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RIVERVIEW BANCORP INC
Form 10-Q
August 06, 2007

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2007

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number: 0-22957

RIVERVIEW BANCORP, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Washington

91-1838969

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation
or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer
I.D. Number)

900 Washington St., Ste. 900, Vancouver, Washington

98660

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (360) 693-6650

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports
required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of
1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the
registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such
filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer,
an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated
filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. Check one:

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell corporation (as
defined in Exchange Act Rule 12b-2).

Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes
of common stock, as of the latest practicable date: Common Stock, \$.01 par

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value per share, 11,229,980 shares outstanding as of August 1, 2007.

Form 10-Q

RIVERVIEW BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY INDEX

Part I. Financial Information	Page
-----	----
Item 1: Financial Statements (Unaudited)	
Consolidated Balance Sheets as of June 30, 2007 and March 31, 2007	1
Consolidated Statements of Income Three Months Ended June 30, 2007 and 2006	2
Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity Year Ended March 31, 2007 and the Three Months Ended June 30, 2007	3
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows Three Months Ended June 30, 2007 and 2006	4
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	5-14
Item 2: Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	14-23
Item 3: Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	23
Item 4: Controls and Procedures	23
Part II. Other Information	24-25

Item 1: Legal Proceedings	
Item 1A: Risk Factors	
Item 2: Unregistered Sale of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	
Item 3: Defaults Upon Senior Securities	
Item 4: Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders	
Item 5: Other Information	
Item 6: Exhibits	
SIGNATURES	26
Certifications	
Exhibit 31.1	
Exhibit 31.2	

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Exhibit 32

Part I. Financial Information
Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited)

RIVERVIEW BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY
Consolidated Balance Sheets
June 30, 2007 and March 31, 2007

(In thousands, except share and per share data) (Unaudited)	JUNE 30, 2007	MARCH 31, 2007
	-----	-----
ASSETS		
Cash (including interest-earning accounts of \$47,085 and \$7,818)	\$ 68,082	\$ 31,423
Investment securities available for sale, at fair value (amortized cost of \$13,734 and \$19,258)	13,756	19,267
Mortgage-backed securities held to maturity, at amortized cost (fair value of \$1,150 and \$1,243)	1,135	1,232
Mortgage-backed securities available for sale, at fair value (amortized cost of \$6,405 and \$6,778)	6,201	6,640
Loans receivable (net of allowance for loan losses of \$8,728 and \$8,653)	663,430	682,951
Prepaid expenses and other assets	2,878	1,905
Accrued interest receivable	3,686	3,822
Federal Home Loan Bank stock, at cost	7,350	7,350
Premises and equipment, net	21,155	21,402
Deferred income taxes, net	4,126	4,108
Mortgage servicing intangible, net	347	351
Goodwill	25,572	25,572
Core deposit intangible, net	669	711
Bank owned life insurance	13,753	13,614
	-----	-----
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 832,140	\$ 820,348
	=====	=====
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
LIABILITIES:		
Deposit accounts	\$ 692,168	\$ 665,405
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	9,675	9,349
Advanced payments by borrowers for taxes and insurance	162	397
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	5,000	35,050
Junior subordinated debentures	22,681	7,217
Capital lease obligations	2,713	2,721
	-----	-----
Total liabilities	732,399	720,139
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (See Note 15)		
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:		
Serial preferred stock, \$.01 par value; 250,000 authorized, issued and outstanding: none	-	-
Common stock, \$.01 par value; 50,000,000 authorized, issued and outstanding:		

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June 30, 2007-11,566,980 issued, 11,566,980 outstanding	115	117
March 31, 2007-11,707,980 issued, 11,707,980 outstanding		
Additional paid-in capital	56,450	58,438
Retained earnings	44,379	42,848
Unearned shares issued to employee stock ownership trust	(1,083)	(1,108)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(120)	(86)
	-----	-----
Total shareholders' equity	99,741	100,209
	-----	-----
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 832,140	\$ 820,348
	=====	=====

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

1

RIVERVIEW BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(In thousands, except share and per share data)
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30,	
	2007	2006
	-----	-----
INTEREST INCOME:		
Interest and fees on loans receivable	\$ 14,880	\$ 13,769
Interest on investment securities - taxable	172	221
Interest on investment securities - non-taxable	38	42
Interest on mortgage-backed securities	91	114
Other interest and dividends	243	52
	-----	-----
Total interest income	15,424	14,198
	-----	-----
INTEREST EXPENSE:		
Interest on deposits	6,190	4,222
Interest on borrowings	406	963
	-----	-----
Total interest expense	6,596	5,185
	-----	-----
Net interest income	8,828	9,013
Less provision for loan losses	50	350
	-----	-----
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	8,778	8,663
	-----	-----
NON-INTEREST INCOME:		
Fees and service charges	1,427	1,331
Asset management fees	548	436
Gain on sale of loans held for sale	91	72
Loan servicing income	39	45
Gain on sale of credit card portfolio	-	67
Bank owned life insurance	139	128
Other	58	36
	-----	-----
Total non-interest income	2,302	2,115
	-----	-----
NON-INTEREST EXPENSE:		
Salaries and employee benefits	3,968	3,835
Occupancy and depreciation	1,302	1,074
Data processing	168	335
Amortization of core deposit intangible	42	50
Advertising and marketing expense	282	302
FDIC insurance premium	19	24
State and local taxes	171	155
Telecommunications	104	112

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Professional fees	223	178
Other	502	704
	-----	-----
Total non-interest expense	6,781	6,769
	-----	-----
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	4,299	4,009
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES	1,460	1,378
	-----	-----
NET INCOME	\$ 2,839	\$ 2,631
	=====	=====
Earnings per common share:		
Basic	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.23
Diluted	0.25	0.23
Weighted average number of shares outstanding:		
Basic	11,391,825	11,265,971
Diluted	11,527,586	11,443,153
Cash dividends per share	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.095

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

2

RIVERVIEW BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY
Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity
FOR THE YEAR ENDED mARCH 31, 2007
AND THE three months ended june 30, 2007

	Common Stock	Additional	Retained	Unearned	Accumulated	
(In thousands, except share data)	Shares	Paid-In	Earnings	Shares	Other	
	Amount	Capital	Trust	Issued to	Comprehensi	
				Employee	Loss	
				Stock		
				Ownership		
Balance April 1, 2006	11,545,372	\$ 57	\$ 57,316	\$ 35,776	\$ (1,186)	\$ (276)
Stock split	-	58	-	(58)	-	-
Cash dividends (\$0.395 per share)	-	-	-	(4,476)	-	-
Exercise of stock options	212,054	2	878	-	-	-
Stock repurchased and retired (49,446)	(49,446)	-	-	-	-	-
Earned Employee Stock Ownership						
Plan ("ESOP") shares	-	-	196	-	78	-
Tax benefit, stock option	-	-	48	-	-	-
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	11,707,980	117	58,438	31,242	(1,108)	(276)
Comprehensive income:						
Net income	-	-	-	11,606	-	-
Other comprehensive income:						
Unrealized holding gain on						
Securities of \$190						
(net of \$99 tax effect)	-	-	-	-	-	190
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----

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Balance March 31, 2007	11,707,980	117	58,438	42,848	(1,108)	(86)
Cash dividends(\$0.11 per share)	-	-	-	(1,243)	-	-
Exercise of stock options	24,000	-	293	-	-	-
Stock repurchased and retired	(165,000)	(2)	(2,342)	-	-	-
FIN 48 transition amount	-	-	-	(65)	-	-
Earned ESOP shares	-	-	61	-	25	-
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	11,566,980	115	56,450	41,540	(1,083)	(86)
Comprehensive income:						
Net income	-	-	-	2,839	-	-
Other comprehensive income:						
Unrealized holding loss on securities of \$34 (net of \$19 tax effect)	-	-	-	-	-	(34)
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Balance June 30, 2007	11,566,980	\$ 115	\$ 56,450	\$ 44,379	\$ (1,083)	\$ (120)
	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

3

RIVERVIEW BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2007 AND 2006

(In thousands) (Unaudited)	2007	2006
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net income	\$ 2,839	\$ 2,631
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	558	539
Mortgage servicing rights valuation adjustment	(13)	(14)
Provision for loan losses	50	350
Noncash expense related to ESOP	86	159
Decrease in deferred loan origination fees, net of amortization	(201)	(5)
Origination of loans held for sale	(3,947)	(2,924)
Proceeds from sales of loans held for sale	3,966	2,993
Excess tax benefit from stock based compensation	(2)	-
Net gain on loans held for sale, sale of real estate owned, mortgage-backed securities, investment securities and premises and equipment	(91)	(24)
Income from bank owned life insurance	(139)	(128)
Increase in prepaid expenses and other assets	(563)	(41)
Decrease (increase) in accrued interest receivable	136	(468)
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses and other liabilities	(228)	217
	-----	-----
Net cash provided by operating activities	2,451	3,285
	-----	-----
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Loan repayments (originations), net	19,719	(35,917)

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Proceeds from call, maturity, or sale of investment securities available for sale	5,490	1,110
Principal repayments on investment securities available for sale	37	37
Principal repayments on mortgage-backed securities available for sale	373	425
Principal repayments on mortgage-backed securities held to maturity	97	224
Purchase of premises and equipment	(249)	(393)
Proceeds from sale of real estate owned and premises and equipment	-	2
	-----	-----
Net cash provided (used) in investing activities	25,467	(34,512)
	-----	-----
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Net increase in deposit accounts	26,763	425
Dividends paid	(1,144)	(956)
Repurchase of common stock	(2,344)	-
Proceeds from borrowings	32,600	92,000
Repayment of borrowings	(62,650)	(64,800)
Proceeds from issuance of subordinated debentures	15,464	-
Principal payments under capital lease obligation	(8)	(8)
Net decrease in advance payments by borrowers	(235)	(214)
Excess tax benefit from stock based compensation	2	-
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	293	105
	-----	-----
Net cash provided by financing activities	8,741	26,552
	-----	-----
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	36,659	(4,675)
CASH, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	31,423	31,346
	-----	-----
CASH, END OF PERIOD	\$ 68,082	\$ 26,671
	=====	=====
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:		
Cash paid during the year for:		
Interest	\$ 6,737	\$ 4,938
Income taxes	30	400
NONCASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Dividends declared and accrued in other liabilities	\$ 1,243	\$ 1,059
Fair value adjustment to securities available for sale	(53)	(85)
Income tax effect related to fair value adjustment	19	29

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

RIVERVIEW BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with instructions for Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and, therefore, do not include all disclosures necessary for a complete presentation of financial condition, results of operations and cash flows in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

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However, all adjustments that are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of the interim unaudited financial statements have been included. All such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature.

The unaudited consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements included in the Riverview Bancorp, Inc. Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 2007 ("2007 Form 10-K"). The results of operations for the three months ended June 30, 2007 are not necessarily indicative of the results which may be expected for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2008. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

On August 24, 2006, the Riverview Bancorp Inc. common stock was split 2-for-1 in the form of a 100% stock dividend. Shareholders received one additional share for each share owned. The Board of Directors ("Board") declared the stock split on July 27, 2006 and the record date was August 10, 2006. All share and per share amounts (including stock options) in the Consolidated Financial Statements and accompanying notes were restated to reflect the split.

2. PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Riverview Bancorp, Inc. ("Bancorp" or the "Company"); its wholly-owned subsidiary, Riverview Community Bank ("Bank"); the Bank's wholly-owned subsidiary, Riverview Services, Inc.; and the Bank's majority-owned subsidiary, Riverview Asset Management Corp. ("RAM Corp.") All inter-company transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation.

3. STOCK PLANS AND STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

In July 1998, shareholders of the Company approved the adoption of the 1998 Stock Option Plan ("1998 Plan"). The 1998 Plan was effective October 1, 1998 and will expire on the tenth anniversary of the effective date, unless terminated sooner by the Board. Under the 1998 Plan, the Company may grant both incentive and non-qualified stock options up to 714,150 shares of its common stock to officers, directors and employees. The exercise price of each option granted under the 1998 Plan equals the fair market value of the Company's stock on the date of the grant with a maximum term of ten years and a vesting period from zero to five years. At June 30, 2007, there were options for 41,562 shares available for future grant under the 1998 Plan.

In July 2003, shareholders of the Company approved the adoption of the 2003 Stock Option Plan ("2003 Plan"). The 2003 Plan was effective July 2003 and will expire on the tenth anniversary of the effective date, unless terminated sooner by the Board. Under the 2003 Plan, the Company may grant both incentive and non-qualified stock options up to 458,554 shares of its common stock to officers, directors and employees. The exercise price of each option granted under the 2003 Plan equals the fair market value of the Company's stock on the date of grant with a maximum term of ten years and a vesting period from zero to five years. At June 30, 2007, there were options for 148,154 shares available for future grant under the 2003 Plan.

The following table presents information on stock options outstanding for the periods shown.

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	Three Months Ended June 30, 2007		Year Ended March 31, 2007	
	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Balance, beginning of period	526,192	\$ 10.41	755,846	\$ 9.68
Grants	5,000	14.52	-	-
Options exercised	(24,000)	6.01	(212,054)	7.79
Forfeited	(3,600)	10.94	(17,600)	10.65
	-----		-----	
Balance, end of period	503,592	\$ 10.65	526,192	\$ 10.41
	=====		=====	=====

The following table presents information on stock options outstanding for the periods shown, less estimated forfeitures.

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2007		Year Ended March 31, 2007	
Intrinsic value of options exercised in the period		\$ 195,800		\$ 1,722,591
Stock options fully vested and expected to vest:				
Number	500,942		523,052	
Weighted average exercise price		\$ 10.65		\$ 10.41
Aggregate intrinsic value		\$ 1,522,733		\$ 2,892,379
Weighted average contractual term of options		6.81 years		7.07 years
Stock options vested and currently exercisable:				
Number	481,992		493,192	
Weighted average exercise price		\$ 10.63		\$ 10.43
Aggregate intrinsic value		\$ 1,472,915		\$ 2,717,710
Weighted average contractual term of options		6.51 years		6.65 years

Stock-based compensation expense related to stock options for the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 was approximately \$11,000. As of June 30, 2007, there was approximately \$35,000 of unrecognized compensation expense related to nonvested stock options, which will be recognized over the remaining vesting periods of the underlying stock options.

The Company recognizes compensation expense for stock options in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 123 (Revised), "Share-Based Payment," ("SFAS 123R"). The fair value of each stock option granted is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes based stock option valuation model. The fair value of all awards is amortized on a straight-line basis over the requisite service periods, which are generally the vesting periods. The Black-Scholes model uses the assumptions listed in the table below. The expected life of options granted represents the period of time that they are expected to be outstanding. The expected life is determined based on historical experience with similar options, giving consideration to the contractual terms and vesting schedules. Expected volatility was estimated at the date of grant based on the historical volatility of the Company's common stock. Expected dividends are based on dividend trends and the market value of the Company's common stock at the time of grant. The risk-free interest rate for periods within the contractual life of the options is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of the grant. During the three months ended June 30, 2007, the Company granted 5,000 stock options. No options were granted during the three months ended June 30, 2006. The fair value of stock options granted during the three months ended June 30, 2007 was \$2.27 per option.

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	Risk Free Interest Rate -----	Expected Life (years) -----	Expected Volatility -----	Expected Dividends -----
Fiscal 2008	4.57%	6.25	14.72%	3.03%

6

4. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share ("EPS") is computed by dividing net income applicable to common stock by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period, without considering any dilutive items. Diluted EPS is computed by dividing net income applicable to common stock by the weighted average number of common shares and common stock equivalents for items that are dilutive, net of shares assumed to be repurchased using the treasury stock method at the average share price for the Company's common stock during the period. Common stock equivalents arise from assumed conversion of outstanding stock options.

	Three Months Ended June 30,	
	2007	2006
	-----	-----
Basic EPS computation:		
Numerator-net income	\$ 2,839,000	\$ 2,631,000
Denominator-weighted average common shares outstanding	11,391,825	11,265,971
Basic EPS	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.23
Diluted EPS computation:	=====	=====
Numerator-net income	\$ 2,839,000	\$ 2,631,000
Denominator-weighted average common shares outstanding	11,391,825	11,265,971
Effect of dilutive stock options	135,761	177,182
Weighted average common shares and common stock equivalents	11,527,586	11,443,153
Diluted EPS	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.23
	=====	=====

5. INVESTMENT SECURITIES

The amortized cost and approximate fair value of investment securities available for sale consisted of the following (in thousands):

	Amortized Cost -----	Gross Unrealized Gains -----	Gross Unrealized Losses -----	Estimated Fair Value -----
June 30, 2007				
Trust preferred	\$ 5,000	\$ 13	\$ -	\$ 5,013
Agency securities	5,298	-	(13)	5,285
Municipal bonds	3,436	22	-	3,458
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total	\$ 13,734	\$ 35	\$ (13)	\$ 13,756
	=====	=====	=====	=====
March 31, 2007				
Trust preferred	\$ 5,000	\$ 19	\$ -	\$ 5,019
Agency securities	10,784	-	(44)	10,740
Municipal bonds	3,474	34	-	3,508
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total	\$ 19,258	\$ 53	\$ (44)	\$ 19,267

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The contractual maturities of investment securities available for sale are as follows (in thousands):

June 30, 2007 -----	Amortized Cost	Estimated Fair Value
	-----	-----
Due in one year or less	\$ 5,868	\$ 5,856
Due after one year through five years	1,018	1,026
Due after five years through ten years	619	632
Due after ten years	6,229	6,242
	-----	-----
Total	\$ 13,734	\$ 13,756
	=====	=====

Investment securities with an amortized cost of \$299,000 and \$5.8 million and a fair value of \$298,000 and \$5.8 million at June 30, 2007 and March 31, 2007, respectively, were pledged as collateral for advances at the Federal Home Loan Bank ("FHLB") of Seattle. Investment securities with an amortized cost of \$1.1 million and a fair value of \$1.2 million at both June 30, 2007 and March 31, 2007, were pledged as collateral for treasury tax and loan funds held by the Bank. Investment securities with an amortized cost of \$488,000 and \$490,000 and a fair value of \$491,000 and \$495,000 at June 30, 2007 and March 31, 2007, respectively, were pledged as collateral for governmental public funds held by the Bank. Investment securities with an amortized cost of \$5.0 million and a fair value of \$5.0 million at both June 30, 2007 and March 31, 2007 were pledged as collateral for borrowings from the discount window at the Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco.

7

The fair value of temporarily impaired securities, the amount of unrealized losses and the length of time these unrealized losses existed as of June 30, 2007 are as follows (in thousands):

Description of Securities	Less than 12 months		12 months or longer		Total	
	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Agency securities	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,298	\$ (13)	\$ 5,298	\$ (13)

The fair value of temporarily impaired securities, the amount of unrealized losses and the length of time these unrealized losses existed as of March 31, 2007 are as follows (in thousands):

Description of Securities	Less than 12 months		12 months or longer		Total	
	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Agency securities	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,740	\$ (44)	\$ 10,740	\$ (44)

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The unrealized losses on the above investment securities are primarily due to increases in market interest rates subsequent to their purchase by the Company. The Company expects the fair value of these investment securities to recover as the investment securities approach their maturity dates or sooner if market yields for such investment securities decline. The Company does not believe that any of the investment securities are impaired due to reasons of credit quality or is related to any company or industry specific event. Based on management's evaluation and intent, none of the unrealized losses summarized in this table are considered other than temporary. The Company realized no gains or losses on sales of investment securities available for sale for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2007 and 2006.

6. MORTGAGE-BACKED SECURITIES

Mortgage-backed securities held to maturity consisted of the following (in thousands):

	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Estimated Fair Value
	-----	-----	-----	-----
June 30, 2007				

Real estate mortgage investment conduits	\$ 833	\$ 11	\$ -	\$ 844
FHLMC mortgage-backed securities	112	1	-	113
FNMA mortgage-backed securities	190	3	-	193
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total	\$ 1,135	\$ 15	\$ -	\$ 1,150
	=====	=====	=====	=====
March 31, 2007				

Real estate mortgage investment conduits	\$ 923	\$ 6	\$ -	\$ 929
FHLMC mortgage-backed securities	116	1	-	117
FNMA mortgage-backed securities	193	4	-	197
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total	\$ 1,232	\$ 11	\$ -	\$ 1,243
	=====	=====	=====	=====

The contractual maturities of mortgage-backed securities classified as held to maturity are as follows (in thousands):

	Amortized Cost	Estimated Fair Value
	-----	-----
June 30, 2007		

Due in one year or less	\$ -	\$ -
Due after one year through five years	-	-
Due after five years through ten years	14	14
Due after ten years	1,121	1,136
	-----	-----
Total	\$ 1,135	\$ 1,150
	=====	=====

Mortgage-backed securities held to maturity with an amortized cost of \$841,000 and \$931,000 and a fair value of \$852,000 and \$938,000 at June 30, 2007 and March 31, 2007, respectively, were pledged as collateral for governmental public funds held by the Bank. Mortgage-backed securities held to maturity with an amortized cost of \$141,000 and \$143,000 and a fair value of \$143,000 and \$144,000 at June 30, 2007 and March 31, 2007, respectively, were pledged as collateral for treasury tax and loan funds held by the Bank. The real estate mortgage investment conduits consist of Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("FHLMC" or "Freddie Mac") and Federal National Mortgage Association ("FNMA" or

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"Fannie Mae") securities.

8

Mortgage-backed securities available for sale consisted of the following (in thousands):

	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Estimated Fair Value
	-----	-----	-----	-----
June 30, 2007				

Real estate mortgage investment conduits	\$ 1,015	\$ 14	\$ (8)	\$ 1,021
FHLMC mortgage-backed securities	5,288	-	(210)	5,078
FNMA mortgage-backed securities	102	-	-	102
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total	\$ 6,405	\$ 14	\$ (218)	\$ 6,201
	=====	=====	=====	=====
March 31, 2007				

Real estate mortgage investment conduits	\$ 1,070	\$ 15	\$ (2)	\$ 1,083
FHLMC mortgage-backed securities	5,592	-	(153)	5,439
FNMA mortgage-backed securities	116	2	-	118
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total	\$ 6,778	\$ 17	\$ (155)	\$ 6,640
	=====	=====	=====	=====

The contractual maturities of mortgage-backed securities available for sale are as follows (in thousands):

	Amortized Cost	Estimated Fair Value
	-----	-----
June 30, 2007		

Due in one year or less	\$ -	\$ -
Due after one year through five years	70	71
Due after five years through ten years	5,744	5,525
Due after ten years	591	605
	-----	-----
Total	\$ 6,405	\$ 6,201
	=====	=====

Expected maturities of mortgage-backed securities held to maturity and available for sale will differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to prepay obligations.

Mortgage-backed securities available for sale with an amortized cost of \$6.3 million and \$6.7 million and a fair value of \$6.1 million and \$6.5 million at June 30, 2007 and March 31, 2007, respectively, were pledged as collateral for FHLB advances.

The fair value of temporarily impaired mortgage-backed securities, the amount of unrealized losses and the length of time these unrealized losses existed as of June 30, 2007 are as follows (in thousands):

Less than 12 months	12 months or longer	Total
---------------------	---------------------	-------

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Description of Securities	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses
Real estate mortgage investment conduits	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 372	\$ (8)	\$ 372	\$ (8)
FHLMC mortgage-backed securities	-	-	5,078	(210)	5,078	(210)
FNMA mortgage-backed securities	76	-	-	-	76	-
Total temporarily impaired securities	\$ 76	\$ -	\$ 5,450	\$ (218)	\$ 5,526	\$ (218)

The fair value of temporarily impaired mortgage-backed securities, the amount of unrealized losses at the time these unrealized losses existed as of March 31, 2007 are as follows (in thousands):

Description of Securities	Less than 12 months		12 months or longer		Total	
	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses
Real estate mortgage investment conduits	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 407	\$ (2)	\$ 407	\$ (2)
FHLMC mortgage-backed securities	-	-	5,439	(153)	5,439	(153)
FNMA mortgage-backed securities	2	-	-	-	2	-
Total temporarily impaired securities	\$ 2	\$ -	\$ 5,846	\$ (155)	\$ 5,848	\$ (155)

The unrealized losses on the above mortgage-backed securities are primarily due to increases in market interest rates subsequent to their purchase by the Company. The Company expects the fair value of these securities to recover as the securities approach their maturity dates or sooner if market yields for such securities decline. The Company does not

9

believe that any of the securities are impaired due to reasons of credit quality or is related to any company or industry specific event. Based on management's evaluation and intent, none of the unrealized losses summarized in this table are considered other than temporary. The Company realized no gains or losses on sales of mortgage-backed securities available for sale for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2007 and 2006.

7. LOANS RECEIVABLE

Loans receivable, excluding loans held for sale, consisted of the following (in thousands):

	June 30, 2007	March 31, 2007
Commercial and construction		
Commercial	\$ 90,896	\$ 91,174
Other real estate mortgage	350,219	360,930
Real estate construction	158,598	166,073
Total commercial and construction	599,713	618,177

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Consumer		
Real estate one-to-four family	67,815	69,808
Other installment	4,630	3,619
	-----	-----
Total consumer	72,445	73,427
Total loans	672,158	691,604
Less:		
Allowance for loan losses	8,728	8,653
	-----	-----
Loans receivable, net	\$ 663,430	\$ 682,951
	=====	=====

Most of the Bank's business activity is with customers located in the states of Washington and Oregon. Loans and extensions of credit outstanding at one time to one borrower are generally limited by federal regulation to 15% of the Bank's shareholders' equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). As of June 30, 2007 and March 31, 2007, the Bank had no loans to any one borrower in excess of the regulatory limit and also had no individual industry concentrations of credit.

8. ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES

A reconciliation of the allowance for loan losses is as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,	
	2007	2006
	----	----
Beginning balance	\$ 8,653	\$ 7,221
Provision for losses	50	350
Charge-offs	(5)	(3)
Recoveries	30	58
	-----	-----
Total allowance for loan losses	\$ 8,728	\$ 7,626
	=====	=====

Changes in the allowance for unfunded loan commitments were as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,	
	2007	2006
	----	----
Beginning balance	\$ 380	\$ 362
Net change in allowance for unfunded loan commitments	2	14
	-----	-----
Ending balance	\$ 382	\$ 376
	=====	=====

The allowance for unfunded loan commitments is included in accrued expenses and other liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The provision for unfunded commitments is charged to non-interest expense.

Loans on which the accrual of interest has been discontinued were \$226,000 at June 30, 2007 and March 31, 2007. Interest income foregone on non-accrual loans was \$6,000 and \$20,000 during the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

At June 30, 2007 and March 31, 2007, the Company's recorded investment in certain loans that were considered to be impaired was \$425,000 and \$426,000, respectively. At June 30, 2007, \$293,000 of these impaired loans had a specific related valuation allowance of \$30,000, while \$132,000 did not require a specific valuation allowance. At March 31, 2007, \$294,000 of these impaired loans had a specific valuation allowance of \$30,000, while \$132,000 did not require a specific valuation. The balance of the allowance for loan losses in excess of these specific reserves is available to absorb the inherent losses from all loans in the portfolio. The average investment in impaired loans was approximately \$425,000 and \$959,000 during the three months ended June 30, 2007 and the year ended March 31, 2007, respectively. The related amount of interest income recognized on loans that were impaired was approximately \$4,000 and \$42,000 during the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively. There were no loans past due 90 days or more and still accruing interest at June 30, 2007 and March 31, 2007.

9. LOANS HELD FOR SALE

The Company identifies loans held for sale at the time of origination, which are carried at the lower of aggregate cost or net realizable value. Market values are derived from available market quotations for comparable pools of mortgage loans. Adjustments for unrealized losses, if any, are charged to income.

10. MORTGAGE SERVICING RIGHTS

The following table is a summary of the activity in mortgage servicing rights ("MSRs") and the related allowance for the periods indicated and other related financial data (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended June 30,	
	----- 2007	2006 -----
Balance at beginning of period, net	\$ 351	\$ 384
Additions	34	25
Amortization	(51)	(51)
Change in valuation allowance	13	14
	-----	-----
Balance at end of period, net	\$ 347	\$ 372
	=====	=====
Valuation allowance at beginning of period	\$ 35	\$ 60
Change in valuation allowance	(13)	(14)
	-----	-----
Valuation allowance at end of period	\$ 22	\$ 46
	=====	=====

The Company evaluates MSRs for impairment by stratifying MSRs based on the predominant risk characteristics of the underlying financial assets. At June 30, 2007 and March 31, 2007, the fair value of MSRs totaled \$1.1 million and \$1.0 million, respectively. The June 30, 2007 fair value was estimated using various discount rates and a range of Prepayment Standard Assumption (PSA) values (the Bond Market Association's standard prepayment values) that ranged from 142 to 936.

11. CORE DEPOSIT INTANGIBLE

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Net unamortized core deposit intangible totaled \$669,000 at June 30, 2007 and \$711,000 at March 31, 2007. Amortization expense related to the core deposit intangible during the three months ended June 30, 2007 and 2006 totaled \$42,000 and \$50,000, respectively.

11

12. BORROWINGS

Borrowings are summarized as follows (in thousands):

	At June 30, 2007	At March 31, 2007
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	\$ 5,000	\$35,050
Weighted average interest rate:	5.46%	5.66%

At June 30, 2007, all of the Company's FHLB advances were scheduled to mature during fiscal year 2008.

13. JUNIOR SUBORDINATED DEBENTURE

At June 30, 2007, the Company had established two wholly-owned subsidiary grantor trusts for the purpose of issuing trust preferred securities and common securities. The trust preferred securities accrue and pay distributions periodically at specified annual rates as provided in each indenture. The trusts used the net proceeds from each of the offerings to purchase a like amount of junior subordinated debentures (the "Debentures") of the Company. The Debentures are the sole assets of the trusts. The Company's obligations under the Debentures and related documents, taken together, constitute a full and unconditional guarantee by the Company of the obligations of the trusts. The trust preferred securities are mandatorily redeemable upon maturity of the Debentures, or upon earlier redemption as provided in the indentures. The Company has the right to redeem the Debentures in whole or in part on or after specific dates, at a redemption price specified in the indentures plus any accrued but unpaid interest to the redemption date.

The Debentures issued by the Company to the grantor trusts, totaling \$22.7 million, are reflected in the consolidated balance sheets in the liabilities section at June 30, 2007, under the caption "junior subordinated debentures." The common securities issued by the grantor trusts were purchased by the Company, and the Company's investment in the common securities of \$681,000 and \$217,000 at June 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively, is included in prepaid expenses and other assets in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The Company records interest expense on the Debentures in the Consolidated Statements of Income.

The following table is a summary of the terms of the current Debentures at June 30, 2007:

Issuance Trust	Issuance Date	Amount Outstanding	Rate Type	Initial Rate	Rate at 6/30/07	Maturing Date
(Dollars in thousands)						
Riverview Bancorp Statutory Trust I	12/2005	\$ 7,217	Variable (1)	5.88%	6.72%	3/2036

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Riverview Bancorp					
Statutory Trust II 06/2007	15,464	Fixed (2)	7.03%	7.03%	6/2037

Total	\$ 22,681				
	=====				

- (1) The trust preferred securities reprice quarterly based on the three-month LIBOR plus 1.36%

- (2) The trust preferred securities bear a fixed quarterly interest rate for 60 quarters, at which time the rate begins to float on a quarterly basis based on the three-month LIBOR plus 1.35% thereafter until maturity.

12

14. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In July 2006, Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued FASB Interpretation No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes," an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109 ("FIN 48"). FIN 48 prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. FIN 48 requires the recognition, in the financial statements, of the impact of the tax position, if that position is more likely than not of being sustained on audit, based on the technical merits of the position. FIN 48 also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods and disclosure. The Company adopted FIN 48 at the beginning of fiscal year 2008. The adoption of FIN 48 did not have a material impact on the Company. At the date of adoption, the Company had unrecognized tax benefits related to its state filing positions of approximately \$90,000 that, if recognized, would affect the Company's effective tax rate by approximately \$65,000. The Company recorded an adjustment to retained earnings (net of federal benefits) for these uncertain tax positions totaling \$65,000, inclusive of interest and penalties. The Company's policy is to recognize potential accrued interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits as income tax expense. At the date of adoption, the Company had accrued approximately \$10,000 of possible interest and penalties. The tax years 2003 - 2006 remain open to examination by the major taxing jurisdictions to which the Company is subject. As of June 30, 2007 no circumstances have changed that would result in a change to the FIN 48 analysis that was originally performed.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements." SFAS No. 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. Management is currently evaluating the impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows upon adoption of SFAS No. 157.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, "The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities." SFAS No. 159 permits companies to choose, at specified election dates, to measure eligible items at fair value. The standard is designed to mitigate volatility in reported earnings caused by measuring related assets and liabilities differently. SFAS No. 159 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. Management is currently evaluating the impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows upon adoption of SFAS No. 159.

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15. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Off-balance sheet arrangements. The Company is a party to financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk in the normal course of business to meet the financing needs of its customers. These financial instruments generally include commitments to originate mortgage, commercial and consumer loans. These instruments involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit and interest rate risk in excess of the amount recognized in the balance sheet. The Company's maximum exposure to credit loss in the event of nonperformance by the borrower is represented by the contractual amount of these instruments. The Company uses the same credit policies in making commitments as it does for on-balance sheet instruments. Commitments to extend credit are conditional, and are honored for up to 45 days subject to the Company's usual terms and conditions. Collateral is not required to support commitments.

Standby letters of credit are conditional commitments issued by the Bank to guarantee the performance of a customer to a third party. These guarantees are primarily used to support public and private borrowing arrangements. The credit risk involved in issuing letters of credit is essentially the same as that involved in extending loan facilities to customers. Collateral held varies and is required in instances where the Bank deems necessary.

The following is a summary of commitments and contingent liabilities with off-balance sheet risk as of June 30, 2007 (in thousands):

	Contract or Notional Amount -----
Commitments to originate loans:	
Adjustable-rate	\$ 56,627
Fixed-rate	11,589
Standby letters of credit	2,389
Undisbursed loan funds, and unused lines of credit	167,836

Total	\$ 238,441 =====

At June 30, 2007, the Company had no firm commitments to sell residential loans to the FHLMC. Typically, these agreements are short term fixed rate commitments and no material gain or loss is likely.

13

Other Contractual Obligations. In connection with certain asset sales, the Bank typically makes representations and warranties about the underlying assets conforming to specified guidelines. If the underlying assets do not conform to the specifications, the Bank may have an obligation to repurchase the assets or indemnify the purchaser against loss. At June 30, 2007, loans under warranty totaled \$109.4 million, which substantially represents the unpaid principal balance of the Company's loans serviced for others. The Bank believes that the potential for loss under these arrangements is remote. Accordingly, no contingent liability is recorded in the financial statements.

At June 30, 2007, scheduled maturities of certificates of deposit, FHLB advances, junior subordinated debentures and future minimum operating lease commitments were as follows (in thousands):

	Within 1 year	1-3 Years	4-5 Years	After 5 Years	Total Balance
--	------------------	--------------	--------------	------------------	------------------

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Certificates of deposit	\$124,657	\$48,254	\$ 5,854	\$ 2,492	\$181,257
FHLB advances	5,000	-	-	-	5,000
Junior subordinated debentures	-	-	-	22,681	22,681
Operating leases	1,489	2,743	1,430	4,178	9,840
Total other contractual obligations	\$131,146	\$50,997	\$ 7,284	\$ 29,351	\$218,778
	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====

The Company is party to litigation arising in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, these actions will not have a material adverse effect, if any, on the Company's financial position, results of operations, or liquidity.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Management's Discussion and Analysis and other portions of this report contain certain forward-looking statements concerning the future operations of the Company. Management desires to take advantage of the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and is including this statement for the express purpose of availing the Company of the protections of the safe harbor provisions with respect to all forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report. The Company has used forward-looking statements to describe future plans and strategies, including its expectations of future financial results. Management's ability to predict results or the effect of future plans or strategies is inherently uncertain. Factors which could affect actual results include interest rate trends, the general economic climate in the Company's market area and the country as a whole, the ability of the Company to control costs and expenses, deposit flows, demand for mortgages and other loans, pricing of products and services, real estate values and vacancy rates, the ability of the Company to efficiently incorporate acquisitions into its operations, competition, loan delinquency rates, technological factors affecting operations and changes in federal and state regulation. These factors should be considered in evaluating the forward-looking statements, and undue reliance should not be placed on such statements. The Company undertakes no obligation and specifically disclaims any obligation to publish revised forward-looking statements to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events or circumstances after the date hereof. These risks could cause our actual results to differ materially from those expressed in any forward-looking statements by, or on behalf of, the Company.

Critical Accounting Policies

Critical accounting policies and estimates are discussed in our 2007 Form 10-K under Item 7 "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation - Critical Accounting Policies." That discussion highlights estimates the Company makes that involve uncertainty or potential for substantial change. There have not been any material changes in the Company's critical accounting policies and estimates as compared to the disclosure contained in the Company's 2007 Form 10-K.

Non-GAAP Financial Information

This report contains certain financial information determined by methods other than in accordance with GAAP. These measures include net interest income on a fully tax equivalent basis and net interest margin on a fully tax equivalent basis. Management uses these non-GAAP measures in its analysis of the Company's performance. The tax equivalent adjustment to net interest income recognizes the income tax savings when comparing taxable and tax-exempt assets and assumes a

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34% tax rate. Management believes that it is a standard practice in the banking industry to present net interest income and net interest margin on a fully tax equivalent basis, and accordingly believes that providing these measures may be useful for peer comparison purposes. These disclosures should not be viewed as substitutes for the results determined to be in accordance with GAAP, nor are they necessarily comparable to non-GAAP performance measures that may be presented by other companies. A reconciliation of net interest income as reported to net interest income on a fully tax equivalent basis are contained in the tables under "Net Interest Income."

14

Executive Overview

Financial Highlights. Net income for the three months ended June 30, 2007 was \$2.8 million, or \$0.25 per basic share (\$0.25 per diluted share), compared to net income of \$2.6 million, or \$0.23 per basic share (\$0.23 per diluted share) for the three months ended June 30, 2006. Net interest income after provision for loan losses increased \$115,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2007 compared to the same quarter last year. Non-interest income increased in the categories of fees and service charges, asset management fees, gain on sale of loans held for sale and bank-owned life insurance. These increases were partially offset by decreases in loan servicing income, and gain on sale of credit card portfolio. Non-interest expense remained stable at \$6.8 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2007 compared to the same quarter last year.

The annualized return on average assets was 1.39% for the three months ended June 30, 2007, compared to 1.36% for the three months ended June 30, 2006. For the same periods, the annualized return on average common equity was 11.16% compared to 11.18%, respectively. The efficiency ratio, which is defined as the percentage of non-interest expenses to total revenue excluding intangible asset amortization, was 60.34% for the first quarter of fiscal 2007 compared to 60.18% for the same period last year.

The Company is a progressive, community-oriented financial institution, which emphasizes local, personal service to residents of its primary market area. The Company considers Clark, Cowlitz, Klickitat and Skamania counties of Washington and Multnomah, Clackamas and Marion counties of Oregon as its primary market area. The Company is engaged predominantly in the business of attracting deposits from the general public and using such funds in its primary market area to originate commercial real estate, one- to four- family residential real estate, construction, commercial and consumer loans. Commercial and construction loans have grown from 72.42% of the loan portfolio at March 31, 2003 to 89.22% of the loan portfolio at June 30, 2007. The Company's strategic plan includes targeting the commercial banking customer base in its primary market area, specifically small and medium size businesses, professionals and wealth building individuals. In pursuit of these goals, the Company emphasizes controlled growth and the diversification of its loan portfolio to include a significant amount of commercial and commercial real estate loans. A related goal is to increase the proportion of personal and business checking account deposits used to fund these new loans. Significant portions of these new loan products carry adjustable rates, higher yields or shorter terms and higher credit risk than traditional fixed-rate mortgages. The strategic plan stresses increased emphasis on non-interest income, including increased fees for asset management and deposit service charges. The strategic plan is designed to enhance earnings, reduce interest rate risk and provide a more complete range of financial services to customers and the local communities the Company serves. The Company is well positioned to attract new customers and to increase its market share with 18 branches including ten in fast growing Clark County, three

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in the Portland metropolitan area and three lending centers.

In order to support the Company's strategy of growth without compromising local, personal service to customers and its commitment to asset quality, the Company has made significant investments in experienced branch, lending, asset management and support personnel and has incurred significant costs in facility expansion and in our infrastructure. The Company's non-interest expense reflects this investment and will remain relatively high as a percentage of its average assets for the foreseeable future as a result of the emphasis on growth and local, personal service. Controlling its non-interest expenses remains a high priority for the Company's management.

The Company continuously reviews new products and services to provide its customers more financial options. With the Company's emphasis on the growth of non-interest income and the control of non-interest expense, all new technology and services are generally reviewed for business development and cost saving purposes. In-house processing of checks and check imaging has supported the Bank's increased service to customers and at the same time has increased efficiency. The Company continues to experience growth in customer use of its online banking services, which allows customers to conduct a full range of services on a real-time basis, including balance inquiries, transfers and electronic bill paying. The Company's online service has also enhanced the delivery of cash management services to commercial customers.

The Company conducts operations from its home office in Vancouver and 18 branch offices in Camas, Washougal, Stevenson, White Salmon, Battle Ground, Goldendale, Vancouver (seven branch offices) and Longview, Washington and Portland (two branch offices), Wood Village and Aumsville, Oregon. The Company operates a trust and financial services company, RAM Corp., located in downtown Vancouver. Riverview Mortgage, a mortgage broker division of the Company, originates mortgage loans for various mortgage companies predominantly in the Vancouver/Portland metropolitan areas, as well as for the Company. The Business and Professional Banking Division, with two lending offices in Vancouver and one in Portland, offers commercial and business banking services.

Vancouver is located in Clark County, Washington, which is just north of Portland, Oregon. Many businesses are located in the Vancouver area because of the favorable tax structure and lower energy costs in Washington as compared to Oregon. Companies located in the Vancouver area include Sharp Microelectronics, Hewlett Packard, Georgia Pacific, Underwriters Laboratory and Wafer Tech, as well as several support industries. In addition to this industry base, the Columbia River Gorge Scenic Area is a source of tourism, which has helped to transform the area from its past dependence on the timber industry.

15

Loan Composition

The following table sets forth the composition of the Company's commercial and construction loan portfolio based on loan purpose at the dates indicated.

	Commercial & Construction Total	Commercial	Other Real Estate Mortgage	Real Estate Construction
June 30, 2007	(Dollars in thousands)			
Commercial	\$ 90,896	\$ 90,896	\$ -	\$ -
Commercial construction	56,547	-	-	56,547

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Office buildings	61,844	-	61,844	-
Warehouse/industrial	37,755	-	37,755	-
Retail/shopping centers/ strip malls	67,595	-	67,595	-
Assisted living facilities	11,089	-	11,089	-
Single purpose facilities	40,816	-	40,816	-
Land	101,113	-	101,113	-
Multi-family	30,007	-	30,007	-
One-to-four family	102,051	-	-	102,051

Total	\$599,713	\$ 90,896	\$ 350,219	\$ 158,598
	=====			

	Commercial & Construction Total	Commercial	Other Real Estate Mortgage	Real Estate Construction

March 31, 2007	(Dollars in thousands)			
Commercial	\$ 91,174	\$ 91,174	\$ -	\$ -
Commercial construction	56,226	-	-	56,226
Office buildings	62,310	-	62,310	-
Warehouse/industrial	40,238	-	40,238	-
Retail/shopping centers/ strip malls	70,219	-	70,219	-
Assisted living facilities	11,381	-	11,381	-
Single purpose facilities	41,501	-	41,501	-
Land	103,240	-	103,240	-
Multi-family	32,041	-	32,041	-
One-to-four family	109,847	-	-	109,847

Total	\$ 618,177	\$ 91,174	\$ 360,930	\$ 166,073
	=====			

Comparison of Financial Condition at June 30, 2007 and March 31, 2007

At June 30, 2007, the Company had total assets of \$832.1 million, compared with \$820.3 million at March 31, 2007. The \$11.8 million increase in total assets was primarily attributable to the increase in interest-earning cash accounts.

Cash, including interest-earning accounts, totaled \$68.1 million at June 30, 2007, compared to \$31.4 million at March 31, 2007. The \$36.7 million increase was attributable to the maturity of investment securities, principal repayments of loans receivable and the issuance of junior subordinated debentures in June 2007.

At June 30, 2007 and March 31, 2007 there were no loans held for sale. The balance of loans held for sale can vary significantly from period to period reflecting the interest rate environment, loan demand by borrowers, and loan origination for sale by mortgage brokers versus loan origination for the Company's loan portfolio. The Company originates fixed-rate residential loans for sale in the secondary market and retains the related loan servicing rights. Selling fixed interest rate mortgage loans allows the Company to reduce the interest rate risk associated with long term, fixed interest rate products. The sale of loans also makes additional funds available to make new loans and diversify the loan portfolio. The Company continues to service the loans it sells, maintaining the customer relationship and generating ongoing non-interest income.

Loans receivable, net, totaled \$663.4 million at June 30, 2007, compared to \$683.0 million at March 31, 2007, a decrease of \$19.5 million. The decrease in net loans is primarily due to the pay down of several large loans, which was

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partially offset by continued strong levels of loan production. A substantial portion of the loan portfolio is secured by real estate, either as primary or secondary collateral, located in the Company's primary market areas.

Investment securities available for sale totaled \$13.8 million at June 30, 2007, compared to \$19.3 million at March 31, 2007. The decrease was attributable to maturities and scheduled cash flows.

16

Mortgage-backed securities available for sale totaled \$6.2 million at June 30, 2007, compared to \$6.6 million at March 31, 2007. The decrease is attributable to maturities and scheduled cash flows.

Goodwill was \$25.6 million at June 30, 2007 and March 31, 2007. As of June 30, 2007, there have been no events or changes in circumstances that would indicate a potential impairment.

Bank owned life insurance increased to \$13.8 million at June 30, 2007, from \$13.6 million at March 31, 2007, reflecting an increase in the cash surrender value of the policies.

Deposits totaled \$692.2 million at June 30, 2007, compared to \$665.4 million at March 31, 2007. As market interest rates have increased customers have moved funds to higher interest accounts and the balances in the interest checking accounts and money market deposit accounts have increased. At June 30, 2007, the balance of interest checking accounts had increased \$16.8 million to \$161.3 million from \$144.5 million at March 31, 2007. Money market deposit accounts totaled \$240.3 million at June 30, 2007 compared to \$205.0 million at March 31, 2007.

FHLB advances totaled \$5.0 million at June 30, 2007 and \$35.1 million at March 31, 2007. The \$30.1 million decrease was attributable to the pay down of our line of credit with FHLB.

Junior subordinated debentures totaled \$22.7 million at June 30, 2007 and \$7.2 million at March 31, 2007. The \$15.5 million increase was the result of the issuance of additional trust preferred securities during the quarter ended June 30, 2007.

Shareholders' Equity and Capital Resources

Shareholders' equity decreased \$468,000 to \$99.7 million at June 30, 2007 from \$100.2 million at March 31, 2007. The decrease in equity from cash dividends declared to shareholders of \$1.2 million and stock repurchases of \$2.3 million were partially offset by earnings of \$2.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2007. Exercise of stock options, earned ESOP shares, FIN 48 adjustments and the net tax effect of SFAS No. 115 adjustment to securities comprised the remaining \$278,000 net increase.

The Bank is subject to various regulatory capital requirements administered by the Office of Thrift Supervision ("OTS"). Failure to meet minimum capital requirements can initiate certain mandatory and possibly additional discretionary actions by regulators that, if undertaken, could have a direct material effect on the Bank's financial statements. Under capital adequacy guidelines and the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action, the Bank must meet specific capital guidelines that involve quantitative measures of the Bank's assets, liabilities and certain off-balance sheet items as calculated in accordance with regulatory accounting practices. The Bank's capital amounts and

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classification are also subject to qualitative judgments by the regulators about components, risk, weightings and other factors.

Quantitative measures established by regulation to ensure capital adequacy require the Bank to maintain minimum amounts and ratios of total capital to risk-weighted assets, Tier I capital to risk-weighted assets, Tier I capital to adjusted tangible assets and tangible capital to tangible assets (set forth in the table below). Management believes the Bank meets all capital adequacy requirements to which it is subject as of June 30, 2007.

As of June 30, 2007, the most recent notification from the OTS categorized the Bank as "well capitalized" under the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action. To be categorized as "well capitalized," the Bank must maintain minimum total capital and Tier I capital to risk-weighted assets, Tier I capital to adjusted tangible assets and tangible capital to tangible assets (set forth in the table below). There are no conditions or events since that notification that management believes have changed the Bank's regulatory capital categorization.

17

The Bank's actual and required minimum capital amounts and ratios are presented in the following table (dollars in thousands):

	Actual		For Capital Adequacy Purposes		Categorized as "Well Capitalized" Under Prompt Corrective Action Provision	
	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
June 30, 2007						
Total Capital:						
(To Risk-Weighted Assets)	\$80,787	11.09%	\$58,301	8.0%	\$72,877	10.0%
Tier I Capital:						
(To Risk-Weighted Assets)	72,089	9.89	29,151	4.0	43,726	6.0
Tier I Capital:						
(To Adjusted Tangible Assets)	72,089	9.15	23,645	3.0	39,409	5.0
Tangible Capital:						
(To Tangible Assets)	72,089	9.15	11,823	1.5	N/A	N/A

	Actual		For Capital Adequacy Purposes		Categorized as "Well Capitalized" Under Prompt Corrective Action Provision	
	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
March 31, 2007						
Total Capital:						
(To Risk-Weighted Assets)	\$84,363	11.38%	\$59,310	8.0%	\$74,137	10.0%
Tier I Capital:						
(To Risk-Weighted Assets)	75,740	10.22	29,655	4.0	44,482	6.0
Tier I Capital:						
(To Adjusted Tangible Assets)	75,740	9.60	23,662	3.0	39,436	5.0
Tangible Capital:						
(To Tangible Assets)	75,740	9.60	11,831	1.5	N/A	N/A

Liquidity

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The Bank's primary source of funds are customer deposits, proceeds from principal and interest payments on loans, proceeds from the sale of loans, maturing securities and FHLB advances. While maturities and scheduled amortization of loans are a predictable source of funds, deposit flows and mortgage prepayments are greatly influenced by general interest rates, economic conditions and competition.

The Bank must maintain an adequate level of liquidity to ensure the availability of sufficient funds to fund loan originations, deposit withdrawals and continuing operations, satisfy other financial commitments and take advantage of investment opportunities. The Bank generally maintains sufficient cash and short-term investments to meet short-term liquidity needs. At June 30, 2007, cash totaled \$68.1 million, or 8.2% of total assets. The Bank has a line of credit with the FHLB of Seattle in the amount of 30% of total assets to the extent the Bank provides qualifying collateral and holds sufficient FHLB stock. At June 30, 2007, the Bank had \$5.0 million in outstanding advances from the FHLB of Seattle under an available credit facility of \$244.6 million, limited to available collateral. The Bank also had a \$10.0 million line of credit available from Pacific Coast Bankers Bank and a \$5.0 million borrowing capability at the Federal Reserve discount window at June 30, 2007. The Bank had no borrowings outstanding under either of these credit arrangements at June 30, 2007.

Sources of capital and liquidity for the Bancorp include distributions from the Bank and the issuance of debt or equity securities. Dividends and other capital distributions from the Bank are subject to regulatory restrictions.

18

Asset Quality

The allowance for loan losses was \$8.7 million at June 30, 2007 and March 31, 2007. Management believes the allowance for loan losses at June 30, 2007 is adequate to cover probable credit losses existing in the loan portfolio at that date. The allowance for loan losses is maintained at a level sufficient to provide for estimated loan losses based on evaluating known and inherent risks in the loan portfolio. Pertinent factors considered include size and composition of the portfolio, actual loss experience, current economic conditions, industry trends and data, and detailed analysis of individual loans. The appropriate allowance level is estimated based upon factors and trends identified by management at the time the consolidated financial statements are prepared. Commercial loans are considered to involve a higher degree of credit risk than one-to-four family residential loans, and tend to be more vulnerable to adverse conditions in the real estate market and deteriorating economic conditions. While management believes the estimates and assumptions used in its determination of the adequacy of the allowance are reasonable, there can be no assurance that such estimates and assumptions will not be proven incorrect in the future, or that the actual amount of future provisions will not exceed the amount of past provisions or that any increased provisions that may be required will not adversely impact our financial condition and results of operations. In addition, the determination of the amount of the Bank's allowance for loan losses is subject to review by bank regulators, as part of the routine examination process, which may result in the establishment of additional reserves based upon their judgment of information available to them at the time of their examination.

Non-performing assets were \$226,000 or 0.03% of total assets at June 30, 2007 and March 31, 2007. The \$226,000 balance of nonaccrual loans is composed of two

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commercial real estate loans. The following table sets forth information regarding the Company's non-performing assets.

	June 30, 2007	March 31, 2007
	-----	-----
	(Dollars in thousands)	
Loans accounted for on a nonaccrual basis:		
Other real estate mortgage	\$ 226	\$ 226
Commercial	-	-
	----	----
Total	226	226
	----	----
Accruing loans which are contractually past due 90 days or more	-	-
	----	----
Total of nonaccrual and 90 days past due loans	226	226
	----	----
Real estate owned (net)	-	-
	----	----
Total non-performing assets	\$ 226	\$ 226
	=====	=====
Total loans delinquent 90 days or more to net loans	0.03%	0.03%
Total loans delinquent 90 days or more to total assets	0.03%	0.03%
Total non-performing assets to total assets	0.03%	0.03%

As of June 30, 2007 and March 31, 2007, other loans of concern totaled \$3.3 million and \$3.9 million, respectively. Other loans of concern consist of loans which known information concerning possible credit problems with the borrowers or the cash flows of the collateral securing the respective loans has caused management to be concerned about these isolated instances of the ability of the borrowers to comply with present loan repayment terms, which may result in the future inclusion of such loans in the nonaccrual category.

19

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements and Other Contractual Obligations

Through the normal course of operations, the Company enters into certain contractual obligations and other commitments. Obligations generally relate to funding of operations through deposits and borrowings as well as leases for premises. Commitments generally relate to lending operations.

The Company has obligations under long-term operating leases, principally for building space and land. Lease terms generally cover a five-year period, with options to extend, and are not subject to cancellation.

The Company has commitments to originate fixed and variable rate mortgage loans to customers. Because some commitments expire without being drawn upon, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements. Undisbursed loan funds and unused lines of credit include funds not disbursed, but committed to construction projects and home equity and commercial lines of credit. Standby letters of credit are conditional commitments issued by the Company to guarantee the performance of a customer to a third party.

For further information regarding the Company's off-balance sheet arrangements and other contractual obligations, see Note 15 of the Notes to Consolidated

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Financial Statements contained herein.

Comparison of Operating Results for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2007 and 2006

Net Interest Income. The Company's profitability depends primarily on its net interest income, which is the difference between the income it receives on interest-earning assets and its cost of funds, which consists of interest paid on deposits and borrowings. When interest-earning assets equal or exceed interest-bearing liabilities, any positive interest rate spread will generate net interest income. Non-interest income includes deposit service fees, income associated with the origination and sale of mortgage loans, brokering loans, loan servicing fees, income from real estate owned, net gains on sales of assets, bank-owned life insurance income and asset management fees. Non-interest expenses include compensation and benefits, occupancy and equipment expenses, deposit insurance premiums, data servicing expenses and other operating costs. The Company's results of operations are also significantly affected by general economic and competitive conditions, particularly changes in market interest rates, government legislation and regulation, and monetary and fiscal policies.

Net interest income for the three months ended June 30, 2007 was \$8.8 million, representing a decrease of \$185,000, or 2.1%, from \$9.0 million during the same prior year period. This decline reflects an 8.0% increase in the average balance of interest-bearing liabilities as a result of increased deposit growth, partially offset by a 6.0% increase in the average balance of interest-bearing assets to \$734.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2007 as a result of the increase in loan originations. Average interest-earning assets to average interest-bearing liabilities totaled 118.23% for the three-month period ended June 30, 2007 compared to 120.46% in the same prior year period. The net interest margin for the quarter ended June 30, 2007 was 4.83% compared to 5.23% for the quarter ended June 30, 2006. The growth in the higher yielding money market deposit accounts reflects the impact that the inverted/flat yield curve has had on the customers' choice of deposit accounts. The Bank's sizeable adjustable rate loan portfolio and emphasis on consumer, commercial and construction loans with relatively short-terms to maturity has contributed to minimizing the negative impact of the currently inverted/flat yield curve.

Interest Income. Interest income increased \$1.2 million, or 8.6%, to \$15.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2007 compared to \$14.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006. The yield on interest-earning assets was 8.44% for the three months ended June 30, 2007 compared to 8.24% for the same three months ended June 30, 2006. Previous increases in federal funds interest rates have led to improved yields on both loans and investments upon repricing to the higher current interest rates. An increase in the average balance of interest-earning assets also contributed to the increase in interest income.

Interest Expense. Interest expense increased \$1.4 million to \$6.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2007, or 27.2%, compared to \$5.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006. Average interest-bearing liabilities increased \$46.2 million to \$620.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2007 compared to \$574.7 million for the same prior year period. Much of this growth was in the higher yielding money market deposit accounts whose average balance increased 64.7% for the three months ended June 30, 2007 compared to same prior year period. The increase in interest expense was also attributable to the higher rates of interest paid on deposits and other interest-bearing liabilities. The weighted average interest rate on total deposits increased to 4.17% for the three months ended June 30, 2007 from 3.39% for the same period in the prior year. The weighted average cost of FHLB borrowings, junior subordinated debenture and capital lease obligations increased to 6.28% for the three months ended June 30, 2007 from 5.15% for the same period in the prior year.

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20

The following table sets forth, for the periods indicated, information regarding average balances of assets and liabilities as well as the total dollar amounts of interest income from average interest-earning assets and interest expense on average interest-bearing liabilities, resultant yields, interest rate spread, ratio of interest-earning assets to interest-bearing liabilities and net interest margin.

	Three Months Ended June 30,					
	2007			2006		
	Average Balance	Interest and Dividends	Yield/ Cost	Average Balance	Interest and Dividends	Yield/ Cost
(Dollars in thousands)						
Interest-earning assets:						
Mortgage loans	\$582,912	\$12,705	8.74%	\$552,521	\$11,796	8.56%
Non-mortgage loans	101,390	2,175	8.60	94,412	1,973	8.38
	-----	-----		-----	-----	
Total net loans (1)	684,302	14,880	8.72	646,933	13,769	8.54
Mortgage-backed securities (2)	7,783	91	4.69	9,931	114	4.60
Investment securities (2) (3)	16,848	230	5.48	23,821	285	4.80
Daily interest-bearing assets	17,579	228	5.20	4,031	49	4.88
Other earning assets (4)	7,623	15	0.79	7,567	3	0.16
Total interest-earning assets	734,135	15,444	8.44	692,283	14,220	8.24
Non-interest-earning assets:						
Office properties and equipment, net	21,252			19,168		
Other non-interest-earning assets	61,081			62,098		
	-----			-----		
Total assets	\$816,468			\$773,549		
	=====			=====		
Interest-bearing liabilities:						
Regular savings accounts	\$28,238	39	0.55	\$36,333	50	0.55
Interest checking accounts	146,188	1,232	3.38	127,148	884	2.79
Money market deposit accounts	220,561	2,542	4.62	133,948	1,257	3.76
Certificates of deposit	200,018	2,377	4.77	202,231	2,031	4.03
Total interest-bearing deposits	595,005	6,190	4.17	499,660	4,222	3.39
Other interest-bearing liabilities	25,925	406	6.28	75,054	963	5.15
Total interest-bearing liabilities	620,930	6,596	4.26	574,714	5,185	3.62
Non-interest-bearing liabilities:						
Non-interest-bearing deposits	83,927			94,542		

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Other liabilities	9,549	9,869
	-----	-----
Total liabilities	714,406	679,125
Shareholders' equity	102,062	94,424
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$816,468	\$773,549
	=====	=====
Net interest income(5)	\$ 8,848	\$ 9,035
	=====	=====
Interest rate spread	4.18%	4.62%
	=====	=====
Net interest margin	4.83%	5.23%
	=====	=====
Ratio of average interest-earning assets to average interest- bearing liabilities	118.23%	120.46%
	=====	=====
Tax equivalent adjustment (3)	\$ 20	\$ 22
	=====	=====

(1) Includes non-accrual loans.

(2) For purposes of the computation of average yield on investments available for sale, historical cost balances were utilized; therefore, the yield information does not give effect to changes in fair value that are reflected as a component of shareholders' equity.

(3) Tax-equivalent adjustment relates to non-taxable investment interest income. Interest and rates are presented on a fully taxable -equivalent basis under a tax rate of 34%.

(4) In December 2006, FHLB of Seattle announced that quarterly cash dividends would resume after having operated under a regulatory directive since May 2005.

(5)	Three Months Ended June 30,	
	2007	2006
	----	----
Net interest income as reported	\$ 8,828	\$ 9,013
Tax equivalent effect	20	22
Net interest income on a fully Tax equivalent basis	\$ 8,848	\$ 9,035
	=====	=====

21

The following table sets forth the effects of changing rates and volumes on net interest income of the Company for the quarter ended June 30, 2007 compared to the quarter ended June 30, 2006. Variances that were immaterial have been allocated based upon the percentage relationship of changes in volume and changes in rate to the total net change.

Three Months Ended June 30,

2007 vs. 2006

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	Increase (Decrease) Due to		Total Increase (Decrease)
	Volume	Rate	
(In thousands)			
Interest Income:			
Mortgage Loans	\$ 658	\$ 251	\$ 909
Non-mortgage loans	149	53	202
Mortgage-backed securities	(25)	2	(23)
Investment securities	(91)	38	(53)
Daily interest-bearing	176	3	179
Other earning assets	-	12	12
	----	----	----
Total interest income	867	359	1,226
	----	----	----
Interest Expense:			
Regular savings accounts	(11)	-	(11)
Interest checking accounts	144	204	348
Money market deposit accounts	949	336	1,285
Certificates of deposit	(22)	368	346
Other interest-bearing liabilities	(734)	177	(557)
	----	----	----
Total interest expense	326	1,085	1,411
	----	----	----
Net interest income	\$ 541	\$ (726)	\$ (185)
	=====	=====	=====

Provision for Loan Losses. The provision for loan losses for the three months ended June 30, 2007 was \$50,000, compared to \$350,000 for the same period in the prior year. Net recoveries for the current period were \$25,000, compared to \$55,000 for the same period last year. The ratio of allowance for loan losses and unfunded loan commitments to total net loans was 1.36% at June 30, 2007, compared to 1.20% at June 30, 2006. Annualized net recoveries to average net loans for the three-month period ended June 30, 2007 was 0.01% compared to 0.03% for the same period in the prior year. During the quarter ended June 30, 2007, management evaluated known and inherent risks in the loan portfolio and based on this analysis changes were made in the estimation, assumptions and allocation of the allowance for loan losses. The national and local economy housing market continues to be experiencing a slow down in housing sales which is impacting land developers' ability to sell their products. The estimated loan loss rate was increased by 0.25% to 1.50% for the loans consisting of land and lots for development and builder lot loans. Management considers the allowance for loan losses at June 30, 2007 to be adequate to cover probable losses inherent in the loan portfolio based on the assessment of various factors affecting the loan portfolio as described above under "Asset Quality."

Non-Interest Income. Non-interest income increased \$187,000 to \$2.3 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2007 compared to \$2.1 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2006. Increases in fees and service charges, asset management fees, gains on sale of loans held for sale and bank owned life insurance offset the lower loan servicing income and gain on sale of credit card portfolio. The increase of \$96,000 in fees and service charges reflects the increase in fees and service charges on deposit accounts and increased broker loan fees. Asset management fees from fiduciary services increased by \$112,000 to \$548,000 for the quarter ended June 30, 2007, compared to \$436,000 for the quarter ended June 30, 2006. RAM Corp. had \$302.1 million in assets under management at June 30, 2007 compared to \$250.8 million at June 30, 2006.

Non-Interest Expense. Non-interest expense remained stable at \$6.8 million for the quarter ended June 30, 2007 compared to the same prior year period. The principal component of the Company's non-interest expense is salaries and

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employee benefits. Salaries and employee benefits increased \$133,000 to \$4.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2007 compared to \$3.8 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006. The majority of the increase is a result of the expansion of our lending team, the opening of a new branch and a new lending center and the increasing costs of employee benefits. Full-time equivalent employees increased to 264 at June 30, 2007 from 236 at June 30, 2006.

Occupancy and depreciation expense totaled \$1.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2007, compared to \$1.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006. The increase in occupancy and depreciation expense is a result of increases in rent and related costs at several banking facilities and the opening of the Gateway branch in November 2006. Data processing expense was \$168,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2007 compared to the \$335,000 for the three

22

months ended June 30, 2006. The \$167,000 decrease reflects savings from the April 2006 change in service bureau that performs the Bank's core computer system processing.

Other non-interest expense decreased \$202,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2007 to \$502,000, compared to \$704,000 for the three months ended June 30, 2006. Costs incurred during the quarter ended June 30, 2006 related to prior years expansion of our service network and the implementation of new systems contributed to increases in other expenses compared to the quarter ended June 30, 2007.

Provision for Income Taxes. Provision for income taxes was \$1.5 million for the three months ended June 30, 2007, compared to \$1.4 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006. The effective tax rate for three months ended June 30, 2007 was 34.0% compared to 34.4% for the three months ended June 30, 2006. The Company's overall effective tax rate at June 30, 2007 and 2006 takes into account the estimated Oregon apportionment factors for property, payroll and sales.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

The Company's Asset Liability Committee is responsible for implementing the interest rate risk policy, which sets forth limits established by the Board of acceptable changes in net interest income, and the portfolio value from specified changes in interest rates. The OTS defines net portfolio value as the present value of expected cash flows from existing assets minus the present value of expected cash flows from existing liabilities plus the present value of expected cash flows from existing off-balance sheet contracts. The Asset Liability Committee reviews, among other items, economic conditions, the interest rate outlook, the demand for loans, the availability of deposits and borrowings, and the Company's current operating results, liquidity, capital and interest rate exposure. In addition, the Asset Liability Committee monitors asset and liability characteristics on a regular basis and performs analyses to determine the potential impact of various business strategies in controlling interest rate risk and other potential impact of these strategies upon future earnings under various interest rate scenarios. Based on these reviews, the Asset Liability Committee formulates a strategy that is intended to implement the objectives contained in its business plan without exceeding limits set forth in the Company's interest rate risk policy for losses in net interest income and net portfolio value.

There has not been any material change in the market risk disclosures contained

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in the 2007 Form 10-K.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

An evaluation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13(a) - 15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) was carried out as of June 30, 2007 under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and several other members of the Company's senior management as of the end of the period covered by this report. The Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective in ensuring that the information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports it files or submits under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 is (i) accumulated and communicated to the Company's management (including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer) in a timely manner, and (ii) recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms.

In the quarter ended June 30, 2007, the Company did not make any changes in its internal control over financial reporting that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect these controls. The Company intends to continually review and evaluate the design and effectiveness of its disclosure controls and procedures and to improve its controls and procedures over time and to correct any deficiencies that it may discover in the future. The goal is to ensure that senior management has timely access to all material financial and non-financial information concerning the Company's business. While the Company believes the present design of its disclosure controls and procedures is effective to achieve its goal, future events affecting its business may cause the Company to modify its disclosure controls and procedures. The Company does not expect that its disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting will prevent all error and fraud. A control procedure, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control procedure are met. Because of the inherent limitations in all control procedures, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the Company have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns in controls or procedures can occur because of simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override of the control. The design of any control procedure is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions; over time, controls become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. Because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control procedure, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

23

RIVERVIEW BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARY PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

The Company is party to litigation arising in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, these actions will not have a material adverse effect, on the Company's financial position, results of operations, or

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liquidity.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes to the risk factors previously disclosed in the 2007 Form 10-K.

Item 2. Unregistered Sale of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

The following table summarizes the Company's share repurchases for the quarter ended June 30, 2007.

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Program	Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Programs (1) (2)
April 1 - April 30, 2007	-	\$ -	-	-
May 1 - May 30, 2007	80,000	14.09	80,000	170,000
June 1 - June 30, 2007	85,000	14.31	85,000	835,000
Total	165,000		165,000	

- (1) On March 22, 2007 and June 21, 2007 the Company announced stock repurchase programs for up to 250,000 and 750,000 shares of its outstanding common stock, respectively, representing approximately 9% of outstanding shares.
- (2) In July 2007, the Company repurchased 345,000 shares of its common stock under the two outstanding common stock repurchase plans.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

Not applicable

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

None.

Item 5. Other Information

Not applicable

Item 6. Exhibits

- (a) Exhibits:
 - 3.1 Articles of Incorporation of the Registrant (1)
 - 3.2 Bylaws of the Registrant (1)
 - 4 Form of Certificate of Common Stock of the Registrant (1)
 - 10.1 Employment Agreement with Patrick Sheaffer (2)
 - 10.2 Employment Agreement with Ronald A. Wysaske (2)
 - 10.3 Severance Agreement with Karen Nelson (2)
 - 10.4 Severance Agreement with John A. Karas (3)
 - 10.5 Employee Severance Compensation Plan (2)
 - 10.6 Employee Stock Ownership Plan (4)
 - 10.7 Management Recognition and Development Plan (5)
 - 10.8 1998 Stock Option Plan (5)
 - 10.9 1993 Stock Option and Incentive Plan (5)

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- 10.10 2003 Stock Option Plan (6)
- 10.11 Form of Incentive Stock Option Award Pursuant to 2003 Stock Option Plan (7)
- 10.12 Form of Non-qualified Stock Option Award Pursuant to 2003 Stock Option Plan (7)
- 11 Statement recomputation of per share earnings (See Note 4 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements contained herein.)
- 31.1 Certifications of the Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act
- 31.2 Certifications of the Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act
- 32 Certifications of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act

- (1) Filed as an exhibit to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-1 (Registration No. 333-30203), and incorporated herein by reference.
- (2) Filed as an exhibit to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 1997, and incorporated herein by reference.
- (3) Filed as an exhibit to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 2002, and incorporated herein by reference.
- (4) Filed as an exhibit to the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended March 31, 1998, and incorporated herein by reference.
- (5) Filed as an exhibit to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-8 (Registration No. 333-66049), and incorporated herein by reference.
- (6) Filed as Exhibit 99 to the Registration Statement on form S-8 (Registration No. 333-109894), and incorporated herein by reference.
- (7) Filed as an exhibit to the Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2007, and incorporated herein by reference.

25

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

RIVERVIEW BANCORP, INC.

By: /s/Patrick Sheaffer

Patrick Sheaffer
Chairman of the Board
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

By: /s/Ron Dobyms

Ron Dobyms
Senior Vice President
(Chief Financial and Accounting Officer)

Date: August 5, 2007

Date: August 5, 2007

26

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EXHIBIT INDEX

- 31.1 Certifications of the Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act
- 31.2 Certifications of the Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act
- 32 Certifications of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act

27

Exhibit 31.1

Section 302 Certification

I, Patrick Sheaffer, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2007 of Riverview Bancorp, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13(a)- 15(e) and 15(d)- 15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13(a)- 15(f) and 15(d)- 15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls

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and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

- (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fiscal fourth quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting

Date: August 5, 2007

/s/ Patrick Sheaffer

Patrick Sheaffer
Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

28

Exhibit 31.2
Section 302 Certification

I, Ron Dobyms, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2007 of Riverview Bancorp, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13(a) - 15(e) and 15(d) - 15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13(a) - 15(f) and 15(d) - 15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the

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registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

- (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fiscal fourth quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting

Date: August 5, 2007

/s/ Ron Dobyns

Ron Dobyns
Chief Financial Officer

29

Exhibit 32

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER OF
RIVERVIEW BANCORP, INC.
PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

The undersigned hereby certify, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. Section 1350), each of the undersigned hereby certifies in his capacity as an officer of Riverview Bancorp, Inc. (the "Company") and in connection with the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2007 that:

- 1. the report fully complies with the requirements of sections 13(a) and 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and
- 2. the information contained in the report fairly presents, in all material respects, Riverview Bancorp, Inc.'s financial condition and results of

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operations as of the dates and for the periods presented in the financial statements included in the Report.

/s/ Patrick Sheaffer

Patrick Sheaffer
Chief Executive Officer

/s/ Ron Dobyms

Ron Dobyms
Chief Financial Officer

Dated: August 5, 2007

Dated: August 5, 2007