

AMERICAN NATIONAL INSURANCE CO /TX/

Form 10-Q

November 05, 2012

[Table of Contents](#)

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

☒ **Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**
For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2012

or

☐ **Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**
Commission File No. 001- 34280

American National Insurance Company

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

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Texas (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	74-0484030 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
One Moody Plaza Galveston, Texas (Address of principal executive offices)	77550-7999 (Zip Code)
(409) 763-4661 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)	

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. ☒ Yes ☐ No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§229.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). ☒ Yes ☐ No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act:

Large accelerated filer <input type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer <input type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company <input type="checkbox"/>

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). ☐ Yes ☒ No

As of October 31, 2012, there were 26,836,664 shares of the registrant's voting common stock, \$1.00 par value per share, outstanding.

Table of Contents

AMERICAN NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited):

Consolidated Statements of Financial Position as of September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011 3

Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011 4

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011 5

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011 5

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011 6

Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements 7

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS 35

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK 56

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES 56

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS 57

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS 57

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS 57

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES 57

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES 57

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION 57

ITEM 6. EXHIBIT INDEX 58

Table of Contents**PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION****ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****AMERICAN NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

(Unaudited and in thousands, except for share and per share data)

	September 30, 2012	December 31, 2011 (As Adjusted)
ASSETS		
Fixed maturity, bonds held-to-maturity, at amortized cost (Fair Value \$10,061,217 and \$9,857,691)	\$ 9,187,881	\$ 9,251,972
Fixed maturity, bonds available-for-sale, at fair value (Amortized cost \$4,313,577 and \$4,135,610)	4,668,577	4,381,607
Equity securities, at fair value (Cost \$687,488 and \$710,679)	1,094,387	1,006,080
Mortgage loans on real estate, net of allowance	3,058,663	2,925,482
Policy loans	393,774	393,195
Investment real estate, net of accumulated depreciation of \$218,161 and \$202,180	508,202	470,222
Short-term investments	321,512	345,330
Other invested assets	129,675	109,514
 Total investments	 19,362,671	 18,883,402
Cash and cash equivalents	162,630	102,114
Investments in unconsolidated affiliates	240,676	241,625
Accrued investment income	217,861	213,984
Reinsurance recoverables	388,459	405,033
Prepaid reinsurance premiums	61,417	68,785
Premiums due and other receivables	308,459	280,031
Deferred policy acquisition costs	1,269,867	1,320,693
Property and equipment, net	85,335	77,909
Current tax receivable		17,150
Other assets	135,385	131,403
Separate account assets	817,057	747,867
 Total assets	 \$ 23,049,817	 \$ 22,489,996
LIABILITIES		
Future policy benefits:		
Life	\$ 2,641,916	\$ 2,599,224
Annuity	801,839	748,675
Accident and health	71,176	74,829
Policyholders' account balances	11,621,182	11,506,504
Policy and contract claims	1,330,715	1,340,651
Unearned premium reserve	804,288	797,398
Other policyholder funds	287,854	288,910
Liability for retirement benefits	248,728	257,602
Current portion of long-term notes payable	48,747	46,387
Long-term notes payable	112,500	12,507
Current federal income taxes	4,706	
Deferred tax liabilities, net	88,217	21,851
Other liabilities	332,695	397,353

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Separate account liabilities	817,057	747,867
Total liabilities	19,211,620	18,839,758
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Common stock, \$1.00 par value, - Authorized 50,000,000		
Issued 30,832,449 and 30,832,449,		
Outstanding 26,836,664 and 26,821,284 shares	30,832	30,832
Additional paid-in capital	5,004	
Accumulated other comprehensive income	279,760	159,403
Retained earnings	3,608,459	3,545,546
Treasury stock, at cost	(98,286)	(98,490)
Total American National stockholders' equity	3,825,769	3,637,291
Noncontrolling interest	12,428	12,947
Total stockholders' equity	3,838,197	3,650,238
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 23,049,817	\$ 22,489,996

Table of Contents**AMERICAN NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**

(Unaudited and in thousands, except for share and per share data)

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2012	2011 (As Adjusted)	2012	2011 (As Adjusted)
PREMIUMS AND OTHER REVENUE				
Premiums				
Life	\$ 72,203	\$ 71,926	\$ 209,353	\$ 207,786
Annuity	30,140	21,704	93,275	73,304
Accident and health	56,199	57,708	167,965	174,736
Property and casualty	272,903	289,796	814,503	856,958
Other policy revenues	49,343	46,350	146,406	141,860
Net investment income	258,190	225,942	754,449	715,186
Realized investments gains (losses)	26,905	17,531	46,852	62,488
Other-than-temporary impairments	(13,975)	(4,851)	(22,073)	(4,851)
Other income	8,160	6,604	22,975	18,896
Total premiums and other revenues	760,068	732,710	2,233,705	2,246,363
BENEFITS, LOSSES AND EXPENSES				
Policyholder Benefits				
Life	84,615	75,472	245,237	232,013
Annuity	37,964	29,960	120,931	102,770
Claims incurred				
Accident and health	38,436	38,691	119,586	119,764
Property and casualty	187,944	215,226	620,462	685,168
Interest credited to policyholders' account balances	108,069	82,813	323,952	288,343
Commissions for acquiring and servicing policies	92,253	109,346	283,295	337,747
Other operating expenses	114,234	111,451	336,378	346,823
Change in deferred policy acquisition costs	7,168	(5,466)	12,468	(39,624)
Total benefits, losses and expenses	670,683	657,493	2,062,309	2,073,004
Income (loss) before federal income tax and equity in earnings/losses of unconsolidated affiliates	89,385	75,217	171,396	173,359
Less: Provision (benefit) for federal income taxes				
Current	19,900	12,610	43,384	40,127
Deferred	7,754	6,487	(1,131)	(253)
Total provision (benefit) for federal income taxes	27,654	19,097	42,253	39,874
Equity in earnings (losses) of unconsolidated affiliates, net of tax	(895)	3,077	(2,462)	2,839
Net income (loss)	60,836	59,197	126,681	136,324
Less: Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interest, net of tax	1,650	1,547	1,773	1,906
	\$ 59,186	\$ 57,650	\$ 124,908	\$ 134,418

Net income (loss) attributable to American National Insurance Company and Subsidiaries
Amounts available to American National Insurance Company common stockholders
Earnings per share:

Basic	\$	2.21	\$	2.17	\$	4.68	\$	5.06
Diluted		2.20		2.16		4.65		5.03
Weighted average common shares outstanding		26,736,464		26,559,950		26,699,211		26,559,865
Weighted average common shares outstanding and dilutive potential common shares		26,870,655		26,718,464		26,859,100		26,706,798

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**AMERICAN NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)**

(Unaudited and in thousands)

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2012	2011 (As Adjusted)	2012	2011 (As Adjusted)
Net income (loss)	\$ 60,836	\$ 59,197	\$ 126,681	\$ 136,324
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax				
Change in net unrealized gain (loss) on securities	53,446	(101,062)	113,183	(61,348)
Foreign currency transaction and translation adjustments	(300)	(470)	30	(277)
Defined benefit plan adjustment	2,351	(120)	7,144	(308)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	55,497	(101,652)	120,357	(61,933)
Total comprehensive income (loss)	116,333	(42,455)	247,038	74,391
Less: comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interest	1,650	1,547	1,773	1,906
Total comprehensive income (loss) attributable to American National Insurance Company and Subsidiaries	\$ 114,683	\$ (44,002)	\$ 245,265	\$ 72,485

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

(Unaudited and in thousands, except for per share data)

	Nine months ended September 30,	
	2012	2011 (As Adjusted)
Common Stock		
Balance at beginning and end of the period	\$ 30,832	\$ 30,832
Additional Paid-In Capital		
Balance as of January 1,		15,190
Issuance of treasury shares as restricted stock	(204)	(4)
Income tax effect from restricted stock arrangement	(610)	(14)
Amortization of restricted stock	7,710	3,354
Purchase of ownership interest from noncontrolling interest	(1,892)	
Balance at end of period	5,004	18,526
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)		
Balance as of January 1,	159,403	225,212
Other comprehensive income (loss)	120,357	(61,933)
Cumulative effect of accounting change - deferred policy acquisition costs		604
Balance at end of the period	279,760	163,883

Retained Earnings

Balance as of January 1,	3,545,546	3,459,911
Net income (loss) attributable to American National Insurance Company and Subsidiaries	124,908	134,418
Cash dividends to common stockholders (\$2.31 per share)	(61,995)	(61,957)
Cumulative effect of accounting change - deferred policy acquisition costs		(19,195)

Balance at end of the period	3,608,459	3,513,177
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Treasury Stock

Balance as of January 1,	(98,490)	(98,494)
Issuance of treasury shares as restricted stock	204	4

Balance at end of the period	(98,286)	(98,490)
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Noncontrolling Interest

Balance as of January 1,	12,947	4,042
Contributions		29
Distributions	(2,591)	(15,278)
Gain (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interest	1,773	1,906
Purchase of ownership interest from noncontrolling interest	299	

Balance at end of the period	12,428	(9,301)
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Total Stockholders' Equity	\$ 3,838,197	\$ 3,618,627
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See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**AMERICAN NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY****CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

(Unaudited and in thousands)

	Nine months ended September 30,	
	2012	2011 (As Adjusted)
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income (loss)	\$ 126,681	\$ 136,324
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Realized investments (gains) losses	(46,852)	(62,488)
Other-than-temporary impairments	22,073	4,851
Accretion (amortization) of discounts, premiums and loan origination fees	(1,719)	6,375
Net capitalized interest on policy loans and mortgage loans	(22,635)	(21,412)
Depreciation	27,697	30,168
Interest credited to policyholders' account balances	323,952	288,343
Charges to policyholders' account balances	(146,406)	(141,860)
Deferred federal income tax (benefit) expense	(1,131)	(253)
Deferral of policy acquisition costs	(291,941)	(349,262)
Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs	304,409	309,638
Equity in (earnings) losses of unconsolidated affiliates	2,462	(2,839)
Changes in:		
Policyholder liabilities	79,909	122,514
Reinsurance recoverables	16,574	(56,811)
Premiums due and other receivables	(30,021)	(15,876)
Accrued investment income	(3,877)	(17,148)
Current tax receivable/payable	21,856	6,621
Liability for retirement benefits	2,117	(3,897)
Prepaid reinsurance premiums	7,368	2,314
Other, net	(85,008)	17,178
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	305,508	252,480
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sale/maturity/prepayment of:		
Bonds - held-to-maturity	975,850	479,123
Bonds - available-for-sale	384,925	330,839
Equity securities	52,340	76,082
Investment real estate		91,679
Mortgage loans	226,527	322,949
Policy loans	50,928	39,317
Other invested assets	27,492	29,039
Disposals of property and equipment	1,323	1,358
Distributions from unconsolidated affiliates	30,820	22,612
Payment for the purchase/origination of:		
Bonds - held-to-maturity	(916,538)	(1,284,363)
Bonds - available-for-sale	(549,914)	(466,316)
Equity securities	(18,266)	(53,015)
Investment real estate	(21,948)	(9,531)
Mortgage loans	(385,263)	(447,627)
Policy loans	(33,423)	(31,727)
Other invested assets	(29,862)	(29,107)

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Additions to property and equipment	(19,733)	(13,555)
Contributions to unconsolidated affiliates	(29,099)	(58,560)
Change in short-term investments	23,818	135,776
Other, net	10,278	48,121
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(219,745)	(816,906)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Policyholders' account deposits	897,654	1,722,051
Policyholders' account withdrawals	(960,668)	(1,064,860)
Change in notes payable	102,353	(1,659)
Dividends to stockholders	(61,995)	(61,957)
Proceeds from (payments to) noncontrolling interest	(2,591)	(30,498)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(25,247)	563,077
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	60,516	(1,349)
Beginning of the year	102,114	101,449
End of year	\$ 162,630	\$ 100,100

Table of Contents

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

American National Insurance Company and its consolidated subsidiaries (collectively "American National") operate in the insurance industry. Operating on a multiple product line basis, American National offers a broad line of insurance coverage, including individual and group life insurance, health insurance, annuities, and property and casualty insurance. In addition, through non-insurance subsidiaries, American National invests in stocks and real estate. The majority of revenues are generated by the insurance business. Business is conducted in all states and the District of Columbia, as well as Puerto Rico, Guam and American Samoa. Various distribution systems are utilized, including multiple-line exclusive agents, independent agents, third-party marketing organizations, career agents, and direct sales to the public.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND PRACTICES

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") and the rules and regulations of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") for Form 10-Q. In addition to GAAP, specific SEC requirements applicable to insurance companies are applied to the consolidated financial statements.

The interim consolidated financial statements and notes herein are unaudited. These interim consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments which management considers necessary for the fair presentation of the consolidated statements of financial position, operations, comprehensive income (loss), changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the interim periods.

These interim consolidated financial statements and notes should be read in conjunction with the annual consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in American National's Annual Report on Form 10-K as of and for the year ended December 31, 2011. The consolidated results of operations for the interim periods should not be considered indicative of results to be expected for the full year.

American National consolidates all entities that are wholly-owned and those in which American National owns less than 100% but controls, as well as any variable interest entities in which American National is the primary beneficiary. Investments in unconsolidated affiliates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting.

Certain amounts in prior years have been reclassified to conform to current year presentation.

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported consolidated financial statement balances. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Effective January 1, 2012, American National adopted a new accounting standard that modified the accounting for deferred policy acquisition costs ("DAC") associated with acquiring new and renewal insurance and annuity contracts. Previously, acquisition costs were deferred if the costs varied with and were related primarily to the acquisition of new and renewal insurance and annuity contracts. In accordance with the new standard of Accounting Standard Update ("ASU") No. 2010-26, DAC is limited to those costs that are related directly to the successful acquisition of insurance and annuity contracts, costs that result directly from and are essential to the contract acquisition and costs that would have not been incurred had the contract acquisition not occurred. In addition, advertising costs are included in DAC only if the capitalization criteria for direct-response advertising are met. Refer to Note 3 for discussion of the effects of this accounting change.

Table of Contents

As of September 30, 2012, all other American National significant accounting policies and practices remain materially unchanged from those disclosed in Note 2, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Practices, of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in American National's 2011 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

3. RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

ADOPTION OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In October 2010, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2010-26, Accounting for Costs Associated with Acquiring or Renewing Insurance Contracts. The new standard redefines the term "acquisition cost" and added the term "incremental direct cost of contract acquisition" to the master glossary. These changes limit the deferrable cost to those costs that are related directly to the successful acquisition of insurance contracts, and those that result directly from and are essential to the contract acquisition and costs that would have not been incurred had the contract acquisition not occurred. The new guidance also specifies that advertising costs should be deferred only if the capitalization criteria for direct-response advertising are met. ASU 2010-26 is effective for interim and annual periods, commencing after December 15, 2011. American National adopted this standard effective January 1, 2012, and applied the retrospective method of adoption to all prior periods presented in the consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, upon adoption, the DAC asset was reduced by approximately \$34,260,000 as a result of acquisition costs previously deferred that are no longer eligible for deferral under the new guidance. The after-tax cumulative effect adjustment to the opening balance of stockholders' equity was approximately \$19,745,000.

In May 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-04, Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements in the U.S. GAAP and IFRSs. ASU 2011-04 clarifies the intent of the FASB about the application of existing fair value measurement and disclosure requirements such as: (1) the application of the highest and best use and valuation premise concepts; (2) a requirement specific to measuring the fair value of an instrument classified in a reporting entity's shareholders' equity; and (3) a requirement to disclose unobservable inputs used in the fair value of an instrument categorized within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. The new guidance also prohibits the use of block premiums and discounts for all fair value measurement, regardless of hierarchy. In addition, ASU 2011-04 expands the disclosures about fair value measurements. ASU 2011-04 is effective for interim and annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2011. American National's adoption of this guidance on January 1, 2012 did not have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements.

In June 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-05, Presentation of Comprehensive Income. ASU 2011-05 makes the presentation of other comprehensive income (OCI) more prominent by giving reporting entities two presentation options. Reporting entities can present the total net income and total OCI along with their respective components as one continuous statement or as two separate consecutive statements. The new guidance also eliminates the option to present OCI in the statement of changes in stockholders' equity. In addition, the new guidance requires reporting entities to present reclassification adjustments from OCI to net income on the face of the financial statements. ASU 2011-05 is effective for interim and annual periods, beginning after December 15, 2011. American National's adoption of this guidance on January 1, 2012 did not have a material effect on its consolidated financial statements.

In September 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-08, Testing Goodwill for Impairment. ASU 2011-08 allows an assessment of qualitative factors to determine if it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying value as a basis to determining whether the two-step goodwill impairment test is necessary. ASU 2011-08 is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2011. American National's adoption of this guidance on January 1, 2012 did not have a material effect on its consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents

In December 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-12, Deferral of the Effective Date for Amendments to the Presentation of Reclassifications of Items Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income in ASU 2011-05. The guidance defers the application of the reclassification adjustment provisions in ASU 2011-05. ASU 2011-12 is effective for interim and annual periods beginning after December 15, 2011. American National's adoption of this guidance on January 1, 2012 did not have a material effect on its consolidated financial statements.

Future Adoption of New Accounting Standards

In July 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-06, Fees Paid to the Federal Government by Health Insurers. ASU 2011-06 addresses questions about how health insurers should recognize and classify in their income statements fees mandated by the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, which imposes an annual fee on health insurers for each calendar year beginning on or after January 1, 2014. The new guidance specifies that the liability for the fee should be estimated and recorded in full once the entity provides qualifying health insurance in the applicable calendar year. The corresponding deferred cost is then amortized to expense using a straight-line method of allocation unless another method better allocates the fee over the calendar year that it is payable. ASU 2011-06 is effective for calendar years beginning after December 31, 2013. American National's adoption of this guidance on January 1, 2014 is not expected to have a material effect on its consolidated financial statements.

In December 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-10, Derecognition of in Substance Real Estate. The new guidance clarifies that when a reporting entity ceases to have a controlling financial interest in a subsidiary that is in substance real estate because of a default on the subsidiary's nonrecourse debt secured by the real estate, the reporting entity should apply the guidance for real estate sales when evaluating the subsidiary for deconsolidation. ASU 2011-10 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning on or after June 15, 2012. American National's adoption of this guidance on January 1, 2013 is not expected to have a material effect on its consolidated financial statements.

In December 2011, the FASB issued ASU No. 2011-11, Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities. The new guidance requires an entity to disclose both gross and net information about offsetting and related arrangements to enable users of its financial statements to understand the effect of those arrangements on its financial position. ASU 2011-11 is effective for interim and annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2013 and the new disclosure requirements should be applied retrospectively for all periods presented. American National's adoption of this guidance on January 1, 2013 is not expected to have a material effect on its consolidated financial statements.

In October 2012, the FASB issued ASU No. 2012-04, Technical Amendments and Corrections. The updates to current guidance make the codification easier to understand and the fair value measurement guidance easier to apply by eliminating inconsistencies and providing needed clarification. ASU 2012-04 is effective for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2012. American National's adoption of this guidance on January 1, 2013 is not expected to have a material effect on its consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**4. INVESTMENTS IN SECURITIES**

The cost or amortized cost and estimated fair value of investments in held-to-maturity and available-for-sale securities are shown below (in thousands):

	Cost or Amortized Cost	September 30, 2012		Estimated Fair Value
		Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized (Losses)	
Fixed maturity securities, bonds held-to-maturity				
U.S. treasury and other U.S. government corporations and agencies	\$ 8,503	\$ 92	\$	\$ 8,595
States of the U.S. and political subdivisions of the states	401,608	41,574	(1)	443,181
Foreign governments	29,064	4,871		33,935
Corporate debt securities	8,105,733	780,685	(4,645)	8,881,773
Residential mortgage-backed securities	602,449	48,272	(1,276)	649,445
Collateralized debt securities	2,504	342		2,846
Other debt securities	38,020	3,422		41,442
Total bonds held-to-maturity	9,187,881	879,258	(5,922)	10,061,217
Fixed maturity securities, bonds available-for-sale				
U.S. treasury and other U.S. government corporations and agencies	16,293	1,214		17,507
States of the U.S. and political subdivisions of the states	578,800	47,140	(26)	625,914
Foreign governments	5,000	2,409		7,409
Corporate debt securities	3,551,547	321,373	(16,160)	3,856,760
Residential mortgage-backed securities	112,773	6,001	(388)	118,386
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	20,934	376	(9,969)	11,341
Collateralized debt securities	18,158	1,595	(30)	19,723
Other debt securities	10,072	1,465		11,537
Total bonds available-for-sale	4,313,577	381,573	(26,573)	4,668,577
Equity securities				
Common stock	660,798	405,750	(7,386)	1,059,162
Preferred stock	26,690	8,609	(74)	35,225
Total equity securities	687,488	414,359	(7,460)	1,094,387
Total investments in securities	\$ 14,188,946	\$ 1,675,190	\$ (39,955)	\$ 15,824,181

Table of Contents

	Cost or Amortized Cost	December 31, 2011 Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized (Losses)	Estimated Fair Value
Fixed maturity securities, bonds held-to-maturity				
U.S. treasury and other U.S. government corporations and agencies	\$ 13,704	\$ 193	\$	\$ 13,897
States of the U.S. and political subdivisions of the states	405,526	32,272	(6)	437,792
Foreign governments	29,044	4,978		34,022
Corporate debt securities	8,011,901	564,159	(25,316)	8,550,744
Residential mortgage-backed securities	714,659	50,774	(3,986)	761,447
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	31,341		(20,158)	11,183
Collateralized debt securities	7,134		(1,018)	6,116
Other debt securities	38,663	3,827		42,490
Total bonds held-to-maturity	9,251,972	656,203	(50,484)	9,857,691
Fixed maturity securities, bonds available-for-sale				
U.S. treasury and other U.S. government corporations and agencies	11,930	1,156		13,086
States of the U.S. and political subdivisions of the states	579,008	39,930	(90)	618,848
Foreign governments	5,000	2,435		7,435
Corporate debt securities	3,316,083	221,079	(32,016)	3,505,146
Residential mortgage-backed securities	191,832	11,898	(1,009)	202,721
Collateralized debt securities	17,636	1,611	(170)	19,077
Other debt securities	14,121	1,173		15,294
Total bonds available-for-sale	4,135,610	279,282	(33,285)	4,381,607
Equity securities				
Common stock	679,724	305,269	(16,086)	968,907
Preferred stock	30,955	7,688	(1,470)	37,173
Total equity securities	710,679	312,957	(17,556)	1,006,080
Total investments in securities	\$ 14,098,261	\$ 1,248,442	\$ (101,325)	\$ 15,245,378

Table of Contents

Actual maturities differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties. Residential and commercial mortgage-backed securities, which are not due at a single maturity, have been allocated to their respective categories based on the year of final contractual maturity. The amortized cost and estimated fair value, by contractual maturity of fixed maturity securities, are shown below (in thousands):

	September 30, 2012			
	Bonds Held-to-Maturity		Bonds Available-for-Sale	
	Amortized Cost	Estimated Fair Value	Amortized Cost	Estimated Fair Value
Due in one year or less	\$ 1,147,452	\$ 1,173,170	\$ 366,867	\$ 373,976
Due after one year through five years	2,779,703	3,043,367	1,690,520	1,820,346
Due after five years through ten years	4,471,977	4,989,079	1,827,871	2,006,695
Due after ten years	782,899	851,026	423,319	462,961
Without single maturity date	5,850	4,575	5,000	4,599
Total	\$ 9,187,881	\$ 10,061,217	\$ 4,313,577	\$ 4,668,577

Available-for-sale securities are sold throughout the year for various reasons. All gains and losses were determined using specific identification of the securities sold. Proceeds from the sales of these securities, with the realized gains and losses, are shown below (in thousands):

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Proceeds from sales of available-for-sale securities	\$ 85,400	\$ 23,224	\$ 123,705	\$ 122,574
Gross realized gains	15,742	11,702	27,769	32,679
Gross realized losses	(204)		(374)	(840)

During the nine months ended September 30, 2012 bonds with a carrying value of \$34,227,000 were transferred from held-to-maturity to available-for-sale due to evidence of a significant deterioration in the issuers' creditworthiness. An other-than-temporary impairment of \$11,358,000 was recorded following the transfers at fair value.

Net unrealized gains (losses) on securities

The components of the net unrealized gains (losses) on securities during the periods indicated are shown below (in thousands):

	Nine months ended September 30,	
	2012	2011
Bonds available-for-sale	\$ 109,003	\$ 51,205
Equity securities	111,498	(140,014)
Net unrealized gains (losses) on securities during the year	220,501	(88,809)
Adjustments for:		
Deferred policy acquisition costs	(38,358)	(7,240)
Participating policyholders' interest	(8,192)	1,718
Deferred federal income tax benefit (expense)	(60,768)	32,983
Net unrealized gains (losses) on securities, net of tax	\$ 113,183	\$ (61,348)

Table of Contents

Gross unrealized losses on investment securities and the fair value of the related securities, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position, are shown below (in thousands):

	Less than 12 months		September 30, 2012 12 Months or more		Total	
	Unrealized (Losses)	Fair Value	Unrealized (Losses)	Fair Value	Unrealized (Losses)	Fair Value
Fixed maturity securities, bonds held-to-maturity						
States of the U.S. and political subdivisions of the states	\$	\$	\$ (1)	\$ 80	\$ (1)	\$ 80
Corporate debt securities	(1,102)	103,810	(3,543)	43,768	(4,645)	147,578
Residential mortgage-backed securities	(162)	16,290	(1,114)	25,752	(1,276)	42,042
Total bonds held-to-maturity	(1,264)	120,100	(4,658)	69,600	(5,922)	189,700
Fixed maturity securities, bonds available-for-sale						
States of the U.S. and political subdivisions of the states	(26)	1,978			(26)	1,978
Corporate debt securities	(746)	123,044	(15,414)	76,570	(16,160)	199,614
Residential mortgage-backed securities	(88)	6,381	(300)	10,317	(388)	16,698
Commercial mortgage-backed securities			(9,969)	5,768	(9,969)	5,768
Collateralized debt securities	(1)	224	(29)	940	(30)	1,164
Total bonds available-for-sale	(861)	131,627	(25,712)	93,595	(26,573)	225,222
Equity securities						
Common stock	(7,386)	56,165			(7,386)	56,165
Preferred stock	(74)	5,780			(74)	5,780
Total equity securities	(7,460)	61,945			(7,460)	61,945
Total investments in securities	\$ (9,585)	\$ 313,672	\$ (30,370)	\$ 163,195	\$ (39,955)	\$ 476,867

	Less than 12 months		December 31, 2011 12 Months or more		Total	
	Unrealized (Losses)	Fair Value	Unrealized (Losses)	Fair Value	Unrealized (Losses)	Fair Value
Fixed maturity securities, bonds held-to-maturity						
States of the U.S. and political subdivisions of the states	\$	\$	\$ (6)	\$ 264	\$ (6)	\$ 264
Corporate debt securities	(20,204)	680,202	(5,112)	39,280	(25,316)	719,482
Residential mortgage-backed securities	(227)	19,398	(3,759)	32,653	(3,986)	52,051
Commercial mortgage-backed securities			(20,158)	11,183	(20,158)	11,183
Collateralized debt securities	(8)	1,605	(1,010)	4,511	(1,018)	6,116
Total bonds held-to-maturity	(20,439)	701,205	(30,045)	87,891	(50,484)	789,096
Fixed maturity securities, bonds available-for-sale						
States of the U.S. and political subdivisions of the states	(10)	762	(80)	1,971	(90)	2,733
Corporate debt securities	(12,142)	396,761	(19,874)	85,623	(32,016)	482,384
Residential mortgage-backed securities	(202)	25,943	(807)	9,047	(1,009)	34,990
Collateralized debt securities	(6)	704	(164)	2,770	(170)	3,474
Total bonds available-for-sale	(12,360)	424,170	(20,925)	99,411	(33,285)	523,581

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Equity securities						
Common stock	(16,086)	98,731		(16,086)	98,731	
Preferred stock	(1,470)	6,481		(1,470)	6,481	
Total equity securities	(17,556)	105,212		(17,556)	105,212	
Total investments in securities	\$ (50,355)	\$ 1,230,587	\$ (50,970)	\$ 187,302	\$ (101,325)	\$ 1,417,889

Table of Contents

For all investment securities with an unrealized loss, including those in an unrealized loss position for 12 months or more, American National performs a quarterly analysis to determine if an other-than-temporary impairment (OTTI) loss should be recorded. As of September 30, 2012, the investment securities with unrealized losses were not deemed to be other-than-temporarily impaired. Even though the duration of the unrealized losses on some of the securities exceeds one year, American National has no intent to sell. Further, it is not more-likely-than-not that American National will be required to sell these securities prior to recovery, and recovery is expected in a reasonable period of time.

Credit Risk Management

Management believes American National's bond portfolio is diversified and of investment grade. The bond portfolio distributed by credit quality rating, using both S&P and Moody's ratings, is shown below:

	September 30, 2012	December 31, 2011
AAA	6.2%	8.1%
AA	10.8	10.5
A	38.0	38.3
BBB	40.6	38.6
BB and below	4.4	4.5
Total	100.0%	100.0%

American National's equity securities by market sector distribution are shown below:

	September 30, 2012	December 31, 2011
Consumer goods	20.8%	21.5%
Financials	18.0	17.2
Information technology	17.8	16.9
Energy and utilities	16.3	17.3
Healthcare	12.3	11.7
Industrials	8.7	9.0
Communications	3.5	4.2
Materials	2.5	2.1
Other	0.1	0.1
Total	100.0%	100.0%

5. MORTGAGE LOANS

American National makes commercial mortgage loans in areas that offer the potential for property value appreciation. Generally, mortgage loans are secured by first liens on income-producing real estate. American National attempts to maintain a diversified portfolio of mortgage loans by considering the property-type as well as the geographic distribution of the property, which is the underlying mortgage collateral. Mortgage loans by property-type distribution are as follows:

	September 30, 2012	December 31, 2011
Office	31.5%	30.2%
Industrial	24.8	24.6
Retail	19.7	19.1

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Hotel and motel	14.4	13.4
Other	9.6	12.7
Total	100.0%	100.0%

Table of Contents

Mortgage loans by geographic distribution are as follows:

	September 30, 2012	December 31, 2011
South Atlantic	23.6%	22.9%
West South Central	22.7	23.1
East North Central	18.1	18.8
Pacific	12.1	11.4
Mountain	7.1	6.7
East South Central	7.0	5.7
Middle Atlantic	4.0	5.4
West North Central	2.7	2.9
New England	2.1	2.5
Other	0.6	0.6
Total	100.0%	100.0%

During the nine months ended September 30, 2012, American National sold one commercial loan with a recorded investment of \$19,665,000 and a realized gain of \$2,607,000. During the year ended December 31, 2011, American National sold one industrial loan with a recorded investment of \$27,532,000 and a realized gain of \$4,968,000. During the nine months ended September 30, 2012, American National foreclosed on four loans with a recorded investment of \$34,562,000. There were no foreclosures during the year ended December 31, 2011.

Credit Quality

The amounts of commercial mortgage loans placed on nonaccrual status and classified as non-performing are shown in the table below (in thousands):

	September 30, 2012	December 31, 2011
Commercial mortgages		
Office	\$	\$ 8,436
Retail	493	23,997
Total	\$ 493	\$ 32,433

The credit quality of the mortgage loan portfolio is assessed by evaluating the credit risk of each borrower. A loan is classified as performing or non-performing based on whether all of the contractual terms of the loan have been met.

The age analysis of past due commercial mortgage loans is shown in the table below (in thousands):

	September 30, 2012				Current	Total Mortgage Loans
	30-59 Days Past Due	60-89 Days Past Due	Greater Than 90 Days	Total Past Due		
Commercial mortgages						
Office	\$ 6,220	\$	\$	\$ 6,220	\$ 961,586	\$ 967,806
Industrial					760,480	760,480
Retail	13,950		493	14,443	590,795	605,238
Other	10,299			10,299	727,681	737,980

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Total	\$ 30,469	\$	\$ 493	\$ 30,962	\$ 3,040,542	3,071,504
Allowance for loan losses						12,841
Mortgage loans on real estate, net of allowance						\$ 3,058,663

	December 31, 2011					
	30-59 Days	60-89 Days	Greater Than	Total Past		Total
	Past Due	Past Due	90 Days	Due	Current	Mortgage Loans
Commerical mortgages						
Office	\$	\$	\$ 8,436	\$ 8,436	\$ 879,923	\$ 888,359
Industrial					721,704	721,704
Retail	13,140		10,857	23,997	537,665	561,662
Other					765,078	765,078
Total	\$ 13,140	\$	\$ 19,293	\$ 32,433	\$ 2,904,370	2,936,803
Allowance for loan losses						11,321
Mortgage loans on real estate, net of allowance						\$ 2,925,482

Table of Contents

The amounts shown above are net of unamortized discounts of \$4,872,000 and \$10,189,000 and unamortized origination fees of \$12,801,000 and \$12,683,000 at September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. No other unearned income is included in these amounts.

Allowance for Credit Losses

Loans not evaluated individually for collectibility are segregated by collateral property-type and location, and allowance factors are applied. These factors are developed annually and reviewed quarterly based on our historical loss experience adjusted for the expected trend in the rate of foreclosure losses. Allowance factors are higher for loans of certain property types and in certain regions based on loss experience or a blended historical loss factor.

The allowance for credit losses and unpaid principal balance in commercial mortgage loans are shown in the table below (in thousands):

	Collectively Evaluated for Impairment	Individually Evaluated for Impairment	Total
Allowance for credit losses			
December 31, 2011	\$ 10,828	\$ 493	\$ 11,321
Write down		(2,277)	(2,277)
Change in allowance	1,520	2,277	3,797
September 30, 2012	\$ 12,348	\$ 493	\$ 12,841
Unpaid principal balance			
September 30, 2012	\$ 3,016,837	\$ 72,340	\$ 3,089,177
December 31, 2011	\$ 2,725,930	\$ 233,745	\$ 2,959,675

The detail of loans individually evaluated for impairment with and without an allowance recorded by collateral property-type is shown in the tables below (in thousands):

	Nine months ended September 30, 2012				Interest Income Recognized
	Recorded Investment	Unpaid Principal Balance	Related Allowance	Average Recorded Investment	
With an allowance recorded					
Retail	\$	\$ 493	\$ 493	\$	\$
Without an allowance recorded					
Office	\$ 13,022	\$ 13,022	\$	\$ 13,050	\$ 635
Retail	13,626	13,626		13,992	604
Other	45,199	45,199		45,283	2,276
Total without an allowance recorded	\$ 71,847	\$ 71,847	\$	\$ 72,325	\$ 3,515

	Year ended December 31, 2011				Interest Income Recognized
	Recorded Investment	Unpaid Principal Balance	Related Allowance	Average Recorded Investment	
With an allowance recorded					

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Retail	\$	\$	493	\$	493	\$	\$
Without an allowance recorded							
Office	\$	48,833	\$	48,833	\$	49,088	\$ 3,506
Industrial		57,261		57,261		57,514	3,628
Retail		15,477		15,477		15,535	1,514
Other		111,681		111,681		111,407	7,546
Total without an allowance recorded	\$	233,252	\$	233,252	\$	233,544	\$ 16,194

Table of Contents**Troubled Debt Restructurings**

American National has a high quality mortgage loan portfolio that management believes is well performing. For a very small portion of the portfolio, classified as troubled debt restructurings, American National has granted concessions related to the borrowers' ability to pay the loans. The types of concessions granted are generally one of, or a combination of, a delay in payment of principal or interest, a reduction of the contractual interest rate or an extension of the maturity date. American National considers the amount, timing and extent of concessions granted in determining any impairment or changes in the specific allowance for loan losses recorded in connection with a troubled debt restructuring. The carrying value after specific allowance, before and after modification in a troubled debt restructuring, may not change significantly, or may increase if the expected recovery is higher than the pre-modification recovery assessment.

Six loans as of September 30, 2012 and three loans as of December 31, 2011, which were part of the mortgage loan portfolio had been modified in troubled debt restructurings. The outstanding recorded investment was \$80,081,000 and \$45,366,000 for 2012 and 2011, respectively, both before and after the modifications. There are no commitments to lend additional funds to debtors whose loans have been modified in troubled debt restructurings and there have been no defaults on modified loans during the period.

6. INVESTMENT REAL ESTATE

Investment real estate by property-type distribution is as follows:

	September 30, 2012	December 31, 2011
Shopping centers	40.9%	41.1%
Office buildings	22.0	22.0
Industrial	18.2	16.3
Hotels and motels	1.9	2.1
Other	17.0	18.5
Total	100.0%	100.0%

Investment real estate by geographic distribution is as follows:

	September 30, 2012	December 31, 2011
West South Central	60.9%	66.1%
South Atlantic	11.3	11.6
East North Central	10.3	5.2
Mountain	6.3	6.9
East South Central	5.4	5.2
West North Central	3.2	2.7
Pacific	2.6	2.3
Total	100.0%	100.0%

In the normal course of investment activities, American National and its wholly-owned subsidiaries enter into real estate partnership and joint venture agreements. Generally, opportunities are presented by a sponsor, with the significant activities being conducted on behalf of the sponsor. American National participates in the design of these entities, but in most cases, its involvement is limited to financing. Through analysis performed by American National, some of these partnerships and joint ventures have been determined to be variable interest entities (VIEs). In certain instances, in addition to an economic interest in the entity, American National holds the power to direct the most significant activities of the entity and is deemed the primary beneficiary or consolidator of the entity. The assets of the consolidated VIEs are restricted and must be used first to settle the liabilities of the VIE. Creditors or beneficial interest holders of these VIEs have no recourse to the general credit of American National, as American National's obligation is limited to the amount of its committed investment. Financial or other support was not provided to investees designated as VIEs in the form of liquidity arrangements, guarantees, or other commitments to third parties that may affect

the fair value or risk of American National's variable interest in the investees designated as VIEs as of September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011.

Table of Contents

The total assets and liabilities relating to VIEs in which American National is the primary beneficiary and which are consolidated in its financial statements for the periods indicated are as follows (in thousands):

	September 30, 2012	December 31, 2011
Investment real estate	\$ 160,288	\$ 154,878
Short-term investments	1,260	3,364
Cash and cash equivalents	3,515	5,777
Accrued investment income	2,346	2,299
Other receivables	11,599	11,816
Other assets	5,647	3,870
Total assets of consolidated VIEs	\$ 184,655	\$ 182,004
Notes payable	\$ 161,247	\$ 58,894
Other liabilities	5,593	5,354
Total liabilities of consolidated VIEs	\$ 166,840	\$ 64,248

For other real estate partnerships and joint ventures in which American National is a partner, the major decisions that most significantly impact the economic activities of the partnership and joint venture require unanimous consent of all partners. American National is not the primary beneficiary and these entities were not consolidated. The following table presents the carrying amount and maximum exposure to loss relating to VIEs for which American National holds significant variable interests but is not the primary beneficiary and which have not been consolidated (in thousands):

	September 30, 2012		December 31, 2011	
	Carrying Amount	Maximum Exposure to Loss	Carrying Amount	Maximum Exposure to Loss
Investment in unconsolidated affiliates	\$ 73,871	\$ 73,871	\$ 85,509	\$ 85,509

7. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

American National purchases derivative contracts (equity-indexed options) that serve as economic hedges against fluctuations in the equity markets to which equity-indexed annuity products are exposed. Equity-indexed annuities include a fixed host annuity contract and an equity-indexed embedded derivative. These derivative instruments are not designated as accounting hedges. The following tables detail the volume, estimated fair value and the gains or losses on derivative instruments (in thousands):

Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments	Location in the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position	September 30, 2012			December 31, 2011		
		Number of Instruments	Notional Amounts	Estimated Fair Value	Number of Instruments	Notional Amounts	Estimated Fair Value
Equity-indexed options	Other invested assets	355	\$ 839,100	\$ 88,476	332	\$ 791,900	\$ 65,188
Equity-indexed annuity embedded derivative	Future policy benefits - Annuity	19,760	702,000	(80,324)	16,727	661,300	(63,275)

Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments	Location Reported in the Consolidated Statements of Operations	Gains (Losses) Recognized in Income on Derivatives	
		Three months ended September 30,	Nine months ended September

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		2012	2011	2012	30, 2011
Equity-indexed options	Net investment income	\$ 10,448	\$ (23,921)	\$ 1,947	\$ (18,195)
Equity-indexed annuity embedded derivative	Interest credited to policyholders' account balances	(7,711)	25,083	(779)	21,585

Table of Contents**8. NET INVESTMENT INCOME AND REALIZED INVESTMENT GAINS (LOSSES)**

Net investment income, before federal income taxes, is shown below (in thousands):

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Bonds	\$ 171,515	\$ 173,737	\$ 514,237	\$ 514,856
Equity securities	6,965	6,230	20,718	19,392
Mortgage loans	52,501	48,521	153,008	149,329
Real estate	8,173	9,838	16,456	20,154
Options	10,448	(23,492)	21,947	(18,195)
Other invested assets	8,588	11,108	28,083	29,650
Total	\$ 258,190	\$ 225,942	\$ 754,449	\$ 715,186

Realized investments gains (losses), before federal income taxes, are shown below (in thousands):

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Bonds	\$ 8,393	\$ 788	\$ 21,813	\$ 13,895
Equity securities	12,172	11,975	22,386	30,789
Mortgage loans	2,132	5,518	(1,190)	5,518
Real estate	3,386	(338)	3,134	12,775
Other invested assets	822	(412)	709	(489)
Total	\$ 26,905	\$ 17,531	\$ 46,852	\$ 62,488

The OTTI, which are not included in the realized investments gains (losses) above, are shown below (in thousands):

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Bonds	\$ (12,659)	\$	\$ (12,659)	\$
Equity securities	(1,316)	(4,851)	(9,414)	(4,851)
Total	\$ (13,975)	\$ (4,851)	\$ (22,073)	\$ (4,851)

Table of Contents**9. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

The carrying amount and estimated fair value of financial instruments are shown below (in thousands):

	September 30, 2012		December 31, 2011	
	Carrying Amount	Estimated Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Estimated Fair Value
Financial assets				
Fixed maturity securities, bonds held-to-maturity				
U.S. treasury and other U.S. government corporations and agencies	\$ 8,503	\$ 8,595	\$ 13,704	\$ 13,897
States of the U.S. and political subdivisions of the states	401,608	443,181	405,526	437,792
Foreign governments	29,064	33,935	29,044	34,022
Corporate debt securities	8,105,733	8,881,773	8,011,901	8,550,744
Residential mortgage-backed securities	602,449	649,445	714,659	761,447
Commercial mortgage-backed securities			31,341	11,183
Collateralized debt securities	2,504	2,846	7,134	6,116
Other debt securities	38,020	41,442	38,663	42,490
Total bonds held-to-maturity	9,187,881	10,061,217	9,251,972	9,857,691
Fixed maturity securities, bonds available-for-sale				
U.S. treasury and other U.S. government corporations and agencies	17,507	17,507	13,086	13,086
States of the U.S. and political subdivisions of the states	625,914	625,914	618,848	618,848
Foreign governments	7,409	7,409	7,435	7,435
Corporate debt securities	3,856,760	3,856,760	3,505,146	3,505,146
Residential mortgage-backed securities	118,386	118,386	202,721	202,721
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	11,341	11,341		
Collateralized debt securities	19,723	19,723	19,077	19,077
Other debt securities	11,537	11,537	15,294	15,294
Total bonds available-for-sale	4,668,577	4,668,577	4,381,607	4,381,607
Equity securities				
Common stock	1,059,162	1,059,162	968,907	968,907
Preferred stock	35,225	35,225	37,173	37,173
Total equity securities	1,094,387	1,094,387	1,006,080	1,006,080
Options	88,476	88,476	65,188	65,188
Mortgage loans on real estate, net of allowance	3,058,663	3,297,046	2,925,482	3,178,205
Policy loans	393,774	393,774	393,195	393,195
Short-term investments	321,512	321,512	345,330	345,330
Separate account assets	817,057	817,057	747,867	747,867
Total financial assets	\$ 19,630,327	\$ 20,742,046	\$ 19,116,721	\$ 19,975,163
Financial liabilities				
Investment contracts	\$ 10,066,103	\$ 10,066,103	\$ 9,993,804	\$ 9,993,804
Embedded derivative liability for equity-indexed annuities	80,324	80,324	63,275	63,275
Notes payable	161,247	161,247	58,894	58,894
Separate account liabilities	817,057	817,057	747,867	747,867

Total financial liabilities	\$ 11,124,731	\$ 11,124,731	\$ 10,863,840	\$ 10,863,840
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Table of Contents

Summary

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability. A fair value hierarchy is used to determine fair value based on a hypothetical transaction at the measurement date from the perspective of a market participant. The classification of assets or liabilities within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of significant input to its valuation. The input levels are defined as follows:

- | | |
|---------|---|
| Level 1 | Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. American National defines active markets based on average trading volume for equity securities. The size of the bid/ask spread is used as an indicator of market activity for fixed maturity securities. |
| Level 2 | Quoted prices in markets that are not active or inputs that are observable directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities other than quoted prices in Level 1; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities. |
| Level 3 | Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities. Unobservable inputs reflect American National's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. Level 3 assets and liabilities include financial instruments whose values are determined using pricing models and third-party evaluation, as well as instruments for which the determination of fair value requires significant management judgment or estimation. |

American National has evaluated the types of securities in its investment portfolio to determine an appropriate fair value hierarchy level based upon trading activity and the observability of market inputs. Based on the results of this evaluation and investment class analysis, each financial instrument was classified into Level 1, 2, or 3 measurements.

Fixed Maturity Securities and Equity Options

American National utilizes a pricing service to estimate fair value measurements for approximately 99.0% of fixed maturity securities. The pricing service utilizes market quotations for fixed maturity securities that have quoted prices in active markets. Since fixed maturity securities generally do not trade on a daily basis, the pricing service prepares estimates of fair value measurements for these securities using its proprietary pricing applications, which include available relevant market information, benchmark curves, benchmarking of like securities, sector groupings and matrix pricing. Additionally, the pricing service uses an option adjusted spread model to develop prepayment and interest rate scenarios.

The pricing service evaluates each asset class based on relevant market information, relevant credit information, perceived market movements and sector news. The market inputs utilized in the pricing evaluation, listed in the approximate order of priority, include: benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers, reference data, and economic events. The extent of the use of each market input depends on the asset class and the market conditions. Depending on the security, the priority of the use of inputs may change or some market inputs may not be relevant. For some securities, additional inputs may be necessary.

American National has reviewed the inputs and methodology used by the pricing service and the techniques applied by the pricing service to produce quotes that represent the fair value of a specific security. The review of the pricing services' methodology confirms the service is utilizing information from organized transactions or a technique that represents a market participant's assumptions. American National does not adjust quotes received from the pricing service. The pricing service utilized by American National has indicated that they will only produce an estimate of fair value if there is objectively verifiable information available.

Table of Contents

The fair value estimates of most fixed maturity investments including municipal bonds are based on observable market information rather than market quotes. Accordingly, the estimates of fair value for such fixed maturity securities provided by the pricing service are disclosed as Level 2 measurements.

Additionally, American National holds a small amount of fixed maturity securities that have characteristics that make them unsuitable for matrix pricing. For these fixed maturity securities, a quote from an independent broker (typically a market maker) is obtained. Due to the disclaimers on the quotes that indicate that the price is indicative only, American National includes these fair value estimates in Level 3. The pricing of certain private placement debt also includes significant non-observable inputs, the internally determined credit rating of the security, and an externally provided credit spread, and these securities are classified as Level 3 measurements.

For securities priced using a quote from an independent broker, such as the equity options and certain fixed maturity securities, American National uses a market-based fair value analysis to validate the reasonableness of prices received from an independent broker. Price variances above a certain threshold are analyzed further to determine if any pricing issue exists. This analysis is generally performed on a weekly basis, but no less frequently than on a monthly basis.

Equity Securities

For publicly-traded equity securities, American National receives prices from a nationally recognized pricing service that are based on observable market transactions and these securities are classified as Level 1 measurements. For certain preferred stock, current market quotes in active markets are unavailable. In these instances, American National receives an estimate of fair value from the pricing service. The service utilizes similar methodologies to price preferred stocks as it does for fixed maturity securities. These estimates for equity securities are disclosed as Level 2 measurements.

Mortgage Loans

The fair value of mortgage loans is estimated using discounted cash flow analyses. Fair value is calculated on a loan by loan basis by applying a discount rate to expected cash flows from future installment and balloon payments. The discount rate takes into account general market trends and specific credit risk trends for the individual loan. Factors used to arrive at the discount rate include inputs from spreads based on U.S. Treasury notes and the loan's credit rating, region, property type, lien number, payment type and current status.

Embedded Derivative

The embedded derivative liability for equity-indexed annuities is measured at fair value. The embedded derivative liability is recalculated each reporting period using equity option pricing models. To validate the assumptions used to price the embedded derivative, American National measures and compares embedded derivative returns against the returns of equity options held to hedge the liability cash flows.

The significant unobservable input used to calculate the fair value of the embedded derivatives is equity option implied volatility. This volatility assumption is the range of implied volatilities that American National has determined market participants would use to price equity options that match the current derivative characteristics of our in-force equity-indexed annuities. Implied volatility can vary by term and strike price. An increase in implied volatility will result in an increase in the value of the equity-indexed annuity embedded derivatives, all other things being equal. At September 30, 2012, the implied volatility used to estimate embedded derivative value ranges from 13.0% to 30.5%.

Table of Contents

Other Financial Instruments

For other financial instruments discussed below, American National believes that their carrying value approximates fair value. This assumption is supported by the qualitative information discussed below. These financial instruments are classified as level 3 measurements.

Policy loans The carrying value of policy loans is equivalent to outstanding balance plus any accrued interest. Due to the collateralized nature of policy loans, unpredictable timing of repayments and the fact that it cannot be separated from the policy contract, American National believes that the carrying value of policy loans approximates fair value.

Investment contracts liability The carrying value of investment contracts liability is equivalent to the accrued account balance. The accrued account balance consists of deposits, net of withdrawals, plus or minus interest credited, fees and charges assessed and other adjustments. American National believes that the carrying value of investment contracts liability approximates fair value because the majority of these contracts interest rates reset to current rates offered at anniversary.

Notes payable Notes payable are carried at outstanding principal balance. The carrying value of the notes payable approximates fair value because the underlying interest rates approximate market rates at the balance sheet date.

Table of Contents**Quantitative Disclosures**

The quantitative disclosures regarding fair value hierarchy measurements of the financial instruments are shown below (in thousands):

	Fair Value Measurement as of September 30, 2012 Using:			
	Total Estimated Fair Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Financial assets				
Fixed maturity securities, bonds held-to-maturity				
U.S. treasury and other U.S. government corporations and agencies	\$ 8,595	\$	\$ 8,595	\$
States of the U.S. and political subdivisions of the states	443,181		443,181	
Foreign governments	33,935		33,935	
Corporate debt securities	8,881,773		8,811,273	70,500
Residential mortgage-backed securities	649,445		649,443	2
Collateralized debt securities	2,846		1	2,845
Other debt securities	41,442		34,961	6,481
Total bonds held-to-maturity	10,061,217		9,981,389	79,828
Fixed maturity securities, bonds available-for-sale				
U.S. treasury and other U.S. government corporations and agencies	17,507		17,507	
States of the U.S. and political subdivisions of the states	625,914		623,389	2,525
Foreign governments	7,409		7,409	
Corporate debt securities	3,856,760		3,811,608	45,152
Residential mortgage-backed securities	118,386		118,382	4
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	11,341			11,341
Collateralized debt securities	19,723		17,788	1,935
Other debt securities	11,537		11,537	
Total bonds available-for-sale	4,668,577		4,607,620	60,957
Equity securities				
Common stock	1,059,162	1,059,162		
Preferred stock	35,225	35,197		28
Total equity securities	1,094,387	1,094,359		28
Options	88,476			88,476
Mortgage loans on real estate	3,297,046		3,297,046	
Policy loans	393,774			393,774
Short-term investments	321,512		321,512	
Separate account assets	817,057		817,057	
Total financial assets	\$ 20,742,046	\$ 1,094,359	\$ 19,024,624	\$ 623,063
Financial liabilities				

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Investment contracts	\$ 10,066,103	\$	\$	\$ 10,066,103
Embedded derivative liability for equity-indexed annuities	80,324			80,324
Notes payable	161,247			161,247
Separate account liabilities	817,057		817,057	
Total financial liabilities	\$ 11,124,731	\$	\$ 817,057	\$ 10,307,674

Table of Contents

	Fair Value Measurement as of December 31, 2011 Using:			
	Total Estimated Fair Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Financial assets				
Fixed maturity securities, bonds held-to-maturity				
U.S. treasury and other U.S. government corporations and agencies	\$ 13,897	\$	\$ 13,897	\$
States of the U.S. and political subdivisions of the states	437,792		437,792	
Foreign governments	34,022		34,022	
Corporate debt securities	8,550,744		8,492,957	57,787
Residential mortgage-backed securities	761,447		759,773	1,674
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	11,183			11,183
Collateralized debt securities	6,116			6,116
Other debt securities	42,490		35,147	7,343
Total bonds held-to-maturity	9,857,691		9,773,588	84,103
Fixed maturity securities, bonds available-for-sale				
U.S. treasury and other U.S. government corporations and agencies	13,086		13,086	
States of the U.S. and political subdivisions of the states	618,848		616,323	2,525
Foreign governments	7,435		7,435	
Corporate debt securities	3,505,146		3,492,113	13,033
Residential mortgage-backed securities	202,721		202,715	6
Collateralized debt securities	19,077		18,826	251
Other debt securities	15,294		15,294	
Total bonds available-for-sale	4,381,607		4,365,792	15,815
Equity securities				
Common stock	968,907	968,907		
Preferred stock	37,173	37,173		
Total equity securities	1,006,080	1,006,080		
Options	65,188			65,188
Mortgage loans on real estate	3,178,205		3,178,205	
Policy loans	393,195			393,195
Short-term investments	345,330		345,330	
Separate account assets	747,867		747,867	
Total financial assets	\$ 19,975,163	\$ 1,006,080	\$ 18,410,782	\$ 558,301
Financial liabilities				
Investment contracts	\$ 9,993,804	\$	\$	\$ 9,993,804
Embedded derivative liability for equity-indexed annuities	63,275			63,275
Notes payable	58,894			58,894
Separate account liabilities	747,867		747,867	
Total financial liabilities	\$ 10,863,840	\$	\$ 747,867	\$ 10,115,973

Table of Contents

For financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) during the period, a reconciliation of the beginning and ending balances is shown below at estimated fair value (in thousands):

	Three months ended September 30,				Nine months ended September 30,			
	Investment Securities	Equity- Indexed Options	Embedded Derivative Liability	Total	Investment Securities	Equity- Indexed Options	Embedded Derivative Liability	Total
Beginning balance, 2011	\$ 76,886	\$ 71,525	\$ (65,025)	\$ 83,386	\$ 90,477	\$ 66,716	\$ (59,644)	\$ 97,549
Total realized and unrealized investment gains/losses								
Included in other comprehensive income	1,606			1,606	1,348			1,348
Net fair value change included in realized gains/losses					168			168
Net gain (loss) for derivatives included in net investment income		(23,449)		(23,449)		(18,152)		(18,152)
Net change included in interest credited			25,193	25,193			21,585	21,585
Purchases, sales and settlements or maturities								
Purchases	1	5,350		5,351	13	14,226		14,239
Sales	(257)			(257)	(10,438)			(10,438)
Settlements or maturities	(123)	(3,719)		(3,842)	(3,455)	(13,083)		(16,538)
Premiums less benefits			(3,066)	(3,066)			(4,839)	(4,839)
Gross transfers into Level 3								
Ending balance, 2011	\$ 78,113	\$ 49,707	\$ (42,898)	\$ 84,922	\$ 78,113	\$ 49,707	\$ (42,898)	\$ 84,922
Beginning balance, 2012	\$ 141,026	\$ 77,136	\$ (72,194)	\$ 145,968	\$ 99,918	\$ 65,188	\$ (63,275)	\$ 101,831
Total realized and unrealized investment gains/losses								
Included in other comprehensive income	11,811			11,811	13,909			13,909
Net fair value change included in realized gains/losses	(11,431)			(11,431)	(11,449)			(11,449)
Net gain (loss) for derivatives included in net investment income		9,708		9,708		17,878		17,878
Net change included in interest credited			(7,711)	(7,711)			(16,779)	(16,779)
Purchases, sales and settlements or maturities								
Purchases	(19)	2,991		2,972	504	11,472		11,976
Sales	(192)	(6,062)		(6,254)	(3,073)	(6,062)		(9,135)
Settlements or maturities	(382)	4,703		4,321	(725)			(725)
Premiums less benefits			(419)	(419)			(270)	(270)
Gross transfers into Level 3					41,729			41,729
Ending balance, 2012	\$ 140,813	\$ 88,476	\$ (80,324)	\$ 148,965	\$ 140,813	\$ 88,476	\$ (80,324)	\$ 148,965

Within the net gain (loss) for derivatives included in net investment income were an unrealized gain of \$16,334,000 and an unrealized loss of \$12,613,000 relating to assets still held at September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively.

The transfers into Level 3 were the result of existing securities no longer being priced by the third-party pricing service at the end of the period. American National's valuation of these securities involves judgment regarding assumptions market participants would use including quotes from independent brokers. The transfers out of Level 3 were securities being priced by a third-party service at the end of the period, using inputs that are observable or derived from market data, which resulted in classification of these assets as Level 2.

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value hierarchies.

Table of Contents**10. DEFERRED POLICY ACQUISITION COSTS**

Deferred policy acquisition costs are shown below (in thousands):

	Life	Annuity	Accident & Health	Property & Casualty	Total
Balance at December 31, 2011 (As Adjusted)	\$ 651,579	\$ 463,030	\$ 55,100	\$ 150,984	\$ 1,320,693
Additions	62,162	54,015	8,311	167,453	291,941
Amortization	(56,276)	(64,333)	(12,958)	(170,842)	(304,409)
Effect of change in unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities	(7,250)	(31,108)			(38,358)
Net change	(1,364)	(41,426)	(4,647)	(3,389)	(50,826)
Balance at September 30, 2012	\$ 650,215	\$ 421,604	\$ 50,453	\$ 147,595	\$ 1,269,867

Commissions comprise the majority of the additions to DAC during the period. Effective January 1, 2012, American National retrospectively adopted a new accounting standard that modified the accounting for DAC. Refer to Notes 2 and 3 for additional discussion.

11. LIABILITY FOR UNPAID CLAIMS AND CLAIM ADJUSTMENT EXPENSES

The liability for unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses (CAE) for accident and health, and property and casualty insurance is included in the liability for policy and contract claims in the consolidated statements of financial position and represents the amount estimated for claims that have been reported but not settled and claims incurred but not reported. Liability for unpaid claims and CAE are estimated based upon American National's historical experience and actuarial assumptions that consider the effects of current developments, anticipated trends and risk management programs, reduced for anticipated salvage and subrogation. The effects of changes in such estimated liability are included in the consolidated results of operations in the period in which the changes occur.

Activities in the liability for unpaid claims and CAE (claims) included in policy and contract claims in the consolidated statements of financial position are shown below (in thousands):

	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2012	2011
Unpaid claims balance, beginning	\$ 1,180,259	\$ 1,210,126
Less reinsurance recoverables	235,174	222,635
Net beginning balance	945,085	987,491
Incurred related to:		
Current	779,602	869,549
Prior years	(46,037)	(59,753)
Total incurred claims	733,565	809,796
Paid claims related to:		
Current	454,183	536,834
Prior years	284,025	290,279
Total paid claims	738,208	827,113

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Net balance	940,442	970,174
Plus reinsurance recoverables	238,268	253,178
Unpaid claims balance, ending	\$ 1,178,710	\$ 1,223,352

The net and gross reserve calculations have shown favorable development for the last several years as a result of favorable loss emergence compared to what was implied by the loss development patterns used in the original estimation of losses in prior years. Estimates for ultimate incurred claims and CAE attributable to insured events of prior years decreased by approximately \$46,037,000 during the first nine months of 2012 and \$59,753,000 during the same period in 2011.

Table of Contents**12. NOTES PAYABLE**

American National's real estate holding subsidiaries are partners in certain joint ventures determined to be VIEs that are consolidated in American National's consolidated financial statements. The real estate owned through the respective ventures secures notes payable. The liability of American National Insurance Company is limited to the amount of its direct or indirect investment in the respective ventures, which totaled \$14,196,000 and \$17,959,000 at September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. At September 30, 2012, the current portion and the long-term portion of the notes payable to third-party lenders associated with these consolidated VIEs were \$48,747,000 and \$112,500,000, respectively. At December 31, 2011, the current portion and long-term portion of the notes payable to third-party lenders associated with these consolidated VIEs were \$46,387,000 and \$12,507,000, respectively. The average interest rate on the current portion of the notes payable was 2.86% during the nine months ended September 30, 2012. The interest rates of the long-term portion of notes payable are 4.00% and adjusted LIBOR plus 1.00% and 2.50% margins. The long-term notes payable will mature in 2016, 2022 and 2049.

13. FEDERAL INCOME TAXES

The federal income tax provisions vary from the amounts computed when applying the statutory federal income tax rate. A reconciliation of the effective tax rate to the statutory federal income tax rate is shown below (in thousands, except percentages):

	Three months ended September 30, 2012		2011		Nine months ended September 30, 2012		2011	
	Amount	Rate	Amount	Rate	Amount	Rate	Amount	Rate
			(As Adjusted)				(As Adjusted)	
Income tax expense on pre-tax income	\$ 31,285	35.0%	\$ 26,326	35.0%	\$ 59,989	35.0%	\$ 60,676	35.0%
Tax-exempt investment income	(1,827)	(2.0)	(1,968)	(2.6)	(5,569)	(3.2)	(6,035)	(3.5)
Dividend exclusion	(1,501)	(1.7)	(1,342)	(1.8)	(4,453)	(2.6)	(4,046)	(2.3)
Miscellaneous tax credits, net	(2,206)	(2.5)	(1,515)	(2.0)	(6,669)	(3.9)	(5,644)	(3.3)
Other items, net	1,903	2.1	(2,404)	(3.2)	(1,045)	(0.6)	(5,077)	(2.9)
Total	\$ 27,654	30.9%	\$ 19,097	25.4%	\$ 42,253	24.7%	\$ 39,874	23.0%

The tax effects of temporary differences that gave rise to the deferred tax assets and liabilities are shown below (in thousands):

	September 30, 2012	December 31, 2011 (As Adjusted)
DEFERRED TAX ASSETS:		
Investments, principally due to impairment losses	\$ 87,523	\$ 87,518
Investment in real estate and other invested assets principally due to investment valuation allowances	7,812	8,620
Policyholder funds, principally due to policy reserve discount	235,845	235,827
Policyholder funds, principally due to unearned premium reserve	32,240	31,230
Non-qualified pension	28,424	28,503
Participating policyholders' surplus	35,691	33,677
Pension	60,590	63,597
Commissions and other expenses	7,582	8,165
Tax carryforwards	27,870	32,220
Other assets	793	79
Gross deferred tax assets	524,370	529,436
DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES:		
Available-for-sale securities, principally due to net unrealized gains	(266,254)	(189,194)

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Investment in bonds, principally due to accrual of discount on bonds	(11,361)	(11,774)
Deferred policy acquisition costs, due to difference between GAAP and tax amortization methods	(334,972)	(350,319)
Gross deferred tax liabilities	(612,587)	(551,287)
Total net deferred tax liability	\$ (88,217)	\$ (21,851)

Table of Contents

Management believes that a sufficient level of taxable income will be achieved over time to utilize the deferred tax assets in the consolidated federal tax return; therefore, no valuation allowance was recorded as of September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011. However, if not utilized beforehand, approximately \$27,870,000 in ordinary loss tax carryforwards will expire at the end of tax year 2032.

American National recognizes, when applicable, interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions. Interest and penalties are included in the Other operating expenses line in the consolidated statements of operations. No such interest expense was incurred for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 and for the year ended December 31, 2011. In addition, no provision for penalties was established for uncertain tax positions. Management does not believe that there are any uncertain tax benefits that could be recognized within the next twelve months that would decrease American National's effective tax rate.

The statute of limitations for the examination of federal income tax returns by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) for years 2006 to 2011 either has been extended or has not expired. In the opinion of management, all prior year deficiencies have been paid or adequate provisions have been made for any tax deficiencies that may be upheld.

A total of \$20,293,000 and \$34,441,000 was paid to the IRS during the nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

14. CHANGES IN ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

The changes in the accumulated balances of each component of other comprehensive income (loss), and the related tax effects thereon, are shown below (in thousands):

	Net Unrealized Gains / (Losses) on Securities	Defined Benefit Pension Plan Adjustments	Foreign Currency Transaction and Translation Adjustments	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income
Balance at December 31, 2010	\$ 290,489	\$ (65,533)	\$ 256	\$ 225,212
Unrealized holding gains (losses) arising during the period (net of tax \$21,498)	(39,924)			(39,924)
Reclassification adjustment for (gains) losses realized in net income/loss (net of tax \$9,494)	(17,893)			(17,893)
Unrealized adjustment to deferred policy acquisition costs (net of tax \$2,592)	(4,648)			(4,648)
Unrealized (gains) losses on investments attributable to participating policyholders interest (net of tax \$601)	1,117			1,117
Cumulative effect of accounting change - deferred policy acquisition costs (net of tax \$325)	604			604
Amortization of prior service cost and actuarial (gain) loss included in net periodic pension cost (net of tax \$166)		(308)		(308)
Foreign exchange adjustment (net of tax \$149)			(277)	(277)
Balance at September 30, 2011	\$ 229,745	\$ (65,841)	\$ (21)	\$ 163,883
Balance at December 31, 2011	\$ 274,837	\$ (115,485)	\$ 51	\$ 159,403
Unrealized holding gains (losses) arising during the period (net of tax \$80,337)	149,198			149,198
Reclassification adjustment for (gains) losses realized in net income/loss (net of tax \$3,277)	(5,757)			(5,757)
Unrealized adjustment to deferred policy acquisition costs (net of tax \$13,425)	(24,933)			(24,933)

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Unrealized (gains) losses on investments attributable to participating policyholders interest (net of tax \$2,867)	(5,325)			(5,325)
Amortization of prior service cost and actuarial (gain) loss included in net periodic pension cost (net of tax \$3,847)		7,144		7,144
Foreign exchange adjustment (net of tax \$16)			30	30
Balance at September 30, 2012	\$ 388,020	\$ (108,341)	\$ 81	\$ 279,760

Table of Contents**15. STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY AND NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS**

American National has one class of common stock with a par value of \$1.00 per share and 50,000,000 authorized shares. The amounts outstanding at the dates indicated are shown below:

	September 30, 2012	December 31, 2011
Common stock		
Shares issued	30,832,449	30,832,449
Treasury shares	(3,995,785)	(4,011,165)
Outstanding shares	26,836,664	26,821,284
Restricted shares	(185,334)	(261,334)
Unrestricted outstanding shares	26,651,330	26,559,950

Stock-based compensation

American National has one stock-based compensation plan, which allows for grants of Non-Qualified Stock Options, Stock Appreciation Rights (SAR), Restricted Stock (RS) Awards, Restricted Stock Units (RSU), Performance Awards, Incentive Awards or any combination of these. The number of shares available for grants under the plan cannot exceed 2,900,000 shares, and no more than 200,000 shares may be granted to any one individual in any calendar year.

RS Awards entitle the participant to full dividend and voting rights. Unvested shares are restricted as to disposition, and are subject to forfeiture under certain circumstances. Compensation expense is recognized over the vesting period. The restrictions on these awards lapse after 10 years, and these awards feature a graded vesting schedule in the case of the retirement of an award holder. Restricted stock has been granted, with a total of 340,334 shares granted at an exercise price of zero, of which 185,334 shares are unvested. For the three months ended September 30, 2012, a credit to compensation expense was recorded totaling \$766,000, while a charge to compensation expense of \$573,000 was recorded for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. The compensation expense recorded for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011 was \$678,000 and \$2,011,000, respectively.

The SARs give the holder the right to cash compensation based on the difference between the price of a share of stock on the grant date and the price on the exercise date. The SARs vest at a rate of 20% per year for 5 years and expire 5 years after vesting. American National uses the Black-Scholes option pricing model to calculate the fair value and compensation expense for SARs. The fair value of the SARs was \$9,000 and \$10,000 at September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. For the three months ended September 30, 2012, a charge to compensation expense was recorded totaling \$2,000, while a credit to compensation expense of \$1,000 was recorded for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. Compensation income was recorded totaling \$9,000 and \$13,000 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011, respectively.

RSUs are awarded as part of American National's incentive compensation plan. In 2011, RSUs were also awarded as part of the Board of Directors compensation. The RSUs are converted to American National's common stock on a one-for-one basis, generally after a two-year cliff or three-year graded vesting requirement, depending on the terms of the grant. These awards result in compensation expense to American National over the vesting period or a shorter period as a result of retirement provisions. For the three months ended September 30, 2012, a credit to compensation expense was recorded totaling \$175,000 while a charge to compensation expense of \$7,137,000 was recorded for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. Compensation expense was recorded totaling \$530,000 and \$1,343,000 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2011, respectively.

Table of Contents

SAR, RS and RSU information for the periods indicated is shown below:

	SAR Shares	SAR Weighted- Average Grant Date Fair Value	RS Shares	RS Weighted- Average Grant Date Fair Value	RS Units	RSU Weighted- Average Grant Date Fair Value
Outstanding at December 31, 2011	126,769	\$ 110.08	261,334	\$ 102.98	69,566	\$ 83.56
Granted					75,355	71.69
Exercised	(200)		(76,000)	(88.00)	(17,380)	94.47
Forfeited	(3,510)	114.02			(482)	74.85
Expired	(14,108)	100.14				
Outstanding at September 30, 2012	108,951	\$ 111.31	185,334	\$ 109.13	127,059	\$ 75.06

The weighted-average contractual remaining life for the 108,951 SAR shares outstanding as of September 30, 2012, is 1.2 years. The weighted-average exercise price, which is the same as the weighted-average grant date fair value above, for these shares, is \$111.31 per share. Of the shares outstanding, 92,976 are exercisable at a weighted-average exercise price of \$111.24 per share.

The weighted-average contractual remaining life for the 185,334 RS shares outstanding as of September 30, 2012, is 4.7 years. The weighted-average price at the date of grant for these shares is \$109.13 per share. None of the shares outstanding were exercisable.

The weighted-average contractual remaining life for the 127,059 RSUs authorized as of September 30, 2012, is 2.1 years. The weighted-average price at the date of grant for these units is \$75.06 per share. None of the authorized units were exercisable.

Earnings (loss) per share

Basic earnings (losses) per share were calculated using a weighted-average number of shares outstanding. The Restricted Stock resulted in diluted earnings per share as follows (in thousands, except share and per share data):

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2012	2011 (As Adjusted)	2012	2011 (As Adjusted)
Weighted average shares outstanding	26,736,464	26,559,950	26,699,211	26,559,865
Incremental shares from restricted stock	134,191	158,514	159,889	146,933
Total shares for diluted calculations	26,870,655	26,718,464	26,859,100	26,706,798
Net income (loss) attributable to American National Insurance Company and Subsidiaries	\$ 59,186	\$ 57,650	\$ 124,908	\$ 134,418
Basic earnings (loss) per share	\$ 2.21	\$ 2.17	\$ 4.68	\$ 5.06
Diluted earnings (loss) per share	2.20	2.16	4.65	5.03

Dividends

American National Insurance Company's payment of dividends to stockholders is restricted by statutory regulations. The restrictions require life insurance companies to maintain minimum amounts of capital and surplus, and in the absence of special approval, limit the payment of dividends to the greater of statutory net gain from operations on an annual, non-cumulative basis, or 10% of statutory surplus. Additionally, insurance companies are not permitted to distribute the excess of stockholders' equity, as determined on a GAAP basis over that determined on a statutory basis. At September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, American National Insurance Company's statutory capital and surplus was \$2,137,986,000 and \$2,000,551,000, respectively.

Table of Contents

The same restrictions on amounts that can transfer in the form of dividends, loans, or advances to the parent company apply to American National's insurance subsidiaries. Dividends received by the parent company from its insurance subsidiaries amounted to zero for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011. At September 30, 2012, approximately \$1,509,980,000 of American National's consolidated stockholders' equity represents net assets of its insurance subsidiaries, compared to approximately \$1,436,489,000 at December 31, 2011. Any transfer of these net assets to American National Insurance Company would be subject to statutory restrictions and approval.

Noncontrolling interests

American National County Mutual Insurance Company (County Mutual) is a mutual insurance company that is owned by its policyholders. County Mutual has a management agreement that effectively gives complete control of County Mutual to American National. As a result, County Mutual is included in the consolidated financial statements of American National. The interests that the policyholders of County Mutual have in the financial position of County Mutual are reflected as noncontrolling interest totaling \$6,750,000 at September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011.

American National Insurance Company and its subsidiaries are partners in various joint ventures. They exercise significant control or ownership of certain of these joint ventures, resulting in their consolidation into American National's consolidated financial statements. As a result of the consolidation, the interest of the other partners of the joint ventures is shown as noncontrolling interests. Noncontrolling interests were a net liability of \$5,678,000 and \$6,197,000 at September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively.

16. SEGMENT INFORMATION

American National is engaged principally in the insurance business. Management organizes the business into five operating segments which are discussed in Note 18, Segment Information, of the notes to the consolidated financial statements in our 2011 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 6, 2012:

The Life segment markets whole, term, universal, indexed and variable life insurance on a national basis primarily through career and multiple-line agents, as well as through direct marketing channels.

The Annuity segment offers fixed, indexed, and variable annuity products. These products are primarily sold through independent agents, brokers, and financial institutions, along with multiple-line and career agents.

The Health segment's primary lines of business are Medicare Supplement, stop loss, other supplemental health products and credit disability insurance. Health products are typically distributed through independent agents and managing general underwriters.

The Property and Casualty segment writes personal, commercial and credit-related property insurance. These products are primarily sold through multiple-line agents and independent agents.

The Corporate and Other business segment consists of net investment income on the investments not allocated to the insurance segments and the operations of non-insurance lines of business.

Table of Contents

The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those referred to in Note 2. Many of the principal factors that drive the profitability of each operating segment are separate and distinct. All income and expense amounts specifically attributable to policy transactions are recorded directly to the appropriate operating segment. Income and expenses not specifically attributable to policy transactions are allocated to each segment as follows:

Recurring income from bonds and mortgage loans is allocated based on the funds accumulated by each line of business at the average yield available from these assets.

Net investment income from all other assets is allocated to the insurance segments in accordance with the amount of equity allocated to each segment, with the remainder recorded in the Corporate and Other business segment.

Expenses are allocated based upon various factors, including premium and commission ratios within the respective operating segments.

The following tables summarize results of operations by operating segments (in thousands):

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2012	2011 (As Adjusted)	2012	2011 (As Adjusted)
Income (loss) from continuing operations before federal income taxes, and equity in earnings/losses of unconsolidated affiliates:				
Life	\$ 9,212	\$ 17,050	\$ 36,025	\$ 47,345
Annuity	25,384	14,323	72,998	45,972
Health	6,179	5,254	10,989	13,303
Property and casualty	25,021	12,488	13,173	(18,343)
Corporate and other	23,589	26,102	38,211	85,082
Total	\$ 89,385	\$ 75,217	\$ 171,396	\$ 173,359

17. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**Commitments**

In the ordinary course of operations, American National had commitments outstanding at September 30, 2012, to purchase, expand or improve real estate, to fund mortgage loans, and to purchase other invested assets aggregating to \$322,317,000, of which \$255,497,000 is expected to be funded in 2012. The remaining balance of \$66,820,000 will be funded in 2013 and beyond. As of September 30, 2012, all of the mortgage loan commitments have fixed interest rates.

In September 2012, American National renewed an existing \$100,000,000 short-term variable rate borrowing facility containing a \$55,000,000 sub-feature for the issuance of letters of credit. Borrowings under the facility are at the discretion of the lender and would be used only for funding American National's working capital requirements. The combination of borrowings and outstanding letters of credit cannot exceed \$100,000,000 at any time. As of September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, the outstanding letters of credit were \$33,695,000 and \$31,716,000, respectively, and there were no borrowings on this facility to meet liquidity requirements. This facility expires on September 30, 2013. American National expects it will be renewed on substantially equivalent terms upon expiration.

Guarantees

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In the normal course of business, American National has guaranteed bank loans for customers of a third-party marketing operation. The bank loans are used to fund premium payments on life insurance policies issued by American National. The loans are secured by the cash values of the life insurance policies. If the customer were to default on the bank loan, American National would be obligated to pay off the loans. As the cash values of the life insurance policies always equals or exceeds the balance of the loans, management does not foresee any loss on these guarantees. The total amount of the guarantees outstanding as of September 30, 2012, was approximately \$206,513,000, while the total cash values of the related life insurance policies was approximately \$208,762,000.

Table of Contents**Litigation**

American National and certain subsidiaries are defendants in various lawsuits concerning alleged failure to honor certain loan commitments, alleged breach of certain agency and real estate contracts, various employment matters, allegedly deceptive insurance sales and marketing practices, and other litigation arising in the ordinary course of operations. Certain of these lawsuits include claims for compensatory and punitive damages. We provide accruals for these items to the extent we deem the losses probable and reasonably estimable. After reviewing these matters with legal counsel, management is of the opinion that the ultimate resultant liability, if any, would not have a material adverse effect on American National's consolidated financial position or results of operations. However, these lawsuits are in various stages of development, and future facts and circumstances could result in management's changing its conclusions.

In addition, it should be noted that the frequency of large damage awards, which bear little or no relation to the economic damages incurred by plaintiffs in some jurisdictions, continue to create the potential for an unpredictable judgment in any given lawsuit. It is possible that, if the defenses in these lawsuits are not successful, and the judgments are greater than management can anticipate, the resulting liability could have a material impact on the consolidated financial results.

18. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

American National has entered into recurring transactions and agreements with certain related parties as a part of its ongoing operations. These include mortgage loans, management contracts, agency commission contracts, marketing agreements, accident and health insurance contracts and legal services. The impact on the consolidated financial statements of the significant related party transactions for the periods indicated is shown below (in thousands):

Related Party	Financial Statement Line Impacted	Dollar Amount of Transactions		Amount due to/(from)	
		Nine months ended September 30,		American National	
		2012	2011	September 30, 2012	December 31, 2011
Gal-Tex Hotel Corporation	Mortgage loans on real estate	\$ 794	\$ 738	\$ 9,164	\$ 9,957
Gal-Tex Hotel Corporation	Net investment income	522	578	55	60
Greer, Herz and Adams, LLP	Other operating costs and expenses	5,689	5,830	(307)	(198)

Mortgage Loans to Gal-Tex Hotel Corporation (Gal-Tex): The Moody Foundation and the Libbie Shearn Moody Trust own 34.0% and 50.2%, respectively, of Gal-Tex Hotel Corporation. The Moody Foundation and the Libbie Shearn Moody Trust also own approximately 22.9% and 37.1%, respectively, of American National. American National held a first mortgage loan issued to Gal-Tex secured by hotel property in San Antonio, Texas. This loan was originated in 1999, had a balance of \$9,164,000 as of September 30, 2012, has a current interest rate of 7.30%, and has a final maturity date of April 1, 2019. This loan is current as to principal and interest payments.

Transactions with Greer, Herz & Adams, L.L.P.: Irwin M. Herz, Jr. is one of American National's advisory directors and a Partner with Greer, Herz Adams, L.L.P., which serves as American National's General Counsel.

Table of Contents

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Set forth on the following pages is management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) of financial condition and results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011 of American National Insurance Company and its subsidiaries (referred to in this document as we, our, us, or the Company). This information should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements included in Item 1, Financial Statements (unaudited), of this Form 10-Q.

INDEX

<u>Forward-Looking Statements</u>	36
<u>Overview</u>	37
<u>General Trends</u>	37
<u>Critical Accounting Estimates</u>	37
<u>Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements</u>	37
<u>Consolidated Results of Operations</u>	38
<u>Life</u>	39
<u>Annuity</u>	41
<u>Health</u>	44
<u>Property and Casualty</u>	46
<u>Corporate and Other</u>	50
<u>Investments</u>	50
<u>Liquidity</u>	53
<u>Capital Resources</u>	54
<u>Contractual Obligations</u>	54
<u>Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements</u>	55
<u>Related Party Transactions</u>	55

Table of Contents

Forward-Looking Statements

Certain statements contained herein are forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements are made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, and include estimates and assumptions related to economic, competitive and legislative developments. Forward-looking statements may be identified by words such as expects, intends, anticipates, plans, believes, estimates, will or words of similar meaning; and include, but are not limited to, statements regarding the outlook of our business and financial performance. These forward-looking statements are subject to changes and uncertainties, which are, in many instances, beyond our control and have been made based upon our expectations and beliefs concerning future developments and their potential effect upon us. There can be no assurance that future developments will be in accordance with our expectations, or that the effect of future developments on us will be as anticipated. These forward-looking statements are not a guarantee of future performance and involve risks and uncertainties. There are certain important factors that could cause actual results to differ, possibly materially, from expectations or estimates reflected in such forward-looking statements. These factors include among others:

general economic conditions and financial factors, including the performance and fluctuations of fixed income, equity, real estate, credit capital and other financial markets;

differences between actual experience regarding mortality, morbidity, persistency, surrenders, investment returns, and our pricing assumptions for establishing liabilities and reserves or for other purposes;

the effect of increased claims activity from natural or man-made catastrophes, pandemic disease, or other events resulting in catastrophic loss of life or property;

adverse determinations in litigation or regulatory matters and our exposure to contingent liabilities, including and in connection with our divestiture or winding down of businesses;

inherent uncertainties in the determination of investment allowances and impairments and in the determination of the valuation allowance on the deferred income tax asset;

investment losses and defaults;

competition in our product lines;

attraction and retention of qualified employees and agents;

potential ineffectiveness of risk management policies and procedures in identifying, monitoring and managing risks;

the availability, affordability and adequacy of reinsurance protection;

the effects of emerging claim and coverage issues;

the cyclical nature of the insurance business;

the effects of inflation on claim payments in our property and casualty and health lines;

interest rate fluctuations;

changes in our experiences related to deferred policy acquisition costs;

the ability and willingness of counterparties to our reinsurance arrangements and derivative instruments to pay balances due to us;

rating agencies' actions;

domestic or international military actions;

the effects of extensive government regulation of the insurance industry;

changes in tax and securities law;

changes in statutory or U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"), practices or policies;

regulatory or legislative changes or developments;

the effects of unanticipated events on our disaster recovery and business continuity planning;

failures or limitations of our computer, data security and administration systems;

risks of employee error or misconduct;

the introduction of alternative healthcare solutions; and

changes in assumptions for retirement expense.

Table of Contents

We describe these risks and uncertainties in greater detail in Item IA, Risk Factors, in our 2011 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 6, 2012. It is not our corporate policy to make specific projections relating to future earnings, and we do not endorse any projections regarding future performance made by others. Additionally, we do not publicly update or revise forward-looking statements based on the outcome of various foreseeable or unforeseeable events.

Overview

We are a diversified insurance and financial services company, offering a broad spectrum of life, annuity, health, and property and casualty insurance products. Chartered in 1905, we are headquartered in Galveston, Texas. We operate in all 50 states, the District of Columbia, Guam, American Samoa and Puerto Rico.

General Trends

There were no material changes to the general trends we are experiencing, as discussed in the MD&A included in our 2011 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 6, 2012.

Critical Accounting Estimates

The unaudited interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with GAAP. In addition to GAAP, insurance companies apply specific SEC regulations when preparing the consolidated financial statements. The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and notes. Actual results could differ from results reported using those estimates and assumptions.

Our accounting policies inherently require the use of judgments relating to a variety of assumptions and estimates, particularly expectations of current and future mortality, morbidity, persistency, expenses, interest rates, and property and casualty loss frequency, severity, claim reporting and settlement patterns. Due to the inherent uncertainty when using the assumptions and estimates, the effect of certain accounting policies under different conditions or assumptions could vary from those reported in the consolidated financial statements.

For a discussion of our critical accounting estimates, see the MD&A in our 2011 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 6, 2012. Effective January 1, 2012, we retrospectively adopted a new accounting policy on the capitalization of deferred policy acquisition costs (DAC). Upon adoption of this change in accounting policy, prior period amounts have been adjusted and are indicated As Adjusted where applicable. Refer to Note 2, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Practices, of the Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information. There were no other material changes in accounting policies since December 31, 2011.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

Refer to Note 3, Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements, of the Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

Table of Contents**Consolidated Results of Operations**

The following is a discussion of our consolidated results of operations. For discussions of our segment results, see the *Results of Operations and Related Information by Segment* section. The following table sets forth the consolidated results of operations (in thousands):

	Three months ended September 30, 2012			Nine months ended September 30, 2012		
	2011 (As Adjusted)	Change		2011 (As Adjusted)	Change	
Premiums and other revenues						
Premiums	\$ 431,445	\$ 441,134	\$ (9,689)	\$ 1,285,096	\$ 1,312,784	\$ (27,688)
Other policy revenues	49,343	46,350	2,993	146,406	141,860	4,546
Net investment income	258,190	225,942	32,248	754,449	715,186	39,263
Realized investments gains (losses), net	12,930	12,680	250	24,779	57,637	(32,858)
Other income	8,160	6,604	1,556	22,975	18,896	4,079
Total premiums and other revenues	760,068	732,710	27,358	2,233,705	2,246,363	(12,658)
Benefits, losses and expenses						
Policyholder benefits	122,579	105,432	17,147	366,168	334,783	31,385
Claims incurred	226,380	253,917	(27,537)	740,048	804,932	(64,884)
Interest credited to policyholders' account balances	108,069	82,813	25,256	323,952	288,343	35,609
Commissions for acquiring and servicing policies	92,253	109,346	(17,093)	283,295	337,747	(54,452)
Other operating expenses	114,234	111,451	2,783	336,378	346,823	(10,445)
Change in deferred policy acquisition costs ⁽¹⁾	7,168	(5,466)	12,634	12,468	(39,624)	52,092
Total benefits and expenses	670,683	657,493	13,190	2,062,309	2,073,004	(10,695)
Income (loss) before other items and federal income taxes	\$ 89,385	\$ 75,217	\$ 14,168	\$ 171,396	\$ 173,359	\$ (1,963)

(1) A positive amount of net change indicates less expense was deferred than amortized and represents an increase to expenses in the periods indicated.

Consolidated earnings increased during the quarter ended September 30, 2012 compared to the same period in 2011 primarily as a result of

a decrease in claims incurred in our property and casualty segment,

an increase in net investment income that was \$7.0 million greater than the increase in related interest credited to policyholders' account balances and

a decrease in commissions that was \$4.5 million greater than the increase in expense related to change in DAC,

these increases in earnings were partially offset by an increase in life policyholder benefits and a decrease in property and casualty premiums.

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Consolidated earnings decreased slightly during the year-to-date ended September 30, 2012 compared to the same period in 2011 primarily as a result of

decreases in realized investment gains,

an increase in life policyholder benefits and

a decrease in property and casualty premiums,

almost entirely offset by a decrease in property and casualty claims incurred.

In the Consolidated Results of Operations above and in the segment discussions that follow, certain amounts in the prior year have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation. Additionally, certain prior year amounts were adjusted to reflect the effect of the retrospective adoption of a new accounting standard relating to DAC, which impacted reported income before other items and federal income taxes by an increase of \$0.1 million and a decrease of \$2.6 million for the quarter and year-to-date ended September 30, 2011, respectively.

Table of Contents**Results of Operations and Related Information by Segment****Life**

The Life segment includes traditional life insurance products such as whole life and term life, and interest-sensitive life insurance products such as fixed, variable and indexed universal life. We market these products on a nationwide basis through employee agents, multiple-line agents, independent agents, brokers and direct marketing channels. Life segment financial results for the periods indicated were as follows (in thousands):

	Three months ended September 30, 2012			Nine months ended September 30, 2012		
	2011	Change		2011	Change	
	(As Adjusted)			(As Adjusted)		
Premiums and other revenues:						
Premiums	\$ 72,203	\$ 71,926	\$ 277	\$ 209,353	\$ 207,786	\$ 1,567
Other policy revenues	46,401	42,831	3,570	136,764	129,742	7,022
Net investment income	58,650	59,496	(846)	176,935	178,989	(2,054)
Other income	802	808	(6)	2,354	2,506	(152)
Total premiums and other revenues	178,056	175,061	2,995	525,406	519,023	6,383
Benefits, losses and expenses:						
Policyholder benefits	84,615	75,472	9,143	245,237	232,013	13,224
Interest credited to policyholders' account balances	15,026	15,476	(450)	44,010	45,612	(1,602)
Commissions for acquiring and servicing policies	25,193	22,897	2,296	71,624	66,680	4,944
Other operating expenses	45,923	43,013	2,910	134,396	129,623	4,773
Change in deferred policy acquisition costs ⁽¹⁾	(1,913)	1,153	(3,066)	(5,886)	(2,250)	(3,636)
Total benefits and expenses	168,844	158,011	10,833	489,381	471,678	17,703
Income before other items and federal income taxes	\$ 9,212	\$ 17,050	\$ (7,838)	\$ 36,025	\$ 47,345	\$ (11,320)

(1) A positive amount of net change indicates less expense was deferred than amortized and represents an increase to expenses in the periods indicated.

Earnings decreased for the quarter and year-to-date ended September 30, 2012, primarily due to an increase in policyholder benefits in addition to an increase in other operating expenses, partially offset by an increase in other policy revenues.

Premiums and other revenues

Revenues from traditional life insurance products include scheduled premium payments from policyholders on whole life and term life products. These premiums are in exchange for financial protection from a specific insurable event, such as death or disability. The change in these premiums is impacted by new sales during the period and the persistency of in-force policies.

Other policy revenues include mortality charges, earned policy service fees and surrender charges on interest-sensitive life insurance policies. The increases during the quarter and year-to-date ended September 30, 2012 were primarily driven by increases in mortality charges and related fees due to growth in our universal life block of business.

Benefits, losses and expenses

Benefits increased for the quarter and year-to-date ended September 30, 2012 primarily resulting from higher mortality costs and a decrease in net reinsurance recoveries from fewer ceded claims.

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Commissions increased for the quarter and year-to-date ended September 30, 2012 primarily due to increases in our interest-sensitive business.

Other operating expenses during 2011 benefitted from a reduction of an accrual for litigation contingencies during 2011.

Table of Contents

The following table presents the components of the change in DAC (in thousands):

	Three months ended September 30,			Nine months ended September 30,		
	2012	2011 (As Adjusted)	Change	2012	2011 (As Adjusted)	Change
Acquisition cost capitalized	\$ 21,847	\$ 19,736	\$ 2,111	\$ 62,162	\$ 57,279	\$ 4,883
Amortization of DAC	(19,934)	(20,889)	955	(56,276)	(55,029)	(1,247)
Change in deferred policy acquisition costs (1)	\$ 1,913	\$ (1,153)	\$ 3,066	\$ 5,886	\$ 2,250	\$ 3,636

(1) A positive amount of net change indicates more expense was deferred than amortized and represents a decrease to expenses in the periods indicated.

Acquisition costs capitalized increased during the quarter and year-to-date ended September 30, 2012 compared to the same periods in 2011 primarily as a result of an increase in commissions.

Policy In-Force Information

The following table summarizes changes in the Life segment's insurance in-force amounts (in thousands):

	Nine months ended September 30,		Change
	2012	2011	
Life insurance in-force:			
Traditional life	\$ 47,680,732	\$ 46,652,702	\$ 315,757
Interest-sensitive life	23,804,977	23,640,651	150,119
Total life insurance in-force	\$ 71,485,709	\$ 70,293,353	\$ 465,876

The following table summarizes changes in the Life segment's number of policies in-force:

	Nine months ended September 30,		Change
	2012	2011	
Number of policies in-force			
Traditional life	2,163,246	2,220,085	(56,839)
Interest-sensitive life	181,581	177,734	3,847
Total number of policies	2,344,827	2,397,819	(52,992)

Our new business activity during the first nine months of 2012 was comprised of fewer, but larger face-value policies.

Table of Contents**Annuity**

We develop, sell and support a variety of immediate and deferred annuities, including fixed, equity-indexed and variable products. We sell these products through independent agents, brokers, financial institutions, multiple-line and employee agents. Annuity segment financial results for the periods indicated were as follows (in thousands):

	Three months ended September 30,			Nine months ended September 30,		
	2012	2011 (As Adjusted)	Change	2012	2011 (As Adjusted)	Change
Premiums and other revenues:						
Premiums	\$ 30,140	\$ 21,704	\$ 8,436	\$ 93,275	\$ 73,304	\$ 19,971
Other policy revenues	2,942	3,519	(577)	9,642	12,118	(2,476)
Net investment income	156,082	121,359	34,723	460,779	413,683	47,096
Other income	50	64	(14)	143	185	(42)
Total premiums and other revenues	189,214	146,646	42,568	563,839	499,290	64,549
Benefits, losses and expenses:						
Policyholder benefits	37,964	29,960	8,004	120,931	102,770	18,161
Interest credited to policyholders' account balances	93,043	67,337	25,706	279,942	242,731	37,211
Commissions for acquiring and servicing policies	15,212	21,093	(5,881)	44,983	80,642	(35,659)
Other operating expenses	14,100	16,212	(2,112)	34,667	57,228	(22,561)
Change in deferred policy acquisition costs ⁽¹⁾	3,511	(2,279)	5,790	10,318	(30,053)	40,371
Total benefits, losses and expenses	163,830	132,323	31,507	490,841	453,318	37,523
Income before other items and federal income taxes	\$ 25,384	\$ 14,323	\$ 11,061	\$ 72,998	\$ 45,972	\$ 27,026

(1) A positive amount of net change indicates less expense was deferred than amortized and represents an increase to expenses in the periods indicated.

Earnings increased for the quarter and year-to-date ended September 30, 2012 compared to 2011 primarily due to a decrease in other operating expenses. In addition the increase in net investment income outpaced the related increase in interest credited to policyholders' account balances. Other operating expenses were higher during 2011 primarily as a result of the settlement of litigation in 2011 for \$12.0 million.

Premiums and other revenues

Annuity premium and deposit amounts received are shown in the table below (in thousands):

	Three months ended September 30,			Nine months ended September 30,		
	2012	2011	Change	2012	2011	Change
Fixed deferred annuity	\$ 153,318	\$ 265,606	\$ (112,288)	\$ 486,835	\$ 1,297,211	\$ (810,376)
Single premium immediate annuity	51,595	44,021	7,574	155,521	120,674	34,847
Equity-indexed deferred annuity	31,506	35,193	(3,687)	89,549	117,800	(28,251)
Variable deferred annuity	25,242	29,367	(4,125)	76,560	75,481	1,079
Total	261,661	374,187	(112,526)	808,465	1,611,166	(802,701)
Less: policy deposits	231,521	352,483	(120,962)	715,190	1,537,862	(822,672)

Total earned premiums	\$	30,140	\$	21,704	\$	8,436	\$	93,275	\$	73,304	\$	19,971
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Table of Contents

We monitor account values and changes in those values as a key indicator of performance in our Annuity segment. Changes in account values are mainly the result of net inflows, surrenders, policy fees, interest credited and market value changes. Shown below are the changes in account values (in thousands):

	Nine months ended September 30,	
	2012	2011
Fixed deferred and equity-indexed annuity		
Account value, beginning of period	\$ 9,824,416	\$ 9,006,692
Net inflows	374,025	1,212,531
Surrenders	(579,908)	(669,048)
Fees	(6,075)	(8,395)
Interest credited	275,072	240,826
Account value, end of period	\$ 9,887,530	\$ 9,782,606
Single premium immediate annuity		
Reserve, beginning of period	\$ 978,722	\$ 903,126
Net inflows	47,751	26,485
Interest and mortality	31,523	31,593
Reserve, end of period	\$ 1,057,996	\$ 961,204
Variable deferred annuity		
Account value, beginning of period	\$ 380,129	\$ 415,757
Net inflows	72,925	68,429
Surrenders	(78,651)	(81,452)
Fees	(3,509)	(3,644)
Change in market value and other	40,711	(29,702)
Account value, end of period	\$ 411,605	\$ 369,388

Fixed deferred annuity net inflows decreased significantly for the year-to-date ended September 30, 2012. We are managing these products to lower sales during 2012, to mitigate risks associated with investing in the persistently low interest rate environment.

Equity-indexed annuities allow policyholders to participate in equity returns while also having certain downside protection from the guaranteed minimum returns defined in the product. Deposits for this product decreased during the year-to-date ended September 30, 2012. This decrease was primarily attributed to lower indexed crediting terms resulting from lower fixed investment yields in 2012.

Single premium immediate annuities (SPIA) increased for the year-to-date ended September 30, 2012. This was driven primarily by new retirees entering the market for guaranteed monthly payouts on a portion of their retirement dollars.

Net investment income increased for the quarter and year-to-date ended September 30, 2012 compared to 2011 primarily as a result of \$33.9 million and \$40.1 million increases in realized gains, respectively, from marking our option portfolio to fair value at September 30, 2012, in addition to a 5.1% increase in the assets attributable to annuity account balances.

Benefits, losses and expenses

Policyholder benefits consist of annuity payments and reserve increases for SPIA contracts. Benefits increased for the quarter and year-to-date ended September 30, 2012 compared to 2011 due to an increase in reserves associated with SPIA sales during the period.

Commissions decreased for the quarter and year-to-date ended September 30, 2012 compared to 2011 primarily due to reduced fixed deferred annuity production as well as decreases in commission rates on certain annuities.

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Other operating expenses decreased during the year-to-date ended September 30, 2012 compared to 2011 primarily as a result of an accrual during 2011 related to the settlement of certain litigation.

Table of Contents

Additionally, a decrease in producer compensation linked to annuity production reduced other operating expenses further.

The change in DAC represents acquisition costs capitalized, net of amortization of existing DAC. The amortization of DAC is calculated in proportion to gross profits. The following table presents the components of change in DAC (in thousands):

	Three months ended September 30,			Nine months ended September 30,		
	2012	2011 (As Adjusted)	Change	2012	2011 (As Adjusted)	Change
Acquisition cost capitalized	\$ 17,398	\$ 26,973	\$ (9,575)	\$ 54,015	\$ 96,921	\$ (42,906)
Amortization of DAC	(20,909)	(24,694)	3,785	(64,333)	(66,868)	2,535
Change in deferred policy acquisition costs (1)	\$ (3,511)	\$ 2,279	\$ (5,790)	\$ (10,318)	\$ 30,053	\$ (40,371)

(1) A negative amount of net change indicates less expense was deferred than amortized and represents an increase to expenses in the periods indicated.

The decrease in acquisition costs capitalized during the quarter and year-to-date ended September 30, 2012 compared to 2011 was the result of lower commissions incurred with the decrease in fixed deferred annuity production.

An important measure of the Annuity segment is amortization of DAC as a percentage of gross profits. The amortization of DAC as a percentage of gross profits for the year-to-date ended September 30, 2012 and 2011 was 39.5%, and 43.5%, respectively. The improvement in the ratio was primarily driven by improvement in persistency during the nine months ended September 30, 2012 compared to 2011.

Options and derivatives

Shown below is an analysis of the impact to net investment income of the option return, along with the impact to interest credited of the equity-indexed annuity embedded derivative (in thousands):

	Three months ended September 30,			Nine months ended September 30,		
	2012	2011	Change	2012	2011	Change
Net investment income						
Without option return	\$ 145,634	\$ 144,851	\$ 783	\$ 438,832	\$ 431,878	\$ 6,954
Option return	10,448	(23,492)	33,940	21,947	(18,195)	40,142
Interest credited to policy account balances						
Without embedded derivative	85,332	92,530	(7,198)	263,163	264,316	(1,153)
Equity-indexed annuity embedded derivative	7,711	(25,193)	32,904	16,779	(21,585)	38,364

Net investment income without option return, increased during the quarter and year-to-date ended September 30, 2012 compared to 2011 primarily due to increases in aggregate annuity account values. The related interest credited to policyholders' account balances without equity-indexed return, decreased during the quarter and year-to-date periods resulting from lower crediting rates.

The option return, as well as the related equity-indexed annuity embedded derivative return, during the quarter and year-to-date ended September 30, 2012 increased as a result of the change in the S&P 500 Index during the respective periods. These option returns correlate to the 5.8% and 14.6% three and nine month gains of the S&P 500 Index for the periods ended September 30, 2012, respectively, compared to losses of 14.3% and 10.0% for the same periods ended September 30, 2011, respectively.

Table of Contents**Health**

The Health segment primarily focuses on supplemental and limited benefit coverage products including Medicare Supplement insurance as well as hospital surgical and cancer policies. For the first nine months of 2012, premium volume was concentrated in our Medicare Supplement and group lines. Our other health products include credit accident and health policies, stop loss, and dental coverages. Health products are distributed through our network of independent agents and Managing General Underwriters (MGU). Health segment results for the periods indicated were as follows (in thousands):

	Three months ended September 30, 2012			Nine months ended September 30, 2012		
	(As Adjusted)		Change	(As Adjusted)		Change
Premiums and other revenues:						
Premiums	\$ 56,199	\$ 57,708	\$ (1,509)	\$ 167,965	\$ 174,736	\$ (6,771)
Net investment income	2,938	3,331	(393)	8,872	10,172	(1,300)
Other income	3,900	3,354	546	11,760	9,874	1,886
Total premiums and other revenues	63,037	64,393	(1,356)	188,597	194,782	(6,185)
Benefits, losses and expenses:						
Claims incurred	38,436	38,691	(255)	119,586	119,764	(178)
Commissions for acquiring and servicing policies	6,735	6,636	99	19,651	20,202	(551)
Other operating expenses	10,669	11,086	(417)	33,724	35,080	(1,356)
Change in deferred policy acquisition costs ⁽¹⁾	1,018	2,726	(1,708)	4,647	6,433	(1,786)
Total benefits and expenses	56,858	59,139	(2,281)	177,608	181,479	(3,871)
Income (loss) before other items and federal income taxes	\$ 6,179	\$ 5,254	\$ 925	\$ 10,989	\$ 13,303	\$ (2,314)

(1) A positive amount of net change indicates less expense was deferred than amortized and represents an increase to expenses in the periods indicated

Earnings for the quarter ended September 30, 2012 were relatively flat. Earnings decreased for the year-to-date ended September 30, 2012, driven primarily by a decrease in premiums.

Premiums and other revenues

Health premiums for the periods indicated are as follows (in thousands, except percentages):

	Three months ended September 30, 2012				Nine months ended September 30, 2012			
	dollars	percentage	dollars	percentage	dollars	percentage	dollars	percentage
Medicare Supplement	\$ 24,066	42.9%	\$ 25,030	43.4%	\$ 71,688	42.7%	\$ 76,361	43.7%
Group	10,914	19.4	8,820	15.3	30,384	18.1	24,535	14.0
Medical expense	9,065	16.1	11,355	19.6	28,592	17.0	36,594	20.9
MGU	4,277	7.6	3,438	6.0	12,887	7.7	9,911	5.7
Credit accident and health	4,102	7.3	5,027	8.7	12,749	7.6	15,184	8.7
All other	3,775	6.7	4,038	7.0	11,665	6.9	12,151	7.0
Total	\$ 56,199	100.0%	\$ 57,708	100.0%	\$ 167,965	100.0%	\$ 174,736	100.0%

Earned premiums decreased during the quarter and year-to-date ended September 30, 2012, primarily resulting from the run-off of our closed medical expense block of insurance plans, which will continue decreasing. In addition Medicare Supplement premiums declined primarily resulting from lower policy lapses. These decreases were partially offset by an increase in revenues of our group and MGU lines.

Table of Contents

Our in-force certificates or policies as of the dates indicated are as follows:

	September 30,		September 30,	
	2012		2011	
	number	percentage	number	percentage
Medicare Supplement	41,160	6.6%	42,991	6.8%
Group	19,887	3.2	15,666	2.5
Medical expense	6,056	1.1	8,515	1.4
MGU	188,123	30.7	141,770	22.5
Credit accident and health	251,793	41.0	281,685	44.7
All other	106,592	17.4	139,582	22.1
Total	613,611	100.0%	630,209	100.0%

Our total in-force policies decreased during the year-to-date ended September 30, 2012 compared to 2011. The increases in the MGU and group lines were more than offset by decreases in credit accident and health, Medicare Supplement, medical expense and other lines.

Benefits, losses and expenses

Other operating expenses decreased slightly during the year-to-date ended September 30, 2012 compared to 2011 as a result of the aggregate decrease in the health block of business.

The following table presents the components of the change in DAC (in thousands):

	Three months ended September 30,			Nine months ended September 30,		
	2012	2011 (As Adjusted)	Change	2012	2011 (As Adjusted)	Change
Acquisition cost capitalized	\$ 2,840	\$ 2,838	\$ 2	\$ 8,311	\$ 9,540	\$ (1,229)
Amortization of DAC	(3,858)	(5,564)	1,706	(12,958)	(15,973)	3,015
Change in deferred policy acquisition costs (1)	\$ (1,018)	\$ (2,726)	\$ 1,708	\$ (4,647)	\$ (6,433)	\$ 1,786

(1) A positive amount of net change indicates more expense was deferred than amortized and represents a decrease to expenses in the periods indicated.

Expenses due to the change in DAC decreased for the quarter and year-to-date ended September 30, 2012 compared to the same periods in 2011 primarily due to the decreases in amortization outpacing costs capitalized due to the aggregate decrease in the health block of business.

Table of Contents**Property and Casualty**

Property and Casualty business is written through our Multiple-Line and Credit Insurance Division agents. Property and Casualty segment results for the periods indicated were as follows (in thousands, except percentages):

	Three months ended September 30,			Nine months ended September 30,		
	2012	2011 (As Adjusted)	Change	2012	2011 (As Adjusted)	Change
Premiums and other revenues:						
Net premiums written	\$ 265,886	\$ 293,228	\$ (27,342)	\$ 825,912	\$ 878,015	\$ (52,103)
Net premiums earned	272,903	289,796	(16,893)	814,503	856,958	(42,455)
Net investment income	17,536	17,852	(316)	53,016	54,230	(1,214)
Other income	1,619	1,870	(251)	5,065	4,148	917
Total premiums and other revenues	292,058	309,518	(17,460)	872,584	915,336	(42,752)
Benefits, losses and expenses:						
Claims incurred	187,944	215,226	(27,282)	620,462	685,168	(64,706)
Commissions for acquiring and servicing policies	45,113	58,720	(13,607)	147,037	170,223	(23,186)
Other operating expenses	29,428	30,150	(722)	88,523	92,042	(3,519)
Change in deferred policy acquisition costs ⁽¹⁾	4,552	(7,066)	11,618	3,389	(13,754)	17,143
Total benefits and expenses	267,037	297,030	(29,993)	859,411	933,679	(74,268)
Income before other items and federal income taxes	\$ 25,021	\$ 12,488	\$ 12,533	\$ 13,173	\$ (18,343)	\$ 31,516
Loss and claim adjustment expense ratio	68.9%	74.3%	(5.4)	76.2%	80.0%	(3.8)
Underwriting expense ratio	29.0	28.5	0.5	29.3	29.0	0.3
Combined ratio	97.9%	102.8%	(4.9)	105.5%	109.0%	(3.5)
Impact of catastrophe events on combined ratio	3.8	7.5	(3.7)	10.7	14.6	(3.9)
Combined ratio without impact of catastrophe events	94.1%	95.3%	(1.2)	94.8%	94.4%	0.4
Gross catastrophe losses	\$ 9,240	\$ 17,130	\$ (7,890)	\$ 90,981	\$ 207,084	\$ (116,103)
Net catastrophe losses	10,365	22,789	(12,424)	87,367	113,619	(26,252)

(1) A negative amount of net change indicates more expense was deferred than amortized and represents a decrease to expenses in the periods indicated.

The Property and Casualty segment results improved during the quarter and year-to-date ended September 30, 2012, primarily due to a significant decrease in claims incurred and to a lesser extent a reduction in commissions, partially offset by a decrease in premiums.

Premiums and other revenues

Net premiums written and earned decreased during the quarter and year-to-date ended September 30, 2012 from a decline of policies in force due to attrition and risk mitigation actions in our Personal lines, in addition to product alterations in our Credit Insurance Division.

Benefits, losses and expenses

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Claims incurred decreased during the quarter and year-to-date ended September 30, 2012 as a result of a decrease in catastrophe losses during both periods. The lower catastrophe losses, together with improved rate adequacy, caused the decrease in the loss ratio. Commissions decreased primarily due to a shift from commission to non-commission products in our Credit Insurance Division.

The combined ratio, excluding net catastrophe impact, declined for the quarter ended and remained relatively level for the year-to-date ended September 30, 2012 compared with the same periods in 2011. The third quarter decrease was primarily driven by better rate adequacy.

Table of Contents

For the quarter and year-to-date ended September 30, 2012, the net favorable prior year loss and CAE development was \$4.6 million and \$30.8 million, compared to \$10.2 million and \$38.1 million favorable development for the quarter and year-to-date ended September 30, 2011. This favorable development is primarily in our workers compensation, personal auto liability and commercial liability lines, which are demonstrating better than expected loss emergence compared to what was implied by our historical development patterns.

Products

Our Property and Casualty segment consists of three product lines: (i) Personal Lines, which we market primarily to individuals, was 60.9% of net premiums written, (ii) Commercial Lines, which focus primarily on businesses engaged in agricultural and other targeted markets, was 30.2% of net premiums written, and (iii) Credit-related property insurance products which are marketed to financial institutions and retailers and was 8.9% of net premiums written. We frequently sell both personal and commercial lines products to the same individuals.

Personal Lines

Property and Casualty segment results for Personal Lines for the periods indicated were as follows (in thousands, except percentages):

	Three months ended September 30,			Nine months ended September 30,		
	2012	2011	Change	2012	2011	Change
Net premiums written						
Auto	\$ 105,226	\$ 111,701	\$ (6,475)	\$ 317,237	\$ 340,111	\$ (22,874)
Homeowner	57,573	61,483	(3,910)	157,738	161,484	(3,746)
Other Personal	9,318	9,675	(357)	27,965	27,699	266
Total net premiums written	\$ 172,117	\$ 182,859	\$ (10,742)	\$ 502,940	\$ 529,294	\$ (26,354)
Net premiums earned						
Auto	\$ 106,019	\$ 114,730	\$ (8,711)	\$ 318,806	\$ 349,542	\$ (30,736)
Homeowner	52,028	56,612	(4,584)	154,185	160,112	(5,927)
Other Personal	8,974	9,537	(563)	26,639	27,392	(753)
Total net premiums earned	\$ 167,021	\$ 180,879	\$ (13,858)	\$ 499,630	\$ 537,046	\$ (37,416)
Loss and claim adjustment expense ratio						
Auto	79.9%	77.3%	2.6	77.8%	74.3%	3.5
Homeowner	71.5	95.3	(23.8)	105.5	123.5	(18.0)
Other Personal	67.7	56.9	10.8	56.1	74.2	(18.1)
Personal lines loss ratio	76.7%	81.8%	(5.1)	85.2%	89.0%	(3.8)
Combined Ratio						
Auto	100.7%	96.3%	4.4	98.8%	94.9%	3.9
Homeowner	98.4	115.0	(16.6)	129.7	147.6	(17.9)
Other Personal	89.9	106.0	(16.1)	78.9	95.8	(16.9)
Personal lines combined ratio	98.5%	102.6%	(4.1)	107.3%	110.6%	(3.3)

Personal Automobile: Net premiums written and earned decreased in our personal automobile line during the quarter and year-to-date ended September 30, 2012. This was primarily due to a decline in policies in-force resulting from a combination of the decreases in homeowner policies in-force, which decreased cross-sell opportunities, and new business sales not keeping pace with attrition. The loss and combined ratios increased during the periods consistent with our pricing strategy and expected seasonal variances.

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Homeowners: Net premiums written and earned decreased during the quarter and year-to-date ended September 30, 2012 compared to 2011 primarily due to fewer policies in-force. The decrease in homeowner policies in-force was primarily driven by improved rate adequacy and our catastrophe risk mitigation actions. The loss and combined ratios decreased during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 due primarily to improved catastrophe experience and improved rate adequacy.

Table of Contents

Other Personal: This product line is comprised primarily of watercraft, rental-owner and umbrella coverages for individuals seeking to protect their personal property and liability not covered within their homeowner and auto policies. Net premiums written and earned remained substantially unchanged during the quarter and year-to-date ended September 30, 2012. The loss ratio increased while the combined ratio decreased during the quarter ended September 30, 2012, and both ratios decreased year-to-date. As this is currently our smallest line of business in our Personal Products line, minor fluctuations in results can cause greater volatility in these ratios.

Commercial Lines

Property and Casualty segment results for Commercial Lines for the periods indicated were as follows (in thousands, except percentages):

	Three months ended September 30,			Nine months ended September 30,		
	2012	2011	Change	2012	2011	Change
Net premiums written						
Other Commercial	\$ 29,618	\$ 27,357	\$ 2,261	\$ 105,698	\$ 101,527	\$ 4,171
Agribusiness	26,240	25,702	538	78,863	75,758	3,105
Auto	16,961	17,235	(274)	64,537	67,394	(2,857)
Total net premiums written	\$ 72,819	\$ 70,294	\$ 2,525	\$ 249,098	\$ 244,679	\$ 4,419
Net premiums earned						
Other Commercial	\$ 31,642	\$ 30,310	\$ 1,332	\$ 92,853	\$ 90,073	\$ 2,780
Agribusiness	26,848	26,174	674	79,067	75,981	3,086
Auto	20,084	20,698	(614)	59,937	63,571	(3,634)
Total net premiums earned	\$ 78,574	\$ 77,182	\$ 1,392	\$ 231,857	\$ 229,625	\$ 2,232
Loss and claim adjustment expense ratio						
Other Commercial	70.8%	63.4%	7.4	78.5%	59.5%	19.0
Agribusiness	72.6	109.4	(36.8)	86.2	132.0	(45.8)
Auto	66.9	64.9	2.0	64.0	57.9	6.1
Commercial lines loss ratio	70.4%	79.4%	(9.0)	77.4%	83.1%	(5.7)
Combined ratio						
Other Commercial	98.0%	92.1%	5.9	106.8%	88.3%	18.5
Agribusiness	109.5	146.1	(36.6)	122.6	169.0	(46.4)
Auto	87.8	86.1	1.7	86.6	80.3	6.3
Commercial lines combined ratio	99.0%	108.8%	(9.8)	106.9%	112.8%	(5.9)

Other Commercial: Net premiums written and earned increased during the quarter and year-to-date ended September 30, 2012 compared to 2011 primarily as a result of an increase in workers' compensation premiums due to rate increases and premium assumed from involuntary pools. The loss and combined ratios increased during the quarter and year-to-date ended September 30, 2012 primarily due to an increase in the severity of workers' compensation and business owners claims.

Agribusiness Product: Our agribusiness product allows policyholders to customize and combine their coverage for residences and household contents, farm buildings and building contents, personal property and liability. Net premiums written and earned increased during the quarter and year-to-date ended September 30, 2012, primarily as a result of a decrease in reinsurance reinstatement premiums from those in 2011. The loss and combined ratios decreased significantly during the nine months ended September 30, 2012, primarily as the result of a reduction in net catastrophe losses during the nine month period.

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Commercial Automobile: Net premiums written and earned decreased during the quarter and year-to-date ended September 30, 2012 compared to 2011 primarily as a result of lower new business writings in our small commercial business as well as underwriting intended to improve risk selection.

Table of Contents***Credit Products***

Credit-related property product results for the periods indicated were as follows (in thousands, except percentages):

	Three months ended September 30,			Nine months ended September 30,		
	2012	2011	Change	2012	2011	Change
Net premiums written	\$ 20,950	\$ 40,075	\$ (19,125)	\$ 73,874	\$ 104,042	\$ (30,168)
Net premiums earned	27,308	31,735	(4,427)	83,016	90,287	(7,271)
Loss and claim adjustment expenses ratio	16.9%	18.7%	(1.8)	18.3%	18.5%	(0.2)
Combined ratio	93.9	89.0	4.9	94.2	90.6	3.6

Credit-related property insurance products are offered on automobiles, furniture and appliances in connection with the financing of those items. These policies pay an amount if the insured property is lost or damaged and is not directly related to an event affecting the consumer's ability to pay the debt. The primary distribution channel for credit-related property insurance is general agents who market to auto dealers, furniture stores and financial institutions.

Net premiums written and earned decreased for the quarter and year-to-date ended September 30, 2012 compared to 2011. The primary driver for the decrease in premiums is a shift from Guaranteed Auto Protection (GAP) Insurance to GAP Waiver, a lower premium debt protection product. The loss ratios decreased somewhat in the most recent quarter and remained substantially unchanged year-to-date. The combined ratios increased during the three and nine month periods due primarily to the decrease in premiums.

Table of Contents**Corporate and Other**

Our Corporate and Other segment primarily includes the capital not allocated to support our insurance business segments. Our corporate investments include publicly traded equities, real estate, commercial mortgage loans, high-yield bonds, venture capital partnerships, mineral interests and tax-advantaged instruments. Corporate and Other segment financial results for the periods indicated were as follows (in thousands):

	Three months ended September 30,			Nine months ended September 30,		
	2012	2011	Change	2012	2011	Change
Premiums and other revenues:						
Net investment income	\$ 22,984	\$ 23,904	\$ (920)	\$ 54,847	\$ 58,112	\$ (3,265)
Realized investments gains, net	12,930	12,680	250	24,779	57,637	(32,858)
Other Income	1,789	508	1,281	3,653	2,183	1,470
Total premiums and other revenues	37,703	37,092	611	83,279	117,932	(34,653)
Benefits, losses and expenses:						
Other operating expenses	14,114	10,990	3,124	45,068	32,850	12,218
Total benefits, losses and expenses	14,114	10,990	3,124	45,068	32,850	12,218
Income before other items and federal income taxes	\$ 23,589	\$ 26,102	\$ (2,513)	\$ 38,211	\$ 85,082	\$ (46,871)

Earnings for the quarter ended September 30, 2012 decreased compared to the same period in 2011 due to increased other operating expenses. Earnings for the year-to-date ended September 30, 2012 decreased substantially due to the decrease in realized gains, primarily as a result of other-than-temporary impairments related to bond and equity investments of \$22.1 million for nine months ended September 30, 2012. Additionally, there was a \$13.1 million gain in 2011 from the sale of investment real estate with no comparable sale in 2012. Other operating costs increased during 2012 as a result of an increase in expenses for share-based compensation under the stock and incentive plan.

Investments**General**

We manage our investment portfolio to optimize the rate of return that is commensurate with sound and prudent underwriting practices and to maintain a well-diversified portfolio. Our investment operations are governed by various regulatory authorities, primarily the state insurance departments where we or our insurance subsidiaries are domiciled. Investment activities, including the setting of investment policies and defining acceptable risk levels, are subject to review and approval by our Board of Directors, which is assisted by our Finance Committee.

Our insurance and annuity products are primarily supported by investment-grade bonds, and to a lesser extent collateralized mortgage obligations and commercial mortgage loans. We purchase fixed maturity securities and designate them as either held-to-maturity or available-for-sale considering our estimated future cash flow needs. We also monitor the composition of our fixed maturity securities classified as held-to-maturity and available-for-sale and adjust the mix within the portfolio as investments mature or new investments are purchased.

We invest in commercial mortgage loans when the yield and credit risk compare favorably with fixed maturity securities, which are primarily investment-grade bonds. Investments in individual residential mortgage loans have not been part of our investment portfolio, and we do not anticipate investing in them in the future. We invest in real estate and equity securities based on a risk and reward analysis where we believe there are opportunities for enhanced returns.

Table of Contents**Composition of Invested Assets**

The following summarizes the carrying values of our invested assets by asset class (other than investments in unconsolidated affiliates) (in thousands, except percentages):

	September 30, 2012		December 31, 2011	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Bonds held-to-maturity, at amortized cost	\$ 9,187,881	47.4%	\$ 9,251,972	49.0%
Bonds available-for-sale, at fair value	4,668,577	24.1	4,381,607	23.2
Equity securities, at fair value	1,094,387	5.7	1,006,080	5.3
Mortgage loans on real estate, net of allowance	3,058,663	15.8	2,925,482	15.5
Policy loans	393,774	2.0	393,195	2.1
Investment real estate, net of accumulated depreciation	508,202	2.6	470,222	2.5
Short-term investments	321,512	1.7	345,330	1.8
Other invested assets	129,975	0.7	109,514	0.6
Total Investments	\$ 19,362,971	100.0%	\$ 18,883,402	100.0%

Each of the components of our invested assets is described further in the Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements. Additionally, Note 2, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Practices, of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements within our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2011 filed with the SEC on March 6, 2012 contains a detailed description of the Company's methodology for evaluating other-than-temporary impairment losses on its investments.

Investments to Support Our Insurance Business

Bonds- We allocate most of our fixed maturity securities to support our insurance business.

At September 30, 2012, our fixed maturity securities had an estimated fair market value of \$14.7 billion, which was \$1.2 billion, or 9.1%, above amortized cost. At December 31, 2011, our fixed maturity securities had an estimated fair value of \$14.2 billion, which was \$851.7 million, or 6.4%, above amortized cost.

Fixed maturity securities' estimated fair value, due in one year or less, increased to \$1.5 billion as of September 30, 2012 from \$961.2 million as of December 31, 2011, primarily as a result of approaching maturity dates of long-term bonds.

The following table identifies the total bonds by credit quality rating, using both Standard & Poor's and Moody's ratings (in thousands, except percentages):

	September 30, 2012			December 31, 2011		
	Amortized Cost	Estimated Fair Value	% of Fair Value	Amortized Cost	Estimated Fair Value	% of Fair Value
AAA	\$ 834,560	\$ 908,706	6.2%	\$ 1,074,744	\$ 1,153,696	8.1%
AA	1,457,652	1,591,582	10.8	1,391,092	1,490,600	10.5
A	5,066,565	5,600,980	38.0	5,058,242	5,448,851	38.3
BBB	5,505,313	5,978,618	40.6	5,204,214	5,499,958	38.6
BB and below	637,368	649,908	4.4	659,290	646,193	4.5
Total	\$ 13,501,458	\$ 14,729,794	100.0%	\$ 13,387,582	\$ 14,239,298	100.0%

The slight shifts in our credit quality diversification, including exposure to below investment grade securities, at September 30, 2012 compared to December 31, 2011, was primarily the result of purchases of AAA through BBB bonds, and maturities of bonds rated AAA through BB and below as we continue to manage a diverse portfolio. At 4.4% of our total bond portfolio, the exposure to below investment grade securities is

acceptable to management, and we expect this portion of our bond portfolio to decrease as these bonds approach maturity.

Table of Contents

Mortgage Loans- We invest in commercial mortgage loans that are diversified by property-type and geography. We do not make individual residential mortgage loans. Therefore, we have no direct exposure to sub-prime or Alt A mortgage loans in the mortgage loan portfolio. Generally, mortgage loans are secured by first liens on income-producing real estate with a loan-to-value ratio of up to 75%. Mortgage loans are used to support our insurance liabilities. Mortgage loans held-for-investment are carried at outstanding principal balances, adjusted for any unamortized premium or discount, deferred fees or expenses, and net of allowances.

The weighted average coupon yield on the principal funded for mortgage loans was 5.8% and 6.0% at September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively. It is likely that the weighted average coupon yield on funded mortgage loans will decline as loans mature and new loans are originated with lower rates in the current interest rate environment.

Equity Securities- As of September 30, 2012, our equity securities were invested 96.7% in publicly traded (on a national U.S. stock exchange) common stock and 3.3% was invested in publicly traded preferred stock. As of December 31, 2011, 96.3% of our equity securities were invested in publicly traded common stock, and the remaining 3.7% were invested in publicly traded preferred stock. The increase in the fair value of our equity securities during the first nine months of 2012 primarily reflects market value increases within the portfolio.

We carry our equity portfolio at fair value based on quoted estimated fair value prices obtained from external pricing services. The cost and estimated market value of the equity portfolio are as follows (in thousands):

		September 30, 2012		
	Cost	Unrealized Gains	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
Common stock	\$ 660,798	\$ 405,750	\$ (7,386)	\$ 1,059,162
Preferred stock	26,690	8,609	(74)	35,225
Total	\$ 687,488	\$ 414,359	\$ (7,460)	\$ 1,094,387

		December 31, 2011		
	Cost	Unrealized Gains	Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
Common stock	\$ 679,724	\$ 305,269	\$ (16,086)	\$ 968,907
Preferred stock	30,955	7,688	(1,470)	37,173
Total	\$ 710,679	\$ 312,957	\$ (17,556)	\$ 1,006,080

Investment Real Estate- We invest in commercial real estate with positive cash flows or where appreciation in value is expected. Real estate may be owned directly by our insurance companies, non-insurance affiliates or joint ventures. The carrying value of real estate is stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and valuation allowances, if any. Depreciation is provided over the estimated useful lives of the properties.

Short-Term Investments- Short-term investments are composed primarily of commercial paper rated A2/P2 or better by Standard & Poor's and Moody's, respectively. The amount fluctuates depending on the available long-term investment opportunities and our liquidity needs, including investment-funding commitments.

Policy Loans- For certain life insurance products, policyholders may borrow funds using their policy's cash value as collateral. The maximum amount of the policy loan depends upon the policy's surrender value and the number of years since policy origination. As of September 30, 2012 we had \$393.8 million in policy loans with a loan to surrender value of 59.4%, and at December 31, 2011, we had \$393.2 million in policy loans with a loan to surrender value of 59.2%. Interest rates on policy loans primarily range from 3.0 % to 12.0% per annum. Policy loans may be repaid at any time by the policyholder and have priority to any claims on the policy. If the policyholder fails to repay the policy loan, funds are withdrawn from the policy's benefits.

Table of Contents

Net Investment Income

Net investment income from bonds and mortgage loans used to support our insurance products increased \$3.1 million over the period as assets increased with annuity sales and growth in policyholder's account balances. Net investment income in other asset classes (equities, real estate, options and other) increased \$36.2 million as a result of realized gains from marking our option portfolio to fair value at September 30, 2012.

Mortgage loan interest income is accrued on the principal amount of the loan based on the loan's contractual interest rate. Accretion of discounts is recorded using the effective yield method. Interest income, accretion of discounts and prepayment fees are reported in net investment income. Interest income earned on impaired loans is accrued on the principal amount of the loan based on the loan's contractual interest rate. However, interest ceases to be accrued for loans on which interest is generally more than 90 days past due or when the collection of interest is not considered probable. Loans in foreclosure are placed on non-accrual status. Interest received on non-accrual status mortgage loans is included in net investment income in the period received.

Unrealized Gains and Losses

The net change in unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities, included in the accumulated other comprehensive income in the consolidated statements of financial position, had a net gain increase of \$113.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. The net unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities at September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011 were \$761.9 million and \$541.4 million, respectively.

Liquidity

Our liquidity requirements have been and are expected to continue to be met by funds from operations, resulting from premiums received from our customers and investment income. The primary use of cash has been and is expected to continue to be policy benefits and claims incurred during the regular course of business. Current and expected patterns of claim frequency and severity may change from period to period but continue to be within historical norms. Management considers our current liquidity position to be sufficient to meet anticipated demands over the next twelve months. Our contractual obligations are not expected to have a significant impact to cash flow from operations.

There are no known trends or uncertainties regarding product pricing, changes in product lines or rising costs, which would have a significant impact to cash flows from operations. Continued low-interest rate environments are expected to require higher than historical contributions to our defined benefit plans in the near future. Management does not expect these demands to have a significant impact to our cash flows from operations. Additionally, we have paid dividends to stockholders for over 100 consecutive years and expect to continue this trend. No significant capital expenditures are expected in the near future.

Further information regarding additional sources or uses of cash is described in Note 17, Commitments and Contingencies, of the Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

To ensure we will be able to continue to pay future commitments, the funds received as premium payments and deposits are invested in high quality investments, primarily fixed maturity securities and commercial mortgages. Funds are invested with the intent that income from the investments and proceeds from the maturities will meet our ongoing cash flow needs. We historically have not had to liquidate invested assets in order to cover cash flow needs; moreover, our portfolio of highly liquid available-for-sale fixed maturity and equity securities are available to meet future liquidity needs as necessary.

Table of Contents**Capital Resources**

Our capital resources consisted of American National stockholders' equity, summarized as follows (in thousands):

	September 30, 2012	December 31, 2011
American National stockholders' equity, excluding accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax (AOCI)	\$ 3,546,009	\$ 3,477,888
AOCI	279,760	159,403
Total American National stockholders' equity	\$ 3,825,769	\$ 3,637,291

We have notes payable in our consolidated statements of financial position that are not part of our capital resources. These notes payable represent amounts borrowed by real estate joint ventures that we consolidate into our financial statements. During the quarter ended September 30, 2012, one real estate joint venture, which the company consolidates, borrowed \$100.0 million from a third party using the real estate owned by the joint venture as collateral. The debt service on the ten year loan is intended to be met by the earnings and cash flow of the joint venture. The lenders for the notes payable have no recourse against us in the event of default by the joint ventures. Therefore, the only amount of liability we have for these notes payable is limited to our investment in the respective venture, which totaled \$14.2 million and \$18.0 million at September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011, respectively.

Total stockholders' equity in the first nine months of 2012 increased primarily due to the \$124.9 million net income earned during the period and \$113.2 million unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities, offset by \$62.0 million in dividends paid to stockholders.

Statutory Surplus and Risk-based Capital

Statutory surplus represents the capital of our insurance companies reported in accordance with accounting practices prescribed or permitted by the applicable state insurance departments. Risk-based capital (RBC) is a minimum capital requirement calculated using formulas and instructions from the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC). State laws specify regulatory actions if an insurer's ratio of statutory surplus to RBC, a measure of an insurer's solvency, falls below certain levels. The RBC formula for life companies establishes minimum capital requirements for asset, interest rate, market, insurance and business risks. The RBC formula for property and casualty companies establishes minimum capital requirements for asset and underwriting risks including reserve risk.

The achievement of long-term growth will require growth in American National Insurance Company's and our insurance subsidiaries' statutory capital. Our subsidiaries may obtain additional statutory capital through various sources, such as retained statutory earnings or equity contributions from us. As of December 31, 2011, the levels of our and our insurance subsidiaries' capital exceeded the NAIC's minimum RBC requirements.

Contractual Obligations

Our future cash payments associated with claims and claims adjustment expenses, life, annuity and disability obligations, contractual obligations pursuant to operating leases for office space and equipment, and notes payable have not materially changed since December 31, 2011. We expect to have the capacity to repay or refinance these obligations as they come due.

Table of Contents

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have off-balance sheet arrangements relating to third-party marketing operation bank loans discussed within Note 17, Commitments and Contingencies, of the Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements. We could be exposed to a liability for these loans, which are supported by the cash value of the underlying insurance contracts. However, since the cash value of the life insurance policies is designed to always equal or exceed the balance of the loans, management does not foresee any loss related to these arrangements.

Related-Party Transactions

We have various agency, consulting and service arrangements with individuals and corporations that are considered to be related parties. Each of these arrangements has been reviewed and approved by our Audit Committee. The total amount involved in these arrangements, both individually and in the aggregate, is not material to any segment or to our overall operations. For additional details see Note 18, Related Party Transactions, of the Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

Table of Contents

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Our market risks have not changed materially from those disclosed in our 2011 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 6, 2012.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

The Company maintains disclosure controls and procedures (as that term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (Exchange Act)) that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the Company's reports under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in

the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its Chief Executive Officer and Corporate Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures. Any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives. The Company's management, with the participation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Corporate Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of September 30, 2012. Based upon that evaluation and subject to the foregoing, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Corporate Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of September 30, 2012, the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective to accomplish their objectives at the reasonable assurance level.

Management has monitored the internal controls over financial reporting, including any material changes to the internal control over financial reporting. There were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting (as that term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) that occurred during the quarter ended September 30, 2012 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Table of Contents

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Information required for Item 1 is incorporated by reference to the discussion under the heading "Litigation" in Note 17, Commitments and Contingencies, of the Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes with respect to the risk factors as previously disclosed in our 2011 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 6, 2012.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

None.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not Applicable.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

Table of Contents

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

Exhibit

Number

Basic Documents

- | | |
|------|--|
| 3.1 | Articles of Incorporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 3.1 to the registrant's Registration Statement on Form 10-12B filed April 10, 2009) |
| 3.2 | Bylaws (incorporated by reference to Exhibit No. 3.2 to the registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed May 2, 2012) |
| 31.1 | Certification of the principal executive officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| 31.2 | Certification of the principal financial officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| 32 | Certification of the principal executive officer and principal financial officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| 101 | The following financial information from American National Insurance Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2012 formatted in eXtensible Business Reporting Language (XBRL): (i) Consolidated Statements of Financial Position (unaudited) at September 30, 2012 and December 31, 2011; (ii) Consolidated Statements of Operations (unaudited) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011; (iii) Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (loss) (unaudited) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011; (iv) Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity (unaudited) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011; (v) Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012 and 2011, and (vi) related Notes to the Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements. |

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

By: /s/ Robert L. Moody
 Name: Robert L. Moody
 Title: *Chairman of the Board & Chief Executive Officer*

By: /s/ John J. Dunn, Jr.
 Name: John J. Dunn, Jr.,
 Title: *Corporate Chief Financial Officer*

Date: November 5, 2012