SUMMIT BANCSHARES INC /TX/ Form 10-Q/A November 10, 2005

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q/A

Mark One

x Quarterly report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2005

or

o Transition report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

to

For the transition period from

Commission File Number 0-11986

SUMMIT BANCSHARES, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Texas

(State of Incorporation)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

75-1694807

3880 Hulen St., Fort Worth, Texas 76107

(Address of principal executive offices)

(817) 336-6817

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

No Change

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No

X O

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes No

x o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes No

0 X

The number of shares of common stock, \$1.25 par value, outstanding at October 31, 2005 was 12,444,228 shares.

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	adjustmen necessary 31, 2004 i on Form 1	mber 30, 2005 and 2004 financial statements included herein are unaudited; however, such information reflects all tts (consisting solely of normal recurring adjustments), which are, in the opinion of management of the registrant, for a fair statement of the results for the interim periods. The financial statements for the year ended December ncluded herein are headed unaudited. These financial statements were reported as audited in our Annual Repo 0-K for the year ended December 31, 2004 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission but are required to ed herein as unaudited because of the absence of an independent auditor s report.	rt
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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1 - Financial Statements

SUMMIT BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

		(Unaudited) September 30,			· ·	Jnaudited)
		2005	2004		De	cember 31, 2004
	(In Thousands)					
ASSETS						
CASH AND DUE FROM BANKS NOTE 1	\$	34,967	\$	30,836	\$	27,219
FEDERAL FUNDS SOLD & DUE FROM TIME		15,671		19,467		5,020
INVESTMENT SECURITIES NOTE 3		226 514		210.264		000.051
Securities Available-for-Sale, at fair value		236,544		219,264		223,351
LOANS NOTES 4, 14 AND 20		754 150		(00.00)		702 (10
Loans, Net of Unearned Discount		754,153		689,906		702,619
Allowance for Loan Losses		(11,131)		(10,079)		(10,187)
LOANS, NET		743,022		679,827		692,432
PREMISES AND EQUIPMENT NOTE 5		15,620		15,643		15,749
GOODWILL NOTE 6		9,060		7,978		8,042
OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS, NET NOTE 6		2,276		2,560		2,478
ACCRUED INCOME RECEIVABLE		5,651		4,729		4,814
OTHER REAL ESTATE NOTE 7		-0-		-0-		-0-
OTHER ASSETS		11,450	_	10,102	_	10,012
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,074,261	\$	990,406	\$	989,117
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY	_					
DEPOSITS NOTE 8						
Noninterest-Bearing Demand	\$	258,644	\$	232,586	\$	235,399
Interest-Bearing		607,384		558,938		556,865
č		,		· ·		<u> </u>
TOTAL DEPOSITS		866,028		791,524		792,264
SHORT TERM BORROWINGS NOTE 9		111,370		106,733		103,972
NOTES PAYABLE NOTE 10		150		2,250		1,750
JUNIOR SUBORDINATED DEFERRABLE DEBENTURES NOTE 11		12,372		12,372		12,372
ACCRUED INTEREST PAYABLE		900		601		601
OTHER LIABILITIES		3,714		3,378		3,668
TOTAL LIABILITIES		994,534		916,858		914,627
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,10,000		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES NOTES 15, 17, 19 AND 21						
SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY NOTES 16, 18 AND 22						
Common Stock - \$1.25 Par Value; 20,000,000 shares authorized; 12,430,116, 12,334,198 and 12,359,232 shares issued and outstanding at September 30, 2005 and						
2004 and at December 31, 2004, respectively		15,538		7,709		15,449
		8,082		7,709		7,705
Capital Surplus Retained Earnings		58,362		57,588		51,810
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income Unrealized Gain (Loss) on		56,502		57,500		51,010
Available-for-Sale Investment Securities, Net of Tax (Benefit)		(2,236)		671		(474)
Treasury Stock at Cost (988 shares at September 30, 2005)		(2,230)		-0-		-0-
reason, stock at cost (700 shares at september 50, 2005)		(1)		-0-		-0-

TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY	79,727	73,548	74,490
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY	\$ 1,074,261	\$ 990,406	\$ 989,117

The accompanying Notes should be read with these financial statements.

SUMMIT BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

	(Unaudited) For the Nine Months Ended September 30,			(Unaudited) Year Ended		
		2005	2004		D	ecember 31, 2004
		(In Thous	ands, I	Except Per Sl	hare	Data)
INTEREST INCOME	.		*		<i>•</i>	2 0.010
Interest and Fees on Loans	\$	36,905	\$	28,097	\$	39,018
Interest and Dividends on Investment Securities: Taxable		5,912		5,435		7,409
Exempt from Federal Income Taxes		228		191		260
Interest on Federal Funds Sold and Due From Time		182		139		170
TOTAL INTEREST INCOME		43,227		33,862		46,857
					-	
INTEREST EXPENSE						
Interest on Deposits		8,169		5,474		7,677
Interest on Short Term Borrowings		2,313		1,005		1,423
Interest on Notes Payable Interest on Junior Subordinated Deferrable Debentures		55 522		41 203		62 344
Interest on junior Subordinated Defentable Debentures		522		203		544
TOTAL INTEREST EXPENSE		11,059		6,723		9,506
		22.4.60				25.2.51
NET INTEREST INCOME		32,168		27,139		37,351
LESS: PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES NOTE 4		765		1,500		1,790
NET INTEREST INCOME AFTER PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES		31,403		25,639		35,561
NON-INTEREST INCOME						
Service Charges and Fees on Deposits		2,964		3,164		4,248
Gain on Sale of Investment Securities		-0-		32		32
Other Income		3,127		2,235		2,962
TOTAL NON-INTEREST INCOME		6,091		5,431		7,242
NON-INTEREST EXPENSE						
Salaries and Employee Benefits - NOTE 17		13,296		11,169		15,329
Occupancy Expense - Net		1,988		1,560		2,206
Furniture and Equipment Expense		1,756		1,670		2,261
Other Real Estate Owned Expense - Net		(11)		38		44
Core Deposit Intangible Amortization Other Expense NOTE 12		246 5,172		137 4,415		219 6,131
Oulei Expense NOTE 12		3,172		4,415	_	0,131
TOTAL NON-INTEREST EXPENSE		22,447		18,989		26,190
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES		15,047		12,081		16,613
APPLICABLE INCOME TAXES NOTE 13		5,387		4,238		5,851
NET INCOME	\$	9,660	\$	7,843	\$	10,762
NET INCOME PER SHARE NOTE 18 Basic	\$	0.78	\$	0.64	\$	0.87

Diluted	0.76	0.62	0.85
The accompanying Notes should be read with these financial statements.			

SUMMIT BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

	(Unaudited) For the Three Months Ended September 30,				
	2005		2004		
	(In Thousands, Except Per Data)			Per Share	
INTEREST INCOME					
Interest and Fees on Loans	\$	13,203	\$	10,297	
Interest and Dividends on Investment Securities:		2 0 7 2		1.020	
Taxable		2,072		1,939	
Exempt from Federal Income Taxes		86		74	
Interest on Federal Funds Sold and Due From Time		115		51	
TOTAL INTEREST INCOME		15,476		12,361	
INTEREST EXPENSE		2 105		1.007	
Interest on Deposits		3,185 878		1,996	
Interest on Short Term Borrowings Interest on Notes Payable		878 12		385 25	
Interest on Junior Subordinated Deferrable Debentures		12		127	
Interest on Junior Subordinated Deterrable Debentures		100		127	
TOTAL INTEREST EXPENSE		4,263	. <u> </u>	2,533	
NET INTEREST INCOME		11,213		9,828	
LESS: PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES NOTE 4		315		495	
NET INTEREST INCOME AFTER					
PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES		10,898		9,333	
NON-INTEREST INCOME					
Service Charges and Fees on Deposits		992		1,180	
Gain on Sale of Investments Securities		-0-		32	
Other Income		1,184		929	
TOTAL NON-INTEREST INCOME		2,176		2,141	
NON-INTEREST EXPENSE					
Salaries and Employee Benefits - NOTE 17		4,579		4,029	
Occupancy Expense - Net		4,379		4,029	
Furniture and Equipment Expense		587		610	
Other Real Estate Owned Expense - Net		-0-		23	
Core Deposit Intangible Amortization		82		82	
Other Expense NOTE 12		1,665		1,795	
TOTAL NON-INTEREST EXPENSE		7,637		7,109	
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES		5,437		4,365	
APPLICABLE INCOME TAXES NOTE 13		1,981		1,569	
		-,,		,	

NET INCOME PER SHARE - NOTE 18		
Basic	\$ 0.28 \$	0.23
Diluted	0.27	0.22
The accompanying Notes should be read with these financial statements.		

SUMMIT BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2005 AND 2004 AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004 (Unaudited)

	Common Stock		Capital	Retained	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income - Net Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investment	Treasury	Total Share- Holders
	Shares	Amount	Surplus	Earnings	Securities	Stock	Equity
		(Dollars in Thou	sands, Except I			
Balance at January 1, 2004	6,152,329		. ,	\$ 52,988	\$ 688	\$ (103) \$	
Stock Options Exercised	38,970	49	159				208
Purchases of Stock Held in						(501)	(501)
Treasury						(581)	(581)
Retirement of Stock Held in	(24, 200)	(30)		(654)		684	-0-
Treasury Cash Dividend - \$.21 Per Share	(24,200)	(30)		(0.34)		084	(2,589)
Net Income for the Nine Months				(2,389)			(2,389)
Ended September 30, 2004				7,843			7,843
Securities Available- for-Sale				7,015			7,015
Adjustment					(17)		(17)
					()	-	()
Total Comprehensive Income NOTE 25							7,826
							.,
Balance at September 30, 2004	6,167,099	7,709	7,580	57,588	671	-0- \$	73,548
Stock Options Exercised	16,300	20	125	0,,000	0,1	Ŭ Ψ	145
Purchases of Stock Held in	,						
Treasury						(113)	(113)
Retirement of Stock Held in							
Treasury	(3,383)	(4)		(109)		113	-0-
Two-for-One Stock Split	6,179,216	7,724		(7,724)			-0-
Cash Dividend - \$.07 Per Share				(864)	1		(864)
Net Income for the Three Months				• • • •			• • • • •
Ended December 31, 2004				2,919			2,919
Securities Available- for-Sale					(1.145)		(1 1 45)
Adjustment					(1,145)		(1,145)
						-	
Total Comprehensive Income							1 774
NOTE 25							1,774
							- / /00
Balance at December 31, 2004	12,359,232	15,449	7,705	51,810	(474)	-0-	74,490
Stock Options Exercised Purchases of Stock Held in	100,184	126	377				503
Treasury						(561)	(561)
Retirement of Stock Held in Treasury	(29,300)	(37)		(505)		542	-0-
Cash Dividend - \$.21 Per Share	(29,500)	(37)		(2,603)		342	(2,603)
Net Income for the Nine Months				(2,003)			(2,003)
Ended September 30, 2005				9,660			9,660
2				2,000	(1,762)		(1,762)
					(1,132)		(_,, •=)

Securities Available- for-Sale Adjustment									
Total Comprehensive Income NOTE 25									7,898
Balance at September 30, 2005	12,430,116	\$ 15,538	\$	8,082 \$	58,362	\$	(2,236) \$	(19) \$	79,727
			_			_			

The accompanying Notes should be read with these financial statements.

SUMMIT BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2005 AND 2004 AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004

	For the Nine M	(Unaudited) For the Nine Months Ended September 30,		
	2005	2004	December 31, 2004	
	(In Tho			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Net Income	\$ 9,660	\$ 7,843	\$ 10,762	
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:				
Depreciation and Amortization	1,430	1,204	1,669	
Net Premium Amortization of Investment Securities	1,044	1,035	1,429	
Amortization of Core Deposit Intangible	246	137	219	
Provision for Loan Losses	765	1,500	1,790	
Deferred Income Taxes Benefit	(502)	(493)	(434)	
Net Gain on Sale of Investment Securites	-0-	(32)	(32)	
Net Gain From Sale of Other Real Estate & Repossessed Assets	-0-	(69)	(70)	
Net Gain From Sale of Premises and Equipment	(247)	(37)	(37)	
Net Increase in Accrued Income and Other Assets	(1,421)	(3,146)	(809)	
Net Increase in Accrued Expenses and Other Liabilities	345	106	397	
Total Adjustments	1,660	205	4,122	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	11,320	8,048	14,884	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	(10 (51)	5 001	10.720	
Net (Increase) Decrease in Federal Funds Sold and Due From Time	(10,651)	5,291	19,738	
Proceeds from Matured and Prepaid Investment Securities	256 750	116 410	100.054	
· Available-for-Sale	356,758	116,413	120,254	
Proceeds from Sales of Investment Securities	-0-	22,306	23,233	
Purchase of Investment Securities	(252.445)		(152,520)	
· Available-for-Sale	(373,447)	(162,740)	(173,730)	
Premium Paid for ANB Financial Corporation	0	(10.500)	(10.500)	
· (Net of Aquired Cash of \$3,871)	-0-	(10,538)	(10,520)	
Net Assets Acquired in the Purchase of ANB Financial Corporation	-0-	(2,039)	(2,039)	
Net Assets Acquired in the Purchase of Dignum Financial	(976)	-0-	-0-	
Loans Originated and Principal Repayments, Net	(51,534)	(76,714)	(89,427)	
Recoveries of Loans Previously Charged-Off	435	289	400	
Proceeds from Sale of Premises and Equipment	339	57	48	
Proceeds from Sale of Other Real Estate & Repossessed Assets	-0-	638	892	
Purchases of Premises and Equipment	(1,397)	(1,524)	(4,509)	
NET CASH USED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(80,473)	(108,561)	(115,660)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Net Increase in Demand Deposits, Savings Accounts and Interest-Bearing Transaction				
Accounts	37,647	51,368	52,506	
Net Increase in Certificates of Deposit	36,117	15,202	14,803	
Net Increase in Short Term Borrowings	7,398	24,499	21,738	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Note Payable	(1,600)	2,250	1,750	
Proceeds from Issuance of Junior Subordinated Debentures	-0-	12,372	12,372	

Payments of Cash Dividends	(2,603)	(2,589)		(3,453)
Proceeds from Stock Options Exercised	503	208		353
Purchases of Treasury Stock	(561)	(581)		(694)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	76,901	102,729		99,375
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND DUE FROM BANKS	7,748	2,216		(1,401)
CASH AND DUE FROM BANKS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	27,219	28,620		28,620
CASH AND DUE FROM BANKS AT END OF PERIOD	\$ 34,967	\$ 30,836	\$	27,219
			_	
SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF OPERATING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Interest Paid	\$ 10,760	\$ 6,506	\$	9,199
Income Taxes Paid	5,549	4,821		6,377
Other Real Estate and Other Assets Acquired in Settlement of Loans	-0-	55		321
The accompanying Notes should be read with these financial statements.				
Interest Paid Income Taxes Paid Other Real Estate and Other Assets Acquired in Settlement of Loans	\$ 5,549	4,821	\$	6,377

SUMMIT BANCSHARES, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2005 AND 2004 (UNAUDITED) AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004 (UNAUDITED)

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting and Reporting Policies

The accounting and reporting policies of Summit Bancshares, Inc. are in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and the prevailing practices within the banking industry. A summary of the more significant policies follows:

Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements of Summit Bancshares, Inc. (hereinafter, collectively with its subsidiaries, the Corporation), include its accounts and its direct and indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries, Summit Delaware Financial Corporation, Summit Bank, National Association (the Bank) and SIA Insurance Agency, Inc. (SIA). All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates.

Cash and Due From Banks

The Bank is required to maintain certain noninterest-bearing cash balances at the Federal Reserve Bank based on its level of deposits. During the first nine months of 2005, the average cash balance maintained at the Federal Reserve Bank was \$2,696,000. Compensating balances held at correspondent banks, to minimize service charges, averaged approximately \$23,164,000 during the same period.

Investment Securities

The Corporation has adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 115, *Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities* (SFAS 115). At the date of purchase, the Corporation is required to classify debt and equity securities into one of three categories: held-to-maturity, trading or available-for-sale. At each reporting date, the appropriateness of the classification is reassessed. Investments in debt securities are classified as held-to-maturity and measured at amortized cost in the financial statements only if management has the positive intent and ability to hold those securities to maturity. Securities that are bought and held principally for the purpose of selling them in the near term are classified as trading and measured at fair value in the financial statements with unrealized gains and losses included in earnings. Investments not classified as either held-to-maturity or trading are classified as available-for-sale and measured at fair value in the financial statements with unrealized gains and losses reported, net of tax, in a separate component of shareholders equity until realized.

The Corporation has the ability and intent to hold to maturity its investment securities classified as held-to-maturity; accordingly, no adjustment has been made for the excess, if any, of amortized cost over market. In determining the investment category classifications at the time of purchase of securities, management considers its asset/liability strategy, changes in interest rates and prepayment risk, the need to increase capital and other factors. Under certain circumstances (including the deterioration of the issuer s creditworthiness, a change in tax law, or statutory or regulatory requirements), the Corporation may change the investment security classification. In the periods reported for 2005 and 2004, the Corporation held no securities that would have been classified as trading securities.

All investment securities are adjusted for amortization of premiums and accretion of discounts. Amortization of premiums and accretion of discounts are recorded to income over the contractual maturity or estimated life of the individual investment on the level yield method. Gain or loss on sale of investments is based upon the specific identification method and the gain or loss is recorded in non-interest income. Income earned on the Corporation s investments in state and political subdivisions is not taxable.

Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses

Loans are stated at the principal amount outstanding less unearned discount, deferred fees and the allowance for loan losses. Unearned discount on installment loans is recognized as income over the terms of the loans by a method approximating the interest method. Interest income on all other loans is recognized based upon the principal amounts outstanding, the simple interest method. Loan origination fee income,

net of direct loan origination costs, is deferred and amortized over the life of the related loan. The accrual of interest on a loan is discontinued when, in the opinion of management, there is doubt about the ability of the borrower to pay interest or principal. Interest previously earned, but uncollected on such loans, is written off. After loans are placed on non-accrual all payments received are applied to principal and no interest income is recorded until the loan is returned to accrual status or the principal has been reduced to zero.

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting and Reporting Policies (cont d.)

The Corporation has adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 114, Accounting by Creditors for Impairment of a Loan, as amended by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 118, Accounting by Creditors for Impairment of a Loan - Income Recognition and Disclosure. Under this standard, the allowance for loan losses related to loans that are identified for evaluation in accordance with Statement No. 114 (impaired loans) is based on discounted cash flows using the loan s initial effective rate or the fair value of the collateral for certain collateral dependent loans.

The allowance for loan losses is comprised of amounts charged against income in the form of a provision for loan losses for certain loans when it is probable that all amounts due pursuant to the contractual terms of the loan will not be collected. In these situations, a reserve is recorded when the carrying amount of the loan exceeds the discounted cash flows using the loan s initial effective interest rate or the fair value of the collateral for certain collateral dependent loans. Income on impaired loans is recognized based on the collectibility of the principal amount. Adjustments to the allowance for loan losses will be reported in the period such adjustments become known or are reasonably estimable.

The amount maintained in the allowance reflects management s continuing assessment of the potential losses inherent in its loan portfolio based on its evaluation of a number of factors, including the Bank s loss experience in relation to outstanding loans and the existing level of the allowance, prevailing and prospective economic conditions, and management s continuing review of the discounted cash flow values of impaired loans and its evaluation of the quality of the loan portfolio. Loans are charged against the allowance for loan losses when management believes that the collectibility of the principal is unlikely.

The evaluation of the adequacy of loan collateral is often based upon estimates and appraisals. Because of changing economic conditions, the valuations determined from such estimates and appraisals may also change. Accordingly, the Corporation may ultimately incur losses which vary materially from management s current estimates.

Premises and Equipment

Land is carried at cost. Premises and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation expense is computed on the straight-line method based upon the estimated useful lives of the assets ranging from three to forty years. Maintenance and repairs are charged to non-interest expense. Renewals and betterments are added to the asset accounts and depreciated over the periods benefited. Depreciable assets sold or retired are removed from the asset and related accumulated depreciation accounts and any gain or loss is reflected in the income and expense accounts.

Other Real Estate

Other real estate is foreclosed property held pending disposition and is valued at the lower of its fair value or the recorded investment in the related loan. At foreclosure, if the fair value, less estimated costs to sell, of the real estate acquired is less than the Corporation s recorded investment in the related loan, a write-down is recognized through a charge to the allowance for loan losses. Any subsequent reduction in value is recognized by a charge to income. Operating expenses of such properties, net of related income, and gains and losses on their disposition are included in non-interest expense.

Federal Income Taxes

The Corporation joins with its subsidiaries in filing a consolidated federal income tax return. The subsidiaries pay to the parent a charge equivalent to their current federal income tax based on the separate taxable income of the subsidiaries.

The Corporation and the subsidiaries maintain their records for financial reporting and income tax reporting purposes on the accrual basis of accounting. Deferred income taxes are provided in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes. Deferred income taxes are provided for accumulated temporary differences due to basic differences for assets and liabilities for financial reporting and income tax purposes.

Realization of net deferred tax assets is dependent on generating sufficient future taxable income. Although realization is not assured, management believes it is more likely than not that all of the net deferred tax assets will be realized. The amount of the net deferred tax asset considered realizable, however, could be reduced in the near term if estimates of future taxable income are reduced.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the Statements of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, clearings and exchanges, and balances due from correspondent banks.

Reclassification

Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2004 financial statements to conform to the 2005 presentation.

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont d.)

Stock-Based Compensation

The Corporation accounts for stock-based compensation in accordance with the intrinsic value based method recommended by Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees. Under the intrinsic value based method, compensation cost is the excess, if any, of the quoted market price of the stock at grant date over the amount an employee must pay to acquire the stock. The impact on the financial statements of using this method is disclosed below.

Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation, as amended by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards 148 (SFAS 123), requires proforma disclosures of net income and earnings per share for companies not adopting its fair value accounting method for stock-based compensation. The proforma disclosures presented below use the fair value method of SFAS 123 to measure compensation expense for stock-based compensation plans.

The Corporation accounts for its stock-based compensation plans under the recognition and measurement principles of Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees, under which no compensation cost has been recognized for options granted. The following table illustrates the effect on net income and earnings per share if the Corporation had applied the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS No. 123 to stock-based compensation.

	•	September 30, 2005		ember 31, 2004
Net Income, as Reported	\$	9,660	\$	10,762
Deduct: Total stock-based compensation expense determined under fair value based method				
for all awards, net of related tax effects		(196)		(171)
Pro Forma Net Income	\$	9,464	\$	10,591
Earnings Per Share:				
Basic - as Reported	\$	0.78	\$	0.87
Basic - Pro Forma		0.76		0.86
Diluted - as Reported		0.76		0.85
Diluted - Pro Forma		0.74		0.84

SFAS No. 123(R), Share-Based Payment (Revised 2004), among other things, eliminates the ability to account for stock-based compensation using APB 25 and requires that such transactions be recognized as compensation cost in the income statement based on their fair values on the date of the grant. The Corporation will adopt the provisions of this statement using modified prospective application on January 1, 2006.

Advertising Costs

Advertising costs are expensed as incurred.

Comprehensive Income

Comprehensive income includes all changes in shareholders equity during a period, except those resulting from investments by and distributions to owners and treasury stock transactions. Besides net income, the other component of the Corporation s comprehensive income is the after tax effect of changes in the fair value of securities available-for-sale. Comprehensive income for the periods ended September 30, 2005 and 2004 and for the year ended December 31, 2004 is reported in Note 25, Comprehensive Income.

Audited Financial Statements

The consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2004, and the consolidated statements of income, changes in shareholders equity and cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2004 are headed unaudited in these financial statements. These statements were reported as audited in our Annual Report of Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission but are required to be reflected in these statements as unaudited because of the absence of an independent auditor s report.

NOTE 2 Acquisitions

On May 3, 2004, the Corporation completed its merger with ANB Financial Corporation and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Arlington National Bank of Arlington, Texas (collectively, ANB). Under the terms of the merger agreement with ANB, the Corporation acquired ANB for approximately \$16.0 million in cash. ANB was privately held and operated four (4) banking offices in Arlington, Texas. On May 1, 2004, ANB had total assets of \$89.0 million, loans of \$59.4 million, deposits of \$83.6 million and shareholders equity of \$3.1 million. This acquisition was partially funded through the formation of SBI Trust and its subsequent issuance of \$12.0 million of its floating rate Capital Securities and \$372,000 of trust common securities.

On March 21, 2005, the Corporation completed the acquisition of Dignum Financial Services (DFS), a proprietorship engaged in financial planning and management services. Goodwill of \$955,000 was recorded in connection with the acquisition.

NOTE 3 - Investment Securities

A summary of amortized cost and estimated fair values of investment securities as of September 30, 2005 is as follows (in thousands):

			Septembe	er 30,	2005	
	Amortized Cost	U	Gross nrealized Gains	ı 	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
Investment Securities - Available-for-Sale						
U.S. Government Agencies and Corporations	\$ 167,840	\$	19	\$	(2,360) \$	165,499
U.S. Government Agency Mortgage Backed Securities	53,068		20		(1,074)	52,014
Obligations of States and Political Subdivisions	10,673		69		(68)	10,674
Community Reinvestment Act Investment Fund	3,025		5		-0-	3,030
Other Securities	5,327		-0-		-0-	5,327
Total Available-for-Sale Securities	\$ 239,933	\$	113	\$	(3,502) \$	236,544
	 	_		_		

All investment securities are carried on the consolidated balance sheet as of September 30, 2005 at fair value. The net unrealized loss of \$3,389,000 is included in the Available-for-Sale Investment Securities balance. The unrealized loss, net of tax benefit, is included in Shareholders Equity.

Included in the Other Securities category at September 30, 2005 is \$4,450,000 of Federal Home Loan Bank Stock and \$800,000 of Federal Reserve Stock which are classified as restricted investment securities, carried at cost, and evaluated for impairment. No impairment losses were recorded as of September 30, 2005. The Bank is required to have stock holdings of Federal Home Loan Bank Stock equal to .14% of the Bank s total assets as of the previous year end plus 4.25% of its outstanding advancements from the Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB). The Bank is also required to have stock holdings of Federal Reserve Stock equal to 6% of its Capital Stock and Surplus.

A summary of amortized cost and estimated fair values of investment securities as of September 30, 2004 is as follows (in thousands):

				Septembe	er 30, 2	004	
	A	mortized Cost	Un	Gross realized Gains	-	Gross nrealized Losses	 Fair Value
Investment Securities - Available-for-Sale							
U.S. Government Agencies and Corporations	\$	155,191	\$	1,813	\$	(512)	\$ 156,492
U.S. Government Agency Mortgage Backed Securities		45,967		112		(643)	45,436
Obligations of States and Political Subdivisions		8,024		168		(17)	8,175
Community Reinvestment Act Investment Fund		3,000		96		-0-	3,096
Other Securities		6,065		-0-		-0-	6,065
Total Available-for-Sale Securities	\$	218,247	\$	2,189	\$	(1,172)	\$ 219,264
			_		_		

All investment securities were carried on the consolidated balance sheet as of September 30, 2004 at fair value. The net unrealized gain of \$1,017,000 was included in the Available-for-Sale Investment Securities balance. The unrealized gain, net of tax, was included in Shareholders Equity.

Included in the Other Securities category at September 30, 2004 was \$5,189,000 of Federal Home Loan Bank Stock and \$800,000 of Federal Reserve Stock which were classified as restricted investment securities, carried at cost, and evaluated for impairment. No impairment losses were recorded as of September 30, 2004. The Bank was required at September 30, 2004 to have stock holdings of Federal Home Loan Bank Stock equal to .20% of the Bank s total assets as of the previous year end plus 4.25% of its outstanding advancements from the FHLB. The Bank was also required to have stock holdings of Federal Reserve Stock equal to 6% of its Capital Stock and Surplus.

NOTE 4 - Loans and Allowance for Loan Losses

The book values of loans by major type follow (in thousands):

	Septem	0,			
	 2005		2004	De	ecember 31, 2004
Commercial and Industrial	\$ 270,807	\$	257,721	\$	261,571
Real Estate Mortgage - Commercial	244,966		198,796		224,720
Real Estate Mortgage - Residential	89,487		81,318		82,839
Real Estate - Construction	109,431		111,641		93,558
Loans to Individuals	39,462		40,430		39,931
	754,153		689,906		702,619
Allowance for Loan Losses	(11,131)		(10,079)		(10,187)
Loans - Net	\$ 743,022	\$	679,827	\$	692,432

Loans are net of unearned income of \$945,000 and \$890,000 at September 30, 2005 and 2004, respectively, and \$893,000 at December 31, 2004.

Transactions in the allowance for loan losses are summarized as follows (in thousands):

		Year Ended				
	_	2005 2004		D	ecember 31, 2004	
Balance, Beginning of Period	\$	10,187	\$	7,784	\$	7,784
Balance Acquired in the Arlington National Bank Acquisition		-0-		1,254		1,254
Provisions, Charged to Income		765		1,500		1,790
Loans Charged-Off		(256)		(748)		(1,041)
Recoveries of Loans Previously Charged-Off		435		289		400
Net Loans (Charged-Off) Recovered		179		(459)		(641)
Balance, End of Period	\$	11,131	\$	10,079	\$	10,187

The provisions for loan losses charged to operating expenses during the nine months ended September 30, 2005 and September 30, 2004 of \$765,000 and \$1,500,000, respectively, were considered adequate to maintain the allowance in accordance with the policy discussed in Note 1. For the year ended December 31, 2004, a provision of \$1,790,000 was recorded.

At September 30, 2005, the recorded investment in loans that are considered to be impaired under Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 114 was \$4,410,000 (of which \$4,410,000 were on non-accrual status). The related allowance for loan losses for these loans was \$307,000. The average recorded investment in impaired loans during the nine months ended September 30, 2005 was approximately \$4,484,000. For this period, the Corporation recognized no interest income on these impaired loans.

NOTE 5 - Premises and Equipment

The investment in premises and equipment stated at cost and net of accumulated amortization and depreciation is as follows (in thousands):

		Septen	nber 3	80,		
	_	2005		2004	De	ecember 31, 2004
Land	\$	3,296	\$	3,038	\$	3,038
Buildings and Improvements		12,519		12,056		12,427
Furniture & Equipment		11,208		11,695		11,864
	_					
Total Cost		27,023		26,789		27,329
Less: Accumulated Amortization and Depreciation		11,403		11,146		11,580
	—					
Net Book Value	\$	15,620	\$	15,643	\$	15,749

NOTE 6 Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of net assets acquired in business combinations under the purchase method of accounting. The Corporation has adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 142 (FAS 142), Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets. FAS 142 eliminates amortization of goodwill associated with business combinations completed after June 30, 2001. Goodwill is periodically assessed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of the asset may not be recoverable. The Corporation bases its evaluation on such impairment factors as the nature of the assets, the future economic benefit of the assets, any historical or future profitability measurements, as well as other external market conditions or factors that may be present. On May 3, 2004, the Corporation completed its acquisition of ANB. A premium of \$10.7 million was paid in connection with the acquisition of ANB, \$2.7 million of which was identified as core deposit intangibles. The remaining \$8.0 million has been recorded as goodwill. In accordance with FAS 142, the goodwill will not be amortized. The core deposit intangibles are being amortized using a straight line method over their estimated useful life of 8 years. Amortization expense of \$219,000 and \$246,000 has been recorded on the core deposit intangibles for the year ended December 31, 2004 and for the nine months ended September 30, 2005, respectively.

On March 21, 2005, the Corporation completed the acquisition of Dignum Financial Services (DFS), a proprietorship engaged in financial planning and management services. Goodwill of \$955,000 was recorded in connection with the acquisition.

NOTE 7 - Other Real Estate

The carrying value of other real estate is as follows (in thousands):

	Sep	teml	er 30,				
_	2005		2	004	De	cember 31, 2004	
\$	-()-	\$	-0-	\$	-0-	
		_			_		

There was no Other Real Estate at September 30, 2005. There were no direct write-downs of other real estate charged to income for the nine months ended September 30, 2005 or September 30, 2004. There were also no direct write-downs of other real estate charged to income for the year ended December 31, 2004.

Included in Other Assets at September 30, 2004 was \$4,000 of Other Foreclosed Assets. The 2004 assets were comprised of motor vehicles. There were no direct write-downs of these assets for any period during 2004.

NOTE 8 Deposits

The book values of deposits by major type follow (in thousands):

	Sept	September 30,				
	2005		2004		ecember 31, 2004	
Noninterest-Bearing Demand Deposits	\$ 258,64	4 \$	232,586	\$	235,399	
Interest-Bearing Deposits:						
Interest-Bearing Transaction						
Accounts and Money Market Funds	241,25	1	245,472		239,773	
Savings	177,28	7	160,338		164,363	
Certificates of Deposits under \$100,000 and IRA s	85,76	5	72,462		72,825	
Certificates of Deposits \$100,000 or more	100,03	1	80,450		79,754	
Other	3,05)	216		150	
Total	607,38	1	558,938		556,865	
Total Deposits	\$ 866,02	3 \$	791,524	\$	792,264	
				_		

NOTE 9 - Short Term Borrowings

Securities sold under repurchase agreements generally represent borrowings with maturities ranging from one to thirty days. Information relating to these and other borrowings is summarized as follows (in thousands):

	Nine Months Ended September 30,				
	2005		2004		cember 31, 2004
Securities Sold Under Repurchase Agreements:					
Average Balance	\$ 44,332	\$	31,558	\$	33,068
Period-End Balance	51,370		36,733		43,972
Maximum Month-End Balance During Period	51,370		36,733		43,972
Interest Rate:					
Average	2.40%	0.64%)	0.68%	
Period-End	3.04		1.14		1.64
Federal Home Loan Bank Advances:					
Average Balance	\$ 63,663	\$	71,423	\$	67,732
Period-End Balance	60,000		70,000		60,000
Maximum Month-End Balance During Period	70,000		100,000		100,000
Interest Rate:					
Average	3.00%		1.56%)	1.65%
Period-End	3.49		1.80		2.11
Federal Funds Purchased:					
Average Balance	\$ 444	\$	2,197	\$	1,878
Period-End Balance	-0-		-0-		-0-
Maximum Month-End Balance During Period	-0-		21,525		21,525
Interest Rate:					
Average	2.95%		1.32%	,	1.45%
Period-End	-0-		-0-		-0-

The Corporation has available a line of credit with the FHLB of Dallas which allows it to borrow on a collateralized basis at a fixed term. The borrowings are collateralized by a blanket floating lien on all first mortgage loans, the FHLB capital stock owned by the Corporation and any funds on deposit with FHLB. At September 30, 2005, the Corporation had \$60.0 million of borrowings outstanding under the line of credit at a rate of 3.44%, \$5.0 million of which matures in 2005, 40.0 million of which matures in 2006 and the remaining \$15.0 million of which matures in 2007. For the nine months ended September 30, 2005, the Corporation had average borrowings under the line of credit of \$63.7

million. At September 30, 2004, the Corporation had \$70.0 million of borrowings outstanding under the line of credit at a rate of 1.80%, \$20.0 million of which matured in 2004, \$40.0 million of which matures in 2005 and the remaining \$10.0 million of which matures in April 2006. At December 31, 2004, \$60.0 million of borrowings were outstanding at an average rate of 2.11%, \$40.0 million of which matures during 2005 and \$20.0 million of which matures during 2006. For the year ended December 31, 2004, the Corporation had average borrowings of \$67.7 million.

NOTE 10 Notes Payable

On September 15, 2005, the Corporation obtained a line of credit from a bank under which the Corporation may borrow \$10,000,000 at a floating rate (three month LIBOR plus 2.00%). The line of credit is secured by stock of the Bank and matures on September 15, 2006, whereupon, if balances are outstanding, the line converts to a term note having a five year term. The Corporation will not pay a fee for any unused portion of the line. As of September 30, 2005, \$150,000 had been borrowed under this line. The rate on this line at September 30, 2005 was 5.52%.

NOTE 11 - Junior Subordinated Deferrable Debentures

On May 3, 2004, the Corporation formed SBI Trust and SBI Trust subsequently issued \$12.0 million of floating rate (three month LIBOR plus a margin of 2.65%) Capital Securities (the Trust Capital Securities). Concurrent with the issuance of the Trust Capital Securities, SBI Trust issued trust common securities to the Corporation in the aggregate liquidation value of \$372,000. The proceeds of the issuance of the Trust Capital Securities were invested in the Corporation s Floating Rate Junior Subordinated Deferrable Debentures (the Deferrable Debentures), which mature on July 7, 2034 and have a call feature that permits the Corporation to redeem any or all of the securities

after July 7, 2009. The interest rate on the Deferrable Debentures at September 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004 was 6.25% and 4.72%, respectively. The Deferrable Debentures, which are the only assets of SBI Trust, are subordinated and junior in right of payment to all present and future senior indebtedness (as defined in the Indenture dated May 3, 2004) of the Corporation.

NOTE 12 - Other Non-Interest Expense

The significant components of other non-interest expense are as follows (in thousands):

	Nine Mon Septen		Year Ended		
	 2005	 2004	December 31, 2004		
Business Development	\$ 795	\$ 641	\$	810	
Legal and Professional Fees	975	793		1,267	
Item Processing	474	653		895	
Printing and Supplies	359	303		440	
Regulatory Fees and Assessments	239	224		302	
Other	2,330	1,801		2,417	
Total	\$ 5,172	\$ 4,415	\$	6,131	

NOTE 13 - Income Taxes

Federal income taxes included in the consolidated balance sheets were as follows (in thousands):

		Septem	0,			
	2	2005		2004	De	cember 31, 2004
Current Tax Asset (Liability) Net Deferred Tax Asset	\$	(82) 4,416	\$	563 2,715	\$	807 3,006
Total Included in Other Assets	\$	4,334	\$	3,278	\$	3,813

The net deferred tax asset at September 30, 2005 of \$4,416,000 included \$1,152,000 related to unrealized losses on Available-for-Sale Securities.

NOTE 13 - Income Taxes (cont d.)

The components of income tax expense were as follows (in thousands):

	Nine Mont Septem	Year Ended			
	 2005 20		2004		ember 31, 2004
Federal Income Tax Expense:					
Current	\$ 5,889	\$	4,731	\$	6,285
Deferred (Benefit)	(502)		(493)		(434)
Total Federal Income Tax Expense	\$ 5,387	\$	4,238	\$	5,851
	 	-		_	
Effective Tax Rates	35.80%		35.00%		35.00%

The reasons for the difference between income tax expense and the amount computed by applying the statutory federal income tax rate to operating earnings are as follows (in thousands):

		Nine Mon				
		Septem	ber 3(),		ear Ended
	2	2005		2004	D	ecember 31, 2004
Federal Income Taxes at Statutory Rate of 35%	\$	5,267	\$	4,216	\$	5,783
Effect of Tax Exempt Interest Income		(77)		(65)		(88)
Non-deductible Expenses		167		124		166
Other		30		(37)		(10)
Income Taxes Per Income Statement	\$	5,387	\$	4,238	\$	5,851

Deferred income tax expense (benefit) results from differences between amounts of assets and liabilities as measured for income tax return and financial reporting purposes. The significant components of federal deferred tax assets and liabilities are in the following table (in thousands):

	 -0- -0- 142 181 1,152 -0- 719 599 -0- 161 156 -0- 6,065 4,458			Year Ended		
	2005	20	004		nber 31, 004	
Federal Deferred Tax Assets:						
Allowance for Loan Losses	\$ 3,896	\$	3,517	\$	3,546	
Valuation Reserves- Other Real Estate	-0-		-0-		-0-	
Interest on Non-accrual Loans	142		181		79	
Unrealized Losses on Available-for-Sale Securities	1,152		-0-		244	
Deferred Compensation	719		599		596	
Net Operating Loss Carryover	-0-		161		149	
Other	156		-0-		-0-	
Gross Federal Deferred Tax Assets	6,065		4,458		4,614	
Federal Deferred Tax Liabilities:						
Depreciation and Amortization	1,414		1,201		1,466	

Accretion	79	27	34
Unrealized Gains on Available-for-Sale Securities	-0-	346	-0-
Other	156	169	108
Gross Federal Deferred Tax Liabilities	1,649	1,743	1,608
			·
Net Deferred Tax Asset	\$ 4,416	\$ 2,715	\$ 3,006

NOTE 14 - Related Party Transactions

The Bank has made transactions in the ordinary course of business with certain of its and the Corporation s officers, directors and their affiliates. All loans included in such transactions are made on substantially the same terms, including interest rate and collateral, as those prevailing at the time for comparable transactions with other persons and all loans are current as to principal and interest payments. Total loans outstanding to such parties amounted to approximately \$11,410,000 at September 30, 2005 and \$8,537,000 at December 31, 2004 and \$10,599,000 at September 30, 2004.

NOTE 15 - Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

In the normal course of business, there are various outstanding commitments and contingent liabilities, such as guarantees and commitments to extend credit, which are not reflected in the financial statements. No losses are anticipated as a result of these transactions. Commitments are most frequently extended for real estate, commercial and industrial loans.

At September 30, 2005, outstanding documentary and standby letters of credit totaled \$5,112,000 and commitments to extend credit totaled \$189,257,000.

In addition, the Corporation leases certain office facilities under operating leases. Rent expense for all operating leases totaled \$947,000 and \$814,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2005 and 2004, respectively, and \$1,128,000 for the year ended December 31, 2004.

NOTE 16 - Stock Option Plans

The Corporation has two Incentive Stock Option Plans, the 1993 Plan and the 1997 Plan, (each, a Plan, and, collectively, the Plans). No more options may be granted under the 1993 Plan. The 1997 Plan originally reserved 1,200,000 shares (adjusted for two-for-one stock splits in 1995, 1997 and 2004) of common stock for grants thereunder. The 1993 Plan provided, and the 1997 Plan provide for the granting to executive management and other key employees of the Corporation and its subsidiaries incentive stock options, as defined under the current tax law. The outstanding options granted under the Plans are generally exercisable for ten years from the date of grant and generally vest ratably over a five year period. Options will be and have been granted at prices which will not be less than 100-110% of the fair market value of the underlying common stock at the date of grant.

The following is a summary of transactions during the periods presented:

	Shares Under O	ption Plans
	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2005	Year Ended December 31, 2004
Outstanding, Beginning of Period	679,578	759,318
Additional Options Granted During the Period	10,000	68,000
Forfeited During the Period	(2,400)	(38,000)
Exercised During the Period	(100,184)	(109,740)
Outstanding, End of Period	586,994	679,578

Options outstanding at September 30, 2005 have exercise prices ranging from \$2.65 to \$18.75 per share with a weighted average exercise price of \$9.31 per share. As of September 30, 2005, options on 488,854 shares were vested and, therefore, exercisable with a weighted average exercise price of \$8.71 per share. At September 30, 2005, there remained 536,796 shares reserved for future grants of options under the 1997 Plan. See Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies Stock Based Compensation for information regarding the dilutive impact of these stock options.

NOTE 17 - Employee Benefit Plans

401(k) Plan

The Corporation implemented a 401(k) plan in December 1997 covering substantially all employees. The Corporation made no contribution to this plan in 1998 or 1999. In 2000 through 2004, the Corporation made matching contributions, not to exceed 6% of the employee s annual compensation, to the participant s deferrals of compensation up to 100% of the employee contributions. The Corporation s Board of Directors has approved matching contributions for 2005, not to exceed 6% of the employee s annual compensation.

The amount expensed in support of the plan was \$451,000 and \$417,000 during the first nine months of 2005 and 2004, respectively, and \$490,000 for the year 2004.

NOTE 17 - Employee Benefit Plans (cont d.)

Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan

In 2002, the Corporation established a Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan (the Retirement Plan) to provide key employees with retirement, death or disability benefits. For currently employed employees, the Retirement Plan replaces the previous Management Security Plan. The Retirement Plan is a defined contribution plan and the expense charged to earnings relating to the Retirement Plan was \$312,000 and \$126,000 for the first nine months of 2005 and 2004, respectively, and \$175,000 for the year 2004.

Employment Contracts

The Chief Executive Officer of the Corporation has entered into a severance agreement providing for salary and fringe benefits in the event of termination for other than cause and under certain changes in control.

Other Post Retirement Benefits

The Corporation provides certain health care benefits for certain retired employees who bear all costs of these benefits. These benefits are covered under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act.

Compensated Absences

Employees of the Corporation are entitled to paid vacation, paid sick days and other personal days off, depending on job classification, length of service and other factors. It is impracticable to estimate the amount of compensation for future absences, and accordingly, no liability has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements. The Corporation s policy is to recognize the costs of compensated absences when actually paid to employees.

NOTE 18 - Earnings per Share

The following data shows the amounts used in computing earnings per share (EPS) and the weighted average number of shares of dilutive potential common stock (dollars in thousands), as adjusted to reflect the two-for-one stock split effected on December 31, 2004:

	Nine Mon Septen		-	ear Ended		
	2005	2004		December 31, 2004		
Net income	\$ 9,660	\$	7,843	\$	10,762	
Weighted average number of common shares used in Basic EPS Effect of dilutive stock options	 12,405,183 300,294		12,318,864 347,754		12,326,477 352,048	
Weighted number of common shares and dilutive potential common stock used in Diluted EPS	 12,705,477		12,666,618		12,678,525	

The incremental shares for the assumed exercise of the outstanding options were determined by application of the treasury stock method.

NOTE 19 - Financial Instruments with Off-Balance Sheet Risk

The Corporation is a party to financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk in the normal course of business to meet the financing needs of its customers. These financial instruments include loan commitments, standby letters of credit and documentary letters of credit. The instruments involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit and interest rate risk in excess of the amount recognized in the financial statements.

The Corporation s exposure to credit loss in the event of non-performance by the other party of these loan commitments and standby letters of credit is represented by the contractual amount of those instruments. The Corporation uses the same credit policies in making commitments and conditional obligations as it does for on-balance sheet instruments.

The total contractual amounts of financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk are as follows (in thousands):

	Septem	ber 3	0,
	2005		2004
Financial Instruments Whose Contract Amounts Represent Credit Risk:			
Loan Commitments Including Unfunded Lines of Credit	\$ 189,257	\$	181,304
Standby Letters of Credit	5,112		5,339
10			

¹⁸

NOTE 19 - Financial Instruments with Off-Balance Sheet Risk (cont d.)

Loan commitments are agreements to lend to a customer as long as there is no customer violation of any condition established in the contract. Commitments generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses and may require payment of a fee. Standby letters of credit are conditional commitments by the Corporation to guarantee the performance of a customer to a third party. The credit risk involved in issuing letters of credit is essentially the same as that involved in extending loan facilities to customers.

Since many of the loan commitments and letters of credit may expire without being drawn upon, the total commitment amount does not necessarily represent future cash requirements. The Corporation evaluates each customer s credit worthiness on a case-by-case basis. The amount of collateral obtained, if deemed necessary by the Corporation upon extension of credit, is based on management s credit evaluation of the counterparty. Collateral held varies but may include accounts receivable, inventory, property, plant and equipment, owner-occupied real estate and income-producing commercial properties.

The Corporation originates real estate, commercial and consumer loans primarily to customers in the Tarrant County area. Although the Corporation has a diversified loan portfolio, a substantial portion of its customers ability to honor their contracts is dependent upon the local economy and the real estate market.

The Corporation maintains funds on deposit at correspondent banks which at times exceed the federally insured limits. Management of the Corporation monitors the balance in these accounts and periodically assesses the financial condition of correspondent banks.

NOTE 20 - Concentrations of Credit Risk

The Bank makes commercial, consumer and real estate loans in its direct market which is defined as Fort Worth and its surrounding area. The Board of Directors of the Bank monitors concentrations of credit by purpose, collateral and industry at least quarterly. Certain limitations for concentration are set by the Board of Directors of the Bank. Additional loans in excess of these limits must have prior approval of the Bank s directors loan committee. Although the Bank has a diversified loan portfolio, a substantial portion of its debtors abilities to honor their contracts is dependent upon the strength of the local and state economy.

NOTE 21 - Litigation

The Corporation may be subject to legal actions, including various legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. The ultimate outcome of pending and potential proceedings is difficult to project with certainty. However based on management s experience to date, it is the opinion of management, that the settlement or other disposition of these matters is not reasonably likely to materially adversely affect the Corporation s business or financial position.

NOTE 22 - Stock Repurchase Plans

On April 20, 2004, the Board of Directors of the Corporation approved a stock purchase plan (the 2004 Stock Purchase Plan) authorizing the Corporation to purchase up to 615,360 shares of the Corporation s common stock over the twelve-month period beginning April 20, 2004, including in open market transactions, privately negotiated transactions or other transactions. On April 19, 2005, the Board of Directors of the Corporation approved a stock purchase plan (the 2005 Stock Purchase Plan) authorizing the Corporation to purchase up to 620,467 shares of the Corporation s common stock over the twelve-month period beginning April 19, 2005, including in open market transactions or other transactions.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2005, 29,300 shares of the Corporation s common stock were purchased and retired pursuant to the 2004 Stock Purchase Plan and 988 shares of the Corporation s common stock were purchased (but not retired) by the Corporation pursuant to the 2005 Stock Purchase Plan. No more shares of the Corporation s common stock may be purchased pursuant to the 2004 Stock Purchase Plan.

The Corporation s ability to purchase shares of the Corporation s common stock is subject to various banking laws, regulations and policies as well as rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Corporation anticipates purchasing additional shares of the Corporation s common stock pursuant to the 2005 Stock Purchase Plan as conditions warrant.

NOTE 23 - Subsequent Events

On October 18, 2005, the Board of Directors of the Corporation approved a quarterly dividend of \$.07 per share to be paid on November 15, 2005 to shareholders of record on November 1, 2005.

NOTE 24 - Fair Values of Financial Instruments

The following methods and assumptions were used by the Corporation in estimating its fair value disclosures for financial instruments:

Cash and cash equivalents: The carrying amounts reported in the balance sheet for cash and due from banks and federal funds sold approximate those assets fair values.

NOTE 24 - Fair Values of Financial Instruments (cont d.)

Investment securities (including mortgage backed securities): Fair values for investment securities are based on quoted market prices, where available. If quoted market prices are not available, fair values are based on quoted market prices of comparable instruments.

Loans: For variable rate loans, fair values are based on carrying values. The fair values for fixed rate loans such as mortgage loans (e.g., one-to-four family residential) and installment loans are estimated using discounted cash flow analysis. The carrying amount of accrued interest receivable approximates its fair value.

Deposit liabilities: The fair value disclosed for interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing demand deposits, passbook savings, and certain types of money market accounts are, by definition, equal to the amount payable on demand at the reporting date or their carrying amounts. Fair values for fixed rate certificates of deposit are estimated using a discounted cash flow calculation that applies interest rates currently being offered on certificates to a schedule of aggregated expected monthly maturities on time deposits.

Short term borrowings: The carrying amounts of borrowings under repurchase agreements approximate their fair values.

The estimated fair values of the Corporation s financial instruments are as follows (in thousands):

	_			Septem	ıber	30,		
		20	005			20		
	_	Carrying Fair Amount Value				Carrying Amount		Fair Value
Financial Assets:								
Cash and due from banks	\$	34,967	\$	34,967	\$	30,836	\$	30,836
Federal funds sold and due from time		15,671		15,671		19,467		19,467
Securities		236,544		236,544		219,264		219,264
Loans		754,153		735,864		689,906		686,988
Allowance for loan losses		(11,131)		(11,131)		(10,079)		(10,079)
Financial Liabilities:								
Deposits		866,028		866,701		791,524		792,869
Short term borrowings		111,370		111,224		106,733		106,679
Off-balance Sheet Financial Instruments:								
Loan commitments				189,257				181,304
Letters of credit				5,112				5,339
NOTE 25 - Comprehensive Income								

The Corporation has adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 130 Reporting Comprehensive Income . This standard requires an entity to report and display comprehensive income and its components. Comprehensive income is as follows (in thousands):

	Nine Mon Septem		Y	ear Ended
	 2005	 2004	De	ecember 31, 2004
Net Income	\$ 9,660	\$ 7,843	\$	10,762
Other Comprehensive Income:				
Change in unrealized (loss) on securities available-for-sale, net of tax (benefit)	(1,762)	(17)		(1,162)
Comprehensive Income	\$ 7,898	\$ 7,826	\$	9,600

Item 2 - Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements, accompanying notes and selected financial data appearing elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and in our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K and may contain certain forward-looking statements that are based on current management expectations. Generally, verbs in the future tense and the words believe, expect, anticipate, estimate, intends, opinion, potential and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements. Examples of this forward-looking information can be found in, but are not limited to, the expected effects of litigation, accounting pronouncements and government regulation applicable to our operations, the discussion of allowance for loan losses, and quantitative and qualitative disclosure about market risk. Our actual results could differ materially from those management expectations. Further information concerning our business, including additional risk factors and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from the results described in the forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, is set forth below under the heading Factors That May Affect Future Results. These risk factors and uncertainties should be considered in evaluating forward-looking statements and undue reliance should not be placed on such statements. The forward-looking statements contained herein speak only as of the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and, except as may be required by applicable law and regulation, we do not undertake, and specifically disclaim any obligation to, publicly update or revise such statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of such statements or to reflect the occurrence of anticipated or unanticipated events. Except as the context otherwise requires, references herein to the Corporation, we, or our refer to the business of Summit Bancshares, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries.

Overview

Our business has been conducted primarily through our wholly-owned subsidiaries, Summit Bank, National Association (the Bank), SBI Trust, Summit Delaware Financial Corporation and SIA Insurance Agency, Inc. (SIA). The Bank currently operates its branch offices in twelve locations in Tarrant County, Texas.

Five branch offices were added in 2004 with the May 2004 acquisition of the four branches of Arlington National Bank and the October 2004 opening of a branch in Euless, Texas. In May 2004, the Corporation completed its acquisition of ANB Financial Corporation and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Arlington National Bank (collectively, ANB), and ANB s results of operations have been included in the Corporation s results of operations since the acquisition date. On December 31, 2004, the Corporation effected a two-for-one stock split on its common stock payable in the form of a 100% stock dividend, and all share and per share data included herein has been adjusted to reflect the stock split.

Our results of operations are primarily dependent on net interest income, which is the difference between the income earned on our loans and investment portfolios and our cost of funds, consisting of the interest paid on deposits and borrowings. Results of operations are also affected by our allowance for loan losses, investment activities, loan servicing fees and other fees. Our non-interest expense principally consists of salary and benefits, occupancy and equipment expense, business development costs, professional fees, data processing expense and other expenses.

Net income for the third quarter of 2005 was \$3,456,000, an increase of \$660,000, or 23.6%, compared to \$2,796,000 recorded for the third quarter of 2004. On a weighted average share basis, net income for the third quarter of 2005 was \$0.27 per diluted share as compared to \$0.22 per diluted share for the third quarter of 2004, an increase of \$2.7%. Net income for the first nine months of 2005 was \$9,660,000, an increase of \$1,817,000, or 23.2%, compared to net income of \$7,843,000 for the first nine months of 2004. On a weighted average share basis, net income for the first nine months of 2005 was \$0.76 per diluted share compared to \$0.62 per diluted share for the first nine months of 2004. The increase in earnings during the third quarter of 2005 and for the first nine months of 2005 was largely due to an increase in net interest income (tax equivalent) of \$1,393,000, or 14.1%, for the third quarter of 2005 over the third quarter of 2004 and \$5,045,000, or 18.5%, for the first nine months of 2005 over the first nine months of 2004. The increase in net interest income was primarily due to the growth in loans and an increase in the yield on loans.

Based on continuing economic growth in our market area, total loans at September 30, 2005 were \$754.2 million, which represented an increase of \$51.5 million, or 7.3%, over total loans at December 31, 2004 and an increase of \$64.2 million, or 9.3% over total loans at September 30, 2004. Average total loans for the third quarter of 2005 were 8.3% higher compared with the third quarter last year. Average total loans for the nine months ended September 30, 2005 were 14.2% higher than for the nine months ended September 30, 2004.

Total deposits were \$866.0 million at September 30, 2005, an increase of \$73.8 million, or 9.3%, from December 31, 2004 and an increase of \$74.5 million, or 9.4%, from \$791.5 million at September 30, 2004. Average total deposits for the third quarter of 2005 were 6.3% higher compared with the third quarter last year. Average total deposits for the nine months ended September 30, 2004. Compared to the third quarter of 2004, we experienced growth in every category of deposits, for the third quarter of 2005, except for interest-bearing transaction accounts and money market accounts. The most significant growth was in certificates of deposit.

Shareholders equity was \$79.7 million at September 30, 2005, an increase of \$5.2 million, or 7.0%, from December 31, 2004 and an increase of \$6.2 million, or 8.4%, from September 30, 2004. See the Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders Equity on page 6 for a detail of the changes.

The following table shows selected performance ratios for the first nine months of 2005 and 2004 that management believes to be key indicators of the Corporation s overall financial performance:

	2005	2004
Annualized Return on Average Assets (ROAA)	1.27%	1.15%
Annualized Return on Average Shareholders Equity (ROAE)	16.75	14.82
Shareholders Equity to Assets - Average	7.61	7.81
Dividend Payout Ratio	26.95	33.01
Net Interest Margin (tax equivalent)	4.54	4.28
Efficiency Ratio	58.49	58.11

The return on average assets ratio is calculated by dividing net income by average total assets for the period. Management believes our return on average assets ratio of 1.27% for the first nine months of 2005 compares favorably to the return on average assets ratio of other financial institutions in our selected peer group, which averaged 1.34% for the first nine months of 2005. Our selected peer group is comprised of seven other publicly traded bank holding companies headquartered in Texas with assets ranging from \$2.4 billion to \$10.0 billion and was selected by our management.

The return on average shareholders equity ratio is calculated by dividing net income by average shareholders equity for the period. Management believes our return on average shareholders equity ratio of 16.75% in the first nine months of 2005 compares favorably to the return on average shareholders equity ratio of other financial institutions in our peer group, which averaged 14.42% for the first nine months of 2005.

The shareholders equity to assets ratio is calculated by dividing average shareholders equity by average total assets for the period. Management believes our average shareholders equity to average assets ratio of 7.61% for the first nine months of 2005 compares favorably to the average shareholders equity to average asset ratio of other financial institutions in our peer group, which averaged 9.28% in the first nine months of 2005.

The dividend payout ratio is determined by dividing the total dividends paid by net income for the period. For the first nine months of 2005, our dividend payout ratio resulted in a yield-to-market price return that compared favorably to our peer group.

Net interest margin is calculated by dividing net interest income on a tax equivalent basis by average total earning assets. Management believes our net interest margin of 4.54% in the first nine months of 2005 compares favorably to the net interest margin ratio of other financial institutions in our peer group, which averaged 4.21% in the first nine months of 2005.

The efficiency ratio is calculated by dividing non-interest expenses by the sum of total non-interest income and net interest income on a tax equivalent basis for the period. The efficiency ratio provides a measure of the extent to which our revenues are absorbed by our non-interest expenses. Management believes our efficiency ratio of 58.49% in the first nine months of 2005 compares favorably to the average efficiency ratio of other financial institutions in our peer group, which was 57.10% in the first nine months of 2005.

Summary of Earning Assets and Interest-Bearing Liabilities

The following schedule presents average balance sheets that highlight earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities and their related rates earned and paid for the third quarters of 2005 and 2004 (rates on tax equivalent basis):

			T	hree Months End	led S	September 30,			
			2005					2004	
		Average Balances	Interest	Average Yield/Rate		Average Balances		Interest	Average Yield/Rate
				(Dollars in '		usands)			
Earning Assets:									
Federal Funds Sold & Due From Time	\$	13,294	\$ 114	3.40%	6\$	16,849	\$	51	1.21%
Investment Securities (Taxable)		216,541	2,073	3.83%	6	211,298		1,939	3.65%
Investment Securities (Tax-exempt)		9,900	133	5.37%	6	7,533		113	5.98%
Loans, Net of Unearned Discount ⁽¹⁾		735,109	13,203	7.13%	6	678,915		10,297	6.03%
Total Earning Assets		974,844	15,523	6.32%	6	914,595		12,400	5.39%
C		,	 ,			,		,	
Non-interest Earning Assets:									
Cash and Due From Banks		30,876				31,213			
Other Assets		43,824				41,022			
Allowance for Loan Losses		(10,916)				(9,919)			
		(10,)10)				(),) 1))			
Total Assets	\$	1,038,628			\$	976,911			
	Ψ	1,000,020			Ŷ	<i>,,,,,,</i> ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
Interest-Bearing Liabilities:									
Interest-Bearing Transaction									
Accounts and Money Market Funds	\$	232,640	886	1.51%	<u>د</u>	253.642		672	1.05%
Savings	φ	173,539	866	1.98%		154,980		462	1.19%
6		175,559	800	1.98%	0	154,980		402	1.19%
Certificates of Deposit under \$100,000 and		92 796	614	2.040	,	71.260		20.4	2 2007
IRA s Certificates of Deposit \$100,000 or more		82,786	614 794	2.94% 3.19%		71,360		394	2.20% 2.40%
· · · · · ·		98,670	25			77,033 314		466	2.40%
Other Time		2,755	-	3.60%					
Other Borrowings		121,435	1,078	3.52%	0	118,083		537	1.81%
	_		 						
Total Interest-Bearing Liabilities		711,825	4,263	2.38%	, o	675,412		2,533	1.49%
Non-interest Bearing Liabilities:									
Demand Deposits		242,849				226,462			
Other Liabilities		4,901				3,999			
Shareholders Equity		79,053				71,038			
					-				
Total Liabilities and Shareholders Equity	\$	1,038,628			\$	976,911			
	_				-				
Net Interest Income and Margin									
(Tax-equivalent Basis) ⁽²⁾			\$ 11,260	4.58%	6		\$	9,867	4.29%
			,					.,	

⁽¹⁾ Loan interest income includes fees and loan volumes include loans on non-accrual. The loan fees include loan origination fees which are considered adjustments to interest income. These fees aggregated \$427,000 and \$400,000 at September 30, 2005 and 2004, respectively. Related loan origination costs are not separately allocated to loans, but are charged to non-interest expense. For the purpose of calculating loan

yields, average loan balances include non-accrual loans with no related interest income.

(2) Presented on tax equivalent basis using a federal income tax rate of 35% for 2005 and 34% for 2004.

The net interest margin was 4.58% for the third quarter of 2005, which represented an increase of 29 basis points from the third quarter of 2004. This increase in net interest margin reflected a 93 basis point increase in yield on earning assets from the third quarter of 2004 to the third quarter of 2005, which was substantially offset by an 89 basis point increase in rates paid on interest-bearing liabilities from the third quarter of 2004 to the third quarter of 2005. The increase in net interest margin also reflected an increase in the volume of loans, up \$56.2 million or 8.3%, over the third quarter of 2004 and increases in non-interest bearing funding sources, such as demand deposits and shareholders equity. Average demand deposits were \$242.8 million in the third quarter of 2005, an increase of \$16.4 million, or 7.2%, over the third quarter of 2004.

Summary of Earning Assets and Interest-Bearing Liabilities (cont d.)

The following schedule presents average balance sheets that highlight earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities and their related rates earned and paid for the first nine months of 2005 and 2004 (rates on tax equivalent basis):

				Ň	ine Months End	led	September 30,			
				2005					2004	
		Average Balances	Average Interest Yield/Rate		0	Average Balances		Interest		Average Yield/Rate
					(Dollars in	Tho	ousands)			
Earning Assets:										
Federal Funds Sold & Due From Time	\$	7,823	\$	181	3.09%	6\$	5 17,813	\$	139	1.04%
Investment Securities (Taxable)		212,369		5,913	3.71%	6	194,295		5,435	3.73%
Investment Securities (Tax-exempt)		8,796		349	5.29%	6	7,032		291	5.51%
Loans, Net of Unearned Discount ⁽¹⁾		721,952		36,905	6.83%	6	632,076		28,102	5.94%
Total Earning Assets		950,940		43,348	6.09%	6	851,216		33,967	5.33%
		,.		- ,						
Non-interest Earning Assets:										
Cash and Due From Banks		30,361					28,398			
Other Assets		42,663					33,314			
Allowance for Loan Losses		(10,644)				_	(9,077)			
Total Assets	\$	1,013,320				\$	5 903,851			
	_									
Interest-Bearing Liabilities:										
Interest-Bearing Transaction Accounts and										
Money Market Funds	\$	233,203		2,400	1.38%	6\$	5 229,841		1,827	1.06%
Savings		168,002		2,206	1.76%	6	143,237		1,255	1.17%
Certificates of Deposit under \$100,000 and										
IRA s		78,341		1,585	2.70%	6	67,304		1,105	2.19%
Certificates of Deposit \$100,000 or more		89,253		1,951	2.92%	6	70,636		1,281	2.42%
Other Time		1,028		27	3.51%	6	315		6	2.66%
Other Borrowings		126,073		2,890	3.06%	6	113,559		1,249	1.47%
Total Interest-Bearing Liabilities		695,900		11,059	2.12%	- 6	624,892		6,723	1.44%
Total Increst-Dearing Liabilities		075,700		11,057	2.127	U	024,072		0,725	1.++70
Non-interest Bearing Liabilities:										
Demand Deposits		235,896					204,638			
Other Liabilities		4,435					3,740			
Shareholders Equity		77,089					70,581			
Total Liabilities and Shareholders Equity	\$	1,013,320				\$	6 903,851			
	_					-				
Net Interest Income and Margin (Tax-equivalent Basis) ⁽²⁾			\$	32,289	4.54%	6		\$	27,244	4.28%
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			+					-	,	5 / 6

⁽¹⁾ Loan interest income includes fees and loan volumes include loans on non-accrual. The loan fees include loan origination fees which are considered adjustments to interest income. These fees aggregated \$1,263,000 and \$1,124,000 for the nine month periods ended September 30, 2005 and 2004, respectively. Related loan origination costs are not separately allocated to loans, but are charged to non-interest expense. For

the purpose of calculating loan yields, average loan balances include non-accrual loans with no related interest income.

(2) Presented on tax equivalent basis using a federal income tax rate of 35% for 2005 and 34% for 2004.

The net interest margin was 4.54% for the nine months ended September 30, 2005 which represented a 26 basis point increase over the net interest margin of 4.28% for the nine months ended September 30, 2004. The increase in net interest margin reflected a 76 basis point increase in yield on earning assets from the first nine months of 2004 to the first nine months of 2005, which was partially offset by a 68 basis point increase in rates paid on interest-bearing liabilities from the first nine months of 2004 to the first nine months of 2005. The increase in net interest margin also reflected an increase in the volume of loans, up \$89.9 million, or 14.2%, over the first nine months of 2004 and increases in non-interest bearing funding sources, such as, demand deposits and shareholders equity. Average demand deposits were \$235.9 million for the first nine months of 2005, over the same period in 2004.

Summary of Earning Assets and Interest-Bearing Liabilities (cont d.)

In the event that our average loans continue to grow during the remainder of 2005 and we are unable to fund such growth solely through the generation of additional deposits, we may be required to obtain funding from secondary sources, such as the Federal Home Loan Bank or brokered deposits, which could have a material negative impact on our net interest margin. In this event, we may experience a slower growth in net interest margin during the remainder of 2005 as a result of any such borrowings, but expect to benefit as our investment portfolio and maturing fixed rate loans reprice at higher rates. Because of the composition of our balance sheet and our emphasis on commercial lending, we are market interest rate sensitive and expect to benefit from any market interest rate increases, assuming deposit interest rates do not increase significantly faster than interest rates on earning assets.

Net Interest Income

Net interest income (tax equivalent) for the third quarter of 2005 was \$11,260,000, which represented an increase of \$1,393,000, or 14.1%, compared to the third guarter of 2004. In the third guarter of 2005, tax equivalent interest income increased \$3,123,000, or 25.2%, while interest expense increased \$1,730,000, or 68.3%, compared to the third quarter of 2004. The increase in net interest income resulted from a 6.6% increase in average earning assets for the third quarter of 2005 compared to the third quarter of 2004, along with a 200 basis point increase in market interest rates (as measured by average market rates published in the Wall Street Journal) from September 2004 through September 2005.

Net interest income (tax equivalent) for the first nine months of 2005 was \$32,289,000, which represented an increase of \$5,045,000, or 18.5%, compared to the first nine months of 2004. For the first nine months of 2005, tax equivalent interest income increased \$9,381,000, or 27.6%, while interest expense increased \$4,336,000, or 67.5% compared to the first nine months of 2004. The increase in net interest income reflected an 11.7% increase in average earning assets for the first nine months of 2005 compared to the first nine months of 2004.

The table below summarizes the effects of changes in interest rates and average volumes of earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities on net interest income (tax equivalent) for the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2005 and 2004. Non-accruing loans have been included in assets for these computations, thereby reducing yields on total loans. For purposes of this table, changes attributable to both rate and volume which cannot be segregated have been allocated to rate.

		3rd Qtr. 2005 vs. 3rd Qtr. 2004 Increase (Decrease) Due to Changes in: Volume Rate Total							Nine Months 2005 vs. Nine Months 200 Increase (Decrease) Due to Changes in:						
	Vo	lume		Rate		Total		Volume		Rate		Total			
						(Dollars in	Tho	usands)							
Interest Earning Assets:															
Federal Funds Sold	\$	(10)	\$	74	\$	64	\$	(77)	\$	120	\$	43			
Investment Securities (Taxable)		48		85		133		505		(28)		477			
Investment Securities (Tax-exempt)		36		(16)		20		73		(15)		58			
Loans, Net of Unearned Discount		852		2,054		2,906		3,995		4,807		8,802			
				<u> </u>											
Total Interest Income		926		2,197		3,123		4,496		4,884		9,380			
					_										
Interest-Bearing Liabilities:															
Deposits		209		980		1,189		775		1,920					

ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET INTEREST INCOME