

KENNAMETAL INC  
Form SD  
June 02, 2014

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM SD

Specialized Disclosure Report

Kennametal Inc.  
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Pennsylvania (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation)	1-5318 (Commission File Number)	25-0900168 (IRS Employer Identification No.)
World Headquarters 1600 Technology Way P.O. Box 231 Latrobe, Pennsylvania (Address of Principal Executive Offices)		15650-0231 (Zip Code)
Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (724) 539-5000 (Former Name or Former Address, if Changed Since Last Report)		

Check the appropriate box to indicate the rule pursuant to which this form is being filed, and to provide the period to which the information in this form applies:

Rule 13p-1 under the Securities Exchange Act (17 CFR 230.13p-1) for the reporting period from  
January 1 to December 31, 2013.

Section 1 – Conflict Minerals Disclosure

Item 1.01 Conflict Minerals Disclosure and Report (“Kennametal” or the “Company”),

Conflict Minerals Disclosure

This Form SD of Kennametal Inc. (“Kennametal”) or (the “Company”) is filed pursuant to Rule 13p-1 promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, for the reporting period January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2013 (the “Reporting Period”).

Rule 13p-1 requires disclosure of certain information when a company manufactures or contracts to manufacture products containing “conflict minerals” that are necessary to the functionality or production of such products. These “conflict minerals” are gold, columbite-tantalite (coltan), cassiterite and wolframite, including their derivatives, which are limited to tantalum, tin and tungsten (the “Conflict Minerals”). The “Covered Countries” for purposes of Rule 13p-1 are the Democratic Republic of Congo, the Republic of the Congo, the Central African Republic, South Sudan, Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, Tanzania, Zambia and Angola.

Kennametal is a global enterprise that delivers productivity to customers seeking peak performance in demanding environments by providing innovative custom and standard wear-resistant solutions. To provide these solutions, the Company harnesses its knowledge of advanced materials and application development with a commitment to environmental sustainability. The Company’s solutions are built around industry-essential technology platforms. These include metalworking tools, engineered components, surface technologies and earth cutting tools that are mission-critical to the performance of its customers battling extreme conditions such as fatigue wear, corrosion and high temperatures. The Company’s primary markets are general engineering, transportation, aerospace, defense, energy and earthworks. End users of the Company’s products include metalworking and machinery manufacturers and suppliers across a diverse array of industries, including the aerospace, defense, transportation, machine tool, light machinery and heavy machinery, as well as producers and suppliers in a number of equipment-intensive industries such as coal mining, road construction and quarrying, as well as oil and gas exploration, refining, production and supply. The end users’ applications range from airframes to mining operations, engines to oil wells and turbochargers to processing.

The Company manufactures, or contracts to manufacture, certain products that contain tungsten, tantalum, tin or gold and has determined that these minerals are necessary to the functionality or production of these products (the “Covered Products”). The Company groups the Covered Products in the following product categories:

- ✦ Metalworking Tools
- ✦ Mining
- ✦ Construction
- ✦ Precision Surface Management
- ✦ Engineered Wear Solutions
- ✦ Powdered Materials and Equipment

Based upon the Company’s determination that Rule 13p-1 applies to the Covered Products, the Company engaged in a good-faith Reasonable Country of Origin Inquiry (“RCOI”) designed to determine whether any of the tungsten, tantalum, tin or gold included in its products originated in the Covered Countries, or whether any such tungsten, tantalum, tin or gold may be from recycled or scrap sources.

The Company has adopted a Conflict Minerals Statement stating that it does not condone the use of Conflict Minerals that fuel human rights violations. This Conflict Minerals Statement is publicly available on the Company's website, [www.kennametal.com](http://www.kennametal.com).

To begin its RCOI, the Company identified its "Conflict Materials Spend" during the Reporting Period, defined as the total annual amount spent by the Company on raw materials of tungsten, tantalum, tin or gold, or parts thereof, and components manufactured by third parties that contain tungsten, tantalum, tin or gold.

The Company generally buys the tungsten, tantalum, tin and gold included in the Covered Products in one of two ways. First, the Company purchases the vast majority of its tungsten, tantalum, tin or gold as raw materials directly from mines, smelters or refiners. The Company then incorporates these raw materials into its Covered Products at its own manufacturing facilities. Purchases of these raw materials represent approximately 80% of Kennametal's entire Conflict Materials Spend for the reporting period.

The remaining 20% of Kennametal's Conflict Materials Spend relates to parts or components (a majority of which is electronic parts or components) that contain one or more of tungsten, tantalum, tin and gold and are purchased from third parties that have made these parts or components. After it purchases these parts and components, the Company includes or embeds these parts and components in the Covered Products.

As described below, the Company has taken extensive steps to determine the source of the tungsten, tantalum, tin or gold (as raw materials or as a part of a previously manufactured electronic product) used in the Covered Products during the Reporting Period. Based on these two distinct ways in which the Company sources tungsten, tantalum, tin or gold, the Company bifurcated its RCOI approach.

Most of the Company's suppliers of raw tungsten, tantalum, tin and gold are the smelters themselves. Several of the Company's raw materials suppliers are on the DRC Conflict Free Smelter List. For other smelters that are not specifically on that list, the Company performed inquiry and supplier site visits, and in some cases was provided names and locations of the mines from which the raw materials are purchased. Through its RCOI and due diligence measures, which are described further in its Conflict Minerals Report, the Company has been able to determine that none of the tungsten, tantalum, tin and gold that it purchased as raw materials during the Reporting Period originated from the Covered Countries.

With respect to the tungsten, tantalum, tin or gold that the Company purchases from third parties, the Company's RCOI primarily consisted of representations from its immediate suppliers that the tungsten, tantalum, tin or gold sold to it or products that contained tungsten, tantalum, tin or gold either did not originate in Covered Countries, or came from recycled or scrap material. The Company did not receive any representations indicating that tungsten, tantalum, tin or gold purchased during the Reporting Period originated in the Covered Countries.

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Through its RCOI, the Company has been able to determine conclusively that 93% of its Conflict Materials Spend for the Reporting Period for purchased tungsten, tantalum, tin and gold included in its Covered Products did not originate in any Covered Country. However, the Company was unsuccessful in obtaining responses from a subset of suppliers, consisting of approximately 7% of the overall Conflict Materials Spend. The Company's RCOI included following up with these non-responsive suppliers multiple times. However, despite the Company's good faith efforts, these additional inquires failed to yield a response from the non-responsive suppliers. This small portion of the Conflict Materials Spend for the Reporting Period relates almost exclusively to previously-manufactured electronic products that the Company buys from third parties. Although the Company has no reason to believe that its necessary Conflict Minerals may have originated in the Covered Countries, the Company was unable to definitively determine the origin of the Conflict Minerals, based on the lack of responses noted above. Therefore, the Company exercised due diligence on the source and chain of custody of the tungsten, tantalum, tin or gold used for its products manufactured, or contracted to manufacture, during the Reporting Period.

The Company describes these due diligence efforts in detail in the Conflicts Minerals Report that is filed as Exhibit 1.02 to this Form SD. The Company was unable to clarify, after conducting the RCOI and subsequently exercising the required due diligence, the country of origin for the tungsten, tantalum, tin or gold included in the Covered Products.

#### Item 1.02 Exhibit

As specified in Section 2, Item 2.01 of this Form SD, the Company is filing its Conflict Minerals Report as Exhibit 1.02 to this Form SD. The Conflict Minerals Report also is publicly available on the Company's website at [www.kennametal.com](http://www.kennametal.com) under "Related Links" on the "Ethics and Compliance" page, which is accessible under the "About Us" tab.

#### Section 2 – Exhibits

##### Item 2.01 Exhibits

The following exhibit is filed as part of this report.

Exhibit	Description
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1.02	Conflict Minerals Report of Kennametal Inc.
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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

KENNAMETAL INC.

By: /s/ Peter A. Dragich  
Peter A. Dragich  
Vice President, Integrated Supply Chain and Logistics

Dated: June 2, 2014

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Exhibit Index

Exhibit Number	Description
1.02	Conflict Minerals Report of Kennametal Inc.