

Edgar Filing: MAGELLAN GOLD Corp - Form 10-Q

MAGELLAN GOLD Corp

Form 10-Q

November 20, 2017

0001515317 --12-31 mgc Yes No No false 2017 Q3 0001515317 2017-01-01 2017-09-30 0001515317 2017-09-30  
0001515317 2017-11-20 0001515317 2017-11-20 2017-11-20 0001515317 2016-12-31 0001515317 2017-07-01  
2017-09-30 0001515317 2016-07-01 2016-09-30 0001515317 2016-01-01 2016-09-30 0001515317 2015-12-31  
0001515317 2016-09-30 0001515317 us-gaap:FairValueInputsLevel1Member 2017-09-30 0001515317  
us-gaap:FairValueInputsLevel2Member 2017-09-30 0001515317 us-gaap:FairValueInputsLevel3Member 2017-09-30  
0001515317 us-gaap:FairValueInputsLevel1Member 2016-12-31 0001515317  
us-gaap:FairValueInputsLevel2Member 2016-12-31 0001515317 us-gaap:FairValueInputsLevel3Member 2016-12-31  
0001515317 fil:UnsecuredLoanFromJohnPowerMember 2017-01-01 2017-09-30 0001515317  
fil:UnsecuredLoanFromJohnPowerMember 2017-09-30 0001515317 fil:UnsecuredLoanFromJohnPowerMember  
2016-12-31 0001515317 fil:UnsecuredLoan2FromJohnPowerMember 2017-01-01 2017-09-30 0001515317  
fil:UnsecuredLoan2FromJohnPowerMember 2017-09-30 0001515317 fil:UnsecuredLoan2FromJohnPowerMember  
2016-12-31 0001515317 fil:UnsecuredLoan3FromJohnPowerMember 2017-01-01 2017-09-30 0001515317  
fil:UnsecuredLoan3FromJohnPowerMember 2017-09-30 0001515317 fil:ThreeShortTermNotesMember 2017-01-01  
2017-09-30 0001515317 fil:ThreeShortTermNotesMember 2017-09-30 0001515317  
fil:AdditionalSecuredLoanForAdvancesMember 2017-01-01 2017-09-30 0001515317  
fil:AdditionalSecuredLoanForAdvancesMember 2017-09-30 0001515317 fil:ConvertiblePromissoryNoteMember  
2017-01-01 2017-09-30 0001515317 fil:ConvertiblePromissoryNoteMember 2017-09-30 0001515317  
fil:ConvertiblePromissoryNoteMember 2017-04-14 2017-04-14 0001515317 fil:ConvertiblePromissoryNoteMember  
2017-09-30 2017-09-30 0001515317 fil:ConvertiblePromissoryNoteMember 2016-12-31 2016-12-31 0001515317  
2016-11-01 2016-11-30 0001515317 2016-11-30 0001515317 fil:MiningClipsLlcMember 2017-01-01 2017-09-30  
0001515317 fil:MrPowerMember 2017-07-01 2017-09-30 0001515317 fil:MrPowerMember 2017-01-01 2017-09-30  
0001515317 fil:MrPowerMember 2016-07-01 2016-09-30 0001515317 fil:MrPowerMember 2016-01-01 2016-09-30  
0001515317 fil:MrPowerMember 2017-09-30 0001515317 fil:MrPowerMember 2016-12-31 0001515317  
fil:MrGibbsMember 2017-09-30 0001515317 fil:MrGibbsMember 2016-12-31 0001515317 fil:DrCarsonMember  
2017-01-01 2017-09-30 0001515317 fil:MrPowerMember 2016-01-01 2016-12-31 0001515317 fil:Event1Member  
2017-01-01 2017-09-30 0001515317 fil:Event2Member 2017-01-01 2017-09-30 0001515317 fil:Event3Member  
2017-01-01 2017-09-30 0001515317 fil:Event4Member 2017-01-01 2017-09-30 0001515317 fil:Event5Member  
2017-01-01 2017-09-30 0001515317 fil:Event6Member 2017-01-01 2017-09-30 0001515317 fil:Event7Member  
2017-01-01 2017-09-30 0001515317 fil:Event8Member 2017-01-01 2017-09-30 0001515317 fil:Event9Member  
2017-01-01 2017-09-30 0001515317 fil:Event9Member 2017-09-30 0001515317 fil:Event10Member 2017-01-01  
2017-09-30 0001515317 fil:Event10Member 2017-09-30 0001515317 fil:Event11Member 2017-01-01 2017-09-30  
0001515317 fil:Event12Member 2017-01-01 2017-09-30 xbrli:pure iso4217:USD xbrli:shares iso4217:USD  
xbrli:shares

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

**QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2017**

**TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_**

**Commission file number: 333-174287**

**MAGELLAN GOLD CORPORATION**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**Nevada**

**273566922**

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (IRS Employer Identification Number)

**2010A Harbison Drive #312, Vacaville, CA**

**95687**

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: **(707) 884-3766**

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definition of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting

company” in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act (check one):

Large accelerated filer [  ]    Accelerated filer [  ]    Non-accelerated filer [  ]    Smaller Reporting Company [  ]

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

---

1

---

Edgar Filing: MAGELLAN GOLD Corp - Form 10-Q

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes [  ] No [  ]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).

**Emerging growth company**[]

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. [  ]

On November 20, 2017, there were 81,380,548 shares of the registrant's common stock, \$0.001 par value, issued and outstanding.

---

2

---

**PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION****MAGELLAN GOLD CORPORATION  
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS***unaudited*

|   | September 30,<br>2017 | December 31,<br>2016 |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------|
| <b>ASSETS</b>   |                       |                      |
| Current Assets  |                       |                      |
| Cash and cash equivalents   | \$ 1,427              | \$ 485               |
| Prepaid expenses  | 33,792                | 25,729               |
| Option to acquire SDA mill  | 150,000               | -                    |
| Total current assets  | 185,219               | 26,214               |
| Mineral rights, net of impairment   | 323,200               | 323,200              |
| Prepaid expenses  | -                     | 29,792               |
| Investment in Rio Silver equity securities at cost  | 110,188               | 59,753               |
| Total assets  | \$ 618,607            | \$ 438,959           |
| <b>LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT</b>  |                       |                      |
| Current liabilities:  |                       |                      |
| Accounts payable  | \$ 146,730            | \$ 50,868            |
| Accrued liabilities   | 191,479               | 75,592               |
| Line of credit - related party  | 932,500               | 932,500              |
| Notes payable - related parties   | 340,000               | 65,000               |
| Accrued interest - related parties  | 211,034               | 161,639              |
| Convertible note payable  | -                     | 33,020               |
| Accrued interest  | -                     | 1,316                |
| Advances payable, related party   | 61,100                | -                    |
| Derivative liability  | -                     | 119,500              |
| Total current liabilities   | 1,882,843             | 1,439,435            |
| Shareholders' deficit:  |                       |                      |
| Preferred shares, \$0.001 par value, 25,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued and outstanding                         | -                     | -                    |
| Common shares - \$0.001 par value; 1,000,000,000 shares authorized, 75,880,548 and 64,630,548 Shares issued and outstanding | 75,881                | 64,631               |
| Additional paid-in capital  | 1,825,403             | 856,822              |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss  | (862)                 | -                    |

Edgar Filing: MAGELLAN GOLD Corp - Form 10-Q

|   |             |             |
|---|-------------|-------------|
| Accumulated deficit                         | (3,164,658) | (1,921,929) |
| Shareholders' deficit                       | (1,264,236) | (1,000,476) |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' deficit | \$ 618,607  | \$ 438,959  |

---

3

*See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements*

---

**MAGELLAN GOLD CORPORATION**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**

(unaudited)

|   | Three Months Ended<br>September 30, |             | Nine Months Ended<br>September 30, |              |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------------|------------------------------------|--------------|
|   | 2017                                | 2016        | 2017                               | 2016         |
| Operating expenses:   |                                     |             |                                    |              |
| Exploration costs   | \$ 10,872                           | \$ 15,056   | \$ 53,733                          | \$ 34,220    |
| General and administrative expenses                             | 194,356                             | 91,309      | 480,871                            | 231,983      |
| Total operating expenses  | 205,228                             | 106,365     | 534,604                            | 266,203      |
| Operating loss  | (205,228)                           | (106,365)   | (534,604)                          | (266,203)    |
| Other income (expense):   |                                     |             |                                    |              |
| Interest expense  | (19,356)                            | (15,684)    | (50,349)                           | (46,387)     |
| Gain (loss) on change in derivative liability                   | (1,900)                             | 70,680      | (657,776)                          | (75,854)     |
| Net loss  | (226,484)                           | (51,369)    | (1,242,729)                        | (388,444)    |
| Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interest                | -                                   | -           | -                                  | (7,347)      |
| Net loss attributable to common shareholders                    | (226,484)                           | (51,369)    | (1,242,729)                        | (381,097)    |
| Other comprehensive income (loss)                               |                                     |             |                                    |              |
| Foreign currency translation                                    | (342)                               | -           | (862)                              | -            |
| Net comprehensive loss  | \$ (226,826)                        | \$ (51,369) | \$ (1,243,591)                     | \$ (381,097) |
| Basic and diluted net loss per common share                     | \$ (0.00)                           | \$ (0.00)   | \$ (0.02)                          | \$ (0.01)    |
| Basic and diluted weighted-average<br>common shares outstanding | 73,184,898                          | 63,031,918  | 69,673,771                         | 54,355,788   |

4

*See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements*

**MAGELLAN GOLD CORPORATION**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

*unaudited*

|   | <b>Nine months ended September 30</b> |                     |
|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------|
|   | 2017                                  | 2016                |
| Operating activities:   |                                       |                     |
| Net loss  | <b>\$ (1,242,729)</b>                 | <b>\$ (388,444)</b> |
| Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities: |                                       |                     |
| Amortization of deferred compensation                                       | –                                     | 20,833              |
| Amortization of service contracts   | 43,428                                | 2,708               |
| Loss on change in derivative liability                                      | 657,776                               | 75,854              |
| Loss on impairment of investment  | 7,862                                 | –                   |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities:                                |                                       |                     |
| Prepaid expenses and other assets   | (20,199)                              | (3,441)             |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses                                       | 202,899                               | 49,186              |
| Accrued interest  | 49,964                                | 43,887              |
| Net cash used in operating activities                                       | <b>(300,999)</b>                      | <b>(199,417)</b>    |
| Investing activities:   |                                       |                     |
| Purchase of Rio Silver equity securities                                    | (58,297)                              | (59,753)            |
| Payment of option to acquire SDA mill                                       | (150,000)                             | –                   |
| Payment of deposit on investment in mineral properties                      | –                                     | (12,000)            |
| Net cash used in investing activities                                       | <b>(208,297)</b>                      | <b>(71,753)</b>     |
| Financing activities:   |                                       |                     |
| Advances on line of credit - related party                                  | –                                     | 45,000              |
| Proceeds from advances from related parties                                 | 86,150                                | 12,650              |
| Payments on advances from related parties                                   | (25,050)                              | (12,650)            |
| Proceeds from notes payable - related parties                               | 275,000                               | 35,000              |
| Proceeds from sale of common stock and warrants exercised                   | 175,000                               | 194,325             |
| Net cash provided by financing activities                                   | <b>511,100</b>                        | <b>274,325</b>      |
| Effect of foreign currency exchange   | (862)                                 | –                   |
| Net increase in cash  | <b>942</b>                            | <b>3,155</b>        |
| Cash at beginning of period   | <b>485</b>                            | <b>867</b>          |
| Cash at end of period   | <b>\$1,427</b>                        | <b>\$4,022</b>      |
| Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information                            |                                       |                     |
| Cash paid for interest  | <b>\$382</b>                          | <b>\$2,500</b>      |
| Cash paid for income taxes  | <b>\$–</b>                            | <b>\$–</b>          |
| Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities:     |                                       |                     |
| Conversion of notes payable and accrued interest to common stock            | <b>\$26,055</b>                       | <b>\$23,400</b>     |



Edgar Filing: MAGELLAN GOLD Corp - Form 10-Q

|   |           |          |
|---|-----------|----------|
| Reclassifications of derivative liability to APIC                                     | \$777,276 | \$20,044 |
| Common stock issued for prepaid services contracts                                    | \$1,500   | \$65,000 |
| Common stock issued for buyout of non-controlling interest                            | \$-       | \$27,398 |
| Reclassification of convertible note payable and accrued interest to accounts payable | \$8,850   | \$-      |

---

5

*See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements*

---

**MAGELLAN GOLD CORPORATION**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**(Unaudited)**

**Note 1 – Organization, Basis of Presentation, and Continuance of Operations**

*Organization and Nature of Operations*

Magellan Gold Corporation (“we” “our”, “us”, the “Company” or “Magellan”) was incorporated on September 28, 2010, under the laws of the State of Nevada. Our principal business is the acquisition and exploration of mineral resources. We have not presently determined whether the properties to which we have mining rights contain mineral reserves that are economically recoverable.

On September 30, 2014, we formed and organized a new wholly-owned subsidiary, Gulf+Western Industries, Inc., a Nevada corporation (“Gulf+Western” or “G+W”), to own and operate our Silver District mining interests. On October 1, 2014 we completed the transfer of those assets from Magellan to G+W. Effective December 31, 2014 Magellan pledged all its ownership interest in G+W to Mr. John D. Gibbs, a significant shareholder in the Company, as security for outstanding amounts under a line of credit agreement between Magellan and Mr. Gibbs.

On June 1, 2015, we transferred 15% of our ownership interest in G+W to Dr. W. Pierce Carson (Dr. Carson), in exchange for one year of service as President, Chief Executive Officer and Director of G+W. As a result of the transaction, Magellan’s ownership interest in G+W was reduced to 85%. The transaction was valued at \$50,000 representing compensation for the one-year period from 2015 through May 2016. On June 1, 2016 Magellan entered into a one-year employment agreement with Dr. Carson in which he assumes the positions of President and Chief Executive Officer of Magellan. As a result, Mr. John Power resigned his positions as President and Chief Executive Officer concurrent with the execution of Dr. Carson’s employment agreement. Mr. Power has retained the positions of Chief Financial Officer and Director of Magellan. Dr. Carson was appointed a Director of Magellan effective June 30, 2016.

In July 2016, the Company completed a share exchange with Dr. Carson in which Dr. Carson surrendered his 15% interest in G+W in exchange for 8,623,957 shares of Magellan Gold Corporation. As a result of this transaction, G+W became a wholly owned subsidiary of Magellan Gold Corporation.

On October 24, 2016, the Company entered into a Mining Option Agreement (“Option Agreement”) between and among Rio Silver Inc., a Canadian company (“Rio Silver”), Minera Rio Plata S.A.C. (“Minera”), a Peruvian company and subsidiary of Rio Silver, and Magellan Gold Peru S.A.C. (“Magellan Peru”), a Peruvian company and wholly owned subsidiary of the Company pursuant to which Rio Silver through Minera granted to the Company a sole and exclusive

option to acquire an undivided 50% interest in and to property located in central Peru. Further information regarding the Option Agreement is included below in Note 3– Mining Option Agreement.

On March 3, 2017 the Company entered into a Memorandum of Understanding (“MOU”) with Rose Petroleum plc, a multi-asset natural resource business, to purchase an operating floatation plant that also includes a precious metals leach circuit and associated assets, licenses and agreements (together, the “SDA Mill”) located in the State of Nayarit, Mexico, for a total consideration at closing of US\$1.5 million, payable in \$1,000,000 in cash and \$500,000 in restricted common stock of Magellan. The mill has operated for ten years and has historically produced ore for its current owner or third party toll miners. Under the terms of the MOU, in consideration of a non-refundable \$50,000 option payment, the Company was granted an option to purchase the SDA Mill until June 3, 2017. The option period was extended for an additional 60 days with another \$100,000 payment made during the quarter ended June 30, 2017. On August 14, 2017, the Company provided the seller executed bridge loan commitments aggregating \$900,000 available to fund the purchase transaction. The Company’s provision of the commitment letters resulted in the extension of the purchase option until

either the transaction is consummated or abandoned by the parties. On September 9, 2017, the Company entered into a definitive and binding Stock Purchase Agreement (“SPA”) for purchase of the SDA Mill, and on October 17 entered into Amendment No. 1 to the “SPA”. Further information regarding the proposed purchase of the SDA mill is included in Note 4 – Option to Acquire SDA Mill. There is no assurance that we will satisfactorily complete our due diligence and/or raise the necessary capital to consummate this transaction.

Our primary focus is to complete the acquisition of the SDA Mill in Mexico and thereby transform Magellan into a production company, to continue to advance our Arizona and Peru silver projects towards resource definition and eventual development, and possibly to acquire additional mineral rights and conduct additional exploration, development and permitting activities. Our mineral lease payments, permitting applications and exploration and development efforts will require additional capital. We rely upon the sale of our securities as well as advances and loans from executive management and significant shareholders to fund our operations as we have not generated any revenue.

### ***Basis of Presentation***

We prepare our financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (“GAAP”). The accompanying unaudited interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GAAP for interim financial information in accordance with Article 8 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. In our opinion, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the three and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2017 are not necessarily indicative of the results for the full year. While we believe that the disclosures presented herein are adequate and not misleading, these interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and the footnotes thereto contained in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Our consolidated financial statements include our accounts and the accounts of our subsidiaries, Gulf + Western Industries, Inc., and Magellan Gold Peru S.A.C. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated.

### ***Foreign Currency Translations***

The Company maintains its accounting records in US Dollars. Our operating subsidiary, Magellan Gold Peru S.A.C. is located in Peru and maintains its accounting records in the Peruvian Sol, which is its functional currency. The subsidiary’s transactions are recorded in the respective functional currencies of the Company and its subsidiaries, and are reported to the Company in Peruvian Soles. For reporting, the Company translates the subsidiary’s transactions and accounts to US Dollars at exchange rates approximating those ruling at the transaction dates. Exchange gains and losses are recorded in the statements of income and comprehensive income. Assets and liabilities of the Company and its subsidiaries are translated into the U.S. dollars at exchange rates at the balance sheet date, equity accounts are translated at historical exchange rate and revenues and expenses are translated by using the average exchange rates.

Translation adjustments are reported as a separate component of other comprehensive income in the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss.

*Liquidity and Going Concern*

Our unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which assumes that we will be able to meet our obligations and continue our operations during the next fiscal year. Asset realization values may be significantly different from carrying values as shown in our consolidated financial statements and do not give effect to adjustments that would be necessary to the carrying values of assets and liabilities should we be unable to continue as a going concern. At September 30, 2017, we had not yet generated

---

7

---

any revenues or achieved profitable operations and we have accumulated losses of \$3,164,658. We expect to incur further losses in the development of our business, all of which casts substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. Our ability to continue as a going concern depends on our ability to generate future profits and/or to obtain the necessary financing to meet our obligations arising from normal business operations when they come due.

On December 31, 2015 we amended our credit agreement with Mr. John Gibbs, a related party, to increase the borrowing limit to \$1,000,000, which provides the Company an additional \$67,500 available under the credit line at September 30, 2017. Effective December 31, 2016 we amended the agreement to extend the maturity date to December 31, 2018. As part of a 2014 amendment, we pledged our ownership interest in our subsidiary, G+W, which owns all our ownership interests in the Silver District properties, as security for all amounts outstanding under the credit agreement.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2017, we sold 1,250,000 units consisting of common stock and warrants and realized net proceeds of \$125,000. Additionally, we realized \$50,000 from the exercise of 500,000 warrants. The proceeds were generally used to fund certain investing activities and for general working capital.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2017 we received a total of \$275,000 from related parties in the form of short-term loans and an additional \$86,150 in advances from related parties, including \$25,050 of advances which have been repaid. The proceeds were generally used to fund payments and expenses associated with our planned acquisition of the SDA mill and for general working capital.

We anticipate that additional funding will be in the form of additional loans from officers, directors or significant shareholders, or equity financing from the sale of our common stock.

## **Note 2 – Mineral Rights and Properties**

At both September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, our mineral rights and properties were \$323,200 associated with our Silver District claims. We updated our impairment analysis as of September 30, 2017, and concluded that the carrying value is conservative and appropriate.

### ***Silver District***

In August 2012, we entered into an option agreement with Columbus Exploration f/k/a Columbus Silver Corporation, which granted us the right to acquire all of Columbus' interest in its Silver District properties located in La Paz County, Arizona. We paid Columbus an initial \$63,200 on signing of the option and a further \$50,000 in December 2012. We

paid other patented and unpatented mining claim purchase and lease obligations in 2013 and 2014 to maintain the project claims and leases in good standing. On September 30, 2014, we paid an additional \$100,000 to Columbus Exploration to acquire all of Columbus' interest in its Silver District properties located in La Paz County, Arizona.

The properties acquired from Columbus were assigned into our subsidiary Gulf+Western Industries, Inc. and our total acquisition cost capitalized was \$323,200.

The Silver District property consists of 110 unpatented lode and mill site mining claims, six patented lode claims, and an Arizona State Exploration Permit, all of which are held directly or under lease agreements, totaling over 2,000 acres. Certain of the claims are subject to third party net smelter royalties and/or net profits of varying percentages.

In August 2017, we renewed the BLM lode and mill site claims in La Paz County, Arizona with the Bureau of Land Management and these claims will remain in good standing through August 31, 2018. Additionally, in both August 2016 and 2015, we made advance minimum royalty payments of \$10,000 to a third party landowner on the Red Cloud lease, which includes the Red Cloud Patented claim and two BLM lode claims.

In 2017, we continued to make such payment. We also expanded the Arizona State Exploration Permit to approximately 334.85 acres on the Arizona State section that comprises part of our Silver District land package and are current on our obligations under this permit.

On July 9, 2015, G+W entered into two Lease and Purchase Agreements ("Agreements") with an individual that grant the Company certain exploration and mining rights for two patented lode claims located in the Silver District, La Paz County, Arizona. The Agreements provide for scheduled variable annual advance minimum royalty payments to the lessor. In addition, the Agreements have an initial term of 20 years, and provide for the purchase of the properties for \$125,000 each during the term of the lease, net of any advance royalty payments made up to the date of the purchase. The Company paid the initial advance royalty payments totaling \$3,000 and advance royalty payments of \$1,000 in July 2016 to maintain these Agreements. In 2017, we will pay advance royalty payments of \$1,000 on these Agreements during the fourth quarter. Due to an uncertainty associated with the clarification of the legal title for these two patented lode claims, these payments have not been capitalized as mining rights, and therefore are included in exploration costs during the period in which the obligation was due.

### **Note 3 – Mining Option Agreement**

On June 30, 2016 the Company signed a non-binding Letter of Intent ("LOI") with Rio Silver Inc., and on October 24, 2016 the Company executed a definitive Mining Option Agreement ("Option Agreement"), pursuant to which Magellan is granted the option to earn an undivided 50% interest in the Niñobamba Silver-Gold Property ("Property"), located 330 kilometers southeast of Lima in the Department of Ayacucho, Peru.

As a condition of the LOI, the Company had paid a refundable \$12,000 deposit. This payment was recorded as a deposit and was subsequently used to maintain certain mining concessions on the property.

In addition to the deposit, the Company was obliged to subscribe to two private placement unit financings in Rio Silver, each for aggregate proceeds of Cdn\$75,000. The Company completed the first unit private placement on August 23, 2016. The first placement included 1,500,000 units priced at Cdn\$0.05, which included one share of Rio Silver common stock and one warrant to purchase one share of Rio Silver common stock for Cdn\$0.05 which expire on February 23, 2018. The cost of the units in the first private placement totaled USD \$59,753. The second placement included 1,250,000 units priced at Cdn\$0.06, which was completed on January 19, 2017, and included one share of Rio Silver common stock and one warrant to purchase one share of Rio Silver common stock for Cdn\$0.06 which expire on July 19, 2018. The cost of the units in the second private placement totaled USD \$58,297. Each of these transactions were recorded as an investment in Rio Silver equity securities and included on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016. As of September 30, 2017, we have recorded an impairment of \$7,862 to write-down the investment.

Under the terms of the Agreement, the Company has the right to earn an undivided 50% interest in the Niñobamba Silver/Gold Project in central Peru. To earn its 50% interest, the Company must spend \$2.0 million in exploration over



three years. The Niñobamba project is comprised of five concessions that total 36.5 square kilometers (9,026 acres). The concessions include the original Rio Silver concession, three concessions recently acquired from a Peruvian company owned jointly by Newmont Mining Corporation and Southern Peru Copper Corporation, and one concession for which application was made, and which is expected to be granted in 2017.

---

#### **Note 4 – Option to Acquire SDA Mill**

On March 3, 2017 the Company entered into a Memorandum of Understanding (“MOU”) with Rose Petroleum plc, a multi-asset natural resource business, to purchase an operating floatation plant that also includes a precious metals leach circuit and associated assets, licenses and agreements (together, the “SDA Mill”) located in the State of Nayarit, Mexico, for a total consideration at closing of US\$1.5 million, payable in \$1,000,000 in cash and \$500,000 in restricted common stock of Magellan. Under the terms of the MOU, in consideration of a non-refundable \$50,000 option payment, the Company was granted an option until June 3, 2017 to purchase the SDA Mill. The option period was extended for an additional 60 days with another \$100,000 payment made during the quarter ended June 30, 2017. The extension payment will be credited against the purchase price if the transaction closes. The payments are included in current assets on the accompanying consolidated balance sheet at September 30, 2017.

On July 31, 2017, the Company executed Amendment No. 1 to the Memorandum of Understanding (“MOU”) dated March 3, 2017. The amendment provides that on or before August 15, 2017, the Company shall provide the seller executed irrevocable bridge loan commitments representing an aggregate of not less than \$900,000 in commitments available to fund the purchase transaction. In addition, the agreement requires the Company to reimburse the seller for certain employee holding and mill maintenance costs for the months of August and September 2017 at a total of \$25,300 for each month. The Company has paid both the August and September reimbursements as agreed upon and the payments are included in General and Administrative expenses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017.

On August 14, 2017, as required by Amendment No. 1 to the “MOU”, the Company provided the seller executed bridge loan commitments aggregating \$900,000 available to fund the purchase transaction. The Company’s provision of the commitment letters resulted in the extension of the purchase option until either the transaction is consummated or abandoned by the parties. On September 9, 2017, the Company entered into a definitive and binding Stock Purchase Agreement (“SPA”) for purchase of the SDA Mill with an expected closing date of November 30, 2017. There is no assurance that we will satisfactorily complete our due diligence and/or raise the necessary capital to consummate this transaction.

#### **Note 5 - Fair Value of Financial Instruments**

Financial assets and liabilities recorded at fair value in our condensed consolidated balance sheets are categorized based upon a fair value hierarchy established by GAAP, which prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value into the following levels:

Level 1— Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date.

Level 2— Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets and liabilities in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable and can be corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3— Inputs reflecting management’s best estimates and assumptions of what market participants would use in pricing assets or liabilities at the measurement date. The inputs are unobservable in the market and significant to the valuation of the instruments.

A financial instrument's categorization within the valuation hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis are summarized below:

---

10

---

|  | Fair Value<br>at<br>September<br>30, 2017 | Fair Value<br>Measurement at<br>September 30, 2017 |            |            |
|--|---|--|------------|------------|
|  |   | Level<br>1   | Level<br>2 | Level<br>3 |
| Derivative conversion option liability | \$ -                                      | \$ -   | \$ -       | \$ -       |

|  | Fair Value<br>at<br>December<br>31, 2016 | Fair Value<br>Measurement at<br>December 31, 2016 |            |            |
|--|--|---|------------|------------|
|  |  | Level<br>1  | Level<br>2 | Level<br>3 |
| Derivative conversion option liability | \$ 119,500                               | \$ -  | \$ -       | \$ 119,500 |

A summary of the activity of the derivative liability is shown below:

|  |            |
|--|------------|
| Balance December 31, 2016                                | \$ 119,500 |
| Total losses (unrealized, realized) included in net loss | 657,776    |
| Reclassifications of derivative liability to APIC        | (777,276)  |
| Balance September 30, 2017                               | \$ —       |

The carrying values for cash and cash equivalents, prepaid assets, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, related party line of credit and notes payable approximate their fair value due to their short-term maturities.

#### Note 6 – Line of Credit – Related Party

Effective December 31, 2012, we entered into a line of credit arrangement with John D. Gibbs, a significant investor, to facilitate timely cash flows for the Company's operations. The line of credit originally provided for a maximum balance of \$250,000, accrued interest at 6% annually, and matured on December 31, 2014.

On December 31, 2013 we amended our credit agreement with Mr. Gibbs to increase the borrowing limit under the line of credit to \$750,000. All other terms of the credit agreement, including the interest rate and maturity date

remained unchanged.

On December 31, 2014, we again amended the credit agreement to increase the borrowing limit to \$900,000 and extend the maturity date to December 31, 2015. As part of the 2014 amendment and the subsequent appointment of Dr. Pierce Carson as the President, CEO and Director of G+W effective June 1, 2015, we had pledged all of our 85% equity interest in G+W, which owns the Silver District properties, as security for all amounts outstanding under the credit agreement. In July 2016, we completed a share exchange with Dr. Carson to re-acquire the 15% interest in G+W, and therefore at September 30, 2017 our entire 100% interest in G+W remains pledged as security for outstanding amounts under this credit agreement.

On December 31, 2015 we again amended the credit agreement to increase the borrowing limit to \$1,000,000 and extended the maturity date to December 31, 2016.

Finally, on March 31, 2017 with an effective date of December 31, 2016 we again amended the credit agreement to extend the maturity date to December 31, 2018. All other terms of the agreement were unchanged. At September 30, 2017 the Company has an additional \$67,500 available under the credit line.

No draws were made during the nine months ended September 30, 2017. During the nine months ended September 30, 2016, draws totaling \$45,000 were made and were primarily used to fund working capital and certain obligations due to maintain our mining rights and properties. At both September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, a total of \$932,500 was outstanding under this line of credit. In addition, a total of \$199,401 and \$157,707 of interest has been accrued on this obligation and is included in Accrued interest - related parties on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively.

#### **Note 7 – Notes Payable – Related Parties**

In August 2011, we entered into an unsecured loan from John Power, the Company's Chief Financial Officer, evidenced by a \$20,000 promissory note. The promissory note bears interest at 6% per annum and is payable on demand with thirty days' notice from the lender. During 2014, the Company made payments totaling \$5,000 to pay down the principal balance of the note. At both September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the note balance was \$15,000. At September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, interest totaling \$1,346 and \$676, respectively, was accrued on this note payable and is included in Accrued interest – related parties on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

In January 2014, we entered into an additional unsecured loan from Mr. Power, evidenced by a \$50,000 promissory note. The promissory note bears interest at 6.75% per annum and is payable on demand with thirty days' notice from the lender. At September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, interest totaling \$5,389 and \$2,874, respectively, was accrued on this note payable and is included in Accrued interest – related parties on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. At both September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the note balance was \$50,000.

During the third quarter of 2016, we entered into an additional unsecured loan from Mr. Power, evidenced by a \$35,000 promissory note that was subsequently paid in full during the fourth quarter of 2016. At December 31, 2016, unpaid accrued interest of \$382 remained on this note and was included in Accrued interest – related parties on the accompanying consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2016. The remaining accrued interest of \$382 was paid to Mr. Power during the period ended September 30, 2017.

On May 31, 2017 we entered into three short-term notes with Mr. Gibbs, Dr. Carson and Mr. Power in the principal amounts of \$100,000, \$25,000 and \$25,000, respectively. The notes bear interest at 6% and mature on November 15, 2017. The notes have subsequently matured and have not been repaid. As of September 30, 2017 a total of \$3,008 of interest is accrued on these notes.

On June 30, 2017 we entered into an additional secured loan for advances from Mr. Power and evidenced by a \$125,000 promissory note. The promissory note bears interest at 6% per annum and matures on December 31, 2017. As of September 30, 2017, a total of \$1,890 of interest is accrued on this note. The note is collateralized by our investment in Rio Silver shares and warrants.

**Note 8 – Convertible Note Payable and Derivative Liability**

On October 1, 2014, we issued a convertible promissory note to a provider of legal services in the original principal amount of \$51,532. The note was issued to evidence the Company's indebtedness for legal services previously rendered. Interest accrues quarterly on the outstanding principal and interest balance of the Note at 6% per annum. The principal plus accrued and unpaid interest was due upon five days' written demand of the note holder. The note is unsecured.

The note principal and accrued interest was convertible at any time into shares of common stock at a conversion price of \$0.039, which represented the closing bid price of the common stock on the OTC Bulletin Board on the date of issuance.

---

12

---

In April 2016 the note holder elected to convert a total of \$23,400, consisting of \$18,512 of principal and \$4,888 of accrued interest. The conversion resulted in the issuance of 600,000 shares of the Company's common stock. As a result of the conversion, a total of \$20,044 of the derivative liability associated with the note was reclassified to additional paid in capital on the conversion date. At December 31, 2016 the remaining note balance was \$33,020.

On April 14, 2017 the Company and the note holder agreed to modify the terms of the note to reduce the conversion rate from \$0.039 to \$0.01, and the maturity terms from five days written demand to 180 days. Immediately subsequent to the modifications, the note holder converted \$20,000 of the principal into 2,000,000 shares of common stock. This transaction resulted in a total of \$173,146 of the derivative liability reclassified to additional paid-in capital. Immediately following the conversion, the note principal balance was \$13,020 together with accrued interest of \$1,830. The Company agreed to pay the note holder \$8,850 in cash consisting of \$7,020 of principal and the \$1,830 accrued interest. The agreement to pay the principal and accrued interest in cash resulted in a \$76,621 reduction of the derivative liability, which was recorded as a gain on change of the derivative liability. As of September 30, 2017, this amount has not been paid and is included in accounts payable. Following these transactions the note had a principal balance of \$6,000 and no accrued interest.

Immediately following the modifications and conversion, the note holder agreed to sell the note to a third party, Bright Star International, Inc. ("Bright Star"), with which the Company subsequently entered into an investor and public relations consulting agreement effective May 22, 2017. Upon the sale of the note to Bright Star, the Company again agreed to further reduce the conversion rate from \$0.01 to \$0.001. All other provisions of the note remained unchanged. Bright Star elected to convert \$3,000 of the remaining principal into 3,000,000 shares of the Company's common stock. This transaction resulted in a total of \$268,930 of the derivative liability transferred to Additional paid-in capital.

On August 3, 2017, Brightstar converted the remaining \$3,000 of the note into an additional 3,000,000 shares of the Company's stock. Accrued interest on the note of \$55 was also converted. This transaction resulted in a total of \$335,200 of the derivative liability and \$55 of accrued interest transferred to Additional paid-in-capital. As of September 30, 2017, there are no additional principal or accrued interest amounts owed on the note.

The note contained certain anti-dilution provisions that would reduce the conversion price should the Company issue common stock equivalents at a price less than the note conversion price. Accordingly, the conversion features of the note are considered a discount to the note. However, since the note is payable upon demand by the note holder, the value of the discount was considered interest expense at the time of its inception.

The note is evaluated quarterly or upon a triggering event, and upon any valuations in which the value of the discount changes we recognize a gain or loss due to a decrease or increase, respectively, in the fair value of the derivative liability. We estimate the fair value of the derivative using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, which includes assumptions for expected dividends, expected share price volatility, risk-free interest rate, and expected life of the note. Our expected volatility assumption is based on our historical weekly closing price of our stock over a period



equivalent to the expected remaining life of the note.

Based upon the above, the note was evaluated upon the initial change in the conversion rate on April 14, 2017 from \$0.039 to \$0.01. This evaluation resulted in an increase of the liability and a loss on change of the derivative liability of \$239,640. The note was again evaluated upon the subsequent reduction of the conversion rate from \$0.01 to \$0.001. This evaluation resulted in an increase of the liability and a loss on change of the derivative liability of \$485,917.

The following table summarizes the assumptions used to value the derivative liability on April 14 for each change in the conversion rate:

---

13

---

**Fair value assumptions – derivative: April 14, 2017**

|                         |       |
|-------------------------|-------|
| Risk free interest rate | 1.03% |
| Expected term (years)   | 1.0   |
| Expected volatility     | 154%  |
| Expected dividends      | 0%    |

On August 3, 2017, in accordance with the final conversion of the remaining \$3,000 principal of the note, the fair value of the derivative liability was determined to be \$335,200 resulting in an additional loss on change of the derivative liability of \$1,900 for the three months ended September 30, 2017.

The following table summarizes the assumptions used to value the derivative liability at August 3, 2017:

**Fair value assumptions – derivative: August 3, 2017**

|                         |       |
|-------------------------|-------|
| Risk free interest rate | 1.22% |
| Expected term (years)   | 1.0   |
| Expected volatility     | 137%  |
| Expected dividends      | 0%    |

The quarterly and special evaluations combined with the gain resulting from the agreement to pay a portion of the principal and interest to the original note holder have resulted in a total loss on changes of the derivative liability of \$1,900 and \$657,776 for the three and nine-months ended September 30, 2017, respectively. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, we recorded a gain on the change in the derivative liability of \$70,680 and a loss of \$75,854, respectively.

The following table summarizes the assumptions used to value the derivative liability at December 31, 2016:

**Fair value assumptions – derivative: December 31, 2016**

|                         |       |
|-------------------------|-------|
| Risk free interest rate | 0.85% |
| Expected term (years)   | 1.0   |
| Expected volatility     | 158%  |
| Expected dividends      | 0%    |

A total of \$-0- and \$1,316 of interest is accrued on the note at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, respectively, and is included in Accrued interest on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

**Note 9 – Equity**

**Sales of common stock and warrants:**

During the nine months ended September 30, 2017 we completed private placements of equity securities with three investors in which we sold a total of 1,250,000 units priced at \$0.10 per unit, resulting in total proceeds of \$125,000. Each unit comprised of one share of common stock, and one warrant entitling the holder to purchase one share of common stock at a price of \$0.10 per share in cash, and expire December 30, 2017. The warrants include anti-dilution rights for stock splits, stock dividends and the sale of substantially all the Company's assets. We allocated the proceeds of the offering to additional paid-in capital based on the relative fair values of the equity instruments at the dates of the sale transactions in the following manner: common

---

14

---

stock issued at 59%, and the warrants at 41%. On August 3, 2017, a warrant holder exercised 500,000 warrants resulting in net proceeds of \$50,000.

In June 2016, we completed a private placement of equity securities in which we sold 4,875,000 units priced at \$0.04 per unit. Each unit was comprised of one share of common stock, one Class A warrant and one Class B warrant, each with original expiration dates of December 30, 2016. The sale resulted in net proceeds of \$194,325, which were net of \$675 of direct offering costs. Each Class A warrant entitles the holder to purchase one share of common stock at a price of \$0.07 per share in cash. Each Class B warrant entitles the holder to purchase one share of common stock at a price of \$0.10 per share, exercisable in either cash or pursuant to a cashless exercise. All warrants include anti-dilution rights for stock splits, stock dividends and the sale of substantially all the Company's assets. We allocated the proceeds of the offering to additional paid-in capital based on the relative fair values of the equity instruments at the dates of the sale transactions in the following manner: common stock issued at 49%, the Class A warrants at 29%, and the Class B warrants at 22%. Both the Class A and Class B warrants were to expire December 30, 2016, but were extended by the Company to February 28, 2017. The Company further extended the expiration date of the Class B warrants to June 30, 2017 for any warrant holders who exercised their Class A warrants in entirety prior to the February 28, 2017 expiration date. None of the Class A warrants were exercised prior to expiration, and therefore all the Class A and Class B warrants expired unexercised on February 28, 2017, in accordance with the warrant agreements.

In November 2016, in a private placement of equity securities with two investors we sold 1,100,000 units priced at \$0.10 per unit, resulting in net proceeds of \$110,000. Each unit comprised of one share of common stock, and one warrant entitling the holder to purchase one share of common stock at a price of \$0.10 per share in cash, and expire December 30, 2017. The warrants include anti-dilution rights for stock splits, stock dividends and the sale of substantially all the Company's assets. We allocated the proceeds of the offering to additional paid-in capital based on the relative fair values of the equity instruments at the dates of the sale transactions in the following manner: common stock issued at 59%, and the warrants at 41%.

#### **Issuance of stock for services:**

On September 25, 2017, the Company entered into an advertising agreement ("Agreement") with Bright Star International, Inc. ("Bright Star"). Pursuant to the terms of the Agreement, the Company issued Bright Star, as its sole compensation, an aggregate of 1,500,000 shares of the Company's restricted common stock. The shares were subsequently returned to the Company and the Agreement cancelled. See Note 14 - Subsequent Events for further details.

On October 15, 2016 the Company executed a letter agreement with Mining Clips LLC, to provide marketing, public relations and outreach management services. The initial term of the agreement was three months and would rollover for additional three month periods until such time a mutually agreed upon change is made, or it is terminated by the Company with thirty days notice prior to the end of the three month period in which the agreement is active. The initial compensation for the services included cash payments totaling \$11,250, payable in equal monthly installments

during the term of the agreement. As of September 30, 2017 all the monthly installments due have been paid. In addition to the cash payments, a total of 62,500 shares of the Company's common stock were issued as compensation for the initial three-month service period. The shares issued were valued at \$8,125, which was amortized over the three-month service period. The agreement was not renewed after the initial three-month period. No additional shares of the Company's common stock have been issued under this agreement and the original agreement has been terminated. However, Mining Clips has continued to perform services on an at-will basis for a fee \$1,750 per month.

---

**Note 10 - Commitments and Contingencies**

As part of our acquisition of the Silver District properties from Columbus Exploration, we assumed the Red Cloud lease whose initial term expires in August 2026. The lease requires annual advance minimum royalty payments of \$10,000 through the term of the lease due on the annual anniversary of the agreement. The lease is also subject to a 2% net production royalty to be paid to the lessor from the sale of precious metals extracted from the leased property.

In order to maintain the BLM lode and mill site claims, annual payments are required before the end of August of each year. Payments are also due annually on two patented claims we leased in July 2015 and on our Arizona State Minerals Exploration Permit. As of September 30, 2017, all of these claims and leases are in good standing.

The Mining Option Agreement with Rio Silver as discussed above in Note 3 – Mining Option Agreement, requires the Company to spend \$2,000,000 in exploration costs over the three-year period commencing with the execution of the Agreement on October 24, 2016.

**Note 11 – Executive Employment Agreement:**

On June 1, 2016 we executed an employment agreement with Dr. Carson in which he assumed the positions of President and Chief Executive Officer of Magellan Gold Corporation. The agreement also provided that Dr. Carson be appointed a Director of Magellan Gold Corporation, and effective June 30, 2016, Dr. Carson was appointed a Director of Magellan. The term of the agreement covered the period from June 1, 2016 to May 31, 2017. Prior to expiration of the initial term, Magellan and Dr. Carson may agree to extend the Term under new terms of compensation and conditions of employment, it being agreed that any such extension must be in writing signed by both parties. On June 1, 2017, Dr. Carson and the Company agreed to extend the term of the agreement to May 31, 2018, with all terms of the original agreement remaining unchanged.

During the term of the agreement, Magellan agreed to pay Dr. Carson a base salary in equal semi-monthly installments less required withholding and other applicable taxes. Dr. Carson's salary was set at \$6,667 per month during the three-month period from June 1, 2016 through August 31, 2016, and thereafter at \$10,000 per month. Until such time as Magellan is properly funded, Magellan may defer and accrue salary owed. If not properly funded before the end of the term, Magellan may at its option issue shares of Magellan common stock as settlement of the accrued salary liability. A total of \$150,001 and \$13,978 of salary and associated payroll tax obligations pursuant to the agreement, respectively, had been accrued on this obligation and are included in accrued liabilities on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets at September 30, 2017. At December 31, 2016 a total of \$60,001 and \$5,951 of salary and associated payroll tax obligations, respectively, had been accrued on this obligation and are included in accrued liabilities on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

Dr. Carson shall have the right to voluntarily terminate his employment with Magellan during the term. To effect such voluntary termination, Dr. Carson shall provide Magellan at least 60 days advanced written notice of such termination. Upon termination, Dr. Carson shall be paid his base salary through the date of termination, including any amount that

may have been deferred and accrued.

**Note 12 – Finder’s Agreement**

On November 1, 2016 the Company executed a Finder’s Agreement (“Agreement”), with a third party consultant to introduce the Company to potential investors beginning with its November 2016 private placement offering. The term of the Agreement is six months, or until the Company informs the consultant it has located investors to purchase the securities. The consultant is to be compensated for the services by cash payments totaling \$30,000, payable at or before the termination of the Agreement. As of September 30, 2017 the Company had paid approximately \$23,500 to the consultant pursuant to the Agreement, including \$12,500 paid during the nine months ended September 30, 2017.

---

## **Note 13 – Related Party Transactions**

### ***Conflicts of Interests***

Athena Silver Corporation (“Athena”) is a company under common control. Mr. Power is also a director and CEO of Athena. Mr. Gibbs is a significant investor in both Magellan and Athena. Magellan and Athena are both exploration stage companies involved in the business of acquisition and exploration of mineral resources.

Silver Saddle Resources, LLC is also a company under common control. Mr. Power and Mr. Gibbs are significant investors and managing members of Silver Saddle. Magellan and Silver Saddle are both exploration stage companies involved in the business of acquisition and exploration of mineral resources.

The existence of common ownership and common management could result in significantly different operating results or financial position from those that could have resulted had Magellan, Athena and Silver Saddle been autonomous.

### ***Management Fees***

The Company maintains a month-to-month management agreement with Mr. Power requiring a monthly payment, in advance, of \$2,500 as consideration for his services as CFO to Magellan. Effective August 31, 2017, Mr. Power resigned as CFO and Secretary of the Company and was replaced by Michael P. Martinez on September 18, 2017 to serve as CFO, Secretary and Treasurer. Mr. Power continues to serve as a member of the Board of Directors.

Management fees to Mr. Power for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 are \$5,000 and \$20,000, respectively. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, management fees to Mr. Power were \$7,500 and \$22,500, respectively. These fees are included in general and administrative expenses in our statement of operations. At September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, \$27,500 and \$10,000, respectively, of the fees had not been paid and are included in accrued liabilities on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

### ***Accrued Interest - Related Parties***

Accrued interest due to related parties is included in our consolidated balance sheets as follows:



Edgar Filing: MAGELLAN GOLD Corp - Form 10-Q

|                                       | September 30, 2017 | December 31, 2016 |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| Accrued interest payable - Mr. Gibbs  | \$ 201,407         | \$ 157,707        |
| Accrued interest payable - Mr. Power  | 9,126              | 3,932             |
| Accrued interest payable - Dr. Carson | 501                | -                 |
|                                       | \$ 211,034         | \$ 161,639        |

During the nine months ended September 30, 2017, we paid a total of \$382 to Mr. Power representing unpaid accrued interest on a note payable. During the year ended December 31, 2016, we paid a total of \$2,500 to Mr. Power representing unpaid accrued interest on notes payable.

***Advances Payable – Related Party***

We borrowed and repaid non-interest bearing advances from/to related parties as follows:

|            | Nine Months Ended September<br>30, 2017 |            |
|------------|---|------------|
|            | Advances                                | Repayments |
| Mr. Power  | \$ 78,050                               | \$ 25,050  |
| Mr. Carson | 8,100                                   | -          |
| Totals     | \$ 86,150                               | \$ 25,050  |

|           | Nine Months Ended September<br>30, 2016 |            |
|-----------|---|------------|
|           | Advances                                | Repayments |
| Mr. Power | \$ 12,650                               | \$ 12,650  |

At September 30, 2017 a total of \$61,100 of short-term advances from related parties were outstanding and are included in advances payable, related party on the accompanying consolidated balance sheet. No related party advances were outstanding at December 31, 2016.

In addition to the above, during the nine months ended September 30, 2017, Mr. Power advanced the Company \$150,000 that was converted into two short-term notes payable as discussed in Note 7 – Notes Payable – Related Parties.

The Company also utilizes a credit card owned by Mr. Power to pay travel and other obligations when the availability of cash is limited or the timing of the payments is considered critical. No amounts were outstanding on this credit card at either September 30, 2017 or December 31, 2016.

**Note 14 – Subsequent Events**

On October 10, 2017, the Company and Bright Star International, Inc. (“Bright Star”) signed a confirmation letter mutually declaring the previously executed Consulting Agreement and Advertising Agreement between the parties null and void. Subsequently, Brightstar returned the 1,500,000 shares of stock to the Company.

On October 17, 2017, the Company signed an Amendment (“Amendment”) to the Stock Purchase Agreement, dated September 9, 2017 by and among the Company, Magellan Acquisition Corporation (“Purchaser”), Vane Minerals (UK) Limited (“Minerals”), Rose Petroleum, plc (Minerals parent corporation) (“Rose”) and Minerals’ wholly-owned subsidiaries Minerales Vane, S.A. de C.V. (“Vane”) and Minerales Vane 2, S.A. de C.V. (“Vane 2”). Rose and Minerals are together the “Seller”. Under the terms of the Amendment, the Purchaser shall purchase all of the shares of Vane 2 from Seller. The Amendment provides that the closing date of the Stock Purchase Agreement shall be extended from November 30, 2017 to December 31, 2017.

Effective October 26, 2017, the Company granted stock options to four persons pursuant to the Company’s 2017 Equity Incentive Plan. The Company granted options to purchase an aggregate of 3,600,000 shares having an exercise price of \$.04 per share. The options have a term of ten years from the date of grant and are immediately exercisable on the date of grant.

Effective October 26, 2017, the Company's CEO agreed to waive payment of accrued but unpaid salary obligations from June 1, 2016 through September 30, 2017 in the aggregate amount of \$150,000. On the same date, the Company issued the CEO 4,000,000 shares of restricted common stock.

On October 24, 2017, the Company filed a Certificate of Amendment to its Articles of Incorporation with the Secretary of State of the State of Nevada to increase the number of authorized shares of the Company to 1,000,000,000 shares of common stock and 25,000,000 shares of preferred stock.

On November 1, 2017, the Company entered into a Consulting Agreement with Life Sciences Journeys, Inc. ("Life Sciences"). Pursuant to the terms of the Agreement, the Company agreed to issue to Life Sciences, as its sole compensation, an aggregate of 3,000,000 shares of the Company's restricted common stock.

On November 1, 2017, the Company sold a 10% Convertible Promissory Note ("Note") in a principal amount of \$170,000 for a purchase price equal to the principal amount of the Note pursuant to the terms a of Securities Purchase Agreement dated November 1, 2017. After deducting the investor's discount and legal fees, net proceeds to the Company were \$153,650. The Note matures on November 1, 2018 and becomes convertible into the Company's common stock after 180 days from the date the Note is issued.

On November 2, 2017, the Company sold a 10% Convertible Promissory Note ("Note") in principal amount of \$125,000 for a purchase price equal to the principal amount of the Note pursuant to the terms of a of Securities Purchase Agreement dated November 2, 2017. After deducting the investor's discount and legal fees, net proceeds to the Company were \$113,500. The Note matures on November 2, 2018 and becomes convertible into the Company's common stock after 180 days from the date the Note is issued.

On November 7, 2017 the Company and Rose executed an Interim Milling Agreement (the "Agreement"), with an effective date of November 1, 2017, whereby, pending closing of the SPA transaction, Rose shall cause its subsidiary, Minerales Vane S.A. de C.V., a Mexico corporation ("Vane"), to reopen the SDA Mill and recommence operations. The Company provided working capital funding in the amount of \$50,000 and will provide additional working capital if required, and is entitled to receive all positive cash flow generated under the Agreement pending closing of the SPA.

On November 16, 2017, the Company funded \$900,000 into an escrow account as partial consideration to purchase the SDA Mill. Per the Stock Purchase Agreement executed on September 9, 2017, the total consideration for the purchase price is US\$1,500,000, payable as to \$1,000,000 in cash and \$500,000 in restricted common stock of the Company. The escrow funding of \$900,000 together with the June 2017 option payment of \$100,000, comprise the \$1,000,000 cash component of the purchase price. Subsequent to September 30, 2017, related parties have advanced \$735,000 to Magellan for working capital and the purchase escrow account. These advances will be secured with the stock of the Mexican subsidiary that will hold the SDA Mill at closing.



## **ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

We use the terms "Magellan," "we," "our," and "us" to refer to Magellan Gold Corporation.

The following discussion and analysis provides information that management believes is relevant for an assessment and understanding of our results of operations and financial condition. This information should be read in conjunction with our audited financial statements, which are included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016, and our interim unaudited financial statements and notes thereto included with this report in Part I, Item 1.

### **Forward-Looking Statements**

Some of the information presented in this Form 10-Q constitutes "forward-looking statements". These forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements that include terms such as "may," "will," "intend," "anticipate," "estimate," "expect," "continue," "believe," "plan," or the like, as well as all statements that are not historical facts. Forward-looking statements are inherently subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from current expectations. Although we believe our expectations are based on reasonable assumptions within the bounds of our knowledge of our business and operations, there can be no assurance that actual results will not differ materially from expectations.

All forward-looking statements speak only as of the date on which they are made. We undertake no obligation to update such statements to reflect events that occur or circumstances that exist after the date on which they are made.

### **Overview**

We were incorporated on September 28, 2010, in Nevada. Our principal business is the acquisition and exploration of mineral resources. We have not presently determined whether the properties to which we have mineral rights contain mineral reserves that are economically recoverable.

We have only had limited operations to date and we rely upon the sale of our securities and borrowings from significant investors to fund our operations, as we have not generated any revenue.

In August 2012, we entered into an option agreement and subsequently purchased the “Silver District” project consisting of 85 unpatented lode mining claims, 4 patented lode claims, a Arizona State Exploration Permit of 154.66 acres and 23 unpatented mill site claims, totaling over 2,000 acres in La Paz County, Arizona. Since our acquisition, we have increased our land position in the Silver District by staking two unpatented lode mining claims, leased two additional patented claims and have increased our Arizona State Exploration Permit to 334.85 acres.

On September 30, 2014, we formed and organized a new wholly-owned subsidiary, Gulf + Western Industries, Inc., a Nevada corporation (“Gulf+Western” or “G+W”), to own our Silver District mining interests. On October 1, 2014 we completed the transfer of those assets from Magellan to G+W. At the time of the transfer, Magellan owned all the outstanding common stock of G+W. Effective December 31, 2014, Magellan pledged all its ownership interest in G+W to Mr. John D. Gibbs, a significant shareholder in the Company, as security for outstanding amounts under a line of credit

agreement between Magellan and Mr. Gibbs. As of September 30, 2017, the total amount owed under the credit agreement was \$1,131,901, which includes \$932,500 of principal and \$199,401 of accrued interest.

On June 1, 2015, we transferred 15% of our ownership interest in G+W to Dr. Pierce Carson in exchange for one year of service as President, Chief Executive Officer and Director of G+W. As a result of the transaction, Magellan's ownership interest in G+W was reduced to 85%. The transaction was valued at \$50,000 representing deferred compensation for the one-year period June 2015, through May 2016. On June 1, 2016 Magellan entered into a one-year employment agreement with Dr. Carson in which he assumes the positions of President and Chief Executive Officer of Magellan. As a result, Mr. John Power resigned his positions as President and Chief Executive Officer concurrent with the execution of Dr. Carson's employment agreement. Mr. Power has retained the positions of Chief Financial Officer and Director of Magellan. Dr. Carson was appointed a Director of Magellan effective June 30, 2016.

In July 2016, the Company completed a share exchange with Dr. Carson in which Dr. Carson surrendered his 15% interest in G+W in exchange for 8,623,957 shares of Magellan Gold Corporation. As a result of this transaction, G+W became a wholly owned subsidiary of Magellan Gold Corporation.

On October 24, 2016, the Company entered into a Mining Option Agreement ("Agreement") between and among Rio Silver Inc., a Canadian company ("Rio Silver"), Minera Rio Plata S.A.C., a Peruvian company and subsidiary of Rio Silver ("Minera"), and Magellan Gold Peru S.A.C., a Peruvian company and wholly owned subsidiary of the Company ("Magellan Peru") pursuant to which Rio Silver through Minera, granted to the Company the sole and exclusive option to acquire an undivided 50% interest in and to property located in central Peru. Under the terms of the Agreement, the Company has the right to earn an undivided 50% interest in the Niñobamba Silver/Gold Project in central Peru. To earn its 50% interest, the Company must spend \$2.0 million in exploration activities in the project over three years. The Niñobamba project is comprised of five concessions that total 36.5 square kilometers (9.026 acres).

On March 3, 2017 the Company entered into a Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU") with Rose Petroleum plc, a multi-asset natural resource business, to purchase an operating floatation plant that also includes a precious metals leach circuit and associated assets, licenses and agreements (together, the "SDA Mill") located in the State of Nayarit, Mexico, for a total consideration at closing of US\$1.5 million, payable in \$1,000,000 in cash and \$500,000 in restricted common stock of Magellan. The mill has operated for ten years and has historically produced ore for its current owner or third party toll miners. Under the terms of the MOU, in consideration of a non-refundable \$50,000 option payment, the Company has been granted an option to purchase the SDA Mill until June 3, 2017. The option period was extended for an additional 60 days with another \$100,000 payment made during the quarter ended June 30, 2017. The extension payment will be credited against the purchase price if the transaction closes.

On July 31, 2017, the Company executed Amendment No. 1 to the Memorandum of Understanding dated March 3, 2017. The amendment provides that on or before August 15, 2017, the Company shall provide the seller executed irrevocable bridge loan commitments representing an aggregate of not less than \$900,000 in commitments available to fund the purchase transaction. In addition, the agreement requires the Company to reimburse the seller for certain employee holding and mill





maintenance costs for the months of August and September 2017 at a total of \$25,300 for each month. The Company has paid both the August and September reimbursements as agreed upon.

On August 14, 2017, as required by Amendment No. 1, the Company provided the seller executed bridge loan commitments aggregating \$900,000 available to fund the purchase transaction. The Company's provision of the commitment letters resulted in the extension of the purchase option until either the transaction is consummated or abandoned by the parties. On September 9, 2017, the Company entered into a definitive and binding Stock Purchase Agreement ("SPA") for purchase of the SDA Mill. A subsequent amendment to the SPA on October 17, 2017 extended the closing date to December 31, 2017. There is no assurance that we will satisfactorily complete our due diligence and/or raise the necessary capital to consummate this transaction.

Our primary focus is to complete the acquisition of the SDA Mill in Mexico and thereby transform Magellan into a production company, to continue to advance our Arizona and Peru silver projects towards resource definition and eventual development, and possibly to acquire additional mineral rights and conduct additional exploration, development and permitting activities. Our mineral lease payments, permitting applications and exploration and development efforts will require additional capital. We rely upon the sale of our securities as well as advances and loans from executive management and significant shareholders to fund our operations as we have not generated any revenue.

***Results of Operations for the three months Ended September 30, 2017 and 2016***

|   | Three Months Ended<br>September 30, |             |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------------|
|   | 2017                                | 2016        |
| Operating expenses:                           |                                     |             |
| Exploration costs                             | \$ 10,872                           | \$ 15,056   |
| General and administrative expenses           | 194,356                             | 91,309      |
| Total operating expenses                      | 205,228                             | 106,365     |
| Operating loss                                | (205,228)                           | (106,365)   |
| Other income (expense):                       |                                     |             |
| Interest expense                              | (19,356)                            | (15,684)    |
| (Loss) gain on change in derivative liability | (1,900)                             | 70,680      |
| Net loss                                      | \$ (226,484)                        | \$ (51,369) |

*Operating expenses*

During the three months ended September 30, 2017, our total operating expenses were \$205,228 as compared to \$106,365 during the three months ended September 30, 2016.

During the three months ended September 30, 2017 we incurred \$10,872 of exploration costs as compared to \$15,056 in 2016. Exploration costs for the three months ended September 30, 2017 comprised of \$10,872 for our lease payments and maintenance expenses associated with our Silver

District claims and \$-0- in various mining related expenses associated with our mining efforts in Peru. Exploration costs for the three months ended September 30, 2016 are comprised of \$11,000 of royalty and lease payments associated with our Silver District claims, and approximately \$4,000 of professional geologic expenses, also associated with our Silver District claims.

General and administrative expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2017 totaling \$194,356 as compared to \$91,309 for the three months ended September 30, 2016. The \$103,047 increase is primarily associated with increases in professional legal fees, accounting and audit fees, officer compensation, and other costs associated with our acquisition efforts of the SDA Mill in Mexico. For the three months ended September 30, 2017, administrative expenses were comprised of investor relations fees of \$17,758, officer compensation of \$32,796, accounting and auditing fees of \$20,658, legal fees of \$25,010, management fees to Mr. Power of \$5,000, administrative service fees of \$5,391, other administrative costs including travel, office and facility rents, and other expenses associated with our acquisition efforts of the SDA Mill totaling \$88,037, and a \$294 gain on foreign currency translations associated with our operations in Peru.

On June 1, 2016 we executed an employment agreement with Dr. Pierce Carson in which Dr. Carson assumed the positions of President and Chief Executive Officer of Magellan Gold Corporation. The term of the agreement covered the period from June 1, 2016 to May 31, 2017. On June 1, 2017, Dr. Carson and the Company agreed to extend the agreement to May 31, 2018 under the same terms and conditions. During the term of the agreement, Dr. Carson was paid a base salary in equal semi-monthly installments. Dr. Carson's salary was set at \$6,667 per month during the three-month period from June 1, 2016 through August 31, 2016, and thereafter at \$10,000 per month. A total of \$32,796 representing Dr. Carson's base salary and applicable payroll taxes was expensed and is included in general and administrative expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2017. As of September 30, 2017 all of the salary and payroll expense totaling \$163,979 was unpaid and is included in accrued liabilities on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

General and administrative expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2016 totaling \$91,309 were comprised professional fees including accounting and audit fees of \$11,011, legal fees totaling \$4,970, management fees to Mr. Power totaling \$7,500, other professional fees including investor relations and website fees of \$14,000, and other expenses totaling \$28,319 mainly comprised of travel expenses, rent, licenses and BLM claim renewal fees for the Silver District of \$17,050 and other administrative related expenses.

Interest expense for the three months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 totaled \$19,356 and \$15,684, respectively, and is primarily attributable to our related party line of credit, which accrues interest at the rate of 6.0% per year, and our related party notes payable which accrue interest at a weighted average interest rate of 6.11%.

On October 1, 2014, we issued a convertible promissory note to a provider of legal services in the original principal amount of \$51,532. The note was issued to evidence the Company's indebtedness for legal services previously rendered. Interest accrues quarterly on the outstanding principal and interest balance of the Note at 6% per annum. The principal plus accrued and unpaid interest was due upon five days' written demand of the note holder. The note is unsecured.



Edgar Filing: MAGELLAN GOLD Corp - Form 10-Q

The note principal and accrued interest was convertible at any time into shares of common stock at a conversion price of \$0.039, which represented the closing bid price of the common stock on the OTC Bulletin Board on the date of issuance.

In April 2016 the note holder elected to convert a total of \$23,400, consisting of \$18,512 of principal and \$4,888 of accrued interest. The conversion resulted in the issuance of 600,000 shares of the Company's common stock. At December 31, 2016 the remaining note balance was \$33,020.

On April 14, 2017 the Company entered into a series of transactions in which the conversion rate was changed, the note holder elected to convert part of the principal and accept cash payment for part of the remaining principal and accrued interest, the sale of the remaining balance of the note to a third party, a further reduction of the conversion rate, and finally the election by the new note holder to convert part of the remaining principal to shares of the Company's common stock.

Finally, on August 3, 2017 the new note holder converted all remaining principal and accrued interest into shares of the Company's common stock. These transactions are discussed in detail in Note 8 – Convertible Note Payable and Derivative Liability in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

The following table summarizes the change in the derivative liability and the loss recognized for the revaluation of the derivative upon conversion during the current quarter:

|   |            |
|---|------------|
| Balance of derivative liability at June 30, 2017  | \$ 333,300 |
| Reductions of liability upon conversions of principal and accrued interest                | (335,200)  |
| Loss recognized for revaluation of derivative liability upon conversion at August 3, 2017 | 1,900      |
|   | \$ -       |

Balance of  
 derivative liability  
 at September 30,  
 2017

We estimate the fair value of the derivative using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, which includes assumptions for expected dividends, expected share price volatility, risk-free interest rate, and expected life of the note. Our expected volatility assumption is based on our historical weekly closing price of our stock over a period equivalent to the expected remaining life of the note.

The following table summarizes the assumptions used to value the derivative liability on April 14 for each change in the conversion rate:

**Fair value assumptions – derivative: April 14, 2017**

|                         |       |
|-------------------------|-------|
| Risk free interest rate | 1.03% |
| Expected term (years)   | 1.0   |
| Expected volatility     | 154%  |
| Expected dividends      | 0%    |

The following table summarizes the assumptions used to value the derivative liability at August 3, 2017:

---

24

---

**Fair value assumptions – derivative: August 3, 2017**

|                         |       |
|-------------------------|-------|
| Risk free interest rate | 1.22% |
| Expected term (years)   | 1.0   |
| Expected volatility     | 137%  |
| Expected dividends      | 0%    |

We estimated the fair value of the derivative at September 30, 2016 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, which includes assumptions for expected dividends, expected share price volatility, risk-free interest rate, and expected life of the Note. Our expected volatility assumption is based on our historical weekly closing price of our stock over a period equivalent to the expected remaining life of the Note. This valuation resulted in a decrease to the liability of \$70,680, which was recognized as a gain on change in derivative liability for the three months ended September 30, 2016.

The following table summarizes the assumptions used to value the derivative Note discount at September 30, 2016:

**Fair value assumptions – derivative: September 30, 2016**

|                         |       |
|-------------------------|-------|
| Risk free interest rate | 0.59% |
| Expected term (years)   | 1.0   |
| Expected volatility     | 134%  |
| Expected dividends      | 0%    |

The following table summarizes the assumptions used to value the derivative liability at December 31, 2016:

**Fair value assumptions – derivative: December 31, 2016**

|                         |       |
|-------------------------|-------|
| Risk free interest rate | 0.85% |
| Expected term (years)   | 1.0   |
| Expected volatility     | 158%  |
| Expected dividends      | 0%    |



*Results of Operations for the nine months Ended September 30, 2017 and 2016*

|  | Nine months Ended<br>September 30, |              |
|--|------------------------------------|--------------|
|  | 2017                               | 2016         |
| Operating expenses:                    |                                    |              |
| Exploration costs                      | \$ 53,733                          | \$ 34,220    |
| General and administrative expenses    | 480,871                            | 231,983      |
| Total operating expenses               | 534,604                            | 266,203      |
| Operating loss                         | (534,604)                          | (266,203)    |
| Other income (expense):                |                                    |              |
| Interest expense                       | (50,349)                           | (46,387)     |
| Loss on change in derivative liability | (657,776)                          | (75,854)     |
| Net loss                               | \$ (1,242,729)                     | \$ (388,444) |

*Operating expenses*

During the nine months ended September 30, 2017, our total operating expenses were \$534,604 as compared to \$266,203 during the nine months ended September 30, 2016.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2017 we incurred \$53,733 of exploration costs as compared to \$34,220 in 2016. Exploration costs for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 are comprised of \$24,188 for our consulting geologist, geochemical, lease payments and maintenance expenses associated with our Silver District claims and \$29,545 in various mining related expenses associated with our mining efforts in Peru. Exploration costs for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 are primarily comprised of \$11,860 of royalty and lease payments and legal title work associated with our Silver District claims, as well as \$22,360 of geologic related expenses including a contracted ground magnetic survey, laboratory soil analysis and geologist consulting fees associated with our Silver District project.

General and administrative expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 totaling \$480,871 as compared to \$231,983 for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. The \$248,888 increase is primarily associated with increases in officer compensation, investor relations and professional legal and accounting fees, and other costs associated with our acquisition efforts of the SDA Mill in Mexico. For the nine months ended September 30, 2017, administrative

expenses comprised of investor relations fees of \$89,095, officer compensation of \$98,387, accounting and auditing fees of \$60,128, legal fees of \$68,901, management fees to Mr. Power of \$20,000, administrative service fees of \$14,810, other administrative costs including travel, office and facility rents, and other expenses associated with our acquisition efforts of the SDA Mill totaling \$129,599, and a \$49 gain on foreign currency translations associated with our operations in Peru.

On November 1, 2016 the Company executed a Finder's Agreement ("Agreement"), with a third party consultant to introduce the Company to potential investors beginning with its November 2016 private placement offering. The term of the Agreement is nine months, or until the Company informs the consultant it has located investors to purchase the securities. The consultant is to be compensated for

---

26

---

the services by cash payments totaling \$30,000, payable at or before the termination of the Agreement. During the nine months ended September 30, 2017 the Company paid the consultant a total of \$12,800, which is included in investor relations expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2017. As of September 30, 2017 the Company had paid approximately \$23,800 to the consultant pursuant to the Agreement.

On June 1, 2016 we executed an employment agreement with Dr. Pierce Carson in which Dr. Carson assumed the positions of President and Chief Executive Officer of Magellan Gold Corporation. The term of the agreement covered the period from June 1, 2016 to May 31, 2017. On June 1, 2017, Dr. Carson and the Company agreed to extend the agreement to May 31, 2018 under the same terms and conditions. During the term of the agreement, Dr. Carson was paid a base salary in equal semi-monthly installments. Dr. Carson's salary is set at \$6,667 per month during the three-month period from June 1, 2016 through August 31, 2016, and thereafter at \$10,000 per month. A total of \$98,387 representing Dr. Carson's base salary and applicable payroll taxes was expensed and is included in general and administrative expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2017. As of September 30, 2017 all of the salary and payroll expense totaling \$163,979 was unpaid and is included in accrued liabilities on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

General and administrative expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 totaling \$231,983 were comprised professional fees including accounting and audit fees of \$38,637, legal fees totaling \$20,388, management fees to Mr. Power totaling \$22,500, executive compensation expense of \$53,630, other professional fees including investor relations and website fees of \$55,507, and other expenses totaling \$41,321 mainly comprised of travel expenses, rent, licenses, BLM renewal fees, and other administrative related expenses.

Interest expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 totaled \$50,349 and \$46,387, respectively, and is primarily attributable to our related party line of credit, which accrues interest at the rate of 6.0% per year, and our related party notes payable which accrue interest at a weighted average interest rate of 6.11%.

On October 1, 2014, we issued a convertible promissory note to a provider of legal services in the original principal amount of \$51,532. The note was issued to evidence the Company's indebtedness for legal services previously rendered. Interest accrues quarterly on the outstanding principal and interest balance of the Note at 6% per annum. The principal plus accrued and unpaid interest was due upon five days' written demand of the note holder. The note is unsecured.

The note principal and accrued interest was convertible at any time into shares of common stock at a conversion price of \$0.039, which represented the closing bid price of the common stock on the OTC Bulletin Board on the date of issuance.

In April 2016 the note holder elected to convert a total of \$23,400, consisting of \$18,512 of principal and \$4,888 of accrued interest. The conversion resulted in the issuance of 600,000 shares of the Company's common stock. At December 31, 2016 the remaining note balance was \$33,020.

On April 14, 2017 the Company entered into a series of transactions in which the conversion rate was changed, the note holder elected to convert part of the principal and accept cash payment for part of the remaining principal and accrued interest, the sale of the remaining balance of the note to a third

---

27

---

party, a further reduction of the conversion rate, and finally the election by the new note holder to convert part of the remaining principal to shares of the Company's common stock.

Finally, on August 3, 2017 the new note holder converted all remaining principal and accrued interest into shares of the Company's common stock. These transactions are discussed in detail in Note 8 – Convertible Note Payable and Derivative Liability in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

The following table summarizes the changes in the derivative liability and the gains and losses recognized upon changes in valuations and the pay down of principal and accrued interest:

|   |           |
|---|-----------|
| Balance of<br>derivative liability<br>at December 31,<br>2016 | \$119,500 |
|---|-----------|

|   |          |
|---|----------|
| Gain<br>recognized<br>upon quarterly<br>valuation at<br>March 31,<br>2017 | (57,430) |
|---|----------|

|   |        |
|---|--------|
| Balance of<br>derivative liability<br>at March 31, 2017 | 62,070 |
|---|--------|

|   |         |
|---|---------|
| Losses<br>recognized<br>upon<br>valuations for<br>changes in<br>conversion<br>rates | 725,557 |
|---|---------|

|   |          |
|---|----------|
| Gain<br>recognized<br>resulting from<br>pay down of<br>principal and<br>accrued<br>interest | (76,621) |
|---|----------|

|   |           |
|---|-----------|
| Reductions of<br>liability upon<br>partial<br>conversions of<br>principal and | (442,076) |
|---|-----------|

|   |           |
|---|-----------|
| accrued<br>interest   |           |
| Loss<br>recognized<br>upon quarterly<br>valuation at<br>June 30, 2017                                       | 64,370    |
| Balance of<br>derivative<br>liability at<br>June 30, 2017   | 333,300   |
| Reductions of<br>liability upon<br>conversions of<br>principal and<br>accrued<br>interest                   | (335,200) |
| Loss<br>recognized for<br>revaluation of<br>derivative<br>liability upon<br>conversion at<br>August 3, 2017 | 1,900     |
| Balance of<br>derivative liability<br>at September 30,<br>2017  | \$ -      |

We estimate the fair value of the derivative using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, which includes assumptions for expected dividends, expected share price volatility, risk-free interest rate, and expected life of the note. Our expected volatility assumption is based on our historical weekly closing price of our stock over a period equivalent to the expected remaining life of the note.

The following table summarizes the assumptions used to value the derivative liability on April 14 for each change in the conversion rate:

**Fair value assumptions – derivative: April 14, 2017**

|                         |       |
|-------------------------|-------|
| Risk free interest rate | 1.03% |
| Expected term (years)   | 1.0   |
| Expected volatility     | 154%  |
| Expected dividends      | 0%    |



The following table summarizes the assumptions used to value the derivative liability at August 3, 2017:

**Fair value assumptions – derivative: August 3, 2017**

|                         |       |
|-------------------------|-------|
| Risk free interest rate | 1.22% |
| Expected term (years)   | 1.0   |
| Expected volatility     | 137%  |
| Expected dividends      | 0%    |

We estimated the fair value of the derivative at September 30, 2016 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, which includes assumptions for expected dividends, expected share price volatility, risk-free interest rate, and expected life of the Note. Our expected volatility assumption is based on our historical weekly closing price of our stock over a period equivalent to the expected remaining life of the Note. The quarterly valuations performed during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 resulted in an increase to the liability of \$75,854, which was recognized as a loss on change in derivative liability for the nine months ended September 30, 2016.

The following table summarizes the assumptions used to value the derivative Note discount at September 30, 2016:

**Fair value assumptions – derivative: September 30, 2016**

|                         |       |
|-------------------------|-------|
| Risk free interest rate | 0.59% |
| Expected term (years)   | 1.0   |
| Expected volatility     | 134%  |
| Expected dividends      | 0%    |

The following table summarizes the assumptions used to value the derivative liability at December 31, 2016:

**Fair value assumptions – derivative: December 31, 2016**

|                         |       |
|-------------------------|-------|
| Risk free interest rate | 0.85% |
| Expected term (years)   | 1.0   |
| Expected volatility     | 158%  |
| Expected dividends      | 0%    |

**Liquidity and Capital Resources:**

Our unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which assumes that we will be able to meet our obligations and continue our operations during the next fiscal year. Asset realization values may be significantly different from carrying values as shown in our consolidated financial statements and do not give



effect to adjustments that would be necessary to the carrying values of assets and liabilities should we be unable to continue as a going concern. At September 30, 2017, we had not yet generated any revenues or achieved profitable operations and we have accumulated losses of \$3,164,658. We expect to incur further losses in the development of our business, all of which casts substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. Our ability to continue as a going concern depends on our ability to generate future profits and/or to obtain

---

the necessary financing to meet our obligations arising from normal business operations when they come due.

On December 31, 2015 we amended our credit agreement with Mr. John Gibbs, a related party, to increase the borrowing limit to \$1,000,000, which provides the Company an additional \$67,500 available under the credit line at September 30, 2017. Effective December 31, 2016 we amended the agreement to extend the maturity date to December 31, 2018. As part of a 2014 amendment, we pledged our ownership interest in our subsidiary, G+W, which owns all our ownership interests in the Silver District properties, as security for all amounts outstanding under the credit agreement.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2017 we sold 1,250,000 units consisting of common stock and warrants and realized net proceeds of \$125,000. Additionally, we realized \$50,000 in net proceeds from the exercise of 500,000 warrants. The proceeds were generally used to fund certain investing activities and for general working capital.

We anticipate that additional funding will be in the form of additional loans from officers, directors or significant shareholders, or equity financing from the sale of our common stock.

### *Cash Flows*

A summary of our cash provided by and used in operating, investing and financing activities is as follows:

|   | <b>Nine months Ended<br/>September 30,</b> |              |
|---|--|--------------|
|   | <b>2017</b>                                | <b>2016</b>  |
| Net cash used in operating activities         | \$ (300,999)                               | \$ (199,417) |
| Net cash used in investing activities         | (208,297)                                  | (71,753)     |
| Net cash provided by financing activities     | 511,100                                    | 274,325      |
| Effect of foreign currency exchange           | (862)                                      | -            |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents     | 942  | 3,155        |
| Cash and cash equivalents beginning of period | 485  | 867          |
| Cash and cash equivalents end of period       | \$ 1,427                                   | \$ 4,022     |

At September 30, 2017, we had \$1,427 in cash and a \$1,697,624 working capital deficit. This compares to cash of \$485 and a working capital deficit of \$1,413,221 at December 31, 2016.

Net cash used in operating activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 was \$300,999 and was mainly comprised of our \$1,242,729 net loss during the period, adjusted by a non-cash charge of \$43,428 representing the amortization of certain service contracts, and the loss due to an increase in our derivative liability of \$657,776. In addition, it reflects an increase in prepaid expenses and other assets totaling \$20,199, as well as increases in accounts payable and accrued expenses totaling \$202,899, and increases in accrued interest totaling \$49,964 representing accrued interest on our related party line of credit and related party and other notes payable.

---

30

---

Net cash used in operating activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was \$199,417 and was mainly comprised of our \$388,444 net loss during the period, adjusted by a non-cash charge of \$20,833 representing the amortization of deferred compensation, and the loss on an increase in our derivative liability of \$75,854. In addition, it reflects a cash adjusted increase in prepaid expenses and other assets totaling \$733, as well as increases in accounts payable and accrued expenses totaling \$49,186, and increases in accrued interest totaling \$43,887 representing accrued interest on our related party line of credit and related party and other notes payable.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2017, our net cash used in investing activities was \$208,297. During the period, the Company made two payments totaling \$150,000 in connection with the option and option extension to purchase the SDA Mill in the State of Nayarit, Mexico from Rose Petroleum. Additionally during the period, we completed the second of two private placement unit financings in Rio Silver Inc. ("Rio"), associated with our mining option agreement with Rio. The private placement resulted in the Company obtaining an additional 1,250,000 units at a price of Cdn\$0.06, which included one share of Rio Silver common stock and one warrant to purchase one share of Rio Silver common stock for Cdn\$0.06 which expire on July 19, 2018. The cost of the units in the second private placement totaled USD \$58,297.

On June 30, 2016 the Company signed a non-binding Letter of Intent ("LOI") with Rio Silver Inc., and on October 24, 2016 the Company executed a definitive Mining Option Agreement ("Option Agreement"), pursuant to which Magellan is granted the option to earn an undivided 50% interest in the Niñobamba Silver-Gold Property ("Property"), located 330 kilometers southeast of Lima in the Department of Ayacucho, Peru. As part of the agreement, the Company paid a refundable \$12,000 deposit. This payment was recorded as a deposit and represents an investment activity during the nine months ended September 30, 2016.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2017, net cash provided by financing activities was \$511,100. During the period, Mr. Power, an executive and director, advanced the Company a total of \$78,050 of which \$25,050 was repaid. Also during the period, Dr. Carson, an executive and director, advanced the Company \$8,100 with no repayments. In addition, during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 we completed a private placement of equity securities with two investors in which we sold a total of 1,250,000 units priced at \$0.10 per unit, resulting in total proceeds of \$125,000. Each unit was comprised of one share of common stock, and one warrant entitling the holder to purchase one share of common stock at a price of \$0.10 per share in cash, and expire December 30, 2017.

On July 31, 2017 a holder of 1,000,000 warrants exercisable at \$0.10 exercised 500,000 warrants for \$50,000 resulting in the issuance of 500,000 shares of the Company's common stock. Upon exercise, the Company agreed to extend the expiration date on his remaining 500,000 warrants from December 30, 2017 to December 30, 2018.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2017 we issued a total of \$275,000 of related party promissory notes. On May 31, 2017 we executed three short-term notes with Mr. Gibbs, significant shareholder, and our two executive officers, Dr. Carson and Mr. Power in the principal amounts of \$100,000, \$25,000 and \$25,000, respectively. The notes bear interest at 6% and mature on November 15, 2017. In addition, on June 30, 2017 we entered into an additional secured loan for advances from Mr. Power and evidenced by a \$125,000 promissory note. The promissory note bears interest at 6%



per annum and matures on December 31, 2017. The note is collateralized by our investment in Rio Silver shares and warrants.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2016, net cash provided by financing activities was \$274,325, and included \$45,000 of additional borrowings under our credit agreement with Mr. Gibbs, as well as \$35,000 cash received from Mr. Power represented by a 6% note payable due December 31 2016. In addition, we received \$12,650 in advances from Mr. Power, all of which were repaid during the period.

Also, in June 2016, we completed a private placement of equity securities in which we sold 4,875,000 units priced at \$0.04 per unit. Each unit was comprised of one share of common stock, one Class A warrant and one Class B warrant. Each Class A warrant entitled the holder to purchase one share of common stock at a price of \$0.07 per share in cash. Each Class B warrant entitled the holder to purchase one share of common stock at a price of \$0.10 per share, exercisable in either cash or pursuant to a cashless exercise. The sale was concluded on June 30, 2016 and resulted in net proceeds of \$194,325, which were net of \$675 of direct offering costs. As of September 30, 2017 all the Class A and Class B warrants associated with this offering were unexercised and expired.

Also, Magellan Gold Peru (“MGP”), a wholly owned subsidiary of Magellan Gold Corporation (“MGC”), maintains its operations in the Peruvian Sol, its functional currency. The accounts of MGP are translated to US dollars upon consolidation for reporting purposes. Amounts representing funds owed to MGC for operating advances resulted in a currency translation difference of \$862, which was recorded as a component of the consolidated comprehensive loss at September 30, 2017.

### **Off Balance Sheet Arrangements**

We do not have and have never had any off-balance sheet arrangements.

### **Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

#### ***Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation***

Our consolidated financial statements include our accounts and the accounts of our 100% owned subsidiaries, Gulf + Western Industries, Inc., and Magellan Gold Peru S.A.C. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated. Our consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“U.S. GAAP”).

*Use of Estimates*

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires us to make estimates, assumptions and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of expenses during the period presented.

We make our estimate of the ultimate outcome for these items based on historical trends and other information available when the financial statements are prepared. Changes in estimates are recognized in accordance with the accounting rules for the estimate, which is typically in the period

when new information becomes available. We believe that our significant estimates, assumptions and judgments are reasonable, based upon information available at the time they were made. Actual results could differ from these estimates, making it possible that a change in these estimates could occur in the near term.

### ***Foreign Currency Translations***

The Company maintains its accounting records in US Dollars. Our operating subsidiary, Magellan Gold Peru S.A.C. is located in Peru and maintains its accounting records in the Peruvian Sol, which is its functional currency. The subsidiary's transactions are recorded in the respective functional currencies of the Company and its subsidiaries, and are reported to the Company in Peruvian Soles. For reporting, the Company translates the subsidiary's transactions and accounts to US Dollars at exchange rates approximating those ruling at the transaction dates. Exchange gains and losses are recorded in the statements of income and comprehensive income. Assets and liabilities of the Company and its subsidiaries are translated into the U.S. dollars at exchange rates at the balance sheet date, equity accounts are translated at historical exchange rate and revenues and expenses are translated by using the average exchange rates. Translation adjustments are reported as a separate component of other comprehensive income in the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive loss.

### ***Fair Value of Financial Instruments***

We value our financial assets and liabilities using fair value measurements. Our financial instruments primarily consist of cash and cash equivalents, accounts payable, accrued liabilities, amounts due to related parties and notes payable to related parties. Fair value is based on the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, accounts payable, accrued liabilities, notes payable to related parties and other amounts due to related parties approximates fair value because of the short-term nature of these financial instruments.

### ***Concentrations of Credit Risk***

Our financial instruments which potentially subject us to credit risk are our cash and cash equivalents. We maintain our cash and cash equivalents at reputable financial institutions and currently, we are not exposed to significant credit risk.

### ***Cash and Cash Equivalents***

We consider all amounts on deposit with financial institutions and highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents at the date of purchase.



***Mineral Rights***

We have determined that our mineral rights meet the definition of mineral rights, as defined by accounting standards, and are tangible assets. As a result, our direct costs to acquire or lease mineral rights are initially capitalized as tangible assets. Mineral rights include costs associated with: leasing or acquiring patented and unpatented mining claims; leasing mining rights including lease signature

---

33

---

bonuses, lease rental payments and advance minimum royalty payments; and options to purchase or lease mineral properties.

If we establish proven and probable reserves for a mineral property and establish that the mineral property can be economically developed, mineral rights will be amortized over the estimated useful life of the property following the commencement of commercial production or expensed if it is determined that the mineral property has no future economic value or if the property is sold or abandoned. For mineral rights in which proven and probable reserves have not yet been established, we assess the carrying values for impairment at the end of each reporting period and whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

The net carrying value of our mineral rights represents the fair value at the time the mineral rights were acquired less accumulated depletion and any abandonment or impairment losses. Proven and probable reserves have not been established for mineral rights as of September 30, 2017. At September 30, 2017 mineral rights totaling \$323,200 were net of \$117,857 of impairment and abandonment charges. No impairment charges were recognized for either the three or nine months ended September 30, 2017 or 2016.

#### ***Impairment of Long-lived Assets and Mining Rights***

We continually monitor events and changes in circumstances that could indicate that our carrying amounts of long-lived assets, including mineral rights, may not be recoverable. When such events or changes in circumstances occur, we assess the recoverability of long-lived assets by determining whether the carrying value of such assets will be recovered through their undiscounted expected future cash flow. If the future undiscounted cash flow is less than the carrying amount of these assets, we recognize an impairment loss based on the excess of the carrying amount over the fair value of the assets.

#### ***Notes Payable – Related Parties***

Notes payable to related parties are classified as current liabilities as the note holders have the ability to control the repayment dates of the notes.

#### ***Exploration Costs***

Mineral exploration costs are expensed as incurred. When it has been determined that it is economically feasible to extract minerals and the permitting process has been initiated, exploration costs incurred to further delineate and develop the property are considered pre-commercial production costs and will be capitalized and included as mine

development costs in our balance sheets.

*Income Taxes*

We recognize deferred tax assets and liabilities for temporary differences between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and the amounts at which they are carried in the financial statements and the effect of net operating losses based upon the enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which the differences are expected to reverse. A valuation allowance is established when necessary to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized. At September 30, 2017, the Company had no uncertain tax positions.

---

34

---

### ***Net Loss per Common Share***

We compute basic net loss per common share by dividing our net loss attributable to common shareholders by our weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Computation of diluted net loss per common share adds the weighted-average number of potential common shares outstanding to the weighted-average common shares outstanding, as calculated for basic net loss per share, except for instances in which there is a net loss. For the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, potential common shares associated with convertible notes payable and outstanding warrants to purchase common stock have been omitted from the net loss per common share computation as they are anti-dilutive due to the net loss for these periods.

### ***Stock-based Compensation***

The Company determines the fair value of stock option awards granted to employees in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718 – 10 and to non-employees in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 505 – 50. Compensation cost is measured at the grant date based on the value of the award and is recognized over the service period, which is usually the vesting period.

### ***New Accounting Standards***

From time to time, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) or other standards setting bodies issue new accounting pronouncements. Updates to the FASB Accounting Standards Codification are communicated through issuance of an Accounting Standards Update. Unless otherwise discussed, we believe that the impact of recently issued guidance, whether adopted or to be adopted in the future, is not expected to have a material impact on our financial statements upon adoption.

In February 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued ASU No. 2016-02, "Leases: Topic 842 (ASU 2016-02)", to supersede nearly all existing lease guidance under GAAP. The guidance would require lessees to recognize most leases on their balance sheets as lease liabilities with corresponding right-of-use assets. ASU 2016-02 is effective for the Company in the first quarter of our fiscal year ending December 31, 2019 using a modified retrospective approach with the option to elect certain practical expedients. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of its pending adoption of ASU 2016-02 on its consolidated financial statements.

### ***Recently Adopted Accounting Standards***

Recently issued Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification guidance has either been implemented or is not significant to us.

*Subsequent Events*

On October 10, 2017, the Company and Bright Star International, Inc. ("Bright Star") signed a confirmation letter mutually declaring the previously executed Consulting Agreement and Advertising Agreement between the parties null and void. Subsequently, Brightstar returned the 1,500,000 shares of stock to the Company.

## Edgar Filing: MAGELLAN GOLD Corp - Form 10-Q

On October 17, 2017, the Company signed an Amendment ("Amendment") to the Stock Purchase Agreement, dated September 9, 2017 by and among the Company, Magellan Acquisition Corporation ("Purchaser"), Vane Minerals (UK) Limited ("Minerals"), Rose Petroleum, plc (Minerals parent corporation) ("Rose") and Minerals' wholly-owned subsidiaries Minerales Vane, S.A. de C.V. ("Vane") and Minerales Vane 2, S.A. de C.V. ("Vane 2"). Rose and Minerals are together the "Seller". Under the terms of the Amendment, the Purchaser shall purchase all of the shares of Vane 2 from Seller. The Amendment provides that the closing date of the Stock Purchase Agreement shall be extended from November 30, 2017 to December 31, 2017.

Effective October 26, 2017, the Company granted stock options to four persons pursuant to the Company's 2017 Equity Incentive Plan. The Company granted options to purchase an aggregate of 3,600,000 shares having an exercise price of \$.04 per share. The options have a term of ten years from the date of grant and are immediately exercisable on the date of grant.

Effective October 26, 2017, the Company's CEO agreed to waive payment of accrued but unpaid salary obligations from June 1, 2016 through September 30, 2017 in the aggregate amount of \$150,000. On the same date, the Company issued the CEO 4,000,000 shares of restricted common stock.

On October 24, 2017, the Company filed a Certificate of Amendment to its Articles of Incorporation with the Secretary of State of the State of Nevada to increase the number of authorized shares of the Company to 1,000,000,000 shares of common stock and 25,000,000 shares of preferred stock.

On November 1, 2017, the Company entered into a Consulting Agreement with Life Sciences Journeys, Inc. ("Life Sciences"). Pursuant to the terms of the Agreement, the Company agreed to issue to Life Sciences, as its sole compensation, an aggregate of 3,000,000 shares of the Company's restricted common stock.

On November 1, 2017, the Company sold a 10% Convertible Promissory Note ("Note") in a principal amount of \$170,000 for a purchase price equal to the principal amount of the Note pursuant to the terms of a Securities Purchase Agreement dated November 1, 2017. After deducting the investor's discount and legal fees, net proceeds to the Company were \$153,650. The Note matures on November 1, 2018 and becomes convertible into the Company's common stock after 180 days from the date the Note is issued.

On November 2, 2017, the Company sold a 10% Convertible Promissory Note ("Note") in principal amount of \$125,000 for a purchase price equal to the principal amount of the Note pursuant to the terms of a Securities Purchase Agreement dated November 2, 2017. After deducting the investor's discount and legal fees, net proceeds to the Company were \$113,500. The Note matures on November 2, 2018 and becomes convertible into the Company's common stock after 180 days from the date the Note is issued.

On November 7, 2017 the Company and Rose executed an Interim Milling Agreement (the "Agreement"), with an effective date of November 1, 2017, whereby, pending closing of the SPA transaction, Rose shall cause its subsidiary, Minerales Vane S.A. de C.V., a Mexico corporation ("Vane"), to reopen the SDA Mill and recommence operations. The Company provided working capital funding in the amount of \$50,000 and will provide additional working capital if required, and

---

36

---

is entitled to receive all positive cash flow generated under the Agreement pending closing of the SPA.

On November 16, 2017, the Company funded \$900,000 into an escrow account as partial consideration to purchase the SDA Mill. Per the Stock Purchase Agreement executed on September 9, 2017, the total consideration for the purchase price is US\$1,500,000, payable as to \$1,000,000 in cash and \$500,000 in restricted common stock of the Company. The escrow funding of \$900,000 together with the June 2017 option payment of \$100,000, comprise the \$1,000,000 cash component of the purchase price. Subsequent to September 30, 2017, related parties have advanced \$735,000 to Magellan for working capital and the purchase escrow account. These advances will be secured with the stock of the Mexican subsidiary that will hold the SDA mill at closing.



### **ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK**

Not applicable.

### **ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

#### **Conclusion Regarding the Effectiveness of Disclosure Controls and Procedures:**

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our Exchange Act reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's ("SEC") rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including W. Pierce Carson, our President, and Michael P. Martinez, our Principal Accounting Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Management necessarily applied its judgment in assessing the costs and benefits of such controls and procedures, which, by their nature, can provide only reasonable assurance regarding management's control objectives.

Our management, with the participation of our CEO, evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based upon this evaluation, our CEO concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of such date as a result of material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting due to lack of segregation of duties, a limited corporate governance structure, and lack of a formal review process that includes multiple levels of review as discussed in Item 9A of our Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016.

While we strive to segregate duties as much as practicable, there is an insufficient volume of transactions at this point in time to justify additional full time staff. We believe that this is typical in many exploration stage companies. We may not be able to fully remediate the material weakness until we commence mining operations at which time we would expect to hire more staff. We will continue to monitor and assess the costs and benefits of additional staffing.

#### **Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting:**

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the last fiscal quarter covered by this report that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.



**PART II. OTHER INFORMATION**

**ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS**

None.

**ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS**

There have been no material changes from the risk factors disclosed in Item 1A. to Part I. of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016.

**ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS**

All sales of unregistered securities were reported on Form 8-K during the period.

**ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES**

None.

**ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES**

None.

**ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION**

None.

**ITEM 6. EXHIBITS**

**Exhibit Description**

- 31.1 Certification of Principal Executive Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) / 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
- 31.2 Certification of Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) / 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.
- 32 Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 101.INS XBRL Instance Document.
- 101.SCH XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
- 101.PRE XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.
- 101.LAB XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.
- 101.DEF XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.
- 101.CAL XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
-

**SIGNATURE**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Dated: November 20, 2017

**MAGELLAN GOLD CORPORATION**

By: /s/ W. Pierce Carson

W. Pierce Carson

President, Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer),

By: /s/ Michael P. Martinez

Michael P. Martinez

Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Accounting Officer)

---