SeaWorld Entertainment, Inc. Form 10-Q May 15, 2014 Table of Contents

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2014

or

" TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from ______ to _____

Commission File Number: 001-35883

SeaWorld Entertainment, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of 27-1220297 (I.R.S. Employer

incorporation or organization) Id 9205 South Park Center Loop, Suite 400

Identification No.)

Orlando, Florida 32819

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(407) 226-5011

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes $x = No^{-1}$

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (\$232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer "	Accelerated filer "
Non-accelerated filer x (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)	Smaller reporting company "
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12	b-2 of the Exchange
Act). Yes "No x	

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer s classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date:

The registrant had outstanding 90,001,712 shares of Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share as of May 12, 2014.

SEAWORLD ENTERTAINMENT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

FORM 10-Q

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SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

In addition to historical information, this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q may contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the Securities Act), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act), which are subject to the safe harbor created by those sections. All statements, other than statements of historical facts included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, including statements concerning our plans, objectives, goals, beliefs, business strategies, future events, business conditions, our results of operations, financial position and our business outlook, business trends and other information, may be forward-looking statements. Words such as estimates, expects. contemplates, anticipates, plans, believes, should and variations of such words or similar expression projects, intends, forecasts, may, intended to identify forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements are not historical facts, and are based upon our current expectations, beliefs, estimates and projections, and various assumptions, many of which, by their nature, are inherently uncertain and beyond our control. Our expectations, beliefs, estimates and projections are expressed in good faith and we believe there is a reasonable basis for them. However, there can be no assurance that management s expectations, beliefs, estimates and projections will result or be achieved and actual results may vary materially from what is expressed in or indicated by the forward-looking statements.

There are a number of risks, uncertainties and other important factors, many of which are beyond our control, that could cause our actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. Such risks, uncertainties and other important factors that could cause actual results to differ include, among others, the risks, uncertainties and factors set forth under Item 1A. Risk Factors in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC), and in this report, as such risk factors may be updated from time to time in our periodic filings with the SEC, and are accessible on the SEC s website at *www.sec.gov*, including the following:

a decline in discretionary consumer spending or consumer confidence;

various factors beyond our control adversely affecting attendance and guest spending at our theme parks;

inability to protect our intellectual property or the infringement on intellectual property rights of others;

incidents or adverse publicity concerning our theme parks;

featuring animals at our theme parks;

the loss of licenses and permits required to exhibit animals;

significant portion of revenues generated in the States of Florida, California and Virginia and the Orlando market;

inability to compete effectively;

loss of key personnel;

increased labor costs;

unionization activities or labor disputes;

inability to meet workforce needs;

inability to fund theme park capital expenditures;

high fixed cost structure of theme park operations;

inability to maintain certain commercial licenses;

changing consumer tastes and preferences;

restrictions in our debt agreements limiting flexibility in operating our business;

our substantial leverage;

seasonal fluctuations;

inability to realize the benefits of acquisitions or other strategic initiatives;

adverse litigation judgments or settlements;

inadequate insurance coverage;

inability to purchase or contract with third party manufacturers for rides and attractions;

environmental regulations, expenditures and liabilities;

cyber security risks;

suspension or termination of any of our business licenses;

our limited operating history as a standalone company; and

the ability of affiliates of The Blackstone Group L.P. to significantly influence our decisions. We caution you that the risks, uncertainties and other factors referenced above may not contain all of the risks, uncertainties and other factors that are important to you. In addition, we cannot assure you that we will realize the results, benefits or developments that we expect or anticipate or, even if substantially realized, that they will result in the consequences or affect us or our business in the way expected. There can be no assurance that (i) we have correctly measured or identified all of the factors affecting our business or the extent of these factors likely impact, (ii) the available information with respect to these factors on which such analysis is based is complete or accurate, (iii) such analysis is correct or (iv) our strategy, which is based in part on this analysis, will be successful. All forward-looking statements in this report apply only as of the date of this report or as of the date they were made and, except as required by applicable law, we undertake no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise.

All references to we, us, our, Company or SeaWorld in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q mean SeaWorld Entertainment, Inc., its subsidiaries and affiliates.

Website and Social Media Disclosure

We use our website (*www.seaworldentertainment.com*) and our corporate Twitter account (*@Seaworld*) as channels of distribution of company information. The information we post through these channels may be deemed material. Accordingly, investors should monitor these channels, in addition to following our press releases, SEC filings and public conference calls and webcasts. In addition, you may automatically receive e-mail alerts and other information about SeaWorld when you enroll your e-mail address by visiting the Email Alerts section of our website at *www.seaworldinvestors.com*. The contents of our website and social media channels are not, however, a part of this report.

Trademarks, Service Marks and Tradenames

We own or have rights to use a number of registered and common law trademarks, service marks and trade names in connection with our business in the United States and in certain foreign jurisdictions, including SeaWorld Entertainment , SeaWorld Parks & Entertainment , SeaWorld®, Shamu®, Busch Gardens®, Aquatica , Discovery Cove®, Sea Rescue and other names and marks that identify our theme parks, characters, rides, attractions and other businesses. In addition, we have certain rights to use Sesame Street® marks, characters and related indicia through certain license agreements with Sesame Workshop (f/k/a Children s Television Workshop).

Solely for convenience, the trademarks, service marks, and trade names referred to in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are without the ® and symbols, but such references are not intended to indicate, in any way, that we will not assert, to the fullest extent under applicable law, our rights or the rights of the applicable licensors to these trademarks, service marks, and trade names. This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q may contain additional trademarks, service marks and trade names of others, which are the property of their respective owners. All trademarks, service marks and

trade names appearing in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are, to our knowledge, the property of their respective owners.

PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements SEAWORLD ENTERTAINMENT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)

	Μ	March 31, 2014		ecember 31, 2013
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	61,240	\$	116,841
Accounts receivable, net		38,451		41,509
Inventories		41,788		36,209
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		23,534		19,613
Deferred tax assets, net		33,108		28,887
Total current assets		198,121		243,059
Property and equipment, net	1	,780,406		1,771,500
Goodwill		335,610		335,610
Trade names, net		163,233		163,508
Other intangible assets, net		27,014		27,843
Other assets		40,117		40,753
Total assets	\$2	2,544,501	\$	2,582,273
Liabilities and Stockholders Equity				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	113,482	\$	98,500
Current maturities on long-term debt		14,050		14,050
Accrued salaries, wages and benefits		16,463		23,996
Deferred revenue		124,605		82,945
Dividends payable		18,015		17,939
Other accrued expenses		25,795		15,264
Total current liabilities		312,410		252,694
Long-term debt	1	,624,798		1,627,183
Deferred tax liabilities, net		1,101		29,776
Other liabilities		18,781		18,488
Total liabilities	1	,957,090		1,928,141

Commitments and contingencies (Note 10)		
Stockholders Equity:		
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value authorized, 100,000,000 shares, no shares issued or		
outstanding at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013		
Common stock, \$0.01 par value authorized, 1,000,000,000 shares; 89,920,890 shares	5	
issued at March 31, 2014 and 89,900,453 shares issued at December 31, 2013	899	899
Additional paid-in capital	672,312	689,394
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income	(197)	11
(Accumulated deficit) retained earnings	(41,440)	7,991
Treasury stock, at cost (1,500,000 shares at March 31, 2014 and December 31,		
2013)	(44,163)	(44,163)
Total stockholders equity	587,411	654,132
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$ 2,544,501	\$ 2,582,273

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

SEAWORLD ENTERTAINMENT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS

OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

(In thousands, except per share amounts)

	For the Three Months Endo March 31,			
		2014		2013
Net revenues:	¢	127 206	¢	152 426
Admissions	\$	137,386	\$	152,426
Food, merchandise and other		74,904		86,184
Total revenues		212,290		238,610
Costs and expenses:				
Cost of food, merchandise and other revenues		16,760		19,828
Operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization shown separately				
below)		167,912		173,260
Selling, general and administrative		45,076		39,987
Secondary offering costs		674		
Depreciation and amortization		41,276		41,408
Total costs and expenses		271,698		274,483
Operating loss		(59,408)		(35,873)
Other loss (income), net		17		(73)
Interest expense		20,046		28,606
Loss before income taxes		(79,471)		(64,406)
Benefit from income taxes		(30,040)		(24,046)
Net loss	\$	(49,431)	\$	(40,360)
Other comprehensive (loss) income:				
Unrealized (loss) gain on derivatives, net of tax		(208)		294
Comprehensive loss	\$	(49,639)	\$	(40,066)
Loss per share:				
Net loss per share, basic	\$	(0.56)	\$	(0.49)
Net loss per share, diluted	\$	(0.56)	\$	(0.49)

Weighted average commons shares outstanding:		
Basic	88,415	82,768
Diluted	88,415	82,768
Cash dividanda daalarad nar shara		
Cash dividends declared per share:		
Cash dividends declared per share	\$ 0.20	\$

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

SEAWORLD ENTERTAINMENT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2014

(In thousands, except per share and share amounts)

				A Retained	ccumulate Other	d	
	Shares of		Additional	EarningCo	omprehensi	vEreasury	Total
	Common Stock	Common	Paid-In (Accumulate	d Income	Stock, at S	Stockholders
	Issued	Stock	Capital	Deficit)	(Loss)	Cost	Equity
Balance at December 31,							
2013	89,900,453	\$ 899	\$ 689,394	\$ 7,991	\$ 11	\$ (44,163)	\$ 654,132
Equity-based compensation			762				762
Unrealized loss on							
derivatives, net of tax benefit							
of \$123					(208)		(208)
Vesting of restricted shares	22,978						
Shares withheld for tax							
withholdings	(2,541)		(78)				(78)
Cash dividends declared to							
stockholders (\$0.20 per share)		(17,766)				(17,766)
Net loss				(49,431)			(49,431)
Balance at March 31, 2014	89,920,890	\$ 899	\$ 672,312	\$ (41,440)	\$ (197)	\$ (44,163)	\$ 587,411

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

SEAWORLD ENTERTAINMENT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In thousands)

	For the Three Months Ende March 31,			
		2014		2013
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:			*	(10.0.00)
Net loss	\$	(49,431)	\$	(40,360)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities:				11 100
Depreciation and amortization		41,276		41,408
Amortization of debt issuance costs and discounts		2,701		4,240
Loss on sale or disposal of assets		908		4,147
Deferred income tax provision		(32,772)		(24,046)
Equity-based compensation		762		320
Changes in assets and liabilities:				((-)
Accounts receivable		3,231		(2,240)
Inventories		(5,579)		(5,897)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		(3,417)		(6,125)
Accounts payable		10,636		11,095
Accrued salaries, wages and benefits		(7,532)		(16,017)
Deferred revenue		41,293		44,766
Other accrued expenses		10,034		12,306
Other assets and liabilities		901		577
Net cash provided by operating activities		13,011		24,174
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:				
Capital expenditures		(46,827)		(32,319)
Change in restricted cash		(504)		(467)
Net cash used in investing activities		(47,331)		(32,786)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities:				
Repayment of long-term debt		(3,512)		(5,229)
Proceeds from draw on revolving credit facility		(0,012)		35,000
Repayment of revolving credit facility				(5,000)
Dividends paid to stockholders		(17,691)		(184)
Payment of tax withholdings on equity-based compensation through shares		(17,0)1)		(101)
withheld		(78)		
Offering costs		(, 0)		(2,283)
				(_,_00)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities		(21,281)		22,304

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Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents Beginning of period	(55,601) 116,841	13,692 45,675
Cash and Cash Equivalents End of period	\$ 61,240	\$ 59,367
Supplemental Disclosures of Noncash Investing and Financing Activities		
Capital expenditures in accounts payable	\$ 31,506	\$ 34,548
Dividends declared, but unpaid	\$ 18,015	\$

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

SEAWORLD ENTERTAINMENT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

1. DESCRIPTION OF THE BUSINESS AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Description of the Business

SeaWorld Entertainment, Inc., through its wholly-owned subsidiary, SeaWorld Parks & Entertainment, Inc. (SEA) and its subsidiaries (collectively, the Company), owns and operates eleven theme parks within the United States. Prior to December 1, 2009, the Company did not have any operations. Prior to its initial public offering on April 24, 2013, the Company was owned by ten limited partnerships (the Partnerships or the selling stockholders), ultimately owned by affiliates of The Blackstone Group L.P. (Blackstone) and certain co-investors.

On April 9, 2014, the selling stockholders completed a registered secondary offering of 17,250,000 shares of common stock, including 2,250,000 shares pursuant to the exercise in full of the underwriters option to purchase additional shares. The selling stockholders received all of the net proceeds from the offering and no shares were sold by the Company. Concurrently with the closing of the secondary offering in April 2014, the Company repurchased 1,750,000 shares of its common stock directly from the selling stockholders in a private, non-underwritten transaction at a price per share equal to the price per share paid to the selling stockholders by the underwriters in the secondary offering. See further discussion in Note 12-Stockholders Equity.

The Company operates SeaWorld theme parks in Orlando, Florida; San Antonio, Texas; and San Diego, California, and Busch Gardens theme parks in Tampa, Florida, and Williamsburg, Virginia. The Company operates water park attractions in Orlando, Florida (Aquatica); San Diego, California (Aquatica), Tampa, Florida (Adventure Island), and Williamsburg, Virginia (Water Country USA). The Company also operates a reservations-only attraction offering interaction with marine animals (Discovery Cove) and a seasonal park in Langhorne, Pennsylvania (Sesame Place).

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC) regarding interim financial reporting. Certain information and note disclosures normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations. Therefore, these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes for the year ended December 31, 2013 included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC. The unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2013 has been derived from the audited consolidated financial statements included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K.

In the opinion of management, such unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all normal recurring adjustments necessary to present fairly the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows for the interim periods, but are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations for the year ending December 31, 2014 or any future period due to the seasonal nature of the Company s operations. Based upon historical results, the Company typically generates its highest revenues in the second and third quarters of each year and incurs a net loss in the first and fourth quarters, in part because six of its theme parks are only open for a portion of the year.

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, including SEA. All intercompany accounts have been eliminated in consolidation.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements and related disclosures in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Significant estimates and assumptions include, but are not limited to, the accounting for self-insurance, deferred tax assets, deferred revenue, equity compensation and the valuation of goodwill and other indefinite-lived intangible assets. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

SEAWORLD ENTERTAINMENT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

Segment Reporting

The Company maintains discrete financial information for each of its eleven theme parks, which is used by the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM), identified as the Chief Executive Officer, as a basis for allocating resources. Each theme park has been identified as an operating segment and meets the criteria for aggregation due to similar economic characteristics. In addition, all of the theme parks provide similar products and services and share similar processes for delivering services. The theme parks have a high degree of similarity in the workforces and target the same consumer group. Accordingly, based on these economic and operational similarities and the way the CODM monitors the operations, the Company has concluded that its operating segments may be aggregated and that it has one reportable segment.

2. RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The Company reviews new accounting pronouncements as they are issued or proposed by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB). The Company is not aware of any new accounting pronouncements that will have a material impact on the Company s financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

3. LOSS PER SHARE

Loss per share is computed as follows (in thousands, except per share data):

	Three Months Ended March 31,						
		2014			2013		
			Per Share			Per Share	
	Net Loss	Shares	Amount	Net Loss	Shares	Amount	
Basic loss per share	\$ (49,431)	88,415	\$ (0.56)	\$ (40,360)	82,768	\$ (0.49)	
Effect of dilutive incentive-based awards							
Diluted loss per share	\$(49,431)	88,415	\$ (0.56)	\$ (40,360)	82,768	\$ (0.49)	

In accordance with the *Earnings Per Share* Topic of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification (ASC), basic loss per share is computed by dividing net loss by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period (excluding unvested restricted stock). The weighted average number of repurchased shares during the period that are held as treasury stock are excluded from common stock outstanding. Diluted loss per share is determined based on the dilutive effect of unvested restricted stock probable of vesting using the treasury stock method. During the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, the Company excluded potentially dilutive shares of 337 (in thousands) and 871 (in thousands), respectively, from the calculation of diluted loss per share as their effect

would have been anti-dilutive due to the Company s net loss in those periods.

4. INCOME TAXES

Income tax (benefit) expense is recognized based on the Company s estimated annual effective tax rate which is based upon the tax rate expected for the full calendar year applied to the pre-tax income or loss of the interim period. The Company s consolidated effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2014 was 37.8% and differs from the statutory federal income tax rate primarily due to state income taxes. The Company s consolidated effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2013 was 37.3% and differs from the statutory federal income tax rate primarily due to certain tax credits and state income taxes.

The Company has determined that there are no positions currently taken that would rise to a level requiring an amount to be recorded or disclosed as an uncertain tax position. If such positions do arise, it is the Company s intent that any interest or penalty amount related to such positions will be recorded as a component of tax expense to the applicable period.

SEAWORLD ENTERTAINMENT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

5. OTHER ACCRUED EXPENSES

Other accrued expenses at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, consisted of the following:

	March 31, 2014			ember 31, 2013
Accrued property taxes	\$	2,386	\$	2,113
Accrued interest		9,804		2,636
Self-insurance reserve		7,800		7,800
Other		5,805		2,715
Total other accrued expenses	\$	25,795	\$	15,264

6. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 consisted of the following:

	March 31, 2014	De	cember 31, 2013
Term B-2 Loans	\$1,394,462	\$	1,397,975
Revolving credit agreement			
Senior Notes	260,000		260,000
Total long-term debt	1,654,462		1,657,975
Less discounts	(15,614)		(16,742)
Less current maturities	(14,050)		(14,050)
Total long-term debt, net of current maturities	\$1,624,798	\$	1,627,183

SEA is the borrower under the senior secured credit facilities, as amended pursuant to a credit agreement dated as of December 1, 2009 (Senior Secured Credit Facilities). Also on December 1, 2009, SEA issued \$400,000 aggregate principal amount of unsecured senior notes due December 1, 2016 (the Senior Notes). In conjunction with the Company s initial public offering completed on April 24, 2013, the Company used a portion of the net proceeds received from the offering to repay \$37,000 of the outstanding indebtedness under the then existing Term B Loan and to redeem \$140,000 aggregate principal amount of its Senior Notes at a redemption price of 111.0%, plus accrued and unpaid interest thereon. See further discussion in Note 12-Stockholders Equity.

Deferred financing costs, net of accumulated amortization and amounts written-off for early extinguishment of debt, were \$30,744 and \$32,317 as of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively, are being amortized to interest expense using the effective interest method over the term of the Senior Secured Credit Facilities or the Senior Notes and are included in other assets in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets.

As of March 31, 2014, the Company was in compliance with all covenants in the provisions contained in the documents governing the Senior Secured Credit Facilities and in the indenture governing the Senior Notes.

Senior Secured Credit Facilities

As of March 31, 2014, the Senior Secured Credit Facilities consisted of a \$1,394,462 senior secured term loan facility (the Term B-2 Loans), which will mature on May 14, 2020 and a \$192,500 senior secured revolving credit facility (the Revolving Credit Facility), which was not drawn upon at March 31, 2014. The Revolving Credit Facility will mature on the earlier of (a) April 24, 2018 and (b) the 91st day prior to the earlier of (1) the maturity date of Senior Notes with an aggregate principal amount greater than \$50,000 outstanding and (2) the maturity date of any indebtedness incurred to refinance any of the term loans or the Senior Notes.

The Term B-2 Loans were borrowed in an aggregate principal amount of \$1,405,000. Borrowings under the Secured Credit Facilities bear interest, at SEA s option, at a rate equal to a margin over either (a) a base rate determined by reference to the higher of (1) the Bank of America s prime lending rate and (2) the federal funds effective rate plus 1/2 of 1% or (b) a LIBOR rate determined by

SEAWORLD ENTERTAINMENT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

reference to the British Bankers Association (BBA) LIBOR rate, or the successor thereto if the BBA is no longer making a LIBOR rate available, for the interest period relevant to such borrowing. The applicable margin for the Term B-2 Loans is 1.25%, in the case of base rate loans, and 2.25%, in the case of LIBOR rate loans, subject to a base rate floor of 1.75% and a LIBOR floor of 0.75%. The applicable margin for the Term B-2 Loans (under either a base rate or LIBOR rate) is subject to one 25 basis point step-down upon achievement by SEA of a certain total leverage ratio. At March 31, 2014, the Company selected the LIBOR rate (interest rate of 3.00% at March 31, 2014).

The applicable margin for borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility is 1.75%, in the case of base rate loans, and 2.75%, in the case of LIBOR rate loans. The applicable margin (under either a base rate or LIBOR rate) is subject to one 25 basis point step-down upon achievement by SEA of certain corporate credit ratings. At March 31, 2014, SEA selected the LIBOR rate and achieved the corporate credit ratings for an applicable margin of 2.50%. The Company did not draw on the Revolving Credit Facility during the three months ended March 31, 2014 and had no amounts outstanding relating to the Revolving Credit Facility at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

In addition to paying interest on outstanding principal under the Senior Secured Credit Facilities, SEA is required to pay a commitment fee to the lenders under the Revolving Credit Facility in respect of the unutilized commitments thereunder. SEA is also required to pay customary letter of credit fees.

Term B-2 Loans amortize in equal quarterly installments in an aggregate annual amount equal to 1.0% of the original principal amount of the Term B-2 Loans on May 14, 2013, with the first payment due and paid on September 30, 2013 and the balance due on the final maturity date. The Term B-2 Loans have a final maturity date of May 14, 2020. SEA may voluntarily repay amounts outstanding under the Senior Secured Credit Facilities at any time without premium or penalty, other than customary breakage costs with respect to LIBOR loans.

SEA may also increase and/or add one or more incremental term loan facilities to the Senior Secured Credit Facilities and/or increase commitments under the Revolving Credit Facility in an aggregate principal amount of up to \$350,000. SEA may also incur additional incremental term loans provided that, among other things, on a pro forma basis after giving effect to the incurrence of such incremental term loans, the first lien secured leverage ratio, as defined in the Senior Secured Credit Facility, is no greater than 3.50 to 1.00.

As of March 31, 2014, the Company had approximately \$23,500 of outstanding letters of credit, leaving approximately \$169,000 available for borrowing. Subsequent to March 31, 2014, the Company drew \$40,000 on the Revolving Credit Facility and has repaid \$25,000.

Senior Notes

The Senior Notes interest rate is 11.0% per annum and can be redeemed by SEA at any time. Interest is paid semi-annually in arrears. The obligations under the Senior Notes are guaranteed by the same entities as those that guarantee the Senior Secured Credit Facilities. Prior to December 1, 2014, SEA may redeem some or all of the Senior Notes at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Senior Notes redeemed plus the Applicable Premium as

of, and accrued and unpaid interest to the redemption date, subject to the right of the holders of record on the relevant record date to receive interest due on the relevant interest payment date. The Applicable Premium is defined as the greater of (1) 1.0% of the principal amount of the Senior Notes and (2) the excess, if any, of (a) the present value at such redemption date of (i) the redemption price of the Senior Notes at December 1, 2014 plus (ii) all required interest payments due on the Senior Notes through December 1, 2014 (excluding accrued but unpaid interest to the redemption date), computed using a discount rate equal to the Treasury Rate plus 50 basis points over (b) the principal amount of the Senior Notes. On or after December 1, 2014, the Senior Notes may be redeemed at 105.5% and 102.75% of the principal balance beginning on December 1, 2014 and 2015, respectively. The covenant leverage ratio, as defined, is 3.00 to 1.00.

SEAWORLD ENTERTAINMENT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

Long-term debt at March 31, 2014, is repayable as follows, not including any possible prepayments:

Years Ending December 31,	
2014	\$ 10,537
2015	14,050
2016	274,050
2017	14,050
2018	14,050
Thereafter	1,327,725
Total	\$ 1,654,462

Interest Rate Swap Agreements

On August 23, 2012, SEA executed two interest rate swap agreements (the Interest Rate Swap Agreements) to effectively fix the interest rate on \$550,000 of the Term B Loans. Each interest rate swap had a notional amount of \$275,000; was scheduled to mature on September 30, 2016; required the Company to pay a fixed rate of interest of 1.247% per annum; paid swap counterparties a variable rate of interest based upon three month BBA LIBOR; and had interest settlement dates occurring on the last day of December, March, June and September through maturity. SEA had designated such interest rate swap agreements as qualifying cash flow hedge accounting relationships.

As a result of an amendment to the Senior Secured Credit Facilities in May 2013, the Interest Rate Swap Agreements were restructured into two interest rate swaps totaling \$550,000 to match the refinanced debt. Each restructured interest rate swap has a notional amount of \$275,000; matures on September 30, 2016; requires the Company to pay a fixed rate of interest between 1.049% and 1.051% per annum; pays swap counterparties a variable rate of interest based upon the greater of 0.75% or three month BBA LIBOR; and has interest settlement dates occurring on the last day of December, March, June and September through maturity.

In March 2014, the Company executed a new interest rate swap agreement to effectively fix the interest rate on \$450,000 of the Term B-2 Loans. The new interest rate swap has an effective date of March 31, 2014; has a notional amount of \$450,000; matures on September 30, 2016; requires the Company to pay a fixed rate of interest of 1.051% per annum; pays swap counterparties a variable rate of interest based upon the greater of 0.75% or three month BBA LIBOR; and has interest settlement dates occurring on the last day of December, March, June and September through maturity.

SEA designated the interest rate swap agreements above as qualifying cash flow hedge accounting relationships as further discussed in Note 7-Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities which follows.

Cash paid for interest relating to the Senior Secured Credit Facilities, the Senior Notes and the interest rate swap agreements was \$11,253 and \$14,254 for the three month periods ending March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

7. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS AND HEDGING ACTIVITIES

Risk Management Objective of Using Derivatives

The Company is exposed to certain risks arising from both its business operations and economic conditions. The Company principally manages its exposures to a wide variety of business and operational risks through management of its core business activities. The Company manages economic risks, including interest rate, liquidity, and credit risk primarily by managing the amount, sources, and duration of its debt funding and the use of derivative financial instruments. Specifically, the Company enters into derivative financial instruments to manage exposures that arise from business activities that result in the receipt or payment of future known and uncertain cash amounts, the value of which are determined by interest rates. The Company s derivative financial instruments are used to manage differences in the amount, timing, and duration of the Company s known or expected cash receipts and its known or expected cash payments principally related to the Company s borrowings.

As of March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, the Company did not have any derivatives outstanding that were not designated in hedge accounting relationships.

SEAWORLD ENTERTAINMENT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

Cash Flow Hedges of Interest Rate Risk

The Company s objectives in using interest rate derivatives are to add stability to interest expense and to manage its exposure to interest rate movements. To accomplish this objective, the Company primarily uses interest rate swaps as part of its interest rate risk management strategy. During the three months ended March 31, 2014, such derivatives were used to hedge the variable cash flows associated with existing variable-rate debt. As of March 31, 2014, the Company had three outstanding interest rate risk. In connection with Amendment No. 5 to the Senior Secured Credit Facility on May 14, 2013, the Company restructured two of its then existing interest rate swaps to match the refinanced debt. The restructuring of the interest rate swap required a re-designation of the hedge accounting relationship. The re-designation is expected to result in the recognition of a minimal amount of ineffectiveness throughout the remaining term of the interest rate swaps.

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives designated and that qualify as cash flow hedges is recorded in accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income and is subsequently reclassified into earnings in the period that the hedged forecasted transaction affects earnings. The ineffective portion of the change in fair value of the derivatives is recognized directly in earnings. During the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, there was no ineffective portion recognized in earnings. Amounts reported in accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income related to derivatives will be reclassified to interest expense as interest payments are made on the Company s variable-rate debt. During the next 12 months, the Company estimates that an additional \$2,921 will be reclassified as an increase to interest expense.

Tabular Disclosure of Fair Values of Derivative Instruments on the Balance Sheet

The table below presents the fair value of the Company s derivative financial instruments as well as their classification on the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet as of March 31, 2014:

		As of Mar	ch 31, 2014		
	Asset Derivatives Balance Sheet		Liabilities Derivati Balance Sheet		ves
	Location	Fair Value	Location	Fair	Value
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments:					
Interest rate swaps	Other assets	\$	Other liabilities	\$	238
Total derivatives designated as hedging instruments		\$		\$	238

The unrealized loss on derivatives is recorded net of a tax benefit of \$123 for the three months ended March 31, 2014, and is included within the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive loss.

Tabular Disclosure of the Effect of Derivative Instruments on the Statements of Comprehensive Loss

The table below presents the pre-tax effect of the Company s derivative financial instruments on the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive loss for the three months ended March 31, 2014:

	e Months H 2014	larch 31 013
Derivatives in Cash Flow Hedging Relationships:		
(Loss) gain related to effective portion of derivatives		
recognized in accumulated other comprehensive		
(loss) income	\$ (726)	\$ 672
Gain (loss) related to effective portion of derivatives		
reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive		
(loss) income to interest expense	\$ 395	\$ (340)
Gain (loss) related to ineffective portion of		
derivatives recognized in other income (expense)	\$	\$

SEAWORLD ENTERTAINMENT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

Credit Risk-Related Contingent Features

The Company has agreements with each of its derivative counterparties that contain a provision where if the Company defaults on any of its indebtedness, including default where repayment of the indebtedness has not been accelerated by the lender, then the Company could also be declared in default on its derivative obligations.

As of March 31, 2014, the termination value of derivatives in a net liability position, which includes accrued interest but excludes any adjustment for nonperformance risk, related to these agreements was \$264. As of March 31, 2014, the Company has posted no collateral related to these agreements. If the Company had breached any of these provisions at March 31, 2014, it could have been required to settle its obligations under the agreements at their termination value of \$264.

Changes in Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income

The following table reflects the changes in accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income for the three months ended March 31, 2014, net of tax:

	on F	(Losses) Cash `low edges
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income:		
Balance at December 31, 2013	\$	11
Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications		(456)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income to interest expense		248
Unrealized loss on derivatives, net of tax		(208)
Balance at March 31, 2014	\$	(197)

8. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair value is a market-based measurement, not an entity-specific measurement. Therefore, a fair value measurement is required to be determined based on the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. As a basis for considering market participant assumptions in fair value measurements, fair value accounting standards establish a fair value hierarchy that distinguishes between market participant assumptions based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity (observable inputs that are classified within Levels 1 and 2

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of the hierarchy) and the reporting entity s own assumptions about market participant assumptions (unobservable inputs classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy).

The Company has determined that the majority of the inputs used to value its derivative financial instruments using the income approach fall within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. The Company uses readily available market data to value its derivatives, such as interest rate curves and discount factors. ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*, also requires consideration of credit risk in the valuation. The Company uses a potential future exposure model to estimate this credit valuation adjustment (CVA). The inputs to the CVA are largely based on observable market data, with the exception of certain assumptions regarding credit worthiness which make the CVA a Level 3 input. Based on the magnitude of the CVA, it is not considered a significant input and the derivatives are classified as Level 2. Of the Company is long-term obligations, the Term B-2 Loans are classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy. The fair value of the term loans as of March 31, 2014 approximates their carrying value due to the variable nature of the underlying interest rates and the frequent intervals at which such interest rates are reset. The Senior Notes are classified in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy and have been valued using significant inputs that are not observable in the market including a discount rate of 9.63% and projected cash flows of the underlying Senior Notes.

SEAWORLD ENTERTAINMENT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

There were no transfers between Levels 1, 2 or 3 during the three months ended March 31, 2014. The Company did not have any assets measured at fair value as of March 31, 2014. The following table presents the Company s estimated fair value measurements and related classifications as of March 31, 2014:

	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets and Liabilities (Level 1)	n Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Balance at March 31, 2014
Liabilities:				
Derivative financial instruments (a)	\$	\$ 238	\$	\$ 238
Long-term obligations ^(b)	\$	\$ 1,394,462	\$ 260,644	\$1,655,106

(a) Reflected at fair value in the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet as other liabilities of \$238.

(b) Reflected at carrying value in the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet as current maturities on long-term debt of \$1,624,798 as of March 31, 2014.

There were no transfers between Levels 1, 2 or 3 during the year ended December 31, 2013. The following table presents the Company s estimated fair value measurements and related classifications as of December 31, 2013:

	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets and Liabilities (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs	Significant Unobservable Inputs	Balance at December 31,
	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	2013
Assets:	(Level I)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)	2013
Assets: Derivative financial instruments ^(a)	(Level I) \$	(Level 2) \$ 71	(Level 3) \$	2013 \$ 71
		``````````````````````````````````````	, , ,	

- (a) Reflected at fair value in the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet as other assets of \$71.
- (b) Reflected at carrying value in the unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet as current maturities on long-term debt of \$14,050 and long-term debt of \$1,627,183 as of December 31, 2013.

# 9. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Prior to April 2013, certain affiliates of Blackstone provided monitoring, advisory, and consulting services to the Company under an advisory fee agreement (the 2009 Advisory Agreement ), which was terminated on April 24, 2013 in connection with the completion of the initial public offering (see Note 12 Stockholders Equity). Fees related to these services, which were based upon a multiple of Adjusted EBITDA as defined in the 2009 Advisory Agreement, amounted to \$925 for the three months ended March 31, 2013. These amounts are included in selling, general and administrative expenses in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive loss. There were no fees related to these services in the three months ended March 31, 2014 due to the termination of the 2009 Advisory Agreement in April 2013.

In connection with the completion of the initial public offering in April 2013 (see Note 12 Stockholders Equity), the 2009 Advisory Agreement between the Company and affiliates of Blackstone was terminated (except for certain provisions relating to indemnification and certain other provisions, which survived termination). In connection with such termination, in April 2013, the Company paid a termination fee of \$46,300 to Blackstone using a portion of the net proceeds from the offering and wrote off \$3,772 of the 2013 prepaid advisory fee. The combined expense of \$50,072 was recorded as termination of advisory agreement during the three months ended June 30, 2013.

### SEAWORLD ENTERTAINMENT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

#### NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

In June 2013, September 2013, December 2013, and March 2014 the Company s Board of Directors declared a cash dividend of \$0.20 per share to all common stockholders of record at the close of business on June 20, 2013, September 20, 2013, December 20, 2013, and March 20, 2014, respectively (see Note 12 Stockholders Equity). In connection with these dividend declarations, certain affiliates of Blackstone were paid dividends in the amount of \$11,749, \$11,749, \$7,849 and \$7,849 on July 1, 2013, October 1, 2013, January 3, 2014 and April 1, 2014, respectively.

In December 2013 and April 2014, the Company repurchased shares of its common stock from the selling stockholders concurrently with the closing of the respective secondary offerings in December 2013 and April 2014. See further discussion in Note 12 Stockholders Equity.

### **10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

The Company is a party to various claims and legal proceedings arising in the normal course of business. Matters where an unfavorable outcome to the Company is probable and which can be reasonably estimated are accrued. Such accruals, which are not material for any period presented, are based on information known about the matters, the Company s estimate of the outcomes of such matters, and the Company s experience in contesting, litigating, and settling similar matters. Matters that are considered reasonably possible to result in a material loss are not accrued for, but an estimate of the possible loss or range of loss is disclosed, if such amount or range can be determined. Management does not expect any known claims or legal proceedings to have a material adverse effect on the Company s consolidated financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

## **11. EQUITY-BASED COMPENSATION**

In accordance with ASC 718, *Compensation-Stock Compensation*, the Company measures the cost of employee services rendered in exchange for share-based compensation based upon the grant date fair market value. The cost is recognized over the requisite service period, which is generally the vesting period.

#### **Employee Units Surrendered for Common Stock**

Prior to April 18, 2013, the Company had an Employee Unit Incentive Plan ( Employee Unit Plan ). Under the Employee Unit Plan, the Partnerships granted Employee Units to certain key employees of SEA ( Employee Units ). The Employee Units which were granted were accounted for as equity awards and were divided into three tranches, Time-Vesting Units ( TVUs ), 2.25x Performance Vesting Units ( PVUs ) and 2.75x PVUs. Separately, certain members of management in 2011 also purchased Class D Units of the Partnerships ( Class D Units ).

Prior to the consummation of the Company s initial public offering, on April 18, 2013, the Employee Units and Class D Units held by certain of the Company s directors, officers, employees, and consultants were surrendered to the Partnerships and such individuals received an aggregate of 4,165,861 shares of the Company s issued and outstanding common stock from the Partnerships. The number of shares of the Company s common stock received by such

individuals from the Partnerships was determined in a manner intended to replicate the economic value to each equity holder immediately prior to the transaction. The Class D Units and vested Employee Units were surrendered for an aggregate of 949,142 shares of common stock. The unvested Employee Units were surrendered for an aggregate of 3,216,719 unvested restricted shares of the Company s common stock, which are subject to vesting terms substantially similar to those applicable to the unvested Employee Units immediately prior to the transaction. These unvested restricted shares consisted of time restricted shares ( Time Restricted shares , and 2.25x and 2.75x Performance Restricted shares, collectively, the Performance Restricted shares ), which, for accounting purposes, were removed from issued and outstanding shares until their restrictions are met.

## TVUs and Time Restricted Shares

The shares of stock received upon surrender of the Employee Units contain substantially identical terms, conditions and vesting schedules as the previously outstanding Employee Units. In accordance with the guidance in ASC 718-20, *Compensation-Stock Compensation*, the surrender of the Employee Units for shares of common stock and Time Restricted shares qualified as a modification of an equity compensation plan. As such, the Company calculated the incremental fair value of the TVU awards immediately prior to and after their modification and determined that \$282 of incremental equity compensation cost would be recorded upon surrender of the vested TVUs for vested shares of stock in the three months ended June 30, 2013. The remaining incremental compensation cost of \$220 which represents the incremental cost on the unvested TVUs which were surrendered for unvested Time Restricted shares of restricted stock, will be added to the original grant date fair value of the TVU awards and amortized to compensation expense over the remaining vesting period.

### SEAWORLD ENTERTAINMENT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

# NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

Total combined compensation expense related to these TVU and Time Restricted share awards was \$250 and \$320 for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and is included in selling, general, and administrative expenses in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive loss. Total unrecognized compensation cost related to the unvested Time Restricted shares, expected to be recognized over the remaining vesting term was \$1,047 as of March 31, 2014.

### 2.25x and 2.75x PVUs and Performance Restricted Shares

The Performance Restricted shares received upon surrender of the Employee Unit PVUs contain substantially the same terms and conditions as the previously outstanding Employee Unit PVUs. The 2.25x Performance Restricted Shares vest if the employee is employed by the Company when and if Blackstone receives cash proceeds (not subject to any clawback, indemnity or similar contractual obligation) in respect of its Partnerships units equal to (x) a 20% annualized effective compounded return rate on Blackstone s investment and (y) a 2.25x multiple on Blackstone s investment. The 2.75x Performance Restricted Shares vest if the employee is employed by the Company when and if Blackstone receives cash proceeds (not subject to any clawback, indemnity or similar contractual obligation) in respect of its Partnerships units equal to (x) a 15% annualized effective compounded return rate on Blackstone s investment. The Partnerships units equal to (x) a 15% annualized effective compounded return rate on Blackstone s investment and (y) a 2.75x multiple on Blackstone s investment. The Performance Restricted Shares have no termination date other than termination of employment from the Company and there are no service or period vesting conditions associated with the Performance Restricted Shares other than employment at the time the benchmark was reached. No compensation expense will be recorded related to the Performance Restricted shares until their vesting is probable, accordingly, no compensation expense has been recorded during the three months ended March 31, 2014 or 2013 related to these PVUs or Performance Restricted share awards.

In accordance with the guidance in ASC 718-20, *Compensation-Stock Compensation*, the surrender of the Employee Units for shares of common stock qualified as a modification of an equity compensation plan. As the Performance Restricted shares were not considered probable of vesting before or after the modification, the Company will use the modification date fair value to record compensation expense related to these awards if the performance conditions become probable within a future reporting period. Total unrecognized compensation expense as of March 31, 2014, was approximately \$27,970 and \$18,740 for the 2.25x and 2.75x Performance Restricted shares, respectively.

In order to calculate the incremental fair value at the modification date, the Option-Pricing Method model was used to estimate the fair value prior to the modification. For the fair value after the modification, the initial public offering price of \$27.00 per share was used to calculate the fair value of the Time Restricted shares while the fair value of the Performance Restricted shares was estimated using an asset-or-nothing call option approach. Significant assumptions used in both the Option-Pricing Method model and the asset-or-nothing call option approach included a holding period of approximately 2 years from the initial public offering date, a risk free rate of 0.24%, a volatility of approximately 37.6% based on re-levered historical and implied equity volatility of comparable companies and a 0 dividend yield.

## 2013 Omnibus Incentive Plan

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In 2013, the Company reserved 15,000,000 shares of common stock for future issuance under the Company s new 2013 Omnibus Incentive Plan (2013 Omnibus Incentive Plan). The 2013 Omnibus Incentive Plan is administered by the compensation committee of the Board of Directors, and provides that the Company may grant equity incentive awards to eligible employees, directors, consultants or advisors in the form of stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, restricted stock units, and other stock-based and performance compensation awards. If an award under the 2013 Omnibus Incentive Plan terminates, lapses, or is settled without the payment of the full number of shares subject to the award, the undelivered shares may be granted again under the 2013 Omnibus Incentive Plan.

On April 19, 2013, 494,557 shares of restricted stock were granted to the Company s directors, officers and employees under the 2013 Omnibus Incentive Plan (the 2013 Grant ). The shares granted were in the form of time vesting restricted shares (Time Restricted Omnibus shares), 2.25x performance restricted shares (2.25x Performance Restricted Omnibus shares) and 2.75x performance restricted shares (2.75x Performance Restricted Omnibus shares).

The vesting terms and conditions of the Time Restricted Omnibus shares, the 2.25x Performance Restricted Omnibus shares, and the 2.75x Performance Restricted Omnibus shares included in the 2013 Grant are substantially the same as those of the previous Employee Unit Plan TVUs, 2.25x PVUs, and 2.75x PVUs, respectively, (see 2.25x and 2.75x PVUs and Performance Restricted

## SEAWORLD ENTERTAINMENT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

Shares section). For the Time Restricted Omnibus shares, after an initial 180 day post initial public offering lock up period, the vesting schedule from the Employee Unit Plan carried over so that each recipient vested in the 2013 Grant in the same proportion as they were vested in the previous Employee Unit Plan. The remaining unvested shares vest over the remaining service period, subject to substantially the same vesting conditions which carried over from the previous Employee Unit Plan.

The grant date fair value for Time Restricted Omnibus shares awarded was determined based on the closing market price of the Company s stock at the date of grant applied to the total number of shares that were anticipated to fully vest. The fair value of Time Restricted Omnibus shares is recognized as equity compensation on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period. Approximately \$512 of equity compensation expense was recognized in the three months ended March 31, 2014, related to Time Restricted Omnibus shares. As of March 31, 2014, unrecognized equity compensation expense related to the Time Restricted Omnibus shares was \$1,348 to be recognized over the remaining requisite service period.

The grant date fair value of the 2.25x and 2.75x Performance Restricted Omnibus shares was measured using the asset-or-nothing option pricing model. Significant assumptions included a holding period of approximately 2 years from the initial public offering date, a risk free rate of 0.24%, a volatility of approximately 33.2% based on re-levered historical and implied equity volatility of comparable companies and a 0 dividend yield. There is no compensation expense recorded related to the Performance Restricted 2013 shares until their issuance is probable. Total unrecognized compensation expense as of March 31, 2014 was approximately \$4,950 and \$3,740 for the 2.25x Performance Restricted Omnibus shares, respectively.

Based on cash proceeds previously received by Blackstone from the Company s initial public offering and subsequent secondary offerings of stock, the Company s repurchase of shares directly from Blackstone and the cumulative dividends paid to Blackstone by the Company through April 30, 2014, if Blackstone receives additional future cash proceeds of approximately \$31,000, and other vesting conditions are satisfied, the 2.25x Performance Restricted Shares and 2.25x Performance Restricted Omnibus shares will vest. Similarly, if Blackstone receives additional future cash proceeds of approximately \$628,000, and other vesting conditions are satisfied, the 2.75x Performance Restricted Shares and the 2.75x Performance Restricted Omnibus shares will vest. As receipt of these future cash proceeds will be primarily related to liquidity events, such as secondary offerings of stock, the shares are not considered to be probable of vesting until such events are consummated.

As of March 31, 2014, there were 14,528,669 shares of common stock available for future issuance under the Company s 2013 Omnibus Incentive Plan.

## 12. STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY

As of March 31, 2014, 89,920,890 shares of common stock were issued on the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet, which excludes 3,343,690 unvested shares of common stock held by certain participants in the Company s equity compensation plans (see Note 11 Equity Compensation).

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## **Stock Split**

On April 7, 2013, the Company s Board of Directors authorized an eight-for-one split of the Company s common stock which was effective on April 8, 2013. The Company retained the current par value of \$0.01 per share for all shares of common stock after the stock split, and accordingly, stockholders equity on the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheets and the unaudited condensed consolidated statements of changes in stockholders equity reflects the stock split. The Company s historical share and per share information has been retroactively adjusted to give effect to this stock split.

Contemporaneously with the stock split, the Company s Board of Directors approved an increase in the number of authorized shares of common stock to 1 billion shares. Additionally, upon the consummation of the initial public offering, the Board of Directors authorized 100,000,000 shares of preferred stock at a par value of \$0.01 per share.

#### SEAWORLD ENTERTAINMENT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

#### **Initial Public Offering and Use of Proceeds**

On April 24, 2013, the Company completed its initial public offering of its common stock in which it offered and sold 10,000,000 shares of common stock and the selling stockholders of the Company offered and sold 19,900,000 shares of common stock including, 3,900,000 shares of common stock pursuant to the exercise in full of the underwriters option to purchase additional shares. The common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol SEAS .

The Company s initial public offering generated net proceeds of approximately \$245,400 to the Company after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions, expenses and transaction costs. The Company did not receive any proceeds from shares sold by the selling stockholders. The Company used a portion of the net proceeds received in the offering to redeem (1) \$140,000 in aggregate principal amount of its Senior Notes at a redemption price of 111.0% plus accrued and unpaid interest thereon and (2) to repay \$37,000 of the outstanding indebtedness under the then existing Term B Loan. In addition, the Company used approximately \$46,300 of the net proceeds received from the offering to make a one-time payment to an affiliate of Blackstone in connection with the termination of the 2009 Advisory Agreement (see Note 9 Related-Party Transactions).

#### Secondary Offerings and Concurrent Share Repurchases

On December 17, 2013, the selling stockholders completed an underwritten secondary offering of 18,000,000 shares of common stock. The selling stockholders received all of the net proceeds from the offering and no shares were sold by the Company. The Company incurred fees and expenses of \$1,407 in connection with the secondary offering which was shown as secondary offering expenses on the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2013. Concurrently with the closing of the secondary offering, the Company repurchased 1,500,000 shares of its common stock directly from the selling stockholders in a private, non-underwritten transaction at a price per share equal to the price per share paid to the selling stockholders by the underwriters in the secondary offering. All repurchased shares were recorded as treasury stock at a cost of \$44,163 and reflected as a reduction to stockholders equity at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 on the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet.

Subsequently, on April 9, 2014, the selling stockholders completed another registered secondary offering of 17,250,000 shares of common stock, including 2,250,000 shares pursuant to the exercise in full of the underwriters option to purchase additional shares. The selling stockholders received all of the net proceeds from the offering and no shares were sold by the Company. In the three months ended March 31, 2014, the Company incurred fees and expenses of \$674 in connection with this secondary offering which is shown as secondary offering expenses on the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive loss. Concurrently with the closing of the secondary offering in April 2014, the Company repurchased 1,750,000 shares of its common stock directly from the selling stockholders in a private, non-underwritten transaction at a price per share equal to the price per share paid to the selling stockholders by the underwriters in the secondary offering. All repurchased shares will be recorded as treasury stock at a cost of approximately \$50,700.

## Dividends

In 2013, the Company's Board of Directors (the Board) adopted a policy to pay, subject to legally available funds, a regular quarterly dividend. The Board declared quarterly cash dividends of \$0.20 per share to all common stockholders of record at the close of business on June 20, 2013, September 20, 2013, December 20, 2013, and March 20, 2014 which were paid on July 1, 2013, October 1, 2013, January 3, 2014 and April 1, 2014, respectively. As the Company had an accumulated deficit at the time the June 20 and March 20 dividends were declared, these dividends were accounted for as a return of capital and recorded as a reduction to additional paid-in capital on the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated statement of changes in stockholders equity.

On May 13, 2014, the Board declared a cash dividend of \$0.21 per share, payable on July 1, 2014, to all common stockholders of record at the close of business on June 20, 2014.

Unvested restricted shares carry dividend rights and therefore the dividends are payable as the shares vest in accordance with the underlying stock compensation grants. As of March 31, 2014, the Company had \$18,015 of cash dividends payable recorded as dividends payable in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated balance sheet. Dividends on the 2.25x and 2.75x Performance Restricted shares, including the 2.25x and 2.75x Performance Restricted shares ), were approximately \$1,170 for each tranche and will accumulate and be paid only if and to the extent the Performance Restricted shares vest in accordance with their terms. The Company has not recorded a payable related to these dividends as the vesting of the Performance Restricted shares is not probable.

## SEAWORLD ENTERTAINMENT, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

# NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

## **13. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

In connection with the preparation of the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements, the Company evaluated subsequent events after the condensed consolidated balance sheet date through the date the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements were issued, to determine whether any events occurred that required recognition or disclosure in the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

#### Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion contains management s discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations and should be read together with the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and the related notes thereto included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. This discussion contains forward-looking statements that reflect our plans, estimates and beliefs and involve numerous risks and uncertainties, including but not limited to those described in the Risk Factors section of our Annual Report on Form 10-K. Actual results may differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements. You should carefully read Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-O.

#### **Business Overview**

We are a leading theme park and entertainment company delivering personal, interactive and educational experiences that blend imagination with nature and enable our customers to celebrate, connect with and care for the natural world we share. We own or license a portfolio of globally recognized brands, including SeaWorld, Shamu and Busch Gardens. Over our more than 50-year history, we have built a diversified portfolio of 11 destination and regional theme parks that are grouped in key markets across the United States, many of which showcase our one-of-a-kind collection of approximately 86,000 marine and terrestrial animals. Our theme parks feature a diverse array of rides, shows and other attractions with broad demographic appeal which deliver memorable experiences and a strong value proposition for our guests. In addition to our theme parks, we have recently begun to leverage our brands into media, entertainment and consumer products. During the three months ended March 31, 2014, we hosted approximately 3.0 million guests in our theme parks, including approximately 0.7 million international guests. In the three months ended March 31, 2014, we generated total revenues of \$212.3 million and net loss of \$49.4 million.

#### Key Business Metrics Evaluated by Management

#### Attendance

We define attendance as the number of guest visits to our theme parks. Increased attendance drives increased admissions revenue to our theme parks as well as total in-park spending. The level of attendance at our theme parks is a function of many factors, including the opening of new attractions and shows, weather, global and regional economic conditions, competitive offerings and overall consumer confidence in the economy.

#### Total Revenue Per Capita

Total revenue per capita, defined as total revenue divided by total attendance, consists of admission per capita and in-park per capita spending:

*Admission Per Capita.* We calculate admission per capita for any period as total admissions revenue divided by total attendance. Theme park admissions accounted for approximately 65% of our total revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2014. For the first quarter of 2014, we reported \$45.12 in admission per capita, representing an increase of 3.6% from the first quarter of 2013. Admission per capita is driven by ticket pricing, the mix of tickets purchased (such as single day, multi-day and annual pass) and the mix of attendance by theme parks visited.

*In-Park Per Capita Spending.* We calculate in-park per capita spending for any period as total food, merchandise and other revenue divided by total attendance. For the three months ended March 31, 2014, food, merchandise and other revenue accounted for approximately 35% of our total revenue. For the first quarter of 2014, we reported \$24.60 of in-park per capita spending, relatively flat from the first quarter of 2013. In-park per capita spending is driven by pricing changes, penetration levels (percentage of guests purchasing), new product offerings, the mix of guests and the mix of in-park spending.

## **Trends Affecting Our Results of Operations**

Our success depends to a significant extent on discretionary consumer spending, which is heavily influenced by general economic conditions and the availability of discretionary income. The recent severe economic downturn, coupled with high volatility and uncertainty as to the future global economic landscape, has had and continues to have an adverse effect on consumers discretionary income and consumer confidence. Difficult economic conditions and recessionary periods may adversely impact attendance figures, the frequency with which guests choose to visit our theme parks and guest spending patterns at our theme parks. Historically, our revenue and attendance growth have been highly correlated with domestic economic growth, as reflected in the gross domestic product (GDP) and the overall level of growth in domestic consumer spending. For example, in 2009 and 2010, we experienced a decline in attendance as a result of the global economic crisis, which, in turn, adversely affected our revenue and profitability. We expect that forecasted moderate improvements in GDP and growth in domestic consumer spending will have a positive impact on our future performance. Both attendance and total revenue per capita at our theme parks are key drivers of our revenue and profitability, and reductions in either can materially adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

## Seasonality

The theme park industry is seasonal in nature. Based upon historical results, we generate the highest revenues in the second and third quarters of each year, in part because six of our theme parks are only open for a portion of the year. Approximately two-thirds of our attendance and revenues are generated in the second and third quarters of the year and we typically incur a net loss in the first and fourth quarters. The mix of revenues by quarter is relatively constant, but revenues can shift between the first and second quarters due to the timing of Easter or between the first and fourth quarters due to the timing of Christmas and New Year s. Even for our five theme parks open year-round, attendance patterns have significant seasonality, driven by holidays, school vacations and weather conditions. One of our goals in managing our business is to continue to generate cash flow throughout the year and minimize the effects of seasonality. In recent years, we have begun to encourage attendance during non-peak times by offering a variety of seasonal programs and events, such as kid s festivals, special concert series, and Halloween and Christmas events. In addition, during seasonally slow times, operating costs are controlled by reducing operating hours and show schedules. Employment levels required for peak operations are met largely through part-time and seasonal hiring.

## **Principal Factors Affecting Our Results of Operations**

## Revenues

Our revenues are driven primarily by attendance in our theme parks and the level of per capita spending for admission to the theme parks and per capita spending inside the theme parks for culinary, merchandise and other in-park experiences. The level of attendance in our theme parks is a function of many factors, including the opening of new attractions and shows, weather, global and regional economic conditions, competitive offerings and consumer confidence. Admission per capita is driven by ticket pricing, the mix of ticket type purchased (such as single day, multi-day, and annual pass) and the mix of attendance by theme parks visited. In-park per capita spending is driven by pricing changes, penetration levels (percentage of guests purchasing), new product offerings, the mix of guests and the mix of in-park spending. For other factors affecting our revenues, see the Risk Factors section of our Annual Report on Form 10-K.

In addition to the theme parks, we are also involved in entertainment, media, and consumer product businesses that leverage our intellectual property. While these businesses currently do not represent a material percentage of our revenue, they are important strategic drivers in terms of consumer awareness and brand building. We aim to expand

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these businesses into a greater source of revenue in the future.

## Costs and Expenses

The principal costs of our operations are employee salaries, employee benefits, advertising, maintenance, animal care, utilities and insurance. Factors that affect our costs and expenses include commodity prices, costs for construction, repairs and maintenance, other inflationary pressures and attendance levels. A large portion of our expenses is relatively fixed because the costs for full-time employees, maintenance, animal care, utilities, advertising and insurance do not vary significantly with attendance. For factors affecting our costs and expenses, see the Risk Factors section of our Annual Report on Form 10-K.

We barter theme park admission products for advertising and various other products and services. The fair value of the admission products is recognized into revenue or contra-expense and related expenses at the time of the exchange and approximates the fair value of the goods or services received.

## **Results of Operations**

The following discussion provides an analysis of our operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013. This data should be read in conjunction with our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

## Comparison of the Three Months Ended March 31, 2014 and 2013

The following table presents key operating and financial information for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2014 2013 (Unaudited, amounts in			
Statement of comprehensive loss data:	thousands, except per capita data)			
Net revenues:		cupiu		<b>((</b> )
Admissions	\$	137,386	\$	152,426
Food, merchandise and other		74,904		86,184
Total revenues		212,290		238,610
Costs and expenses:				
Cost of food, merchandise and other revenues		16,760		19,828
Operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and				
amortization shown separately below)		167,912		173,260
Selling, general and administrative		45,076		39,987
Secondary offering costs		674		
Depreciation and amortization		41,276		41,408
Total costs and expenses		271,698		274,483
Operating loss		(59,408)		(35,873)
Other loss (income), net		17		(73)
Interest expense		20,046		28,606
Loss before income taxes		(79,471)		(64,406)
Benefit from income taxes		(30,040)		(24,046)
Net loss	\$	(49,431)	\$	(40,360)
Other data:				
Attendance		3,045		3,499
Total revenue per capita	\$	69.72	\$	68.19

*Admissions revenue*. Admissions revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2014 decreased \$15.0 million (9.9%) to \$137.4 million as compared to \$152.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013. The decrease in admissions revenue was a result of a 13.0% decrease in attendance, offset slightly by a 3.6% increase in admission per capita from \$43.56 in the first quarter of 2013 to \$45.12 in the first quarter of 2014. Attendance in the quarter was primarily impacted by a shift in the timing of Easter into the second quarter in 2014, which caused a shift in the spring break holiday period for schools in many key source markets. Attendance was also impacted by adverse weather, particularly above average precipitation in the Florida market as well as below average temperatures in the Texas market for the first quarter of 2014. The increase in admission per capita was primarily a result of higher ticket pricing and the mix of ticket products purchased.

*Food, merchandise and other revenue.* Food, merchandise and other revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2014 decreased by \$11.3 million (13.1%) to \$74.9 million as compared to \$86.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013. This decrease was primarily a result of the 13.0% decrease in total attendance. In-park per capita spending was \$24.60 for the first quarter of 2014, relatively flat compared to \$24.63 in the first quarter of 2013.

*Costs of food, merchandise and other revenues.* Costs of food, merchandise and other revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2014 decreased \$3.1 million (15.5%) to \$16.8 million as compared to \$19.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013. These costs represent 22.4% of related revenue earned for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 23.0% of related revenue earned for the three months ended March 31, 2013.

*Operating expenses.* Operating expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2014 decreased \$5.3 million (3.1%) to \$167.9 million as compared to \$173.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013. The decrease was primarily a result of a reduction in variable direct labor costs due to the decline in attendance along with a decrease in miscellaneous asset write-offs, offset partially by increased operating costs to support the launch of our 50th anniversary celebration at our SeaWorld parks. Operating expenses reflected 79.1% of total revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2013.

*Selling, general and administrative*. Selling, general and administrative expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2014 increased \$5.1 million (12.7%) to \$45.1 million as compared to \$40.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013. The increase was primarily related to increased marketing costs driven by the launch of our SeaWorld brand 50th anniversary celebration and increased labor and benefit costs due to planned additions to our corporate structure as a result of our initial public offering along with increased equity compensation expenses. These increases were offset partially by the elimination of the 2009 Advisory Agreement fees due to the termination of this agreement in April 2013. As a percentage of total revenue, selling, general and administrative expenses were 21.2% in the three months ended March 31, 2014 compared to 16.8% in the first quarter of 2013.

*Secondary Offering Costs.* Secondary offering costs for the three months ended March 31, 2014 of \$0.7 million relate to fees and expenses incurred prior to March 31, 2014 in connection with the secondary offering of our common stock by the selling stockholders that was completed on April 9, 2014. The selling stockholders received all of the net proceeds from the offering and we paid all expenses related to the offering, other than underwriting discounts and commissions. No shares were sold by us in the secondary offering.

*Depreciation and amortization.* Depreciation and amortization expense for the three months ended March 31, 2014 decreased \$0.1 million (less than 1%) to \$41.3 million as compared to \$41.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2014 due to the impact of fully depreciated assets offset by new asset additions.

*Interest expense*. Interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2014 decreased \$8.6 million (29.9%) to \$20.0 million as compared to \$28.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013, primarily reflecting the effects of the redemption of \$140.0 million of our Senior Notes and the repayment of \$37.0 million in term loan under our Senior Secured Credit Facilities in April 2013 with a portion of the net proceeds from our initial public offering as well as the impact of Amendment No. 5 to our Senior Secured Credit Facilities, which reduced our interest rate.

*Benefit from income taxes.* The benefit from income taxes for the three months ended March 31, 2014 increased \$6.0 million (24.9%) to \$30.0 million as compared to \$24.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2013. The increase results from the impact of a higher pretax loss in the first quarter of 2014 along with an increase in our effective income tax rate (from 37.3% to 37.8%). Our effective income tax rate increased compared to 2013 due to certain tax credits taken in 2013 that are currently expired.

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

Overview

Our principal sources of liquidity are cash generated from operations, funds from borrowings and existing cash on hand. Our principal uses of cash include the funding of working capital obligations, debt service, investments in theme parks (including capital projects), and common stock dividends. As of March 31, 2014, we had a working capital deficit of approximately \$114.3 million. We typically operate with a working capital deficit and we expect that we will continue to have working capital deficits in the future. The working capital deficits are due in part to a significant deferred revenue balance from revenues paid in advance for our theme park admissions products and high turnover of in-park products that results in a limited inventory balance. Our cash flow from operations, along with our revolving credit facilities, have allowed us to meet our liquidity needs while maintaining a working capital deficit.

As market conditions warrant and subject to our contractual restrictions and liquidity position, we, our affiliates and/or our major stockholders, including Blackstone and its affiliates, may from time to time repurchase our outstanding equity and/or debt securities, including the Senior Notes and/or our outstanding bank loans in privately negotiated or open market transactions, by tender offer or

otherwise. Any such repurchases may be funded by incurring new debt, including additional borrowings under the Senior Secured Credit Facilities. Any new debt may also be secured debt. We may also use available cash on our balance sheet. The amounts involved in any such transactions, individually or in the aggregate, may be material. Further, since some of our debt may trade at a discount to the face amount among current or future syndicate members, any such purchases may result in our acquiring and retiring a substantial amount of any particular series, with the attendant reduction in the trading liquidity of any such series.

In June 2013, the Company s Board of Directors (the Board ) adopted a policy to pay, subject to legally available funds, a regular quarterly dividend. The Board declared quarterly cash dividends of \$0.20 per share to all common stockholders of record at the close of business on June 20, 2013, September 20, 2013, December 20, 2013, and March 20, 2014 which were paid on July 1, 2013, October 1, 2013, January 3, 2014 and April 1, 2014, respectively. Approximately \$17.9 million was paid on both July 1 and October 1, 2013 and approximately \$17.7 million was paid on both July 1 and October 1, 2013 and approximately \$17.7 million was paid on both July 1, 2014, to all common stockholders of record at the close of business on July 1, 2014, to all common stockholders of record at the close of business on June 20, 2014. The amount and timing of any future dividends payable on our common stock is within the sole discretion of our Board of Directors.

Approximately \$0.3 million of dividends declared through March 31, 2014, will be paid as certain time restricted shares vest over their requisite service periods. Dividends on certain performance restricted shares were approximately \$2.3 million and will accumulate and be paid only if and to the extent the shares vest in accordance with their terms. See Note 12-Stockholders Equity to our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements for further discussion.

Concurrently with the closing of the secondary offering on December 17, 2013, we repurchased 1.5 million shares of our common stock directly from the selling stockholders in a private, non-underwritten transaction. All repurchased shares are recorded as treasury stock at a cost of \$44.2 million and reflected as a reduction to stockholders equity at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

Concurrently with the closing of the secondary offering on April 9, 2014, we repurchased 1.75 million shares of our common stock directly from the selling stockholders in a private, non-underwritten transaction. All repurchased shares will be recorded as treasury stock at a cost of approximately \$50.7 million.

In March 2014, we executed a new interest rate swap agreement to effectively fix the interest rate on \$450.0 million of the Term B-2 Loans. The interest rates swap has an effective date of March 31, 2014, has a notional amount of \$450.0 million and is scheduled to mature on September 30, 2016.

Subsequent to March 31, 2014, we drew \$40.0 million on our senior secured revolving credit facility for working capital requirements and have repaid \$25.0 million.

We believe that existing cash and cash equivalents, cash flow from operations, and available borrowings under the Senior Secured Credit Facilities will be adequate to meet the capital expenditures, dividends and working capital requirements of our operations for at least the next 12 months.

The following table presents a summary of our cash flows provided by (used in) operating, investing, and financing activities for the periods indicated:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,			
	2014 2013			
	(Unaudited, amounts in thousands)			
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	13,011	\$	24,174
Net cash used in investing activities		(47,331)		(32,786)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities		(21,281)		22,304
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	\$	(55,601)	\$	13,692

## **Cash Flows from Operating Activities**

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$13.0 million during the three months ended March 31, 2014 as compared to \$24.2 million during the three months ended March 31, 2013. Cash provided by operating activities decreased largely as a result of a decrease in total revenue primarily related to lower admissions revenue resulting from a decrease in attendance offset by favorable changes in our working capital accounts.

## **Cash Flows from Investing Activities**

Investing activities consist principally of capital investments we make in our theme parks for future attractions and infrastructure. Net cash used in investing activities during the three months ended March 31, 2014 consisted primarily of capital expenditures of \$46.8 million largely related to future attractions. Net cash used in investing activities during the three months ended March 31, 2013 consisted of \$32.3 million of capital expenditures primarily related to future attractions which opened later in 2013.

The amount of our capital expenditures may be affected by general economic and financial conditions, among other things, including restrictions imposed by our borrowing arrangements. We generally expect to fund our 2014 capital expenditures through our operating cash flow.

## **Cash Flows from Financing Activities**

Net cash used in financing activities during the three months ended March 31, 2014 was primarily attributable to \$17.7 million in cash dividends paid to common stockholders along with a \$3.5 million repayment of our Term B-2 Loan under the Senior Secured Credit Facilities, as defined below.

Net cash provided by financing activities during the three months ended March 31, 2013 was primarily attributable to proceeds of \$35.0 million from the draw down on our Revolving Credit Facility, as defined below, offset by a \$5.2 million repayment of term loan borrowings under our Senior Secured Credit Facilities, a \$5.0 million repayment on our Revolving Credit Facility and \$2.3 million paid in offering costs.

#### **Our Indebtedness**

The Company is a holding company and conducts its operations through its subsidiaries, which have incurred or guaranteed indebtedness as described below.

## Senior Secured Credit Facilities

SeaWorld Parks and Entertainment, Inc. (SEA) is the borrower under our senior secured credit facilities (the Senior Secured Credit Facilities) pursuant to a credit agreement dated as of December 1, 2009, by and among SEA, as borrower, Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent, collateral agent, letter of credit issuer and swing line lender and the other agents and lenders party thereto, as the same may be amended, restated, supplemented or modified from time to time.

As of March 31, 2014, our Senior Secured Credit Facilities consisted of a \$1,394.5 million senior secured term loan facility (the Term B-2 Loans ), which will mature on May 14, 2020 and a \$192.5 million senior secured revolving credit facility (the Revolving Credit Facility ), which was not drawn upon at March 31, 2014. The Revolving Credit Facility will mature on the earlier of (a) April 24, 2018 and (b) the 91st day prior to the earlier of (1) the maturity date of Senior Notes with an aggregate principal amount greater than \$50.0 million outstanding and (2) the maturity date of

any indebtedness incurred to refinance the Term B-2 Loans or the Senior Notes, and includes borrowing capacity available for letters of credit and for short-term borrowings referred to as the swing line borrowings. As of March 31, 2014, we had approximately \$23.5 million of outstanding letters of credit. Subsequent to March 31, 2014, we drew \$40.0 million on the Revolving Credit Facility and have repaid \$25.0 million.

Borrowings under our Senior Secured Credit Facilities bear interest, at SEA s option, at a rate equal to a margin over either (a) a base rate determined by reference to the higher of (1) Bank of America s prime lending rate and (2) the federal funds effective rate plus 1/2 of 1% or (b) a LIBOR rate determined by reference to the British Bankers Association LIBOR rate, or the successor thereto if the BBA is no longer making a LIBOR rate available, for the interest period relevant to such borrowing. The applicable margin for the Term B-2 Loans is 1.25%, in the case of base rate loans and 2.25%, in the case of LIBOR rate loans, subject to a base rate floor of 1.75% and a LIBOR floor of 0.75%. The applicable margin for the Term B-2 Loans (under either a base rate or LIBOR rate) is subject to one 25 basis point step-down upon achievement by SEA of a certain total leverage ratio. At March 31, 2014, we selected the LIBOR rate (interest rate of 3.00% at March 31, 2014).

The applicable margin for borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility is 1.75%, in the case of base rate loans and 2.75%, in the case of LIBOR rate loans. The applicable margin (under either a base rate or LIBOR rate) is subject to one 25 basis point step-down upon achievement by SEA of certain corporate credit ratings. At March 31, 2014, SEA selected the LIBOR rate and achieved the corporate credit ratings for an applicable margin of 2.50%.

In addition to paying interest on outstanding principal under our Senior Secured Credit Facilities, SEA is required to pay a commitment fee to the lenders under the Revolving Credit Facility in respect of the unutilized commitments thereunder at a rate of 0.50% per annum. SEA is also required to pay customary letter of credit fees.

SEA is required to prepay outstanding term loans, subject to certain exceptions, with (i) 50% of SEA s annual excess cash flow (with step-downs to 25% and 0%, as applicable, based upon achievement by SEA of a certain total net leverage ratio), subject to certain exceptions; (ii) 100% of the net cash proceeds of certain non-ordinary course asset sales or other dispositions subject to reinvestment rights and certain exceptions; and (iii) 100% of the net cash proceeds of any incurrence of debt by SEA or any of its restricted subsidiaries, other than debt permitted to be incurred or issued under our Senior Secured Credit Facilities.

Term B-2 Loans amortize in equal quarterly installments in an aggregate annual amount equal to 1.0% per annum of the original principal amount of the Term B-2 Loans, with the balance due on the final maturity date. SEA may voluntarily repay amounts outstanding under our Senior Secured Credit Facilities at any time without premium or penalty, other than customary breakage costs with respect to LIBOR loans.

The obligations under our Senior Secured Credit Facilities are fully, unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by each of the Company, any subsidiary of the Company that directly or indirectly owns 100% of the issued and outstanding equity interests of SEA, and, subject to certain exceptions, each of SEA s existing and future material domestic wholly-owned subsidiaries (collectively, the Guarantors ). Our Senior Secured Credit Facilities are collateralized by first priority or equivalent security interests in (i) all the capital stock of, or other equity interests in, substantially all SEA s direct or indirect material domestic subsidiaries (subject to certain exceptions and qualifications) and 65% of the capital stock of, or other equity interests in, any of SEA s first tier foreign subsidiaries and (ii) certain tangible and intangible assets of SEA and those of the Guarantors (subject to certain exceptions and qualifications).

Our Senior Secured Credit Facilities contain a number of customary negative covenants. Such covenants, among other things, restrict, subject to certain exceptions, the ability of SEA and its restricted subsidiaries to incur additional indebtedness; make guarantees; create liens on assets; enter into sale and leaseback transactions; engage in mergers or consolidations; sell assets; make fundamental changes; pay dividends and distributions or repurchase SEA s capital stock; make investments, loans and advances, including acquisitions; engage in certain transactions with affiliates; make changes in nature of the business; and make prepayments of junior debt.

Our Senior Secured Credit Facilities also contain covenants requiring SEA to maintain specified maximum annual capital expenditures, a maximum total net leverage ratio and a minimum interest coverage ratio. In addition, our Senior Secured Credit Facilities contain certain customary representations and warranties, affirmative covenants and events of default.

As of March 31, 2014, we were in compliance with all covenants in the provisions contained in the documents governing our Senior Secured Credit Facilities.

## The Senior Notes

On December 1, 2009, SEA issued \$400.0 million aggregate principal amount of 13.5% Senior Notes due 2016. On March 30, 2012, pursuant to an amendment to the indenture governing the Senior Notes, the interest rate was reduced from 13.5% to 11.0%. Interest on the Senior Notes is payable semi-annually in arrears. The obligations under the Senior Notes are guaranteed by the same entities as those that guarantee our Senior Secured Credit Facilities. As of March 31, 2014, we had \$260.0 million aggregate principal amount of the Senior Notes outstanding.

The Senior Notes are senior unsecured obligations and:

rank senior in right of payment to all existing and future debt and other obligations that are, by their terms, expressly subordinated in right of payment to the Senior Notes;

rank equally in right of payment to all existing and future senior debt and other obligations that are not, by their terms, expressly subordinated in right of payment to the Senior Notes; and

are effectively subordinated in right of payment to all existing and future secured debt (including obligations under our Senior Secured Credit Facilities), to the extent of the value of the assets securing such debt, and are structurally subordinated to all obligations of each of our subsidiaries that is not a guarantor of the Senior Notes.

We may redeem some or all of the Senior Notes at any time prior to December 1, 2014, at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Senior Notes redeemed plus the Applicable Premium as of, and accrued and unpaid interest to, the redemption date, subject to the right of the holders of record on the relevant record date to receive interest due on the relevant interest payment date. The Applicable Premium is defined as the greater of (1) 1.0% of the principal amount of the Senior Notes and (2) the excess, if any, of (a) the present value at such redemption date of (i) the redemption price of the Senior Notes at December 1, 2014 plus (ii) all required interest payments due on the Senior Notes through December 1, 2014 (excluding accrued but unpaid interest to the redemption date), computed using a discount rate equal to the Treasury Rate plus 50 basis points over (b) the principal amount of the Senior Notes. On or after December 1, 2014, the Senior Notes may be redeemed at 105.5% and 102.75% of the principal amount beginning on December 1, 2014, respectively.

We used a portion of the net proceeds received by us in our initial public offering to redeem \$140.0 million in aggregate principal amount of the Senior Notes in April 2013 at a redemption price of 111.0%. The redemption premium of \$15.4 million, along with a write-off of approximately \$5.5 million in related discounts and deferred financing costs was recorded as a loss on early extinguishment of debt and write-off of discounts and deferred financing costs for the year ended December 31, 2013.

The indenture governing the Senior Notes contains a number of covenants that, among other things, restrict SEA s ability and the ability of its restricted subsidiaries to, among other things, dispose of certain assets; incur additional indebtedness; pay dividends; prepay subordinated indebtedness; incur liens; make capital expenditures; make investments or acquisitions; engage in mergers or consolidations; and engage in certain types of transactions with affiliates. These covenants are subject to a number of important limitations and exceptions.

As of March 31, 2014, we were in compliance with all covenants in the provisions contained in the indenture governing our Senior Notes.

See Note 6-Long-Term Debt to our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements therein for further discussion regarding our Senior Secured Credit Facilities and Senior Notes.

#### **Covenant Compliance**

The indenture governing the Senior Notes and the credit agreement governing the Senior Secured Credit Facilities provide for certain events of default which, if any of them were to occur, would permit or require the principal of and accrued interest, if any, on the Senior Notes or the loans under the Senior Secured Credit Facilities, respectively, to become or be declared due and payable (subject, in some cases, to specified grace periods).

Under the indenture governing the Senior Notes and under the credit agreement governing the Senior Secured Credit Facilities, our ability to engage in activities such as incurring additional indebtedness, making investments, refinancing certain indebtedness, paying dividends and entering into certain merger transactions is governed, in part, by our ability to satisfy tests based on covenant Adjusted EBITDA.

The Senior Notes and the Senior Secured Credit Facilities generally define Adjusted EBITDA as net income (loss) before interest expense, income tax expense (benefit), depreciation and amortization, as further adjusted to exclude certain unusual, non-cash, and other items permitted in calculating covenant compliance under the indenture governing the Senior Notes and the Senior Secured Credit Facilities.

We believe that the presentation of Adjusted EBITDA is appropriate to provide additional information to investors about the calculation of, and compliance with, certain financial covenants in the indenture governing the Senior Notes and in the Senior Secured Credit Facilities. Adjusted EBITDA is a material component of these covenants. In addition, investors, lenders, financial analysts and rating agencies have historically used EBITDA related measures in our industry, along with other measures, to evaluate a company s ability to meet its debt service requirements, to estimate the value of a company and to make informed investment decisions. We also use Adjusted EBITDA in connection with certain components of our executive compensation program. Adjusted EBITDA eliminates the effect of certain non-cash depreciation of tangible assets and amortization of intangible assets, along with the effects of interest rates and changes in capitalization which management believes may not necessarily be indicative of a company s underlying operating performance.

Adjusted EBITDA is not a recognized term under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for a measure of our liquidity or performance prepared in accordance with GAAP and is not indicative of income from operations as determined under GAAP. Adjusted EBITDA and other non-GAAP financial measures have limitations which should be considered before using these measures to evaluate our liquidity or financial performance. Adjusted EBITDA, as presented by us, may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies due to varying methods of calculation.

The following table reconciles Adjusted EBITDA to net loss for the periods indicated:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,			
	2014 2013			2013
	(Unaudited, amounts in			
	thousands)			
Net loss	\$	(49,431)	\$	(40,360)
Benefit from income taxes		(30,040)		(24,046)
Interest expense		20,046		28,606
Depreciation and amortization		41,276		41,408
Secondary offering costs ^(a)		674		
Advisory fees ^(b)				925
Equity-based compensation expense (c)		762		320
Other adjusting items ^(d)				111
Other non-cash expenses ^(e)		908		4,147
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	(15,805)	\$	11,111

- (a) Reflects fees and expenses incurred prior to March 31, 2014 in connection with the secondary offering of our common stock in April 2014. The selling stockholders received all of the net proceeds from the offering and we paid all expenses related to the offering, other than underwriting discounts and commissions. No shares were sold by us in the secondary offering.
- (b) Reflects historical fees paid to an affiliate of Blackstone under the 2009 Advisory Agreement. The 2009 Advisory Agreement was terminated on April 24, 2013 in connection with the Company s initial public offering.
- (c) Reflects non-cash compensation expense associated with the grants of equity compensation.

- (d) Reflects costs related to our acquisition of the Knott s Soak City Chula Vista water park and pre-opening costs related to Aquatica San Diego.
- (e) Reflects non-cash expenses related to miscellaneous asset write-offs which were expensed.

## **Contractual Obligations**

There have been no material changes to our contractual obligations from those previously disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K.

## **Critical Accounting Policies**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of certain assets and liabilities, revenues and expenses, and disclosure of contingencies during the reporting period. Significant estimates and assumptions include the valuation and useful lives of long-lived tangible and intangible assets, the valuation of goodwill and other indefinite-lived intangible assets, the accounting for income taxes, the accounting for self-insurance, revenue recognition and equity-based compensation. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The critical accounting estimates associated with these policies are described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K under Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations . These critical accounting policies include property and equipment, impairment of long-lived assets, goodwill and other indefinite-lived intangible assets, accounting for income taxes, self-insurance reserves, and revenue recognition. There have been no material changes to our significant accounting policies as compared to the significant accounting policies described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K.

#### **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

We had no off-balance sheet arrangements as of March 31, 2014.

#### **Recently Issued Financial Accounting Standards**

The Company reviews new accounting pronouncements as they are issued or proposed by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB). The Company is not aware of any new accounting pronouncements that will have a material impact on the Company s financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

#### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

#### Inflation

The impact of inflation has affected, and will continue to affect, our operations significantly. Our costs of food, merchandise and other revenues are influenced by inflation and fluctuations in global commodity prices. In addition, costs for construction, repairs and maintenance are all subject to inflationary pressures.

## Interest Rate Risk

We are exposed to market risks from fluctuations in interest rates, and to a lesser extent on currency exchange rates, from time to time, on imported rides and equipment. The objective of our financial risk management is to reduce the potential negative impact of interest rate and foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations to acceptable levels. We do not acquire market risk sensitive instruments for trading purposes.

We manage interest rate risk through the use of a combination of fixed-rate long-term debt and interest rate swaps that fix a portion of our variable-rate long-term debt.

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives designated and that qualify as cash flow hedges is recorded in accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income and is subsequently reclassified into earnings in the period that the hedged forecasted transaction affects earnings. The ineffective portion of the change in fair value of the derivatives is recognized directly in earnings. Amounts reported in accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income related to derivatives will be reclassified to interest expense as interest payments are made on our variable-rate debt. During the next 12 months, our estimate is that an additional \$2.9 million will be reclassified as an increase to interest expense.

After considering the impact of interest rate swap agreements, at March 31, 2014, approximately \$1,260.0 million of our outstanding long-term debt represents fixed-rate debt and approximately \$394.5 million represents variable-rate debt. Assuming an average balance on our revolving credit borrowings of approximately \$40.0 million, a hypothetical 100 bps increase in 3 month LIBOR on our variable-rate debt would lead to an increase of approximately \$2.3 million in annual cash interest costs due to the impact of our fixed-rate swap agreements.

## Item 4. Controls and Procedures Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Regulations under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act ), require public companies, including us, to maintain disclosure controls and procedures, which are defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and Rule 15d-15(e) to mean a company s controls and other procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC s rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required or necessary disclosures. In designing and evaluating our disclosure controls and procedures, management recognizes that disclosure controls and procedures, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the disclosure controls and procedures are met. Additionally, in designing disclosure controls and procedures, our management necessarily was required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible disclosure controls and procedures. Our principal executive officer and principal financial officer have concluded, based on the evaluation of the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures by our management as of the end of the fiscal quarter covered by this Quarterly Report, that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective to accomplish their objectives at a reasonable assurance level.

## **Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

Regulations under the Exchange Act require public companies, including our Company, to evaluate any change in our internal control over financial reporting as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(f) and Rule 15d-15(f) of the Exchange Act. There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the fiscal quarter covered by this Quarterly Report that have materially affected, or that are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

## PART II OTHER INFORMATION

#### Item 1. Legal Proceedings

We are subject to various allegations, claims and legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business.

While it is impossible to determine with certainty the ultimate outcome of any of these proceedings, lawsuits and claims, management believes that adequate provisions have been made and insurance secured for all currently pending proceedings so that the ultimate outcomes will not have a material adverse effect on our financial position.

## Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes to the risk factors set forth in Item 1A. to Part I of our Form 10-K, as filed on March 21, 2014, except as noted below and except to the extent factual information disclosed elsewhere in this Form 10-Q relates to such risk factors.

#### Featuring animals at our theme parks involves risks.

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Our theme parks feature numerous displays and interactions that include animals. All animal enterprises involve some degree of risk. All animal interaction by our employees and our guests in attractions in our theme parks, where offered, involves risk. While we maintain strict safety procedures for the protection of our employees and guests, injuries or death, while rare, have occurred in the past. For example, in February 2010, a trainer was killed while engaged in an interaction with a killer whale. Following this incident, we were subject to an inspection by the U.S. Department of Labor s Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), which resulted in three citations concerning alleged violations of the Occupational Safety and Health Act and certain regulations thereunder. In 2012, we initiated an appeal of certain of these citations with the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit. On April 11, 2014, the Court of Appeals denied our appeal. That decision is not yet final and remains appealable. We are considering our options for further appeal. In connection with this incident, we reviewed and revised our safety protocols and made certain safety-related facility enhancements. This incident has also been and continues to be the subject of significant media attention, including extensive television and newspaper coverage, a documentary and a book, as well as discussions in social media. This incident and similar events that may occur in the future may harm our reputation, reduce attendance and negatively impact our business, financial condition and results of operations.

In addition, six killer whales are presently on loan to a third party. Although the occurrence of any accident or injury involving these killer whales would be outside of our control, any such occurrence could negatively affect our business and reputation.

We maintain insurance of the type and in amounts that we believe is commercially reasonable and that is available to animal enterprise related businesses in the theme park industry. We cannot predict the level of the premiums that we may be required to pay for subsequent insurance coverage, the level of any self-insurance retention applicable thereto, the level of aggregate coverage available, or the availability of coverage for specific risks.

## Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

The Company had no unregistered sales of equity securities during the first quarter of 2014. The following table sets forth information with respect to shares of our common stock purchased by the Company during the periods indicated:

		Total Number	(or Approximat Total Number d <b>D</b> ollar Value) o Shares Purch <b>Stea</b> res that May as Part of Publicly Be		<b>ed</b> res that May Yet
		of Shares	<b>Price Paid</b>	or	the Plans or
Period Beginning	Period Ending	Purchased (1)	per Share	Programs	Programs
January 1, 2014	January 31, 2014	309	\$ 28.69		
February 1, 2014	February 28, 2014	140	32.94		
March 1, 2014	March 31, 2014	2,092	34.40		
		2,541	\$ 33.63		

(1) All purchases were made pursuant to the Company s 2013 Omnibus Incentive Plan, under which participants may satisfy tax withholding obligations incurred upon the vesting of restricted stock by requesting the Company to withhold shares with a value equal to the amount of the withholding obligation.

#### Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

Not applicable.

## Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

## Item 5. Other Information Rule 10b5-1 Plans

Our policy governing transactions in our securities by our directors, officers and employees permits such persons to adopt stock trading plans pursuant to Rule 10b5-1 promulgated by the SEC under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Our directors, officers and employees have in the past and may from time to time establish such stock trading plans. We do not undertake any obligation to disclose, or to update or revise any disclosure regarding, any such plans and specifically do not undertake to disclose the adoption, amendment, termination or expiration of any such plans.

#### Iran Threat Reduction and Syria Human Rights Act of 2012

Pursuant to Section 219 of the Iran Threat Reduction and Syria Human Rights Act of 2012, which added Section 13(r) of the Exchange Act, the Company hereby incorporates by reference herein Exhibit 99.1 of this report, which includes disclosures publicly filed and/or provided to Blackstone, an affiliate of our major stockholders, by Travelport Limited which may be considered the Company s affiliate.

## Item 6. Exhibits

See Exhibit Index immediately following signature page hereto, which is incorporated herein by reference.

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

#### SEAWORLD ENTERTAINMENT, INC.

(Registrant)

Date: May 15, 2014	By: /s/ James M. Heaney James M. Heaney Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)
Date: May 15, 2014	By: /s/ Marc G. Swanson Marc G. Swanson Chief Accounting Officer (Principal Accounting Officer)

## EXHIBIT INDEX

The following is a list of all exhibits filed or furnished as part of this report:

Exhibit No.	Description
10.1	Share Repurchase Agreement dated March 28, 2014, between SeaWorld Entertainment, Inc. and the Partnerships (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.45 to the Registrant s Registration Statement on Form S-1/A filed on April 2, 2014 (No. 333-194751))
10.2	Outside Director Compensation Policy (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.46 to the Registrant s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013)
10.3*	Amended and Restated Outside Director Compensation Policy
31.1*	Certification of Periodic Report by Chief Executive Officer under Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2*	Certification of Periodic Report by Chief Financial Officer under Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1*	Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2*	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
99.1*	Section 13(r) Disclosure
101.INS**	XBRL Instance Document.
101.SCH**	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
101.CAL**	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
101.DEF**	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.
101.LAB**	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.
101.PRE**	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.

* Filed herewith.

** XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language) information is furnished and not filed for purposes of

Sections 11 and 12 of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The agreements and other documents filed as exhibits to this report are not intended to provide factual information or other disclosure other than with respect to the terms of the agreements or other documents themselves, and you should not rely on them for that purpose. In particular, any representations and warranties made by us in these agreements or other documents were made solely within the specific context of the relevant agreement or document and may not describe the actual state of affairs as of the date they were made or at any other time.