EQUINIX INC Form 10-Q April 29, 2011 Table of Contents

# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

# **FORM 10-Q**

X QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2011

OR

" TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_

Commission File Number 000-31293

# EQUINIX, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 77-0487526 (State of incorporation) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.) One Lagoon Drive, Fourth Floor, Redwood City, California 94065

(Address of principal executive offices, including ZIP code)

(650) 598-6000

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports) Yes x No "and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer x Accelerated filer Smaller reporting company or Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes "No x

The number of shares outstanding of the registrant s Common Stock as of March 31, 2011 was 46,807,852.

## EQUINIX, INC.

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## PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## **Item 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements**

## EQUINIX, INC.

## **Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets**

## (in thousands)

	March 31, 2011	December 31, 2010	
	(unau	nudited)	
Assets			
Current assets:	Φ 204.466	Φ 442.041	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 304,466	\$ 442,841	
Short-term investments	150,040	147,192	
Accounts receivable, net	114,207	116,358	
Other current assets	126,277	71,657	
Total current assets	694,990	778,048	
Long-term investments	2,145	2,806	
Property, plant and equipment, net	2,881,126	2,650,953	
Goodwill	789,876	774,365	
Intangible assets, net	148,874	150,945	
Other assets	135,502	90,892	
Total assets	\$ 4,652,513	\$ 4,448,009	
Liabilities and Stockholders Equity			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 133,536	\$ 145,854	
Accrued property, plant and equipment	125,579	91,667	
Current portion of capital lease and other financing obligations	8,381	7,988	
Current portion of loans payable	20,204	19,978	
Other current liabilities	55,574	52,628	
Total current liabilities	343,274	318,115	
Capital lease and other financing obligations, less current portion	296,913	253,945	
Loans payable, less current portion	126,617	100,337	
Convertible debt	922,325	916,337	
Senior notes	750,000	750,000	
Other liabilities	225,987	228,760	
Total liabilities	2,665,116	2,567,494	
Commitments and contingencies (Note 9)			
Stockholders equity:			
Common stock	47	46	
Additional paid-in capital	2,372,660	2,341,586	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(61,356)	(112,018)	
Accumulated deficit  Accumulated deficit	(323,954)	(349,099)	
Accumulated deficit	(323,934)	(347,099)	

Total stockholders equity 1,987,397 1,880,515

Total liabilities and stockholders equity \$4,652,513 \$4,448,009

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

## EQUINIX, INC.

## **Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations**

(in thousands, except per share data)

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2011 (Unau	2010 dited)
Revenues	\$ 363,029	\$ 248,649
Costs and operating expenses:		
Cost of revenues	194,576	133,050
Sales and marketing	33,636	19,468
General and administrative	62,601	43,155
Restructuring charges	496	
Acquisition costs	415	4,994
Total costs and operating expenses	291,724	200,667
Income from operations	71,305	47,982
Interest income	215	506
Interest expense	(37,361)	(25,675)
Other-than-temporary impairment recovery on investments		3,420
Loss on debt extinguishment and interest rate swaps, net		(3,377)
Other income	2,111	20
Income before income taxes	36,270	22,876
Income tax expense	(11,125)	(8,677)
Net income	\$ 25,145	\$ 14,199
Earnings per share:		
Basic earnings per share	\$ 0.54	\$ 0.36
Weighted-average shares	46,451	39,562
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.53	\$ 0.35
Weighted-average shares	47,219	40,791

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

## EQUINIX, INC.

## **Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

## (in thousands)

Cash flows from operating activities:		Three mo Mar 2011 (unau	ch 31,	2010
Net income	\$	25,145	\$	14,199
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	Ψ	25,115	Ψ	1 1,177
Depreciation		74,062		47,301
Stock-based compensation		15,535		14,974
Amortization of debt issuance costs and debt discounts		7,284		5,554
Amortization of intangible assets		4,273		1,388
Allowance for doubtful accounts		1,204		290
Accretion of asset retirement obligation and accrued restructuring charges		1,125		568
Loss on debt extinguishment and interest rate swaps, net		, -		3,377
Other items		920		209
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable		3,099		(6,086)
Other assets		(4,279)		4,455
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(13,606)		15,886
Other liabilities		3,008		(2,303)
Net cash provided by operating activities		117,770		99,812
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Purchases of investments		(149,963)		(89,984)
Sales of investments		75,583		1,509
Maturities of investments		72,195		200,760
Purchases of property, plant and equipment		(175,115)		(143,400)
Purchase of Paris 4 IBX property		(14,951)		
Increase in restricted cash		(94,773)		(686)
Release of restricted cash		630		244
Other investing activities		5		
Net cash used in investing activities		(286,389)		(31,557)
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Proceeds from employee equity awards		15,668		10,883
Proceeds from senior notes				750,000
Proceeds from loans payable		22,653		
Repayment of capital lease and other financing obligations		(1,968)		(1,554)
Repayment of mortgage and loans payable		(10,102)		(114,340)
Debt issuance costs		(125)		(15,193)
Net cash provided by financing activities		26,126		629,796
Effect of foreign currency exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents		4,118		(4,805)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(138,375)		693,246

Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	442,84	l	346,056
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 304,460	5 \$1	1,039,302
Supplemental cash flow information: Cash paid for taxes	\$ 174	4 \$	578
Cash paid for interest	\$ 36,73	7 \$	8,288

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements

#### EQUINIX, INC.

#### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies

#### Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared by Equinix, Inc. (Equinix or the Company) and reflect all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, which in the opinion of management are necessary to fairly state the financial position and the results of operations for the interim periods presented. The condensed consolidated balance sheet data at December 31, 2010 has been derived from audited consolidated financial statements at that date. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), but omit certain information and footnote disclosure necessary to present the statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America. For further information, refer to the Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes thereto included in Equinix s Form 10-K as filed with the SEC on February 25, 2011. Results for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results for the entire fiscal year.

#### Consolidation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Equinix and its subsidiaries, including the operations of Switch & Data Facilities Company, Inc. from April 30, 2010. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

#### Reclassifications

Certain amounts in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the consolidated financial statement presentation as of and for the three months ended March 31, 2011.

#### **Income Taxes**

The Company s effective tax rates were 30.7% and 37.9% for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

#### Stock-Based Compensation

In February and March 2011, the Compensation Committee and the Stock Award Committee of the Board of Directors approved the issuance of an aggregate of 706,270 shares of restricted stock units to certain employees, including executive officers, pursuant to the 2000 Equity Incentive Plan as part of the Company s annual refresh program. These equity awards are subject to vesting provisions and had a total fair value as of the dates of grant of \$60,485,000, which is expected to be amortized over a weighted-average period of 3.2 years.

The following table presents, by operating expense category, the Company s stock-based compensation expense recognized in the Company s condensed consolidated statement of operations (in thousands):

	Three mo	nths ended	
	Mar	March 31,	
	2011	2010	
Cost of revenues	\$ 1,345	\$ 1,594	
Sales and marketing	2,866	2,931	
General and administrative	11,324	10,449	
	\$ 15.535	\$ 14.974	

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#### EQUINIX, INC.

#### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In October 2009, the FASB issued an accounting standards update ( ASU ), which addresses the accounting for multiple-deliverable arrangements to enable vendors to account for products or services (deliverables) separately rather than as a combined unit. This ASU is effective prospectively for revenue arrangements entered into or materially modified beginning in fiscal years on or after June 15, 2010. The Company adopted this ASU during the three months ended March 31, 2011. The adoption of this ASU did not have any material impact on the Company s consolidated financial statements.

In January 2010, the FASB issued an ASU, which amends the use of fair value measures and the related disclosures. This ASU requires disclosure of activity in Level 3 fair value measurements on a gross basis, which is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2010. The Company adopted this ASU during the three months ended March 31, 2010 with respect to the new disclosures for transfers in and out of Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements, and its adoption did not have any significant impact on the Company s consolidated financial statements. The Company adopted this ASU during the three months ended March 31, 2011 with respect to the disclosure of activity in Level 3 fair value measurements on a gross basis, and its adoption of this ASU did not have any material impact on the Company s consolidated financial statements.

#### 2. Earnings Per Share

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share for the periods presented (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2011	2010
Net income	\$ 25,145	\$ 14,199
Weighted-average shares used to compute basic earnings per share	46,451	39,562
Effect of dilutive securities:		
Employee equity awards	768	1,229
Weighted-average shares used to compute diluted earnings per share	47,219	40,791
Earnings per share:	,	,
Basic	\$ 0.54	\$ 0.36
Diluted	\$ 0.53	\$ 0.35

The following table sets forth weighted-average outstanding potential shares of common stock that are not included in the diluted earnings per share calculation above because to do so would be anti-dilutive for the periods indicated (in thousands):

Three months ended March 31, 2011 2010

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Shares reserved for conversion of 2.50% convertible subordinated notes	2,232	2,232
Shares reserved for conversion of 3.00% convertible subordinated notes	2,945	2,945
Shares reserved for conversion of 4.75% convertible subordinated notes	4,433	4,433
Common stock related to employee equity awards	1,064	661
	10,674	10,271

#### **EQUINIX, INC.**

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 3. Balance Sheet Components

## Cash, Cash Equivalents and Short-Term and Long-Term Investments

Cash, cash equivalents and short-term and long-term investments consisted of the following as of (in thousands):

	March 31, 2011			
	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
U.S. government and agency obligations	\$ 246,972	\$ 8	\$ (2)	\$ 246,978
Cash and money markets	207,471			207,471
Corporate bonds	428	7		435
Asset-backed securities	1,679	88		1,767
Total cash, cash equivalents and available-for-sale securities	456,550	103	(2)	456,651
Less amounts classified as cash and cash equivalents	(304,461)	(5)		(304,466)
Total securities classified as investments	152,089	98	(2)	152,185
Less amounts classified as short-term investments	(150,036)	(6)	2	(150,040)
Total long-term investments	\$ 2,053	\$ 92	\$	\$ 2,145

Cash, cash equivalents and short-term and long-term investments consisted of the following as of (in thousands):

	December 31, 2010			
	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
U.S. government and agency obligations	\$ 391,945	\$ 12	\$	\$ 391,957
Cash and money markets	195,860			195,860
Corporate bonds	2,632	13		2,645
Asset-backed securities	2,266	112	(1)	2,377
Total cash, cash equivalents and available-for-sale securities	592,703	137	(1)	592,839
Less amounts classified as cash and cash equivalents	(442,833)	(8)		(442,841)
Total securities classified as investments	149,870	129	(1)	149,998
Less amounts classified as short-term investments	(147,176)	(16)		(147,192)
Total long-term investments	\$ 2,694	\$ 113	\$ (1)	\$ 2,806

As of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, cash equivalents included investments which were readily convertible to cash and had original maturity dates of 90 days or less. The maturities of securities classified as short-term investments were one year or less as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010. The maturities of securities classified as long-term investments were greater than one year and less than three years as of

March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010.

While certain marketable securities carry unrealized losses, the Company expects that it will receive both principal and interest according to the stated terms of each of the securities and that the decline in market value is primarily due to changes in the interest rate environment from the time the securities were purchased as compared to interest rates at March 31, 2011.

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#### EQUINIX, INC.

#### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The following table summarizes the fair value and gross unrealized losses related to two available-for-sale securities with an aggregate cost basis of \$56,993,000, aggregated by type of investment and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position, as of March 31, 2011 (in thousands):

	Securities	in a loss	Securiti	ies in a loss
	position for l	less than 12	position f	or 12 months
	mon	ths	or	more
		Gross		Gross
		unrealized		unrealized
	Fair value	losses	Fair value	losses
U.S. government and agency obligations	\$ 56,991	\$ (2)	\$	\$

While the Company does not believe it holds investments that are other-than-temporarily impaired and believes that the Company s investments will mature at par as of March 31, 2011, the Company s investments are subject to the currently adverse market conditions. If market conditions were to deteriorate, the Company could sustain other-than-temporary impairments to its investment portfolio which could result in additional realized losses being recorded in interest income, net or securities markets could become inactive which could affect the liquidity of the Company s investments. As securities mature, the Company has reinvested the proceeds in U.S. government securities, such as Treasury bills and Treasury notes, of a short-term duration and lower yield in order to meet its capital expenditure requirements. As a result, the Company expects to recognize lower interest income in future periods.

#### Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivables, net, consisted of the following as of (in thousands):

	March 31, 2011	December 31, 2010
Accounts receivable	\$ 215,127	\$ 210,919
Unearned revenue	(95,945)	(90,753
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(4,975)	(3,808
	\$ 114,207	\$ 116.358

Trade accounts receivable are recorded at the invoiced amount and generally do not bear interest. The Company generally invoices its customers at the end of a calendar month for services to be provided the following month. Accordingly, unearned revenue consists of pre-billing for services that have not yet been provided, but which have been billed to customers in advance in accordance with the terms of their contract.

#### EQUINIX, INC.

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### Other Current Assets

Other current assets consisted of the following as of (in thousands):

	March 31, 2011	Dec	ember 31, 2010
Restricted cash, current	\$ 60,236	\$	
Deferred tax assets, net	22,793		38,696
Taxes receivable	17,822		6,857
Prepaid expenses	16,125		17,810
Other receivables	2,420		4,779
Foreign currency forward contract receivable	1,069		
Other current assets	5,812		3,515
	\$ 126,277	\$	71,657

Restricted cash, current has increased as a result of the Paris 4 IBX Financing (see Note 8).

#### Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment consisted of the following as of (in thousands):

	March 31, 2011	December 31, 2010
IBX plant and machinery	\$ 1,576,807	\$ 1,524,559
Leasehold improvements	854,809	826,540
Buildings	452,779	395,752
Site improvements	308,233	307,933
IBX equipment	298,571	263,995
Computer equipment and software	120,941	114,263
Land	93,003	89,312
Furniture and fixtures	17,156	15,602
Construction in progress	255,954	128,535
	3,978,253	3,666,491
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,097,127)	(1,015,538)
	\$ 2,881,126	\$ 2,650,953

Leasehold improvements, IBX plant and machinery, computer equipment and software and buildings recorded under capital leases aggregated \$118,075,000 and \$117,289,000 at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively. Amortization on the assets recorded under capital leases is included in depreciation expense and accumulated depreciation on such assets totaled \$31,533,000 and \$29,235,000 as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively.

#### EQUINIX, INC.

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### Goodwill and Intangible Assets

Goodwill and intangible assets, net, consisted of the following as of (in thousands):

		March 31, 2011	De	cember 31, 2010
Goodwill:				
Americas		\$ 408,730	\$	408,730
EMEA		360,545		345,486
Asia-Pacific		20,601		20,149
		\$ 789,876	\$	774,365
Intangible assets:	:			
Intangible asset	customer contracts	\$ 159,343	\$	156,621
Intangible asset	favorable leases	18,626		18,285
Intangible asset	others	3,486		3,483
		181,455		178,389
Accumulated am	ortization	(32,581)		(27,444)
		\$ 148,874	\$	150,945

The Company s goodwill and intangible assets in EMEA (see Note 11), denominated in British pounds and Euros, goodwill in Asia-Pacific, denominated in Singapore dollars, and certain intangible assets in Americas, denominated in Canadian dollars, are subject to foreign currency fluctuations. The Company s foreign currency translation gains and losses, including goodwill and intangibles, are a component of other comprehensive income and loss.

For the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, the Company recorded amortization expense of \$4,273,000 and \$1,388,000, respectively, associated with its intangible assets. The Company s estimated future amortization expense related to these intangibles is as follows (in thousands):

Year ending:	
2011 (nine months remaining)	\$ 12,642
2012	16,817
2013	16,768
2014	16,510
2015	16,097
2016 and thereafter	70,040
Total	\$ 148,874

#### Other Assets

Other assets consisted of the following (in thousands):

	March 31, 2011	Dec	ember 31, 2010
Restricted cash, non-current	\$ 38,467	\$	4,309
Debt issuance costs, net	32,418		34,066
Deposits	31,656		24,604
Deferred tax assets, net	17,653		16,955
Prepaid expenses, non-current	10,211		9,597
Other assets, non-current	5,097		1,361
	\$ 135 502	\$	90.892

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## EQUINIX, INC.

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Restricted cash, non-current has increased primarily as a result of the Paris 4 IBX Financing (see Note 8).

## Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses

Accounts payable and accrued expenses consisted of the following (in thousands):

	March 31, 2011	Dec	cember 31, 2010
Accounts payable	\$ 17,216	\$	12,585
Accrued compensation and benefits	35,937		53,259
Accrued taxes	21,708		15,707
Accrued interest	19,335		25,456
Accrued utilities and security	17,795		18,346
Accrued professional fees	4,233		3,786
Accrued repairs and maintenance	3,210		2,894
Accrued other	14,102		13,821
	\$ 133,536	\$	145,854

#### Other Current Liabilities

Other current liabilities consisted of the following (in thousands):

	March 31, 2011	December 31, 2010
Deferred installation revenue	\$ 33,049	\$ 31,149
Customer deposits	13,107	12,624
Accrued restructuring charges	2,690	3,089
Deferred recurring revenue	3,259	2,349
Deferred tax liabilities	993	993
Deferred rent	591	585
Foreign currency forward contract payable	328	58
Asset retirement obligations	453	445
Other current liabilities	1,104	1,336
	\$ 55.574	\$ 52.628

#### Other Liabilities

Other liabilities consisted of the following (in thousands):

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	March 31, 2011	Dec	cember 31, 2010
Deferred tax liabilities, net	\$ 95,145	\$	103,717
Asset retirement obligations, non-current	48,931		46,322
Deferred rent, non-current	45,960		43,705
Deferred installation revenue, non-current	20,715		19,488
Deferred recurring revenue, non-current	4,580		4,897
Customer deposits, non-current	4,290		4,206
Accrued restructuring charges, non-current	3,760		3,952
Other liabilities	2,606		2,473
	\$ 225,987	\$	228,760

#### EQUINIX, INC.

#### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The Company currently leases the majority of its IBX data centers and certain equipment under non-cancelable operating lease agreements expiring through 2035. The IBX data center lease agreements typically provide for base rental rates that increase at defined intervals during the term of the lease. In addition, the Company has negotiated some rent expense abatement periods for certain leases to better match the phased build-out of its centers. The Company accounts for such abatements and increasing base rentals using the straight-line method over the life of the lease. The difference between the straight-line expense and the cash payment is recorded as deferred rent.

#### 4. Derivatives and Hedging Activities

Other Derivatives not Designated as Hedging

The Company uses foreign currency forward contracts to manage the foreign exchange risk associated with certain foreign currency-denominated assets and liabilities. As a result of foreign currency fluctuations, the U.S. dollar equivalent values of the foreign currency-denominated assets and liabilities change. Foreign currency forward contracts represent agreements to exchange the currency of one country for the currency of another country at an agreed-upon price on an agreed-upon settlement date.

The Company has not designated the foreign currency forward contracts as hedging instruments under the accounting standard for derivatives and hedging. Gains and losses on these contracts are included in other income (expense), net, along with those foreign currency gains and losses of the related foreign currency-denominated assets and liabilities associated with these foreign currency forward contracts. The Company entered into various foreign currency forward contracts during the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010.

During the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, the Company recorded a net gain of \$798,000 and \$1,052,000, respectively, which is reflected in other income (expense) on the accompanying condensed consolidated statement of operations, in connection with its foreign currency forward contracts.

#### 5. Fair Value Measurements

The Company s financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of March 31, 2011 were as follows (in thousands):

Fair value as

		. ,			
	M	of (arch 31, 2011	Fair valı Level 1	ue measurement ı Level 2	ısing Level 3
Assets:		2011	Ec ver 1	Ecver 2	Bevero
U.S. government and agency obligations	\$	246,978	\$	\$ 246,978	\$
Cash and money markets		207,471	207,471		
Corporate bonds		435		435	
Asset-backed securities		1,767		1,767	
Foreign currency forward contracts (1)		1,069		1,069	
	\$	457,720	\$ 207,471	\$ 250,249	\$
Liabilities:					
Foreign currency forward contracts (1)	\$	328	\$	\$ 328	\$

 Amounts are included within other current assets and other current liabilities in the Company s accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets.

The fair value of the Company s investments in available-for-sale money market funds approximates their face value. Such instruments are included in cash equivalents. These instruments include available-for-sale debt investments related to the Company s investments in the securities of other public companies, governmental units and other agencies. The fair value of these investments is based on the quoted market price of the underlying shares.

#### EQUINIX, INC.

#### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### Valuation Methods

Fair value estimates are made as of a specific point in time based on estimates using present value or other valuation techniques. These techniques involve uncertainties and are affected by the assumptions used and the judgments made regarding risk characteristics of various financial instruments, discount rates, estimates of future cash flows, future expected loss experience and other factors.

The Company considers each category of investments held to be an asset group. The asset groups held at March 31, 2011 were primarily U.S. government securities, cash and money market funds, corporate bonds and asset-backed securities. The Company s fair value assessment includes an evaluation by each of these securities held for sale, all of which continue to be classified within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

The types of instruments valued based on other observable inputs include available-for-sale debt investments in other public companies, governmental units and other agencies. Such instruments are generally classified within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

Short-Term and Long-Term Investments. The Company uses the specific identification method in computing realized gains or losses. Short-term and long-term investments are classified as available-for-sale and are carried at fair value based on quoted market prices with unrealized gains and losses reported in stockholders equity as a component of other comprehensive income or loss, net of any related tax effect. The Company reviews its investment portfolio quarterly to determine if any securities may be other-than-temporarily impaired due to increased credit risk, changes in industry or sector of a certain instrument or ratings downgrades over an extended period of time. The Company determined that these quoted market prices qualify as Level 1 and Level 2.

Derivative Assets and Liabilities. For foreign currency derivatives, the Company s approach is to use forward contract and option valuation models employing market observable inputs, such as spot currency rates, time value and option volatilities with adjustments made to these values utilizing the credit default swap rates of our foreign exchange trading counterparties. Although the Company has determined that the majority of the inputs used to value its derivatives fall within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, the credit risk valuation adjustments associated with its derivatives utilize Level 3 inputs, such as estimates of current credit spreads to evaluate the likelihood of default by itself and its counterparties. However, as of March 31, 2011, the Company had assessed the significance of the impact of the credit risk valuation adjustments on the overall valuation of its derivative positions and had determined that the credit risk valuation adjustments were not significant to the overall valuation of its derivatives. Therefore, they are categorized as Level 2.

During the three months ended March 31, 2011, the Company did not have any nonfinancial assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

#### 6. Related Party Transactions

The Company has several significant stockholders and other related parties that are also customers and/or vendors. The Company s activity of related party transactions was as follows (in thousands):

	Three mor	Three months ended	
	Marc	h 31,	
	2011	2010	
Revenues	\$ 5,811	\$ 5,392	
Costs and services	388	393	

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#### EQUINIX, INC.

#### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

	As of M	larch 31,
	2011	2010
Accounts receivable	\$ 5,465	\$ 3,727
Accounts payable	258	234

## 7. Capital Lease and Other Financing Obligations

#### Hong Kong 2 IBX Lease

In August 2010, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company entered into a lease agreement for rental of space which will be used for its second IBX data center in Hong Kong. Additionally, in December 2010, the Company entered into a license agreement with the same Landlord to obtain the right to make structural changes to the leased space (the Hong Kong 2 IBX Lease ). The Hong Kong 2 IBX Lease has a term of 12 years and a total cumulative rent obligation of approximately \$40,518,000 (using the exchange rate as of March 31, 2011). Pursuant to the accounting standards for lessee s involvement in asset construction, the Company is now considered the owner of the leased space during the construction phase due to the structural work that the Company is now undertaking, which commenced in January 2011. As a result, in January 2011, the Company recorded a building asset totaling approximately \$37,957,000 (using the exchange rate as of March 31, 2011) and a related financing obligation liability totaling approximately \$38,069,000 (using the exchange rate as of March 31, 2011).

## Maturities of Capital Lease and Other Financing Obligations

The Company s capital lease and other financing obligations are summarized as follows (dollars in thousands):

		March 31, 2011 Other	
	Capital leases	financing obligations	Total
2011 (nine months remaining)	\$ 9,301	\$ 12,952	\$ 22,253
2012	12,827	19,216	32,043
2013	12,817	19,933	32,750
2014	13,013	20,577	33,590
2015	13,483	20,880	34,363
Thereafter	103,573	164,348	267,921
Total minimum lease payments	165,014	257,906	422,920
Plus amount representing residual property value		109,986	109,986
Less amount representing interest	(62,949)	(164,663)	(227,612)
Present value of net minimum lease payments	102,065	203,229	305,294
Less current portion	(4,910)	(3,471)	(8,381)
	\$ 97,155	\$ 199,758	\$ 296,913

#### 8. Debt Facilities

#### Loans Payable

The Company s loans payable consisted of the following (in thousands):

	March 31, 2011	De	cember 31, 2010
New Asia-Pacific financing	\$ 134,720	\$	120,315
Paris 4 IBX financing	12,101		
	146,821		120,315
Less current portion of principal	(20,204)		(19,978)
	\$ 126,617	\$	100,337

#### EQUINIX, INC.

#### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

New Asia-Pacific Financing

During the three months ended March 31, 2011, the Company received additional advances totaling approximately \$22,653,000 under the New Asia-Pacific Financing leaving the amount available to borrow totaling approximately \$70,996,000. The outstanding loans payable under the New Asia-Pacific Financing had a blended interest rate of 4.69% as of March 31, 2011. As of March 31, 2011, the Company was in compliance with all financial covenants associated with the New Asia-Pacific Financing.

#### Paris 4 IBX Financing

In March 2011, the Company entered into two agreements with two unrelated parties to purchase and develop a building that will ultimately become the Company s fourth IBX data center in the Paris metro area. The first agreement allowed the Company the right to purchase the property for a total fee of approximately \$21,297,000 payable to a company that held exclusive rights (including power rights) to the property and was already in the process of developing the property into a data center and will now, instead, become the anchor tenant in the Paris 4 IBX data center once it is open for business. The second agreement was entered into with the developer of the property and allowed the Company to take immediate title to the building and associated land and also requires the developer to construct the data center to the Company s specifications and hand over the completed data center to the Company in July 2012 for a total fee of approximately \$107,462,000. Both agreements include extended payment terms. The Company made payments under both agreements totaling approximately \$35,687,000 in March 2011 and the remaining payments due totaling approximately \$93,072,000 are payable on various dates through March 2013 (the Paris 4 IBX Financing ). Of the amounts paid or payable under the Paris 4 IBX Financing, a total of \$14,951,000 was allocated to land and building assets, \$3,761,000 was allocated to a deferred charge, which will be netted against revenue associated with the anchor tenant of the Paris 4 IBX data center over the term of the customer contract, and the remainder totaling \$110,047,000 was or will be allocated to construction costs inclusive of interest charges. The Company has imputed an interest rate of 5.90% per annum on the Paris 4 IBX Financing and as of March 31, 2011, a total of \$12,101,000 was outstanding under the Paris 4 IBX Financing. The Company will record additional construction costs and increase the Paris 4 IBX Financing liability over the course of the construction period. The Paris 4 IBX Financing also required the Company to post approximately \$94,734,000 of cash into a restricted cash account as collateral for the developer during the construction period. As a result, the Company's restricted cash balances (both current and non-current) have increased (refer to Other Current Assets and Other Assets in Note 3).

## Convertible Debt

The Company s convertible debt consisted of the following (in thousands):

	March 31, 2011	December 31, 2010
2.50% convertible subordinated notes due April 2012	\$ 250,000	\$ 250,000
3.00% convertible subordinated notes due October 2014	395,986	395,986
4.75% convertible subordinated notes due June 2016	373,750	373,750
	1,019,736	1,019,736
Less amount representing debt discount	(97,411)	(103,399)
	922,325	916,337
Less current portion of principal		
	\$ 922,325	\$ 916,337

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## EQUINIX, INC.

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### Maturities of Debt Facilities

The following table sets forth maturities of the Company s debt, including loans payable, senior notes and convertible debt, as of March 31, 2011 (in thousands):

Year ending:		
2011 (nine months remaining)	\$ 10	0,102
2012	28-	4,053
2013	4	4,378
2014	434	4,084
2015	2	0,190
Thereafter	1,12	3,750

\$ 1,916,557

#### Fair Value of Debt Facilities

The following table sets forth the estimated fair values of the Company s loans payable, senior notes and convertible debt, including current maturities, as of (in thousands):

	March 31,	December 31,		
	2011	2010		
Loans payable	\$ 155,284	\$ 126,958		
Senior notes	821,050	816,270		
Convertible debt	1,040,782	995,012		

#### Interest Charges

The following table sets forth total interest costs incurred and total interest costs capitalized for the periods presented (in thousands):

		Three months ended March 31,		
	2011	2010		
Interest expense	\$ 37,361	\$ 25,675		
Interest capitalized	2,624	3,748		
Interest charges incurred	\$ 39,985	\$ 29,423		

## 9. Commitments and Contingencies

## Legal Matters

IPO Litigation

On July 30, 2001 and August 8, 2001, putative shareholder class action lawsuits were filed against the Company, certain of its officers and directors (the Individual Defendants), and several investment banks that were underwriters of the Company's initial public offering (the Underwriter Defendants). The cases were filed in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York. Similar lawsuits were filed against approximately 300 other issuers and related parties. These lawsuits have been coordinated before a single judge. The purported class action alleges violations of Sections 11 and 15 of the Securities Act of 1933 and Sections 10(b), Rule 10b-5 and 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 against the Company and the Individual Defendants. The plaintiffs have since dismissed the Individual Defendants without prejudice. The suits allege that the Underwriter Defendants agreed to allocate stock in the Company's initial public offering to certain investors in exchange for excessive and undisclosed commissions and agreements by those investors to make additional purchases in the aftermarket at pre-determined prices. The plaintiffs allege that the prospectus for the Company's initial public offering was false and misleading and in violation of the securities laws because it did not disclose these arrangements. The action seeks damages in an unspecified amount. On February 19, 2003, the court dismissed the Section 10(b) claim against the Company, but denied the motion to dismiss the Section 11 claim.

#### EQUINIX, INC.

#### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The parties in the approximately 300 coordinated cases, including the parties in the Equinix case, reached a settlement. It provides for releases of existing claims and claims that could have been asserted relating to the conduct alleged to be wrongful from the class of investors participating in the settlement. The insurers for the issuer defendants in the coordinated cases will make the settlement payment on behalf of the issuers, including Equinix. On October 6, 2009, the Court granted final approval to the settlement. Two appeals are proceeding before the United States Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit. Plaintiffs have moved to dismiss both appeals.

Due to the inherent uncertainties of litigation, the Company cannot accurately predict the ultimate outcome of the matter. The Company is unable at this time to determine whether the outcome of the litigation would have a material impact on its results of operations, financial condition or cash flows.

#### Pihana Litigation

On August 22, 2008, a complaint was filed against Equinix, certain former officers and directors of Pihana Pacific, Inc. (Pihana), certain investors in Pihana, and others. The lawsuit was filed in the First Circuit Court of the State of Hawaii, and arises out of December 2002 agreements pursuant to which Equinix merged Pihana and i-STT (a subsidiary of Singapore Technologies Telemedia Pte Ltd) into the Internet exchange services business of Equinix. Plaintiffs, who were allegedly holders of Pihana common stock, allege that their rights as shareholders were violated, and the transaction was effectuated improperly, by Pihana s majority shareholders, officers and directors, with the alleged assistance of Equinix and others. Among other things, plaintiffs contend that they effectively had a right to block the transaction, that this supposed right was disregarded, and that they improperly received no consideration when the deal was completed. The complaint seeks to recover unspecified punitive damages, equitable relief, fees and costs, and compensatory damages in an amount that plaintiffs allegedly believe may be all or a substantial portion of the approximately \$725,000,000 value of Equinix held by Defendants (a group that includes more than 30 individuals and entities). An amended complaint, which adds new plaintiffs (other alleged holders of Pihana common stock) but is otherwise substantially similar to the original pleading, was filed on September 29, 2008 (the Amended Complaint ). On October 13, 2008, a complaint was filed in a separate action by another purported holder of Pihana common stock, naming the same defendants and asserting substantially similar allegations as the August 22, 2008 and September 29, 2008 pleadings. On December 12, 2008, the court entered a stipulated order, which consolidated the two actions under one case number and set January 22, 2009 as the last day for Defendants to move to dismiss or otherwise respond to the Amended Complaint, the operative complaint in this case. On January 22, 2009, motions to dismiss the Amended Complaint were filed by Equinix and other Defendants. On April 24, 2009, plaintiffs filed a Second Amended Complaint (SAC) to correct the naming of certain parties. The SAC is otherwise substantively identical to the Amended Complaint, and all motions to dismiss the Amended Complaint have been treated as responsive to the SAC. On September 1, 2009, the Court heard Defendants motions to dismiss the SAC and ruled at the hearing that all claims against all Defendants are time-barred. The Court also considered whether there were further independent grounds for dismissing the claims, and supplemental briefing was submitted with respect to claims against one defendant and plaintiffs renewed request for further leave to amend. On March 23, 2010, the Court entered final Orders granting the motions to dismiss as to all Defendants and issued a minute Order denying plaintiffs renewed request for further leave to amend. On May 21, 2010, plaintiffs filed a Notice of Appeal, and plaintiffs appeal is currently pending before the Hawaii Supreme Court. The Company believes that plaintiffs claims and alleged damages are without merit and it intends to continue to defend the litigation vigorously.

Due to the inherent uncertainties of litigation, the Company cannot accurately predict the ultimate outcome of the matter. The Company is unable at this time to determine whether the outcome of the litigation would have a material impact on its results of operations, financial condition or cash flows.

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#### EQUINIX, INC.

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Alleged Class Action and Shareholder Derivative Action

On March 4, 2011, an alleged class action entitled Cement Masons & Plasterers Joint Pension Trust v. Equinix, Inc., et al., No. CV-11-1016-SC, was filed in the United States District Court for the Northern District of California, against Equinix and two of its officers. The suit asserts purported claims under Sections 10(b) and 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for allegedly misleading statements regarding the Company s business and financial results. The suit is purportedly brought on behalf of purchasers of the Company s common stock between July 29, 2010 and October 5, 2010, and seeks compensatory damages, fees and costs. Defendants have not yet responded to the claims in this action.

On March 8, 2011, an alleged shareholder derivative action entitled Rikos v. Equinix, Inc., et al., No. CGC-11-508940, was filed in California Superior Court, County of San Francisco, against Equinix (as a nominal defendant), the members of the Company s board of directors, and two of its officers. The suit is based on allegations similar to those in the federal securities class action and, allegedly on the Company s behalf, asserts purported state law causes of action against the individual defendants for breach of fiduciary duty, abuse of control, gross mismanagement, waste of corporate assets and unjust enrichment. The suit seeks, among other things, compensatory and treble damages, restitution and other equitable relief, and fees and costs. Defendants have not yet responded to the claims in this action.

Due to the inherent uncertainties of litigation, the Company cannot accurately predict the ultimate outcome of the matter. The Company is unable at this time to determine whether the outcome of the litigation would have a material impact on its results of operations, financial condition or cash flows.

#### Litigation Summary

The Company believes that while an unfavorable outcome to these litigations is reasonably possible, a range of potential loss cannot be determined at this time. As a result, the Company had not accrued for any amounts in connection with these legal matters as of March 31, 2011. The Company and its officers and directors intend to continue to defend the actions vigorously.

#### Other Purchase Commitments

Primarily as a result of the Company s various IBX expansion projects, as of March 31, 2011, the Company was contractually committed for \$204,816,000 of unaccrued capital expenditures, primarily for IBX equipment not yet delivered and labor not yet provided, in connection with the work necessary to open these IBX centers and make them available to customers for installation. In addition, the Company had numerous other, non-capital purchase commitments in place as of March 31, 2011, such as commitments to purchase power in select locations through the remainder of 2011 and thereafter, and other open purchase orders for goods or services to be delivered or provided during the remainder of 2011 and thereafter. Such other miscellaneous purchase commitments totaled \$128,635,000 as of March 31, 2011.

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#### EQUINIX, INC.

#### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 10. Other Comprehensive Income and Loss

The components of other comprehensive income (loss) are as follows (in thousands):

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2011	2010
Net income	\$ 25,145	\$ 14,199
Unrealized loss on available for sale securities, net of tax of \$14 and \$64,		
respectively	(21)	(104)
Unrealized gain on interest rate swaps, net of tax of \$0 and \$3,469,		
respectively		4,933
Foreign currency translation gain (loss), net of tax \$27 and \$242, respectively	50,683	(40,089)
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 75,807	\$ (21,061)

Changes in foreign currencies, particularly the British pound and Euro, can have a significant impact to the Company s consolidated balance sheets (as evidenced above in the Company s foreign currency translation gain or loss), as well as its consolidated results of operations, as amounts in foreign currencies are generally translating into more U.S. dollars when the U.S. dollar weakens or less U.S. dollars when the U.S. dollar strengthens. During the three months ended March 31, 2011, the U.S. dollar weakened against certain of the currencies of the foreign countries in which the Company operates. This has significantly impacted the Company s condensed consolidated balance sheets (as evidenced in the Company s foreign currency translation gain in this period), as well as its condensed consolidated statements of operations as amounts denominated in foreign currencies are generally translating into more U.S. dollars. To the extent that the U.S. dollar weakens or strengthens in future periods, this will continue to impact the Company s consolidated financial statements including the amount of revenue that the Company reports in future periods.

#### 11. Segment Information

During the three months ended March 31, 2011, the Company changed its reportable segments as a result of the incorporation of legal entities in South America and the Middle East. The Company s prior North America segment was re-designated as the Americas segment, which includes both North and South America, and the Europe segment was re-designated as the Europe, Middle East and Africa (EMEA) segment. The change in reportable segments did not impact the Company s prior periods segment disclosures. While the Company has a single line of business, which is the design, build-out and operation of IBX data centers, it has determined that it has three reportable segments comprised of its Americas, EMEA and Asia-Pacific geographic regions. The Company s chief operating decision-maker evaluates performance, makes operating decisions and allocates resources based on the Company s revenue and adjusted EBITDA performance both on a consolidated basis and based on these three geographic regions.

## EQUINIX, INC.

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The Company provides the following segment disclosures as follows (in thousands):

		nths ended ch 31, 2010
Total revenues:	2011	2010
Americas	\$ 232,527	\$ 148,556
EMEA	82,039	64,164
Asia-Pacific	48,463	35,929
	\$ 363,029	\$ 248,649
Total depreciation and amortization:		
Americas	\$ 52,700	\$ 27,866
EMEA	16,678	14,353
Asia-Pacific	8,957	6,470
	\$ 78,335	\$ 48,689
Income from operations:		
Americas	\$ 47,319	\$ 29,601
EMEA	11,471	8,321
Asia-Pacific	12,515	10,060
	\$ 71,305	\$ 47,982
Capital expenditures:		
Americas	\$ 48,878	\$ 95,966
EMEA	82,849	39,844
Asia-Pacific	58,339	7,590
	\$ 190,066	\$ 143,400

The Company s long-lived assets are located in the following geographic areas as of (in thousands):

	March 31, 2011	December 31, 2010
Americas	\$ 1,746,026	\$ 1,764,630
EMEA	707,459	596,609
Asia-Pacific	427,641	289,714
	\$ 2 881 126	\$ 2,650,953

Revenue information on a services basis is as follows (in thousands):

		onths ended rch 31,
	2011	2010
Colocation	\$ 280,735	\$ 200,359
Interconnection	54,075	29,232
Managed infrastructure	8,477	7,300
Rental	622	345
Recurring revenues	343,909	237,236
Non-recurring revenues	19,120	11,413
	\$ 363,029	\$ 248,649

No single customer accounted for 10% or greater of the Company s revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010. No single customer accounted for 10% or greater of the Company s gross accounts receivable as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010.

#### EQUINIX, INC.

#### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 12. Restructuring Charges

Switch and Data Restructuring Charge

During the three months ended March 31, 2011, the Company recorded restructuring charges related to one-time termination benefits, primarily comprised of severance, attributed to certain Switch and Data employees as presented below (in thousands):

Accrued restructuring charge as of December 31, 2010 (1)	\$ 1,035
Severance-related expenses (2)	496
Cash payments	(793)
Accrued restructuring charge as of March 31, 2011 (1)	\$ 738

- (1) Included within other current liabilities.
- (2) Included in the consolidated statements of operations as a restructuring charge.

As of March 31, 2011, the Company s remaining accrued restructuring charge associated with the Switch and Data Acquisition is expected to be paid out during the second quarter of 2011. The Company anticipates that it will incur additional restructuring charges in connection with the Switch and Data Acquisition related to one-time termination benefits during the second quarter of 2011.

#### 2004 Restructuring Charge

A summary of the activity in the 2004 accrued restructuring charge from December 31, 2010 to March 31, 2011 is outlined as follows (in thousands):

		ccrued ructuring				ccrued ructuring
	cha	rge as of			cha	rge as of
		ember 31, 2010	 eretion pense	Cash yments		arch 31, 2011
Estimated lease exit costs	\$	6,006	\$ 100	\$ (394)	\$	5,712
		6,006	\$ 100	\$ (394)		
Less current portion		(2,054)				(1,952)
	\$	3,952			\$	3,760

As the Company currently has no plans to enter into a lease termination with the landlord associated with the excess space lease in the New York metro area, the Company has reflected its accrued restructuring liability as both a current and non-current liability. The Company reports accrued restructuring charges within other current liabilities and other liabilities on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010. The Company is contractually committed to this excess space lease through 2015.

#### EQUINIX, INC.

## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 13. Subsequent Events

On April 25, 2011, Zion RJ Participações S.A. ( Zion ), a Brazilian joint-stock company controlled by a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company and co-owned by RW Brasil Fundo de Investimento em Participações, a subsidiary of Riverwood Capital L.P. ( Riverwood ), completed the acquisition of approximately 90% of the outstanding capital stock of ALOG Data Centers do Brasil S.A. and its subsidiaries ( ALOG ) (the ALOG Acquisition ). Zion paid a total of 155,084,000 Brazilian reais in cash on the closing date, or approximately \$95,000,000, to purchase the ALOG capital stock and an additional 36,000,000 Brazilian reais, or approximately \$22,000,000, is payable in April 2013, subject to certain post-closing balance sheet adjustments and any claims for indemnification by Zion. In addition, in connection with the closing, Equinix and Riverwood funded an additional 44,913,000 Brazilian reais in cash on the closing date, or approximately \$27,500,000, to Zion in order to provide additional funding to ALOG in the future, as well as to cover certain deal expenses. As a result, Equinix has an approximate 52% indirect ownership interest in ALOG. Later in 2011, ALOG intends to provide equity awards to ALOG management that are expected to dilute Equinix s indirect ownership interest in ALOG to approximately 50.1%. ALOG operates two data centers in Brazil, with a third under construction, and is headquartered in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil. ALOG will continue to operate under the ALOG trade name.

Beginning in April 2014 and ending in May 2016, Equinix will have the right to purchase all of Riverwood s interest in Zion at a price equal to the greater of (i) its fair market value and (ii) a net purchase price that implies a compounded internal rate of return in U.S. dollars (IRR) for Riverwood s investment of 12%. If Equinix exercises its right to purchase Riverwood s shares, Equinix also will have the right, and under certain circumstances may be required, to purchase the remaining approximate 10% of shares of ALOG that Zion does not own, which are held by ALOG management.

Also beginning in April 2014 and ending in May 2016, Riverwood will have the right to require Equinix to purchase all of Riverwood s interest in Zion at a price equal to the greater of (i) its fair market value and (ii) a net purchase price that implies an IRR for Riverwood s investment of 8%, declining over time. If Riverwood exercises its right to require Equinix to purchase Riverwood s shares, Equinix will have the right, and under certain circumstances may be required, to purchase the remaining approximate 10% of shares of ALOG that Zion does not own, which are held by ALOG management.

The Company will consolidate the results of ALOG and the ALOG Acquisition will be accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting in accordance with the accounting standard for business combinations. As the Company does not wholly-own ALOG, the Company will reflect a non-controlling interest in its consolidated balance sheets and consolidated statements of operations prospectively. The preliminary purchase price allocation for the ALOG Acquisition is not currently available as the appraisals necessary to assess fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed are not yet complete.

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Item 2.

#### MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The information in this discussion contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Such statements are based upon current expectations that involve risks and uncertainties. Any statements contained herein that are not statements of historical fact may be deemed to be forward-looking statements. For example, the words believes, anticipates, plans, expects, intends and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Our actual results and the timing of certain events may differ significantly from the results discussed in the forward-looking statements. Factors that might cause such a discrepancy include, but are not limited to, those discussed in Liquidity and Capital Resources below and Risk Factors in Item 1A of Part II of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. All forward-looking statements in this document are based on information available to us as of the date of this Report and we assume no obligation to update any such forward-looking statements.

Our management s discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations is intended to assist readers in understanding our financial information from our management s perspective and is presented as follows:

Overview
Results of Operations
Non-GAAP Financial Measures
Liquidity and Capital Resources
Contractual Obligations and Off-Balance-Sheet Arrangements
Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

#### Recent Accounting Pronouncements

On April 25, 2011, as more fully described in Note 13 of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, Zion RJ Participações S.A., referred to as Zion, a Brazilian joint-stock company controlled by our wholly-owned subsidiary and co-owned by RW Brasil Fundo de Investimento em Participações, a subsidiary of Riverwood Capital L.P., referred to as Riverwood, completed the acquisition of approximately 90% of the outstanding capital stock of ALOG Data Centers do Brasil S.A. and its subsidiaries, referred to as ALOG. This transaction is referred to as the ALOG acquisition. Zion paid a total of 155.1 million Brazilian reais in cash on the closing date, or approximately \$95.0 million, to purchase the ALOG capital stock and an additional 36.0 million Brazilian reais, or approximately \$22.0 million, is payable in April 2013, subject to certain post-closing balance sheet adjustments and any claims for indemnification by Zion. In addition, in connection with the closing, Equinix and Riverwood funded an additional 45.0 million Brazilian reais in cash on the closing date, or approximately \$27.5 million, to Zion in order to provide additional funding to ALOG in the future. As a result, we have an approximate 52% indirect ownership interest in ALOG.

Overview

Equinix provides global data center services that protect and connect the world s most valued information assets. Global enterprises, financial services companies, and content and network service providers rely upon Equinix s leading insight and data centers in 35 markets around the world for the safeguarding of their critical IT equipment and the ability to directly connect to the networks that enable today s information-driven economy. Equinix offers the following data center services: premium data center colocation, interconnection and exchange services, and outsourced IT infrastructure services. As of March 31, 2011, we operated or had partner IBX data centers in the Atlanta, Boston, Buffalo, Chicago, Cleveland, Dallas, Denver, Detroit, Indianapolis, Los Angeles, Miami, Nashville, New York, Philadelphia, Phoenix, Pittsburgh, Seattle, Silicon Valley, St. Louis, Tampa, Toronto and Washington, D.C. metro areas in the Americas region; France, Germany, the Netherlands, Switzerland and the United Kingdom in the Europe, Middle East, Africa (EMEA) region; and Australia, Hong Kong, Japan, China and Singapore in the Asia-Pacific region.

We leverage our global data centers in 35 markets around the world as a global service delivery platform which serves more than 90% of the world s Internet routes and allows our customers to increase information and application delivery performance while significantly reducing costs. Based on our global delivery platform and the quality of our IBX data centers, we believe we have established a critical mass of customers. As more customers locate in our IBX data centers, it benefits their suppliers and business partners to colocate as well in order to gain the full economic and performance benefits of our services. These partners, in turn, pull in their business partners, creating a marketplace for their services. Our global delivery platform enables scalable, reliable and cost-effective colocation, interconnection and traffic exchange thus lowering overall cost and increasing flexibility. Our focused business model is based on our critical mass of customers and the resulting marketplace effect. This global delivery platform, combined with our strong financial position, continues to drive new customer growth and bookings as we drive scale into our global business.

Historically, our market has been served by large telecommunications carriers who have bundled their telecommunications products and services with their colocation offerings. The data center services market landscape has evolved to include cloud computing/utility providers, application hosting providers and systems integrators, managed infrastructure hosting providers and colocation providers with over 350 companies providing data center services in the United States alone. Each of these data center services providers can bundle various colocation, interconnection and network services, and outsourced IT infrastructure services. We are able to offer our customers a global platform that supports global reach to 12 countries, proven operational reliability, improved application performance and network choice, and a highly scalable set of services.

Our customer count increased to 4,046 as of March 31, 2011 versus 2,719 as of March 31, 2010, an increase of 49%. This increase was due both to our acquisition of Switch & Data Facilities Company, Inc. in April 2010, which is referred to as Switch and Data or the Switch and Data acquisition, and organic growth in our business. Our utilization rate represents the percentage of our cabinet space billing versus net sellable cabinet space available taking into account power limitations. Excluding the impact of the Switch and Data acquisition, our utilization rate increased to 79% as of March 31, 2011 versus approximately 76% as of March 31, 2010; however, excluding the impact of our IBX data center expansion projects that have opened during the last 12 months, our utilization rate would have increased to approximately 83% as of March 31, 2011. Including the impact of the Switch and Data acquisition, our utilization rate was 76% as of March 31, 2011. Our utilization rate varies from market to market among our IBX data centers across the Americas, EMEA and Asia-Pacific regions. We continue to monitor the available capacity in each of our selected markets. To the extent we have limited capacity available in a given market it may limit our ability for growth in that market. We perform demand studies on an ongoing basis to determine if future expansion is warranted in a market. In addition, power and cooling requirements for most customers are growing on a per unit basis. As a result, customers are consuming an increasing amount of power per cabinet. Although we generally do not control the amount of power our customers draw from installed circuits, we have negotiated power consumption limitations with certain of our high power demand customers. This increased power consumption has driven the requirement to build out our new IBX data centers to support power and cooling needs twice that of previous IBX data centers. We could face power limitations in our centers even though we may have additional physical cabinet capacity available within a specific IBX data center. This could have a negative impact on the available utilization capacity of a given center, which could have a negative impact on our ability to grow revenues, affecting our financial performance, operating results and cash flows.

Strategically, we will continue to look at attractive opportunities to grow our market share and selectively improve our footprint and service offerings. As was the case with our recent expansions and acquisitions, our expansion criteria will be dependent on a number of factors such as demand from new and existing customers, quality of the design, power capacity, access to networks, capacity availability in the current market location, amount of incremental investment required by us in the targeted property, lead-time to break-even and in-place customers. Like our recent expansions and acquisitions, the right combination of these factors may be attractive to us. Depending on the circumstances, these transactions may require additional capital expenditures funded by upfront cash payments or through long-term financing arrangements, in order to bring these properties up to Equinix standards. Property expansion may be in the form of purchases of real property, long-term leasing arrangements or acquisitions. Future purchases, construction or acquisitions may be completed by us or with partners or potential customers to minimize the outlay of cash, which can be significant.

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Our business is based on a recurring revenue model comprised of colocation, interconnection and managed infrastructure services. We consider these services recurring as our customers are generally billed on a fixed and recurring basis each month for the duration of their contract, which is generally one to three years in length. Our recurring revenues have comprised more than 90% of our total revenues during the past three years. In addition, during the past three years, in any given quarter, greater than half of our monthly recurring revenue bookings came from existing customers, contributing to our revenue growth.

Our non-recurring revenues are primarily comprised of installation services related to a customer s initial deployment and professional services that we perform. These services are considered to be non-recurring as they are billed typically once and upon completion of the installation or professional services work performed. The majority of these non-recurring revenues are typically billed on the first invoice distributed to the customer in connection with their initial installation. However, revenues from installation services are deferred and recognized ratably over the longer of the term of the related contract or expected life of the services. Additionally, revenue from contract settlements, when a customer wishes to terminate their contract early, is generally recognized on a cash basis, when no remaining performance obligations exist, to the extent that the revenue has not previously been recognized. As a percentage of total revenues, we expect non-recurring revenues to represent less than 10% of total revenues for the foreseeable future.

Our Americas revenues are derived primarily from colocation and interconnection services while our EMEA and Asia-Pacific revenues are derived primarily from colocation and managed infrastructure services.

The largest components of our cost of revenues are depreciation, rental payments related to our leased IBX data centers, utility costs, including electricity and bandwidth, IBX data center employees—salaries and benefits, including stock-based compensation, repairs and maintenance, supplies and equipment and security services. A substantial majority of our cost of revenues is fixed in nature and should not vary significantly from period to period, unless we expand our existing IBX data centers or open or acquire new IBX data centers. However, there are certain costs which are considered more variable in nature, including utilities and supplies, that are directly related to growth in our existing and new customer base. We expect the cost of our utilities, specifically electricity, will increase in the future on a per-unit or fixed basis in addition to the variable increase related to the growth in consumption by the customer. In addition, the cost of electricity is generally higher in the summer months as compared to other times of the year. To the extent we incur increased utility costs, such increased costs could materially impact our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. Furthermore, to the extent we incur increased electricity costs as a result of either climate change policies or the physical effects of climate change, such increased costs could materially impact our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

Sales and marketing expenses consist primarily of compensation and related costs for sales and marketing personnel, including stock-based compensation, sales commissions, marketing programs, public relations, promotional materials and travel, as well as bad debt expense and amortization of customer contract intangible assets.

General and administrative expenses consist primarily of salaries and related expenses, including stock-based compensation, accounting, legal and other professional service fees, and other general corporate expenses such as our corporate regional headquarters office leases and some depreciation expense.

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Due to our recurring revenue model, and a cost structure which has a large base that is fixed in nature and generally does not grow in proportion to revenue growth, we expect our cost of revenues, sales and marketing expenses and general and administrative expenses to decline as a percentage of revenue over time, although we expect each of them to grow in absolute dollars in connection with our growth. This is evident in the trends noted below in our discussion on our results of operations. However, for cost of revenues, this trend may periodically be impacted when a large expansion project opens or is acquired and before it starts generating any meaningful revenue. Furthermore, in relation to cost of revenues, we note that the Americas region has a lower cost of revenues as a percentage of revenue than either EMEA or Asia-Pacific. This is due to both the increased scale and maturity of the Americas region compared to either EMEA or Asia-Pacific, as well as a higher cost structure outside of Americas, particularly in EMEA. While we expect all three regions to continue to see lower cost of revenues as a percentage of revenues in future periods, we expect the trend of Americas having the lowest cost of revenues as a percentage of revenue and EMEA having the highest to continue. As a result, to the extent that revenue growth outside Americas grows in greater proportion than revenue growth in Americas, our overall cost of revenues as a percentage of revenues may increase in future periods. Sales and marketing expenses and general and administrative expenses may also periodically increase as a percentage of revenue as we continue to scale our operations to support our growth.

#### **Results of Operations**

Our results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2011 include the operations of Switch and Data, an acquisition that closed on April 30, 2010.

#### **Constant Currency Presentation**

Our revenues and certain operating expenses (cost of revenues, sales and marketing and general and administrative expenses) from our international operations have represented and will continue to represent a significant portion of our total revenues and certain operating expenses. As a result, our revenues and certain operating expenses have been and will continue to be affected by changes in the U.S. dollar against major international currencies such as the British pound, Canadian dollar, Euro, Swiss franc, Australian dollar, Hong Kong dollar, Japanese yen and Singapore dollar. In order to provide a framework for assessing how each of our business segments performed excluding the impact of foreign currency fluctuations, we present period-over-period percentage changes in our revenues and certain operating expenses on a constant currency basis in addition to the historical amounts as reported. Presenting constant currency results of operations is a non-GAAP financial measure and is not meant to be considered in isolation or as an alternative to GAAP results of operations. However, we have presented this non-GAAP financial measure to provide investors with an additional tool to evaluate our operating results. To present this information, our current and comparative prior period revenues and certain operating expenses from entities reporting in currencies other than the U.S. dollar are converted into U.S. dollars at constant exchange rates rather than the actual exchange rates in effect during the respective periods (i.e. average rates in effect for the three months ended March 31, 2010 are used as exchange rates for the three months ended March 31, 2011 when comparing the three months ended March 31, 2011 with the three months ended March 31, 2010). For the three months ended March 31, 2011, our Americas operations consisted of the U.S. operations and Canadian operations which were added through the Switch and Data acquisition.

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## Three Months Ended March 31, 2011 and 2010

**Revenues.** Our revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 were generated from the following revenue classifications and geographic regions (dollars in thousands):

	Three months ended March 31,				% change Constant	
	2011	%	2010	%	Actual	currency
Americas:						
Recurring revenues	\$ 223,389	62%	\$ 143,417	58%	56%	n/a
Non-recurring revenues	9,138	2%	5,139	2%	78%	n/a
	232,527	64%	148,556	60%	57%	n/a
EMEA:						
Recurring revenues	74,328	21%	59,445	24%	25%	24%
Non-recurring revenues	7,711	2%	4,719	2%	63%	64%
	82,039	23%	64,164	26%	28%	27%
Asia-Pacific:	&n					