GLATFELTER P H CO Form 10-Q October 31, 2017

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

Quarterly Report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2017

or

Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the transition period from to

96 South George Street, Suite 520

York, Pennsylvania 17401

(Address of principal executive offices)

(717) 225-4711

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Commission file	Exact name of registrant as	IRS Employer	State or other jurisdiction of
number	specified in its charter	Identification No. 23-0628360	incorporation or organization
1-03560	P. H. Glatfelter Company		Pennsylvania

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for at the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a small reporting company or emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer", "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer		Accelerated filer	
Non-accelerated filer	(Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Emerging growth company	Smaller reporting company	
If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has			
elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or			
revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the			
Exchange Act.			

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act) Yes No .

Common Stock outstanding on October 25, 2017 totaled 43,586,355 shares.

P. H. GLATFELTER COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

REPORT ON FORM 10-Q

For the QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED

September 30, 2017

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PART I

Item 1 - Financial Statements

P. H. GLATFELTER COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(unaudited)

	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	September 30		September 30	
In thousands, except per share	2017	2016	2017	2016
Net sales	\$413,325	\$405,301	\$1,191,380	\$1,213,932
Energy and related sales, net	1,236	1,346	3,346	4,013
Total revenues	414,561	406,647	1,194,726	1,217,945
Costs of products sold	359,826	345,477	1,052,626	1,056,209
Gross profit	54,735	61,170	142,100	161,736
Selling, general and administrative expenses	33,399	35,747	100,484	104,796
(Gains) losses on dispositions of plant, equipment and timberlands,				
net	(24)	5	(50) 31
Operating income	21,360	25,418	41,666	56,909
Non-operating income (expense)				
Interest expense	(4,547)	(3,895) (13,031) (11,964)
Interest income	51	52	209	204
Other, net	(478)	(573) (906) (956)
Total non-operating expense	(4,974)	(4,416) (13,728) (12,716)
Income before income taxes	16,386	21,002	27,938	44,193
Income tax provision	4,281	1,401	9,944	6,459
Net income	\$12,105	\$19,601	\$17,994	\$37,734
Earnings per share				
Basic	\$0.28	\$0.45	\$0.41	\$0.87
Diluted	0.27	0.44	0.41	0.86
Cash dividends declared per common share	\$0.13	\$0.125	\$0.39	\$0.375
Weighted average shares outstanding				
Basic	43,617	43,576	43,601	43,552
Diluted	44,182	44,133	44,410	44,059

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

GLATFELTER

P. H. GLATFELTER COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(unaudited)

	Three motent	nths	Nine mor ended	nths
	Septembe	r 30	Septembe	er 30
In thousands	2017	2016	2017	2016
Net income	\$12,105	\$19,601	\$17,994	\$37,734
Foreign currency translation adjustments	16,559	(1,530)	50,128	(2,975)
Net change in:				
Deferred (gains) losses on cash flow hedges, net of taxes of \$111, \$289, \$2,031 and \$88, respectively	(1,514)	(858)	(6,111)	152
Unrecognized retirement obligations, net of taxes				
of \$(1,340), \$(1,405), \$(4,018) and \$(4,214), respectively	2,285	2,319	6,838	6,957
Other comprehensive income (loss)	17,330	(69)	50,855	4,134
Comprehensive income	\$29,435	\$19,532	\$68,849	\$41,868

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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P. H. GLATFELTER COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(unaudited)

	September 30	December 31
In thousands	2017	2016
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$84,287	\$55,444
Accounts receivable, net	186,310	152,989
Inventories	256,764	249,669
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	44,134	36,157
Total current assets	571,495	494,259
Plant, equipment and timberlands, net	856,017	775,898
Goodwill	81,497	73,094
Intangible assets, net	59,199	56,259
Other assets	128,586	121,749
Total assets	\$1,696,794	\$1,521,259
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity		
Current portion of long-term debt	\$11,122	\$8,961
Accounts payable	168,848	164,345
Dividends payable	5,675	5,455
Environmental liabilities	20,000	25,000
Other current liabilities	130,368	119,250
Total current liabilities	336,013	323,011
Long-term debt	459,025	363,647
Deferred income taxes	65,597	54,995
Other long-term liabilities	125,563	125,780
Total liabilities	986,198	867,433
Commitments and contingencies		
Shareholders' equity		
Common stock	544	544
Capital in excess of par value	62,346	57,917
Retained earnings	963,853	962,884
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(153,751)	(204,606)
-	872,992	816,739
Less cost of common stock in treasury	(162,396)	
Total shareholders' equity	710,596	653,826
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$1,696,794	\$1,521,259

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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P. H. GLATFELTER COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(unaudited)

Nine months ended September 30 2017 In thousands 2016 **Operating** activities Net income \$17,994 \$37,734 Adjustments to reconcile to net cash provided by operations: Depreciation, depletion and amortization 49,725 56,343 Amortization of debt issue costs 868 864 Pension expense, net of unfunded benefits paid 2,908 3,707 Deferred income tax provision (benefit) 4,282 (4,266)(50 (Gains) losses on dispositions of plant, equipment and timberlands, net) 31 Share-based compensation 4,868 4,218 Change in operating assets and liabilities Accounts receivable (23,753) (12,927) Inventories 2,906 (17,897) Prepaid and other current assets (7,185) (4,205 Accounts payable (4,001) (9,662) Accruals and other current liabilities (3,702) 10,257 2,657 Other 519 Net cash provided by operating activities 52,796 59,437 Investing activities Expenditures for purchases of plant, equipment and timberlands (102,172)(116,948)Proceeds from disposals of plant, equipment and timberlands, net 217 55) (400 Other (100)Net cash used by investing activities (102,055) (117,293)Financing activities Repayments of note offerings (136) Net borrowings (repayments) under revolving credit facility 96.534 (642) Proceeds from term loans 19,428 Repayment of term loans (6,947) (3,803 Payments of dividends (16,805) (16, 134)Proceeds from government grants 5,251

Payments related to share-based compensation awards and other

Net cash provided by financing activities

Effect of exchange rate changes on cash

Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents

(128)

72,654

5,448

28,843

) (990

2,974

(54,552)

330

)

Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of period	55,444	105,304
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period	\$84,287	\$50,752
Supplemental cash flow information		
Cash paid for:		
Interest, net of amounts capitalized	\$8,719	\$7,376
Income taxes, net	7,567	11,609

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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P. H. GLATFELTER COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(unaudited)

1. ORGANIZATION

P. H. Glatfelter Company and subsidiaries ("Glatfelter") is a manufacturer of specialty papers and fiber-based engineered materials. Headquartered in York, PA, U.S. operations include facilities in Spring Grove, PA and Chillicothe and Fremont, OH. International operations include facilities in Canada, Germany, France, the United Kingdom and the Philippines, and sales and distribution offices in Russia and China. The terms "we," "us," "our," "the Company," or "Glatfelter," refer to P. H. Glatfelter Company and subsidiaries unless the context indicates otherwise. Our products are marketed worldwide, either through wholesale paper merchants, brokers and agents, or directly to customers.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements ("financial statements") include the accounts of Glatfelter and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

We prepared these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("generally accepted accounting principles" or "GAAP") and pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission pertaining to interim financial statements. In our opinion, the financial statements reflect all normal, recurring adjustments needed to present fairly our results for the interim periods. When preparing these financial statements, we have assumed that you have read the audited consolidated financial statements included in our 2016 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Accounting Estimates The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingencies as of the balance sheet date and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Management believes the estimates and assumptions used in the preparation of these financial statements are reasonable, based upon currently available facts and known circumstances, but recognizes that actual results may differ from those estimates and assumptions.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements In March 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2016-09, Compensation – Stock Compensation (Topic 718) Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting designed to simplify certain aspects of accounting for share-

based awards. The new ASU requires entities to recognize as a component of income tax expense all excess tax benefits or deficiencies arising from the difference between compensation costs recognized and the intrinsic value at the time an option is exercised or, in the case of restricted stock and similar awards, the fair value upon vesting of an award. Previously such differences were recognized in additional paid in capital as part of an "APIC pool." The ASU also requires entities to exclude excess tax benefits and tax deficiencies from the calculation of common share equivalents for purposes of calculating earnings per share. In addition, as permitted by the ASU, we have elected to account for the impact of forfeitures as they occur rather to estimate forfeitures for purposes of recognizing compensation expense. We adopted this standard effective January 1, 2017, on a prospective basis; however, the adoption of the new standard did not have a material impact on our reported results of operations or financial position.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers which clarifies the principles for recognizing revenue and develops a common revenue standard for GAAP and International Financial Reporting Standards. The new standard is required to be adopted retrospectively for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017. The ASU requires additional disclosure about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from customer contracts, including significant judgments and changes in judgments. The guidance allows for both retrospective and modified retrospective methods of adoption. We will apply the modified retrospective method of adoption. We continue to perform our assessment of the impact of the ASU on our policies, processes, systems and controls and are developing processes to obtain the information necessary for the new disclosures. This assessment requires, among others, a review of a substantial amount of the contracts we have with our customers.

Substantially all of our revenue is earned pursuant to contracts under which we have one performance obligation that is satisfied at a point-in-time. We have completed our review of a substantial portion of our contracts and we do not expect this ASU will have a significant impact on the timing or amount of revenue recognition, our results of operations or our financial position.

In March 2017, the FASB issued ASU No. 2017-07, Improving the Presentation of Net Periodic Pension Cost and Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost ("ASU 2017-07"). The update requires entities to present the service cost component of the net periodic benefit cost in the same income statement line item as other employee compensation costs arising from services rendered during the period. All other components are to be presented below the determination of

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operating income. Entities will be required to disclose the line(s) used to present the other components of net periodic benefit cost, if the components are not presented separately in the income statement. ASU 2017-07 is effective for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2017, and early adoption is permitted. We do not expect the adoption of ASU 2017-07 will have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842). This ASU will require organizations such as us that lease assets to recognize on the balance sheet the assets and liabilities for the rights and obligations created by those leases. The new guidance will be effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods therein. Early adoption is permitted. We are in the process of assessing the impact this standard will have on us and expect to follow a modified retrospective method provided for under the standard.

In August 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-12, "Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815), Targeted Improvements to Accounting for Hedging Activities" ("ASU 2017-12"), which simplifies the application of hedge accounting and more closely aligns hedge accounting with an entity's risk management strategies. ASU 2017-12 also amends the manner in which hedge effectiveness may be performed and changes the presentation of hedge ineffectiveness in the financial statements. ASU 2017-12 is effective for us beginning January 1, 2019, with early adoption permitted. ASU 2017-12 requires a cumulative-effect adjustment for certain items upon adoption. We are currently evaluating the impact the adoption of ASU 2017-12 will have on our consolidated financial statements.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13 Financial Instruments—Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments that changes the impairment model for most financial instruments, including trade receivables from an incurred loss method to a new forward-looking approach, based on expected losses. Under the new guidance, an allowance is recognized based on an estimate of expected credit losses. This standard is effective for us in the first quarter of 2020 and must be adopted using a modified retrospective transition approach. We are currently assessing the impact this standard may have on our results of operations and financial position.

3.EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following table sets forth the details of basic and diluted earnings per share ("EPS"):

Three months ended

	Septembe	er 30
In thousands, except per share	2017	2016
Net income	\$12,105	\$19,601
Weighted average common shares	8	
outstanding used in basic EPS	43,617	43,576
Common shares issuable upon		
exercise of dilutive stock options		
and PSAs / RSUs	565	557
Weighted average common shares	5	
outstanding and common share		
equivalents used in diluted EPS	44,182	44,133

Earnings per share		
Basic	\$0.28	\$0.45
Diluted	0.27	0.44

Nine months ended

	September	r 30
In thousands, except per share	2017	2016
Net income	\$17,994	\$37,734
Weighted average common shares		
outstanding used in basic EPS	43,601	43,552
Common shares issuable upon		
exercise of dilutive stock options		
and PSAs / RSUs	809	507
Weighted average common shares		
outstanding and common share		
equivalents used in diluted EPS	44,410	44,059
Earnings per share		
Basic	\$0.41	\$0.87
Diluted	0.41	0.86

The following table sets forth potential common shares outstanding that were not included in the computation of diluted EPS for the period indicated, because their effect would be anti-dilutive:

	September		
	30		
In thousands	2017	2016	
Three months ended	967	681	
Nine months ended	593	683	

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4. ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

The following table sets forth details of the changes in accumulated other comprehensive income (losses) for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016.

In thousands Balance at July 1, 2017	Currency translation adjustments \$ (66,879	Unrealized gain (loss) on cash flow hedges) \$ (3,097		Change in other postretirement defined benefit plans \$ 4,719	Total \$(171,081)
Other comprehensive income					
before reclassifications (net of tax)	16,559	(1,533) —		15,026
Amounts reclassified from accumulated					
other communities in communities (not of tor)		10	2 424	(139	2 204
other comprehensive income (net of tax) Net current period other comprehensive		19	2,424	(139) 2,304
Net current period other comprehensive					
income (loss)	16,559	(1,514) 2,424	(139) 17,330
Balance at September 30, 2017	\$ (50,320) \$ (4,611) \$(103,400)	\$ 4,580	\$(153,751)
Balance at July 1, 2016	\$ (74,486) \$ 785	\$(115,786)	\$ 3,204	\$(186,283)
Other comprehensive income					
before reclassifications (net of tax)	(1,530) (1,195) —		(2,725)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated					
other comprehensive income (net of tax)	_	337	2,464	(145) 2,656
Net current period other comprehensive		557	2,101	(115	, 2,000
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
income (loss)	(1,530) (858) 2,464	(145) (69)
Balance at September 30, 2016	\$ (76,016) \$ (73) \$(113,322)	\$ 3,059	\$(186,352)

	Currency translation	Unrealized gain (loss) on cash flow	Change in	Change in other postretirement defined benefit	
In thousands	adjustments	hedges	pensions	plans	Total
Balance at January 1, 2017	\$ (100,448)	\$ 1,500	\$(110,656)	\$ 4,998	\$(204,606)
Other comprehensive income					
before reclassifications (net of tax)	50,128	(4,868)		1	45,261
Amounts reclassified from accumulated					
other comprehensive income (net of tax)		(1,243)	7,256	(419)	5,594
Net current period other comprehensive	50,128	(6,111)	7,256	(418)	50,855

Balance at September 30, 2017	\$ (50,320) \$ (4,611) \$(103,400) \$	4,580	\$(153,751)
Balance at January 1, 2016	\$ (73,041) \$ (225) \$(120,714) \$	3,494	\$(190,486)
Other comprehensive income					
before reclassifications (net of tax)	(2,975) (106) —	_	(3,081)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated					
other comprehensive income (net of tax)		258	7,392	(435) 7,215
Net current period other comprehensive					
income (loss)	(2,975) 152	7,392	(435) 4,134
Balance at September 30, 2016	\$(76,016) \$ (73) \$(113,322) \$	3,059	\$(186,352)
-					

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Reclassifications out of accumulated other comprehensive income were as follows:

	Three ended		nths otember	•	Nine mended	on	ths	
	30				Septem	bei	r 30	
In thousands	2017		2016		2017		2016	
Description								Line Item in Statements of Income
Cash flow hedges (Note 12)								
(Gains) losses on cash flow hedges	\$29		\$347		\$(1,687	7)	\$264	Costs of products sold
Tax expense (benefit)	(10)	(10)	444) Income tax provision
Net of tax	19		337		(1,243	3)	258	
Retirement plan obligations (Note 7)								
Amortization of deferred benefit pension								
plans								
Prior service costs	532		506		1,592		1,519	Costs of products sold
								Selling, general and
	176		168		528		504	administrative
Actuarial losses	2,290)	2,450)	6,852		7,350	Costs of products sold
								Selling, general and
	788		843		2,359		2,530	administrative
	3,786	5	3,967	'	11,33	1	11,903	
Tax benefit	(1,36	2)	(1,50	3)	(4,075	5)	(4,511) Income tax provision
Net of tax	2,424	ŀ	2,464	•	7,256		7,392	
Amortization of deferred benefit other plans								
Prior service costs	(37)	(37)	(112)	(112) Costs of products sold
								Selling, general and
	(8)	(8)	(24)	(24) administrative
Actuarial losses	(77)	(156)	(233)	(467) Costs of products sold
								Selling, general and
	(17)	(33)	(50)	(100) administrative
	(139)	(234)	(419)	(703)
Tax expense			89				268	Income tax provision
Net of tax	(139)	(145)	(419)	(435)
Total reclassifications, net of tax	\$2,304	ŀ	\$2,656)	\$5,594		\$7,215	

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5.INCOME TAXES

Income taxes are recognized for the amount of taxes payable or refundable for the current year and deferred tax liabilities and assets for the future tax consequences of events that have been recognized in our consolidated financial statements or tax returns. The effects of income taxes are measured based on enacted tax laws and rates.

As of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, we had \$17.1 million and \$14.2 million of gross unrecognized tax benefits. As of September 30, 2017, if such benefits were to be recognized, approximately \$11.5 million would be recorded as a component of income tax expense, thereby affecting our effective tax rate.

We, or one of our subsidiaries, file income tax returns with the United States Internal Revenue Service, as well as various state and foreign authorities.

The following table summarizes, by major jurisdiction, tax years that remain subject to examination:

	Open Tax Years	
Jurisdiction	Examinations not yet initiated	Examination in progress
United States		
Federal	2014 - 2016	N/A
State	2012 - 2016	2013 - 2014
Canada ⁽¹⁾	2010-2013; 2016	2014 - 2015
Germany ⁽¹⁾	2016	2012 - 2015
France	2014 - 2016	2011 - 2012
United Kingdon	n 2015 - 2016	N/A
Philippines	2015 -2016	N/A

(1) includes provincial or similar local jurisdictions, as applicable

The amount of income taxes we pay is subject to ongoing audits by federal, state and foreign tax authorities, which often result in proposed assessments. Management performs a comprehensive review of its global tax positions on a quarterly basis and accrues amounts for uncertain tax positions. Based on these reviews and the result of discussions and resolutions of matters with certain tax authorities and the closure of tax years subject to tax audit, reserves are adjusted as necessary. However, future results may include favorable or unfavorable adjustments to our estimated tax liabilities in the period the assessments are determined or resolved or as such statutes are closed. Due to potential for resolution of federal, state and foreign examinations, and the lapse of various statutes of limitation, it is reasonably possible our gross unrecognized tax benefits balance may decrease within the next twelve months by a range of zero to \$0.7 million. Substantially all of this range relates to tax positions taken in the United Kingdom and the U.S.

We recognize interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions as income tax expense. The following table summarizes information related to interest and penalties on uncertain tax positions:

Nine months ended

In millions		Septen 30 2017	nber 2016	
Interest expense (in	come)			
Penalties	Í			
	Septe	mber	Decen	nber
	30		31	
	2017		2016	
Accrued interest payable	\$ 0.	8	\$ 0.5	

6. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

The P. H. Glatfelter Amended and Restated Long Term Incentive Plan (the "LTIP") provides for the issuance of Glatfelter common stock to eligible participants in the form of restricted stock units, restricted stock awards, non-qualified stock options, performance shares, incentive stock options and performance units.

Pursuant to terms of the LTIP, we have issued to eligible participants restricted stock units, performance share awards and stock only stock appreciation rights.

Restricted Stock Units ("RSU") and Performance Share Awards ("PSAs") Awards of RSUs and PSAs are made under our LTIP. On May 4, 2017, our shareholders approved a 1,840,000 share increase in the shares available to be awarded under the LTIP. The RSUs vest on the passage of time, generally on a graded scale over a three, four, and five-year period, or in certain instances the RSUs were issued with five year cliff vesting. PSAs are issued to members of management and vesting is based on achievement of cumulative financial performance targets covering a two year period followed by an additional one-year service period. The performance measures include a minimum, target and maximum performance level providing the grantees an opportunity to receive more or less shares than targeted depending on actual financial performance. For both RSUs and PSAs, the grant date fair value of the awards, which is equal to the closing price per common share on the date of the award, is used to determine the amount of expense to be recognized over the applicable service period. Settlement of RSUs and PSAs will be made in shares of our common stock currently held in treasury.

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The following table summarizes RSU and PSA activity during periods indicated:

Units	2017	2016
Balance at January 1,	679,038	674,523
Granted	370,458	298,832
Forfeited	(93,045)	(146,327)
Shares delivered	(26,352)	(149,975)
Balance at September 30,	930,099	677,053

The amount granted in 2017 and 2016 includes PSAs of 163,274 and 199,693, respectively, exclusive of reinvested dividends.

The following table sets forth aggregate RSU and PSA compensation expense for the periods indicated:

	Septembe	er 30
In thousands	2017	2016
Three months ended	\$1,658	\$765
Nine months ended	3,746	2,167

Stock Only Stock Appreciation Rights ("SOSARs") Under terms of the SOSAR, a recipient receives the right to a payment in the form of shares of common stock equal to the difference, if any, in the fair market value of one share of common stock at the time of exercising the SOSAR and the exercise price. The SOSARs vest ratably over a three year period and have a term of ten years.

No SOSARs were granted in 2017. The following table sets forth information related to outstanding SOSARS for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016;

	2017		2016	
		Wtd		Wtd
		Avg		Avg
		-		-
		Exercise		Exercise
SOSARS	Shares	Price	Shares	Price
	onures	THUC	Shares	FILCE
Outstanding at January 1,	2,736,616	\$ 17.64	2,199,742	\$ 17.82
Outstanding at January 1,			2,199,742	\$17.82
Outstanding at January 1, Granted	2,736,616	\$ 17.64 	2,199,742 743,925	\$ 17.82 17.54

SOSAR Grants

Weighted average grant date			
fair value per share	\$-	\$4.07	
Aggregate grant date			
fair value (in thousands)	\$-	\$3,013	
Black-Scholes assumptions			
Dividend yield	-	2.85	%
Risk free rate of return	-	1.34	%
Volatility	-	31.97	%
Expected life	-	6 yrs	

The following table sets forth SOSAR compensation expense for the periods indicated:

	Septemb	er 30
In thousands	2017	2016
Three months ended	\$254	\$650
Nine months ended	1,122	2,051

7. RETIREMENT PLANS AND OTHER POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The following tables provide information with respect to the net periodic costs of our pension and post-retirement medical benefit plans.

	September	30
In thousands	2017	2016
Pension Benefits		
Service cost	\$2,695	\$2,614
Interest cost	5,929	6,120
Expected return on plan assets	(10,749)	(11,331)
Amortization of prior service		
cost	708	674
Amortization of unrecognized		
loss	3,078	3,293
Total net periodic benefit cost	\$1,661	\$1,370
Other Benefits		
Service cost	\$289	\$287
Interest cost	499	498
Amortization of prior	(45)	(45)

Three months ended

service credit		
Amortization of		
actuarial gain	(94)	(189)
Total net periodic		
benefit cost	\$649	\$551
benefit cost	φυιγ	ψ551
	Nine mon	ths ended
	Septembe	er 30
In thousands	2017	2016
Pension Benefits		
Service cost	\$8,065	\$7,855
Interest cost	17,825	18,360
Expected return on plan assets	(32,246)) (33,992)
Amortization of prior service		
cost	2,120	2,023
Amortization of unrecognized		
loss	9,211	9,880
Total net periodic benefit cost	\$4,975	\$4,126
Other Benefits	¢070	¢ 0 C 0
Service cost	\$868	\$860
Interest cost	1,497	1,494
Amortization of prior		
service credit	(136) (136)
Amortization of		
actuarial gain	(283) (567)
Total net periodic	(200	
*		
benefit cost	\$1,946	\$1,651

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8. INVENTORIES

Inventories, net of reserves, were as follows:

	September	December
	30	31
In thousands	2017	2016
Raw materials	\$64,088	\$66,359
In-process and finished	117,490	112,507
Supplies	75,186	70,803
Total	\$256,764	\$249,669

9. CAPITALIZED INTEREST

The following table sets forth details of interest incurred, capitalized and expensed:

	Three m ended	onths	Nine mor ended	nths
	Septeml	ber 30	Septembe	er 30
In thousands	2017	2016	2017	2016
Interest cost incurred	\$5,079	\$4,334	\$14,556	\$12,962
Interest capitalized	532	439	1,525	998
Interest expense	\$4,547	\$3,895	\$13,031	\$11,964

Capitalized interest primarily relates to spending for Specialty Papers' environmental compliance and the Airlaid capacity expansion projects.

10. LONG-TERM DEBT Long-term debt is summarized as follows:

	September	December
	30	31
In thousands	2017	2016
Revolving credit facility, due Mar. 2020	\$158,298	\$61,595

5.375% Notes, due Oct. 2020	250,000	250,000
2.40% Term Loan, due Jun. 2022	8,012	8,282
2.05% Term Loan, due Mar. 2023	34,659	35,163
1.30% Term Loan, due Jun. 2023	9,698	9,788
1.55% Term Loan, due Sep. 2025	11,574	10,333
Total long-term debt	472,241	375,161
Less current portion	(11,122)	(8,961)
Unamortized deferred issuance costs	(2,094)	(2,553)
Long-term debt, net of current portion	\$459,025	\$363,647

On March 12, 2015, we amended our revolving credit agreement with a consortium of banks (the "Revolving Credit Facility") which increased the amount available for borrowing to \$400 million, extended the maturity of the facility to March 12, 2020, and instituted a revised interest rate pricing grid. On February 1, 2017, the Revolving Credit Facility was further amended to, among other things, change the definition of earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") for purposes of calculating covenant compliance.

For all US dollar denominated borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility, the borrowing rate is, at our option, either, (a) the bank's base rate which is equal to the greater of i) the prime rate; ii) the federal funds rate plus 50 basis points; or iii) the daily Euro-rate plus 100 basis points plus an applicable spread over either i), ii) or iii) ranging from 12.5 basis points to 100 basis points based on the Company's leverage ratio and its corporate credit ratings determined by Standard & Poor's Rating Services and Moody's Investor Service, Inc. (the "Corporate Credit Rating"); or (b) the daily Euro-rate plus an applicable margin ranging from 112.5 basis points to 200 basis points based on the Company's leverage ratio and the Corporate Credit Rating. For non-US dollar denominated borrowings, interest is based on (b) above.

The Revolving Credit Facility contains a number of customary covenants for financings of this type that, among other things, restrict our ability to dispose of or create liens on assets, incur additional indebtedness, repay other indebtedness, limits certain intercompany financing arrangements, make acquisitions and engage in mergers or consolidations. We are also required to comply with specified financial tests and ratios including: i) maximum net debt to EBITDA ratio (the "leverage ratio"); and ii) a consolidated EBITDA to interest expense ratio. The most restrictive of our covenants is a maximum leverage ratio of 3.5x. As of September 30, 2017, the leverage ratio, as calculated in accordance with the definition in our amended credit agreement, was 2.6x. A breach of these requirements would give rise to certain remedies under the Revolving Credit Facility, among which are the termination of the agreement and accelerated repayment of the outstanding borrowings plus accrued and unpaid interest under the credit facility.

On October 3, 2012, we completed a private placement offering of \$250.0 million aggregate principal amount of 5.375% Senior Notes due 2020 (the "5.375% Notes"). The 5.375% Notes, which are now publically registered, are fully and unconditionally guaranteed, jointly and severally, by PHG Tea Leaves, Inc., Mollanvick, Inc., Glatfelter Composite Fibers N. A., Inc., Glatfelter Advanced Materials N.A., LLC., and Glatfelter Holdings, LLC (the "Guarantors"). Interest on the 5.375% Notes is payable semiannually in arrears on April 15 and October 15.

The 5.375% Notes are redeemable, in whole or in part, at any time at the redemption prices specified in the applicable Indenture. These Notes and the guarantees of the notes are senior obligations of the Company and the Guarantors, respectively, rank equally in right of payment with future senior indebtedness of the Company and the Guarantors and will mature on October 15, 2020.

The 5.375% Notes contain various covenants customary to indebtedness of this nature including limitations on i) the amount of indebtedness that may be incurred; ii) certain restricted payments including common stock dividends; iii)

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distributions from certain subsidiaries; iv) sales of assets; v) transactions amongst subsidiaries; and vi) incurrence of liens on assets. In addition, the 5.375% Notes contain cross default provisions that could result in all such notes becoming due and payable in the event of a failure to repay debt outstanding under the Revolving Credit Facility at maturity or a default under the Revolving Credit Facility that accelerates the debt outstanding thereunder. As of September 30, 2017, we met all of the requirements of our debt covenants.

Glatfelter Gernsbach GmbH & Co. KG ("Gernsbach"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of ours, entered into a series of borrowing agreements with IKB Deutsche Industriebank AG, Düsseldorf ("IKB") as summarized below:

	Original	Interes	t	
Amounts in thousar	nds Principal	Rate		Maturity
Borrowing date				
Apr. 11, 2013	€42,700	2.05	%	Mar. 2023
Sep. 4, 2014	10,000	2.40	%	Jun. 2022
Oct. 10, 2015	2,608	1.55	%	Sep. 2025
May 4, 2016	7,195	1.55	%	Sep. 2025
Apr. 26, 2016	10,000	1.30	%	Jun. 2023

Each of the borrowings require quarterly repayments of principal and interest and provide for representations, warranties and covenants customary for financings of these types. The financial covenants contained in each of the IKB loans, which relate to the minimum ratio of consolidated EBITDA to consolidated interest expense and the maximum ratio of consolidated total net debt to consolidated adjusted EBITDA, are calculated by reference to our Revolving Credit Facility.

P. H. Glatfelter Company guarantees all debt obligations of its subsidiaries. All such obligations are recorded in these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Letters of credit issued to us by certain financial institutions totaled \$5.2 million as of September 30, 2017 and \$5.1 million as of December 31, 2016. The letters of credit, which amounts available under our revolving credit facility, primarily provide financial assurances for the benefit of certain state workers compensation insurance agencies in conjunction with our self-insurance program. We bear the credit risk on this amount to the extent that we do not comply with the provisions of certain agreements. No amounts are outstanding under the letters of credit.

11. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The amounts reported on the condensed consolidated balance sheets for cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable approximate fair value. The following table sets forth carrying value and fair value of long-term debt:

	Carrying		Carrying	
		Fair		Fair
In thousands	Value	Value	Value	Value
Variable rate debt	\$158,298	\$158,298	\$61,595	\$61,595
Fixed-rate bonds	250,000	254,265	250,000	256,563
2.40% Term loan	8,012	8,207	8,282	8,877
2.05% Term loan	34,659	35,223	35,163	37,089
1.30% Term Loan	9,698	9,644	9,788	10,062
1.55% Term loan	11,574	11,509	10,333	10,082
Total	\$472,241	\$477,146	\$375,161	\$384,268

As of September 30, 2017, and December 31, 2016, we had \$250.0 million of 5.375% fixed rate bonds. These bonds are publicly registered, but thinly traded. Accordingly, the values set forth above for the bonds, as well as our other debt instruments, are based on observable inputs and other relevant market data (Level 2). The fair value of financial derivatives is set forth below in Note 12.

12. FINANCIAL DERIVATIVES AND HEDGING ACTIVITIES

As part of our overall risk management practices, we enter into financial derivatives primarily designed to either i) hedge foreign currency risks associated with forecasted transactions – "cash flow hedges"; or ii) mitigate the impact that changes in currency exchange rates have on intercompany financing transactions and foreign currency denominated receivables and payables – "foreign currency hedges."

Derivatives Designated as Hedging Instruments - Cash Flow Hedges We use currency forward contracts as cash flow hedges to manage our exposure to fluctuations in the currency exchange rates on certain forecasted production costs or capital expenditures expected to be incurred. Currency forward contracts involve fixing the exchange for delivery of a specified amount of foreign currency on a specified date. As of September 30, 2017, the maturity of currency forward contracts ranged from one month to 18 months.

We designate certain currency forward contracts as cash flow hedges of forecasted raw material purchases, certain production costs or capital expenditures with exposure to changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives designated and that qualify as cash flow hedges of foreign exchange risk is deferred as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets. With respect to hedges of forecasted raw material purchases or production costs, the

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amount deferred is subsequently reclassified into costs of products sold in the period that inventory produced using the hedged transaction affects earnings. For hedged capital expenditures, deferred gains or losses are reclassified and included in the historical cost of the capital asset and subsequently affect earnings as depreciation is recognized. The ineffective portion of the change in fair value of the derivative is recognized directly to earnings and reflected in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income as non-operating income (expense) under the capiton "Other, net."

We had the following outstanding derivatives that were used to hedge foreign exchange risks associated with forecasted transactions and designated as hedging instruments:

	September	December
In thousands	30 2017	31 2016
Derivative		
Sell/Buy - sell notional		
Philippine Peso / British Pound	19,047	
Euro / British Pound	11,428	10,373
U.S. Dollar / Euro	1,471	
Canadian Dollar / U.S. Dollar	20	—
Sell/Buy - buy notional		
Euro / Philippine Peso	857,103	699,279
British Pound / Philippine Peso	644,076	557,025
U.S. Dollar / Euro	7,799	15,379
Euro / U.S. Dollar	54,135	43,951
U.S. Dollar / Canadian Dollar	32,760	35,290
British Pound / Euro	335	_

Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments - Foreign Currency Hedges We also enter into forward foreign exchange contracts to mitigate the impact changes in currency exchange rates have on balance sheet monetary assets and liabilities. None of these contracts are designated as hedges for financial accounting purposes and, accordingly, changes in value of the foreign exchange forward contracts and in the offsetting underlying on-balance-sheet transactions are reflected in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income under the caption "Other, net."

The following sets forth derivatives used to mitigate the impact changes in currency exchange rates have on balance sheet monetary assets and liabilities:

	September	December
In thousands	30 2017	31 2016
Derivative		
Sell/Buy - sell notional		
U.S. Dollar / British Pound	17,500	10,500
British Pound / Euro	1,000	2,500
Sell/Buy - buy notional		
Euro / U.S. Dollar	4,500	3,500

British Pound / Euro 12,000 18,500

These contracts have maturities of one month from the date originally entered into.

Fair Value Measurements The following table summarizes the fair values of derivative instruments for the period indicated and the line items in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets where the instruments are recorded:

	Septem	ber	Septem	ber
	30	December	30	December
In thousands	2017	31 2016	2017	31 2016
	Prepaid	Expenses		
	and Oth	ner	Other	
Balance sheet caption	Current	Assets	Current	Liabilities
Designated as hedging:				
Forward foreign currency				
exchange contracts	\$1,416	\$ 2,625	\$5,672	\$ 1,493
Not designated as hedging	:			
Forward foreign currency				
exchange contracts	\$679	\$ 60	\$780	\$ 104

The amounts set forth in the table above represent the net asset or liability giving effect to rights of offset with each counterparty. The effect of netting the amounts presented above did not have a material effect on our consolidated financial position.

The following table summarizes the amount of income or (loss) from derivative instruments recognized in our results of operations for the periods indicated and the line items in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of income where the results are recorded:

months ended ended	
September 30	
September 30	
In thousands 2017 2016 2017 2016	
Designated as hedging:	
Forward foreign currency exchange contracts:	
Effective portion – cost of products sold (29) (347) $1,687$ (264)	F)
Ineffective portion – other – net 40 (69) 126 (399))
Not designated as hedging:	
Forward foreign currency	
exchange contracts:	
Other – net \$328 \$332 \$719 \$1,39	6

The impact of activity not designated as hedging was substantially all offset by the remeasurement of the underlying on-balance-sheet item.

The fair value hierarchy consists of three broad levels, which gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in

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active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3).

The fair values of the foreign exchange forward contracts are considered to be Level 2. Foreign currency forward contracts are valued using foreign currency forward and interest rate curves. The fair value of each contract is determined by comparing the contract rate to the forward rate and discounting to present value. Contracts in a gain position are recorded in the condensed consolidated balance sheets under the caption "Prepaid expenses and other current assets" and the value of contracts in a loss position is recorded under the caption "Other current liabilities."

A rollforward of fair value amounts recorded as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) is as follows:

In thousands	2017	2016
Balance at January 1,	\$1,882	\$(178)
Deferred (losses) gains		
on cash flow hedges	(6,455)	(200)
Reclassified to earnings	(1,687)	264
Balance at September 30.	\$(6.260)	(114)

We expect substantially all of the amounts recorded as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income will be recorded as a component of the capital asset or realized in results of operations within the next 18 months and the amount ultimately recognized will vary depending on actual market rates.

Credit risk related to derivative activity arises in the event the counterparty fails to meet its obligations to us. This exposure is generally limited to the amounts, if any, by which the counterparty's obligations exceed our obligation to them. Our policy is to enter into contracts only with financial institutions which meet certain minimum credit ratings.

13. COMMITMENTS, CONTINGENCIES AND LEGAL PROCEEDINGS Fox River - Neenah, Wisconsin

Background. We have significant uncertainties associated with environmental claims arising out of the presence of polychlorinated biphenyls ("PCBs") in sediments in the lower Fox River, on which our former Neenah facility was located, and in the Bay of Green Bay Wisconsin (collectively, the "Site"). Since the early 1990s, the United States, the State of Wisconsin and two Indian tribes (collectively, the "Governments") have pursued a cleanup of a 39-mile stretch of river from Little Lake Butte des Morts into Green Bay and natural resource damages ("NRDs").

The Site has been subject to certain studies, demonstration projects and interim cleanups. The permanent cleanup, known as a "remedial action" under the

Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act ("CERCLA"), consists of sediment dredging, installation of engineered caps and placement of sand covers in various areas in the bed of the river.

The United States originally notified several entities that they were potentially responsible parties ("PRPs"); however, after giving effect to settlements reached with the Governments, the remaining PRPs exposed to continuing obligations to implement the remainder of the cleanup consist of us, Georgia Pacific Consumer Products, L.P.

("Georgia Pacific") and NCR Corporation ("NCR"). In addition to the government claims, Appvion, Inc. ("Appvion") retains a claim against us and Georgia Pacific.

The United States Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") has divided the Site into five "operable units," including the most upstream portion of the Site on which our facility was located ("OU1") and four downstream reaches of the river and bay ("OU2-5").

We and WTM I Company, one of the PRPs, implemented the remedial action in OU1 under a consent decree with the Governments; Menasha Corporation made a financial contribution to that work. That project began in 2004 and the work is complete, other than on-going monitoring and maintenance.

For OU2-5, work has proceeded primarily under a Unilateral Administrative Order ("UAO") issued in November 2007 by the EPA to us and seven other respondents. The majority of that work to date has been funded or conducted by parties other than us, although before the UAO, we contributed to a project in that area and we have conducted about \$13.4 million of cleanup work under the UAO in 2015 and 2016. The cleanup is expected to continue through 2018. However, as discussed below, under a consent decree between the United States, Wisconsin, NCR and Appvion we are not responsible for any additional cleanup at the Site.

Litigation and Settlement. In 2008, in an allocation action, NCR and Appvion sued us and many other defendants in an effort to allocate among the liable parties the costs of cleaning up this Site and compensating the Governments for their costs and the natural resource trustees for NRDs. This case has been called the "Whiting litigation." After several summary judgment rulings and a trial, the trial court entered judgment in the Whiting Litigation allocating to NCR 100% of the costs of (a) the OU2-5 cleanup, (b) NRDs, (c) past and future costs incurred by the Governments in OU2-5, and (d) past and future costs incurred by any of the other parties net of an appropriate equitable adjustment for insurance recoveries.

On appeal, the United States Court of Appeals for the Seventh Circuit affirmed the district court's ruling, holding that if knowledge and fault were the only equitable factors governing allocation of costs and NRDs at the Site, NCR

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would owe 100% of all costs and damages in OU2-5, but would not have a share of costs in OU1 -- which is upstream of the outfall of the facilities for which NCR is responsible -- solely as an "arranger for disposal" of PCB-containing waste paper by recycling it at our mill. However, the court of appeals vacated the judgment and remanded the case for the district court's further consideration of whether any other equitable factors might cause the district court to alter its allocation.

In 2010, in an enforcement action, the Governments sued us and other defendants for (a) an injunction to require implementation of the cleanup ordered by the 2007 UAO, (b) recovery of the Governments' past and future costs of response, (c) recovery of NRDs, and (d) recovery of a declaration of liability for the Site. After appeals, the Governments did not obtain an injunction and they withdrew their claims for NRDs. The Governments obtained a declaration of our liability to comply with the 2007 UAO. The Governments' costs claims remained pending.

On January 17, 2017, the United States filed a consent decree with the federal district court among the United States, Wisconsin, NCR, and Appvion (the "NCR/Appvion consent decree") under which NCR would agree to complete the remaining cleanup and both NCR and Appvion would agree not to seek to recover from us or anyone else any amounts they have spent or will spend, and we and others would be barred from seeking claims against NCR or Appvion. On March 29, 2017, the United States moved for entry of a somewhat revised version of the NCR/Appvion consent decree, which the federal district court entered on August 23, 2017. Under the consent decree, if it were to withstand any appeal, we would only face exposure to: (i) government past oversight costs, (ii) government future oversight costs, (iii) long term monitoring and maintenance, and (iv) depending on the reason, a further remedy if necessary in the event the currently ordered remedy fails, over 30 or more years, to achieve its objectives. As the result of earlier settlements, Georgia Pacific is only jointly liable with us to the Governments for monitoring and maintenance costs incurred in the most downstream three miles of the river ("OU4b") and the bay of Green Bay ("OU5").

In addition, we and Georgia Pacific had claims against each other to reallocate the costs that we have each incurred or will incur. We have settled those claims. Under this settlement, Georgia Pacific has agreed to implement the monitoring and maintenance in OU4b and OU5 and we would be responsible for monitoring and maintenance of all other upstream Operable Units. We paid Georgia Pacific \$9.5 million in August 2017.

The NCR/Appvion consent decree and our settlement with Georgia Pacific resulted in all claims among the responsible parties being barred, waived, or withdrawn. Accordingly, on October 10, 2017, the federal district court

approved a stipulation dismissing all remaining claims in the Whiting litigation. Therefore, unless certain limited circumstances occur permitting reassertion of claims, we are not subject to claims for reallocation of costs or damages incurred by any of the other parties and we cannot seek contribution or reallocation from them.

On October 20, 2017, we appealed the district court's approval of the NCR/Appvion consent decree. We contend that the court did not do what was required to properly conclude that the NCR/Appvion consent decree was substantially fair to us. We contend that the consent decree was unfair to us.

Cost estimates. The proposed NCR/Appvion consent decree, as revised, states that all parties combined have spent more than approximately \$1 billion to date towards remedial actions and NRDs, of which we have contributed approximately \$75 million. In addition, work to complete the remaining site remedy under the UAO was anticipated to cost approximately \$200 million at the beginning of the 2017 remediation season. With the consent decree being entered, we are no longer exposed to reallocation of any of those amounts.

Under the NCR/Appvion consent decree, we would remain responsible for the Governments' unreimbursed past costs, which although in dispute, are represented to total approximately \$34 million and the Governments' future costs. Furthermore, we, along with Georgia Pacific, would be responsible for long term monitoring and maintenance

required pursuant to the Lower Fox River 100% Remedial Design Report dated December 2009 – Long Term Monitoring Plan (the "Plan"). The Plan requires long term monitoring of each of OU1 through OU5 over a period of at least 30 years. The monitoring activities consist of, among others, testing fish tissue, sampling water quality and sediment, and inspections of the engineered caps. Each operable unit is required to be monitored; however, because of our settlement with Georgia Pacific, our obligations are in OU1-OU4a. Although we are unable to determine with certainty the timing of cash expenditures for the above matters, they are reasonably likely to extend over a period of at least 30 years.

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Reserves for the Site. Our reserve for all remaining claims against us relating to PCB contamination is set forth below:

Nine months ended

	September 30				
In thousands	2017	2016			
Balance at January 1,	\$52,788	\$17,105			
Payments	(9,581)	(4,193)			
Accruals	-	-			
Balance at September 30,	\$43,207	\$12,912			

The payments set forth above represent cash paid towards completion of remediation activities in connection with the 2016 and 2015 Work Plans, the Georgia-Pacific settlement and ongoing monitoring activities. Of our total reserve for the Fox River, \$20.0 million is recorded in the accompanying September 30, 2017 condensed consolidated balance sheet under the caption "Environmental liabilities" and the remaining \$23.2 million is recorded under the caption "Other long term liabilities."

Range of Reasonably Possible Outcomes. Based on our analysis of all available information, including but not limited to decisions of the courts, official documents such as records of decision, discussions with legal counsel, cost estimates for

future monitoring and maintenance and other post-remediation costs to be performed at the Site, we believe it is reasonably possible that our costs associated with the Fox River matter could exceed the aggregate amounts accrued by amounts ranging from insignificant to approximately \$30 million. We believe the likelihood of an outcome in the upper end of the monetary range is less than other possible outcomes within the range and the possibility of an outcome in excess of the upper end of the monetary range is remote.

Summary. Our current assessment is we will be able to manage this environmental matter without a long-term, material adverse impact on the Company. This matter could, however, at any particular time or for any particular year or years, have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position, liquidity and/or results of operations or could result in a default under our debt covenants. Moreover, there can be no assurance our reserves will be adequate to provide for future obligations related to this matter, or our share of costs and/or damages will not exceed our available resources, or those obligations will not have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position, liquidity and results of operations and might result in a default under our loan covenants.

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14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The following tables set forth financial and other information by business unit for the period indicated:

Three months ended September 30				Advan Airlaid		Speci	alty	Othe	er and		
Dollars in millions		mposite		Materi		Paper	s		llocated		
	201)16	2017	2016	2017	2016				2016
Net sales		42.3 \$	131.7	\$67.8	\$61.9			.8 \$—	\$		
Energy and related sales			-			1.2	1.3				1.3
Total revenue			131.7	67.8	61.9	204.					
Cost of products sold			105.8	57.2	53.5						
Gross profit (loss)			25.9	10.6	8.4	24.7				5.1) 54.7	
SG&A		0.9	11.9	2.4	2.0	12.2	14.	3 7.9) 7.	.5 33.4	35.7
(Gains) losses on dispositions of plant, equipment and timberlands,											
net Total operating income	(loss) = 1	6.4	14.0	8.2	6.4	12.5	18.	— 7 (14	5.8) (1	.3.6) 21.4	25.4
Non-operating expense	(1088) 1	0.4	14.0	0.2	0.4	12.3	10.			(5.0) 21.4 (5.0) (5.0	
Income (loss) before								(5.	.0) (4	1.4) (3.0) (4.4)
filcome (1088) before											
income taxes	\$1	6.4 \$	14.0	\$8.2	\$6.4	\$12.5	\$18.	7 \$(20	0.8) \$(1	8.0) \$16.4	\$21.0
Supplementary Data											
Net tons sold (thousands	s) 4	3.8	39.1	26.2	25.2	197.	1 197	7.3 —	·	- 267.	1 261.5
Depreciation, depletion and											
amortization	\$7	.1 \$0	6.9	\$2.5	\$2.4	\$8.0	\$6.4	\$3.8	3 \$0.	6 \$21.4	\$16.3
Capital expenditures	3	.8 .:	5.1	12.6	4.3	10.2	26.	7 4.5	5 0.	5 31.1	36.6
Nine months ended Advanced September 30 Airlaid Other and Specialty											
Dollars in millions	Composi	te Fibers	Mater	ials	P	apers		Unalloc	ated	Total	
	2017	2016	2017				2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Net sales	\$400.6	\$391.6	\$190.	4 \$18	3.4 \$	600.3 5	\$638.9	\$—	\$—	\$1,191.4	\$1,213.9
Energy and related											
sales, net		_	—			3.3	4.0		—	3.3	4.0
Total revenue	400.6	391.6	190.	4 18	3.4	603.6	642.9			1,194.7	1,217.9
Cost of products sold	322.2	316.0	160.	7 15	7.5	555.7	574.1	14.0	8.6	1,052.6	1,056.2
Gross profit (loss)	78.4	75.6	29.7	25	.9	47.9	68.8	(14.0)	(8.6) 142.1	161.7
SG&A	32.9	35.1	6.9	6.2	2	36.0	40.9	24.7	22.6	100.5	104.8
(Gains) losses on dispositions of plant,											
aspositions of pluit,		_	_					_			_

equipment and timberlands, net											
Total operating income	•										
(loss)	45.5	40.5	22.8	19.7	11.9	27.9	(38.7)	(31.2)	41.7	56.9	
Non-operating expense	;						(13.7)	(12.7)	(13.7) (12.7)
Income (loss) before											
income taxes	\$45.5	\$40.5	\$22.8	\$19.7	\$11.9	\$27.9	\$(52.4)	(43.9)	\$27.9	\$44.2	
Supplementary Data											
Net tons sold											
(thousands)	124.5	116.7	76.6	74.1	578.4	597.7					