

NEWMONT MINING CORP /DE/  
Form 10-Q  
April 25, 2014  
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**UNITED STATES**  
**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
**Washington, D. C. 20549**

**Form 10-Q**

(Mark One)

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**For the Quarterly Period Ended March 31, 2014**

**or**

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_**

**Commission File Number: 001-31240**

**NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION**

**(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)**

<b>Delaware</b> <b>(State or Other Jurisdiction of</b>	<b>84-1611629</b> <b>(I.R.S. Employer</b>
<b>Incorporation or Organization)</b>	<b>Identification No.)</b>
<b>6363 South Fiddler s Green Circle</b> <b>Greenwood Village, Colorado</b> <b>(Address of Principal Executive Offices)</b>	<b>80111</b> <b>(Zip Code)</b>
<b>Registrant s telephone number, including area code (303) 863-7414</b>	

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.  Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).  Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12-b2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer   
Non-accelerated filer  (Do not check if a smaller reporting company.) Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12-b2 of the Exchange Act).  Yes  No

There were 498,529,240 shares of common stock outstanding on April 16, 2014.

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Table of Contents**PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION****ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.****NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME****(unaudited, in millions except per share)**

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>
Sales (Note 4)	\$ 1,764	\$ 2,188
Costs and expenses		
Costs applicable to sales <sup>(1)</sup> (Note 4)	1,083	1,057
Amortization (Note 4)	298	267
Reclamation and remediation (Note 5)	20	18
Exploration	34	59
Advanced projects, research and development	42	52
General and administrative	45	56
Other expense, net (Note 6)	52	100
	1,574	1,609
Other income (expense)		
Other income, net (Note 7)	46	26
Interest expense, net	(93)	(65)
	(47)	(39)
Income before income and mining tax and other items	143	540
Income and mining tax expense (Note 8)	(78)	(180)
Equity income (loss) of affiliates		(4)
Income from continuing operations	65	356
Income (loss) from discontinued operations (Note 9)	(17)	
Net income	48	356
Net loss (income) attributable to noncontrolling interests (Note 10)	52	(42)
Net income attributable to Newmont stockholders	\$ 100	\$ 314
Net income (loss) attributable to Newmont stockholders:		
Continuing operations	\$ 117	\$ 314

Discontinued operations	(17)		
	\$ 100	\$ 314	
Income (loss) per common share (Note 11)			
Basic:			
Continuing operations	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.63	
Discontinued operations	(0.03)		
	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.63	
Diluted:			
Continuing operations	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.63	
Discontinued operations	(0.03)		
	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.63	
Cash dividends declared per common share	\$ 0.150	\$ 0.425	

(1) Excludes *Amortization and Reclamation and remediation*.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

**Table of Contents****NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION****STATEMENTS OF CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)****(unaudited, in millions)**

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>
	<b>(in millions)</b>	
Net income	\$ 48	\$ 356
Other comprehensive income (loss):		
Unrealized gain(loss) on marketable securities, net of \$(1) and \$38 tax benefit (expense), respectively	(31)	(52)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(5)	(12)
Change in pension and other post-retirement benefits, net of \$1 and \$3 tax expense, respectively	2	5
Change in fair value of cash flow hedge instruments, net of \$4 and \$15 tax benefit (expense), respectively		
Net change from periodic revaluations	9	21
Net amount reclassified to income		(24)
Net unrecognized (loss) gain on derivatives	9	(3)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(25)	(62)
Comprehensive income	\$ 23	\$ 294
Comprehensive income attributable to:		
Newmont stockholders	\$ 77	\$ 253
Noncontrolling interests	(54)	41
	\$ 23	\$ 294

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

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**NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

(unaudited, in millions)

	<b>Three Months Ended</b>	
	<b>March 31,</b>	
	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>
<b>Operating activities:</b>		
Net income	\$ 48	\$ 356
<b>Adjustments:</b>		
Amortization	298	267
Stock based compensation and other non-cash benefits	13	19
Reclamation and remediation	20	18
Loss (income) from discontinued operations	17	
Impairment of marketable securities	1	4
Deferred income taxes	35	(11)
Gain on asset and investment sales, net	(50)	(1)
Other operating adjustments and write-downs	151	74
Net change in operating assets and liabilities (Note 24)	(350)	(287)
Net cash provided from continuing operations	183	439
Net cash used in discontinued operations	(3)	(6)
<b>Net cash provided from operations</b>	<b>180</b>	<b>433</b>
<b>Investing activities:</b>		
Additions to property, plant and mine development	(235)	(510)
Acquisitions, net	(28)	(8)
Sale of marketable securities	25	1
Purchases of marketable securities	(1)	(1)
Proceeds from sale of other assets	70	25
Other	(9)	(14)
<b>Net cash used in investing activities</b>	<b>(178)</b>	<b>(507)</b>
<b>Financing activities:</b>		
Proceeds from debt, net	3	80
Proceeds from stock issuance, net		1
Sale of noncontrolling interests		32
Acquisition of noncontrolling interests	(2)	(6)
Dividends paid to common stockholders	(77)	(211)
Other	(4)	(1)
<b>Net cash provided from (used in) financing activities</b>	<b>(80)</b>	<b>(105)</b>



Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	(2)	(4)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(80)	(183)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	1,555	1,561
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 1,475	\$ 1,378

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

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**NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

(unaudited, in millions)

	At March 31, 2014	At December 31, 2013
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,475	\$ 1,555
Trade receivables	206	230
Accounts receivable	319	252
Investments (Note 16)	83	78
Inventories (Note 17)	814	717
Stockpiles and ore on leach pads (Note 18)	760	805
Deferred income tax assets	239	246
Other current assets (Note 19)	1,351	1,006
Current assets	5,247	4,889
Property, plant and mine development, net	14,138	14,277
Investments (Note 16)	393	439
Stockpiles and ore on leach pads (Note 18)	2,723	2,680
Deferred income tax assets	1,416	1,473
Other long-term assets (Note 19)	881	849
Total assets	\$ 24,798	\$ 24,607
<b>LIABILITIES</b>		
Debt (Note 20)	\$ 615	\$ 595
Accounts payable	463	478
Employee-related benefits	247	341
Income and mining taxes	27	13
Other current liabilities (Note 21)	1,532	1,313
Current liabilities	2,884	2,740
Debt (Note 20)	6,146	6,145
Reclamation and remediation liabilities (Note 5)	1,519	1,513
Deferred income tax liabilities	696	635
Employee-related benefits	333	323
Other long-term liabilities (Note 21)	339	342
Total liabilities	11,917	11,698
Commitments and contingencies (Note 26)		
<b>EQUITY</b>		
Common stock	798	789

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Additional paid-in capital	8,458	8,441
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(205)	(182)
Retained earnings	968	945
Newmont stockholders' equity	10,019	9,993
Noncontrolling interests	2,862	2,916
Total equity	12,881	12,909
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 24,798	\$ 24,607

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

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**NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION**

**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)**

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

**NOTE 1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements ( interim statements ) of Newmont Mining Corporation and its subsidiaries (collectively, Newmont or the Company ) are unaudited. In the opinion of management, all adjustments and disclosures necessary for a fair presentation of these interim statements have been included. The results reported in these interim statements are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be reported for the entire year. These interim statements should be read in conjunction with Newmont's Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2013 filed February 20, 2014 on Form 10-K. The year-end balance sheet data was derived from the audited financial statements and, in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q, certain information and footnote disclosures required by United States generally accepted accounting principles ( GAAP ) have been condensed or omitted. References to A\$ refer to Australian currency, C\$ to Canadian currency and NZ\$ to New Zealand currency.

On February 18, 2014 the Company redeemed all outstanding exchangeable shares (other than those held by Newmont and its affiliates). On the date of the redemption, holders of exchangeable shares received, in exchange for each exchangeable share, one share of common stock of Newmont. At December 31, 2013, the value of the remaining outstanding exchangeable shares was included in *Additional paid-in capital* and *Common shares*.

Certain amounts in prior years have been reclassified to conform to the 2014 presentation. Reclassifications are related to a change in our reportable segments (see Notes 2 and 4), and include a change from by-product accounting for our Phoenix segment to co-product accounting.

In March 2014, we completed a review of our deferred tax and stockpile balances that resulted in the identification of certain errors in these accounts. These errors were not material to our consolidated financial condition, results of operations or cash flows as presented in our previously filed annual and quarterly financial statements; however, the adjustment to correct the cumulative effect of these errors would have been material if recorded in the first quarter of 2014. Accordingly, we revised our financial statements to correct these errors at and for the year ended December 31, 2013. The cumulative decrease to retained earnings was \$148 at January 1, 2014. See Note 2 Revision of Financial Statements.

**NOTE 2 REVISION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

In March 2014, we determined our deferred tax assets related to certain foreign subsidiaries and Yanacocha stockpiles were overstated by \$143 and \$20 (\$14 net of tax) at December 31, 2013, respectively. The stockpiles revision increased *Costs applicable to sales* by \$2 (\$1 net of tax) for the three months ended March 31, 2013. We have assessed the materiality of these misstatements in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Commission's Staff Accounting Bulletin ( SAB ) No. 99 and concluded that these errors are not material to our previously issued consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, by reference to SAB No. 108, our previously issued consolidated financial statements have been revised as follows:

## Three Months Ended March 31, 2013

## Condensed Consolidated Statement of

Income	As Previously Co-product			As Revised
	Reported	Reclassification <sup>(1)</sup>	Revision	
Sales	\$ 2,177	\$ 11	\$	\$ 2,188
Costs applicable to sales	1,044	11	2	1,057
Net income (loss)	357		(1)	356
Net income (loss) attributable to Newmont stockholders	315		(1)	314
Income (loss) per common share				
Basic	\$ 0.63	\$	\$	\$ 0.63
Diluted	\$ 0.63	\$	\$	\$ 0.63

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## NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows	Three Months Ended March 31, 2013		
	As Previously		
	Reported	Revision	As Revised
Net income	\$ 357	\$ (1)	\$ 356
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities	(288)	1	(287)
Net cash provided from continuing operations	439		439

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet	At December 31, 2013		
	As Previously		
	Reported	Revision	As Revised
Stockpiles and ore on leach pads <sup>(2)</sup>	\$ 3,506	\$ (21)	\$ 3,485
Deferred income tax assets <sup>(3)</sup>	1,860	(141)	1,719
Other long-term assets	844	5	849
Total Assets	24,764	(157)	24,607
Employee-related benefits	325	(2)	323
Total liabilities	11,700	(2)	11,698
Retained earnings	1,093	(148)	945
Newmont stockholders' equity	10,141	(148)	9,993
Noncontrolling interests	2,923	(7)	2,916
Total equity	13,064	(155)	12,909
Total liabilities and equity	24,764	(157)	24,607

(1) Refer to Note 1 for information on the segment reclassifications.

(2) Includes current and noncurrent stockpiles and ore on leach pads.

(3) Includes current and noncurrent deferred tax assets.

**NOTE 3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES****Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements***Presentation of an Unrecognized Tax Benefit*

In July 2013, ASC guidance was issued related to the presentation of an unrecognized tax benefit when a net operating loss carryforward, a similar tax loss or a tax credit carryforward exists. The updated guidance requires an entity to net its unrecognized tax benefits against the deferred tax assets for all same jurisdiction net operating loss carryforward, a similar tax loss, or tax credit carryforwards. A gross presentation will be required only if such carryforwards are not available or would not be used by the entity to settle any additional income taxes resulting from disallowance of the uncertain tax position. Adoption of the new guidance, effective for the fiscal year beginning January 1, 2014, had no

impact on the consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

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**NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION**

**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)**

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

***Foreign Currency Matters***

In March 2013, ASC guidance was issued related to Foreign Currency Matters to clarify the treatment of cumulative translation adjustments when a parent sells a part or all of its investment in a foreign entity or no longer holds a controlling financial interest in a subsidiary or group of assets that is a business within a foreign entity. The updated guidance also resolves the diversity in practice for the treatment of business combinations achieved in stages in a foreign entity. Adoption of the new guidance, effective for the fiscal year beginning January 1, 2014, had no impact on the consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

***Discontinued Operations***

In April 2014, ASC guidance was issued related to Discontinued Operations which changed the criteria for determining which disposals can be presented as discontinued operations and modified related disclosure requirements. The updated guidance requires an entity to only classify discontinued operations due to a major strategic shift or a major effect on an entity's operations in the financial statements. The updated guidance will also require additional disclosures relating to discontinued operations. The Company early adopted this guidance prospectively at the beginning of fiscal year January 1, 2014. Adoption of the new guidance did not have an impact on the consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

**NOTE 4 SEGMENT INFORMATION**

The Company's reportable segments are based upon the Company's management structure that is focused on the geographic region for the Company's operations. Geographic regions include North America, South America, Australia/New Zealand, Indonesia, Africa and Corporate and Other. Segment results for 2013 have been retrospectively revised to reflect a change in our reportable segments to align with a change in the chief operating decision makers' evaluation of the organization, effective in the first quarter of 2014. The Nevada operations have been revised to reflect Carlin, Phoenix, and Twin Creeks segments and Other Australia/New Zealand operations have been revised to reflect Tanami, Jundee, Waihi and Kalgoorlie segments. The Conga development project will be reported in the Other South America segment. The Nimba and Merian development projects, historically reported in Other Africa and Other South America, respectively, will be reported in Corporate and Other. The financial information relating to the Company's segments for all periods presented have been updated to reflect these changes and is as follows:



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(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

	Sales	Costs Applicable to Sales	Amortization	Advanced Projects and Exploration	Pre-Tax Income (Loss)	Capital Expenditures <sup>(1)</sup>
<b>Three Months Ended March 31, 2014</b>						
Carlin	\$ 293	\$ 192	\$ 35	\$ 4	\$ 61	\$ 42
Phoenix						
Gold	70	34	5			
Copper	32	26	3			
Total	102	60	8	1	29	7
Twin Creeks	132	55	11	1	111	32
La Herradura	31	16	8	4	3	6
Other North America				6	(9)	5
North America	558	323	62	16	195	92
Yanacocha	265	221	101	7	(87)	14
Other South America				8	(8)	7
South America	265	221	101	15	(95)	21
<b>Boddington:</b>						
Gold	220	142	25			
Copper	39	40	6			
Total	259	182	31		37	20
Tanami	105	55	17	1	28	20
Jundee	82	42	17	1	21	7
Waihi	33	19	5		7	3
Kalgoorlie	118	77	6	1	33	1
Other Australia/New Zealand			4	1	(12)	1
Australia/New Zealand	597	375	80	4	114	52
<b>Batu Hijau:</b>						
Gold	8	8	2			
Copper	42	57	13			
Total	50	65	15	1	(51)	15

Indonesia	50	65	15	1	(51)	15
Ahafo	141	61	16	9	44	22
Akyem	153	38	21		88	1
Other Africa				2	(3)	
Africa	294	99	37	11	129	23
Corporate and Other			3	29	(149)	6
Consolidated	\$ 1,764	\$ 1,083	\$ 298	\$ 76	\$ 143	\$ 209

(1) Includes a decrease in accrued capital expenditures of \$26; consolidated capital expenditures on a cash basis were \$235.

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(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

	Sales	Costs Applicable to Sales	Amortization	Advanced Projects and Exploration	Pre-Tax Income (Loss)	Capital Expenditures <sup>(1)</sup>
<b>Three Months Ended</b>						
<b>March 31, 2013</b>						
Carlin	\$ 351	\$ 179	\$ 32	\$ 11	\$ 128	\$ 46
Phoenix						
Gold	53	41	7			
Copper	11	11	2			
Total	64	52	9	4	(4)	31
Twin Creeks	166	52	18	3	92	25
La Herradura	90	40	6	6	37	19
Other North America				8	(9)	4
North America	671	323	65	32	244	125
Yanacocha	455	160	70	13	193	48
Other South America				3	(2)	86
South America	455	160	70	16	191	134
Boddington:						
Gold	329	174	42			
Copper	65	48	10			
Total	394	222	52		115	25
Tanami	98	75	16	2	4	23
Jundee	124	54	16	4	50	13
Waihi	50	28	8	1	12	3
Kalgoorlie	120	75	5	1	39	1
Other Australia/New Zealand			2	4	(12)	1
Australia/New Zealand	786	454	99	12	208	66
Batu Hijau:						
Gold	11	7	2			
Copper	70	47	9			
Total	81	54	11	6	(4)	23

Other Indonesia					3	
Indonesia	81	54	11	6	(1)	23
Ahafo	195	66	17	13	103	60
Akyem				3	(5)	66
Other Africa				2	(9)	
Africa	195	66	17	18	89	126
Corporate and Other			5	27	(191)	23
Consolidated	\$ 2,188	\$ 1,057	\$ 267	\$ 111	\$ 540	\$ 497

- (1) Includes a decrease in accrued capital expenditures of \$13; consolidated capital expenditures on a cash basis were \$510.

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## NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

## NOTE 5 RECLAMATION AND REMEDIATION

The Company's *Reclamation and remediation* expense consisted of:

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>
Accretion operating	\$ 18	\$ 15
Accretion non-operating	2	3
	<b>\$ 20</b>	<b>\$ 18</b>

At March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, \$1,441 and \$1,432, respectively, were accrued for reclamation obligations relating to operating properties. In addition, the Company is involved in several matters concerning environmental obligations associated with former, primarily historic, mining activities. Generally, these matters concern developing and implementing remediation plans at the various sites involved. At March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, \$174 and \$179, respectively, were accrued for such obligations. These amounts are also included in *Reclamation and remediation liabilities*.

The following is a reconciliation of *Reclamation and remediation liabilities*:

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 1,611	\$ 1,539
Additions, changes in estimates and other	(8)	(3)
Liabilities settled	(8)	(9)
Accretion expense	20	18
Balance at end of period	<b>\$ 1,615</b>	<b>\$ 1,545</b>

The current portion of *Reclamation and remediation liabilities* of \$96 and \$98 at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively, are included in *Other current liabilities* (see Note 21).

## NOTE 6 OTHER EXPENSE, NET

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>
Regional administration	\$ 15	\$ 18
Community development	11	13
Restructuring and other	7	9
Western Australia power plant	6	4
World Gold Council dues	1	1
Transaction/Acquisition costs		45
Other	12	10
	\$ 52	\$ 100

**Table of Contents****NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)**

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

**NOTE 7 OTHER INCOME, NET**

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>
Gain on Midas sale	\$ 47	\$ 3
Refinery income, net	4	3
Gain on sale of investments, net	4	
Development projects, net	2	1
Interest	1	4
Canadian Oil Sands dividends		10
Derivative ineffectiveness, net		3
Impairment of marketable securities	(1)	(4)
Foreign currency exchange, net	(14)	(3)
Other	3	12
	<b>\$ 46</b>	<b>\$ 26</b>

**NOTE 8 INCOME AND MINING TAXES**

During the first quarter of 2014, the Company recorded estimated income and mining tax expense of \$78 resulting in an effective tax rate of 55%. Estimated income and mining tax expense during the first quarter of 2013 was \$180 for an effective tax rate of 33%.

The Company's income and mining tax expense differed from the statutory rate of 35% for the following reasons:

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>			
	<b>2014</b>		<b>2013</b>	
<i>Income before income and mining tax and other items</i>		\$ 143		\$ 540
Tax on income at 35% statutory rate	35%	\$ 50	35%	\$ 189
Reconciling items:				
Percentage depletion	(8)	(11)	(7)	(41)
Change in valuation allowance on deferred tax assets	9	13	1	6
Disallowed loss on sale of Midas	9	13		
Mining and other taxes	6	8	3	18
Effect of foreign earnings, net of credits	2	2		

Other	2	3	1	8
<i>Income and mining tax expense</i>	55%	\$ 78	33%	\$ 180

The Company operates in numerous countries around the world and accordingly it is subject to, and pays annual income taxes under, the various income tax regimes in the countries in which it operates. Some of these tax regimes are defined by contractual agreements with the local government, and others are defined by the general corporate income tax laws of the country. The Company has historically filed, and continues to file, all required income tax returns and pay the income taxes reasonably determined to be due. The tax rules and regulations in many countries are highly complex and subject to interpretation. From time to time the Company is subject to a review of its historic income tax filings and in connection with such reviews, disputes can arise with the taxing authorities over the interpretation or application of certain rules to the Company's business conducted within the country involved.

At March 31, 2014, the Company's total unrecognized tax benefit was \$321 for uncertain income tax positions taken or expected to be taken on income tax returns. Of this, \$78 represents the amount of unrecognized tax benefits that, if recognized, would affect the Company's effective income tax rate.



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(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

As a result of the statute of limitations that expire in the next 12 months in various jurisdictions, and possible settlements of audit-related issues with taxing authorities in various jurisdictions with respect to which none of the issues are individually significant, the Company believes that it is reasonably possible that the total amount of its net unrecognized income tax benefits will decrease by approximately \$5 to \$10 in the next 12 months.

**NOTE 9 DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS**

Discontinued operations include Holloway Mining Company, which owned the Holt-McDermott property ( Holt property ) that was sold to St. Andrew Goldfields Ltd. ( St. Andrew ) in 2006. In 2009, the Superior Court issued a decision finding Newmont Canada Corporation ( Newmont Canada ) liable for a sliding scale royalty on production from the Holt property, which was upheld in 2011 by the Ontario Court of Appeal. During the first quarter of 2014, the Company recorded a charge of \$17, net of tax benefits of \$8, related to an increase in gold price, an increase in expected future production and a decrease in discount rates at quarter end.

*Net operating cash used in discontinued operations* of \$3 and \$6 in the first quarter of 2014 and 2013 respectively relates to payments on the Holt property royalty.

**NOTE 10 NET INCOME (LOSS) ATTRIBUTABLE TO NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS**

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>
Minera Yanacocha	\$ (29)	\$ 57
Batu Hijau	(23)	(3)
TMAC	(1)	(12)
Other	1	
	<b>\$ (52)</b>	<b>\$ 42</b>

Newmont has a 51.35% ownership interest in Minera Yanacocha S.R.L. ( Yanacocha ), with the remaining interests held by Compañia de Minas Buenaventura, S.A.A. (43.65%) and the International Finance Corporation (5%).

Newmont has a 48.5% effective economic interest in PT Newmont Nusa Tenggara ( PTNNT ) with remaining interests held by an affiliate of Sumitomo Corporation of Japan and various Indonesian entities. PTNNT operates the Batu Hijau copper and gold mine in Indonesia. Based on ASC guidance for variable interest entities, Newmont consolidates PTNNT in its Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Newmont has a 70.4% economic ownership interest in TMAC, with remaining interests held by various outside investors.



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## NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

## NOTE 11 INCOME PER COMMON SHARE

Basic income per common share is computed by dividing income available to Newmont common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted income per common share is computed similarly except that weighted average common shares is increased to reflect all dilutive instruments.

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>
Net income attributable to Newmont stockholders	\$ 100	\$ 314
Weighted average common shares (millions):		
Basic	498	497
Effect of employee stock-based awards	1	1
<b>Diluted</b>	<b>499</b>	<b>498</b>
Net income attributable to Newmont stockholders per common share		
Basic:		
Continuing operations	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.63
Discontinued operations	(0.03)	
	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.63
Diluted:		
Continuing operations	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.63
Discontinued operations	(0.03)	
	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.63

Options to purchase 3 and 4 million shares of common stock at average exercise prices of \$48 and \$49 were outstanding at March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively, but were not included in the computation of diluted weighted average common shares because their exercise prices exceeded the average price of the Company's common stock for the respective periods presented.

Newmont is required to settle the principal amount of its 2014 and 2017 Convertible Senior Notes in cash and may elect to settle the remaining conversion premium (average share price in excess of the conversion price), if any, in cash, shares or a combination thereof. The effect of contingently convertible instruments on diluted earnings per share is calculated under the net share settlement method in accordance with ASC guidance. The conversion price exceeded

the Company's share price for the periods presented, therefore no additional shares were included in the computation of diluted weighted average common shares.

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## NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

## NOTE 12 EMPLOYEE PENSION AND OTHER BENEFIT PLANS

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>
Pension benefit costs, net		
Service cost	\$ 6	\$ 9
Interest cost	10	10
Expected return on plan assets	(13)	(12)
Amortization, net	3	8
	\$ 6	\$ 15

	<b>Three</b>	
	<b>Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>
Other benefit costs, net		
Service cost	\$ 1	\$ 1
Interest cost	2	1
	\$ 3	\$ 2

## NOTE 13 STOCK BASED COMPENSATION

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>
Stock options	\$ 1	\$ 3
Restricted stock units	7	9
Performance leveraged stock units	3	2
Stock performance units	3	
	\$ 14	\$ 14

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## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

## NOTE 14 FAIR VALUE ACCOUNTING

The following table sets forth the Company's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis (at least annually) by level within the fair value hierarchy. As required by accounting guidance, assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

	Fair Value at March 31, 2014			
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
<b>Assets:</b>				
Cash equivalents	\$ 816	\$ 816	\$	\$
<b>Marketable equity securities:</b>				
Extractive industries	296	296		
Other	15	15		
<b>Marketable debt securities:</b>				
Asset backed commercial paper	23			23
Auction rate securities	5			5
Trade receivable from provisional copper and gold concentrate sales, net	183	183		
	\$ 1,338	\$ 1,310	\$	\$ 28
<b>Liabilities:</b>				
<b>Derivative instruments, net:</b>				
Foreign exchange forward contracts	\$ 53	\$	\$ 53	\$
Boddington contingent consideration	10			10
Holt property royalty	156			156
	\$ 219	\$	\$ 53	\$ 166

The fair values of the derivative instruments in the table above are presented on a net basis. The gross amounts related to the fair value of the derivatives instruments above are included in the *Derivatives Instruments* Note (see Note 15). All other Fair Value disclosures in the above table are presented on a gross basis.

The following table sets forth a summary of the quantitative and qualitative information related to the unobservable inputs used in the calculation of the Company's Level 3 financial assets and liabilities at March 31, 2014:

Description	At March 31,		Unobservable input	Range/Weighted average
	2014	Valuation technique		
Auction Rate Securities	\$ 5	Discounted cash flow	Weighted average recoverability rate	58%
Asset Backed Commercial Paper	23	Discounted cash flow	Recoverability rate	90%
Boddington Contingent Consideration	10	Monte Carlo	Discount rate	5%
			Long Term Gold price	\$ 1,300
			Long Term Copper price	\$ 3.00
Holt property royalty	156	Monte Carlo	Weighted average discount rate	5%
			Long Term Gold price	\$ 1,300

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## NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

The following table sets forth a summary of changes in the fair value of the Company's Level 3 financial assets and liabilities at March 31, 2014:

	Asset Backed			Boddington		Total
	Auction Rate	Commercial	Total Assets	Contingent	Holt Property	Liabilities
	Securities	Paper		Royalty	Royalty	
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 5	\$ 25	\$ 30	\$ 10	\$ 134	\$ 144
Settlements					(3)	(3)
Revaluation		(2)	(2)		25	25
Balance at end of period	\$ 5	\$ 23	\$ 28	\$ 10	\$ 156	\$ 166

At March 31, 2014, assets and liabilities classified within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy represent 2% and 76%, respectively, of total assets and liabilities measured at fair value.

**NOTE 15 DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS**

The Company's strategy is to provide shareholders with leverage to changes in gold and copper prices by selling its production at spot market prices. Consequently, the Company does not hedge its gold and copper sales. The Company continues to manage certain risks associated with commodity input costs, interest rates and foreign currencies using the derivative market. All of the derivative instruments described below were transacted for risk management purposes and qualify as cash flow hedges.

***Cash Flow Hedges***

The foreign currency and diesel contracts are designated as cash flow hedges, and as such, the effective portion of unrealized changes in market value have been recorded in *Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)* and are reclassified to income during the period in which the hedged transaction affects earnings. Gains and losses from hedge ineffectiveness are recognized in current earnings.

***Foreign Currency Contracts***

Newmont had the following foreign currency derivative contracts outstanding at March 31, 2014:

Expected Maturity Date

Total/



	<b>2014</b>	<b>2015</b>	<b>2016</b>	<b>2017</b>	<b>2018</b>	<b>Average</b>
<b>A\$ Operating Fixed Forward Contracts:</b>						
A\$ notional (millions)	234	270	158	105	6	773
Average rate (\$/A\$)	1.00	0.98	0.95	0.93	0.92	0.97
Expected hedge ratio	20%	18%	11%	7%	4%	
<b>NZ\$ Operating Fixed Forward Contracts:</b>						
NZ\$ notional (millions)	46	39	2			87
Average rate (\$/NZ\$)	0.80	0.79	0.78			0.79
Expected hedge ratio	57%	32%	9%			

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*Diesel Fixed Forward Contracts*

Newmont had the following diesel derivative contracts outstanding at March 31, 2014:

	Expected Maturity Date				Total/ Average
	2014	2015	2016	2017	
<b>Diesel Fixed Forward Contracts:</b>					
Diesel gallons (millions)	17	16	8	1	42
Average rate (\$/gallon)	2.86	2.77	2.68	2.61	2.79
Expected Nevada hedge ratio	58%	42%	21%	3%	

*Derivative Instrument Fair Values*

Newmont had the following derivative instruments designated as hedges at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013:

	Fair Value At March 31, 2014			
	Other Current Assets	Other Long- Term Assets	Other Current Liabilities	Other Long- Term Liabilities
<b>Foreign currency exchange contracts:</b>				
A\$ operating fixed forwards	\$ 3	\$ 2	\$ 24	\$ 34
NZ\$ operating fixed forwards				
Diesel fixed forwards	1		1	
<b>Total derivative instruments (Notes 19 and 21)</b>	<b>\$ 4</b>	<b>\$ 2</b>	<b>\$ 25</b>	<b>\$ 34</b>

	Fair Value At December 31, 2013			
	Other Current Assets	Other Long- Term Assets	Other Current Liabilities	Other Long- Term Liabilities
<b>Foreign currency exchange contracts:</b>				
A\$ operating fixed forwards	\$	\$	\$ 36	\$ 60

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NZ\$ operating fixed forwards	1			
Diesel fixed forwards	3	1		
Total derivative instruments (Notes 19 and 21)	\$4	\$ 1	\$ 36	\$ 60

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## NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

The following tables show the location and amount of gains (losses) reported in the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements related to the Company's cash flow hedges.

	Foreign Currency Exchange Contracts		Diesel Forward Contracts		Forward Starting Swaps	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013
<b>For the three months ended March 31,</b>						
Cash flow hedging relationships:						
Gain (loss) recognized in other comprehensive income (effective portion)	\$ 34	\$ 18	\$ (2)	\$ 3	\$	\$
Gain (loss) reclassified from Accumulated other comprehensive income into income (effective portion) (1)	5	38		1	(5)	(3)
Gain (loss) reclassified from Accumulated other comprehensive income into income (ineffective portion) (2)				3		

(1) The gain (loss) for the effective portion of the foreign exchange and diesel cash flow hedges reclassified from *Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)* is included in *Costs applicable to sales*. The realized loss for the effective portion of the forward starting swaps reclassified from *Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)* is included in *Interest Expense*.

(2) The ineffective portion recognized for cash flow hedges is included in *Other Income, net*.

The amount to be reclassified from *Accumulated other comprehensive income*, net of tax to income for derivative instruments during the next 12 months is a loss of approximately \$5.

***Provisional Copper and Gold Sales***

The Company's provisional copper and gold sales contain an embedded derivative that is required to be separated from the host contract for accounting purposes. The host contract is the receivable from the sale of the gold and copper concentrates at the prevailing indices prices at the time of sale. The embedded derivative, which does not qualify for hedge accounting, is marked to market through earnings each period prior to final settlement.

London Metal Exchange (LME) copper prices averaged \$3.19 per pound during the first quarter of 2014, compared with the Company's recorded average provisional price of \$3.12 per pound before mark-to-market adjustments and treatment and refining charges. During the first quarter of 2014, changes in copper prices resulted in a provisional pricing mark-to-market loss of \$17 (\$0.37 per pound). At March 31, 2014, Newmont had copper sales of 63 million pounds priced at an average of \$3.02 per pound, subject to final pricing over the next several months.

The average London P.M. fix for gold was \$1,293 per ounce during the first quarter of 2014, compared to the Company's recorded average provisional price of \$1,292 per ounce before mark-to-market adjustments and treatment and refining charges. During the first quarter of 2014, changes in gold prices resulted in a provisional pricing mark-to-market gain of \$4 (\$4 per ounce). At March 31, 2014, Newmont had gold sales of 130,000 ounces priced at an average of \$1,295 per ounce, subject to final pricing over the next several months.

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## NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)

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## NOTE 16 INVESTMENTS

	At March 31, 2014			
	Cost/Equity Basis	Unrealized Gain	Loss	Fair/Equity Basis
Current:				
Marketable Equity Securities:				
Gabriel Resources Ltd.	\$ 36	\$ 6	\$	\$ 42
Other	28	15	(2)	41
	\$ 64	\$ 21	\$ (2)	\$ 83
Long-term:				
Marketable Debt Securities:				
Asset backed commercial paper	\$ 22	\$ 1	\$	\$ 23
Auction rate securities	8		(3)	5
	30	1	(3)	28
Marketable Equity Securities:				
Regis Resources Ltd.	165	39		204
Other	20	5	(1)	24
	185	44	(1)	228
Other investments, at cost	20			20
Investment in Affiliates:				
Euronimba Ltd.	3			3
Minera La Zanja S.R.L.	98			98
Novo Resources Corp.	16			16
	\$ 352	\$ 45	\$ (4)	\$ 393

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(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

	<b>At December 31, 2013</b>			
	<b>Cost/Equity Basis</b>	<b>Unrealized Gain</b>	<b>Loss</b>	<b>Fair/Equity Basis</b>
<b>Current:</b>				
<b>Marketable Equity Securities:</b>				
Gabriel Resources Ltd.	\$ 37	\$	\$	\$ 37
Paladin Energy Ltd.	21	1		22
Other	19	4	(4)	19
	\$ 77	\$ 5	\$ (4)	\$ 78
<b>Long-term:</b>				
<b>Marketable Debt Securities:</b>				
Asset backed commercial paper	\$ 23	\$ 2	\$	\$ 25
Auction rate securities	8		(3)	5
	31	2	(3)	30
<b>Marketable Equity Securities:</b>				
Regis Resources Ltd.	165	88		253
Other	30	5		35
	195	93		288
Other investments, at cost	13			13
<b>Investment in Affiliates:</b>				
Minera La Zanja S.R.L.	92			92
Novo Resources Corp.	16			16
	\$ 347	\$ 95	\$ (3)	\$ 439

In March 2014, the Company sold its investment in Paladin Energy Ltd. for \$25, resulting in a pre-tax gain of \$4 recorded in *Other income, net*.

The following tables present the gross unrealized losses and fair value of the Company's investments with unrealized losses that are not deemed to be other-than-temporarily impaired, aggregated by length of time that the individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position:

	Less than 12 Months Unrealized		12 Months or Greater Unrealized		Total Unrealized	
	Fair Value	Losses	Fair Value	Losses	Fair Value	Losses
<b>At March 31, 2014</b>						
Marketable equity securities	\$ 3	\$ 2	\$	\$	\$ 3	\$ 2
Auction rate securities			5	3	5	3
	\$ 3	\$ 2	\$ 5	\$ 3	\$ 8	\$ 5

	Less than 12 Months		12 Months or Greater		Total	
	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Unrealized Losses
<b>At December 31, 2013</b>						
Marketable equity securities	\$ 54	\$ 4	\$	\$	\$ 54	\$ 4
Auction rate securities			5	3	5	3
	\$ 54	\$ 4	\$ 5	\$ 3	\$ 59	\$ 7



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## NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

While the fair value of the Company's investment in auction rate securities is below its cost, the Company views this decline as temporary. The Company has the ability and intends to hold its investment in auction rate securities until maturity or such time that the market recovers and therefore considers this loss temporary.

## NOTE 17 INVENTORIES

	At March 31, 2014	At December 31, 2013
In-process	\$ 120	\$ 97
Concentrate	184	108
Precious metals	20	26
Materials, supplies and other	490	486
	\$ 814	\$ 717

The Company recorded write-downs of \$1 and \$1, classified as components of *Costs applicable to sales* and *Amortization*, respectively, for the first quarter of 2014, to reduce the carrying value of Yanacocha's inventories to net realizable value.

## NOTE 18 STOCKPILES AND ORE ON LEACH PADS

	At March 31, 2014	At December 31, 2013
<b>Current:</b>		
Stockpiles	\$ 513	\$ 580
Ore on leach pads	247	225
	\$ 760	\$ 805
<b>Long-term:</b>		
Stockpiles	\$ 2,511	\$ 2,434
Ore on leach pads	212	246
	\$ 2,723	\$ 2,680



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## NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

	At March 31, 2014	At December 31, 2013
Stockpiles and ore on leach pads:		
Carlin	\$ 433	\$ 439
Phoenix	113	109
Twin Creeks	319	327
La Herradura	66	57
Yanacocha	405	504
Boddington	314	304
Tanami	10	12
Jundee	8	7
Waihi	1	2
Kalgoorlie	112	107
Batu Hijau	1,328	1,290
Ahafo	315	292
Akyem	59	35
	\$ 3,483	\$ 3,485

The Company recorded write-downs of \$110 and \$35, classified as components of *Costs applicable to sales* and *Amortization*, respectively, for the first quarter of 2014 to reduce the carrying value of stockpiles and ore on leach pads to net realizable value. Of the write-downs in 2014, \$24 are related to Carlin, \$2 to Twin Creeks, \$54 to Yanacocha, \$30 to Boddington and \$35 to Batu Hijau.

**NOTE 19 OTHER ASSETS**

	At March 31, 2014	At December 31, 2013
Other current assets:		
Refinery metal inventory and receivable	\$ 947	\$ 679
Prepaid assets	265	157
Other refinery metal receivables	105	130
Derivative instruments	4	4
Other	30	36
	\$ 1,351	\$ 1,006

Other long-term assets:

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Income tax receivable	\$	254	\$	229
Goodwill		132		132
Intangible assets		117		98
Prepaid royalties		103		103
Restricted cash		99		95
Debt issuance costs		65		62
Prepaid maintenance costs		34		31
Derivative instruments		2		1
Other		75		98
	\$	881	\$	849

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## NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)

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**NOTE 20 DEBT**

Scheduled minimum debt repayments are \$623 for the remainder of 2014, \$161 in 2015, \$221 in 2016, \$771 in 2017, \$1 in 2018 and \$5,105 thereafter.

*Term Loan and Revolver Extension*

On March 31, 2014, the Company entered into a \$575 uncollateralized term loan facility with a syndicate of banks. The term loan allows for a single drawing any business day on or prior to July 15, 2014 (the Funding Date) and will mature five years after the Funding Date. Borrowings under the facility will bear interest at LIBOR plus a margin ranging from 0.875% to 1.65%. Fees and other debt issuance costs related to the facility will be capitalized and amortized over the term of the debt. Proceeds from the term loan are expected to be used to retire the \$575 of maturing convertible debt in July 2014. There are no borrowings outstanding under the facility at March 31, 2014.

On March 31, 2014, the Company's Corporate Revolving Credit Facility was amended to extend the facility two years to 2019. The available capacity under the Corporate Revolving Credit Facility remains at \$3,000. There are no borrowings outstanding under the facility at March 31, 2014.

**NOTE 21 OTHER LIABILITIES**

	At March 31, 2014	At December 31, 2013
Other current liabilities:		
Refinery metal payable	\$ 947	\$ 679
Accrued operating costs	156	157
Reclamation and remediation liabilities	96	98
Interest	82	74
Deferred income tax	74	74
Accrued capital expenditures	46	72
Royalties	32	58
Derivative instruments	25	36
Holt property royalty	14	15
Taxes other than income and mining	11	6
Other	49	44
	\$ 1,532	\$ 1,313

Other long-term liabilities:

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Holt property royalty	\$	142	\$	119
Income and mining taxes		71		70
Power supply agreements		40		39
Derivative instruments		34		60
Boddington contingent consideration		10		10
Other		42		44
	\$	339	\$	342

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## NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)

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## NOTE 22 CHANGES IN EQUITY

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>
<b>Common stock:</b>		
At beginning of period	\$ 789	\$ 787
Redemption of Exchangeable Shares	8	
Stock based awards	1	1
<b>At end of period</b>	<b>798</b>	<b>788</b>
<b>Additional paid-in capital:</b>		
At beginning of period	8,441	8,330
Redemption of Exchangeable Shares	(8)	
Stock based awards	25	29
Sale of noncontrolling interests		48
<b>At end of period</b>	<b>8,458</b>	<b>8,407</b>
<b>Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss):</b>		
At beginning of period	(182)	490
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(23)	(61)
<b>At end of period</b>	<b>(205)</b>	<b>429</b>
<b>Retained earnings:</b>		
At beginning of period	945	4,166
Net income (loss) attributable to Newmont stockholders	100	314
Dividends Paid	(77)	(211)
<b>At end of period</b>	<b>968</b>	<b>4,269</b>
<b>Noncontrolling interests:</b>		
At beginning of period	2,916	3,175
Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	(52)	42
Sale of noncontrolling interests, net		15

Other comprehensive income	(2)	(1)
At end of period	2,862	3,231
Total equity	\$ 12,881	\$ 17,124



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## NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)

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## NOTE 23 RECLASSIFICATIONS OUT OF ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

	Unrealized gain on marketable securities, net	Foreign currency translation adjustments	Pension and other post- retirement benefit adjustments	Changes in fair value of cash flow hedge instruments	Total
December 31, 2013	\$ (35)	\$ 145	\$ (124)	\$ (168)	\$ (182)
Change in other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	(29)	(3)		9	(23)
Reclassifications from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(2)		2		
Net current-period other comprehensive income (loss)	(31)	(3)	2	9	(23)
March 31, 2014	\$ (66)	\$ 142	\$ (122)	\$ (159)	\$ (205)

Details about Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Components	Amount Reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) Three Months Ended March 31, 2014	Amount Reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) Three Months Ended March 31, 2013	Affected Line Item in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Income (Loss)
Marketable securities adjustments:			
Sale of marketable securities	\$ (4)	\$	Other income, net
Impairment of marketable securities	1	4	Other income, net
Total before tax	(3)	4	
Tax benefit (expense)	1	(1)	

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Net of tax	\$ (2)	\$ 3	
<b>Pension liability adjustments:</b>			
Amortization, net	\$ 3	\$ 8	(1)
<b>Total before tax</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>8</b>	
Tax (expense) benefit	(1)	(3)	
<b>Net of tax</b>	<b>\$ 2</b>	<b>\$ 5</b>	
<b>Hedge instruments adjustments:</b>			
Operating cash flow hedges	\$ (5)	\$ (39)	Costs applicable to sales
Forward starting swap hedges	5	3	Interest expense, net
<b>Total before tax</b>		<b>(36)</b>	
Tax benefit (expense)		12	
<b>Net of tax</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$ (24)</b>	
<b>Total reclassifications for the period, net of tax</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b>\$ (16)</b>	

- (1) This accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) component is included in *General and administrative* and costs that benefit the inventory/production process. Refer to Note 2 in the Newmont Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013 for information on costs that benefit the inventory/production process.

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## NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

## NOTE 24 NET CHANGE IN OPERATING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

*Net cash provided from operations* attributable to the net change in operating assets and liabilities is composed of the following:

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>
Decrease (increase) in operating assets:		
Trade and accounts receivable	\$ (16)	\$ 115
Inventories, stockpiles and ore on leach pads	(182)	(228)
EGR refinery assets	(256)	308
Other assets	(50)	(21)
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:		
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	(94)	(144)
EGR refinery liabilities	256	(308)
Reclamation liabilities	(8)	(9)
	\$ (350)	\$ (287)

## NOTE 25 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following Condensed Consolidating Financial Statements are presented to satisfy disclosure requirements of Rule 3-10(e) of Regulation S-X resulting from the inclusion of Newmont USA Limited ( Newmont USA ), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Newmont, as a co-registrant with Newmont on debt securities issued under a shelf registration statement on Form S-3 filed under the Securities Act of 1933 under which securities of Newmont (including debt securities guaranteed by Newmont USA) may be issued (the Shelf Registration Statement ). In accordance with Rule 3-10(e) of Regulation S-X, Newmont USA, as the subsidiary guarantor, is 100% owned by Newmont, the guarantees are full and unconditional, and no other subsidiary of Newmont guaranteed any security issued under the Shelf Registration Statement. There are no restrictions on the ability of Newmont or Newmont USA to obtain funds from its subsidiaries by dividend or loan.

In April 2013, the Company merged one of its subsidiaries into Newmont USA. As a result of the merger, the prior periods presented have been revised to reflect this change as if the transaction had occurred at the beginning of the earliest period presented in accordance with the accounting guidance for business combinations between entities under common control. Additionally, the changes related to the revisions as described in Note 2 have also been included herein.



**Table of Contents****NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)**

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

<b>Condensed Consolidating Statement of Income</b>	<b>Three Months Ended March 31, 2014</b>				<b>Newmont Mining Corporation Consolidated</b>
	<b>Newmont Mining Corporation</b>	<b>Newmont USA</b>	<b>Other Subsidiaries</b>	<b>Eliminations</b>	
Sales	\$	\$ 500	\$ 1,264	\$	\$ 1,764
Costs and expenses					
Costs applicable to sales <sup>(1)</sup>		298	785		1,083
Amortization	1	54	243		298
Reclamation and remediation		2	18		20
Exploration		4	30		34
Advanced projects, research and development		11	31		42
General and administrative		19	26		45
Other expense, net		6	46		52
	1	394	1,179		1,574
Other income (expense)					
Other income, net	(1)	60	(13)		46
Interest income intercompany	30		2	(32)	
Interest expense intercompany	(2)		(30)	32	
Interest expense, net	(82)	(1)	(10)		(93)
	(55)	59	(51)		(47)
Income before income and mining tax and other items	(56)	165	34		143
Income and mining tax expense	29	(38)	(69)		(78)
Equity income (loss) of affiliates	127	(151)	(17)	41	
Income from continuing operations	100	(24)	(52)	41	65
Income (loss) from discontinued operations			(17)		(17)
Net income	100	(24)	(69)	41	48
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests			66	(14)	52
Net income attributable to Newmont stockholders	\$ 100	\$ (24)	\$ (3)	\$ 27	\$ 100
Comprehensive income	\$ 77	\$ (22)	\$ (84)	\$ 52	\$ 23
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests			65	(11)	54

Comprehensive income attributable to Newmont stockholders	\$ 77	\$ (22)	\$ (19)	\$ 41	\$ 77
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(1) Excludes *Amortization and Reclamation and remediation*.

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**Table of Contents****NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)**

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Income	Three Months Ended March 31, 2013				Newmont Mining Corporation Consolidated
	Newmont Mining Corporation	Newmont USA	Other Subsidiaries	Eliminations	
Sales	\$	\$ 543	\$ 1,645	\$	\$ 2,188
Costs and expenses					
Costs applicable to sales <sup>(1)</sup>		261	796		1,057
Amortization		48	219		267
Reclamation and remediation		2	16		18
Exploration		11	48		59
Advanced projects, research and development		13	39		52
General and administrative		30	26		56
Other expense, net		15	85		100
		380	1,229		1,609
Other income (expense)					
Other income, net		3	23		26
Interest income intercompany	48	7	5	(60)	
Interest expense intercompany	(3)		(57)	60	
Interest expense, net	(65)	(2)	2		(65)
	(20)	8	(27)		(39)
Income before income and mining tax and other items	(20)	171	389		540
Income and mining tax expense	7	(50)	(137)		(180)
Equity income (loss) of affiliates	327	114	43	(488)	(4)
Income from continuing operations	314	235	295	(488)	356
Net income	314	235	295	(488)	356
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests			(66)	24	(42)
Net income attributable to Newmont stockholders	\$ 314	\$ 235	\$ 229	\$ (464)	\$ 314
Comprehensive income	\$ 253	\$ 239	\$ 188	\$ (386)	\$ 294
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests			(66)	25	(41)

Comprehensive income attributable to Newmont stockholders	\$ 253	\$ 239	\$ 122	\$ (361)	\$ 253
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(1) Excludes *Amortization and Reclamation and remediation*.



**Table of Contents****NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)**

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

<b>Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows</b>	<b>Three Months Ended March 31, 2014</b>				<b>Newmont Mining Corporation Consolidated</b>
	<b>Newmont Mining Corporation</b>	<b>Newmont USA</b>	<b>Other Subsidiaries</b>	<b>Eliminations</b>	
<b>Operating activities:</b>					
Net income (loss)	\$ 100	\$ (24)	\$ (69)	\$ 41	\$ 48
Adjustments	(120)	265	385	(45)	485
Net change in operating assets and liabilities	(29)	(45)	(276)		(350)
Net cash provided from (used in) continuing operations	(49)	196	40	(4)	183
Net cash used in discontinued operations			(3)		(3)
Net cash provided from (used in) operations	(49)	196	37	(4)	180
<b>Investing activities:</b>					
Additions to property, plant and mine development		(84)	(151)		(235)
Acquisitions, net			(28)		(28)
Sale of marketable securities	25				25
Purchases of marketable securities			(1)		(1)
Proceeds from sale of other assets			70		70
Other		3	(12)		(9)
Net cash used in investing activities	25	(81)	(122)		(178)
<b>Financing activities:</b>					
Proceeds from debt, net	(7)		10		3
Net intercompany borrowings (repayments)	108	(219)	111		
Acquisition of noncontrolling interests			(2)		(2)
Dividends paid to common stockholders	(77)		(4)	4	(77)
Other			(4)		(4)
Net cash provided from (used in) financing activities	24	(219)	111	4	(80)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash			(2)		(2)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(104)	24		(80)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		428	1,127		1,555
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	\$ 324	\$ 1,151	\$	\$ 1,475



**Table of Contents****NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)**

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows	Three Months Ended March 31, 2013				Newmont Mining Corporation Consolidated
	Newmont Mining Corporation	Newmont USA	Other Subsidiaries	Eliminations	
<b>Operating activities:</b>					
Net income (loss)	\$ 314	\$ 235	\$ 295	\$ (488)	\$ 356
Adjustments	(308)	(33)	225	486	370
Net change in operating assets and liabilities	4	(186)	(105)		(287)
Net cash provided from (used in) continuing operations	10	16	415	(2)	439
Net cash used in discontinued operations			(6)		(6)
Net cash provided from (used in) operations	10	16	409	(2)	433
<b>Investing activities:</b>					
Additions to property, plant and mine development		(105)	(405)		(510)
Acquisitions, net			(8)		(8)
Sale of marketable securities			1		1
Purchases of marketable securities			(1)		(1)
Proceeds from sale of other assets			25		25
Other			(14)		(14)
Net cash used in investing activities		(105)	(402)		(507)
<b>Financing activities:</b>					
Proceeds from debt, net			80		80
Net intercompany borrowings (repayments)	200	(143)	(57)		
Proceeds from stock issuance, net	1				1
Sale of noncontrolling interests			32		32
Acquisition of noncontrolling interests			(6)		(6)
Dividends paid to common stockholders	(211)		(2)	2	(211)
Other			(1)		(1)
Net cash provided from (used in) financing activities	(10)	(143)	46	2	(105)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash			(4)		(4)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(232)	49		(183)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		342	1,219		1,561

Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	\$ 110	\$ 1,268	\$	\$ 1,378
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**Table of Contents****NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)**

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

<b>Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet</b>	<b>At March 31, 2014</b>				<b>Newmont Mining Corporation Consolidated</b>
	<b>Newmont Mining Corporation</b>	<b>Newmont USA</b>	<b>Other Subsidiaries</b>	<b>Eliminations</b>	
<b>Assets</b>					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	\$ 324	\$ 1,151	\$	\$ 1,475
Trade receivables		28	178		206
Accounts receivable		23	296		319
Intercompany receivable	1,925	6,131	4,618	(12,674)	
Investments		1	82		83
Inventories		161	653		814
Stockpiles and ore on leach pads		393	367		760
Deferred income tax assets	3	140	96		239
Other current assets		71	1,280		1,351
<b>Current assets</b>	<b>1,928</b>	<b>7,272</b>	<b>8,721</b>	<b>(12,674)</b>	<b>5,247</b>
Property, plant and mine development, net	31	3,028	11,122	(43)	14,138
Investments		12	381		393
Investments in subsidiaries	14,187	4,354	2,855	(21,396)	
Stockpiles and ore on leach pads		468	2,255		2,723
Deferred income tax assets	711	301	926	(522)	1,416
Long-term intercompany receivable	3,176	62	377	(3,615)	
Other long-term assets	50	231	600		881
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 20,083</b>	<b>\$ 15,728</b>	<b>\$ 27,237</b>	<b>\$ (38,250)</b>	<b>\$ 24,798</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>					
Debt	\$ 567	\$ 1	\$ 47	\$	\$ 615
Accounts payable		59	404		463
Intercompany payable	3,636	4,519	4,519	(12,674)	
Employee-related benefits		113	134		247
Income and mining taxes		1	26		27
Other current liabilities	81	126	1,325		1,532
<b>Current liabilities</b>	<b>4,284</b>	<b>4,819</b>	<b>6,455</b>	<b>(12,674)</b>	<b>2,884</b>
Debt	5,562	7	577		6,146
Reclamation and remediation liabilities		178	1,341		1,519
Deferred income tax liabilities		25	1,193	(522)	696
Employee-related benefits	5	171	157		333

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Long-term intercompany payable	213		3,445	(3,658)	
Other long-term liabilities		20	319		339
Total liabilities	10,064	5,220	13,487	(16,854)	11,917
<b>Equity</b>					
Newmont stockholders' equity	10,019	10,508	9,183	(19,691)	10,019
Noncontrolling interests			4,567	(1,705)	2,862
Total equity	10,019	10,508	13,750	(21,396)	12,881
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 20,083	\$ 15,728	\$ 27,237	\$ (38,250)	\$ 24,798

**Table of Contents****NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)**

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

<b>Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet</b>	<b>At December 31, 2013</b>				<b>Newmont Mining Corporation Consolidated</b>
	<b>Newmont Mining Corporation</b>	<b>Newmont USA</b>	<b>Other Subsidiaries</b>	<b>Eliminations</b>	
<b>Assets</b>					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	\$ 428	\$ 1,127	\$	\$ 1,555
Trade receivables		21	209		230
Accounts receivable		23	229		252
Intercompany receivable	1,400	6,089	5,672	(13,161)	
Investments	22	1	55		78
Inventories		146	571		717
Stockpiles and ore on leach pads		358	447		805
Deferred income tax assets	3	157	86		246
Other current assets		73	933		1,006
<b>Current assets</b>	<b>1,425</b>	<b>7,296</b>	<b>9,329</b>	<b>(13,161)</b>	<b>4,889</b>
Property, plant and mine development, net	32	3,026	11,263	(44)	14,277
Investments		7	432		439
Investments in subsidiaries	13,982	5,299	2,839	(22,120)	
Stockpiles and ore on leach pads		512	2,168		2,680
Deferred income tax assets	694	320	985	(526)	1,473
Long-term intercompany receivable	3,204	62	367	(3,633)	
Other long-term assets	46	228	575		849
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 19,383</b>	<b>\$ 16,750</b>	<b>\$ 27,958</b>	<b>\$ (39,484)</b>	<b>\$ 24,607</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>					
Debt	\$ 561	\$ 1	\$ 33	\$	\$ 595
Accounts payable		80	398		478
Intercompany payable	3,092	5,404	4,665	(13,161)	
Employee-related benefits		175	166		341
Income and mining taxes			13		13
Other current liabilities	71	161	1,081		1,313
<b>Current liabilities</b>	<b>3,724</b>	<b>5,821</b>	<b>6,356</b>	<b>(13,161)</b>	<b>2,740</b>
Debt	5,556	7	582		6,145
Reclamation and remediation liabilities		176	1,337		1,513
Deferred income tax liabilities		23	1,138	(526)	635
Employee-related benefits	5	169	149		323

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Long-term intercompany payable	196		3,481	(3,677)	
Other long-term liabilities		20	322		342
Total liabilities	9,481	6,216	13,365	(17,364)	11,698
<b>Equity</b>					
Newmont stockholders' equity	9,902	10,534	9,984	(20,427)	9,993
Noncontrolling interests			4,609	(1,693)	2,916
Total equity	9,902	10,534	14,593	(22,120)	12,909
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 19,383	\$ 16,750	\$ 27,958	\$ (39,484)	\$ 24,607



**Table of Contents****NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)**

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Income	Three Months Ended March 31, 2013											
	Newmont Mining Corporation			Newmont USA			Other Subsidiaries			Eliminations		
	Previously Presented	As Currently Presented	Change	Previously Presented	As Currently Presented	Change	Previously Presented	As Currently Presented	Change	Previously Presented	As Currently Presented	
Sales	\$	\$	\$	\$488	\$55	\$543	\$1,689	\$(44)	\$1,645	\$	\$	\$
Costs and expenses												
Costs applicable to sales				220	41	261	824	(28)	796			
Amortization				40	8	48	227	(8)	219			
Reclamation and remediation				2		2	16		16			
Exploration				8	3	11	51	(3)	48			
Advanced projects, research and development				12	1	13	40	(1)	39			
General and administrative				30		30	26		26			
Other expense, net				16	(1)	15	84	1	85			
				328	52	380	1,268	(39)	1,229			
Other income (expense)												
Other income, net				4	(1)	3	22	1	23			
Interest income intercompany	48		48	7		7	(2)	7	5	(53)	(7)	(60)
Interest expense intercompany	(3)		(3)				(50)	(7)	(57)	53	7	60
Interest expense, net	(65)		(65)	(2)		(2)	2		2			
	(20)		(20)	9	(1)	8	(28)	1	(27)			
Income (loss) before income and mining tax and other items	(20)		(20)	169	2	171	393	(4)	389			
Income and mining tax benefit (expense)	7		7	(50)		(50)	(138)	1	(137)			
Equity income (loss) of affiliates	328	(1)	327	115	(1)	114	43		43	(490)	2	(488)
Income from continuing operations	315	(1)	314	234	1	235	298	(3)	295	(490)	2	(488)

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Net income	315	(1)	314	234	1	235	298	(3)	295	(490)	2	(488)
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests							(67)	1	(66)	25	(1)	24
Net income attributable to Newmont stockholders	\$ 315	\$ (1)	\$ 314	\$ 234	\$ 1	\$ 235	\$ 231	\$ (2)	\$ 229	\$ (465)	\$ 1	\$ (464)
Comprehensive income	\$ 254	\$ (1)	\$ 253	\$ 238	\$ 1	\$ 239	\$ 190	\$ (2)	\$ 188	\$ (387)	\$ 1	\$ (386)
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests							(66)		(66)	25		25
Comprehensive income attributable to Newmont stockholders	\$ 254	\$ (1)	\$ 253	\$ 238	\$ 1	\$ 239	\$ 124	\$ (2)	\$ 122	\$ (362)	\$ 1	\$ (361)

**Table of Contents****NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)**

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

Condensed Consolidating Statement of	As of the Three Months Ended March 31, 2013											
	Newmont Mining Company			Newmont USA			Other Subsidiaries			Eliminations		
	As Previously Presented	Changes	As Revised	As Previously Presented	Changes	As Revised	As Previously Presented	Changes	As Revised	As Previously Presented	Changes	As Revised
<b>Operating activities:</b>												
Income (loss)	\$ 315	\$(1)	\$ 314	\$ 234	\$ 1	\$ 235	\$ 298	\$(3)	\$ 295	\$(490)	\$ 2	\$(4)
Adjustments	(310)	2	(308)	(42)	9	(33)	234	(9)	225	488	(2)	4
Change in operating assets and liabilities	4		4	(171)	(15)	(186)	(121)	16	(105)			
Cash provided from (used in) continuing operations	9	1	10	21	(5)	16	411	4	415	(2)		
Cash used in discontinued operations							(6)		(6)			
Cash provided from (used in) operations	9	1	10	21	(5)	16	405	4	409	(2)		
<b>Investing activities:</b>												
Payments to property, plant and mine development				(88)	(17)	(105)	(422)	17	(405)			
Acquisitions, net							(8)		(8)			
Proceeds from sale of marketable securities							1		1			
Acquisitions of marketable securities							(1)		(1)			
Proceeds from sale of other assets							25		25			
Other							(14)		(14)			
Cash used in investing activities				(88)	(17)	(105)	(419)	17	(402)			
<b>Financing activities:</b>												
Borrowings (repayments)							80		80			
Intercompany borrowings (repayments)	201	(1)	200	(165)	22	(143)	(36)	(21)	(57)			
Proceeds from stock issuance, net	1		1									
Acquisition of noncontrolling interests							32		32			
Acquisition of noncontrolling interests							(6)		(6)			
Dividends paid to common stockholders	(211)		(211)				(2)		(2)	2		
Other							(1)		(1)			

cash provided from (used in) financing activities	(9)	(1)	(10)	(165)	22	(143)	67	(21)	46	2
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash							(4)		(4)	
Change in cash and cash equivalents				(232)		(232)	49		49	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period				342		342	1,219		1,219	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	\$	\$	\$ 110	\$	\$ 110	\$ 1,268	\$	\$ 1,268	\$ \$

**Table of Contents****NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)**

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

**At December 31, 2013**

	Newmont Mining Corporation			Newmont USA			Other Subsidiaries			Eliminations				
	As Previously Presented		Change	As Previously Presented		Change	As Previously Presented		Change	As Previously Presented		Change		
Equivalents	\$	\$	\$	\$	428	\$	\$	428	\$	1,127	\$	1,127	\$	\$
Reserves					21			21		209		209		
Available					23			23		229		229		
Receivable	1,400			1,400	6,089			6,089		5,672		5,672		(13,161)
	22			22	1			1		55		55		
					146			146		571		571		
ore on leach pads					358			358		425	22	447		
Income tax assets	3			3	164	(7)		157		86		86		
Assets					73			73		933		933		
	1,425			1,425	7,303	(7)		7,296		9,307	22	9,329		(13,161)
and mine development, net	32			32	3,026			3,026		11,263		11,263		(44)
					7			7		432		432		
Subsidiaries	14,130	(148)		13,982	5,306	(7)		5,299		2,839		2,839		(22,275)
ore on leach pads					512			512		2,211	(43)	2,168		
Income tax assets	694			694	459	(139)		320		980	5	985		(526)
Intercompany receivable	3,204			3,204	62			62		367		367		(3,633)
Intangible assets	46			46	223	5		228		575		575		
	\$ 19,531	\$ (148)		\$ 19,383	\$ 16,898	\$ (148)		\$ 16,750		\$ 27,974	\$ (16)	\$ 27,958		\$ (39,639)
	\$ 561	\$		\$ 561	\$ 1	\$		\$ 1		\$ 33	\$	\$ 33		\$
Accounts payable					80			80		398		398		
Accounts payable	3,092			3,092	5,404			5,404		4,665		4,665		(13,161)
Deferred benefits					175			175		166		166		
Income taxes										13		13		
Liabilities	71			71	161			161		1,081		1,081		
Reserves	3,724			3,724	5,821			5,821		6,356		6,356		(13,161)
	5,556			5,556	7			7		582		582		
and remediation liabilities					176			176		1,337		1,337		
Income tax liabilities					23			23		1,138		1,138		(526)
Deferred benefits	5			5	169			169		151	(2)	149		

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Intercompany payable	196		196				3,481		3,481	(3,677)	
Other liabilities				20		20	322		322		
	9,481		9,481	6,216		6,216	13,367	(2)	13,365	(17,364)	
Stockholders' equity	10,050	(148)	9,902	10,682	(148)	10,534	9,991	(7)	9,984	(20,582)	15
Other interests							4,616	(7)	4,609	(1,693)	
	10,050	(148)	9,902	10,682	(148)	10,534	14,607	(14)	14,593	(22,275)	15
Total and stockholders' equity	\$ 19,531	\$ (148)	\$ 19,383	\$ 16,898	\$ (148)	\$ 16,750	\$ 27,974	\$ (16)	\$ 27,958	\$ (39,639)	\$ 15

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**NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION**

**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)**

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

**NOTE 26 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

**General**

The Company follows ASC guidance in accounting for loss contingencies. Accordingly, estimated losses from contingencies are accrued by a charge to income when information available prior to issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability could be incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Legal expenses associated with the contingency are expensed as incurred. If a loss contingency is not probable or reasonably estimable, disclosure of the contingency and estimated range of loss, if determinable, is made in the financial statements when it is at least reasonably possible that a material loss could be incurred.

**Operating Segments**

The Company's operating segments are identified in Note 4. Except as noted in this paragraph, all of the Company's commitments and contingencies specifically described in this Note 26 relate to the Corporate and Other reportable segment. The Yanacocha matters relate to the Yanacocha reportable segment. The Minera Penmont matters relate to the La Herradura reporting segment. The PTNNT matters relate to the Batu Hijau reportable segment.

**Environmental Matters**

The Company's mining and exploration activities are subject to various laws and regulations governing the protection of the environment. These laws and regulations are continually changing and are generally becoming more restrictive. The Company conducts its operations so as to protect the public health and environment and believes its operations are in compliance with applicable laws and regulations in all material respects. The Company has made, and expects to make in the future, expenditures to comply with such laws and regulations, but cannot predict the full amount of such future expenditures.

Estimated future reclamation costs are based principally on legal and regulatory requirements. At March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, \$1,441 and \$1,432, respectively, were accrued for reclamation costs relating to currently or recently producing mineral properties in accordance with asset retirement obligation guidance. The current portions of \$64 and \$66 at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively, are included in *Other current liabilities*.

In addition, the Company is involved in several matters concerning environmental obligations associated with former mining activities. Generally, these matters concern developing and implementing remediation plans at the various sites involved. The Company believes that the related environmental obligations associated with these sites are similar in nature with respect to the development of remediation plans, their risk profile and the compliance required to meet general environmental standards. Based upon the Company's best estimate of its liability for these matters, \$174 and \$179 were accrued for such obligations at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. These amounts are included in *Other current liabilities* and *Reclamation and remediation liabilities*. Depending upon the ultimate resolution of these matters, the Company believes that it is reasonably possible that the liability for these matters could

be as much as 133% greater or 1% lower than the amount accrued at March 31, 2014. The amounts accrued are reviewed periodically based upon facts and circumstances available at the time. Changes in estimates are recorded in *Reclamation and remediation* in the period estimates are revised.

Details about certain of the more significant matters involved are discussed below.

***Newmont Mining Corporation***

*Empire Mine.* On July 19, 2012, the California Department of Parks and Recreation ( Parks ) served Newmont, New Verde Mines LLC, Newmont North America Exploration Limited, Newmont Realty Company and Newmont USA Limited with a complaint for damages and declaratory relief under CERCLA, specifically for costs associated with water treatment at the Empire Mine State Park and for a declaration that Newmont is liable for past and future response costs, as well as indemnification to Parks. In 1975 Parks purchased the Empire Mine site in Grass Valley, California from Newmont to create a historic state park featuring the mining of the Empire Mine. Parks has operated the Empire Mine Site for over 35 years. Newmont intends to vigorously defend this lawsuit. Newmont cannot reasonably predict the outcome of this matter.



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**NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION**

**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)**

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

***Newmont USA Limited 100% Newmont Owned***

*Ross-Adams Mine Site.* By letter dated June 5, 2007, the U.S. Forest Service notified Newmont that it had expended approximately \$0.3 in response costs to address environmental conditions at the Ross-Adams mine in Prince of Wales, Alaska, and requested Newmont USA Limited pay those costs and perform an Engineering Evaluation/Cost Analysis ( EE/CA ) to assess what future response activities might need to be completed at the site. Newmont intends to vigorously defend any formal claims by the EPA. Newmont has agreed to perform the EE/CA. Newmont cannot reasonably predict the likelihood or outcome of any future action against it arising from this matter.

***Hope Bay Mining Ltd. 100% Newmont Owned***

In July 2011 Environment Canada Enforcement Officers discovered a release of drill water containing calcium chloride on Hope Bay Mining Ltd. ( HBML ) property in Nunavut, Canada. Orbit Garant Drilling Inc. ( Orbit ) operated a diamond drill rig on the HBML property. On February 13, 2013, HBML received service of a summons and charges from a Judge for Nunavut alleging violation of the *Fisheries Act* relating to the release of drill water and alleged failure to report a discharge. Orbit operated the drill at issue in the summons. Total potential fines and penalties for proven charges of this nature could be up to \$1. Newmont cannot reasonably predict the outcome of this matter.

**Other Legal Matters**

***Minera Yanacocha S.R.L. ( Yanacocha ) 51.35% Newmont Owned***

*Choropampa.* In June 2000, a transport contractor of Yanacocha spilled approximately 151 kilograms of elemental mercury near the town of Choropampa, Peru, which is located 53 miles (85 kilometers) southwest of the Yanacocha mine. Elemental mercury is not used in Yanacocha's operations but is a by-product of gold mining and was sold to a Lima firm for use in medical instruments and industrial applications. A comprehensive health and environmental remediation program was undertaken by Yanacocha in response to the incident. In August 2000, Yanacocha paid under protest a fine of 1,740,000 Peruvian soles (approximately \$0.5) to the Peruvian government. Yanacocha has entered into settlement agreements with a number of individuals impacted by the incident. As compensation for the disruption and inconvenience caused by the incident, Yanacocha entered into agreements with and provided a variety of public works in the three communities impacted by this incident. Yanacocha cannot predict the likelihood of additional expenditures related to this matter.

Additional lawsuits relating to the Choropampa incident were filed against Yanacocha in the local courts of Cajamarca, Peru, in May 2002 by over 900 Peruvian citizens. A significant number of the plaintiffs in these lawsuits entered into settlement agreements with Yanacocha prior to filing such claims. In April 2008, the Peruvian Supreme Court upheld the validity of these settlement agreements, which the Company expects to result in the dismissal of all claims brought by previously settled plaintiffs. Yanacocha has also entered into settlement agreements with approximately 350 additional plaintiffs. The claims asserted by approximately 200 plaintiffs remain. In 2011, Yanacocha was served with 23 complaints alleging grounds to nullify the settlements entered into between Yanacocha

and the plaintiffs. Yanacocha has answered the complaints and the court has dismissed several of the matters and the plaintiffs have filed appeals. All appeals were referred to the Civil Court of Cajamarca, which affirmed the decisions of the lower court judge. The plaintiffs have filed appeals of such orders before the Supreme Court. Some of these appeals were dismissed by the Supreme Court in favor of Yanacocha, and others are pending resolution. Yanacocha will continue to vigorously defend its position. Neither the Company nor Yanacocha can reasonably estimate the ultimate loss relating to such claims.

*Administrative Actions.* The Peruvian government agency responsible for environmental evaluation and inspection, Organismo Evaluacion y Fiscalizacion Ambiental ( OEFA ), conducts periodic reviews of the Yanacocha site. In 2011, 2012, and 2013, OEFA issued notices of alleged violations of OEFA standards to Yanacocha and Conga relating to past inspections. In April 2013, OEFA issued a finding and penalty with respect to three 2008 allegations in the amount of \$0.1. OEFA issued notice of additional alleged violations of OEFA standards in October 2013. Total fines for all outstanding OEFA alleged violations could range from \$0.1 to \$69. Yanacocha and Conga are responding to all notices of alleged violations, but cannot reasonably predict the outcome of the agency allegations.

**Table of Contents****NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION****NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)**

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

***Minera Penmont- 44% Newmont Owned***

Newmont owns a 44% interest in the La Herradura joint venture and related gold properties (Herradura, Soledad-Dipolos and Noche Buena), which are located in the Sonora desert. La Herradura is operated by Fresnillo PLC ( Fresnillo ) through Minera Penmont S. de R.L. de C.V. ( Minera Penmont ) and Fresnillo owns the remaining 56% interest. Soledad-Dipolos commenced operations in January 2010. In 2009 five members of the El Bajío agrarian community in the state of Sonora (the Claimants ), who claim rights over certain surface land in the proximity of the operations of Minera Penmont, lodged a legal claim with the Unitarian Agrarian Court of Hermosillo, Sonora to have Minera Penmont vacate an area of this surface land and associated claims. The land in dispute encompasses a portion of surface area where part of the operations of Dipolos, one of Minera Penmont's three operating mines, is located as well as the processing plant for both the Dipolos mine and the Soledad mine. Minera Penmont's mining concessions are held by way of separate title to that relating to the surface land. In September 2012, the Claimants obtained a ruling on the surface property dispute in their favor by the Mexican Supreme Court and in July 2013, a magistrate ordered Minera Penmont to vacate the property at issue, requiring cessation of production at the Dipolos operations. Minera Penmont has initiated legal proceedings to seek the expropriation of the disputed land in its favor, a process defined under Federal law in Mexico. Claimants also obtained temporary suspension of all of Minera Penmont's explosives permits. On February 26, 2014, Fresnillo announced that the Mexican Ministry of Defense granted an explosives permit for the Herradura and Noche Buena mining units. Minera Penmont intends to vigorously contest this matter, but cannot reasonably predict the outcome.

***PT Newmont Nusa Tenggara ( PTNNT ) 31.5% Newmont Owned***

Under the Batu Hijau Contract of Work, beginning in 2006 and continuing through 2010, a portion of PTNNT's shares were required to be offered for sale, first, to the Indonesian government or, second, to Indonesian nationals, equal to the difference between the following percentages and the percentage of shares already owned by the Indonesian government or Indonesian nationals (if such number is positive): 23% by March 31, 2006; 30% by March 31, 2007; 37% by March 31, 2008; 44% by March 31, 2009; and 51% by March 31, 2010. As PT Pukuafu Indah ( PTPI ), an Indonesian national, owned a 20% interest in PTNNT at all relevant times, in 2006, a 3% interest was required to be offered for sale and, in each of 2007 through 2010, an additional 7% interest was required to be offered (for an aggregate 31% interest). The price at which such interests were offered for sale to the Indonesian parties was the fair market value of such interest considering PTNNT as a going concern, as agreed with the Indonesian government. Following certain disputes and an arbitration with the Indonesian government, in November and December 2009, sale agreements were concluded pursuant to which the 2006, 2007 and 2008 shares were sold to PT Multi Daerah Bersaing ( PTMDB ), the nominee of the local governments, and the 2009 shares were sold to PTMDB in February 2010, resulting in PTMDB owning a 24% interest in PTNNT.

On December 17, 2010, the Ministry of Energy & Mineral Resources, acting on behalf of the Indonesian government, accepted the offer to acquire the final 7% interest in PTNNT. Subsequently, the Indonesian government designated Pusat Investasi Pemerintah ( PIP ), an agency of the Ministry of Finance, as the entity that will buy the final stake. On May 6, 2011, PIP and the foreign shareholders entered into a definitive agreement for the sale and purchase of the

final 7% divestiture stake, subject to receipt of approvals from certain Indonesian government ministries. Subsequent to signing the agreement, a disagreement arose between the Ministry of Finance and the Indonesian parliament in regard to whether parliamentary approval was needed to allow PIP to make the share purchase. In July 2012, the Constitutional Court ruled that parliamentary approval is required for PIP to use state funds to purchase the shares, which approval has not yet been obtained. Further disputes may arise in regard to the divestiture of the 2010 shares.

Additionally, in September 2011, WALHI brought an administrative law claim against Indonesia's Ministry of Environment to challenge the May 2011 renewal of PTNNT's submarine tailings permit. PTNNT and the regional government of KSB ( KSB ) filed separate applications for intervention into the proceedings, both of which were accepted by the Administrative Court. KSB intervened on the side of WALHI, and PTNNT joined on the side of the Ministry of Environment. On April 3, 2012, the Administrative Court ruled in favor of the Ministry of Environment and PTNNT, finding that the Ministry of Environment properly renewed the permit in accordance with Indonesian law and regulations. WALHI appealed the verdict. On October 2, 2012, the High Administrative Law Court rejected WALHI's appeal, after which WALHI filed a notice to appeal the case to the Supreme Court. On May 28, 2013, the Supreme Court of Indonesia updated its website to provide that WALHI's appeal in this matter was rejected. The parties are still awaiting the written decision from the court. PTNNT will continue to defend its submarine tailings permit and is confident that the Ministry of Environment acted properly in renewing PTNNT's permit.

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**NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION**

**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)**

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

***NWG Investments Inc. v. Fronteer Gold Inc.***

In April 2011, Newmont acquired Fronteer Gold Inc. ( Fronteer ).

Fronteer acquired NewWest Gold Corporation ( NewWest Gold ) in September 2007. At the time of that acquisition, NWG Investments Inc. ( NWG ) owned approximately 86% of NewWest Gold and an individual named Jacob Safra owned or controlled 100% of NWG. Prior to its acquisition of NewWest Gold, Fronteer entered into a June 2007 lock-up agreement with NWG providing that, among other things, NWG would support Fronteer's acquisition of NewWest Gold. At that time, Fronteer owned approximately 42% of Aurora Energy Resources Inc. ( Aurora ), which, among other things, had a uranium exploration project in Labrador, Canada.

NWG contends that, during the negotiations leading up to the lock-up agreement, Fronteer represented to NWG that Aurora would commence uranium mining in Labrador by 2013, that this was a firm date, that Fronteer was not aware of any obstacle to doing so, that Aurora faced no serious environmental issues in Labrador and that Aurora's competitors faced greater delays in commencing uranium mining. NWG further contends that it entered into the lock-up agreement and agreed to support Fronteer's acquisition of NewWest Gold in reliance upon these purported representations. On October 11, 2007, less than three weeks after the Fronteer-NewWest Gold transaction closed, a member of the Nunatsiavut Assembly introduced a motion calling for the adoption of a moratorium on uranium mining in Labrador. On April 8, 2008, the Nunatsiavut Assembly adopted a three-year moratorium on uranium mining in Labrador. NWG contends that Fronteer was aware during the negotiations of the NWG/Fronteer lock-up agreement that the Nunatsiavut Assembly planned on adopting this moratorium and that its adoption would preclude Aurora from commencing uranium mining by 2013, but Fronteer nonetheless fraudulently induced NWG to enter into the lock-up agreement.

On September 24, 2012, NWG served a summons and complaint on NMC, and then amended the complaint to add Newmont Canada Holdings ULC as a defendant. The complaint also named Fronteer Gold Inc and Mark O Dea as defendants. The complaint sought rescission of the merger between Fronteer and NewWest Gold and \$750 in damages. In August 2013 the Supreme Court of New York, New York County issued an order granting the defendants motion to dismiss on forum non conveniens. Subsequently, NWG filed a notice of appeal of the decision and then a notice of dismissal of the appeal on March 24, 2013.

On February 26, 2014, NWG filed a lawsuit in Ontario Superior Court of Justice against Fronteer Gold Inc., Newmont Mining Corporation, Newmont Canada Holdings ULC, Newmont FH B.V. and Mark O Dea. The Ontario Complaint is based upon the same allegations contained in the New York lawsuit with claims for fraud and negligent misrepresentation. NWG seeks disgorgement of profits since the close of the NWG deal on September 24, 2007 and punitive damages.

Newmont intends to vigorously defend this matter, but cannot reasonably predict the outcome.

**Other Commitments and Contingencies**

Tax contingencies are provided for in accordance with ASC income tax guidance (see Note 8).

The Company has minimum royalty obligations on one of its producing mines in Nevada for the life of the mine. Amounts paid as a minimum royalty (where production royalties are less than the minimum obligation) in any year are recoverable in future years when the minimum royalty obligation is exceeded. Although the minimum royalty requirement may not be met in a particular year, the Company expects that over the mine life, gold production will be sufficient to meet the minimum royalty requirements. Minimum royalty payments payable are \$30 in 2014, \$34 in 2015 through 2018 and \$323 thereafter.

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**NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION**

**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited) (Continued)**

(dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

As part of its ongoing business and operations, the Company and its affiliates are required to provide surety bonds, bank letters of credit and bank guarantees as financial support for various purposes, including environmental reclamation, exploration permitting, workers compensation programs and other general corporate purposes. At March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, there were \$1,803 and \$1,807, respectively, of outstanding letters of credit, surety bonds and bank guarantees. The surety bonds, letters of credit and bank guarantees reflect fair value as a condition of their underlying purpose and are subject to fees competitively determined in the market place. The obligations associated with these instruments are generally related to performance requirements that the Company addresses through its ongoing operations. As the specific requirements are met, the beneficiary of the associated instrument cancels and/or returns the instrument to the issuing entity. Certain of these instruments are associated with operating sites with long-lived assets and will remain outstanding until closure. Generally, bonding requirements associated with environmental regulation are becoming more restrictive. However, the Company believes it is in compliance with all applicable bonding obligations and will be able to satisfy future bonding requirements through existing or alternative means, as they arise.

Newmont is from time to time involved in various legal proceedings related to its business. Except in the above described proceedings, management does not believe that adverse decisions in any pending or threatened proceeding or that amounts that may be required to be paid by reason thereof will have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition or results of operations.

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**ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL CONDITION** (dollars in millions, except per share, per ounce and per pound amounts)

The following discussion provides information that management believes is relevant to an assessment and understanding of the consolidated financial condition and results of operations of Newmont Mining Corporation and its subsidiaries (collectively, Newmont, the Company, our and we ). We use certain non-GAAP financial performance measures in our MD&A. For a detailed description of each of the non-GAAP financial measures used in this MD&A, please see the discussion under *Non-GAAP Financial Performance Measures* beginning on page 58. References to A\$ refer to Australian currency, C\$ to Canadian currency and NZ\$ to New Zealand currency.

This item should be read in conjunction with our interim unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and the notes thereto included in this quarterly report. Additionally, the following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with *Management's Discussion and Analysis of Consolidated Financial Condition and Results of Operations* and the consolidated financial statements included in Part II of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013 filed February 20, 2014.

**Overview**

Newmont is one of the world's largest gold producers and is the only gold company included in the S&P 500 Index and the Fortune 500, and has been included in the Dow Jones Sustainability World Index for seven consecutive years. We have adopted the World Gold Council's Conflict-Free Gold Policy. We are also engaged in the exploration for and acquisition of gold and gold/copper properties. We have significant operations and/or assets in the United States, Mexico, Peru, Australia, New Zealand, Indonesia, and Ghana.

Our vision is to be the most valued and respected mining company through industry leading performance. First quarter 2014 highlights are included below and discussed further in *Results of Consolidated Operations*.

**Operating highlights**

*Sales of \$1,764;*

*Average realized gold and copper price of \$1,293 per ounce and \$2.50 per pound;*

*Consolidated gold production of 1.3 million ounces (1.2 million attributable ounces) at Costs applicable to sales of \$751 per ounce;*

*Consolidated copper production of 35 thousand tonnes (24 thousand attributable tonnes) at Costs applicable to sales of \$2.71 per pound; and*

*Gold and copper operating margin (see Non-GAAP Financial Measures on page 58) of \$542 per ounce and \$(0.21) per pound, respectively.*

***Our global project pipeline.***



Approximately 90% of our consolidated capital expenditures in 2014 will be allocated to sustaining capital. Only projects that create value, lower costs and extend mine life, such as the Turf Vent Shaft in Nevada, will be implemented, in keeping with the strategy to strengthen the portfolio. We manage our wider project portfolio to maintain flexibility to address the development risks associated with our projects including permitting, local community and government support, engineering and procurement availability, technical issues, escalating costs and other associated risks that could adversely impact the timing and costs of certain opportunities.

Our opportunities in or near the Execution phase of development comprise a part of the Company's growth strategy and include the Turf Ventilation Shaft project in Nevada, the Conga project in Peru, and potentially the Merian project in Suriname, as described further below.

*Turf Vent Shaft, Nevada.* The Turf No. 3 Vent Shaft Project is in the construction phase and is planned to achieve commercial production in late 2015. Capital costs for the project are estimated at approximately \$400. The Turf No.3 Vent Shaft project provides the ventilation required to increase production, decrease mine costs, and to unlock an additional 3 million ounces of resource in greater Leeville over the 11 year mine life.

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*Merian, Suriname.* On February 19, 2014 we completed the acquisition of the remaining 20% minority interest in the Merian project. The Mineral and Partnership Agreements were signed by Newmont's indirect subsidiary, Suriname Gold Company, LLC, and the Government of Suriname on November 22, 2013. The project feasibility study is now complete and subject to a final review process before being submitted to the Board of Directors for full funding consideration in the second quarter of 2014. If approved, the project will allow Newmont to pursue a new district with upside potential and the opportunity to grow and extend the operating life of the South American region. Initial estimated gold production (on a 100% basis) of 350,000 to 450,000 ounces is expected per year, once Merian comes into production. At December 31, 2013, we reported 3.4 million attributable ounces of gold reserves at Merian.

*Conga, Peru.* Due to local political and community protests, construction and development activities at the Conga project were largely suspended in November 2011. The results of the Peruvian Central Government initiated Environmental Impact Assessment ( EIA ) independent review were announced on April 20, 2012 and confirmed our initial EIA met Peruvian and International standards. The review made recommendations to provide additional water capacity and social funds, which we have largely accepted. We announced our decision to move the project forward on a water first approach on June 22, 2012. We anticipate spending in 2014 to be approximately \$80, focusing on building access roads and permitting work around the Perol water reservoir, and gaining further social acceptance for the project. Total property, plant and mine development was \$1,615 at March 31, 2014. At December 31, 2013 we reported 6.4 million attributable ounces of gold reserves and 1,690 million attributable pounds of copper reserves at Conga. Construction of Conga and the implementation of the independent EIA review recommendations will continue provided it can be done in a safe manner with risk-adjusted returns that justify future investment. Should we be unable to continue with the current development plan at Conga, we may reprioritize and reallocate capital to other alternatives, which may result in a potential accounting impairment. See Item 1A, Risk Factors in Newmont's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013 filed February 20, 2014 for a description of political risks related to the project's development.

We continue to advance earlier stage development assets through our project pipeline in our five operating regions. The exploration, construction and operation of these earlier stage development assets may require significant funding if they go into execution. Three of our top development prospects are described further below:

*Long Canyon, Nevada.* The project is in the definition stage of development and we continue to develop our understanding of Long Canyon and the district. We have submitted the Plan-of-Operations to the Bureau of Land Management in support of our Environmental Impact Statement ( EIS ) and continue to progress the exploration program. At December 31, 2013, we reported 1.0 million attributable ounces of gold reserves at Long Canyon. We anticipate the definition stage engineering and permitting to be completed by the end of 2014.

*Subika Underground, Ghana.* Subika Underground is in the selection stage of development as work continues to optimize the mine plan and reduce costs. The project is expected to produce approximately 200,000 ounces of gold per year and an investment decision is expected in late 2015 or 2016.

*Ahafo Mill Expansion, Ghana.* We continue to evaluate development alternatives for this project. Current engineering efforts are focused on reducing the scale of the project. The potential improved economics and feasibility of the project will be assessed by the end of 2014.

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	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>
Sales	\$ 1,764	\$ 2,188
Income from continuing operations	\$ 65	\$ 356
Net income	\$ 48	\$ 356
Net income attributable to Newmont stockholders	\$ 100	\$ 314
Per common share, basic:		
Income from continuing operations attributable to Newmont stockholders	\$ 0.23	\$ 0.63
Net income attributable to Newmont stockholders	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.63
Adjusted net income <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 108	\$ 353
Adjusted net income per share <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.70
Consolidated gold ounces (thousands)		
Produced	1,292	1,281
Sold <sup>(2)</sup>	1,278	1,252
Consolidated copper pounds (millions)		
Produced	77	65
Sold	45	47
Consolidated copper tonnes (thousands)		
Produced	35	29
Average price realized, net:		
Gold (per ounce)	\$ 1,293	\$ 1,631
Copper (per pound)	\$ 2.50	\$ 3.12
Consolidated costs applicable to sales: <sup>(3)</sup>		
Gold (per ounce)	\$ 751	\$ 760
Copper (per pound)	\$ 2.71	\$ 2.27
Attributable costs applicable to sales: <sup>(1)</sup>		
Gold (per ounce)	\$ 722	\$ 781
Copper (per pound)	\$ 2.63	\$ 2.34
Operating margin <sup>(1)</sup>		
Gold (per ounce)	\$ 542	\$ 871
Copper (per pound)	\$ (0.21)	\$ 0.85

(1) See Non-GAAP Financial Measures on page 58.

(2) Excludes development ounces.

(3) Excludes *Amortization and Reclamation and remediation*.

**Table of Contents****Consolidated Financial Results**

*Net income attributable to Newmont stockholders* for the first quarter of 2014 was \$100, or \$0.20 per share, compared to \$314, or \$0.63 per share, for the first quarter of 2013. Results for the first quarter of 2014 compared to the first quarter of 2013 were impacted by lower average realized gold and copper prices and higher gold and copper unit costs partially offset by the gain on asset sales and higher gold sales.

Gold *Sales* decreased 19% in the first quarter of 2014 compared to the first quarter of 2013 due to lower average realized gold price partially offset by increased sales volume. The following analysis summarizes the changes in consolidated gold sales:

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>
<b>Consolidated gold sales:</b>		
Gross before provisional pricing	\$ 1,651	\$ 2,043
Provisional pricing mark-to-market	4	3
Gross after provisional pricing	1,655	2,046
Treatment and refining charges	(4)	(4)
Net	\$ 1,651	\$ 2,042
<b>Consolidated gold ounces sold (thousands):</b>		
<b>Average realized gold price (per ounce):</b>		
Gross before provisional pricing	\$ 1,292	\$ 1,632
Provisional pricing mark-to-market	4	2
Gross after provisional pricing	1,296	1,634
Treatment and refining charges	(3)	(3)
Net	\$ 1,293	\$ 1,631

The change in consolidated gold sales is due to:

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31, 2014 vs. 2013</b>	
Change in consolidated ounces sold	\$	41
Change in average realized gold price		(432)
	\$	(391)



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Copper *Sales* decreased 23% in the first quarter of 2014 compared to the first quarter of 2013 due to decreased sales volume and a lower average realized copper price. The following analysis summarizes the changes in consolidated copper sales:

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>
<b>Consolidated copper sales:</b>		
Gross before provisional pricing	\$ 141	\$ 167
Provisional pricing mark-to-market	(17)	(9)
Gross after provisional pricing	124	158
Treatment and refining charges	(11)	(12)
Net	\$ 113	\$ 146
<b>Consolidated copper pounds sold (millions):</b>		
Average realized copper price (per pound):		
Gross before provisional pricing	\$ 3.12	\$ 3.56
Provisional pricing mark-to-market	(0.37)	(0.20)
Gross after provisional pricing	2.75	3.36
Treatment and refining charges	(0.25)	(0.24)
Net	\$ 2.50	\$ 3.12

The change in consolidated copper sales is due to:

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31, 2014 vs. 2013</b>	
Change in consolidated pounds sold	\$	(7)
Change in average realized copper price		(27)
Change in treatment and refining charges		1
	\$	(33)

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The following is a summary of consolidated gold and copper sales, net:

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>
<b>Gold</b>		
North America:		
Carlin	\$ 293	\$ 351
Phoenix	70	53
Twin Creeks	132	166
La Herradura	31	90
	526	660
South America:		
Yanacocha	265	455
Australia/New Zealand:		
Boddington	220	329
Tanami	105	98
Jundee	82	124
Waihi	33	50
Kalgoorlie	118	120
	558	721
Indonesia:		
Batu Hijau	8	11
Africa:		
Ahafo	141	195
Akyem	153	
	294	195
	1,651	2,042
<b>Copper</b>		
North America:		
Phoenix	32	11
Australia/New Zealand:		
Boddington	39	65
Indonesia:		
Batu Hijau	42	70
	113	146
	\$ 1,764	\$ 2,188

*Costs applicable to sales* for gold increased in the first quarter of 2014 compared to the first quarter of 2013 due to the addition of Akyem as a new production site and planned stockpile and leach pad inventory adjustments. *Costs applicable to sales* for copper increased in the first quarter of 2014 compared to the first quarter of 2013 due to costs related to the new Phoenix copper leach facility and planned stockpile inventory adjustments at Boddington and Batu Hijau. For a complete discussion regarding variations in operations, see *Results of Consolidated Operations* below.

*Amortization* increased in the first quarter of 2014 compared to the first quarter of 2013 due largely to the portion of the planned stockpile and leach pad inventory adjustments as well as costs related to amortization at Akyem. We expect *Amortization* expense to be approximately \$1,050 to \$1,125 in 2014.



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The following is a summary of *Costs applicable to sales* and *Amortization* by operation:

	Costs Applicable to Sales		Amortization	
	Three Months Ended March 31, 2014	2013	2014	2013
<b>Gold</b>				
North America:				
Carlin	\$ 192	\$ 179	\$ 35	\$ 32
Phoenix	34	41	5	7
Twin Creeks	55	52	11	18
La Herradura	16	40	8	6
	297	312	59	63
South America:				
Yanacocha	221	160	101	70
Australia/New Zealand:				
Boddington	142	174	25	42
Tanami	55	75	17	16
Jundee	42	54	17	16
Waihi	19	28	5	8
Kalgoorlie	77	75	6	5
	335	406	70	87
Indonesia:				
Batu Hijau	8	7	2	2
Africa:				
Ahafo	61	66	16	17
Akyem	38		21	
	99	66	37	17
	960	951	269	239
<b>Copper</b>				
North America:				
Phoenix	26	11	3	2
Australia/New Zealand:				
Boddington	40	48	6	10
Indonesia:				
Batu Hijau	57	47	13	9
	123	106	22	21

**Other**

Corporate and other				7	7
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	\$ 1,083	\$ 1,057	\$ 298	\$ 267
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*Exploration* expense decreased \$25, or 42% in the first quarter of 2014 compared to the first quarter of 2013 due to a decrease in both brownfields and greenfields expenditures in all our regions.

*Advanced projects, research and development* expense decreased \$10, or 19% in the first quarter of 2014 compared to the first quarter of 2013 due to decreases in North America, primarily Carlin, South America, primarily Yanacocha and in Africa, primarily Ahafo.

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We expect combined *Exploration and Advanced projects, research and development* expenses to be approximately \$400 to \$450 in 2014. *Exploration* expense will be focused primarily on Carlin underground and Long Canyon in North America, Yanacocha in South America, Ahafo and Subika in Africa and Tanami in Australia. *Advanced projects, research and development* expense will be focused primarily on Conga and Verde Bio Leach in South America, La Herradura and North Exodus in North America, Subika in Africa, and Merian in Suriname.

*General and administrative* expenses decreased \$11 in the first quarter of 2014 compared to the first quarter of 2013 primarily due to decreases in salaries and benefits. We expect 2014 *General and administrative* expenses to be approximately \$175 to \$200.

*Other expense, net* was \$52 and \$100 for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The decrease is mainly due to lower expenses for Community development and Regional administration and higher expenses in the first quarter of 2013 due to the TMAC transaction.

*Other income, net* was \$46 and \$26 for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The increase is primarily related to the gain on the sale of Midas in the first quarter of 2014, partially offset by higher foreign currency exchange losses as well as lower dividend as a result of the sale of Canadian Oil Sands in 2013.

*Interest expense, net* increased by \$28 in the first quarter of 2014 compared to the first quarter of 2013 due to decreased capitalized interest. Capitalized interest decreased from capital projects being completed at Akyem and Phoenix copper leach. We now expect 2014 *Interest expense, net* to be approximately \$325 to \$350.

*Income and mining tax expense* during the first quarter of 2014 was \$78 resulting in an effective tax rate of 55%. *Income and mining tax expense* during the first quarter of 2013 was \$180 for an effective tax rate of 33%. The effective tax rate in the first quarter of 2014 is different than the effective tax rate in the first quarter of 2013 primarily due to increased valuation allowances and non-cash expense related to the sale of the Midas mine. The effective tax rates in the first quarter of 2014 and 2013 are different from the United States statutory rate of 35% primarily due to valuation allowances, mining tax, U.S. percentage depletion and non-cash expense related to the sale of the Midas mine. For a complete discussion of the factors that influence our effective tax rate, see *Management's Discussion and Analysis of Consolidated Financial Condition and Results of Operations* in Newmont's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013 filed February 20, 2014. We now expect the 2014 full year tax rate to be approximately 37% to 40%, assuming an average gold price of \$1,300 per ounce for the remainder of the year. We anticipate continued rate volatility due to our sensitivity to gold price, margins and the jurisdictional blend of our income.

*Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests* decreased to \$(52) in the first quarter of 2014 compared to \$42 in the first quarter of 2013 as a result of decreased earnings at Minera Yanacocha and Batu Hijau, slightly offset by the TMAC transaction in March 2013.

*Income (loss) from discontinued operations* includes an increase in the Holt property royalty liability as of March 31, 2014. During the first quarter of 2014, we recorded a charge of \$17, net of tax benefits of \$8, related to an increase in the gold price, an increase in expected future production and a decrease in discount rates at quarter end. Due to the nature of the sliding scale royalty calculation, changes in expected production and the gold price have a significant impact on the fair value of the liability.

**Table of Contents****Results of Consolidated Operations**

	<b>Gold or Copper Production<sup>(1)</sup></b>		<b>Costs Applicable to Sales<sup>(1)</sup></b>		<b>Amortization</b>		<b>All-In Sustaining Costs<sup>(3)</sup></b>	
	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>
	<b>(ounces in thousands)</b>		<b>(\$ per ounce)</b>		<b>(\$ per ounce)</b>		<b>(\$ per ounce)</b>	
<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>								
<b>Gold</b>								
North America	405	436	\$ 726	\$ 766	\$ 145	\$ 155	\$ 958	\$ 1,027
South America	208	285	1,075	576	488	251	1,403	885
Australia/New Zealand	438	421	783	922	162	196	942	1,136
Indonesia	16	14	1,283	993	313	230	2,167	2,000
Africa	225	125	428	555	162	143	616	1,126
Total/Weighted-Average	1,292	1,281	\$ 751	\$ 760	\$ 210	\$ 190	\$ 1,034	\$ 1,121
Attributable to Newmont <sup>(2)(3)</sup>	1,210	1,165	\$ 722	\$ 781			\$ 1,002	\$ 1,148
Net Attributable to Newmont <sup>(3)</sup>			\$ 725	\$ 757				
			<b>(pounds in millions)</b>	<b>(\$ per pound)</b>	<b>(\$ per pound)</b>	<b>(\$ per pound)</b>	<b>(\$ per pound)</b>	<b>(\$ per pound)</b>
<b>Copper</b>								
North America	12	7	\$ 2.39	\$ 3.20	\$ 0.28	\$ 0.63	\$ 2.55	\$ 3.75
Australia/New Zealand	17	18	2.63	2.35	0.41	0.51	3.27	2.95
Indonesia	48	40	2.99	2.05	0.66	0.40	4.63	3.70
Total/Weighted-Average	77	65	\$ 2.71	\$ 2.27	\$ 0.48	\$ 0.46	\$ 3.67	\$ 3.38
Attributable to Newmont <sup>(3)</sup>	52	45	\$ 2.63	\$ 2.34			\$ 3.43	\$ 3.29
			<b>(tonnes in thousands)</b>					
<b>Copper</b>								
North America	6	3						
Australia/New Zealand	8	8						
Indonesia	21	18						
Total/Weighted-Average	35	29						
Attributable to Newmont <sup>(3)</sup>	24	20						

(1) Excludes Amortization and Reclamation and remediation.

- (2) Includes 15,000 and 15,000 attributable ounces from our interest in La Zanja in 2014 and 2013, respectively, and 12,000 and 14,000 attributable ounces in 2014 and 2013 from our interest in Duketon.
- (3) See Non-GAAP Financial Measures on page 58.

**First quarter 2014 compared to 2013**

Consolidated gold ounces produced increased 1% due to new production from Akyem in Africa, higher production at Tanami related to higher throughput and ore grade milled, and higher grade, throughput, and recovery at Kalgoorlie partially offset by lower production from Yanacocha. Consolidated copper pounds produced increased 18% due to higher production at Batu Hijau related to higher Phase 6 ore grades and production from the new Phoenix copper leach facility that reached commercial production in the fourth quarter of 2013.

*Costs applicable to sales* per consolidated gold ounce sold decreased 1% due to new production in Africa as well as higher production from Australia/New Zealand partially offset by planned leach pad inventory adjustments at Yanacocha as well as lower gold ounces sold from Batu Hijau. *Costs applicable to sales* per consolidated copper pound sold increased 19% due to the planned stockpile inventory adjustments at Boddington and Batu Hijau and lower copper pounds sold from Batu Hijau.

*Amortization* per consolidated gold ounce sold increased 11% due to the portion of the planned stockpile and leach pad inventory adjustments related to amortization and lower ounces sold at Yanacocha and Batu Hijau. *Amortization* per consolidated copper pound sold increased 4% due to the planned stockpile inventory adjustments at Boddington and Batu Hijau and lower copper pounds sold from Batu Hijau.

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We continue to expect 2014 gold production of approximately 4.6 to 4.9 million attributable ounces at consolidated *Costs applicable to sales* per ounce of approximately \$740 to \$790 and 2014 copper production of approximately 160 to 175 million attributable pounds at consolidated *Costs applicable to sales* per pound of approximately \$2.00 to \$2.25.

**North America Operations**

	Gold or Copper Produced		Costs Applicable to Sales <sup>(1)</sup>		Amortization		All-In Sustaining Costs <sup>(4)</sup>	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013
	(ounces in thousands)		(\$ per ounce)		(\$ per ounce)		(\$ per ounce)	
<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>								
<b>Gold</b>								
Carlin	228	231	\$ 842	\$ 806	\$ 152	\$ 142	\$ 956	\$ 1,023
Phoenix	53	51	625	1,199	97	205	818	1,412
Twin Creeks	96	99	536	544	107	191	874	792
La Herradura <sup>(2)(3)</sup>	28	55	671	717	348	115	1,087	982
Total/Weighted-Average	405	436	\$ 726	\$ 766	\$ 145	\$ 155	\$ 958	\$ 1,027
Attributable to Newmont	405	436						
			(pounds in millions)		(\$ per pound)		(\$ per pound)	
<b>Copper</b>								
Phoenix	12	7	\$ 2.39	\$ 3.20	\$ 0.28	\$ 0.63	\$ 2.55	\$ 3.75
			(tonnes in thousands)					
Phoenix	6	3						

(1) Excludes *Amortization* and *Reclamation and remediation*.

(2) Our proportionate 44% share.

(3) Includes 4,000 in development ounces from the newly constructed mill at La Herradura.

(4) All-In Sustaining Costs is a non-GAAP financial measure, see page 58.

**First quarter 2014 compared to 2013**

*Carlin, USA*. Gold ounces produced decreased 1% due primarily to lower grades at Mill 6. *Costs applicable to sales* per ounce increased 4% due to planned stockpile and leach pad inventory adjustments partially offset by lower operating costs. *Amortization* per ounce increased 7% due to the portion of the planned stockpile and leach pad inventory adjustments related to amortization and higher underground production.

*Phoenix, USA.* Gold ounces produced increased 4% due to slightly higher grade at the Phoenix mill. Copper pounds produced increased 71% due to production from the Phoenix Copper Leach facility which was completed in the fourth quarter of 2013. *Costs applicable to sales* per ounce decreased 48% due to higher ounces sold and a higher allocation of costs to copper with the copper leach facility in production. *Costs applicable to sales* per pound decreased 25% due to higher copper pounds sold as a result of the new copper leach facility. *Amortization* per ounce decreased 53% due to higher ounces sold and the higher allocation of costs to copper, as mentioned above. *Amortization* per pound decreased 56% due to higher copper pounds sold as a result of the new production from copper leach.

*Twin Creeks, USA.* Gold ounces produced decreased 3% due to lower production following the sale of Midas partially offset by higher mill throughput at the Autoclave. *Costs applicable to sales* per ounce decreased 1% due to higher ounces sold. *Amortization* per ounce decreased 44% per ounce due to lower amortization as a result of the Midas sale.

*La Herradura, Mexico.* Gold ounces produced decreased 49% due to the suspension of their explosives permit. *Costs applicable to sales* per ounce decreased 6% due to a decrease in stripping with the ramp up of production after receiving the explosives permit at the end of February partially offset by lower ounces sold. *Amortization* increased 203% due to lower mining activities from the suspension of the explosives permit with the same scheduled amortization of the truck fleet.

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We expect gold production in North America of approximately 1.6 to 1.7 million ounces at *Costs applicable to sales* per ounce of approximately \$720 to \$790 in 2014. We expect copper production in North America of approximately 15,000 to 25,000 tonnes at *Costs applicable to sales* of approximately \$2.25 to \$2.50 per pound in 2014.

**South America Operations**

	Gold Ounces Produced		Costs Applicable to Sales <sup>(1)</sup>		Amortization		All-In Sustaining Costs <sup>(2)</sup>	
	2014 (in thousands)	2013	2014 (\$ per ounce)	2013	2014 (\$ per ounce)	2013	2014 (\$ per ounce)	2013
<b>Three Months Ended</b>								
<b>March 31,</b>								
Yanacocha	208	285	\$ 1,075	\$ 576	\$ 488	\$ 251	\$ 1,364	\$ 874
Attributable to Newmont:								
Yanacocha (51.35%)	107	147						
La Zanja (46.94%)	15	15						
	122	162						

(1) Excludes *Amortization* and *Reclamation and remediation*.

(2) All-In Sustaining Costs is a non-GAAP financial measure, see page 58.

**First quarter 2014 compared to 2013**

*Yanacocha, Peru.* Gold ounces produced decreased 27% mainly due to planned lower gold production with increased stripping at El Tapado Oeste. Production is expected to increase in the second half of 2014 as mining returns to higher grade at the El Tapado Oeste pit. *Costs applicable to sales* per ounce increased 87% due to higher stripping costs to access higher grade ore in the second half of 2014, and planned leach pad inventory adjustments. *Amortization* per ounce increased 94% due to lower production as well as the portion of the planned leach pad inventory adjustments associated with amortization.

We expect consolidated gold production in South America of approximately 895,000 to 985,000 ounces (510,000 to 560,000 attributable ounces) at *Costs applicable to sales* per ounce of approximately \$725 to \$790 in 2014.



**Table of Contents****Australia/New Zealand Operations**

	<b>Gold or Copper Produced</b>		<b>Costs Applicable to Sales<sup>(1)</sup></b>		<b>Amortization</b>		<b>All-In Sustaining Costs<sup>(2)</sup></b>	
	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>
	<b>(ounces in thousands)</b>		<b>(\$ per ounce)</b>		<b>(\$ per ounce)</b>		<b>(\$ per ounce)</b>	
<b>Three Months Ended</b>								
<b>March 31,</b>								
<b>Gold</b>								
Boddington	174	177	\$ 851	\$ 873	\$ 150	\$ 210	\$ 970	\$ 995
Tanami	84	60	681	1,247	210	267	963	1,683
Jundee	63	76	667	710	264	205	841	974
Waihi	27	30	753	920	196	254	800	1,067
Kalgoorlie	90	78	839	1,006	61	69	880	1,081
	438	421	\$ 783	\$ 922	\$ 162	\$ 196	\$ 942	\$ 1,136
Attributable to Newmont <sup>(3)</sup>	450	435						
	<b>(pounds in millions)</b>		<b>(\$ per pound)</b>		<b>(\$ per pound)</b>		<b>(\$ per pound)</b>	
<b>Copper</b>								
Boddington	17	18	\$ 2.63	\$ 2.35	\$ 0.41	\$ 0.51	\$ 3.27	\$ 2.95
	<b>(tonnes in thousands)</b>							
Boddington	8	8						

(1) Excludes *Amortization* and *Reclamation and remediation*.

(2) All-In Sustaining Costs is a non-GAAP financial measure, see page 58.

(3) Includes 12,000 and 14,000 attributable ounces in the first quarter 2014 and 2013, respectively, from our interest in Duketon.

**First quarter 2014 compared to 2013**

*Boddington, Australia.* Gold ounces produced decreased 2% and copper pounds produced decreased 6% primarily due to lower mill grade. Boddington realized record setting throughput levels this quarter due to the sustainable process improvements implemented with Full Potential. These benefits were partially offset by lower grades during the quarter. *Costs applicable to sales* decreased 3% per ounce due a combination of lower mill maintenance costs and favorable foreign exchange rates. *Costs applicable to sales* increased 12% per pound primarily due to planned stockpile inventory adjustments. *Amortization* decreased 29% per ounce and decreased 20% per pound due to the asset impairment recorded in the second quarter of 2013.

*Tanami, Australia.* Gold ounces produced increased 40% due to higher grades from the Auron ore body and due to lower mining dilution from improved mining practices with improved mining rates from higher truck utilization and stope availability leading to higher tons mined. *Costs applicable to sales* decreased 45% per ounce due to higher production coupled with lower operating costs and favorable foreign exchange rates. *Amortization* decreased 21% per ounce due to higher production.

*Jundee, Australia.* Gold ounces produced decreased 17% primarily as a result of lower ore grade milled. *Costs applicable to sales* decreased 6% per ounce due to lower underground mining costs and favorable foreign exchange rates partially offset by lower production. *Amortization* increased 29% per ounce due to lower production.

*Waihi, New Zealand.* Gold ounces produced decreased 10% due to lower ore grade milled and a build of in-circuit inventory partially offset by higher mill throughput. *Costs applicable to sales* decreased 18% per ounce due to lower underground mining costs. *Amortization* decreased 23% per ounce due to the stripping campaign in the prior year period.

*Kalgoorlie, Australia.* Gold ounces produced increased 15% due to higher milled ore grade and throughput. *Costs applicable to sales* decreased 17% per ounce and *Amortization* decreased 12% per ounce due to higher production.

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We expect consolidated gold production for Australia/New Zealand of approximately 1.6 to 1.7 million ounces at *Costs applicable to sales* per ounce of approximately \$855 to \$930 in 2014. We expect consolidated copper production for Australia/New Zealand to be approximately 25,000 to 35,000 tonnes at *Costs applicable to sales* per pound of approximately \$2.50 to \$2.80 in 2014.

**Indonesia Operations**

	Gold or Copper Production		Costs Applicable to Sales <sup>(1)</sup>		Amortization		All-In Sustaining Costs <sup>(2)</sup>	
	2014 (ounces in thousands)	2013 (ounces in thousands)	2014 (\$ per ounce)	2013 (\$ per ounce)	2014 (\$ per ounce)	2013 (\$ per ounce)	2014 (\$ per ounce)	2013 (\$ per ounce)
<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>								
<b>Gold</b>								
Batu Hijau	16	14	\$ 1,283	\$ 993	\$ 313	\$ 230	\$ 2,167	\$ 2,000
Attributable to Newmont <sup>(2)</sup>	8	7						
<b>Copper</b>								
Batu Hijau	48	40	\$ 2.99	\$ 2.05	\$ 0.66	\$ 0.40	\$ 4.63	\$ 3.70
Attributable to Newmont	23	20						
<b>(tonnes in thousands)</b>								
<b>Copper</b>								
Batu Hijau	21	18						
Attributable to Newmont	10	9						

(1) Excludes *Amortization* and *Reclamation and remediation*.

(2) All-In Sustaining Costs is a non-GAAP financial measure, see page 58.

**First quarter 2014 compared to 2013**

*Batu Hijau, Indonesia.* Copper pounds and gold ounces produced increased 20% and 14%, respectively, due to higher ore grade as well as higher recovery partially offset by lower mill throughput. *Costs applicable to sales* per pound and per ounce increased 46% and 29%, respectively, due to planned stockpile inventory adjustments and lower pounds and ounces sold. *Amortization* per pound and per ounce increased 65% and 36%, respectively, due to lower copper and gold sales and the portion of the planned stockpile inventory adjustments related to amortization.

We expect consolidated gold production for Indonesia of approximately 135,000 to 150,000 ounces (60,000 to 65,000 attributable ounces) at *Costs applicable to sales* per ounce of approximately \$630 to \$690 in 2014. We expect consolidated copper production for Indonesia to be approximately 110,000 to 125,000 tonnes (45,000 to 55,000 attributable tonnes) at *Costs applicable to sales* per pound of approximately \$1.75 to \$2.00 in 2014.

In January 2014, the Indonesian government issued new regulations for the export of copper concentrate that contain potentially restrictive conditions for obtaining an export permit, as well as a significant, progressive export duty. While the 2009 mining law preserves the validity of PTNNT's Contract of Work (the investment agreement entered into by PTNNT and the Indonesian government in 1986, which includes the right to export copper concentrates and a prohibition against new taxes, duties, and levies), the Indonesian government has stated its intention to enforce the new regulations on PTNNT's operations and has not yet recognized PTNNT's rights to export copper concentrate and only pay the taxes, duties, and levies specified in the Contract of Work. The Company believes that these new 2014 regulations conflict with the Contract of Work. Although PTNNT is continuing to engage with government officials in Indonesia in an effort to resolve this issue and gain clarity on implementation of the new regulations, while also considering other remedies, including possible legal action, the Company can make no assurances that the new regulations will not impact operations or outlook. In April 2014, PTNNT received the required approval as a registered exporter from the Ministry of Trade and continues working through the process and engaging with the government to secure the newly required export permit. At this time, operations continue at Batu Hijau. However, to the extent there are continued delays in obtaining approvals for 2014 exports, PTNNT will implement contingency plans to scale back production taking into consideration copper concentrate storage capacity and in-country smelter availability, which would impact the Company's ability to achieve its outlook. For a discussion of factors which could impact future financial performance and operating results in Indonesia, see Item 1A, under the heading Risk Factors, of the Company's Form 10-K, filed on February 21, 2014.

**Table of Contents****Africa Operations**

	Gold Ounces Produced		Costs Applicable to Sales <sup>(1)</sup>		Amortization		All-In Sustaining Costs <sup>(2)</sup>		
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	
	(in thousands)		(\$ per ounce)		(\$ per ounce)		(\$ per ounce)		
<b>Three Months Ended</b>									
<b>March 31,</b>									
Ahafo	105	125	\$ 554	\$ 555	\$ 148	\$ 143	\$ 864	\$ 1,025	
Akyem	120		311		175		361		
Total / Weighted Average	225	125	\$ 428	\$ 555	\$ 162	\$ 143	\$ 616	\$ 1,126	
Attributable to Newmont	225	125							

(1) Excludes *Amortization* and *Reclamation and remediation*.

(2) All-In Sustaining Costs is a non-GAAP financial measure, see page 58.

**First quarter 2014 compared to 2013**

*Ahafo, Ghana.* Gold ounces produced decreased 16% due to lower mill grade and throughput. *Costs applicable to sales* and *Amortization* per ounce was in line with prior year.

*Akyem, Ghana.* Gold ounces produced of 120,000, *Costs applicable to sales* per ounce of \$311, and *Amortization* per ounce of \$175 are due to the commencement of commercial production in the fourth quarter of 2013.

As a result of mine plan optimization at the Ahafo operation in Africa, the Company is increasing production outlook from between 785,000 to 850,000 ounces to between 790,000 to 870,000 ounces. In addition to the mine plan optimization work at Ahafo, the Akyem operation is also realizing lower input and labor costs and consequently, the Company is reducing Africa regional *Costs applicable to sales* from between \$575 to \$625 per ounce to between \$510 to \$555 per ounce in 2014.

**Foreign Currency Exchange Rates**

Our foreign operations sell their gold and copper production based on U.S. dollar metal prices. Approximately 39% and 49% of our *Costs applicable to sales* were paid in local currencies during the first quarter of 2014 and 2013, respectively. Variations in the local currency exchange rates in relation to the U.S. dollar at our foreign mining operations increased consolidated *Costs applicable to sales* per ounce by approximately \$39, net of hedging gains and losses, during the first quarter of 2014 as compared to the first quarter of 2013.

**Liquidity and Capital Resources****Cash Provided from Operating Activities**

*Net cash provided from continuing operations* was \$183 in the first quarter of 2014, a decrease of \$256 from the first quarter of 2013, primarily due to lower average realized gold price and a net increase in operating assets and

liabilities. The increase in net operating assets and liabilities of \$63 in the first quarter of 2014 compared to the first quarter of 2013 is due to increase in accounts receivable and other assets and decrease in accounts payable and other accrued liabilities.

**Table of Contents****Investing Activities**

*Net cash used in investing activities* decreased to \$178 during the first quarter of 2014 compared to \$507 during the same period of 2013, respectively. Additions to property, plant and mine development were as follows:

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>
North America:		
Carlin	\$ 42	\$ 46
Phoenix	7	31
Twin Creeks	32	25
La Herradura	6	19
Other North America	5	4
	92	125
South America:		
Yanacocha	14	48
Other South America	7	86
	21	134
Australia/New Zealand:		
Boddington	20	25
Tanami	20	23
Jundee	7	13
Waihi	3	3
Kalgoorlie	1	1
Other Australia/New Zealand	1	1
	52	66
Indonesia:		
Batu Hijau	15	23
	15	23
Africa:		
Ahafo	22	60
Akyem	1	66
	23	126
Corporate and Other	6	23
Accrual basis	209	497
Decrease (increase) in accrued capital expenditures	26	13

Cash basis	\$	235	\$	510
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Capital expenditures in North America during the first quarter of 2014 primarily related to the development of the Turf Vent Shaft project, surface and underground mine development, infrastructure improvements and capitalized component purchases in Nevada, as well as mill construction capital in Mexico. Capital expenditures in South America were primarily related to the Conga project, surface mine development, infrastructure improvements and equipment component purchases. The majority of capital expenditures in Australia and New Zealand were for underground mine development, tailings and support facility construction and mining equipment purchases. Capital expenditures in Batu Hijau were primarily for equipment and equipment component purchases. Capital expenditures in Africa were related to tailings facility construction using waste material, capitalized component purchases for large equipment and mining and support equipment purchases. We expect 2014 consolidated capital expenditures to be \$1,300 to \$1,400.

Capital expenditures in North America during the first quarter of 2013 were primarily related to the construction of the Phoenix Copper Leach project, the development of the Turf Vent Shaft project, surface and underground mine development in both Nevada and Mexico and infrastructure improvements in Nevada. Capital expenditures in South America were primarily related to the Conga project, surface mine development and equipment purchases. The majority of capital expenditures in Australia and New Zealand were for underground mine development, tailings facility construction, mining equipment purchases and infrastructure improvements. Capital expenditures in Indonesia were primarily for equipment and equipment component purchases and infrastructure improvements. Capital expenditures in Africa were primarily related to Akyem development and the Subika expansion project, equipment purchases and surface mine development at Ahafo. Capital expenditures in Corporate were primarily related to the Merian project.



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*Acquisitions, net.* During the first quarter of 2014 we purchased the remaining 20% noncontrolling interest in the Merian project. During the first quarter of 2013 we paid \$8 in contingent payments in accordance with the 2009 Boddington acquisition agreement.

*Proceeds from the sale of marketable securities.* During the first quarter of 2014 we received \$25 primarily from the sale of Paladin securities.

*Purchases of marketable securities.* During the first quarter of 2014 and 2013 we purchased \$1 and \$1, respectively, of marketable equity securities.

*Proceeds from sale of other assets.* During the first quarter of 2014, we received \$70, of which, \$57 was from the Midas sale and \$13 primarily from the sale of equipment at Conga. During the first quarter of 2013 we received \$25 primarily from the sale of equipment at Conga.

## ***Financing Activities***

*Net cash provided from (used in) financing activities* was \$(80) and \$(105) during the first quarter of 2014 and 2013, respectively.

*Proceeds from and repayment of debt.* During the first quarter of 2014, we received net proceeds from debt of \$3 from our other short-term debt. During the first quarter of 2013, we received net proceeds from debt of \$80, from the PTNNT revolving credit facility. At March 31, 2014, \$168 of the \$3,000 Corporate revolving credit facility were used to secure the issuance of letters of credit, primarily supporting reclamation obligations (see *Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements* below).

Scheduled minimum debt repayments are \$623 for the remainder of 2014, \$161 in 2015, \$221 in 2016, \$771 in 2017, \$1 in 2018 and \$5,105 thereafter. We expect to be able to fund debt maturities and capital expenditures from *Net cash provided by operating activities*, short-term investments, existing cash balances and available credit facilities.

At March 31, 2014 and 2013, we were in compliance with all required debt covenants and other restrictions related to debt agreements.

*Proceeds from stock issuance, net.* We received proceeds of \$1 during the first quarter of 2013, from the issuance of common stock, primarily related to employee stock sales and option exercises.

*Sale of noncontrolling interests.* We received \$32 in proceeds, net of transaction costs, during the first quarter of 2013 related to the TMAC transaction.

*Acquisition of noncontrolling interests.* In the first quarter of 2014 and 2013, we advanced certain funds to PTPI, an unrelated noncontrolling shareholder of PTNNT, in accordance with a loan agreement. Our economic interest in PTNNT did not change as a result of these transactions.

*Dividends paid to common stockholders.* We declared regular quarterly dividends totaling \$0.15 and \$0.425 per common share for the three months ended March 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Additionally, Newmont Mining Corporation of Canada Limited, a subsidiary of the Company, declared regular quarterly dividends on its exchangeable shares totaling C\$0.4319 through March 31, 2013. We paid dividends of \$77 and \$211 to common stockholders in the first quarter of 2014 and 2013, respectively.

***Discontinued Operations***

*Net operating cash used in discontinued operations* was \$3 and \$6 in the first quarter of 2014 and 2013, respectively, related to payments on the Holt property royalty.

**Table of Contents*****Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements***

We have the following off-balance sheet arrangements: operating leases (as discussed in Note 28 to the Consolidated Financial Statements in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013, filed on February 20, 2014) and \$1,803 of outstanding letters of credit, surety bonds and bank guarantees (see Note 26 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements).

We also have sales agreements to sell copper and gold concentrates at market prices as follows (in thousands of tons):

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	Thereafter
Batu Hijau	436					
Boddington	154	187	198	187	165	
Phoenix	48	41	71			
	638	228	269	187	165	

***Other Liquidity Matters***

At March 31, 2014, the Company had \$1,475 in cash and cash equivalents, of which \$1,129 was held in foreign subsidiaries and is primarily held in U.S. dollar denominated accounts with the remainder in foreign currencies readily convertible to U.S. dollars. At March 31, 2014, \$395 of the consolidated cash and cash equivalents was attributable to noncontrolling interests primarily related to our Indonesian and Peruvian operations which is being held to fund those operations and development projects. At March 31, 2014, \$273 in consolidated cash and cash equivalents (\$161 attributable to Newmont) was held at certain foreign subsidiaries that, if repatriated may be subject to withholding taxes, which would generate foreign tax credits in the U.S. As a result, we expect that there would be minimal U.S. tax liability upon repatriation of these amounts after considering available foreign tax credits. All other amounts represent earnings that are taxed in the U.S. on a current basis due to being held in U.S. subsidiaries or non-U.S. subsidiaries that are flow-through entities for U.S. tax purposes.

We believe that our liquidity and capital resources from U.S. operations and flow-through foreign subsidiaries are adequate to fund our U.S. operations and corporate activities.

**Environmental**

Our mining and exploration activities are subject to various federal and state laws and regulations governing the protection of the environment. We have made, and expect to make in the future, expenditures to comply with such laws and regulations, but cannot predict the full amount of such future expenditures. At March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, \$1,441 and \$1,432, respectively, were accrued for reclamation costs relating to currently or recently producing mineral properties.

In addition, we are involved in several matters concerning environmental obligations associated with former mining activities. Based upon our best estimate of our liability for these matters, \$174 and \$179 were accrued for such obligations at March 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. We spent \$5 and \$4 during the first quarter of 2014 and 2013, respectively, for environmental obligations related to the former, primarily historic, mining activities and have classified \$32 as a current liability at March 31, 2014.

During the first quarter of 2014 and 2013, capital expenditures were approximately \$15 and \$20, respectively, to comply with environmental regulations. Ongoing costs to comply with environmental regulations have not been a significant component of operating costs.

For more information on the Company's reclamation and remediation liabilities, see Notes 5 and 26 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

### **Accounting Developments**

For a discussion of Recently Adopted and Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements, see Note 3 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

**Table of Contents****Non-GAAP Financial Measures**

Non-GAAP financial measures are intended to provide additional information only and do not have any standard meaning prescribed by generally accepted accounting principles ( GAAP ). These measures should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of performance prepared in accordance with GAAP.

*Adjusted net income*

Management of the Company uses *Adjusted net income* to evaluate the Company's operating performance, and for planning and forecasting future business operations. The Company believes the use of *Adjusted net income* allows investors and analysts to compare results of the continuing operations of the Company and its direct and indirect subsidiaries relating to the production and sale of minerals to similar operating results of other mining companies, by excluding exceptional or unusual items. Management's determination of the components of *Adjusted net income* are evaluated periodically and based, in part, on a review of non-GAAP financial measures used by mining industry analysts. *Net income attributable to Newmont stockholders* is reconciled to *Adjusted net income* as follows:

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>
Net income attributable to Newmont stockholders	\$ 100	\$ 314
Discontinued operations loss	17	
Restructuring and other	3	5
Impairments	1	4
Gain on asset sales	(13)	
TMAC transaction costs		30
<b>Adjusted net income</b>	<b>\$ 108</b>	<b>\$ 353</b>
Adjusted net income per share, basic	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.70
Adjusted net income per share, diluted	\$ 0.22	\$ 0.71

*Costs applicable to sales per ounce/pound*

Costs applicable to sales per ounce/pound are non-GAAP financial measures. These measures are calculated by dividing the costs applicable to sales of gold and copper by gold ounces or copper pounds sold, respectively. These measures are calculated on a consistent basis for the periods presented on both a consolidated and attributable to Newmont basis. Attributable costs applicable to sales are based on our economic interest in production from our mines. For operations where we hold less than a 100% economic share in the production, we exclude the share of gold or copper production attributable to the noncontrolling interest. We include attributable costs applicable to sales per ounce/pound to provide management, investors and analysts with information with which to compare our performance to other gold producers. Costs applicable to sales per ounce/pound statistics are intended to provide additional information only and do not have any standardized meaning prescribed by GAAP and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of performance prepared in accordance with GAAP. The measures are not necessarily indicative of operating profit or cash flow from operations as determined under GAAP. Other companies may calculate these measures differently.

Net attributable costs applicable to sales per ounce measures the benefit of copper produced in conjunction with gold, as a credit against the cost of producing gold. A number of other gold producers present their costs net of the

contribution from copper and other non-gold sales. We believe that including a measure on this basis provides management, investors and analysts with information with which to compare our performance to other gold producers, and to better assess the overall performance of our business. In addition, this measure provides information to enable investors and analysts to understand the importance of non-gold revenues to our cost structure.

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The following tables reconcile these non-GAAP measures to the most directly comparable GAAP measures.

**Costs applicable to sales per ounce/pound**

	<b>Gold</b>		<b>Copper</b>	
	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>		<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>
<b>Costs applicable to sales:</b>				
Consolidated per financial statements	\$ 960	\$ 951	\$ 123	\$ 106
Noncontrolling interests <sup>(1)</sup>	(112)	(82)	(29)	(23)
Attributable to Newmont	\$ 848	\$ 869	\$ 94	\$ 83
<b>Gold/Copper sold (thousand ounces/million pounds):</b>				
Consolidated	1,278	1,252	45	47
Noncontrolling interests <sup>(1)</sup>	(103)	(139)	(10)	(12)
Attributable to Newmont	1,175	1,113	35	35
<b>Costs applicable to sales per ounce/pound:</b>				
Consolidated	\$ 751	\$ 760	\$ 2.71	\$ 2.27
Attributable to Newmont	\$ 722	\$ 781	\$ 2.63	\$ 2.34

**Net attributable costs applicable to sales per ounce**

	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>
<b>Attributable costs applicable to sales:</b>		
Gold	\$ 848	\$ 869
Copper	94	83
	942	952
<b>Copper revenue:</b>		
Consolidated	(113)	(146)
Noncontrolling interests <sup>(1)</sup>	22	36
	(91)	(110)
Net attributable costs applicable to sales	\$ 851	\$ 842
Attributable gold ounces sold (thousands)	1,174	1,113
Net attributable costs applicable to sales per ounce	\$ 725	\$ 757

- (1) Relates to partners' interests in Batu Hijau and Yanacocha.



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**Table of Contents***All-In Sustaining Costs*

Newmont has worked to develop a metric that expands on GAAP measures such as cost of goods sold and non-GAAP measures to provide visibility into the economics of our mining operations related to expenditures, operating performance and the ability to generate cash flow from operations.

Current GAAP-measures used in the mining industry, such as cost of goods sold, do not capture all of the expenditures incurred to discover, develop, and sustain gold production. Therefore, we believe that All-in sustaining costs and attributable All-in sustaining costs are non-GAAP measures that provide additional information to management, investors, and analysts that aid in the understanding of the economics of our operations and performance compared to other producers and in the investor's visibility by better defining the total costs associated with production.

All-in sustaining cost ( AISC ) amounts are intended to provide additional information only and do not have any standardized meaning prescribed by GAAP and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of performance prepared in accordance with GAAP. The measures are not necessarily indicative of operating profit or cash flow from operations as determined under GAAP. Other companies may calculate these measures differently as a result of differences in the underlying accounting principles, policies applied and in accounting frameworks such as in International Financial Reporting Standards ( IFRS ), or by reflecting the benefit from selling non-gold metals as a reduction to AISC. Differences may also arise related to definitional differences of sustaining versus development capital activities based upon each company's internal policies.

The following disclosure provides information regarding the adjustments made in determining the All-in sustaining costs measure:

*Cost Applicable to Sales* Includes all direct and indirect costs related to current production incurred to execute the current mine plan. *Costs Applicable to Sales* ( CAS ) includes by-product credits from certain metals obtained during the process of extracting and processing the primary ore-body. CAS is accounted for on an accrual basis and excludes *Amortization* and *Reclamation and remediation*, which is consistent with our presentation of CAS on the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income. In determining All-in sustaining costs, only the CAS associated with producing and selling an ounce of gold or a pound of copper is included in the measure. Therefore, the amount of CAS included in AISC is derived from the CAS presented in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income. The allocation of CAS between gold and copper at the Phoenix, Boddington, and Batu Hijau mines is based upon the relative sales percentage of copper and gold sold during the period.

*Remediation Costs* Includes accretion expense related to asset retirement obligations ( ARO ) and the amortization of the related Asset Retirement Cost ( ARC ) for the Company's operating properties recorded as an ARC asset. Accretion related to ARO and the amortization of the ARC assets for reclamation and remediation do not reflect annual cash outflows but are calculated in accordance with GAAP. The accretion and amortization reflect the periodic costs of reclamation and remediation associated with current gold production and are therefore included in the measure. The allocation of these costs to gold and copper is determined using the same allocation used in the allocation of CAS between gold and copper at the Phoenix, Boddington, and Batu Hijau mines.

*Advanced Projects and Exploration* Includes incurred expenses related to projects that are designed to increase or enhance current gold production and gold exploration. We note that as current resources are depleted, exploration and advance projects are necessary for us to replace the depleting reserves or enhance the recovery and processing of the current reserves. As this relates to sustaining our gold production, and is considered a continuing cost of a mining company, these costs are included in the AISC measure. These costs are derived from the *Advanced projects, research*

*and development* and *Exploration* amounts presented in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income. The allocation of these costs to gold and copper is determined using the same allocation used in the allocation of CAS between gold and copper at the Phoenix, Boddington, and Batu Hijau mines.

*General and Administrative* Includes cost related to administrative tasks not directly related to current gold production, but rather related to support our corporate structure and fulfilling our obligations to operate as a public company. Including these expenses in the AISC metric provides visibility of the impact that general and administrative activities have on current operations and profitability on a per ounce basis.

*Other Expense, net* Includes costs related to regional administration and community development to support current production. We exclude certain exceptional or unusual expenses from *Other expense, net*, such as restructuring, as these are not indicative to sustaining our current operations. Furthermore, this adjustment to *Other expense, net* is also consistent with the nature of the adjustments made to Net income (loss) as disclosed in the Company's non-GAAP financial measure Adjusted net income (loss). The allocation of these costs to gold and copper is determined using the same allocation used in the allocation of CAS between gold and copper at the Phoenix, Boddington, and Batu Hijau mines.

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*Treatment and Refining Costs* Includes costs paid to smelters for treatment and refining of our concentrates to produce the salable precious metal. These costs are presented net as a reduction of Sales.

*Sustaining Capital* We determined sustaining capital as those capital expenditures that are necessary to maintain current gold production and execute the current mine plan. Capital expenditures to develop new operations, or related to projects at existing operations where these projects will enhance gold production or reserves, are considered development. We determined the breakout of sustaining and development capital costs based on a systematic review of our project portfolio in light of the nature of each project. Sustaining capital costs are relevant to the AISC metric as these are needed to maintain the Company's current gold operations and provide improved transparency related to our ability to finance these expenditures from current operations. The allocation of these costs to gold and copper is determined using the same allocation used in the allocation of CAS between gold and copper at the Phoenix, Boddington, and Batu Hijau mines.

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Three Months Ended	Costs Applied to Sales <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	Remediation Costs <sup>(3)</sup>	Advanced Projects and Exploration <sup>(4)</sup>	General and Administrative <sup>(5)</sup>	Other Expenses <sup>(5)</sup>	Treatment and Refining Costs <sup>(6)</sup>	Sustaining Capital <sup>(6)</sup>	All-In Sustaining Costs	Ounces	All-In Sustaining Costs per oz/lb
									(000)/ Pounds Sold <sup>(7)</sup>	
<b>MARCH 31, 2014</b>									(millions)	
<b>GOLD</b>										
Carlin	\$ 192	\$ 1	\$ 4	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 20	\$ 218	228	\$ 956	
Phoenix	34		1		1	2	7	45	55	818
Twin Creeks	55	1	1		1		32	90	103	874
La Herradura	16	1	4				4	25	23	1,087
Other North America			6		3		5	14		
North America	297	3	16		6	2	68	392	409	958
Yanacocha	221	30	7		9		14	281	206	1,364
Other South America			8					8		
South America	221	30	15		9		14	289	206	1,403
Attributable to Newmont								150	106	1,415
Boddington	142	3			1	1	15	162	167	970
Tanami	55	1	1		1		20	78	81	963
Jundee	42	3	1				7	53	63	841
Waihi	19						1	20	25	800
Kalgoorlie	77	1	1				2	81	92	880
Other Australia/New Zealand			1		8			9		
Australia/New Zealand	335	8	4		10	1	45	403	428	942
Batu Hijau	8	1			1	1	2	13	6	2,167
Indonesia	8	1			1	1	2	13	6	2,167
Attributable to Newmont								7	3	2,167
Ahafo	61	1	9		3		21	95	110	864
Akyem	38				3		2	43	119	361
Other Africa			2		1			3		
Africa	99	1	11		7		23	141	229	616
Corporate and Other			29	45	6		4	84		

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Total Gold	960	43	75	45	39	4	156	1,322	1,278	1,034
Attributable to Newmont								\$ 1,177	1,175	\$ 1,002
<b>COPPER</b>										
Phoenix	26					1	1	\$ 28	11	\$ 2.55
Boddington	40	1				5	3	49	15	3.27
Batu Hijau	57	5	1		7	5	13	88	19	4.63
Total Copper	123	6	1		7	11	17	165	45	3.67
Attributable to Newmont								\$ 120	35	\$ 3.43
Consolidated	\$ 1,083	\$ 49	\$ 76	\$ 45	\$ 46	\$ 15	\$ 173	\$ 1,487		

- (1) Excludes *Amortization and Reclamation and remediation*.
- (2) Includes by-product credits of \$23.
- (3) Includes planned stockpile and leach pad inventory adjustments of \$20 at Carlin, \$2 at Twin Creeks, \$35 at Yanacocha, \$25 at Boddington, and \$29 at Batu Hijau.
- (4) Remediation costs include operating accretion of \$18 and amortization of asset retirement costs of \$31.
- (5) Other expense, net is adjusted for restructuring of \$7.
- (6) Excludes development capital expenditures, capitalized interest, and the decrease in accrued capital of \$62. The following are major development projects; Turf Vent Shaft, Conga, and Merian for 2014.
- (7) Excludes attributable gold sales from La Zanja and Duketon.

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Three Months Ended	Costs	Advanced	Projects and	General	Other	Treatment	and	All-In	Ounces	All-In
									(000)/	
March 31, 2013	Application	Remediation	Exploration	Administrative	Net	Refining	Sustaining	Sustaining	(millions)	Costs
	to Sales <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	Costs <sup>(3)</sup>	Costs <sup>(4)</sup>	Costs <sup>(5)</sup>	Costs <sup>(5)</sup>	Costs <sup>(5)</sup>	Capital <sup>(6)</sup>	Costs	Sold <sup>(7)</sup>	per
										oz/lb
<b>GOLD</b>										
Carlin	\$ 179	\$ 1	\$ 11	\$	\$ 2	\$	\$ 34	\$ 227	222	\$ 1,023
Phoenix	41		3		1	2	1	48	34	1,412
Twin Creeks	52	1	3		1		19	76	96	792
La Herradura	40		6				9	55	56	982
Other North America			8		2		3	13		
North America	312	2	31		6	2	66	419	408	1,027
Yanacocha	160	23	13		10		37	243	278	874
Other South America			3					3		
South America	160	23	16		10		37	246	278	885
Attributable to Newmont								127	143	888
Boddington	174	2				1	22	199	200	995
Tanami	75	1	2				23	101	60	1,683
Jundee	54	4	4				12	74	76	974
Waihi	28	1	1				2	32	30	1,067
Kalgoorlie	75	2	1				2	80	74	1,081
Other Australia/New Zealand			4		9		1	14		
Australia/New Zealand	406	10	12		9	1	62	500	440	1,136
Batu Hijau	7		1		2	1	3	14	7	2,000
Indonesia	7		1		2	1	3	14	7	2,000
Attributable to Newmont								7	3	2,000
Ahafo	66	1	13				42	122	119	1,025
Akyem			3					3		
Other Africa			2		7			9		
Africa	66	1	18		7		42	134	119	1,126
Corporate and Other			27	56	6		2	91		

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Total Gold	951	36	105	56	40	4	212	1,404	1,252	1,121
Attributable to Newmont								\$ 1,278	1,113	\$ 1,148
<b>COPPER</b>										
Phoenix	11		1		1	1	1	\$ 15	4	\$ 3.75
Boddington	48	1				5	5	59	20	2.95
Batu Hijau	47	2	5		5	6	20	85	23	3.70
Total Copper	106	3	6		6	12	26	159	47	3.38
Attributable to Newmont								115	35	\$ 3.29
Consolidated	\$ 1,057	\$ 39	\$ 111	\$ 56	\$ 46	\$ 16	\$ 238	\$ 1,563		

- (1) Excludes *Amortization and Reclamation and remediation*.
- (2) Includes by-product credits of \$30.
- (3) Includes stockpile and leach pad inventory adjustments of \$4 at Yanacocha, \$1 at Tanami, and \$2 at Waihi
- (4) Remediation costs include operating accretion of \$15 and amortization of asset retirement costs of \$24.
- (5) Other expense, net is adjusted for restructuring of \$9 and TMAC transaction costs of \$45.
- (6) Excludes development capital expenditures, capitalized interest, and the decrease in accrued capital of \$272. The following are major development projects; Phoenix Copper Leach, Turf Vent Shaft, Vista Vein, La Herradura Mill, Yanacocha Bio Leach, Conga, Merian, Ahafo North, Ahafo Mill Expansion, Subika Underground, and Akyem for 2013.
- (7) Excludes attributable gold sales from La Zanja and Duketon.

**Table of Contents***Operating margin per ounce/pound*

Operating margin per ounce/pound are non-GAAP financial measures. These measures are calculated by subtracting the costs applicable to sales per ounce of gold and per pound of copper from the average realized gold price per ounce and copper price per pound, respectively. These measures are calculated on a consistent basis for the periods presented on a consolidated basis. Operating margin per ounce/pound statistics are intended to provide additional information only and do not have any standardized meaning prescribed by GAAP and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of performance prepared in accordance with GAAP. The measures are not necessarily indicative of operating profit or cash flow from operations as determined under GAAP. Other companies may calculate these measures differently. Operating margin per ounce/pound is calculated as follows:

	<b>Gold</b>		<b>Copper</b>	
	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>
	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>	<b>2014</b>	<b>2013</b>
Average realized price per ounce/pound	\$ 1,293	\$ 1,631	\$ 2.50	\$ 3.12
Costs applicable to sales per ounce/pound	(751)	(760)	(2.71)	(2.27)
Operating margin per ounce/pound	\$ 542	\$ 871	\$ (0.21)	\$ 0.85

**Safe Harbor Statement**

Certain statements contained in this report (including information incorporated by reference) are forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and are intended to be covered by the safe harbor provided for under these sections. Our forward-looking statements include, without limitation: (a) statements regarding future earnings, and the sensitivity of earnings to gold and other metal prices; (b) estimates of future mineral production and sales for specific operations and on a consolidated basis; (c) estimates of future production costs and other expenses, for specific operations and on a consolidated basis; (d) estimates of future cash flows and the sensitivity of cash flows to gold and other metal prices; (e) estimates of future capital expenditures and other cash needs for specific operations and on a consolidated basis and expectations as to the funding thereof; (f) statements as to the projected development of certain ore deposits, including estimates of development and other capital costs, financing plans for these deposits, and expected production commencement dates; (g) estimates of future costs and other liabilities for certain environmental matters; (h) estimates of reserves, and statements regarding future exploration results and reserve replacement; (i) statements regarding modifications to Newmont's hedge positions; (j) statements regarding future transactions relating to portfolio management or rationalization efforts; and (k) projected synergies and costs associated with acquisitions and related matters.

Where we express an expectation or belief as to future events or results, such expectation or belief is expressed in good faith and believed to have a reasonable basis. However, our forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties, and other factors, which could cause actual results to differ materially from future results expressed, projected, or implied by those forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from such forward-looking statements (cautionary statements) are disclosed under Risk Factors in the Newmont Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013, as well as in other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Many of these factors are beyond Newmont's ability to control or predict. Given these uncertainties, readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on our forward-looking statements.



All subsequent written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to Newmont or to persons acting on its behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements. Newmont disclaims any intention or obligation to update publicly any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as may be required under applicable securities laws.

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**Table of Contents****ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK** (dollars in millions, except per ounce and per pound amounts).**Metal Prices**

Changes in the market price of gold significantly affect our profitability and cash flow. Gold prices can fluctuate widely due to numerous factors, such as demand; forward selling by producers; central bank sales, purchases and lending; investor sentiment; the strength of the U.S. dollar; inflation, deflation, or other general price instability; and global mine production levels. Changes in the market price of copper also affect our profitability and cash flow. Copper is traded on established international exchanges and copper prices generally reflect market supply and demand, but can also be influenced by speculative trading in the commodity or by currency exchange rates.

Decreases in the market price of gold and copper can also significantly affect the value of our product inventory and stockpiles and it may be necessary to record a write-down to the net realizable value ( NRV ). NRV represents the estimated future sales price based on short-term and long-term metals prices, less estimated costs to complete production and bring the product to sale. The primary factors that influence the need to record write-downs of stockpiles and product inventory include short-term and long-term metals prices and costs for production inputs such as labor, fuel and energy, materials and supplies, as well as realized ore grades and recovery rates. The significant assumptions in determining the stockpile NRV for each mine site reporting unit at March 31, 2014 included production cost and capitalized expenditure assumptions unique to each operation, a long-term gold price of \$1,300 per ounce, a long-term copper price of \$3.00 per pound and an Australian to U.S. dollar exchange rate of \$ 0.920.

The NRV measurement involves the use of estimates and assumptions unique to each mining operation regarding current and future operating and capital costs, metal recoveries, production levels, commodity prices, proven and probable reserve quantities, engineering data and other factors. A high degree of judgment is involved in determining such assumptions and estimates and no assurance can be given that actual results will not differ significantly from those estimates and assumptions.

**Hedging**

Our strategy is to provide shareholders with leverage to changes in gold and copper prices by selling our production at spot market prices. Consequently, we do not hedge our gold and copper sales. We have and will continue to manage certain risks associated with commodity input costs, interest rates and foreign currencies using the derivative market.

By using derivatives, we are affected by credit risk, market risk and market liquidity risk. Credit risk is the risk that a third party might fail to fulfill its performance obligations under the terms of a financial instrument. We mitigate credit risk by entering into derivatives with high credit quality counterparties, limiting the amount of exposure to each counterparty, and monitoring the financial condition of the counterparties. Market risk is the risk that the fair value of a derivative might be adversely affected by a change in underlying commodity prices, interest rates, or currency exchange rates, and that this in turn affects our financial condition. We manage market risk by establishing and monitoring parameters that limit the types and degree of market risk that may be undertaken. We mitigate this potential risk to our financial condition by establishing trading agreements with counterparties under which we are not required to post any collateral or make any margin calls on our derivatives. Our counterparties cannot require settlement solely because of an adverse change in the fair value of a derivative. Market liquidity risk is the risk that a derivative cannot be eliminated quickly, by either liquidating it or by establishing an offsetting position. Under the terms of our trading agreements, counterparties cannot require us to immediately settle outstanding derivatives, except upon the occurrence of customary events of default such as covenant breaches, including financial covenants, insolvency or bankruptcy. We further mitigate market liquidity risk by spreading out the maturity of our derivatives over time.



**Table of Contents****Cash Flow Hedges*****Foreign Currency Exchange Risk***

We had the following foreign currency derivative contracts outstanding at March 31, 2014:

	Expected Maturity Date					Total Average
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	
<b>A\$ Operating Fixed Forward Contracts:</b>						
A\$ notional (millions)	234	270	158	105	6	773
Average rate (\$/A\$)	1.00	0.98	0.95	0.93	0.92	0.97
Expected hedge ratio	20%	18%	11%	7%	4%	
<b>NZ\$ Operating Fixed Forward Contracts:</b>						
NZ\$ notional (millions)	46	39	2			87
Average rate (\$/NZ\$)	0.80	0.79	0.78			0.79
Expected hedge ratio	57%	32%	9%			

The fair value of the A\$ foreign currency operating derivative contracts was a net liability position of \$58 at March 31, 2014 and \$96 at December 31, 2013. The fair value of the NZ\$ foreign currency derivative contracts was a net asset position of \$5 at March 31, 2014 and \$1 at December 31, 2013.

***Diesel Price Risk***

We had the following diesel derivative contracts outstanding at March 31, 2014:

	Expected Maturity Date				Total Average
	2014	2015	2016	2017	
<b>Diesel Fixed Forward Contracts:</b>					
Diesel gallons (millions)	17	16	8	1	42
Average rate (\$/gallon)	2.86	2.77	2.68	2.61	2.79
Expected hedge ratio	58%	42%	21%	3%	

The fair value of the diesel derivative contracts was nil at March 31, 2014 and a net asset position of \$4 at December 31, 2013.

**Commodity Price Risk**

Our provisional copper and gold sales contain an embedded derivative that is required to be separated from the host contract for accounting purposes. The host contract is the receivable from the sale of the gold and copper concentrates at the prevailing indices prices at the time of sale. The embedded derivative, which does not qualify for hedge accounting, is marked to market through earnings each period prior to final settlement.

London Metal Exchange ( LME ) copper prices averaged \$3.19 per pound during the first quarter of 2014, compared with our recorded average provisional price of \$3.12 per pound before mark-to-market adjustments and treatment and

refining charges. During the first quarter of 2014, changes in copper prices resulted in a provisional pricing mark-to-market loss of \$17 (\$0.37 per pound). At March 31, 2014, we had copper sales of 63 million pounds priced at an average of \$3.02 per pound, subject to final pricing over the next several months. Each \$0.10 change in the price for provisionally priced sales would have an approximate \$3 effect on our *Net income attributable to Newmont stockholders*.

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The average London P.M. fix for gold was \$1,293 per ounce during the first quarter of 2014, compared with our recorded average provisional price of \$1,292 per ounce before mark-to-market adjustments and treatment and refining charges. During the first quarter of 2014, changes in gold prices resulted in a provisional pricing mark-to-market gain of \$4 (\$4 per ounce). At March 31, 2014, we had gold sales of 130,000 ounces priced at an average of \$1,295 per ounce, subject to final pricing over the next several months. Each \$25 change in the price for provisionally priced gold sales would have an approximate \$2 effect on our *Net income attributable to Newmont stockholders*.

**ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES.**

During the fiscal period covered by this report, the Company's management, with the participation of the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act)). Based on such evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this report, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the required time periods and are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in its reports is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

**Table of Contents****PART II OTHER INFORMATION****ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.**

Information regarding legal proceedings is contained in Note 26 to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements contained in this Report and is incorporated herein by reference.

**ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS.**

There were no material changes to the risk factors disclosed in Item 1A of Part 1 in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013, as filed with the SEC on February 20, 2014.

**ITEM 2. ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES.**

<b>Period</b>	<b>(a)</b>	<b>(b)</b>	<b>(c)</b> <b>Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs</b>	<b>(d)</b> <b>Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares that may yet be Purchased under the Plans or Programs</b>
January 1, 2014 through January 31, 2014				N/A
February 1, 2014 through February 28, 2014				N/A
March 1, 2014 through March 31, 2014				N/A

**ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES.**

None.

**ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES**

At Newmont, safety is a core value and we strive for superior performance. Our health and safety management system, which includes detailed standards and procedures for safe production, addresses topics such as employee training, risk management, workplace inspection, emergency response, accident investigation and program auditing. In addition to strong leadership and involvement from all levels of the organization, these programs and procedures form the cornerstone of safety at Newmont, ensuring that employees are provided a safe and healthy environment and are intended to reduce workplace accidents, incidents and losses, comply with all mining-related regulations and

provide support for both regulators and the industry to improve mine safety.

In addition, we have established our Rapid Response process to mitigate and prevent the escalation of adverse consequences if existing risk management controls fail, particularly if an incident may have the potential to seriously impact the safety of employees, the community or the environment. This process provides appropriate support to an affected site to complement their technical response to an incident, so as to reduce the impact by considering the environmental, strategic, legal, financial and public image aspects of the incident, to ensure communications are being carried out in accordance with legal and ethical requirements and to identify actions in addition to those addressing the immediate hazards.

The operation of our U.S. based mines is subject to regulation by the Federal Mine Safety and Health Administration ( MSHA ) under the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977 (the Mine Act ). MSHA inspects our mines on a regular basis and issues various citations and orders when it believes a violation has occurred under the Mine Act. Following passage of The Mine Improvement and New Emergency Response Act of 2006, MSHA significantly increased the numbers of citations and orders charged against mining operations. The dollar penalties assessed for citations issued has also increased in recent years.



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Newmont is required to report certain mine safety violations or other regulatory matters required by Section 1503(a) of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act and Item 104 of Regulation S-K, and that required information is included in Exhibit 95 and is incorporated by reference into this Quarterly Report.

**ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION.**

**Compensatory Arrangements of Certain Officers.**

On April 23, 2014, the Board of Directors amended the Newmont Senior Executive Compensation Program of Newmont and the Newmont Strategic Stock Unit Bonus Program for Grades E-5 to E-6 to address the treatment of the strategic stock unit bonus in the event of a change of control. The amended plans provide that upon a change of control the strategic stock unit bonus shall convert to restricted stock units at target level with a vesting period for the remainder of the one year performance period and the following two years. Additionally, the Board amended the Newmont Senior Executive Compensation Program of Newmont to address the treatment of the performance leveraged stock unit bonus in the first year of the three year performance period in the event of a change in control, to align it with the treatment of performance leveraged stock unit bonuses in years two and three of the performance period. Specifically, in the event of a change of control the performance leveraged stock unit bonuses for all years (previously the program excluded the performance leveraged stock unit bonus in the first year) shall be determined using the change in control price with a pro-rata actual payout immediately delivered in common stock for the percentage of the three year performance period that has elapsed and the remainder of the performance leveraged stock unit bonus converting to restricted stock units that shall cliff vest at the end of the three year performance period. Finally, the Board amended the Newmont Section 16 Officer and Senior Executive Annual Incentive Compensation Program to provide that upon a change of control, each eligible employee shall become entitled to the payment of a target annual bonus if a change of control occurs between September 1 and December 31, and pro-rata target bonus if a change of control occurs between January 1 and August 31.

**Amendment to the Registrant's Code of Ethics.**

On April 23, 2014, our Board approved a new Code of Conduct, which will be made available on [www.newmont.com](http://www.newmont.com) under the Investor Relations/Governance section. It provides clear guidance on the behaviors Newmont employees and those engaged in activities on our behalf must demonstrate at all times. Our Board and executive leadership are committed to making sure Newmont is a leader in how we conduct ourselves. Through strong ethical business practices and strict compliance with the law, we generate sustainable value for all our stakeholders.

**ITEM 6. EXHIBITS.**

(a) The exhibits to this report are listed in the Exhibit Index.

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**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

NEWMONT MINING CORPORATION

(Registrant)

Date: April 24, 2014

/s/ LAURIE BRLAS  
**Laurie Brlas**

**Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer**

**(Principal Financial Officer)**

Date: April 24, 2014

/s/ CHRISTOPHER S. HOWSON  
**Christopher S. Howson**

**Vice President and Controller**

**(Principal Accounting Officer)**

**Table of Contents****EXHIBIT INDEX****Exhibit****Number****Description**

- 10.1 2014 Form of Award Agreement used for Executive Officers to grant restricted stock units, pursuant to Registrant's 2013 Stock Incentive Plan, filed herewith.
- 10.2 2014 Form of Award Agreement used for Executive Officers to grant restricted stock units, pursuant to Registrant's 2013 Stock Incentive Plan, filed herewith.
- 10.3 Strategic Stock Unit Bonus Program for Grades E-5 to E-6 of Registrant, effective January 1, 2014, filed herewith.
- 10.4 Section 16 Officer and Senior Executive Annual Incentive Compensation Program of Registrant, effective January 1, 2014, filed herewith.
- 10.5 Senior Executive Compensation Program of Registrant, as amended and restated effective January 1, 2014, filed herewith.
- 10.6 Term Loan Credit Agreement dated March 31, 2014, by and among Newmont Mining Corporation, the lenders party thereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent. Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 2, 2014.
- 10.7 Second Amendment, dated March 31, 2014, to the Credit Agreement dated May 20, 2011, by and among Newmont Mining Corporation, the lenders party thereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent. Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Registrant's Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 2, 2014.
- 10.8 Second Reaffirmation Agreement, dated March 31, 2014, by Newmont USA Limited and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Administrative Agent. Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Registrant's Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 2, 2014.
- 12.1 Computation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges, filed herewith.
- 14.1 Code of Conduct of the Registrant, filed herewith.
- 31.1 Certification Pursuant to Rule 13A-14 or 15-D-14 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 signed by the Principal Executive Officer, filed herewith.
- 31.2 Certification Pursuant to Rule 13A-14 or 15-D-14 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 signed by the Principal Financial Officer, filed herewith.
- 32.1 Statement Required by 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 signed by the Principal Executive Officer, filed herewith. <sup>(1)</sup>
- 32.2 Statement Required by 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 signed by the Principal Financial Officer, filed herewith. <sup>(1)</sup>

Information concerning mine safety violations or other regulatory matters required by Section 1503(a) of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, filed herewith.

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101	101.INS	XBRL Instance
	101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema
	101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation
	101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels
	101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation
	101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition

<sup>(1)</sup> This document is being furnished in accordance with SEC Release Nos. 33-8212 and 34-47551.