PARADYNE NETWORKS INC Form 10-Q October 31, 2003 **Table of Contents**

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-Q
x QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2003
" TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGIACT OF 1934
For the transition period from to
Commission File No. 000-26485

Paradyne Networks, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of

75-2658219 (IRS Employer

incorporation or organization)

Identification No.)

8545 126th Avenue North

Largo, Florida 33773

(Address of principal executive offices, zip code)

(727) 530-2000

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No "

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes "No x

The number of shares of the registrant s common stock outstanding at October 29, 2003, the latest practicable date, was 43,636,337.

INDEX

PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1.	Financial Statements	
	Condensed Unaudited Consolidated Balance Sheets at September 30, 2003 and December 31, 2002	1
	Condensed Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Operations for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2003 and September 30, 2002	2
	Condensed Unaudited Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2003 and September 30, 2002	3
	Notes to Condensed Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements	4
Item 2.	Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	11
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk	17
Item 4.	Controls and Procedures	17
	PART II OTHER INFORMATION	
Item 1.	<u>Legal Proceedings</u>	18
Item 6.	Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K	19
Signatures		19
Certifications		

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PARADYNE NETWORKS, INC.

CONDENSED UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT SHARE DATA)

	SEPT	TEMBER 30, 2003	DEC	EMBER 31, 2002
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	42,708	\$	47,706
Accounts receivable less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1,584 and \$2,227 at				
September 30, 2003 and December 31, 2002, respectively		8,867		13,072
Inventories		17,369		16,661
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		1,585		2,896
Total current assets		70,529		80,335
Property, plant and equipment, net		6,523		10,396
Intangible assets, net		5,175		6,092
Other assets		174		433
Total assets	\$	82,401	\$	97,256
	-			71,200
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	4,983	\$	6,333
Debt		37		396
Payroll and benefit related liabilities		2,163		3,445
Other current liabilities		6,468		9,087
Total current liabilities		13,651		19,261
Total liabilities	\$	13,651	\$	19,261
Stockholders equity:				_
Preferred stock, par value \$.001; 5,000,000 shares authorized, none issued				
Common stock, par value \$.001; 80,000,000 shares authorized, 43,430,171 and 42,862,443				
shares issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2003 and December 31, 2002, respectively		43		43
Additional paid-in capital		140.289		139,482
Accumulated deficit		(71,154)		(60,530)
recumulated deficit		(71,134)		(00,550)

Notes receivable for common stock	(106)	(114)
Other equity adjustments	(322)	(886)
Total stockholders equity	68,750	77,995
		
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$ 82,401	\$ 97,256
• •		

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

PARADYNE NETWORKS, INC.

CONDENSED UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE DATA)

	THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,		THREE MONTHS NINE MONT			ONTHS
			ENDED			
			SEPTEMBER 30,			
	2003	2002	2003	2002		
Revenues:						
Sales	\$ 18,288	\$ 21,962	\$ 52,988	\$ 84,414		
Services Provelties	2,007	1,271 143	5,320 800	3,412 840		
Royalties		143		040		
Total revenues	20,295	23,376	59,108	88,666		
Total cost of sales	11,632	12,595	31,360	45,385		
Gross margin	8,663	10,781	27,748	43,281		
Operating expenses:	0,000	20,102	_,,,,,	,_,_,		
Research and development (includes \$2,830 of purchased in-process R&D in March						
2002)	3,785	7,023	14,991	21,692		
Selling, general & administrative	6,720	9,297	20,665	26,653		
Amortization of intangible assets and deferred stock compensation	361	452	1,158	1,067		
Business restructuring charges	158		1,900	1,011		
Total operating expenses	\$ 11,024	\$ 16,772	\$ 38,714	\$ 50,423		
Operating loss	(2,361)	(5,991)	(10,966)	(7,142)		
Other (income) expenses:	(2,301)	(3,551)	(10,500)	(7,112)		
Interest, net	(150)	(207)	(466)	(620)		
Other, net	(17)	(35)	124	(111)		
Loss before provision for income taxes	(2,194)	(5,749)	(10,624)	(6,411)		
Benefit for income taxes	(2,171)	(629)	(10,021)	(1,488)		
Net income (loss)	\$ (2,194)	\$ (5,120)	\$ (10,624)	\$ (4,923)		
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding						
Basic	43,377	42,567	43,120	40,326		
Diluted	43,377	42,567	43,120	40,326		
Earnings (loss) per common share	ф. (O.O.S)	Φ (0.12)	Φ (0.25)	Φ (0.12)		
Basic Diluted	\$ (0.05)	\$ (0.12)	\$ (0.25)	\$ (0.12)		
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (Loss)	(0.05)	(0.12)	(0.25)	(0.12)		
Net income (loss)	(2,194)	(5,120)	(10,624)	(4,923)		

Edgar Filing: PARADYNE NETWORKS INC - Form 10-Q

Translation adjustments	18	(122)	323	(73)
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$ (2,176)	\$ (5,242)	\$ (10,301)	\$ (4,996)

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

PARADYNE NETWORKS, INC.

CONDENSED UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(IN THOUSANDS)

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Income from reversal of inventory write-down (2,431) (2,43		NINE M ENI	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: \$ (10,624) \$ (4,923) Adjustments to reconcile net loss to cash provided by (used in) operating activities: (2,431) (5,412) Loss on sale of assets 297 168 Decrease in allowance for had debts (643) (847) Depreciation and amortization 5,274 6,075 Purchased in-process research and development 2,330 (Increase) decrease in assets, net of effects of acquisition: 4,853 6,008 Restricted cash committed for inventory purchases 5,067 1,723 9,488 Other assets 1,564 (608) 1,564 (608) Decrease in liabilities, net of effects of acquisition: 1,564 (608) (622) 1,504 (608) (622) 1,504 (608) (622) 1,504 (608) (608) 1,564 (608) (608) 1,662 (608) (608) (608) 1,662 (608) 1,662 (608) (608) (608) 1,662 (608) (608) (608) (608) (608) (608) (608) (608)		SEPTEM	IBER 30,
Net loss \$ (10,624) \$ (4,923) Adjustments to reconcile net loss to cash provided by (used in) operating activities: (2,431) (5,412) Income from reversal of inventory write-down (2,431) (5,412) Loss on sale of assets 297 168 Decrease in allowance for bad debts (643) (847) Oppreciation and amortization 5,274 6,075 Purchased in-process research and development 5,274 6,075 (Increase) decrease in assets, net of effects of acquisition: 4,853 6,008 Restricted cash committed for inventory purchases 1,723 9,488 Other assets 1,564 (608) Decrease in liabilities, net of effects of acquisition: 4,853 6,008 Restricted cash committed for inventory purchases 1,564 (608) Decrease in liabilities, net of effects of acquisition: 1,223 9,488 Other assets 1,564 (608) Decrease in liabilities (1,350) (6,622) Payroll and related liabilities (1,282) (3,667) Other current liabilities 5,238		2003	2002
Net loss \$ (10,624) \$ (4,923) Adjustments to reconcile net loss to cash provided by (used in) operating activities: (2,431) (5,412) Income from reversal of inventory write-down (2,431) (5,412) Loss on sale of assets 297 168 Decrease in allowance for bad debts (643) (847) Oppreciation and amortization 5,274 6,075 Purchased in-process research and development 5,274 6,075 (Increase) decrease in assets, net of effects of acquisition: 4,853 6,008 Restricted cash committed for inventory purchases 1,723 9,488 Other assets 1,564 (608) Decrease in liabilities, net of effects of acquisition: 4,853 6,008 Restricted cash committed for inventory purchases 1,564 (608) Decrease in liabilities, net of effects of acquisition: 1,223 9,488 Other assets 1,564 (608) Decrease in liabilities (1,350) (6,622) Payroll and related liabilities (1,282) (3,667) Other current liabilities 5,238	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to eash provided by (used in) operating activities: C,431 (5,412) Income from reversal of inventory write-down (2,431) (5,412) Loss on sale of assets 297 168 Decrease in allowance for had debts (643) (847) Depreciation and amortization 2,830 Purchased in-process research and development 2,830 (Increase) decrease in assets, net of effects of acquisition: 4,853 6,008 Restricted cash committed for inventory purchases 1,506 (608) Inventories 1,564 (608) Other assets 1,564 (608) Decrease in liabilities, net of effects of acquisition: 1,564 (608) Decrease in liabilities, net of effects of acquisition: 1,506 (6,622) Payroll and related liabilities (2,139) (2,539) Other current liabilities (2,619) (2,369) Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities \$(5,238) \$,188 CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES: (559) (1,627) Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		\$ (10,624)	\$ (4.923)
Income from reversal of inventory write-down (2,431) (5,412) Loss on sale of assets 297 168 Decrease in allowance for bad debts (643) (847) Purchased in-process research and development 5,274 6,075 Purchased in-process research and development 2,830 (Increase) decrease in assets, net of effects of acquisition: 4,853 6,008 Restricted cash committed for inventory purchases 1,723 9,488 Other assets 1,564 (608) Decrease in liabilities, net of effects of acquisition: 4,853 (6,622) Payroll and related liabilities (1,350) (6,622) Payroll and related liabilities (1,282) (3,667) Other current liabilities (2,619) (2,369) Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities \$ (5,238) \$ 5,188 CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES: 2 8,814 Cash acquired in business acquisition, net of transaction costs 8,814 3,225 Cash acquired in business acquisitions acquisitions (3,225) (5,59) (1,627)	Adjustments to reconcile net loss to cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	. (- 7,-)	1 () /
Loss on sale of assets 297 168 Decrease in allowance for bad debts (643) (847) Depreciation and amortization 5,274 6,075 Purchased in-process research and development 2,830 (Increase) decrease in assets, net of effects of acquisition:		(2,431)	(5,412)
Depreciation and amortization 5,274 6,075 Purchased in-process research and development 2,830 (Increase) decrease in assets, net of effects of acquisition: 4.853 6,008 Restricted cash committed for inventory purchases 5,067 1,723 9,488 Other assets 1,564 (608) Decrease in liabilities, net of effects of acquisition: (1,350) (6,622) Accounts payable (1,350) (6,622) Payroll and related liabilities (1,282) (3,667) Other current liabilities (2,619) (2,369) Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities \$ (5,238) \$ 5,188 CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES: 3 3,225 Cash acquired in business acquisition, net of transaction costs 8,814 3,814 Capital expenditures (559) (1,627) Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment 18 34 Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities \$ (541) \$ 3,996 CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES: 817 3,728 Repayments u			
Purchased in-process research and development (Increase) decrease in assets, net of effects of acquisition: 2,830 Receivables 4,853 6,008 Restricted cash committed for inventory purchases 1,723 9,488 Inventories 1,723 9,488 Other assets 1,564 (608) Decrease in liabilities, net of effects of acquisition: (1,350) (6,622) Payroll and related liabilities (1,282) (3,667) Other current liabilities (2,619) (2,369) Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities \$ (5,238) \$ 5,188 CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES: \$ (3,225) Cash used to acquire net assets in business acquisitions (3,225) Cash acquired in business acquisition, net of transaction costs 8,814 Capital expenditures (559) (1,627) Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment 18 34 Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities \$ (541) \$ 3,996 CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES: \$ (559) (369) Cash provided by financing activities 3 (39	Decrease in allowance for bad debts	(643)	(847)
Purchased in-process research and development (Increase) decrease in assets, net of effects of acquisition: 2,830 Receivables 4,853 6,008 Restricted cash committed for inventory purchases 1,723 9,488 Inventories 1,723 9,488 Other assets 1,564 (608) Decrease in liabilities, net of effects of acquisition: (1,350) (6,622) Payroll and related liabilities (1,282) (3,667) Other current liabilities (2,619) (2,369) Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities \$ (5,238) \$ 5,188 CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES: \$ (3,225) Cash used to acquire net assets in business acquisitions (3,225) Cash acquired in business acquisition, net of transaction costs 8,814 Capital expenditures (559) (1,627) Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment 18 34 Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities \$ (541) \$ 3,996 CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES: \$ (559) (369) Cash provided by financing activities 3 (39			. ,
Increase decrease in assets, net of effects of acquisition: Receivables		-, -	,
Receivables 4,853 6,008 Restricted cash committed for inventory purchases 5,067 5,067 Inventories 1,723 9,488 Other assets 1,564 (608) Decrease in liabilities, net of effects of acquisition: 3,667 Accounts payable (1,350) (6,622) Payroll and related liabilities (2,619) (2,369) Other current liabilities (2,619) (2,369) Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities \$ (5,238) \$ 5,188 CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES: S (3,225) S (3,225) Cash acquired in business acquisition, net of transaction costs 8,814 S (3,225)			,
Restricted cash committed for inventory purchases 5,067 Inventories 1,723 9,488 Other assets 1,564 (608) Decrease in liabilities, net of effects of acquisition: (1,350) (6,622) Accounts payable (1,350) (6,622) Payroll and related liabilities (2,619) (2,369) Other current liabilities (2,619) (2,369) Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities \$ (5,238) \$ 5,188 CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES: 3 (3,225) Cash used to acquire net assets in business acquisitions (3,225) Cash used to acquire net assets in business acquisitions (3,225) Cash used to acquire net assets in business acquisitions (3,225) Cash used to acquire net assets in business acquisitions (3,225) Cash used to acquire net assets in business acquisitions (3,225) Cash growther in business acquisition, net of transaction costs 8,814 Capital expenditures (559) (1,627) Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment 18 34 CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) FINANCING ACT	•	4.853	6,008
Inventories 1,723 9,488 Other assets 1,564 (608) Decrease in liabilities, net of effects of acquisition: (1,350) (6,622) Accounts payable (1,282) (3,667) Other current liabilities (1,282) (3,667) Other current liabilities (2,619) (2,369) Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities *** (5,238) ** 5,188 CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES: ** ** (3,225) Cash used to acquire net assets in business acquisitions (3,225) ** (3,225) Cash acquired in business acquisition, net of transaction costs ** (8,814) ** (3,225) Capital expenditures (559) (1,627) Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment 18 34 Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities ** (541) ** 3,996 CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES: ** ** (359) (430) Net cash provided by financing activities 458 3,298		.,	
Other assets 1,564 (608) Decrease in liabilities, net of effects of acquisition: (1,350) (6,622) Accounts payable (1,350) (3,667) Payroll and related liabilities (2,619) (2,369) Other current liabilities (2,619) (2,369) Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities \$ (5,238) \$ 5,188 CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES: \$ (3,225) Cash used to acquire net assets in business acquisitions (3,225) Cash acquired in business acquisition, net of transaction costs 8,814 Capital expenditures (559) (1,627) Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment 18 34 Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities \$ (541) \$ 3,996 CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES: ** Proceeds from stock transactions 817 3,728 Repayments under other debt (359) (430) Net cash provided by financing activities 458 3,298	• •	1.723	
Decrease in liabilities, net of effects of acquisition: Accounts payable (1,350) (6,622) Payroll and related liabilities (1,282) (3,667) Other current liabilities (2,619) (2,369) Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities \$ (5,238) \$ 5,188 CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES: \$ (3,225) Cash acquire net assets in business acquisitions (3,225) Cash acquired in business acquisition, net of transaction costs 8,814 Capital expenditures (559) (1,627) Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment 18 34 Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities \$ (541) \$ 3,996 CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES: \$ (541) \$ 3,728 Repayments under other debt (359) (430) Net cash provided by financing activities 458 3,298			
Accounts payable (1,350) (6,622) Payroll and related liabilities (1,282) (3,667) Other current liabilities (2,619) (2,369) Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities \$ (5,238) \$ 5,188 CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES: \$ (3,225) Cash used to acquire net assets in business acquisitions (3,225) Cash acquired in business acquisition, net of transaction costs 8,814 Capital expenditures (559) (1,627) Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment 18 34 Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities \$ (541) \$ 3,996 CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES: \$ (541) \$ 3,728 Repayments under other debt (359) (430) Net cash provided by financing activities 458 3,298	Decrease in liabilities, net of effects of acquisition:	,	(/
Payroll and related liabilities (1,282) (3,667) Other current liabilities (2,619) (2,369) Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities \$ (5,238) \$ 5,188 CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Cash used to acquire net assets in business acquisitions (3,225) Cash acquired in business acquisition, net of transaction costs (8,814) Capital expenditures (559) (1,627) Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment 18 34 Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities \$ (541) \$ 3,996 CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from stock transactions 817 3,728 Repayments under other debt (359) (430) Net cash provided by financing activities 458 3,298		(1,350)	(6,622)
Other current liabilities(2,619)(2,369)Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities\$ (5,238)\$ 5,188CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Cash used to acquire net assets in business acquisitions(3,225)Cash acquired in business acquisition, net of transaction costs8,814Capital expenditures(559)(1,627)Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment1834Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities\$ (541)\$ 3,996CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from stock transactions8173,728Repayments under other debt(359)(430)Net cash provided by financing activities4583,298			(/ /
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities \$ 5,188 CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Cash used to acquire net assets in business acquisitions (3,225) Cash acquired in business acquisition, net of transaction costs 8,814 Capital expenditures (559) (1,627) Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment 18 34 Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities \$ (541) \$ 3,996 CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from stock transactions 817 3,728 Repayments under other debt (359) (430) Net cash provided by financing activities 458 3,298			
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Cash used to acquire net assets in business acquisitions (3,225) Cash acquired in business acquisition, net of transaction costs 8,814 Capital expenditures (559) (1,627) Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment 18 34 Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities \$ (541) \$ 3,996 CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from stock transactions 817 3,728 Repayments under other debt (359) (430) Net cash provided by financing activities 458 3,298			(=,0 0)
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Cash used to acquire net assets in business acquisitions (3,225) Cash acquired in business acquisition, net of transaction costs 8,814 Capital expenditures (559) (1,627) Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment 18 34 Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities \$ (541) \$ 3,996 CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from stock transactions 817 3,728 Repayments under other debt (359) (430) Net cash provided by financing activities 458 3,298	Not each (used in) provided by energting activities	\$ (5.228)	¢ 5 100
Cash used to acquire net assets in business acquisitions Cash acquired in business acquisition, net of transaction costs Capital expenditures Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from stock transactions Repayments under other debt Net cash provided by financing activities (3,225) 8,814 Capital expenditures (559) (1,627) 18 34 CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from stock transactions 817 3,728 Repayments under other debt (359) (430) Net cash provided by financing activities	Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$ (3,238)	\$ 3,100
Cash used to acquire net assets in business acquisitions Cash acquired in business acquisition, net of transaction costs Capital expenditures Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from stock transactions Repayments under other debt Net cash provided by financing activities (3,225) 8,814 Capital expenditures (559) (1,627) 18 34 CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from stock transactions 817 3,728 Repayments under other debt (359) (430) Net cash provided by financing activities			
Cash acquired in business acquisition, net of transaction costs Capital expenditures Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment 18 34 Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from stock transactions Repayments under other debt Net cash provided by financing activities 458 3,298			
Capital expenditures (559) (1,627) Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment 18 34 Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities \$ (541) \$ 3,996 CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from stock transactions 817 3,728 Repayments under other debt (359) (430) Net cash provided by financing activities 458 3,298			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities * (541) \$ 3,996 CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from stock transactions Repayments under other debt Net cash provided by financing activities 458 3,298			,
Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities \$ 3,996 CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from stock transactions 817 3,728 Repayments under other debt (359) (430) Net cash provided by financing activities 458 3,298		. ,	
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from stock transactions Repayments under other debt (359) (430) Net cash provided by financing activities 458 3,298	Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	18	34
CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from stock transactions Repayments under other debt (359) (430) Net cash provided by financing activities 458 3,298			
Proceeds from stock transactions Repayments under other debt Net cash provided by financing activities 817 3,728 (430) A 58 3,298	Net cash provided by (used) in investing activities	\$ (541)	\$ 3,996
Proceeds from stock transactions Repayments under other debt Net cash provided by financing activities 817 3,728 (430) A 58 3,298			
Proceeds from stock transactions Repayments under other debt Net cash provided by financing activities 817 3,728 (430) A 58 3,298	CASH FLOWS PROVIDED BY (LISED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Repayments under other debt (359) (430) Net cash provided by financing activities 458 3,298		817	3 728
Net cash provided by financing activities 458 3,298			
	repulments under other debt	(337)	(150)
		450	2.200
Effect of foreign evaluates and adoption and the second se	Net cash provided by financing activities	458	3,298
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on each			
Effect of foleign exchanges on cash 325 (75)	Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash	323	(73)
			
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (4,998) 12,409	Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(4.998)	12,409
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period 47,706 37,866			,

Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 42,708	\$ 50,275
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:		
NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS:		
Stock issued for notes	\$	\$ (238)
Recoverable taxes related to stock option exercises	\$	\$ 725
Acquisition of business for stock (see Note 7)	\$	\$ 28,742

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements

Paradyne Networks, Inc.

Notes to Condensed Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements (in thousands, except per share data)

1. Business and Basis of Presentation:

Paradyne Networks, Inc. (the Company) designs, manufactures, and markets data communications and networking products for network service providers and business customers. The Company s products enable business customers to efficiently access wide area network services and allow network service providers to provide customers with high-speed services for data, voice, video and multimedia applications.

The accompanying condensed unaudited consolidated financial statements include the results of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries: Paradyne Corporation; Paradyne Canada Ltd.; Paradyne International Ltd.; Paradyne Worldwide Corp.; Ark Electronic Products, Inc.; Paradyne Finance Corporation; Paradyne International Sales Ltd.; Paradyne Brazil Networks LTDA.; Paradyne Services, LLC and Elastic Networks Inc. Elastic Networks results for the first quarter of 2002 have been included in these financial statements from the date of acquisition (March 5, 2002) through September 30, 2002. Intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The accompanying condensed unaudited consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted. However, in the opinion of management, such statements reflect all adjustments, consisting of only normal, recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair presentation of interim period results. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the December 31, 2002 audited financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K/A as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 24, 2003.

The results of operations for the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for the entire year or for other future interim periods.

Stock Options

The Company applies APB Opinion No. 25 and related interpretations for accounting for stock options. Accordingly, no compensation costs at the grant dates are recorded for options granted at fair market value. Had compensation cost for the Company s option plans been determined based on the fair value at the grant dates as prescribed by SFAS No. 123, Accounting for Stock Based Compensation, the Company s net income and net income per share on a pro forma basis would have been:

THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, NINE MONTHS ENDED

SEPTEMBER 30,

Edgar Filing: PARADYNE NETWORKS INC - Form 10-Q

	2003	2002	2003	2002	
Net income (loss), as reported	\$ (2,194)	\$ (5,120)	\$ (10,624)	\$ (4,923)	
Deduct: Total stock-based employee compensation expense determined under fair value based method for all awards, net of related tax effects	(1,733)	(2,449)	(7,078)	(7,590)	
Pro forma net income (loss)	\$ (3,927)	(7,569)	(17,702)	(12,513)	
Earnings per share basic as reported	\$ (0.05)	\$ (0.12)	\$ (0.25)	\$ (0.12)	
Earnings per share diluted as reported	\$ (0.05)	\$ (0.12)	\$ (0.25)	\$ (0.12)	
Earnings per share basic and diluted pro forma	\$ (0.09)	\$ (0.18)	\$ (0.41)	\$ (0.31)	
•					

Product Warranty

The Company generally provides a return to factory warranty for a period of one year (two years for years prior to 2001) from the date of sale. A current charge to income is recorded at the time of sale to reflect the amount the Company estimates will

be needed to cover future warranty obligations for products sold during the year. The accrued liability for warranty costs is included in the caption other current liabilities in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. The estimate of such costs is based upon historical and anticipated requirements. The following table summarizes the activity for the product warranty reserve for the nine months ended September 30, 2003:

Beginning balance at January 1, 2003	\$ 1,416
Product warranty expenses incurred in 2003	(317)
Adjustment for changes in estimates	182
Ending balance at September 30, 2003	\$ 1,281

Liquidity

The Company has incurred losses from operations in each of the two years presented in these consolidated financial statements due to the continuing slowdown in the telecommunications environment. At September 30, 2003, management believes that available cash and cash equivalents together with future cash flow from operations will be sufficient to meet the Company s obligations as they become due for the next twelve months.

Reclassifications

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified for comparative purposes. These reclassifications had no effect on net income (loss) or stockholders equity.

2. Recently Issued Financial Accounting Standards:

In June 2002, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the FASB) voted in favor of issuing FASB Statement No. 146, Accounting for Exit or Disposal Activities. SFAS No. 146 addresses significant issues regarding the recognition, measurement, and reporting of costs that are associated with exit and disposal activities, including restructuring activities that are currently accounted for pursuant to the guidance that the Emerging Issues Task Force has set forth in EITF Issue No. 94-3, Liability Recognition for Certain Employee Termination Benefits and Other Costs to Exit an Activity (including Certain Costs Incurred in a Restructuring). The scope of SFAS No. 146 also includes (1) costs related to terminating a contract that is not a capital lease and (2) termination benefits that employees who are involuntarily terminated receive under the terms of a one-time benefit arrangement that is not an ongoing benefit arrangement or an individual deferred-compensation contract. SFAS No. 146 was effective January 1, 2003 and was adopted by the Company on that date. In June 2003, the Company had a business restructuring that was solely comprised of involuntary terminations, as there were no disposal or exit activities associated with the restructure. This event resulted in a charge to operations of \$1,742 for severance payments and was accounted for under the terms of SFAS No. 146. Also in July 2003, the Company closed a development center in Alpharetta, GA, which resulted in involuntary terminations as well as disposal and exit activities. The termination and exit activities, which amounted to \$158, were recorded as business restructure operating expenses under the terms of SFAS No. 146.

In November 2002, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation 45, Guarantor's Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for Guarantees, including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others. This interpretation clarifies the requirements of SFAS 5, Accounting for Contingencies, relating to guarantor's accounting for, and disclosure of, the issuance of certain types of guarantees. This interpretation is intended to improve the comparability of financial reporting by requiring identical accounting for guarantees issued with a separately identified premium and guarantees issued without a separately identified premium. The interpretation is provisions for initial recognition and measurement are required on a prospective basis to guarantees issued or modified after December 31, 2002. The disclosure requirements are effective for financial statements of both interim and annual periods that ended after December 15, 2002. The Company has adopted the provisions of this interpretation, and they did not have a material impact on its financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

In November 2002, the FASB reached a consensus on EITF Issue 00-21, Accounting for Revenue Arrangements with Multiple Deliverables (the Issue). The guidance in this Issue is effective for revenue arrangements entered into for fiscal periods beginning after June 15, 2003. The Issue addresses certain aspects of the accounting by a vendor for arrangements under which it will perform multiple revenue-generating activities. Specifically, the Issue addresses how to determine whether an arrangement involving multiple deliverables contains more than one earnings process and, if it does, how to divide the arrangement into separate units of accounting consistent with the identified earnings processes for revenue recognition purposes.

5

The Issue also addresses how arrangement consideration should be measured and allocated to the separate units of accounting in the arrangement. The Company adopted EITF 00-21, beginning in the third quarter of 2003, and these requirements did not have a significant impact on the results of operations, financial position or cash flow.

In December 2002, the FASB issued SFAS 148, Accounting for Stock Based Compensation-Transition and Disclosure- an Amendment to SFAS 123. SFAS 148 provides two additional transition methods for entities that adopt the SFAS 123 fair value method of accounting for stock based compensation to employees as opposed to the disclosure only adoption of SFAS 123 made by the Company upon its adoption of that standard. Further, the statement requires disclosure of comparable information for all companies regardless of whether, when, or how an entity adopts the SFAS 123 fair value based method of accounting. These disclosures are now required for interim periods in addition to the traditional annual disclosure. The amendments to SFAS 123, which provides for additional methods, are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2002, although earlier application is permitted. The amendments to the disclosure requirements are required for financial reports containing condensed financial statements for interim periods beginning after December 15, 2002. The Company adopted the additional disclosure requirements, and they did not have a significant impact on the results of operations, financial position or cash flow.

In January 2003, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation 46, Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities. This interpretation of Accounting Research Bulletin 51, Consolidated Financial Statements, addresses consolidation by business enterprises of variable interest entities which possess certain characteristics. The interpretation requires that if a business enterprise has a controlling financial interest in a variable interest entity, the assets, liabilities, and results of the activities of the variable interest entity must be included in the consolidated financial statements with those of the business enterprise. This interpretation applies immediately to variable interest entities created after January 31, 2003 and to variable interest entities in which an enterprise obtains an interest after that date. The Company does not believe it has ownership in any variable interest entities as of September 30, 2003. The Company will apply the consolidation requirement of the interpretation in future periods if it should own any interest deemed to be a variable interest entity.

In April 2003, the FASB issued FAS No.149, Amendment of Statement 133 on Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities. FAS 149 amends and clarifies the financial accounting and reporting for derivative instruments, including certain derivative instruments embedded in other contracts (collectively referred to as derivatives), and for hedging activities under FAS No. 133, Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities. FAS 149 provides increased guidance for reporting of contracts as either derivatives or hybrid instruments. FAS 149 is effective prospectively for contracts entered into or modified after June 30, 2003. This statement did not have a material impact the Company s consolidated financial statements.

In May 2003, the FASB issued FAS No. 150, Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Characteristics of both Liabilities and Equity , which requires that an issuer classify certain financial instruments as a liability or an asset. Previously, many financial instruments with characteristics of both liabilities and equity were classified as equity. Financial instruments subject to FAS 150 include financial instruments with any of the following features:

An unconditional redemption obligation at a specified or determinable date, or upon an event that is certain to occur;

An obligation to repurchase shares, or indexed to such an obligation, that may require physical share or net cash settlement;

An unconditional, or for new issuances conditional, obligation that may be settled by issuing a variable number of equity shares if either (a) a fixed monetary amount is known at inception, (b) the variability is indexed to something other than the fair value of the issuer s equity shares, or (c) the variability moves inversely to changes in the fair value of the issuer s shares.

The standard requires that all such instruments be classified as a liability, or an asset in certain circumstances, and initially measured at fair value. Forward contracts that require a fixed physical share settlement and mandatorily redeemable financial instruments must be subsequently remeasured at fair value on each reporting date. This standard is effective for all financial instruments entered into or modified after May 31, 2003, and for all other financial instruments, at the beginning of the first interim period beginning after June 15, 2003. The Company has adopted this standard beginning in the third quarter of 2003 and the implementation did not have a significant impact on the results of operation, financial position or cash flow.

6

3. Inventories:

Inventories at September 30, 2003 and December 31, 2002 are summarized as follows:

	SEP'	TEMBER 30, 2003	2002
Raw Materials	\$	13,615	\$ 12,731
Work In Process		2,061	1,746
Finished Goods		1,692	2,184
			 _
	\$	17,369	\$ 16,661
			,

During the first nine months of 2003 and 2002, the Company reversed reserves creating \$2,431 and \$5,412 of margin, respectively, relating to the sale of previously reserved inventory. Included in the Company s September 30, 2003 net inventory balance is \$36,471 in reserves for inventory.

4. Earnings Per Share:

The following table summarizes the weighted average shares outstanding for basic and diluted earnings per share for the periods presented:

	THREE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,		NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30,	
	2003	2002	2003	2002
Net Income (loss)	\$ (2,194)	\$ (5,120)	\$ (10,624)	\$ (4,923)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding:				
Basic	43,377	42,567	43,120	40,326
Dilutive effect of stock options				
Diluted	43,377	42,567	43,120	40,326
Earnings per common share:				
Basic	\$ (0.05)	\$ (0.12)	\$ (0.25)	\$ (0.12)
Dilutive effect of stock options				
Diluted	\$ (0.05)	\$ (0.12)	\$ (0.25)	\$ (0.12)

5. Accrued Business Restructuring:

During the first nine months of 2003 and 2002, the Company recorded restructuring charges of \$1,899 and \$1,011, respectively. The charges in the first nine months of 2003 related to a company-wide reduction in force in June 2003 and the closure of a development center in Alpharetta, Georgia in July 2003, which affected 68 employees or approximately 15% of the Company s workforce. These actions were necessary as part of the Company s effort to align its operations and expense structure with the present telecom industry environment. The charges in the first nine months of 2002 related to the termination of approximately 44 employees, or approximately 8% of the Company s workforce. This business restructuring primarily related to the release of certain of the Company s employees in connection with the acquisition of Elastic Networks and represented severance payments. Additionally, included in the net assets acquired in the acquisition of Elastic Networks on March 5, 2002, the Company recorded business restructuring liabilities of \$2,281 comprised of severance payments for terminating Elastic Networks employees and expected costs for the closing of facilities in Alpharetta, Georgia and Hong Kong, China. In connection with the closing of the development center described above, the Company evaluated the provisions of SFAS No. 144, Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets and determined that this event did not qualify as a triggering event to conduct an impairment analysis of its long-lived assets except for the abandonment of research and development equipment of \$207 and SG&A equipment of \$71, which was written off in the third quarter of 2003.

7

During the first nine months of 2003, the Company paid \$3,495 related to business restructuring. The remaining \$777 accrued as of September 30, 2003, all of which is expected to be paid during 2003 and 2004, relates to severance, abandoned facilities and excess equipment. The following table summarizes the activity in the business restructuring accrual for 2003:

		Abandoned	
		Facilities and	
	Severance		
	Related	Related	Total
Beginning balance at January 1, 2003	\$ 809	\$ 1,564	\$ 2,373
Additions to accrual	1,809	90	1,899
Less payments made related to current and prior period restructurings	(2,501)	(994)	(3,495)
Ending balance at September 30, 2003	\$ 117	\$ 660	\$ 777

6. Pending Litigation:

The Company is subject to legal proceedings, claims and liabilities that arise in the ordinary course of business. Due to inherent uncertainties of the litigation process and the judicial system, the Company is unable to predict the outcome of these legal proceedings. The Company has provided, however, for all loss contingencies where it believes it is probable and reasonably estimable (in accordance with SFAS No. 5) that a liability has been incurred. Following the Company s September 28, 2000 press release regarding third quarter of 2000 results, several securities class action suits (collectively, the Florida Securities Actions) against Paradyne and certain of its officers and directors, Andrew May, Paradyne s Chief Executive Officer and President at the time, Patrick Murphy, Paradyne s Chief Financial Officer and Senior Vice President, and Thomas Epley, Paradyne s then Chairman of the Board (collectively, the Defendants), were filed in October 2000 in the United States District Court for the Middle District of Florida, Tampa Division (the Court). Sean E. Belanger, the Company s current President, Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board, was added as a Defendant in the litigation in April 2001. These actions were later consolidated into one case and the Court appointed Frank Gruttadauria and Larry Spitcaufsky as the lead plaintiffs and the law firms of Milberg Weiss Bershad Hynes & Lerach, LLP and Barrack Rodos & Bacine as the lead counsel. The amended consolidated complaint alleges violations by the Defendants of the securities anti-fraud provisions of the federal securities laws, specifically Section 10(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder. It further alleges that the individual Defendants are liable under Section 20(a) of the Securities Exchange Act as control persons of Paradyne. The plaintiffs purport to represent a class of investors during a purported class period of September 28, 1999 through September 28, 2000 and allege, in effect, that the Defendants during that time, through material misrepresentations and omissions, fraudulently or recklessly inflated the market price of the Company s stock by allegedly erroneously reporting that the Company was performing well, that its inventories were properly stated, and that its customer base and product demand were solid. The Securities Actions seek damages in an unspecified amount for the purported class for the alleged inflated amount of the stock price during the class period. The Defendants filed a motion on May 25, 2001, asking the court to dismiss the complaint, with prejudice, after which the Plaintiffs filed a memorandum of law in opposition to Defendant s dismissal motion on July 2, 2001. The Defendant s dismissal motion was denied by the Court on April 4, 2002. By order dated October 24, 2002, the Court granted plaintiffs motion to certify a class, but accepted defendants arguments that the class should begin no earlier than March 20, 2000, instead of September 28, 1999 as plaintiffs had proposed. The class certified consists of purchasers of Paradyne stock from March 20, 2000 through September 29, 2000.

On October 14, 2003, the parties filed a notice with the Court that they had reached an agreement to settle the Florida Securities Actions. In exchange for a payment of \$3 million, to be funded solely by the Company s insurer, the plaintiff class agreed to release the Defendants and dismiss the Florida Securities Actions. Defendants admitted no liability in making this settlement. The settlement is subject to the following conditions: execution of a Stipulation of Settlement, preliminary approval by the Court of the terms of the settlement, notice to the plaintiff class

of the terms of the settlement and an opportunity to opt out of the settlement, funding by the Defendants insurer, and final approval by the Court. There can be no assurances that each of these conditions will be satisfied. The Company has engaged the law firm of Holland and Knight, LLP as its legal counsel in this litigation.

A second stockholder purported class action suit was filed in December 2001 in the federal court in the Southern District of New York against the Company, some of the Company s executive officers and the former Chairman of the Board, and the underwriters of the Company s initial public offering (collectively, the IPO Defendants). This action (New York Securities Action) alleges that the IPO Defendants, during the period from

8

July 15, 1999 through December 6, 2000, violated federal securities laws by allocating shares of the initial public offering to favored customers in exchange for their promise to purchase shares in the secondary market at escalating prices. The New York Securities Action seeks damages in an unspecified amount for the purported class for the losses suffered during the class period as a result of an alleged inflated stock price. On June 5, 2003, the IPO Defendants agreed to participate in a global settlement of this case (along with the settlement of hundreds of other similar IPO allocation cases pending in the Southern District of New York). Any settlement owed by the Company will be funded exclusively by a portion of the proceeds of the Company s directors—and officers—insurance policy and will result in the dismissal of this lawsuit and release by the plaintiff stockholder class of the IPO Defendants.

In July 2000, the Lemelson Medical, Educational & Research Foundation Limited Partnership (Lemelson) filed suit in the Federal District Court in the District of Arizona against the Company and approximately ninety other defendants. The suit alleges that all the defendants are violating more than a dozen patents owned by the third party which allegedly cover the fields of machine vision used extensively in pick-and-place manufacturing of circuit boards and bar code scanning. The Company purchased this equipment from vendors, whom it believes may have an obligation to indemnify it in the event that the equipment infringes any third-party patents. The complaint seeks damages in an unspecified amount for the purported patent infringements. The complaint does not specify which defendants or activities allegedly violated which particular patents. The Company has responded with a Motion for More Definite Statement designed to identify the allegedly infringing activities as well as the particular patents and claims allegedly being infringed by it. Since the Company s filing of its Motion for More Definite Statement, the entire case has been stayed in order to allow an earlier-filed case with common factual and legal issues to proceed. The Company cannot be sure that it will prevail in this action and any adverse outcome could require it, among other things, to pay royalties to the third party patent owner. Given the lack of specificity in the complaint, it is not currently possible to calculate the potential for, or extent of, any liability resulting from this claim. The Company also cannot be sure that it will not receive other claims alleging infringement in the future. The Company has engaged the law firm of Fee and Jeffries, P. A. as its legal counsel in this litigation.

Other than the legal proceedings described above, in the normal course of business, the Company is subject to proceedings, lawsuits and other claims. While these other legal matters could affect the operating results of any one quarter when resolved in future periods, it is management s opinion that after final disposition, any monetary liability or financial impact to Paradyne, beyond that provided in the condensed unaudited consolidated balance sheet at September 30, 2003, would not be material to the annual consolidated financial statements.

7. Acquisitions:

Elastic Networks Inc. and Intangible Assets

On March 5, 2002, the Company acquired 100% of the capital stock of Elastic Networks in exchange for 7,623,875 shares of its common stock. Using an average market value of \$3.77 per share (the average of the closing prices during the 7 trading days surrounding the December 27, 2001 announcement of the acquisition), the purchase price was approximately \$28,700. Additionally, the Company incurred \$1,400 in acquisition costs. The acquisition has been accounted for under the purchase method of accounting, which resulted in the recognition of approximately \$16.0 million in intangible assets. At the acquisition date the major categories of assets and liabilities and their values were as follows (in millions):

Cash	\$ 10.9
Restricted cash committed for inventory purchases	5.1
Accounts receivable	2.1
Inventories	3.0
Other assets	.5
Property, plant & equipment	1.5

Accounts payable	2.	
Payroll & benefit related		
Other liabilities	6.0	

The amounts assigned to developed technology and purchased customer relationships at the acquisition date were based on an appraisal by an independent valuation company. The Company assigned \$2,830 to purchased research and development based, in part, on the appraisal and the remainder on the development cost incurred by Elastic Networks, which was written off during the first quarter of 2002 and reported as part of research and development. The Bitstorm 2400 and Etherloop projects are the only products included in the in-process research and development. Development of the Etherloop technology was approximately 25% completed at the acquisition date and the Bitstorm 2400 was approximately 60% complete. Neither the

Etherloop nor the Bitstorm 2400 had reached technological feasibility. The amounts assigned to intangible assets, principally goodwill, was \$6,681, all of which was written off in December 2002 as impaired. The assigned values and amortization periods for developed technology and purchased customer relationships are provided in detail below (in millions):

	Amortization	Assi	gned	Accui	nulated
Intangible Asset	Period	Va	lue	Amor	tization
Developed Technology (including patents)	7 years	\$	4.6	\$	1.0
Purchased Customer Relationships	4 years	\$	2.0	\$	0.8

Total amortization expense related to the above for the nine months ended September 30, 2003 was \$900. It is estimated that amortization expense related to the above will amount to \$300 for the remainder of 2003, \$1,200 for each of the years 2004 and 2005, \$800 for 2006 and \$1,300 for 2007 and thereafter.

Elastic Networks designed high-speed, broadband communications products that have the advantages of high-speed access for the in-building broadband market and can operate effectively over lower quality lines. Elastic Networks was acquired for several reasons, including: Elastic Networks launched Paradyne into the in-building DSL market; Elastic Networks had a strong complimentary base of independent telephone companies as customers, including one regional bell operating company; Elastic Networks EtherLoop product is an important technology to Paradyne; and Elastic Networks cash and working capital improved our balance sheet.

The following unaudited pro-forma summary presents the consolidated results of operations of the Company as if the acquisition had occurred at the beginning of the periods presented herein. This presentation is for informational purposes only and does not purport to be indicative of what would have occurred had the acquisition been made as of these dates or of results, which may occur in the future.

NINE MONTHS

	NIN	NINE MONTHS	
]	ENDED	
	SEPTE	MBER 30, 2002	
Revenue	\$	91,015	
Net Loss		(16,512)	
Diluted Loss Per Share	\$	(0.41)	

Jetstream Communications

On May 20, 2002, the Company acquired certain key operating assets and all the intellectual properties from Jetstream Communications for \$3,000. Additionally, the Company incurred \$200 in acquisition costs. The acquisition has been accounted for under the purchase method of accounting, which resulted in the recognition of approximately \$500 in intangible assets. The intangible assets are comprised solely of developed technology, which includes patents, as no goodwill was recorded. The developed technology will be amortized over a period of 7 years. At the acquisition date the major categories of assets and their values were as follows (in millions):

Inventory	\$ 1.9
Property, plant & equipment	3.
Intangible assets	.5

Jetstream designed high-speed voice over DSL equipment using ATM and IP (Internet Protocol) technologies. Jetstream was acquired for several reasons, including: Jetstream was a market leader in 2001 in voice over DSL; therefore, with the acquisition of the Jetstream assets, the Company quickly gained a strong market presence in one of its targeted markets; the Jetstream sales team had significant relationships with a large base of new customers; and the Company also acquired significant R&D talent in voice over DSL applications.

8. Benefit for Income Taxes:

The Job Creation and Worker Assistance Act of 2002 enacted on March 9, 2002 enabled the Company to carry back its 2001 net operating loss to 1998. After carrying the 2001 loss back to 1998, the Company recognized an income tax refund of \$1,600 during the first quarter of 2002, \$900 of which is reflected as an income tax benefit in the Condensed Unaudited Consolidated Statement of Operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2002, and \$700 is reflected as additional paid-in capital on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet at September 30, 2003.

9. Subsequent Event:

On October 14, 2003, the Company filed a notice that they had reached an agreement to settle the class action lawsuit commenced in October 2000 against the Company and certain of its current and former officers and directors in the U.S. District Court for the Middle District of Florida, Tampa Division, alleging violations of certain securities anti-fraud provisions of the federal securities laws. The settlement is subject to a number of conditions, including court approval. Under the proposed settlement agreement, the Company s insurer will pay \$3,000 to the plaintiff stockholders and admits no wrongdoing in exchange for a dismissal and release of all claims against the defendants. The \$3,000 settlement will be funded entirely by the Company s insurer. See Note 6 Pending Litigation .

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and other sections of this Form 10-Q contain forward-looking statements that involve a number of risks and uncertainties. These forward-looking statements are made pursuant to the safe-harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and are made based on management s current expectations or beliefs as well as assumptions made by, and information currently available to, management. All statements regarding future events, our future financial performance and operating results, our business strategy and our financing plans are forward-looking statements. In many cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as predicts, may, will, should, expects, intends, plans, anticipates, believes, estimates, potential, or continue, or the negative comparable terminology. These statements are only predictions. Known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors could cause our actual results to differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements.

The information contained in this Form 10-Q is not a complete description of our business or the risks associated with an investment in us. Readers are referred to documents filed by Paradyne with the Securities and Exchange Commission, specifically our most recent Form 10-K and other filings, which identify important risk factors that could cause actual results to differ from those contained in the forward-looking statements, including: the timing and amount of expense reduction; the uncertainty of litigation, including putative stockholder class actions; a reliance on international sales; competition in highly competitive markets; rapid technological change that could render Paradyne s products obsolete; the uncertain acceptance of new telecommunications services based on DSL technology; substantial dependence on network service providers who may reduce or discontinue their purchase of products or services at any time; the timing and amount of, or cancellation or rescheduling of, orders of Paradyne s products to existing and new customers; possi