insurance risk is managed by the Group's insurance businesses together with their own credit, liquidity and market risk functions, distinct from those covering the rest of HSBC due to the different nature of their activities, but under risk oversight at Group level.

An overview of the Group's risk governance structure, including the responsibilities of the senior executive Risk Management Meeting ( RMM ) and the Global Risk function, and of the risk appetite framework operated by the Group, is set out on page 199 of the *Annual Report and Accounts 2009*. The management of all HSBC's significant risks is also discussed there in detail. In February 2010, in response to the recommendations of the Walker Review, a Group Risk Committee of the Board comprising independent non-executive directors was established with responsibility for providing oversight and advice to the Board on all risk matters. There have been no other significant changes to the Group's risk management framework and methodology since 31 December 2009.

**Credit risk**

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss if a customer or counterparty fails to meet a payment obligation under a contract. It arises principally from direct lending, trade finance and leasing business, but also from off-balance sheet products such as guarantees and derivatives, and from the Group's holdings of debt and other securities. Among the risks to which the Group is exposed, credit risk generates the largest regulatory capital requirement.

The objectives of credit risk management, underpinning sustainable profitable business, are principally to maintain a strong culture of responsible lending, supported by a robust risk policy and control framework; to both partner and challenge the business line in defining and implementing risk appetite, with its continuous re-evaluation under actual and scenario conditions; and to ensure independent, expert scrutiny of credit risks, their costs and their mitigation.

HSBC's Credit Risk function is part of Global Risk, reporting to the Group Chief Risk Officer. Its risk management and internal control procedures are designed for all stages of economic and financial cycles, including the current environment, and there were no significant changes during the first half of 2010. Progress has continued to be made in refining exposure measurement and monitoring, in the context of the Group's advanced internal ratings-based ( IRB ) approach to Basel II (see Capital Management on page 189) and in enhancing central risk oversight and independent review activities through the GMO working closely with regional risk offices under HSBC's target operating model for Global Risk.

Full details of the role and responsibilities of the Credit Risk management function are set out on page 201 of the *Annual Report and Accounts 2009*.

**Credit exposure****Maximum exposure to credit risk**

HSBC's exposure to credit risk is spread across many asset classes, including derivatives, trading assets, loans and advances to customers, loans and advances to banks and financial investments.

In the first half of 2010, credit exposure remained diversified across asset classes. However, the balance of exposure changed, reflecting an increase in lending to banks caused by a rise in reverse repo positions as well as increased netting through greater use of exchange counterparties for trading in certain trading assets and derivatives.

Exposure to residential mortgages in the personal lending portfolio remained significant. In the US, the credit quality of the residential mortgage portfolio improved, reflecting the economic recovery, but it continued to be affected by high levels of unemployment and weakened consumer confidence. In the UK, the low interest rate environment, targeted customer acquisition and tighter underwriting criteria ensured the credit quality of the mortgage portfolio remained high. In Hong Kong the residential mortgage portfolio remained well secured. See Areas of special interest personal lending on page 150.

Loss experience was concentrated as follows:

*Percentage of the Group's loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions*

|             | Half-year to |          |
|-------------|--------------|----------|
| <b>30</b>   |              |          |
| <b>Jun</b>  | 30 Jun       | 31 Dec   |
| <b>2010</b> | 2009         | 2009     |
| <b>%</b>    | <b>%</b>     | <b>%</b> |

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|                                   |            |     |     |
|-----------------------------------|------------|-----|-----|
| US Personal Financial Services    | <b>61</b>  | 55  | 52  |
| Other Personal Financial Services | <b>23</b>  | 22  | 21  |
| Commercial Banking                | <b>9</b>   | 11  | 14  |
| Global Banking and Markets        | <b>7</b>   | 12  | 11  |
| Other businesses                  |            |     | 2   |
|                                   | <b>100</b> | 100 | 100 |

The following table presents the maximum exposure to credit risk from balance sheet and off-balance sheet financial instruments, before taking account of any collateral held or other credit enhancements (unless such credit enhancements

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Risk** (continued)

meet offsetting requirements). For financial assets recognised on the balance sheet, the exposure to credit risk equals their carrying amount. For financial guarantees issued, the maximum exposure to credit risk is the maximum amount that HSBC

*Maximum exposure to credit risk*

would have to pay if the guarantees were called upon. For loan commitments and other credit-related commitments that are irrevocable over the life of the respective facilities, the maximum exposure to credit risk is the full amount of the committed facilities.

|  | At 30 June 2010           |                 |  | At 30 June 2009           |                 |  | At 31 December 2009       |                 |  |
|--|---------------------------|-----------------|--|---------------------------|-----------------|--|---------------------------|-----------------|--|
|  | Maximum exposure<br>US\$m | Offset<br>US\$m | Exposure to credit risk (net)<br>US\$m | Maximum exposure<br>US\$m | Offset<br>US\$m | Exposure to credit risk (net)<br>US\$m | Maximum exposure<br>US\$m | Offset<br>US\$m | Exposure to credit risk (net)<br>US\$m |
| Cash and balances at central banks                 | <b>71,576</b>             |                 | <b>71,576</b>                          | 56,368                    |                 | 56,368                                 | 60,655                    |                 | 60,655                                 |
| Items in the course of collection from other banks | <b>11,195</b>             |                 | <b>11,195</b>                          | 16,613                    |                 | 16,613                                 | 6,395                     |                 | 6,395                                  |
| Hong Kong Government certificates of indebtedness  | <b>18,364</b>             |                 | <b>18,364</b>                          | 16,156                    |                 | 16,156                                 | 17,463                    |                 | 17,463                                 |
| Trading assets                                     | <b>376,440</b>            | <b>(17,890)</b> | <b>358,550</b>                         | 388,874                   | (15,829)        | 373,045                                | 386,070                   | (8,496)         | 377,574                                |
| Treasury and other eligible bills                  | <b>22,236</b>             |                 | <b>22,236</b>                          | 22,990                    |                 | 22,990                                 | 22,346                    |                 | 22,346                                 |
| Debt securities                                    | <b>194,390</b>            |                 | <b>194,390</b>                         | 190,870                   |                 | 190,870                                | 201,598                   |                 | 201,598                                |
| Loans and advances:                                |                           |                 |  |                           |                 |  |                           |                 |  |
| to banks   | <b>77,434</b>             |                 | <b>77,434</b>                          | 73,636                    | (1)             | 73,635                                 | 78,126                    |                 | 78,126                                 |
| to customers                                       | <b>82,380</b>             | <b>(17,890)</b> | <b>64,490</b>                          | 101,378                   | (15,828)        | 85,550                                 | 84,000                    | (8,496)         | 75,504                                 |
| Financial assets designated at fair value          | <b>18,350</b>             |                 | <b>18,350</b>                          | 21,301                    |                 | 21,301                                 | 22,198                    |                 | 22,198                                 |
| Treasury and other eligible bills                  | <b>249</b>                |                 | <b>249</b>                             | 495                       |                 | 495                                    | 223                       |                 | 223                                    |

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|  |                  |                  |                  |           |           |           |           |           |           |
|--|------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Debt securities  | <b>16,153</b>    |                  | <b>16,153</b>    | 19,825    |           | 19,825    | 20,718    |           | 20,718    |
| Loans and advances:                                    |                  |                  |                  |           |           |           |           |           |           |
| to banks   | <b>1,149</b>     |                  | <b>1,149</b>     | 204       |           | 204       | 354       |           | 354       |
| to customers   | <b>799</b>       |                  | <b>799</b>       | 777       |           | 777       | 903       |           | 903       |
| Derivatives  | <b>288,279</b>   | <b>(219,180)</b> | <b>69,099</b>    | 310,796   | (237,552) | 73,244    | 250,886   | (189,606) | 61,280    |
| Loans and advances held at amortised cost:             | <b>1,089,633</b> | <b>(89,301)</b>  | <b>1,000,332</b> | 1,106,949 | (94,576)  | 1,012,373 | 1,076,012 | (91,127)  | 984,885   |
| to banks   | <b>196,296</b>   | <b>(330)</b>     | <b>195,966</b>   | 182,266   | (124)     | 182,142   | 179,781   | (116)     | 179,665   |
| to customers   | <b>893,337</b>   | <b>(88,971)</b>  | <b>804,366</b>   | 924,683   | (94,452)  | 830,231   | 896,231   | (91,011)  | 805,220   |
| Financial investments                                  | <b>376,642</b>   |                  | <b>376,642</b>   | 344,644   |           | 344,644   | 360,034   |           | 360,034   |
| Treasury and other similar bills                       | <b>61,275</b>    |                  | <b>61,275</b>    | 54,262    |           | 54,262    | 58,434    |           | 58,434    |
| Debt securities  | <b>315,367</b>   |                  | <b>315,367</b>   | 290,382   |           | 290,382   | 301,600   |           | 301,600   |
| Other assets   | <b>30,643</b>    | <b>(15)</b>      | <b>30,628</b>    | 35,191    | (4)       | 35,187    | 36,373    | (4)       | 36,369    |
| Endorsements and acceptances                           | <b>9,573</b>     | <b>(15)</b>      | <b>9,558</b>     | 9,481     | (4)       | 9,477     | 9,311     | (4)       | 9,307     |
| Other  | <b>21,070</b>    |                  | <b>21,070</b>    | 25,710    |           | 25,710    | 27,062    |           | 27,062    |
| Financial guarantees and similar contracts             | <b>46,120</b>    |                  | <b>46,120</b>    | 49,486    |           | 49,486    | 53,251    |           | 53,251    |
| Loan and other credit-related commitments <sup>1</sup> | <b>548,710</b>   |                  | <b>548,710</b>   | 569,012   |           | 569,012   | 558,050   |           | 558,050   |
|  | <b>2,875,952</b> | <b>(326,386)</b> | <b>2,549,566</b> | 2,915,390 | (347,961) | 2,567,429 | 2,827,387 | (289,233) | 2,538,154 |

For footnote, see page 196.

Collateral and other credit enhancements

Collateral held against financial instruments presented in the Maximum exposure to credit risk table above is described in more detail below.

**Items in the course of collection from other banks**

Settlement risk arises in any situation where a payment in cash, securities or equities is made in the expectation of a corresponding receipt of cash, securities or equities. Daily settlement limits are established for counterparties to cover the aggregate of HSBC's transactions with each one on any single day. Settlement risk on many transactions, particularly those involving securities and equities, is substantially mitigated by settling through assured payment systems or on a delivery-versus-payment basis.

**Table of Contents****Treasury, other eligible bills and debt securities**

Collateral held as security for financial assets other than loans and advances is determined by the nature of the instrument. Debt securities, treasury and other eligible bills are generally unsecured, except for ABSs and similar instruments, which are secured by pools of financial assets.

**Derivatives**

The International Swaps and Derivatives Association ( ISDA ) Master Agreement is HSBC 's preferred agreement for documenting derivatives activity. It provides the contractual framework within which dealing activity across a full range of over-the-counter products is conducted, and contractually binds both parties to apply close-out netting across all outstanding transactions covered by an agreement if either party defaults or other pre-agreed termination events occur. It is common, and HSBC 's preferred practice, for the parties to execute a Credit Support Annex ( CSA ) in conjunction with the ISDA Master Agreement. Under a CSA, collateral is passed between the parties to mitigate the market-contingent counterparty risk inherent in the outstanding positions.

The derivative offset amount in the above table relates to exposures where the counterparty has an offsetting derivative exposure with HSBC, a master netting arrangement is in place and the credit risk exposure is managed on a net basis, or the position is specifically collateralised, normally in the form of cash. These amounts do not qualify for net presentation for accounting purposes, because settlement may not actually be made on a net basis.

**Loans and advances**

It is HSBC 's policy, when lending, to do so on the basis of the customer 's capacity to repay, rather than rely primarily on the value of security offered. Depending on the customer 's standing and the type of product, facilities may be provided on an unsecured basis. Whenever available, collateral can be an important mitigant of credit risk.

The guidelines applied by operating companies in respect of the acceptability of specific classes of collateral or credit risk mitigation and the determination of valuation parameters are subject to regular review to ensure that they are supported by empirical evidence and continue to fulfil their intended purpose. The principal collateral types employed by HSBC are as follows:

- in the personal sector, mortgages over residential properties;
- in the commercial and industrial sector, charges over business assets such as premises, stock and debtors;

in the commercial real estate sector, charges over the properties being financed; and

in the financial sector, charges over financial instruments such as cash, debt securities and equities in support of trading facilities.

In addition, credit derivatives, including credit default swaps and structured credit notes, and securitisation structures are used to manage credit risk in the Group 's loan portfolio.

The loans and advances offset adjustment in the table above primarily relates to customer loans and deposits, and balances arising from repo and reverse repo transactions. The offset relates to balances where there is a legally enforceable right of offset in the event of counterparty default, and therefore these balances represent a net exposure for credit risk management purposes. However, as there is no intention to settle these balances on a net basis under normal circumstances, they do not qualify for net presentation for accounting purposes.

HSBC does not disclose the fair value of collateral held as security or other credit enhancements on loans and advances past due but not impaired, or on individually assessed impaired loans and advances, as it is not practicable to do so.

**Concentration of exposure**

Concentrations of credit risk exist when a number of counterparties or exposures have comparable economic characteristics, or such counterparties are engaged in similar activities, or operate in the same geographical areas or industry sectors, so that their collective ability to meet contractual obligations is uniformly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions.

Wrong-way risk is an aggravated form of concentration risk and arises when there is an adverse correlation between the counterparty 's probability of default and the mark-to-market value of the underlying transaction. HSBC uses a range of tools to monitor and control wrong-way risk.



**Securities held for trading**

Total securities held for trading within trading assets were US\$244 billion at 30 June 2010 (31 December 2009: US\$259 billion). The largest concentration of these assets was to government and government agency securities, which amounted to US\$128 billion, or 53 per cent of overall trading

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Risk** (continued)

securities (31 December 2009: US\$135 billion, 52 per cent). This included US\$22 billion (31 December 2009: US\$22 billion) of treasury and other eligible bills. Corporate debt and other securities were US\$84 billion or 34 per cent of overall trading securities, in line with the level at 31 December 2009 of US\$84 billion, or 32 per cent. Included within total securities held for trading were US\$35 billion (31 December 2009: US\$41 billion) of debt securities issued by banks and other financial institutions.

**Derivatives**

Derivatives exposures at 30 June 2010 were US\$288 billion, a rise of 15 per cent from 31 December 2009, with significant increases in interest rate derivatives reflecting movements in parts of the yield curve against a backdrop of low short-term official rates. Foreign exchange derivative volumes also increased, partly offset by lower credit derivatives as spreads narrowed. Derivatives exposure is shown gross under IFRSs. There was a matching movement in derivative liabilities.

**Debt securities, treasury and other eligible bills**

At 30 June 2010, total financial investments excluding equity securities of US\$377 billion were 5 per cent higher than at 31 December 2009. Debt securities, at US\$315 billion, represented the largest concentration of financial investments at 84 per cent of the total, compared with US\$302 billion (84 per cent) at 31 December 2009. HSBC's holdings of corporate debt, ABSs and other securities were spread across a wide range of issuers and geographical regions, with 31 per cent invested in securities issued by banks and other financial institutions. In total, holdings in ABSs increased by US\$5 billion due to a rise in asset prices as expectations of future losses reduced.

Investments in governments and government agencies of US\$208 billion were 54 per cent of overall financial investments, 8 percentage points higher than at 31 December 2009. US\$61 billion of these investments comprised treasury and other eligible bills.

More detailed analyses of securities held for trading and financial investments are set out in Notes 7 and 10 on the Financial Statements. For an analysis by credit quality, see page 159.

At 30 June 2010, the insurance businesses held diversified portfolios of debt and equity securities designated at fair value of US\$23 billion (31 December 2009: US\$25 billion) and debt securities classified as financial investments of US\$36 billion (31 December 2009: US\$35 billion). A more detailed analysis of securities held by the insurance businesses is set out on page 188.

**Loans and advances**

Gross loans and advances to customers at 30 June 2010 were US\$915 billion, 1 per cent lower on a reported basis and 4 per cent higher on a constant currency basis than at 31 December 2009, and were well diversified across industry sectors and regions. The following commentary is on a constant currency basis. Corporate and commercial lending increased, partly offset by a decline in personal lending reflecting the run-off of the US consumer finance portfolios.

Personal lending was the largest single lending category at US\$410 billion, 45 per cent of total customer lending. Residential mortgages of US\$253 billion represented 28 per cent of total advances to customers, the Group's largest concentration in a single exposure type (31 December 2009: 29 per cent).

The corporate, commercial and financial lending categories amounted to 55 per cent of gross lending to customers at 30 June 2010. The largest industry concentrations were in non-bank financial institutions and commercial real estate lending at 11 per cent and 7 per cent, respectively, of total gross lending to customers.

Commercial, industrial and international trade lending increased by 8 per cent in the period, reflecting the ongoing trade-led recovery. Within this category, the largest concentration of lending was to the service sector, which accounted for 6 per cent of total gross lending to customers.

Lending to non-bank financial institutions principally comprised secured lending on trading accounts, primarily repo facilities.

Loans and advances to banks primarily represent amounts owing on trading accounts and HSBC's placing of its own liquidity on short-term deposit. Such lending was widely distributed across major institutions.

Further discussion of significant movements in credit quality of the personal lending and wholesale lending portfolios is set out in Areas of special interest on pages 148 to 159.

The following tables analyse loans by industry sector and by the location of the principal operations of the lending subsidiary or, in the case of the operations of The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, HSBC Bank, HSBC Bank Middle East and HSBC Bank USA, by the location of the lending branch.

**Table of Contents***Gross loans and advances by industry sector*

|  | At<br>31<br>December<br>2009<br>US\$m | Constant<br>currency<br>effect<br>US\$m | Movement<br>on<br>a constant<br>currency<br>basis<br>US\$m | At<br>30 June<br>2010<br>US\$m |
|--|---------------------------------------|---|--|--------------------------------|
| <b>Gross loans and advances to customers</b>             |                                       |   |  |                                |
| Personal <sup>2</sup>                                    | 434,206                               | (13,758)                                | (10,396)   | 410,052                        |
| Residential mortgages <sup>2,3</sup>                     | 260,669                               | (9,297)                                 | 1,476  | 252,848                        |
| Other personal <sup>2,4</sup>                            | 173,537                               | (4,461)                                 | (11,872)   | 157,204                        |
| Corporate and commercial                                 | 383,090                               | (19,724)                                | 25,224   | 388,590                        |
| Commercial, industrial and international trade           | 196,128                               | (10,218)                                | 13,948   | 199,858                        |
| Commercial real estate                                   | 69,389                                | (3,444)                                 | 1,028  | 66,973                         |
| Other property-related                                   | 30,520                                | (619)                                   | 3,584  | 33,485                         |
| Government   | 6,689                                 | (224)                                   | (71)   | 6,394                          |
| Other commercial <sup>5</sup>                            | 80,364                                | (5,219)                                 | 6,735  | 81,880                         |
| Financial  | 96,650                                | (7,501)                                 | 21,407   | 110,556                        |
| Non-bank financial institutions                          | 95,237                                | (7,464)                                 | 20,629   | 108,402                        |
| Settlement accounts                                      | 1,413                                 | (37)                                    | 778  | 2,154                          |
| Asset-backed securities reclassified                     | 7,827                                 |   | (1,655)  | 6,172                          |
| Total gross loans and advances to customers <sup>6</sup> | 921,773                               | (40,983)                                | 34,580   | 915,370                        |
| <b>Gross loans and advances to banks</b>                 | 179,888                               | (7,625)                                 | 24,198   | 196,461                        |
| Total gross loans and advances                           | 1,101,661                             | (48,608)                                | 58,778   | 1,111,831                      |

*For footnotes, see page 196.*

*Gross loans and advances to customers by industry sector and by geographical region*

**Rest of**

**Gross  
loans  
by  
industry**

|  |         | Hong    | Asia-   | Middle | North   | Latin   |         | sector |
|--|---------|---------|---------|--------|---------|---------|---------|--------|
|  | Europe  | Kong    | Pacific | East   | America | America | Total   | as a   |
|  | US\$m   | US\$m   | US\$m   | US\$m  | US\$m   | US\$m   | US\$m   | % of   |
| At 30 June 2010  |         |         |         |        |         |         |         | total  |
| Personal   | 150,801 | 50,734  | 33,637  | 5,763  | 148,869 | 20,248  | 410,052 | gross  |
| Residential mortgages <sup>3</sup>                                 | 103,485 | 37,394  | 23,289  | 1,789  | 81,811  | 5,080   | 252,848 | loans  |
| Other personal <sup>4</sup>  | 47,316  | 13,340  | 10,348  | 3,974  | 67,058  | 15,168  | 157,204 | %      |
| Corporate and commercial   | 186,547 | 60,728  | 56,394  | 17,670 | 39,021  | 28,230  | 388,590 | 44.8   |
| Commercial, industrial and international trade                     | 100,043 | 23,363  | 35,051  | 9,952  | 13,406  | 18,043  | 199,858 | 27.6   |
| Commercial real estate   | 29,723  | 16,722  | 7,153   | 1,044  | 9,874   | 2,457   | 66,973  | 17.2   |
| Other property-related   | 5,571   | 12,179  | 4,186   | 1,751  | 9,220   | 578     | 33,485  |        |
| Government   | 1,664   | 357     | 660     | 1,533  | 406     | 1,774   | 6,394   | 42.4   |
| Other commercial <sup>5</sup>                                      | 49,546  | 8,107   | 9,344   | 3,390  | 6,115   | 5,378   | 81,880  | 21.8   |
| Financial  | 70,520  | 3,344   | 2,497   | 1,548  | 30,179  | 2,468   | 110,556 | 7.3    |
| Non-bank financial institutions                                    | 69,909  | 2,523   | 2,196   | 1,539  | 29,845  | 2,390   | 108,402 | 3.7    |
| Settlement accounts  | 611     | 821     | 301     | 9      | 334     | 78      | 2,154   | 0.7    |
| Asset-backed securities reclassified                               | 5,193   |         |         |        | 979     |         | 6,172   | 8.9    |
| Total gross loans and advances to customers ( TGLAC <sup>6</sup> ) | 413,061 | 114,806 | 92,528  | 24,981 | 219,048 | 50,946  | 915,370 | 100.0  |

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Risk** (continued)*Gross loans and advances to customers by industry sector and by geographical region (continued)*

|   |                              |                           | Rest of                     |                             |                              |                             |                              | Gross<br>loans<br>by<br>industry<br>sector<br>as a<br>% of<br>total<br>gross<br>loans<br>% |
|---|------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|--|
|   | Europe<br>US\$m              | Hong<br>Kong<br>US\$m     | Asia-<br>Pacific<br>US\$m   | Middle<br>East<br>US\$m     | North<br>America<br>US\$m    | Latin<br>America<br>US\$m   | Total<br>US\$m               |  |
| <b>At 30 June 2010</b>  |                              |                           |                             |                             |                              |                             |                              |  |
| Percentage of<br>TGLAC by<br>geographical region              | <b>45.1%</b>                 | <b>12.6%</b>              | <b>10.1%</b>                | <b>2.7%</b>                 | <b>23.9%</b>                 | <b>5.6%</b>                 | <b>100.0%</b>                |  |
| Impaired loans<br>as a percentage of<br>TGLAC                 | <b>10,257</b><br><b>2.5%</b> | <b>814</b><br><b>0.7%</b> | <b>1,146</b><br><b>1.2%</b> | <b>1,978</b><br><b>7.9%</b> | <b>11,119</b><br><b>5.1%</b> | <b>2,573</b><br><b>5.1%</b> | <b>27,887</b><br><b>3.0%</b> |  |
| Total impairment<br>allowances<br>as a percentage of<br>TGLAC | <b>5,835</b><br><b>1.4%</b>  | <b>731</b><br><b>0.6%</b> | <b>856</b><br><b>0.9%</b>   | <b>1,587</b><br><b>6.4%</b> | <b>10,907</b><br><b>5.0%</b> | <b>2,117</b><br><b>4.2%</b> | <b>22,033</b><br><b>2.4%</b> |  |
| At 30 June 2009   |                              |                           |                             |                             |                              |                             |                              |  |
| Personal <sup>2</sup>   | 157,383                      | 46,700                    | 29,825                      | 6,951                       | 176,464                      | 20,525                      | 437,848                      | 46.0   |
| Residential<br>mortgages <sup>2,3</sup>                       | 104,529                      | 33,808                    | 19,483                      | 1,950                       | 90,903                       | 4,845                       | 255,518                      | 26.8   |
| Other personal <sup>2,4</sup>                                 | 52,854                       | 12,892                    | 10,342                      | 5,001                       | 85,561                       | 15,680                      | 182,330                      | 19.2   |
| Corporate and<br>commercial                                   | 219,059                      | 47,408                    | 42,823                      | 17,368                      | 47,536                       | 24,706                      | 398,900                      | 41.9   |
| Commercial,<br>industrial and<br>international trade          | 113,758                      | 17,217                    | 25,662                      | 9,686                       | 13,831                       | 14,956                      | 195,110                      | 20.5   |
| Commercial real<br>estate                                     | 34,221                       | 13,108                    | 6,344                       | 1,586                       | 13,455                       | 2,559                       | 71,273                       | 7.5  |
| Other<br>property-related                                     | 7,504                        | 9,412                     | 3,592                       | 1,292                       | 8,645                        | 488                         | 30,933                       | 3.3  |
| Government  | 1,577                        | 861                       | 514                         | 1,299                       | 257                          | 1,649                       | 6,157                        | 0.6  |
| Other commercial <sup>5</sup>                                 | 61,999                       | 6,810                     | 6,711                       | 3,505                       | 11,348                       | 5,054                       | 95,427                       | 10.0   |

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|  |                |             |               |             |                |               |                |       |
|--|----------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|-------|
| Financial  | 79,972         | 4,225       | 2,408         | 1,427       | 17,821         | 1,956         | 107,809        | 11.3  |
| Non-bank financial institutions                      | 78,650         | 3,683       | 2,033         | 1,376       | 17,424         | 1,907         | 105,073        | 11.0  |
| Settlement accounts                                  | 1,322          | 542         | 375           | 51          | 397            | 49            | 2,736          | 0.3   |
| Asset-backed securities reclassified                 | 6,253          |             |               |             | 1,574          |               | 7,827          | 0.8   |
| TGLAC <sup>6</sup>                                   | 462,667        | 98,333      | 75,056        | 25,746      | 243,395        | 47,187        | 952,384        | 100.0 |
| Percentage of TGLAC by geographical region           | 48.6%          | 10.3%       | 7.9%          | 2.7%        | 25.6%          | 4.9%          | 100.0%         |       |
| Impaired loans as a percentage of TGLAC              | 10,592<br>2.3% | 994<br>1.0% | 1,331<br>1.8% | 901<br>3.5% | 15,003<br>6.2% | 3,005<br>6.4% | 31,826<br>3.3% |       |
| Total impairment allowances as a percentage of TGLAC | 5,577<br>1.2%  | 847<br>0.9% | 994<br>1.3%   | 649<br>2.5% | 17,137<br>7.0% | 2,497<br>5.3% | 27,701<br>2.9% |       |
| At 31 December 2009                                  |                |             |               |             |                |               |                |       |
| Personal <sup>2</sup>                                | 162,562        | 47,946      | 32,514        | 6,405       | 163,934        | 20,845        | 434,206        | 47.2  |
| Residential mortgages <sup>2,3</sup>                 | 109,872        | 35,292      | 21,983        | 1,898       | 86,591         | 5,033         | 260,669        | 28.3  |
| Other personal <sup>2,4</sup>                        | 52,690         | 12,654      | 10,531        | 4,507       | 77,343         | 15,812        | 173,537        | 18.9  |
| Corporate and commercial                             | 202,919        | 49,340      | 46,175        | 16,604      | 40,902         | 27,150        | 383,090        | 41.5  |
| Commercial, industrial and international trade       | 112,374        | 17,728      | 28,228        | 9,336       | 11,528         | 16,934        | 196,128        | 21.3  |
| Commercial real estate                               | 33,853         | 13,782      | 6,475         | 1,309       | 11,527         | 2,443         | 69,389         | 7.5   |
| Other property-related                               | 6,231          | 10,062      | 3,863         | 1,357       | 8,452          | 555           | 30,520         | 3.3   |
| Government   | 2,216          | 441         | 595           | 1,356       | 208            | 1,873         | 6,689          | 0.7   |
| Other commercial <sup>5</sup>                        | 48,245         | 7,327       | 7,014         | 3,246       | 9,187          | 5,345         | 80,364         | 8.7   |

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|  |                |             |               |               |                |               |                |       |
|--|----------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|-------|
| Financial  | 73,851         | 2,899       | 2,350         | 1,213         | 14,150         | 2,187         | 96,650         | 10.5  |
| Non-bank financial institutions                      | 73,225         | 2,462       | 2,246         | 1,206         | 13,963         | 2,135         | 95,237         | 10.3  |
| Settlement accounts                                  | 626            | 437         | 104           | 7             | 187            | 52            | 1,413          | 0.2   |
| Asset-backed securities reclassified                 | 6,284          |             |               |               | 1,543          |               | 7,827          | 0.8   |
| TGLAC <sup>6</sup>                                   | 445,616        | 100,185     | 81,039        | 24,222        | 220,529        | 50,182        | 921,773        | 100.0 |
| Percentage of TGLAC by geographical region           | 48.3%          | 10.9%       | 8.8%          | 2.6%          | 23.9%          | 5.5%          | 100.0%         |       |
| Impaired loans as a percentage of TGLAC              | 10,722<br>2.4% | 841<br>0.8% | 1,200<br>1.5% | 1,646<br>6.8% | 13,246<br>6.0% | 2,951<br>5.9% | 30,606<br>3.3% |       |
| Total impairment allowances as a percentage of TGLAC | 6,135<br>1.4%  | 804<br>0.8% | 996<br>1.2%   | 1,378<br>5.7% | 13,676<br>6.2% | 2,553<br>5.1% | 25,542<br>2.8% |       |

*For footnotes, see page 196.*



**Table of Contents**

*Gross loans and advances to customers by country within Rest of Asia-Pacific, Middle East and Latin America*

|   | <b>Residential<br/>mortgages<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Other<br/>personal<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Property-<br/>related<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Commercial,<br/>international<br/>trade and<br/>other<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Total<br/>US\$m</b> |
|---|--|-------------------------------------|--|--|------------------------|
| <b>At 30 June 2010</b>                      |  |                                     |  |  |                        |
| <b>Rest of Asia-Pacific</b>                 |  |                                     |  |  |                        |
| Australia                                   | 6,176                                      | 966                                 | 1,942                                  | 3,734  | 12,818                 |
| India                                       | 855  | 635                                 | 564                                    | 4,160  | 6,214                  |
| Indonesia                                   | 67   | 549                                 | 104                                    | 2,563  | 3,283                  |
| Japan                                       | 163  | 156                                 | 820                                    | 2,193  | 3,332                  |
| Mainland China                              | 1,770                                      | 307                                 | 3,068                                  | 10,218   | 15,363                 |
| Malaysia                                    | 3,374                                      | 1,839                               | 1,064                                  | 4,489  | 10,766                 |
| Singapore                                   | 5,380                                      | 3,204                               | 2,676                                  | 6,379  | 17,639                 |
| South Korea                                 | 2,063                                      | 299                                 | 29                                     | 2,539  | 4,930                  |
| Taiwan                                      | 2,315                                      | 473                                 | 78                                     | 2,565  | 5,431                  |
| Other                                       | 1,126                                      | 1,920                               | 994                                    | 8,712  | 12,752                 |
|   | <b>23,289</b>                              | <b>10,348</b>                       | <b>11,339</b>                          | <b>47,552</b>  | <b>92,528</b>          |
| <b>Middle East (excluding Saudi Arabia)</b> |  |                                     |  |  |                        |
| Egypt                                       | 4  | 360                                 | 95                                     | 2,314  | 2,773                  |
| Qatar                                       | 9  | 541                                 | 510                                    | 779  | 1,839                  |
| UAE   | 1,531                                      | 2,436                               | 1,359                                  | 9,933  | 15,259                 |
| Other                                       | 245  | 637                                 | 831                                    | 3,397  | 5,110                  |
|   | <b>1,789</b>                               | <b>3,974</b>                        | <b>2,795</b>                           | <b>16,423</b>  | <b>24,981</b>          |
| <b>Latin America</b>                        |  |                                     |  |  |                        |
| Argentina                                   | 29   | 743                                 | 56                                     | 2,034  | 2,862                  |
| Brazil                                      | 806  | 9,998                               | 1,164                                  | 12,853   | 24,821                 |
| Mexico                                      | 2,217                                      | 2,423                               | 995                                    | 6,767  | 12,402                 |
| Panama                                      | 1,150                                      | 963                                 | 474                                    | 3,445  | 6,032                  |
| Other                                       | 878  | 1,041                               | 346                                    | 2,564  | 4,829                  |
|   | <b>5,080</b>                               | <b>15,168</b>                       | <b>3,035</b>                           | <b>27,663</b>  | <b>50,946</b>          |
| <b>At 30 June 2009</b>                      |  |                                     |  |  |                        |
| <b>Rest of Asia-Pacific</b>                 |  |                                     |  |  |                        |
| Australia                                   | 4,618                                      | 883                                 | 1,719                                  | 3,433  | 10,653                 |

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|                                      |        |        |       |        |        |
|--------------------------------------|--------|--------|-------|--------|--------|
| India                                | 977    | 1,168  | 478   | 2,902  | 5,525  |
| Indonesia                            | 47     | 557    | 98    | 1,934  | 2,636  |
| Japan                                | 80     | 146    | 762   | 1,501  | 2,489  |
| Mainland China                       | 1,313  | 22     | 2,594 | 6,931  | 10,860 |
| Malaysia                             | 2,752  | 1,588  | 940   | 3,736  | 9,016  |
| Singapore                            | 4,587  | 2,975  | 2,341 | 3,087  | 12,990 |
| South Korea                          | 1,928  | 497    | 30    | 2,004  | 4,459  |
| Taiwan                               | 2,111  | 577    | 3     | 1,524  | 4,215  |
| Other                                | 1,070  | 1,929  | 971   | 8,243  | 12,213 |
|                                      | 19,483 | 10,342 | 9,936 | 35,295 | 75,056 |
| Middle East (excluding Saudi Arabia) |        |        |       |        |        |
| Egypt                                | 2      | 292    | 136   | 2,105  | 2,535  |
| Qatar                                | 10     | 681    | 261   | 911    | 1,863  |
| UAE                                  | 1,720  | 3,321  | 1,755 | 9,464  | 16,260 |
| Other                                | 218    | 707    | 726   | 3,437  | 5,088  |
|                                      | 1,950  | 5,001  | 2,878 | 15,917 | 25,746 |
| Latin America                        |        |        |       |        |        |
| Argentina                            | 34     | 608    | 50    | 1,628  | 2,320  |
| Brazil                               | 541    | 9,721  | 961   | 10,206 | 21,429 |
| Mexico                               | 2,251  | 3,265  | 1,030 | 6,132  | 12,678 |
| Panama                               | 1,156  | 1,000  | 553   | 3,292  | 6,001  |
| Other                                | 863    | 1,086  | 453   | 2,357  | 4,759  |
|                                      | 4,845  | 15,680 | 3,047 | 23,615 | 47,187 |

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Risk** (continued)

*Gross loans and advances to customers by country within Rest of Asia-Pacific, Middle East and Latin America (continued)*

|                                      | Residential<br>mortgages<br>US\$m | Other<br>personal<br>US\$m | Property-<br>related<br>US\$m | Commercial,<br>international<br>trade and<br>other<br>US\$m | Total<br>US\$m |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|---|----------------|
| At 31 December 2009                  |                                   |                            |                               |   |                |
| Rest of Asia-Pacific                 |                                   |                            |                               |   |                |
| Australia                            | 5,919                             | 993                        | 1,785                         | 3,496   | 12,193         |
| India                                | 883                               | 864                        | 458                           | 3,002   | 5,207          |
| Indonesia                            | 59                                | 571                        | 71                            | 2,114   | 2,815          |
| Japan                                | 109                               | 149                        | 796                           | 1,444   | 2,498          |
| Mainland China                       | 1,503                             | 319                        | 2,633                         | 8,915   | 13,370         |
| Malaysia                             | 2,925                             | 1,717                      | 1,085                         | 3,548   | 9,275          |
| Singapore                            | 5,149                             | 3,041                      | 2,407                         | 4,251   | 14,848         |
| South Korea                          | 2,093                             | 407                        | 30                            | 1,932   | 4,462          |
| Taiwan                               | 2,205                             | 503                        | 53                            | 1,578   | 4,339          |
| Other                                | 1,138                             | 1,967                      | 1,020                         | 7,907   | 12,032         |
|                                      | 21,983                            | 10,531                     | 10,338                        | 38,187  | 81,039         |
| Middle East (excluding Saudi Arabia) |                                   |                            |                               |   |                |
| Egypt                                | 4                                 | 326                        | 126                           | 2,132   | 2,588          |
| Qatar                                | 9                                 | 624                        | 416                           | 841   | 1,890          |
| UAE                                  | 1,650                             | 2,881                      | 1,395                         | 8,848   | 14,774         |
| Other                                | 235                               | 676                        | 729                           | 3,330   | 4,970          |
|                                      | 1,898                             | 4,507                      | 2,666                         | 15,151  | 24,222         |
| Latin America                        |                                   |                            |                               |   |                |
| Argentina                            | 31                                | 628                        | 49                            | 1,689   | 2,397          |
| Brazil                               | 717                               | 10,494                     | 1,076                         | 12,111  | 24,398         |
| Mexico                               | 2,259                             | 2,702                      | 995                           | 6,762   | 12,718         |
| Panama                               | 1,151                             | 973                        | 475                           | 3,464   | 6,063          |
| Other                                | 875                               | 1,015                      | 403                           | 2,313   | 4,606          |
|                                      | 5,033                             | 15,812                     | 2,998                         | 26,339  | 50,182         |

*Gross loans and advances to banks by geographical region*

|                        | <b>Europe</b> | <b>Hong Kong</b> | <b>Rest of Asia-Pacific</b> | <b>Middle East</b> | <b>North America</b> | <b>Latin America</b> | <b>Total</b>   | <b>Impairment allowances</b> |
|------------------------|---------------|------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------|------------------------------|
|                        | <b>US\$m</b>  | <b>US\$m</b>     | <b>US\$m</b>                | <b>US\$m</b>       | <b>US\$m</b>         | <b>US\$m</b>         | <b>US\$m</b>   | <b>US\$m</b>                 |
| <b>At 30 June 2010</b> | <b>82,119</b> | <b>31,633</b>    | <b>35,338</b>               | <b>8,644</b>       | <b>17,132</b>        | <b>21,595</b>        | <b>196,461</b> | <b>(165)</b>                 |
| At 30 June 2009        | 72,563        | 41,197           | 34,278                      | 6,562              | 10,048               | 17,696               | 182,344        | (78)                         |
| At 31 December 2009    | 65,614        | 36,197           | 35,648                      | 8,435              | 15,386               | 18,608               | 179,888        | (107)                        |

**Areas of special interest****Wholesale lending**

Wholesale lending covers the range of credit facilities granted to sovereign borrowers, banks, non-bank financial institutions and corporate entities. The Group's wholesale portfolios are well diversified across geographical and industry sectors, with certain exposures subject to specific portfolio controls. Overall credit quality improved during the first half of 2010, as economies generally demonstrated signs of recovery.

**Sovereign risk**

The widespread intervention by governments to stabilise and re-capitalise banks and other financial intermediaries helped to reduce the possibility of a systemic threat to financial markets by transferring risk from the private sector to sovereign bodies. However, this increased the large fiscal imbalances in some industrialised economies. As a result, market concerns about sovereign credit risk among these economies intensified during the first half of 2010, particularly in the second quarter, and credit spreads in the affected sovereign and bank credit markets widened. Risk aversion resurfaced, and the assumption of higher sovereign credit risk premia in private securities prices triggered portfolio reallocation to safer assets and a tightening of market liquidity. Initial concerns over liquidity and funding spread to doubts about solvency in a number of cases.

**Table of Contents***Eurozone sovereign debt*

As government deficits rose, financial markets became increasingly concerned about the level of sovereign indebtedness, and the credit rating of certain European government debt issues was downgraded in the first quarter of 2010. Initially, the debt crisis centred on events in Greece. In order to stabilise market conditions, in April 2010, the European Central Bank ( ECB ) and the International Monetary Fund agreed US\$145 billion of loan guarantees and a bilateral loan for Greece, conditional on the implementation of domestic austerity measures. However, this failed to calm fears of contagion in other vulnerable European economies, and debt issued by Spain, Portugal and Ireland was downgraded in April and May 2010. To mitigate fears of further market turmoil and prevent potential contagion to other European countries, on 9 May 2010 Europe's finance ministers approved a comprehensive rescue package worth almost US\$1 trillion called the European Financial Stability Facility .

However, concerns remain that fiscal consolidation measures adopted across Europe could trigger a return to recession in some countries and slow the pace of recovery elsewhere.

HSBC managed its exposure to the affected countries closely during the period. The Group's total exposure to the sovereign debt of Greece, Ireland, Portugal and Spain was US\$4 billion at 30 June 2010. The overall quality of HSBC's sovereign portfolio remained strong with most in-country and cross-border limits extended to countries with high-grade internal credit risk ratings. The Group regularly updates its assessment of higher risk countries and adjusts its risk appetite to reflect such changes.

*Exposure to European sovereign credit risk arising in specific countries*

|   | <b>At 30 June 2010</b>   |                           |                            |                         |                         |
|---|--------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
|   | <b>Greece<br/>US\$bn</b> | <b>Ireland<br/>US\$bn</b> | <b>Portugal<br/>US\$bn</b> | <b>Spain<br/>US\$bn</b> | <b>Total<br/>US\$bn</b> |
| <b>Balances not held for trading</b>  |                          |                           |                            |                         |                         |
| Cash and balances at central banks  | <b>0.2</b>               |                           |                            | <b>0.1</b>              | <b>0.3</b>              |
| Financial investments   |                          |                           | <b>0.1</b>                 |                         | <b>0.1</b>              |
| <b>Total balances not held for trading</b>  | <b>0.2</b>               |                           | <b>0.1</b>                 | <b>0.1</b>              | <b>0.4</b>              |
| <b>Balances held for trading</b>  |                          |                           |                            |                         |                         |
| Net securities position   | <b>0.9</b>               | <b>0.3</b>                | <b>0.3</b>                 | <b>0.8</b>              | <b>2.3</b>              |
| Derivatives   | <b>0.1</b>               |                           | <b>0.4</b>                 |                         | <b>0.5</b>              |
| <b>Total balances held for trading</b>  | <b>1.0</b>               | <b>0.3</b>                | <b>0.7</b>                 | <b>0.8</b>              | <b>2.8</b>              |
| Balances held by insurance companies and in funds where policyholders hold the risk |                          | <b>0.2</b>                | <b>0.1</b>                 | <b>0.5</b>              | <b>0.8</b>              |
|   | <b>1.2</b>               | <b>0.5</b>                | <b>0.9</b>                 | <b>1.4</b>              | <b>4.0</b>              |

*European banks*

A recent ECB financial stability review indicated that European banks would have to charge additional impairments of up to US\$260 billion by 2011. Following publication of this report, bond spreads on both European and US banks widened in May. The size of the financial sector's exposure to sovereign debt and doubts about economic conditions in the eurozone raised fresh concerns about banks' credit ratings. In addition, uncertainty over liquidity, solvency, funding, changing regulation, capital requirements and taxation, and speculation over the stability of the euro, continued to cloud the future for European banking.

Nonetheless, the first quarter results for many European banks in 2010 improved, though this was overshadowed by the rating downgrades of a number of Greek, Irish and Spanish banks. Problems remained most pronounced for smaller, less well-capitalised financial institutions which were unable to access markets for capital or external funding.

The Group was recently subject to the CEBS coordinated stress test of 91 EU financial institutions. The objective of the stress test was to assess the overall resilience of the EU banking sector and the banks' ability to absorb further possible shocks on credit and market risks, including sovereign risks. Banks were required to meet a 6 per cent minimum tier 1 target under stress. HSBC passed the test satisfactorily, with a post stress tier 1 ratio of 10.2 per cent placing it in the top quartile of post stress tier 1 ratios of the institutions tested.

The Group continues to closely monitor and manage its eurozone bank exposures, and is cautious in lending to segments of this sector. HSBC regularly updates its assessment of higher-risk

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Risk** (continued)

eurozone banks and adjusts its risk appetite accordingly. HSBC also, where possible, seeks to play a positive role in maintaining credit and liquidity supply.

**Dubai and the UAE**

In November 2009, Dubai World announced its intention to seek a standstill with its lenders in respect of the indebtedness of certain Dubai World group companies.

Subsequently, Dubai World has been involved in a restructuring process working with its advisors and a Coordinating Committee of seven lenders. HSBC has been working as a member of the Coordinating Committee towards a restructuring solution.

As one of the long-term bankers to Dubai World and the various entities related to the Government of Dubai, HSBC will continue to work constructively to address the prevailing issues. HSBC's own exposure in Dubai is acceptably spread and is primarily to operating companies within the emirate.

In the UAE, gross customer loans and advances increased moderately to US\$15.3 billion at 30 June 2010 from US\$14.8 billion at 31 December 2009. At 30 June 2010, HSBC's total assets in the Middle East represented 2 per cent of the Group's balance sheet. In the first half of 2010, loan impairment charges in the region totalled US\$438 million. The medium and long-term outlook for the UAE and the rest of the region remains positive with strong growth potential. The Middle East is an important part of HSBC's international business mix and a region that HSBC remains strongly committed to.

**Commercial real estate**

The aggregate of commercial real estate and other property-related lending of US\$100 billion at 30 June 2010 was 5 per cent higher than at 31 December 2009 on a constant currency basis, and represented 11 per cent of total loans and advances to customers. In the first half of 2010, credit quality in this sector showed signs of stabilising but remained under stress in certain markets.

HSBC's exposure to this sector is concentrated in the UK, North America and Hong Kong. In Hong Kong, the market is characterised by strong liquidity and continuing credit appetite. While there are some positive signs of economic recovery in the UK and the US, the slow nature of the recovery ensures that financing and re-financing activity in the sector remains subdued.

Across HSBC's commercial real estate portfolios, credit risk is mitigated by long-standing and conservative policies on asset origination which focus on relationships with long-term customers and limited initial leverage. HSBC also operates sector risk appetite limits to guide and prevent higher risk concentrations. While individual regions differ in their approach, typically, origination loan to value ratios would be less than 65 per cent across the Group.

**Personal lending**

In the first half of 2010, credit quality in the personal lending portfolios improved as economic conditions began to recover. Unemployment remained at high levels, however, particularly in developed economies. In many countries, governments continued to take measures to support economic growth, employment and their housing markets. These measures helped to improve levels of consumer confidence which contributed to a decline in delinquency and loan impairment charges. At this stage, it remains uncertain to what extent the improvement in credit quality would be sustainable in the absence of these government measures.

The commentary that follows is on a constant currency basis.

At 30 June 2010, total personal lending was US\$410 billion, a reduction of 2 per cent from 31 December 2009. Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions in respect of personal lending were concentrated in North America (US\$4.6 billion), the UK (US\$625 million) and Latin America (US\$661 million).

At 30 June 2010, total US personal lending of US\$120 billion was US\$15 billion or 11 per cent lower than at the end of 2009, as a result of the continued reduction of HSBC's consumer finance run-off portfolios and lower balances in the cards business. As part of the reduction in balances, US\$1.0 billion of vehicle finance loans were sold to Santander Consumer USA, Inc. in the first half of 2010. In July 2010 HSBC reached agreement in principle with an unaffiliated third party to sell the residual vehicle finance loans (US\$4.3 billion), with the sale expected to close in the second half of 2010.

US residential mortgage balances declined by 7 per cent from 31 December 2009 to US\$61 billion following the decision taken in March 2009 to close the Consumer Lending branches and run off the existing consumer finance balances. US mortgages are discussed in greater detail on page 152.



**Table of Contents**

Other personal lending in the US fell by 15 per cent to US\$59 billion, partly because of lower balances in the unsecured Consumer Lending portfolio. In the US cards business, which comprises both general credit card and private label portfolios, balances declined by 14 per cent to US\$34 billion, mainly due to a reduction in consumer spending, seasonal repayments and customers paying down their credit card debt.

Total personal lending in the UK rose by 1 per cent to US\$121 billion, with an increase in residential mortgage balances partly offset by a decline in other, mostly unsecured, personal lending. UK mortgage lending is discussed in greater detail on page 152. Other personal lending fell by 5 per cent to US\$26 billion, as the reduction in all unsecured lending products reflected tighter lending criteria.

In Latin America, total personal lending of US\$20 billion was 2 per cent lower than at 31 December 2009. Residential mortgage lending was broadly unchanged, while other personal lending declined by 2 per cent to US\$15 billion. The reduction was mainly in Mexico, where other personal lending balances fell by 12 per cent to US\$2.4 billion as a result of initiatives taken in previous periods to reduce risk in the credit card portfolio and tighten origination criteria.

For an analysis of new loan impairment allowances and impaired loans, see page 164.

*Total personal lending*

|                                    | UK<br>US\$m    | Rest of<br>Europe<br>US\$m | US <sup>7</sup><br>US\$m | Rest of<br>North<br>America<br>US\$m | Other<br>Regions <sup>8</sup><br>US\$m | Total<br>US\$m |
|------------------------------------|----------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|----------------|
| <b>At 30 June 2010</b>             |                |                            |                          |                                      |  |                |
| Residential mortgages <sup>3</sup> | 95,525         | 7,960                      | 61,339                   | 20,472                               | 67,552                                 | 252,848        |
| Other personal lending             | 25,568         | 21,748                     | 58,731                   | 8,327                                | 42,830                                 | 157,204        |
| vehicle finance                    |                | 52                         | 4,232                    | 71                                   | 5,796                                  | 10,151         |
| credit cards                       | 11,066         | 1,777                      | 33,844                   | 1,304                                | 12,442                                 | 60,433         |
| second lien mortgages              | 895            | 1                          | 10,373                   | 594                                  | 467                                    | 12,330         |
| other                              | 13,607         | 19,918                     | 10,282                   | 6,358                                | 24,125                                 | 74,290         |
| <b>Total personal lending</b>      | <b>121,093</b> | <b>29,708</b>              | <b>120,070</b>           | <b>28,799</b>                        | <b>110,382</b>                         | <b>410,052</b> |
| <b>Impairment allowances</b>       |                |                            |                          |                                      |  |                |
| Residential mortgages <sup>3</sup> | (226)          | (47)                       | (3,695)                  | (25)                                 | (242)                                  | (4,235)        |
| Other personal lending             | (1,241)        | (538)                      | (5,970)                  | (175)                                | (1,850)                                | (9,774)        |
| vehicle finance                    |                | (6)                        | (174)                    | (1)                                  | (302)                                  | (483)          |
| credit cards                       | (492)          | (250)                      | (2,948)                  | (56)                                 | (618)                                  | (4,364)        |
| second lien mortgages              | (68)           |                            | (1,212)                  | (25)                                 |  | (1,305)        |
| other                              | (681)          | (282)                      | (1,636)                  | (93)                                 | (930)                                  | (3,622)        |

|  |                |              |                |              |                |                 |
|--|----------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Total impairment allowances on personal lending              | <b>(1,467)</b> | <b>(585)</b> | <b>(9,665)</b> | <b>(200)</b> | <b>(2,092)</b> | <b>(14,009)</b> |
| as a percentage of total personal lending                    | <b>1.2%</b>    | <b>2.0%</b>  | <b>8.0%</b>    | <b>0.7%</b>  | <b>1.9%</b>    | <b>3.4%</b>     |
| At 30 June 2009  |                |              |                |              |                |                 |
| Residential mortgages <sup>2,3</sup>                         | 95,569         | 8,960        | 72,559         | 18,344       | 60,086         | 255,518         |
| Other personal lending <sup>2</sup>                          | 31,138         | 21,716       | 77,664         | 7,897        | 43,915         | 182,330         |
| vehicle finance  |                | 65           | 7,804          | 112          | 6,334          | 14,315          |
| credit cards   | 12,349         | 1,785        | 41,116         | 1,375        | 13,136         | 69,761          |
| second lien mortgages  | 1,199          | 2            | 13,602         | 775          | 470            | 16,048          |
| other  | 17,590         | 19,864       | 15,142         | 5,635        | 23,975         | 82,206          |
| Total personal lending <sup>2</sup>                          | 126,707        | 30,676       | 150,223        | 26,241       | 104,001        | 437,848         |
| Impairment allowances <sup>2</sup>                           |                |              |                |              |                |                 |
| Residential mortgages <sup>3</sup>                           | (90)           | (31)         | (6,130)        | (4)          | (214)          | (6,469)         |
| Other personal lending <sup>2</sup>                          | (1,399)        | (536)        | (9,488)        | (225)        | (2,301)        | (13,949)        |
| vehicle finance  |                | (6)          | (330)          | (1)          | (317)          | (654)           |
| credit cards   | (489)          | (224)        | (4,199)        | (60)         | (889)          | (5,861)         |
| second lien mortgages  | (69)           |              | (2,127)        | (58)         |                | (2,254)         |
| other  | (841)          | (306)        | (2,832)        | (106)        | (1,095)        | (5,180)         |
| Total impairment allowances on personal lending <sup>2</sup> | (1,489)        | (567)        | (15,618)       | (229)        | (2,515)        | (20,418)        |
| as a percentage of total personal lending                    | 1.2%           | 1.8%         | 10.4%          | 0.9%         | 2.4%           | 4.7%            |

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Risk** (continued)*Total personal lending (continued)*

|  | UK<br>US\$m    | Rest of<br>Europe<br>US\$m | US <sup>7</sup><br>US\$m | Rest of<br>North<br>America<br>US\$m | Other<br>Regions <sup>8</sup><br>US\$m | Total<br>US\$m  |
|--|----------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|-----------------|
| At 31 December 2009  |                |                            |                          |                                      |  |                 |
| Residential mortgages <sup>2,3</sup>                               | 100,667        | 9,205                      | 65,784                   | 20,807                               | 64,206                                 | 260,669         |
| Other personal lending <sup>2</sup>                                | 29,018         | 23,672                     | 69,275                   | 8,068                                | 43,504                                 | 173,537         |
| vehicle finance  |                | 65                         | 5,771                    | 99                                   | 6,378                                  | 12,313          |
| credit cards   | 12,427         | 1,820                      | 39,374                   | 1,118                                | 13,319                                 | 68,058          |
| second lien mortgages  | 1,068          | 2                          | 11,786                   | 695                                  | 472                                    | 14,023          |
| other  | 15,523         | 21,785                     | 12,344                   | 6,156                                | 23,335                                 | 79,143          |
| <b>Total personal lending<sup>2</sup></b>                          | <b>129,685</b> | <b>32,877</b>              | <b>135,059</b>           | <b>28,875</b>                        | <b>107,710</b>                         | <b>434,206</b>  |
| Impairment allowances  |                |                            |                          |                                      |  |                 |
| Residential mortgages <sup>2,3</sup>                               | (151)          | (41)                       | (4,416)                  | (7)                                  | (233)                                  | (4,848)         |
| Other personal lending <sup>2</sup>                                | (1,443)        | (552)                      | (7,691)                  | (206)                                | (2,349)                                | (12,241)        |
| vehicle finance  |                | (7)                        | (211)                    | (1)                                  | (351)                                  | (570)           |
| credit cards   | (524)          | (233)                      | (3,895)                  | (42)                                 | (854)                                  | (5,548)         |
| second lien mortgages  | (79)           |                            | (1,608)                  | (56)                                 |  | (1,743)         |
| other  | (840)          | (312)                      | (1,977)                  | (107)                                | (1,144)                                | (4,380)         |
| <b>Total impairment allowances on personal lending<sup>2</sup></b> | <b>(1,594)</b> | <b>(593)</b>               | <b>(12,107)</b>          | <b>(213)</b>                         | <b>(2,582)</b>                         | <b>(17,089)</b> |
| as a percentage of total personal lending                          | 1.2%           | 1.8%                       | 9.0%                     | 0.7%                                 | 2.4%                                   | 3.9%            |

*For footnotes, see page 196.*

**Mortgage lending***US mortgage lending*

US mortgage lending, comprising residential mortgage and second lien lending, made up 17 per cent of the Group's gross loans and advances to personal customers at 30 June 2010. This compared with 18 per cent at 31

December 2009.

US mortgage balances fell by 8 per cent from 31 December 2009 to US\$72 billion reflecting the continued run-off of the Consumer Lending and Mortgage Services portfolios in HSBC Finance.

HSBC Finance's mortgage balances fell by 9 per cent to US\$56 billion at 30 June 2010 (31 December 2009: US\$61 billion), with the reduction mainly due to portfolio run-off. The rate of decline in balances moderated as loan prepayments slowed and, given its continued weakness, the US mortgage industry offered fewer refinancing options to customers. At 30 June 2010, outstanding balances in the Consumer Lending business were US\$36 billion, of which approximately 95 per cent were fixed rate loans and 89 per cent were first lien. The Mortgage Services business had approximately US\$20 billion in outstanding balances at 30 June 2010, of which about 64 per cent were fixed rate loans and 87 per cent were first lien. See table on page 155.

In HSBC Bank USA, mortgage lending declined slightly from US\$16.2 billion at 31 December 2009 to US\$15.9 billion at 30 June 2010 due to management actions taken to reduce risk. These included the continued sale of the majority of new residential mortgage loan originations to third parties, though certain mortgage loan originations for Premier customers are retained. At 30 June 2010, approximately 32 per cent of the HSBC Bank USA mortgage portfolio were fixed rate loans and 76 per cent were first lien.

Further discussion of credit trends in the US mortgage lending portfolio and management actions taken to mitigate risk is provided in US personal lending credit quality on page 155.

#### *UK mortgage lending*

On a constant currency basis, total mortgage lending in the UK rose by 3 per cent from 31 December 2009 to US\$96 billion in response to targeted customer acquisition. Growth was constrained by a reduction in re-mortgage activity as many homeowners with low standard variable rate mortgages have strong incentives to remain with their existing mortgage providers.

The UK mortgage portfolio primarily consists of lending to owner-occupiers, as HSBC restricts lending to purchase residential property for the purpose of rental. Almost all new business is originated through HSBC's own sales force and the self-certification of income is not permitted. The majority of mortgage lending is to existing

**Table of Contents**

customers holding current or savings accounts with HSBC, which facilitates and strengthens the underwriting process.

Loan impairment charges and delinquencies in the UK mortgage book declined in the first half of 2010, despite unemployment remaining at high levels. This was helped by the low level of interest rates being charged to mortgage customers, the resilience of house prices and the underlying quality of the portfolio. In the HSBC Bank mortgage portfolio, excluding First Direct, two months or more delinquency rates fell from 1.4 per cent at 31 December 2009 to 1.3 per cent at 30 June 2010. In the first half of 2010, the average loan to value ratio for new business in the UK was 53 per cent, a decrease of 5 percentage points from the end of 2009.

Interest-only mortgage balances increased by 2 per cent to US\$43 billion at 30 June 2010, driven by growth in First Direct. The majority of these mortgages are offset mortgages linked to a current account for which delinquency rates remained at low levels.

Second lien mortgage balances declined by 9 per cent to US\$895 million at 30 June 2010. All second lien balances in the UK were held by HFC Bank Limited ( HFC ) and were placed in run-off in 2009. Within this portfolio, two months or more delinquency rates declined from 6.6 per cent at 31 December 2009 to 5.7 per cent at 30 June 2010 driven by improvements in the UK economy which helped customers to stay current with their repayments.

The following table shows the range of mortgage lending products in the various portfolios across the HSBC Group.

*Mortgage lending products*

|  | UK<br>US\$m   | Rest of<br>Europe<br>US\$m | US <sup>7</sup><br>US\$m | Rest<br>of<br>North<br>America<br>US\$m | Other<br>regions <sup>8</sup><br>US\$m | Total<br>US\$m |
|--|---------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|---|--|----------------|
| <b>At 30 June 2010</b>   |               |                            |                          |   |  |                |
| Residential mortgages  | 95,525        | 7,960                      | 61,339                   | 20,472                                  | 67,552                                 | 252,848        |
| Second lien mortgages  | 895           | 1                          | 10,373                   | 594                                     | 467                                    | 12,330         |
| <b>Total mortgage lending</b>                                  | <b>96,420</b> | <b>7,961</b>               | <b>71,712</b>            | <b>21,066</b>                           | <b>68,019</b>                          | <b>265,178</b> |
| Second lien as a<br>percentage of total<br>mortgage lending    | 0.9%          |                            | 14.5%                    | 2.8%                                    | 0.7%                                   | 4.6%           |
| Impairment allowances  |               |                            |                          |   |  |                |
| Residential mortgages  | (226)         | (47)                       | (3,695)                  | (25)                                    | (242)                                  | (4,235)        |
| Second lien mortgages  | (68)          |                            | (1,212)                  | (25)                                    |  | (1,305)        |
| <b>Total impairment<br/>allowances on mortgage<br/>lending</b> | <b>(294)</b>  | <b>(47)</b>                | <b>(4,907)</b>           | <b>(50)</b>                             | <b>(242)</b>                           | <b>(5,540)</b> |
| Interest-only (including<br>endowment) mortgages               | 43,001        | 42                         |                          | 1,028                                   | 1,090                                  | 45,161         |

|  |               |              |               |              |              |               |
|--|---------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| Affordability mortgages,<br>including ARMs                           | <b>1,666</b>  | <b>1,139</b> | <b>19,556</b> | <b>243</b>   | <b>5,943</b> | <b>28,547</b> |
| Other  | <b>125</b>    |              |               |              | <b>143</b>   | <b>268</b>    |
| Total interest-only and<br>affordability mortgages                   | <b>44,792</b> | <b>1,181</b> | <b>19,556</b> | <b>1,271</b> | <b>7,176</b> | <b>73,976</b> |
| as a percentage of total<br>mortgage lending                         | <b>46.5%</b>  | <b>14.8%</b> | <b>27.3%</b>  | <b>6.0%</b>  | <b>10.5%</b> | <b>27.9%</b>  |
| Negative equity<br>mortgages <sup>9</sup>                            | <b>3,263</b>  |              | <b>17,783</b> | <b>127</b>   | <b>496</b>   | <b>21,669</b> |
| Other loan to value ratios<br>greater than 90 per cent <sup>10</sup> | <b>6,618</b>  |              | <b>11,418</b> | <b>1,785</b> | <b>1,367</b> | <b>21,188</b> |
| Total negative equity and<br>other mortgages                         | <b>9,881</b>  |              | <b>29,201</b> | <b>1,912</b> | <b>1,863</b> | <b>42,857</b> |
| as a percentage of total<br>mortgage lending                         | <b>10.2%</b>  |              | <b>40.7%</b>  | <b>9.1%</b>  | <b>2.7%</b>  | <b>16.2%</b>  |

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Risk** (continued)*Mortgage lending products* (continued)

|  | UK<br>US\$m   | Rest of<br>Europe<br>US\$m | US <sup>7</sup><br>US\$m | Rest<br>of North<br>America<br>US\$m | Other<br>regions <sup>8</sup><br>US\$m | Total<br>US\$m |
|--|---------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|----------------|
| At 30 June 2009  |               |                            |                          |                                      |  |                |
| Residential mortgages <sup>2,3</sup>                                 | 95,569        | 8,960                      | 72,559                   | 18,344                               | 60,086                                 | 255,518        |
| Second lien mortgages <sup>2</sup>                                   | 1,199         | 2                          | 13,602                   | 775                                  | 470                                    | 16,048         |
| <b>Total mortgage lending<sup>2</sup></b>                            | <b>96,768</b> | <b>8,962</b>               | <b>86,161</b>            | <b>19,119</b>                        | <b>60,556</b>                          | <b>271,566</b> |
| Second lien as a percentage<br>of total mortgage lending             | 1.2%          |                            | 15.8%                    | 4.1%                                 | 0.8%                                   | 5.9%           |
| Impairment allowances  |               |                            |                          |                                      |  |                |
| Residential mortgages <sup>2</sup>                                   | (90)          | (31)                       | (6,130)                  | (4)                                  | (214)                                  | (6,469)        |
| Second lien mortgages <sup>2</sup>                                   | (68)          |                            | (2,127)                  | (58)                                 | (1)                                    | (2,254)        |
| <b>Total impairment<br/>allowances on mortgage<br/>lending</b>       | <b>(158)</b>  | <b>(31)</b>                | <b>(8,257)</b>           | <b>(62)</b>                          | <b>(215)</b>                           | <b>(8,723)</b> |
| Interest-only (including<br>endowment) mortgages                     | 42,778        | 31                         |                          | 1,190                                | 1,091                                  | 45,090         |
| Affordability mortgages,<br>including ARMs                           | 4,199         | 1,331                      | 23,651                   | 214                                  | 5,262                                  | 34,657         |
| Other  | 161           |                            |                          |                                      | 138                                    | 299            |
| <b>Total interest-only and<br/>affordability mortgages</b>           | <b>47,138</b> | <b>1,362</b>               | <b>23,651</b>            | <b>1,404</b>                         | <b>6,491</b>                           | <b>80,046</b>  |
| as a percentage of total<br>mortgage lending                         | 48.7%         | 15.2%                      | 27.4%                    | 7.3%                                 | 10.7%                                  | 29.5%          |
| Negative equity mortgages <sup>9</sup>                               | 8,851         |                            | 22,701                   | 190                                  | 627                                    | 32,369         |
| Other loan to value ratios<br>greater than 90 per cent <sup>10</sup> | 12,761        | 44                         | 18,336                   | 1,781                                | 1,585                                  | 34,507         |
|  | 21,612        | 44                         | 41,037                   | 1,971                                | 2,212                                  | 66,876         |

## Total negative equity and other mortgages

|   |         |       |         |        |        |         |
|---|---------|-------|---------|--------|--------|---------|
| as a percentage of total mortgage lending                         | 22.3%   | 0.5%  | 47.6%   | 10.3%  | 3.7%   | 24.6%   |
|   | US\$m   | US\$m | US\$m   | US\$m  | US\$m  | US\$m   |
| At 31 December 2009   |         |       |         |        |        |         |
| Residential mortgages <sup>2,3</sup>                              | 100,667 | 9,205 | 65,784  | 20,807 | 64,206 | 260,669 |
| Second lien mortgages <sup>2</sup>                                | 1,068   | 2     | 11,786  | 695    | 472    | 14,023  |
| Total mortgage lending <sup>2</sup>                               | 101,735 | 9,207 | 77,570  | 21,502 | 64,678 | 274,692 |
| Second lien as a percentage of total mortgage lending             | 1.0%    |       | 15.2%   | 3.2%   | 0.7%   | 5.1%    |
| Impairment allowances   |         |       |         |        |        |         |
| Residential mortgages <sup>2</sup>                                | (151)   | (41)  | (4,416) | (7)    | (233)  | (4,848) |
| Second lien mortgages <sup>2</sup>                                | (79)    |       | (1,608) | (56)   |        | (1,743) |
| Total impairment allowances on mortgage lending                   | (230)   | (41)  | (6,024) | (63)   | (233)  | (6,591) |
| Interest-only (including endowment) mortgages                     | 45,471  |       |         | 1,154  | 1,127  | 47,752  |
| Affordability mortgages, including ARMs                           | 2,681   | 1,084 | 21,024  | 232    | 5,921  | 30,942  |
| Other   | 144     |       |         |        | 147    | 291     |
| Total interest-only and affordability mortgages                   | 48,296  | 1,084 | 21,024  | 1,386  | 7,195  | 78,985  |
| as a percentage of total mortgage lending                         | 47.5%   | 11.8% | 27.1%   | 6.4%   | 11.1%  | 28.8%   |
| Negative equity mortgages <sup>9</sup>                            | 6,412   |       | 20,229  | 163    | 488    | 27,292  |
| Other loan to value ratios greater than 90 per cent <sup>10</sup> | 10,522  |       | 13,695  | 1,887  | 1,451  | 27,555  |
|   | 16,934  |       | 33,924  | 2,050  | 1,939  | 54,847  |



as a percentage of total  
mortgage lending                      16.6%                      43.7%                      9.5%                      3.0%                      20.0%

*For footnotes, see page 196.*

**Table of Contents**

HSBC Finance held approximately US\$56 billion of residential mortgage and second lien loans and advances to personal customers secured on real estate at 30 June 2010, 14 per cent of the Group's gross loans and advances to personal customers. For a breakdown of these balances by portfolio, see below.

*HSBC Finance US mortgage lending<sup>11</sup>*

|   | At 30 June 2010            |                           |                                 | At 30 June 2009            |                           |                                 | At 31 December 2009        |                           |                                 |
|---|----------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|
|   | Mortgage Services<br>US\$m | Consumer Lending<br>US\$m | Other mortgage lending<br>US\$m | Mortgage Services<br>US\$m | Consumer Lending<br>US\$m | Other mortgage lending<br>US\$m | Mortgage Services<br>US\$m | Consumer Lending<br>US\$m | Other mortgage lending<br>US\$m |
| Fixed rate <sup>12</sup>  | 12,436                     | 34,523                    | 97                              | 15,060                     | 41,561                    | 107                             | 13,596                     | 37,639                    | 98                              |
| Other <sup>12</sup>   | 7,084                      | 1,653                     | 5                               | 9,959                      | 2,169                     | 7                               | 8,168                      | 1,867                     | 6                               |
| Adjustable-rate Interest-only (affordability mortgages)         | 5,799                      | 1,653                     | 5                               | 8,603                      | 2,169                     | 7                               | 7,070                      | 1,867                     |                                 |
|   | 1,285                      |                           |                                 | 1,356                      |                           |                                 | 1,098                      |                           | 6                               |
|   | 19,520                     | 36,176                    | 102                             | 25,019                     | 43,730                    | 114                             | 21,764                     | 39,506                    | 104                             |
| First lien <sup>12</sup>  | 16,898                     | 32,296                    | 77                              | 21,256                     | 38,325                    | 84                              | 18,710                     | 34,913                    | 77                              |
| Second lien <sup>12</sup>                                       | 2,622                      | 3,880                     | 25                              | 3,763                      | 5,405                     | 30                              | 3,054                      | 4,593                     | 27                              |
|   | 19,520                     | 36,176                    | 102                             | 25,019                     | 43,730                    | 114                             | 21,764                     | 39,506                    | 104                             |
| Stated income <sup>13</sup>                                     | 3,360                      |                           |                                 | 4,875                      |                           |                                 | 3,905                      |                           |                                 |
| Impairment allowances as a percentage of total mortgage lending | 9.9%                       | 7.4%                      | 1.0%                            | 14.0%                      | 9.9%                      | 1.0%                            | 11.1%                      | 8.0%                      | 1.0%                            |

*Interest-only (affordability mortgages) are loans which are classified as interest-only for an initial period before reverting to repayment. As a consequence, in the table Mortgage lending products on page 153 these balances are included in the category Affordability mortgages, including ARMs (adjustable-rate mortgages). For footnotes, see page 196.*

**US personal lending credit quality**

In the first half of 2010, credit quality in the US personal lending portfolios improved as the economic recovery continued. Delinquency declined from the levels seen in recent periods but remained high compared with pre-crisis levels.

House prices stabilised in most markets, particularly in the medium and low price segments, in part due to the effects of the government's various stimulus packages and low interest rates attributable to monetary policy initiatives. How sustainable these improvements will be in the absence of government involvement remains to be seen.

The job market continued to improve in the first half of 2010. However, US unemployment, which was a major factor in the deterioration in credit quality, remained high at 9.5 per cent, a decrease of 50 basis points since December 2009. Unemployment rates in 6 states were at or above 11 per cent, including California and Florida, where, in each state, HSBC Finance had more than 5 per cent of its total lending balances.

Continued improvement in unemployment and a sustained recovery in the housing markets remain critical components of a broader US economic recovery. Further weakening of these components may affect consumer confidence and may result in deterioration in consumer payment patterns and credit quality.

*Mortgage lending*

Residential mortgage exposure in the US declined by 7 per cent to US\$61 billion, consistent with HSBC's strategy to run-off the existing balances in the Consumer Lending and Mortgage Services portfolios to reduce non-prime real estate exposure.

In the Consumer Lending business, two months or more delinquency rates on first lien loans declined from 15.4 per cent at 31 December 2009 to 14.9 per cent at 30 June 2010. In Mortgage Services, two months or more delinquency rates were stable at 16.5 per cent. The overall decline in delinquency reflected the improved economic conditions and the normal seasonal upturn in collection activities, as some customers use tax refunds to service outstanding debt. In line with the continued run-off

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Risk** (continued)

of the portfolios, first lien two months or more delinquent balances in Consumer Lending declined from US\$5.4 billion at 31 December 2009 to US\$4.8 billion at 30 June 2010 and, in Mortgage Services, from US\$3.1 billion at 31 December 2009 to US\$2.8 billion at 30 June 2010. This was partly due to risk mitigation action taken since 2007 to tighten underwriting and reduce the risk profile of these portfolios.

In the HSBC Bank USA residential mortgage portfolio, two months or more delinquency rates on first lien loans declined from 8.6 per cent at 31 December 2009 to 8.1 per cent at 30 June 2010. Delinquent balances steadied as the economy improved and real estate markets and loss severities stabilised. However, both remained high due to continued levels of unemployment.

Average losses on foreclosed properties in HSBC Finance improved from 31 December 2009, reflecting the stabilisation of house prices in most markets (see page 159). The inventory of repossessed properties increased as delays in processing foreclosures, which had begun when interventions by certain states and local governments had lengthened the procedure and added to backlogs, were eased. It is expected that the inventory of repossessed properties will rise in future periods if backlogs in foreclosure proceedings continue to be reduced. HSBC took various measures to assist customers facing difficulties with their payments, restructuring and modifying loans where it appeared likely that they could be serviced on revised terms. For further details, see HSBC Finance loan modifications and re-ageing on page 159.

Second lien loans have a risk profile characterised by higher loan to value ratios because, in many cases, the second lien loan was taken out to complete the refinancing or purchase of a property. Loss experience on default of second lien loans has typically approached 100 per cent of the amount owed, as any equity in the property is initially applied to the first lien loan. In the Mortgage Services business, the proportion of second lien mortgage customers two months or more delinquent declined from 12.6 per cent at 31 December 2009 to 10.6 per cent at 30 June 2010 while, in Consumer Lending, it fell from 14.0 per cent to 12.4 per cent. The reduction in these portfolios was due to balances proceeding to write-off and lower levels of balances becoming delinquent as economic conditions improved. In HSBC Bank USA, two months or more delinquency rates on second lien mortgage loans rose from 4.0 per cent at 31 December 2009 to 4.4 per cent at 30 June 2010, as balances in the portfolio declined while delinquency remained unchanged.

Stated-income mortgages are of higher than average risk as they were underwritten on the basis of borrowers representations of annual income and were not fully verified by receipt of supporting documentation. In HSBC Finance, stated-income balances continued to run off, declining from US\$3.9 billion at 31 December 2009 to US\$3.4 billion at 30 June 2010. Two months or more delinquency rates in this portfolio remained stable at 22.7 per cent. In HSBC Bank USA, stated-income balances were broadly unchanged at US\$2.1 billion while two months or more delinquency rates declined from 11.1 per cent at 31 December 2009 to 10.7 per cent at 30 June 2010.

Affordability mortgages include all products where the customer's monthly payments are set at a low initial rate, either variable or fixed, before resetting to a higher rate once the introductory period is over. At 30 June 2010, affordability mortgage balances in HSBC Finance were US\$9 billion, compared with US\$10 billion at 31 December 2009, as the existing portfolio continued to run off. In HSBC Bank USA, affordability mortgage balances declined from US\$11.0 billion at 31 December 2009 to US\$10.9 billion at 30 June 2010.

*HSBC Finance: geographical concentration of US lending*<sup>11,14</sup>

| Mortgage lending as<br>a<br>percentage of: |                   | Other personal lending<br>as a<br>percentage of: |                            | Percentage<br>of total |
|--|-------------------|--|----------------------------|------------------------|
| total                                      | total<br>mortgage | total  | total<br>other<br>personal |                        |

|              | <b>lending</b><br>% | <b>lending</b><br>% | <b>lending</b><br>% | <b>lending</b><br>% | <b>lending</b><br>% |
|--------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| California   | <b>6</b>            | <b>10</b>           | <b>5</b>            | <b>11</b>           | <b>11</b>           |
| New York     | <b>4</b>            | <b>7</b>            | <b>3</b>            | <b>7</b>            | <b>7</b>            |
| Florida      | <b>4</b>            | <b>6</b>            | <b>3</b>            | <b>6</b>            | <b>6</b>            |
| Texas        | <b>2</b>            | <b>4</b>            | <b>4</b>            | <b>8</b>            | <b>6</b>            |
| Pennsylvania | <b>3</b>            | <b>6</b>            | <b>2</b>            | <b>5</b>            | <b>5</b>            |
| Ohio         | <b>3</b>            | <b>5</b>            | <b>2</b>            | <b>5</b>            | <b>5</b>            |

*For footnotes, see page 196.*

**Table of Contents***Credit cards*

In the US credit cards business, which comprises both general and private label cards, lending balances were US\$34 billion at 30 June 2010 compared with US\$39 billion at 31 December 2009. Two months or more delinquent balances in the portfolios declined from US\$2.4 billion at 31 December 2009 to US\$1.7 billion at 30 June 2010 reflecting lower balances which resulted from fewer active accounts, an increased focus by customers on reducing credit card debt and better early stage delinquency roll rates as economic conditions improved. The reduction was also due to seasonal collection activities, while tighter underwriting criteria reduced the risk profile of the portfolio. In the credit card portfolio, two months or more delinquency rates declined from 7.4 per cent at 31 December 2009 to 5.7 per cent at 30 June 2010, while in the private label portfolio they declined from 4.1 per cent at 31 December 2009 to 3.8 per cent at 30 June 2010.

*Vehicle finance*

In the vehicle finance portfolio, which is largely in run-off, two months or more delinquency rates fell from 4.6 per cent at 31 December 2009 to 3.6 per cent at 30 June 2010, driven by seasonal improvements in repayment and the improvement in economic conditions. As noted above, US\$1.0 billion of vehicle finance loans were sold to Santander Consumer USA, Inc. in the first half of 2010. In July 2010 HSBC reached agreement in principle with an unaffiliated third party to sell the residual vehicle finance loans with the sale expected to close in the second half of 2010.

*Other personal lending*

In the US unsecured lending portfolio, which is also in run-off, two months or more delinquency rates declined in the improved economic conditions, helped by a seasonal improvement in collections and the result of actions taken previously to tighten underwriting and reduce risk in this portfolio.

**US personal lending loan delinquency**

The table below sets out the trends in two months and over contractual delinquencies.

*Two months and over contractual delinquency<sup>15</sup>*

|   | <b>Quarter ended</b>   |                        |                             |                                      |                |                |                |                |                |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
|   | <b>30 Jun<br/>2010</b> | <b>31 Mar<br/>2010</b> | As<br>reported <sup>2</sup> | Ex.<br>period<br>change <sup>2</sup> | 30 Sep<br>2009 | 30 Jun<br>2009 | 31 Mar<br>2009 | 31 Dec<br>2008 | 30 Sep<br>2008 |
|   |                        |                        |                             |                                      |                |                |                |                |                |
| US\$m   | US\$m                  | US\$m                  | US\$m                       | US\$m                                | US\$m          | US\$m          | US\$m          | US\$m          | US\$m          |
| <b>In Personal<br/>Financial<br/>Services in the<br/>US</b> |                        |                        |                             |                                      |                |                |                |                |                |
| Residential mortgages                                       | <b>8,591</b>           | <b>8,960</b>           | 9,551                       | 11,519                               | 10,834         | 10,070         | 9,892          | 9,236          | 7,061          |
| Second lien mortgage lending                                | <b>930</b>             | <b>1,011</b>           | 1,194                       | 1,628                                | 1,631          | 1,676          | 1,772          | 1,790          | 1,616          |
| Vehicle finance   | <b>152</b>             | <b>194</b>             | 267                         | 267                                  | 295            | 310            | 269            | 541            | 512            |
| Credit card   | <b>1,201</b>           | <b>1,511</b>           | 1,798                       | 1,798                                | 1,834          | 1,864          | 1,992          | 2,029          | 1,871          |
| Private label   | <b>478</b>             | <b>510</b>             | 622                         | 622                                  | 639            | 636            | 659            | 679            | 606            |
| Personal non-credit card                                    | <b>987</b>             | <b>1,194</b>           | 1,548                       | 2,619                                | 2,680          | 2,709          | 2,855          | 3,020          | 2,763          |

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|                              |               |               |        |        |        |        |        |        |        |
|------------------------------|---------------|---------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Total                        | <b>12,339</b> | <b>13,380</b> | 14,980 | 18,453 | 17,913 | 17,265 | 17,439 | 17,295 | 14,429 |
|                              | %             | %             | %      | %      | %      | %      | %      | %      | %      |
| Residential mortgages        | <b>14.02</b>  | <b>14.12</b>  | 14.54  | 17.03  | 15.39  | 13.89  | 12.82  | 11.42  | 8.23   |
| Second lien mortgage lending | <b>8.98</b>   | <b>9.17</b>   | 10.14  | 13.35  | 12.71  | 12.35  | 12.59  | 12.26  | 10.59  |
| Vehicle finance              | <b>3.59</b>   | <b>3.96</b>   | 4.63   | 4.63   | 4.61   | 3.97   | 2.79   | 4.98   | 4.27   |
| Credit card                  | <b>5.65</b>   | <b>6.84</b>   | 7.38   | 7.38   | 7.28   | 7.25   | 7.14   | 6.76   | 6.18   |
| Private label                | <b>3.80</b>   | <b>3.78</b>   | 4.12   | 4.12   | 4.38   | 4.08   | 4.28   | 3.99   | 3.72   |
| Personal non-credit card     | <b>9.60</b>   | <b>10.75</b>  | 12.55  | 19.77  | 18.73  | 18.02  | 18.30  | 17.83  | 15.41  |
| Total                        | <b>10.28</b>  | <b>10.61</b>  | 11.09  | 13.34  | 12.47  | 11.49  | 10.92  | 10.16  | 8.13   |

157

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Risk** (continued)*Two months and over contractual delinquency<sup>15</sup> (continued)*

|  | Quarter ended |              |                       |        |        |       |       |       |       |
|--|---------------|--------------|-----------------------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
|  |               |              | As                    | Ex.    |        |       |       |       |       |
|  | 30            | 31           | reported <sup>2</sup> | period | 30     | 31    | 31    | 31    | 30    |
| Jun  | Mar           | 31 Dec       | 31 Dec                | Sep    | 30 Jun | Mar   | Dec   | Dec   | Sep   |
| 2010   | 2010          | 2009         | 2009                  | 2009   | 2009   | 2009  | 2008  | 2008  | 2008  |
| US\$m  | US\$m         | US\$m        | US\$m                 | US\$m  | US\$m  | US\$m | US\$m | US\$m | US\$m |
| <b>In Mortgage Services and Consumer Lending</b> |               |              |                       |        |        |       |       |       |       |
| Mortgage Services:                               | <b>3,067</b>  | <b>3,236</b> | 3,477                 | 4,456  | 4,250  | 4,257 | 4,535 | 4,699 | 4,227 |
| first lien                                       | <b>2,788</b>  | <b>2,928</b> | 3,093                 | 3,900  | 3,688  | 3,642 | 3,824 | 3,912 | 3,420 |
| second lien                                      | <b>279</b>    | <b>308</b>   | 384                   | 556    | 562    | 615   | 711   | 787   | 807   |
| Consumer Lending:                                | <b>5,278</b>  | <b>5,493</b> | 6,022                 | 7,445  | 7,131  | 6,514 | 6,203 | 5,577 | 3,866 |
| first lien                                       | <b>4,795</b>  | <b>4,970</b> | 5,380                 | 6,541  | 6,241  | 5,640 | 5,322 | 4,724 | 3,176 |
| second lien                                      | <b>483</b>    | <b>523</b>   | 642                   | 904    | 890    | 874   | 881   | 853   | 690   |
|  | %             | %            | %                     | %      | %      | %     | %     | %     | %     |
| Mortgage Services:                               |               |              |                       |        |        |       |       |       |       |
| first lien                                       | <b>16.50</b>  | <b>16.38</b> | 16.53                 | 20.00  | 18.09  | 17.13 | 17.24 | 16.87 | 14.16 |
| second lien                                      | <b>10.63</b>  | <b>10.87</b> | 12.57                 | 17.25  | 16.36  | 16.35 | 17.44 | 17.72 | 16.62 |
| total  | <b>15.71</b>  | <b>15.62</b> | 15.98                 | 19.61  | 17.84  | 17.01 | 17.27 | 17.01 | 14.57 |
| Consumer Lending:                                |               |              |                       |        |        |       |       |       |       |
| first lien                                       | <b>14.85</b>  | <b>14.79</b> | 15.41                 | 18.15  | 16.75  | 14.72 | 13.52 | 11.71 | 7.72  |
| second lien                                      | <b>12.44</b>  | <b>12.25</b> | 13.98                 | 18.64  | 17.49  | 16.17 | 15.43 | 14.54 | 11.27 |
| total  | <b>14.59</b>  | <b>14.51</b> | 15.24                 | 18.21  | 16.84  | 14.90 | 13.76 | 12.07 | 8.18  |

*For footnote, see page 196.***Renegotiated loans**

Restructuring activity is designed to manage customer relationships, maximise collection opportunities and, if possible, avoid foreclosure or repossession. Such activities include extended payment arrangements, lower interest rates, approved external debt management plans, deferring foreclosure, modification, loan rewrites and/or deferral of payments pending a change in circumstances. Restructuring is most commonly applied to consumer finance portfolios.

HSBC's credit risk management policy on restructured loans sets out restrictions on the number and frequency of restructures, the minimum period an account must have been opened before any restructure can be considered and the number of qualifying payments that must be received before the account may be considered restructured and up to date. The application of this policy varies according to the nature of the market, the product, and the availability of empirical data.



These restructuring policies and practices are based on criteria which, in the judgement of local management, indicate that repayment is likely to continue, and are kept under continual review.

Loans that are subject to restructuring may only be classified as restructured and up to date once a specified number and/or amount of qualifying payments have been received. These qualifying payments are set at a level appropriate to the nature of the loan and the customer's circumstances to provide evidence that repayment is likely to continue. Typically the receipt of two or more qualifying payments is required within a certain period, generally 60 days (in the case of HSBC Finance, under certain circumstances, fewer payments may be required).

Renegotiated loans are segregated from other parts of the loan portfolio for collective impairment assessment, to reflect their risk profile. When empirical evidence indicates an increased propensity to default on accounts which have been restructured, the use of roll rate methodology ensures that this factor is taken into account when calculating impairment allowances. Interest is recorded on renegotiated loans taking into account the new contractual terms following renegotiation.

Renegotiated loans that would otherwise be past due or impaired totalled US\$36 billion at 30 June 2010 (31 December 2009: US\$39 billion). The largest concentration was in the US and amounted to US\$31 billion (31 December 2009: US\$33 billion) or 85 per cent (31 December 2009: 86 per cent) of the Group's total renegotiated loans. The decline was primarily due to run-off of the US consumer finance real estate book and improved delinquency.

**Table of Contents****HSBC Finance loan modifications and re-ageing**

HSBC Finance continued to refine its customer account management policies and practices, including account modification and re-age programmes. In the first half of 2010, HSBC Finance modified 26,500 loans in Consumer Lending and Mortgage Services through the foreclosure avoidance and account modification programmes, with an aggregate balance of US\$3.9 billion.

At 30 June 2010, the total balance outstanding on HSBC Finance real estate secured accounts which have been re-aged or modified was US\$28.4 billion, compared with US\$30.2 billion at the end of 2009. At 30 June 2010, 25 per cent of these balances were two or more months delinquent, compared with 26 per cent at the end of 2009.

*HSBC Finance foreclosed properties in the US*

|   | Half year             |                    | Quarter ended       |                        |                         |
|---|-----------------------|--------------------|---------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|
|   | to 30<br>June<br>2010 | 30<br>June<br>2010 | 31<br>March<br>2010 | 31<br>December<br>2009 | 30<br>September<br>2009 |
| Number of foreclosed properties at end of period                            | 8,394                 | 8,394              | 6,961               | 6,188                  | 6,428                   |
| Number of properties added to foreclosed inventory in the half year/quarter | 9,313                 | 5,096              | 4,217               | 3,496                  | 3,546                   |
| Average loss on sale of foreclosed properties (US\$000) <sup>16</sup>       | 4                     | 4                  | 4                   | 5                      | 8                       |
| Average total loss on foreclosed properties <sup>17</sup>                   | 49%                   | 49%                | 49%                 | 50%                    | 52%                     |
| Average time to sell foreclosed properties (days)                           | 163                   | 156                | 170                 | 172                    | 184                     |

*For footnotes, see page 196.*

**Credit quality of financial instruments**

The five credit quality classifications set out below and defined on page 225 of the *Annual Report and Accounts 2009* describe the credit quality of HSBC's lending, debt securities portfolios and derivatives. These classifications each encompass a range of more granular, internal credit rating grades assigned to wholesale and retail lending business, as well as the external ratings attributed by external agencies to debt securities.

There is no direct correlation between the internal and external ratings at granular level, except to the extent each falls within a single quality classification.

*Credit quality*

| Quality classification | Debt securities and other bills | Wholesale lending and derivatives | Probability of default %             |                                      | Retail lending  | Expected loss % |
|------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
|                        | External credit rating          | Internal credit rating            | Internal credit rating <sup>18</sup> | Internal credit rating <sup>18</sup> | Expected loss % |                 |
| Strong                 | A and above                     | CRR1 to CRR2                      | 0                                    | 0.169                                | EL1 to EL2      | 0 0.999         |

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|              |                       |               |       |        |             |        |                            |
|--------------|-----------------------|---------------|-------|--------|-------------|--------|----------------------------|
| Good         | BBB+ to BBB           | CRR3          | 0.170 | 0.740  | EL3         | 1.000  | 4.999                      |
| Satisfactory | BB+ to B+ and unrated | CRR4 to CRR5  | 0.741 | 4.914  | EL4 to EL5  | 5.000  | 19.999                     |
| Sub-standard | B and below           | CRR6 to CRR8  | 4.915 | 99.999 | EL6 to EL8  | 20.000 | 99.999                     |
| Impaired     | Impaired              | CRR9 to CRR10 |       | 100    | EL9 to EL10 | 100+   | or defaulted <sup>19</sup> |

*For footnotes, see page 196.*

Additional credit quality information in respect of HSBC's consolidated holdings of ABSs and assets held in consolidated SIVs and conduits is provided on pages 107 to 109 and 126 to 127, respectively.

For the purpose of the following disclosure retail loans which are past due up to 89 days and are not otherwise classified as EL9 or EL10, are separately classified as past due but not impaired.

The following tables set out the Group's distribution of financial instruments by measures of credit quality:

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Risk** (continued)*Distribution of financial instruments by credit quality*

|   | Neither past due nor impaired |         |           |        | Past due | Impairment               |          | Total     |
|---|-------------------------------|---------|-----------|--------|----------|--------------------------|----------|-----------|
|   | Strong                        | Good    | Satisfac- | Sub-   | but not  | allowances <sup>20</sup> |          |           |
|   | US\$m                         | US\$m   | tor       | stand- | impair-  | US\$m                    | US\$m    | US\$m     |
|   |                               |         | US\$m     | ard    | ed       |                          |          |           |
|   |                               |         |           | US\$m  | US\$m    |                          |          |           |
| <b>At 30 June 2010</b>                                  |                               |         |           |        |          |                          |          |           |
| Cash and balances at central banks                      | 67,466                        | 1,899   | 1,910     | 301    |          |                          |          | 71,576    |
| Items in the course of collection from other banks      | 10,200                        | 554     | 441       |        |          |                          |          | 11,195    |
| Hong Kong Government certificates of indebtedness       | 18,364                        |         |           |        |          |                          |          | 18,364    |
| Trading assets <sup>21</sup>                            | 278,887                       | 52,634  | 43,105    | 1,814  |          |                          |          | 376,440   |
| treasury and other eligible bills                       | 20,524                        | 1,054   | 473       | 185    |          |                          |          | 22,236    |
| debt securities   | 173,483                       | 7,709   | 12,539    | 659    |          |                          |          | 194,390   |
| loans and advances to banks                             | 50,641                        | 21,567  | 4,960     | 266    |          |                          |          | 77,434    |
| loans and advances to customers                         | 34,239                        | 22,304  | 25,133    | 704    |          |                          |          | 82,380    |
| Financial assets designated at fair value <sup>21</sup> | 7,722                         | 3,600   | 6,988     | 40     |          |                          |          | 18,350    |
| treasury and other eligible bills                       | 215                           |         | 34        |        |          |                          |          | 249       |
| debt securities   | 6,114                         | 3,600   | 6,399     | 40     |          |                          |          | 16,153    |
| loans and advances to banks                             | 594                           |         | 555       |        |          |                          |          | 1,149     |
| loans and advances to customers                         | 799                           |         |           |        |          |                          |          | 799       |
| Derivatives <sup>21</sup>                               | 196,558                       | 70,831  | 18,587    | 2,303  |          |                          |          | 288,279   |
| Loans and advances held at amortised cost               | 585,784                       | 234,005 | 188,792   | 40,386 | 34,749   | 28,115                   | (22,198) | 1,089,633 |
| loans and advances to banks                             | 142,135                       | 40,911  | 12,064    | 983    | 140      | 228                      | (165)    | 196,296   |
| loans and advances to customers <sup>22</sup>           | 443,649                       | 193,094 | 176,728   | 39,403 | 34,609   | 27,887                   | (22,033) | 893,337   |
| Financial investments                                   | 333,892                       | 20,963  | 15,298    | 4,072  |          | 2,417                    |          | 376,642   |
| treasury and other similar bills                        | 56,193                        | 2,289   | 2,353     | 439    |          | 1                        |          | 61,275    |
| debt securities   | 277,699                       | 18,674  | 12,945    | 3,633  |          | 2,416                    |          | 315,367   |
| Other assets  | 9,797                         | 5,880   | 12,264    | 1,583  | 660      | 459                      |          | 30,643    |

|                              |              |              |              |            |            |            |               |
|------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|------------|------------|------------|---------------|
| endorsements and acceptances | <b>1,506</b> | <b>2,896</b> | <b>4,508</b> | <b>639</b> | <b>14</b>  | <b>10</b>  | <b>9,573</b>  |
| accrued income and other     | <b>8,291</b> | <b>2,984</b> | <b>7,756</b> | <b>944</b> | <b>646</b> | <b>449</b> | <b>21,070</b> |

**Table of Contents**

|   | Neither past due nor impaired |            |                    |                    | Past due but not impaired | Impairment allowances <sup>20</sup> |          | Total     |
|---|-------------------------------|------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------|-----------|
|   | Strong US\$m                  | Good US\$m | Satisfactory US\$m | Sub-standard US\$m | US\$m                     | US\$m                               | US\$m    | US\$m     |
| At 30 June 2009   |                               |            |                    |                    |                           |                                     |          |           |
| Cash and balances at central banks                      | 53,720                        | 97         | 2,288              | 263                |                           |                                     |          | 56,368    |
| Items in the course of collection from other banks      | 14,629                        | 1,337      | 647                |                    |                           |                                     |          | 16,613    |
| Hong Kong Government certificates of indebtedness       | 16,156                        |            |                    |                    |                           |                                     |          | 16,156    |
| Trading assets <sup>21</sup>                            | 292,227                       | 42,859     | 50,196             | 3,592              |                           |                                     |          | 388,874   |
| treasury and other eligible bills                       | 22,673                        | 99         | 54                 | 164                |                           |                                     |          | 22,990    |
| debt securities   | 169,211                       | 4,945      | 15,409             | 1,305              |                           |                                     |          | 190,870   |
| loans and advances to banks                             | 55,632                        | 13,946     | 3,327              | 731                |                           |                                     |          | 73,636    |
| loans and advances to customers                         | 44,711                        | 23,869     | 31,406             | 1,392              |                           |                                     |          | 101,378   |
| Financial assets designated at fair value <sup>21</sup> | 9,030                         | 2,713      | 9,520              | 38                 |                           |                                     |          | 21,301    |
| treasury and other eligible bills                       | 195                           | 300        |                    |                    |                           |                                     |          | 495       |
| debt securities   | 7,854                         | 2,413      | 9,520              | 38                 |                           |                                     |          | 19,825    |
| loans and advances to banks                             | 204                           |            |                    |                    |                           |                                     |          | 204       |
| loans and advances to customers                         | 777                           |            |                    |                    |                           |                                     |          | 777       |
| Derivatives <sup>21</sup>                               | 239,506                       | 52,446     | 15,348             | 3,496              |                           |                                     |          | 310,796   |
| Loans and advances held at amortised cost               | 603,762                       | 211,875    | 192,811            | 48,522             | 45,692                    | 32,066                              | (27,779) | 1,106,949 |
| loans and advances to banks                             | 143,077                       | 25,958     | 11,646             | 1,389              | 34                        | 240                                 | (78)     | 182,266   |
| loans and advances to customers <sup>22</sup>           | 460,685                       | 185,917    | 181,165            | 47,133             | 45,658                    | 31,826                              | (27,701) | 924,683   |
| Financial investments                                   | 304,666                       | 17,655     | 18,811             | 2,861              | 23                        | 628                                 |          | 344,644   |
| treasury and other similar bills                        | 50,617                        | 627        | 1,476              | 1,542              |                           |                                     |          | 54,262    |
| debt securities   | 254,049                       | 17,028     | 17,335             | 1,319              | 23                        | 628                                 |          | 290,382   |
| Other assets  | 12,782                        | 7,163      | 13,205             | 921                | 397                       | 723                                 |          | 35,191    |

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|                              |        |       |       |     |     |     |        |
|------------------------------|--------|-------|-------|-----|-----|-----|--------|
| endorsements and acceptances | 1,241  | 3,337 | 4,489 | 396 | 6   | 12  | 9,481  |
| accrued income and other     | 11,541 | 3,826 | 8,716 | 525 | 391 | 711 | 25,710 |

161

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**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Risk** (continued)*Distribution of financial instruments by credit quality (continued)*

|   | Neither past due nor impaired |         |                   |                  | Past due            | Impairment               |                          | Total     |
|---|-------------------------------|---------|-------------------|------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-----------|
|   | Strong                        | Good    | Satisfac-<br>tory | Sub-<br>standard | but not<br>impaired | allowances <sup>20</sup> | allowances <sup>20</sup> |           |
|   | US\$m                         | US\$m   | US\$m             | US\$m            | US\$m               | US\$m                    | US\$m                    | US\$m     |
| At 31 December 2009                                     |                               |         |                   |                  |                     |                          |                          |           |
| Cash and balances at central banks                      | 55,355                        | 3,414   | 1,589             | 297              |                     |                          |                          | 60,655    |
| Items in the course of collection<br>from other banks   | 5,922                         | 20      | 453               |                  |                     |                          |                          | 6,395     |
| Hong Kong Government<br>certificates of indebtedness    | 17,463                        |         |                   |                  |                     |                          |                          | 17,463    |
| Trading assets <sup>21</sup>                            | 306,481                       | 37,911  | 39,457            | 2,221            |                     |                          |                          | 386,070   |
| treasury and other eligible bills                       | 21,747                        | 315     | 169               | 115              |                     |                          |                          | 22,346    |
| debt securities   | 180,876                       | 7,499   | 12,360            | 863              |                     |                          |                          | 201,598   |
| loans and advances to banks                             | 59,152                        | 14,213  | 4,572             | 189              |                     |                          |                          | 78,126    |
| loans and advances to<br>customers                      | 44,706                        | 15,884  | 22,356            | 1,054            |                     |                          |                          | 84,000    |
| Financial assets designated at fair value <sup>21</sup> | 11,163                        | 3,834   | 7,122             | 79               |                     |                          |                          | 22,198    |
| treasury and other eligible bills                       | 223                           |         |                   |                  |                     |                          |                          | 223       |
| debt securities   | 9,701                         | 3,834   | 7,104             | 79               |                     |                          |                          | 20,718    |
| loans and advances to banks                             | 336                           |         | 18                |                  |                     |                          |                          | 354       |
| loans and advances to<br>customers                      | 903                           |         |                   |                  |                     |                          |                          | 903       |
| Derivatives <sup>21</sup>                               | 169,430                       | 60,759  | 15,688            | 5,009            |                     |                          |                          | 250,886   |
| Loans and advances held at<br>amortised cost            | 570,357                       | 231,394 | 185,167           | 43,820           | 40,078              | 30,845                   | (25,649)                 | 1,076,012 |
| loans and advances to banks                             | 130,403                       | 34,646  | 13,154            | 1,434            | 12                  | 239                      | (107)                    | 179,781   |
| loans and advances to<br>customers <sup>22</sup>        | 439,954                       | 196,748 | 172,013           | 42,386           | 40,066              | 30,606                   | (25,542)                 | 896,231   |
| Financial investments                                   | 316,604                       | 20,080  | 15,359            | 5,602            |                     | 2,389                    |                          | 360,034   |
| treasury and other similar bills                        | 54,158                        | 1,458   | 2,315             | 498              |                     | 5                        |                          | 58,434    |
| debt securities   | 262,446                       | 18,622  | 13,044            | 5,104            |                     | 2,384                    |                          | 301,600   |



|                              |        |       |        |       |     |     |        |
|------------------------------|--------|-------|--------|-------|-----|-----|--------|
| Other assets                 | 13,454 | 6,968 | 12,477 | 1,718 | 908 | 848 | 36,373 |
| endorsements and acceptances | 1,349  | 3,200 | 4,161  | 512   | 12  | 77  | 9,311  |
| accrued income and other     | 12,105 | 3,768 | 8,316  | 1,206 | 896 | 771 | 27,062 |

*For footnotes, see page 196.*

Financial instruments on which credit quality has been assessed increased by 3 per cent to US\$2,281 billion in the first half of 2010, of which US\$1,509 billion or 66 per cent was classified as strong . This percentage was in line with 31 December 2009 due to management actions to mitigate the Group s exposure to credit risk. The proportion of financial instruments classified as good rose to 17 per cent, while the proportion of satisfactory was broadly unchanged. The proportion of sub-standard declined to 2 per cent.

Derivative assets on which credit quality has been assessed grew by 15 per cent to US\$288 billion from 31 December 2009, with most of the growth in balances being classified as strong . The increase was due to a rise in the proportion of derivatives traded with central counterparties.

Financial investments on which credit quality has been assessed increased by 5 per cent to US\$377 billion, reflecting a rise in the proportion of assets rated as strong due to increased investment in government guaranteed and government agency bonds. Balances classified as strong increased by 5 per cent.

Past due but not impaired gross financial instruments

Examples of exposures past due but not impaired include overdue loans fully secured by cash collateral; mortgages that are individually assessed

**Table of Contents**

for impairment and that are in arrears more than 90 days, but where the value of collateral is sufficient to repay both the principal debt and all potential interest for at least one year; and short-term trade facilities past due more than 90 days for technical reasons such as delays in documentation, but where there is no concern over the creditworthiness of the counterparty.

*Past due but not impaired gross loans and advances to customers and banks by geographical region*

|                        | <b>Europe</b> | <b>Hong Kong</b> | <b>Rest of Asia-Pacific</b> | <b>Middle East</b> | <b>North America</b> | <b>Latin America</b> | <b>Total</b>  |
|------------------------|---------------|------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------|
|                        | <b>US\$m</b>  | <b>US\$m</b>     | <b>US\$m</b>                | <b>US\$m</b>       | <b>US\$m</b>         | <b>US\$m</b>         | <b>US\$m</b>  |
| <b>At 30 June 2010</b> | <b>2,717</b>  | <b>1,230</b>     | <b>2,019</b>                | <b>1,372</b>       | <b>23,483</b>        | <b>3,928</b>         | <b>34,749</b> |
| At 30 June 2009        | 3,772         | 1,416            | 2,374                       | 2,585              | 31,515               | 4,030                | 45,692        |
| At 31 December 2009    | 3,759         | 1,165            | 1,996                       | 1,661              | 27,989               | 3,508                | 40,078        |

*Past due but not impaired gross loans and advances to customers and banks by industry sector*

|                          | <b>At 30 June 2010</b> | <b>At 30 June 2009</b> | <b>At 31 December 2009</b> |
|--------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|
|                          | <b>US\$m</b>           | <b>US\$m</b>           | <b>US\$m</b>               |
| Banks                    | <b>140</b>             | 34                     | 12                         |
| Customers                | <b>34,609</b>          | 45,658                 | 40,066                     |
| Personal                 | <b>28,995</b>          | 36,955                 | 34,306                     |
| Corporate and commercial | <b>5,451</b>           | 8,546                  | 5,522                      |
| Financial                | <b>163</b>             | 157                    | 238                        |
|                          | <b>34,749</b>          | 45,692                 | 40,078                     |

*Ageing analysis of days past due but not impaired gross financial instruments*

|   | <b>Up to 29 days</b> | <b>30-59 days</b> | <b>60-89 days</b> | <b>90-179 days</b> | <b>180 days and over</b> | <b>Total</b>  |
|---|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
|   | <b>US\$m</b>         | <b>US\$m</b>      | <b>US\$m</b>      | <b>US\$m</b>       | <b>US\$m</b>             | <b>US\$m</b>  |
| <b>At 30 June 2010</b>                    |                      |                   |                   |                    |                          |               |
| Loans and advances held at amortised cost | <b>22,627</b>        | <b>8,058</b>      | <b>3,682</b>      | <b>238</b>         | <b>144</b>               | <b>34,749</b> |
| loans and advances to banks               | <b>140</b>           |                   |                   |                    |                          | <b>140</b>    |
| loans and advances to customers           | <b>22,487</b>        | <b>8,058</b>      | <b>3,682</b>      | <b>238</b>         | <b>144</b>               | <b>34,609</b> |

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|   |               |              |              |            |            |               |
|---|---------------|--------------|--------------|------------|------------|---------------|
| Other assets                              | <b>348</b>    | <b>164</b>   | <b>85</b>    | <b>24</b>  | <b>39</b>  | <b>660</b>    |
| endorsements and acceptances              | <b>8</b>      | <b>3</b>     | <b>1</b>     | <b>1</b>   | <b>1</b>   | <b>14</b>     |
| other                                     | <b>340</b>    | <b>161</b>   | <b>84</b>    | <b>23</b>  | <b>38</b>  | <b>646</b>    |
|   | <b>22,975</b> | <b>8,222</b> | <b>3,767</b> | <b>262</b> | <b>183</b> | <b>35,409</b> |
| At 30 June 2009                           |               |              |              |            |            |               |
| Loans and advances held at amortised cost | 29,432        | 10,035       | 5,478        | 528        | 219        | 45,692        |
| loans and advances to banks               | 33            | 1            |              |            |            | 34            |
| loans and advances to customers           | 29,399        | 10,034       | 5,478        | 528        | 219        | 45,658        |
| Financial investments – debt securities   | 23            |              |              |            |            | 23            |
| Other assets                              | 325           | 47           | 12           | 4          | 9          | 397           |
| endorsements and acceptances              | 2             | 1            | 3            |            |            | 6             |
| other                                     | 323           | 46           | 9            | 4          | 9          | 391           |
|   | 29,780        | 10,082       | 5,490        | 532        | 228        | 46,112        |
| At 31 December 2009                       |               |              |              |            |            |               |
| Loans and advances held at amortised cost | 24,330        | 9,920        | 5,259        | 355        | 214        | 40,078        |
| loans and advances to banks               | 12            |              |              |            |            | 12            |
| loans and advances to customers           | 24,318        | 9,920        | 5,259        | 355        | 214        | 40,066        |
| Other assets                              | 609           | 130          | 63           | 24         | 82         | 908           |
| endorsements and acceptances              | 9             | 1            |              | 1          | 1          | 12            |
| other                                     | 600           | 129          | 63           | 23         | 81         | 896           |
|   | 24,939        | 10,050       | 5,322        | 379        | 296        | 40,986        |

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Risk (continued)****Impaired loans and advances***Impaired loans and advances to customers and banks by industry sector*

|                          | <b>Impaired loans and advances at 30 June 2010</b> |                              |               | <b>Impaired loans and advances at 30 June 2009</b> |                              |              | <b>Impaired loans and advances at 31 December 2009</b> |                              |              |
|--------------------------|--|------------------------------|---------------|--|------------------------------|--------------|--|------------------------------|--------------|
|                          | <b>Individually assessed</b>                       | <b>Collectively assessed</b> | <b>Total</b>  | <b>Individually assessed</b>                       | <b>Collectively assessed</b> | <b>Total</b> | <b>Individually assessed</b>                           | <b>Collectively assessed</b> | <b>Total</b> |
|                          | <b>US\$m</b>                                       | <b>US\$m</b>                 | <b>US\$m</b>  | <b>US\$m</b>                                       | <b>US\$m</b>                 | <b>US\$m</b> | <b>US\$m</b>   | <b>US\$m</b>                 | <b>US\$m</b> |
| Banks                    | <b>228</b>   |                              | <b>228</b>    | 240  |                              | 240          | 239  |                              | 239          |
| Customers                | <b>14,462</b>                                      | <b>13,425</b>                | <b>27,887</b> | 13,449   | 18,377                       | 31,826       | 14,767   | 15,839                       | 30,606       |
| Personal                 | <b>1,877</b>                                       | <b>13,119</b>                | <b>14,996</b> | 1,957  | 17,966                       | 19,923       | 1,977  | 15,451                       | 17,428       |
| Corporate and commercial | <b>11,663</b>                                      | <b>305</b>                   | <b>11,968</b> | 10,820   | 410                          | 11,230       | 11,839   | 387                          | 12,226       |
| Financial                | <b>922</b>   | <b>1</b>                     | <b>923</b>    | 672  | 1                            | 673          | 951  | 1                            | 952          |
|                          | <b>14,690</b>                                      | <b>13,425</b>                | <b>28,115</b> | 13,689   | 18,377                       | 32,066       | 15,006   | 15,839                       | 30,845       |

**Impairment allowances and charges on loans and advances to customers and banks**

The tables below analyse by geographical region the impairment allowances recognised for impaired loans and advances that are either individually assessed or collectively assessed, and collective impairment allowances on loans and advances classified as not impaired.

*Impairment allowances on gross loans and advances to customers by geographical region*

|  | <b>Europe</b>  | <b>Hong Kong</b> | <b>Rest of Asia-Pacific</b> | <b>Middle East</b> | <b>North America</b> | <b>Latin America</b> | <b>Total</b>   |
|--|----------------|------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------|
|  | <b>US\$m</b>   | <b>US\$m</b>     | <b>US\$m</b>                | <b>US\$m</b>       | <b>US\$m</b>         | <b>US\$m</b>         | <b>US\$m</b>   |
| <b>At 30 June 2010</b>                             |                |                  |                             |                    |                      |                      |                |
| <b>Gross loans and advances</b>                    |                |                  |                             |                    |                      |                      |                |
| Individually assessed impaired loans <sup>23</sup> | <b>8,420</b>   | <b>782</b>       | <b>989</b>                  | <b>1,718</b>       | <b>1,699</b>         | <b>854</b>           | <b>14,462</b>  |
| Collectively assessed <sup>24</sup>                | <b>404,641</b> | <b>114,024</b>   | <b>91,539</b>               | <b>23,263</b>      | <b>217,349</b>       | <b>50,092</b>        | <b>900,908</b> |
| Impaired loans <sup>23</sup>                       | <b>1,837</b>   | <b>32</b>        | <b>157</b>                  | <b>260</b>         | <b>9,420</b>         | <b>1,719</b>         | <b>13,425</b>  |
| Non-impaired loans <sup>25</sup>                   | <b>402,804</b> | <b>113,992</b>   | <b>91,382</b>               | <b>23,003</b>      | <b>207,929</b>       | <b>48,373</b>        | <b>887,483</b> |

|   |                |                |               |               |                |               |                |
|---|----------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|
| Total gross loans and advances  | <b>413,061</b> | <b>114,806</b> | <b>92,528</b> | <b>24,981</b> | <b>219,048</b> | <b>50,946</b> | <b>915,370</b> |
| <b>Impairment allowances</b>  |                |                |               |               |                |               |                |
| Individually assessed   | <b>3,647</b>   | <b>444</b>     | <b>474</b>    | <b>1,032</b>  | <b>434</b>     | <b>371</b>    | <b>6,402</b>   |
| Collectively assessed   | <b>2,188</b>   | <b>287</b>     | <b>382</b>    | <b>555</b>    | <b>10,473</b>  | <b>1,746</b>  | <b>15,631</b>  |
| Total impairment allowances   | <b>5,835</b>   | <b>731</b>     | <b>856</b>    | <b>1,587</b>  | <b>10,907</b>  | <b>2,117</b>  | <b>22,033</b>  |
| Net loans and advances  | <b>407,226</b> | <b>114,075</b> | <b>91,672</b> | <b>23,394</b> | <b>208,141</b> | <b>48,829</b> | <b>893,337</b> |
|   | <b>%</b>       | <b>%</b>       | <b>%</b>      | <b>%</b>      | <b>%</b>       | <b>%</b>      | <b>%</b>       |
| Individually assessed allowances<br>as a percentage of<br>individually assessed loans<br>and advances | <b>43.3</b>    | <b>56.8</b>    | <b>47.9</b>   | <b>60.1</b>   | <b>25.5</b>    | <b>43.4</b>   | <b>44.3</b>    |
| Collectively assessed allowances<br>as a percentage of collectively<br>assessed loans and advances    | <b>0.5</b>     | <b>0.3</b>     | <b>0.4</b>    | <b>2.4</b>    | <b>4.8</b>     | <b>3.5</b>    | <b>1.7</b>     |
| Total allowances as a percentage<br>of total gross loans and<br>advances                              | <b>1.4</b>     | <b>0.6</b>     | <b>0.9</b>    | <b>6.4</b>    | <b>5.0</b>     | <b>4.2</b>    | <b>2.4</b>     |

**Table of Contents**

|   | Europe<br>US\$m | Hong<br>Kong<br>US\$m | Rest of<br>Asia-<br>Pacific<br>US\$m | Middle<br>East<br>US\$m | North<br>America<br>US\$m | Latin<br>America<br>US\$m | Total<br>US\$m |
|---|-----------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| At 30 June 2009   |                 |                       |                                      |                         |                           |                           |                |
| Gross loans and advances  |                 |                       |                                      |                         |                           |                           |                |
| Individually assessed<br>impaired loans <sup>23</sup>   | 8,563           | 960                   | 1,079                                | 615                     | 1,364                     | 868                       | 13,449         |
| Collectively assessed <sup>24</sup>   | 454,104         | 97,373                | 73,977                               | 25,131                  | 242,031                   | 46,319                    | 938,935        |
| Impaired loans <sup>23</sup>  | 2,029           | 34                    | 252                                  | 286                     | 13,639                    | 2,137                     | 18,377         |
| Non-impaired loans <sup>25</sup>  | 452,075         | 97,339                | 73,725                               | 24,845                  | 228,392                   | 44,182                    | 920,558        |
| <br>  |                 |                       |                                      |                         |                           |                           |                |
| Total gross loans and advances  | 462,667         | 98,333                | 75,056                               | 25,746                  | 243,395                   | 47,187                    | 952,384        |
| <br>  |                 |                       |                                      |                         |                           |                           |                |
| Impairment allowances   |                 |                       |                                      |                         |                           |                           |                |
| Individually assessed   | 3,268           | 503                   | 458                                  | 265                     | 445                       | 375                       | 5,314          |
| Collectively assessed   | 2,309           | 344                   | 536                                  | 384                     | 16,692                    | 2,122                     | 22,387         |
| <br>  |                 |                       |                                      |                         |                           |                           |                |
| Total impairment allowances   | 5,577           | 847                   | 994                                  | 649                     | 17,137                    | 2,497                     | 27,701         |
| <br>  |                 |                       |                                      |                         |                           |                           |                |
| Net loans and advances  | 457,090         | 97,486                | 74,062                               | 25,097                  | 226,258                   | 44,690                    | 924,683        |
|   | %               | %                     | %                                    | %                       | %                         | %                         | %              |
| Individually assessed<br>allowances as a percentage of<br>individually assessed loans<br>and advances | 38.2            | 52.4                  | 42.4                                 | 43.1                    | 32.6                      | 43.2                      | 39.5           |
| Collectively assessed<br>allowances as a percentage of<br>collectively assessed loans<br>and advances | 0.5             | 0.4                   | 0.7                                  | 1.5                     | 6.9                       | 4.6                       | 2.4            |
| Total allowances as a percentage<br>of total gross loans<br>and advances                              | 1.2             | 0.9                   | 1.3                                  | 2.5                     | 7.0                       | 5.3                       | 2.9            |
|   | US\$m           | US\$m                 | US\$m                                | US\$m                   | US\$m                     | US\$m                     | US\$m          |
| At 31 December 2009   |                 |                       |                                      |                         |                           |                           |                |
| Gross loans and advances  |                 |                       |                                      |                         |                           |                           |                |
| Individually assessed<br>impaired loans <sup>23</sup>   | 8,800           | 823                   | 1,006                                | 1,310                   | 1,990                     | 838                       | 14,767         |

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|   |         |         |        |        |         |        |         |
|---|---------|---------|--------|--------|---------|--------|---------|
| Collectively assessed <sup>24</sup>   | 436,816 | 99,362  | 80,033 | 22,912 | 218,539 | 49,344 | 907,006 |
| Impaired loans <sup>23</sup>  | 1,922   | 18      | 194    | 336    | 11,256  | 2,113  | 15,839  |
| Non-impaired loans <sup>25</sup>  | 434,894 | 99,344  | 79,839 | 22,576 | 207,283 | 47,231 | 891,167 |
| <br>  |         |         |        |        |         |        |         |
| Total gross loans and advances  | 445,616 | 100,185 | 81,039 | 24,222 | 220,529 | 50,182 | 921,773 |
| <br>  |         |         |        |        |         |        |         |
| Impairment allowances   |         |         |        |        |         |        |         |
| Individually assessed   | 3,742   | 490     | 508    | 688    | 650     | 416    | 6,494   |
| Collectively assessed   | 2,393   | 314     | 488    | 690    | 13,026  | 2,137  | 19,048  |
| <br>  |         |         |        |        |         |        |         |
| Total impairment allowances   | 6,135   | 804     | 996    | 1,378  | 13,676  | 2,553  | 25,542  |
| <br>  |         |         |        |        |         |        |         |
| Net loans and advances  | 439,481 | 99,381  | 80,043 | 22,844 | 206,853 | 47,629 | 896,231 |
|   | %       | %       | %      | %      | %       | %      | %       |
| Individually assessed allowances<br>as a percentage of<br>individually assessed loans<br>and advances | 42.5    | 59.5    | 50.5   | 52.5   | 32.7    | 49.7   | 44.0    |
| Collectively assessed allowances<br>as a percentage of collectively<br>assessed loans and advances    | 0.5     | 0.3     | 0.6    | 3.0    | 6.0     | 4.3    | 2.1     |
| Total allowances as a percentage<br>of total gross loans and advances                                 | 1.4     | 0.8     | 1.2    | 5.7    | 6.2     | 5.1    | 2.8     |

*For footnotes, see page 196.*

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Risk** (continued)*Impairment allowances on loans and advances to customers and banks by industry sector*

|                          | At 30 June 2010                |                                |                | At 30 June 2009                |                                |                | At 31 December 2009            |                                |                |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|
|                          | Individually assessed<br>US\$m | Collectively assessed<br>US\$m | Total<br>US\$m | Individually assessed<br>US\$m | Collectively assessed<br>US\$m | Total<br>US\$m | Individually assessed<br>US\$m | Collectively assessed<br>US\$m | Total<br>US\$m |
| Banks <sup>26</sup>      | 165                            |                                | 165            | 78                             |                                | 78             | 107                            |                                | 107            |
| Customers                | 6,402                          | 15,631                         | 22,033         | 5,314                          | 22,387                         | 27,701         | 6,494                          | 19,048                         | 25,542         |
| Personal                 | 544                            | 13,465                         | 14,009         | 384                            | 20,034                         | 20,418         | 572                            | 16,517                         | 17,089         |
| Corporate and commercial | 5,471                          | 2,050                          | 7,521          | 4,624                          | 2,138                          | 6,762          | 5,528                          | 2,354                          | 7,882          |
| Financial                | 387                            | 116                            | 503            | 306                            | 215                            | 521            | 394                            | 177                            | 571            |
|                          | 6,567                          | 15,631                         | 22,198         | 5,392                          | 22,387                         | 27,779         | 6,601                          | 19,048                         | 25,649         |

*For footnote, see page 196.**Impairment allowances as a percentage of loans and advances<sup>27,28</sup>*

|   | At<br>30<br>June<br>2010<br>% | At<br>30<br>June<br>2009<br>% | At<br>31<br>December<br>2009<br>% |
|---|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Banks                                       |                               |                               |                                   |
| Individually assessed impairment allowances | 0.13                          | 0.06                          | 0.09                              |
| Customers                                   |                               |                               |                                   |
| Individually assessed impairment allowances | 0.76                          | 0.60                          | 0.75                              |
| Collectively assessed impairment allowances | 1.86                          | 2.53                          | 2.21                              |

*For footnotes, see page 196.**Movement in impairment allowances on loans and advances*

|                     | Banks                          |                                | Customers                      |  | Total<br>US\$m |
|---------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|----------------|
|                     | individually assessed<br>US\$m | Individually assessed<br>US\$m | Collectively assessed<br>US\$m |  |                |
| At 1 January 2010   | 107                            | 6,494                          | 19,048                         |  | 25,649         |
| Amounts written off | (8)                            | (675)                          | (9,678)                        |  | (10,361)       |
|                     | 2                              | 58                             | 393                            |  | 453            |



|  |            |              |               |               |
|--|------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| Recoveries of loans and advances written off in previous years |            |              |               |               |
| Charge to income statement                                     | 12         | 1,057        | 6,165         | 7,234         |
| Exchange and other movements                                   | 52         | (532)        | (297)         | (777)         |
| <b>At 30 June 2010</b>   | <b>165</b> | <b>6,402</b> | <b>15,631</b> | <b>22,198</b> |
| At 1 January 2009  | 63         | 3,284        | 20,625        | 23,972        |
| Amounts written off  |            | (505)        | (9,978)       | (10,483)      |
| Recoveries of loans and advances written off in previous years |            | 34           | 343           | 377           |
| Charge to income statement                                     | 13         | 2,237        | 11,083        | 13,333        |
| Exchange and other movements                                   | 2          | 264          | 314           | 580           |
| At 30 June 2009  | 78         | 5,314        | 22,387        | 27,779        |
| At 1 July 2009   | 78         | 5,314        | 22,387        | 27,779        |
| Amounts written off  | (35)       | (1,058)      | (13,264)      | (14,357)      |
| Recoveries of loans and advances written off in previous years | 6          | 94           | 413           | 513           |
| Charge to income statement                                     | 57         | 2,151        | 9,401         | 11,609        |
| Exchange and other movements                                   | 1          | (7)          | 111           | 105           |
| At 31 December 2009  | 107        | 6,494        | 19,048        | 25,649        |

**Table of Contents***Net loan impairment charge to the income statement by geographical region*

|  | <b>Europe<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Hong<br/>Kong<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Rest<br/>of<br/>Asia-<br/>Pacific<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Middle<br/>East<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>North<br/>America<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Latin<br/>America<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Total<br/>US\$m</b> |
|--|-------------------------|--------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|
| <b>Half-year to 30 June 2010</b>   |                         |                                |  |                                  |                                    |                                    |                        |
| Individually assessed<br>impairment allowances   |                         |                                |  |                                  |                                    |                                    |                        |
| New allowances   | 782                     | 60                             | 72   | 388                              | 240                                | 64                                 | 1,606                  |
| Release of allowances no<br>longer required  | (230)                   | (29)                           | (52)   | (33)                             | (107)                              | (26)                               | (477)                  |
| Recoveries of amounts previously<br>written off  | (11)                    | (7)                            | (8)  | (5)                              | (21)                               | (8)                                | (60)                   |
|  | 541                     | 24                             | 12   | 350                              | 112                                | 30                                 | 1,069                  |
| Collectively assessed<br>impairment allowances   |                         |                                |  |                                  |                                    |                                    |                        |
| New allowances net of allowance<br>releases  | 777                     | 52                             | 212  | 111                              | 4,537                              | 869                                | 6,558                  |
| Recoveries of amounts previously<br>written off  | (104)                   | (13)                           | (77)   | (24)                             | (73)                               | (102)                              | (393)                  |
|  | 673                     | 39                             | 135  | 87                               | 4,464                              | 767                                | 6,165                  |
| Total charge for impairment<br>losses  | 1,214                   | 63                             | 147  | 437                              | 4,576                              | 797                                | 7,234                  |
| Banks  | 2                       |                                |  | 2                                | 8                                  |                                    | 12                     |
| Customers  | 1,212                   | 63                             | 147  | 435                              | 4,568                              | 797                                | 7,222                  |
|  | %                       | %                              | %  | %                                | %                                  | %                                  | %                      |
| Charge for impairment losses as a<br>percentage of closing gross<br>loans and advances<br>(annualised) | 0.49                    | 0.09                           | 0.23   | 2.62                             | 3.91                               | 2.22                               | 1.31                   |
|  | US\$m                   | US\$m                          | US\$m  | US\$m                            | US\$m                              | US\$m                              | US\$m                  |
| <b>At 30 June 2010</b>   |                         |                                |  |                                  |                                    |                                    |                        |
| Impaired loans   | 10,398                  | 818                            | 1,147  | 1,998                            | 11,181                             | 2,573                              | 28,115                 |

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|   |              |            |            |              |               |              |               |
|---|--------------|------------|------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|
| Impairment allowances   | <b>5,919</b> | <b>731</b> | <b>856</b> | <b>1,605</b> | <b>10,970</b> | <b>2,117</b> | <b>22,198</b> |
| Half-year to 30 June 2009   |              |            |            |              |               |              |               |
| Individually assessed impairment allowances   |              |            |            |              |               |              |               |
| New allowances  | 1,492        | 151        | 199        | 154          | 463           | 134          | 2,593         |
| Release of allowances no longer required  | (166)        | (17)       | (37)       | (10)         | (65)          | (14)         | (309)         |
| Recoveries of amounts previously written off  | (22)         | (4)        | (4)        | (1)          |               | (3)          | (34)          |
|   | 1,304        | 130        | 158        | 143          | 398           | 117          | 2,250         |
| Collectively assessed impairment allowances   |              |            |            |              |               |              |               |
| New allowances net of allowance releases  | 1,219        | 153        | 415        | 261          | 7,991         | 1,387        | 11,426        |
| Recoveries of amounts previously written off  | (107)        | (12)       | (50)       | (11)         | (43)          | (120)        | (343)         |
|   | 1,112        | 141        | 365        | 250          | 7,948         | 1,267        | 11,083        |
| Total charge for impairment losses  | 2,416        | 271        | 523        | 393          | 8,346         | 1,384        | 13,333        |
| Banks   | 7            |            |            | 6            |               |              | 13            |
| Customers   | 2,409        | 271        | 523        | 387          | 8,346         | 1,384        | 13,320        |
|   | %            | %          | %          | %            | %             | %            | %             |
| Charge for impairment losses as a percentage of closing gross loans and advances (annualised) | 0.91         | 0.39       | 0.96       | 2.45         | 6.64          | 4.30         | 2.37          |
|   | US\$m        | US\$m      | US\$m      | US\$m        | US\$m         | US\$m        | US\$m         |
| At 30 June 2009   |              |            |            |              |               |              |               |
| Impaired loans  | 10,740       | 994        | 1,331      | 921          | 15,075        | 3,005        | 32,066        |
| Impairment allowances   | 5,655        | 847        | 994        | 649          | 17,137        | 2,497        | 27,779        |

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Risk** (continued)*Net loan impairment charge to the income statement by geographical region (continued)*

|  | Europe<br>US\$m | Hong<br>Kong<br>US\$m | Rest of<br>Asia-<br>Pacific<br>US\$m | Middle<br>East<br>US\$m | North<br>America<br>US\$m | Latin<br>America<br>US\$m | Total<br>US\$m |      |
|--|-----------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|------|
| Half-year to 31<br>December 2009   |                 |                       |                                      |                         |                           |                           |                |      |
| Individually assessed<br>impairment allowances   |                 |                       |                                      |                         |                           |                           |                |      |
| New allowances   | 1,081           | 164                   | 142                                  | 444                     | 589                       | 160                       | 2,580          |      |
| Release of allowances no<br>longer required  | (89)            | (47)                  | (45)                                 | (6)                     | (47)                      | (38)                      | (272)          |      |
| Recoveries of amounts<br>previously written off  | (48)            | (5)                   | (11)                                 | (1)                     | (24)                      | (11)                      | (100)          |      |
|  | 944             | 112                   | 86                                   | 437                     | 518                       | 111                       | 2,208          |      |
| Collectively assessed<br>impairment allowances   |                 |                       |                                      |                         |                           |                           |                |      |
| New allowances net of<br>allowance releases  | 1,137           | 80                    | 332                                  | 517                     | 6,534                     | 1,214                     | 9,814          |      |
| Recoveries of amounts<br>previously written off  | (88)            | (13)                  | (67)                                 | (14)                    | (26)                      | (205)                     | (413)          |      |
|  | 1,049           | 67                    | 265                                  | 503                     | 6,508                     | 1,009                     | 9,401          |      |
| Total charge for<br>impairment losses  | 1,993           | 179                   | 351                                  | 940                     | 7,026                     | 1,120                     | 11,609         |      |
| Banks  | 48              |                       |                                      | 9                       |                           |                           | 57             |      |
| Customers  | 1,945           | 179                   | 351                                  | 931                     | 7,026                     | 1,120                     | 11,552         |      |
|  |                 | %                     | %                                    | %                       | %                         | %                         | %              |      |
| Charge for impairment losses as a<br>percentage of closing gross<br>loans and advances<br>(annualised) |                 | 0.77                  | 0.26                                 | 0.60                    | 5.71                      | 5.91                      | 3.23           | 2.09 |
|  | US\$m           | US\$m                 | US\$m                                | US\$m                   | US\$m                     | US\$m                     | US\$m          |      |

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At 31 December 2009

|                       |        |     |       |       |        |       |        |
|-----------------------|--------|-----|-------|-------|--------|-------|--------|
| Impaired loans        | 10,873 | 846 | 1,201 | 1,666 | 13,308 | 2,951 | 30,845 |
| Impairment allowances | 6,227  | 804 | 996   | 1,393 | 13,676 | 2,553 | 25,649 |

*Charge for impairment losses as a percentage of average gross loans and advances to customers by geographical region*

|   | <b>Europe</b><br>% | <b>Hong Kong</b><br>% | <b>Rest of Asia-Pacific</b><br>% | <b>Middle East</b><br>% | <b>North America</b><br>% | <b>Latin America</b><br>% | <b>Total</b><br>% |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
| <b>Half-year to 30 June 2010</b>            |                    |                       |                                  |                         |                           |                           |                   |
| New allowances net of allowance releases    | <b>0.71</b>        | <b>0.17</b>           | <b>0.51</b>                      | <b>3.85</b>             | <b>4.34</b>               | <b>3.64</b>               | <b>1.81</b>       |
| Recoveries                                  | <b>(0.06)</b>      | <b>(0.04)</b>         | <b>(0.19)</b>                    | <b>(0.24)</b>           | <b>(0.09)</b>             | <b>(0.44)</b>             | <b>(0.11)</b>     |
| <b>Total charge for impairment losses</b>   | <b>0.65</b>        | <b>0.13</b>           | <b>0.32</b>                      | <b>3.61</b>             | <b>4.25</b>               | <b>3.20</b>               | <b>1.70</b>       |
| <b>Amount written off net of recoveries</b> | <b>0.49</b>        | <b>0.26</b>           | <b>0.59</b>                      | <b>1.84</b>             | <b>6.69</b>               | <b>4.72</b>               | <b>2.32</b>       |
| <b>Half-year to 30 June 2009</b>            |                    |                       |                                  |                         |                           |                           |                   |
| New allowances net of allowance releases    | 1.39               | 0.59                  | 1.57                             | 3.05                    | 6.52                      | 6.77                      | 3.17              |
| Recoveries                                  | (0.07)             | (0.03)                | (0.15)                           | (0.09)                  | (0.03)                    | (0.55)                    | (0.09)            |
| <b>Total charge for impairment losses</b>   | <b>1.32</b>        | <b>0.56</b>           | <b>1.42</b>                      | <b>2.96</b>             | <b>6.49</b>               | <b>6.22</b>               | <b>3.08</b>       |
| <b>Amount written off net of recoveries</b> | <b>0.60</b>        | <b>0.28</b>           | <b>0.94</b>                      | <b>1.19</b>             | <b>5.63</b>               | <b>5.05</b>               | <b>2.34</b>       |
| <b>Half-year to 31 December 2009</b>        |                    |                       |                                  |                         |                           |                           |                   |
| New allowances net of allowance releases    | 1.02               | 0.40                  | 1.08                             | 7.59                    | 5.97                      | 5.54                      | 2.69              |
| Recoveries                                  | (0.06)             | (0.04)                | (0.20)                           | (0.12)                  | (0.04)                    | (0.90)                    | (0.11)            |
| <b>Total charge for impairment losses</b>   | <b>0.96</b>        | <b>0.36</b>           | <b>0.88</b>                      | <b>7.47</b>             | <b>5.93</b>               | <b>4.64</b>               | <b>2.58</b>       |
| <b>Amount written off net of recoveries</b> | <b>0.66</b>        | <b>0.38</b>           | <b>0.94</b>                      | <b>1.62</b>             | <b>8.83</b>               | <b>5.04</b>               | <b>3.08</b>       |

**Table of Contents***Impaired loans by geographical region*

|                      | 31 Dec<br>09<br>as<br>reported<br>US\$m | Constant<br>currency<br>effect<br>US\$m | 31 Dec 09<br>at 30 Jun<br>10<br>exchange<br>rates<br>US\$m | Movement<br>on a<br>constant<br>basis<br>US\$m | 30 Jun 10<br>as<br>reported<br>US\$m | Reported<br>change<br>% | Movement<br>on a<br>constant<br>basis<br>% |
|----------------------|---|---|--|--|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Europe               | 10,873                                  | (990)                                   | 9,883  | 515  | 10,398                               | (4)                     | 5  |
| Hong Kong            | 846                                     | (3)                                     | 843  | (25)   | 818                                  | (3)                     | (3)  |
| Rest of Asia-Pacific | 1,201                                   | 1                                       | 1,202  | (55)   | 1,147                                | (4)                     | (5)  |
| Middle East          | 1,666                                   | (1)                                     | 1,665  | 333  | 1,998                                | 20                      | 20   |
| North America        | 13,308                                  | (5)                                     | 13,303   | (2,122)  | 11,181                               | (16)                    | (16)                                       |
| Latin America        | 2,951                                   | (45)                                    | 2,906  | (333)  | 2,573                                | (13)                    | (11)                                       |
| Total                | 30,845                                  | (1,043)                                 | 29,802   | (1,687)  | 28,115                               | (9)                     | (6)  |

**Impaired loans and net loan impairment allowances**

Reported loan impairment charges declined by 46 per cent against the first half of 2009 to US\$7.2 billion in the first half of 2010 and by 47 per cent on an underlying basis. Reported impaired loans were US\$28 billion at 30 June 2010, a decrease of 9 per cent since the end of 2009 and 6 per cent on an underlying basis. The following commentary is on a constant currency basis.

New allowances for loan impairment charges decreased by 43 per cent compared with the first half of 2009, to US\$8 billion. Releases and recoveries were 29 per cent higher than in the first half of 2009 at US\$930 million.

Impaired loans were 3 per cent of total gross loans and advances at 30 June 2010, compared with 3 per cent at 31 December 2009.

In **Europe**, new loan impairment allowances were US\$1.6 billion, 43 per cent lower than in the first half of 2009, driven by an improvement in the credit environment across the region. Impaired loans of US\$10 billion were 5 per cent higher than at the end of 2009 due to an impairment of a specific financial transaction, and increased impaired loans in the hotel and restaurant sector in the UK. Individually assessed new loan impairment allowances were lower due to the non-recurrence of a small number of specific impairment charges in the property and retail distribution sectors and reflected a stabilisation of economic conditions. Collectively assessed new loan impairment allowances declined in the personal and commercial lending portfolios, despite unemployment remaining at high levels. In the UK residential mortgage portfolio, new loan impairment allowances declined as delinquency reduced and house prices rose. Credit quality in the growing UK mortgage portfolio remained strong, assisted by HSBC's robust credit underwriting policy, and exposure to this market remained well secured with typical loan to value ratios of below 60 per cent.

In Europe, releases and recoveries were US\$345 million, an increase of 15 per cent from the first half of 2009.

In **Hong Kong**, new loan impairment allowances declined from historically low levels in the first half of 2009 to US\$112 million and impaired loans fell by 3 per cent from the end of 2009 to US\$818 million. Loan impairment allowances in both the personal lending and commercial portfolios fell due to the improvement in economic conditions and a reduction in bankruptcy levels.

New loan impairment allowances in **Rest of Asia-Pacific** fell by 58 per cent from the first half of 2009 to US\$284 million. The decline was mainly in India where lower loan impairment allowances were attributable to a planned reduction in credit cards and other unsecured personal lending balances as underwriting standards were

tightened, while large individually assessed impairments on certain technology-related exposures did not recur. Impaired loans in the region declined by 5 per cent at the end of 2009 to US\$1 billion.

Releases and recoveries in the Rest of Asia-Pacific region rose by 38 per cent compared with the first half of 2009.

In the **Middle East**, new loan impairment allowances rose by 20 per cent from the first half of 2009 to US\$499 million. The increase was due to significant new individual impairment allowances recorded against a small number of large corporate exposures. Collective loan impairment allowances against the personal lending portfolios declined due to a better outlook for future loss estimates as delinquency rates improved. This followed steps taken to improve portfolio quality and increase collection activity. Impaired loans rose by 20 per

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Risk** (continued)

cent from 31 December 2009 to US\$2 billion due to credit deterioration in a small number of specific exposures.

Releases and recoveries in the Middle East more than doubled from the first half of 2009 to US\$62 million due to more benign credit conditions.

In **North America**, new loan impairment allowances declined by 44 per cent from the first half of 2009 to US\$5 billion. This marked decline was across all portfolios, driven by lower new collectively assessed loan impairment allowances in HSBC Finance's portfolios which were due to lower delinquency rates as economic conditions and credit quality improved.

In Card and Retail Services, new loan impairment allowances declined due to a reduction in lending balances and an improvement in delinquencies. In the Consumer Lending and Mortgage Services portfolios, new loan impairment allowances also fell as the portfolio continued to run-off.

In the corporate and commercial portfolios, new loan impairment allowances declined, particularly in the commercial real estate and construction sectors in the US and in the manufacturing, trade and services sectors in Canada.

In North America, impaired loans decreased by 16 per cent from the end of 2009 to US\$11 billion. Releases and recoveries rose by 83 per cent from the first half of 2009 to US\$201 million.

In **Latin America**, new loan impairment allowances fell by 47 per cent from the first half of 2009 to US\$933 million, and impaired loans declined by 11 per cent from the end of 2009 to US\$3 billion. The reduction in new loan impairment allowances reflected the improvement in credit conditions across the region and the positive effects of management actions taken to run down the higher risk lending portfolios. In Mexico, there was a significant reduction in collectively assessed new loan impairment allowances on the personal lending portfolios, notably in credit cards, following steps taken in previous periods which led to lower balances. Lower loan impairment allowances in the commercial portfolio were seen in Brazil as economic conditions improved.

Releases and recoveries in Latin America declined by 14 per cent from the first half of 2009 to US\$136 million.

For an analysis of loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions by customer group, see pages 21 to 23.

**Risk elements in the loan portfolio**

The disclosure of credit risk elements under the following headings reflects US accounting practice and classifications:

impaired loans;

unimpaired loans contractually past due 90 days or more as to interest or principal; and

troubled debt restructurings not included in the above.

**Impaired loans**

In accordance with IFRSs, HSBC recognises interest income on assets after they have been written down as a result of an impairment loss. In the following tables, HSBC presents information on its impaired loans and advances in accordance with the disclosure convention described on page 225 of the *Annual Report and Accounts 2009*.

**Unimpaired loans past due 90 days or more as to principal or interest**

Loans that are subject to individual impairment assessment and are over 90 days past due as regards principal and/or interest are classified as unimpaired loans when the Group expects to recover contractual cash flows in full.

**Troubled debt restructurings**

The SEC requires separate disclosure of any loans not included in the previous two categories whose terms have been modified to grant concessions other than are warranted by market conditions because of problems with the borrower. These are classified as troubled debt restructurings (TDRs). The definition of TDRs differs from the Renegotiated loans that would otherwise be past due or impaired quantified on page 158 insofar as for TDRs, the delinquency status of the loan following restructuring may continue to be past due not impaired or, where appropriate, impaired. In addition, where a restructure is on market terms, the classification of a loan as a TDR may be discontinued after the first year if the debt performs in accordance with the new terms.



TDRs increased by 4 per cent in the first half of 2010, reflecting the movement in loan balances where long-term modifications were offered to customers experiencing payment difficulties, particularly in the real estate secured portfolios in the US.

**Table of Contents**

## Potential problem loans

Credit risk elements also cover potential problem loans. These are loans where information on possible credit problems among borrowers causes management to seriously doubt their ability to comply with the loan repayment terms. There are no potential problem loans other than those identified in the table of risk elements set out below, and as discussed in *Areas of special interest* on page 148. *Areas of special interest* includes further disclosure about certain homogeneous groups of loans which are collectively assessed for impairment and which represent the Group's most significant exposure to potential problem loans, including ARMs and stated-income products. Collectively assessed loans and advances, as set out on page 164, although not classified as impaired until more than 90 days, are assessed collectively for losses that have been incurred but have not yet been individually identified. This policy is further described on page 204 of the *Annual Report and Accounts 2009*.

*Analysis of risk elements in the loan portfolio by geographical region*

|  | At<br><b>30 June<br/>2010<br/>US\$m</b> | At<br>30 June<br>2009<br>US\$m | At<br>31<br>December<br>2009<br>US\$m |
|--|---|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| <b>Impaired loans</b>  |   |                                |                                       |
| Europe   | <b>10,398</b>                           | 10,740                         | 10,873                                |
| Hong Kong  | <b>818</b>                              | 994                            | 846                                   |
| Rest of Asia-Pacific   | <b>1,147</b>                            | 1,331                          | 1,201                                 |
| Middle East  | <b>1,998</b>                            | 921                            | 1,666                                 |
| North America  | <b>11,181</b>                           | 15,075                         | 13,308                                |
| Latin America  | <b>2,573</b>                            | 3,005                          | 2,951                                 |
|  | <b>28,115</b>                           | 32,066                         | 30,845                                |
| <b>Unimpaired loans contractually past due 90 days or more as to principal or interest</b> |   |                                |                                       |
| Europe   | <b>60</b>                               | 135                            | 57                                    |
| Hong Kong  | <b>4</b>                                | 20                             | 4                                     |
| Rest of Asia-Pacific   | <b>15</b>                               | 118                            | 36                                    |
| Middle East  | <b>194</b>                              | 215                            | 215                                   |
| North America  | <b>94</b>                               | 226                            | 217                                   |
| Latin America  | <b>15</b>                               | 33                             | 40                                    |
|  | <b>382</b>                              | 747                            | 569                                   |
| <b>Troubled debt restructurings (not included in the classifications above)</b>            |   |                                |                                       |
| Europe   | <b>342</b>                              | 449                            | 436                                   |
| Hong Kong  | <b>235</b>                              | 228                            | 236                                   |

|   |               |        |        |
|---|---------------|--------|--------|
| Rest of Asia-Pacific                          | <b>173</b>    | 127    | 135    |
| Middle East                                   | <b>94</b>     | 51     | 103    |
| North America                                 | <b>10,290</b> | 6,227  | 9,613  |
| Latin America                                 | <b>1,378</b>  | 943    | 1,518  |
|   | <b>12,512</b> | 8,025  | 12,041 |
| <b>Trading loans classified as in default</b> |               |        |        |
| North America                                 | <b>512</b>    | 788    | 798    |
| <b>Risk elements on loans</b>                 |               |        |        |
| Europe  | <b>10,800</b> | 11,324 | 11,366 |
| Hong Kong                                     | <b>1,057</b>  | 1,242  | 1,086  |
| Rest of Asia-Pacific                          | <b>1,335</b>  | 1,576  | 1,372  |
| Middle East                                   | <b>2,286</b>  | 1,187  | 1,984  |
| North America                                 | <b>22,077</b> | 22,316 | 23,936 |
| Latin America                                 | <b>3,966</b>  | 3,981  | 4,509  |
|   | <b>41,521</b> | 41,626 | 44,253 |
| <b>Assets held for resale</b>                 |               |        |        |
| Europe  | <b>42</b>     | 76     | 52     |
| Hong Kong                                     | <b>6</b>      | 24     | 10     |
| Rest of Asia-Pacific                          | <b>6</b>      | 18     | 8      |
| Middle East                                   | <b>2</b>      | 2      | 2      |
| North America                                 | <b>961</b>    | 1,088  | 707    |
| Latin America                                 | <b>130</b>    | 123    | 153    |
|   | <b>1,147</b>  | 1,331  | 932    |

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Risk** (continued)*Analysis of risk elements in the loan portfolio by geographical region (continued)*

|  | At<br><b>30 June<br/>2010<br/>US\$m</b> | At<br>30 June<br>2009<br>US\$m | At<br>31<br>December<br>2009<br>US\$m |
|--|---|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| <b>Total risk elements</b>   |   |                                |                                       |
| Europe   | <b>10,842</b>                           | 11,400                         | 11,418                                |
| Hong Kong  | <b>1,063</b>                            | 1,266                          | 1,096                                 |
| Rest of Asia-Pacific   | <b>1,341</b>                            | 1,594                          | 1,380                                 |
| Middle East  | <b>2,288</b>                            | 1,189                          | 1,986                                 |
| North America  | <b>23,038</b>                           | 23,404                         | 24,643                                |
| Latin America  | <b>4,096</b>                            | 4,104                          | 4,662                                 |
|  | <b>42,668</b>                           | 42,957                         | 45,185                                |
|  | %                                       | %                              | %                                     |
| Loan impairment allowances as a percentage of risk elements on loans <sup>29</sup> | <b>54.1</b>                             | 68.7                           | 59.0                                  |

*For footnote, see page 196.***Liquidity and funding**

HSBC expects its operating entities to manage liquidity and funding risk on a stand-alone basis employing a centrally imposed framework and limit structure which is adapted to changes in business mix and underlying markets. The Group emphasises the importance of customer deposits as a source of stable funding, using funding from professional markets only in selected circumstances and for non-banking subsidiaries such as HSBC Finance.

The objectives, policies and procedures for the management of liquidity and funding risks are described in the *Annual Report and Accounts 2009*, the key features of which are repeated below.

HSBC adapts its liquidity and funding risk management framework in response to changes in the mix of business that it undertakes, and to changes in the nature of the markets in which it operates. The Group also seeks to continuously evolve and strengthen its liquidity and funding risk management framework. As part of this on-going process, the Group has refined the way in which it characterises core deposits. The characterisation takes into account the activities and operating environment of the Group entity originating the deposit, the nature of the customer and the size and pricing of the deposit. This exercise has resulted in a revised internal calculation of advances to core funding ratios (discussed more fully below), and comparatives have been restated accordingly. While total core deposits at the Group consolidated level have not changed materially, there have been some revisions to individual Group entities.

The Group employs a number of measures to monitor liquidity risk. The emphasis on the ratio of net liquid assets to customer deposits, as reported in the *Annual Report and Accounts 2009*, has been reduced and a stressed one month coverage ratio, an extension of the Group's projected cash flow scenario analysis, is now used by the RMM as a simple and more useful metric to express liquidity risk.

The management of liquidity and funding is primarily undertaken locally in HSBC's operating entities in compliance with practices and limits set by the RMM. These limits vary according to the depth and the liquidity of the markets in which the entities operate. HSBC's general policy is that each banking entity should be self-sufficient in funding its own operations.

Current accounts and savings deposits payable on demand or at short notice form a significant part of HSBC's funding, and the Group places considerable importance on maintaining their stability. For deposits, stability depends upon preserving depositor confidence in HSBC's capital strength and liquidity, and on competitive and transparent pricing.

HSBC also accesses professional markets in order to obtain funding for non-banking subsidiaries that do not accept deposits, to maintain a presence in local money markets and to optimise the funding of asset maturities not naturally matched by core deposit funding. In aggregate, HSBC's banking entities are liquidity providers to the interbank market, placing significantly more funds with other banks than they borrow.

The main operating subsidiary that does not accept deposits is HSBC Finance, which is funded principally by taking term funding in the professional

**Table of Contents**

markets and by securitising assets. At 30 June 2010, US\$73 billion (30 June 2009: US\$88 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$82 billion) of HSBC Finance's liabilities were drawn from professional markets, utilising a range of products, maturities and currencies. As the loan portfolios within HSBC Finance are in run-off it has not accessed the term debt markets for more than two years.

**The management of liquidity risk**

The Group uses a number of principal measures to manage liquidity risk, as described below.

**Advances to core funding ratio**

HSBC emphasises the importance of core customer deposits as a source of funds to finance lending to customers, and discourages reliance on short-term professional funding. This is achieved by placing limits on banking entities which restrict their ability to increase loans and advances to customers without corresponding growth in core customer deposits or long term debt funding. This measure is referred to as the advances to core funding ratio (previously referred to in the *Annual Report and Accounts 2009* as the advances to deposits ratio).

Advances to core funding ratio limits are set by the RMM and monitored by Group Finance. The ratio describes current loans and advances to customers as a percentage of the total of core customer deposits and term funding with a remaining term to maturity in excess of one year. Loans and advances to customers which are part of reverse repurchase arrangements, and where HSBC receives securities which are deemed to be liquid, are excluded from the advances to core funding ratio.

The three principal banking entities listed in the table below represented 62 per cent of HSBC's total core deposits at 30 June 2010 (30 June 2009: 64 per cent; 31 December 2009: 63 per cent). The table shows that loans and advances to customers in HSBC's principal banking entities are overwhelmingly financed by reliable and stable sources of funding. HSBC would meet any unexpected net cash outflows by selling securities and accessing additional funding sources such as interbank or collateralised lending markets. The distinction between core and non-core deposits generally means that the Group's measure of advances to core funding is more restrictive than that which can be inferred from the published financial statements.

*HSBC's principal banking entities the management of liquidity risk*

|  | Advances to core funding ratio<br>during half-year to: |                         |                             | Stressed one month coverage ratio<br>during half-year to: |                         |                             |
|--|--|-------------------------|-----------------------------|---|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
|  | 30<br>June<br>2010<br>%                                | 30<br>June<br>2009<br>% | 31<br>December<br>2009<br>% | 30<br>June<br>2010<br>%                                   | 30<br>June<br>2009<br>% | 31<br>December<br>2009<br>% |
| HSBC Bank plc <sup>30</sup>                                    |  |                         |                             |   |                         |                             |
| Period-end   | <b>107.3</b>   | 113.0                   | 105.0                       | <b>107.4</b>  | 102.5                   | 103.2                       |
| Maximum  | <b>110.0</b>   | 114.6                   | 116.0                       | <b>111.3</b>  | 106.5                   | 108.1                       |
| Minimum  | <b>105.0</b>   | 108.9                   | 105.0                       | <b>103.2</b>  | 101.3                   | 101.7                       |
| Average  | <b>107.6</b>   | 111.6                   | 109.9                       | <b>106.7</b>  | 103.2                   | 104.4                       |
| The Hongkong and Shanghai<br>Banking Corporation <sup>30</sup> |  |                         |                             |   |                         |                             |
| Period-end   | <b>64.8</b>  | 58.7                    | 55.5                        | <b>137.3</b>  | 138.2                   | 153.2                       |
| Maximum  | <b>64.8</b>  | 62.0                    | 58.7                        | <b>154.3</b>  | 150.7                   | 153.2                       |
| Minimum  | <b>55.5</b>  | 55.9                    | 55.5                        | <b>137.3</b>  | 134.3                   | 138.2                       |
| Average  | <b>59.7</b>  | 58.9                    | 56.3                        | <b>146.5</b>  | 140.3                   | 148.4                       |
| HSBC Bank USA  |  |                         |                             |   |                         |                             |
| Period-end   | <b>95.7</b>  | 106.4                   | 101.0                       | <b>110.7</b>  | 121.9                   | 105.3                       |

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|         |              |       |       |              |       |       |
|---------|--------------|-------|-------|--------------|-------|-------|
| Maximum | <b>104.0</b> | 124.8 | 106.6 | <b>112.9</b> | 128.0 | 121.9 |
| Minimum | <b>95.7</b>  | 106.4 | 97.0  | <b>105.3</b> | 121.9 | 105.3 |
| Average | <b>100.4</b> | 113.7 | 102.1 | <b>110.1</b> | 124.6 | 113.2 |

Total of HSBC's other principal banking entities<sup>31</sup>

|            |             |      |      |              |       |       |
|------------|-------------|------|------|--------------|-------|-------|
| Period-end | <b>85.7</b> | 87.7 | 85.9 | <b>123.7</b> | 119.7 | 124.8 |
| Maximum    | <b>87.2</b> | 89.2 | 87.7 | <b>126.5</b> | 121.7 | 124.8 |
| Minimum    | <b>85.7</b> | 81.2 | 85.9 | <b>120.9</b> | 116.3 | 118.6 |
| Average    | <b>86.6</b> | 85.5 | 86.6 | <b>123.7</b> | 119.4 | 121.5 |

*For footnotes, see page 196.*

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Risk** (continued)

## Projected cash flow scenario analysis

The Group uses a number of standard projected cash flow scenarios designed to model both Group-specific and market-wide liquidity crises in which the rate and timing of deposit withdrawals and drawdowns on committed lending facilities are varied, and the ability to access interbank funding and term debt markets and to generate funds from asset portfolios are restricted. The Group applies conservative criteria to those securities that can be deemed liquid and are therefore assumed to be a source of funding under stress scenarios. The scenarios are modelled by all Group banking entities and by HSBC Finance. The appropriateness of the assumptions under each scenario is regularly reviewed. In addition to the Group's standard projected cash flow scenarios, individual entities are required to design their own scenarios to reflect specific local market conditions, products and funding bases.

## Stressed one month coverage ratio

The stressed one month coverage ratios tabulated above are derived from these scenario analyses, and express the stressed cash inflows as a percentage of stressed cash outflows over a one month time horizon. Group sites are required to target a ratio of 100 per cent or greater.

**HSBC Finance**

As HSBC Finance is unable to accept standard retail deposits, it takes funding from the professional markets. HSBC Finance uses a range of measures to monitor funding risk, including projected cash flow scenario analysis and caps placed on the amount of unsecured term funding that can mature in any rolling three-month and rolling 12-month periods. HSBC Finance also maintains access to committed sources of secured funding and has in place committed backstop lines for short-term refinancing CP programmes.

*HSBC Finance funding*

|  | At<br><b>30 June<br/>2010<br/>US\$bn</b> | At<br>30 June<br>2009<br>US\$bn | At<br>31<br>December<br>2009<br>US\$bn |
|--|--|---------------------------------|--|
| Maximum amounts of unsecured term funding maturing in any rolling:           |  |                                 |  |
| 3-month period   | <b>5.2</b>                               | 5.2                             | 5.2                                    |
| 12-month period  | <b>12.3</b>                              | 13.5                            | 12.3                                   |
| Unused committed sources of secured funding <sup>32</sup>                    | <b>0.5</b>                               |                                 | 0.4                                    |
| Committed backstop lines from non-Group entities in support of CP programmes | <b>4.3</b>                               | 5.3                             | 5.3                                    |

*For footnote, see page 196.*

The need for HSBC Finance to refinance maturing term funding is mitigated by the continued run-down of its balance sheet.

**Contingent liquidity risk**

In the normal course of business, Group entities provide customers with committed facilities, including committed backstop lines to conduit vehicles sponsored by HSBC and standby facilities to corporate customers. These facilities increase the funding requirements of the Group when customers choose to raise drawdown levels above their normal utilisation rates. The liquidity risk consequences of increased levels of drawdown are analysed in the form of projected cash flows under different stress scenarios. The RMM also sets limits for non-cancellable contingent funding commitments by Group entity after due consideration of each entity's ability to fund them. The limits are split according to the borrower, the liquidity of the underlying assets and the size of the committed line.

In times of market stress, the Group may choose to provide non-contractual liquidity support to certain HSBC-sponsored vehicles or HSBC-promoted products. This support would only be provided after careful consideration of the potential funding requirement and the impact on the entity's overall liquidity.





**Table of Contents***HSBC's contractual exposures monitored under the contingent liquidity risk limit structure*

|   | HSBC Bank  |                                   |                                   | HSBC Bank USA  |                                   |                                   | HSBC Bank Canada                                       |                                   |                                   | The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation          |                                   |                                   |
|---|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
|   | At<br><b>30</b><br><b>Jun</b><br><b>2010</b><br>US\$bn | At<br>30<br>Jun<br>2009<br>US\$bn | At<br>31<br>Dec<br>2009<br>US\$bn | At<br><b>30</b><br><b>Jun</b><br><b>2010</b><br>US\$bn | At<br>30<br>Jun<br>2009<br>US\$bn | At<br>31<br>Dec<br>2009<br>US\$bn | At<br><b>30</b><br><b>Jun</b><br><b>2010</b><br>US\$bn | At<br>30<br>Jun<br>2009<br>US\$bn | At<br>31<br>Dec<br>2009<br>US\$bn | At<br><b>30</b><br><b>Jun</b><br><b>2010</b><br>US\$bn | At<br>30<br>Jun<br>2009<br>US\$bn | At<br>31<br>Dec<br>2009<br>US\$bn |
| <b>Conduits</b>                           |  |                                   |                                   |  |                                   |                                   |  |                                   |                                   |  |                                   |                                   |
| Client-originated assets <sup>33</sup>    |  |                                   |                                   |  |                                   |                                   |  |                                   |                                   |  |                                   |                                   |
| total lines                               | <b>7.3</b>   | 6.3                               | 7.4                               | <b>5.1</b>   | 9.4                               | 6.4                               | <b>0.1</b>   | 0.3                               | 0.3                               | <b>0.2</b>   |                                   | 0.3                               |
| largest individual lines                  | <b>0.8</b>   | 1.0                               | 0.8                               | <b>0.5</b>   | 0.4                               | 0.4                               | <b>0.1</b>   | 0.1                               | 0.1                               | <b>0.2</b>   |                                   | 0.3                               |
| HSBC-managed assets <sup>34</sup>         | <b>26.9</b>  | 30.9                              | 29.1                              |  |                                   |                                   |  |                                   |                                   |  |                                   |                                   |
| Other conduits <sup>35</sup>              |  |                                   |                                   | <b>1.3</b>   | 1.2                               | 1.3                               |  |                                   |                                   |  |                                   |                                   |
| <b>Single-issuer liquidity facilities</b> |  |                                   |                                   |  |                                   |                                   |  |                                   |                                   |  |                                   |                                   |
| five largest <sup>36</sup>                | <b>4.1</b>   | 5.6                               | 4.3                               | <b>5.7</b>   | 4.5                               | 6.1                               | <b>2.0</b>   | 1.8                               | 2.0                               | <b>2.8</b>   | 0.9                               | 1.2                               |
| largest market sector <sup>37</sup>       | <b>6.8</b>   | 7.8                               | 7.9                               | <b>4.4</b>   | 3.1                               | 4.7                               | <b>3.5</b>   | 2.6                               | 2.9                               | <b>2.9</b>   | 1.5                               | 1.5                               |

For footnotes, see page 196.

**The impact of market turmoil on liquidity risk**

HSBC's limited dependence on wholesale markets for funding has been a significant competitive advantage during the recent period of market turmoil. As a net provider of funds to the interbank market, HSBC has not been significantly affected by the scarcity of interbank funding.

Market turmoil continued to have adverse effects on the liquidity and funding risk profile of the banking system in 2010:

the markets continued to react cautiously to uncertainties arising from some economic and political developments and from potential regulatory changes;

wholesale funding markets, both secured and unsecured, continued to be challenging; and

many asset classes continued to suffer from reduced liquidity.

Despite these challenges, the Group has continued to have good access to debt capital markets with a number of issues completed in the six months to 30 June 2010.

**Market risk**

There have been no material changes to HSBC's objectives for the management of market risk as described in the *Annual Report and Accounts 2009*. The key features are reported below.

Market risk is the risk that movements in market factors, including foreign exchange rates and commodity prices, interest rates, credit spreads and equity prices, will reduce HSBC's income or the value of its portfolios.

HSBC separates exposures to market risk into trading and non-trading portfolios. Trading portfolios include positions arising from market-making, position-taking and other marked-to-market positions so designated.

Non-trading portfolios include positions that primarily arise from the interest rate management of HSBC's retail and commercial banking assets and liabilities, financial investments designated as available for sale and held to maturity, and exposures arising from HSBC's insurance operations.

Market risk arising in HSBC's insurance businesses is discussed in Risk management of insurance operations on pages 185 to 189.

**Monitoring and limiting market risk exposures**

HSBC uses a range of tools to monitor and limit market risk exposures. These include sensitivity analysis, value at risk ( VAR ) and stress testing.

**Table of Contents**

**HSBC HOLDINGS PLC**

**Interim Management Report: Risk (continued)**

Sensitivity analysis

Sensitivity measures are used to monitor the market risk positions within each risk type, for example, for interest rate risk, the present value of a basis point movement in interest rates. Sensitivity limits are set for portfolios, products and risk types, with the depth of the market being one of the principal factors in determining the level of limits set.

Value at risk

VAR is a technique that estimates the potential losses that could occur on risk positions as a result of movements in market rates and prices over a specified time horizon and to a given level of confidence.

The VAR models used by HSBC are based predominantly on historical simulation. These models derive plausible future scenarios from past series of recorded market rates and prices, taking account of inter-relationships between different markets and rates such as interest rates and foreign exchange rates. The models also incorporate the effect of option features on the underlying exposures.

The historical simulation models used by HSBC include the following elements:

- potential market movements are calculated with reference to data from the past two years;

- historical market rates and prices are calculated with reference to foreign exchange rates and commodity prices, interest rates, equity prices, credit spreads and the associated volatilities; and

- VAR is calculated to a 99 per cent confidence level and for a one-day holding period.

HSBC routinely validates the accuracy of its VAR models by back-testing the actual daily profit and loss results, adjusted to remove non-modelled items such as fees and commissions, against the corresponding VAR numbers.

Statistically, HSBC would expect to see losses in excess of VAR only 1 per cent of the time over a one-year period.

The actual number of excesses over this period can therefore be used to gauge how well the models are performing.

Although a valuable guide to risk, VAR should always be viewed in the context of its limitations. For example:

- the use of historical data as a proxy for estimating future events may not encompass all potential events, particularly those which are extreme in nature;

- the use of a one-day holding period assumes that all positions can be liquidated or the risks offset in one day. This may not fully reflect the market risk arising at times of severe illiquidity, when a one-day holding period may be insufficient to liquidate or hedge all positions fully;

- the use of a 99 per cent confidence level, by definition, does not take into account losses that might occur beyond this level of confidence;

- VAR is calculated on the basis of exposures outstanding at the close of business and therefore does not necessarily reflect intra-day exposures; and

- VAR is unlikely to reflect loss potential on exposures that only arise under significant market moves.

Stress testing

In recognition of the limitations of VAR, HSBC augments it with stress testing to evaluate the potential impact on portfolio values of more extreme, although plausible, events or movements in a set of financial variables.

The process is governed by the Stress Testing Review Group forum. This coordinates the Group's stress testing scenarios in conjunction with regional risk managers, considering actual market risk exposures and market events in determining the scenarios to be applied at portfolio and consolidated levels, as follows:

- sensitivity scenarios, which consider the impact of any single risk factor or set of factors that are unlikely to be captured within the VAR models, such as the break of a currency peg;

- technical scenarios, which consider the largest move in each risk factor, without consideration of any underlying market correlation;

hypothetical scenarios, which consider potential macro economic events, for example, a global flu pandemic; and

historical scenarios, which incorporate historical observations of market movements during previous periods of stress which would not be captured within VAR.

Stress testing results provide senior management with an assessment of the financial impact such events would have on HSBC's profit. The following table provides an overview of the reporting of risks within this section:

**Table of Contents**

| Risk type                      | Portfolio |                   |
|--------------------------------|-----------|-------------------|
|                                | Trading   | Non-trading       |
| Foreign exchange and commodity | VAR       | VAR <sup>38</sup> |
| Interest rate                  | VAR       | VAR <sup>39</sup> |
| Equity                         | VAR       | Sensitivity       |
| Credit spread                  | VAR       | VAR <sup>40</sup> |

*For footnotes, see page 196.*

**The impact of market turmoil on market risk**

High levels of market volatility across all asset classes continued into 2010 although the effect was limited by HSBC reducing its market risk exposures in non-trading portfolios.

Uncertainty over the robustness of the economic recovery, high levels of government borrowing in major economies and concerns over sovereign debt in the eurozone area have led to increased levels of market volatility across all asset classes during the first half of 2010.

The overall impact on VAR was limited as a result of continuing to manage down the market risk exposures in non-trading portfolios.

Value at risk of the trading and non-trading portfolios

The VAR, both trading and non-trading, for the Group was as follows:

*Value at risk (excluding credit spread VAR)*

|               | 30<br>June<br>2010<br>US\$m | Half-year to             |                                 |
|---------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|
|               |                             | 30 June<br>2009<br>US\$m | 31<br>December<br>2009<br>US\$m |
| At period end | 182.6                       | 152.3                    | 204.5                           |
| Average       | 201.2                       | 166.2                    | 146.4                           |
| Minimum       | 156.2                       | 135.1                    | 105.7                           |
| Maximum       | 275.8                       | 194.6                    | 204.5                           |

During the first half of 2010, continued market volatility, a reduction in portfolio diversification benefits and an increase in client-led transactions resulted in frequent periods of higher VAR utilisation, as reflected in the VAR summary in the above table. A significant amount of the underlying exposure driving the higher utilisation matured in the second quarter of 2010.

The daily VAR, both trading and non-trading, for the Group was as follows:

*Daily VAR (trading and non-trading) (US\$m)*

The major contributor to the trading and non-trading VAR for the Group was Global Markets.

The histogram below illustrates the frequency of daily revenue arising from Global Markets trading, balance sheet management and other trading activities.

*Daily revenue*

|                                  | 30<br>June<br>2010<br>US\$m | Half-year to             |                                 |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|
|                                  |                             | 30 June<br>2009<br>US\$m | 31<br>December<br>2009<br>US\$m |
| Average daily revenue            | 60.0                        | 72.1                     | 48.3                            |
| Standard deviation <sup>41</sup> | 46.6                        | 44.0                     | 27.5                            |

*For footnote, see page 196.*

An analysis of the frequency distribution of daily revenues shows that there were 5 days with negative revenue during the first half of 2010 compared with 7 days in the first half of 2009 and 4 days in the second half of 2009. The most frequent result was a daily revenue of between US\$60 million and US\$70 million with 21 occurrences, compared with between US\$70 million and US\$80 million with 14 occurrences in the first half of 2009, and 22 occurrences between US\$30 million and US\$40 million in the second half of 2009.

On 9 May 2010, the International Monetary Fund and the 16 member states of the euro area announced stabilisation measures for the eurozone. The period prior to this announcement was volatile, leading to a number of negative revenue days. The maximum daily revenue of US\$450 million arose on 10 May 2010 which in large part reflected a recovery of these negative revenues days.

The effect of any month end adjustments, not attributable to a specific daily market move, is spread evenly over the days in the month in question.

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Risk** (continued)

*Daily distribution of Global Markets trading, Balance Sheet Management and other trading revenues*<sup>42</sup>

**Half-year to 30 June 2010**

Number of days

Half-year to 30 June 2009

Number of days

Half-year to 31 December 2009

Number of days

*For footnote, see page 196.*

For a description of HSBC's fair value and price verification controls, see page 114.

**Trading portfolios**

HSBC's control of market risk is based on a policy of restricting individual operations to trading within a list of permissible instruments authorised for each site by Group Risk, of enforcing new product approval procedures, and of restricting trading in the more complex derivative products only to offices with appropriate levels of product expertise and robust control systems.

Market-making and position-taking is undertaken within Global Markets. The VAR for such trading activity at 30 June 2010 was US\$62.5 million (30 June 2009: US\$65.7 million; 31 December 2009: US\$45.3 million). This is analysed below by risk type.

*VAR by risk type for trading activities (excluding credit spread VAR)*

|                           | <b>Foreign<br/>exchange<br/>and<br/>commodity<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Interest<br/>rate<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Equity<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Total<sup>43</sup><br/>US\$m</b> |
|---------------------------|---|------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| <b>At 30 June 2010</b>    | <b>21.7</b>   | <b>43.3</b>                        | <b>3.8</b>              | <b>62.5</b>                         |
| At 30 June 2009           | 21.2  | 68.2                               | 5.7                     | 65.7                                |
| At 31 December 2009       | 19.5  | 42.6                               | 17.5                    | 45.3                                |
| Average                   |   |                                    |                         |                                     |
| <b>First half of 2010</b> | <b>31.4</b>   | <b>56.1</b>                        | <b>11.6</b>             | <b>81.5</b>                         |
| First half of 2009        | 23.7  | 54.0                               | 11.3                    | 58.4                                |
| Second half of 2009       | 18.7  | 48.7                               | 11.3                    | 49.3                                |
| Minimum                   |   |                                    |                         |                                     |
| <b>First half of 2010</b> | <b>13.2</b>   | <b>43.3</b>                        | <b>2.9</b>              | <b>55.9</b>                         |
| First half of 2009        | 16.3  | 35.6                               | 4.9                     | 35.6                                |
| Second half of 2009       | 11.1  | 37.8                               | 5.6                     | 38.3                                |
| Maximum                   |   |                                    |                         |                                     |
| <b>First half of 2010</b> | <b>62.9</b>   | <b>88.9</b>                        | <b>21.6</b>             | <b>122.2</b>                        |
| First half of 2009        | 33.2  | 78.0                               | 18.7                    | 86.6                                |
| Second half of 2009       | 46.7  | 62.4                               | 18.6                    | 74.8                                |

*For footnote, see page 196.*





**Table of Contents**

The VAR for overall trading activity at 30 June 2010 was higher than at 31 December 2009 due to a reduction in the portfolio diversification benefit across asset classes. However, VAR remained consistent with the level as at 30 June 2009.

**Credit spread risk**

The risk associated with movements in credit spreads is primarily managed through sensitivity limits, stress testing and VAR for those portfolios on which it is calculated.

The Group has introduced credit spread as a separate risk type within its VAR models on a global basis. The VAR shows the effect on trading income from a one-day movement in credit spreads over a two-year period, calculated to a 99 per cent confidence level.

At 30 June 2010, the credit VAR for trading activities was US\$91.7 million (30 June 2009: US\$109.8 million; 31 December 2009: US\$72.7 million, calculated on a comparable basis). The increase in the credit VAR in the first half of 2010 was due to a modest increase in the sensitivity within the trading portfolios exposed to credit spread risk compared with 31 December 2009, as well as a slight increase in the volatility in the credit spreads observed during this period.

Credit spread risk also arises on credit derivative transactions entered into by Global Banking in order to manage the risk concentrations within the corporate loan portfolio and so enhance capital efficiency. The mark-to-market of these transactions is reflected in the income statement.

At 30 June 2010, the credit VAR on the credit derivatives transactions entered into by Global Banking was US\$11.6 million (30 June 2009: US\$15.3 million; 31 December 2009: US\$13.8 million).

**Gap risk**

For certain transactions which are structured so that the risk to HSBC is negligible under a wide range of market conditions or events, there exists a remote possibility that a significant gap event could lead to loss. A gap event could arise from a change in market price from one level to another with no accompanying trading opportunity, where the price change breaches the threshold beyond which the risk profile changes from having no open risk to having full exposure to the underlying structure. Such movements may occur, for example, when there are adverse news announcements and the market for a specific investment becomes illiquid, making hedging impossible.

Given the characteristics of these transactions, they will make little or no contribution to VAR or to traditional market risk sensitivity measures. HSBC captures the risks of such transactions within its stress testing scenarios and monitors gap risk arising on an ongoing basis. HSBC regularly considers the probability of gap loss and fair value adjustments are booked against this risk. HSBC has not incurred any significant gap loss in respect of such transactions in the half-year to 30 June 2010.

**ABS/MBS positions**

The ABS/MBS exposures within the trading portfolios are managed within sensitivity and VAR limits, as described on page 251 in the *Annual Report and Accounts 2009*, and are included within the stress testing scenarios described on page 176.

**Non-trading portfolios**

The principal objective of market risk management of non-trading portfolios is to optimise net interest income.

Interest rate risk in non-trading portfolios arises principally from mismatches between the future yield on assets and their funding cost, as a result of interest rate changes. Analysis of this risk is complicated by the need to make assumptions on embedded optionality within certain product areas, such as the incidence of mortgage prepayments, and from behavioural assumptions regarding the economic duration of liabilities which are contractually repayable on demand, such as current accounts. The prospective change in future net interest income from non-trading portfolios will be reflected in the current realisable value of these positions should they be sold or closed prior to maturity.

In order to manage this risk optimally, market risk in non-trading portfolios is transferred to Global Markets or to separate books managed under the supervision of the local Asset and Liability Committee (ALCO).

Once market risk has been consolidated in Global Markets or ALCO-managed books, the net exposure is typically managed through the purchase of fixed income securities or the use of interest rate swaps within agreed limits. The VAR for these portfolios is included within the Group VAR (see Value at risk of the trading and non-trading

portfolios above).

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Risk** (continued)

## Credit spread risk

At 30 June 2010, the sensitivity of equity to the effect of movements in credit spreads, based on credit spread VAR, on the Group's available-for-sale debt securities was US\$375 million (30 June 2009: US\$533 million; 31 December 2009: US\$535 million). The sensitivity was calculated on the same basis as applied to the trading portfolio. Including the gross exposure for the SICs consolidated within HSBC's balance sheet at 30 June 2010, the sensitivity increased to US\$491 million (30 June 2009: US\$749 million; 31 December 2009: US\$549 million). This sensitivity is struck, however, before taking account of any losses which would be absorbed by the capital note holders. At 30 June 2010, the capital note holders would have absorbed the first US\$2.2 billion (30 June 2009: US\$2.2 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$2.2 billion) of actual losses incurred by the SICs prior to HSBC incurring any equity losses.

The decrease in the credit spread VAR at 30 June 2010, compared with 31 December 2009, was due to the decrease in sensitivity within the available-for-sale portfolios.

## Equity securities classified as available for sale

Market risk arises on equity securities classified as available for sale. The fair value of these securities at 30 June 2010 was US\$8.8 billion (30 June 2009: US\$8.8 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$9.1 billion), and included private equity holdings of US\$4.2 billion (30 June 2009: US\$2.4 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$4.0 billion). Investments in private equity are primarily made through managed funds that are subject to limits on the amount invested. Potential new commitments are subject to risk appraisal to ensure that industry and geographical concentrations remain within acceptable levels for the portfolio as a whole. Regular reviews are performed to substantiate the valuation of the investments within the portfolio. At 30 June 2010, funds typically invested for short-term cash management represented US\$0.5 billion (30 June 2009: US\$0.7 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$0.8 billion), and investments held to facilitate ongoing business, such as holdings in government-sponsored enterprises and local stock exchanges, represented US\$1 billion (30 June 2009: US\$1.2 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$1.2 billion). Other strategic investments represented US\$3.1 billion at 30 June 2010 (30 June 2009: US\$4.5 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$3.1 billion).

The fair value of the constituents of equity securities classified as available for sale can fluctuate considerably. A 10 per cent reduction in the value of the available-for-sale equities at 30 June 2010 would have reduced equity by US\$0.9 billion (30 June 2009: US\$0.9 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$0.9 billion). HSBC's policy for assessing impairment on available-for-sale equity securities is described on page 375 of the *Annual Report and Accounts 2009*.

**Sensitivity of net interest income**

There have been no material changes since 31 December 2009 to HSBC's measurement and management of the sensitivity of net interest income to movements in interest rates.

A principal part of HSBC's management of market risk in non-trading portfolios is to monitor the sensitivity of projected net interest income under varying interest rate scenarios (simulation modelling). HSBC aims, through its management of market risk in non-trading portfolios, to mitigate the effect of prospective interest rate movements which could reduce future net interest income, while balancing the cost of such hedging activities on the current net revenue stream.

For simulation modelling, entities use a combination of scenarios relevant to their local businesses and markets and standard scenarios which are required throughout HSBC. The latter are consolidated to illustrate the combined pro forma effect on HSBC's consolidated portfolio valuations and net interest income.

The table below sets out the effect on future net interest income of an incremental 25 basis points parallel rise or fall in all yield curves worldwide at the beginning of each quarter during the 12 months from 1 July 2010. Assuming no management actions, a sequence of such rises would increase planned net interest income for the 12 months to 30 June 2011 by US\$796 million (to 31 December 2010: US\$695 million), while a sequence of such falls would decrease planned net interest income by US\$1,495 million (to 31 December 2010: US\$1,563 million). These figures incorporate the effect of any option features in the underlying exposures.

Instead of assuming that all interest rates move together, HSBC groups its interest rate exposures into currency blocs whose rates are considered likely to move together. The sensitivity of projected net interest income, on this

basis, is as follows:

180

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**Table of Contents***Sensitivity of projected net interest income*

|   | US<br>dollar<br>bloc<br>US\$m | Rest of<br>Americas<br>bloc<br>US\$m | Hong<br>Kong<br>dollar<br>bloc<br>US\$m | Rest<br>of<br>Asia<br>bloc<br>US\$m | Sterling<br>bloc<br>US\$m | Euro<br>bloc<br>US\$m | Total<br>US\$m |
|---|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| Change in July 2010 to<br>June 2011 projected net<br>interest income arising<br>from a shift in yield<br>curves at the beginning<br>of each quarter of: |                               |                                      |   |                                     |                           |                       |                |
| + 25 basis points   | <b>346</b>                    | <b>81</b>                            | <b>131</b>                              | <b>123</b>                          | <b>282</b>                | <b>(167)</b>          | <b>796</b>     |
| 25 basis points   | <b>(581)</b>                  | <b>(101)</b>                         | <b>(342)</b>                            | <b>(83)</b>                         | <b>(520)</b>              | <b>132</b>            | <b>(1,495)</b> |

Change in January 2010  
to December 2010  
projected net interest  
income arising from a  
shift in yield curves at  
the beginning of each  
quarter of:

|                   |       |      |       |       |       |       |         |
|-------------------|-------|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------|
| + 25 basis points | 13    | 92   | 416   | 112   | 363   | (301) | 695     |
| 25 basis points   | (382) | (46) | (507) | (133) | (689) | 194   | (1,563) |

The interest rate sensitivities set out in the table above are illustrative only and are based on simplified scenarios.

The figures represent the effect of the pro forma movements in net interest income based on the projected yield curve scenarios and the Group's current interest rate risk profile. This effect, however, does not incorporate actions which would likely be taken by Global Markets or in the business units to mitigate the effect of interest rate risk. In reality, Global Markets seeks proactively to change the interest rate risk profile to minimise losses and optimise net revenues. The projections above also assume that interest rates of all maturities move by the same amount (although rates are not assumed to become negative in the falling rates scenario) and, therefore, do not reflect the potential impact on net interest income of some rates changing while others remain unchanged. In addition, the projections take account of the effect on net interest income of anticipated differences in changes between interbank interest rates and interest rates linked to other bases (such as Central Bank rates or product rates over which the entity has discretion in terms of the timing and extent of rate changes). The projections make other simplifying assumptions, including that all positions run to maturity.

Projecting the movement in net interest income from prospective changes in interest rates is a complex interaction of structural and managed exposures. HSBC's exposure to the effect of movements in interest rates on its net interest income arises in two main areas: core deposit franchises and Global Markets. This is described more fully in the *Annual Report and Accounts 2009*.

HSBC monitors the sensitivity of reported reserves to interest rate movements on a monthly basis by assessing the expected reduction in valuation of available-for-sale portfolios and cash flow hedges due to parallel movements of plus or minus 100 basis points in all yield curves. The table below describes the sensitivity of HSBC's reported reserves to these movements and the maximum and minimum month-end figures during the period:

*Sensitivity of reported reserves to interest rate movements*

|   |                | <b>Impact in the preceding 6 months</b> |                          |
|---|----------------|---|--------------------------|
|   | <b>US\$m</b>   | <b>Maximum<br/>US\$m</b>                | <b>Minimum<br/>US\$m</b> |
| <b>At 30 June 2010</b>                              |                |   |                          |
| + 100 basis point parallel move in all yield curves | <b>(4,714)</b> | <b>(4,714)</b>                          | <b>(3,096)</b>           |
| As a percentage of total shareholders' equity       | <b>(3.5%)</b>  | <b>(3.5%)</b>                           | <b>(2.3%)</b>            |
| 100 basis point parallel move in all yield curves   | <b>4,690</b>   | <b>4,690</b>                            | <b>3,108</b>             |
| As a percentage of total shareholders' equity       | <b>3.5%</b>    | <b>3.5%</b>                             | <b>2.3%</b>              |
| <b>At 30 June 2009</b>                              |                |   |                          |
| + 100 basis point parallel move in all yield curves | (2,918)        | (3,085)                                 | (2,715)                  |
| As a percentage of total shareholders' equity       | (2.5%)         | (2.6%)                                  | (2.3%)                   |
| 100 basis point parallel move in all yield curves   | 2,922          | 3,004                                   | 2,477                    |
| As a percentage of total shareholders' equity       | 2.5%           | 2.5%                                    | 2.1%                     |

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Risk** (continued)*Sensitivity of reported reserves to interest rate movements (continued)*

|   |         | Impact in the preceding 6 months |         |
|---|---------|----------------------------------|---------|
|   |         | Maximum                          | Minimum |
|   | US\$m   | US\$m                            | US\$m   |
| At 31 December 2009                                 |         |                                  |         |
| + 100 basis point parallel move in all yield curves | (3,096) | (3,438)                          | (2,918) |
| As a percentage of total shareholders' equity       | (2.4%)  | (2.7%)                           | (2.3%)  |
| 100 basis point parallel move in all yield curves   | 3,108   | 3,380                            | 2,922   |
| As a percentage of total shareholders' equity       | 2.4%    | 2.6%                             | 2.3%    |

The sensitivities are illustrative only and are based on simplified scenarios. The table shows the potential sensitivity of reserves to valuation changes in available-for-sale portfolios and from cash flow hedges following the pro forma movements in interest rates. These particular exposures form only a part of the Group's overall interest rate exposures. The accounting treatment under IFRSs of the Group's remaining interest rate exposures, while economically largely offsetting the exposures shown in the above table, does not require revaluation movements to go to reserves.

**Structural foreign exchange exposures**

Structural foreign exchange exposures represent net investments in subsidiaries, branches and associates, the functional currencies of which are currencies other than the US dollar. HSBC's policies and procedures for managing these exposures are described on pages 257 and 258 in the *Annual Report and Accounts 2009*.

**Defined benefit pension schemes**

Market risk arises within HSBC's defined benefit pension schemes to the extent that the obligations of the schemes are not fully matched by assets with determinable cash flows. Pension scheme obligations fluctuate with changes in long-term interest rates, inflation, salary levels and the longevity of scheme members. Pension scheme assets include equities and debt securities, the cash flows of which change as equity prices and interest rates vary. There is a risk that market movements in equity prices and interest rates could result in asset values which, taken together with regular ongoing contributions, are insufficient over time to cover the level of projected obligations and these, in turn, could increase with a rise in inflation and members living longer. Management, together with the trustees who act on behalf of the pension scheme beneficiaries, assess these risks using reports prepared by independent external actuaries, take action and, where appropriate, adjust investment strategies and contribution levels accordingly.

*HSBC's defined benefit pension schemes*

|                             | <b>At 30<br/>June<br/>2010<br/>US\$bn</b> | At 30<br>June<br>2009<br>US\$bn | At 31<br>December<br>2009<br>US\$bn |
|-----------------------------|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Liabilities (present value) | <b>30.0</b>                               | 28.3                            | 30.6                                |
|                             | <b>%</b>                                  | <b>%</b>                        | <b>%</b>                            |
| Assets:                     |   |                                 |                                     |
| Equity investments          | <b>20</b>                                 | 19                              | 21                                  |
| Debt securities             | <b>67</b>                                 | 66                              | 67                                  |
| Other (including property)  | <b>13</b>                                 | 15                              | 12                                  |



100

100

100

Lower corporate bond yields in the UK in 2010 have resulted in a decrease of 10 basis points in the real discount rate (net of the decrease in expected inflation) used to value the accrued benefits payable under the HSBC Bank (UK) Pension Scheme, the Group's largest plan. The effect of the discount rate change and other market movements in the first half of the year on the HSBC Bank (UK) Pension Scheme is set out in Note 5 on the Financial Statements.

In June 2010, HSBC Bank agreed with the Trustee of the HSBC Bank (UK) Pension Scheme, the Group's largest plan, to accelerate the reduction of the plan deficit with a special contribution of £1,760 million (US\$2,638 million). The reduction in the HSBC Bank (UK) Pension Scheme deficit from US\$3,822 million to US\$495 million is mainly a consequence of this contribution, which was used to acquire debt securities from HSBC Bank. This contribution also led to a revision in the plan's payment schedule, as disclosed in Note 5 on the Financial Statements.

For details of the latest actuarial valuation of the HSBC Bank (UK) Pension Scheme, see Note 8 on the Financial Statements in the *Annual Report and Accounts 2009*.

**Additional market risk measures applicable only to the parent company**

Interest repricing gap table

The interest rate risk on the fixed-rate securities issued by HSBC Holdings is not included within the Group VAR, but is managed on a repricing gap

**Table of Contents**

basis. The interest rate repricing gap table below analyses the full-term structure of interest rate mismatches within HSBC Holdings balance sheet.

The increase in the negative net interest rate gap since December 2009 is mainly due to fixed rate capital securities issued by HSBC Holdings in the half-year period to 30 June 2010.

*Repricing gap analysis of HSBC Holdings*

|  | Up to<br>1 year<br>US\$m | 1-5<br>years<br>US\$m | 5-10<br>years<br>US\$m | More<br>than<br>10 years<br>US\$m | Non-<br>interest<br>bearing<br>US\$m | Total<br>US\$m |
|--|--------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------|
| <b>At 30 June 2010</b>   |                          |                       |                        |                                   |                                      |                |
| Total assets   | 18,701                   | 1,648                 | 300                    | 3,733                             | 93,456                               | 117,838        |
| Total liabilities and equity                                     | (3,290)                  | (9,844)               | (6,376)                | (20,455)                          | (77,873)                             | (117,838)      |
| Off-balance sheet items<br>sensitive to interest rate<br>changes | (15,302)                 | 6,724                 | 3,899                  | 3,794                             | 885                                  |                |
| Net interest rate risk gap                                       | 109                      | (1,472)               | (2,177)                | (12,928)                          | 16,468                               |                |
| Cumulative interest rate<br>gap                                  | 109                      | (1,363)               | (3,540)                | (16,468)                          |                                      |                |
| <b>At 30 June 2009</b>   |                          |                       |                        |                                   |                                      |                |
| Total assets   | 24,740                   | 1,819                 | 579                    | 3,555                             | 92,712                               | 123,405        |
| Total liabilities and equity                                     | (10,263)                 | (9,050)               | (9,076)                | (15,725)                          | (79,291)                             | (123,405)      |
| Off-balance sheet items<br>sensitive to interest rate<br>changes | (14,810)                 | 6,571                 | 5,772                  | 4,114                             | (1,647)                              |                |
| Net interest rate risk gap                                       | (333)                    | (660)                 | (2,725)                | (8,056)                           | 11,774                               |                |
| Cumulative interest rate<br>gap                                  | (333)                    | (993)                 | (3,718)                | (11,774)                          |                                      |                |
| <b>At 31 December 2009</b>                                       |                          |                       |                        |                                   |                                      |                |
| Total assets   | 19,070                   | 4,301                 | 300                    | 4,381                             | 87,741                               | 115,793        |
| Total liabilities and equity                                     | (5,748)                  | (8,757)               | (8,134)                | (17,102)                          | (76,052)                             | (115,793)      |
| Off-balance sheet items<br>sensitive to interest rate<br>changes | (15,302)                 | 6,275                 | 6,306                  | 4,051                             | (1,330)                              |                |

|                            |         |       |         |         |        |
|----------------------------|---------|-------|---------|---------|--------|
| Net interest rate risk gap | (1,980) | 1,819 | (1,528) | (8,670) | 10,359 |
|----------------------------|---------|-------|---------|---------|--------|

|                              |         |       |         |          |  |
|------------------------------|---------|-------|---------|----------|--|
| Cumulative interest rate gap | (1,980) | (161) | (1,689) | (10,359) |  |
|------------------------------|---------|-------|---------|----------|--|

## Foreign exchange risk

Total foreign exchange VAR arising within HSBC Holdings was as follows:

*HSBC Holdings foreign exchange VAR*

|               | <b>30</b>    | Half-year to |          |
|---------------|--------------|--------------|----------|
|               | <b>June</b>  | 30 June      | 31       |
|               | <b>2010</b>  | 2009         | December |
|               | <b>US\$m</b> | US\$m        | US\$m    |
| At period end | <b>55.3</b>  | 63.4         | 83.2     |
| Average       | <b>62.8</b>  | 80.7         | 70.6     |
| Minimum       | <b>52.7</b>  | 55.2         | 63.4     |
| Maximum       | <b>83.2</b>  | 190.8        | 83.2     |

The foreign exchange risk largely arises from loans to subsidiaries of a capital nature that are not denominated in the functional currency of either the provider or the recipient and which are accounted for as financial assets. Changes in the carrying amount of these loans due to foreign exchange rate differences are taken directly to HSBC Holdings income statement. These loans, and the associated foreign exchange exposures, are eliminated on a Group consolidated basis.

**Operational risk**

Operational risk is relevant to every aspect of the Group's business, and covers a wide spectrum of issues. Losses arising through fraud, unauthorised activities, error, omission, systems failure or from external events all fall within the definition of operational risk.

The objective of HSBC's operational risk management is to manage and control operational risk in a cost effective manner within targeted levels consistent with the Group's risk appetite, as defined by the Group Management Board. In each of HSBC's subsidiaries, business managers are responsible for maintaining an acceptable level of internal control, commensurate with the scale and nature of operations. They are responsible for identifying and assessing risks, designing controls and monitoring the effectiveness of these controls.

A formal governance structure provides oversight over the management of operational risk. A Global Operational Risk and Control Committee, which reports to the RMM, meets quarterly to discuss key risk issues and review the effective

**Table of Contents**

**HSBC HOLDINGS PLC**

**Interim Management Report: Risk** (continued)

implementation of the Group's operational risk management framework.

HSBC has set out its operational risk management framework in a high level standard, supplemented by detailed policies which establish requirements for:

assigning responsibility for the management of operational risk and the maintenance of an appropriate internal control environment, under the oversight of a formal governance structure;

reporting top risks and control issues;

operational risk identification and reporting; and

provision of assurance over the design and operation of key controls through monitoring activities.

Further details of HSBC's approach to operational risk management can be found in the *Annual Report and Accounts 2009*, supplemented by the *Capital and Risk Management Pillar 3 Disclosures as at 31 December 2009*.

**Legal risk**

Each operating company is required to have processes and procedures in place to manage legal risk that conform to HSBC standards. Legal risk falls within the definition of operational risk and includes:

contractual risk, which is the risk that the rights and/or obligations of an HSBC company within a contractual relationship are defective;

dispute risk, which is made up of the risks that an HSBC company is subject to when it is involved in or managing a potential or actual dispute;

legislative risk, which is the risk that an HSBC company fails to adhere to the laws of the jurisdictions in which it operates; and

non-contractual rights risk, which is the risk that an HSBC company's assets are not properly owned or are infringed by others, or an HSBC company infringes another party's rights.

HSBC has a global legal function, which assists the business in managing legal risk and provides legal advice and support. The GMO Legal department oversees the global legal function and is headed by a Group General Manager. There are legal departments in 58 of the countries in which HSBC operates. There are also regional legal functions in each of Europe, North America, Latin America, the Middle East and Asia-Pacific.

**Global security and fraud risk**

Security and fraud risk issues are managed at Group level by Global Security and Fraud Risk. This unit, which has responsibility for physical risk, fraud, information and contingency risk, and security and business intelligence is fully integrated within the central GMO Risk function. This enables the Group to identify and mitigate the permutations of these and other non-financial risks to its business lines across the jurisdictions in which it operates.

**Reputational risk**

The safeguarding of HSBC's reputation is of paramount importance to its continued prosperity and is the responsibility of every member of staff. Reputational risks can arise from a wide variety of causes, including social, fiscal, ethical or environmental issues, or as a consequence of operational risk events. As a banking group, HSBC's good reputation depends upon the way in which it conducts its business, but it can also be affected by the way in which its clients conduct themselves in such areas.

A Group Reputational Risk Committee ( GRRC ) has been established to bring focus to activities that could attract reputational risk. The primary role of the GRRC is to consider both existing and emerging areas and activities presenting significant reputational risk and, where appropriate, to make recommendations to the RMM and Group Management Board for policy or procedural changes to mitigate such risk. Reputational Risk Committees have also been established in each of the Group's regions. These committees ensure that reputational risks are considered at a

regional as well as Group level. Minutes from the regional committees are tabled at GRRC. A wider description of HSBC's management of reputational risk is provided on pages 263 and 264 in the *Annual Report and Accounts 2009*.

Compliance risk

Compliance risk has become increasingly significant since 31 December 2009, and there continues to be considerable activity by regulatory and law enforcement agencies, particularly in the UK and US. In the UK, the FSA has made numerous public policy statements to the effect that it intends to increase its use of its enforcement powers, to apply substantially increased penalties and focus on the conduct of individuals occupying senior management roles. In the US, the activities of law enforcement and supervisory agencies have included a focus on tax evasion, sanctions compliance and

**Table of Contents**

anti-money laundering controls. As an international banking group, HSBC is therefore operating in a more complex regulatory and compliance environment with a higher risk of regulatory sanction.

HSBC USA Inc. and HSBC Bank USA are currently the subject of ongoing examinations by the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency and the Federal Reserve Bank of Chicago, and they have received inquiries, including grand jury subpoenas and other requests for information, from US government agencies, including the U.S. Attorney's Office and the U.S. Department of Justice. These examinations and inquiries relate to, among other matters, HSBC Bank USA's Global Banknotes business and its foreign correspondent banking business, and its compliance with the Bank Secrecy Act, Anti-Money Laundering and Office of Foreign Assets Control requirements. HSBC USA Inc. and HSBC Bank USA are cooperating fully and are actively engaged in efforts to resolve these matters. While it is likely that there will be some form of formal enforcement action in some of these matters, HSBC is unable at this time to determine the terms on which it might be brought, the timing of any possible regulatory resolution or enforcement action or the amount of fines or penalties, if any, that may be imposed by the regulators or agencies.

HSBC is committed to the highest Compliance standards globally, especially due to the increasing scale and complexity of the regulatory environment. At the suggestion of HSBC's regulators and consistent with the Group's organisational model, in the second quarter of 2010 the Compliance and Legal functions in North America were separated into two functions. The Compliance function will continue to report to the HSBC Head of Group Compliance as well as functionally to the CEO of HSBC North America. The HSBC Head of Group Compliance has been appointed as the Acting Head of Compliance, North America Region until such time as a permanent appointment is made. Additional steps have been taken to enhance the Group's compliance risk management approach, including the strengthening of the Anti-Money Laundering (AML) Office with responsibility for the guidance and oversight of AML risk management activities in HSBC North America and its subsidiaries, including HSBC Bank USA. Efforts to strengthen the Compliance function will continue.

**Risk management of insurance operations**

HSBC operates a bancassurance model which provides insurance products for customers with whom the Group has a banking relationship. Insurance products are sold to all customer groups, mainly utilising retail branches, the internet and phone centres. Personal Financial Services customers attract the majority of sales and comprise the majority of policyholders. HSBC offers its customers a wide range of insurance and investment products, many of which complement other bank and consumer finance products.

Many of these insurance products are manufactured by HSBC subsidiaries. The Group underwrites the insurance risk and retains the risks and rewards associated with writing insurance contracts, retaining both the underwriting profit and the commission paid by the manufacturer to the bank distribution channel within the Group. When the Group chooses to manage its exposure to insurance risk through the use of third-party reinsurers, the associated revenue and manufacturing profit is ceded to them.

Where the Group considers it operationally more effective, third parties are engaged to manufacture insurance products for sale through HSBC's banking network. The Group works with a limited number of market-leading partners to provide the products. These arrangements earn HSBC a commission.

Life insurance contracts include participating business with discretionary participation features (DPF) such as endowments and pensions, credit life business in respect of income and payment protection, annuities, term assurance and critical illness cover and linked contracts.

Non-life insurance contracts include motor, fire and other damage to property, accident and health, repayment protection and commercial insurance. In December 2007, the group decided to cease selling payment protection insurance (PPI) products in the UK and a phased withdrawal was completed across the HSBC, first direct and M&S Money brands during 2008. HFC ceased selling single premium PPI in 2008 and sales of regular premium PPI will reduce as HFC exits its remaining retail relationships. HSBC continues to distribute its UK short-term income protection (STIP) product. In January 2009, the Competition Commission (CC) published its report into the PPI market in which it stipulated that STIP products will also be subject to their remedies when sold in conjunction with or as a



**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Risk** (continued)

result of a referral following the sale of a loan or similar credit product. HSBC has undertaken an analysis of the required changes to the STIP product and its sales processes resulting from the CC's remedies. Following an appeal to the Competition Appeal Tribunal, the CC has reconsidered whether a ban on firms selling PPI at the point of sale of the credit product is an appropriate and justified remedy for the deficiencies it identified in the PPI market. It published its provisional decision in May 2010, indicating that it remains of the opinion that it is, but its final decision will not be published until the second half of 2010, following consideration of further submissions by the firms.

The principal insurance risk faced by HSBC is that, over time, the combined cost of acquiring, administering and paying claims on contracts may exceed the aggregate amount of premiums received and investment income.

In respect of financial risks, subsidiaries manufacturing products with guarantees are usually exposed to falls in market interest rates and equity prices to the extent that the market exposure cannot be managed by utilising a discretionary bonus feature within the policy.

The Group manages its exposure to insurance risk by applying formal underwriting, reinsurance and claims-handling procedures designed to ensure compliance with regulations and insurance risk appetite, the latter proposed by local businesses and authorised centrally. This is supplemented by undertaking stress testing. The following tables provide an analysis of the insurance risk exposures by geographical region and by type of business. Life business tends to be longer-term in nature than non-life business and frequently involves an element of savings and investment in the contract. Accordingly, separate tables are provided for life and non-life businesses, reflecting their distinctive risk characteristics. The life insurance risk table provides an analysis of insurance liabilities as the best available overall measure of insurance exposure, because provisions for life contracts are typically set by reference to expected future cash outflows relating to the underlying policies. The table for non-life business uses written premiums as the best available measure of risk exposure, because policies are typically priced by reference to the risk being underwritten.

HSBC's management of insurance risk, including the risks relating to different life and non-life products, is described on pages 266 to 269 in the *Annual Report and Accounts 2009*.

*Analysis of life insurance risk liabilities to policyholders<sup>44</sup>*

|   | <b>Europe<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Hong<br/>Kong<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Rest of<br/>Asia-<br/>Pacific<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>North<br/>America<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Latin<br/>America<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Total<br/>US\$m</b> |
|---|-------------------------|--------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|
| <b>At 30 June 2010</b>                            |                         |                                |  |                                    |                                    |                        |
| Life (non-linked)                                 | <b>1,789</b>            | <b>16,261</b>                  | <b>617</b>                                     | <b>1,017</b>                       | <b>2,002</b>                       | <b>21,686</b>          |
| Insurance contracts with<br>DPF <sup>45</sup>     | <b>286</b>              | <b>15,663</b>                  | <b>240</b>                                     |                                    |                                    | <b>16,189</b>          |
| Credit life                                       | <b>664</b>              |                                | <b>41</b>                                      | <b>40</b>                          | <b>1</b>                           | <b>746</b>             |
| Annuities   | <b>409</b>              |                                | <b>27</b>                                      | <b>771</b>                         | <b>1,559</b>                       | <b>2,766</b>           |
| Term assurance and other<br>long-term contracts   | <b>430</b>              | <b>598</b>                     | <b>309</b>                                     | <b>206</b>                         | <b>442</b>                         | <b>1,985</b>           |
| Life (linked)                                     | <b>1,785</b>            | <b>2,875</b>                   | <b>422</b>                                     |                                    | <b>3,702</b>                       | <b>8,784</b>           |
| Investment contracts with<br>DPF <sup>45,46</sup> | <b>19,636</b>           |                                | <b>35</b>                                      |                                    |                                    | <b>19,671</b>          |



|  |               |               |              |              |              |               |
|--|---------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| Insurance liabilities to policyholders         | <b>23,210</b> | <b>19,136</b> | <b>1,074</b> | <b>1,017</b> | <b>5,704</b> | <b>50,141</b> |
| At 30 June 2009                                |               |               |              |              |              |               |
| Life (non-linked)                              | 3,377         | 12,864        | 404          | 1,035        | 1,772        | 19,452        |
| Insurance contracts with DPF <sup>45</sup>     | 1,054         | 12,687        | 208          |              |              | 13,949        |
| Credit life                                    | 649           |               | 12           | 57           |              | 718           |
| Annuities                                      | 430           |               | 28           | 788          | 1,349        | 2,595         |
| Term assurance and other long-term contracts   | 1,244         | 177           | 156          | 190          | 423          | 2,190         |
| Life (linked)                                  | 1,817         | 2,542         | 348          |              | 2,624        | 7,331         |
| Investment contracts with DPF <sup>45,46</sup> | 18,834        |               | 33           |              |              | 18,867        |
| Insurance liabilities to policyholders         | 24,028        | 15,406        | 785          | 1,035        | 4,396        | 45,650        |

**Table of Contents**

|   | Europe<br>US\$m | Hong<br>Kong<br>US\$m | Rest<br>of<br>Asia-<br>Pacific<br>US\$m | North<br>America<br>US\$m | Latin<br>America<br>US\$m | Total<br>US\$m |
|---|-----------------|-----------------------|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| At 31 December 2009                               |                 |                       |   |                           |                           |                |
| Life (non-linked)                                 | 2,998           | 14,456                | 526                                     | 1,026                     | 1,973                     | 20,979         |
| Insurance contracts with<br>DPF <sup>45</sup>     | 1,128           | 14,095                | 227                                     |                           |                           | 15,450         |
| Credit life                                       | 953             |                       | 20                                      | 50                        |                           | 1,023          |
| Annuities   | 452             |                       | 28                                      | 777                       | 1,554                     | 2,811          |
| Term assurance and other<br>long-term contracts   | 465             | 361                   | 251                                     | 199                       | 419                       | 1,695          |
| Life (linked)                                     | 2,125           | 2,896                 | 437                                     |                           | 3,528                     | 8,986          |
| Investment contracts with<br>DPF <sup>45,46</sup> | 20,979          |                       | 35                                      |                           |                           | 21,014         |
| Insurance liabilities to<br>policyholders         | 26,102          | 17,352                | 998                                     | 1,026                     | 5,501                     | 50,979         |

For footnotes, see page 196.

Analysis of non-life insurance risk net written insurance premiums<sup>44,47</sup>

|   | Europe<br>US\$m | Hong<br>Kong<br>US\$m | Rest of<br>Asia-<br>Pacific<br>US\$m | North<br>America<br>US\$m | Latin<br>America<br>US\$m | Total<br>US\$m |
|---|-----------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| <b>Half-year to 30 June 2010</b>                                |                 |                       |                                      |                           |                           |                |
| Accident and health   | 45              | 85                    | 4                                    | 1                         | 19                        | 154            |
| Motor   |                 | 7                     | 15                                   |                           | 130                       | 152            |
| Fire and other damage   | 22              | 17                    | 4                                    | 8                         | 10                        | 61             |
| Liability   |                 | 12                    | 2                                    |                           |                           | 14             |
| Credit (non-life)   | 11              |                       |                                      | 28                        | 1                         | 40             |
| Marine, aviation and transport                                  | 1               | 5                     | 3                                    |                           | 8                         | 17             |
| Other non-life insurance<br>contracts                           | 13              | 18                    |                                      | 5                         | 40                        | 76             |
| Total net written insurance<br>premiums                         | 92              | 144                   | 28                                   | 42                        | 208                       | 514            |
| Net insurance claims incurred<br>and movement in liabilities to | (85)            | (61)                  | (13)                                 | (3)                       | (85)                      | (247)          |

policyholders

Half-year to 30 June 2009

|   |              |             |            |             |             |              |
|---|--------------|-------------|------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| Accident and health   | 44           | 85          | 2          | 1           | 9           | 141          |
| Motor   | 112          | 6           | 9          |             | 120         | 247          |
| Fire and other damage   | 41           | 19          | 2          | 7           | 14          | 83           |
| Liability   |              | 9           | 2          |             | 11          | 22           |
| Credit (non-life)   |              |             |            | 54          |             | 54           |
| Marine, aviation and transport  | 1            | 5           | 2          |             | 9           | 17           |
| Other non-life insurance contracts  | 19           | 16          |            | 7           | 14          | 56           |
| <b>Total net written insurance premiums</b>                                       | <b>217</b>   | <b>140</b>  | <b>17</b>  | <b>69</b>   | <b>177</b>  | <b>620</b>   |
| <b>Net insurance claims incurred and movement in liabilities to policyholders</b> | <b>(315)</b> | <b>(56)</b> | <b>(7)</b> | <b>(70)</b> | <b>(75)</b> | <b>(523)</b> |

Half-year to 31

December 2009

|   |              |             |             |             |             |              |
|---|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| Accident and health   | 50           | 75          | 5           | 2           | 14          | 146          |
| Motor   | 11           | 8           | 11          |             | 114         | 144          |
| Fire and other damage   | 31           | 3           | 6           | 9           | 8           | 57           |
| Liability   |              | 6           | 2           |             | (9)         | (1)          |
| Credit (non-life)   | 35           |             |             | 32          |             | 67           |
| Marine, aviation and transport  | 6            | 4           | 2           |             | 8           | 20           |
| Other non-life insurance contracts  | 5            | 16          | 1           | 5           | 44          | 71           |
| <b>Total net written insurance premiums</b>                                       | <b>138</b>   | <b>112</b>  | <b>27</b>   | <b>48</b>   | <b>179</b>  | <b>504</b>   |
| <b>Net insurance claims incurred and movement in liabilities to policyholders</b> | <b>(433)</b> | <b>(51)</b> | <b>(10)</b> | <b>(26)</b> | <b>(80)</b> | <b>(600)</b> |

*For footnotes, see page 196.***Balance sheet of insurance manufacturing subsidiaries by type of contract**

A principal tool used by HSBC to manage its exposure to insurance risk, in particular for life insurance contracts, is asset and liability matching.

Models are used to assess the effect of a range of possible scenarios on the future values of financial assets and associated liabilities, and ALCOs employ the outcomes in determining how the assets and liabilities should be matched. The scenarios include stresses applied to factors which affect insurance risk



**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Risk** (continued)

such as mortality and lapse rates. In addition to assessing the actual cash inflow required to meet cash outflows, of particular importance is the need to match the expected pattern of cash inflows with the benefits payable on the underlying contracts, which can extend for many years.

The table below shows the composition of assets and liabilities and demonstrates that there were sufficient assets to cover the liabilities to policyholders at 30 June 2010.

*Balance sheet of insurance manufacturing subsidiaries by type of contract*

|   | Insurance contracts  |                          |                         |   |                   | Investment contracts               |                          |                |  | Total<br>US\$m |
|---|----------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|---|-------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------|--|----------------|
|   | With<br>DPF<br>US\$m | Unit-<br>linked<br>US\$m | Annu-<br>ities<br>US\$m | Term<br>assur-<br>ance <sup>48</sup><br>US\$m | Non-life<br>US\$m | With<br>DPF <sup>46</sup><br>US\$m | Unit-<br>linked<br>US\$m | Other<br>US\$m | Other<br>assets <sup>49</sup><br>US\$m |                |
| <b>At 30<br/>June 2010</b>                      |                      |                          |                         |   |                   |                                    |                          |                |  |                |
| Financial assets                                | <b>16,070</b>        | <b>7,947</b>             | <b>2,686</b>            | <b>2,379</b>                                  | <b>2,025</b>      | <b>19,273</b>                      | <b>6,944</b>             | <b>3,988</b>   | <b>6,825</b>                           | <b>68,137</b>  |
| trading assets                                  |                      |                          |                         |   | <b>10</b>         |                                    |                          |                |  | <b>10</b>      |
| financial assets<br>designated at<br>fair value | <b>876</b>           | <b>7,643</b>             | <b>549</b>              | <b>609</b>                                    | <b>56</b>         | <b>5,018</b>                       | <b>5,838</b>             | <b>1,450</b>   | <b>1,207</b>                           | <b>23,246</b>  |
| derivatives                                     | <b>25</b>            |                          |                         | <b>1</b>                                      |                   | <b>131</b>                         | <b>362</b>               | <b>1</b>       | <b>9</b>                               | <b>529</b>     |
| financial<br>investments                        | <b>13,371</b>        |                          | <b>1,743</b>            | <b>1,196</b>                                  | <b>645</b>        | <b>13,478</b>                      |                          | <b>1,757</b>   | <b>4,293</b>                           | <b>36,483</b>  |
| other financial<br>assets                       | <b>1,798</b>         | <b>304</b>               | <b>394</b>              | <b>573</b>                                    | <b>1,314</b>      | <b>646</b>                         | <b>744</b>               | <b>780</b>     | <b>1,316</b>                           | <b>7,869</b>   |
| Reinsurance<br>assets                           | <b>7</b>             | <b>872</b>               | <b>343</b>              | <b>273</b>                                    | <b>422</b>        |                                    |                          |                | <b>65</b>                              | <b>1,982</b>   |
| PVIF <sup>50</sup>                              |                      |                          |                         |   |                   |                                    |                          |                | <b>2,966</b>                           | <b>2,966</b>   |
| Other assets and<br>investment<br>properties    | <b>192</b>           | <b>6</b>                 | <b>18</b>               | <b>436</b>                                    | <b>215</b>        | <b>398</b>                         | <b>17</b>                | <b>45</b>      | <b>648</b>                             | <b>1,975</b>   |
| Total assets                                    | <b>16,269</b>        | <b>8,825</b>             | <b>3,047</b>            | <b>3,088</b>                                  | <b>2,662</b>      | <b>19,671</b>                      | <b>6,961</b>             | <b>4,033</b>   | <b>10,504</b>                          | <b>75,060</b>  |
| Liabilities under<br>investment<br>contracts:   |                      |                          |                         |   |                   |                                    |                          |                |  |                |
| designated at<br>fair value                     |                      |                          |                         |   |                   |                                    | <b>6,934</b>             | <b>3,450</b>   |  | <b>10,384</b>  |
| carried at<br>amortised cost                    |                      |                          |                         |   |                   |                                    |                          | <b>413</b>     |  | <b>413</b>     |



|  |        |       |       |       |       |        |       |       |        |        |
|--|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|--------|--------|
| Other liabilities                          |        |       |       |       |       |        |       |       | 2,749  | 2,749  |
| Total liabilities                          | 13,956 | 7,338 | 2,620 | 2,942 | 2,541 | 18,868 | 6,077 | 3,766 | 3,316  | 61,424 |
| Total equity                               |        |       |       |       |       |        |       |       | 8,144  | 8,144  |
| Total equity and liabilities <sup>52</sup> | 13,956 | 7,338 | 2,620 | 2,942 | 2,541 | 18,868 | 6,077 | 3,766 | 11,460 | 69,568 |

**Table of Contents**

|   | Insurance contracts  |                          |                         |   |                   | Investment contracts               |                          |                |  | Total<br>US\$m |
|---|----------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|---|-------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------|--|----------------|
|   | With<br>DPF<br>US\$m | Unit-<br>linked<br>US\$m | Annu-<br>ities<br>US\$m | Term<br>assur-<br>ance <sup>48</sup><br>US\$m | Non-life<br>US\$m | With<br>DPF <sup>46</sup><br>US\$m | Unit-<br>linked<br>US\$m | Other<br>US\$m | Other<br>assets <sup>49</sup><br>US\$m |                |
| At 31<br>December 2009                          |                      |                          |                         |   |                   |                                    |                          |                |  |                |
| Financial assets                                | 15,322               | 8,204                    | 2,567                   | 2,053   | 2,290             | 20,501                             | 7,366                    | 4,008          | 7,252                                  | 69,563         |
| trading assets                                  |                      |                          |                         |   | 10                |                                    |                          |                |  | 10             |
| financial assets<br>designated at fair<br>value | 599                  | 7,837                    | 446                     | 482   | 63                | 5,498                              | 6,572                    | 1,582          | 2,085                                  | 25,164         |
| derivatives                                     | 16                   | 1                        |                         | 3   |                   | 144                                | 299                      | 2              | 3                                      | 468            |
| financial<br>investments                        | 13,013               |                          | 1,511                   | 1,033   | 742               | 13,948                             |                          | 1,701          | 3,901                                  | 35,849         |
| other financial<br>assets                       | 1,694                | 366                      | 610                     | 535   | 1,475             | 911                                | 495                      | 723            | 1,263                                  | 8,072          |
| Reinsurance assets<br>PVIF <sup>50</sup>        | 6                    | 831                      | 376                     | 389   | 467               |                                    |                          |                | 60<br>2,780                            | 2,129<br>2,780 |
| Other assets and<br>investment<br>properties    | 165                  | 5                        | 25                      | 634   | 242               | 516                                | 13                       | 56             | 601                                    | 2,257          |
| Total assets                                    | 15,493               | 9,040                    | 2,968                   | 3,076   | 2,999             | 21,017                             | 7,379                    | 4,064          | 10,693                                 | 76,729         |
| Liabilities under<br>investment<br>contracts:   |                      |                          |                         |   |                   |                                    |                          |                |  |                |
| designated at fair<br>value                     |                      |                          |                         |   |                   |                                    | 7,347                    | 3,518          |  | 10,865         |
| carried at<br>amortised cost                    |                      |                          |                         |   |                   |                                    |                          | 417            |  | 417            |
| Liabilities under<br>insurance<br>contracts     | 15,450               | 8,986                    | 2,811                   | 2,718   | 2,728             | 21,014                             |                          |                |  | 53,707         |
| Deferred tax                                    | 6                    |                          | 22                      | 1   | 7                 | 1                                  |                          | 2              | 750                                    | 789            |
| Other liabilities                               |                      |                          |                         |   |                   |                                    |                          |                | 2,371                                  | 2,371          |
| Total liabilities                               | 15,456               | 8,986                    | 2,833                   | 2,719   | 2,735             | 21,015                             | 7,347                    | 3,937          | 3,121                                  | 68,149         |
| Total equity                                    |                      |                          |                         |   |                   |                                    |                          |                | 8,580                                  | 8,580          |



|  |        |       |       |       |       |        |       |       |        |        |
|--|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|--------|--------|
| Total equity and liabilities <sup>52</sup> | 15,456 | 8,986 | 2,833 | 2,719 | 2,735 | 21,015 | 7,347 | 3,937 | 11,701 | 76,729 |
|--|--------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|--------|--------|

*For footnotes, see page 196.*

### **Capital management and allocation**

#### **Capital management**

HSBC's capital management approach is driven by its strategic and organisational requirements, taking into account the regulatory, economic and commercial environment in which it operates.

It is HSBC's objective to maintain a strong capital base to support the development of its business and to meet regulatory capital requirements at all times. To achieve this, the Group's policy is to hold capital in a range of different forms and from diverse sources and all capital raising is agreed with major subsidiaries as part of their individual and the Group's overall capital management processes.

The Group's policy is underpinned by the Capital Management Framework, which enables HSBC to manage its capital in a consistent and aligned manner. The framework, which is approved by the Group Management Board, incorporates a number of different capital measures including market capitalisation, invested capital, economic capital and regulatory capital, defined by HSBC as follows:

market capitalisation is the stock market value of the company;

invested capital is the equity capital invested in HSBC by its shareholders;

economic capital is the internally calculated capital requirement which is deemed necessary by HSBC to support the risks to which it is exposed at a confidence level consistent with a target credit rating of AA; and

regulatory capital is the capital which HSBC is required to hold in accordance with the rules established by the FSA for the consolidated Group and by HSBC's local regulators for individual Group companies.

The Group has identified the following as being the material risks faced and managed through the Capital Management Framework: credit, market, operational, pension fund, residual and insurance risks and interest rate risk in the banking book. All these risks pose a significantly greater challenge in a severe economic downturn and management's response to these risks has, correspondingly, intensified in the current conditions.

Stress testing is incorporated into the Capital Management Framework and is used as an important mechanism in understanding the sensitivities of the core assumptions in the Group's capital plans to the adverse effect of extreme, but plausible, events.

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Risk** (continued)

Stress testing allows senior management to formulate its response in advance of conditions starting to exhibit the stress scenarios identified. The actual market stresses which occurred throughout the financial system during the past two years have been used to inform the capital planning process and further develop the stress scenarios employed by the Group. In addition to HSBC's internal stress tests, other stress tests are carried out, both at the request of regulators and by the regulators themselves using assumptions prescribed by the regulators. HSBC takes into account the results of all such regulatory stress testing when undertaking its internal capital management assessment.

The responsibility for global capital allocation principles and decisions rests with the Group Management Board. Through its structured internal governance processes, HSBC maintains discipline over its investment and capital allocation decisions, seeking to ensure that returns on investment are adequate after taking account of capital costs. HSBC's strategy is to allocate capital to businesses on the basis of their economic profit generation, regulatory and economic capital requirements and cost of capital.

HSBC's capital management process is articulated in an annual Group capital plan which is approved by the Board. The plan is drawn up with the objective of maintaining both the appropriate amount of capital and the optimal mix between the different components of capital. When HSBC Holdings and its major subsidiaries raise non-equity tier 1 capital and subordinated debt, this is done in accordance with the Group's guidelines on market and investor concentration, cost, market conditions, timing, effect on composition and maturity profile. Each subsidiary manages its own capital to support its planned business growth and meet its local regulatory requirements within the context of the approved annual Group capital plan. In accordance with HSBC's Capital Management Framework, capital generated by subsidiaries in excess of planned requirements is returned to HSBC Holdings, normally by way of dividends.

HSBC Holdings is the primary provider of equity capital to its subsidiaries and these investments are substantially funded by HSBC Holdings' own capital issuance and profit retention. As part of its capital management process, HSBC Holdings seeks to maintain a prudent balance between the composition of its capital and that of its investment in subsidiaries.

During the first half of 2010, the Group continued to target a tier 1 ratio within the range 7.5 to 10.0 per cent for the purposes of its long-term capital planning. This is consistent with 2009, which reflected revised market expectations on capital strength and the higher volatility of capital requirements resulting from pro-cyclicality embedded within the Basel II rules. The tier 1 ratio increased to 11.5 per cent at 30 June 2010 (30 June 2009: 10.1 per cent, 31 December 2009: 10.8 per cent). Although this ratio lies beyond the upper end of the target range noted above, HSBC is satisfied that this is appropriate in light of the current evolution of the regulatory framework. HSBC will continue to review the level of the target range as regulatory requirements evolve.

**Capital measurement and allocation**

The FSA supervises HSBC on a consolidated basis and therefore receives information on the capital adequacy of, and sets capital requirements for, the Group as a whole. Individual banking subsidiaries are directly regulated by their local banking supervisors, who set and monitor their capital adequacy requirements.

HSBC calculates capital at a Group level using the Basel II framework of the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision; local regulators are at different stages of implementation and local rules may still be on a Basel I basis, notably in the US. In most jurisdictions, non-banking financial subsidiaries are also subject to the supervision and capital requirements of local regulatory authorities.

Basel II is structured around three pillars: minimum capital requirements, supervisory review process and market discipline. The Capital Requirements Directive (CRD) implemented Basel II in the EU and the FSA then gave effect to the CRD by including the requirements of the CRD in its own rulebooks.

**Capital**

HSBC's capital is divided into two tiers:

tier 1 capital is divided into core tier 1 and other tier 1 capital. Core tier 1 capital comprises shareholders' equity and related equity in a subsidiary not attributable directly or indirectly to HSBC (non-controlling interest previously termed minority interest). The book values of goodwill and intangible assets are deducted from core

tier 1 capital and other regulatory adjustments are made for items reflected in shareholders' equity which are treated differently for the purposes of capital adequacy. Qualifying hybrid capital instruments such as non-cumulative perpetual preference shares and

**Table of Contents**

innovative tier 1 securities are included in other tier 1 capital; and

tier 2 capital comprises qualifying subordinated loan capital, non-controlling interests classified as tier 2 capital, allowable collective impairment allowances and unrealised gains arising on the fair valuation of equity instruments held as available for sale. Tier 2 capital also includes reserves arising from the revaluation of properties.

To ensure the overall quality of the capital base, the FSA's rules set limits on the amount of hybrid capital instruments that can be included in tier 1 capital relative to core tier 1 capital, and also limits overall tier 2 capital to no more than tier 1 capital.

The basis of consolidation for financial accounting purposes is described on page 367 of the *Annual Report and Accounts 2009* and differs from that used for regulatory purposes. Investments in banking associates, which are equity accounted in the financial accounting consolidation, are proportionally consolidated for regulatory purposes. Subsidiaries and associates engaged in insurance and non-financial activities are excluded from the regulatory consolidation and are deducted from regulatory capital. The regulatory consolidation does not include SPEs where significant credit risk has been transferred to third parties. Exposures to these SPEs are treated as securitisation positions for regulatory purposes and are either risk-weighted or deducted from capital.

**Pillar 1**

Pillar 1 covers the capital resources requirements for credit risk, market risk and operational risk. Credit risk also covers both counterparty credit risk and securitisation requirements. All these requirements are expressed in terms of risk-weighted assets (RWA's).

**Credit risk**

Basel II provides three approaches of increasing sophistication to the calculation of pillar 1 credit risk capital requirements. The most basic, the standardised approach, requires banks to use external credit ratings to determine the risk weightings applied to rated counterparties and group other counterparties into broad categories and apply standardised risk weightings to these categories. The next level, the internal ratings-based (IRB) foundation approach, allows banks to calculate their credit risk capital requirements on the basis of their internal assessment of the probability that a counterparty will default (PD), but subjects their quantified estimates of exposure at default (EAD) and loss given default (LGD) to standard supervisory parameters. Finally, the IRB advanced approach allows banks to use their own internal assessment in both determining PD and quantifying EAD and LGD.

The capital resources requirement, which is intended to cover unexpected losses, is derived from a formula specified in the regulatory rules, which incorporates these factors and other variables such as maturity and correlation. Expected losses under the IRB approaches are calculated by multiplying PD by EAD and LGD. Expected losses are deducted from capital to the extent that they exceed accounting impairment allowances.

For credit risk, with the FSA's approval, HSBC has adopted the IRB advanced approach for the majority of its business, with the remainder on either IRB foundation or standardised approaches.

For consolidated group reporting, the FSA's rules permit the use of other regulators' standardised approaches where they are considered equivalent. The use of other regulators' IRB approaches is subject to the agreement of the FSA. Under the Group's Basel II rollout plans, a number of Group companies are in transition to advanced IRB approaches. At December 2009, corporate portfolios in France, Hong Kong and Rest of Asia-Pacific completed the transition from foundation to advanced IRB approaches. Other Group companies and portfolios remain on the standardised or foundation approaches under Basel II, pending definition of local regulations or model approval, or under exemptions from IRB treatment.

*Counterparty credit risk*

Counterparty credit risk arises for OTC derivatives and securities financing transactions. It is calculated in both the trading and non-trading books, and is the risk that the counterparty to a transaction may default before completing the satisfactory settlement of the transaction. Three approaches to calculating counterparty credit risk and determining exposure values are defined by Basel II: standardised, mark-to-market and internal model method. These exposure values are used to determine capital requirements under one of the credit risk approaches; standardised, IRB

foundation and IRB advanced.

HSBC uses the mark-to-market and internal model method approaches for counterparty credit risk. Its longer-term aim is to migrate more positions from the mark-to-market to the internal model method approach.

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Risk** (continued)**Securitisation**

Basel II specifies two methods for calculating credit risk requirements for securitisation positions in the non-trading book, being the standardised and IRB approaches. Both approaches rely on the mapping of rating agency credit ratings to risk weights, which range between 7 per cent and 1,250 per cent. Positions that would otherwise be weighted at 1,250 per cent are deducted from capital.

Within the IRB approach, HSBC uses the Ratings Based Method for the majority of its non-trading book securitisation positions, and the Internal Assessment Approach for unrated liquidity facilities and programme wide enhancements for asset-backed securitisations.

HSBC uses the IRB approach for the majority of its non-trading book securitisation positions, while those in the trading book are treated like other market risk positions.

**Market risk**

Market risk is the risk that movements in market risk factors, including foreign exchange, commodity prices, interest rates, credit spread and equity prices will reduce HSBC's income or the value of its portfolios. Market risk is measured, with FSA permission, using VAR models, or the standard rules prescribed by the FSA.

HSBC uses both VAR and standard rules approaches for market risk. Its longer-term aim is to migrate more positions from standard rules to VAR.

**Operational risk**

Basel II includes capital requirements for operational risk, again utilising three levels of sophistication. The capital required under the basic indicator approach is a simple percentage of gross revenues, whereas under the standardised approach it is one of three different percentages of gross revenues allocated to each of eight defined business lines. Both these approaches use an average of the last three financial years' revenues. Finally, the advanced measurement approach uses banks' own statistical analysis and modelling of operational risk data to determine capital requirements.

HSBC has adopted the standardised approach in determining its Group operational risk capital requirements.

**Pillar 2**

The second pillar of Basel II (Supervisory Review and Evaluation Process) involves both firms and regulators taking a view on whether a firm should hold additional capital against risks not covered in pillar 1. Part of the pillar 2 process is the Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process which is the firm's self assessment of the levels of capital that it needs to hold. The pillar 2 process culminates in the FSA providing firms with Individual Capital Guidance (ICG). The ICG is set as a capital resources requirement higher than that required under pillar 1.

**Pillar 3**

Pillar 3 of Basel II is related to market discipline and aims to make firms more transparent by requiring them to publish specific, prescribed details of their risks, capital and risk management under the Basel II framework. HSBC's *Pillar 3 Disclosures 2009* is published as a separate document on the Group Investor Relations website.

**Future developments**

The regulation and supervision of financial institutions is currently undergoing a period of significant change in response to the global financial crisis. Increased capital requirements for market risk and securitisations have already been announced by the Basel Committee and are due for implementation in the EU in 2011. The Basel Committee's proposals on 'Strengthening the resilience of the banking sector' were issued on 17 December 2009, and subjected to a Quantitative Impact Study (QIS) during the first half of 2010. The results will be used to inform the Basel Committee in producing a fully calibrated set of requirements which are expected to be published by the end of 2010. The proposals will be phased in as financial conditions improve and the economic recovery is assured, with the aim of implementation by the end of 2012. On 26 July 2010, the Basel Committee announced that it had reached broad agreement on the overall design of the capital and liquidity reform package, having considered the comments received during the public consultation and the results of the QIS. An outline of the agreement was provided, together with an extended implementation timetable for the liquidity and leverage proposals. The full details of all the proposals are expected to be issued towards the end of 2010, together with a summary of the results of the QIS.

The Basel Committee issued a further proposal in a consultative document Countercyclical capital buffer proposal on 16 July 2010, which complements the December 2009 proposals. The consultation period closes on 10 September 2010.

**Table of Contents***Capital structure*

|   | At<br>30 June<br>2010<br>US\$m | At<br>30 June<br>2009<br>US\$m | At<br>31<br>December<br>2009<br>US\$m |
|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| <b>Composition of regulatory capital</b>  |                                |                                |                                       |
| <b>Tier 1 capital</b>   |                                |                                |                                       |
| Shareholders' equity  | <b>136,719</b>                 | 131,024                        | 135,252                               |
| Shareholders' equity per balance sheet <sup>8</sup>   | <b>135,943</b>                 | 118,355                        | 128,299                               |
| Preference share premium  | <b>(1,405)</b>                 | (1,405)                        | (1,405)                               |
| Other equity instruments  | <b>(5,851)</b>                 | (2,133)                        | (2,133)                               |
| Deconsolidation of special purpose entities <sup>54</sup>   | <b>8,032</b>                   | 16,207                         | 10,491                                |
| Non-controlling interests   | <b>3,949</b>                   | 3,634                          | 3,932                                 |
| Non-controlling interests per balance sheet   | <b>7,380</b>                   | 6,943                          | 7,362                                 |
| Preference share non-controlling interests  | <b>(2,391)</b>                 | (2,342)                        | (2,395)                               |
| Non-controlling interest transferred to tier 2 capital  | <b>(676)</b>                   | (644)                          | (678)                                 |
| Non-controlling interest in deconsolidated subsidiaries   | <b>(364)</b>                   | (323)                          | (357)                                 |
| Regulatory adjustments to the accounting basis  | <b>(3,079)</b>                 | (147)                          | 164                                   |
| Unrealised (gains)/losses on available-for-sale debt securities <sup>55</sup>                     | <b>(797)</b>                   | 2,020                          | 906                                   |
| Own credit spread   | <b>(1,779)</b>                 | (4,360)                        | (1,050)                               |
| Defined benefit pension fund adjustment <sup>56</sup>   | <b>1,940</b>                   | 4,103                          | 2,508                                 |
| Reserves arising from revaluation of property and unrealised gains on available-for-sale equities | <b>(2,500)</b>                 | (2,250)                        | (2,226)                               |
| Cash flow hedging reserve   | <b>57</b>                      | 340                            | 26                                    |
| Deductions  | <b>(30,753)</b>                | (32,806)                       | (33,088)                              |
| Goodwill capitalised and intangible assets  | <b>(26,398)</b>                | (28,130)                       | (28,680)                              |
| 50% of securitisation positions   | <b>(1,754)</b>                 | (1,690)                        | (1,579)                               |
| 50% of tax credit adjustment for expected losses  | <b>269</b>                     | 389                            | 546                                   |
| 50% of excess of expected losses over impairment allowances                                       | <b>(2,870)</b>                 | (3,375)                        | (3,375)                               |
| <b>Core tier 1 capital</b>  | <b>106,836</b>                 | 101,705                        | 106,260                               |
| Other tier 1 capital before deductions  | <b>17,577</b>                  | 15,691                         | 15,798                                |
| Preference share premium  | <b>1,405</b>                   | 1,405                          | 1,405                                 |



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|   |                  |           |           |
|---|------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Preference share non-controlling interests  | <b>2,391</b>     | 2,342     | 2,395     |
| Innovative tier 1 securities  | <b>13,781</b>    | 11,944    | 11,998    |
| Deductions  | <b>(345)</b>     | (43)      | 99        |
| Unconsolidated investments <sup>57</sup>  | <b>(614)</b>     | (432)     | (447)     |
| 50% of tax credit adjustment for expected losses  | <b>269</b>       | 389       | 546       |
| <b>Tier 1 capital</b>   | <b>124,068</b>   | 117,353   | 122,157   |
| <b>Tier 2 capital</b>   |                  |           |           |
| Total qualifying tier 2 capital before deductions   | <b>48,170</b>    | 53,466    | 50,075    |
| Reserves arising from revaluation of property and unrealised gains on available-for-sale equities | <b>2,500</b>     | 2,250     | 2,226     |
| Collective impairment allowances <sup>58</sup>  | <b>3,526</b>     | 3,917     | 4,120     |
| Perpetual subordinated debt   | <b>2,982</b>     | 2,972     | 2,987     |
| Term subordinated debt  | <b>38,862</b>    | 44,027    | 40,442    |
| Non-controlling interest in tier 2 capital  | <b>300</b>       | 300       | 300       |
| Total deductions other than from tier 1 capital   | <b>(17,352)</b>  | (15,633)  | (16,503)  |
| Unconsolidated investments <sup>57</sup>  | <b>(12,727)</b>  | (10,568)  | (11,547)  |
| 50% of securitisation positions   | <b>(1,754)</b>   | (1,690)   | (1,579)   |
| 50% of excess of expected losses over impairment allowances                                       | <b>(2,870)</b>   | (3,375)   | (3,375)   |
| Other deductions  | <b>(1)</b>       |           | (2)       |
| <b>Total regulatory capital</b>   | <b>154,886</b>   | 155,186   | 155,729   |
| <b>Risk-weighted assets</b>   |                  |           |           |
| Credit risk   | <b>839,079</b>   | 908,231   | 903,518   |
| Counterparty credit risk  | <b>57,323</b>    | 53,824    | 51,892    |
| Market risk   | <b>52,964</b>    | 76,105    | 51,860    |
| Operational risk  | <b>125,898</b>   | 121,114   | 125,898   |
| Total   | <b>1,075,264</b> | 1,159,274 | 1,133,168 |

For footnotes, see page 196.

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Interim Management Report: Risk** (continued)*Capital structure (continued)*

|   | At<br><b>30 June<br/>2010</b><br>% | At<br>30 June<br>2009<br>%               | At<br>31<br>December<br>2009<br>% |
|---|------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|
| <b>Capital ratios</b>   |                                    |  |                                   |
| Core tier 1 ratio   | <b>9.9</b>                         | 8.8                                      | 9.4                               |
| Tier 1 ratio  | <b>11.5</b>                        | 10.1                                     | 10.8                              |
| Total capital ratio   | <b>14.4</b>                        | 13.4                                     | 13.7                              |
| <i>Source and application of tier 1 capital</i>                         |                                    |  |                                   |
|   | <b>30 June<br/>2010</b><br>US\$m   | Half-year to<br>30 June<br>2009<br>US\$m | 31<br>December<br>2009<br>US\$m   |
| <b>Movement in tier 1 capital</b>                                       |                                    |  |                                   |
| Opening tier 1 capital  | <b>122,157</b>                     | 95,336                                   | 117,353                           |
| Contribution to tier 1 capital from profit for the period               | <b>6,030</b>                       | 5,374                                    | 4,873                             |
| Consolidated profits attributable to shareholders of the parent company | <b>6,763</b>                       | 3,347                                    | 2,487                             |
| Removal of own credit spread net of tax                                 | <b>(733)</b>                       | 2,027                                    | 2,386                             |
| Net dividends   | <b>(1,678)</b>                     | (1,914)                                  | (2,055)                           |
| Dividends   | <b>(3,261)</b>                     | (2,728)                                  | (2,911)                           |
| Add back: shares issued in lieu of dividends                            | <b>1,583</b>                       | 814                                      | 856                               |
| Decrease/(increase) in goodwill and intangible assets deducted          | <b>2,282</b>                       | (1,269)                                  | (550)                             |
| Ordinary shares issued  | <b>61</b>                          | 18,182                                   | 217                               |
| Rights issue (net of expenses) <sup>59</sup>                            |                                    | 18,179                                   | 147                               |
| Other   | <b>61</b>                          | 3  | 70                                |
| Innovative tier 1 securities issued net of redemptions                  | <b>2,368</b>                       |  |                                   |
| Foreign currency translation differences                                | <b>(6,002)</b>                     | 3,396                                    | 1,441                             |
| Other   | <b>(1,150)</b>                     | (1,752)                                  | 878                               |
| Closing tier 1 capital  | <b>124,068</b>                     | 117,353                                  | 122,157                           |

**Movement in risk-weighted assets**

|                        |                  |           |           |
|------------------------|------------------|-----------|-----------|
| At beginning of period | <b>1,133,168</b> | 1,147,974 | 1,159,274 |
| Movements              | <b>(57,904)</b>  | 11,300    | (26,106)  |
| At end of period       | <b>1,075,264</b> | 1,159,274 | 1,133,168 |

*For footnote, see page 196.*

**Movement in tier 1 capital**

HSBC complied with the FSA's capital adequacy requirements throughout 2009 and the first half of 2010. Internal capital generation contributed US\$4.4 billion to tier 1 capital, being profits attributable to shareholders of the parent company, after taking account of own credit spread and net dividends. Tier 1 capital was further strengthened by an issue of US\$3.7 billion of innovative tier 1 securities, net of issuance costs, partly offset by a redemption of US\$1.3 billion of similar securities. Foreign currency translation differences decreased tier 1 capital by US\$6.0 billion. However, the impact was partly offset by the decrease in goodwill which was mainly due to the strengthening of the US dollar against the euro.

**Movement in risk-weighted assets**

Total RWAs decreased by US\$58 billion, or 5.1 per cent, in the first half of 2010. Foreign currency translation effects are estimated to have decreased RWAs by US\$21 billion, mainly as a result of the strengthening of the US dollar, particularly against sterling and the euro. This resulted in an estimated underlying decrease of US\$37 billion, comprising a decrease of US\$43 billion in credit risk, partly offset by an increase of US\$6 billion in counterparty credit risk and market risk. The decrease in credit risk was predominantly in North America, in part due to the run-off of the non-core retail portfolios.

**Risk-weighted assets by principal subsidiary**

In order to give an indication of how HSBC's capital is deployed, the table below analyses the disposition of RWAs by principal subsidiary. The RWAs are calculated using FSA rules and exclude intra-HSBC items.

**Table of Contents***Risk-weighted assets by principal subsidiary*

|  | At<br><b>30 June<br/>2010<br/>US\$m</b> | At<br>30 June<br>2009<br>US\$m | At<br>31<br>December<br>2009<br>US\$m |
|--|---|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| <b>Risk-weighted assets</b>  |   |                                |                                       |
| The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation                        | <b>294,129</b>                          | 264,546                        | 288,225                               |
| Hang Seng Bank   | <b>61,987</b>                           | 49,640                         | 60,991                                |
| HSBC Bank Malaysia   | <b>10,157</b>                           | 8,810                          | 8,606                                 |
| The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation and other subsidiaries | <b>221,985</b>                          | 206,096                        | 218,628                               |
| HSBC Bank  | <b>298,408</b>                          | 347,629                        | 318,570                               |
| HSBC Private Banking Holdings (Suisse)                               | <b>18,725</b>                           | 19,854                         | 20,200                                |
| HSBC France  | <b>44,280</b>                           | 61,200                         | 50,462                                |
| HSBC Bank and other subsidiaries                                     | <b>235,403</b>                          | 266,575                        | 247,908                               |
| HSBC North America   | <b>285,001</b>                          | 392,043                        | 363,622                               |
| HSBC Finance   | <b>148,528</b>                          | 190,483                        | 174,595                               |
| HSBC Bank Canada <sup>60</sup>                                       |   | 33,532                         | 34,831                                |
| HSBC Bank USA and other subsidiaries                                 | <b>136,473</b>                          | 168,028                        | 154,196                               |
| HSBC Mexico  | <b>23,035</b>                           | 21,209                         | 22,624                                |
| HSBC Bank Middle East  | <b>33,281</b>                           | 33,414                         | 33,773                                |
| HSBC Bank Canada <sup>60</sup>                                       | <b>32,909</b>                           |                                |                                       |
| HSBC Brazil  | <b>45,726</b>                           | 32,655                         | 41,782                                |
| HSBC Bank Panama   | <b>9,498</b>                            | 8,265                          | 9,142                                 |
| HSBC Bank Bermuda  | <b>5,292</b>                            | 4,735                          | 4,663                                 |
| Other  | <b>47,985</b>                           | 54,778                         | 50,767                                |
|  | <b>1,075,264</b>                        | 1,159,274                      | 1,133,168                             |

*For footnote, see page 196.*

**Table of Contents**

**HSBC HOLDINGS PLC**

**Interim Management Report: Risk (continued)**

Footnotes to Risk

**Credit risk**

- 1 *The amount of the loan commitments reflects, where relevant, the expected level of take-up of pre-approved loan offers made by mailshots to personal customers. In addition to those amounts, there is a further maximum possible exposure to credit risk of US\$158,587 million (30 June 2009: US\$36,199 million; 31 December 2009: US\$62,286 million), reflecting the full take-up of such irrevocable loan commitments. The take-up of such offers is generally at modest levels.*
  
- 2 *As discussed under Write-off of loans and advances on page 205 of the Annual Report and Accounts 2009, there was a change in the write-off period in North America during 2009 and the figures reported as at 31 March 2010 (where applicable), 30 June 2010 and 31 December 2009 are*

*on the basis of this new period. The effect of this change at 31 December 2009 was an acceleration of write-offs which reduced gross residential mortgages by US\$1,924 million, other personal loans by US\$1,340 million, total personal lending by US\$3,264 million, second lien mortgages by US\$425 million and total mortgage lending by US\$2,349 million, with a corresponding reduction in impairment allowances. There was no significant effect on net loans and advances or loan impairment charges.*

- 3 *Residential mortgages include Hong Kong Government Home Ownership Scheme loans of US\$3,362 million at 30 June 2010 (30 June 2009: US\$3,686 million; 31 December 2009: US\$3,456 million).*
- 4 *Other personal loans and advances include second lien mortgages and other*

*personal  
property-related  
lending.*

- 5 *Other commercial loans and advances include advances in respect of agriculture, transport, energy and utilities.*
- 6 *Included within Total gross loans and advances to customers is credit card lending of US\$61,022 million (30 June 2009: US\$70,044 million; 31 December 2009: US\$68,289 million).*
- 7 *Includes residential mortgages of HSBC Bank USA and HSBC Finance.*
- 8 *Comprising Hong Kong, Rest of Asia-Pacific, Middle East and Latin America.*
- 9 *Negative equity arises when the value of the loan exceeds the value of available equity, generally based on values at balance sheet date. The comparative data for 30 June 2009 for the UK and the US are restated accordingly (previously these values were based on the origination date).*

- 10 *Loan to value ratios are generally based on values at the balance sheet date. The comparative data for 30 June 2009 for the UK and the US are restated accordingly (previously these ratios were based on the origination date).*
- 11 *HSBC Finance mortgage lending is shown on a management basis and includes loans transferred to HSBC USA Inc. which are managed by HSBC Finance.*
- 12 *Excluding the change in write-off period discussed in footnote 2, HSBC Finance mortgage lending at 31 December 2009 totalled US\$63,724 million, of which US\$52,914 million was fixed rate, US\$9,537 million was adjustable rate and US\$1,274 million was interest only. Of the total, US\$55,625 million was first lien and US\$8,098 million was second lien.*
- 13 *Stated income lending forms a subset of total Mortgage Services*



*lending across all categories.*

- 14 *By states which individually account for 5 per cent or more of HSBC Finance's US customer loan portfolio.*
- 15 *Percentages are expressed as a function of the relevant gross loans and receivables balance.*
- 16 *The average loss on sale of foreclosed properties is calculated as cash proceeds after deducting selling costs and commissions, minus the book value of the property when it was moved to Real estate owned divided by the book value of the property when it was moved to Real estate owned .*
- 17 *The average total loss on foreclosed properties sold during each quarter includes both the loss on sale and the cumulative write-downs recognised on the loans up to and upon classification as Real estate owned . This average total loss on foreclosed*

*properties is expressed as a percentage of the book value of the property prior to its transfer to Real estate owned .*

- 18 *HSBC observes the disclosure convention that, in addition to those classified as EL9 to EL10, retail accounts classified EL1 to EL8 that are delinquent by 90 days or more are considered impaired, unless individually they have been assessed as not impaired (see page 162, Past due but not impaired gross financial instruments ).*
- 19 *The EL percentage is derived through a combination of PD and LGD, and may exceed 100 per cent in circumstances where the LGD is above 100 per cent reflecting the cost of recoveries.*
- 20 *Impairment allowances are not reported for financial instruments whereby the carrying amount is reduced directly for impairment and not through the use of an allowance account.*

- 21 *Impairment is not measured for assets held in trading portfolios, designated at fair value or derivatives as assets in such portfolios are managed according to movements in fair value, and the fair value movement is taken directly to the income statement. Consequently, all such balances are reported under Neither past due nor impaired .*
- 22 *Includes asset-backed securities that have been externally rated as strong (30 June 2010: US\$4,156 million; 30 June 2009: US\$7,827 million; 31 December 2009: US\$5,707 million), good (30 June 2010: US\$1,039 million; 30 June 2009: nil; 31 December 2009: US\$881 million), satisfactory (30 June 2010: US\$223 million; 30 June 2009: nil; 31 December 2009: US\$311 million), sub-standard (30 June 2010: US\$511 million; 30 June 2009: nil; 31 December 2009: US\$468 million) and impaired (30 June 2010: US\$243 million; 30*

*June 2009: nil; 31  
December 2009:  
US\$460 million).*

- 23 *Impaired loans and advances are those classified as CRR 9, CRR 10, EL 9 or EL 10 and all retail loans 90 days or more past due, unless individually they have been assessed as not impaired.*
- 24 *Collectively assessed loans and advances comprise homogeneous groups of loans that are not considered individually significant, and loans subject to individual assessment where no impairment has been identified on an individual basis, but on which a collective impairment allowance has been calculated to reflect losses which have been incurred but not yet identified.*
- 25 *Collectively assessed loans and advances not impaired are those classified as CRR1 to CRR8 and EL1 to EL8 but excluding retail loans 90 days past due.*
- 26 *The impairment allowances on loans and advances to*

*banks relate to the geographical regions, Europe, Middle East and North America.*

- 27 *Net of repo transactions, settlement accounts and stock borrowings.*
- 28 *As a percentage of loans and advances to banks and loans and advances to customers, as applicable.*
- 29 *Excludes trading loans classified as in default.*

**Liquidity and funding**

- 30 *Figures provided for HSBC Bank plc and The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation incorporate the major overseas branches of these entities. Subsidiaries of these entities are not included unless there is unrestricted transferability of liquidity between the subsidiaries and the parent.*

**Table of Contents**

- 31 *This comprises the Group's other main banking subsidiaries and, as such, includes businesses spread across a range of locations, in many of which HSBC may require a higher ratio of net liquid assets to customer liabilities to reflect local market conditions.*
- 32 *Unused committed sources of secured funding for which eligible assets were held.*
- 33 *Client-originated asset exposures relate to consolidated multi-seller conduits (see page 126). These vehicles provide funding to Group customers by issuing debt secured by a diversified pool of customer-originated assets.*
- 34 *HSBC-managed asset exposures relate to consolidated securities investment conduits, primarily Solitaire and Mazarin (see page 126). These vehicles issue debt secured by ABSs which are managed by HSBC. Of the total*

*contingent liquidity risk under this category, US\$8.5 billion was already funded on-balance sheet at 30 June 2010 (30 June 2009: US\$21.9 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$18.7 billion) leaving a net contingent exposure of US\$18.4 billion (30 June 2009: US\$9.0 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$10.4 billion).*

- 35 *Other conduit exposures relate to third-party sponsored conduits (see page 136).*
- 36 *The five largest committed liquidity facilities provided to customers other than those facilities to conduits.*
- 37 *The total of all committed liquidity facilities provided to the largest market sector, other than those facilities to conduits.*

**Market risk**

- 38 *The structural foreign exchange risk is monitored using sensitivity analysis (see page 182). The reporting of commodity risk is consolidated*

*with foreign exchange risk and is not applicable to non-trading portfolios.*

- 39 *The interest rate risk on the fixed-rate securities issued by HSBC Holdings is not included in the Group VAR. The management of this risk is described on page 182.*
- 40 *Credit spread sensitivity is reported separately for insurance operations (see page 186).*
- 41 *The standard deviation measures the variation of daily revenues about the mean value of those revenues.*
- 42 *The effect of any month-end adjustments not attributable to a specific daily market move is spread evenly over the days in the month in question.*
- 43 *The total VAR is non-additive across risk types*



*due to  
diversification  
effects.*

**Risk management of insurance operations**

- 44 *HSBC has no insurance manufacturing subsidiaries in the Middle East.*
- 45 *Insurance contracts and investment contracts with discretionary participation features ( DPF ) can give policyholders the contractual right to receive, as a supplement to their guaranteed benefits, additional benefits that may be a significant portion of the total contractual benefits, but whose amount and timing are determined by HSBC. These additional benefits are contractually based on the performance of a specified pool of contracts or assets, or the profit of the company issuing the contracts. In the first half of 2010, policyholder liabilities in relation to certain hybrid contracts were reclassified from Insurance contracts with DPF and Life (linked) contracts*

*to Investment contracts with DPF to reflect policyholder behaviour which supports the contracts being presented as a single contract in accordance with its dominant contractual feature, rather than being separately analysed into its component parts.*

46 *Although investment contracts with DPF are financial instruments, HSBC continues to account for them as insurance contracts as permitted by IFRS 4.*

47 *Net written insurance premiums represent gross written premiums less gross written premiums ceded to reinsurers.*

48 *Term assurance includes credit life insurance.*

49 *Other assets comprise shareholder assets.*

50 *Present value of in-force long-term insurance contracts and investment contracts with DPF.*

51 *Does not include associated insurance companies, Ping An Insurance, SABB Takaful Company or Bao Viet, or joint venture insurance companies, Hana Life and Canara HSBC Oriental Bank of Commerce Life Insurance Company Limited.*

52 *Does not include associated insurance companies, Ping An Insurance and SABB Takaful Company or joint venture insurance companies, Hana Life and Canara HSBC Oriental Bank of Commerce Life Insurance Company Limited.*

**Capital management and allocation**

53 *Includes externally verified profits for the half-year to 30 June 2010.*

54 *Mainly comprises unrealised losses on available-for-sale debt securities within SPEs which are excluded from the regulatory consolidation.*

55 *Under FSA rules, unrealised*

*gains/losses on debt securities net of tax must be excluded from capital resources.*

56 *Under FSA rules, the defined benefit liability may be substituted with the additional funding that will be paid into the relevant schemes over the following five year period.*

57 *Mainly comprise investments in insurance entities.*

58 *Under FSA rules, collective impairment allowances on loan portfolios on the standardised approach are included in tier 2 capital.*

59 *The rights issue excludes losses arising on derivative contracts and certain fees that were recognised in the income statement. These amounted to US\$147 million in the half-year to 31 December 2009 and US\$344 million in the half-year to 30 June 2009.*

60 *HSBC Bank Canada was*

*transferred from  
HSBC North  
America to the  
ownership of  
HSBC Overseas  
Holdings  
(UK) Limited with  
effect from 31  
January 2010.*

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Board of Directors and Senior Management****Directors****S K Green**, Group Chairman

Age 61. An executive Director since 1998; Group Chief Executive from 2003 to 2006. Joined HSBC in 1982. Chairman of the Nomination Committee since 26 February 2010. A director of HSBC Bank plc, having ceased to be chairman on 21 April 2010. A director of The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited. Chairman and a director of HSBC Private Banking Holdings (Suisse) SA until 25 February 2010. Ceased to be a director of HSBC France on 16 February 2010 and HSBC North America Holdings Inc. on 13 May 2010. Chairman of The British Bankers' Association and, since April 2009, a non-executive director of BASF SE.

Mr Green is a career banker having joined The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited in 1982 with responsibility for corporate planning activities. He was Group Treasurer, with responsibility for HSBC's treasury and capital markets businesses globally from 1992 to 1998 and executive Director, Corporate, Investment Banking and Markets from 1998 to 2003, when he was appointed Group Chief Executive. He has worked in Hong Kong, New York, the Middle East and London and has extensive international experience and knowledge of the HSBC Group.

**M F Geoghegan**, CBE, Group Chief Executive

Age 56. An executive Director since 2004. Joined HSBC in 1973. Chairman of the Group Management Board. Chairman of The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited since 1 February 2010 and chairman of HSBC Bank Canada. Deputy chairman of HSBC Bank plc. A director of HSBC North America Holdings Inc. Ceased to be a director of HSBC Latin America Holdings (UK) Limited on 27 May 2010. Former chairman and a director of HSBC Bank USA, N.A. and HSBC USA Inc. Chief Executive of HSBC Bank plc from 2004 to 2006. Responsible for all of HSBC's business throughout South America from 2000 to 2003. President of HSBC Bank Brasil S.A. Banco Múltiplo from 1997 to 2003.

Mr Geoghegan is a career banker with over 35 years' international experience with HSBC. He has worked in the Americas, Asia, the Middle East and Europe. He established the Group's operations in Brazil in 1997 following the creation of Banco HSBC Bamerindus S.A. and in 2003 he was honoured with a CBE in recognition of his contribution to British business interests in Brazil.

**S A Catz**

Age 48. President of Oracle Corporation. A non-executive Director since 2008. Managing Director of Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette from 1997 to 1999. Joined Oracle in 1999 and appointed to the Board of Directors in 2001.

Ms Catz brings to the Board a background in international business leadership, having helped transform Oracle into the second biggest producer of management software and the world's leading supplier of software for information management.

**V H C Cheng**, GBS, OBE

Age 62. Chairman of HSBC Bank (China) Company Limited and, since 21 January 2010, of HSBC Bank (Taiwan) Limited. An executive Director since 2008 and a member of the Corporate Sustainability Committee since 28 May 2010. Joined HSBC in 1978. Appointed a Group General Manager in 1995 and a Group Managing Director in 2005. A director of HSBC Bank (Vietnam) Limited. An independent non-executive director of Great Eagle Holdings Limited and MTR Corporation Limited. Vice Chairman of the China Banking Association. A member of the National Committee of the 11th Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference (CPPCC), and a senior adviser to the 11th Beijing Municipal Committee of the CPPCC. Ceased to be chairman and a director of The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited on 1 February 2010 and of HSBC Global Asset Management (Hong Kong) Limited on 4 February 2010. Ceased to be a director of HSBC Bank Australia Limited and a member of the Exchange Fund Advisory Committee of the Hong Kong Monetary Authority on 1 February 2010. A non-executive director of Swire Pacific Limited from 2005 to 2008. Awarded the Gold Bauhinia Star by the Hong Kong Government in 2005.

Mr Cheng is a career banker with extensive international business experience particularly in Asia. Mr Cheng is Vice President of the Hong Kong Institute of Bankers and was chairman of the Process Review Panel for the Securities and Futures Commission and of the Standing Committee on Directorate Salaries and Conditions of Service of the Hong Kong Government. Chairman of the Council of the Chinese University of Hong Kong since

October 2009. He was seconded to the Hong Kong Government's Central Policy Unit from 1989 to 1991 serving as an adviser to the Governor of Hong Kong.

**Table of Contents****M K T Cheung, GBS, OBE**

Age 62. Non-executive chairman of the Airport Authority Hong Kong. A non-executive Director since February 2009 and a member of the Group Audit Committee since 1 March 2010. A non-executive director of Hang Seng Bank Limited, HKR International Limited and Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited. A non-official member of the Executive Council of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region. Non-executive chairman of the Council of the Hong Kong University of Science and Technology. A director of The Association of Former Council Members of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and The Hong Kong International Film Festival Society Limited. Ceased to be a non-executive director of Sun Hung Kai Properties Limited in December 2009. Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of KPMG Hong Kong from 1996 to 2003. A Council Member of the Open University of Hong Kong until June 2009. Awarded the Gold Bauhinia Star by the Hong Kong Government in 2008.

Dr Cheung brings to the Board a background in international business and financial accounting, particularly in Greater China and the wider Asian economy. He retired from KPMG Hong Kong in 2003 after more than 30 years distinguished service with the firm. He is a Fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales.

**J D Coombe**

Age 65. Non-executive chairman of Hogg Robinson Group plc. A non-executive Director since 2005 and chairman of the Group Audit Committee since 30 July 2010. A member of the Remuneration Committee and, since 26 February 2010, the Group Risk Committee. A non-executive director of Home Retail Group plc. A trustee of the Royal Academy Trust. Former appointments include: executive director and Chief Financial Officer of GlaxoSmithKline plc; non-executive director of GUS plc; a member of the Supervisory Board of Siemens AG; chairman of The Hundred Group of Finance Directors and a member of the Accounting Standards Board.

Mr Coombe brings to the Board a background in international business, financial accounting and the pharmaceutical industry. As Chief Financial Officer of GlaxoSmithKline he had responsibility for the Group's financial operations globally. He is a Fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales.

**R A Fairhead**

Age 48. Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and a director of Financial Times Group Limited. A non-executive Director since 2004. Chairman of the Group Risk Committee since 26 February 2010. A member of the Group Audit Committee, having ceased to be chairman on 30 July 2010. A member of the Nomination Committee. A director of Pearson plc and a non-executive director of The Economist Newspaper Limited. Ceased to be chairman and a director of Interactive Data Corporation on 30 July 2010. Former appointments include: Executive Vice President, Strategy and Group Control of Imperial Chemical Industries plc; and Finance Director of Pearson plc.

Mrs Fairhead brings to the Board a background in international industry, publishing, finance and general management. As the former Finance Director of Pearson plc she oversaw the day to day running of the finance function and was directly responsible for global financial reporting and control, tax and treasury. She has a Master's in Business Administration from the Harvard Business School.

**D J Flint, CBE, Chief Financial Officer, Executive Director, Risk and Regulation**

Age 55. Joined HSBC as an executive Director in 1995. A non-executive director of BP p.l.c. and a member of the Large Business Tax Forum. Co-Chairman of the Counterparty Risk Management Policy Group III in 2008. Chaired the Financial Reporting Council's review of the Turnbull Guidance on Internal Control in 2004. Served on the Accounting Standards Board and the Standards Advisory Council of the International Accounting Standards Board from 2001 to 2004. A former partner in KPMG.

Mr Flint has extensive financial experience particularly in banking, multinational financial reporting, treasury and securities trading operations. In 2006 he was honoured with a CBE in recognition of his services to the finance industry. He is a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Scotland and the Association of Corporate Treasurers and he is a Fellow of The Chartered Institute of Management Accountants.

**A A Flockhart, CBE**

Age 58. Chairman, Personal and Commercial Banking and Insurance. An executive Director since May 2008. Joined HSBC in 1974. Appointed a Group General Manager in 2002 and a Group





**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Board of Directors and Senior Management** (continued)

Managing Director in 2006. A director of HSBC Bank plc since 22 July 2010. Chairman of HSBC Latin America Holdings (UK) Limited since December 2009. A director of Hang Seng Bank Limited and HSBC Bank Australia Limited. A member of the Visa Asia Pacific Senior Advisory Council, Visa Inc. Chairman of HSBC Bank Malaysia Berhad from 2007 to 5 February 2010. Chief Executive Officer of The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited from 2007 to 1 February 2010. Ceased to be a director of HSBC Bank (China) Company Limited on 28 February 2010. Ceased to be vice chairman and a director of HSBC Bank (Vietnam) Limited on 16 June 2010. President and Group Managing Director Latin America and the Caribbean from 2006 to 2007. Chief Executive Officer, Mexico from 2002 to 2006. Senior Executive Vice-President, Commercial Banking, HSBC Bank USA, N.A. from 1999 to 2002. Managing Director of The Saudi British Bank from 1997 to 1999.

Mr Flockhart is a career banker, being an emerging markets specialist with over 35 years' experience with HSBC across Latin America, the Middle East and Asia. In 2007 he was honoured with a CBE in recognition of his services to British business and charitable services and institutions in Mexico.

**S T Gulliver**

Age 51. Chairman, Europe, Middle East and Global Businesses. An executive Director since 2008. Joined HSBC in 1980. Appointed a Group General Manager in 2000 and a Group Managing Director in 2004. Chairman of HSBC Bank plc since 21 April 2010, HSBC Private Banking Holdings (Suisse) SA since 25 February 2010, HSBC Bank Middle East since 15 February 2010 and HSBC France since January 2009. A director of The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited. Deputy chairman and a member of the Supervisory Board of HSBC Trinkaus & Burkhardt AG. Co-Head of Global Banking and Markets from 2003 to 2006. Head of Global Markets from 2002 to 2003. Head of Treasury and Capital Markets in Asia-Pacific from 1996 to 2002.

Mr Gulliver is a career banker with over 29 years' international experience with HSBC. He has held a number of key roles in the Group's operations worldwide, including in London, Hong Kong, Tokyo, Kuala Lumpur and the United Arab Emirates. Global Banking and Markets is the wholesale banking division of the Group with operations in more than 60 countries and territories.

**J W J Hughes-Hallett, SBS**

Age 60. Chairman of John Swire & Sons Limited. A non-executive Director since 2005. A member of the Nomination Committee and, since 26 February 2010, of the Group Risk Committee. A member of the Group Audit Committee until 1 March 2010. A non-executive director and former chairman of Cathay Pacific Airways Limited and Swire Pacific Limited. A non-executive director of The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited from 1999 to 2004. A trustee of the Dulwich Picture Gallery and the Esmée Fairbairn Foundation. A member of The Hong Kong Association and the Governing Board of the Courtauld Institute of Art. Awarded the Silver Bauhinia Star by the Hong Kong Government in 2004.

Mr Hughes-Hallett brings to the Board a background in financial accounting and the management of a broad range of businesses in a number of international industries, including aviation, insurance, property, shipping, manufacturing and trading in the Far East, UK, US and Australia. He is a Fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales.

**W S H Laidlaw**

Age 54. Chief Executive Officer of Centrica plc. A non-executive Director since 2008. A member of the Remuneration Committee. Former appointments include: Executive Vice President of Chevron Corporation; non-executive director of Hanson PLC; Chief Executive Officer of Enterprise Oil plc; and President and Chief Operating Officer of Amerada Hess Corporation.

Mr Laidlaw brings to the Board significant international experience, particularly in the energy sector, having had responsibility for businesses in four continents. He has a Master's in Business Administration from INSEAD.

**J R Lomax**

Age 65. Former Deputy Governor, Monetary Stability, at the Bank of England and a member of the Monetary Policy Committee. A non-executive Director since 2008. A member of the Group Audit Committee since March 2009 and the Group Risk Committee since 26 February 2010. A non-executive director of The Scottish American Investment

Company PLC and Reinsurance Group of America Inc., and since 7 July 2010, Arcus European Infrastructure Fund GP LLP. A director of the Council of Imperial College, London and a member

**Table of Contents**

of the Board of the Royal National Theatre. A member of the Business Advisory Group to the UK Secretary of State for Business since 18 May 2010. Former appointments include: Deputy Governor of the Bank of England from 2003 to 2008; Permanent Secretary at the UK Government Departments for Transport and Work and Pensions and at the Welsh Office from 1996 to 2003; and Vice President and Chief of Staff to the President of the World Bank from 1995 to 1996.

Ms Lomax brings to the Board business experience in both the public and private sectors and a deep knowledge of the operation of the UK government and the financial system.

**G Morgan**

Age 64. Non-executive Chairman of SNC-Lavalin Group Inc. A non-executive Director since 2006. A member of the Remuneration Committee. A member of the Board of Trustees of The Fraser Institute and the Manning Centre for Building Democracy. A non-executive director of HSBC Bank Canada from 1996 to 2006. Former appointments include: Founding President, Chief Executive Officer and Vice Chairman of EnCana Corporation; director of Alcan Inc. and Lafarge North America, Inc.

Mr Morgan brings to the Board a background in technical, operational, financial and management positions and has led large international companies in the energy and engineering sectors. He has been recognised as Canada's most respected Chief Executive Officer in a national poll of Chief Executives. He is currently a business columnist for Canada's largest national newspaper.

**N R N Murthy, CBE**

Age 63. Chairman and Chief Mentor and former Chief Executive Officer of Infosys Technologies Limited. A non-executive Director since 2008. Chairman of the Corporate Sustainability Committee since 28 May 2010. A director of the United Nations Foundation. Ceased to be a director of Unilever plc on 12 May 2010. A former non-executive director of DBS Group Holdings Limited, DBS Bank Limited and New Delhi Television Limited.

Mr Murthy brings to the Board experience in information technology, corporate governance and education, particularly in India. He founded Infosys Technologies Limited in India in 1981 and was its Chief Executive Officer for 21 years. Under his leadership, Infosys established a global footprint and was listed on NASDAQ in 1999. During his career he has worked in France and India.

**Sir Simon Robertson, senior independent non-executive Director**

Age 69. Non-executive chairman of Rolls-Royce Group plc and the founder member of Simon Robertson Associates LLP. A non-executive Director since 2006 and senior independent non-executive Director since 2007. A member of the Nomination Committee. A non-executive director of Berry Bros. & Rudd Limited, The Economist Newspaper Limited and Royal Opera House Covent Garden Limited. A trustee of the Eden Project Trust and of the Royal Opera House Endowment Fund. Former appointments include: Managing Director of Goldman Sachs International; and chairman of Dresdner Kleinwort Benson.

Sir Simon brings to the Board a background in international corporate advisory with a wealth of experience in mergers and acquisitions, merchant banking, investment banking and financial markets. During his career he has worked in France, Germany, the UK and the USA. In June 2010 he was honoured with a knighthood in recognition of his services to business.

**J L Thornton**

Age 56. A non-executive Director since 2008. Chairman of the Remuneration Committee since 28 May 2010. Non-executive chairman and a director of HSBC North America Holdings Inc. since 2008. Professor and a director of the Global Leadership Program at the Tsinghua University School of Economics and Management. Chairman of the Brookings Institution Board of Trustees. A non-executive director of Ford Motor Company, News Corporation, Inc. and China Unicom (Hong Kong) Limited. A director of the National Committee on United States-China Relations and a Trustee of Asia Society, China Institute, The China Foreign Affairs University, the Palm Beach Civic Association and the United World College of East Africa Trust. A member of the Council on Foreign Relations, the China Securities Regulatory Commission International Advisory Committee and China Reform Forum International Advisory Committee. Former appointments include: non-executive director of Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited from 2005 to 2008; Intel Corporation, Inc. from 2003 until 18 May 2010; and President of the Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. from 1999 to 2003.

Mr Thornton brings to the Board experience that bridges developed and developing economies and the public and private sectors. He has a deep knowledge of financial services and education

**Table of Contents**

**HSBC HOLDINGS PLC**

**Board of Directors and Senior Management** (continued)

systems, particularly in Asia. During his 23 year career with Goldman Sachs, he played a key role in the firm's global development and was chairman of Goldman Sachs Asia.

**Sir Brian Williamson, CBE**

Age 65. A non-executive Director since 2002. A member of the Nomination Committee, having ceased to be chairman on 26 February 2010. A director of NYSE Euronext. Chairman of Electra Private Equity plc until 24 May 2010. Former appointments include: chairman of London International Financial Futures and Options Exchange and Gerrard Group plc; director of Climate Exchange plc and non-executive director of Resolution plc, the Financial Services Authority and the Court of The Bank of Ireland.

Sir Brian brings to the Board extensive experience in money and bond markets, insurance, private equity, futures, options and commodities trading internationally. He established the London International Financial Futures and Options Exchange in the 1980s and led the Exchange's development of its electronic trading platform in the mid-1990s. He was the first chairman of Resolution plc, established to consolidate life assurance business in the UK. He is a member of the Guild for International Bankers.

*Independent non-executive Director.*

**Secretary**

**R G Barber**

Age 59. Group Company Secretary. A Group General Manager since 2006. Joined HSBC in 1980. Company Secretary of HSBC Holdings plc since 1990. Chairman of the Disclosure Committee. A member of the Listing Authority Advisory Committee of the Financial Services Authority and of the Primary Markets Group of the London Stock Exchange. Corporation Secretary of The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited from 1986 to 1992 and Company Secretary of HSBC Bank plc from 1994 to 1996.

**Adviser to the Board**

**D J Shaw**

Age 64. An Adviser to the Board since 1998. Solicitor. A former partner in Norton Rose. A director of HSBC Bank Bermuda Limited, HSBC Private Banking Holdings (Suisse) SA and HSBC Private Bank (Suisse) SA. An independent non-executive director of Kowloon Development Company Limited and Shui On Land Limited.

**Table of Contents****Group Managing Directors****A Almeida**

Age 54. Group Head of Human Resources. A Group Managing Director since 2008. Joined HSBC in 1992. Appointed a Group General Manager in 2007. Global Head of Human Resources for Global Banking and Markets, Global Private Banking, Global Transaction Banking and HSBC Amanah from 1996 to 2007.

**E Alonso**

Age 55. Group Managing Director and Head of HSBC Latin America and the Caribbean. A Group Managing Director since 2008. Joined HSBC in 1997. Appointed a Group General Manager in 2006. Chairman Grupo Financiero HSBC, S.A. de C.V., and HSBC México, S.A., Institución de Banca Múltiple, Grupo Financiero HSBC. President of the Board of Directors of HSBC Bank (Panamá) S.A. A director of HSBC Latin America Holdings (UK) Limited and HSBC Argentina Holdings S.A. A director of HSBC Bank Brasil S.A. Banco Múltiple and Managing Director of HSBC Serviços e Participações Ltda. from 2004 to 2008. Managing Director of HSBC (Brasil) Administradora de Consorcio Ltda. from 2001 to 2008.

**N S K Booker**

Age 51. Chief Executive Officer, HSBC North America Holdings Inc. and a Group Managing Director since 1 August 2010. Joined HSBC in 1981. Appointed a Group General Manager in 2004. Chief Executive Officer of HSBC Finance Corporation from 2008 to July 2010. Deputy Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of HSBC Bank Middle East Limited from 2006 to 2007. Chief Executive Officer, India from 2002 to 2006.

**K M Harvey**

Age 49. Group Chief Technology and Services Officer. A Group Managing Director since 2008. Joined HSBC Finance Corporation in 1989. Appointed a Group General Manager in 2004. Group Chief Information Officer from 2004 to 2008. President of HSBC Technology and Services (USA) Inc. from 2003 to 2004. Group Executive for HSBC Finance Corporation from 1993 to 2002. Managing Director of Data Processing, HFC Bank Limited from 1992 to 1993. Director of Banking Systems, HSBC Finance Corporation from 1990 to 1992.

**A C Hungate**

Age 43. Global Head of Personal Financial Services and Marketing. Joined HSBC as a Group Managing Director in 2007. A director of HSBC Bank Egypt S.A.E. Formerly Managing Director, Asia Pacific at Reuters.

**B Robertson**

Age 56. Group Chief Risk Officer. A Group Managing Director since 2008. Joined HSBC in 1975. Appointed a Group General Manager in 2003. Group General Manager, Group Credit and Risk from 2005 to 2007. Head of Global Banking and Markets for North America from 2003 to 2005.

**P A Thurston**

Age 56. Chief Executive, HSBC Bank plc since April 2009. A Group Managing Director since 2008. Joined HSBC in 1975. Appointed a Group General Manager in 2003. Chairman of HSBC Life (UK) Limited. A director of HSBC Bank plc.

**P T S Wong**

Age 58. Chief Executive, The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited and a Group Managing Director since 1 February 2010. Joined HSBC and appointed a Group General Manager in 2005. Deputy Chairman of HSBC Bank (China) Company Limited. Chairman of HSBC Bank Malaysia Berhad. Vice Chairman of HSBC Bank (Vietnam) Ltd. A director of HSBC Bank Australia Limited, Hang Seng Bank Limited, Bank of Communications Co., Ltd., Ping An Insurance (Group) Company of China, Ltd. and Cathay Pacific Airways Limited.

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Financial Statements (unaudited)****Consolidated income statement for the half-year to 30 June 2010**

|  |                | Half-year to |          |
|--|----------------|--------------|----------|
|  | <b>30 June</b> | 30 June      | 31       |
|  | <b>2010</b>    | 2009         | December |
|  | <b>US\$m</b>   | US\$m        | 2009     |
|  | <i>Notes</i>   |              | US\$m    |
| Interest income  | <b>28,686</b>  | 32,479       | 29,617   |
| Interest expense   | <b>(8,929)</b> | (11,941)     | (9,425)  |
| Net interest income  | <b>19,757</b>  | 20,538       | 20,192   |
| Fee income   | <b>10,405</b>  | 10,191       | 11,212   |
| Fee expense  | <b>(1,887)</b> | (1,763)      | (1,976)  |
| Net fee income   | <b>8,518</b>   | 8,428        | 9,236    |
| Trading income excluding net interest income                                   | <b>2,309</b>   | 4,301        | 1,935    |
| Net interest income on trading activities                                      | <b>1,243</b>   | 1,954        | 1,673    |
| Net trading income   | <b>3,552</b>   | 6,255        | 3,608    |
| Changes in fair value of long-term debt issued and related derivatives         | <b>1,125</b>   | (2,300)      | (3,947)  |
| Net income/(expense) from other financial instruments designated at fair value | <b>(40)</b>    | 777          | 1,939    |
| Net income/(expense) from financial instruments designated at fair value       | <b>1,085</b>   | (1,523)      | (2,008)  |
| Gains less losses from financial investments                                   | <b>557</b>     | 323          | 197      |
| Dividend income  | <b>59</b>      | 57           | 69       |
| Net earned insurance premiums  | <b>5,666</b>   | 5,012        | 5,459    |
| Other operating income   | <b>1,478</b>   | 1,158        | 1,630    |
| <b>Total operating income</b>  | <b>40,672</b>  | 40,248       | 38,383   |
| Net insurance claims incurred and movement in liabilities to policyholders     | <b>(5,121)</b> | (5,507)      | (6,943)  |



|   |   |                 |          |          |
|---|---|-----------------|----------|----------|
| <b>Net operating income before loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions</b> |   | <b>35,551</b>   | 34,741   | 31,440   |
| Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions                                    |   | <b>(7,523)</b>  | (13,931) | (12,557) |
| <b>Net operating income</b>   |   | <b>28,028</b>   | 20,810   | 18,883   |
| Employee compensation and benefits  |   | <b>(9,806)</b>  | (9,207)  | (9,261)  |
| General and administrative expenses   |   | <b>(7,014)</b>  | (6,258)  | (7,134)  |
| Depreciation and impairment of property, plant and equipment                                |   | <b>(834)</b>    | (814)    | (911)    |
| Amortisation and impairment of intangible assets  |   | <b>(457)</b>    | (379)    | (431)    |
| <b>Total operating expenses</b>   |   | <b>(18,111)</b> | (16,658) | (17,737) |
| <b>Operating profit</b>   |   | <b>9,917</b>    | 4,152    | 1,146    |
| Share of profit in associates and joint ventures  |   | <b>1,187</b>    | 867      | 914      |
| <b>Profit before tax</b>  |   | <b>11,104</b>   | 5,019    | 2,060    |
| Tax expense   | 6 | <b>(3,856)</b>  | (1,286)  | 901      |
| <b>Profit for the period</b>  |   | <b>7,248</b>    | 3,733    | 2,961    |
| Profit attributable to shareholders of the parent company                                   |   | <b>6,763</b>    | 3,347    | 2,487    |
| Profit attributable to non-controlling interests  |   | <b>485</b>      | 386      | 474      |
|   |   | <b>US\$</b>     | US\$     | US\$     |
| Basic earnings per ordinary share   | 4 | <b>0.38</b>     | 0.21     | 0.13     |
| Diluted earnings per ordinary share   | 4 | <b>0.38</b>     | 0.21     | 0.13     |

*The accompanying notes on pages 212 to 232 and Fair values of financial instruments on pages 114 to 125 form an integral part of these financial statements.*

**Table of Contents****Consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the half-year to 30 June 2010**

|   | <b>30<br/>June<br/>2010<br/>US\$m</b> | Half-year to<br>30 June<br>2009<br>US\$m | 31<br>December<br>2009<br>US\$m |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| Profit for the period   | <b>7,248</b>                          | 3,733                                    | 2,961                           |
| <b>Other comprehensive income</b>   |                                       |  |                                 |
| Available-for-sale investments  | <b>4,206</b>                          | 3,870                                    | 6,947                           |
| fair value gains/(losses)   | <b>4,698</b>                          | 4,067                                    | 5,754                           |
| fair value (gains)/losses transferred to income statement on disposal amounts transferred to the income statement in respect of impairment losses | <b>(574)</b>                          | (720)                                    | 72                              |
| income taxes  | <b>678</b>                            | 872                                      | 1,519                           |
|   | <b>(596)</b>                          | (349)                                    | (398)                           |
| Cash flow hedges  | <b>(45)</b>                           | 452                                      | 320                             |
| fair value gains/(losses) taken to equity   | <b>(1,687)</b>                        | (111)                                    | 592                             |
| fair value (gains)/losses transferred to income statement   | <b>1,644</b>                          | 856                                      | (48)                            |
| income taxes  | <b>(2)</b>                            | (293)                                    | (224)                           |
| Actuarial gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans   | <b>(60)</b>                           | (2,609)                                  | 1                               |
| before income taxes   | <b>(82)</b>                           | (3,578)                                  | (8)                             |
| income taxes  | <b>22</b>                             | 969                                      | 9                               |
| Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures  | <b>73</b>                             | 105                                      | 44                              |
| Exchange differences  | <b>(6,128)</b>                        | 3,450                                    | 1,525                           |
| Other comprehensive income for the period, net of tax   | <b>(1,954)</b>                        | 5,268                                    | 8,837                           |
| Total comprehensive income for the period   | <b>5,294</b>                          | 9,001                                    | 11,798                          |
| Total comprehensive income for the period attributable to:  |                                       |  |                                 |
| shareholders of the parent company  | <b>4,901</b>                          | 8,397                                    | 11,132                          |
| non-controlling interests   | <b>393</b>                            | 604                                      | 666                             |
|   | <b>5,294</b>                          | 9,001                                    | 11,798                          |

*The accompanying notes on pages 212 to 232 and Fair values of financial instruments on pages 114 to 125 form an integral part of these financial statements.*

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued)****Consolidated balance sheet at 30 June 2010**

|  |              | At               | At        | At        |
|--|--------------|------------------|-----------|-----------|
|  |              | 30 June          | 30 June   | 31        |
|  |              | 2010             | 2009      | December  |
|  | <i>Notes</i> | US\$m            | US\$m     | US\$m     |
| <b>ASSETS</b>                                      |              |                  |           |           |
| Cash and balances at central banks                 |              | <b>71,576</b>    | 56,368    | 60,655    |
| Items in the course of collection from other banks |              | <b>11,195</b>    | 16,613    | 6,395     |
| Hong Kong Government certificates of indebtedness  |              | <b>18,364</b>    | 16,156    | 17,463    |
| Trading assets                                     | 7            | <b>403,800</b>   | 414,358   | 421,381   |
| Financial assets designated at fair value          | 8            | <b>32,243</b>    | 33,361    | 37,181    |
| Derivatives  | 9            | <b>288,279</b>   | 310,796   | 250,886   |
| Loans and advances to banks                        |              | <b>196,296</b>   | 182,266   | 179,781   |
| Loans and advances to customers                    |              | <b>893,337</b>   | 924,683   | 896,231   |
| Financial investments                              | 10           | <b>385,471</b>   | 353,444   | 369,158   |
| Other assets                                       | 11           | <b>42,140</b>    | 34,250    | 44,534    |
| Current tax assets                                 |              | <b>1,070</b>     | 1,201     | 2,937     |
| Prepayments and accrued income                     |              | <b>11,586</b>    | 14,486    | 12,423    |
| Interests in associates and joint ventures         |              | <b>15,701</b>    | 12,316    | 13,011    |
| Goodwill and intangible assets                     |              | <b>27,859</b>    | 29,105    | 29,994    |
| Property, plant and equipment                      |              | <b>13,291</b>    | 14,573    | 13,802    |
| Deferred tax assets                                |              | <b>6,246</b>     | 7,867     | 8,620     |
| <br>   |              |                  |           |           |
| Total assets                                       |              | <b>2,418,454</b> | 2,421,843 | 2,364,452 |

**LIABILITIES AND EQUITY****Liabilities**

|  |    |                  |           |           |
|--|----|------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Hong Kong currency notes in circulation            |    | <b>18,364</b>    | 16,156    | 17,463    |
| Deposits by banks                                  |    | <b>127,316</b>   | 129,151   | 124,872   |
| Customer accounts                                  |    | <b>1,147,321</b> | 1,163,343 | 1,159,034 |
| Items in the course of transmission to other banks |    | <b>11,976</b>    | 16,007    | 5,734     |
| Trading liabilities                                | 12 | <b>274,836</b>   | 264,562   | 268,130   |
| Financial liabilities designated at fair value     | 13 | <b>80,436</b>    | 77,314    | 80,092    |
| Derivatives  | 9  | <b>287,014</b>   | 298,876   | 247,646   |
| Debt securities in issue                           |    | <b>153,600</b>   | 156,199   | 146,896   |
| Other liabilities                                  |    | <b>71,732</b>    | 70,125    | 68,640    |
| Current tax liabilities                            |    | <b>2,558</b>     | 2,274     | 2,140     |
| Liabilities under insurance contracts              |    | <b>52,516</b>    | 48,184    | 53,707    |
| Accruals and deferred income                       |    | <b>12,174</b>    | 13,184    | 13,190    |
| Provisions   |    | <b>1,828</b>     | 1,949     | 1,965     |
| Deferred tax liabilities                           |    | <b>1,264</b>     | 1,849     | 1,837     |
| Retirement benefit liabilities                     |    | <b>3,949</b>     | 7,238     | 6,967     |

|                              |                  |           |           |
|------------------------------|------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Subordinated liabilities     | <b>28,247</b>    | 30,134    | 30,478    |
| Total liabilities            | <b>2,275,131</b> | 2,296,545 | 2,228,791 |
| <b>Equity</b>                |                  |           |           |
| Called up share capital      | <b>8,755</b>     | 8,658     | 8,705     |
| Share premium account        | <b>8,423</b>     | 8,390     | 8,413     |
| Other equity instruments     | <b>5,851</b>     | 2,133     | 2,133     |
| Other reserves               | <b>19,989</b>    | 19,186    | 22,236    |
| Retained earnings            | <b>92,925</b>    | 79,988    | 86,812    |
| Total shareholders' equity   | <b>135,943</b>   | 118,355   | 128,299   |
| Non-controlling interests    | <b>7,380</b>     | 6,943     | 7,362     |
| Total equity                 | <b>143,323</b>   | 125,298   | 135,661   |
| Total equity and liabilities | <b>2,418,454</b> | 2,421,843 | 2,364,452 |

*The accompanying notes on pages 212 to 232 and Fair values of financial instruments on pages 114 to 125 form an integral part of these financial statements.*

**Table of Contents****Consolidated statement of cash flows for the half-year to 30 June 2010**

|   |                          | Half-year to | 31        |
|---|--------------------------|--------------|-----------|
|   | <b>30 June</b>           | 30 June      | December  |
|   | <b>2010</b>              | 2009         | 2009      |
|   | <b>US\$m</b>             | US\$m        | US\$m     |
| <i>Notes</i>  |                          |              |           |
| <b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>                             |                          |              |           |
| Profit before tax   | <b>11,104</b>            | 5,019        | 2,060     |
| Adjustments for:  |                          |              |           |
| non-cash items included in profit before tax                            | <i>15</i> <b>9,553</b>   | 16,255       | 15,129    |
| change in operating assets  | <i>15</i> <b>14,130</b>  | (37,279)     | 16,476    |
| change in operating liabilities   | <i>15</i> <b>(1,389)</b> | 22,246       | (7,601)   |
| elimination of exchange differences                                     | <b>17,993</b>            | (7,878)      | (11,146)  |
| net gain from investing activities                                      | <b>(1,111)</b>           | (911)        | (999)     |
| share of profit in associates and joint ventures                        | <b>(1,187)</b>           | (867)        | (914)     |
| dividends received from associates                                      | <b>198</b>               | 195          | 219       |
| contributions paid to defined benefit plans                             | <b>(2,899)</b>           | (440)        | (534)     |
| tax paid  | <b>(247)</b>             | 118          | (2,250)   |
| Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities                  | <b>46,145</b>            | (3,542)      | 10,440    |
| <b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>                             |                          |              |           |
| Purchase of financial investments                                       | <b>(199,567)</b>         | (163,988)    | (140,641) |
| Proceeds from the sale and maturity of financial investments            | <b>178,272</b>           | 112,927      | 128,414   |
| Purchase of property, plant and equipment                               | <b>(739)</b>             | (781)        | (1,219)   |
| Proceeds from the sale of property, plant and equipment                 | <b>3,338</b>             | 2,203        | 2,498     |
| Proceeds from the sale of loan portfolios                               | <b>929</b>               | 3,961        | 891       |
| Net purchase of intangible assets                                       | <b>(521)</b>             | (463)        | (493)     |
| Net cash outflow from acquisition of subsidiaries                       | <b>(34)</b>              | (574)        | (103)     |
| Net cash inflow from disposal of subsidiaries                           | <b>191</b>               |              | 45        |
| Net cash outflow from acquisition of or increase in stake of associates | <b>(563)</b>             | (20)         | (42)      |
| Proceeds from disposal of associates and joint ventures                 | <b>171</b>               | 308          |           |
| Net cash used in investing activities                                   | <b>(18,523)</b>          | (46,427)     | (10,650)  |
| <b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>                             |                          |              |           |
| Issue of ordinary share capital   |                          | 18,181       | 217       |
| rights issue  |                          | 18,179       | 147       |

|   |                 |          |         |
|---|-----------------|----------|---------|
| other   |                 | 2        | 70      |
| Issue of other equity instruments   | <b>3,718</b>    |          |         |
| Net (purchases)/sales of own shares for market-making and investment purposes | <b>61</b>       | (51)     | (125)   |
| (Purchases)/sales of own shares to meet share awards and share option awards  | <b>19</b>       | (62)     | 11      |
| On exercise of share options  | <b>61</b>       |          | 12      |
| Subordinated loan capital issued  | <b>1,329</b>    | 2,763    | 196     |
| Subordinated loan capital repaid  | <b>(2,408)</b>  | (154)    | (4,483) |
| Dividends paid to shareholders of the parent company                          | <b>(2,126)</b>  | (2,426)  | (1,838) |
| Dividends paid to non-controlling interests                                   | <b>(329)</b>    | (433)    | (269)   |
| Dividends paid to holders of other equity instruments                         | <b>(134)</b>    | (89)     | (180)   |
| Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities                        | <b>191</b>      | 17,729   | (6,459) |
| Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents                          | <b>27,813</b>   | (32,240) | (6,669) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period                      | <b>250,766</b>  | 278,872  | 251,696 |
| Exchange differences in respect of cash and cash equivalents                  | <b>(12,669)</b> | 5,064    | 5,739   |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period                            | <b>265,910</b>  | 251,696  | 250,766 |

*For footnote, see page 211.*

*The accompanying notes on pages 212 to 232 and Fair values of financial instruments on pages 114 to 125 form an integral part of these financial statements.*

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued)****Consolidated statement of changes in equity for the half-year to 30 June 2010**

|  | Half-year to 30 June 2010  |                            |                            |                                  |                                |                                      |                          |                 |                               |               |                       |              |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------|--------------|
|  | Called up                  |                            | Other equity               |                                  | Available-for-sale             |                                      |                          | Other reserves  |                               | Share-based   |                       | Total        |
|  | share capital <sup>1</sup> | Share premium <sup>2</sup> | instruments <sup>3,4</sup> | Retained earnings <sup>3,4</sup> | valuation reserve <sup>5</sup> | Cash flow hedge reserve <sup>5</sup> | Foreign exchange reserve | payment reserve | Merger reserve <sup>3,6</sup> | holder equity | controlling interests | Total equity |
|  | US\$m                      | US\$m                      | US\$m                      | US\$m                            | US\$m                          | US\$m                                | US\$m                    | US\$m           | US\$m                         | US\$m         | US\$m                 | US\$m        |
| at 1 January 2010  | 8,705                      | 8,413                      | 2,133                      | 86,812                           | (9,965)                        | (26)                                 | 2,994                    | 1,925           | 27,308                        | 128,299       | 7,362                 | 135,661      |
| Profit for the period  |                            |                            |                            | 6,763                            |                                |                                      |                          |                 |                               | 6,763         | 485                   | 7,248        |
| Other comprehensive income (net of tax)                              |                            |                            |                            | 28                               | 4,151                          | (39)                                 | (6,002)                  |                 |                               | (1,862)       | (92)                  | (1,954)      |
| Available-for-sale investments                                       |                            |                            |                            |                                  | 4,151                          |                                      |                          |                 |                               | 4,151         | 55                    | 4,206        |
| Cash flow hedges   |                            |                            |                            |                                  |                                | (39)                                 |                          |                 |                               | (39)          | (6)                   | (45)         |
| Actuarial losses on defined benefit plans                            |                            |                            |                            | (45)                             |                                |                                      |                          |                 |                               | (45)          | (15)                  | (60)         |
| Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures |                            |                            |                            | 73                               |                                |                                      |                          |                 |                               | 73            |                       | 73           |
| Exchange differences   |                            |                            |                            |                                  |                                |                                      | (6,002)                  |                 |                               | (6,002)       | (126)                 | (6,128)      |
| Total comprehensive income for the period                            |                            |                            |                            | 6,791                            | 4,151                          | (39)                                 | (6,002)                  |                 |                               | 4,901         | 393                   | 5,294        |
| Shares issued under employee share plans                             | 3                          | 58                         |                            | 1,584                            |                                |                                      |                          |                 |                               | 61            |                       | 61           |
|  | 47                         | (48)                       |                            |                                  |                                |                                      |                          |                 |                               | 1,583         |                       | 1,583        |





**Table of Contents**

|  | Half-year to 30 June 2009 |  |                          |                                     |  |   |  |                                       |                                  |                   | Total<br>share-<br>holders | Non-<br>controlling<br>interests | Total<br>equity<br>US\$m |
|--|---------------------------|--|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|---|--|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|
|  | Called<br>up              |  | Other<br>equity          | Retained<br>earnings <sup>3,4</sup> | Available-<br>for-sale<br>fair<br>value<br>reserve | Cash<br>flow<br>hedging<br>reserve <sup>5</sup> | Other reserves<br>Foreign<br>exchange<br>reserve | Share-<br>based<br>payment<br>reserve | Merger<br>reserve <sup>3,6</sup> | share-<br>holders |                            |                                  |                          |
|  | share<br>capital<br>US\$m | Share<br>premium <sup>2</sup><br>US\$m | instru-<br>ment<br>US\$m | US\$m                               | US\$m  | US\$m   | US\$m  | US\$m                                 | US\$m                            | US\$m             | US\$m                      | US\$m                            | US\$m                    |
| 1<br>January 2009  | 6,053                     | 8,463                                  | 2,133                    | 80,689                              | (20,550)   | (806)   | (1,843)  | 1,995                                 | 17,457                           | 93,591            | 6,638                      | 100,229                          |                          |
| Profit for the<br>period   |                           |  |                          | 3,347                               |  |   |  |                                       |                                  | 3,347             | 386                        | 3,733                            |                          |
| Other<br>comprehensive<br>income (net of<br>tax)                                 |                           |  |                          | (2,567)                             | 3,755  | 466   | 3,396  |                                       |                                  | 5,050             | 218                        | 5,268                            |                          |
| Available-for-sale<br>investments  |                           |  |                          |                                     | 3,755  |   |  |                                       |                                  | 3,755             | 115                        | 3,870                            |                          |
| Cash flow hedges   |                           |  |                          |                                     |  | 466   |  |                                       |                                  | 466               | (14)                       | 452                              |                          |
| Actuarial<br>gains/(losses) on<br>defined benefit<br>plans                       |                           |  |                          | (2,672)                             |  |   |  |                                       |                                  | (2,672)           | 63                         | (2,609)                          |                          |
| Share of other<br>comprehensive<br>income of<br>associates and<br>joint ventures |                           |  |                          | 105                                 |  |   |  |                                       |                                  | 105               |                            | 105                              |                          |
| Exchange<br>differences  |                           |  |                          |                                     |  |   | 3,396  |                                       |                                  | 3,396             | 54                         | 3,450                            |                          |
| Total<br>comprehensive<br>income for the<br>period                               |                           |  |                          | 780                                 | 3,755  | 466   | 3,396  |                                       |                                  | 8,397             | 604                        | 9,001                            |                          |
| Shares issued<br>under employee<br>share plans                                   |                           | 3                                      |                          |                                     |  |   |  |                                       |                                  | 3                 |                            | 3                                |                          |
| Shares issued in<br>pursuance of dividends<br>and amounts                        | 75                        | (75)                                   |                          | 814                                 |  |   |  |                                       |                                  | 814               |                            | 814                              |                          |

|                             |       |       |       |        |          |       |       |       |        |         |       |  |         |
|-----------------------------|-------|-------|-------|--------|----------|-------|-------|-------|--------|---------|-------|--|---------|
| ...ing thereon <sup>2</sup> |       |       |       |        |          |       |       |       |        |         |       |  |         |
| ...ares issued in           |       |       |       |        |          |       |       |       |        |         |       |  |         |
| ...spect of rights          |       |       |       |        |          |       |       |       |        |         |       |  |         |
| ...ue                       | 2,530 |       |       |        |          |       |       |       | 15,649 | 18,179  |       |  | 18,179  |
| ...vidends to               |       |       |       |        |          |       |       |       |        |         |       |  |         |
| ...areholders               |       |       |       |        | (2,728)  |       |       |       |        | (2,728) | (513) |  | (3,241) |
| ...wn shares                |       |       |       |        |          |       |       |       |        |         |       |  |         |
| ...justment                 |       |       |       |        | (113)    |       |       |       |        | (113)   |       |  | (113)   |
| ...ercise and               |       |       |       |        |          |       |       |       |        |         |       |  |         |
| ...se of share              |       |       |       |        |          |       |       |       |        |         |       |  |         |
| ...tions and                |       |       |       |        |          |       |       |       |        |         |       |  |         |
| ...sting of share           |       |       |       |        |          |       |       |       |        |         |       |  |         |
| ...ards                     |       |       |       |        | 658      |       |       | (699) |        | (41)    |       |  | (41)    |
| ...st of                    |       |       |       |        |          |       |       |       |        |         |       |  |         |
| ...are-based                |       |       |       |        |          |       |       |       |        |         |       |  |         |
| ...yment                    |       |       |       |        |          |       |       |       |        |         |       |  |         |
| ...rangements               |       |       |       |        |          |       |       | 355   |        | 355     |       |  | 355     |
| ...come tax on              |       |       |       |        |          |       |       |       |        |         |       |  |         |
| ...are based                |       |       |       |        |          |       |       |       |        |         |       |  |         |
| ...yments                   |       |       |       |        | (9)      |       |       |       |        | (9)     |       |  | (9)     |
| ...her movements            | (1)   |       |       |        | (103)    |       |       | 11    |        | (93)    | 12    |  | (81)    |
| ...ange in                  |       |       |       |        |          |       |       |       |        |         |       |  |         |
| ...wnership                 |       |       |       |        |          |       |       |       |        |         |       |  |         |
| ...erest in                 |       |       |       |        |          |       |       |       |        |         |       |  |         |
| ...osidiaries               |       |       |       |        |          |       |       |       |        |         | 202   |  | 202     |
| 30 June 2009                | 8,658 | 8,390 | 2,133 | 79,988 | (16,795) | (340) | 1,553 | 1,662 | 33,106 | 118,355 | 6,943 |  | 125,299 |

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued)**

|  | Half-year to 31 December 2009 |                            |              |                                  |  |                                      |   |                             |                               |                | Total                 | Total        |
|--|-------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|--------------|
|  | Called up                     | Share premium <sup>2</sup> | Other equity | Retained earnings <sup>3,4</sup> | Available-for-sale fair value reserve <sup>5</sup> | Cash flow hedge reserve <sup>5</sup> | Other reserves Foreign exchange reserve | Share-based payment reserve | Merger reserve <sup>3,6</sup> | share-         |                       |              |
|  | share capital <sup>1</sup>    | Share premium <sup>2</sup> | instru- ment | Retained earnings <sup>3,4</sup> | value reserve                                      | hedging reserve <sup>5</sup>         | exchange reserve                        | payment reserve             | Merger reserve <sup>3,6</sup> | holders equity | controlling interests | Total equity |
|  | US\$m                         | US\$m                      | US\$m        | US\$m                            | US\$m  | US\$m                                | US\$m                                   | US\$m                       | US\$m                         | US\$m          | US\$m                 | US\$m        |
| 1 July 2009  | 8,658                         | 8,390                      | 2,133        | 79,988                           | (16,795)   | (340)                                | 1,553                                   | 1,662                       | 33,106                        | 118,355        | 6,943                 | 125,298      |
| Profit for the period  |                               |                            |              | 2,487                            |  |                                      |   |                             |                               | 2,487          | 474                   | 2,961        |
| Other comprehensive income (net of tax)                              |                               |                            |              | 31                               | 6,848  | 325                                  | 1,441                                   |                             |                               | 8,645          | 192                   | 8,837        |
| available-for-sale investments                                       |                               |                            |              |                                  | 6,848  |                                      |   |                             |                               | 6,848          | 99                    | 6,947        |
| Cash flow hedges   |                               |                            |              |                                  |  | 325                                  |   |                             |                               | 325            | (5)                   | 320          |
| actuarial gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans                    |                               |                            |              | (13)                             |  |                                      |   |                             |                               | (13)           | 14                    | 1            |
| Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures |                               |                            |              | 44                               |  |                                      |   |                             |                               | 44             |                       | 44           |
| Exchange differences   |                               |                            |              |                                  |  |                                      | 1,441                                   |                             |                               | 1,441          | 84                    | 1,525        |
| Total comprehensive income for period                                |                               |                            |              | 2,518                            | 6,848  | 325                                  | 1,441                                   |                             |                               | 11,132         | 666                   | 11,798       |
| Shares issued under employee share plans                             | 4                             | 66                         |              |                                  |  |                                      |   |                             |                               | 70             |                       | 70           |
| Shares issued in lieu of dividends and amounts                       | 43                            | (44)                       |              | 856                              |  |                                      |   |                             |                               | 855            |                       | 855          |



**Table of Contents**

Footnotes to Financial Statements

- 1 *Adjustment to bring changes between opening and closing balance sheet amounts to average rates. This is not done on a line-by-line basis, as details cannot be determined without unreasonable expense.*
- 2 *Share premium includes the deduction of US\$1 million (30 June 2009: US\$1 million; 31 December 2009: nil) in respect of issue costs incurred during the period.*
- 3 *Cumulative goodwill amounting to US\$5,138 million has been charged against reserves in respect of acquisitions of subsidiaries prior to 1 January 1998, including US\$3,469 million charged against the merger reserve arising on the acquisition of HSBC Bank plc. The balance of US\$1,669 million was charged against retained earnings.*
- 4 *Retained earnings include 127,950,817*

*(US\$1,578 million) of own shares held within HSBC's insurance business, retirement funds for the benefit of policyholders or beneficiaries within employee trusts for the settlement of shares expected to be delivered under employee share schemes or bonus plans, and the market-making activities in Global Markets (30 June 2009: 180,429,757 (US\$2,429 million); 31 December 2009: 179,964,968 (US\$2,572 million)).*

- 5 *Amounts transferred to the income statement in respect of cash flow hedges include US\$129 million loss (30 June 2009: US\$284 million loss; 31 December 2009: US\$218 million loss) taken to Net interest income and US\$1,515 million loss (30 June 2009: US\$572 million loss; 31 December 2009: US\$266 million gain) taken to Net trading income .*
  
- 6 *Statutory share premium relief under Section 131 of the Companies Act 1985 (the Act ) was taken in respect of the acquisition of*

*HSBC Bank plc in 1992, HSBC France in 2000 and HSBC Finance Corporation in 2003 and the shares issued were recorded at their nominal value only. In HSBC's consolidated financial statements the fair value differences of US\$8,290 million in respect of HSBC France and US\$12,768 million in respect of HSBC Finance Corporation were recognised in the merger reserve. The merger reserve created on the acquisition of HSBC Finance Corporation subsequently became attached to HSBC Overseas Holdings (UK) Limited (HOHU), following a number of intra-group reorganisations. At 30 June 2010, nil (30 June 2009: nil; 31 December 2009: US\$5,945 million) was transferred from this reserve to retained earnings as a result of impairment in HSBC Holdings investment in HOHU. During 2009, pursuant to Section 131 of the Companies Act 1985, statutory share premium relief was taken in respect of*



*the rights issue and US\$15,796 million was recognised in the merger reserve. The merger reserve includes the deduction of US\$614 million in respect of costs relating to the rights issue, of which US\$149 million was subsequently transferred to the income statement. Of this US\$149 million, US\$121 million was a loss arising from accounting for the agreement with the underwriters as a contingent forward contract. The merger reserve excludes the loss of US\$344 million on a forward foreign exchange contract associated with hedging the proceeds of the rights issue.*

- 7 *During June 2010, HSBC Holdings issued US\$3,800 million of Perpetual Subordinated Capital Securities, Series 2 ( capital securities ), on which there were US\$82 million of issuance costs which are classified as equity under IFRSs. The capital securities are exchangeable at HSBC Holdings option into non-cumulative US*

*dollar preference shares on any coupon payment date. Interest on the capital securities is paid quarterly and may be deferred at the discretion of HSBC Holdings. The capital securities may only be redeemed at the option of HSBC Holdings.*

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC**  
**Notes on the Financial Statements (unaudited)**

| <i>Note</i>  | <i>Page</i>     |
|--|-----------------|
| <u>1 Basis of preparation</u>  | 212             |
| <u>2 Accounting policies</u>   | 213             |
| <u>3 Dividends</u>   | 214             |
| <u>4 Earnings per share</u>  | 214             |
| <u>5 Post-employment benefits</u>  | 215             |
| <u>6 Tax expense</u>   | 217             |
| <u>7 Trading assets</u>  | 219             |
| <u>8 Financial assets designated at fair value</u>                       | 220             |
| <u>9 Derivatives</u>   | 221             |
| <u>10 Financial investments</u>  | 224             |
| <u>11 Non-current assets held for sale</u>                               | 226             |
| <u>12 Trading liabilities</u>  | 227             |
| <br><i>Note</i>  | <br><i>Page</i> |
| <u>13 Financial liabilities designated at fair value</u>                 | 227             |
| <u>14 Maturity analysis of assets and liabilities</u>                    | 227             |
| <u>15 Notes on the statement of cash flows</u>                           | 229             |
| <u>16 Contingent liabilities, contractual commitments and guarantees</u> | 230             |
| <u>17 Segmental analysis</u>   | 231             |
| <u>18 Goodwill impairment</u>  | 231             |
| <u>19 Litigation</u>   | 231             |
| <u>20 Events after the balance sheet date</u>                            | 232             |
| <u>21 Interim Report 2010 and statutory accounts</u>                     | 232             |

**1 Basis of preparation**

## (a) Compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards

The interim consolidated financial statements of HSBC have been prepared in accordance with the Disclosure Rules and Transparency Rules of the Financial Services Authority and IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting ( IAS 34 ) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ( IASB ) and as endorsed by the European Union ( EU ).

The consolidated financial statements of HSBC at 31 December 2009 were prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ( IFRSs ) as issued by the IASB and as endorsed by the EU. EU-endorsed IFRSs may differ from IFRSs as issued by the IASB if, at any point in time, new or amended IFRSs have not been endorsed by the EU. At 31 December 2009, there were no unendorsed standards effective for the year ended 31 December 2009 affecting the consolidated financial statements at that date, and there was no difference between IFRSs endorsed by the EU and IFRSs issued by the IASB in terms of their application to HSBC. Accordingly, HSBC's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009 were prepared in accordance with IFRSs as issued by the IASB.

At 30 June 2010, there were no unendorsed standards effective for the period ended 30 June 2010 affecting these interim consolidated financial statements, and there was no difference between IFRSs endorsed by the EU and IFRSs issued by the IASB in terms of their application to HSBC.

IFRSs comprise accounting standards issued by the IASB and its predecessor body as well as interpretations issued by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ( IFRIC ) and its predecessor body.

During the period ended 30 June 2010, HSBC adopted the following significant changes to IFRSs:

On 1 January 2010, HSBC adopted the revised IFRS 3 Business Combinations ( IFRS 3 ) and the amendments to IAS 27 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements . The main changes under the standards are that:

acquisition-related costs are recognised as an expense in the income statement in the period in which they are incurred;

all consideration transferred, including contingent consideration, is recognised and measured at fair value at the acquisition date;

equity interests held prior to control being obtained are remeasured to fair value at the date of obtaining control, and any gain or loss is recognised in the income statement;

changes in a parent s ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a change of control are treated as transactions between equity holders and are reported in equity; and

**Table of Contents**

an option is available, on a transaction-by-transaction basis, to measure any non-controlling (previously referred to as minority) interests in the entity acquired either at fair value, or at the non-controlling interests proportionate share of the net identifiable assets of the entity acquired.

In terms of their application to HSBC, the revised IFRS 3 and the amendments to IAS 27 apply prospectively to acquisitions made on or after 1 January 2010, and have no significant effect on these consolidated financial statements.

In addition to the above, during the period ended 30 June 2010, HSBC adopted a number of standards and interpretations and amendments thereto which had an insignificant effect on these consolidated financial statements.

(b) Presentation of information

HSBC's consolidated financial statements are presented in US dollars which is also HSBC Holdings' functional currency. HSBC Holdings' functional currency is the US dollar because the US dollar and currencies linked to it are the most significant currencies relevant to the underlying transactions, events and conditions of its subsidiaries, as well as representing a significant proportion of its funds generated from financing activities. HSBC uses the US dollar as its presentation currency in its consolidated financial statements because the US dollar and currencies linked to it form the major currency bloc in which HSBC transacts and funds its business.

(c) Comparative information

These interim consolidated financial statements include comparative information as required by IAS 34, the UK Disclosure Rules and Transparency Rules and the Hong Kong Listing Rules.

(d) Use of estimates and assumptions

The preparation of financial information requires the use of estimates and assumptions about future conditions. The use of available information and the application of judgement are inherent in the formation of estimates; actual results in the future may differ from those reported. Management believes that HSBC's critical accounting policies where judgement is necessarily applied are those which relate to impairment of loans and advances, goodwill impairment, the valuation of financial instruments, the impairment of available-for-sale financial assets and deferred tax assets. These critical accounting policies are described on pages 61 to 65 of the *Annual Report and Accounts 2009*.

(e) Consolidation

The interim consolidated financial statements of HSBC comprise the financial statements of HSBC Holdings and its subsidiaries. The method adopted by HSBC to consolidate its subsidiaries is described on page 367 of the *Annual Report and Accounts 2009*.

(f) Future accounting developments

At 30 June 2010, a number of standards and interpretations, and amendments thereto, had been issued by the IASB which are not yet effective for these consolidated financial statements. Except for those described on page 368 of the *Annual Report and Accounts 2009*, HSBC does not expect

the adoption of any of these to have a significant effect on these consolidated financial statements.

(g) Changes in composition of the Group

There were no material changes in the composition of the Group.

**2 Accounting policies**

The accounting policies adopted by HSBC for these interim consolidated financial statements are consistent with those described on pages 369 to 385 of the *Annual Report and Accounts 2009*, except as discussed in Note 1, Basis of preparation . The methods of computation applied by HSBC for these interim consolidated financial statements are consistent with those applied for the *Annual Report and Accounts 2009*.

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Notes on the Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued)****3 Dividends**

Dividends to shareholders of the parent company were as follows:

|  | 30 June 2010         |                |                                 | Half-year to<br>30 June 2009 |                |                                 | 31 December 2009     |                |                                 |
|--|----------------------|----------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|----------------|---------------------------------|
|  | Per<br>share<br>US\$ | Total<br>US\$m | Settled<br>in<br>scrip<br>US\$m | Per<br>share<br>US\$         | Total<br>US\$m | Settled<br>in<br>scrip<br>US\$m | Per<br>share<br>US\$ | Total<br>US\$m | Settled<br>in<br>scrip<br>US\$m |
| <b>Dividends<br/>declared on<br/>ordinary shares</b>                                 |                      |                |                                 |                              |                |                                 |                      |                |                                 |
| In respect of<br>previous year:  |                      |                |                                 |                              |                |                                 |                      |                |                                 |
| fourth interim<br>dividend   | <b>0.10</b>          | <b>1,733</b>   | <b>838</b>                      | 0.10                         | 1,210          | 624                             |                      |                |                                 |
| In respect of<br>current year:   |                      |                |                                 |                              |                |                                 |                      |                |                                 |
| first interim<br>dividend  | <b>0.08</b>          | <b>1,394</b>   | <b>746</b>                      | 0.08                         | 1,384          | 190                             |                      |                |                                 |
| second interim<br>dividend   |                      |                |                                 |                              |                |                                 | 0.08                 | 1,385          | 696                             |
| third interim<br>dividend  |                      |                |                                 |                              |                |                                 | 0.08                 | 1,391          | 160                             |
|  | <b>0.18</b>          | <b>3,127</b>   | <b>1,584</b>                    | 0.18                         | 2,594          | 814                             | 0.16                 | 2,776          | 856                             |
| <b>Quarterly<br/>dividends on<br/>preference shares<br/>classified as<br/>equity</b> |                      |                |                                 |                              |                |                                 |                      |                |                                 |
| March dividend   | <b>15.50</b>         | <b>22</b>      |                                 | 15.50                        | 22             |                                 |                      |                |                                 |
| June dividend  | <b>15.50</b>         | <b>23</b>      |                                 | 15.50                        | 23             |                                 |                      |                |                                 |
| September<br>dividend  |                      |                |                                 |                              |                |                                 | 15.50                | 22             |                                 |
| December<br>dividend   |                      |                |                                 |                              |                |                                 | 15.50                | 23             |                                 |
|  | <b>31.00</b>         | <b>45</b>      |                                 | 31.00                        | 45             |                                 | 31.00                | 45             |                                 |

**Quarterly  
coupons on**

**capital securities  
classified as  
equity**

|                |              |           |       |    |       |    |
|----------------|--------------|-----------|-------|----|-------|----|
| January coupon | <b>0.508</b> | <b>44</b> | 0.508 | 44 |       |    |
| April coupon   | <b>0.508</b> | <b>45</b> | 0.508 | 45 |       |    |
| July coupon    |              |           |       |    | 0.508 | 45 |
| October coupon |              |           |       |    | 0.508 | 45 |
|                | <b>1.016</b> | <b>89</b> | 1.016 | 89 | 1.016 | 90 |

The Directors have declared a second interim dividend in respect of the financial year ending 31 December 2010 of US\$0.08 per ordinary share, a distribution of approximately US\$1,401 million. The second interim dividend will be payable on 6 October 2010. Further details are contained in item 6 of the Additional Information section on page 244. No liability is recorded in the financial statements in respect of the second interim dividend for 2010.

On 15 July 2010, HSBC paid a further coupon on the capital securities of US\$0.508 per security, a distribution of US\$45 million. No liability is recorded in the balance sheet at 30 June 2010 in respect of this coupon payment.

**4 Earnings per share**

Basic earnings per ordinary share was calculated by dividing the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, excluding own shares held.

Diluted earnings per ordinary share was calculated by dividing the basic earnings, which require no adjustment for the effects of dilutive potential ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, excluding own shares held, plus the weighted average number of ordinary shares that would be issued on conversion of dilutive potential ordinary shares.



**Table of Contents***Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company*

|  | <b>30<br/>June<br/>2010<br/>US\$m</b> | Half-year to<br>30 June<br>2009<br>US\$m | 31<br>December<br>2009<br>US\$m |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| Profit attributable to shareholders of the parent company          | <b>6,763</b>                          | 3,347                                    | 2,487                           |
| Dividend payable on preference shares classified as equity         | <b>(45)</b>                           | (45)                                     | (45)                            |
| Coupon payable on capital securities classified as equity          | <b>(89)</b>                           | (89)                                     | (90)                            |
| <br>   |                                       |  |                                 |
| Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company | <b>6,629</b>                          | 3,213                                    | 2,352                           |

*Basic and diluted earnings per share*

|   | <b>Half-year to 30 June 2010</b> |  |  | Half-year to 30 June 2009 |                                   |                                | Half-year to 31 December<br>2009 |                                   |                                |
|---|----------------------------------|--|--|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
|   | <b>Profit<br/>US\$m</b>          | <b>Number<br/>of<br/>shares<br/>(millions)</b> | <b>Amount<br/>per<br/>share<br/>US\$</b> | Profit<br>US\$m           | Number<br>of shares<br>(millions) | Amount<br>per<br>share<br>US\$ | Profit<br>US\$m                  | Number<br>of shares<br>(millions) | Amount<br>per<br>share<br>US\$ |
| Basic   | <b>6,629</b>                     | <b>17,310</b>                                  | <b>0.38</b>                              | 3,213                     | 15,353                            | 0.21                           | 2,352                            | 17,187                            | 0.13                           |
| Effect of<br>dilutive<br>potential<br>ordinary shares |                                  | <b>202</b>                                     |  |                           | 52                                |                                |                                  | 231                               |                                |
| Diluted   | <b>6,629</b>                     | <b>17,512</b>                                  | <b>0.38</b>                              | 3,213                     | 15,405                            | 0.21                           | 2,352                            | 17,418                            | 0.13                           |

**5 Post-employment benefits**

Included within Employee compensation and benefits are components of net periodic benefit cost related to HSBC's defined benefit pension plans and other post-employment benefits, as follows:

|                                | <b>30<br/>June<br/>2010<br/>US\$m</b> | Half-year to<br>30 June<br>2009<br>US\$m | 31<br>December<br>2009<br>US\$m |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| Current service cost           | <b>291</b>                            | 335                                      | 270                             |
| Interest cost                  | <b>811</b>                            | 711                                      | 760                             |
| Expected return on plan assets | <b>(717)</b>                          | (647)                                    | (704)                           |
| Past service cost              | <b>8</b>                              | 3  | 16                              |
| Gains on curtailments          | <b>(148)</b>                          | (53)                                     | (5)                             |
| Other (gains)/losses           | <b>1</b>                              | (499)                                    | 5                               |
| <br>                           |                                       |  |                                 |
| Net defined benefit cost       | <b>246</b>                            | (150)                                    | 342                             |

HSBC revalues its defined benefit post-employment plans each year at 31 December, in consultation with the plans local actuaries. The assumptions underlying the calculations are used to determine the expected income statement charge for the year going forward.

At 30 June each year, HSBC revalues all plan assets to current market prices. HSBC also reviews the assumptions used to calculate the defined benefit obligations (the liabilities of the plans) and updates the carrying amount of the obligations if there have been significant changes as a consequence of changes in assumptions.

In the first half of 2010, there was a decrease in the average yields of high quality (AA rated or equivalent) debt instruments in the UK, together with a decrease in inflation expectations. As a result, the defined benefit obligation for the HSBC Bank (UK) Pension Scheme increased by US\$576 million in respect of actuarial losses mainly caused by the changes to discount and inflation rate assumptions. For other plans, the average discount rates used generally decreased after 31 December 2009, resulting in actuarial losses and an increase in the defined benefit obligations of US\$479 million. All differences from changes in the assumptions used were recognised directly in other comprehensive income as actuarial gains or losses.

In November 2009, the Board of Directors of HSBC North America Holdings, Inc. ( HNAH ) approved actions to cease all future benefit accruals for legacy participants under the final average pay formula components of the HSBC North America Pension Plan with effect from 1 January 2011. Affected employees were informed of this decision in February 2010. As a result of these changes, HNAH recorded a one-time curtailment gain of US\$147 million.

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Notes on the Financial Statements (unaudited)** (continued)

The discount rates used to calculate HSBC's obligations under its defined benefit pension and post-employment healthcare plans were as follows:

*Discount rates*

|             | <b>At</b>      | At       | At       |
|-------------|----------------|----------|----------|
|             | <b>30 June</b> | 30 June  | December |
|             | <b>2010</b>    | 2009     | 2009     |
|             | <i>%</i>       | <i>%</i> | <i>%</i> |
| UK          | <b>5.40</b>    | 6.20     | 5.70     |
| Hong Kong   | <b>2.29</b>    | 2.65     | 2.58     |
| US          | <b>5.45</b>    | 6.50     | 5.92     |
| Jersey      | <b>5.70</b>    | 6.20     | 5.70     |
| Mexico      | <b>7.50</b>    | 8.50     | 8.50     |
| Brazil      | <b>11.25</b>   | 11.25    | 11.25    |
| France      | <b>4.50</b>    | 5.75     | 5.50     |
| Canada      | <b>5.75</b>    | 6.50     | 6.25     |
| Switzerland | <b>2.60</b>    | 3.00     | 3.25     |
| Germany     | <b>4.50</b>    | 5.75     | 5.50     |

The inflation rate used to calculate the HSBC Bank (UK) Pension Scheme obligation at 30 June 2010 was 3.5 per cent (30 June 2009: 3.6 per cent; 31 December 2009: 3.7 per cent). There were no material changes to other assumptions.

*Actuarial gains and losses*

|   | <b>30</b>      | Half-year to | 31       |
|---|----------------|--------------|----------|
|   | <b>June</b>    | 30 June      | December |
|   | <b>2010</b>    | 2009         | 2009     |
|   | <b>US\$m</b>   | US\$m        | US\$m    |
| Experience gains/(losses) on plan liabilities | <b>(17)</b>    | 42           | (243)    |
| Experience gains/(losses) on plan assets      | <b>956</b>     | (1,620)      | 2,564    |
| Losses from changes in actuarial assumptions  | <b>(1,038)</b> | (2,000)      | (2,292)  |
| Other movements <sup>1</sup>                  | <b>17</b>      |              | (37)     |
| Total net actuarial losses                    | <b>(82)</b>    | (3,578)      | (8)      |

1 *Other movements include changes in the effect of the limit on plan surpluses.*

Actuarial gains and losses comprise experience adjustments on plan assets and liabilities as well as adjustments arising from changes in actuarial assumptions. The experience gains and losses on plan assets arise as a result of the difference between the expected returns on the plan assets and the actual movement in the value of the plan assets during the period. The changes in actuarial assumptions arise as a result of changes in the plan assumptions, primarily discount rates and inflation rates, as previously described.

Total cumulative net actuarial losses, including the cumulative effect of the limit on plan surpluses recognised in equity at 30 June 2010, were US\$4,742 million (30 June 2009: US\$4,652 million cumulative losses; 31 December 2009: US\$4,660 million cumulative losses). Of this the cumulative effect of the limit on plan surpluses was US\$29 million (30 June 2009: US\$9 million; 31 December 2009: US\$47 million).

In February 2010, HSBC Bank plc agreed with the Trustee of the HSBC Bank (UK) Pension Scheme ( the Scheme ) to reduce the deficit of the plan by meeting a schedule of future funding payments, as disclosed on page 390 of the *Annual Report and Accounts 2009*. On 17 June 2010, HSBC Bank plc agreed with the Trustee to accelerate the reduction of the deficit of the plan with a special contribution of £1,760 million (US\$2,638 million) in 2010 followed by a revised payment schedule in the following years, as shown below:

**Table of Contents**

|      | Original<br>plan<br>US\$m <sup>1</sup> | Original<br>plan<br>£m | Revised<br>plan<br>US\$m <sup>1</sup> | Revised<br>plan<br>£m |
|------|--|------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 2010 |  |                        | 2,638                                 | 1,760                 |
| 2011 |  |                        |                                       |                       |
| 2012 | 697                                    | 465                    |                                       |                       |
| 2013 | 697                                    | 465                    |                                       |                       |
| 2014 | 697                                    | 465                    |                                       |                       |
| 2015 | 944                                    | 630                    |                                       |                       |
| 2016 | 944                                    | 630                    | 742                                   | 495                   |
| 2017 | 944                                    | 630                    | 944                                   | 630                   |
| 2018 | 944                                    | 630                    | 944                                   | 630                   |

1 *The payment schedule was agreed with the Trustee in pounds sterling and the equivalent US dollar amounts are shown at the exchange rate effective as at 30 June 2010.*

On the same day, HSBC Bank plc made the £1,760 million (US\$2,638 million) contribution and the Scheme used the contribution to acquire debt securities with a fair value of £1,760 million (US\$2,638 million) from HSBC in a transaction at an arm's length value determined by the Scheme's independent third-party advisors. The debt securities sold comprised supranational, agency and government-guaranteed securities, asset-backed securities, corporate subordinated debt and auction rate securities. The contribution together with an actuarial gain on plan assets of US\$986 million helped achieve a reduction in the net liability of the scheme from US\$3,822 million at 31 December 2009 to US\$495 million at 30 June 2010.

As disclosed in Related party transactions on page 470 in the *Annual Report and Accounts 2009*, HSBC Bank (UK) Pension Scheme entered into collateralised swap transactions with HSBC to manage the inflation and interest rate sensitivity of the Scheme's pension obligations. At 30 June 2010, the swaps had a positive fair value of US\$1,891 million to the scheme (30 June 2009: US\$609 million positive to the scheme; 31 December 2009: US\$1,049 million positive to the scheme). All swaps were executed at prevailing market rates and within standard market bid-offer spreads.

**6 Tax expense**

|                           | <b>30<br/>June<br/>2010</b><br>US\$m | Half-year to<br>30 June<br>2009<br>US\$m | 31<br>December<br>2009<br>US\$m |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| <b>Current tax</b>        |                                      |  |                                 |
| UK corporation tax charge | <b>609</b>                           | 60                                       | 146                             |
| Overseas tax              | <b>2,439</b>                         | 1,472                                    | 375                             |

|   |              |       |         |
|---|--------------|-------|---------|
|   | <b>3,048</b> | 1,532 | 521     |
| <b>Deferred tax</b>                               |              |       |         |
| Origination and reversal of temporary differences | <b>808</b>   | (246) | (1,422) |
| Tax expense                                       | <b>3,856</b> | 1,286 | (901)   |
| Effective tax rate                                | <b>34.7%</b> | 25.6% | (43.7%) |

The UK corporation tax rate applying to HSBC was 28 per cent (2009: 28 per cent). Overseas tax included Hong Kong profits tax of US\$426 million (first half of 2009: US\$416 million; second half of 2009: US\$367 million). Subsidiaries in Hong Kong provided for Hong Kong profits tax at the rate of 16.5 per cent (2009: 16.5 per cent) on the profits for the period assessable in Hong Kong. Other overseas subsidiaries and overseas branches provided for taxation at the appropriate rates in the countries in which they operate. The following table reconciles the overall tax expense which would apply if all profits had been taxed at the UK corporation tax rate:

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Notes on the Financial Statements (unaudited)** (continued)

|   | 30 June 2010 |              | Half-year to<br>30 June 2009 |        | 31 December 2009 |        |
|---|--------------|--------------|------------------------------|--------|------------------|--------|
|   | US\$m        | %            | US\$m                        | %      | US\$m            | %      |
| <b>Analysis of tax expense<sup>1</sup></b>  |              |              |                              |        |                  |        |
| Taxation at UK corporation tax rate of 28 per cent (2009: 28 per cent)              | <b>3,109</b> | <b>28.0</b>  | 1,405                        | 28.0   | 577              | 28.0   |
| Non-deductible loss on foreign exchange swaps on rights issue proceeds <sup>2</sup> |              |              |                              |        | 96               | 4.7    |
| Effect of taxing overseas profits in principal locations at different rates         | <b>(326)</b> | <b>(2.9)</b> | (598)                        | (11.9) | (747)            | (36.2) |
| Gains not subject to tax  | <b>(180)</b> | <b>(1.6)</b> | (34)                         | (0.7)  | (204)            | (9.9)  |
| Adjustments in respect of prior period liabilities                                  | <b>(20)</b>  | <b>(0.2)</b> | (5)                          | (0.1)  | (34)             | (1.7)  |
| Low income housing tax credits <sup>3</sup>   | <b>(44)</b>  | <b>(0.4)</b> | (49)                         | (1.0)  | (49)             | (2.4)  |
| Effect of profit in associates and joint ventures                                   | <b>(332)</b> | <b>(3.0)</b> | (243)                        | (4.8)  | (256)            | (12.4) |
| Deferred tax temporary differences not provided                                     | <b>8</b>     | <b>0.1</b>   | 813                          | 16.2   | (453)            | (22.0) |
| Non taxable income  | <b>(164)</b> | <b>(1.5)</b> | (109)                        | (2.2)  | (256)            | (12.4) |
| Permanent disallowables   | <b>99</b>    | <b>0.9</b>   | 138                          | 2.7    | 85               | 4.1    |
| Additional provision for tax on overseas dividends                                  |              |              | 2                            |        | 339              | 16.5   |
| Tax impact of intragroup transfer of subsidiary                                     | <b>1,590</b> | <b>14.3</b>  |                              |        |                  |        |
| Bank payroll tax  | <b>91</b>    | <b>0.8</b>   |                              |        |                  |        |
| Other items   | <b>25</b>    | <b>0.2</b>   | (34)                         | (0.6)  | 1                |        |
| <b>Overall tax expense<sup>1</sup></b>  | <b>3,856</b> | <b>34.7</b>  | 1,286                        | 25.6   | (901)            | (43.7) |

1 *Interim period income tax expense is accrued using the estimated average annual effective income tax rates, which have been substantially enacted by 30 June 2010, and*

*which will be applicable to expected total annual earnings.*

- 2 *In August 2009, the UK Government enacted legislation that gains or losses on transactions designated to hedge foreign exchange exposures connected to rights issues should be disregarded for tax purposes.*

- 3 *Low income housing tax credits arise in the US and are designed to encourage the provision of rental housing for low income households.*

On 22 June 2010, the UK Government announced its intention to reduce the main rate of corporation tax from 28 per cent to 24 per cent. The fall will be phased in over a period of four years with a 1 per cent reduction in the main corporation tax rate for each year starting on 1 April 2011. The Finance (No. 2) Act 2010 enacted on 27 July 2010 included legislation on the initial phase to reduce the main rate of corporation tax from 28 per cent to 27 per cent from 1 April 2011. The tax rate change was not substantively enacted at 30 June 2010, therefore the change has not been reflected in the amounts recognised as at that date. However, it is not expected that the proposed rate changes will have a significant effect on the net UK deferred tax position recognised at 30 June 2010 of US\$301 million.

For the period ended 30 June 2010, HSBC's share of associates' tax on profit was US\$356 million (30 June 2009: US\$203 million; 31 December 2009: US\$287 million), which is included within share of profit in associates and joint ventures in the income statement.

Of the total net deferred tax assets of US\$6.2 billion at 30 June 2010 (30 June 2009: US\$7.9 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$8.6 billion), US\$3.5 billion (30 June 2009: US\$4.9 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$5.1 billion) arose in respect of HSBC's US operations where there has been a recent history of losses. Management's analysis of the recognition of these deferred tax assets significantly discounts the benefit which would arise from future expected profits from the US operations and relies to a greater extent on capital support to the US operations from HSBC, including tax planning strategies implemented in relation to such support. Further to



the implementation of this strategy, an internal reorganisation on 31 January 2010 provided substantial support for the recoverability of the US deferred tax assets, and the associated taxable gain arising in the US operations reduced the deferred tax assets by US\$1.6 billion. Management's updated analysis is consistent with the assumption that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable income to support the resulting deferred tax assets that have been recognised in respect of the US operations as at 30 June 2010.

US legislation enacted on 6 November 2009 allowed for an extended carryback period for certain federal tax net operating losses. This had the effect of reducing the net deferred tax assets related to such losses by approximately US\$1.6 billion at 31 December 2009, and the equivalent federal tax refund was received in early 2010.

**Table of Contents****7 Trading assets**

|   | At<br><b>30 June<br/>2010</b><br>US\$m | At<br>30 June<br>2009<br>US\$m | At<br>31<br>December<br>2009<br>US\$m |
|---|--|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Trading assets:                                     |  |                                |                                       |
| not subject to repledge or resale by counterparties | <b>315,137</b>                         | 313,641                        | 320,155                               |
| which may be repledged or resold by counterparties  | <b>88,663</b>                          | 100,717                        | 101,226                               |
|   | <b>403,800</b>                         | 414,358                        | 421,381                               |
| Treasury and other eligible bills                   | <b>22,236</b>                          | 22,990                         | 22,346                                |
| Debt securities                                     | <b>194,390</b>                         | 190,870                        | 201,598                               |
| Equity securities                                   | <b>27,360</b>                          | 25,484                         | 35,311                                |
| Trading securities valued at fair value             | <b>243,986</b>                         | 239,344                        | 259,255                               |
| Loans and advances to banks                         | <b>77,434</b>                          | 73,636                         | 78,126                                |
| Loans and advances to customers                     | <b>82,380</b>                          | 101,378                        | 84,000                                |
|   | <b>403,800</b>                         | 414,358                        | 421,381                               |

*Trading securities valued at fair value*

|   | At<br><b>30 June<br/>2010</b><br>US\$m | At<br>30 June<br>2009<br>US\$m | At<br>31<br>December<br>2009<br>US\$m |
|---|--|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| US Treasury and US Government agencies <sup>2</sup> | <b>22,774</b>                          | 22,586                         | 17,620                                |
| UK Government                                       | <b>11,874</b>                          | 8,936                          | 12,113                                |
| Hong Kong Government                                | <b>14,325</b>                          | 6,637                          | 10,649                                |
| Other government                                    | <b>79,177</b>                          | 95,672                         | 94,264                                |
| Asset-backed securities <sup>1,3</sup>              | <b>4,381</b>                           | 4,769                          | 5,308                                 |
| Corporate debt and other securities <sup>1</sup>    | <b>84,095</b>                          | 75,260                         | 83,990                                |
| Equity securities                                   | <b>27,360</b>                          | 25,484                         | 35,311                                |
|   | <b>243,986</b>                         | 239,344                        | 259,255                               |

1 *Included within the above figures are debt securities issued by banks and other financial*

*institutions of  
US\$35,424 million  
(30 June 2009:  
US\$41,590 million;  
31 December 2009:  
US\$41,466 million),  
of which  
US\$8,399 million  
(30 June 2009:  
US\$4,129 million;  
31 December 2009:  
US\$7,280 million)  
are guaranteed by  
various  
governments.*

2 *Includes securities  
that are supported  
by an explicit  
guarantee issued by  
the US Government.*

3 *Excludes  
asset-backed  
securities included  
under US Treasury  
and US Government  
agencies.*

*Trading securities listed on a recognised exchange and unlisted*

|  | <b>Treasury<br/>and other<br/>eligible<br/>bills<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Debt<br/>securities<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Equity<br/>securities<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Total<br/>US\$m</b> |
|--|--|--------------------------------------|--|------------------------|
| <b>Fair value at 30 June 2010</b>            |  |                                      |  |                        |
| Listed on a recognised exchange <sup>1</sup> | 2,097  | 146,713                              | 26,900                                 | 175,710                |
| Unlisted <sup>2</sup>                        | 20,139   | 47,677                               | 460                                    | 68,276                 |
|  | <b>22,236</b>  | <b>194,390</b>                       | <b>27,360</b>                          | <b>243,986</b>         |
| <br>   |  |                                      |  |                        |
| Fair value at 30 June 2009                   |  |                                      |  |                        |
| Listed on a recognised exchange <sup>1</sup> | 50   | 146,939                              | 24,798                                 | 171,787                |
| Unlisted <sup>2</sup>                        | 22,940   | 43,931                               | 686                                    | 67,557                 |
|  | <b>22,990</b>  | <b>190,870</b>                       | <b>25,484</b>                          | <b>239,344</b>         |

|  |        |         |        |         |
|--|--------|---------|--------|---------|
| Fair value at 31 December 2009               |        |         |        |         |
| Listed on a recognised exchange <sup>1</sup> | 3,107  | 159,030 | 33,428 | 195,565 |
| Unlisted <sup>2</sup>                        | 19,239 | 42,568  | 1,883  | 63,690  |
|  | 22,346 | 201,598 | 35,311 | 259,255 |

1 *Included within listed securities are US\$3,384 million (30 June 2009: US\$3,552 million; 31 December 2009: US\$3,229 million) of investments listed in Hong Kong.*

2 *Unlisted treasury and other eligible bills primarily comprise treasury bills not listed on a recognised exchange but for which there is a liquid market.*

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Notes on the Financial Statements (unaudited)** (continued)*Loans and advances to banks held for trading*

|                     | At            | At            | At            |
|---------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|                     | 30 June       | 30 June       | December      |
|                     | 2010          | 2009          | 2009          |
|                     | US\$m         | US\$m         | US\$m         |
| Reverse repos       | 43,820        | 42,085        | 50,357        |
| Settlement accounts | 12,843        | 18,040        | 10,128        |
| Stock borrowing     | 5,793         | 2,017         | 4,711         |
| Other               | 14,978        | 11,494        | 12,930        |
|                     | <b>77,434</b> | <b>73,636</b> | <b>78,126</b> |

*Loans and advances to customers held for trading*

|                     | At            | At             | At            |
|---------------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|
|                     | 30 June       | 30 June        | December      |
|                     | 2010          | 2009           | 2009          |
|                     | US\$m         | US\$m          | US\$m         |
| Reverse repos       | 36,330        | 47,168         | 42,172        |
| Settlement accounts | 22,039        | 20,933         | 12,134        |
| Stock borrowing     | 12,487        | 18,778         | 18,042        |
| Other               | 11,524        | 14,499         | 11,652        |
|                     | <b>82,380</b> | <b>101,378</b> | <b>84,000</b> |

**8 Financial assets designated at fair value**

|   | At            | At            | At            |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|   | 30 June       | 30 June       | December      |
|   | 2010          | 2009          | 2009          |
|   | US\$m         | US\$m         | US\$m         |
| Financial assets designated at fair value:          |               |               |               |
| not subject to repledge or resale by counterparties | 32,239        | 33,345        | 37,166        |
| which may be repledged or resold by counterparties  | 4             | 16            | 15            |
|   | <b>32,243</b> | <b>33,361</b> | <b>37,181</b> |
| Treasury and other eligible bills                   | 249           | 495           | 223           |
| Debt securities                                     | 16,153        | 19,825        | 20,718        |

|   |                |                |                 |
|---|----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Equity securities                                   | <b>13,893</b>  | 12,060         | 14,983          |
| Securities designated at fair value                 | <b>30,295</b>  | 32,380         | 35,924          |
| Loans and advances to banks                         | <b>1,149</b>   | 204            | 354             |
| Loans and advances to customers                     | <b>799</b>     | 777            | 903             |
|   | <b>32,243</b>  | 33,361         | 37,181          |
| <i>Securities designated at fair value</i>          |                |                |                 |
|   | <b>At</b>      | <b>At</b>      | <b>At</b>       |
|   | <b>30 June</b> | <b>30 June</b> | <b>31</b>       |
|   | <b>2010</b>    | <b>2009</b>    | <b>December</b> |
|   | <b>US\$m</b>   | <b>US\$m</b>   | <b>US\$m</b>    |
| US Treasury and US Government agencies <sup>2</sup> | <b>49</b>      | 88             | 78              |
| UK Government                                       | <b>1,119</b>   | 4,995          | 4,799           |
| Hong Kong Government                                | <b>155</b>     | 244            | 177             |
| Other government                                    | <b>3,206</b>   | 3,153          | 3,491           |
| Asset-backed securities <sup>1,3</sup>              | <b>5,986</b>   | 6,598          | 6,463           |
| Corporate debt and other securities <sup>1</sup>    | <b>5,887</b>   | 5,242          | 5,933           |
| Equity securities                                   | <b>13,893</b>  | 12,060         | 14,983          |
|   | <b>30,295</b>  | 32,380         | 35,924          |

1 *Included within the above figures are debt securities issued by banks and other financial institutions of US\$9,643 million (30 June 2009: US\$13,391 million; 31 December 2009: US\$13,745 million), of which US\$46 million (30 June 2009: US\$47 million; 31 December 2009: US\$49 million) are guaranteed by various governments.*

2

*Includes securities that are supported by an explicit guarantee issued by the US Government.*

- 3 *Excludes asset-backed securities included under US Treasury and US Government agencies.*

**Table of Contents***Securities listed on a recognised exchange and unlisted*

|  | <b>Treasury<br/>and other<br/>eligible<br/>bills<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Debt<br/>securities<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Equity<br/>securities<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Total<br/>US\$m</b> |
|--|--|--------------------------------------|--|------------------------|
| <b>Fair value at 30 June 2010</b>            |  |                                      |  |                        |
| Listed on a recognised exchange <sup>1</sup> | 105  | 3,252                                | 9,358                                  | 12,715                 |
| Unlisted                                     | 144  | 12,901                               | 4,535                                  | 17,580                 |
|  | <b>249</b>   | <b>16,153</b>                        | <b>13,893</b>                          | <b>30,295</b>          |
| <br>   |  |                                      |  |                        |
| Fair value at 30 June 2009                   |  |                                      |  |                        |
| Listed on a recognised exchange <sup>1</sup> | 69   | 7,126                                | 8,684                                  | 15,879                 |
| Unlisted                                     | 426  | 12,699                               | 3,376                                  | 16,501                 |
|  | 495  | 19,825                               | 12,060                                 | 32,380                 |
| <br>   |  |                                      |  |                        |
| Fair value at 31 December 2009               |  |                                      |  |                        |
| Listed on a recognised exchange <sup>1</sup> | 78   | 7,168                                | 10,549                                 | 17,795                 |
| Unlisted                                     | 145  | 13,550                               | 4,434                                  | 18,129                 |
|  | 223  | 20,718                               | 14,983                                 | 35,924                 |

1 *Included within listed securities are US\$544 million (30 June 2009: US\$608 million; 31 December 2009: US\$506 million) of investments listed in Hong Kong.*

**9 Derivatives***Fair values of derivatives by product contract type*

| <b>Trading<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Assets<br/>Hedging<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Total<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Trading<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Liabilities<br/>Hedging<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Total<br/>US\$m</b> |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|--|------------------------|
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|--|------------------------|



**At 30 June 2010**

|                         |                |              |                  |                |              |                  |
|-------------------------|----------------|--------------|------------------|----------------|--------------|------------------|
| Foreign exchange        | <b>60,502</b>  | <b>775</b>   | <b>61,277</b>    | <b>61,269</b>  | <b>879</b>   | <b>62,148</b>    |
| Interest rate           | <b>311,491</b> | <b>3,461</b> | <b>314,952</b>   | <b>306,571</b> | <b>4,250</b> | <b>310,821</b>   |
| Equities                | <b>15,381</b>  |              | <b>15,381</b>    | <b>17,805</b>  |              | <b>17,805</b>    |
| Credit                  | <b>26,223</b>  |              | <b>26,223</b>    | <b>25,227</b>  |              | <b>25,227</b>    |
| Commodity and other     | <b>927</b>     |              | <b>927</b>       | <b>1,494</b>   |              | <b>1,494</b>     |
| <br>                    |                |              |                  |                |              |                  |
| Gross total fair values | <b>414,524</b> | <b>4,236</b> | <b>418,760</b>   | <b>412,366</b> | <b>5,129</b> | <b>417,495</b>   |
| <br>                    |                |              |                  |                |              |                  |
| Netting                 |                |              | <b>(130,481)</b> |                |              | <b>(130,481)</b> |
| <br>                    |                |              |                  |                |              |                  |
| Total                   |                |              | <b>288,279</b>   |                |              | <b>287,014</b>   |

**At 30 June 2009**

|                         |         |       |          |         |       |          |
|-------------------------|---------|-------|----------|---------|-------|----------|
| Foreign exchange        | 66,117  | 1,408 | 67,525   | 61,436  | 303   | 61,739   |
| Interest rate           | 221,869 | 4,051 | 225,920  | 216,665 | 3,539 | 220,204  |
| Equities                | 17,216  |       | 17,216   | 18,815  |       | 18,815   |
| Credit                  | 47,828  |       | 47,828   | 45,775  |       | 45,775   |
| Commodity and other     | 1,365   |       | 1,365    | 1,401   |       | 1,401    |
| <br>                    |         |       |          |         |       |          |
| Gross total fair values | 354,395 | 5,459 | 359,854  | 344,092 | 3,842 | 347,934  |
| <br>                    |         |       |          |         |       |          |
| Netting                 |         |       | (49,058) |         |       | (49,058) |
| <br>                    |         |       |          |         |       |          |
| Total                   |         |       | 310,796  |         |       | 298,876  |

**At 31 December 2009**

|                         |         |       |          |         |       |          |
|-------------------------|---------|-------|----------|---------|-------|----------|
| Foreign exchange        | 55,036  | 1,695 | 56,731   | 54,502  | 300   | 54,802   |
| Interest rate           | 212,102 | 3,506 | 215,608  | 209,351 | 3,274 | 212,625  |
| Equities                | 15,729  |       | 15,729   | 19,013  |       | 19,013   |
| Credit                  | 28,479  |       | 28,479   | 27,042  |       | 27,042   |
| Commodity and other     | 1,135   |       | 1,135    | 960     |       | 960      |
| <br>                    |         |       |          |         |       |          |
| Gross total fair values | 312,481 | 5,201 | 317,682  | 310,868 | 3,574 | 314,442  |
| <br>                    |         |       |          |         |       |          |
| Netting                 |         |       | (66,796) |         |       | (66,796) |
| <br>                    |         |       |          |         |       |          |
| Total                   |         |       | 250,886  |         |       | 247,646  |

The 15 per cent increase in the fair value of derivative assets during the first half of 2010 was driven both by an increased volume of trades, particularly of interest rate derivatives, and by declines in yield curves of major currencies, especially at longer maturities, as market concerns grew in the second quarter regarding the pace of

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Notes on the Financial Statements (unaudited)** (continued)

recovery and the impact of austerity measures. The netting adjustment increased as increasing volumes of transactions were executed through clearing houses.

A description of HSBC's determination of the fair values of financial instruments, including derivatives, is provided on page 171 of the *Annual Report and Accounts 2009*.

## Trading derivatives

The notional contract amounts of these instruments indicate the nominal value of transactions outstanding at the reporting date; they do not represent amounts at risk.

*Notional contract amounts of derivatives held for trading purposes by product type*

|                     | At<br>30 June<br>2010<br>US\$m | At<br>30 June<br>2009<br>US\$m | At<br>31 December<br>2009<br>US\$m |
|---------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Foreign exchange    | 3,373,419                      | 2,849,035                      | 2,883,201                          |
| Interest rate       | 16,377,107                     | 12,148,712                     | 13,874,355                         |
| Equities            | 240,954                        | 226,043                        | 217,828                            |
| Credit              | 1,147,016                      | 1,377,155                      | 1,237,055                          |
| Commodity and other | 77,683                         | 46,577                         | 53,720                             |
|                     | <b>21,216,179</b>              | 16,647,522                     | 18,266,159                         |

## Credit derivatives

The notional contract amount of credit derivatives of US\$1,147 billion (30 June 2009: US\$1,377 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$1,237 billion) consisted of protection bought of US\$571 billion (30 June 2009: US\$680 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$615 billion) and protection sold of US\$576 billion (30 June 2009: US\$697 billion; 31 December 2009: US\$622 billion).

HSBC may utilise securities to hedge exposures arising through derivative transactions. The mismatch between protection bought and sold, while small both in terms of both notional and fair value, should therefore not be interpreted as representing the open risk position. The credit derivative business operates within the market risk management framework described on page 175.

**Derivatives valued using models with unobservable inputs**

The difference between the fair value at initial recognition (the transaction price) and the value that would have been derived had valuation techniques used for subsequent measurement been applied at initial recognition, less subsequent releases, is as follows.

*Unamortised balance of derivatives valued using models with unobservable inputs*

Half-year to  
30 June

|   | <b>30</b>    |       | 31       |
|---|--------------|-------|----------|
|   | <b>June</b>  |       | December |
|   | <b>2010</b>  | 2009  | 2009     |
|   | <b>US\$m</b> | US\$m | US\$m    |
| Unamortised balance at beginning of period            | <b>260</b>   | 204   | 218      |
| Deferral on new transactions                          | <b>223</b>   | 71    | 121      |
| Recognised in the income statement during the period: |              |       |          |
| amortisation  | <b>(48)</b>  | (44)  | (42)     |
| subsequent to unobservable inputs becoming observable | <b>(14)</b>  | (4)   | (15)     |
| maturity or termination, or offsetting derivative     | <b>(134)</b> | (19)  | (23)     |
| Exchange differences                                  | <b>(21)</b>  | 10    | 1        |
| Risk hedged   | <b>(10)</b>  |       |          |
| <br>  |              |       |          |
| Unamortised balance at end of period <sup>1</sup>     | <b>256</b>   | 218   | 260      |

1 *This amount is yet to be recognised in the consolidated income statement.*

Hedging instruments

The notional contract amounts of these instruments indicate the nominal value of transactions outstanding at the balance sheet date; they do not represent amounts at risk.

**Table of Contents***Notional contract amounts of derivatives held for hedging purposes by product type*

|                  | <b>At 30 June 2010</b>       |                               | At 30 June 2009       |                        | At 31 December 2009   |                        |
|------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
|                  | <b>Cash flow hedge US\$m</b> | <b>Fair value hedge US\$m</b> | Cash flow hedge US\$m | Fair value hedge US\$m | Cash flow hedge US\$m | Fair value hedge US\$m |
| Foreign exchange | <b>11,143</b>                | <b>1,748</b>                  | 12,943                | 2,453                  | 12,359                | 2,469                  |
| Interest rate    | <b>241,552</b>               | <b>51,734</b>                 | 212,673               | 44,346                 | 236,388               | 42,224                 |
|                  | <b>252,695</b>               | <b>53,482</b>                 | 225,616               | 46,799                 | 248,747               | 44,693                 |

**Fair value hedges***Fair value of derivatives designated as fair value hedges*

|                  | <b>At 30 June 2010</b> |                          | At 30 June 2009 |                   | At 31 December 2009 |                   |
|------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
|                  | <b>Assets US\$m</b>    | <b>Liabilities US\$m</b> | Assets US\$m    | Liabilities US\$m | Assets US\$m        | Liabilities US\$m |
| Foreign exchange | <b>120</b>             |                          | 263             |                   | 342                 |                   |
| Interest rate    | <b>136</b>             | <b>2,285</b>             | 300             | 926               | 242                 | 1,085             |
|                  | <b>256</b>             | <b>2,285</b>             | 563             | 926               | 584                 | 1,085             |

*Gains/(losses) arising from fair value hedges*

|   | <b>30 June 2010</b> | Half-year to |                  |
|---|---------------------|--------------|------------------|
|   |                     | 30 June 2009 | 31 December 2009 |
|   | <b>US\$m</b>        | US\$m        | US\$m            |
| Gains/(losses):                                     |                     |              |                  |
| on hedging instruments                              | <b>(1,249)</b>      | 72           | 42               |
| on the hedged items attributable to the hedged risk | <b>1,266</b>        | (75)         | (84)             |
|   | <b>17</b>           | (3)          | (42)             |

The gains and losses on ineffective portions of fair value hedges are recognised immediately in Net trading income .

**Cash flow hedges***Fair value of derivatives designated as cash flow hedges*

|  | <b>At 30 June 2010</b> |                          | At 30 June 2009 |                   | At 31 December 2009 |                   |
|--|------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------|
|  | <b>Assets US\$m</b>    | <b>Liabilities US\$m</b> | Assets US\$m    | Liabilities US\$m | Assets US\$m        | Liabilities US\$m |

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|                  |              |              |       |       |       |       |
|------------------|--------------|--------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Foreign exchange | <b>655</b>   | <b>879</b>   | 1,145 | 303   | 1,353 | 300   |
| Interest rate    | <b>3,325</b> | <b>1,965</b> | 3,751 | 2,613 | 3,264 | 2,189 |
|                  | <b>3,980</b> | <b>2,844</b> | 4,896 | 2,916 | 4,617 | 2,489 |

The gains and losses on ineffective portions of such derivatives are recognised immediately in Net trading income . During the period to 30 June 2010, a loss of US\$24 million was recognised due to hedge ineffectiveness (first half of 2009: gain of US\$70 million; second half of 2009: gain of US\$74 million).

**Hedges of net investments in foreign operations**

At 30 June 2010, the fair values of outstanding financial instruments designated as hedges of net investments in foreign operations were assets of US\$3 million and liabilities of US\$38 million (30 June 2009: liabilities of US\$25 million; 31 December 2009: liabilities of US\$28 million), and contract notional values of US\$617 million (30 June 2009: US\$517 million; 31 December 2009: US\$566 million).

The ineffectiveness recognised in Net trading income for the period ended 30 June 2010 was nil (both halves of 2009: nil).

Table of Contents**HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Notes on the Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued)****10 Financial investments**

|   | <b>At</b>      | At      | At       |
|---|----------------|---------|----------|
|   | <b>30 June</b> | 30 June | 31       |
|   | <b>2010</b>    | 2009    | December |
|   | <b>US\$m</b>   | US\$m   | 2009     |
|   |                |         | US\$m    |
| Financial investments:                              |                |         |          |
| not subject to repledge or resale by counterparties | <b>361,931</b> | 346,877 | 356,864  |
| which may be repledged or resold by counterparties  | <b>23,540</b>  | 6,567   | 12,294   |
|   | <b>385,471</b> | 353,444 | 369,158  |

|                                   | <b>At 30 June 2010</b> |                | At 30 June 2009 |         | At 31 December 2009 |         |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------|----------------|-----------------|---------|---------------------|---------|
|                                   | <b>Carrying</b>        | <b>Fair</b>    | Carrying        | Fair    | Carrying            | Fair    |
|                                   | <b>amount</b>          | <b>value</b>   | amount          | value   | amount              | value   |
|                                   | <b>US\$m</b>           | <b>US\$m</b>   | US\$m           | US\$m   | US\$m               | US\$m   |
| Treasury and other eligible bills | <b>61,275</b>          | <b>61,275</b>  | 54,262          | 54,262  | 58,434              | 58,434  |
| available for sale                | <b>61,150</b>          | <b>61,150</b>  | 54,262          | 54,262  | 58,333              | 58,333  |
| held to maturity                  | <b>125</b>             | <b>125</b>     |                 |         | 101                 | 101     |
| Debt securities                   | <b>315,367</b>         | <b>316,654</b> | 290,382         | 290,663 | 301,600             | 302,171 |
| available for sale                | <b>296,579</b>         | <b>296,579</b> | 274,092         | 274,092 | 284,074             | 284,074 |
| held to maturity                  | <b>18,788</b>          | <b>20,075</b>  | 16,290          | 16,571  | 17,526              | 18,097  |
| Equity securities                 |                        |                |                 |         |                     |         |
| available for sale                | <b>8,829</b>           | <b>8,829</b>   | 8,800           | 8,800   | 9,124               | 9,124   |
| Total financial investments       | <b>385,471</b>         | <b>386,758</b> | 353,444         | 353,725 | 369,158             | 369,729 |

*Financial investments at amortised cost and fair value*

|   | <b>Amortised</b> | <b>Fair</b>   |
|---|------------------|---------------|
|   | <b>cost</b>      | <b>value</b>  |
|   | <b>US\$m</b>     | <b>US\$m</b>  |
| <b>At 30 June 2010</b>                        |                  |               |
| US Treasury                                   | <b>24,162</b>    | <b>24,756</b> |
| US Government agencies <sup>2</sup>           | <b>18,418</b>    | <b>19,051</b> |
| US Government sponsored entities <sup>2</sup> | <b>5,016</b>     | <b>5,278</b>  |

|  |                |                |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| UK Government                                    | 27,339         | 28,191         |
| Hong Kong Government                             | 35,447         | 35,443         |
| Other government                                 | 94,320         | 95,478         |
| Asset-backed securities <sup>1,3</sup>           | 42,534         | 34,010         |
| Corporate debt and other securities <sup>1</sup> | 134,393        | 135,722        |
| Equities   | 6,568          | 8,829          |
|  | <b>388,197</b> | <b>386,758</b> |
| At 30 June 2009                                  |                |                |
| US Treasury                                      | 20,936         | 20,963         |
| US Government agencies <sup>2</sup>              | 14,105         | 14,266         |
| US Government sponsored entities <sup>2</sup>    | 3,511          | 3,605          |
| UK Government                                    | 9,028          | 9,138          |
| Hong Kong Government                             | 19,692         | 19,703         |
| Other government                                 | 76,048         | 76,720         |
| Asset-backed securities <sup>1,3</sup>           | 52,242         | 33,131         |
| Corporate debt and other securities <sup>1</sup> | 168,644        | 167,399        |
| Equities   | 6,874          | 8,800          |
|  | <b>371,080</b> | <b>353,725</b> |



**Table of Contents**

|  | Amortised<br>cost<br>US\$m | Fair<br>value<br>US\$m |
|--|----------------------------|------------------------|
| At 31 December 2009                              |                            |                        |
| US Treasury                                      | 17,650                     | 17,635                 |
| US Government agencies <sup>2</sup>              | 12,539                     | 12,804                 |
| US Government sponsored entities <sup>2</sup>    | 4,885                      | 4,924                  |
| UK Government                                    | 9,653                      | 9,782                  |
| Hong Kong Government                             | 37,747                     | 37,763                 |
| Other government                                 | 87,122                     | 87,881                 |
| Asset-backed securities <sup>1,3</sup>           | 48,500                     | 34,914                 |
| Corporate debt and other securities <sup>1</sup> | 153,639                    | 154,902                |
| Equities   | 7,051                      | 9,124                  |
|  | 378,786                    | 369,729                |

1 *Included within the above figures are debt securities issued by banks and other financial institutions with a carrying amount of US\$115,836 million (30 June 2009: US\$170,277 million; 31 December 2009: US\$133,256 million), of which US\$45,171 million (30 June 2009: US\$70,398 million; 31 December 2009: US\$55,324 million) are guaranteed by various governments. The fair value of the debt securities issued by banks and other financial institutions at 30 June 2010 was US\$116,316 million (30 June 2009: US\$170,483 million; 31 December 2009: US\$133,461 million).*

2 *Includes securities that are supported by an explicit guarantee issued by the US Government.*

3 *Excludes asset-backed securities included under US Government agencies and sponsored entities.*

*Financial investments listed on a recognised exchange and unlisted*

|   | <b>Treasury<br/>and other<br/>eligible bills<br/>available for<br/>sale<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Treasury<br/>and<br/>other<br/>eligible<br/>bills<br/>held to<br/>maturity<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Debt<br/>securities<br/>available<br/>for sale<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Debt<br/>securities<br/>held to<br/>maturity<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Equity<br/>securities<br/>available<br/>for sale<br/>US\$m</b> | <b>Total<br/>US\$m</b> |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|------------------------|
| <b>Carrying amount at 30<br/>June 2010</b>      |   |   |   |   |   |                        |
| Listed on a recognised<br>exchange <sup>1</sup> | <b>3,394</b>  | <b>125</b>  | <b>139,398</b>  | <b>3,142</b>  | <b>524</b>  | <b>146,583</b>         |
| Unlisted <sup>2</sup>                           | <b>57,756</b>   |   | <b>157,181</b>  | <b>15,646</b>   | <b>8,305</b>  | <b>238,888</b>         |
|   | <b>61,150</b>   | <b>125</b>  | <b>296,579</b>  | <b>18,788</b>   | <b>8,829</b>  | <b>385,471</b>         |
| <b>Carrying amount at 30<br/>June 2009</b>      |   |   |   |   |   |                        |
| Listed on a recognised<br>exchange <sup>1</sup> | 7,834   |   | 134,312   | 2,143   | 712   | 145,001                |
| Unlisted <sup>2</sup>                           | 46,428  |   | 139,780   | 14,147  | 8,088   | 208,443                |
|   | 54,262  |   | 274,092   | 16,290  | 8,800   | 353,444                |
| <b>Carrying amount at 31<br/>December 2009</b>  |   |   |   |   |   |                        |
| Listed on a recognised<br>exchange <sup>1</sup> | 2,334   |   | 135,653   | 2,743   | 911   | 141,641                |
| Unlisted <sup>2</sup>                           | 55,999  | 101   | 148,421   | 14,783  | 8,213   | 227,517                |

|        |     |         |        |       |         |
|--------|-----|---------|--------|-------|---------|
| 58,333 | 101 | 284,074 | 17,526 | 9,124 | 369,158 |
|--------|-----|---------|--------|-------|---------|

- 1 *The fair value of listed held-to-maturity debt securities at 30 June 2010 was US\$3,302 million (30 June 2009: US\$2,116 million; 31 December 2009: US\$2,769 million). Included within listed investments were US\$1,668 million (30 June 2009: US\$1,481 million; 31 December 2009: US\$1,670 million) of investments listed in Hong Kong.*
- 2 *Unlisted treasury and other eligible bills available for sale primarily comprise treasury bills not listed on a recognised exchange but for which there is a liquid market.*

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Notes on the Financial Statements (unaudited)** (continued)*Maturities of debt securities at carrying amount*

|   | At<br><b>30 June<br/>2010</b><br>US\$m | At<br>30 June<br>2009<br>US\$m | At<br>31<br>December<br>2009<br>US\$m |
|---|--|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Remaining contractual maturities of total debt securities:              |  |                                |                                       |
| 1 year or less  | <b>74,101</b>                          | 70,497                         | 75,782                                |
| 5 years or less but over 1 year   | <b>138,240</b>                         | 140,343                        | 141,683                               |
| 10 years or less but over 5 years                                       | <b>42,770</b>                          | 28,412                         | 31,934                                |
| over 10 years   | <b>60,256</b>                          | 51,130                         | 52,201                                |
|   | <b>315,367</b>                         | 290,382                        | 301,600                               |
| Remaining contractual maturities of debt securities available for sale: |  |                                |                                       |
| 1 year or less  | <b>73,411</b>                          | 69,762                         | 75,160                                |
| 5 years or less but over 1 year   | <b>131,587</b>                         | 134,976                        | 135,187                               |
| 10 years or less but over 5 years                                       | <b>36,301</b>                          | 22,345                         | 26,105                                |
| over 10 years   | <b>55,280</b>                          | 47,009                         | 47,622                                |
|   | <b>296,579</b>                         | 274,092                        | 284,074                               |
| Remaining contractual maturities of debt securities held to maturity:   |  |                                |                                       |
| 1 year or less  | <b>690</b>                             | 735                            | 622                                   |
| 5 years or less but over 1 year   | <b>6,653</b>                           | 5,367                          | 6,496                                 |
| 10 years or less but over 5 years                                       | <b>6,469</b>                           | 6,067                          | 5,829                                 |
| over 10 years   | <b>4,976</b>                           | 4,121                          | 4,579                                 |
|   | <b>18,788</b>                          | 16,290                         | 17,526                                |

**11 Non-current assets held for sale**

|                               | At<br><b>30 June<br/>2010</b><br>US\$m | At<br>30 June<br>2009<br>US\$m | At<br>31<br>December<br>2009<br>US\$m |
|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Interest in associates        | <b>85</b>                              |                                | 105                                   |
| Property, plant and equipment | <b>1,224</b>                           | 1,099                          | 1,639                                 |

|  |              |       |       |
|--|--------------|-------|-------|
| Financial assets                         | <b>110</b>   | 846   | 1,359 |
| Other                                    | <b>7</b>     | 10    | 15    |
| <br>                                     |              |       |       |
| Total assets classified as held for sale | <b>1,426</b> | 1,955 | 3,118 |

#### Interest in associates

In June 2010, HSBC entered into a contract for the sale of its investment in British Arab Commercial Bank plc for a consideration of £57 million (US\$85 million). The transaction is expected to complete in the fourth quarter of 2010. A loss of £31 million (US\$47 million) was recognised on reclassifying the investment as held for sale. The investment is presented in the geographical segment, Middle East.

#### Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment classified as held for sale principally results from the repossession of property that had been pledged as collateral by customers. These assets are expected to be disposed of within 12 months of acquisition. The majority arose within the geographical segment, North America. Neither a gain nor a loss was recognised on reclassifying these assets as held for sale during the period.

**Table of Contents****12 Trading liabilities**

|   | <b>At</b>      | <b>At</b>      | <b>At</b>       |
|---|----------------|----------------|-----------------|
|   | <b>30 June</b> | <b>30 June</b> | <b>December</b> |
|   | <b>2010</b>    | <b>2009</b>    | <b>2009</b>     |
|   | <b>US\$m</b>   | <b>US\$m</b>   | <b>US\$m</b>    |
| Deposits by banks                                     | <b>52,639</b>  | 44,036         | 41,165          |
| Customer accounts                                     | <b>102,919</b> | 116,227        | 99,306          |
| Other debt securities in issue                        | <b>28,782</b>  | 30,746         | 37,592          |
| Other liabilities – net short positions in securities | <b>90,496</b>  | 73,553         | 90,067          |
|   | <b>274,836</b> | 264,562        | 268,130         |

At 30 June 2010, the cumulative amount of change in fair value attributable to changes in credit risk was a gain of US\$374 million (30 June 2009: gain of US\$415 million; 31 December 2009: gain of US\$119 million).

**13 Financial liabilities designated at fair value**

|   | <b>At</b>      | <b>At</b>      | <b>At</b>       |
|---|----------------|----------------|-----------------|
|   | <b>30 June</b> | <b>30 June</b> | <b>December</b> |
|   | <b>2010</b>    | <b>2009</b>    | <b>2009</b>     |
|   | <b>US\$m</b>   | <b>US\$m</b>   | <b>US\$m</b>    |
| Deposits by banks and customer accounts             | <b>6,360</b>   | 6,535          | 6,586           |
| Liabilities to customers under investment contracts | <b>10,384</b>  | 9,485          | 10,865          |
| Debt securities in issue                            | <b>41,042</b>  | 34,576         | 38,208          |
| Subordinated liabilities                            | <b>18,763</b>  | 23,416         | 20,180          |
| Preference shares                                   | <b>3,887</b>   | 3,302          | 4,253           |
|   | <b>80,436</b>  | 77,314         | 80,092          |

The carrying amount at 30 June 2010 of financial liabilities designated at fair value was US\$1,987 million more than the contractual amount at maturity (30 June 2009: US\$2,777 million less; 31 December 2009: US\$1,346 million more). At 30 June 2010, the cumulative amount of the change in fair value attributable to changes in credit risk was a gain of US\$2,571 million (30 June 2009: gain of US\$5,451 million; 31 December 2009: gain of US\$1,510 million).

**14 Maturity analysis of assets and liabilities**

The following is an analysis, by remaining contractual maturities at the reporting date, of asset and liability line items that represent amounts expected to be recovered or settled within one year, and after one year.

Trading assets and liabilities are excluded because they are not held for collection or settlement over the period of contractual maturity.

|                        | <b>Due within</b> | <b>Due after</b> | <b>Total</b> |
|------------------------|-------------------|------------------|--------------|
|                        | <b>one year</b>   | <b>more than</b> | <b>Total</b> |
|                        | <b>US\$m</b>      | <b>one year</b>  | <b>US\$m</b> |
|                        | <b>US\$m</b>      | <b>US\$m</b>     | <b>US\$m</b> |
| <b>At 30 June 2010</b> |                   |                  |              |
| <b>Assets</b>          |                   |                  |              |

|  |           |         |           |
|--|-----------|---------|-----------|
| Financial assets designated at fair value      | 3,887     | 28,356  | 32,243    |
| Loans and advances to banks                    | 188,946   | 7,350   | 196,296   |
| Loans and advances to customers                | 405,218   | 488,119 | 893,337   |
| Financial investments                          | 135,608   | 249,863 | 385,471   |
| Other financial assets                         | 21,205    | 5,766   | 26,971    |
|  | 754,864   | 779,454 | 1,534,318 |
| <b>Liabilities</b>                             |           |         |           |
| Deposits by banks                              | 122,026   | 5,290   | 127,316   |
| Customer accounts                              | 1,103,851 | 43,470  | 1,147,321 |
| Financial liabilities designated at fair value | 7,773     | 72,663  | 80,436    |
| Debt securities in issue                       | 89,012    | 64,588  | 153,600   |
| Other financial liabilities                    | 69,905    | 5,705   | 75,610    |
| Subordinated liabilities                       | 381       | 27,866  | 28,247    |
|  | 1,392,948 | 219,582 | 1,612,530 |

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Notes on the Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued)**

|  | Due within<br>one year<br>US\$m | Due after<br>more than<br>one year<br>US\$m | Total<br>US\$m |
|--|---------------------------------|---|----------------|
| At 30 June 2009                                |                                 |   |                |
| Assets   |                                 |   |                |
| Financial assets designated at fair value      | 3,953                           | 29,408                                      | 33,361         |
| Loans and advances to banks                    | 172,881                         | 9,385                                       | 182,266        |
| Loans and advances to customers                | 399,211                         | 525,472                                     | 924,683        |
| Financial investments                          | 123,481                         | 229,963                                     | 353,444        |
| Other financial assets                         | 23,041                          | 6,537                                       | 29,578         |
|  | 722,567                         | 800,765                                     | 1,523,332      |
| Liabilities                                    |                                 |   |                |
| Deposits by banks                              | 116,379                         | 12,772                                      | 129,151        |
| Customer accounts                              | 1,123,792                       | 39,551                                      | 1,163,343      |
| Financial liabilities designated at fair value | 5,540                           | 71,774                                      | 77,314         |
| Debt securities in issue                       | 87,564                          | 68,635                                      | 156,199        |
| Other financial liabilities                    | 69,204                          | 3,463                                       | 72,667         |
| Subordinated liabilities                       | 392                             | 29,742                                      | 30,134         |
|  | 1,402,871                       | 225,937                                     | 1,628,808      |
| At 31 December 2009                            |                                 |   |                |
| Assets   |                                 |   |                |
| Financial assets designated at fair value      | 3,786                           | 33,395                                      | 37,181         |
| Loans and advances to banks                    | 172,916                         | 6,865                                       | 179,781        |
| Loans and advances to customers                | 381,967                         | 514,264                                     | 896,231        |
| Financial investments                          | 134,824                         | 234,334                                     | 369,158        |
| Other financial assets                         | 26,189                          | 7,383                                       | 33,572         |
|  | 719,682                         | 796,241                                     | 1,515,923      |
| Liabilities                                    |                                 |   |                |
| Deposits by banks                              | 118,308                         | 6,564                                       | 124,872        |
| Customer accounts                              | 1,114,149                       | 44,885                                      | 1,159,034      |
| Financial liabilities designated at fair value | 4,666                           | 75,426                                      | 80,092         |
| Debt securities in issue                       | 83,590                          | 63,306                                      | 146,896        |
| Other financial liabilities                    | 67,061                          | 3,606                                       | 70,667         |



|                          |           |         |           |
|--------------------------|-----------|---------|-----------|
| Subordinated liabilities | 369       | 30,109  | 30,478    |
|                          | 1,388,143 | 223,896 | 1,612,039 |

**Table of Contents****15 Notes on the statement of cash flows**

|   | <b>30 June<br/>2010<br/>US\$m</b> | Half-year to<br>30 June<br>2009<br>US\$m | 31<br>December<br>2009<br>US\$m |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| <i>Non-cash items included in profit before tax</i>                         |                                   |  |                                 |
| Depreciation, amortisation and impairment                                   | <b>1,442</b>                      | 1,153                                    | 1,385                           |
| Gains arising from dilution of interests in associates                      | <b>(188)</b>                      |  |                                 |
| Revaluations on investment property   | <b>8</b>                          | 43                                       | (19)                            |
| Share-based payment expense   | <b>371</b>                        | 355                                      | 328                             |
| Loan impairment losses gross of recoveries and other credit risk provisions | <b>7,976</b>                      | 14,308                                   | 13,070                          |
| Provisions  | <b>158</b>                        | 361                                      | 308                             |
| Impairment of financial investments   | <b>40</b>                         | 281                                      | 77                              |
| Charge/(credit) for defined benefit plans                                   | <b>246</b>                        | (150)                                    | 342                             |
| Accretion of discounts and amortisation of premiums                         | <b>(500)</b>                      | (96)                                     | (362)                           |
|   | <b>9,553</b>                      | 16,255                                   | 15,129                          |
| <i>Change in operating assets</i>   |                                   |  |                                 |
| Change in prepayments and accrued income                                    | <b>839</b>                        | 1,311                                    | 1,887                           |
| Change in net trading securities and net derivatives                        | <b>20,176</b>                     | 1,922                                    | 13,466                          |
| Change in loans and advances to banks                                       | <b>(8,515)</b>                    | (28,458)                                 | (1,896)                         |
| Change in loans and advances to customers                                   | <b>(3,812)</b>                    | (9,279)                                  | 15,428                          |
| Change in financial assets designated at fair value                         | <b>5,460</b>                      | (4,946)                                  | (3,965)                         |
| Change in other assets  | <b>(18)</b>                       | 2,171                                    | (8,444)                         |
|   | <b>14,130</b>                     | (37,279)                                 | 16,476                          |
| <i>Change in operating liabilities</i>                                      |                                   |  |                                 |
| Change in accruals and deferred income                                      | <b>(1,016)</b>                    | (2,264)                                  | 6                               |
| Change in deposits by banks   | <b>2,444</b>                      | (937)                                    | (4,279)                         |
| Change in customer accounts   | <b>(11,714)</b>                   | 46,291                                   | (4,308)                         |
| Change in debt securities in issue  | <b>6,583</b>                      | (23,494)                                 | (9,303)                         |
| Change in financial liabilities designated at fair value                    | <b>342</b>                        | 262                                      | 7,168                           |
| Change in other liabilities   | <b>1,972</b>                      | 2,388                                    | 3,115                           |
|   | <b>(1,389)</b>                    | 22,246                                   | (7,601)                         |

*Cash and cash equivalents*

|  |                 |          |         |
|--|-----------------|----------|---------|
| Cash and balances at central banks   | <b>71,576</b>   | 56,368   | 60,655  |
| Items in the course of collection from other banks                             | <b>11,195</b>   | 16,613   | 6,395   |
| Loans and advances to banks of one month or less                               | <b>171,022</b>  | 157,856  | 160,673 |
| Treasury bills, other bills and certificates of deposit less than three months | <b>24,093</b>   | 36,866   | 28,777  |
| Less: items in the course of transmission to other banks                       | <b>(11,976)</b> | (16,007) | (5,734) |
|  | <b>265,910</b>  | 251,696  | 250,766 |

*Interest and dividends*

|                    |                |          |          |
|--------------------|----------------|----------|----------|
| Interest paid      | <b>(9,932)</b> | (16,696) | (12,334) |
| Interest received  | <b>31,397</b>  | 36,975   | 37,087   |
| Dividends received | <b>380</b>     | 835      | 188      |

229

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Notes on the Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued)****16 Contingent liabilities, contractual commitments and guarantees**

|   | At<br><b>30 June<br/>2010<br/>US\$m</b> | At<br>30 June<br>2009<br>US\$m | At<br>31<br>December<br>2009<br>US\$m |
|---|---|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| <b>Contingent liabilities and guarantees</b>                                  |   |                                |                                       |
| Guarantees and irrevocable letters of credit pledged as collateral security   | <b>66,140</b>                           | 69,287                         | 73,385                                |
| Other contingent liabilities  | <b>173</b>                              | 153                            | 174                                   |
|   | <b>66,313</b>                           | 69,440                         | 73,559                                |
| <b>Commitments</b>  |   |                                |                                       |
| Documentary credits and short-term trade-related transactions                 | <b>10,618</b>                           | 8,947                          | 9,066                                 |
| Forward asset purchases and forward deposits placed                           | <b>29</b>                               | 1,966                          | 192                                   |
| Undrawn formal standby facilities, credit lines and other commitments to lend | <b>538,063</b>                          | 558,099                        | 548,792                               |
|   | <b>548,710</b>                          | 569,012                        | 558,050                               |

The above table discloses the nominal principal amounts of contingent liabilities, commitments and guarantees; mainly credit-related instruments including both financial and non-financial guarantees and commitments to extend credit. Contingent liabilities arising from litigation against the Group are disclosed in Note 19. Nominal principal amounts represent the amounts at risk should contracts be fully drawn upon and clients default. The amount of the loan commitments shown above reflects, where relevant, the expected level of take-up of pre-approved loan offers made by mailshots to personal customers. As a significant proportion of guarantees and commitments is expected to expire without being drawn upon, the total of the nominal principal amounts is not representative of future liquidity requirements.

**Financial Services Compensation Scheme**

The UK Financial Services Compensation Scheme ( FSCS ) has provided compensation to consumers following the collapse of a number of deposit-takers such as Bradford & Bingley plc, Heritable Bank plc and Kaupthing Singer & Friedlander Limited. The financial impact on HSBC Bank plc ( the bank ), the basis for estimating costs, and the uncertainties involved in estimating the ultimate FSCS levy to the industry, remain consistent with those disclosed on page 464 of the *Annual Report and Accounts 2009*.

At 30 June 2010, the bank held an accrual of US\$207 million (30 June 2009: US\$200 million; 31 December 2009: US\$182 million) in respect of its share of forecast management expenses based on its market share of deposits protected under the FSCS.

Sales of payment protection insurance

On 1 July 2008 the Financial Ombudsman Service ( FOS ) wrote to the FSA to draw to its attention under the Wider Implications process the issues arising from past payment protection insurance ( PPI ) sales. The FOS considered that there was evidence of widespread and regular failure on the part of many firms to comply with the FSA's rules.

On 29 September 2009, the FSA published a Consultation Paper ( CP (09/23) ) setting out proposals, and draft Rules and Guidance, on how firms should assess PPI complaints and, where they up-held such complaints, calculate redress. At the same time, it also published an open letter, setting out what it considered to be common failings by firms in sales of PPI. When announcing the publication of CP (09/23), the FSA also reported that it had obtained agreement from firms representing 40 per cent of the market for face to face single premium PPI sales to review all such sales since July 2007. No HSBC subsidiary or associate was included in that group of firms.

The Consultation Paper anticipated new FSA rules and guidance covering how firms should deal with PPI complaints with effect from the beginning of 2010. However, the FSA subsequently issued a further Consultation Paper ( CP(10/6) ) setting out revised proposals in relation to which there was another consultation period to 22 April 2010.

The FSA is currently considering responses to this second consultation. It is not yet known when the FSA will publish a policy statement nor what its form and content will be. In the circumstances, it is not possible for HSBC to determine what impact, if any, the FSA's proposals will eventually have.

**Table of Contents****17 Segmental analysis**

|                                 | Europe<br>US\$m  | Hong<br>Kong<br>US\$m | Rest of<br>Asia-<br>Pacific<br>US\$m | Middle<br>East<br>US\$m | North<br>America<br>US\$m | Latin<br>America<br>US\$m | Intra-<br>HSBC<br>items<br>US\$m | Total<br>US\$m   |
|---------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------|
| <i>Net operating income</i>     |                  |                       |                                      |                         |                           |                           |                                  |                  |
| <b>Half-year to:</b>            |                  |                       |                                      |                         |                           |                           |                                  |                  |
| <b>30 June 2010</b>             | <b>11,220</b>    | <b>4,833</b>          | <b>4,351</b>                         | <b>750</b>              | <b>4,446</b>              | <b>3,895</b>              | <b>(1,467)</b>                   | <b>28,028</b>    |
| 30 June 2009                    | 9,541            | 4,441                 | 3,478                                | 978                     | 652                       | 3,067                     | (1,347)                          | 20,810           |
| 31 December 2009                | 8,435            | 4,526                 | 3,629                                | 282                     | (11)                      | 3,431                     | (1,409)                          | 18,883           |
| <i>Profit/(loss) before tax</i> |                  |                       |                                      |                         |                           |                           |                                  |                  |
| <b>Half-year to:</b>            |                  |                       |                                      |                         |                           |                           |                                  |                  |
| <b>30 June 2010</b>             | <b>3,521</b>     | <b>2,877</b>          | <b>2,985</b>                         | <b>346</b>              | <b>492</b>                | <b>883</b>                |                                  | <b>11,104</b>    |
| 30 June 2009                    | 2,976            | 2,501                 | 2,022                                | 643                     | (3,703)                   | 580                       |                                  | 5,019            |
| 31 December 2009                | 1,033            | 2,528                 | 2,178                                | (188)                   | (4,035)                   | 544                       |                                  | 2,060            |
| <i>Total assets</i>             |                  |                       |                                      |                         |                           |                           |                                  |                  |
| <b>At 30 June 2010</b>          | <b>1,280,698</b> | <b>410,991</b>        | <b>244,624</b>                       | <b>49,637</b>           | <b>495,408</b>            | <b>121,885</b>            | <b>(184,789)</b>                 | <b>2,418,454</b> |
| At 30 June 2009                 | 1,324,687        | 413,107               | 217,794                              | 48,601                  | 494,778                   | 107,515                   | (184,639)                        | 2,421,843        |
| At 31<br>December 2009          | 1,268,600        | 399,243               | 222,139                              | 48,107                  | 475,014                   | 115,967                   | (164,618)                        | 2,364,452        |

**18 Goodwill impairment**

It is HSBC's policy to test goodwill allocated to each cash generating unit ( CGU ) for impairment as at 1 July each year. Goodwill is also tested for impairment whenever there is an indication that goodwill may be impaired.

The allocation of goodwill to CGUs is described in Note 22 on page 434 of the *Annual Report and Accounts 2009*.

There was no indication of impairment in the period to 30 June 2010 and therefore goodwill has not been retested.

**19 Litigation****Bernard L. Madoff Investment Securities LLC**

As referred to in the *Annual Report and Accounts 2009*, on 29 June 2009 Bernard L. Madoff ( Madoff ) was sentenced to 150 years in prison following his guilty plea to fraud and other charges. The relevant US authorities are continuing their investigations into the fraud, and have brought charges against others, including several employees of Bernard L. Madoff Investment Securities LLC ( Madoff Securities ) as well as its external auditor. Some details of the fraud have come to light as a result of these and other investigations and proceedings; however, significant uncertainty remains as to the facts of the fraud and the total amount of assets that will ultimately be available for distribution by the Madoff Securities trustee.

Various non-US HSBC companies provide custodial, administration and similar services to a number of funds incorporated outside the US whose assets were invested with Madoff Securities. Based on information provided by Madoff Securities, as at 30 November 2008, the aggregate net asset value of these funds (which would include principal amounts invested and unrealised gains) was US\$8.4 billion. Proceedings concerning Madoff and Madoff

Securities have been issued by different plaintiffs (including funds, fund investors, and the Madoff Securities trustee) in various jurisdictions against numerous defendants and HSBC expects further proceedings may be brought. Various HSBC companies have been named as defendants in suits in the US, Ireland, Luxembourg, and other jurisdictions. All of the cases where HSBC companies are named as a defendant are at an early stage. HSBC considers that it has good defences to these claims and will continue to defend them vigorously. HSBC is unable reliably to estimate the liability, if any, that might arise as a result of such claims.

Various HSBC companies have also received requests for information from various regulatory and law enforcement authorities in connection with the fraud by Madoff. HSBC companies are co-operating with these requests for information.

**Table of Contents**

**HSBC HOLDINGS PLC**

**Notes on the Financial Statements (unaudited) (continued)**

Other litigation

These actions apart, HSBC is party to legal actions in a number of jurisdictions including the UK, Hong Kong and the US arising out of its normal business operations. HSBC considers that none of the actions is material, and none is expected to result in a significant adverse effect on the financial position of HSBC, either individually or in the aggregate. Management believes that adequate provisions have been made in respect of the litigation arising out of its normal business operations. HSBC has not disclosed any contingent liability associated with these legal actions because it is not practical to do so.

**20 Events after the balance sheet date**

On 2 July 2010, the Group entered into an agreement to acquire The Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc's retail and commercial banking businesses in India. The total consideration will comprise a premium of up to US\$95 million over the net asset value of the businesses being acquired. The purchase price will be reduced in respect of 90 per cent of any credit losses incurred on the unsecured lending portfolio in the two years subsequent to completion. The initial consideration paid will be reduced by an estimate of these losses with an adjustment to reflect the actual losses at the end of the 2 year protection period. The acquisition is subject to regulatory approvals and is expected to be completed in the first half of 2011.

On 28 July 2010 HSBC agreed in principle the sale of the remaining US consumer finance run-off portfolio of vehicle finance loans. The carrying amount of the loans at 30 June 2010 was US\$4.3 billion. The transaction is expected to be completed in the second half of 2010.

A second interim dividend for the financial year ending 31 December 2010 was declared by the Directors after 30 June 2010, as described in Note 3.

**21 Interim Report 2010 and statutory accounts**

The information in this *Interim Report 2010* is unaudited and does not constitute statutory accounts within the meaning of section 434 of the Companies Act 2006. The *Interim Report 2010* was approved by the Board of Directors on 2 August 2010. The statutory accounts for the year ended 31 December 2009 have been delivered to the Registrar of Companies in England and Wales in accordance with section 447 of the Companies Act 2006. The auditor has reported on those accounts. Its report was unqualified; did not include a reference to any matters to which the auditors drew attention by way of emphasis without qualifying their report; and did not contain a statement under section 498(2) or (3) of the Companies Act 2006.



**Table of Contents**

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233

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**Table of Contents**

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234

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**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Additional Information****1 Directors' interests**

According to the register of Directors' interests maintained by HSBC Holdings pursuant to section 352 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance of Hong Kong, the Directors of HSBC Holdings at 30 June 2010 had the following interests, all beneficial unless otherwise stated, in the shares and loan capital of HSBC and its associated corporations:

*HSBC Holdings ordinary shares of US\$0.50*

|                      | At 30 June 2010 |            |                     |         |                      |                     |                        |
|----------------------|-----------------|------------|---------------------|---------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------------|
|                      | At              | Beneficial | Child               | Jointly |                      | Equity              | Total                  |
|                      | 1 January       | owner      | under 18            | with    | Trustee              | derivatives         | interests <sup>1</sup> |
|                      | 2010            |            | or spouse           | another |                      |                     |                        |
|                      |                 |            |                     | person  |                      |                     |                        |
| V H C Cheng          | 466,165         | 477,327    | 185,892             |         |                      |                     | 663,219                |
| J D Coombe           | 19,676          | 19,999     |                     |         |                      |                     | 19,999                 |
| R A Fairhead         | 21,300          |            |                     | 21,300  |                      |                     | 21,300                 |
| D J Flint            | 177,101         | 144,677    |                     |         | 33,198 <sub>2</sub>  |                     | 177,875                |
| A A Flockhart        | 269,008         | 269,544    |                     |         |                      |                     | 269,544                |
| M F Geoghegan        | 724,757         | 881,896    | 44,000 <sub>3</sub> |         |                      |                     | 925,896                |
| S K Green            | 1,001,211       | 837,107    |                     | 64,252  | 226,202 <sub>3</sub> |                     | 1,127,561              |
| S T Gulliver         | 2,731,057       | 2,553,592  | 177,475             |         |                      |                     | 2,731,067              |
| J W J Hughes-Hallett | 67,755          |            |                     |         | 68,227 <sub>3</sub>  |                     | 68,227                 |
| W S H Laidlaw        | 30,948          | 29,532     |                     |         | 1,416 <sub>3</sub>   |                     | 30,948                 |
| G Morgan             | 78,515          | 79,802     |                     |         |                      |                     | 79,802                 |
| Sir Simon Robertson  | 140,093         | 8,479      |                     |         | 167,750 <sub>3</sub> |                     | 176,229                |
| J L Thornton         |                 |            |                     |         |                      | 10,250 <sub>4</sub> | 10,250                 |
| Sir Brian Williamson | 36,378          | 36,975     |                     |         |                      |                     | 36,975                 |

1 *Details of executive Directors' other interests in HSBC Holdings ordinary shares of US\$0.50 arising from the HSBC Holdings savings-related share option plans and the HSBC Share Plan are set out on the following pages. At 30 June 2010, the aggregate*

*interests under the Securities and Futures Ordinance of Hong Kong in HSBC Holdings ordinary shares of US\$0.50, including interests arising through employee share plans, were: V H C Cheng 1,520,730; D J Flint 954,134; A A Flockhart 1,319,794; M F Geoghegan 2,605,442; S K Green 2,399,927; and S T Gulliver 4,321,925. Each Director's total interests represent less than 0.03 per cent of the shares in issue.*

- 2 *Includes a non-beneficial interest in 22,132 HSBC Holdings ordinary shares of US\$0.50.*
- 3 *Non-beneficial.*
- 4 *Interest of spouse in listed American Depositary Shares, which are categorised as equity derivatives under the Securities and*

*Futures*

*Ordinance of*

*Hong Kong.*

M F Geoghegan has an interest as beneficial owner in 280,000 ordinary shares of HK\$5.00 each in Hang Seng Bank Limited (representing less than 0.02 per cent of the shares in issue), which he held throughout the period.

As a director of HSBC France, S T Gulliver has an interest as beneficial owner in one share of 5 in that company (representing less than 0.01 per cent of the shares in issue), which he held throughout the period. S T Gulliver has waived his right to receive dividends on this share and has undertaken to transfer it to HSBC on ceasing to be a director of HSBC France. Following his resignation as a director of HSBC France on 16 February 2010, S K Green ceased to have an interest as beneficial owner in one share of 5 in that company.

V H C Cheng has an interest as beneficial owner in RMB1,960,000 of retail bonds issued by HSBC Bank (China) Company Limited, which he held throughout the period.

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Additional Information** (continued)

Savings-related share option plans and the HSBC Share Plan

*HSBC Holdings savings-related share option plans*

HSBC Holdings ordinary shares of US\$0.50

|               | Date of award | Exercise price (£) | Exercisable from <sup>1</sup> | until       | Held at 1 Jan 2010 | Held at 30 Jun 2010 |
|---------------|---------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| D J Flint     | 25 Apr 2007   | 6.1760             | 1 Aug 2012                    | 31 Jan 2013 | <b>2,650</b>       | <b>2,650</b>        |
| A A Flockhart | 29 Apr 2009   | 3.3116             | 1 Aug 2014                    | 31 Jan 2015 | <b>4,529</b>       | <b>4,529</b>        |

*The HSBC Holdings savings-related share option plans are all-employee share plans under which eligible HSBC employees may be granted options to acquire HSBC Holdings ordinary shares. Employees may make contributions of up to £250 (or equivalent) each month over a period of one, three or five years which may be used on the first, third or fifth anniversary of the commencement of the relevant savings contract, at the employee's election, to exercise the options. The plans help align the interests of employees with the creation of shareholder value and, as such, exercise of the options is not subject to any performance conditions. The options were awarded for nil consideration and are exercisable at a 20 per cent discount to the average market value of the ordinary shares on the five business days immediately preceding the invitation date. There are no performance criteria conditional upon which the outstanding options are exercisable and there have been no variations to the terms and conditions since the awards were made. The market value per share of the ordinary shares at 30 June 2010 was £6.152. The highest and lowest market values per share during the period were £7.404 and £6.152. Market value is the mid-market price derived from the London Stock Exchange Daily Official List on the relevant date. Under the Securities and Futures Ordinance of Hong Kong, the options are categorised as unlisted physically settled equity derivatives.*

1 *May be advanced to an earlier date in certain circumstances, e.g. retirement.*

**Awards of Performance Shares***HSBC Share Plan*

HSBC Holdings ordinary shares of US\$0.50

|             | Date of award             | Year in which awards may vest | Awards held at 1 Jan 2010 | Awards vested during period <sup>1,2</sup><br>Number | Monetary value<br>£000 | Awards held at 30 Jun 2010 <sup>3</sup> |
|-------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|--|------------------------|---|
| V H C Cheng | 5 Mar 2007 <sup>1,2</sup> | 2010                          | 218,035                   | 83,769   | 560                    |   |
|             | 3 Jun 2008                | 2011                          | 157,852                   |  |                        | 160,442                                 |
| D J Flint   | <sup>1,2</sup>            | 2010                          | <b>326,626</b>            | <b>125,489</b>                                       | <b>838</b>             |   |

|               |                              |      |                  |                |                  |
|---------------|------------------------------|------|------------------|----------------|------------------|
|               | 5 Mar<br>2007                |      |                  |                |                  |
|               | 3 Jun<br>2008                | 2011 | <b>455,210</b>   |                | <b>462,678</b>   |
| A A Flockhart | 5 Mar<br>2007 <sup>1,2</sup> | 2010 | <b>145,238</b>   | <b>55,799</b>  | <b>373</b>       |
|               | 3 Jun<br>2008                | 2011 | <b>155,227</b>   |                | <b>157,774</b>   |
| M F Geoghegan | 5 Mar<br>2007 <sup>1,2</sup> | 2010 | <b>742,334</b>   | <b>285,205</b> | <b>1,905</b>     |
|               | 3 Jun<br>2008                | 2011 | <b>1,069,746</b> |                | <b>1,087,295</b> |
| S K Green     | 5 Mar<br>2007 <sup>1,2</sup> | 2010 | <b>556,750</b>   | <b>213,903</b> | <b>1,429</b>     |
|               | 3 Jun<br>2008                | 2011 | <b>1,251,829</b> |                | <b>1,272,366</b> |
| S T Gulliver  | 5 Mar<br>2007 <sup>1,2</sup> | 2010 | <b>161,319</b>   | <b>61,979</b>  | <b>414</b>       |
|               | 3 Jun<br>2008                | 2011 | <b>67,631</b>    |                | <b>68,740</b>    |

*Vesting of these awards of Performance Shares is subject to the achievement of the corporate performance conditions set out on pages 339 to 342 of the Annual Report and Accounts 2009. Interests in awards of Performance Shares are categorised under the Securities and Futures Ordinance of Hong Kong as the interests of a beneficiary of a trust.*

1 *The performance conditions of the total shareholder return element of the award were partially met and the following part of the awards vested on 31 March 2010, when the market value per share was £6.68: V H C Cheng, 82,957 shares; D J Flint, 124,273 shares; A A Flockhart, 55,259 shares; M F*

*Geoghegan, 282,440 shares; S K Green, 211,830 shares; and S T Gulliver, 61,378 shares. The following awards representing the fourth interim dividend for 2009 vested on 5 May 2010 when the market value per share was £6.53: V H C Cheng, 812 shares; D J Flint, 1,216 shares; A A Flockhart, 540 shares; M F Geoghegan, 2,765 shares; S K Green, 2,073 shares; and S T Gulliver, 601 shares. The market value per share on the date of the award, 5 March 2007, was £8.96.*

- 2 *The performance conditions for the earnings per share element and the remaining part of the total shareholder return element of the award were not met and, under the terms of the Plan, the*



*following awards were forfeited on 31 March 2010: V H C Cheng, 136,506 shares; D J Flint, 204,493 shares; A A Flockhart, 90,931 shares; M F Geoghegan, 464,757 shares; S K Green, 348,568 shares; and S T Gulliver, 100,998 shares. As a consequence, the fourth interim dividend for 2009 did not accrue on the forfeited shares.*

- 3 *Includes additional shares arising from scrip dividends.*

**Table of Contents****Awards of Restricted Shares***HSBC Share Plan*

HSBC Holdings ordinary shares of US\$0.50

|               | Date of award | Year in which awards may vest | Awards held at 1 Jan 2010 | Awards made during period <sup>1</sup> |                     | Awards vested during period <sup>2</sup> |                     | Awards held at 30 Jun 2010 <sup>3</sup> |
|---------------|---------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|--|---------------------|--|---------------------|---|
|               |               |                               |                           | Number                                 | Monetary value £000 | Number                                   | Monetary value £000 |   |
| V H C Cheng   | 3 Mar 2008    | 2011                          | 103,936                   |  |                     | 104,616                                  | 713                 |   |
|               | 2 Mar 2009    | 2012                          | 493,545                   |  |                     |  |                     | 501,641                                 |
|               | 1 Mar 2010    | 2013                          |                           | 193,534                                | 1,320               |  |                     | 195,428                                 |
| D J Flint     | 1 Mar 2010    | 2011-2013 <sup>4</sup>        |                           | 307,917                                | 2,100               |  |                     | 310,931                                 |
| A A Flockhart | 31 Oct 2007   | 2010                          | 64,621                    |  |                     |  |                     | 65,681                                  |
|               | 3 Mar 2008    | 2011                          | 15,064                    |  |                     |  |                     | 15,310                                  |
|               | 2 Mar 2009    | 2012                          | 498,124                   |  |                     |  |                     | 506,296                                 |
|               | 1 Mar 2010    | 2011-2013 <sup>4</sup>        |                           | 297,746                                | 2,031               |  |                     | 300,660                                 |
| M F Geoghegan | 1 Mar 2010    | 2011-2013 <sup>4</sup>        |                           | 586,510                                | 4,000               |  |                     | 592,251                                 |
| S T Gulliver  | 5 Mar 2007    | 2009-2010 <sup>4</sup>        | 191,842                   |  |                     | 193,099                                  | 1,317               |   |
|               | 3 Mar 2008    | 2009-2011 <sup>4</sup>        | 388,157                   |  |                     | 202,986                                  | 1,384               | 189,552                                 |
|               | 1 Mar 2010    | 2011-2013 <sup>4</sup>        |                           | 1,319,648                              | 9,000               |  |                     | 1,332,566                               |

*Vesting of Restricted Share awards is normally subject to the Director remaining an employee on the vesting date. The vesting date may be advanced to an earlier date in certain circumstances, e.g. death or retirement. Under the Securities and Futures Ordinance of Hong Kong, interests in Restricted Share awards granted in 2007 and 2008 are categorised as the interests of a beneficiary of a trust and interests in Restricted Share awards granted in 2009 and 2010 are categorised as the interests of a beneficial owner.*

1 *At the date of the award, 1 March 2010, the market value*

*per share was £6.82.*

- 2 *At the date of vesting, 1 March 2010, the market value per share was £6.82. The market value per share on the dates of the awards, 5 March 2007 and 3 March 2008, was £8.96 and £7.90 respectively.*
- 3 *Includes additional shares arising from scrip dividends.*
- 4 *33 per cent of the award vests on each of the first and second anniversaries of the date of the award, with the balance vesting on the third anniversary of the date of the award.*

No Directors held any short position as defined in the Securities and Futures Ordinance of Hong Kong in the shares and loan capital of HSBC and its associated corporations. Save as stated above, none of the Directors had an interest in any shares or debentures of HSBC or any associated corporation at the beginning or at the end of the period, and none of the Directors or members of their immediate families was awarded or exercised any right to subscribe for any shares or debentures in any HSBC corporation during the period. Since the end of the period, the interests of each of the following Directors have increased by the number of HSBC Holdings ordinary shares shown against their name:

*Increase in Directors' interests since 30 June 2010*

HSBC Holdings ordinary shares of US\$0.50

|             | Beneficial owner    | Child under 18 or spouse <sup>1</sup> | Trustee <sup>1</sup> |
|-------------|---------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|
| V H C Cheng | 11,875 <sub>2</sub> | 1,653                                 |                      |
| J D Coombe  | 178 <sub>1</sub>    |                                       |                      |

|                      |                     |     |
|----------------------|---------------------|-----|
| D J Flint            | 6,966 <sub>3</sub>  | 295 |
| A A Flockhart        | 9,598 <sub>4</sub>  |     |
| M F Geoghegan        | 18,157 <sub>5</sub> |     |
| S K Green            | 11,359 <sub>6</sub> |     |
| S T Gulliver         | 14,154 <sub>7</sub> | 5   |
| G Morgan             | 709 <sub>1</sub>    |     |
| Sir Simon Robertson  | 75 <sub>1</sub>     |     |
| Sir Brian Williamson | 329 <sub>1</sub>    |     |

- 1 *Scrip dividend.*
- 2 *Comprises scrip dividend on ordinary shares (4,245 shares) and on Performance Share and Restricted Share awards granted under the HSBC Share Plan (7,630 shares).*
- 3 *Comprises the automatic reinvestment of dividend income by an Individual Savings Account manager (45 shares), the acquisition of shares in the HSBC Holdings UK Share Incentive Plan through regular monthly contributions (19 shares), the automatic reinvestment of*

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Additional Information** (continued)

*dividend income on shares held in the plan (20 shares) and scrip dividends on Performance Share and Restricted Share awards granted under the HSBC Share Plan (6,882 shares).*

- 4 *Comprises scrip dividend on ordinary shares (295 shares) and on Performance Share and Restricted Share awards granted under the HSBC Share Plan (9,303 shares).*
- 5 *Comprises scrip dividend on ordinary shares (3,213 shares) and on Performance Share and Restricted Share awards granted under the HSBC Share Plan (14,944 shares).*
- 6 *Comprises acquisition of shares in the HSBC Holdings UK Share Incentive Plan through regular monthly contributions (19 shares), the automatic reinvestment of dividend income on shares held in the plan (20 shares) and scrip dividends on Performance Share award granted under the HSBC Share Plan (11,320 shares).*
- 7 *Scrip dividend on Performance Share and Restricted Share awards granted under the HSBC Share Plan.*

**2 Employee share option plans**

To help align the interests of employees with those of shareholders, share options are granted under all-employee share plans and discretionary awards of Performance Shares and Restricted Shares are made under the HSBC Share Plan. The following are particulars of outstanding employee share options, including those held by employees working under employment contracts that are regarded as continuous contracts for the purposes of the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance. The options were granted at nil consideration. No options have been granted to substantial shareholders, suppliers of goods or services, or in excess of the individual limit for each share plan. No options were cancelled by HSBC during the period. The options which were awarded, exercised or lapsed during the period are detailed in the tables below. Particulars of options held by Directors of HSBC Holdings are set out on page 236.

**All-employee share option plans**

The exercise period of the options awarded under all-employee share plans may be advanced to an earlier date in certain circumstances, for example on retirement, and may be extended in certain circumstances, for example on the death of a participant the executors may exercise the option up to six months beyond the normal exercise period. The middle market closing price per HSBC Holdings ordinary share quoted on the London Stock Exchange, as derived from the Daily Official List on 20 April 2010, the day before options were awarded in 2010, was £6.917. The options are exercisable at a 20 per cent discount to the average market value of the ordinary shares on the five business days immediately preceding the invitation date, unless otherwise indicated.

*HSBC Holdings Savings-Related Share Option Plan*

HSBC Holdings ordinary shares of US\$0.50

| Date of award | Exercise price (£) | Exercisable |             | At 1 Jan 2010 | Awarded during period | Exercised during period <sup>1</sup> | Lapsed during period | At 30 Jun 2010 |
|---------------|--------------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------|
|               |                    | from        | until       |               |                       |                                      |                      |                |
| 21 Apr 2004   | 5.6399             | 1 Aug 2009  | 31 Jan 2010 | 1,699,603     |                       | 379,098                              | 1,317,575            | 2,930          |
| 24 May 2005   | 5.8205             | 1 Aug 2010  | 31 Jan 2011 | 2,298,128     |                       | 37,157                               | 35,593               | 2,225,378      |
| 26 Apr 2006   | 6.6870             | 1 Aug 2009  | 31 Jan 2010 | 2,217,423     |                       | 237,630                              | 1,976,565            | 3,228          |
| 26 Apr 2006   | 6.6870             |             |             | 1,162,904     |                       | 7,153                                | 67,614               | 1,088,137      |

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|             |        |      |        |                   |                |                  |                   |  |
|-------------|--------|------|--------|-------------------|----------------|------------------|-------------------|--|
|             |        | 1    | 31 Jan |                   |                |                  |                   |  |
|             |        | Aug  | 2012   |                   |                |                  |                   |  |
|             |        | 2011 |        |                   |                |                  |                   |  |
|             |        | 1    | 31 Jan |                   |                |                  |                   |  |
| 25 Apr 2007 | 6.1760 | 2010 | 2011   | <b>1,625,920</b>  | <b>35,016</b>  | <b>80,938</b>    | <b>1,509,966</b>  |  |
|             |        | 1    | 31 Jan |                   |                |                  |                   |  |
| 25 Apr 2007 | 6.1760 | 2012 | 2013   | <b>1,350,019</b>  | <b>11,898</b>  | <b>77,026</b>    | <b>1,261,095</b>  |  |
|             |        | 1    | 31 Jan |                   |                |                  |                   |  |
| 30 Apr 2008 | 5.9397 | 2011 | 2012   | <b>2,034,844</b>  | <b>26,276</b>  | <b>179,953</b>   | <b>1,828,615</b>  |  |
|             |        | 1    | 31 Jan |                   |                |                  |                   |  |
| 30 Apr 2008 | 5.9397 | 2013 | 2014   | <b>1,784,690</b>  | <b>6,235</b>   | <b>101,014</b>   | <b>1,677,441</b>  |  |
|             |        | 1    | 31 Jan |                   |                |                  |                   |  |
| 29 Apr 2009 | 3.3116 | 2012 | 2013   | <b>31,928,740</b> | <b>185,001</b> | <b>1,722,095</b> | <b>30,021,644</b> |  |
|             |        | 1    | 31 Jan |                   |                |                  |                   |  |
| 29 Apr 2009 | 3.3116 | 2014 | 2015   | <b>30,464,057</b> | <b>78,664</b>  | <b>1,115,406</b> | <b>29,269,987</b> |  |
|             |        | 1    | 31 Jan |                   |                |                  |                   |  |
| 21 Apr 2010 | 5.4573 | 2013 | 2014   | <b>3,971,170</b>  |                | <b>17,811</b>    | <b>3,953,359</b>  |  |
|             |        | 1    | 31 Jan |                   |                |                  |                   |  |
| 21 Apr 2010 | 5.4573 | 2015 | 2016   | <b>2,212,133</b>  |                | <b>5,977</b>     | <b>2,206,156</b>  |  |

1 *The weighted average closing price of the shares immediately before the dates on which options were exercised was £6.73.*

The fair value of options granted in the period under the Plan was US\$15 million.

**Table of Contents***HSBC Holdings Savings-Related Share Option Plan: International*  
HSBC Holdings ordinary shares of US\$0.50

| Date of award | Exercise price (£) | Exercisable from until |             | At 1 Jan 2010     | Awarded during period | Exercised during period <sup>1</sup> | Lapsed during period | At 30 Jun 2010    |
|---------------|--------------------|------------------------|-------------|-------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
| 21 Apr 2004   | 5.6399             | 1 Aug 2009             | 31 Jan 2010 | <b>8,554</b>      |                       |                                      | <b>8,554</b>         |                   |
| 10 May 2004   | 5.6399             | 1 Aug 2009             | 31 Jan 2010 | <b>379,187</b>    |                       | <b>188,340</b>                       | <b>190,847</b>       |                   |
| 24 May 2005   | 5.8205             | 1 Aug 2010             | 31 Jan 2011 | <b>930,050</b>    |                       | <b>11,358</b>                        | <b>41,618</b>        | <b>877,074</b>    |
| 26 Apr 2006   | 6.6870             | 1 Aug 2009             | 31 Jan 2010 | <b>395,176</b>    |                       | <b>128,709</b>                       | <b>266,467</b>       |                   |
| 26 Apr 2006   | 6.6870             | 1 Aug 2011             | 31 Jan 2012 | <b>136,732</b>    |                       | <b>70</b>                            | <b>3,472</b>         | <b>133,190</b>    |
| 25 Apr 2007   | 6.1760             | 1 Aug 2010             | 31 Jan 2011 | <b>1,170,757</b>  |                       | <b>14,104</b>                        | <b>141,548</b>       | <b>1,015,105</b>  |
| 25 Apr 2007   | 6.1760             | 1 Aug 2012             | 31 Jan 2013 | <b>303,481</b>    |                       | <b>1,597</b>                         | <b>14,824</b>        | <b>287,060</b>    |
| 30 Apr 2008   | 5.9397             | 1 Aug 2011             | 31 Jan 2012 | <b>1,143,752</b>  |                       | <b>9,142</b>                         | <b>89,076</b>        | <b>1,045,534</b>  |
| 30 Apr 2008   | 5.9397             | 1 Aug 2013             | 31 Jan 2014 | <b>368,773</b>    |                       | <b>1,828</b>                         | <b>39,837</b>        | <b>327,108</b>    |
| 29 Apr 2009   | 3.3116             | 1 Aug 2010             | 31 Oct 2010 | <b>4,463,153</b>  |                       | <b>25,683</b>                        | <b>246,703</b>       | <b>4,190,767</b>  |
| 29 Apr 2009   | 3.3116             | 1 Aug 2012             | 31 Jan 2013 | <b>12,432,631</b> |                       | <b>30,738</b>                        | <b>549,466</b>       | <b>11,852,427</b> |
| 29 Apr 2009   | 3.3116             | 1 Aug 2014             | 31 Jan 2015 | <b>7,932,036</b>  |                       | <b>14,801</b>                        | <b>217,289</b>       | <b>7,699,946</b>  |
| 21 Apr 2010   | 5.4573             | 1 Aug 2011             | 31 Oct 2011 |                   | <b>4,855,376</b>      |                                      | <b>13,479</b>        | <b>4,841,897</b>  |
| 21 Apr 2010   | 5.4573             | 1 Aug 2013             | 31 Jan 2014 |                   | <b>2,071,218</b>      |                                      | <b>5,786</b>         | <b>2,065,432</b>  |
| 21 Apr 2010   | 5.4573             |                        |             |                   | <b>659,000</b>        |                                      | <b>1,907</b>         | <b>657,093</b>    |

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|             |                     |                  |                |                  |                  |                |                  |
|-------------|---------------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|
|             |                     | 1<br>Aug<br>2015 | 31 Jan<br>2016 |                  |                  |                |                  |
|             | (US\$)              |                  |                |                  |                  |                |                  |
| 26 Apr 2006 | 11.6154             | 1<br>Aug<br>2009 | 31 Jan<br>2010 | <b>237,487</b>   | <b>30,974</b>    | <b>206,513</b> |                  |
| 26 Apr 2006 | 11.6154             | 1<br>Aug<br>2011 | 31 Jan<br>2012 | <b>177,996</b>   |                  | <b>17,473</b>  | <b>160,523</b>   |
| 25 Apr 2007 | 12.0958             | 1<br>Aug<br>2010 | 31 Jan<br>2011 | <b>1,091,673</b> | <b>495</b>       | <b>107,133</b> | <b>984,045</b>   |
| 25 Apr 2007 | 12.0958             | 1<br>Aug<br>2012 | 31 Jan<br>2013 | <b>314,740</b>   |                  | <b>46,294</b>  | <b>268,446</b>   |
| 30 Apr 2008 | 11.8824             | 1<br>Aug<br>2011 | 31 Jan<br>2012 | <b>923,472</b>   |                  | <b>132,971</b> | <b>790,501</b>   |
| 30 Apr 2008 | 11.8824             | 1<br>Aug<br>2013 | 31 Jan<br>2014 | <b>257,851</b>   |                  | <b>34,817</b>  | <b>223,034</b>   |
| 29 Apr 2009 | 5.1931 <sub>2</sub> | 1<br>Aug<br>2010 | 31 Oct<br>2010 | <b>1,028,591</b> |                  | <b>82,593</b>  | <b>945,998</b>   |
| 29 Apr 2009 | 4.8876              | 1<br>Aug<br>2010 | 31 Oct<br>2010 | <b>579,122</b>   | <b>5,621</b>     | <b>30,830</b>  | <b>542,671</b>   |
| 29 Apr 2009 | 4.8876              | 1<br>Aug<br>2012 | 31 Jan<br>2013 | <b>4,922,956</b> | <b>7,172</b>     | <b>201,720</b> | <b>4,714,064</b> |
| 29 Apr 2009 | 4.8876              | 1<br>Aug<br>2014 | 31 Jan<br>2015 | <b>2,539,328</b> |                  | <b>83,178</b>  | <b>2,456,150</b> |
| 21 Apr 2010 | 8.1232              | 1<br>Aug<br>2011 | 31 Oct<br>2011 |                  | <b>350,623</b>   |                | <b>350,623</b>   |
| 21 Apr 2010 | 8.6309 <sub>2</sub> | 1<br>Aug<br>2011 | 31 Oct<br>2011 |                  | <b>634,163</b>   |                | <b>634,163</b>   |
| 21 Apr 2010 | 8.1232              | 1<br>Aug<br>2013 | 31 Jan<br>2014 |                  | <b>1,236,768</b> |                | <b>1,236,768</b> |
| 21 Apr 2010 | 8.1232              | 1<br>Aug<br>2015 | 31 Jan<br>2016 |                  | <b>313,833</b>   |                | <b>313,833</b>   |
| 26 Apr 2006 | 9.5912              | ( )<br>1<br>Aug  | 31 Jan<br>2010 | <b>53,020</b>    | <b>1,401</b>     | <b>51,619</b>  |                  |



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|             |         |      |        |                  |                |                |  |                  |
|-------------|---------|------|--------|------------------|----------------|----------------|--|------------------|
|             |         | 2009 |        |                  |                |                |  |                  |
|             |         | 1    |        |                  |                |                |  |                  |
|             |         | Aug  | 31 Jan |                  |                |                |  |                  |
| 26 Apr 2006 | 9.5912  | 2011 | 2012   | <b>10,738</b>    |                | <b>320</b>     |  | <b>10,418</b>    |
|             |         | 1    |        |                  |                |                |  |                  |
|             |         | Aug  | 31 Jan |                  |                |                |  |                  |
| 25 Apr 2007 | 9.0818  | 2010 | 2011   | <b>140,166</b>   |                | <b>5,687</b>   |  | <b>134,479</b>   |
|             |         | 1    |        |                  |                |                |  |                  |
|             |         | Aug  | 31 Jan |                  |                |                |  |                  |
| 25 Apr 2007 | 9.0818  | 2012 | 2013   | <b>37,473</b>    |                | <b>2,547</b>   |  | <b>34,926</b>    |
|             |         | 1    |        |                  |                |                |  |                  |
|             |         | Aug  | 31 Jan |                  |                |                |  |                  |
| 30 Apr 2008 | 7.5571  | 2011 | 2012   | <b>164,438</b>   |                | <b>18,262</b>  |  | <b>146,176</b>   |
|             |         | 1    |        |                  |                |                |  |                  |
|             |         | Aug  | 31 Jan |                  |                |                |  |                  |
| 30 Apr 2008 | 7.5571  | 2013 | 2014   | <b>37,873</b>    |                | <b>6,348</b>   |  | <b>31,525</b>    |
|             |         | 1    |        |                  |                |                |  |                  |
|             |         | Aug  | 31 Oct |                  |                |                |  |                  |
| 29 Apr 2009 | 3.6361  | 2010 | 2010   | <b>361,736</b>   | <b>3,018</b>   | <b>9,116</b>   |  | <b>349,602</b>   |
|             |         | 1    |        |                  |                |                |  |                  |
|             |         | Aug  | 31 Jan |                  |                |                |  |                  |
| 29 Apr 2009 | 3.6361  | 2012 | 2013   | <b>1,440,663</b> | <b>1,379</b>   | <b>34,000</b>  |  | <b>1,405,284</b> |
|             |         | 1    |        |                  |                |                |  |                  |
|             |         | Aug  | 31 Jan |                  |                |                |  |                  |
| 29 Apr 2009 | 3.6361  | 2014 | 2015   | <b>1,037,603</b> | <b>1,044</b>   | <b>30,230</b>  |  | <b>1,006,329</b> |
|             |         | 1    |        |                  |                |                |  |                  |
|             |         | Aug  | 31 Oct |                  |                |                |  |                  |
| 21 Apr 2010 | 6.0657  | 2011 | 2011   |                  | <b>216,485</b> | <b>592</b>     |  | <b>215,893</b>   |
|             |         | 1    |        |                  |                |                |  |                  |
|             |         | Aug  | 31 Jan |                  |                |                |  |                  |
| 21 Apr 2010 | 6.0657  | 2013 | 2014   |                  | <b>249,136</b> |                |  | <b>249,136</b>   |
|             |         | 1    |        |                  |                |                |  |                  |
|             |         | Aug  | 31 Jan |                  |                |                |  |                  |
| 21 Apr 2010 | 6.0657  | 2015 | 2016   |                  | <b>90,182</b>  |                |  | <b>90,182</b>    |
|             |         |      |        |                  |                |                |  |                  |
|             | (HK\$)  |      |        |                  |                |                |  |                  |
|             |         | 1    |        |                  |                |                |  |                  |
|             |         | Aug  | 31 Jan |                  |                |                |  |                  |
| 26 Apr 2006 | 90.1414 | 2009 | 2010   | <b>154,477</b>   | <b>5,623</b>   | <b>148,854</b> |  |                  |
|             |         | 1    |        |                  |                |                |  |                  |
|             |         | Aug  | 31 Jan |                  |                |                |  |                  |
| 26 Apr 2006 | 90.1414 | 2011 | 2012   | <b>50,894</b>    |                | <b>6,823</b>   |  | <b>44,071</b>    |
|             |         | 1    |        |                  |                |                |  |                  |
|             |         | Aug  | 31 Jan |                  |                |                |  |                  |
| 25 Apr 2007 | 94.5057 | 2010 | 2011   | <b>165,096</b>   |                | <b>13,711</b>  |  | <b>151,385</b>   |
|             |         | 1    |        |                  |                |                |  |                  |
|             |         | Aug  | 31 Jan |                  |                |                |  |                  |
| 25 Apr 2007 | 94.5057 | 2012 | 2013   | <b>57,205</b>    |                | <b>9,038</b>   |  | <b>48,167</b>    |
|             |         | 1    |        |                  |                |                |  |                  |
|             |         | Aug  | 31 Jan |                  |                |                |  |                  |
| 30 Apr 2008 | 92.5881 | 2011 | 2012   | <b>97,011</b>    |                | <b>12,687</b>  |  | <b>84,324</b>    |

|             |         |                  |                |                   |                  |                |                   |
|-------------|---------|------------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| 30 Apr 2008 | 92.5881 | 1<br>Aug<br>2013 | 31 Jan<br>2014 | <b>57,554</b>     |                  | <b>6,615</b>   | <b>50,939</b>     |
| 29 Apr 2009 | 37.8797 | 1<br>Aug<br>2010 | 31 Oct<br>2010 | <b>5,537,853</b>  | <b>63,161</b>    | <b>264,083</b> | <b>5,210,609</b>  |
| 29 Apr 2009 | 37.8797 | 1<br>Aug<br>2012 | 31 Jan<br>2013 | <b>23,530,423</b> | <b>55,169</b>    | <b>633,305</b> | <b>22,841,949</b> |
| 29 Apr 2009 | 37.8797 | 1<br>Aug<br>2014 | 31 Jan<br>2015 | <b>21,287,729</b> | <b>27,197</b>    | <b>385,365</b> | <b>20,875,167</b> |
| 21 Apr 2010 | 62.9770 | 1<br>Aug<br>2011 | 31 Oct<br>2011 |                   | <b>3,017,668</b> |                | <b>3,017,668</b>  |
| 21 Apr 2010 | 62.9770 | 1<br>Aug<br>2013 | 31 Jan<br>2014 |                   | <b>1,573,724</b> |                | <b>1,573,724</b>  |
| 21 Apr 2010 | 62.9770 | 1<br>Aug<br>2015 | 31 Jan<br>2016 |                   | <b>565,737</b>   |                | <b>565,737</b>    |

1 *The weighted average closing price of the shares immediately before the dates on which the options were exercised was £6.75.*

2 *Exercisable at a 15 per cent discount to the average market value of the ordinary shares on the five business days immediately preceding the invitation date.*

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Additional Information** (continued)

The fair value of options granted in the period under the Plan was US\$37 million.

Fair values of share options awarded under all-employee share option plans in 2010, measured at the date of grant of the option, are calculated using a Black-Scholes model.

The expected life of options depends on the behaviour of option holders, which is incorporated into the option model on the basis of historic observable data. The fair values calculated are inherently subjective and uncertain due to the assumptions made and the limitations of the model used. The significant weighted average assumptions used to estimate the fair value of the options granted in 2010 were as follows:

|  | 1-year<br>savings-related<br>share option<br>plan | 3-year<br>savings-related<br>share option<br>plans | 5-year<br>savings-related<br>share option<br>plans |
|--|---|--|--|
| Risk-free interest rate (%) <sup>1</sup> | 0.7   | 2.1  | 2.4  |
| Expected life (years) <sup>2</sup>       | 1   | 3  | 5  |
| Expected volatility (%) <sup>3</sup>     | 50  | 35   | 30   |

1 *The risk-free interest rate was determined from the UK gilts zero-coupon yield curve for the HSBC Holdings Savings-Related Share Option Plan. A similar yield curve was used for the HSBC Holdings Savings-Related Share Option Plan: International.*

2 *Expected life is not a single input parameter but a function of various behavioural assumptions.*

3 *Expected volatility is estimated by considering*

*historic average  
HSBC share  
price volatility  
and implied  
volatility for  
traded options  
over HSBC  
shares of similar  
maturity to those  
of the employee  
options.*

Expected dividend yield was determined to be 4.5 per cent per annum, in line with consensus analyst forecasts.

### **Discretionary share option plans**

Discretionary share options were awarded under employee share plans until 2005. There have been no awards of discretionary options since 30 September 2005 save for an award by HSBC InvestDirect (India) Limited before it was acquired by HSBC as set out below. The exercise period of the options awarded under discretionary share incentive plans may be advanced to an earlier date in certain circumstances, for example on the sale of a business.

*HSBC Holdings Executive Share Option Scheme<sup>1</sup>*

HSBC Holdings ordinary shares of US\$0.50

|               | Exercise     |                     | At            | Exercised                     | Lapsed           | At                |
|---------------|--------------|---------------------|---------------|-------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Date of award | price<br>(£) | Exercisable<br>from | 1 Jan<br>2010 | during<br>period <sup>2</sup> | during<br>period | 30<br>Jun<br>2010 |
| 3 Apr 2000    | 6.5009       | 3 Apr<br>2003       | 3 Apr<br>2010 | <b>6,706,848</b>              | <b>4,228,503</b> | <b>2,478,345</b>  |

1 *The HSBC Holdings Executive Share Option Scheme expired on 26 May 2000. No options have been granted under the Scheme since that date.*

2 *The weighted average closing price of the shares immediately before the dates on which options were exercised was £6.85.*

*HSBC Holdings Group Share Option Plan<sup>1</sup>*

HSBC Holdings ordinary shares of US\$0.50

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| Date of award | Exercise price (£) | Exercisable |             | At 1 Jan 2010     | Exercised during period <sup>2</sup> | Lapsed during period | At 30 Jun 2010    |
|---------------|--------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
|               |                    | from        | until       |                   |                                      |                      |                   |
| 4 Oct 2000    | 8.4024             | 4 Oct 2003  | 4 Oct 2010  | <b>339,727</b>    |                                      | <b>11,250</b>        | <b>328,477</b>    |
| 23 Apr 2001   | 7.5919             | 23 Apr 2004 | 23 Apr 2011 | <b>29,251,071</b> |                                      | <b>251,102</b>       | <b>28,999,969</b> |
| 30 Aug 2001   | 7.1702             | 30 Aug 2004 | 30 Aug 2011 | <b>154,481</b>    |                                      | <b>861</b>           | <b>153,620</b>    |
| 7 May 2002    | 7.3244             | 7 May 2005  | 7 May 2012  | <b>31,204,234</b> | <b>7,171</b>                         | <b>304,508</b>       | <b>30,892,555</b> |
| 30 Aug 2002   | 6.4966             | 30 Aug 2005 | 30 Aug 2012 | <b>387,696</b>    | <b>2,295</b>                         |                      | <b>385,401</b>    |
| 2 May 2003    | 6.0216             | 2 May 2006  | 2 May 2013  | <b>27,917,978</b> | <b>584,559</b>                       | <b>222,287</b>       | <b>27,111,132</b> |
| 29 Aug 2003   | 7.0848             | 29 Aug 2006 | 29 Aug 2013 | <b>371,782</b>    |                                      |                      | <b>371,782</b>    |
| 3 Nov 2003    | 7.9606             | 3 Nov 2006  | 3 Nov 2013  | <b>4,612,854</b>  |                                      |                      | <b>4,612,854</b>  |
| 30 Apr 2004   | 7.2181             | 30 Apr 2007 | 30 Apr 2014 | <b>56,270,318</b> | <b>38,234</b>                        | <b>675,802</b>       | <b>55,556,282</b> |
| 27 Aug 2004   | 7.5379             | 27 Aug 2007 | 27 Aug 2014 | <b>324,947</b>    |                                      |                      | <b>324,947</b>    |
| 20 Apr 2005   | 7.2869             | 20 Apr 2008 | 20 Apr 2015 | <b>6,884,397</b>  |                                      | <b>125,082</b>       | <b>6,759,315</b>  |

1 *The HSBC Holdings Group Share Option Plan expired on 26 May 2005. No options have been granted under the Plan since that date.*

2 *The weighted average closing price of the shares immediately*

*before the dates  
on which  
options were  
exercised was  
£6.88.*

240

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**Table of Contents***HSBC Share Plan*

HSBC Holdings ordinary shares of US\$0.50

| Date of award | Exercise price (£) | Exercisable from | until       | At 1 Jan 2010 | Exercised during period | Lapsed during period | At 30 Jun 2010 |
|---------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------|---------------|-------------------------|----------------------|----------------|
| 30 Sep 2005   | 7.9911             | 30 Sep 2008      | 30 Sep 2015 | <b>86,046</b> |                         |                      | <b>86,046</b>  |

**Subsidiary company share plans**

HSBC France and subsidiary company

When it was acquired in 2000, HSBC France and one of its subsidiary companies, HSBC Private Bank France, operated employee share option plans under which options could be granted over their respective shares. No further options will be granted under either of these companies' plans. The following are details of options to acquire shares in HSBC France and HSBC Private Bank France.

*HSBC France*

Shares of 5

| Date of award | Exercise price ( ) | Exercisable from | until       | At 1 Jan 2010  | Exercised during period | Lapsed during period | At 30 Jun 2010 |
|---------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------|----------------|-------------------------|----------------------|----------------|
| 12 Apr 2000   | 142.50             | 1 Jan 2002       | 12 Apr 2010 | <b>604,250</b> |                         | <b>604,250</b>       |                |

*HSBC Private Bank France*

Shares of 2

| Date of award | Exercise price ( ) | Exercisable from | until       | At 1 Jan 2010  | Exercised during period <sup>1</sup> | Lapsed during period | At 30 Jun 2010 <sup>1</sup> |
|---------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------|----------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|
| 10 Mar 2000   | 12.44              | 27 Jun 2004      | 31 Dec 2010 | <b>4,420</b>   |                                      |                      | <b>4,420</b>                |
| 15 May 2001   | 20.80              | 15 May 2002      | 15 May 2011 | <b>141,525</b> |                                      |                      | <b>141,525</b>              |
| 1 Oct 2002    | 22.22              | 2 Oct 2005       | 1 Oct 2012  | <b>145,575</b> |                                      |                      | <b>145,575</b>              |

1 Following exercise of the options, the HSBC Private Bank France shares will be exchanged for HSBC Holdings ordinary shares in the ratio of

*2.099984 HSBC  
Holdings  
ordinary shares  
for each HSBC  
Private Bank  
France share.  
At 30  
June 2010, The  
CCF Employee  
Benefit Trust  
2001 held  
998,783 HSBC  
Holdings  
ordinary shares  
which may be  
exchanged for  
HSBC Private  
Bank France  
shares arising  
from the  
exercise of these  
options.*

**HSBC Finance**

Following the acquisition of HSBC Finance in 2003, all outstanding options and equity-based awards over HSBC Finance common shares were converted into rights to receive HSBC Holdings ordinary shares in the same ratio as the share exchange offer for the acquisition of HSBC Finance (2.675 HSBC Holdings ordinary shares for each HSBC Finance common share) and the exercise prices per share were adjusted accordingly. No further options will be granted under any of these plans.

The following are details of options and equity-based awards to acquire shares in HSBC Holdings. At 30 June 2010, the HSBC (Household) Employee Benefit Trust 2003 held 2,642,279 HSBC Holdings ordinary shares and 1,455 American Depositary Shares, each of which represents five ordinary shares, which may be used to satisfy the exercise of employee share options.



**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Additional Information** (continued)*HSBC Finance: 1996 Long-Term Executive Incentive Compensation Plan*

HSBC Holdings ordinary shares of US\$0.50

| Date of award | Exercise price (US\$) | Exercisable |             | At 1 Jan 2010    | Exercised during period | Lapsed during period | At 30 Jun 2010   |
|---------------|-----------------------|-------------|-------------|------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|------------------|
|               |                       | from        | until       |                  |                         |                      |                  |
| 8 Feb 2000    | 11.56                 | 8 Feb 2001  | 8 Feb 2010  | <b>76,741</b>    |                         | <b>76,741</b>        |                  |
|               |                       | 30 Jun 2001 | 30 Jun 2010 |                  |                         |                      | <b>30,805</b>    |
| 30 Jun 2000   | 13.68                 |             |             | <b>30,805</b>    |                         |                      |                  |
|               |                       | 13 Nov 2001 | 13 Nov 2010 |                  |                         |                      | <b>6,573,623</b> |
| 13 Nov 2000   | 16.03                 |             |             | <b>6,573,623</b> |                         |                      |                  |
|               |                       | 12 Nov 2002 | 12 Nov 2011 |                  |                         |                      | <b>8,688,288</b> |
| 12 Nov 2001   | 18.62                 |             |             | <b>8,688,288</b> |                         |                      |                  |
|               |                       | 20 Nov 2003 | 20 Nov 2012 |                  |                         |                      | <b>2,736,502</b> |
| 20 Nov 2002   | 9.29                  |             |             | <b>2,736,502</b> |                         |                      |                  |

## HSBC Bank Bermuda

Following the acquisition of HSBC Bank Bermuda in 2004, all outstanding options over HSBC Bank Bermuda shares were converted into rights to receive HSBC Holdings ordinary shares based on the consideration of US\$40 for each HSBC Bank Bermuda share and the average closing price of HSBC Holdings ordinary shares, derived from the London Stock Exchange Daily Official List, for the five business days preceding the closing date of the acquisition. No further options will be granted under any of these plans.

The following are details of options to acquire shares in HSBC Holdings. At 30 June 2010 the HSBC (Bank of Bermuda) Employee Benefit Trust 2004 held 2,108,830 HSBC Holdings ordinary shares which may be used to satisfy the exercise of employee share options.

*HSBC Bank Bermuda: Executive Share Option Plan 1997*

HSBC Holdings ordinary shares of US\$0.50

| Date of award | Exercise price (US\$) | Exercisable |             | At 1 Jan 2010 | Exercised during period <sup>1</sup> | Lapsed during period | At 30 Jun 2010 |
|---------------|-----------------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------|
|               |                       | from        | until       |               |                                      |                      |                |
| 4 Feb 2000    | 6.28                  | 4 Feb 2001  | 4 Feb 2010  | <b>25,739</b> | <b>4,781</b>                         | <b>20,958</b>        |                |
|               |                       | 1 Jun 2001  | 1 Jun 2010  |               |                                      | <b>70,744</b>        |                |
| 1 Jun 2000    | 6.13                  |             |             | <b>70,744</b> |                                      |                      |                |
|               |                       | 31 Jul 2001 | 31 Jul 2010 |               |                                      |                      | <b>31,837</b>  |
| 31 Jul 2000   | 8.81                  |             |             | <b>31,837</b> |                                      |                      |                |
|               |                       | 11 Jan 2002 | 11 Jan 2011 |               |                                      |                      | <b>61,901</b>  |
| 11 Jan 2001   | 12.44                 |             |             | <b>61,901</b> |                                      |                      |                |

<sup>1</sup> *The weighted average closing*

*price of the shares immediately before the dates on which options were exercised was £6.89.*

*HSBC Bank Bermuda: Share Option Plan 2000*

HSBC Holdings ordinary shares of US\$0.50

| Date of award | Exercise price (US\$) | Exercisable |             | At 1 Jan 2010 | Exercised during period | Lapsed during period | At 30 Jun 2010 |
|---------------|-----------------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|-------------------------|----------------------|----------------|
|               |                       | from        | until       |               |                         |                      |                |
| 11 Jan 2001   | 12.44                 | 11 Jan 2002 | 11 Jan 2011 | 154,753       |                         |                      | 154,753        |
| 6 Feb 2001    | 14.30                 | 6 Feb 2002  | 6 Feb 2011  | 637,501       |                         |                      | 637,501        |
| 29 Mar 2001   | 13.41                 | 29 Mar 2002 | 29 Mar 2011 | 310           |                         |                      | 310            |
| 16 Apr 2001   | 13.57                 | 16 Apr 2002 | 16 Apr 2011 | 619           |                         |                      | 619            |
| 6 Jun 2001    | 15.99                 | 6 Jun 2002  | 6 Jun 2011  | 9,285         |                         |                      | 9,285          |
| 16 Jul 2001   | 14.70                 | 16 Jul 2002 | 16 Jul 2011 | 17,133        |                         |                      | 17,133         |
| 28 Aug 2001   | 13.41                 | 28 Aug 2002 | 28 Aug 2011 | 15,476        |                         |                      | 15,476         |
| 26 Sep 2001   | 11.15                 | 26 Sep 2002 | 26 Sep 2011 | 401,863       |                         |                      | 401,863        |
| 30 Jan 2002   | 13.59                 | 30 Jan 2003 | 30 Jan 2012 | 1,407         |                         |                      | 1,407          |
| 5 Feb 2002    | 14.02                 | 5 Feb 2003  | 5 Feb 2012  | 848,626       |                         |                      | 848,626        |
| 10 Jul 2002   | 13.80                 | 10 Jul 2003 | 10 Jul 2012 | 14,069        |                         |                      | 14,069         |
| 4 Feb 2003    | 9.32                  | 4 Feb 2004  | 4 Feb 2013  | 142,082       |                         |                      | 142,082        |
| 21 Apr 2003   | 10.33                 | 21 Apr 2004 | 21 Apr 2013 | 7,842         |                         |                      | 7,842          |

242

**Table of Contents***HSBC Bank Bermuda: Directors Share Option Plan*  
HSBC Holdings ordinary shares of US\$0.50

| Date of award | Exercise price (US\$) | Exercisable |             | At 1 Jan 2010 | Exercised during period | Lapsed during period | At 30 Jun 2010 |
|---------------|-----------------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|-------------------------|----------------------|----------------|
|               |                       | from        | until       |               |                         |                      |                |
| 28 Mar 2001   | 13.73                 | 28 Mar 2002 | 28 Mar 2011 | <b>12,380</b> |                         | <b>3,095</b>         | <b>9,285</b>   |
| 3 Apr 2002    | 13.95                 | 3 Apr 2003  | 3 Apr 2012  | <b>22,508</b> |                         | <b>5,627</b>         | <b>16,881</b>  |
| 30 Apr 2003   | 10.66                 | 30 Apr 2004 | 30 Apr 2013 | <b>5,627</b>  |                         | <b>5,627</b>         |                |

## HSBC InvestDirect (India) Limited

When it was acquired in 2008, HSBC InvestDirect (India) Limited, formerly IL&FS Investsmart Limited, operated an employee share option plan. Under the plan, the options vested one year from the date of grant in equal tranches over three years. The exercise period is a maximum of seven years from the date of vesting. Following the acquisition, all outstanding options vested on 18 November 2008. No further options will be granted under this plan. The following are details of the outstanding options to acquire shares in HSBC InvestDirect (India) Limited.

*HSBC InvestDirect (India) Limited: Employee Stock Option Scheme 2006*

| Date of award | Exercise price (Rs) | Exercisable |             | At 1 Jan 2010  | Exercised during period <sup>1</sup> | Lapsed during period | At 30 Jun 2010 |
|---------------|---------------------|-------------|-------------|----------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------|
|               |                     | from        | until       |                |                                      |                      |                |
| 19 Nov 2007   | 180                 | 18 Nov 2008 | 17 Nov 2015 | <b>873,000</b> | <b>746,500</b>                       |                      | <b>126,500</b> |

1 *The weighted average closing price of the shares, as quoted on the Bombay Stock Exchange Limited and the National Stock Exchange of India Limited, immediately before the dates on which options were exercised was Rs306.13 and Rs305.01 respectively.*

**3 Notifiable interests in share capital**

As at 30 June 2010, the following disclosures of major holdings of voting rights had been received by the Company (and have not been subsequently amended or withdrawn) pursuant to the requirements of rule 5 of the FSA

Disclosure Rules and Transparency Rules:

Barclays PLC gave notice on 17 April 2007 that it had an indirect interest on 16 April 2007 in 518,233,657 HSBC Holdings ordinary shares, representing 4.47 per cent of the total voting rights at that date.

Legal & General Group Plc gave notice on 3 March 2010 that it had a direct interest on 2 March 2010 in 696,986,631 HSBC Holdings ordinary shares, representing 4 per cent of the total voting rights at that date and gave notice on 9 March 2010 that on 8 March 2010 its holding of HSBC ordinary shares fell to 3.99 per cent of the total voting rights at that date.

As at 30 June 2010, according to the register maintained by HSBC Holdings pursuant to section 336 of the Securities and Futures Ordinance of Hong Kong:

JPMorgan Chase & Co. gave notice on 27 May 2010 that on 25 May 2010 it had the following interests in HSBC Holdings ordinary shares: a long position of 1,131,969,644 shares, a short position of 60,224,375 shares and a lending pool of 835,769,343 shares, each representing 6.46 per cent, 0.34 per cent and 4.77 per cent respectively of the ordinary shares in issue at that date.

BlackRock, Inc. gave notice on 25 June 2010 that on 21 June 2010 it had the following interests in HSBC Holdings ordinary shares: a long position of 1,046,847,742 shares and a short position of 5,515,403 shares, each representing 5.98 per cent and 0.03 per cent respectively of the ordinary shares in issue at that date.

#### **4 Dealings in HSBC Holdings shares**

Except for dealings as intermediaries by HSBC Bank, HSBC Financial Products (France) SNC and The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, which are members of a European Economic Area exchange, neither HSBC Holdings nor any subsidiary undertaking has bought, sold or redeemed any securities of HSBC Holdings during the six months to 30 June 2010.

**Table of Contents**

**HSBC HOLDINGS PLC**

**Additional Information** (continued)

**5 First interim dividend for 2010**

The first interim dividend for 2010 of US\$0.08 per ordinary share was paid on 7 July 2010.

**6 Second interim dividend for 2010**

The Directors have declared a second interim dividend for 2010 of US\$0.08 per ordinary share. The second interim dividend will be payable on 6 October 2010 to holders of record on 19 August 2010 on the Hong Kong Overseas Branch Register and 20 August 2010 on the Principal Register in the United Kingdom or the Bermuda Overseas Branch Register. The dividend will be payable in cash, in US dollars, sterling or Hong Kong dollars, or a combination of these currencies, at the forward exchange rates quoted by HSBC Bank plc in London at or about 11.00 am on 27 September 2010, and with a scrip dividend alternative. Particulars of these arrangements will be mailed to shareholders on or about 1 September 2010 and elections must be received by 22 September 2010.

The dividend will be payable on ordinary shares held through Euroclear France, the settlement and central depository system for Euronext Paris, on 6 October 2010 to the holders of record on 20 August 2010. The dividend will be payable in cash in euros at the exchange rate quoted on 27 September 2010, and with a scrip dividend alternative. Particulars of these arrangements will be announced through Euronext Paris on 16 August and 25 August 2010.

The dividend will be payable on ADSs each of which represents five ordinary shares, on 6 October 2010 to holders of record on 20 August 2010. The dividend of US\$0.40 per ADS will be payable in cash, in US dollars and with a scrip dividend alternative of new ADSs. Particulars of these arrangements will be mailed to holders on or about 1 September 2010. Elections must be received by the depository on or before 15 September 2010. Alternatively, the cash dividend may be invested in additional ADSs for participants in the dividend reinvestment plan operated by the depository.

HSBC Holdings ordinary shares will be quoted ex-dividend in London, Hong Kong, Paris and Bermuda on 18 August 2010. The ADSs will be quoted ex-dividend in New York on 18 August 2010.

Removals of ordinary shares may not be made to or from the Hong Kong Overseas Branch Register on Friday 20 August 2010. Accordingly any person who wishes to remove shares to the Hong Kong Overseas Branch Register must lodge the removal request with the Principal Registrar in the United Kingdom or the Bermuda Branch Registrar by 4.00 pm on Wednesday 18 August 2010; any person who wishes to remove shares from the Hong Kong Overseas Branch Register must lodge the removal request with the Hong Kong Branch Registrar by 4.00 pm on Thursday 19 August 2010.

Any person who has acquired ordinary shares registered on the Hong Kong Overseas Branch Register but who has not lodged the share transfer with the Hong Kong Branch Registrar should do so before 4.00 pm on Thursday 19 August 2010 in order to receive the dividend.

Any person who has acquired ordinary shares registered on the Principal Register in the United Kingdom but who has not lodged the share transfer with the Principal Registrar should do so before 4.00 pm on Friday 20 August 2010 in order to receive the dividend.

Any person who has acquired ordinary shares registered on the Bermuda Overseas Branch Register but who has not lodged the share transfer with the Bermuda Branch Registrar should do so before 4.00 pm on Friday 20 August 2010 in order to receive the dividend.

Transfers of ADSs must be lodged with the depository by 12 noon on 20 August 2010 in order to receive the dividend.

**Table of Contents****7 Proposed interim dividends for 2010**

The Board has adopted a policy of paying quarterly dividends on the ordinary shares. Under this policy it is intended to have a pattern of three equal interim dividends with a variable fourth interim dividend. The proposed timetables for dividends payable on the ordinary shares in respect of 2010 that have not yet been declared are:

|   | <b>Third interim<br/>dividend for<br/>2010</b> | <b>Fourth interim<br/>dividend for<br/>2010</b> |
|---|--|---|
| Announcement  | 1 November<br>2010                             | 28 February<br>2011                             |
| Shares quoted ex-dividend in London, Hong Kong, Paris and Bermuda | 17 November<br>2010                            | 16 March 2011                                   |
| ADSs quoted ex-dividend in New York                               | 17 November<br>2010                            | 16 March 2011                                   |
| Record date in Hong Kong  | 18 November<br>2010                            | 17 March 2011                                   |
| Record date in London, New York, Paris and Bermuda <sup>1</sup>   | 19 November<br>2010                            | 18 March 2011                                   |
| Payment date  | 12 January 2011                                | 5 May 2011                                      |

1 *Removals to and from the Overseas Branch Register of shareholders in Hong Kong will not be permitted on these dates.*

**8 Interim Management Statement**

An *Interim Management Statement* is expected to be issued on 5 November 2010.

**9 Final results**

The results for the year to 31 December 2010 will be announced on Monday 28 February 2011.

**10 Corporate governance**

HSBC is committed to high standards of corporate governance.

HSBC Holdings has complied throughout the six months to 30 June 2010 with the applicable code provisions of the Combined Code on Corporate Governance issued by the Financial Reporting Council and the Code on Corporate Governance Practices in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

The Board of HSBC Holdings has adopted a code of conduct for transactions in HSBC Group securities by Directors. The code of conduct complies with The Model Code in the Listing Rules of the Financial Services Authority and with The Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers ( Hong Kong Model Code ) set out in the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, save that The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited has granted certain waivers from strict compliance with the Hong Kong Model Code. The waivers granted by The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited primarily take into account accepted practices in the UK, particularly in respect of employee share plans. Following specific enquiry, each Director has confirmed he or she has complied with the code of conduct for transactions in HSBC Group securities throughout the period.

There have been no material changes to the information disclosed in the *Annual Report and Accounts 2009* in respect of the number and remuneration of employees, remuneration policies, bonus and share option plans and training schemes.

The biographies of Directors on pages 198 to 203 include changes during 2010 and the updated information required pursuant to rule 13.51B (1) of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

**11 Telephone and online share dealing service**

For shareholders on the Principal Register who are resident in the UK, Channel Islands or Isle of Man with a UK, Channel Islands or Isle of Man postal address, and who hold an HSBC Bank personal current account, the HSBC InvestDirect sharedealing service is available for buying and selling HSBC Holdings ordinary shares. Details are available from: HSBC InvestDirect, PO Box 1683, Frobisher House, Nelson Gate, Southampton, SO15 9DG, UK telephone : 08456 080 848, Overseas telephone: + 44 (0) 1226 261090, Textphone: 18001 08456 088 877, web: [www.hsbc.co.uk/shares](http://www.hsbc.co.uk/shares).

**Table of Contents**

**HSBC HOLDINGS PLC**

**Additional Information** (continued)

**12 Stock codes**

HSBC Holdings plc ordinary shares trade under the following stock codes:

|                               |      |
|-------------------------------|------|
| London Stock Exchange         | HSBA |
| Hong Kong Stock Exchange      | 5    |
| New York Stock Exchange (ADS) | HBC  |
| Euronext Paris                | HSB  |
| Bermuda Stock Exchange        | HSBC |

**13 Copies of the Interim Report 2010 and shareholder enquiries and communications**

Further copies of the *Interim Report 2010* may be obtained from Group Communications, HSBC Holdings plc, 8 Canada Square, London E14 5HQ, United Kingdom; from Group Communications (Asia), The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, 1 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong; from Internal Communications, HSBC-North America, 26525 North Riverwoods Boulevard, Mettawa, Illinois 60045, USA; or from the HSBC website, [www.hsbc.com](http://www.hsbc.com).

Shareholders may at any time choose to receive corporate communications in printed form or to receive a notification of their availability on HSBC's website. To receive future notifications of a corporate communication on HSBC's website by email, or revoke or amend an instruction to receive such notifications by email, go to [www.hsbc.com/ecomms](http://www.hsbc.com/ecomms). If you provide an email address to receive electronic communications from HSBC you will also receive notifications of your dividend entitlements by email. If you received a notification of the availability of this document on HSBC's website and would like to receive a printed copy, or would like to receive future corporate communications in printed form, please write or send an email (quoting your shareholder reference number) to the appropriate Registrars at the address given below. Printed copies will be provided without charge.

Any enquiries relating to your shareholding, for example transfers of shares, change of name or address, lost share certificates or dividend cheques, should be sent to the Registrars at the address given below. The Registrars offer an online facility, Investor Centre, which enables shareholders to manage their shareholding electronically.

*Principal Register*

*Hong Kong Overseas Branch Register*

*Bermuda Overseas Branch Register*

Computershare Investor Services PLC  
The Pavilions  
Bridgwater Road  
Bristol BS99 6ZZ  
United Kingdom

Computershare Hong Kong  
Investor Services Limited  
Hopewell Centre  
Rooms 1712-1716, 17<sup>th</sup> Floor  
183 Queen's Road East  
Hong Kong

Investor Relations Team  
HSBC Bank Bermuda Limited  
6 Front Street  
Hamilton HM 11  
Bermuda

Telephone: 44 (0) 870 702 0137  
Email via website:  
[www.investorcentre.co.uk/contactus](http://www.investorcentre.co.uk/contactus)

Telephone: 852 2862 8555  
Email: [hsbc.ecom@computershare.com.hk](mailto:hsbc.ecom@computershare.com.hk)

Telephone: 1 441 299 6737  
Email: [hbbm.investor.relations@hsbc.bm](mailto:hbbm.investor.relations@hsbc.bm)

Investor Centre:  
[www.investorcentre.co.uk](http://www.investorcentre.co.uk)

Investor Centre:  
[www.computershare.com/hk/investors](http://www.computershare.com/hk/investors)

Investor Centre:  
[www.computershare.com/investor/bm](http://www.computershare.com/investor/bm)

Any enquiries relating to ADSs should be sent to the Depositary, The Bank of New York Mellon, at:

BNY Mellon Shareowner Services  
PO Box 358516  
Pittsburgh  
PA 15252-8516  
USA

Telephone (US): 1 877 283 5786  
Telephone (international): 1 201 680 6825  
Email: [shrrelations@bnymellon.com](mailto:shrrelations@bnymellon.com)  
Website: [www.bnymellon.com/shareowner](http://www.bnymellon.com/shareowner)



Any enquiries relating to shares held through Euroclear France, the settlement and central depository system for Euronext Paris, should be sent to the paying agent:

HSBC France

103 avenue des Champs Elysées

75419 Paris Cedex 08

France

Telephone: 33 1 40 70 22 56

Email: [ost-agence-des-titres-hsbc-reims.hbfr-do@hsbc.fr](mailto:ost-agence-des-titres-hsbc-reims.hbfr-do@hsbc.fr)

Website: [www.hsbc.fr](http://www.hsbc.fr)

**Table of Contents**

A Chinese translation of this and future documents may be obtained on request from the Registrars. Please also contact the Registrars if you have received a Chinese translation of this document and do not wish to receive such translations in the future.

Persons whose shares are held on their behalf by another person may have been nominated to receive communications from HSBC pursuant to section 146 of the UK Companies Act 2006 (nominated persons). The main point of contact for nominated persons remains the registered shareholder (for example your stockbroker, investment manager, custodian or other person who manages the investment on your behalf). Any changes or queries relating to nominated persons' personal details and holding (including any administration thereof) must continue to be directed to the registered shareholder and not HSBC's Registrars. The only exception is where HSBC, in exercising one of its powers under the UK Companies Act 2006, writes to nominated persons directly for a response.

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Glossary**

| <b>Term</b>                | <b>Brief description</b>  |
|----------------------------|---|
| ABS <sup>1</sup>           | Asset-backed security   |
| ADS                        | American Depositary Share   |
| Advance                    | HSBC Advance, a global banking proposition for the mass-affluent segment of customers                             |
| ALCO                       | Asset and Liability Management Committee  |
| ARM                        | Adjustable-rate mortgage  |
| Bank Ekonomi               | PT Bank Ekonomi Raharja Tbk   |
| Bank of Communications     | Bank of Communications Co., Limited, mainland China's fourth largest bank by market capitalisation                |
| Bao Viet                   | Bao Viet Holdings   |
| Barion                     | Barion Funding Limited, a term funding vehicle  |
| Basel Committee            | Basel Committee on Banking Supervision  |
| Basel I                    | 1988 Basel Capital Accord   |
| Basel II <sup>1</sup>      | 2006 Basel Capital Accord   |
| CARD Act                   | Credit Card Accountability, Responsibility and Disclosure Act, US   |
| CDO <sup>1</sup>           | Collateralised debt obligation  |
| CDPC                       | Credit derivative product company   |
| CDS <sup>1</sup>           | Credit default swap   |
| CGU                        | Cash generating unit  |
| CNAV <sup>1</sup>          | Constant Net Asset Value  |
| Combined Code              | Combined Code on Corporate Governance issued by the Financial Reporting Council                                   |
| CP <sup>1</sup>            | Commercial paper  |
| CPI                        | Consumer price index  |
| CRD                        | Capital Requirements Directive  |
| CRR <sup>1</sup>           | Customer risk rating  |
| DPF                        | Discretionary participation feature of insurance and investment contracts   |
| DTR                        | Disclosure Rules and Transparency Rules of the FSA, UK  |
| EAD <sup>1</sup>           | Exposure at default   |
| Enhanced VNAV <sup>1</sup> | Enhanced Variable Net Asset Value   |
| EU                         | European Union  |
| Fannie Mae                 | Federal National Mortgage Association, US   |
| Freddie Mac                | Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, US  |
| FSA                        | Financial Services Authority, UK  |
| FTSE                       | Financial Times Stock Exchange index  |
| G20                        | Leaders, Finance Ministers and Central Bank Governors of the Group of Twenty                                      |
| GDP                        | Gross domestic product  |
| Ginnie Mae                 | Government National Mortgage Association, US  |
| Global Markets             | HSBC's treasury and capital markets services in Global Banking and Markets  |
| GMO                        | Group Management Office   |
| Group                      | HSBC Holdings together with its subsidiary undertakings   |
| Hang Seng Bank             | Hang Seng Bank Limited, the third largest bank listed in Hong Kong by market capitalisation                       |
| HFC                        | HFC Bank Limited, the UK-based consumer finance business acquired through the acquisition by HSBC of HSBC Finance |

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|           |   |
|-----------|---|
| HIBOR     | Hong Kong Interbank Offer Rate  |
| HNAH      | HSBC North America Holdings Inc.  |
| Hong Kong | The Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China |
| HSBC      | HSBC Holdings together with its subsidiary undertakings                       |
| HSBC Bank | HSBC Bank plc, formerly Midland Bank plc                                      |

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**Table of Contents**

| <b>Term</b>                | <b>Brief description</b>  |
|----------------------------|---|
| HSBC Bank Bermuda          | HSBC Bank Bermuda Limited, formerly The Bank of Bermuda Limited   |
| HSBC Bank Malaysia         | HSBC Bank Malaysia Berhad   |
| HSBC Bank Middle East      | HSBC Bank Middle East Limited, formerly The British Bank of the Middle East   |
| HSBC Bank Panama           | HSBC Bank (Panama) S.A., formerly Grupo Banistmo S.A.   |
| HSBC Bank USA              | HSBC's retail bank in the US. From 1 July 2004, HSBC Bank USA, N.A. (formerly HSBC Bank USA, Inc.)  |
| HSBC Finance               | HSBC Finance Corporation, the US consumer finance company (formerly Household International, Inc.)  |
| HSBC France                | HSBC's French banking subsidiary, formerly CCF S.A.   |
| HSBC Holdings              | HSBC Holdings plc, the parent company of HSBC   |
| HSBC Mexico                | HSBC México S.A., the commercial banking subsidiary of Grupo Financiero HSBC, S.A. de C.V.  |
| HSBC Private Bank (Suisse) | HSBC Private Bank (Suisse) S.A., HSBC's private bank in Switzerland (merged with HSBC Guyerzeller Bank in 2009)   |
| IAS                        | International Accounting Standard   |
| IASB                       | International Accounting Standards Board  |
| IFRIC                      | International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee   |
| IFRSs                      | International Financial Reporting Standards   |
| Industrial Bank            | Industrial Bank Co. Limited, a national joint-stock bank in mainland China  |
| IRB <sup>1</sup>           | Internal ratings-based  |
| ISDA                       | International Swaps and Derivatives Association   |
| KPMG                       | KPMG Audit Plc and its affiliates   |
| LGD <sup>1</sup>           | Loss given default  |
| LIBOR                      | London Interbank Offer Rate   |
| M&S Money                  | Marks and Spencer Retail Financial Services Holdings Limited  |
| Mainland China             | People's Republic of China excluding Hong Kong  |
| Malachite                  | Malachite Funding Limited, a term funding vehicle   |
| Mazarin                    | Mazarin Funding Limited, an asset-backed CP conduit   |
| MBS <sup>1</sup>           | Mortgage-backed security  |
| Monoline <sup>1</sup>      | Monoline insurance company  |
| MSCI                       | Morgan Stanley Capital International index  |
| MTN <sup>1</sup>           | Medium-term note  |
| NYSE                       | New York Stock Exchange   |
| OFT                        | Office of Fair Trading, UK  |
| OTC <sup>1</sup>           | Over-the-counter  |
| PD <sup>1</sup>            | Probability of default  |
| Performance Shares         | Awards of HSBC Holdings ordinary shares under employee share plans that are subject to corporate performance conditions   |
| Ping An Insurance          | Ping An Insurance (Group) Company of China, Limited, the second-largest life insurer in the PRC   |
| PPI                        | Payment protection insurance product  |
| Premier                    | HSBC Premier, HSBC's premium global banking service   |
| PVIF                       | Present value of in-force long-term insurance business  |
| Repo                       | Sale and repurchase transaction   |
| Restricted Shares          | Awards of Restricted Shares define the number of HSBC Holdings ordinary shares to which the employee will become entitled, generally between one and three years from |

|                  |   |
|------------------|---|
| Reverse repo     | the date of the award, and normally subject to the individual remaining in employment |
| RMM              | Security purchased under commitments to sell  |
| RWA <sup>1</sup> | Risk Management Meeting of the Group Management Board                                 |
| S&P              | Risk-weighted asset   |
| SEC              | Standard and Poor's rating agency   |
|                  | Securities and Exchange Commission, US  |

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Glossary (continued)**

| <b>Term</b>                                   | <b>Brief description</b>   |
|---|--|
| SIC <sup>1</sup>                              | Securities investment conduit  |
| SIV <sup>1</sup>                              | Structured investment vehicle  |
| SME   | Small and medium-sized enterprise  |
| Solitaire                                     | Solitaire Funding Limited, a special purpose entity managed by HSBC                          |
| SPE <sup>1</sup>                              | Special purpose entity   |
| STIP  | Short-term income protection insurance product   |
| The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation | The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited, the founding member of the HSBC Group |
| UAE   | United Arab Emirates   |
| UK  | United Kingdom   |
| US  | United States  |
| VAR <sup>1</sup>                              | Value at risk  |
| VNAV  | Variable Net Asset Value   |

1 *For full definitions, see pages 251 to 256.*

**Table of Contents**

| <b>Term</b>                            | <b>Definition</b>   |
|--|---|
| Alt-A                                  | A US description for loans regarded as lower risk than sub-prime, but with higher risk characteristics than lending under normal criteria. US credit scores, as well as the level and completeness of mortgage documentation held (such as whether there is proof of income), are considered when determining whether classification as Alt-A is appropriate. |
| Arrears                                | Customers are said to be in arrears (or in a state of delinquency) when they are behind in fulfilling their obligations, with the result that an outstanding loan is unpaid or overdue. When a customer is in arrears, the total outstanding loans on which payments are overdue are described as delinquent.   |
| Asset-backed securities ( ABS s)       | Securities that represent an interest in an underlying pool of referenced assets. The referenced pool can comprise any assets which attract a set of associated cash flows but are commonly pools of residential or commercial mortgages.   |
| Back-testing                           | A statistical technique used to monitor and assess the accuracy of a model, and how that model would have performed had it been applied in the past.  |
| Basel II                               | The capital adequacy framework issued by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision in June 2006 in the form of the International Convergence of Capital Measurement and Capital Standards .  |
| Collateralised debt obligation ( CDO ) | A security issued by a third party which references ABSs and/or certain other related assets purchased by the issuer. CDOs may feature exposure to sub-prime mortgage assets through the underlying assets.   |
| Collectively assessed impairment       | Impairment assessment on a collective basis for homogeneous groups of loans that are not considered individually significant.   |
| Commercial paper ( CP )                | An unsecured, short-term debt instrument issued by a corporation, typically for the financing of accounts receivable, inventories and meeting short-term liabilities. The debt is usually issued at a discount, reflecting prevailing market interest rates.  |
| Commercial real estate                 | Any real estate investment, comprising buildings or land, intended to generate a profit, either from capital gain or rental income.   |
| Conduits                               | A vehicle that holds ABSs such as mortgages, vehicle finance loans and credit card loans which is financed by short-term debt normally issued in the form of commercial paper which is collateralised by the asset-backed debt.   |
| Constant net asset value fund ( CNAV ) | A fund that prices its assets on an amortised cost basis, subject to the amortised book value of the portfolio remaining within 50 basis points of its market value.  |
| Contractual maturities                 | The date on which the final payment (principal or interest) of any financial instrument is due to be paid, at which point all the remaining outstanding principal and interest have been repaid.  |
| Core tier 1 capital                    | The highest quality form of regulatory capital that comprises total shareholders equity and related non-controlling interests, less goodwill and intangible assets and certain other regulatory adjustments.  |
| Credit default swap                    | A derivative contract whereby a buyer pays a fee to a seller in return for receiving a payment in the event of a defined credit event (e.g. bankruptcy, payment default on a reference asset or assets, or downgrades by a rating agency) on an underlying obligation (which may or may not be held by the buyer).  |



**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Glossary (continued)**

| <b>Term</b>                             | <b>Definition</b>  |
|---|--|
| Credit derivative product companies     | Independent companies that specialise in selling credit default protection on corporate exposures in the form of credit derivatives.   |
| Credit enhancements                     | Facilities used to enhance the creditworthiness of financial obligations and cover losses due to asset default.  |
| Credit risk                             | Risk of financial loss if a customer or counterparty fails to meet an obligation under a contract. It arises mainly from direct lending, trade finance and leasing business, but also from products such as guarantees, derivatives and debt securities.                                       |
| Credit risk adjustment                  | An adjustment to the valuation of OTC derivative contracts to reflect the creditworthiness of OTC derivative counterparties.   |
| Credit risk mitigation                  | A technique to reduce the credit risk associated with an exposure by application of credit risk mitigants such as collateral, guarantee and credit protection.   |
| Customer deposits                       | Money deposited by account holders. Such funds are recorded as liabilities.  |
| Customer risk rating                    | A scale of 22 grades measuring internal obligor probability of default.  |
| Debt restructuring                      | A restructuring by which the terms and provisions of outstanding debt agreements are changed. This is often done in order to improve cash flow and the ability of the borrower to repay the debt. It can involve altering the repayment schedule as well as debt or interest charge reduction. |
| Debt securities                         | Assets on the Group's balance sheet representing certificates of indebtedness of credit institutions, public bodies or other undertakings, excluding those issued by central banks.  |
| Debt securities in issue                | Transferable certificates of indebtedness of the Group to the bearer of the certificates. These are liabilities of the Group and include certificates of deposits.   |
| Delinquency                             | See Arrears .  |
| Economic capital                        | The internally calculated capital requirement which is deemed necessary by HSBC to support the risks to which it is exposed at a confidence level consistent with a target credit rating of AA.  |
| Economic profit                         | The difference between the return on financial capital invested by shareholders ( return on invested capital ) and the cost of that capital. Economic profit may be expressed as a whole number or as a percentage.  |
| Enhanced variable net asset value funds | Funds that price their assets on a fair value basis. Consequently, prices may change from one day to the next.   |
| Expected loss ( EL )                    | A regulatory calculation of the amount expected to be lost on an exposure using a 12-month time horizon and downturn loss estimates. EL is calculated by multiplying the Probability of Default (a percentage) by the Exposure at Default (an amount) and Loss Given Default (a percentage).   |
| Exposure                                | A claim, contingent claim or position which carries a risk of financial loss.  |
| Exposure at default ( EAD )             | The amount expected to be outstanding after any credit risk mitigation, if and when the counterparty defaults. EAD reflects drawn balances as well as allowance for undrawn amounts of commitments and contingent exposures.   |

**Table of Contents**

| <b>Term</b>  | <b>Definition</b>  |
|--|--|
| Fair value adjustment  | An adjustment to the fair value of a financial instrument which is determined using a valuation technique (level 2 and level 3) to include additional factors that would be considered by a market participant that are not incorporated within the valuation model.   |
| First lien   | A security interest granted over an item of property to secure the repayment of a debt that places its holder first in line to collect repayment from the sale of the underlying collateral in the event of a default on the debt.   |
| Funded exposures   | A funded exposure is one where the notional amount of a contract is or has been exchanged.   |
| Funding risk   | A form of liquidity risk arising when the liquidity needed to fund illiquid asset positions cannot be obtained at the expected terms and when required.  |
| Impaired loans   | Loans where the Group does not expect to collect all the contractual cash flows or expects to collect them later than they are contractually due.  |
| Impairment allowances  | Management's best estimate of losses incurred in the loan portfolios at the balance sheet date.  |
| Individually assessed impairment                                 | Exposure to loss is assessed on all individually significant accounts and all other accounts that do not qualify for collective assessment.  |
| Insurance risk   | A risk, other than a financial risk, transferred from the holder of a contract to the insurance provider. The principal insurance risk is that, over time, the combined cost of claims, administration and acquisition of the contract may exceed the aggregate amount of premiums received and investment income. |
| Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process                     | The Group's own assessment of the levels of capital that it needs to hold through an examination of its risk profile from regulatory and economic capital viewpoints.  |
| Internal Model Method  | One of three approaches defined by Basel II to determine exposure values for counterparty credit risk.   |
| Internal ratings-based approach ( IRB )                          | A method of calculating credit risk capital requirements using internal, rather than supervisory, estimates of risk parameters.  |
| Invested capital   | Equity capital invested in HSBC by its shareholders.   |
| IRB advanced approach  | A method of calculating credit risk capital requirements using internal PD, LGD and EAD models.  |
| IRB foundation approach  | A method of calculating credit risk capital requirements using internal PD models but with supervisory estimates of LGD and conversion factors for the calculation of EAD.   |
| ISDA Master agreement  | Standardised contract developed by International Swaps and Derivatives Association used as an umbrella under which bilateral derivatives contracts are entered into.   |
| Level 1 quoted market price                                      | Financial instruments with quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets.  |
| Level 2 valuation technique using observable inputs              | Financial instruments with quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets or quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in inactive markets and financial instruments valued using models where all significant inputs are observable.  |
| Level 3 valuation technique with significant unobservable inputs | Financial instruments valued using valuation techniques where one or more significant inputs are unobservable.   |

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Glossary (continued)**

| <b>Term</b>                         | <b>Definition</b>   |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Leveraged finance                   | Funding provided for entities with higher than average indebtedness, which typically arises from sub-investment grade acquisitions or event-driven financing.   |
| Liquidity risk                      | The risk that HSBC does not have sufficient financial resources to meet its obligations as they fall due, or will have to do so at an excessive cost. This risk arises from mismatches in the timing of cash flows.   |
| Loan modification                   | A process by which the terms of a loan are modified either temporarily or permanently, including changes to the rate and/or the payment. Modification may also lead to a re-ageing of the account.  |
| Loan-to-value ratio<br>( LTV )      | A mathematical calculation that expresses the amount of the loan as a percentage of the value of security. A high LTV indicates that there is less cushion to protect the lender against house price falls or increases in the loan if repayments are not made and interest is added to the outstanding loan balance.   |
| Loans past due                      | Loans on which repayments are overdue.  |
| Loss given default ( LGD )          | The estimated ratio (percentage) of the loss on an exposure to the amount outstanding at default (EAD) upon default of a counterparty.  |
| Market risk                         | The risk that movements in market risk factors, including foreign exchange rates and commodity prices, interest rates, credit spreads and equity prices, will reduce income or portfolio values.  |
| Medium-term notes<br>( MTN s)       | Notes issued by corporates across a range of maturities. MTNs are frequently issued by corporates under MTN Programmes whereby notes are offered on a regular and continuous basis to investors.  |
| Monoline insurers                   | Entities which specialise in providing credit protection to the holders of debt instruments in the event of default by the debt security counterparty. This protection is typically held in the form of derivatives such as CDSs referencing the underlying exposures held.   |
| Mortgage-backed securities ( MBS s) | Securities that represent interests in groups of mortgages, which may be on residential or commercial properties. Investors in these securities have the right to cash received from future mortgage payments (interest and/or principal). When the MBS references mortgages with different risk profiles, the MBS is classified according to the highest risk class. |
| Mortgage-related assets             | Assets which are referenced to underlying mortgages.  |
| Mortgage vintage                    | The year a mortgage was originated.   |
| Negative equity mortgages           | Negative equity is the value of the asset less the outstanding balance on the loan. It arises when the value of the property purchased is below the balance outstanding on the loan.  |
| Net interest income                 | The amount of interest received or receivable on assets net of interest paid or payable on liabilities.   |
| Net principal exposure              | The gross principal amount of assets that are not protected by CDSs. It includes assets that benefit from monoline protection, except where this protection is purchased with a CDS.  |
| Non-conforming mortgages            | Mortgages that do not meet normal lending criteria, e.g. where the normal level of documentation has not been provided or where increased risk factors are present, such as poor credit history, result in lending at a rate that is higher than the normal lending rate.   |
| Operational risk                    |   |

The risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems, or from external events, including legal risk.

Over-the-counter ( OTC ) A bilateral transaction (e.g. derivatives) that is not exchange traded and valued using valuation models.

**Table of Contents**

| <b>Term</b>                             | <b>Definition</b>  |
|---|--|
| Performance Shares                      | Awards of HSBC Holdings ordinary shares under employee share plans that are subject to the achievement of corporate performance conditions.  |
| Prime Private equity investments        | A US description for mortgages granted to the most creditworthy category of borrowers. Equity securities in operating companies not quoted on a public exchange, often involving the investment of capital in private companies or the acquisition of a public company that results in the delisting of public equity.   |
| Probability of default ( PD )           | The probability that an obligor will default within a one-year time horizon.   |
| Regulatory capital                      | The capital which HSBC holds, determined in accordance with rules established by the FSA for the consolidated Group and by local regulators for individual Group companies.  |
| Renegotiated loans                      | Loans whose terms have been renegotiated and are treated as up to date loans for measurement purposes once the minimum number of payments required under the new arrangements have been received.  |
| Restricted Shares                       | Awards of HSBC Holdings ordinary shares to which employees will normally become entitled, generally between one and three years, subject to remaining an employee.   |
| Retail loans                            | Money loaned to individuals rather than institutions. This includes both secured and unsecured loans such as mortgages and credit card balances.   |
| Risk appetite                           | An assessment of the types and quantum of risks to which HSBC wishes to be exposed.  |
| Risk-weighted assets ( RWA s)           | Calculated by assigning a degree of risk expressed as a percentage (risk weight) to an exposure in accordance with the applicable Standardised or IRB approach rules.  |
| Second lien                             | A security interest granted over an item of property to secure the repayment of a debt that is issued against the same collateral as a first lien but that is subordinate to it. In the case of default, repayment for this debt will only be received after the first lien has been repaid.   |
| Securities investment conduits ( SIC s) | Special purpose entities established to remove the risk of a forced sale of assets previously held by Structured Investment Vehicles ( SIV s). The entities invest in a diversified portfolio of interest-earning assets, predominantly funded through the issue of commercial paper, medium-term notes and sale and repurchase agreements.  |
| Securitisation                          | A transaction or scheme whereby the credit risk associated with an exposure, or pool of exposures, is tranching and where payments to investors in the transaction or scheme are dependent upon the performance of the exposure or pool of exposures. A traditional securitisation involves the transfer of the exposures being securitised to an SPE which issues securities. In a synthetic securitisation, the tranching is achieved by the use of credit derivatives and the exposures are not removed from the balance sheet of the originator. |
| Structured Investment Vehicles ( SIV s) | Special purpose entities which invest in diversified portfolios of interest-earning assets, generally funded through issues of commercial paper, medium-term notes and other senior debt to take advantage of the spread differentials between the assets in the SIV and the funding cost.   |

**Table of Contents****HSBC HOLDINGS PLC****Glossary (continued)**

| <b>Term</b>                       | <b>Definition</b>  |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Special purpose entities ( SPE s) | A corporation, trust or other non-bank entity, established for a narrowly defined purpose, including for carrying on securitisation activities. The structure of the entity and activities are intended to isolate the obligations of the SPE from those of the originator and the holders of the beneficial interests in the securitisation.  |
| Standardised approach             | In relation to credit risk, a method for calculating credit risk capital requirements using External Credit Assessment Institutions ( ECAI ) ratings and supervisory risk weights. In relation to operational risk, a method of calculating the operational capital requirement by the application of a supervisory defined percentage charge to the gross income of eight specified business lines. |
| Structured finance / notes        | An instrument whose return is linked to the level of a specified index or the level of a specified asset. The return on a structured note can be linked to equities, interest rates, foreign exchange, commodities or credit. Structured notes may or may not offer full or partial capital protection in the event of a decline in the underlying index or asset.                                   |
| Student loan related assets       | Securities with collateral relating to student loans.  |
| Subordinated liabilities          | Liabilities which rank after the claims of other creditors of the issuer in the event of insolvency or liquidation.  |
| Sub-prime                         | A US description for customers with high credit risk, for example those who have limited credit histories, modest incomes, high debt-to-income ratios, high loan-to-value ratios (for real estate secured products) or have experienced credit problems caused by occasional delinquencies, prior charge-offs, bankruptcy or other credit-related problems.  |
| Tier 1 capital                    | A component of regulatory capital, comprising core tier 1 and other tier 1 capital. Other tier 1 capital includes qualifying hybrid capital instruments such as non-cumulative perpetual preference shares and innovative tier 1 securities.   |
| Tier 2 capital                    | A component of regulatory capital, comprising qualifying subordinated loan capital, related non-controlling interests, allowable collective impairment allowances and unrealised gains arising on the fair valuation of equity instruments held as available-for-sale. Tier 2 capital also includes reserves arising from the revaluation of properties.   |
| Troubled debt restructuring       | A US description for restructuring a debt whereby the creditor for economic or legal reasons related to a debtor s financial difficulties grants a concession to the debtor that it would not otherwise consider.  |
| Unfunded exposures                | An exposure where the notional amount of a contract has not been exchanged.  |
| Value-at-risk ( VAR )             | A technique that measures the loss that could occur on risk positions as a result of adverse movements in market risk factors (e.g. rates, prices, volatilities) over a specified time horizon and to a given level of confidence.   |
| Wholesale loans                   | Money loaned to sovereign borrowers, banks, non-bank financial institutions and corporate entities.  |
| Write-down                        | Reduction in the carrying value of an asset due to impairment or fair value movements.   |
| Wrong-way risk                    | An adverse correlation between the counterparty s probability of default and the mark-to-market value of the underlying transaction.   |

**Table of Contents**

**HSBC HOLDINGS PLC**

**Index**

Accounting policies 103, 213  
Areas of special interest 148  
Asset-backed securities 97, 101, 102, 105, 179  
Assets  
by customer group 30  
by geographical region 46, 231  
financial assets designated at fair value 220  
held in custody and under administration 29  
maturity analysis 227  
movement in 26  
non-current assets held for sale 226  
trading 219  
Associates and joint ventures 24  
Balance sheet  
consolidated 26, 206  
data 31, 33, 38, 39, 41, 43, 48, 53, 56, 65, 69, 73, 76, 80, 84, 88, 92  
movement 26  
underlying/reported reconciliation 28  
Basis of preparation 30, 212  
Business (and financial) highlights 31, 33, 35, 39  
Business performance review  
Europe 49  
Hong Kong 57  
Latin America 89  
Middle East 74  
North America 81  
Rest of Asia-Pacific 66  
Capital  
future developments 192  
management 189  
measurement and allocation 190  
structure 193  
Cash flow  
consolidated statement 207  
notes 229  
projected scenario analysis 174  
Cautionary statement regarding forward-looking statements 4  
Challenges 11, 138  
Client assets 39  
Collateral 142  
Commercial Banking 33  
Commitments to lend 136  
Comparative information 213  
Compliance with IFRSs 212  
Composition of group (changes in) 213  
Constant currency 12

Contents 1, 212

Contingent liabilities, contractual commitments and financial guarantee contracts 230

Copies of the *Interim Report 2010* 246

Corporate governance 136, 245

Credit quality 159

Credit risk 141

credit exposure 141, 142

Customer accounts 47, 56, 64, 72, 79, 87

Customer groups and global businesses 30

Daily distribution of trading revenues 178

Dealings in HSBC Holdings shares 243

Defined terms Inside front cover

Derivatives 144

by product contract type 221

hedging instruments 222

trading and credit 222

Directors

biographies 198

interests 235

Dividends 214, 244

Earnings per share 3, 204, 214

Economic briefing

Europe 49

Hong Kong 57

Latin America 88

Middle East 73

North America 79

Rest of Asia-Pacific 64

Economic profit/(loss) 25

Equity 27, 208

Equity securities available for sale 180

Estimates and assumptions 213

Europe

balance sheet data 46, 48, 53

business performance review 49

challenges in regulation and supervision 139

customer accounts 47

economic briefing 49

impairment allowances 164

loans and advances 47, 124

profit before tax 46, 47, 48, 53

risk-weighted assets 46

Events after the balance sheet date 232

Fair values

of financial instruments at fair value 18, 114

of financial instruments not at fair value 123

valuation bases 116

Fee income (net) 16

Final results 245

Financial assets



designated at fair value 220  
reclassification 98  
Financial highlights 2, 31, 33, 35, 39, 41  
Financial investments 224  
Financial liabilities designated at fair value 227  
Footnotes 95, 137, 196, 211  
Foreclosed properties in US 159  
Foreign exchange rates 3  
Funds under management 28  
Future accounting developments 213

**Table of Contents**

**HSBC HOLDINGS PLC**

**Index** (continued)

Gains less losses from financial investments 19

Geographical regions 46

Global Banking and Markets 35

ABSs classified as AFS 101

management view 36

Goodwill impairment 231

Group Chief Executive's Review 5

Group Managing Directors 203

Hong Kong

balance sheet data 46, 56, 60

business performance review 57

economic briefing 57

impairment allowances 164

loans and advances 56, 124

profit before tax 46, 56, 60

risk-weighted assets 46

HSBC Finance 174

Impairment

allowances and charges 164

available-for-sale assets 102

by geographical region 164, 169

by industry 166

charges and other credit risk provisions 21

impaired loans 164, 169, 170

Income from financial instruments designated at fair value (net) 18

Income statement (consolidated) 14, 204

Insurance

balance sheet by type of contract 187

claims incurred and movement in liabilities to policyholders (net) 21

net earned premiums 19

liabilities under contracts issued 186

risk management 185

Interest income (net) 15

sensitivity 180

Interest rate repricing gap 182

*Interim Management Statement* 245

*Interim Report 2010* 232

Latin America

balance sheet data 46, 88, 92

business performance review 89

customer accounts 87

economic briefing 88

impairment allowances 164

loans and advances 87, 124, 147

profit before tax 46, 87, 88, 92

risk-weighted assets 46

Legal risk 184  
Leveraged finance transactions 102, 113, 136  
Liabilities  
financial liabilities designated at fair value 227  
maturity analysis 227  
movement in 27  
trading 227

Liquidity and funding 172  
contingent liquidity risk 174  
Litigation 231  
Loans and advances  
by country/region 47, 56, 64, 72, 79, 87, 124  
by credit quality 159  
by industry sector 145  
delinquency in the US 157  
exposure 144  
impaired 164, 170  
mortgage lending 152  
past due but not impaired 162  
personal lending 150  
potential problem loans 171  
renegotiated 158  
to banks/customers 145, 220  
unimpaired loans contractually past due 90 days or more 170  
wholesale lending 148  
within Rest of Asia-Pacific, Middle East and Latin America 147  
Loan impairment charges and other credit risk provisions 21  
Market risk 175, 192  
measures applicable to parent 182  
Market turmoil  
accounting policies 103  
asset-backed securities 98, 101, 102, 105  
business model 102  
disclosure policy 97  
exposures 98, 103, 110, 129  
financial effect 100  
impact on liquidity risk 175  
impact of market risk 177  
reclassification of financial assets 99  
special purpose entities 101, 125, 134  
Middle East  
balance sheet data 46, 73, 76  
business performance review 74  
customer accounts 72  
economic briefing 73  
impairment allowances 164  
loans and advances 72, 124, 147  
profit/(loss) before tax 46, 72, 73, 76  
risk-weighted assets 46  
Money market funds 130

Monoline insurers 111  
Mortgage lending 152  
Non-trading portfolios 179  
North America  
balance sheet data 46, 80, 84  
business performance review 81  
challenges in regulation and supervision (US) 140  
customer accounts 79

**Table of Contents**

economic briefing 79

impairment allowances 164

loans and advances 79, 124, 147

profit/(loss) before tax 46, 79, 80, 84

risk-weighted assets 46

Notifiable interests in share capital 243

Off-balance sheet arrangements 136

Operating expenses 23

Operating income (net) 231

Operating income (other) 20

Operational risk 183, 192

    Other customer group 41

Pension scheme 182

Personal Financial Services 31

Pillar 1, 2 and 3 191, 192

Post-employment benefits 215

Potential problem loans 171

Principal activities 11

Private Banking 39

Profit before tax

    attributable 215

    by country 47, 63, 72, 79, 87

    by customer group 30, 31, 33, 35, 39, 41, 43, 53, 60, 69, 76, 84, 92

    by geographical region 46, 48, 53, 56, 60, 65, 69, 73, 76, 80, 84, 88, 92, 231

consolidated 204

data 3

underlying/reported reconciliations 11, 13, 32, 34, 37, 40, 42, 49, 52, 57, 59, 66, 68, 74, 75, 81, 83, 89, 91

Ratios

    advances to core funding 173

    capital 3

    cost efficiency 3, 24

    credit coverage 3

    earnings to combined fixed charges 29

    efficiency and revenue mix 3

    financial 3

    performance 3

    stressed one month coverage 173

Regulation and supervision (challenges) 138

Related parties 29

Reputational risk 184

Rest of Asia-Pacific

    balance sheet data 46, 65, 69

    business performance review 66

    customer accounts 64

    economic briefing 64

    impairment allowances 164

    loans and advances 64, 124, 147

    profit before tax 46, 63, 65, 69

risk-weighted assets 46

Risk elements, analysis of 171

Risk elements in the loan portfolio 170

Risk management 103, 140

compliance 184

contingent liquidity 174

credit 141

credit spread 179

foreign exchange 183

gap 179

insurance operations 185

legal 184

liquidity and funding 172

market 175, 192

operational 183, 192

pension 182

reputational 184

security and fraud 184

Risk-weighted assets 46, 194

Securities held for trading 144

Securitisation 192

Segmental analysis 231

Sensitivity 175

projected net interest income 180

Share capital notifiable interests 243

Shareholder enquiries 246

Share information 4

Share option plans

discretionary share incentive plans 240

subsidiary company plans

HSBC Bank Bermuda 242

HSBC Finance 241

HSBC France 241

Directors interests 235

employee share option plans 238

Sovereign risk 148

Special purpose entities 101, 125, 134, 136

Staff numbers 23

Statement of comprehensive income (consolidated) 205

Stock codes 246

Strategic direction 11

Stress testing 176

Tax expense 217

Telephone and online share-dealing service 245

Total shareholder return 4

Trading

assets 219

derivatives 222

income (net) 17

liabilities 227

portfolios 178  
Troubled debt restructurings 170  
Underlying performance 12  
Value at risk 176  
Wholesale lending 148