Triumph Bancorp, Inc. Form 10-Q
October 20, 2017
UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-Q
QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2017
OR
TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF
1934 For the transition period from to
Commission File Number 001-36722
TRIUMPH BANCORP, INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Texas 20-0477066 (State or other jurisdiction of (I.R.S. Employer

incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

12700 Park Central Drive, Suite 1700

Dallas, Texas 75251

(Address of principal executive offices)

(214) 365-6900

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Common Stock — \$0.01 par value, 20,820,900 shares, as of October 17, 2017

TRIUMPH BANCORP, INC.

FORM 10-Q

September 30, 2017

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>PART I — FINANCIAL INFORMATIO</u>N

Item 1.	Financial Statements Consolidated Balance Sheets Consolidated Statements of Income Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income	2 3 4
	Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows Condensed Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	5 6 8
Item 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	36
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risks	75
Item 4.	Controls and Procedures	76
PART II —	- OTHER INFORMATION	
Item 1.	<u>Legal Proceedings</u>	77
Item 1A.	Risk Factors	77
Item 2.	Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	77
Item 3.	<u>Defaults Upon Senior Securities</u>	77
Item 4.	Mine Safety Disclosures	77
Item 5.	Other Information	77

Item 6. Exhibits 77

PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)

	September 30, 2017 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2016
ASSETS		
Cash and due from banks	\$ 34,120	\$ 38,613
Interest bearing deposits with other banks	46,437	75,901
Total cash and cash equivalents	80,557	114,514
Securities - available for sale	209,326	275,029
Securities - held to maturity, fair value of \$17,659 and \$30,821, respectively	17,999	29,352
Loans, net of allowance for loan and lease losses of \$20,367 and \$15,405,		
respectively	2,405,096	2,012,219
Federal Home Loan Bank stock, at cost	16,076	8,430
Premises and equipment, net	43,678	45,460
Other real estate owned, net	10,753	6,077
Goodwill	28,810	28,810
Intangible assets, net	13,642	17,721
Bank-owned life insurance	37,025	36,509
Deferred tax assets, net	14,130	18,825
Other assets	29,069	48,121
Total assets	\$ 2,906,161	\$ 2,641,067
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Liabilities		
Deposits		
Noninterest bearing	\$ 403,643	\$ 363,351
Interest bearing	1,608,902	1,652,434
Total deposits	2,012,545	2,015,785
Customer repurchase agreements	19,869	10,490
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	385,000	230,000
Subordinated notes	48,804	48,734
Junior subordinated debentures	33,047	32,740
Other liabilities	20,799	13,973
Total liabilities	2,520,064	2,351,722
Commitments and contingencies - See Note 8 and Note 9		
Stockholders' equity - See Note 12		
Preferred Stock	9,658	9,746
Common stock	209	182
Additional paid-in-capital	264,531	197,157

Treasury stock, at cost	(1,760) (1,374)
Retained earnings	113,245	83,910	
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	214	(276)
Total stockholders' equity	386,097	289,345	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 2,906,161	\$ 2,641,067	
See accompanying condensed notes to consolidated financial statements.			

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 and 2016

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

	Three Mo Ended September 2017		Nine Month September 2017	
Interest and dividend income:				
Loans, including fees	\$30,863	\$23,123	\$86,711	\$57,758
Factored receivables, including fees	12,198	9,021	32,177	25,482
Securities	1,655	1,218	5,004	2,941
FHLB stock	51	16	129	39
Cash deposits	370	93	986	498
Total interest income	45,137	33,471	125,007	86,718
Interest expense:				
Deposits	3,272	2,408	9,198	6,421
Subordinated notes	837		2,508	
Junior subordinated debentures	495	382	1,435	996
Other borrowings	1,021	263	1,978	487
Total interest expense	5,625	3,053	15,119	7,904
Net interest income	39,512	30,418	109,888	78,814
Provision for loan losses	572	2,819	9,697	4,247
Net interest income after provision for loan losses	38,940	27,599	100,191	74,567
Noninterest income:				
Service charges on deposits	1,046	984	3,003	2,338
Card income	956	767	2,700	1,890
Net OREO gains (losses) and valuation adjustments	15	63	(86)	(1,152)
Net gains (losses) on sale of securities	35	(68)	35	(63)
Net gains on sale of loans		_		16
Fee income	625	655	1,845	1,693
Asset management fees		1,553	1,717	4,787
Gain on sale of subsidiary	_	_	20,860	_
Other	1,494	2,145	6,584	5,239
Total noninterest income	4,171	6,099	36,658	14,748
Noninterest expense:				
Salaries and employee benefits	16,717	14,699	54,687	39,180
Occupancy, furniture and equipment	2,398	1,921	7,105	4,937
FDIC insurance and other regulatory assessments	294	143	790	648

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Professional fees	1,465	1,874	4,671	4,048
Amortization of intangible assets	870	958	2,892	2,652
Advertising and promotion	804	779	2,653	1,926
Communications and technology	2,145	1,966	6,552	4,661
Other	3,532	3,452	11,033	8,149
Total noninterest expense	28,225	25,792	90,383	66,201
Net income before income tax	14,886	7,906	46,466	23,114
Income tax expense	5,104	3,099	16,551	8,675
Net income	9,782	4,807	29,915	14,439
Dividends on preferred stock	(195)	(301)	(580) (690)
Net income available to common stockholders	\$9,587	\$4,506	\$29,335	\$13,749
Earnings per common share				
Basic	\$0.48	\$0.25	\$1.58	\$0.77
Diluted	\$0.47	\$0.25	\$1.53	\$0.76

See accompanying condensed notes to consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 and 2016

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

	Three M	Ionths	Nine Mo	nths
	Ended		Ended	
	Septeml	oer 30,	Septembe	er 30,
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Net income	\$9,782	\$4,807	\$29,915	\$14,439
Other comprehensive income:				
Unrealized gains (losses) on securities:				
Unrealized holding gains (losses) arising during the period	124	(597)	815	1,396
Reclassification of amount realized through sale of securities	(35)	68	(35)	63
Tax effect	(33)	196	(290)	(544)
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	56	(333)	490	915
Comprehensive income	\$9,838	\$4,474	\$30,405	\$15,354

See accompanying condensed notes to consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 and 2016

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

	Preferred Stock Liquidation Preference Amount		Par	Additional Paid-in- ntCapital	Treasury Shares Outstand		Retained Earnings	Accumula Other Compreh Income	
Balance, January 1, 2016	\$9,746	18,018,200	\$ 181	\$194,297	34,523	\$(560) \$64,097	\$ 277	\$268,038
Issuance of restricted stock awards	—	101,105	1	(1)		Ψ(300 —	—	—	ф200,030 —
Stock based compensation	_	_	_	1,864	_	_	_	_	1,864
Forfeiture of restricted stock awards	_	(7,274	_	111	7,274	(111) —	_	_
Excess tax benefit on restricted stock		(,,, ,		35	· , _ · ·	(,		25
vested Purchase of	_	_	_	33	_	_	_	_	35
treasury stock Series A		(5,053)		_	5,053	(80)	_	(80)
preferred dividends	_	_	_	_	_	_	(274) —	(274)
Series B preferred							(212	`	(212
dividends TARP preferred	_	_		_	<u> </u>	_	(312) —	(312)
stock assumed in acquisition	10,500	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	10,500
TARP preferred dividends	_	_		_		_	(104) —	(104)
Redemption of TARP preferred	(10.500.)						`		, , ,
stock	(10,500)	_		_	_	_	-	-	(10,500)

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			· ·		•	•	•						
Net income			_						14,439			14,439)
Other													
comprehensive													
income						_			_		915	915	
Balance,													
September 30,													
2016	\$9,746		18,106,978	3	\$ 182	\$196,306	46,850	\$(751) \$77,846	¢	5 1,192	\$284,52	21
2010	Ψ,,,,,		10,100,570	,	Ψ102	Ψ190,300	10,050	ψ(751) \$77,010	4	1,172	Ψ201,52	,1
Balance, January													
1, 2017	\$9,746		18,078,247	7	\$ 182	\$197,157	76 118	\$(1.37/	\$83,910	4	6 (276) \$289,34	15
Issuance of	Ψ 2,7 το		10,070,247		ψ 102	Ψ177,137	70,110	Ψ(1,377	τ) ψ05,210	4	0 (270) \$207,5	rJ
common stock,													
net of expenses			2,530,000		25	65,503						65,528)
Issuance of			2,330,000		23	05,505	<u>—</u>					05,520	,
restricted stock			45 722										
awards	_		45,732				_	_			_	_	
Stock based						1 404						1 404	
compensation	—					1,484	—		-		—	1,484	
Forfeiture of													
restricted stock													
awards	_		(853)	_	20	853	(20) —		_	_	
Stock option													
exercises, net	_		22,731		_	281	_	_	_		—	281	
Warrant													
exercises, net			153,134		2	(2)	_				_		
Purchase of													
treasury stock	_		(14,197)	_	_	14,197	(366) —		_	(366)
Preferred stock													
converted to													
common stock	(88))	6,106		_	88	_	_			_	_	
Series A													
preferred													
dividends			_			_	_		(273)		(273)
Series B													
preferred													
dividends	_						_	_	(307)		(307)
Net income	_				_		_	_	29,915		_	29,915	5
Other													
comprehensive													
income	_						_	_			490	490	
Balance,												.,, 0	
September 30,													
2017	\$9,658		20,820,900)	\$ 209	\$264,531	91 168	\$(1.760) \$113,245	¢	5 214	\$386,09)7
See accompanyin	•	ed						Ψ(1,700	, φ110,210	4	-11	Ψ 2 0 0,0 2	

See accompanying condensed notes to consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 and 2016

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

	Nine Mor Septembe 2017	r 30	0,	
Cash flaves from anarating activities:	2017		2016	
Cash flows from operating activities: Net income	¢20.015		¢ 1.4.420	
	\$29,915	ď	\$14,439	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	2,892		1,905	
Depreciation Net accretion on loans and deposits	(5,374)	(4,833	1
Amortization of subordinated notes issuance costs	70)	(4,033)
	307		225	
Amortization of junior subordinated debentures Net amortization on securities	823			
	2,892		1,242 2,652	
Amortization of intangible assets Deferred taxes	4,405		(427)
Provision for loan losses	9,697		4,247)
Stock based compensation	1,484		1,864	\
Origination of loans held for sale	_		(891)
Proceeds from sale of loans originated for sale	(25	\	2,248 63	
Net (gains) losses on sale of securities	(35)		\
Net (gain) loss on loans transferred to loans held for sale	46 —		(167)
Net gains on sale of loans			(16)
Net OREO (gains) losses and valuation adjustments	86	\	1,152	
Gain on sale of subsidiary	(20,860		— (2.415	
Income from CLO warehouse investments)	(2,415)
(Increase) decrease in other assets	1,857		3,746	
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities	6,741		(3,458)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	32,992		21,576	
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Purchases of securities available for sale	(-) -)	(3,414)
Proceeds from sales of securities available for sale	2,936		24,327	
Proceeds from maturities, calls, and pay downs of securities available for sale	66,253		17,330	
Purchases of securities held to maturity	. ,)	(29,117)
Proceeds from maturities, calls, and pay downs of securities held to maturity	17,993		_	
Purchases of loans (shared national credits)	_		(995)
Proceeds from sale of loans	1,919		9,057	
Net change in loans	(394,859	€)	(222,32	6)
Purchases of premises and equipment, net	(-,-,-)	(3,003)
Net proceeds from sale of OREO	1,708		1,709	

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Net cash paid for CLO warehouse investments	_	(15,000)
Net proceeds from CLO warehouse investments	20,000	25,500
(Purchases) redemptions of FHLB stock, net	(7,646)	(4,029)
Cash paid for acquisitions, net of cash acquired		(14,479)
Proceeds from sale of subsidiary, net	10,269	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(292,951)	(214,440)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Net increase in deposits	(3,240)	48,894
Increase (decrease) in customer repurchase agreements	9,379	6,012
Increase (decrease) in Federal Home Loan Bank advances	155,000	100,000
Proceeds from the issuance of other borrowings	_	48,676
Issuance of common stock, net of expenses	65,528	
Redemption of TARP preferred stock	_	(10,500)
Stock option exercises	281	
Purchase of treasury stock	(366)	(80)
Dividends on preferred stock	(580)	(690)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	226,002	192,312
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(33,957)	(552)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	114,514	105,277
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$80,557	\$104,725
See accompanying condensed notes to consolidated financial statements.		

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 and 2016

(Dollar amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)

(Unaudited)

	Nine Mor Ended September	
	2017	2016
Supplemental cash flow information:		
Interest paid	\$13,609	\$7,415
Income taxes paid, net	\$7,676	\$7,478
Supplemental noncash disclosures:		
Loans transferred to OREO	\$6,194	\$425
Premises transferred to OREO	\$276	\$2,215
Loans transferred to loans held for sale	\$1,919	\$18,680
Consideration received from sale of subsidiary	\$12,123	\$—

TRIUMPH BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Operations

Triumph Bancorp, Inc. (collectively with its subsidiaries, "Triumph", or the "Company" as applicable) is a financial holding company headquartered in Dallas, Texas. The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries Triumph CRA Holdings, LLC ("TCRA"), TBK Bank, SSB ("TBK Bank"), TBK Bank's wholly owned subsidiary Advance Business Capital LLC, which currently operates under the d/b/a of Triumph Business Capital ("TBC"), and TBK Bank's wholly owned subsidiary Triumph Insurance Group, Inc. ("TIG").

TBK Bank also does business under the following names: (i) Triumph Community Bank ("TCB") with respect to its community banking business in certain markets; (ii) Triumph Commercial Finance ("TCF") with respect to its asset based lending, equipment lending and general factoring commercial finance products; (iii) Triumph Healthcare Finance ("THF") with respect to its healthcare asset based lending business; and (iv) Triumph Premium Finance ("TPF") with respect to its insurance premium financing business.

On March 31, 2017 the Company sold its membership interests in its wholly owned subsidiary Triumph Capital Advisors, LLC ("TCA"). See Note 2 – Business Combinations and Divestitures for details of the TCA sale and its impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with United States Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") for interim financial information and in accordance with guidance provided by the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). Accordingly, the condensed financial statements do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all normal and recurring adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation. Transactions between the subsidiaries have been eliminated. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016. Operating results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2017.

The Company has four reportable segments consisting of Banking, Factoring, Asset Management, and Corporate. The Company's Chief Executive Officer uses segment results to make operating and strategic decisions. On March 31, 2017 the Company sold its membership interests in TCA, which comprised the entirety of the Asset Management segment's operations. See Note 2 – Business Combinations and Divestitures for details of the TCA sale and its impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Adoption of New Accounting Standards

In March 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2016-09, "Compensation – Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting" ("ASU 2016-09"). The FASB issued this ASU to improve the accounting for share-based payments. ASU 2016-09 simplifies several aspects of the accounting for share-based payment award transactions, including: the presentation of income tax consequences, classification of awards as either equity or liabilities, classification on the statement of cash flows, and calculation of diluted earnings per share. The new standard was effective for the Company on January 1, 2017. Adoption of ASU 2016-09 did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In March 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-08, "Receivables – Nonrefundable Fees and Other Costs (Subtopic 310-20), Premium Amortization on Purchased Callable Debt Securities" ("ASU 2017-08"). These amendments shorten the amortization period for certain callable debt securities held at a premium. Specifically, the amendments require the premium to be amortized to the earliest call date. The amendments do not require an accounting change for securities held at a discount; the discount continues to be amortized to maturity. The guidance is effective for public business entities for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2018. As permitted by the amendment, the Company elected to early adopt the provisions of this ASU as of January 1, 2017. Adoption of ASU 2017-08 did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

TRIUMPH BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

Newly Issued, But Not Yet Effective Accounting Standards

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" ("ASU 2014-09"), which requires an entity to recognize the amount of revenue to which it expects to be entitled for the transfer of promised goods or services to customers. The ASU will replace most existing revenue recognition guidance in GAAP when it becomes effective. The new standard is effective for the Company on January 1, 2018. Adoption of the ASU is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements and related disclosures. The Company's primary sources of revenue are derived from interest and dividends earned on loans, investment securities, and other financial instruments that are not within the scope of ASU 2014-09. The Company's revenue recognition pattern for revenue streams within the scope of ASU 2014-09, including but not limited to service charges on deposit accounts and gains/losses on the sale of OREO, is not expected to change significantly from current practice. The standard permits the use of either the full retrospective or modified retrospective transition method. The Company is currently planning to use the modified retrospective transition method which requires application of ASU 2014-09 to uncompleted contracts at the date of adoption. Periods prior to the date of adoption are not retrospectively revised, but a cumulative effect of adoption is recognized for the impact of the ASU on uncompleted contracts at the date of adoption.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-01, "Financial Instruments – Overall: Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities" ("ASU 2016-01"). The guidance affects the accounting for equity investments, financial liabilities under the fair value option and the presentation and disclosure requirements of financial instruments. ASU 2016-01 will be effective for the Company on January 1, 2018 and is not expected to have a significant impact on our consolidated financial statements and related disclosures.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, "Leases (Topic 842)" ("ASU 2016-02"). The FASB issued this ASU to increase transparency and comparability among organizations by recognizing lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet by lessees for those leases classified as operating leases under current U.S. GAAP and disclosing key information about leasing arrangements. The amendments in this ASU are effective for annual periods, and interim periods within those annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2018. Early application of this ASU is permitted for all entities. Adoption of ASU 2016-02 is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements. The Company leases certain properties and equipment under operating leases that will result in the recognition of lease assets and lease liabilities on the Company's balance sheet under the ASU, however, the majority of the Company's properties and equipment are owned, not leased. At September 30, 2017, the Company had contractual operating lease commitments of approximately \$6,459,000, before considering renewal options that are generally present.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-13, "Financial Instruments – Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments" ("ASU 2016-13"). Among other things, ASU 2016-13 requires the measurement of all expected credit losses for financial assets held at the reporting date based on historical experience, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts. Financial institutions and other organizations will now use forward-looking information to form their credit loss estimates. Many of the loss estimation techniques applied today will still be permitted, although the inputs to those techniques will change to reflect the full amount of expected credit losses. In addition, ASU 2016-13 amends the accounting for credit losses on debt securities and purchased financial assets with credit deterioration. The amendments in ASU 2016-13 are effective for fiscal years beginning after

December 31, 2019, and interim periods within those years for public business entities that are SEC filers. Early adoption is permitted for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2018, however, the Company does not currently plan to early adopt the ASU. The Company has formed a cross functional team that is assessing the Company's data and system needs and evaluating the impact that adoption of this standard will have on the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

TRIUMPH BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

NOTE 2 – Business combinations AND DIVESTITURES

Valley Bancorp, Inc.

On July 26, 2017, the Company entered into an agreement to acquire Valley Bancorp, Inc. ("Valley") and its community banking subsidiary, Valley Bank & Trust, in an all-cash transaction for \$39,000,000, subject to certain adjustments based upon Valley's tangible book value at the closing of the transaction. Valley had total assets of \$331,000,000, total loans of \$174,000,000, and total deposits of \$296,000,000 as of September 30, 2017. Valley Bank & Trust serves individuals and business customers from seven locations across the northern front range including Brighton, Dacono, Denver, Hudson, Westminster and Strasburg, Colorado. The transaction is expected to close during the fourth quarter of 2017 and is subject to certain customary closing conditions, including receipt of regulatory approval.

Independent Bank Colorado Branches

On October 6, 2017, the Company completed its acquisition of nine branch locations in Colorado from Independent Bank Group, Inc.'s banking subsidiary Independent Bank. The Company purchased approximately \$99,000,000 in loans and assumed approximately \$162,000,000 in deposits associated with the branches for an aggregate deposit premium of approximately \$6,800,000 or 4.2%.

Triumph Capital Advisors, LLC

On March 31, 2017, the Company sold its wholly owned asset management subsidiary, Triumph Capital Advisors, LLC, to an unrelated third party. The transaction was completed to enhance shareholder value and provide a platform for TCA to operate without the impact of regulations intended for depository institutions and their holding companies.

A summary of the consideration received and the gain on sale is as follows:

(Dollars in thousands)	
Consideration received (fair value):	
Cash	\$10,554
Loan receivable	10,500
Revenue share	1,623
Total consideration received	22,677
Carrying value of TCA membership interest	1,417
Gain on sale of subsidiary	21,260
Transaction costs	400
Gain on sale of subsidiary, net of transaction costs	\$20,860

The Company financed a portion of the consideration received with a \$10,500,000 term credit facility. Terms of the floating rate credit facility provide for quarterly principal and interest payments with an interest rate floor of 5.50%, maturing on March 31, 2023. The Company received a \$25,000 origination fee associated with the term credit facility that was deferred and is being accreted over the contractual life of the loan as a yield adjustment.

In addition, the Company is entitled to receive an annual earn-out payment representing 3% of TCA's future annual gross revenue, with a total maximum earn-out amount of \$2,500,000. The revenue share earn-out was considered contingent consideration which the Company recorded as an asset at its estimated fair value of \$1,623,000 on the date of sale.

The Company incurred pre-tax expenses related to the transaction, including professional fees and other direct transaction costs, totaling \$400,000 which were netted against the gain on sale of subsidiary in the consolidated statements of income.

Southern Transportation Insurance Agency

On September 1, 2016, the Company acquired Southern Transportation Insurance Agency, Ltd. in an all-cash transaction for \$2,150,000. The purpose of the acquisition was to expand the Company's product offerings for clients in the transportation industry. The Company recognized an intangible asset of \$1,580,000 and goodwill of \$570,000, which were allocated to the Company's Banking segment. Goodwill resulted from expected enhanced product offerings and is being amortized for tax purposes.

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

ColoEast Bankshares, Inc.

On August 1, 2016, the Company acquired 100% of the outstanding common stock of ColoEast Bankshares, Inc. ("ColoEast") and its community banking subsidiary, Colorado East Bank & Trust, in an all-cash transaction for \$70,000,000. The Company also assumed \$10,500,000 of ColoEast preferred stock issued in conjunction with the U.S. Government's Treasury Asset Relief Program ("TARP Preferred Stock"). Colorado East Bank & Trust, which was merged into TBK Bank upon closing, offered personal checking, savings, CD, money market, HSA, IRA, NOW and business accounts, as well as commercial and consumer loans from 18 branches and one loan production office located throughout Colorado and far western Kansas. The acquisition expanded the Company's market into Colorado and Kansas and further diversified the Company's loan, customer, and deposit base.

A summary of the fair values of assets acquired, liabilities assumed, consideration transferred, and the resulting goodwill is as follows:

	Initial Values Recorded	Measurement	
	at Acquisition	Period	Adjusted
(Dollars in thousands)	Date	Adjustments	Values
Assets acquired:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 57,671	\$ —	\$57,671
Securities	161,693	_	161,693
Loans	460,775	_	460,775
FHLB and Federal Reserve Bank stock	550	_	550
Premises and equipment	23,940	_	23,940
Other real estate owned	3,105	(143) 2,962
Intangible assets	7,238	_	7,238
Bank-owned life insurance	6,400	_	6,400
Deferred income taxes	4,511	(70) 4,441
Other assets	10,022	_	10,022
	735,905	(213	735,692
Liabilities assumed:			
Deposits	652,952	_	652,952
Junior subordinated debentures	7,728	_	7,728
Other liabilities	6,784	_	6,784
	667,464	_	667,464
Fair value of net assets acquired	68,441	(213) 68,228
Cash paid	70,000	_	70,000
TARP Preferred Stock assumed	10,500	_	10,500
Consideration transferred	80,500	<u> </u>	80,500
Goodwill	\$ 12,059	\$ 213	\$12,272

The consideration transferred was comprised of a combination of cash and the assumption of ColoEast's TARP Preferred Stock. The Company recognized goodwill of \$12,272,000, which included measurement period adjustments related to the final valuation of other real estate owned acquired in the transaction and the finalization of income taxes associated with the transaction. Goodwill was calculated as the excess of both the consideration exchanged and liabilities assumed as compared to the fair value of identifiable net assets acquired and was allocated to the Company's Banking segment. The goodwill in this acquisition resulted from expected synergies and expansion into the Colorado and Kansas markets. The goodwill is not being amortized for tax purposes.

The TARP Preferred Stock assumed in the acquisition was redeemed by the Company at par on August 31, 2016.

TRIUMPH BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

In connection with the ColoEast acquisition, the Company acquired loans both with and without evidence of credit quality deterioration since origination. The acquired loans were initially recorded at fair value with no carryover of any allowance for loan losses. Acquired loans were segregated between those considered to be purchased credit impaired ("PCI") loans and those without credit impairment at acquisition. The following table presents details on acquired loans at the acquisition date:

	Loans,		
	Excluding	PCI	Total
(Dollars in thousands)	PCI Loans	Loans	Loans
Commercial real estate	\$ 86,569	\$10,907	\$97,476
Construction, land development, land	58,718	2,933	61,651
1-4 family residential properties	36,412	91	36,503
Farmland	100,977	233	101,210
Commercial	151,605	5,129	156,734
Factored receivables	694		694
Consumer	6,507	_	6,507
	\$441.482	\$19.293	\$460.775

The operations of ColoEast are included in the Company's operating results beginning August 1, 2016.

Expenses related to the acquisition, including professional fees and integration costs, totaling \$1,618,000 were recorded in noninterest expense in the consolidated statements of income during the three months ended September 30, 2016.

NOTE 3 - SECURITIES

Securities have been classified in the financial statements as available for sale or held to maturity. The amortized cost of securities and their approximate fair values at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are as follows:

		Gross	Gross	
(Dollars in thousands)	Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair
September 30, 2017	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value
Available for sale securities:				
U.S. Government agency obligations	\$ 125,347	\$ 449	\$ (422) \$125,374
U.S. Treasury notes	1,936	15	_	1,951
Mortgage-backed securities, residential	21,150	390	(101) 21,439
Asset backed securities	12,492	60	(71) 12,481
State and municipal	25,169	21	(133) 25,057

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Corporate bonds	20,752	110	(4) 20,858
SBA pooled securities	139	2		141
Mutual fund	2,000	25		2,025
Total available for sale securities	\$208,985	\$ 1,072	\$ (731) \$209,326
		Gross	Gross	
	Amortized	Gross Unrecognized		ed Fair
	Amortized Cost			ed Fair Value
Held to maturity securities:		Unrecognized	Unrecognize	
Held to maturity securities: CLO securities		Unrecognized	Unrecognize	

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

		Gross	Gross	
(Dollars in thousands)	Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair
December 31, 2016	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value
Available for sale securities:				
U.S. Government agency obligations	\$ 180,945	\$ 640	\$ (643	\$180,942
Mortgage-backed securities, residential	24,710	453	(173)	24,990
Asset backed securities	13,031	30	(159)	12,902
State and municipal	27,339	6	(708)	26,637
Corporate bonds	27,287	106	(3)	27,390
SBA pooled securities	156	1	<u> </u>	157
Mutual fund	2,000	11	_	2,011
Total available for sale securities	\$ 275,468	\$ 1,247	\$ (1,686)	\$275,029
		Gross	Gross	
	Amortized	Unrecognized	Unrecognized	Fair
	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value
Held to maturity securities:				
CLO securities	\$29,352	\$ 1,527	\$ (58)	\$30,821

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of securities at September 30, 2017, by contractual maturity, are shown below. Expected maturities will differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

	Available for Sale Securities		Held to N Securities	•
	Amortized	Fair	Amortize	dFair
(Dollars in thousands)	Cost	Value	Cost	Value
Due in one year or less	\$46,995	\$46,965	\$ —	\$ —
Due from one year to five years	104,197	104,315		_
Due from five years to ten years	7,570	7,520	9,470	10,017
Due after ten years	14,442	14,440	8,529	7,642
	173,204	173,240	17,999	17,659
Mortgage-backed securities, residential	21,150	21,439		
Asset backed securities	12,492	12,481	_	
SBA pooled securities	139	141		
Mutual fund	2,000	2,025	_	_

\$208,985 \$209,326 \$17,999 \$17,659

Proceeds from sales of securities and the associated gross gains and losses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

	Three Months		Nine Months	
	Ended		Ended	
	Septeml	oer 30,	Septemb	oer 30,
(Dollars in thousands)	2017	2016	2017	2016
Proceeds	\$2,936	\$19,982	\$2,936	\$24,327
Gross gains	35	5	35	10
Gross losses	_	73	_	73

Securities with a carrying amount of approximately \$123,616,000 and \$194,571,000 at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively, were pledged to secure public deposits, customer repurchase agreements, and for other purposes required or permitted by law.

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

Information pertaining to securities with gross unrealized and unrecognized losses at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous loss position, are summarized as follows:

	Less than	12 Months		hs or More	Total	
(Dollars in thousands)	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized
September 30, 2017	Value	Losses	Value	Losses	Value	Losses
Available for sale securities:						
U.S. Government agency obligations	\$10,139	\$ (20) \$44,942	\$ (402) \$55,081	\$ (422)
U.S. Treasury notes	_	_	_	_	<u> </u>	_
Mortgage-backed securities,						
residential	4,308	(34) 2,039	(67) 6,347	(101)
Asset backed securities	4,900	(71) —	_	4,900	(71)
State and municipal	6,448	(31) 13,840	(102) 20,288	(133)
Corporate bonds	371	(4) —	_	371	(4)
SBA pooled securities				_	_	_
Mutual fund	_	_	_	_	_	_
	\$26,166	\$ (160) \$60,821	\$ (571) \$86,987	\$ (731)
	Less than	12 Months	12 Montl	hs or More	Total	
(Dollars in thousands)	Fair	Unrecognize	ed Fair	Unrecognize	ed Fair	Unrecognized
September 30, 2017	Value	Losses	Value	Losses	Value	Losses
Held to maturity securities:						
CLO securities	\$1,863	\$ (26) \$5,779	\$ (862) \$7,642	\$ (888)
	Less than	12 Months	12 Montl	hs or More	Total	
(Dollars in thousands)	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized	Fair	Unrealized
December 31, 2016	Value	Losses	Value	Losses	Value	Losses
U.S. Government agency obligations	\$95,362	\$ (643) \$—	\$ —	\$95,362	\$ (643)
Mortgage-backed securities,	, ,				, ,	, ,
residential	6,594	(173) —		6,594	(173)
Asset backed securities	_	_	7,946	(159) 7,946	(159)
State and municipal	25,771	(708) —	_	25,771	(708)
Corporate bonds	372	(3) —	_	372	(3)
SBA pooled securities	_		_	_		
Mutual fund	_	_	_	_	_	
	¢ 120 000	¢ (1.527) \$7.046	\$ (159) \$136,045	\$ (1,686)
	\$128,099	D (1)2/) J / . 940	D (1.)9	1 0 1.30.04.3	D (1.000)
	\$128,099	\$ (1,527) \$7,946	\$ (139) \$130,043	\$ (1,000)

(Dollars in thousands) December 31, 2016	Fair Value	Unrecognized Losses	Fair Value	Unrecognized Losses	Fair Value	Unrecognize Losses	d
Held to maturity securities:							
CLO securities	\$3,323	\$ (58	\$	\$ —	\$3,323	\$ (58)

Management evaluates securities for other than temporary impairment at least on a quarterly basis, and more frequently when economic or market concerns warrant such evaluation. Consideration is given to (1) the length of time and the extent to which the fair value has been less than cost, (2) the financial condition and near-term prospects of the issuer, and (3) the intent and ability of the Company to retain its investment in the security for a period of time sufficient to allow for any anticipated recovery in fair value.

TRIUMPH BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

At September 30, 2017, the Company had 71 securities in an unrealized loss position. Management does not have the intent to sell any of these securities and believes that it is more likely than not that the Company will not have to sell any such securities before a recovery of cost. The fair value is expected to recover as the securities approach their maturity date or repricing date or if market yields for such investments decline. Management does not believe that any of the securities are impaired due to reasons of credit quality. Accordingly, as of September 30, 2017, management believes that the unrealized losses detailed in the previous table are temporary and no other than temporary impairment loss has been recognized in the Company's consolidated statements of income.

NOTE 4 - LOANS AND ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN AND LEASE LOSSES

The following table presents the recorded investment and unpaid principal for loans at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016:

	September 3	0, 2017		December 3	1, 2016	
	Recorded	Unpaid		Recorded	Unpaid	
(Dollars in thousands)	Investment	Principal	Difference	Investment	Principal	Difference
Commercial real estate	\$574,530	\$579,896	\$ (5,366) \$442,237	\$447,926	\$ (5,689)
Construction, land development, land	141,368	143,200	(1,832) 109,812	113,211	(3,399)
1-4 family residential properties	96,032	97,469	(1,437) 104,974	106,852	(1,878)
Farmland	130,471	131,528	(1,057) 141,615	142,673	(1,058)
Commercial	890,372	893,268	(2,896	778,643	783,349	(4,706)
Factored receivables	341,880	343,684	(1,804) 238,198	239,432	(1,234)
Consumer	30,093	30,110	(17) 29,764	29,782	(18)
Mortgage warehouse	220,717	220,717		182,381	182,381	
Total	2,425,463	\$2,439,872	\$ (14,409) 2,027,624	\$2,045,606	\$(17,982)
Allowance for loan and lease losses	(20,367)			(15,405)	
	\$2,405,096			\$2,012,219		

The difference between the recorded investment and the unpaid principal balance is primarily associated with (1) premiums and discounts associated with acquisition date fair value adjustments on acquired loans (both PCI and non-PCI) totaling \$10,807,000 and \$15,210,000 at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively, and (2) net deferred origination and factoring fees totaling \$3,602,000 and \$2,772,000 at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively.

At September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company had \$31,833,000 and \$23,597,000, respectively, of customer reserves associated with factored receivables. These amounts represent customer reserves held to settle any payment disputes or collection shortfalls, may be used to pay customers' obligations to various third parties as directed by the customer, are periodically released to or withdrawn by customers, and are reported as deposits in the consolidated balance sheets.

Loans with carrying amounts of \$505,516,000 and \$497,573,000 at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively, were pledged to secure Federal Home Loan Bank borrowing capacity.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2017, loans with a carrying amount of \$1,965,000 were transferred to loans held for sale as the Company made the decision to sell the loans. These loans were subsequently sold resulting in proceeds of \$1,919,000 and losses on sale of loans of \$46,000, which were recorded as other noninterest income in the consolidated statements of income for the nine months ended September 30, 2017. No loans were transferred to loans held for sale during the three months ended September 30, 2017. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, loans with a carrying amount of \$14,394,000 and \$18,513,000, respectively, were transferred to loans held for sale. These loans were subsequently sold resulting in proceeds of \$14,642,000 and \$18,680,000, respectively, and gains on sale of loans of \$248,000 and \$167,000, respectively.

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses

The activity in the allowance for loan and lease losses ("ALLL") during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 is as follows:

(Dollars in thousands)	Beginning				Ending
Three months ended September 30, 2017	Balance	Provision	Charge-offs	Recoveries	Balance
Commercial real estate	\$ 2,506	\$ 58	\$ —	\$ —	\$2,564
Construction, land development, land	915	210	_	_	1,125
1-4 family residential properties	149	111	(1) 23	282
Farmland	261	(22) —	_	239
Commercial	10,603	(629	(755) 929	10,148
Factored receivables	4,507	645	(136) 30	5,046
Consumer	627	208	(270) 178	743
Mortgage warehouse	229	(9) —		220
	\$ 19,797	\$ 572	\$ (1,162	\$ 1,160	\$20,367
(Dollars in thousands)	Beginning				Ending
(Dollars in thousands) Three months ended September 30, 2016	Beginning Balance	Provision	Charge-offs	Recoveries	Ending Balance
,		Provision \$ 123	Charge-offs \$ (4	Recoveries) \$ 1	•
Three months ended September 30, 2016	Balance		Ü		Balance
Three months ended September 30, 2016 Commercial real estate	Balance \$ 1,792	\$ 123	Ü) \$ 1	Balance \$1,912
Three months ended September 30, 2016 Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land	Balance \$ 1,792 181	\$ 123 44	Ü) \$ 1 7	Balance \$1,912 232
Three months ended September 30, 2016 Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties	Balance \$ 1,792 181 259	\$ 123 44 (10	Ü) \$ 1 7	Balance \$1,912 232 255
Three months ended September 30, 2016 Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Farmland	Balance \$ 1,792 181 259 143	\$ 123 44 (10 (22	\$ (4 —) —) \$ 1 7 6 —	Balance \$1,912 232 255 121
Three months ended September 30, 2016 Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Farmland Commercial	Balance \$ 1,792 181 259 143 6,697	\$ 123 44 (10 (22 2,521	\$ (4 —) — (1,615) \$ 1 7 6 —) 217	Balance \$1,912 232 255 121 7,820
Three months ended September 30, 2016 Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Farmland Commercial Factored receivables	Balance \$ 1,792 181 259 143 6,697 4,204	\$ 123 44 (10 (22 2,521 (7	\$ (4 —) — (1,615) (285) \$ 1 7 6 —) 217) 33	Balance \$1,912 232 255 121 7,820 3,945

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands)	Beginning				Ending
Nine months ended September 30, 2017	Balance	Provision	Charge-offs	Recoveries	Balance
Commercial real estate	\$ 1,813	\$ 888	\$ (137) \$ —	\$2,564
Construction, land development, land	465	1,235	(582) 7	1,125
1-4 family residential properties	253	16	(29) 42	282
Farmland	170	69	_	_	239
Commercial	8,014	4,660	(3,833) 1,307	10,148
Factored receivables	4,088	1,978	(1,102) 82	5,046
Consumer	420	813	(877) 387	743
Mortgage warehouse	182	38	_	_	220
	\$ 15,405	\$ 9,697	\$ (6,560) \$ 1,825	\$20,367
(Dollars in thousands)	Beginning				Ending
Nine months ended September 30, 2016	Balance	Provision	Charge-offs	Recoveries	Balance
Commercial real estate	\$ 1,489	\$ 413	\$ (5) \$ 15	\$1,912
Construction, land development, land	367	(142)	· —	7	232
1-4 family residential properties	274	(38	(63) 82	255
Farmland	134	(13	· —		121
Commercial					
Commercial	5,276	3,680	(1,784) 648	7,820
Factored receivables	5,276 4,509	3,680 77	(1,784 (743) 648) 102	7,820 3,945
				<i>'</i>	
Factored receivables	4,509	77	(743) 102	3,945

The following table presents loans individually and collectively evaluated for impairment, as well as purchased credit impaired ("PCI") loans, and their respective ALLL allocations:

(Dollars in thousands)	Loan Eva					Allocations		
September 30, 2017	Individua	al C yollectively	PCI	Total loans	Individu	ıa Ilo yllective	ly PCI	Total ALLL
Commercial real estate	\$843	\$563,655	\$10,032	\$574,530	\$125	\$ 2,439	\$ —	\$ 2,564
Construction, land								
development, land	136	138,379	2,853	141,368		1,125		1,125
1-4 family residential								
properties	1,923	92,991	1,118	96,032	152	130	_	282
Farmland	3,241	127,116	114	130,471		239		239
Commercial	21,120	868,414	838	890,372	2,152	7,996		10,148
Factored receivables	4,519	337,361	_	341,880	1,517	3,529		5,046
Consumer	162	29,931	_	30,093	_	743		743
Mortgage warehouse		220,717		220,717		220		220
	\$31,944	\$2,378,564	\$14,955	\$2,425,463	\$3,946	\$ 16,421	\$	\$ 20,367

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(Dollars in thousands)	Loan Eva	aluation			ALLL A	Allocations		
December 31, 2016	Individua	al Cyollectively	PCI	Total loans	Individu	ua llo llectivel	y PCI	Total ALLL
Commercial real estate	\$1,456	\$427,918	\$12,863	\$442,237	\$100	\$ 1,358	\$355	\$ 1,813
Construction, land								
development, land	362	105,493	3,957	109,812	25	440		465
1-4 family residential								
properties	1,095	101,551	2,328	104,974	1	252	_	253
Farmland	1,333	140,045	237	141,615		170		170
Commercial	33,033	738,088	7,522	778,643	2,101	5,913		8,014
Factored receivables	3,176	235,022		238,198	1,546	2,542		4,088
Consumer	73	29,691	_	29,764	_	420		420
Mortgage warehouse		182,381		182,381		182		182
	\$40,528	\$1,960,189	\$26,907	\$2,027,624	\$3,773	\$ 11,277	\$355	\$ 15,405

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

The following is a summary of information pertaining to impaired loans. PCI loans that have not deteriorated subsequent to acquisition are not considered impaired and therefore do not require an allowance and are excluded from these tables.

(Dollars in thousands)	Credit Impaired	Loans and Loans Wit n Allowanc l Unpaid	Impaired Loans Without a Valuation Allowance Recorded Unpaid		
September 30, 2017	Investme	nPrincipal	Allowance	Investme	nPrincipal
Commercial real estate	\$168	\$168	\$ 125	\$675	\$709
Construction, land development, land	_	_		136	136
1-4 family residential properties	235	235	152	1,688	1,793
Farmland	_	_		3,241	3,332
Commercial	12,479	12,574	2,152	8,641	8,700
Factored receivables	4,519	4,519	1,517		
Consumer	_	_	_	162	160
Mortgage warehouse					
PCI	_	_		_	_
	\$17,401 \$17,496 \$ 3,946 Impaired Loans and Purchased Credit Impaired Loans With a Valuation Allowance			\$14,543 \$14,830 Impaired Loans Without a Valuation Allowance	
	Credit Impaired	Loans Wit	h a	Without a	a 1
(Dollars in thousands)	Credit Impaired Valuation	Loans Wit	h a	Without a Valuation Allowand	a 1 ce
(Dollars in thousands) December 31, 2016	Credit Impaired Valuation Recorded	Loans Wit	h a	Without a Valuation Allowand Recorded	a n ce l Unpaid
	Credit Impaired Valuation Recorded	Loans Wit n Allowanc l Unpaid	h a e Related	Without a Valuation Allowand Recorded	a 1 ce
December 31, 2016 Commercial real estate	Impaired Valuation Recorded Investme	Loans Wit n Allowanc l Unpaid mPrincipal	h a e Related Allowance	Without a Valuation Allowand Recorded Investme	a n ce I Unpaid nPrincipal
December 31, 2016	Credit Impaired Valuation Recorded Investme \$517	Loans Wit n Allowanc l Unpaid nPrincipal \$517	th a re Related Allowance \$ 100	Without a Valuation Allowand Recorded Investme \$939	a n ce I Unpaid nPrincipal \$1,011
December 31, 2016 Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land	Credit Impaired Valuation Recorded Investme \$517 277	Loans With Allowance Unpaid on Principal \$517	th a see Related Allowance \$ 100 25	Without a Valuation Allowand Recorded Investme \$939 85	a n ce I Unpaid nPrincipal \$1,011 86
December 31, 2016 Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties	Credit Impaired Valuation Recorded Investme \$517 277	Loans With Allowance Unpaid on Principal \$517	th a see Related Allowance \$ 100 25	Without a Valuation Allowand Recorded Investme \$939 85 1,087	a n ce l Unpaid nPrincipal \$1,011 86 1,215
December 31, 2016 Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Farmland	Credit Impaired Valuation Recorded Investme \$517 277 8 —	Loans With Allowance Unpaid enPrincipal \$517 275 14 —	h a Related Allowance \$ 100 25 1	Without a Valuation Allowand Recorded Investme \$939 85 1,087 1,333	a n ce l Unpaid nPrincipal \$1,011 86 1,215 1,364
December 31, 2016 Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Farmland Commercial	Credit Impaired Valuation Recorded Investme \$517 277 8 — 15,022	Loans With Allowance Unpaid on Principal \$517 275 14 — 15,018	Related Allowance \$ 100 25 1 — 2,101	Without a Valuation Allowand Recorded Investme \$939 85 1,087 1,333 18,011	a n ce l Unpaid nPrincipal \$1,011 86 1,215 1,364
December 31, 2016 Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Farmland Commercial Factored receivables	Credit Impaired Valuation Recorded Investme \$517 277 8 — 15,022	Loans With Allowance Unpaid on Principal \$517 275 14 — 15,018	h a re Related Allowance \$ 100 25 1 2,101 1,546	Without a Valuation Allowand Recorded Investme \$939 85 1,087 1,333 18,011	a n ce l Unpaid nPrincipal \$1,011 86 1,215 1,364 18,096 —
December 31, 2016 Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Farmland Commercial Factored receivables Consumer	Credit Impaired Valuation Recorded Investme \$517 277 8 — 15,022	Loans With Allowance Unpaid on Principal \$517 275 14 — 15,018	h a re Related Allowance \$ 100 25 1 2,101 1,546	Without a Valuation Allowand Recorded Investme \$939 85 1,087 1,333 18,011	a n ce l Unpaid nPrincipal \$1,011 86 1,215 1,364 18,096 —

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

The following table presents average impaired loans and interest recognized on impaired loans for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 September 30, 2 Average Interest Impaired Impaired Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 September 30, 2			er 30, 2016 Interest
(Dollars in thousands)	Loans	Recognized	Loans	Recognized
Commercial real estate	\$853	\$ —	\$682	\$ —
Construction, land development, land	135		276	
1-4 family residential properties	1,817	16	1,030	1
Farmland	3,361	14		
Commercial	22,003	167	21,648	163
Factored receivables	3,907	_	3,509	
Consumer	136	4	43	
Mortgage warehouse				
PCI	143	_	1,442	
	\$32,355	\$ 201	\$28,630	\$ 164
	Nine Mo	nths Ended	Nine Mo	nths Ended
		nths Ended er 30, 2017		nths Ended er 30, 2016
		er 30, 2017		er 30, 2016
	Septembe	er 30, 2017 Interest	Septembe	er 30, 2016 Interest
(Dollars in thousands)	September Average	er 30, 2017 Interest	September Average	er 30, 2016 Interest
(Dollars in thousands) Commercial real estate	September Average Impaired	er 30, 2017 Interest	September Average Impaired	er 30, 2016 Interest
	September Average Impaired Loans	er 30, 2017 Interest Recognized	September Average Impaired Loans	er 30, 2016 Interest Recognized
Commercial real estate	September Average Impaired Loans \$1,150	er 30, 2017 Interest Recognized	September Average Impaired Loans \$700	er 30, 2016 Interest Recognized \$ —
Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land	September Average Impaired Loans \$1,150 249	er 30, 2017 Interest Recognized \$ 1	September Average Impaired Loans \$700 138	er 30, 2016 Interest Recognized \$ — 2
Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties	September Average Impaired Loans \$1,150 249 1,509	er 30, 2017 Interest Recognized \$ 1 23	September Average Impaired Loans \$700 138	er 30, 2016 Interest Recognized \$ — 2
Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Farmland	September Average Impaired Loans \$1,150 249 1,509 2,287	er 30, 2017 Interest Recognized \$ 1 23 32	September Average Impaired Loans \$700 138 879 —	er 30, 2016 Interest Recognized \$ — 2 9 —
Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Farmland Commercial	September Average Impaired Loans \$1,150 249 1,509 2,287 27,077	er 30, 2017 Interest Recognized \$ 1 23 32	September Average Impaired Loans \$700 138 879 — 18,987	er 30, 2016 Interest Recognized \$ — 2 9 —
Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Farmland Commercial Factored receivables	September Average Impaired Loans \$1,150 249 1,509 2,287 27,077 3,847	er 30, 2017 Interest Recognized \$ 1	September Average Impaired Loans \$700 138 879 — 18,987 3,617	er 30, 2016 Interest Recognized \$ — 2 9 — 677 —
Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Farmland Commercial Factored receivables Consumer	September Average Impaired Loans \$1,150 249 1,509 2,287 27,077 3,847	er 30, 2017 Interest Recognized \$ 1	September Average Impaired Loans \$700 138 879 — 18,987 3,617	er 30, 2016 Interest Recognized \$ — 2 9 — 677 —

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

Past Due and Nonaccrual Loans

The following is a summary of contractually past due and nonaccrual loans at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016:

(Dollars in thousands)	Past Due 30-89 Days	Past Due 90 Days or More		
Cantanal an 20, 2017	Still	Still	NI 1	T-4-1
September 30, 2017	Accruing	Accruing	Nonaccrual	Total
Commercial real estate	\$ 971	\$ —	\$ 843	\$1,814
Construction, land development, land	10	_	136	146
1-4 family residential properties	1,710		1,905	3,615
Farmland	604	141	2,449	3,194
Commercial	7,036	58	16,223	23,317
Factored receivables	17,815	1,594	_	19,409
Consumer	717	—	162	879
Mortgage warehouse	_		_	_
PCI	_	_	1,540	1,540
	\$ 28,863	\$ 1,793	\$ 23,258	\$53,914
		Past Due		
	Past Due	Past Due		
	Past Due	90		
(Dollars in thousands)	30-89	90 Days or		
(Dollars in thousands)	30-89 Days	90 Days or More		
•	30-89 Days Still	90 Days or More Still	Nonaccrual	Total
December 31, 2016	30-89 Days Still Accruing	90 Days or More Still Accruing	Nonaccrual	Total
December 31, 2016 Commercial real estate	30-89 Days Still Accruing \$ 699	90 Days or More Still	\$ 1,163	\$2,006
December 31, 2016 Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land	30-89 Days Still Accruing \$ 699 619	90 Days or More Still Accruing	\$ 1,163 362	\$2,006 981
December 31, 2016 Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties	30-89 Days Still Accruing \$ 699 619 956	90 Days or More Still Accruing \$ 144	\$ 1,163 362 1,039	\$2,006 981 1,995
December 31, 2016 Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Farmland	30-89 Days Still Accruing \$ 699 619 956 3,583	90 Days or More Still Accruing \$ 144 141	\$ 1,163 362 1,039 541	\$2,006 981 1,995 4,265
December 31, 2016 Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Farmland Commercial	30-89 Days Still Accruing \$ 699 619 956 3,583 11,060	90 Days or More Still Accruing \$ 144 141 1,077	\$ 1,163 362 1,039	\$2,006 981 1,995 4,265 38,756
December 31, 2016 Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Farmland Commercial Factored receivables	30-89 Days Still Accruing \$ 699 619 956 3,583 11,060 11,921	90 Days or More Still Accruing \$ 144 141 1,077 2,153	\$ 1,163 362 1,039 541 26,619	\$2,006 981 1,995 4,265 38,756 14,074
December 31, 2016 Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Farmland Commercial Factored receivables Consumer	30-89 Days Still Accruing \$ 699 619 956 3,583 11,060	90 Days or More Still Accruing \$ 144 141 1,077	\$ 1,163 362 1,039 541	\$2,006 981 1,995 4,265 38,756
December 31, 2016 Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Farmland Commercial Factored receivables Consumer Mortgage warehouse	30-89 Days Still Accruing \$ 699 619 956 3,583 11,060 11,921 667	90 Days or More Still Accruing \$ 144 — — 141 1,077 2,153 2 —	\$ 1,163 362 1,039 541 26,619 — 73	\$2,006 981 1,995 4,265 38,756 14,074 742
December 31, 2016 Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Farmland Commercial Factored receivables Consumer	30-89 Days Still Accruing \$ 699 619 956 3,583 11,060 11,921	90 Days or More Still Accruing \$ 144 141 1,077 2,153	\$ 1,163 362 1,039 541 26,619	\$2,006 981 1,995 4,265 38,756 14,074

The following table presents information regarding nonperforming loans at the dates indicated:

	September 30,	December
(Dollars in thousands)	2017	31, 2016
Nonaccrual loans ⁽¹⁾	\$ 23,258	\$ 38,030
Factored receivables greater than 90 days past due	1,594	2,153
Troubled debt restructurings accruing interest	5,396	5,123
	\$ 30.248	\$ 45 306

⁽¹⁾Includes troubled debt restructurings of \$8,097,000 and \$13,263,000 at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively.

Credit Quality Information

The Company categorizes loans into risk categories based on relevant information about the ability of borrowers to service their debt, including: current collateral and financial information, historical payment experience, credit documentation, public information, and current economic trends, among other factors. The Company analyzes loans individually by classifying the loans as to credit risk. This analysis includes every loan and is performed on a regular basis. Large groups of smaller balance homogeneous loans, such as consumer loans, are analyzed primarily based on payment status. The Company uses the following definitions for risk ratings:

Pass:

Loans classified as pass are loans with low to average risk and not otherwise classified as substandard or doubtful.

TRIUMPH BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

Substandard:

Loans classified as substandard are inadequately protected by the current net worth and paying capacity of the obligor or of the collateral pledged, if any. Loans so classified have a well-defined weakness or weaknesses that jeopardize the repayment of the debt. They are characterized by the distinct possibility that the institution will sustain some loss if the deficiencies are not corrected.

Doubtful:

Loans classified as doubtful have all the weaknesses inherent in those classified as substandard, with the added characteristic that the weaknesses make collection or liquidation in full, on the basis of currently existing facts, conditions and values, highly questionable and improbable.

PCI:

At acquisition, PCI loans had the characteristics of substandard loans and it was probable, at acquisition, that all contractually required principal and interest payments would not be collected. The Company evaluates these loans on a projected cash flow basis with this evaluation performed quarterly.

As of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, based on the most recent analysis performed, the risk category of loans is as follows:

(Dollars in thousands)					
September 30, 2017	Pass	Substandard	Doubtful	PCI	Total
Commercial real estate	\$562,699	\$ 1,799	\$ <i>—</i>	\$10,032	\$574,530
Construction, land development, land	138,379	136		2,853	141,368
1-4 family residential	92,973	1,941	_	1,118	96,032
Farmland	124,818	5,539		114	130,471
Commercial	853,119	36,415	_	838	890,372
Factored receivables	338,247	2,153	1,480		341,880
Consumer	29,930	163	_	_	30,093
Mortgage warehouse	220,717	_			220,717
	\$2,360,882	\$ 48,146	\$ 1,480	\$14,955	\$2,425,463
(Dollars in thousands)					
December 31, 2016	Pass	Substandard	Doubtful	PCI	Total
Commercial real estate	\$422,423	\$ 6,951	\$ <i>—</i>	\$12,863	\$442,237
Construction, land development, land	105,493	362		3,957	109,812
1-4 family residential	101,339	1,307	_	2,328	104,974
Farmland	136,474	4,904		237	141,615
Commercial	729,634	41,487	_	7,522	778,643

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Factored receivables	236,084	1,029	1,085		238,198
Consumer	29,688	76	_		29,764
Mortgage warehouse	182,381				182,381
	\$1,943,516	\$ 56,116	\$ 1,085	\$26,907	\$2,027,624

Troubled Debt Restructurings

The Company had a recorded investment in troubled debt restructurings of \$13,493,000 and \$18,386,000 as of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively. The Company had allocated specific allowances for these loans of \$435,000 and \$1,911,000 at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively, and had not committed to lend additional amounts. Troubled debt restructurings are the result of extending amortization periods, reducing contractual interest rates, or a combination thereof. The Company did not grant principal reductions on any restructured loans.

TRIUMPH BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Commercial

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

The following table presents loans modified as troubled debt restructurings that occurred during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016:

		Pre-Modification Outstanding	Post-Modification Outstanding
(Dollars in thousands)	Number of	C	Recorded
September 30, 2017	Loans	Investment	Investment
Commercial	5	\$ 2,184	\$ 2,184
		Pre-Modification	Post-Modification
		Outstanding	Outstanding
(Dollars in thousands)	Number of	Recorded	Recorded
September 30, 2016	Loans	Investment	Investment

During the nine months ended September 30, 2017, the Company had four loans modified as troubled debt restructurings with a recorded investment of \$2,999,000 for which there were payment defaults within twelve months following the modification. The full recorded investment in one of these loans of \$2,702,000 was charged off during the period. During the nine months ended September 30, 2016, there were no defaults on any loans that were modified as troubled debt restructurings during the preceding twelve months. Default is determined at 90 or more days past due.

\$ 15,663

\$ 15,663

24

Purchased Credit Impaired Loans

The Company has loans that were acquired, for which there was, at acquisition, evidence of deterioration of credit quality since origination and for which it was probable, at acquisition, that all contractually required payments would not be collected. The outstanding contractually required principal and interest and the carrying amount of these loans included in the balance sheet amounts of loans at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, are as follows:

	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Contractually required principal and interest:		
Real estate loans	\$ 17,447	\$ 25,013
Commercial loans	1,590	9,703
Outstanding contractually required principal and interest	\$ 19,037	\$ 34,716
Gross carrying amount included in loans receivable	\$ 14,955	\$ 26,907

The changes in accretable yield during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 in regard to loans transferred at acquisition for which it was probable that all contractually required payments would not be

collected are as follows:

	Three M Ended Septemb		Nine Mo Ended Septembe	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Accretable yield, beginning balance	\$3,126	\$1,192	\$4,261	\$2,593
Additions		4,124		4,124
Accretion	(411)	(417)	(3,117)	(2,451)
Reclassification from nonaccretable to accretable yield	56		2,067	646
Disposals	(2)	_	(442)	(13)
Accretable yield, ending balance	\$2,769	\$4,899	\$2,769	\$4,899

NOTE 5 - GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Goodwill and intangible assets consist of the following:

	September 30,	December
(Dollars in thousands)	2017	31, 2016
Goodwill	\$ 28,810	\$ 28,810

TRIUMPH BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

	Septembe	er 30, 2017		Decembe	r 31, 2016	
	Gross		Net	Gross		Net
	Carrying	Accumulated	Carrying	Carrying	Accumulated	Carrying
(Dollars in thousands)	Amount	Amortization	Amount	Amount	Amortization	Amount
Core deposit intangibles	\$21,825	\$ (10,780	\$11,045	\$21,825	\$ (8,423	\$ 13,402
Other intangible assets	3,793	(1,196)	2,597	6,006	(1,687) 4,319
	\$25,618	\$ (11,976)	\$ 13,642	\$27,831	\$ (10,110	\$ 17,721

The changes in goodwill and intangible assets during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Mor Ended	nths
			September 30, Septe	
(Dollars in thousands)	2017	2016	2017	2016
Beginning balance	\$43,322	\$26,160	\$46,531	\$27,854
Acquired intangibles		9,618	152	9,618
Acquired goodwill	_	12,629	_	12,629
Divestiture			(1,339)	
Amortization of intangibles	(870)	(958)	(2,892)	(2,652)
Ending balance	\$42,452	\$47,449	\$42,452	\$47,449

NOTE 6 – Variable Interest Entities

Collateralized Loan Obligation Funds – Closed

The Company, through its subsidiary TCA, acted as the asset manager or provided certain middle and back office staffing and services to the asset manager of various CLO funds. TCA earned asset management fees in accordance with the terms of its asset management or staffing and services agreements associated with the CLO funds. TCA earned asset management fees totaling \$0 and \$1,717,000 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, respectively, and \$1,553,000 and \$4,787,000 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, respectively. On March 31, 2017, the Company sold its membership interests in TCA as discussed in Note 2 – Business Combinations and Divestitures. As a result of the TCA sale, as of March 31, 2017 the Company no longer acts as asset manager or staffing and services provider for any CLO funds.

The Company holds investments in the subordinated notes of the following closed CLO funds:

	Offering	Offering
(Dollars in thousands)	Date	Amount
Trinitas CLO IV, LTD (Trinitas IV)	June 2, 2016	\$406,650
Trinitas CLO V, LTD (Trinitas V)	September 22, 2016	\$409,000
Trinitas CLO VI, LTD (Trinitas VI)	June 20, 2017	\$717,100

The carrying amounts of the Company's investments in the subordinated notes of the CLO funds totaled \$8,529,000 and \$3,380,000 at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively, and are classified as held to maturity securities within the Company's consolidated balance sheets.

The Company performed a consolidation analysis to confirm whether the Company was required to consolidate the assets, liabilities, equity or operations of the above CLO funds in its financial statements. The Company concluded that the closed CLO funds are variable interest entities and that the Company holds variable interests in the entities in the form of its investments in the subordinated notes of entities. However, the Company also concluded that the Company does not have the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact the entities' economic performance. As a result, the Company is not the primary beneficiary and therefore is not required to consolidate the assets, liabilities, equity, or operations of the CLO funds in the Company's financial statements.

TRIUMPH BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

Collateralized Loan Obligation Fund – Warehouse Phase

On June 17, 2016, Trinitas CLO VI, Ltd. ("Trinitas VI") was formed to be the issuer of a CLO offering. At December 31, 2016, the Company held an investment of \$21,217,000 in the subordinated debt of the CLO fund during its warehouse phase, which was classified as other assets within the Company's consolidated balance sheet. The CLO fund's warehouse phase was closed and the final CLO issued on June 20, 2017, at which time the Company's investment was repaid. The Company did not hold an investment in any CLO warehouse entities at September 30, 2017.

Income from the Company's investment in CLO warehouse entities totaled \$0 and \$1,954,000 during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, respectively, and \$657,000 and \$2,415,000 during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, respectively, and is included in other noninterest income within the Company's consolidated statements of income.

The Company performed a consolidation analysis of Trinitas VI during the warehouse phase and concluded that Trinitas VI was a variable interest entity and that the Company held a variable interest in the entity that could potentially be significant to the entity in the form of its investment in the subordinated notes of the entity. However, the Company also concluded that the Company did not have the power to direct the activities that most significantly impacted the entity's economic performance. As a result, the Company was not the primary beneficiary and therefore was not required to consolidate the assets, liabilities, equity, or operations of the entity in the Company's financial statements.

NOTE 7 - Deposits

Deposits at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 are summarized as follows:

	September 30,	December
(Dollars in thousands)	2017	31, 2016
Noninterest bearing demand	\$ 403,643	\$363,351
Interest bearing demand	284,282	340,362
Individual retirement accounts	97,186	103,022
Money market	189,177	213,253
Savings	158,464	171,354
Certificates of deposit	770,599	756,351
Brokered deposits	109,194	68,092
Total Deposits	\$ 2,012,545	\$2,015,785

At September 30, 2017, scheduled maturities of certificates of deposits, individual retirement accounts and brokered deposits are as follows:

	September 30,
(Dollars in thousands)	2017
Within one year	\$ 675,380
After one but within two years	197,842
After two but within three years	45,952
After three but within four years	25,461
After four but within five years	32,344
Total	\$ 976,979

Time deposits, including individual retirement accounts, certificates of deposit, and brokered deposits, with individual balances of \$250,000 and greater totaled \$154,170,000 and \$149,258,000 at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively.

NOTE 8 - Legal Contingencies

Various legal claims have arisen from time to time in the normal course of business which, in the opinion of management, will have no material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

TRIUMPH BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

NOTE 9 - OFF-BALANCE SHEET LOAN COMMITMENTS

From time to time, the Company is a party to financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk in the normal course of business to meet the financing needs of its customers. These financial instruments include commitments to extend credit. Those instruments involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit risk in excess of the amount recognized in the balance sheet. The Company's exposure to credit loss in the event of nonperformance by the other party to the financial instrument for commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit is represented by the contractual amount of those instruments.

The Company uses the same credit policies in making commitments and conditional obligations as it does for on-balance sheet financial instruments.

The contractual amounts of financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk were as follows:

	September	30, 2017	December 31, 2016		
	Fixed	Variable	Fixed	Variable	
(Dollars in thousands)	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	
Commitments to make loans	\$5,065	\$1,963	\$7,345	\$7,580	
Unused lines of credit	129,268	192,636	109,611	145,475	
Standby letters of credit	1,554	7,246	2,547	4,706	

Commitments to extend credit are agreements to lend to a customer as long as there is no violation of any condition established in the contract. Commitments generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses and may require payment of a fee. Since many of the commitments are expected to expire without being fully drawn upon, the total commitment amounts disclosed above do not necessarily represent future cash requirements. The Company evaluates each customer's creditworthiness on a case-by-case basis. The amount of collateral obtained, if considered necessary by the Company, upon extension of credit, is based on management's credit evaluation of the customer.

Standby letters of credit are conditional commitments issued by the Company to guarantee the performance of a customer to a third party. In the event of nonperformance by the customer, the Company has rights to the underlying collateral, which can include commercial real estate, physical plant and property, inventory, receivables, cash and marketable securities. The credit risk to the Company in issuing letters of credit is essentially the same as that involved in extending loan facilities to its customers.

NOTE 10 - Fair Value Disclosures

Fair value is the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. There are three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair values:

Level 1 – Quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the entity has the ability to access as of the measurement date.

Level 2 – Significant other observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3 – Significant unobservable inputs that reflect a company's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability.

The methods of determining the fair value of assets and liabilities presented in this note are consistent with our methodologies disclosed in Note 15 of the Company's 2016 Form 10-K.

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis are summarized in the table below. There were no liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

There were no transfers between levels during 2017 or 2016.

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

Assets measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis are summarized in the table below. There were no liabilities measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

	Fair Va			
(Dollars in thousands)	Measur	em	ents	Total
(Dollars in thousands)	Using Lev e lev	, 1		Fair
September 30, 2017	1 2	/ CI	Level 3	Value
Impaired loans				
Commercial real estate	\$\$	_	\$43	\$43
1-4 family residential properties	_		83	83
Commercial		_	10,327	10,327
Factored receivables	_		3,002	3,002
Other real estate owned (1)				
Commercial	_		92	92
Construction, land development, land	_	_	2,000	2,000
1-4 family residential properties			83	83
	\$\$	_	\$15,630	\$15,630
	Fair Va	1112		
	ran va	uuc		
	Measur		ents	
(Dollars in thousands)			ents	Total
(Dollars in thousands)	Measur	em	ents	Total Fair
(Dollars in thousands) December 31, 2016	Measur Using	em	ents Level 3	
	Measur Using Levelev	em		Fair
December 31, 2016	Measur Using Levelev 1 2	em		Fair
December 31, 2016 Impaired loans	Measur Using Levelev 1 2	em vel	Level 3	Fair Value
December 31, 2016 Impaired loans Commercial real estate	Measur Using Levelev 1 2	em vel	Level 3 \$417	Fair Value \$417
December 31, 2016 Impaired loans Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land	Measur Using Levelev 1 2	em vel	Level 3 \$417 252	Fair Value \$417 252
December 31, 2016 Impaired loans Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties	Measur Using Levelev 1 2	em vel	Level 3 \$417 252 7	Fair Value \$417 252 7
December 31, 2016 Impaired loans Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Commercial	Measur Using Levelev 1 2	em vel	Level 3 \$417 252 7 12,921	Fair Value \$417 252 7 12,921
December 31, 2016 Impaired loans Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Commercial Factored receivables	Measur Using Levelev 1 2	em vel	Level 3 \$417 252 7 12,921 1,630	Fair Value \$417 252 7 12,921 1,630
December 31, 2016 Impaired loans Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Commercial Factored receivables PCI	Measur Using Levelev 1 2	em vel	Level 3 \$417 252 7 12,921 1,630	Fair Value \$417 252 7 12,921 1,630
December 31, 2016 Impaired loans Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Commercial Factored receivables PCI Other real estate owned (1)	Measur Using Levelev 1 2	em vel	Level 3 \$417 252 7 12,921 1,630 170	Fair Value \$417 252 7 12,921 1,630 170
December 31, 2016 Impaired loans Commercial real estate Construction, land development, land 1-4 family residential properties Commercial Factored receivables PCI Other real estate owned (1) Commercial	Measur Using Levelev 1 2	em vel	Level 3 \$417 252 7 12,921 1,630 170 698	Fair Value \$417 252 7 12,921 1,630 170

⁽¹⁾ Represents the fair value of OREO that was adjusted during the period and subsequent to its initial classification as OREO.

Impaired Loans with Specific Allocation of ALLL: A loan is considered impaired when, based on current information and events, it is probable that the Company will be unable to collect all amounts due pursuant to the contractual terms of the loan agreement. Impairment is measured by estimating the fair value of the loan based on the present value of expected cash flows, the market price of the loan, or the underlying fair value of the loan's collateral. For real estate loans, fair value of the impaired loan's collateral is determined by third party appraisals, which are then adjusted for the estimated selling and closing costs related to liquidation of the collateral. For this asset class, the actual valuation methods (income, sales comparable, or cost) vary based on the status of the project or property. For example, land is generally based on the sales comparable method while construction is based on the income and/or sales comparable methods. The unobservable inputs may vary depending on the individual assets with no one of the three methods being the predominant approach. The Company reviews the third party appraisal for appropriateness and adjusts the value downward to consider selling and closing costs, which typically range from 5% to 8% of the appraised value. For non-real estate loans, fair value of the impaired loan's collateral may be determined using an appraisal, net book value per the borrower's financial statements, or aging reports, adjusted or discounted based on management's historical knowledge, changes in market conditions from the time of the valuation, and management's expertise and knowledge of the client and client's business.

TRIUMPH BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

OREO: OREO is primarily comprised of real estate acquired in partial or full satisfaction of loans. OREO is recorded at its estimated fair value less estimated selling and closing costs at the date of transfer, with any excess of the related loan balance over the fair value less expected selling costs charged to the ALLL. Subsequent changes in fair value are reported as adjustments to the carrying amount and are recorded against earnings. The Company outsources the valuation of OREO with material balances to third party appraisers. For this asset class, the actual valuation methods (income, sales comparable, or cost) vary based on the status of the project or property. For example, land is generally based on the sales comparable method while construction is based on the income and/or sales comparable methods. The unobservable inputs may vary depending on the individual assets with no one of the three methods being the predominant approach. The Company reviews the third party appraisal for appropriateness and adjusts the value downward to consider selling and closing costs, which typically range from 5% to 8% of the appraised value.

The estimated fair values of the Company's financial instruments not measured at fair value on a recurring or non-recurring basis at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 were as follows:

(Dollars in thousands)	Carrying	Fair Value	Measuremen	ts Using	Total
September 30, 2017	Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Fair Value
Financial assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$80,557	\$80,557	\$	\$ —	\$80,557
Securities - held to maturity	17,999	_	10,017	7,642	17,659
Loans not previously presented, net	2,391,641	_	_	2,415,769	2,415,769
FHLB stock	16,076	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Accrued interest receivable	13,461	_	13,461	_	13,461
Financial liabilities:					
Deposits	2,012,545	_	2,011,202	_	2,011,202
Customer repurchase agreements	19,869	_	19,869	_	19,869
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	385,000	_	384,948	_	384,948
Subordinated notes	48,804	_	51,245	_	51,245
Junior subordinated debentures	33,047	_	33,164	_	33,164
Accrued interest payable	3,815	_	3,815		3,815
(Dollars in thousands)	Carrying	Fair Value	Measuremen	its Using	Total
December 31, 2016	Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Fair Value
Financial assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$114,514	\$114,514	\$—	\$ —	\$114,514
Securities - held to maturity	29,352		27,498	3,323	30,821
Loans not previously presented, net	1,996,822	_	_	2,002,487	2,002,487
FHLB stock	8,430	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Accrued interest receivable	12,663	_	12,663	_	12,663

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Financial liabilities:					
Deposits	2,015,785		2,014,922	_	2,014,922
Customer repurchase agreements	10,490	_	10,490	_	10,490
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	230,000		230,000		230,000
Subordinated notes	48,734	_	50,920	_	50,920
Junior subordinated debentures	32,740		32,905		32,905
Accrued interest payable	2,682	_	2,682	_	2,682

TRIUMPH BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

NOTE 11 - Regulatory Matters

The Company (on a consolidated basis) and TBK Bank are subject to various regulatory capital requirements administered by federal and state banking agencies. Failure to meet minimum capital requirements can initiate certain mandatory and possibly additional discretionary actions by regulators that, if undertaken, could have a direct material effect on the Company's or TBK Bank's financial statements. Under capital adequacy guidelines and the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action, the Company and TBK Bank must meet specific capital guidelines that involve quantitative measures of their assets, liabilities, and certain off-balance sheet items as calculated under regulatory accounting practices. The capital amounts and classification are also subject to qualitative judgments by the regulators about components, risk weightings, and other factors.

The Company is subject to the Basel III regulatory capital framework. Beginning in January 2016, the implementation of the capital conservation buffer was effective for the Company starting at the 0.625% level and increasing 0.625% each year thereafter, until it reaches 2.5% on January 1, 2019. The capital conservation buffer was 1.25% and 0.625% at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively. The capital conservation buffer is designed to absorb losses during periods of economic stress and requires increased capital levels for the purpose of capital distributions and other payments. Failure to meet the full amount of the buffer will result in restrictions on the Company's ability to make capital distributions, including dividend payments and stock repurchases, and to pay discretionary bonuses to executive officers.

Quantitative measures established by regulation to ensure capital adequacy require the Company and TBK Bank to maintain minimum amounts and ratios (set forth in the table below) of total, common equity Tier 1, and Tier 1 capital to risk weighted assets, and of Tier 1 capital to average assets. Management believes, as of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company and TBK Bank meet all capital adequacy requirements to which they are subject, including the capital conservation buffer requirement.

As of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, TBK Bank's capital ratios exceeded those levels necessary to be categorized as "well capitalized" under the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action. To be categorized as "well capitalized," TBK Bank must maintain minimum total risk based, common equity Tier 1 risk based, Tier 1 risk based, and Tier 1 leverage ratios as set forth in the table below. There are no conditions or events since September 30, 2017 that management believes have changed TBK Bank's category.

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

The actual capital amounts and ratios for the Company and TBK Bank are presented in the following table as of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016. The capital adequacy amounts and ratios below do not include the capital conservation buffer in effect at each respective date.

					To Be We	
			Minimum Capital Adequacy	for	Prompt Co	orrective
(Dollars in thousands)	Actual		Purposes		Action Pro	visions
As of September 30, 2017	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
Total capital (to risk weighted assets)						
Triumph Bancorp, Inc.	\$448,847	15.9%	\$225,685	8.0%	N/A	N/A
TBK Bank, SSB	\$331,031	12.4%	\$214,319	8.0%	\$267,898	10.0%
,	,		. ,		. ,	
Tier 1 capital (to risk weighted assets)						
Triumph Bancorp, Inc.	\$379,315	13.4%	\$169,264	6.0%	N/A	N/A
TBK Bank, SSB	\$310,387	11.6%	\$160,739	6.0%	\$214,319	8.0%
Common equity Tier 1 capital (to risk weighted assets)						
Triumph Bancorp, Inc.	\$337,194	12.0%	\$126,948	4.5%	N/A	N/A
TBK Bank, SSB	\$310,387	11.6%	\$120,554	4.5%	\$174,134	6.5%
Tier 1 capital (to average assets)						
Triumph Bancorp, Inc.	\$379,315	13.5%	\$112,360	4.0%	N/A	N/A
TBK Bank, SSB	\$310,387	11.2%	\$110,892	4.0%	\$138,615	5.0%
As of December 31, 2016						
Total capital (to risk weighted assets)						
Triumph Bancorp, Inc.	\$342,059	14.6%	\$187,449	8.0%		N/A
TBK Bank, SSB	\$293,313	12.9%	\$181,640	8.0%	\$227,050	10.0%
Tier 1 capital (to risk weighted assets)						
Triumph Bancorp, Inc.	\$277,605	11.8%	\$140,587	6.0%		N/A
TBK Bank, SSB	\$277,593	12.2%	\$136,230	6.0%	\$181,640	8.0%
Common equity Tier 1 capital (to risk weighted assets)						
Triumph Bancorp, Inc.	\$238,439	10.2%	\$105,440	4.5%		N/A
TBK Bank, SSB	\$277,593	12.2%	\$102,173	4.5%	\$147,583	6.5%
Tier 1 capital (to average assets)						

Tier 1 capital (to average assets)

Triumph Bancorp, Inc.	\$277,605	10.9%	\$102,303	4.0%	N/A	N/A
TBK Bank, SSB	\$277,593	11.0%	\$100,802	4.0%	\$126,002	5.0%

Dividends paid by TBK Bank are limited to, without prior regulatory approval, current year earnings and earnings less dividends paid during the preceding two years.

TRIUMPH BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

NOTE 12 - STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

The following summarizes the capital structure of Triumph Bancorp, Inc.

Common Stock

	September 30,	December
	2017	31, 2016
Shares authorized	50,000,000	50,000,000
Shares issued	20,912,068	18,154,365
Treasury shares	(91,168)	(76,118)
Shares outstanding	20,820,900	18,078,247
Par value per share	\$0.01	\$0.01

Preferred Stock

	Series A		Series B	
	September	30)ecember	September	3 December
(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)	2017	31, 2016	2017	31, 2016
Shares authorized	50,000	50,000	115,000	115,000
Shares issued	45,500	45,500	51,076	51,956
Shares outstanding	45,500	45,500	51,076	51,956
Par value per share	\$0.01	\$ 0.01	\$0.01	\$0.01
Liquidation preference per share	\$100	\$ 100	\$100	\$100
Liquidation preference amount	\$4,550	\$ 4,550	\$5,108	\$5,196
	Prime +	Prime +		
Dividend rate	2%	2%	8.00 %	8.00 %
Dividend rate - floor	8.00 %	8.00 %	N/A	N/A
Subsequent dividend payment dates	Quarterly	Quarterly	Quarterly	Quarterly
Convertible to common stock	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Conversion period	Anytime	Anytime	Anytime	Anytime
Conversion ratio - preferred to common	6.94008	6.94008	6.94008	6.94008

Common Stock Offering

On August 1, 2017, the Company completed an underwritten common stock offering issuing 2,530,000 shares of the Company's common stock, including 330,000 shares sold pursuant to the underwriters' full exercise of their option to purchase additional shares, at \$27.50 per share for total gross proceeds of \$69,575,000. Net proceeds after underwriting discounts and offering expenses were \$65,528,000.

Warrants

During 2012, the Company issued a warrant to Triumph Consolidated Cos., LLC ("TCC") to purchase 259,067 shares of the Company's common stock. The warrant had an exercise price of \$11.58 per share, was immediately exercisable, and had an expiration date of December 12, 2022. TCC exercised the warrant in full on August 2, 2017 and was issued 153,134 shares of common stock, net of shares withheld by the Company to cover the exercise price. The shares of common stock were issued in reliance on Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

NOTE 13 - STOCK BASED COMPENSATION

Stock based compensation expense that has been charged against income was \$459,000 and \$1,484,000 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, respectively, and \$585,000 and \$1,864,000 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, respectively.

2014 Omnibus Incentive Plan

The Company's 2014 Omnibus Incentive Plan ("Omnibus Incentive Plan") provides for the grant of nonqualified and incentive stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock awards, restricted stock units, and other awards that may be settled in, or based upon the value of, the Company's common stock. The aggregate number of shares of common stock available for issuance under the Omnibus Incentive Plan is 1,200,000 shares.

TRIUMPH BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

Restricted Stock Awards

A summary of changes in the Company's nonvested Restricted Stock Awards ("RSAs") under the Omnibus Incentive Plan for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 were as follows:

		Weighted-Average
		Grant-Date
Nonvested RSAs	Shares	Fair Value
Nonvested at January 1, 2017	126,644	\$ 14.92
Granted	45,732	25.80
Vested	(67,964)	16.50
Forfeited	(853)	15.04
Nonvested at September 30, 2017	103,559	\$ 18.68

RSAs granted to employees under the Omnibus Incentive Plan typically vest over three to four years. Compensation expense for RSAs granted under the Omnibus Incentive Program will be recognized over the vesting period of the awards based on the fair value of the stock at the issue date. As of September 30, 2017, there was \$1,018,000 of unrecognized compensation cost related to nonvested RSAs granted under the Omnibus Incentive Plan. The cost is expected to be recognized over a remaining period of 3.00 years.

Stock Options

A summary of the changes in the Company's stock options under the Omnibus Incentive Plan for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 were as follows:

				Weighted-Ave	rage
				Remaining	Aggregate
				Contractual	Intrinsic
		W	eighted-Avera	gaTerm	Value
					(In
Stock Options	Shares	Ex	xercise Price	(In Years)	Thousands)
Outstanding at January 1, 2017	163,661	\$	15.87		
Granted	58,729		25.80		
Exercised	(34,433)		15.87		
Forfeited or expired	(287)		25.80		
Outstanding at September 30, 2017	187,670	\$	18.96	8.82	\$ 2,494
Fully vested shares and shares expected to vest at	187,670	\$	18.96	8.82	\$ 2,494
September 30, 2017	107,070	Ψ	10.70	0.02	Ψ 2,474
Shares exercisable at September 30, 2017	32,286	\$	15.87	8.51	\$ 529

Information related to the stock options for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 follows:

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	Nine M	Ionths
	Ended	
	Septem	ber 30,
(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)	2017	2016
Aggregate intrinsic value of options exercised	\$243	\$ <i>-</i>
Cash received from option exercises	281	
Tax benefit realized from options exercises	85	
Weighted average fair value of options granted	\$8.71	\$5.85

Stock options awarded to employees under the Omnibus Incentive Plan are generally granted with an exercise price equal to the market price of the Company's common stock at the date of grant, vest over four years, and have ten year contractual terms. The fair value of stock options granted is estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. Expected volatilities were determined based on a blend of the Company's historical volatility and historical volatilities of a peer group of companies with a similar size, industry, stage of life cycle, and capital structure. The expected term of the options granted was determined based on the SEC simplified method, which calculates the expected term as the mid-point between the weighted average time to vesting and the contractual term. The risk-free interest rate for the expected term of the options was derived from the Treasury constant maturity yield curve on the valuation date.

TRIUMPH BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

The fair value of the stock options granted was determined using the following weighted-average assumptions:

	Nine Months			
	Ended			
	September 30,			
	2017	2016		
Risk-free interest rate	2.11 %	1.49 %		
Expanted town	6.25	6.25		
Expected term	Years	Years		
Expected stock price volatility	29.70%	34.96%		
Dividend yield				

As of September 30, 2017, there was \$635,000 of unrecognized compensation cost related to nonvested stock options granted under the Omnibus Incentive Plan. The cost is expected to be recognized over a remaining period of 3.10 years.

NOTE 14 – EARNINGS PER SHARE

The factors used in the earnings per share computation follow:

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months September 30	
(Dollars in thousands)	2017	2016	2017	2016
Basic				
Net income to common stockholders	\$9,587	\$4,506	\$29,335	\$13,749
Weighted average common shares outstanding	19,811,577	17,859,604	18,600,009	17,845,431
Basic earnings per common share	\$0.48	\$0.25	\$1.58	\$0.77
Diluted				
Net income to common stockholders	\$9,587	\$4,506	\$29,335	\$13,749
Dilutive effect of preferred stock	195	_	580	
Net income to common stockholders - diluted	\$9,782	\$4,506	\$29,915	\$13,749
Weighted average common shares outstanding	19,811,577	17,859,604	18,600,009	17,845,431
Add: Dilutive effects of restricted stock	63,384	148,977	65,999	125,215
Add: Dilutive effects of assumed exercises of stock options	45,788	_	42,084	_
Add: Dilutive effects of assumed exercises of stock				
warrants	54,476	93,095	110,089	71,251
Add: Dilutive effects of assumed conversion of Preferred				
A	315,773	_	315,773	_
Add: Dilutive effects of assumed conversion of Preferred B	354,471		354,471	
Average shares and dilutive potential common shares	20,645,469	18,101,676	19,488,425	18,041,897

Diluted earnings per common share

\$0.47

\$0.25

\$1.53

\$0.76

Shares that were not considered in computing diluted earnings per common share because they were antidilutive are as follows:

	Three Months		Nine Months	
	Ended		Ended	
	September 30,		Septemb	er 30,
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Shares assumed to be converted from Preferred Stock Series A	_	315,773	_	315,773
Shares assumed to be converted from Preferred Stock Series B		360,578		360,578
Restricted stock awards	_	_	_	_
Stock options	58,442	164,175	58,442	164,175

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

NOTE 15 – BUSINESS SEGMENT INFORMATION

(Dollars in thousands)

Total interest income

The following table presents the Company's operating segments. The accounting policies of the segments are substantially similar to those described in the "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" in Note 1 of the Company's 2016 Form 10-K. Transactions between segments consist primarily of borrowed funds. Intersegment interest expense is allocated to the Factoring segment based on the Company's prime rate. The provision for loan loss is allocated based on the segment's allowance for loan loss determination. Noninterest income and expense directly attributable to a segment are assigned to it. Taxes are paid on a consolidated basis but not allocated for segment purposes. The Factoring segment includes only factoring originated by TBC. General factoring services not originated through TBC are included in the Banking segment. On March 31, 2017, we sold our 100% membership interest in TCA. As a result, the Asset Management segment had no operations subsequent to March 31, 2017.

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 Banking Factoring Management Corporate Consolidated

Asset

Three Wohlas Ended September 30, 2017	Danking	1 actoring	Management	Corporate	Consonanca
Total interest income	\$32,973	\$11,736	\$ —	- \$ 428	\$ 45,137
Intersegment interest allocations	2,193	(2,193)	-	- —	_
Total interest expense	4,294	_	_	- 1,331	5,625
Net interest income (expense)	30,872	9,543	_	- (903) 39,512
Provision for loan losses	(69	649	_	- (8) 572
Net interest income after provision	30,941	8,894		- (895) 38,940
Noninterest income	3,498	774	_	- (101) 4,171
Noninterest expense	21,984	5,600		- 641	28,225
Operating income (loss)	\$12,455	\$4,068	\$ —	- \$ (1,637) \$ 14,886
(Dollars in thousands)	D1-1	Eastarina	Asset	Common and a	Constituted
Three Months Ended September 30, 2016			Management	-	
Total interest income	\$24,863	\$ 8,465	\$ 61	\$ 82	\$ 33,471
Intersegment interest allocations	1,251	(1,251)	_	_	
Total interest surrance					
Total interest expense	2,671	_	_	382	3,053
Net interest income (expense)	2,671 23,443	— 7,214	 61		3,053) 30,418
<u> </u>	•	7,214 33	61 —		·
Net interest income (expense)	23,443		61 61	(300 (75	30,418
Net interest income (expense) Provision for loan losses	23,443 2,861	33		(300 (75) 30,418) 2,819
Net interest income (expense) Provision for loan losses Net interest income after provision	23,443 2,861 20,582	33 7,181	 61	(300 (75 (225	30,418 2,819 27,599
Net interest income (expense) Provision for loan losses Net interest income after provision Noninterest income	23,443 2,861 20,582 3,147	33 7,181 680	— 61 1,534	(300 (75 (225 738	30,418 2,819 27,599 6,099
Net interest income (expense) Provision for loan losses Net interest income after provision Noninterest income Noninterest expense	23,443 2,861 20,582 3,147 19,000 \$4,729	33 7,181 680 4,984 \$ 2,877	61 1,534 1,259 \$ 336	(300 (75 (225 738 549 \$ (36	30,418 2,819 27,599 6,099 25,792

\$93,204 \$30,828

\$ 3

\$972

\$ 125,007

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Intersegment interest allocations	5,211	(5,211)			_
Total interest expense	11,177			3,942	15,119
Net interest income (expense)	87,238	25,617	3	(2,970)	109,888
Provision for loan losses	7,571	2,042	_	84	9,697
Net interest income after provision	79,667	23,575	3	(3,054)	100,191
Gain on sale of subsidiary	_	_		20,860	20,860
Other noninterest income	10,604	2,203	1,717	1,274	15,798
Noninterest expense	65,171	16,677	1,456	7,079	90,383
Operating income (loss)	\$25,100	\$9,101	\$ 264	\$ 12,001	\$ 46,466

CONDENSED NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(Dollars in thousands)					Asset				
Nine Months Ended Se	ptember 30, 2	016 Banki	ing	Factoring	Managem	ent Co	rporate	Co	onsolidated
Total interest income		\$62,3	399	\$23,589	\$ 125	\$ 6	505	\$	86,718
Intersegment interest al	locations	3,35	51	(3,351)	_	-	_		
Total interest expense		6,90	8(_	Ģ	996	,	7,904
Net interest income (ex	pense)	58,8	342	20,238	125	((391) '	78,814
Provision for loan losse	es	4,12	28	118		1	1		4,247
Net interest income after	er provision	54,7	14	20,120	125	((392) '	74,567
Noninterest income	_	5,98	34	1,622	4,819	2	2,323		14,748
Noninterest expense		45,9	87	14,519	3,818	1	1,877		66,201
Operating income (loss)	\$14,7	711	\$7,223	\$ 1,126	\$ 5	54	\$:	23,114
(Dollars in thousands)			Ass	set					
September 30, 2017	Banking	Factoring	Ma	nagement	Corporate	Elimir	nations	Co	nsolidated
Total assets	\$2,852,651	\$327,194	\$ -	_	\$493,335	\$ (767	,019)	\$2,	,906,161
Gross loans	\$2,331,514	\$315,742	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$12,737	\$ (234	,530)	\$2,	,425,463
(Dollars in thousands)			Ass	set					
December 31, 2016	Banking	Factoring	Ma	nagement	Corporate	Elimir	nations	Co	nsolidated
Total assets	\$2,588,509	\$223,994	\$ 4	4,879	\$391,745	\$ (568	,060)	\$2,	,641,067
Gross loans	\$1,961,552	\$212,784	\$ -	_	\$1,866	\$ (148	,578)	\$2,	,027,624

item 2

Management's Discussion and Analysis of

Financial Condition and Results of Operations

This section presents management's perspective on our financial condition and results of operations. The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the Company's interim consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and with the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes and other detailed information appearing in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016. To the extent that this discussion describes prior performance, the descriptions relate only to the periods listed, which may not be indicative of our future financial outcomes. In addition to historical information, this discussion contains forward-looking statements that involve risks, uncertainties and assumptions that could cause results to differ materially from management's expectations. See the "Forward-Looking Statements" section of this discussion for further information on forward-looking statements.

Overview

We are a financial holding company headquartered in Dallas, Texas and registered under the Bank Holding Company Act. Through our wholly owned bank subsidiary, TBK Bank, we offer traditional banking services as well as commercial finance product lines focused on businesses that require specialized financial solutions. Our banking operations include a full suite of lending and deposit products and services focused on our local market areas. These activities generate a stable source of core deposits and a diverse asset base to support our overall operations. Our commercial finance product lines include factoring, asset based lending, equipment lending, healthcare lending, and premium finance products offered on a nationwide basis. These product offerings supplement the asset generation capacity in our community banking markets and enhance the overall yield of our loan portfolio, enabling us to earn attractive risk-adjusted net interest margins. We believe our integrated business model distinguishes us from other banks and non-bank financial services companies in the markets in which we operate. As of September 30, 2017, we had consolidated total assets of \$2.906 billion, total loans held for investment of \$2.425 billion, total deposits of \$2.013 billion and total stockholders' equity of \$386.1 million.

Most of our products and services share basic processes and have similar economic characteristics. However, our factoring subsidiary operates in a highly specialized niche and earns substantially higher yields on its factored accounts receivable portfolio than our other lending products. This business also has a legacy and structure as a standalone company. In addition, through our Triumph Capital Advisors asset management subsidiary, we previously provided fee-based asset management services distinct from our traditional banking offerings and operations. As a result, we have determined our reportable segments are Banking, Factoring, Asset Management, and Corporate. For the nine months ended September 30, 2017, our Banking segment generated 65% of our total revenue (comprised of interest and noninterest income), our Factoring segment generated 20% of our total revenue, our Asset Management segment generated 1% of our total revenue, and our Corporate segment generated 14% of our total revenue. As discussed below, on March 31, 2017 we sold our 100% membership interest in Triumph Capital Advisors, LLC and no longer provide fee based asset management services. Asset Management segment results reflect activity through the date of the Triumph Capital Advisors, LLC sale. The \$20.9 million pre-tax gain on the sale of Triumph Capital Advisors, LLC is included in the Corporate segment's revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2017.

Third Quarter 2017 Overview

Net income available to common stockholders for the three months ended September 30, 2017 was \$9.6 million, or \$0.47 per diluted share, compared to net income available to common stockholders for the three months ended September 30, 2016 of \$4.5 million, or \$0.25 per diluted share. Excluding material gains and expenses related to merger and acquisition related activities, including divestitures, adjusted net income to common stockholders was \$5.9 million, or \$0.32 per diluted share, for the three months ended September 30, 2016. For the three months ended September 30, 2017, our return on average common equity was 10.79% and our return on average assets was 1.36%.

Net income available to common stockholders for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 was \$29.3 million, or \$1.53 per diluted share, compared to net income available to common stockholders for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 of \$13.7 million, or \$0.76 per diluted share. Excluding material gains and expenses related to merger and acquisition related activities, including divestitures, adjusted net income to common stockholders was \$19.4 million, or \$1.02 per diluted share, for the nine months ended September 30, 2017, compared to adjusted net income to common stockholders for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 of \$15.1 million, or \$0.84 per diluted share. For the nine months ended September 30, 2017, our return on average common equity was 12.58% and our return on average assets was 1.46%.

At September 30, 2017, we had total assets of \$2.906 billion, including gross loans of \$2.425 billion, compared to \$2.641 billion of total assets and \$2.028 billion of gross loans at December 31, 2016. Organic loan growth totaled \$397 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2017. Our commercial finance product lines increased from \$693.7 million in aggregate as of December 31, 2016 to \$886.9 million as of September 30, 2017, an increase of 28%, and constitute 37% of our total loan portfolio at September 30, 2017.

At September 30, 2017, we had total liabilities of \$2.520 billion, including total deposits of \$2.013 billion, compared to \$2.352 billion of total liabilities and \$2.016 billion of total deposits at December 31, 2016. Deposits declined \$3 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2017.

At September 30, 2017, we had total stockholders' equity of \$386.1 million. During the nine months ended September 30, 2017, total stockholders' equity increased \$96.8 million, primarily due to \$65.5 million of net proceeds from the August 1, 2017 common stock offering discussed below and our net income for the period. Capital ratios remained strong with Tier 1 capital and total capital to risk weighted assets ratios of 13.45% and 15.91%, respectively, at September 30, 2017.

Common Stock Offering

On August 1, 2017, the Company completed an underwritten common stock offering issuing 2.53 million shares of the Company's common stock, including 0.33 million shares sold pursuant to the underwriters' full exercise of their option to purchase additional shares, at \$27.50 per share for total gross proceeds of \$69.6 million. Net proceeds after underwriting discounts and offering expenses were \$65.5 million. The Company intends to use a portion of the net proceeds of the offering to fund a portion of the consideration payable in the pending acquisition of Valley Bancorp, Inc. discussed below, and for general corporate purposes.

Valley Bancorp, Inc.

On July 26, 2017, the Company entered into an agreement to acquire Valley Bancorp, Inc. ("Valley") and its community banking subsidiary, Valley Bank & Trust, in an all-cash transaction for \$39 million, subject to certain adjustments based upon Valley's tangible book value at the closing of the transaction. Valley had total assets of \$331 million, total loans of \$174 million, and total deposits of \$296 million as of September 30, 2017. Valley Bank & Trust serves individuals and business customers from seven locations across the northern front range including Brighton, Dacono, Denver, Hudson, Westminster and Strasburg, Colorado. The transaction is expected to close during the fourth quarter of 2017 and is subject to certain closing conditions, including receipt of regulatory approval.

Independent Bank Colorado Branches

On June 23, 2017, TBK Bank entered into an agreement to acquire nine branch locations in Colorado from Independent Bank Group, Inc.'s banking subsidiary Independent Bank. The acquisition closed on October 6, 2017. TBK Bank purchased approximately \$99 million in loans and assumed approximately \$162 million in deposits associated with the branches for an aggregate deposit premium of approximately \$6.8 million, or 4.2%.

Triumph Capital Advisors

On March 31, 2017, the Company sold its 100% membership interest in Triumph Capital Advisors, LLC ("TCA"). As part of the TCA sale on March 31, 2017, the Company recorded a pre-tax gain on sale of \$20.9 million, net of \$0.4 million of direct transaction costs. In addition, the Company incurred other indirect transaction related costs of \$0.3 million and recorded \$4.8 million in incremental bonus expense for the amount paid to team members to recognize their contribution to the transaction and building the value realized in the sale of the business. The TCA sale resulted

in a net pre-tax contribution to earnings for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 of \$15.7 million, or approximately \$10.0 million net of tax. Consideration received by the Company included a seller financed loan receivable in the amount of \$10.5 million.

ColoEast Bankshares, Inc.

On August 1, 2016, the Company acquired ColoEast Bankshares, Inc. ("ColoEast") and its community banking subsidiary, Colorado East Bank & Trust, which was merged into TBK Bank upon closing. As part of the ColoEast acquisition, the Company acquired loans with a fair value of \$461 million, acquired investment securities with a fair value of \$162 million, and assumed \$653 million of customer deposits. When compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, the operating results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 are reflective of the significantly larger assets, liabilities, personnel, and infrastructure resulting from the ColoEast acquisition, which affects comparability period over period.

Commercial Finance Product Lines

A key element of our strategy is to supplement the asset generation capacity in our community banking markets with commercial finance product lines which are offered on a nationwide basis and which serve to enhance the overall yield of our portfolio. These products include our factoring services, provided principally in the transportation sector (though increasingly in other industries as well), our asset based lending and equipment finance products marketed under our Triumph Commercial Finance brand, the healthcare asset based lending products offered under our Triumph Healthcare Finance brand, and premium finance products marketed under our Triumph Premium Finance brand. Our aggregate outstanding balances for these products increased from \$693.7 million as of December 31, 2016 to \$886.9 million as of September 30, 2017. These increases were driven by organic growth.

The following table sets forth our commercial finance product lines as of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016:

(Dollars in thousands)	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Commercial finance		
Equipment	\$ 226,120	\$190,393
Asset based lending (general)	193,884	161,454
Asset based lending (healthcare)	67,889	79,668
Premium finance	57,083	23,971
Factored receivables	341,880	238,198
Total commercial finance loans	\$ 886,856	\$693,684

Financial Highlights

The Company's key financial highlights as of and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, as compared to the prior period, are shown below:

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Mon September		nded		
(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)	2017		2016		2017		2016	
Income Statement Data:								
Interest income	\$45,137		\$33,471		\$125,007		\$86,718	
Interest expense	5,625		3,053		15,119		7,904	
Net interest income	39,512		30,418		109,888		78,814	
Provision for loan losses	572		2,819		9,697		4,247	
Net interest income after provision	38,940		27,599		100,191		74,567	
Gain on sale of subsidiary	_		_		20,860		_	
Other noninterest income	4,171		6,099		15,798		14,748	
Noninterest income	4,171		6,099		36,658		14,748	
Noninterest expense	28,225		25,792		90,383		66,201	
Net income before income taxes	14,886		7,906		46,466		23,114	
Income tax expense	5,104		3,099		16,551		8,675	
Net income	9,782		4,807		29,915		14,439	
Dividends on preferred stock	(195)	(301)	(580)	(690)
Net income available to common stockholders	\$9,587		\$4,506		\$29,335		\$13,749	
	,		•		,		,	
Per Share Data:								
Basic earnings per common share	\$0.48		\$0.25		\$1.58		\$0.77	
Diluted earnings per common share	\$0.47		\$0.25		\$1.53		\$0.76	
Weighted average shares outstanding - basic	19,811,577	7	17,859,6	04	18,600,0	09	17,845,4	131
Weighted average shares outstanding - diluted	20,645,469		18,101,6		19,488,4		18,041,8	
	, ,		, ,		, ,		, ,	
Adjusted Per Share Data ⁽¹⁾ :								
Adjusted diluted earnings per common share	\$0.47		\$0.32		\$1.02		\$0.84	
Adjusted weighted average shares outstanding -	20.645.460		10.770.0	27	10 400 4	25	10.041.6	0.7
diluted	20,645,469	,	18,778,0	27	19,488,4	25	18,041,8	397
Performance ratios - Annualized ⁽²⁾ :								
Return on average assets	1.36	%	0.84	%	1.46	%	1.01	%
Return on average total equity	10.71	%	6.63	%	12.44	%	6.89	%
Return on average common equity	10.79	%	6.51	%	12.58	%	6.83	%
Return on average tangible common equity (1)	12.28	%	7.60	%	14.65	%	7.73	%
Yield on loans	7.44	%	7.42	%	7.47	%	7.87	%
Adjusted yield on loans (1)	7.20	%	7.10	%	7.14	%	7.42	%
Cost of interest bearing deposits	0.80	%	0.68	%	0.75	%	0.71	%
Cost of total deposits	0.64	%	0.57	%	0.61	%	0.61	%
Cost of total funds	0.90	%	0.61	%	0.84	%	0.65	%
Net interest margin	5.90	%	5.79	%	5.82	%	6.05	%
Adjusted net interest margin (1)	5.69	%	5.53	%		%	5.69	%
J						, ,		

Efficiency ratio	64.61	%	70.63	%	61.68	%	70.76	%
Adjusted efficiency ratio (1)	64.61	%	66.20	%	67.82	%	69.03	%
Net noninterest expense to average assets	3.35	%	3.43	%	2.63	%	3.61	%
Adjusted net noninterest expense to average assets (1)	3.35	%	3.15	%	3.40	%	3.50	%

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)	September 30, 2017	,	December 31, 2016	
Balance Sheet Data:	2017		2010	
Total assets	\$ 2,906,161		\$2,641,067	7
Cash and cash equivalents	80,557		114,514	<u>'</u>
Investment securities	227,325		304,381	
Loans held for investment, net	2,405,096		2,012,219)
Total liabilities	2,403,090		2,351,722	
Noninterest bearing deposits	403,643		363,351	۷
Interest bearing deposits	1,608,902		1,652,434	1
FHLB advances	385,000		230,000	t
Subordinated notes	48,804		48,734	
Junior subordinated debentures	33,047		32,740	
Total stockholders' equity	386,097		289,345	
Preferred stockholders' equity	9,658		9,746	
Common stockholders' equity	376,439		279,599	
Common stockholders equity	370,439		219,399	
Per Share Data:				
Book value per share	\$18.08		\$15.47	
Tangible book value per share (1)	\$ 16.04		\$12.89	
Shares outstanding end of period	20,820,900		18,078,24	1 7
Asset Quality ratios ⁽³⁾ :				
Past due to total loans	2.22	%	3.61	%
Nonperforming loans to total loans	1.25	%	2.23	%
Nonperforming assets to total assets	1.42	%	1.98	%
ALLL to nonperforming loans	67.33	%	34.00	%
ALLL to total loans	0.84	%	0.76	%
Net charge-offs to average loans ⁽⁴⁾	0.22	%	0.25	%
Capital ratios:				
Tier 1 capital to average assets	13.50	%	10.85	%
Tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets	13.45	%	11.85	%
Common equity Tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets	11.95	%	10.18	%
Total capital to risk-weighted assets	15.91	%	14.60	%
Total stockholders' equity to total assets	13.29	%	10.96	%
Tangible common stockholders' equity ratio (1)	11.66	%	8.98	%

⁽¹⁾ The Company uses certain non-GAAP financial measures to provide meaningful supplemental information regarding the Company's operational performance and to enhance investors' overall understanding of such financial performance. The non-GAAP measures used by the Company include the following:

^{• &#}x27;Adjusted diluted earnings per common share" is defined as adjusted net income available to common stockholders divided by adjusted weighted average diluted common shares outstanding. Excluded from net income available to common stockholders are material gains and expenses related to merger and acquisition-related activities, including divestitures, net of tax. In our judgment, the adjustments made to net income available to common stockholders allow management and investors to better assess our performance in relation to our core net income by removing the volatility associated with certain acquisition-related items and other discrete items that are unrelated to our core

business. Weighted average diluted common shares outstanding are adjusted as a result of changes in their dilutive properties given the gain and expense adjustments described herein.

- "Tangible common stockholders' equity" is common stockholders' equity less goodwill and other intangible assets.
- "Total tangible assets" is defined as total assets less goodwill and other intangible assets.

- "Tangible book value per share" is defined as tangible common stockholders' equity divided by total common shares outstanding. This measure is important to investors interested in changes from period-to-period in book value per share exclusive of changes in intangible assets.
- Tangible common stockholders' equity ratio" is defined as the ratio of tangible common stockholders' equity divided by total tangible assets. We believe that this measure is important to many investors in the marketplace who are interested in relative changes from period-to period in common equity and total assets, each exclusive of changes in intangible assets.
- Return on average tangible common equity" is defined as net income available to common stockholders divided by average tangible common stockholders' equity.

"Adjusted efficiency ratio" is defined as noninterest expenses divided by our operating revenue, which is equal to net interest income plus noninterest income. Also excluded are material gains and expenses related to merger and acquisition-related activities, including divestitures. In our judgment, the adjustments made to operating revenue allow management and investors to better assess our performance in relation to our core operating revenue by removing the volatility associated with certain acquisition-related items and other discrete items that are unrelated to our core business.

- "Adjusted net noninterest expense to average total assets" is defined as noninterest expenses net of noninterest income divided by total average assets. Excluded are material gains and expenses related to merger and acquisition-related activities, including divestitures. This metric is used by our management to better assess our operating efficiency.
- 'Adjusted yield on loans" is our yield on loans after excluding loan accretion from our acquired loan portfolio. Our management uses this metric to better assess the impact of purchase accounting on our yield on loans, as the effect of loan discount accretion is expected to decrease as the acquired loans roll off of our balance sheet, absent the impact, if any, of future acquisitions.
- 'Adjusted net interest margin" is net interest margin after excluding loan accretion from the acquired loan portfolio. Our management uses this metric to better assess the impact of purchase accounting on net interest margin, as the effect of loan discount accretion is expected to decrease as the acquired loans mature or roll off of our balance sheet, absent the impact, if any, of future acquisitions.
- (2) Amounts have been annualized.
- (3) Asset quality ratios exclude loans held for sale.
- (4) Net charge-offs to average loans ratios are for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and the year ended December 31, 2016.

GAAP Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures

We believe the non-GAAP financial measures included above provide useful information to management and investors that is supplementary to our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows computed in accordance with GAAP; however, we acknowledge that our non-GAAP financial measures have a number of limitations. The following reconciliation table provides a more detailed analysis of the non-GAAP financial measures:

	Three Months September 30		Nine Months E September 30,	Ended
(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts)	2017	2016	2017	2016
Net income available to common stockholders	\$9,587	\$4,506	\$29,335	\$13,749
Gain on sale of subsidiary	_	_	(20,860)	_
Incremental bonus related to transaction		_	4,814	_
Indirect transaction costs	_	1,618	325	1,618
Tax effect of adjustments	_	(251)	5,754	(251)
Adjusted net income available to common				
stockholders	\$9,587	\$5,873	\$19,368	\$15,116
Dilutive effect of convertible preferred stock	195	197	580	_
Adjusted net income available to common				
stockholders - diluted	\$9,782	\$6,070	\$19,948	\$15,116
Weighted average shares outstanding - diluted	20,645,469	18,101,676	19,488,425	18,041,897
Adjusted effects of assumed preferred stock conversion	_	676,351	_	_
Adjusted weighted average shares outstanding - diluted	20,645,469	18,778,027	19,488,425	18,041,897
Adjusted diluted earnings per common share	\$0.47	\$0.32	\$1.02	\$0.84
Net income available to common stockholders	\$9,587	\$4,506	\$29,335	\$13,749
Average tangible common equity	309,624	235,938	267,633	237,647
Return on average tangible common equity	12.28	6 7.60 %	14.65 %	7.73 %
Adjusted efficiency ratio:				
Net interest income	\$39,512	\$30,418	\$109,888	\$78,814
Noninterest income	4,171	6,099	36,658	14,748
Operating revenue	43,683	36,517	146,546	93,562
Gain on sale of subsidiary	_	_	(20,860)	_
Adjusted operating revenue	\$43,683	\$36,517	\$125,686	\$93,562
Total noninterest expense	\$28,225	\$25,792	\$90,383	\$66,201
Incremental bonus related to transaction	_	_	(4,814)	_
Indirect transaction costs	_	(1,618)	(325)	(1,618)
Adjusted noninterest expense	\$28,225	\$24,174	\$85,244	\$64,583
Adjusted efficiency ratio	64.61 9	66.20 %	67.82 %	69.03 %
Adjusted net noninterest expense to average assets ratio:				
Total noninterest expense	\$28,225	\$25,792	\$90,383	\$66,201

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Incremental bonus related to transaction	_		_		(4,814)	_	
Indirect transaction costs			(1,618)	(325)	(1,618)
Adjusted noninterest expense	\$28,225		\$24,174		\$85,244		\$64,583	
Total noninterest income	\$4,171		\$6,099		\$36,658		\$14,748	
Gain on sale of subsidiary					(20,860)		
Adjusted noninterest income	4,171		6,099		15,798		14,748	
Adjusted net noninterest expenses	\$24,054		\$18,075		\$69,446		\$49,835	
Average total assets	2,849,170		2,282,279		2,731,426		1,904,001	
Adjusted net noninterest expense to average assets								
ratio	3.35	%	3.15	%	3.40	%	3.50	%
Reported yield on loans	7.44	%	7.42	%	7.47	%	7.87	%
Effect of accretion income on acquired loans	(0.24	%)	(0.32	%)	(0.33	%)	(0.45	%)
Adjusted yield on loans	7.20	%	7.10	%	7.14	%	7.42	%
Reported net interest margin	5.90	%	5.79	%	5.82	%	6.05	%
Effect of accretion income on acquired loans	(0.21	%)	(0.26	%)	(0.28	%)	(0.36	%)
Adjusted net interest margin	5.69	%	5.53	%	5.54	%	5.69	%

(Dollars in thousands, except per share amounts) Total stockholders' equity Preferred stock liquidation preference Total common stockholders' equity Goodwill and other intangibles Tangible common stockholders' equity Common shares outstanding Tangible book value per share	September 30, 2017 \$ 386,097 (9,658 376,439 (42,452 \$ 333,987 20,820,900 \$ 16.04)	December 31, 2016 \$289,345 (9,746 279,599 (46,531 \$233,068 18,078,24' \$12.89)
č i				
Total assets at end of period	\$2,906,161		\$2,641,067	
Goodwill and other intangibles	(42,452)	(46,531)
Tangible assets at period end	\$ 2,863,709		\$2,594,536	
Tangible common stockholders' equity ratio	11.66	%	8.98	%

Results of Operations

Net Income

Three months ended September 30, 2017 compared with three months ended September 30, 2016. We earned net income of \$9.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2017 compared to \$4.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016, an increase of \$5.0 million.

The results for the three months ended September 30, 2016 include the results of operations of ColoEast since the August 1, 2016 acquisition date and were impacted by \$1.6 million of transaction and restructuring costs associated with our acquisition of ColoEast and reported as noninterest expense.

Excluding the tax-effected impact of the 2016 ColoEast transaction costs, we earned net income of \$9.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2017 compared to an adjusted \$6.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016, an increase of \$3.7 million. The adjusted increase was primarily the result of a \$9.1 million increase in net interest income and a \$2.2 million reduction in the provision for loan losses, offset in part by a \$1.9 million decrease in noninterest income, a \$4.0 million increase in noninterest expense and a \$1.7 million increase in income tax expense.

Nine months ended September 30, 2017 compared with nine months ended September 30, 2016. We earned net income of \$29.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 compared to \$14.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016, an increase of \$15.5 million.

The results for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 were impacted by our sale of TCA. The TCA sale resulted in a gain on sale in the amount of \$20.9 million included in noninterest income for the nine months ended September 30, 2017, offset by an additional \$4.8 million bonus accrual and approximately \$0.3 million of other indirect transaction related costs recorded in connection with the TCA sale and reported as noninterest expense.

The results for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 include the results of operations of ColoEast since the August 1, 2016 acquisition date and were impacted by \$1.6 million of transaction and restructuring costs associated with our acquisition of ColoEast and reported as noninterest expense.

Excluding the tax-effected impact of the TCA sale transaction and the ColoEast transaction costs, we earned adjusted net income of \$19.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 compared to \$15.8 million for the nine

months ended September 30, 2016, an increase of \$4.1 million. The adjusted increase was primarily the result of a \$31.1 million increase in net interest income and a \$1.1 million increase in noninterest income, offset in part by a \$5.5 million increase in the provision for loan losses, a \$20.7 million increase in noninterest expense and a \$1.9 million increase in income tax expense.

Details of the changes in the various components of net income are further discussed below.

Net Interest Income

Our operating results depend primarily on our net interest income, which is the difference between interest income on interest earning assets, including loans and securities, and interest expense incurred on interest bearing liabilities, including deposits and other borrowed funds. Interest rate fluctuations, as well as changes in the amount and type of interest earning assets and interest bearing liabilities, combine to affect net interest income. Our net interest income is affected by changes in the amount and mix of interest earning assets and interest bearing liabilities, referred to as a "volume change." It is also affected by changes in yields earned on interest earning assets and rates paid on interest bearing liabilities, referred to as a "rate change."

Three months ended September 30, 2017 compared with three months ended September 30, 2016. The following table presents the distribution of average assets, liabilities and equity, as well as interest income and fees earned on average interest earning assets and interest expense paid on average interest bearing liabilities for the three months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 2016							
			A *** a # a * a	_			A *** a # a a	
(Dollars in thousands)	Average Balance	Interest	Averag Rate ⁽⁴⁾		Average Balance	Interest	Averag Rate ⁽⁴⁾	-
· ·	Darance	merest	Kate		Dalance	mierest	Kate	
Interest earning assets:	\$111,364	\$370	1.32	01	\$73,022	\$93	0.51	07
Cash and cash equivalents Taxable securities								% %
	211,354	1,570	2.95	%	253,690	1,138	1.78	
Tax-exempt securities	25,174	85	1.34	%	28,239	80	1.13	%
FHLB and FRB stock	14,885	51	1.36	%	9,627	16	0.66	%
Loans (1)	2,295,356	43,061	7.44	%	1,723,896	32,144	7.42	%
Total interest earning assets	2,658,133	45,137	6.74	%	2,088,474	33,471	6.38	%
Noninterest earning assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	36,128				29,108			
Other noninterest earning assets	154,909				164,697			
Total assets	\$2,849,170				\$2,282,279			
Interest bearing liabilities:								
Deposits:								
Interest bearing demand	\$312,009	\$137	0.17	%	\$280,689	\$71	0.10	%
Individual retirement accounts	98,713	309	1.24	%	87,723	253	1.15	%
Money market	201,462	118	0.23	%	182,124	96	0.21	%
Savings	167,908	20	0.05	%	140,338	23	0.07	%
Certificates of deposit	773,075	2,381	1.22	%	670,372	1,839	1.09	%
Brokered deposits	72,094	307	1.69	%	49,964	126	1.00	%
Total deposits	1,625,261	3,272	0.80	%	1,411,210	2,408	0.68	%
Subordinated notes	48,791	837	6.81	%	_	_	0.00	%
Junior subordinated debentures	32,983	495	5.95	%	29,977	382	5.07	%
Other borrowings	365,464	1,021	1.11	%	257,358	263	0.41	%
Total interest bearing liabilities	2,072,499	5,625	1.08	%	1,698,545	3,053	0.72	%
Noninterest bearing liabilities and equity:								
Noninterest bearing demand deposits	398,774				283,128			

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Other liabilities	15,698		11,986			
Total equity	362,199		288,620			
Total liabilities and equity	\$2,849,170		\$2,282,279			
Net interest income	\$39,512			\$30,418		
Interest spread (2)		5.66	%		5.66	%
Net interest margin (3)		5.90	%		5.79	%

- (1) Balance totals include respective nonaccrual assets.
- (2) Net interest spread is the yield on average interest earning assets less the rate on interest bearing liabilities.
- (3) Net interest margin is the ratio of net interest income to average interest earning assets.
- (4) Ratios have been annualized.

We earned net interest income of \$39.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2017 compared to \$30.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016, an increase of \$9.1 million, or 29.9%.

This increase in net interest income was driven by the change in average interest earning assets, which increased to \$2.658 billion for the three months ended September 30, 2017 from \$2.088 billion for the three months ended September 30, 2016, an increase of \$570 million, or 27.3%. This increase was partly attributable to \$461 million of loans and \$162 million of investment securities acquired in the ColoEast acquisition, which were outstanding for only two months during the three months ended September 30, 2016. Additional interest income also resulted from organic growth in our loan portfolio. Our commercial finance product lines, including our factored receivables, asset based loans, equipment finance loans, and premium finance loans all increased on a period over period basis as a result of the continued execution of our growth strategy for such products. Our commercial finance balances increased \$249.0 million, or 39%, from \$637.9 million at September 30, 2016 to \$886.9 million at September 30, 2017. We also experienced organic growth in our mortgage warehouse facilities and community banking lending products period over period, including commercial real estate and general commercial and industrial loans.

The increase in our net interest income resulting from changes in the interest income generated by our loan portfolio discussed above were offset in part by an increase in our interest expense associated with the growth in customer deposits and other borrowings. Average total interest bearing deposits increased to \$1.625 billion for the three months ended September 30, 2017 from \$1.411 billion for the three months ended September 30, 2016, an increase of \$214 million, or 15.2%. This increase was primarily due to \$653 million of customer deposits assumed in the ColoEast acquisition, of which \$492 million were interest bearing, and were outstanding for only two months during the three months ended September 30, 2016. Excluding the ColoEast customer deposits, we also experienced growth in our certificates of deposit as these were used to fund our loan growth period over period. In addition, our use of other interest bearing borrowings, consisting primarily of FHLB advances, was increased to fund our loan growth. Our mortgage warehouse facilities are included in our borrowing base with the FHLB. Finally, we issued \$50.0 million of subordinated notes on September 30, 2016 that contributed to the increase in interest expense period over period. As the subordinated notes were issued at the end of the period, no interest was recorded on the subordinated notes in the three months ended September 30, 2016.

Net interest margin increased to 5.90% for the three months ended September 30, 2017 from 5.79% for the three months ended September 30, 2016, an increase of 11 basis points.

The increase in our net interest margin resulted in part from an increase in yields on our interest earning assets. Our average yield on interest earning assets increased to 6.74% for the three months ended September 30, 2017 from 6.38% for the three months ended September 30, 2016, an increase of 36 basis points. The increase is primarily attributable to a change in the mix within our loan portfolio period over period. Our higher yielding commercial finance products as a percentage of the total portfolio have increased from 33% at September 30, 2016 to 37% at September 30, 2017. In addition, our Prime- and LIBOR-indexed floating rate loans have been adjusting higher as short term rates have risen during 2017. Offsetting these increases in part, we experienced a diminishing impact of discount accretion on the loan portfolio yield period over period.

A component of the yield on our loan portfolio consists of discount accretion on the portfolios acquired in connection with our acquisitions. The aggregate increased yield on our loan portfolio attributable to the accretion of purchase discounts associated with our acquisitions was 24 basis points for the three months ended September 30, 2017 and 32 basis points for the three months ended September 30, 2016. Excluding the impact of this discount accretion, the adjusted yield on our loan portfolio was 7.20% and 7.10% for the three months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Subject to future acquisitions, we anticipate that the contribution of this discount accretion to our interest income will continue to decline over time, but we expect that any resulting decreases in aggregate yield on our loan portfolio will be offset in part by continued growth in our higher yielding specialized commercial finance product lines which include our factored receivables, asset based loans, equipment finance loans, and premium finance loans. As of September 30, 2017, there was approximately \$10.8 million of purchase discount remaining, of which \$9.4 million is expected to be accreted over the remaining lives of the acquired loan portfolios.

Our adjusted net interest margin, which excludes the impact of the acquired loan discount accretion described above, was 5.69% and 5.53% for the three months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Partially offsetting the increase in yields on our interest earning assets was an increase in our average cost of funds. Our average cost of interest bearing liabilities increased to 1.08% for the three months ended September 30, 2017 from 0.72% for the three months ended September 30, 2016, an increase of 36 basis points. This increase was caused by an increased use of higher rate certificates of deposit to fund our growth period over period, higher rates on short term and floating rate FHLB advances as a result of higher interest rates in the economy, and our issuance of \$50.0 million of subordinated notes at an initial fixed rate of 6.50%.

The following table shows the effects changes in average balances (volume) and average interest rates (rate) had on the interest earned in our interest earning assets and the interest incurred on our interest bearing liabilities for the three months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016:

Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 vs. 2016 Increase (Decrease) Due to:

(Dollars in thousands)	Rate	Volume	Net Increase
Interest earning assets:		Volume	mercuse
Cash and cash equivalents	\$150	\$127	\$277
Taxable securities	746	(314)	432
Tax-exempt securities	15	(10)	5
FHLB and FRB stock	17	18	35
Loans	196	10,721	10,917
Total interest income	1,124	10,542	11,666
Interest bearing liabilities:			
Interest bearing demand	52	14	66
Individual retirement accounts	22	34	56
Money market	11	11	22
Savings	(6)) 3	(3)
Certificates of deposit	226	316	542
Brokered deposits	87	94	181
Total deposits	392	472	864
Subordinated notes		837	837
Junior subordinated debentures	68	45	113
Other borrowings	456	302	758
Total interest expense	916	1,656	2,572
Change in net interest income	\$208	\$8,886	\$9,094

Nine months ended September 30, 2017 compared with nine months ended September 30, 2016. The following table presents the distribution of average assets, liabilities and equity, as well as interest income and fees earned on average interest earning assets and interest expense paid on average interest bearing liabilities for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016:

	Nine Months Ended September 30,							
	2017				2016			
	Average		Averag	e	Average		Averag	;e
(Dollars in thousands)	Balance	Interest	Rate ⁽⁴⁾		Balance	Interest	Rate ⁽⁴⁾	
Interest earning assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$121,479	\$986	1.09	%	\$107,322	\$498	0.62	%
Taxable securities	239,353	4,750	2.65	%	202,983	2,848	1.87	%
Tax-exempt securities	25,581	254	1.33	%	10,212	93	1.22	%
FHLB and FRB stock	11,295	129	1.53	%	6,227	39	0.84	%
Loans (1)	2,126,532	118,888	7.47	%	1,413,344	83,240	7.87	%
Total interest earning assets	2,524,240	125,007	6.62	%	1,740,088	86,718	6.66	%
Noninterest earning assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	36,897				26,049			
Other noninterest earning assets	170,289				137,864			
Total assets	\$2,731,426				\$1,904,001			
Interest bearing liabilities:								
Deposits:								
Interest bearing demand	\$326,798	\$385	0.16	%	\$248,249	\$187	0.10	%
Individual retirement accounts	100,224	903	1.20	%	71,297	641	1.20	%
Money market	205,585	356	0.23	%	139,164	230	0.22	%
Savings	170,431	81	0.06	%	98,714	43	0.06	%
Certificates of deposit	767,680	6,682	1.16	%	599,475	4,943	1.10	%
Brokered deposits	69,359	791	1.52	%	49,970	377	1.01	%
Total deposits	1,640,077	9,198	0.75	%	1,206,869	6,421	0.71	%
Subordinated notes	48,767	2,508	6.88	%		_	0.00	%
Junior subordinated debentures	32,881	1,435	5.83	%	26,506	996	5.02	%
Other borrowings	286,910	1,978	0.92	%	176,426	487	0.37	%
Total interest bearing liabilities	2,008,635	15,119	1.01	%	1,409,801	7,904	0.75	%
Noninterest bearing liabilities and equity:								
Noninterest bearing demand deposits	388,217				203,747			
Other liabilities	12,984				10,723			
Total equity	321,590				279,730			
Total liabilities and equity	\$2,731,426				\$1,904,001			
Net interest income		\$109,888				\$78,814		
Interest spread (2)			5.61	%			5.91	%
Net interest margin (3)			5.82	%			6.05	%
(1) Dalamaa tatala imaluda maanaatiwa mamaaa								

⁽¹⁾ Balance totals include respective nonaccrual assets.

We earned net interest income of \$109.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 compared to \$78.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016, an increase of \$31.1 million, or 39.5%.

⁽²⁾ Net interest spread is the yield on average interest earning assets less the rate on interest bearing liabilities.

⁽³⁾ Net interest margin is the ratio of net interest income to average interest earning assets.

⁽⁴⁾ Ratios have been annualized.

This increase in net interest income was driven by the change in average interest earning assets, which increased to \$2.524 billion for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 from \$1.740 billion for the nine months ended September 30, 2016, an increase of \$784 million, or 45.1%. This increase was partly attributable to \$461 million of loans and \$162 million of investment securities acquired in the ColoEast acquisition, which were outstanding for only two months during the nine months ended September 30, 2016. Additional interest income also resulted from organic growth in our loan portfolio. Our commercial finance product lines, including our factored receivables, asset based loans, equipment finance loans, and premium finance loans all increased on a period over period basis as a result of the continued execution of our growth strategy for such products. Our outstanding commercial finance balances increased \$249.0 million, or 39.0%, from \$637.9 million at September 30, 2016 to \$886.9 million at September 30, 2017. We also experienced organic growth in our mortgage warehouse facilities and community banking lending products period over period, including commercial real estate and general commercial and industrial loans.

The increases in our net interest income resulting from changes in the interest income generated by our loan portfolio discussed above were offset in part by an increase in our interest expense associated with the growth in customer deposits and other borrowings. Average total interest bearing deposits increased to \$1.640 billion for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 from \$1.207 billion for the nine months ended September 30, 2016, an increase of \$433 million, or 35.9%. This increase was primarily due to \$653 million of customer deposits assumed in the ColoEast acquisition, of which \$492 million were interest bearing, and were outstanding for only two months during the nine months ended September 30, 2016. Excluding the ColoEast customer deposits, we also experienced growth in our certificates of deposit as these higher cost deposit products were used to fund our loan growth period over period. In addition, our use of other interest bearing borrowings, consisting primarily of FHLB advances, was increased to fund our loan growth. Our mortgage warehouse facilities are included in our borrowing base with the FHLB. Finally, we issued \$50.0 million of subordinated notes on September 30, 2016 that contributed to the increase in interest expense period over period.

Net interest margin decreased to 5.82% for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 from 6.05% for the nine months ended September 30, 2016, a decrease of 23 basis points.

The decline in our net interest margin resulted in part from a decrease in yields on our interest earning assets. Our average yield on interest earning assets decreased to 6.62% for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 from 6.66% for the nine months ended September 30, 2016, a decrease of 4 basis points. The decrease is primarily attributable to a change in the mix within our loan portfolio period over period. The lower yielding community banking loans acquired in the ColoEast acquisition, which were outstanding for only two months during the nine months ended September 30, 2016, resulted in our higher yielding commercial finance products as a percentage of the total portfolio decreasing on average during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2016. During the nine months ended September 30, 2016, our higher-yielding commercial finance loans comprised approximately 40% of our loan portfolio on average. However, during the nine months ended September 30, 2017, our higher-yielding commercial finance products comprised only 36% of our loan portfolio on average. In addition, we experienced a diminishing impact of discount accretion on the loan portfolio yield period over period. These decreases were offset in part by our Prime- and LIBOR-indexed floating rate loans adjusting higher as short term rates have risen during 2017.

A component of the yield on our loan portfolio consists of discount accretion on the portfolios acquired in connection with our acquisitions. The aggregate increased yield on our loan portfolio attributable to accretion of purchase discounts associated with our acquisitions was 33 basis points for the nine months ended September 30, 2017, and 45 basis points for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. Excluding the impact of this discount accretion, the adjusted yield on our loan portfolio was 7.14% and 7.42% for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Subject to future acquisitions, we anticipate that the contribution of this discount accretion to our interest income will continue to decline over time, but we expect that any resulting decreases in aggregate yield on our

loan portfolio will be offset in part by continued growth in our higher yielding specialized commercial finance product lines which include our factored receivables, asset based loans, equipment finance loans, and premium finance loans. As of September 30, 2017, there was approximately \$10.8 million of purchase discount remaining, of which \$9.4 million is expected to be accreted over the remaining lives of the acquired loan portfolios.

Our adjusted net interest margin, which excludes the impact of the acquired loan discount accretion described above, was 5.54% and 5.69% for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

An increase in our average cost of funds also contributed to the decrease in our net interest margin. Our average cost of interest bearing liabilities increased to 1.01% for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 from 0.75% for the nine months ended September 30, 2016, an increase of 26 basis points. This increase was caused by an increased use of higher rate certificates of deposit to fund our growth period over period, higher rates on short term and floating rate FHLB advances as a result of higher interest rates in the economy, and our issuance of \$50.0 million of subordinated notes at an initial fixed rate of 6.50%.

The following table shows the effects changes in average balances (volume) and average interest rates (rate) had on the interest earned in our interest earning assets and the interest incurred on our interest bearing liabilities for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016:

16

(Dollars in thousands)	Rate	Volume	Net Increase
Interest earning assets:		Volume	mereuse
Cash and cash equivalents	\$373	\$115	\$488
Taxable securities	1,180	722	1,902
Tax-exempt securities	8	153	161
FHLB and FRB stock	32	58	90
Loans	(4,224)	39,872	35,648
Total interest income	(2,631)	40,920	38,289
Interest bearing liabilities:			
Interest bearing demand	105	93	198
Individual retirement accounts	1	261	262
Money market	11	115	126
Savings	4	34	38
Certificates of deposit	275	1,464	1,739
Brokered deposits	193	221	414
Total deposits	589	2,188	2,777
Subordinated notes		2,508	2,508
Junior subordinated debentures	161	278	439
Other borrowings	729	762	1,491
Total interest expense	1,479	5,736	7,215
Change in net interest income	\$(4,110)	\$35,184	\$31,074

Provision for Loan Losses

The provision for loan losses is the amount of expense that, based on our judgment, is required to maintain the allowance for loan and lease losses ("ALLL") at an adequate level to absorb probable losses incurred in the loan portfolio at the balance sheet date and that, in management's judgment, is appropriate under GAAP. The determination of the amount of the allowance is complex and involves a high degree of judgment and subjectivity.

The provision for loan losses is primarily driven by the allowance allocation for incurred losses recorded on collectively evaluated loans outstanding for a period. As outstanding loan balances fluctuate period over period, the associated provision for loan losses typically increases or decreases accordingly. In addition, the product types associated with fluctuations within the loan portfolio also contribute to the allowance allocation, as different loan products require different levels of ALLL based upon their credit risk characteristics. Finally, loan loss valuation allowances are recorded on specific at-risk balances, typically consisting of impaired loans and factored invoices greater than 90 days past due with negative cash reserves.

Under accounting standards for business combinations, acquired loans are recorded at fair value on the date of acquisition. This fair value adjustment eliminates any of the seller's ALLL associated with such loans as of such date as any credit exposure associated with such loans is incorporated into the fair value adjustment. A provision for loan losses is recorded for the emergence of new probable and estimable losses on acquired loans after the acquisition date.

Our ALLL was \$20.4 million as of September 30, 2017 versus \$15.4 million as of December 31, 2016, representing an ALLL to total loans ratio of 0.84% and 0.76% respectively.

Three months ended September 30, 2017 compared with three months ended September 30, 2016. Our provision for loan losses was \$0.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2017 compared to \$2.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016.

The change in the provision for loan losses was the result of several factors. We experienced \$2 thousand net charge-offs in the three months ended September 30, 2017 compared to net charge-offs of \$1.7 million for the same period in 2016. Net charge-offs in the three months ended September 30, 2017 were reduced by \$0.8 million of recoveries collected on two individual loan relationships charged-off in prior periods. In addition, we recorded a \$0.4 million reduction in specific reserves during the three months ended September 30, 2017 compared to an increase in specific reserves of \$1.0 million during the three months ended September 30, 2016.

Offsetting in part the decreased provision due to the change in net charge-offs and specific reserves, was an increase due to a higher loan portfolio growth rate period over period. During the three months ended September 30, 2017, outstanding loans increased \$130.4 million from June 30, 2017. During the three months ended September 30, 2016, outstanding loans, excluding the \$461 million acquired ColoEast portfolio, increased \$88.6 million from June 30, 2016. The larger increase in outstanding loan balances within the three months ended September 30, 2017 resulted in a higher provision for loan losses compared to the three months ended September 30, 2016.

Nine months ended September 30, 2017 compared with nine months ended September 30, 2016. Our provision for loan losses was \$9.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 compared to \$4.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016.

The increased provision for loan losses was primarily the result of an increase in loan charge-offs recorded during the nine months ended September 30, 2017. We experienced higher total net charge-offs of \$4.7 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2017 compared to net charge-offs of \$1.9 million for the same period in 2016. Approximately \$1.4 million of the charge-offs for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 had specific reserves previously recorded. In addition, this charge-off activity contributed to an increase in the estimate of the ALLL levels recorded against the remaining loan portfolio as a result of higher loss factors incorporated into our ALLL methodology for the nine months ended September 30, 2017. Approximately \$3.1 million of the charge-offs recorded during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 were associated with two individual loan relationships that were charged-off in the first quarter of 2017. One of the loan relationships was part of our healthcare finance unit and one was acquired in the ColoEast acquisition.

In addition, during the nine months ended September 30, 2017, outstanding loans increased \$397.8 million from December 31, 2016. During the nine months ended September 30, 2016, outstanding loans, excluding the \$461 million acquired ColoEast portfolio, increased \$207.2 million from December 31, 2015. The larger increase in outstanding loan balances within the nine months ended September 30, 2017 resulted in a higher provision for loan losses compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2016.

Noninterest Income

The following table presents the major categories of noninterest income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016:

	Three I	Three Months Ended September 30,				onths Ende	ed Septembe	er 30,
			\$				\$	
(Dollars in thousands)	2017	2016	Change	% Change	2017	2016	Change	% Change

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Service charges on deposits	\$1,046	\$984	\$62	6.3	%	\$3,003	\$2,338	\$665	28.4	%
Card income	956	767	189	24.6	%	2,700	1,890	810	42.9	%
Net OREO gains (losses) and										
valuation adjustments	15	63	(48)	76.2	%	(86)	(1,152)	1,066	92.5	%
Net gains on sale of securities	35	(68	103	(2)	35	(63)	98	(155.6	%)
Net gains on sale of loans	_	_	_	0.0	%	_	16	(16)	(100.0)	%)
Fee income	625	655	(30)	(4.6	%)	1,845	1,693	152	9.0	%
Gain on sale of subsidiary	_	_	_	_		20,860	_	20,860	100.0	%
Asset management fees	_	1,553	(1,553)	(100.0)	%)	1,717	4,787	(3,070)	(64.1	%)
CLO warehouse investment										
income	_	657	(657)	(100.0)	%)	1,954	2,415	(461)	(19.1	%)
Insurance commissions	826	389	437	112.3	%	2,125	574	1,551	270.2	%
Other	668	1,099	(431)	(39.2	%)	2,505	2,250	255	11.3	%
Total noninterest income	\$4,171	\$6,099	\$(1,928)	(31.6	%)	\$36,658	\$14,748	\$21,910	148.6	%

Three months ended September 30, 2017 compared with three months ended September 30, 2016. We earned noninterest income of \$4.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2017, compared to \$6.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016.

The decrease was primarily due to a decrease in asset management fees earned due to the sale of TCA and a reduction in CLO warehouse investment income. Changes in selected components of noninterest income in the above table are discussed below.

Asset Management Fees. As a result of the sale of TCA, we no longer earn asset management fees. As a result, there was no asset management fee income recorded for the three months ended September 30, 2017, compared to \$1.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016.

Insurance Commissions. Commissions earned by our Triumph Insurance Group subsidiary increased \$0.4 million from \$0.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016 to \$0.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2017 due to increased volumes resulting from organic growth of the business and the acquisition of Southern Transportation Insurance Agency, Ltd.

CLO Warehouse Investment Income. The CLO associated with our remaining CLO warehouse investment was issued and closed in June 2017, and as a result our invested funds were returned. At September 30, 2017 we no longer held investments in CLO warehouse entities and, absent future investments in new CLO warehouse entities, we do not expect to realize CLO warehouse investment income ongoing. As a result, there was no CLO warehouse investment income recorded for the three months ended September 30, 2017, compared to \$0.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016.

Other. Other noninterest income decreased from \$1.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016 to \$0.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2017. Other noninterest income includes income for check cashing and wire transfer fees, income associated with trust activities, and bank-owned life insurance. There were no significant increases or decreases in the components of other noninterest income period over period.

Nine months ended September 30, 2017 compared with nine months ended September 30, 2016. We earned noninterest income of \$36.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017, compared to \$14.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. The increase in the nine months ended September 30, 2017 was impacted by the realization of the \$20.9 million gain associated with the sale of TCA. Excluding the gain on sale of TCA, we earned noninterest income of \$15.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017, resulting in an adjusted increase in noninterest income of \$1.1 million, or 7.5% period over period.

The adjusted increase was primarily due to an increase in service charges on deposits, card income, and insurance commissions. In addition, a decrease in OREO losses contributed to the increase in noninterest income during the nine months ended September 30, 2017. These increases in noninterest income were offset in part by a decrease in asset management fees earned due to the sale of TCA and a reduction in CLO warehouse investment income. Changes in selected components of noninterest income in the above table are discussed below.

Service Charges on Deposits. Service charges on deposit accounts, including overdraft and non-sufficient funds fees, increased from \$2.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 to \$3.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017. The increase was primarily due to additional service charges associated with the increase in customer deposits due to the ColoEast acquisition.

Card Income. Debit and credit card income increased from \$1.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 to \$2.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017. The increase was primarily due to additional customer debit and credit card activity associated with the increase in issued cards due to the ColoEast acquisition. Net OREO Gains (Losses) and Valuation Adjustments. Net OREO gains (losses) and valuation adjustments represents gains on loans transferred to OREO with a fair value in excess of the foreclosed loans' carrying value, gains and losses on the sale of OREO, and valuation allowances recorded due to subsequent write-downs of OREO. The net loss of \$1.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was primarily due to a \$1.2 million OREO write-down related to a branch facility previously transferred to OREO that is no longer being actively operated. The write-down was the result of obtaining an updated appraisal on the property.

• Asset Management Fees. Asset management fees earned by TCA decreased from \$4.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 to \$1.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017. The decrease is due to the sale of TCA in the first quarter of 2017. As a result of the sale of TCA, we no longer earn asset management fees.

CLO Warehouse Investment Income. Income from our CLO warehouse equity investments decreased \$0.4 million, from \$2.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 to \$2.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017. The CLO associated with our remaining CLO warehouse investment was issued and closed in June 2017, and as a result our invested funds were returned. At September 30, 2017 we no longer held investments in CLO warehouse entities and, absent future investments in new CLO warehouse entities, we do not expect to realize CLO warehouse investment income ongoing.

Insurance Commissions. Commissions earned by our Triumph Insurance Group subsidiary increased \$1.5 million from \$0.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 to \$2.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 due to increased volumes resulting from organic growth of the business and the acquisition of Southern Transportation Insurance Agency, Ltd. in the third quarter of 2016.

Noninterest Expense

The following table presents the major categories of noninterest expense for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016:

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Nine Months Ended September 30,					
			\$						\$		
(Dollars in thousands)	2017	2016	Change	%	6 Chan	ge	2017	2016	Change	% Char	nge
Salaries and employee benefits	\$16,717	\$14,699	\$2,018		13.7	%	\$54,687	\$39,180	\$15,507	39.6	%
Occupancy, furniture and											
equipment	2,398	1,921	477		24.8	%	7,105	4,937	2,168	43.9	%
FDIC insurance and other											
regulatory assessments	294	143	151		105.6	%	790	648	142	21.9	%
Professional fees	1,465	1,874	(409)	(21.8)	%)	4,671	4,048	623	15.4	%
Amortization of intangible											
assets	870	958	(88)	(9.2	%)	2,892	2,652	240	9.0	%
Advertising and promotion	804	779	25		3.2	%	2,653	1,926	727	37.7	%
Communications and											
technology	2,145	1,966	179		9.1	%	6,552	4,661	1,891	40.6	%
Travel and entertainment	543	615	(72)	(11.7)	%)	1,835	1,502	333	22.2	%
Other	2,989	2,837	152		5.4	%	9,198	6,647	2,551	38.4	%
Total noninterest expense	\$28,225	\$25,792	\$2,433		9.4	%	\$90,383	\$66,201	\$24,182	36.5	%

Three months ended September 30, 2017 compared with three months ended September 30, 2016. Noninterest expense totaled \$28.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2017 compared to \$25.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016. This activity was impacted by the transaction costs incurred in the amount of \$1.6 million associated with the acquisition of ColoEast in August 2016.

Excluding the ColoEast transaction costs, we incurred noninterest expense of \$24.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016, resulting in an adjusted net increase in noninterest expense of \$4.0 million period over period. Details of the more significant changes in the various components of noninterest expense are further discussed below.

Salaries and Employee Benefits. Salaries and employee benefits expenses have historically been our largest category of noninterest expense. Salaries and employee benefits expenses were \$16.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2017 compared to \$14.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016. This increase is attributable to several factors. Most notably, we experienced an increase in the average size of our workforce between these periods. Our full-time equivalent employees totaled 711 and 709 at September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively, however our average full-time equivalent employees were 713 and 639 during the three months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Sources of this increased headcount were primarily employees added

through the ColoEast acquisition, which were present for only two months during the three months ended September 30, 2016. In addition, employees were hired to support growth in our commercial finance product lines and other strategic initiatives. Other factors contributing to the increase in salaries and employee benefits include merit increases for existing employees, higher health insurance benefit costs, incentive compensation, and 401(k) expenses. Salaries and employee benefits for the three months ended September 30, 2016 included \$0.4 million of severance costs incurred as part of the ColoEast restructuring activities.

Occupancy, Furniture and Equipment. Occupancy, furniture and equipment expenses were \$2.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2017 compared to \$1.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016. This increase is primarily due to expenses associated with the infrastructure and facilities added through the ColoEast acquisition, which were operational for only two months during the three months ended September 30, 2016. In addition, infrastructure has been expanded to support our growing business activities and workforce in 2017. Professional Fees. Professional fees are primarily comprised of external audit, tax, consulting, and legal fees and were \$1.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2017 compared to \$1.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016. The decrease is primarily attributable to \$1.0 million of professional fees incurred in the three months ended September 30, 2016 associated with the ColoEast acquisition. Our remaining ongoing external audit, legal, and consulting activities increased period over period consistent with the growth in our business activities.

Nine months ended September 30, 2017 compared with nine months ended September 30, 2016. Noninterest expense totaled \$90.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 compared to \$66.2 million of noninterest expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. Noninterest expense was impacted by the recognition of an incremental \$5.1 million of transaction related costs

associated with the TCA sale in the nine months ended September 30, 2017, including \$4.8 million of bonus expense for the amount paid to team members to recognize their contribution to the value realized from the TCA sale and approximately \$0.3 million of other transaction related costs. Noninterest expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was impacted by the transaction costs incurred in the amount of \$1.6 million associated with the acquisition of ColoEast. Excluding the TCA sale bonus and transaction related costs and the ColoEast transaction costs, we incurred adjusted noninterest expense of \$85.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and \$64.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016, resulting in an adjusted net increase in noninterest expense of \$20.7 million, or 32.0% period over period.

Details of the more significant changes in the various components of noninterest expense are further discussed below.

Salaries and Employee Benefits. Salaries and employee benefits expenses have historically been our largest category of noninterest expense. Salaries and employee benefits expenses were \$54.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 compared to \$39.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. This increase is partly attributable to the \$4.8 million bonus expense incurred in the nine months ended September 30, 2017 associated with the TCA sale. In addition, we experienced a significant increase in the average size of our workforce between these periods. Our full-time equivalent employees totaled 711 and 709 at September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively, however our average full-time equivalent employees were 709 and 543 during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Sources of this increased headcount were primarily employees added through the ColoEast acquisition, which were present for only two months during the nine months ended September 30, 2016. In addition, employees were hired to support growth in our commercial finance product lines and other strategic initiatives. Other factors contributing to the increase in salaries and employee benefits include merit increases for existing employees, higher health insurance benefit costs, incentive compensation, and 401(k) expenses. Salaries and employee benefits for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 included \$0.4 million of severance costs incurred as part of the ColoEast restructuring activities.

Occupancy, Furniture and Equipment. Occupancy, furniture and equipment expenses were \$7.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 compared to \$4.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. This increase is primarily due to expenses associated with the infrastructure and facilities added through the ColoEast acquisition, which were operational for only two months during the nine months ended September 30, 2016. In addition, infrastructure has been expanded to support our growing business activities and workforce in 2017. Professional Fees. Professional fees are primarily comprised of external audit, tax, consulting, and legal fees and were \$4.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 compared to \$4.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. Our external audit, legal, and consulting activities increased period over period consistent with the growth in our business activities. Professional fees for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 included \$1.0 million of professional fees associated with the ColoEast acquisition, which impacted the change period over period. Communications and Technology. Communications and technology expenses were \$6.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017, compared to \$4.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. The increase is attributed to increased usage and transaction volumes resulting from the ColoEast acquisition, which were present for only two months during the nine months ended September 30, 2016, as well as communications and technology expense associated with the recent investments we have made in our communications and technology infrastructure to further our movement toward a single operating platform, which positions us for future acquisitions and greater operating efficiencies. Communications and technology expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 included \$0.3 million of contract termination fees associated with ColoEast systems that are no longer utilized by our integrated organization.

Other. Other noninterest expenses were \$9.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017, compared to \$6.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. Approximately \$0.3 million of transaction related costs were incurred in the nine months ended September 30, 2017 associated with the TCA sale. The remaining increase

in other noninterest expenses are generally attributable to the ColoEast acquisition as well as the impact of continued growth of our business and workforce and include increases in training and recruiting, postage, insurance, and subscription expenses.

Income Taxes

The amount of income tax expense is influenced by the amount of pre-tax income, the amount of tax-exempt income and the effect of changes in valuation allowances maintained against deferred tax benefits.

Three months ended September 30, 2017 compared with three months ended September 30, 2016. Income tax expense for the three months ended September 30, 2017 was \$5.1 million compared to \$3.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016. The increase in income tax expense period over period is consistent with the increase in pre-tax income in the three months ended September 30, 2017. The effective tax rate for the three months ended September 30, 2017 was 34% compared to 39% for the three months ended September 30, 2016. The effective tax rate for the three months ended September 30, 2017 reflects a reduction in

various state statutory income tax rates and apportionment during the period. The effective tax rate for the three months ended September 30, 2016 reflected the increase in non-deductible direct transaction costs associated with the ColoEast acquisition. Approximately \$1.0 million of direct ColoEast transaction costs were deemed non-deductible for income tax purposes. Excluding the impact of the ColoEast transaction costs, our effective tax rate for the three months ended September 30, 2016 was 36%.

Nine months ended September 30, 2017 compared with nine months ended September 30, 2016. Income tax expense was \$16.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 compared to \$8.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. The increase in income tax expense period over period is consistent with the increase in pre-tax income in the nine months ended September 30, 2017. The effective tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 was 36% compared to 38% for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. The effective tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 was impacted by \$0.3 million of excess tax benefits recognized in the nine months ended September 30, 2017 associated with the vesting of share-based payment awards. The tax benefits of exercised or vested awards are treated as discreet items in the period in which they occur. In addition, the effective tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 reflects a reduction in certain state statutory income tax rates and apportionment during the period. The effective tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 reflected the increase in non-deductible direct transaction costs associated with the ColoEast acquisition. Approximately \$1.0 million of direct ColoEast transaction costs were deemed non-deductible for income tax purposes. Excluding the impact of the ColoEast transaction costs, our effective tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was 36%.

Operating Segment Results

Our reportable segments are Banking, Factoring, Asset Management, and Corporate which have been determined based upon their business processes and economic characteristics. This determination also gave consideration to the structure and management of various product lines. The Banking segment includes the operations of TBK Bank, including loans originated under our Triumph Commercial Finance, Triumph Healthcare Finance, and Triumph Premium Finance brands. Our Banking segment derives its revenue principally from investments in interest earning assets as well as noninterest income typical for the banking industry. The Banking segment also includes certain factored receivables which are purchased by TBK Bank under its Triumph Commercial Finance brand as opposed to at Triumph Business Capital. The Factoring segment includes the operations of Triumph Business Capital with revenue derived from factoring services. The Asset Management segment included the operations of TCA with revenue derived from fees for managing or providing other services related to collateralized loan obligation funds. On March 31, 2017, we sold our 100% membership interest in TCA. As a result, the Asset Management segment had no operations subsequent to March 31, 2017 and year-to-date results are included herein for reference and reconciliation purposes only. Corporate includes holding company financing and investment activities and management and administrative expenses to support the overall operations of the Company.

Reported segments and the financial information of the reported segments are not necessarily comparable with similar information reported by other financial institutions. Furthermore, changes in management structure or allocation methodologies and procedures may result in future changes to previously reported segment financial data. The accounting policies of the segments are substantially similar to those described in the "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" in Note 1 of the Company's 2016 Form 10-K. Transactions between segments consist primarily of borrowed funds. Intersegment interest expense is allocated to the Factoring segment based on the Company's prime rate. The provision for loan loss is allocated based on the segment's ALLL determination. Noninterest income and expense directly attributable to a segment are assigned to it. Taxes are paid on a consolidated basis and are not allocated for segment purposes.

Three months ended September 30, 2017 compared with three months ended September 30, 2016. The following tables present our primary operating results for our operating segments as of and for the three month periods ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

(Dollars in thousands)			Asset		
Three Months Ended September 30, 2017	Banking	Factoring	Management	Corporate	Consolidated
Total interest income	\$32,973	\$11,736	\$	- \$ 428	\$ 45,137
Intersegment interest allocations	2,193	(2,193)	_	_	_
Total interest expense	4,294	_	_	- 1,331	5,625
Net interest income (expense)	30,872	9,543	_	- (903	39,512
Provision for loan losses	(69)	649	_	- (8) 572
Net interest income after provision	30,941	8,894		- (895	38,940
Noninterest income	3,498	774	_	- (101	4,171
Noninterest expense	21,984	5,600		- 641	28,225
Operating income (loss)	\$12,455	\$4,068	\$ —	- \$ (1,637	\$ 14,886

(Dollars in thousands)			Asset		
Three Months Ended September 30, 2016	Banking	Factoring	Management	Corporate	Consolidated
Total interest income	\$24,863	\$ 8,465	\$ 61	\$ 82	\$ 33,471
Intersegment interest allocations	1,251	(1,251)	<u> </u>		
Total interest expense	2,671	_	_	382	3,053
Net interest income (expense)	23,443	7,214	61	(300) 30,418
Provision for loan losses	2,861	33	<u>—</u>	(75) 2,819
Net interest income after provision	20,582	7,181	61	(225) 27,599
Noninterest income	3,147	680	1,534	738	6,099
Noninterest expense	19,000	4,984	1,259	549	25,792
Operating income (loss)	\$4,729	\$ 2,877	\$ 336	\$ (36) \$ 7,906

(Dollars in thousands)			Asset		
September 30, 2017	Banking	Factoring	Management	Corporate	Eliminations Consolidated
Total assets	\$2,852,651	\$327,194	\$ —	\$493,335	\$ (767,019) \$ 2,906,161
Gross loans	\$2,331,514	\$315,742	\$ —	\$12,737	\$ (234,530) \$ 2,425,463
(Dollars in thousands)			Asset		
(Donais in mousands)			Asset		
December 31, 2016	Banking	Factoring	Management	Corporate	Eliminations Consolidated
,	Banking \$2,588,509	U		Corporate \$391,745	Eliminations Consolidated \$ (568,060) \$ 2,641,067
December 31, 2016	C	\$223,994	Management \$ 4,879		

Banking

	Three Mo	onths Ende	ed		
(Dollars in thousands)	Septembe	er 30,			
			\$	%	
Banking	2017	2016	Change	Change	
Total interest income	\$32,973	\$24,863	\$8,110	32.6	%
Intersegment interest allocations	2,193	1,251	942	75.3	%
Total interest expense	4,294	2,671	1,623	60.8	%
Net interest income (expense)	30,872	23,443	7,429	31.7	%
Provision for loan losses	(69)	2,861	(2,930)	(102.4	%)
Net interest income (expense) after provision	30,941	20,582	10,359	50.3	%
Noninterest income	3,498	3,147	351	11.2	%
Noninterest expense	21,984	19,000	2,984	15.7	%
Operating income (loss)	\$12,455	\$4,729	\$7,726	163.4	%

Our Banking segment's operating income totaled \$12.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2017 compared to operating income of \$4.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016. We experienced increases in net interest income and noninterest income, as well as a reduction in the provision for loan losses period over period. These increases were offset in part by an increase in noninterest expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2017.

The increase in net interest income was primarily the result of increases in the balances of our interest earning assets, primarily loans, due to the continued growth of our commercial finance products, including equipment loans, asset based loans, and premium finance loans. We also experienced organic growth in our mortgage warehouse facilities and community banking lending products period over period, including commercial real estate and general

commercial and industrial loans. In addition, we acquired \$461 million of loans and \$162 million of investment securities in our Banking segment as part of the ColoEast acquisition, which were outstanding for only two months during the three months ended September 30, 2016. Outstanding loans grew 23% from \$1.895 billion as of September 30, 2016 to \$2.332 billion as of September 30, 2017.

Our provision for loan losses was \$(0.1) million for the three months ended September 30, 2017 compared with \$2.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016. As outstanding loan balances fluctuate period over period, the associated provision for loan losses typically increases or decreases accordingly. In addition, the product types associated with fluctuations within the loan portfolio also contribute to the allowance allocation, as different loan products require different levels of ALLL based upon their credit risk characteristics. Finally, loan loss valuation allowances and charge-offs are recorded on specific at-risk balances, typically consisting of impaired loans. We experienced a \$0.1 million net recovery in our Banking segment in the three months ended September 30, 2017 compared to net charge-offs of \$1.4 million for the same period in 2016. Net recoveries in the three months ended September 30, 2017 were primarily the result of \$0.8 million of recoveries collected on two individual loan relationships charged-off in prior periods. In addition, we recorded a \$0.4 million reduction in specific reserves during the three months ended September 30, 2017 compared to an increase in specific reserves of \$0.8 million during the three months ended September 30, 2016.

Offsetting in part the decreased provision due to the change in net charge-offs and specific reserves, was an increase due to a higher loan portfolio growth rate period over period. During the three months ended September 30, 2017, outstanding loans increased \$124.6 million from June 30, 2017. During the three months ended September 30, 2016, outstanding loans, excluding the \$461 million acquired ColoEast portfolio, increased \$96.3 million from June 30, 2016. The larger increase in outstanding loan balances within the three months ended September 30, 2017 resulted in a higher provision for loan losses compared to the three months ended September 30, 2016.

Noninterest income was \$3.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2017 compared to \$3.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016. The increase is primarily due to commissions earned by our Triumph Insurance Group subsidiary, which is reported within our Banking segment. Insurance commissions increased \$0.4 million from \$0.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016 to \$0.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2017 due to increased volumes due to organic growth of the business and the acquisition of Southern Transportation Insurance Agency, Ltd. in the third quarter of 2016.

Noninterest expense was \$22.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2017, compared with \$19.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016. This increase includes incremental costs associated with the growth in our Banking segment personnel and infrastructure in conjunction with our acquisition of ColoEast, which were present for only two months during the three months ended September 30, 2016, as well as personnel, facilities and infrastructure to support the continued growth in our commercial finance asset based lending and equipment lending. In addition, increases due to merit increases for existing employees, higher health insurance benefit costs, incentive compensation, and 401(k) expenses contributed to the increase. Noninterest expense for the three months ended September 30, 2016 also included \$1.6 million of acquisition-related transaction costs incurred as part of the ColoEast acquisition.

Factoring

	Three Months Ended							
(Dollars in thousands)	Septembe	er 30,						
			\$	%				
Factoring	2017	2016	Change	Change				
Total interest income	\$11,736	\$8,465	\$3,271	38.6	%			
Intersegment interest allocations	(2,193)	(1,251)	(942)	75.3	%			
Total interest expense	_	_	_	_				
Net interest income (expense)	9,543	7,214	2,329	32.3	%			
Provision for loan losses	649	33	616	1866.7	%			
Net interest income (expense) after provision	8,894	7,181	1,713	23.9	%			

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Noninterest income	774	680	94	13.8	%
Noninterest expense	5,600	4,984	616	12.4	%
Operating income (loss)	\$4,068	\$2,877	\$1,191	41.4	%

Our Factoring segment's operating income for the three months ended September 30, 2017 was \$4.1 million, compared with \$2.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016. We experienced increases in net interest income and noninterest income period over period. These increases were offset in part by an increase in the provision for loan losses and noninterest expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2017.

Factored receivables in our Factoring segment grew 66% from \$190.1 million as of September 30, 2016 to \$315.7 million as of September 30, 2017. Our average number of clients increased from 2,330 for the three months ended September 30, 2016 to 2,835 for the three months ended September 30, 2017 and the corresponding factored accounts receivable purchases increased from \$488.1 million during the three months ended September 30, 2016 to \$732.4 million during the three months ended September 30, 2017. Our average invoice size increased 19% from \$1,291 for the three months ended September 30, 2016 to \$1,537 for the three months ended September 30, 2017, and the number of invoices purchased increased 26% period over period.

Net interest income was \$9.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2017 compared to \$7.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016. Net interest income increased due to a 43% increase in overall average net funds employed from \$181.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016 to \$260.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2017. This increase in net interest income is offset in part by pricing pressure on factored receivable balances in the current period due to increased competition and market conditions, resulting in slightly lower yields on net funds employed at our Factoring segment. In addition, a change in the mix within our factored receivables portfolio period over period contributed to the partially offsetting decrease, as our transportation factoring balances, which generate a higher yield than our non-transportation factoring balances, decreased as a percentage of the overall Factoring segment portfolio to 84% at September 30, 2017 compared to 87% at September 30, 2016 as we continued to expand our non-transportation factoring product lines throughout 2016 and into 2017.

Our provision for loan losses was \$0.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2017 compared with \$0.03 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016. The provision for loan losses on factored receivables is primarily driven by the allowance allocation for incurred losses recorded on collectively evaluated factored receivables purchased and outstanding for a period. As factored receivables purchased fluctuate period over period, the associated provision for loan losses typically increases or decreases accordingly. In addition, loan loss valuation allowances are recorded on specific at-risk balances, typically consisting of invoices greater than 90 days past due with negative cash reserves. During the three months ended September 30, 2017 factored receivables increased approximately \$47 million from June 30, 2017. During the three months ended September 30, 2016, factored receivables actually decreased approximately \$16 million from June 30, 2016. The larger increase in factored receivable balances within the three month period ended September 30, 2017 resulted in a higher provision for loan losses compared to the three months ended September 30, 2016.

Noninterest income was \$0.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2017 compared to \$0.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016. The increase in noninterest income is consistent with the increase in factored receivable purchase volume period over period.

Noninterest expense was \$5.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2017 compared with \$5.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016, driven primarily by increased personnel, operating, and technology costs incurred in connection with growth in our factoring portfolio, particularly the increase in the number of clients and number of invoices processed period over period.

Corporate

Three Months Ended								
Septemb	er 30,							
		\$	%					
2017	2016	Change	Change	;				
\$428	\$82	\$346	422.0	%				
_	_	_	_					
1,331	382	949	248.4	%				
(903	(300)	(603)	201.0	%				
(8	(75)	67	89.3	%				
(895)	(225)	(670)	297.8	%				
(101)	738	(839)	(113.7	%)				
641	549	92	16.8	%				
\$(1,637)	\$(36)	\$(1,601)	4447.2	2 %				
	Septemb 2017 \$428 1,331 (903) (8) (895) (101) 641	September 30, 2017 2016 \$428 \$82 1,331 382 (903) (300) (8) (75) (895) (225) (101) 738 641 549	September 30, \$ 2017 2016 Change \$428 \$82 \$346 — — 1,331 382 949 (903) (300) (603) (8) (75 67 (895) (225) (670) (101) 738 (839) 641 549 92	September 30, 2017 2016 Change Change \$428 \$82 \$346 422.0 — — — 1,331 382 949 248.4 (903) (300) (603) 201.0 (8) (75 67 89.3 (895) (225) (670) 297.8 (101) 738 (839) (113.7 641 549 92 16.8				

The Corporate segment's operating loss totaled \$1.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2017, compared with an operating loss of \$0.04 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016. The increase in the operating loss for the three months ended September 30, 2017 is primarily due to a decrease in noninterest income associated with CLO warehouse investments. The CLO associated with our remaining CLO warehouse investment was issued and closed in June 2017, and as a result our invested funds were returned. At September 30, 2017 we no longer held investments in CLO warehouse entities and, absent future investments in new CLO warehouse entities, we do not expect to realize CLO warehouse investment income ongoing. As a result, there was no CLO warehouse investment income recorded for the three months ended September 30, 2017. In addition, we issued \$50.0 million of subordinated notes on September 30, 2016 that contributed to the increase in interest expense period over period in the Corporate segment. As the subordinated notes were issued at the end of the period, no interest was recorded on the subordinated notes in the three months ended September 30, 2016.

Nine months ended September 30, 2017 compared with nine months ended September 30, 2016. The following tables present our primary operating results for our operating segments as of and for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

	(Dollars in thousands)				1	Asset			
	Nine Months Ended Se	ptember 30, 20	017 Banki	ing Fact	oring 1	Managemen	t Corporate	Consolidated	
	Total interest income		\$93,2	204 \$30	,828	\$ 3	\$ 972	\$ 125,007	
	Intersegment interest al	locations	5,21	1 (5,	,211)			_	
	Total interest expense		11,1	77 —		_	3,942	15,119	
	Net interest income (ex	pense)	87,2	38 25	,617	3	(2,970)	109,888	
	Provision for loan losse	es s	7,57	1 2,0)42	_	84	9,697	
	Net interest income after	er provision	79,6	67 23	,575	3	(3,054)	100,191	
	Gain on sale of subsidia	_	_	_			20,860	20,860	
	Other noninterest incon	-	10,6	504 2,2	203	1,717	1,274	15,798	
	Noninterest expense		65,1	71 16	,677	1,456	7,079	90,383	
	Operating income (loss)	\$25,1			\$ 264	\$ 12,001	\$ 46,466	
	8	,	, -,	, ,			, ,	, ,, ,,	
	(Dollars in thousands)				,	Asset			
	Nine Months Ended Se	ntember 30-20	016 Banki	ing Fact			t Corporate	Consolidated	
	Total interest income	premoer 50, 2	\$62,3	•	_	\$ 125	\$ 605	\$ 86,718	
	Intersegment interest al	locations	3,35		,351)	—	—	—	
	Total interest expense	iocations	6,90			<u></u>	996	7,904	
	Net interest income (ex	nense)	58,8		,238	125	(391	78,814	
	Provision for loan losse		4,12			123	1	4,247	
	Net interest income after		54,7		,120	125	(392	74,567	
	Noninterest income	a provision	5,98		522	4,819	2,323	14,748	
	Noninterest expense		45,9		,519	3,818	1,877	66,201	
	Operating income (loss	`	\$14,7		-	\$ 1,126	\$ 54	\$ 23,114	
	Operating income (1088))	φ1 4 ,/	11 φ/,2	223	\$ 1,120	φ <i>3</i> 4	\$ 23,114	
	(D. 11								
	(Dollars in thousands)	D 1:	Б . :	Asset		~ · •	· .	G 111 . 1	
	September 30, 2017		Factoring	•		Corporate E		Consolidated	
	Total assets		\$327,194	\$ —				\$ 2,906,161	
	Gross loans	\$2,331,514	\$315,742	\$ —	\$	\$12,737 \$	(234,530)	\$ 2,425,463	
	<i>-</i>								
	(Dollars in thousands)			Asset	_	_			
	December 31, 2016		_	_		_		Consolidated	
	Total assets	\$2,588,509					(568,060)		
	Gross loans	\$1,961,552	\$212,784	\$ —	\$	\$1,866 \$	(148,578)	\$ 2,027,624	
Banki	ing								
						nths Ended			
	(Dollars in tho	usands)		September 30,					

	Nine Months Ended September 30,								
(Dollars in thousands)									
			\$	%					
Banking	2017	2016	Change	Change	•				
Total interest income	\$93,204	\$62,399	\$30,805	49.4	%				
Intersegment interest allocations	5,211	3,351	1,860	55.5	%				
Total interest expense	11,177	6,908	4,269	61.8	%				

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Net interest income (expense)	87,238	58,842	28,396	48.3	%
Provision for loan losses	7,571	4,128	3,443	83.4	%
Net interest income (expense) after provision	79,667	54,714	24,953	45.6	%
Gain on sale of subsidiary	_	_	_	_	
Other noninterest income	10,604	5,984	4,620	77.2	%
Noninterest expense	65,171	45,987	19,184	41.7	%
Operating income (loss)	\$25,100	\$14,711	\$10,389	70.6	%

Our Banking segment's operating income totaled \$25.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 compared to operating income of \$14.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. We experienced an increase in net interest income and noninterest income for the nine months ended September 30, 2017. This increase in operating income was partially offset by an increase in the provision for loan losses and an increase in noninterest expense period over period.

The increase in net interest income was primarily the result of increases in the balances of our interest earning assets, primarily loans, due to the continued growth of our commercial finance products, including equipment loans, general asset based loans, healthcare asset based loans, and premium finance loans. We also experienced organic growth in our mortgage warehouse facilities and community banking lending products period over period, including commercial real estate and general commercial and industrial loans. In addition, we acquired \$461 million of loans and \$162 million of investment securities in our Banking segment as part of the ColoEast acquisition, which were outstanding for only two months during the nine months ended September 30, 2016. Outstanding loans in our Banking segment grew 23% from \$1.895 billion as of September 30, 2016 to \$2.332 billion as of September 30, 2017.

Our provision for loan losses was \$7.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 compared with \$4.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. As outstanding loan balances fluctuate period over period, the associated provision for loan losses typically increases or decreases accordingly. In addition, the product types associated with fluctuations within the loan portfolio also contribute to the allowance allocation, as different loan products require different levels of ALLL based upon their credit risk characteristics. Finally, loan loss valuation allowances and charge-offs are recorded on specific at-risk balances, typically consisting of impaired loans. The increased provision for loan losses was primarily the result of an increase in loan charge-offs recorded during the nine months ended September 30, 2017. We experienced higher total net charge-offs of \$3.7 million in our Banking segment in the nine months ended September 30, 2017 compared to net charge-offs of \$1.3 million for the same period in 2016. Approximately \$1.4 million of the charge-offs for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 had specific reserves previously recorded. In addition, this charge-off activity contributed to an increase in the estimate of the ALLL levels recorded against the remaining loan portfolio as a result of higher loss factors incorporated into our ALLL methodology for the nine months ended September 30, 2017. Approximately \$3.1 million of the charge-offs recorded during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 were associated with two individual loan relationships that were charged-off in the first quarter of 2017. One of the loan relationships was part of our healthcare finance unit and one was acquired in the ColoEast acquisition.

In addition, during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 outstanding loans in our Banking segment increased \$370.0 million from December 31, 2016. During the nine months ended September 30, 2016, outstanding loans in our Banking segment, excluding the \$461 million acquired ColoEast portfolio, increased \$211.6 million from December 31, 2015. The larger increase in outstanding balances within the nine months ended September 30, 2017 contributed to a higher provision for loan losses compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2016.

Noninterest income was \$10.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 compared to \$6.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. Commissions earned by our Triumph Insurance Group subsidiary, which is reported within our Banking segment, increased \$1.5 million from \$0.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 to \$2.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 due to increased volumes due to organic growth of the business and the acquisition of Southern Transportation Insurance Agency, Ltd. in the third quarter of 2016. In addition, we recorded a \$1.2 million OREO write-down in the nine months ended September 30, 2016 related to a branch facility transferred to OREO that was no longer being actively operated, which reduced noninterest income during that period. The remaining increase was primarily due to additional service charges and card income associated with the increase in customer deposit and credit/debit card accounts acquired in the ColoEast acquisition. In addition, other sources of noninterest income, such as check cashing fees, wire transfer fees, and trust activities increased due to incremental transaction volumes associated with the ColoEast acquisition.

Noninterest expense was \$65.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017, compared with \$46.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. This increase includes incremental costs associated with the growth in our Banking segment personnel and infrastructure in conjunction with our acquisition of ColoEast, as well as personnel, facilities and infrastructure to support the continued growth in our commercial finance asset based lending and equipment lending. In addition, increases due to merit increases for existing employees, higher health insurance benefit costs, incentive compensation, and 401(k) expenses contributed to the increase. Noninterest expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 also included \$1.6 million of acquisition-related transaction costs incurred as part of the ColoEast acquisition.

Factoring

(Dollars in thousands)	Nine Months Ended September 30,							
,	1		\$	%				
Factoring	2017	2016	Change	Change				
Total interest income	\$30,828	\$23,589	\$7,239	30.7	%			
Intersegment interest allocations	(5,211)	(3,351)	(1,860)	55.5	%			
Total interest expense	_	_	_	_				
Net interest income (expense)	25,617	20,238	5,379	26.6	%			
Provision for loan losses	2,042	118	1,924	1630.5	%			
Net interest income (expense) after provision	23,575	20,120	3,455	17.2	%			
Gain on sale of subsidiary								
Other noninterest income	2,203	1,622	581	35.8	%			
Noninterest expense	16,677	14,519	2,158	14.9	%			
Operating income (loss)	\$9,101	\$7,223	\$1,878	26.0	%			

Our Factoring segment's operating income for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 was \$9.1 million, compared with \$7.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. We experienced increases in net interest income and noninterest income period over period. These increases were offset in part by an increase in the provision for loan losses and noninterest expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2017.

Factored receivables in our Factoring segment grew 66% from \$190.1 million as of September 30, 2016 to \$315.7 million as of September 30, 2017. Our average number of clients increased from 2,217 for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 to 2,650 for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and the corresponding factored accounts receivable purchases increased from \$1.304 billion during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 to \$1.893 billion during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 to \$1,282 for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 to \$1,453 for the nine months ended September 30, 2017, and the number of invoices purchased increased 28% period over period.

Net interest income was \$25.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 compared to \$20.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. Net interest income increased due to a 35% increase in overall average net funds employed from \$163.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 to \$221.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017. This increase in net interest income is offset in part by pricing pressure on factored receivable balances in the current period due to increased competition and market conditions, resulting in slightly lower yields on net funds employed at our Factoring segment. In addition, a change in the mix within our factored receivables portfolio period over period contributed to the partially offsetting decrease, as our transportation factoring balances, which generate a higher yield than our non-transportation factoring balances, decreased as a percentage of the overall Factoring segment portfolio to 84% at September 30, 2017 compared to 87% at September 30, 2016 as we continued to expand our non-transportation factoring product lines throughout 2016 and into 2017.

Our provision for loan losses was \$2.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 compared with \$0.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. The provision for loan losses on factored receivables is primarily driven by the allowance allocation for incurred losses recorded on collectively evaluated factored receivables purchased and outstanding for a period. As factored receivables purchased fluctuate period over period, the associated provision for loan losses typically increases or decreases accordingly. In addition, loan loss valuation allowances are recorded on specific at-risk balances, typically consisting of invoices greater than 90 days past due with negative cash reserves. During the nine months ended September 30, 2017 factored receivables at our Factoring segment increased approximately \$103 million from December 31, 2016. During the nine months ended

September 30, 2016, factored receivables at our Factoring segment increased approximately \$4 million from December 31, 2015. The higher increase in factored receivable balances within the nine months ended September 30, 2017 contributed to a higher provision for loan losses compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2016.

Noninterest income was \$2.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 compared to \$1.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. The increase in noninterest income is consistent with the increase in factored receivable purchase volume period over period.

Noninterest expense was \$16.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 compared with \$14.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016, driven primarily by increased personnel, operating, and technology costs incurred in connection with growth in our factoring portfolio, particularly the increase in the number of clients and number of invoices processed period over period.

Corporate

(Dollars in thousands)	Nine Months Ended September 30,							
	-		\$	%				
Corporate	2017	2016	Change	Change				
Total interest income	\$972	\$605	\$367	60.7	%			
Intersegment interest allocations								
Total interest expense	3,942	996	2,946	295.8	%			
Net interest income (expense)	(2,970)	(391)	(2,579)	659.6	%			
Provision for loan losses	84	1	83	8300.0	%			
Net interest income (expense) after provision	(3,054)	(392)	(2,662)	679.1	%			
Gain on sale of subsidiary	20,860		20,860	100.0	%			
Other noninterest income	1,274	2,323	(1,049)	(45.2	%)			
Noninterest expense	7,079	1,877	5,202	277.1	%			
Operating income (loss)	\$12,001	\$54	\$11,947	22124.1	1 %			

The Corporate segment's operating income totaled \$12.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017, compared with operating income of \$0.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. The increase in the operating income is primarily due to the net impact of the TCA sale transaction recorded during the nine months ended September 30, 2017. As TCA was a wholly owned subsidiary of our parent company, the \$20.9 million gain on sale of TCA was reported as noninterest income and the \$5.1 million of bonus expense and transaction related costs associated with the TCA sale were reported as noninterest expense in the Corporate segment. Excluding the impact of the TCA sale, the Corporate segment reported an operating loss of \$3.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017, primarily due to an increase in interest expense resulting from our subordinated notes offering in the third quarter of 2016. In addition, noninterest income from our CLO warehouse equity investments decreased \$0.4 million, from \$2.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 to \$2.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017. The CLO associated with our remaining CLO warehouse investment was issued and closed in June 2017, and as a result our invested funds were returned. At September 30, 2017 we no longer held investments in CLO warehouse entities and, absent future investments in new CLO warehouse entities, we do not expect to realize CLO warehouse investment income ongoing.

Financial Condition

Assets

Total assets were \$2.906 billion at September 30, 2017, compared to \$2.641 billion at December 31, 2016, an increase of \$265 million, the components of which are discussed below.

Loan Portfolio

Loans held for investment were \$2.425 billion at September 30, 2017, compared with \$2.028 billion at December 31, 2016.

We offer a broad range of lending and credit products. Within our TBK Bank subsidiary, we offer a full range of lending products, including commercial real estate, construction and development, residential real estate, production agriculture, general commercial, mortgage warehouse facilities, farmland and consumer loans, focused on our community banking markets in Iowa, Illinois, Colorado, and Kansas. We also originate a variety of commercial finance products offered on a nationwide basis. These products include our factored receivables, the asset based loans and equipment loans originated under our Triumph Commercial Finance brand, the healthcare asset based loans originated under our Triumph Healthcare Finance brand, and the premium finance loans originated under our Triumph Premium Finance brand.

The following table shows our total loan portfolio by portfolio segments as of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016:

	September 30, 2017			December 3 2016	1,	
		% of			% of	
(Dollars in thousands)		Total			Total	
Commercial real estate	\$574,530	24	%	\$442,237	22	%
Construction, land development, land	141,368	6	%	109,812	5	%
1-4 family residential properties	96,032	4	%	104,974	5	%
Farmland	130,471	5	%	141,615	7	%
Commercial	890,372	37	%	778,643	39	%
Factored receivables	341,880	14	%	238,198	12	%
Consumer	30,093	1	%	29,764	1	%
Mortgage warehouse	220,717	9	%	182,381	9	%
Total Loans	\$2,425,463	100	%	\$2,027,624	100	%

Commercial Real Estate Loans. Our commercial real estate loans were \$574.5 million at September 30, 2017, an increase of \$132.3 million from \$442.2 million at December 31, 2016, due primarily to new loan origination activity during the nine months ended September 30, 2017. We have recently allocated internal resources to focus on and source additional commercial real estate opportunities on a nationwide basis.

Construction and Development Loans. Our construction and development loans were \$141.4 million at September 30, 2017, an increase of \$31.6 million from \$109.8 million at December 31, 2016, due to new loan activity for the period.

Residential Real Estate Loans. Our one-to-four family residential loans were \$96.0 million at September 30, 2017, a decrease of \$9.0 million from \$105.0 million at December 31, 2016, due primarily to paydowns in excess of new loan activity for the period. As previously discussed, we made the decision to exit the residential mortgage production business in the fourth quarter of 2015. As a result, we expect our residential real estate loan balances to continue to decline as existing loans payoff. The decrease was offset in part by an increase in home equity lines of credit originated during the period and reported in this loan classification.

Farmland Loans. Our farmland loans were \$130.5 million at September 30, 2017, a decrease of \$11.1 compared to \$141.6 million at December 31, 2016, due to paydowns in excess of new loan origination activity during the nine months ended September 30, 2017.

Commercial Loans. Our commercial loans held for investment were \$890.4 million at September 30, 2017 an increase of \$111.8 million from \$778.6 million at December 31, 2016. The increase in commercial loans was driven by growth in the asset based and equipment finance loans originated under our Triumph Commercial Finance brand as we continue to execute on our growth strategy for such products. In addition, premium finance loans originated under our Triumph Premium Finance brand continued to grow during the period. Our other commercial lending products, comprised primarily of general commercial loans originated in our community banking markets, increased from \$215.0 million at December 31, 2016 to \$245.4 million at September 30, 2017 as a result of new originations in our community banking markets in excess of paydowns as we continue to focus on lending activities to support businesses within our local communities. This increase also included the \$10.5 million seller financed loan receivable associated with the TCA sale on March 31, 2017.

The following table shows our commercial loans as of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016:

	September 30,	December 31,
(Dollars in thousands)	2017	2016
Commercial		
Equipment	\$ 226,120	\$190,393
Asset based lending (general)	193,884	161,454
Asset based lending (healthcare)	67,889	79,668
Premium finance	57,083	23,971
Agriculture	99,975	108,197
Other commercial lending	245,421	214,960
Total commercial loans	\$ 890,372	\$778,643

Factored Receivables. Our factored receivables were \$341.9 million at September 30, 2017, an increase of \$103.7 million from \$238.2 million at December 31, 2016 as we continue to execute on our growth strategy for this product at Triumph Business Capital, our factoring subsidiary, as well as through growth in factored receivables purchased under our Triumph Commercial Finance brand. Purchase volume at Triumph Business Capital was \$1.893 billion during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and Triumph Commercial Finance recorded purchase volume of \$144 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017.

Consumer Loans. Our consumer loans were \$30.1 million at September 30, 2017, an increase of \$0.3 compared to \$29.8 million at December 31, 2016, due to new loan origination activity in excess of paydowns during the nine months ended September 30, 2017.

Mortgage Warehouse. Our mortgage warehouse facilities maintained outstanding balances of \$220.7 million at September 30, 2017, an increase of \$38.3 million from \$182.4 million at December 31, 2016. The increase was due to in part to new clients added during the period. In addition, higher utilization of our existing clients' mortgage warehouse facilities contributed to the increase. Client utilization of mortgage warehouse facilities may experience significant fluctuation on a day-to-day basis given mortgage origination market conditions.

The following tables set forth the contractual maturities, including scheduled principal repayments, of our loan portfolio and the distribution between fixed and floating interest rate loans as of September 30, 2017.

	September 50, 2017							
		After						
		One						
		but						
	One Year	within	After					
	or		Five					
		Five						
(Dollars in thousands)	Less	Years	Years	Total				
Commercial real estate	\$82,174	\$350,039	\$142,317	\$574,530				
Construction, land development, land	50,258	64,348	26,762	141,368				
1-4 family residential properties	6,174	33,214	56,644	96,032				
Farmland	14,243	27,243	88,985	130,471				
Commercial	345,577	487,151	57,644	890,372				

September 30, 2017

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Factored receivables	341,880			341,880
Consumer	2,526	10,033	17,534	30,093
Mortgage warehouse	220,717	_	_	220,717
	\$1,063,549	\$972,028	\$389,886	\$2,425,463
Sensitivity of loans to changes in interest rates:				
Predetermined (fixed) interest rates		\$756,377	\$145,538	
Floating interest rates		215,651	244,348	
Total		\$972,028	\$389.886	

As of September 30, 2017, most of the Company's non-factoring business activity is with customers located within certain states. The states of Texas (25%), Illinois (20%), Colorado (19%), and Iowa (7%) make up 71% of the Company's gross loans, excluding factored receivables. Therefore, the Company's exposure to credit risk is affected by changes in the economies in these states. At December 31, 2016, the states of Texas (23%), Colorado (22%), Illinois (21%) and Iowa (7%) made up 73% of the Company's gross loans, excluding factored receivables.

Further, a majority (77%) of our factored receivables, representing approximately 11% of our total loan portfolio as of September 30, 2017, are receivables purchased from trucking fleets, owner-operators, and freight brokers in the transportation industry. Although

such concentration may cause our future interest income with respect to our factoring operations to be correlated with demand for the transportation industry in the United States generally, and small-to-mid-sized operators in such industry specifically, we feel that the credit risk with respect to our outstanding portfolio is appropriately mitigated as we limit the amount of receivables acquired from individual debtors and creditors thereby achieving diversification across a number of companies and industries. At December 31, 2016, 77% of our factored receivables, representing approximately 9% of our total loan portfolio, were receivables purchased from trucking fleets, owner-operators, and freight brokers in the transportation industry.

Nonperforming Assets

We have established procedures to assist us in maintaining the overall quality of our loan portfolio. In addition, we have adopted underwriting guidelines to be followed by our lending officers and require significant senior management review of proposed extensions of credit exceeding certain thresholds. When delinquencies exist, we rigorously monitor them for any negative or adverse trends. Our loan review procedures include approval of lending policies and underwriting guidelines by the Board of Directors of our bank subsidiary, independent loan review, approval of large credit relationships by our bank subsidiary's Management Loan Committee and loan quality documentation procedures. We, like other financial institutions, are subject to the risk that our loan portfolio will be subject to increasing pressures from deteriorating borrower credit due to general economic conditions.

The following table sets forth the allocation of our nonperforming assets among our different asset categories as of the dates indicated. We classify nonperforming assets as nonaccrual loans, loans modified under restructurings as a result of the borrower experiencing financial difficulties ("TDR"), factored receivables greater than 90 days past due, OREO, and other repossessed assets. The balances of nonperforming loans reflect the recorded investment in these assets, including deductions for purchase discounts.

		December
	September 30,	31,
(Dollars in thousands)	2017	2016
Nonperforming loans:		
Commercial real estate	\$ 843	\$ 1,456
Construction, land development, land	136	362
1-4 family residential properties	1,918	1,039
Farmland	3,241	1,334
Commercial	20,814	30,640
Factored receivables	1,594	2,153
Consumer	162	89
Mortgage warehouse	_	
Purchased credit impaired	1,540	8,233
Total nonperforming loans	30,248	45,306
Other real estate owned, net	10,753	6,077
Other repossessed assets	208	817
Total nonperforming assets	\$ 41,209	\$ 52,200
Nonperforming assets to total assets	1.42	% 1.98 %
Nonperforming loans to total loans held for investment	1.25	% 2.23 %
Total past due loans to total loans held for investment	2.22	% 3.61 %

We had \$30.2 million and \$45.3 million in nonperforming loans, including nonaccrual PCI loans, as of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively. This represents a decrease of \$15.1 million, or 33%. Nonperforming loans decreased from December 31, 2016 to September 30, 2017, primarily due to the paydown and/or payoff of certain nonperforming loans, the charge-off of a \$2.7 million nonperforming commercial finance loan that was part of our healthcare finance unit, and the foreclosure and transfer of a \$7.1 million nonperforming asset based lending relationship. Of the \$7.1 million foreclosed asset based loan balance, \$5.6 million was collateralized by real estate that was transferred to OREO and the remaining \$1.5 million was collateralized by equipment that was transferred to other repossessed assets and subsequently sold.

As a result of the above activity, combined with the organic growth of our loan portfolio during the period, the ratio of nonperforming loans to total loans decreased to 1.25% at September 30, 2017 compared to 2.23% at December 31, 2016, and, offset in part with the increase in our OREO balances, our ratio of nonperforming assets to total assets decreased to 1.42% at September 30, 2017 compared to 1.98% at December 31, 2016.

We experienced a decrease in our total past due loans to total loans during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 to 2.22% from 3.61% at December 31, 2016. This decrease was partially due to the decline in the nonperforming loans described above as well as other payment performance improvements. In addition, our organic loan growth during the period contributed to the decrease in the past due ratio.

Our OREO as of September 30, 2017 totaled \$10.8 million, an increase of \$4.7 million from \$6.1 million as of December 31, 2016. Other repossessed assets as of September 30, 2017 totaled \$0.2 million, a decrease of \$0.6 million from \$0.8 million as of December 31, 2016. These changes were primarily due to OREO with a fair value of \$5.6 million and equipment with a fair value of \$1.5 million acquired via the \$7.1 million asset based loan foreclosure described above. The \$1.5 million of equipment initially acquired was subsequently sold at auction.

Potential problem loans consist of loans that are performing in accordance with contractual terms but for which management has concerns about the ability of an obligor to continue to comply with repayment terms because of the obligor's potential operating or financial difficulties. Management monitors these loans and reviews their performance on a regular basis. Potential problem loans contain potential weaknesses that could improve, persist or further deteriorate. At September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, we had \$20.9 million and \$20.1 million in loans of this type which are not included in any of the nonperforming loan categories. All of the loans identified as potential problem loans at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 were graded as "substandard".

Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses

ALLL is a valuation allowance for probable incurred credit losses. Loan losses are charged against the ALLL when management believes the uncollectability of a loan balance is confirmed. Subsequent recoveries, if any, are credited to the ALLL. Management estimates the ALLL balance required using past loan loss experience, the nature and volume of the portfolio, information about specific borrower situations and estimated collateral values, economic conditions and other factors. Allocations of the ALLL may be made for specific loans, but the entire allowance is available for any loan that, in management's judgment, should be charged-off.

The following table sets forth the ALLL by category of loan:

	Septembe Allocated	% of	7	ALLL to	December Allocated I	% of	ALLI to	٠.
(Dollars in thousands)	Allowanc	Portfolio		Loans	Allowance	Portfolio	Loans	;
Commercial real estate	\$2,564	24	%	0.45 %	\$1,813	22 %	0.41	%
Construction, land development, land	1,125	6	%	0.80 %	465	5 %	0.42	%
1-4 family residential properties	282	4	%	0.29 %	253	5 %	0.24	%
Farmland	239	5	%	0.18 %	170	7 %	0.12	%
Commercial	10,148	37	%	1.14 %	8,014	39 %	1.03	%
Factored receivables	5,046	14	%	1.48 %	4,088	12 %	1.72	%
Consumer	743	1	%	2.47 %	420	1 %	1.41	%
Mortgage warehouse	220	9	%	0.10 %	182	9 %	0.10	%
Total Loans	\$20,367	100	%	0.84 %	\$15,405	100 %	0.76	%

From December 31, 2016 to September 30, 2017, the ALLL increased from \$15.4 million or 0.76% of total loans to \$20.4 million or 0.84% of total loans. The increase in ALLL was primarily driven by the \$4.7 million of net charge-offs recorded during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 which increased the reserve levels recorded against the remaining loan portfolio as a result of higher loss and credit risk factors incorporated into our ALLL methodology during the nine months ended September 30, 2017. The change in our ALLL factors due primarily to this charge-off activity contributed approximately \$1.7 million to the increase in ALLL during the period. In addition, approximately \$3.4 million of general ALLL was added during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 to as a result of organic loan growth. Our outstanding loans increased \$397.8 million from December 31, 2016. The increase in outstanding loan balances within the nine months ended September 30, 2017 resulted in a higher ALLL requirement.

The following table presents the unpaid principal and recorded investment for loans at September 30, 2017. The difference between the unpaid principal balance and recorded investment is principally associated with (1) premiums and discounts associated with acquisition date fair value adjustments on acquired loans (both PCI and non-PCI) totaling \$10.8 million, of which approximately \$9.4 million is expected to be accretable into income over the remaining lives of the acquired loans, and (2) net deferred origination costs and fees totaling \$3.6 million. The net difference can provide protection from credit loss in addition to the ALLL as future potential charge-offs for an individual loan is limited to the recorded investment plus unpaid accrued interest.

(Dollars in thousands)	Recorded	Unpaid		
September 30, 2017	Investment	Principal	Difference	,
Commercial real estate	\$574,530	\$579,896	\$ (5,366)
Construction, land development, land	141,368	143,200	(1,832)
1-4 family residential properties	96,032	97,469	(1,437)
Farmland	130,471	131,528	(1,057)
Commercial	890,372	893,268	(2,896)
Factored receivables	341,880	343,684	(1,804)
Consumer	30,093	30,110	(17)
Mortgage warehouse	220,717	220,717		
	\$2,425,463	\$2,439,872	\$ (14,409)

At September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, we had on deposit \$31.8 million and \$23.6 million, respectively, of customer reserves associated with factored receivables. These deposits represent customer reserves held to settle any payment disputes or collection shortfalls, may be used to pay customers' obligations to various third parties as directed by the customer, are periodically released to or withdrawn by customers, and are reported as deposits on our consolidated balance sheets.

The following table provides an analysis of the provisions for loan losses, net charge-offs and recoveries for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, and the effects of those items on our ALLL:

	Three Months Ended September 30,				Nine Months Ended September 30,			
(Dollars in thousands)	2017		2016		2017		2016	
Balance at beginning of period	\$19,797		\$13,772		\$15,405		\$12,567	
Loans charged-off:								
Commercial real estate	_		(4)	(137)	(5)
Construction, land development, land	_		_		(582)	_	
1-4 family residential properties	(1)	_		(29)	(63)
Farmland	_		_		_		_	
Commercial	(755)	(1,615)	(3,833)	(1,784)
Factored receivables	(136)	(285)	(1,102)	(743)
Consumer	(270)	(68)	(877)	(223)
Mortgage warehouse								
Total loans charged-off	\$(1,162)	\$(1,972)	\$(6,560)	\$(2,818)
Recoveries of loans charged-off:								
Commercial real estate	_		1				15	
Construction, land development, land			7		7		7	
1-4 family residential properties	23		6		42		82	
Farmland								
Commercial	929		217		1,307		648	
Factored receivables	30		33		82		102	
Consumer	178		29		387		62	
Mortgage warehouse	_		_		_		_	
Total loans recoveries	\$1,160		\$293		\$1,825		\$916	
Net loans charged-off	\$(2)	\$(1,679)	\$(4,735)	\$(1,902)
Provision for (reversal of) loan losses:								
Commercial real estate	58		123		888		413	
Construction, land development, land	210		44		1,235		(142)
1-4 family residential properties	111		(10)	16		(38)
Farmland	(22)	(22)	69		(13)
Commercial	(629)	2,521		4,660		3,680	
Factored receivables	645		(7)	1,978		77	
Consumer	208		114	ĺ	813		313	
Mortgage warehouse	(9)	56		38		(43)
Total provision for loan losses	\$572		\$2,819		\$9,697		\$4,247	
Balance at end of period	\$20,367		\$14,912		\$20,367		\$14,912	
	. ,						,	
Average total loans held for investment	\$2,295,35	6	\$1,723,72	22	\$2,126,53	32	\$1,413,03	30
Net charge-offs to average total loans held for investment	0.00	%		%		%		%
Allowance to total loans held for investment	0.84	%		%		%		%

Net loans charged off for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 were \$2 thousand and \$4.7 million, respectively, compared to net loans charged off of \$1.7 million and \$1.9 million, respectively, for the three and nine

months ended September 30, 2016. The commercial loan charge-off activity during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 was primarily due to the \$2.7 million charge-off of the individual healthcare finance client relationship previously discussed. Net charge-offs as a percentage of average total loans held for investment were 0.00% and 0.22% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, respectively.

Securities

We held securities classified as available for sale with a fair value of \$209.3 million as of September 30, 2017, a decrease of \$65.7 million from \$275.0 million at December 31, 2016. The decrease is attributable to normal portfolio management activities. During the nine months ended September 30, 2017, we sold \$2.90 million of securities available for sale for proceeds of \$2.94 million, resulting in a net gain of \$0.04 million. Our available for sale securities can be used for pledging to secure FHLB borrowings and public deposits, or can be sold to meet liquidity needs.

Equity securities classified as available for sale at September 30, 2017 represent investments in a publicly traded Community Reinvestment Act mutual fund and are subject to market pricing volatility.

As of September 30, 2017, we have investments classified as held to maturity with an amortized cost of \$18.0 million, a decrease of \$11.4 million from \$29.4 million at December 31, 2016 due to the call of certain securities during the period. Approximately \$9.5 million of these securities represent investments in "A" rated floating rate CLO securities. The remaining \$8.5 million of held to maturity securities represent a minority investment in the unrated subordinated notes of recently issued CLOs managed by Trinitas Capital Management. Our former subsidiary, TCA, provides certain middle and back office services to Trinitas Capital Management with respect to the CLOs, but does not serve as asset manager.

The following tables set forth the amortized cost and average yield of our securities, by type and contractual maturity as of September 30, 2017:

	Maturity	as of Sept	ember 30, 2	2017						
			After One	but	After Five but					
	One Year	or	within Five	•	within T	`en				
	Less		Years		Years		After Ter	Years	Total	
	Amortize	dAverage	Amortized	Average	Amortiz	e A verage	Amortize	dAverage	e Amortized	l Average
(Dollars in										
thousands)	Cost	Yield	Cost	Yield	Cost	Yield	Cost	Yield	Cost	Yield
U.S. Government										
agency										
obligations	\$31,758	1.02 %	\$93,589	1.65 %	\$ —	_	\$ —	_	\$125,347	1.49 %
U.S. Treasury										
notes	_	_	1,936	1.94 %	_	_	_	_	1,936	1.94 %
Mortgage-backed										
securities	_	_	484	3.58 %	2,253	1.77 %	18,413	2.04	% 21,150	2.04 %
Asset backed										
securities	_	_	4,638	2.14 %	_	_	7,854	2.52	6 12,492	2.38 %
State and										
municipal	309	2.72 %	3,123	1.35 %	7,570	1.30 %	14,167		6 25,169	1.55 %
Corporate bonds	14,928	1.94 %	5,549	2.44 %	_	_	275	5.08	% 20,752	2.11 %
SBA pooled										
securities	_	_	3	3.37 %	136	3.67 %	_	_	139	3.66 %
Mutual fund ⁽¹⁾	2,000	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,000	_
Total available for										
sale securities	\$48,995	1.32 %	\$109,322	1.72 %	\$9,959	1.44 %	\$40,709	2.05	% \$208,985	1.68 %

Held to maturity	y							
securities:	\$—		\$ —		\$9,470	5.46 % \$8,529	11.88 % \$17,999	8.58 %
(1) These equity	securities d	lo not ha	ve a stated	maturity.				
Liabilities								

Our total liabilities were \$2.520 billion as of September 30, 2017, an increase of \$168 million, from \$2.352 billion at December 31, 2016. The net change was primarily due to a \$9 million increase in customer repurchase agreements, a \$155 million increase in Federal Home Loan Bank advances, and a \$7 million increase in other liabilities, offset in part by a \$3 million decrease in customer deposits.

Deposits

Deposits represent our primary source of funds. We intend to continue to focus on growth in transactional deposit accounts as part of our growth strategy, both in our existing branch networks and through targeted acquisitions.

Our total deposits were \$2.013 billion as of September 30, 2017, compared to \$2.016 billion as of December 31, 2016, a decrease of \$3 million. The decrease in deposits was due in part to an intentional reduction in our reliance on the use of public funds during the period. As of September 30, 2017, interest bearing demand deposits, noninterest bearing deposits, money market deposits and savings deposits accounted for 51% of our total deposits, while individual retirement accounts, certificates of deposit, and brokered deposits made up 49% of total deposits. See Note 7 – Deposits in the accompanying condensed notes to consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this report for details of our deposit balances as of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

The following table provides information on the maturity distribution of time deposits with individual balances of \$100,000 to \$250,000 and of time deposits with individual balances of \$250,000 or more as of September 30, 2017:

	\$100,000 to	\$250,000 and	
(Dollars in thousands)	\$250,000	Over	Total
Maturity			
3 months or less	\$76,588	\$29,309	\$105,897
Over 3 through 6 months	88,641	43,569	132,210
Over 6 through 12 months	148,295	49,621	197,916
Over 12 months	93,527	31,671	125,198
	\$407,051	\$154,170	\$561,221

The following table summarizes our average deposit balances and weighted average rates for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016:

	Three Months Ended T			Three Months Ended						
	September 3	0, 2017				September 3	30, 2016			
	Average	Weighte	d	% of	•	Average	Weighte	ed	% of	:
		Avg					Avg			
(Dollars in thousands)	Balance	Yields		Tota	1	Balance	Yields		Tota	1
Interest bearing demand	\$312,009	0.17	%	15	%	\$280,689	0.10	%	17	%
Individual retirement accounts	98,713	1.24	%	5	%	87,723	1.15	%	5	%
Money market	201,462	0.23	%	10	%	182,124	0.21	%	11	%
Savings	167,908	0.05	%	8	%	140,338	0.07	%	8	%
Certificates of deposit	773,075	1.22	%	38	%	670,372	1.09	%	39	%
Brokered deposits	72,094	1.69	%	4	%	49,964	1.00	%	3	%
Total interest bearing deposits	1,625,261	0.80	%	80	%	1,411,210	0.68	%	83	%
Noninterest bearing demand	398,774			20	%	283,128			17	%
Total deposits	\$2,024,035	0.64	%	100	%	\$1,694,338	0.57	%	100	%
	Nine Months	s Ended				Nine Months	s Ended			
	Nine Months September 3					Nine Months September 3				
			d	% of	,			ed	% of	•
	September 3	0, 2017	d	% of	•	September 3	0, 2016	ed	% of	•
(Dollars in thousands)	September 3	0, 2017 Weighte	d	% of		September 3	0, 2016 Weighte	ed	% of	
(Dollars in thousands) Interest bearing demand	September 3 Average	0, 2017 Weighte Avg	d %			September 3 Average	0, 2016 Weighte Avg	ed %		
· ·	September 3 Average Balance	0, 2017 Weighte Avg Yields		Tota	1	September 3 Average Balance	0, 2016 Weighte Avg Yields		Tota	1
Interest bearing demand	September 3 Average Balance \$326,798	0, 2017 Weighte Avg Yields 0.16	%	Tota	1 %	September 3 Average Balance \$248,249	0, 2016 Weighte Avg Yields 0.10	%	Tota	1 %
Interest bearing demand Individual retirement accounts	September 3 Average Balance \$326,798 100,224	0, 2017 Weighte Avg Yields 0.16 1.20	% %	Tota 16 5	l % %	September 3 Average Balance \$248,249 71,297	0, 2016 Weighte Avg Yields 0.10 1.20	% %	Total	1 % %
Interest bearing demand Individual retirement accounts Money market	September 3 Average Balance \$326,798 100,224 205,585	0, 2017 Weighte Avg Yields 0.16 1.20 0.23	% % %	Tota 16 5 10	l % %	September 3 Average Balance \$248,249 71,297 139,164	0, 2016 Weighte Avg Yields 0.10 1.20 0.22	% % %	Total 18 5 10	1 % %
Interest bearing demand Individual retirement accounts Money market Savings	September 3 Average Balance \$326,798 100,224 205,585 170,431	0, 2017 Weighte Avg Yields 0.16 1.20 0.23 0.06	% % %	Tota 16 5 10 8	1 % % %	September 3 Average Balance \$248,249 71,297 139,164 98,714	0, 2016 Weighte Avg Yields 0.10 1.20 0.22 0.06	% % % %	Tota 18 5 10 7	1 % % %
Interest bearing demand Individual retirement accounts Money market Savings Certificates of deposit	September 3 Average Balance \$326,798 100,224 205,585 170,431 767,680	0, 2017 Weighte Avg Yields 0.16 1.20 0.23 0.06 1.16	% % % %	Tota 16 5 10 8 39	1 % % % %	September 3 Average Balance \$248,249 71,297 139,164 98,714 599,475	0, 2016 Weighte Avg Yields 0.10 1.20 0.22 0.06 1.10	% % % %	Total 18 5 10 7 42	1 % % % %

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Total deposits \$2,028,294 0.61 % 100 % \$1,410,616 0.61 % 100 %

Other Borrowings

Customer Repurchase Agreements

Customer repurchase agreements outstanding totaled \$19.9 million at September 30, 2017 and \$10.5 million at December 31, 2016. Our customer repurchase agreements generally overnight maturities. Variances in these balances are attributable to normal customer behavior and seasonal factors affecting their liquidity positions. The following provides a summary of our customer repurchase agreements as of and for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and the year ended December 31, 2016:

		December
	September 30,	31,
(Dollars in thousands)	2017	2016
Amount outstanding at end of period	\$ 19,869	\$ 10,490
Weighted average interest rate at end of period	0.03 %	0.02 %
Average daily balance during the period	\$ 12,736	\$ 11,984
Weighted average interest rate during the period	0.02 %	0.02 %
Maximum month-end balance during the period	\$ 21,041	\$ 15,329

FHLB Advances

As part of our overall funding and liquidity management program, we borrow from the Federal Home Loan Bank. Our FHLB advances are collateralized by assets, including a blanket pledge of certain loans. Our mortgage warehouse facilities are also included in our borrowing base with the FHLB. Our FHLB borrowings totaled \$385.0 million as of September 30, 2017 and \$230.0 million as of December 31, 2016. As of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, we had \$120.1 million and \$267.1 million, respectively, in unused and available advances from the FHLB.

The following provides a summary of our FHLB advances as of and for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and the year ended December 31, 2016:

			Decembe	er
	September 30	,	31,	
(Dollars in thousands)	2017		2016	
Amount outstanding at end of period	\$ 385,000		\$230,00	0
Weighted average interest rate at end of period	1.16	%	0.58	%
Average amount outstanding during the period	274,174		174,78	4
Weighted average interest rate during the period	0.96	%	0.41	%
Highest month end balance during the period	385,000		291,00	0

Subordinated Notes

In September 2016, we issued \$50.0 million of Fixed-to-Floating Rate Subordinated Notes due 2026 (the "Notes"). The Notes, which initially bear interest at 6.50% per annum, payable semi-annually in arrears, to, but excluding, September 30, 2021, and, thereafter and to, but excluding, the maturity date or earlier redemption, interest shall be payable quarterly in arrears, at an annual floating rate equal to three-month LIBOR as determined for the applicable quarterly period, plus 5.345%. We may, at our option, beginning on September 30, 2021 and on any scheduled interest payment date thereafter, redeem the Notes, in whole or in part, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Notes to be redeemed plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the date of redemption.

The Notes are included on the consolidated balance sheet as liabilities; however, for regulatory purposes, the carrying value of these obligations is eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 regulatory capital.

Issuance costs related to the Notes totaled \$1.3 million, including an underwriting discount of 1.5%, or \$0.8 million, and have been netted against the subordinated notes liability on the consolidated balance sheets. The underwriting discount and other debt issuance costs are being amortized using the effective interest method over the life of the Notes as an adjustment to interest expense.

Junior Subordinated Debentures

The following provides a summary of our junior subordinated debentures as of September 30, 2017:

	Face	Carrying		
(Dollars in thousands)	Value	Value	Maturity Date	Interest Rate
National Bancshares Capital Trust II	\$15,464	\$12,834	September 2033	LIBOR + 3.00%
National Bancshares Capital Trust III	17,526	12,343	July 2036	LIBOR + 1.64%
ColoEast Capital Trust I	5,155	3,402	September 2035	LIBOR + 1.60%
ColoEast Capital Trust II	6,700	4,468	March 2037	LIBOR + 1.79%
	\$44,845	\$33,047		

These debentures are unsecured obligations and were issued to trusts that are unconsolidated subsidiaries. The trusts in turn issued trust preferred securities with identical payment terms to unrelated investors. The debentures may be called by the Company at par plus any accrued but unpaid interest; however, we have no current plans to redeem them prior to maturity. Interest on the debentures is calculated quarterly, based on a contractual rate equal to three month LIBOR plus a weighted average spread of 2.13%. As part of the purchase accounting adjustments made with the National Bancshares, Inc. acquisition on October 15, 2013 and the ColoEast acquisition on August 1, 2016, we adjusted the carrying value of the junior subordinated debentures to fair value as of the respective acquisition dates. The discounts on the debentures will continue to be amortized through maturity and recognized as a component of interest expense.

The debentures are included on our consolidated balance sheet as liabilities; however, for regulatory purposes, these obligations are eligible for inclusion in regulatory capital, subject to certain limitations. All of the carrying value of \$33.0 million was allowed in the calculation of Tier I capital as of September 30, 2017.

Capital Resources and Liquidity Management

Capital Resources

Our stockholders' equity totaled \$386.1 million as of September 30, 2017, an increase of \$96.8 million from \$289.3 million as of December 31, 2016. Stockholders' equity increased during this period primarily due to \$65.5 million of net proceeds from the August 1, 2017 common stock offering previously discussed, and net income for the period of \$29.9 million. Offsetting these increases were dividends paid on our preferred stock.

Liquidity Management

We define liquidity as our ability to generate sufficient cash to fund current loan demand, deposit withdrawals, or other cash demands and disbursement needs, and otherwise to operate on an ongoing basis.

We manage liquidity at the holding company level as well as that of our bank subsidiary. The management of liquidity at both levels is critical, because the holding company and our bank subsidiary have different funding needs and sources, and each are subject to regulatory guidelines and requirements which require minimum levels of liquidity. We believe that our liquidity ratios meet or exceed those guidelines and that our present position is adequate to meet our current and future liquidity needs.

Our liquidity requirements are met primarily through cash flow from operations, receipt of pre-paid and maturing balances in our loan and investment portfolios, debt financing and increases in customer deposits. Our liquidity position is supported by management of liquid assets and liabilities and access to other sources of funds. Liquid assets

include cash, interest earning deposits in banks, federal funds sold, securities available for sale and maturing or prepaying balances in our investment and loan portfolios. Liquid liabilities include core deposits, federal funds purchased, securities sold under repurchase agreements and other borrowings. Other sources of funds include the sale of loans, brokered deposits, the issuance of additional collateralized borrowings such as FHLB advances, the issuance of debt securities and the issuance of common securities. For additional information regarding our operating, investing and financing cash flows, see the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows provided in our consolidated financial statements.

In addition to the liquidity provided by the sources described above, our subsidiary bank maintains correspondent relationships with other banks in order to sell loans or purchase overnight funds should additional liquidity be needed. As of September 30, 2017, TBK Bank had unsecured federal funds lines of credit with seven unaffiliated banks totaling \$137.5 million, with no amounts advanced against those lines at that time.

Regulatory Capital Requirements

Our capital management consists of providing equity to support our current and future operations. We are subject to various regulatory capital requirements administered by federal and state banking agencies. Failure to meet minimum capital requirements can initiate certain mandatory and possibly additional discretionary actions by regulators that, if undertaken, could have a direct material effect on the Company's or TBK Bank's financial statements. Under capital adequacy guidelines and the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action, the Company and TBK Bank each must meet specific capital guidelines that involve quantitative measures of their assets, liabilities and certain off balance sheet items as calculated under regulatory accounting practices. The capital amounts and classification are also subject to qualitative judgments by the regulators about components, risk weightings and other factors.

The Company is subject to the Basel III regulatory capital framework. Beginning in January 2016, the implementation of the capital conservation buffer was effective for the Company starting at the 0.625% level and increasing 0.625% each year thereafter, until it reaches 2.5% on January 1, 2019. The capital conservation buffer was 1.25% and 0.625% at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively. The capital conservation buffer is designed to absorb losses during periods of economic stress and requires increased capital levels for the purpose of capital distributions and other payments. Failure to meet the full amount of the buffer will result in restrictions on the Company's ability to make capital distributions, including dividend payments and stock repurchases, and to pay discretionary bonuses to executive officers.

Quantitative measures established by regulations to ensure capital adequacy require the Company and TBK Bank to maintain minimum amounts and ratios (as set forth in the table below) of total, Tier 1, and common equity Tier 1 capital to risk weighted assets, and of Tier 1 capital to average assets. Management believes, as of September 30, 2017, the Company and TBK Bank meet all capital adequacy requirements to which they are subject, including the capital conservation buffer requirement.

As of September 30, 2017, TBK Bank's capital ratios exceeded those levels necessary to be categorized as "well capitalized" under the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action. To be categorized as "well capitalized", TBK Bank must maintain minimum total risk based, common equity Tier 1 risk based, Tier 1 risk based, and Tier 1 leverage ratios as set forth in the table below. There are no conditions or events since September 30, 2017 that management believes would have changed TBK Bank's category.

The actual capital amounts and ratios for the Company and TBK Bank are presented in the following table as of September 30, 2017. The capital adequacy amounts and ratios below do not include the capital conservation buffer in effect at September 30, 2017.

					To Be We	11
					Capitalize	d Under
			Minimum	for		
			Capital		Prompt Co	orrective
			Adequacy			
(Dollars in thousands)	Actual		Purposes		Action Pro	ovisions
As of September 30, 2017	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
Total capital (to risk weighted assets)						
Triumph Bancorp, Inc.	\$448,847	15.9%	\$225,685	8.0%	N/A	N/A
TBK Bank, SSB	\$331,031	12.4%	\$214,319	8.0%	\$267,898	10.0%

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Tier 1 capital (to risk weighted assets)						
Triumph Bancorp, Inc.	\$379,315	13.4%	\$169,264	6.0%	N/A	N/A
TBK Bank, SSB	\$310,387	11.6%	\$160,739	6.0%	\$214,319	8.0%
Common equity Tier 1 capital (to risk weighted assets)						
Triumph Bancorp, Inc.	\$337,194	12.0%	\$126,948	4.5%	N/A	N/A
TBK Bank, SSB	\$310,387	11.6%	\$120,554	4.5%	\$174,134	6.5%
Tier 1 capital (to average assets)						
Triumph Bancorp, Inc.	\$379,315	13.5%	\$112,360	4.0%	N/A	N/A
TBK Bank, SSB	\$310,387	11.2%	\$110,892	4.0%	\$138,615	5.0%

Contractual Obligations

The following table summarizes our contractual obligations and other commitments to make future payments as of September 30, 2017. The amount of the obligations presented in the table reflects principal amounts only and excludes the amount of interest we are obligated to pay. Also excluded from the table are a number of obligations to be settled in cash. These excluded items are reflected in our consolidated balance sheet and include deposits with no stated maturity, trade payables, and accrued interest payable.

	Payments Due by Period - September 30, 2017						
			After	After			
			One	Three			
			but	but			
		One Year	within	within	After		
		or			Five		
			Three	Five			
(Dollars in thousands)	Total	Less	Years	Years	Years		
Customer repurchase agreements	\$19,869	\$19,869	\$ -	-\$ -	_\$		
Federal Home Loan Bank advances	385,000	355,000	_		- 30,000		
Subordinated notes	50,000		_	_			