BLACKROCK MUNIHOLDINGS FUND INC Form N-Q March 27, 2012 UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549
FORM N-Q
QUARTERLY SCHEDULE OF PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS OF REGISTERED MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANY
Investment Company Act file number 811-08081
Name of Fund: BlackRock MuniHoldings Fund, Inc. (MHD)
Fund Address: 100 Bellevue Parkway, Wilmington, DE 19809
Name and address of agent for service: John M. Perlowski, Chief Executive Officer, BlackRock MuniHoldings Fund, Inc., 55 East 52 nd Street. New York, NY 10055
Registrant s telephone number, including area code: (800) 882-0052, Option 4
Date of fiscal year end: 04/30/2012
Date of reporting period: 01/31/2012
Item 1 Schedule of Investments

Schedule of Investments January 31, 2012 (Unaudited)

BlackRock MuniHoldings Fund, Inc. (MHD) (Percentages shown are based on Net Assets)

Manking Bonds			Par	
County of Jefferson Alabama, RB, 20res A, 500, K, 100/24 \$ 4,500, \$ 1,000 Crise A, 5,006, K, 100/24 \$ 1,600 \$ 1,212,800 County of Toucher Touched, Series A, 5,00%, 600/46 \$ 1,600 \$ 1,221,800 County of Strike S, 500 \$ 1,600 \$ 1,221,800 Charter Schools Project, Series A, 5,700/29 \$ 2,000 \$ 1,500,800 Charter Schools Project, Series A, 5,700/29 \$ 2,000 \$ 1,500,800 Charter Schools Project, Series A, 5,700/29 \$ 2,000 \$ 1,500,800 Charter School Project, Series A, 5,700/29 \$ 2,000 \$ 1,500,800 Charter School Project, Series A, 5,700/29 \$ 2,000 \$ 1,500,800 Solf Year E, 100/27 \$ 2,000 \$ 1,500,800 Solf Year E, 100/27 \$ 2,000 \$ 2,342,918 Solf Year E, 100/27 \$ 2,000 \$ 1,500,800 Solf Year E, 100/27 \$ 2,000 \$ 1,500,800 Solf Year E, 100/27 \$ 1,500 \$ 1,500 \$ 1,500 Solf Year E, 100/27 \$ 1,500 \$ 1,500 \$ 1,500 \$ 1,500 \$ 1,500 \$ 1,500 \$ 1,500 \$ 1,500 \$ 1,500 \$ 1,500 <th< td=""><td>Municipal Bonds</td><td>(</td><td>(000)</td><td>Value</td></th<>	Municipal Bonds	((000)	Value
Series A, 5.00%, 1/01/24 \$ 4,500 \$ 4,141,365 Alaska to 0.5% Northern Tobasco Securitization Corp. Resease Backed, Series A, 5,00%. 1,600 1,221,876 6/01/46 1,600 1,221,876 4,000 1,221,876 6/01/46 1,600 1,500,308 4,000 1,500,308 Maricopa County IDA, RB, Arizona 2,200 1,500,308 1,500,30				
Maska 0.5% September Sep		•	4.550 ¢	1 1/1 265
Northern Tobasco Securitization Corp. R. Asset Back, Series A, 5.00%, 601/46 1.660 1.221.876 601/46 1.660 1.221.876 601/46 1.660 1.221.876 601/46 1.660 1.221.876 601/46 1.660 1.221.876 601/46 1.600 1.500.308 601/46 1.50		Ą	4,550 \$	4,141,303
RB. Assel-Bucked, Series A, 5.00%, 600/146 1,660 1,221,876 Arizona 3.35% 1,221,876 Maricopa County IDA, RB. Arizona 2,200 1,509,398 Phoenis IDA Arizona, Refunding RB, 2,215 1,928,955 America West Airlines Inc. Project, 2,215 1,928,955 Sall Verde Financial Corp., RB, Senior: 2,200 1,992,180 5,00%, 12/01/32 2,000 2,342,914 5,00%, 12/01/32 2,000 2,342,914 5,00%, 12/01/32 2,000 2,342,914 5,00%, 12/01/32 2,000 2,342,914 5,00%, 12/01/32 1,05 2,526 5,00%, 12/01/32 1,05 1,516 5,00%, 12/01/32 1,015 1,516 4,00%, 12/01/32 1,015 1,516 6,38%, 1/01/15 1,155 1,518,606 6,00%, 1/01/13 2,05 2,51,806 Culling RB, Georgia-Pacific Corp. 2,50 2,51,806 Project, AMT, 5,06%, 1/001/26 1,15 1,515 1,518,606 California 13,16 3,25 2,518,606				
Maricopa County IDA, RB, Arizona Charter Schools Project, Series A, Arizona Charter Schools Project, Series A, County IDA, RB, Arizona Charter Schools Project, Series A, County IDA, RB, Arizona Refunding RB, America West Affinies Inc. Project, AMT, 6,30%, 401123 2,215 1,928,955 231 202,055	•			
Arizona 3.3% Maricona County IDA, RB, Arizona Charter Schools Project, Series A, 6.75%, 70129 2.200 1.509.398 Phoenix IDA Arizona, Refunding RB, America West Airlines Inc. Project, AMT, 6.30%, 40123 2.215 1.928.955 Salt Verde Financial Corp., RB, Senior:			1 660	1 221 876
Maricopa Country IDA, RR. Arizona Charter Schools Project, Series A. 6.75%, 7/01/29 2,200 1,509,398 Phoenis IDA Arizona, Refunding RB. America West Afflines Inc. Project, AMT, 6.30%, 4/01/23 2,215 1,928,955 2301 Verde Financial Corp., RB. Senior: S00%, 1,201/37 2,300 2,342,914 2,500%, 1,201/37 2,300 2,342,914 2,500%, 1,201/37 2,300 2,342,914 2,500%, 1,201/37 2,300 2,342,914 2,500%, 1,201/37 2,300 2,342,914 2,500%, 1,201/37 2,300 2,342,914 2,500%, 1,201/37 2,300 2,342,914 2,500%, 1,201/37 2,300 2,342,914 2,300 2,300 2,300,914 2,300 2,300,914 2,300 2,300 2,300,914 2,300 2,300 2,3			1,000	1,221,070
Charter Schools Project, Series A, 675%, 701029 2,200 1,509,308 2,508,75%, 701029 7,509,308 2,509,508 2,509,508 2,509,508 2,509,509,509,509,509,509,509,509,509,509				
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Phoenix IDA Arizona, Refunding RB, America West Airlines Inc. Project, AMT, 6.30%, 401/123 2.215 1.928.055 Salt Verde Financial Corp., RB, Senior: Solf Verde Financial Corp., RB, Senior:			2,200	1,509,398
America West Airlines Inc. Project, 2,215 1,928,955 Salt Verde Financial Corp., RB, Senior:			ĺ	<i>.</i>
AMT. 6.30%. 4/01/23				
Salt Verde Financial Corp., RB, Senior: 2,000 1,992,180 5,00%, 12/01/37 2,360 2,342,914 Show Low Improvement District, Special 342,914 Assessment Bonds, District No. 5, 155 156,179 6,38%, 1/01/15 155 156,179 Arkansas 0.5% 7,929,626 County of Little River Arkansas, Refunding RB, Georgia-Pacific Corp. Project, AMT, 5,60%, 1/00/1/26 1,155 1,158,650 California 13,1% 255 251,807 Agua Caliente Band of Cahuilla Indians, 258 251,807 Authority, Refunding RB 3 1,677,691 St. Joseph Health System, 2 2,200 2,534,488 California State Public Works Board, RB, 2,200 2,534,488 California State Public Works Board, RB, 820 946,550 California State wide Communities 820 946,550 Culifornia Statewide Communities 2,500 2,598,125 Development Authority, RB: 1,510 1,575,670 Health Services, Series A, 6,00%, 100,1023 2,500 2,598,125<			2,215	1,928,955
5.00%, 12/01/32 2,000 1,992,180 5.00%, 12/01/37 2,360 2,342,914 Show Low Improvement District, Special 3636 2,342,914 Assessment Bonds, District No. 5, 155 156,179 7,929,626 Arkansa 0.5% 7,929,626 155 1,561,79 7,929,626 Arkansa 0.5% 8 8 1,158,650 2,188,650 1,158,650 2,188,650 1,158,650 2,188,650 1,158,650 1,158,650 1,158,650 1,158,650 1,158,650 1,158,650 1,158,650 1,158,650 1,158,650 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td>· ·</td>			,	· ·
Show Low Improvement District, Special Assessment Bonds, District No. 5, 6,38%, 1/01/15	·		2,000	1,992,180
Assessment Bonds, District No. 5, 6.38%, 1/01/15	5.00%, 12/01/37		2,360	2,342,914
6.38%, 1/01/15 155 156,179 Arkansa 0.5% County of Little River Arkansas,	Show Low Improvement District, Special			
7,929,626 Arkansas 0.5% County of Little River Arkansas, 1,155 1,158,650 1,155 1,158,650 <t< td=""><td>Assessment Bonds, District No. 5,</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Assessment Bonds, District No. 5,			
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County of Little River Arkansas, Refunding RB, Georgia-Pacific Corp. 1,155 1,158,650 1,157 1,158,650 1,158				7,929,626
Refunding RB, Georgia-Pacific Corp. 1,155 1,158,650 Californal 31.4% 3,158,60% 1,158,60% 1,158,60% 1,158,60% 1,158,60% 1,158,60% 1,158,60% 1,158,60% 2,158,00% 2,15				
Project, AMT, 5.60%, 10/01/26 1,155 1,158,650 California 13.1% R8, 5.60%, 7/01/13 (a) 255 251,807 California Health Facilities Financing 325,807 California Health Facilities Financing 325 251,807 California Refunding RB: 325 325,807 St. Joseph Health System, 326 325,908 326 325,908 326,908 326,908 327,908 326,908 327,908 326,908 327,908 327,908 328,908 32	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
California 13.1% Agua Caliente Band of Cahuilla Indians, 255 251,807 RB, 5.60%, 7/01/13 (a) 255 251,807 California Health Facilities Financing Authority, Refunding RB: St. Joseph Health System, Series A, 5.75%, 7/01/39 1,530 1,677,691 Suter Health, Series B, 2,200 2,534,488 6.00%, 8/15/42 2,200 2,534,488 California State Public Works Board, RB, Various Capital Projects, Sub-Series I-1, 6.38%, 11/01/34 820 946,550 California Statewide Communities Development Authority, RB: Health Facility, Memorial Health Services, Series A, 6.00%, 10/01/23 2,500 2,598,125 John Muir Health, 5.13%, 7/01/39 1,510 1,575,670 Los Angeles Department of Airports, RB, Series A, 5.25%, 5/15/39 555 617,732 Los Angeles Department of Airports, Refunding RB, Senior, Los Angeles International Airport, Series A, 5.00%, 5 617,732 5/15/40 4,115				
Agua Caliente Band of Cahuilla Indians, 255 251,807 RB, 5,60%, 7/01/13 (a) 255 251,807 California Health Facilities Financing ************************************			1,155	1,158,650
RB, 5.60%, 7/01/13 (a) 255 251,807 California Health Facilities Financing Authority, Refunding RB: St. Joseph Health System, Series A, 5.75%, 7/01/39 1,530 1,677,691 Sutter Health, Series B, 6,00%, 8/15/42 2,200 2,534,488 California State Public Works Board, RB, Various Capital Projects, Sub-Series 1-1, 6.38%, 11/01/34 820 946,550 California Statewide Communities Pevelopment Authority, RB: Health Facility, Memorial Health Services, Series A, 6,00%, 10/01/23 2,500 2,598,125 John Muir Health, 5.13%, 7/01/39 1,510 1,575,670 Los Angeles Department of Airports, RB, Series A, 5.25%, 5/15/39 5,555 617,732 Los Angeles Department of Airports, RB, Feries A, 5.25%, 5/15/39 4,115 4,549,338 Montebello Unified School District California, GO, CAB (NPFGC) (b): 5,555,868,001/22 2,405 1,505,386				
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6.00%, 8/15/42 2,200 2,534,488 California State Public Works Board, RB, 3 Various Capital Projects, 820 946,550 Sub-Series I-1, 6,38%, 11/01/34 820 946,550 California Statewide Communities 820 946,550 Development Authority, RB: 820 946,550 Health Facility, Memorial 820 2,500 2,598,125 John Muir Health, 5.13%, 7(01/123) 2,500 2,598,125 John Muir Health, 5.13%, 7(01/39) 1,510 1,575,670 Los Angeles Department of Airports, RB, 8eries, A, 5.25%, 5/15/39 555 617,732 Los Angeles Department of Airports, RR, Refunding RB, Senior, Los Angeles International Airport, Series A, 5.00%, 5/15/40 4,115 4,549,338 Montebello Unified School District California, GO, CAB (NPFGC) (b): 5,65%, 8/01/22 2,405 1,505,386			1,530	1,077,091
California State Public Works Board, RB, Various Capital Projects, 820 946,550 California Statewide Communities 820 946,550 Development Authority, RB: 820 946,550 Health Facility, Memorial 820 946,550 Health Services, Series A, 820 946,550 6.00%, 10/01/23 2,500 2,598,125 John Muir Health, 5.13%, 1,510 1,575,670 Los Angeles Department of Airports, RB, 855 617,732 Los Angeles Department of Airports, 855 617,732 Los Angeles Department of Airports, 867 87 Refunding RB, Senior, Los Angeles 87 87 87 International Airport, Series A, 5.00%, 4,115 4,549,338 Montebello Unified School District 87 4,115 4,549,338 Montebello Unified School District 87 1,505,386 California, GO, CAB (NPFGC) (b): 5,65%, 8/01/22 2,405 1,505,386			2 200	2 524 499
Various Capital Projects, 820 946,550 Sub-Series I-1, 6.38%, 11/01/34 820 946,550 California Statewide Communities Pevelopment Authority, RB: Health Facility, Memorial Health Services, Series A, Health Services, Series A, Colom, 10/01/23 2,500 2,598,125 John Muir Health, 5.13%, 7/01/39 1,510 1,575,670 Los Angeles Department of Airports, RB, Series A, 5.25%, 5/15/39 555 617,732 Los Angeles Department of Airports, Refunding RB, Senior, Los Angeles International Airport, Series A, 5.00%, 5/15/40 4,115 4,549,338 Montebello Unified School District California, GO, CAB (NPFGC) (b): 5.65%, 8/01/22 2,405 1,505,386			2,200	2,334,400
Sub-Series I-1, 6.38%, 11/01/34 820 946,550 California Statewide Communities Development Authority, RB: Health Facility, Memorial Health Services, Series A, 6.00%, 10/01/23 2,500 2,598,125 John Muir Health, 5.13%, 7/01/39 1,510 1,575,670 Los Angeles Department of Airports, RB, Series A, 5.25%, 5/15/39 555 617,732 Los Angeles Department of Airports, Refunding RB, Senior, Los Angeles International Airport, Series A, 5.00%, 5/15/40 4,115 4,549,338 Montebello Unified School District California, GO, CAB (NPFGC) (b): 5.65%, 8/01/22 2,405 1,505,386				
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Development Authority, RB: Health Facility, Memorial Health Services, Series A, 6.00%, 10/01/23 2,500 2,598,125 John Muir Health, 5.13%, 7/01/39 1,510 1,575,670 Los Angeles Department of Airports, RB, Series A, 5.25%, 5/15/39 555 617,732 Los Angeles Department of Airports, Refunding RB, Senior, Los Angeles International Airport, Series A, 5.00%, 5/15/40 4,115 4,549,338 Montebello Unified School District California, GO, CAB (NPFGC) (b): 5.65%, 8/01/22 2,405 1,505,386			020	710,550
Health Facility, Memorial Health Services, Series A, 6.00%, 10/01/23 2,500 2,598,125 John Muir Health, 5.13%, 7/01/39 1,510 1,575,670 Los Angeles Department of Airports, RB, Series A, 5.25%, 5/15/39 555 617,732 Los Angeles Department of Airports, Refunding RB, Senior, Los Angeles International Airport, Series A, 5.00%, 5/15/40 4,115 4,549,338 Montebello Unified School District California, GO, CAB (NPFGC) (b): 5.65%, 8/01/22 2,405 1,505,386				
Health Services, Series A, 6.00%, 10/01/23 2,500 2,598,125 John Muir Health, 5.13%, 7/01/39 1,510 1,575,670 Los Angeles Department of Airports, RB, Series A, 5.25%, 5/15/39 555 617,732 Los Angeles Department of Airports, Refunding RB, Senior, Los Angeles International Airport, Series A, 5.00%, 5/15/40 4,115 4,549,338 Montebello Unified School District California, GO, CAB (NPFGC) (b): 5.65%, 8/01/22 2,405 1,505,386				
6.00%, 10/01/23 2,500 2,598,125 John Muir Health, 5.13%, 7/01/39 1,510 1,575,670 Los Angeles Department of Airports, RB, Series A, 5.25%, 5/15/39 555 617,732 Los Angeles Department of Airports, Refunding RB, Senior, Los Angeles International Airport, Series A, 5.00%, 5/15/40 4,115 4,549,338 Montebello Unified School District California, GO, CAB (NPFGC) (b): 5.65%, 8/01/22 2,405 1,505,386				
John Muir Health, 5.13%, 7/01/39 Los Angeles Department of Airports, RB, Series A, 5.25%, 5/15/39 Los Angeles Department of Airports, Refunding RB, Senior, Los Angeles International Airport, Series A, 5.00%, 5/15/40 Montebello Unified School District California, GO, CAB (NPFGC) (b): 5.65%, 8/01/22 2,405 1,505,386			2,500	2,598,125
Los Angeles Department of Airports, RB, 555 617,732 Series A, 5.25%, 5/15/39 555 617,732 Los Angeles Department of Airports, Fefunding RB, Senior, Los Angeles International Airport, Series A, 5.00%, 4,115 4,549,338 Montebello Unified School District California, GO, CAB (NPFGC) (b): 5.65%, 8/01/22 2,405 1,505,386				
Series A, 5.25%, 5/15/39 555 617,732 Los Angeles Department of Airports, Refunding RB, Senior, Los Angeles International Airport, Series A, 5.00%, 5/15/40 4,115 4,549,338 Montebello Unified School District California, GO, CAB (NPFGC) (b): 5.65%, 8/01/22 2,405 1,505,386	7/01/39		1,510	1,575,670
Los Angeles Department of Airports, Refunding RB, Senior, Los Angeles International Airport, Series A, 5.00%, 5/15/40 4,115 4,549,338 Montebello Unified School District California, GO, CAB (NPFGC) (b): 5.65%, 8/01/22 2,405 1,505,386	Los Angeles Department of Airports, RB,			
Refunding RB, Senior, Los Angeles International Airport, Series A, 5.00%, 5/15/40 4,115 4,549,338 Montebello Unified School District California, GO, CAB (NPFGC) (b): 2,405 1,505,386	Series A, 5.25%, 5/15/39		555	617,732
International Airport, Series A, 5.00%, 5/15/40 4,115 4,549,338 Montebello Unified School District California, GO, CAB (NPFGC) (b): 5.65%, 8/01/22 2,405 1,505,386				
5/15/40 Montebello Unified School District California, GO, CAB (NPFGC) (b): 5.65%, 8/01/22 4,115 4,549,338 2,405 1,505,386				
Montebello Unified School District California, GO, CAB (NPFGC) (b): 5.65%, 8/01/22 2,405 1,505,386				
California, GO, CAB (NPFGC) (b): 5.65%, 8/01/22 2,405 1,505,386			4,115	4,549,338
5.65%, 8/01/22 2,405 1,505,386				
5.63%, 8/01/23 2,455 1,449,113				
	5.63%, 8/01/23		2,455	1,449,113

	Par			
Municipal Bonds	(000)		Value	2
California (concluded)				
San Diego Unified School District				
California, GO, CAB, Election of 2008, Series A, 6.06%, 7/01/29 (b)	\$	3,475	\$ 1,5	36,749
State of California, GO, Various Purpose:	D	3,473	Φ 1,3	30,749
6.50%, 4/01/33		8,370	10.2	94,598
5.00%, 10/01/41		2,015		81,842
		2,010		19,089
Colorado 1.9%			,,,	
Colorado Educational & Cultural				
Facilities Authority, RB, Charter				
School, Colorado Springs, 5.50%,				
7/01/40		1,455	1,4	84,376
Plaza Metropolitan District No. 1				
Colorado, Tax Allocation Bonds, Public				
Improvement Fee, Tax Increment,			_	
Subordinate, 8.13%, 12/01/25		1,000	9	71,930
Regional Transportation District, COP,		710	7	100 460
Series A, 5.38%, 6/01/31		710	.,/	99,460
University of Colorado, RB, Series A, 5.38%, 6/01/38		1,250	1.4	37,863
5.56%, 0/01/56		1,230	,	93,629
Connecticut 2.3%			7,0	93,029
Connecticut State Development				
Authority, RB, AFCO, Cargo BDL LLC				
Project, AMT, 8.00%, 4/01/30		2,700	1,6	21,161
Connecticut State Health & Educational				
Facility Authority, RB:				
Ascension Health Senior				
Credit, 5.00%, 11/15/40		955	1,0	26,253
Wesleyan University, 5.00%,				
7/01/35		2,515	,	34,782
D. 1. 4.46			5,4	82,196
Delaware 1.4%				
County of Sussex Delaware, RB, NRG Energy Inc. Indian Bivor Project				
Energy, Inc., Indian River Project, 6.00%, 10/01/40		790	Q	19,025
Delaware State EDA, RB, Exempt		790	0	19,023
Facilities, Indian River Power, 5.38%,				
10/01/45		2,430	2.4	54,105
		_,		73,130
District of Columbia 3.1%				
District of Columbia, RB, Tax Increment,				
City Market at O Street Project,				
5.13%, 6/01/41		1,520	1,5	92,367
Metropolitan Washington Airports				
Authority, RB:				
CAB, Second Senior Lien, Series B				
(AGC), 7.10%, 10/01/35 (b)		13,485	3,8	57,385
First Senior Lien, Series A,		505	-	47.740
5.00%, 10/01/39		505	5	47,748

BLACKROCK MUNIHOLDINGS FUND, INC.

JANUARY 31, 2012

Schedule of Investments (continued)

BlackRock MuniHoldings Fund, Inc. (MHD) (Percentages shown are based on Net Assets)

	Par		
Municipal Bonds	(000)		Value
District of Columbia (concluded)			
Metropolitan Washington Airports			
Authority, RB (concluded):			
First Senior Lien, Series A,		=.	4 50 6 450
5.25%, 10/01/44	\$	1,470	\$ 1,596,273
77. 43. 40%			7,593,773
Florida 6.9%			
City of Clearwater Florida, RB, Series A,			•
5.25%, 12/01/39		2,375	2,667,885
County of Broward Florida, RB, Water &			
Sewer Utility, Series A, 5.25%,			
10/01/34		750	840,660
County of Miami-Dade Florida, RB, CAB,			
Sub-Series A (NPFGC), 5.24%,			
10/01/37 (b)		2,340	516,742
County of Miami-Dade Florida,			
Refunding RB, Miami International			
Airport, Series A-1, 5.38%, 10/01/41		2,620	2,895,650
Greater Orlando Aviation Authority			
Florida, RB, Special Purpose, JetBlue			
Airways Corp., AMT, 6.50%,			
11/15/36		2,095	2,087,060
Hillsborough County IDA, RB, National			
Gypsum Co., Series B, AMT, 7.13%,			
4/01/30		1,900	1,767,380
Mid-Bay Bridge Authority, RB, Series A,			
7.25%, 10/01/40		1,570	1,677,749
Midtown Miami Community			
Development District, Special			
Assessment Bonds, Series B, 6.50%,			
5/01/37		2,400	2,430,648
Palm Coast Park Community			
Development District, Special			
Assessment Bonds, 5.70%, 5/01/37		665	427,529
Preserve at Wilderness Lake Community			
Development District, Special			
Assessment Bonds, Series A, 5.90%,			
5/01/34		1,495	1,418,650
			16,729,953
Georgia 1.3%			
DeKalb Private Hospital Authority,			
Refunding RB, Children s Healthcare,			
5.25%, 11/15/39		585	631,864
Metropolitan Atlanta Rapid Transit			
Authority, RB, Sales Tax Revenue,			
Third Indenture Series A, 5.00%,			
7/01/39		2,410	2,622,924
			3,254,788
Guam 0.7%			
Territory of Guam, GO, Series A:			
6.00%, 11/15/19		440	484,141

6.75%, 11/15/29	630	670,660
7.00%, 11/15/39	430	455,430
		1 610 231

	Par	
Municipal Bonds	(000)	Value
Hawaii 0.4%		
State of Hawaii, Harbor System, Refunding RB, Series A, 5.25%,		
7/01/30	\$ 945	\$ 1,053,694
Illinois 9.9%		, ,
Chicago Board of Education Illinois, GO,		
Series A:		
5.50%, 12/01/39	1,460	1,654,297
5.00%, 12/01/41	485	519,236
City of Chicago Illinois, RB, Series A, 5.25%, 1/01/38	570	642,766
City of Chicago Illinois, RB, O Hare International Airport, General, Third		
Lien:		
Series A, 5.75%, 1/01/39	2,000	2,282,800
Series C, 6.50%, 1/01/41 City of Chicago Illinois, Special Assessment Bonds, Lake Shore East,	4,055	4,900,224
6.75%, 12/01/32	1,000	1,033,130
City of Chicago Illinois, Transit Authority, RB, Sales Tax Receipts Revenue,		
5.25%, 12/01/40	730	814,235
Illinois Finance Authority, Refunding RB, Central DuPage Health, Series B,	1 115	1 210 210
5.50%, 11/01/39 Illinois HDA, RB, Homeowner Mortgage,	1,115	1,219,219
Sub-Series C2, AMT, 5.35%, 2/01/27 Metropolitan Pier & Exposition Authority,	2,525	2,536,868
Refunding RB, McCormick Place Expansion Project:		
CAB, Series B-1 (AGM), 6.25%, 6/15/47 (b)	13,220	1,919,808
Series B-1 (AGM), 5.00%,	10,220	1,515,000
6/15/50	2,190	2,252,481
Series B-2, 5.00%, 6/15/50 Railsplitter Tobacco Settlement	1,740	1,789,033
Authority, RB: 5.50%, 6/01/23	930	1,061,056
6.00%, 6/01/28	800	897,056
State of Illinois, RB, Build Illinois,	000	077,030
Series B, 5.25%, 6/15/34	440	487,225
		24,009,434
Indiana 2.2%		_ 1,000,100
Indiana Finance Authority, RB:		
CWA Authority Project, First Lien,		
Series A, 5.25%, 10/01/38	1,090	1,218,685
Parkview Health System, Series A, 5.75%, 5/01/31	2,300	2,555,576
Sisters of St. Francis Health,	2,300	2,333,310
5.25%, 11/01/39	585	628,442
Indiana Municipal Power Agency, RB, Series B, 6.00%, 1/01/39	775	883,888
		5,286,591

BLACKROCK MUNIHOLDINGS FUND, INC.

JANUARY 31, 2012

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Schedule of Investments (continued)

BlackRock MuniHoldings Fund, Inc. (MHD) (Percentages shown are based on Net Assets)

	Par		
Municipal Bonds	(000)		Value
Iowa 0.6% Iowa State Student Loan Liquidity Corp.,			
RB, Senior Series A-1, AMT, 5.15%,			
12/01/22	\$	1,435	\$ 1,539,023
Kansas 1.2%			
Kansas Development Finance Authority,			
Refunding RB:			
Adventist Health, 5.75%,		1.500	1.741.066
11/15/38 Si tana Si		1,520	1,741,266
Sisters of Leavenworth,		1,155	1,231,057
Series A, 5.00%, 1/01/40		1,133	2,972,323
Kentucky 0.3%			2,912,323
Kentucky Economic Development			
Finance Authority, RB, Owensboro			
Medical Health System, Series A,			
6.38%, 6/01/40		700	772,912
Louisiana 2.0%			
East Baton Rouge Sewerage			
Commission, RB, Series A, 5.25%, 2/01/39		570	633,698
Louisiana Local Government		370	033,096
Environmental Facilities & Community			
Development Authority, RB, Westlake			
Chemical Corp. Projects, 6.75%,			
11/01/32		3,500	3,778,915
New Orleans Aviation Board, Refunding			
RB, Passenger Facility Charge,		420	462.224
Series A, 5.25%, 1/01/41		430	462,224 4,874,837
Maine 0.1%			4,074,037
Maine Health & Higher Educational			
Facilities Authority, RB, Series A,			
5.00%, 7/01/39		210	223,079
Maryland 1.1%			
Maryland EDC, RB, Transportation			
Facilities Project, Series A, 5.75%,		200	200 402
6/01/35		300	309,483
Maryland EDC, Refunding RB, CNX Marine Terminals, Inc., 5 75%			
Marine Terminals, Inc., 5.75%, 9/01/25		580	601,182
Maryland Health & Higher Educational		300	001,102
Facilities Authority, Refunding RB,			
Charlestown Community, 6.25%,			
1/01/41		1,520	1,675,967
			2,586,632
Massachusetts 2.3%			
Massachusetts Development Finance			
Agency, Refunding RB, Boston University, Series P, 5.45%, 5/15/59		1,165	1,350,643
Oniversity, Series 1, J.43/0, J/13/37		1,165	1,338,131
		1,233	1,550,151

Massachusetts Health & Educational Facilities Authority, Refunding RB, Partners Healthcare, Series J1, 5.00%, 7/01/39

	Par	
Municipal Bonds	(000)	Value
Massachusetts (concluded)		
Massachusetts HFA, RB, M/F Housing,	\$ 2,900	\$ 2,907,772
Series A, AMT, 5.25%, 12/01/48	\$ 2,900	5,596,546
Michigan 2.2%		3,370,340
City of Detroit Michigan, RB, Senior		
Lien, Series B (AGM), 7.50%,		
7/01/33	635	801,529
Flint Hospital Building Authority		
Michigan, Refunding RB (ACA), 6.00%,		
7/01/20	1,150	1,156,267
Kalamazoo Hospital Finance Authority,		
Refunding RB, Bronson Methodist	055	1 020 200
Hospital, 5.50%, 5/15/36 Michigan State Hospital Finance	955	1,029,299
Authority, Refunding RB, Henry Ford		
Health, 5.75%, 11/15/39	2,105	2,270,369
	_,	5,257,464
Minnesota 3.1%		, ,
City of Minneapolis Minnesota,		
Refunding RB, Fairview Health		
Services, Series A, 6.75%, 11/15/32	2,135	2,496,093
Tobacco Securitization Authority		
Minnesota, Refunding RB:	2.110	2.514.566
5.25%, 3/01/25	3,110	3,514,766
5.25%, 3/01/31	1,310	1,420,957 7,431,816
Mississippi 0.7%		7,431,010
Mississippi Development Bank Special		
Obligation, Refunding RB, Gulfport		
Water & Sewer System Project (AGM):		
5.25%, 7/01/17	350	400,393
5.25%, 7/01/19	435	488,275
University of Southern Mississippi, RB,		
Campus Facilities Improvements	(75	750 160
Project, 5.38%, 9/01/36	675	758,160
Nebraska 0.9%		1,646,828
City of Omaha, RB, Nebraska Sanitary		
Sewerage System, 4.25%, 11/15/38	2,130	2,246,873
New Hampshire 1.4%	,	, ,
New Hampshire Health & Education		
Facilities Authority, Refunding RB,		
Dartmouth-Hitchcock, 6.00%,		
8/01/38	3,035	3,471,463
New Jersey 7.7%		
New Jersey EDA, RB: Cigarette Tax, 5.75%,		
6/15/29	5,385	5,627,002
Continental Airlines Inc. Project,	5,565	3,021,002
AMT, 6.63%, 9/15/12	1,000	1,017,760
Continental Airlines Inc.	, , ,	
Project, AMT, 6.25%,		
9/15/29	2,950	2,937,285

BLACKROCK MUNIHOLDINGS FUND, INC.

JANUARY 31, 2012

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Schedule of Investments (continued)

BlackRock MuniHoldings Fund, Inc. (MHD) (Percentages shown are based on Net Assets)

Manistral Danda	Par		V -1
Municipal Bonds New Jersey (concluded)	(000)		Value
New Jersey State Turnpike Authority,			
RB, Series C (AGM), 5.00%, 1/01/30	\$	3,500	\$ 3,773,280
New Jersey Transportation Trust Fund	Ψ	3,300	φ 5,775,200
Authority, RB, Transportation System:			
Series A, 5.50%, 6/15/41		1,575	1,807,139
Series B, 5.25%, 6/15/36		1,705	1,918,381
Tobacco Settlement Financing Corp.		1,703	1,710,301
New Jersey, Refunding RB, Series 1A,			
4.50%, 6/01/23		1,740	1,630,885
1.50 /0, 010 11 25		1,710	18,711,732
New York 4.6%			10,711,732
Dutchess County Industrial			
Development Agency New York,			
Refunding RB, St. Francis Hospital,			
Series A, 7.50%, 3/01/29		890	900,155
Long Island Power Authority, Refunding		070	700,133
RB, Series A, 5.75%, 4/01/39		1,450	1,666,035
Metropolitan Transportation Authority,		1,150	1,000,033
Refunding RB:			
Series B, 5.00%, 11/15/34		1,740	1,925,258
Series D, 5.25%, 11/15/40		840	931,560
New York City Industrial Development		010	751,500
Agency, RB:			
British Airways Plc Project,			
7.63%, 12/01/32		1,500	1,500,900
Continental Airlines Inc.		1,500	1,500,500
Project, Mandatory Put			
Bonds, AMT, 8.38%,			
11/01/16		725	733,192
Series C, 6.80%, 6/01/28		535	554,314
New York Liberty Development Corp.,		000	20 1,011
Refunding RB, Second Priority, Bank			
of America Tower at One Bryant Park			
Project, 6.38%, 7/15/49		850	920,125
Port Authority of New York & New			,,,
Jersey, RB, JFK International Air			
Terminal:			
6.00%, 12/01/36		900	974,250
6.00%, 12/01/42		875	943,924
			11,049,713
North Carolina 0.4%			, , , , , ,
North Carolina Medical Care			
Commission, RB, Duke University			
Health System, Series A, 5.00%,			
6/01/42		970	1,031,071
Pennsylvania 4.9%			,,
Allegheny County Hospital Development			
Authority, Refunding RB, Health			
System, West Penn, Series A, 5.38%,			
11/15/40		1,510	1,231,465
		, -	, - ,

Bucks County IDA, RB, Ann s Choice Inc. Facility, Series A, 6.25%, 1/01/35 1,700 1,676,472 Par Value **Municipal Bonds** (000)Pennsylvania (concluded) Pennsylvania Economic Development Financing Authority, RB: American Water Co. Project, 6.20%, 4/01/39 2,927,031 2,520 National Gypsum Co., Series B, AMT, 6.13%, 11/01/27 3,500 3,064,915 Philadelphia Authority for Industrial Development, RB: Arbor House Inc. Project, Series E, 6.10%, 7/01/33 1.105 1,114,735 Commercial Development, AMT, 7.75%, 12/01/17 (c) 725 725,848 Saligman House Project, Series C, 6.10%, 7/01/33 1,245 1,255,969 11,996,435 Puerto Rico 3.5% Puerto Rico Sales Tax Financing Corp., CAB, First Sub-Series C, 6.53%, 8/01/38 (b) 2,975 681,364 CAB, Senior Series C, 6.25%, 8/01/39 (b) 9,665 2,250,689 CAB, Series A, 6.26%, 8/01/35 (b) 4,000 1,112,560 First Sub-Series A, 6.50%, 8/01/44 3,860 4,548,392 8,593,005 South Carolina 1.5% South Carolina State Ports Authority, RB, 5.25%, 7/01/40 2,285 2,523,417 South Carolina State Public Service Authority, Refunding RB, 5.00%, 12/01/36 1,065 1,205,420 3,728,837 Tennessee 2.2% Educational Funding of the South Inc., RB, Senior Sub-Series B, AMT, 6.20%, 12/01/21 2,685 2,690,799 Hardeman County Correctional Facilities Corp. Tennessee, RB, 7.75%, 8/01/17 2,685 2,684,866 5,375,665 Texas 9.9% Brazos River Harbor Navigation District, Refunding RB, Dow Chemical Co. Project, Series A7, AMT, 6.63%, 5/15/33 3,655 3,708,071 Central Texas Regional Mobility Authority, RB, Senior Lien, 6.25%,

1/01/46

10/01/35

City of Dallas Texas, Refunding RB, Waterworks & Sewer System, 5.00%,

1,584,236

1,197,137

1,480

1,050

BLACKROCK MUNIHOLDINGS FUND, INC.

JANUARY 31, 2012

Schedule of Investments (continued)

BlackRock MuniHoldings Fund, Inc. (MHD) (Percentages shown are based on Net Assets)

	Par	•		
Municipal Bonds	(000)		Value
Texas (concluded)				
City of Houston Texas, Refunding RB,				
Senior Lien, Series A, 5.50%,	Φ.	1.050	Φ.	1 100 271
7/01/39	\$	1,070	\$	1,180,371
Harris County Health Facilities				
Development Corp., Refunding RB,				
Memorial Hermann Healthcare		1.010		2 252 525
System, Series B, 7.25%, 12/01/35		1,910		2,272,785
La Vernia Higher Education Finance				
Corp., RB, KIPP Inc., Series A, 6.38%,		450		400.510
8/15/44		450		490,518
North Texas Tollway Authority, RB, CAB,				
Special Projects System, Series B,		1 400		226,000
7.55%, 9/01/37 (b)		1,400		326,900
North Texas Tollway Authority,				
Refunding RB, Toll, Second Tier,		4 100		4 616 594
Series F, 6.13%, 1/01/31		4,190		4,616,584
San Antonio Energy Acquisition Public				
Facility Corp., RB, Gas Supply:		1 100		1 211 045
5.50%, 8/01/24 5.50%, 8/01/25		1,100		1,211,045
· ·		1,120		1,227,643
Texas Private Activity Bond Surface Transportation Corp., RB, Senior Lien:				
LBJ Infrastructure Group LLC,				
LBJ Freeway Managed				
Lanes Project, 7.00%,				
6/30/40		2,990		3,368,115
NTE Mobility Partners LLC,		2,770		3,300,113
North Tarrant Express				
Managed Lanes Project,				
6.88%, 12/31/39		1,700		1,890,927
Texas State Public Finance Authority,		1,,,,,,		1,000,00,00
Refunding ERB, KIPP Inc., Series A				
(ACA), 5.00%, 2/15/36		875		876,995
(-), ,				23,951,327
US Virgin Islands 1.4%				
United States Virgin Islands, Refunding				
RB, Government Refinery, Senior				
Secured, Hovensa Coker Project,				
AMT, 6.50%, 7/01/21		3,460		3,460,035
Utah 1.1%				
City of Riverton Utah, RB, IHC Health				
Services Inc., 5.00%, 8/15/41		2,525		2,718,541
Vermont 1.0%				
Vermont Educational & Health Buildings				
Financing Agency, RB, Developmental				
& Mental Health, Series A, 6.00%,				
6/15/17		2,370		2,393,605
Washington 1.2%				
Seattle Housing Authority Washington,		1,225		1,225,809
HRB, Replacement Housing Projects,				

6.13%, 12/01/32

	1	Dor		
Municipal Bonds		Par 000)	Value	
Washington (concluded)				
Washington Health Care Facilities				
Authority, RB, Swedish Health				
Services, Series A, 6.75%, 11/15/41	\$	1,375	\$ 1,613,356	
Wisconsin 4.2%			2,839,165	
State of Wisconsin, Refunding RB,				
Series A, 6.00%, 5/01/36		4,980	5,918,132	2
Wisconsin Health & Educational				
Facilities Authority, RB:				
Ascension Health Senior Credit		1.710	1 055 500	
Group, 5.00%, 11/15/33		1,710	1,855,538	
New Castle Place Project, Series A, 7.00%, 12/01/31		825	598,199	,
SynergyHealth Inc., 6.00%,		023	370,177	
11/15/32		1,755	1,812,073	,
		-,,	10,183,942	
Wyoming 0.1%			, ,	
Wyoming Municipal Power Agency, RB,				
Series A, 5.00%, 1/01/42		210	223,616	
Total Municipal Bonds 108.8%			264,034,510)
Municipal Bonds Transferred to				
Tender Option Bond (TOB) Trusts (d)				
Arizona 0.8%				
Salt River Project Agricultural				
Improvement & Power District, RB,				
Series A, 5.00%, 1/01/38		1,690	1,850,595	
California 8.3%				
Bay Area Toll Authority, Refunding RB, San Francisco Bay Area, Series F-1,				
5.63%, 4/01/44		2,270	2,569,091	
California Educational Facilities		2,270	2,300,001	
Authority, RB, University of Southern				
California, Series B, 5.25%,				
10/01/39		1,845	2,069,186)
Los Angeles Community College District				
California, GO, Election of 2001,				
Series A (AGM), 5.00%, 8/01/32		1,620	1,771,972	
San Diego Community College District				
California, GO, Election of 2002, 5.25%, 8/01/33		748	858,453	
San Francisco City & County Public		770	656,455	
Utilities Commission, RB, Series B,				
5.00%, 11/01/39		6,600	7,290,162	
Sequoia Union High School District				
California, GO, Refunding, Election of				
2004, Series B (AGM), 5.50%,				
7/01/35		3,494	3,807,838	,
University of California, RB, Limited		1.670	1 710 000	,
Project, Series B, 4.75%, 5/15/38		1,670	1,712,083	
			20,078,785	1

Schedule of Investments (continued)

BlackRock MuniHoldings Fund, Inc. (MHD) (Percentages shown are based on Net Assets)

Municipal Bonds Transferred to Tender Option Bond (TOB) Trusts (d)	Par (000		Value
Colorado 2.5% Colorado Health Facilities Authority, RB			
(AGM):			
Series C-3, 5.10%, 10/01/41	\$	2,580	\$ 2,714,908
Series C-7, 5.00%, 9/01/36		1,650	1,738,490
Colorado Health Facilities Authority,			
Refunding RB, Catholic Health, Series A, 5.50%, 7/01/34		1,490	1,648,885
1, 3,30%, 1101131		1,100	6,102,283
Connecticut 3.1%			
Connecticut State Health & Educational			
Facility Authority, RB, Yale University:		2.100	2 (79 010
Series T-1, 4.70%, 7/01/29 Series X-3, 4.85%, 7/01/37		3,180 3,270	3,678,910
Series X-3, 4.85%, 7/01/37		3,270	3,738,133 7,417,043
Florida 1.8%			7,117,013
County of Miami-Dade Florida, RB,			
Water & Sewer System, 5.00%,			
10/01/34		3,939	4,377,651
Georgia 1.0%			
Private Colleges & Universities Authority, Refunding RB, Emory			
University, Series C, 5.00%, 9/01/38		2,259	2,473,650
Massachusetts 3.8%		,	, ,
Massachusetts School Building			
Authority, Sales Tax RB:			
Senior Series B, 5.00%,		2.150	2 571 000
10/15/41 Series A (AGM), 5.00%, 8/15/30		3,150 4,994	3,571,880 5,576,010
Series A (AGIVI), 5.00 /0, 6/15/50		4,774	9,147,890
New Hampshire 0.7%			3,117,030
New Hampshire Health & Education			
Facilities Authority, Refunding RB,			
Dartmouth College, 5.25%, 6/01/39		1,409	1,612,687
New York 10.3% Hudson Yards Infrastructure Corp., RB,			
5.75%, 2/15/47		1,110	1,254,205
New York City Municipal Water Finance		1,110	1,20 1,200
Authority, RB, Water & Sewer,			
Series FF-2, 5.50%, 6/15/40		1,110	1,277,702
New York Liberty Development Corp.,			
RB: 1 World Trade Center Port			
Authority Construction,			
5.25%, 12/15/43		7,440	8,452,063
4 World Trade Center Project,			
5.75%, 11/15/51		4,460	5,075,168
New York State Dormitory Authority,		1.024	4 279 716
ERB, Series F, 5.00%, 3/15/35 Sales Tax Asset Receivable Corp., RB,		4,034	4,378,716
Series A (AMBAC), 5.25%, 10/15/27		4,240	4,679,353
(,		.,	.,,,,,,,,

			25,117,207
Municipal Bonds Transferred to		Par	
Tender Option Bond (TOB) Trusts (d)	(000)	Value
North Carolina 0.5% North Carolina Capital Facilities F	inance		
Agency, Refunding RB, Wake For			
University, 5.00%, 1/01/38		\$ 1,080	\$ 1,187,082
Ohio 4.4%			
State of Ohio, Refunding RB, Clev	reland		
Clinic Health, Series A, 5.50%,		0.644	10.550.470
1/01/39 Tennessee 1.0%		9,644	10,558,472
Shelby County Health Educational	&		
Housing Facilities Board, Refunding			
RB, St. Jude s Children s Research			
Hospital, 5.00%, 7/01/31		2,250	2,403,090
Texas 3.2%	**		
County of Harris Texas, RB, Senio		4.620	5 092 002
Toll Road, Series A, 5.00%, 8/15/3 Metropolitan Transit Authority of		4,620	5,082,092
County Texas, RB, 5.00%, 11/01/4		2,350	2,655,524
2001109 10.1009, 1229, 2100 70, 117017	•	2,550	7,737,616
Virginia 2.6%			
University of Virginia, Refunding	RB,		
General, 5.00%, 6/01/40		3,749	4,169,430
Virginia Small Business Financing			
Authority, Refunding RB, Sentara Healthcare, 5.00%, 11/01/40		2,094	2,247,843
Teatheare, 5.00%, 11/01/40		2,074	6,417,273
Washington 0.8%			2,121,212
Central Puget Sound Regional Trans	nsit		
Authority, RB, Series A (AGM), 5	.00%,		
11/01/32		1,860	2,061,919
Wisconsin 1.7% Wisconsin Health & Educational			
Facilities Authority, Refunding RE	3		
Froedtert & Community Health Inc			
5.25%, 4/01/39	,	3,959	4,213,870
Total Municipal Bonds Transfer	red to Tender Option		
Bond (TOB) Trusts 46.5%			112,757,113
Total Long-Term Investments			376,791,623
(Cost \$347,183,041) 155.3%			370,791,023
Short-Term Securities		Shares	
FFI Institutional Tax-Exempt Fund	l,	2 000 027	2 000 027
0.01% (e)(f)		2,909,027	2,909,027
		Par	
		(000)	
Michigan Finance Authority, RB,	SAN,		0.077.000
Detroit Schools, 6.45%, 2/20/12		\$ 2,255	2,255,000
	BLACKROCK MUNIHOLDINGS FUND, INC.	JANUARY 31,	2012 6

Schedule of Investments (continued)

BlackRock MuniHoldings Fund, Inc. (MHD) (Percentages shown are based on Net Assets)

	Value
Total Short-Term Securities	
(Cost \$5,164,027) 2.1%	5,164,027
Total Investments (Cost - \$352,347,068*) 157.4%	381,955,650
Other Assets Less Liabilities 1.3%	3,219,134
Liability for TOB Trust Certificates, Including Interest	
Expense and Fees Payable (24.2)%	(58,807,860)
AMPS, at Redemption Value (34.5)%	(83,700,000)
Net Assets Applicable to Common Shares 100.0% \$	242,666,924

^{*} As of January 31, 2012, gross unrealized appreciation and gross unrealized depreciation based on cost for federal income tax purposes were as follows:

Tax Cost	\$ 292,677,613
Gross unrealized appreciation	\$ 32,823,724
Gross unrealized depreciation	(2,334,463)
Net unrealized appreciation	\$ 30.489.261

- (a) Security exempt from registration pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933. These securities may be resold in transactions exempt from registration to qualified institutional investors.
- (b) Represents a zero-coupon bond. Rate shown reflects the current yield as of report date.
- (c) Variable rate security. Rate shown is as of report date.
- (d) Securities represent bonds transferred to a TOB in exchange for which the Fund acquired residual interest certificates. These securities serve as collateral in a financing transaction.
- (e) Investments in companies considered to be an affiliate of the Fund during the period, for purposes of Section 2(a)(3) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, were as follows:

	Shares	Shares			
	Held at	Held at			
	April 30,	Net	January 31,		
Affiliate	2011	Activity	2012		Income
FFI Institutional Tax-Exempt Fund	6,564,515	(3,655,488)	2,909,027	\$	1,573

(f) Represents the current yield as of report date.

Portfolio Abbreviations

To simplify the listings of portfolio holdings in the Schedule of Investments, the names and descriptions of many of the securities have been abbreviated according to the following list:

ACA American Capital Access Corp.

AGC Assured Guaranty Corp.

Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. **AGM**

AMBAC American Municipal Bond Assurance Corp. **AMT** Alternative Minimum Tax (subject to)

CAB Capital Appreciation Bonds Certificates of Participation COP **EDA Economic Development Authority**

Portfolio Abbreviations (concluded)

EDC Economic Development Corp. **ERB Education Revenue Bonds** GO General Obligation Bonds Housing Development Authority **HDA HFA** Housing Finance Agency HRB Housing Revenue Bonds **Industrial Development Authority** IDA

Multi-Family M/F

NPFGC National Public Finance Guarantee Corp.

RB Revenue Bonds State Aid Notes SAN

Financial futures contracts sold as of January 31, 2012 were as follows:

Contracts	Issue	Exchange	Expiration	Notional Value	_	realized preciation
	10-Year US	Chicago				
	Treasury	Board of	March			
53	Note	Trade	2012	\$ 7,009,250	\$	(92,851)

Fair Value Measurements - Various inputs are used in determining the fair value of investments and derivative financial instruments. These inputs are categorized into a disclosure hierarchy consisting of three broad levels for financial reporting purposes as follows:

Level 1 unadjusted price quotations in active markets/exchanges for identical assets and liabilities

Level 2 other observable inputs (including, but not limited to: quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in markets that are active, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the assets or liabilities (such as interest rates, yield curves, volatilities, prepayment speeds, loss severities, credit risks and default rates) or other market-corroborated inputs)

Level 3 unobservable inputs based on the best information available in the circumstances, to the extent observable inputs are not available (including the Fund s own assumptions used in determining the fair value of investments and derivative financial instruments)

Changes in valuation techniques may result in transfers in or out of an assigned level within the disclosure hierarchy. The categorization of a value determined for investments and derivative financial instruments is based on the pricing transparency of the investment and derivative financial instrument and does not necessarily correspond to the Fund s perceived risk of investing in those securities. For information about the Fund s policy regarding valuation of investments and derivative financial instruments and other significant accounting policies, please refer to the Fund s most recent financial statements as contained in its semi-annual report.

BLACKROCK MUNIHOLDINGS FUND, INC.

JANUARY 31, 2012

Schedule of Investments (concluded)

BlackRock MuniHoldings Fund, Inc. (MHD)

The following tables summarize the inputs used as of January 31, 2012 in determining the fair valuation of the Fund s investments and derivative financial instruments:

Valuation Inputs	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:				
Investments:				
Long-Term Investments ¹		\$ 376,791,623		\$ 376,791,623
Short-Term Securities	\$ 2,909,027	2,255,000		5,164,027
Total	\$ 2,909,027	\$ 379,046,623		\$ 381,955,650

See above Schedule of Investments for values in each state or political subdivision.

Valuation Inputs	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Derivative Financial Instruments ² :				
Liabilities:				
Interest rate contracts	\$ (92,851)			\$ (92,851)

Derivative financial instruments are financial futures contracts, which are valued at the unrealized appreciation/depreciation on the instrument.

BLACKROCK MUNIHOLDINGS FUND, INC.

JANUARY 31, 2012

Item 2 Controls and Procedures

- 2(a) The registrant s principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, have concluded that the registrant s disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 30a-3(c) under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the 1940 Act)) are effective as of a date within 90 days of the filing of this report based on the evaluation of these controls and procedures required by Rule 30a-3(b) under the 1940 Act and Rule 13a-15(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
- 2(b) There were no changes in the registrant s internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 30a-3(d) under the 1940 Act) that occurred during the registrant s last fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant s internal control over financial reporting.

Item 3 Exhibits

Certifications Attached hereto

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

BlackRock MuniHoldings Fund, Inc.

By: /s/ John M. Perlowski
John M. Perlowski
Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer) of
BlackRock MuniHoldings Fund, Inc.

Date: March 23, 2012

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

By: /s/ John M. Perlowski
John M. Perlowski
Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer) of
BlackRock MuniHoldings Fund, Inc.

Date: March 23, 2012

By: /s/ Neal J. Andrews
Neal J. Andrews
Chief Financial Officer (principal financial officer) of
BlackRock MuniHoldings Fund, Inc.

Date: March 23, 2012

Deferred income taxes
(63)
110
Effects of change in operating assets and liabilities:
Accrued interest receivable
(123)
(169)
Prepaid expenses and other assets
278
326
Accrued interest
(4)
(2)
Accrued expenses and other

293
(111)
Net cash provided by operating activities
1,957
1,149
Investing activities:
Proceeds from sale of available for sale investment securities
45
-

Proceeds from maturity of held to maturity securities
24
22
Proceeds from repayment of mortgage-backed securities available for sale
11,155
6,506
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets
425
-
Proceeds from sale of other real estate owned
3
41
Purchases of available for sale investment securities
(1,534)
(3,934)
Purchases of mortgage-backed securities available for sale
(18,226)

(17,274)
Net decrease (increase) in loans
7,918
10,325
Purchase of bank owned life insurance
-
182
Capital expenditures
(303)
(12)
Net cash used in investing activities
(493)
(4,144)

Financing activities:
Net increase (decrease) in deposits
3,588
6,096
Repayments of Federal Home Loan Bank advances
(5,000)
(250)
Dividends paid to stockholders
(309)
(862)
Net increase (decreases) in advances from borrowers for payment of insurance and taxes
109

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203
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities
(1.612)
(1,612)
5,187
Note: A control of the control of th
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents
(148)

Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period

16,787

2,192

29,079
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period
\$ 16,639
\$ 31,271
See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.
4

UNITED COMMUNITY BANCORP AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION- United Community Bancorp, a federal corporation ("old United Community Bancorp") completed its previously announced conversion from the mutual holding company form of organization to the stock holding company form on January 9, 2013. As a result of the conversion, United Community Bancorp, an Indiana corporation ("United Community Bancorp" or "Company"), became the holding company for United Community Bank ("Bank"), and United Community MHC and old United Community Bancorp, ceased to exist. As part of the conversion, all outstanding shares of old United Community Bancorp common stock (other than those owned by United Community MHC) were converted into the right to receive 0.6573 of a share of United Community Bancorp common stock.

The information in this report for periods prior to the conversion date of January 9, 2013 refers to old United Community Bancorp, except share and per share information which have been restated to give retroactive recognition to the conversion ratio of 0.6573.

The Company, through the Bank, operates in a single business segment providing traditional banking services through its office and branches in southeastern Indiana. UCB Real Estate Management Holding, LLC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Bank. The entity was formed for the purpose of holding assets that are acquired by the Bank through, or in lieu of, foreclosure. UCB Financial Services, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Bank, was formed for the purpose of collecting commissions on investments referred to Lincoln Financial Group.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission, and therefore do not include all information or footnotes necessary for complete financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. However, all normal recurring adjustments that, in the opinion of management, are necessary for a fair presentation of the financial statements have been included. No other adjustments have been included. The results for the three-month period ended September 30, 2013 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014. These financial statements should be read in conjunction the Company's audited consolidated financial statements and the accompanying notes thereto for the year ended June 30, 2013, which are included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on September 27, 2013.

The Company evaluates events and transactions occurring subsequent to the date of the financial statements for matters requiring recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.

- 2. EMPLOYEE STOCK OWNERSHIP PLAN ("ESOP") As of September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013, the ESOP owned 274,307 shares of the Company's common stock. The shares owned by the ESOP are held in a suspense account until released for allocation to participants.
- 3. EARNINGS PER SHARE ("EPS") Non-vested shares with non-forfeitable dividend rights are considered participating securities and, thus, subject to the two-class method pursuant to ASC 260, *Earnings per Share*, when computing basic and diluted earnings per share. The Company's restricted share awards contain non-forfeitable dividend rights but do not contractually obligate the holders to share in the losses of the Company. Accordingly, during periods of net income, unvested restricted shares are included in the determination of both basic and diluted EPS. During periods of net loss, these shares are excluded from both basic and diluted EPS.

Basic EPS is based on the weighted average number of common shares and unvested restricted shares outstanding, adjusted for ESOP shares not yet committed to be released. Diluted EPS reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock, such as outstanding stock options, were exercised or converted

into common stock or resulted in the issuance of common stock. Diluted EPS is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding to include the effects of contracts or securities exercisable or which could be converted into common stock, if dilutive, using the treasury stock method. The following is a reconciliation of the basic and diluted weighted average number of common shares outstanding:

5

Three Months Ended
September 30,
2013

2012

Basic weighted average outstanding shares
4,875,257

5,050,134

Effect of dilutive stock options

Diluted weighted average outstanding shares
4,875,257

5,050,134

- 4. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION The Company applies the provisions of ASC 718-10-35-2, *Compensation-Stock Compensation*, to stock-based compensation, which requires the Company to measure the cost of employee services received in exchange for awards of equity instruments and to recognize this cost in the financial statements over the period during which the employee is required to provide such services. The Company has elected to recognize compensation cost associated with its outstanding stock-based compensation awards with graded vesting on an accelerated basis pursuant to ASC 718-10-35-8. The expense is calculated for stock options at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The expense associated with restricted stock awards is calculated based upon the value of the common stock on the date of grant. No stock-based compensation awards were granted during the three-month periods ended September 30, 2013 and 2012.
- 5. DIVIDENDS On August 22, 2013, the Board of Directors of the Company declared a cash dividend on the Company's outstanding shares of stock of \$0.06 per share. The dividend, totaling \$309,000, was paid on September 16, 2013.

6. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

		ee Months Ended ember 30, 3 lars in thousands)	2012	2
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information is as follows:				
Cash paid during the period for:				
Income taxes	\$	362	\$	33
Interest	\$	752	\$	1,005
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities is as follows:				
Unrealized gain (loss) on securities designated as available for sale, net of tax	\$	(735)	\$	633
Transfers of loans to other real estate owned	\$	-	\$	600
Beginning of period adjustment from transfer of mortgage servicing rights from amortized cost method to fair value	\$	45	\$	-
method, net of tax				

7. DISCLOSURES ABOUT FAIR VALUE OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*, requires disclosure of the fair value of financial instruments, both assets and liabilities, whether or not recognized in the consolidated balance sheet, for which it is practicable to estimate the value. For financial instruments where quoted market prices are not available, fair values are estimated using present value or other valuation methods.

The following methods and assumptions are used in estimating the fair values of financial instruments:

Cash and cash equivalents

The carrying values presented in the consolidated statements of position approximate fair value.

Investments and mortgage-backed securities

For investment securities (debt instruments) and mortgage-backed securities, fair values are based on quoted market prices, where available. If a quoted market price is not available, fair value is estimated using quoted market prices of comparable instruments.

6

Loans receivable

The fair value of the loan portfolio is estimated by evaluating homogeneous categories of loans with similar financial characteristics. Loans are segregated by types, such as residential mortgage, commercial real estate, and consumer. Each loan category is further segmented into fixed and adjustable rate interest, terms, and by performing and non-performing categories. The fair value of performing loans, except residential mortgage loans, is calculated by discounting contractual cash flows using estimated market discount rates which reflect the credit and interest rate risk inherent in the loan. For performing residential mortgage loans, fair value is estimated by discounting contractual cash flows adjusted for prepayment estimates using discount rates based on secondary market sources. The fair value for significant non-performing loans is based on recent internal or external appraisals. Assumptions regarding credit risk, cash flow, and discount rates are judgmentally determined by using available market information.

Federal Home Loan Bank stock

The Bank is a member of the Federal Home Loan Bank system and is required to maintain an investment based upon a pre-determined formula. The carrying values presented in the consolidated statements of position approximate fair value.

Deposits

The fair values of passbook accounts, NOW accounts, and money market savings and demand deposits approximate their carrying values. The fair values of fixed maturity certificates of deposit are estimated using a discounted cash flow calculation that applies interest rates currently offered for deposits of similar maturities.

Advance from Federal Home Loan Bank

The fair value is calculated using rates available to the Company on advances with similar terms and remaining maturities.

Off-balance sheet items

Carrying value is a reasonable estimate of fair value. These instruments are generally variable rate or short-term in nature, with minimal fees charged.

The estimated fair values of the Company's financial instruments at September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013 are as follows:

	September 30, 2013				Jun	e 30, 2013		
	Carrying		Fair		Carrying		Fair	
	Amounts		Value		Amounts		Value	
	(In thousands)							
Financial assets:								
Cash and due from banks	\$	16,639	\$	16,639	\$	16,787	\$	16,787
Investment securities available for sale		33,174		33,174		32,013		32,013
Investment securities held to maturity		393		393		417		417
Mortgage-backed securities		175,261		175,261		170,117		170,117
Loans receivable and loans receivable held for sale		247,285		247,763		254,995		253,472
Accrued interest receivable		1,759		1,759		1,636		1,636
Investment in FHLB stock		6,588		6,588		6,588		6,588

T-		1. 1.	4
Financ	19 L	liahi	lifiec
1 IIIaiic	ıaı	maoi	mucs.

Deposits Accrued interest payable FHLB advance	424,831	426,396	421,243	422,987
	25	25	29	29
	10,000	9,881	15,000	14,850
Off-balance sheet items	\$	\$	\$	\$

ASC 820-10-50-2 also establishes a fair value hierarchy which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The standard describes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3 Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

Fair value methods and assumptions are set forth below for each type of financial instrument. Where quoted prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. Level 2 securities include U.S. Government and agency mortgage-backed securities, U.S. Government agency bonds, municipal securities, and other real estate owned. If quoted market prices are not available, the Bank utilizes a third party vendor to calculate the fair value of its available for sale securities. The third party vendor uses quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics when available. If such quotes are not available, the third party vendor uses pricing models or discounted cash flow models with observable inputs to determine the fair value of these securities.

Fair value measurements for certain assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

	To (In	tal thousands)	Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1)	n oth obs inp	servable outs	Significant other unobservable inputs (Level 3)
September 30, 2013:	`	,				
Mortgage-backed securities	\$	175,261	\$	\$	175,261	\$
Municipal bonds		33,010			33,010	
Other equity securities		164	164			
Mortgage servicing rights ⁽¹⁾		641			641	
June 30, 2013:						
Mortgage-backed securities	\$	170,117	\$	\$	170,117	\$
Municipal bonds		31,851			31,851	
Other equity securities		162	162			

⁽¹⁾ Effective July 1, 2013, the Company changed its accounting method for mortgage servicing rights from the amortization method to the fair value measurement method, as permitted in accordance with FASB ASC 860-50, "Servicing Assets and Liabilities". In accordance with ASC 860-50, the Company recorded an adjustment at the beginning of the period to retained earnings for the value of such servicing rights at that date.

Fair value measurements for certain assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis:

			Quoted practive ma for identic assets (Le	rkets oth cal obs vel 1) inp	er servable	Significant other unobservable inputs (Level 3)
	(In	thousands)				
September 30, 2013:						
Other real estate owned	\$	613	\$	\$	613	\$
Loans held for sale		83			83	
Impaired loans		20,661			20,661	
June 30, 2013:						
Other real estate owned	\$	618	\$	\$	618	\$
Loans held for sale		417			417	
Impaired loans		23,920			23,920	

The adjustments to other real estate owned and impaired loans are based primarily on appraisals of the real estate, cash flow analysis or other observable market prices. The Bank's policy is that fair values for these assets are based on current appraisals or cash flow analysis.

The following table presents fair value measurements for the Company's financial instruments which are not recognized at fair value in the accompanying statements of financial position on a recurring or nonrecurring basis.

			in a	oted prices active rkets for ntical assets	othe	ervable	Significant other unobservable inputs
	Tota	al	(Le	vel 1)	(Le	vel 2)	(Level 3)
September 30, 2013:							
Financial assets:							
Cash and interest bearing deposits	\$	16,639	\$	16,639	\$		\$
Investment securities held to maturity		393				393	
Loans receivable and loans held for sale		247,763				247,763	
Accrued interest receivable		1,759				1,759	
Investment in FHLB stock		6,588				6,588	
Financial liabilities:							
Deposits		426,396				426,396	
Accrued interest payable		25				25	
FHLB advances		9,881				9,881	
June 30, 2013:							
Financial assets:							
Cash and interest bearing deposits	\$	16,787	\$	16,787	\$		\$
Investment securities held to maturity		417				417	
Loans receivable and loans held for sale		253,472				253,472	
Accrued interest receivable		1,636				1,636	
Investment in FHLB stock		6,588				6,588	
Financial liabilities:							
Deposits		422,987				422,987	
Accrued interest payable		29				29	
FHLB advances		14,850				14,850	

8. INVESTMENT SECURITIES

Investment securities available for sale at September 30, 2013 consisted of the following:

	Λm	ortized	Gro	SS	Gro	SS	Esti	mated
			Unr	ealized	Unr	ealized	Mai	ket
	Cos	il	Gai	ns	Los	ses	Val	ue
Mortgage-backed securities	\$	178,533	\$	213	\$	3,485	\$	175,261
Municipal bonds		34,351		201		1,542		33,010
Other equity securities		210				46		164
	\$	213,094	\$	414	\$	5,073	\$	208,435

Investment securities held to maturity at September 30, 2013 consisted of the following:

	Amonticad	Gross	Gross	Estimated
	Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	Market
	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value
Municipal Bonds	\$ 393	\$	\$	\$ 393

Investment securities available for sale at June 30, 2013 consisted of the following:

	Am Cos	ortized st	Gro Unr Gai	ealized	Gro Unr Los	realized	Esti Maı Val	
Mortgage-backed securities	\$	172,478	\$	181	\$	2,542	\$	170,117
Municipal bonds		32,894		239		1,282		31,851
Other equity securities		210				48		162
	\$	205,582	\$	420	\$	3,872	\$	202,130

Investment securities held to maturity at June 30, 2013 consisted of the following:

	Amoutigad	Gross	Gross	Estimated
	Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	Market
	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value
Municipal Bonds	\$ 417	\$	\$	\$ 417

The mortgage-backed securities, callable bonds and municipal bonds available for sale have the following maturities at September 30, 2013:

	Amo	ortized	mated ket value
Due or callable in one year or less	\$	-	\$ -
Due or callable in 1 - 5 years		136,834	134,839
Due or callable in 5 - 10 years		66,609	64,641
Due or callable in greater than 10 years		9,441	8,791
Total debt securities	\$	212,884	\$ 208,271

All other securities available for sale at September 30, 2013 are saleable within one year. The Bank held \$393,000 and \$417,000 in investment securities that are being held to maturity at September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013, respectively. The investment securities held to maturity have annual returns of principal and will be fully matured

between 2014 and 2019.

The expected returns of principal of investments held to maturity are as follows as of September 30, 2013 (dollars in thousands):

October 1, 2013 through June 30, 2014	\$25
2015	117
2016	56
2017	61
2018	65
2018 and thereafter	69
	\$393

Gross proceeds on the sale of investment and mortgage-backed securities were \$45,000 and \$-0- for the three-month periods ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. There were no gross realized gains or losses for the three-month periods ended September 30, 2013 and 2012.

The table below indicates the length of time individual investment securities and mortgage-backed securities have been in a continuous loss position at September 30, 2013:

		ss than 12 m ir Value	Un	ns nrealized osses	Fair Value			er nrealized osses		tal ir Value	_	realized sses			
	(In thousands)														
Mortgage-backed securities	\$	130,399	\$	3,150	\$	18,939	\$	335	\$	149,338	\$	3,485			
Municipal bonds		26,503		1,541		238		1		26,741		1,542			
Other equity securities		-				164		46		164		46			
	\$	156,902	\$	4,691	\$	19,341	\$	382	\$	\$ 176,243		5,073			
Number of investments		93				8				101					

Securities available for sale are reviewed for possible other-than-temporary impairment on a quarterly basis. During this review, management considers the severity and duration of the unrealized losses as well as its intent and ability to hold the securities until recovery, taking into account balance sheet management strategies and its market view and outlook. Management also assesses the nature of the unrealized losses taking into consideration factors such as changes in risk-free interest rates, general credit spread widening, market supply and demand, creditworthiness of the issuer or any credit enhancement providers, and the quality of the underlying collateral. Management does not intend to sell these securities in the foreseeable future, and does not believe that it is more likely than not that the Bank will be required to sell a security in an unrealized loss position prior to a recovery in its value. The decline in market value is due to changes in market interest rates. The fair values are expected to recover as the securities approach maturity dates.

9. GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSET

In June 2010, old United Community Bancorp acquired three branches from Integra Bank National Association ("Integra"), which was accounted for under the purchase method of accounting. Under the purchase method, the Company is required to allocate the cost of an acquired company to the assets acquired, including identified intangible assets, and liabilities assumed based on their estimated fair values at the date of acquisition. The excess cost over the value of net assets acquired represents goodwill, which is not subject to amortization.

Goodwill arising from business combinations represents the value attributable to unidentifiable intangible elements in the business acquired. Goodwill recorded by the Company in connection with its acquisition relates to the inherent

value in the business acquired and this value is dependent upon the Company's ability to provide quality, cost-effective services in a competitive market place. As such, goodwill value is supported ultimately by revenue that is driven by the volume of business transacted. A decline in earnings as a result of a lack of growth or the inability to deliver cost-effective services over sustained periods can lead to impairment of goodwill that could adversely impact earnings in future periods.

As permitted by current accounting rules, the Company completed its qualitative assessment to determine whether current events or changes in circumstances lead to a determination that it is more likely than not, as defined, that the fair value of the reporting unit is less than its carrying amount. Based upon the Company's assessment, there was no such determination that the fair value of the reporting unit is less than its carrying amount. Accordingly, the Company did not apply the traditional two-step goodwill impairment test.

The following table indicates changes to the core deposit intangible asset and goodwill balances for the three-month period ended September 30, 2013:

		Goo	dwill
Balance at June 30, 2013	\$ 690	\$	2,522
Amortization	(39)		-
Balance at September 30, 2013	\$ 651	\$	2,522

The core deposit intangible is being amortized using the double declining balance method over its estimated useful life of 8.75 years. Remaining amortization of the core deposit intangible is as follows (dollars in thousands) as of September 30, 2013:

October 1, 2013 through June 30, 2014	\$104
2015	118
2016	117
2017	117
2018	117
2019	78
	\$651

10. DISCLOSURES ABOUT THE CREDIT QUALITY OF LOANS RECEIVABLE AND THE ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES (IN THOUSANDS)

The following tables illustrate certain disclosures required by ASC 310-10-50-11B(c), (g) and (h), the changes to the allowance for loan losses, for the three months ended September 30, 2013 (in thousands):

Allowance for Credit Losses and Recorded Investment in Loans Receivable

	O	ne- to			O	ne- to	M	lulti-														
	F	our- Fami	ly			Four-familfamily Non-																
	O	wner-		Non-ownerowner Non-								C	ommer	cia	.1							
	O	ccupied			O	Occupied		ccupied	R	esidenti	al				aı	nd						
	M	lortgage	C	onsume	rM	lortgage	M	lortgage	R	eal estat	eC	onstruc	tib	and	A	gricultu	ırT	btal				
Allowance for Credit Losses:																						
Balance, July 1, 2013:	\$	942	\$	553	\$	215	\$	1,286	\$	2,386	\$	10	\$	17	\$	34	\$	5,443				
Charge offs		(46)		(22)		-		-		-		-		-		-		(68)				
Recoveries		126		14		1		391		1		_		12		_		545				
Provision (credit)		(44)		37		3		(423)		8		(6)		(12)		(5)		(442)				
Ending Balance:	\$	978	\$	582	\$	219	\$	1,254	\$	2,395	\$		\$	17	\$	29	\$	5,478				
Balance,																						
Individually Evaluated	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7	\$	205	\$	120	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	332				
Balance, Collectively Evaluated	\$	978	\$	582	\$	212	\$	1,049	\$	2,275	\$	4	\$	17	\$	29	\$	5,146				
Financing receivables: Ending balance	\$	108,482	\$	35,110	\$	15,973	\$	29,380	\$	51,352	\$	3,742	\$	3,401	\$	7,162	\$	254,602				
-																						
Ending Balance: individually evaluated for impairment	\$	4,286	\$	513	\$	1,363	\$	7,631	\$	7,177	\$	-	\$	22	\$	-	\$	20,992				
Ending Balance: collectively evaluated for impairment	\$	94,284	\$	30,045	\$	13,967	\$	21,749	\$	40,844	\$	3,742	\$	3,273	\$	5,898	\$	213,802				
Ending Balance: loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality	\$	9,912	\$	4,552	\$	643	\$	-	\$	3,331	\$	-	\$	106	\$	1,264	\$	19,808				

For the year ended June 30, 2013 (in thousands):

Allowance for Credit Losses and Recorded Investment in Loans Receivable

Allowance for Credit	Fo O O M	ne- to our- Fami wner- ccupied lortgage	•	onsume	Fo N O	on-owned	ilfa erov O	Iulti- mily No wner ccupied Iortgage	N R		onstruc	ti l b	n nd	aı	ommer nd gricultu	
Losses: Beginning balance: Charge offs Recoveries Provision (credit) Ending Balance:		666 (254) 34 496 942		477 (165) 75 166 553		236 (68) 63 (16) 215		1,915 - 660 (1,289) 1,286		2,282 (457) 4 557 2,386	3 - 7 10		11 - - 6 17		24 - 3 7 34	5,614 (944) 839 (66) 5,443
Balance, Individually Evaluated	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7	\$	205	\$	120	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 332
Balance, Collectively Evaluated	\$	942	\$	553	\$	208	\$	1,081	\$	2,266	\$ 10	\$	17	\$	34	\$ 5,111
Financing receivables: Ending balance	\$	111,404	\$	35,699	\$	16,655	\$	32,306	\$	51,902	\$ 2,200	\$	3,435	\$	7,115	\$ 260,716
Ending Balance: individually evaluated for impairment	\$	5,121	\$	535	\$	1,370	\$	9,951	\$	7,251	\$ -	\$	24	\$	-	\$ 24,252
Ending Balance: collectively evaluated for impairment	\$	95,779	\$	30,406	\$	14,628	\$	22,355	\$	41,265	\$ 2,200	\$	3,304	\$	5,816	\$ 215,753
Ending Balance: loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality	\$	10,504	\$	4,758	\$	657	\$	-	\$	3,386	\$ -	\$	107	\$	1,299	\$ 20,711

The following tables illustrate certain disclosures required by ASC 310-10-50-29(b).

Credit Risk Profile by Internally Assigned Grade At September 30, 2013 (in thousands)

	O	ne- to																
	F	our-			O	ne- to												
	Fa	amily			Fo	our-famil	lМ	ulti-famil	y									
	О	wner-			N	on-owne	rNo	on-owner	N	on-					C	ommerc	ial	
	О	ccupied			O	ccupied	O	ccupied	R	esidentia	1				ar	nd		
	M	lortgage	C	onsumer	M	lortgage	M	ortgage	R	eal estate	C	onstruct	iфr	and	A	gricultu	ralo	otal
Grade:																		
Pass	\$	97,481	\$	33,401	\$	9,649	\$	16,223	\$	28,680	\$	3,742	\$	2,344	\$	5,383	\$	196,903
Watch		6,049		961		4,678		5,176		11,997				866		1,779		31,506
Special mention		666		235		283		350		3,396				168				5,098
Substandard		4,286		513		1,363		7,631		7,279				23				21,095
Total:	\$	108,482	\$	35,110	\$	15,973	\$	29,380	\$	51,352	\$	3,742	\$	3,401	\$	7,162	\$	254,602

Credit Risk Profile by Internally Assigned Grade At June 30, 2013 (in thousands)

	O	ne- to																
	Fo	our-			0	ne- to												
	Fa	amily			Fo	our-famil	lуМ	ulti-family	y									
	O	wner-			N	on-owne	rNo	on-owner	N	on-					C	ommerc	ial	
	O	ccupied			O	ccupied	O	ccupied	R	esidentia	1				ar	nd		
	M	ortgage	C	onsumer	M	ortgage	M	ortgage	R	eal estate	e C	onstruct	iфr	and	A	gricultu	ralo	otal
Grade:																		
Pass	\$	99,494	\$	34,506	\$	10,909	\$	16,900	\$	26,340	\$	2,200	\$	2,364	\$	5,691	\$	198,404
Watch		6,033		641		3,988		5,102		14,866				861		1,414		32,905
Special mention		756		17		388		353		3,343				186				5,043
Substandard		5,121		535		1,370		9,951		7,353				24		10		24,364
Total:	\$	111,404	\$	35,699	\$	16,655	\$	32,306	\$	51,902	\$	2,200	\$	3,435	\$	7,115	\$	260,716

The following tables illustrate certain disclosures required by ASC 310-10-50-7A for gross loans.

Age Analysis of Past Due Loans Receivable At September 30, 2013 (in thousands)

				To	tal			
	59 days	89 days	eater than days	pas du		To	tal rent	tal loans eivable
Mortgage One- to Four- Family - Owner-Occupied	\$ 1,971	\$ 721	\$ 931	\$	3,623	\$	104,859	\$ 108,482
Consumer	138	281	5		424		34,686	35,110

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One- to Four- Family						
Non-Owner Occupied	377	283	-	660	15,313	15,973
Mortgage						
Multi-family Residential Real	109			109	29,271	29,380
Estate Mortgage	109	-	-	109	29,271	29,360
Non-Residential Real Estate	894	114	719	1,727	49,625	51,352
Construction	-	-	-	-	3,742	3,742
Land	16	-	-	16	3,385	3,401
Commercial and Agricultural	10	-	-	10	7,152	7,162
Total	\$ 3,515	\$ 1,399	\$ 1,655	\$ 6,569	\$ 248,033	\$ 254,602

Age Analysis of Past Due Loans Receivable At June 30, 2013 (in thousands)

				To	tal			
	-59 days st due	-89 days st due	eater than days	pas du		To cui	tal rrent	tal loans eivable
Mortgage One- to Four- Family - Owner-Occupied	\$ 1,748	\$ 706	\$ 889	\$	3,343	\$	108,061	\$ 111,404
Consumer	202	68	8		278		35,421	35,699
One- to Four- Family								
Non-Owner-Occupied	54	388			442		16,213	16,655
Mortgage								
Multi-family Residential Real Estate Mortgage	110		2,263		2,373		29,933	32,306
Nonresidential Real Estate	286	18	719		1,023		50,879	51,902
Construction							2,200	2,200
Land							3,435	3,435
Commercial and Agricultural	7				7		7,108	7,115
Total	\$ 2,407	\$ 1,180	\$ 3,879	\$	7,466	\$	253,250	\$ 260,716

The following table illustrates certain disclosures required by ASC 310-10-50-15.

Impaired Loans (in thousands)

		(***		,				r the three ded Septem		
		ecorded vestment	pri	paid ncipal ance	_	ecific owance	Int inc	terest come cognized	Re	rerage corded restment
With a related allowance recorded:										
Mortgage One- to Four- Family -	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Owner-Occupied	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_
Consumer		-		-		-		-		-
One- to Four- Family Non-Owner Occupied Mortgage		332		339		(7)		5		333
Multifamily Residential Real Estate Mortgage		3,239		3,444		(205)		25		3,261
Non-Residential Real Estate		1,871		1,991		(120)		17		1,876
Construction		-		-		-		-		-
Land		-		-		-		-		-
Commercial and Agricultural		-		-		-		-		-
Total	\$	5,442	\$	5,774	\$	(332)	\$	47	\$	5,470

Impaired Loans (in thousands)

For the three months ended September 30, 2013

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	Recorded investment		pri	paid ncipal ance	ecific owance	inc	erest come cognized	Re	erage corded estment
With no related allowance recorded:									
Mortgage One- to Four- Family - Owner-Occupied	\$	4,286	\$	4,961	\$ -	\$	20	\$	4,704
Consumer		513		1,093	-		6		524
One- to Four- Family Non-Owner Occupied Mortgage		1,025		1,110	-		8		1,027
Multifamily Residential Real Estate Mortgage		4,187		5,903	-		57		5,325
Non-Residential Real Estate		5,185		9,175	-		23		5,218
Construction		-		-	-		-		-
Land		23		30	-		-		24
Commercial and Agricultural		-		7	-		-		-
Total	\$	15,219	\$	22,279	\$ -	\$	114	\$	16,822

Impaired Loans (in thousands)

								r the three ided Septem 13		
				paid				erest		erage
		corded	•	ncipal lance	•	ecific owance		ome		corded estment
Total:	1111	estment	Ual	lance	an	owance	160	ognized	1111	estillellt
Mortgage One- to Four- Family -	ф	1 206	ф	4.061	ф		¢	20	¢	4.704
Owner-Occupied	\$	4,286	\$	4,961	\$	-	\$	20	\$	4,704
Consumer		513		1,093		-		6		524
One- to Four- Family Non-Owner Occupied		1,357		1,449		(7)		13		1,360
Mortgage		1,337		1,449		(7)		13		1,300
Multifamily Residential Real Estate Mortgage		7,426		9,347		(205)		82		8,586
Non-Residential Real Estate		7,056		11,166		(120)		40		7,094
Construction		-		-		-		-		-
Land		23		30		-		-		24
Commercial and Agricultural		-		7		-		-		-
Total	\$	20,661	\$	28,053	\$	(332)	\$	161	\$	22,292

Impaired Loans

	inv	corded restment thousands)	pri bal	paid ncipal ance	•	ecific owance	Jur Int inc	r the year e ne 30, 2013 erest ome ognized	Av	erage orded restment
With an allowance recorded:										
One- to Four- Family - Owner-Occupied	\$		\$		\$				\$	20
Consumer										
One- to Four- Family Non-Owner		334		341		(7)		21		405
Occupied Mortgage		334		341		(7)		21		403
Multi-family Residential Real Estate		3,283		3,488		(205)		103		3,775
Mortgage		3,203		3,400		(203)		103		3,113
Nonresidential Real Estate		1,880		2,000		(120)		71		3,397
Construction										
Land										
Commercial and Agricultural										
Total	\$	5,497	\$	5,829	\$	(332)	\$	195	\$	7,597

								r the year en	ded	
With cost on all consequences and also	in	ecorded vestment a thousands)	pr	npaid Incipal Iance		oecific lowance	Int inc	erest come cognized	rec	erage corded vestment
Without an allowance recorded: Mortgage One- to Four- Family - Owner-Occupied	\$	5,121	\$	5,876	\$		\$	65	\$	5,799
Consumer		535		1,116				26		521
One- to Four- Family Non-Owner Occupied Mortgage		1,029		1,114				26		657
Multi-family Residential Real Estate Mortgage		6,463		8,570				219		7,855
Non-residential Real Estate Construction		5,251		9,239				2,118		3,480
Land		24		45				27		26
Commercial and Agricultural				7				195		120
Total	\$	18,423	\$	25,967	\$		\$	2,676	\$	18,458
								r the year er ne 30, 2013	nded	
	inv	corded restment thousands)	pri	paid ncipal ance	•	ecific owance	inc	erest come cognized	rec	erage corded vestment
Total:	(111	tiio asairas)								
Mortgage One- to Four- Family -										
	\$	5,121	\$	5,876	\$		\$	65	\$	5,819
Owner-Occupied Consumer	\$	5,121 535	\$	5,876 1,116	\$		\$	65 26	\$	5,819 521
Owner-Occupied	\$		\$	ŕ	\$	(7)	\$		\$	•
Owner-Occupied Consumer One- to Four- Family Non-Owner Occupied Mortgage Multifamily Residential Real Estate	\$	535	\$	1,116	\$	(7) (205)	\$	26	\$	521
Owner-Occupied Consumer One- to Four- Family Non-Owner Occupied Mortgage Multifamily Residential Real Estate Mortgage Nonresidential Real Estate	\$	535 1,363	\$	1,116 1,455	\$		\$	26 47	\$	521 1,062
Owner-Occupied Consumer One- to Four- Family Non-Owner Occupied Mortgage Multifamily Residential Real Estate Mortgage	\$	535 1,363 9,746	\$	1,116 1,455 12,058	\$	(205)	\$	26 47 322	\$	521 1,062 11,630

The Bank did not have any investments in subprime loans at September 30, 2013. Impaired loans at September 30, 2013 included troubled debt restructurings with an aggregate principal balance of \$15.8 million and a recorded investment of \$15.6 million. See Note 11 for a discussion on troubled debt restructurings.

11. TROUBLED DEBT RESTRUCTURINGS - From time to time, as part of our loss mitigation process, loans may be renegotiated in a troubled debt restructuring ("TDR") when we determine that greater economic value will ultimately be recovered under the new restructured terms than through foreclosure, liquidation, or bankruptcy. We may consider the borrower's payment status and history, the borrower's ability to pay upon a rate reset on an adjustable rate mortgage, size of the payment increase upon a rate reset, period of time remaining prior to the rate reset, and other relevant factors in determining whether a borrower is experiencing financial difficulty. TDRs are accounted for as set

forth in ASC 310-40 *Troubled Debt Restructurings by Creditors* ("ASC 310-40"). A TDR may be on nonaccrual or it may accrue interest. A TDR is typically on non-accrual until the borrower successfully performs under the new terms for at least six consecutive months. However, a TDR may be placed on accrual immediately following the restructuring in those instances where a borrower's payments are current prior to the modification, the loan is restructured at a market rate and management determines that principal and interest under the new terms are fully collectible. All TDRs are considered to be impaired loans. A TDR will be removed from TDR classification if it is restructured at a market rate, is not impaired under restructured terms and has been performing for at least twelve consecutive months.

Existing performing loan customers who request a loan (non-TDR) modification and who meet the Bank's underwriting standards may, usually for a fee, modify their original loan terms to terms currently offered. The modified terms of these loans are similar to the terms offered to new customers with similar credit risk. The fee assessed for modifying the loan is deferred and amortized over the life of the modified loan using the level-yield method and is reflected as an adjustment to interest income. Each modification is examined on a loan-by-loan basis and if the modification of terms represents more than a minor change to the loan, then the unamortized balance of the pre-modification deferred fees or costs associated with the mortgage loan are recognized in interest income at the time of the modification. If the modification of terms does not represent more than a minor change to the loan, then the unamortized balance of the pre-modification deferred fees or costs continue to be deferred.

The following tables summarize TDRs by loan type and accrual status.

	At	Septembe	r 30	0, 2013	T	. 1					
(In thousands) One- to Four-Family		oan Status ecrual	No	onaccrual	Uı Pr	otal npaid incipal alance	elated llowance	ecorded vestment	Number of Loans	Re	verage ecorded vestment
One- to Four-Family residential real estate	\$	2,048	\$	1,624	\$	3,672	\$ 7	\$ 3,666	25	\$	4,137
Multi-family residential real estate		5,799		-		5,799	20	5,778	11		6,924
Nonresidential real estate Total	\$	3,629 11,476	\$	2,664 4,288	\$	6,293 15,764	\$ 120 147	\$ 6,173 15,617	13 49	\$	6,205 17,266
	Aı	June 30, 2	201	3							
					Uı	otal npaid			Number		verage
(In thousands)		oan Status ecrual	No	onaccrual		incipal alance	elated llowance	ecorded vestment	of Loans		ecorded vestment
One- to Four-Family residential real estate	\$	2,061	\$	2,554	\$	4,615	7	\$ 4,608	27	\$	4,779
Multi-family residential real estate		5,827		2,263		8,090	20	8,070	12		9,935
Nonresidential real estate Total	\$	3,656 11,544	\$	2,701 7,518	\$	6,357 19,062	\$ 120 147	\$ 6,237 18,915	13 52	\$	5,941 20,655

Interest income recognized on TDRs is as follows:

	Septer	e three months ended nber 30,		
	2013		2012	
One- toFour-Family residential real estate Multifamily residential real estate	\$	20 82	\$	17 86
Nonresidential real estate		39		20
Construction		-		-
Commercial		-		-
Consumer		-		-
Total	\$	141	\$	123

At September 30, 2013, the Bank had 49 loans totaling \$15.8 million that qualified as TDRs, and has established an allowance for losses on these loans of \$147,000. With respect to the \$15.8 million in TDRs, the Bank charged off \$5.1 million with respect to these loans at the time these loans were restructured into the Note A/B format. At June 30, 2013, the Bank had 52 loans totaling \$19.1 million that qualified as TDRs, and has established an allowance for losses on these loans of \$147,000. With respect to the \$19.1 million in TDRs, the Bank charged off \$5.1 million with respect to these loans at the time these loans were restructured into the Note A/B format. At September 30, 2013, the Bank had no other commitments to lend on its TDRs. Management continues to monitor the performance of loans classified as TDRs on a monthly basis.

Loans that were included in TDRs at September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013 were generally given concessions of interest rate reductions of between 25 and 300 basis points, and/or structured as interest only payment loans for periods of one to three years. Many of these loans also have balloon payments due at the end of their lowered rate period, requiring the borrower to refinance at market rates at that time. At September 30, 2013, there were 45 loans with required principal and interest payments and four loans with required interest only payments. At June 30, 2013, there were 47 loans with required principal and interest payments and 5 loans with required interest only payments.

The following table is a roll forward of activity in our TDRs:

	Thre		
	Sept		
	Reco	Number	
	Inve	estment	of Loans
(Dollar amounts in thousands)			
Beginning balance	\$	18,915	52
Additions to TDR		-	-
Charge-offs		(24)	-
Removal of TDRs ⁽¹⁾		(3,151)	(3)
Payments		(123)	-
Ending balance	\$	15,617	49

⁽¹⁾ The removal of these loans from TDR was due to the payoff of the loans during the quarter ended September 30, 2013.

12. EFFECT OF RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In July 2013, the FASB issued ASU No. 2013-11, *Presentation of an Unrecognized Tax Benefit When a Net Operating Loss Carryforward, a Similar Tax Loss, or a Tax Credit Carryforward Exists*, which amends ASC 740, Income Taxes. The amendments provide guidance on the financial statement presentation of an unrecognized tax benefit, as either a reduction of a deferred tax asset or as a liability, when a net operating loss carryforward, similar tax loss, or a tax credit carryforward exists. The amendments are effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2013 and may be applied on either a prospective or retrospective basis. We do not expect the adoption of these provisions to have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Item 2. Management Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Forward-Looking Statements

This report contains forward-looking statements that are based on assumptions and may describe future plans, strategies and expectations of the Company. These forward-looking statements are generally identified by use of the words "believe," "expect," "intend," "anticipate," "estimate," "project" similar expressions. The Company's ability to predict results or the actual effect of future plans or strategies is inherently uncertain. Factors which could have a material adverse effect on the operations of the Company and its subsidiaries include, but are not limited to, general economic conditions, changes in the interest rate environment, legislative or regulatory changes that may adversely affect our business, changes in accounting policies and practices, changes in competition and demand for financial services, adverse changes in the securities markets, changes in deposit flows, and changes in the quality or composition of the Company's loan or investment portfolios. Additionally, other risks and uncertainties may be described in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on September 27, 2013, which is available through the SEC's website at www.sec.gov. These risks and uncertainties should be considered in evaluating forward-looking statements and undue reliance should not be placed on such statements. Except as required by applicable law or regulation, the Company does not undertake the responsibility, and specifically disclaims any obligation, to release publicly the result of any revisions that may be made to any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of the statements or to reflect the occurrence of anticipated or unanticipated events.

Critical Accounting Policies

We consider accounting policies involving significant judgments and assumptions by management that have, or could have, a material impact on the carrying value of certain assets or on income to be critical accounting policies. We consider the following to be our critical accounting policies: the allowance for loan losses and the valuation of deferred income taxes.

ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES - The allowance for loan losses is the amount estimated by management as necessary to cover probable credit losses in the loan portfolio at the statement of financial condition date. The allowance is established through the provision for loan losses, which is charged to income. Determining the amount of the allowance for loan losses necessarily involves a high degree of judgment. Among the material estimates required to establish the allowance are: loss exposure at default; the amount and timing of future cash flows on affected loans; and the value of collateral. Inherent loss factors based upon environmental and other economic factors are then applied to the remaining loan portfolio. All of these estimates are susceptible to significant change. Management reviews the level of the allowance at least quarterly and establishes the provision for loan losses based upon an evaluation of the portfolio, past loss experience, current economic conditions and other factors related to the collectibility of the loan portfolio. Although we believe that we use the best information available to establish the allowance for loan losses, future adjustments to the allowance may be necessary if economic conditions differ substantially from the assumptions used in making the evaluation. In addition, the OCC, as an integral part of its examination process, periodically reviews our allowance for loan losses. Such agency may require us to recognize adjustments to the allowance based on its judgments about information available to it at the time of its examination. A large loss could deplete the allowance and require increased provisions to replenish the allowance, which would negatively affect earnings. For additional discussion, see notes 1 and 4 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in Item 8 of the Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on September 27, 2013.

DEFERRED INCOME TAXES - We use the asset and liability method of accounting for income taxes as prescribed in Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 740-10-50. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. If current available information raises doubt as to the realization of the deferred tax assets, a valuation allowance is established. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. We exercise significant judgment in evaluating the amount and timing of recognition of the resulting tax liabilities and assets. These judgments require us to make projections of future taxable income. The judgments and estimates we make in determining our deferred tax assets, which are inherently subjective, are reviewed on a continual basis as regulatory and business factors change. Any reduction in estimated future taxable income may require us to record a valuation allowance against our deferred tax assets. A valuation allowance would result in additional income tax expense in the period, which would negatively affect earnings. United Community Bancorp referred to as the Company, accounts for income taxes under the provisions of ASC 275-10-50-8 to account for uncertainty in income taxes. The Company had no unrecognized tax benefits as of September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013. The Company recognized no interest and penalties on the underpayment of income taxes during the three month periods ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, and had no accrued interest and penalties on the balance sheet as of September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013. The Company has no tax positions for which it is reasonably possible that the total amounts of unrecognized tax benefits will significantly increase with the next fiscal year. The Company is no longer subject to U.S. federal, state and local income tax examinations by tax authorities for tax years ending on or before June 30, 2009.

Comparison of Financial Condition at September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013

Balance Sheet Analysis

Total assets were \$511.5 million at September 30, 2013, compared to \$512.6 million at June 30, 2013. A \$7.4 million decrease in loans was partially offset by a \$6.3 million increase in investment securities. The decrease in loans was primarily the result of net payoffs totaling \$5.6 million in one- to four-family real estate loans and \$2.1 million in commercial real estate loans during the quarter ended September 30, 2013. The increase in investment securities was the result of redeploying proceeds from the payoff of loans into purchases of mortgage-backed securities and available for sale securities.

Total liabilities were \$438.1 million at September 30, 2013, compared to \$439.1 million at June 30, 2013, reflecting a \$5.0 million decrease in FHLB advances partially offset by a \$3.6 million increase in deposits. The decrease in FHLB advances is due to a \$5.0 million payment on a short-term advance in July 2013. The increase in deposits was primarily due to a \$11.9 million increase in municipal deposits, offset by an \$8.3 million decrease in retail deposits due to declining certificate of deposit rates.

Total stockholders' equity was \$73.4 million at September 30, 2013, compared to \$73.5 million at June 30, 2013. The decrease was primarily the result of a \$735,000 after-tax increase in unrealized loss on investments and dividends paid of \$309,000, partially offset by net income of \$762,000.

Loans. At September 30, 2013, one- to four- family residential loans totaled \$124.5 million, or 48.9% of total gross loans, compared to \$128.1 million, or 49.1% of total gross loans, at June 30, 2013. The reduction in the one- to four-family residential portfolio was primarily due to net payoffs totaling \$5.6 million in one- to four-family real estate loans during the current year period.

Multi-family and nonresidential real estate loans totaled \$80.7 million and represented 31.7% of total loans at September 30, 2013, compared to \$84.2 million, or 32.3% of total loans, at June 30, 2013. The decrease was primarily attributable to payoffs totaling \$2.8 million and payments totaling \$979,000, partially offset by new loans of \$255,000.

The following table sets forth the composition of our loan portfolio at the dates indicated.

	At 201	September 30,	,		ne 30,			
	Amount		Percent		An	nount	Percent	
	(Do	ollars in thousa	ands)					
Residential real estate:								
One- to four-family	\$	124,455	48.9	%	\$	128,059	49.1	%
Multi-family		29,380	11.5			32,306	12.4	
Construction		3,742	1.5			2,200	0.8	
Nonresidential real estate		51,352	20.2			51,902	19.9	
Land		3,401	1.3			3,435	1.3	
Commercial business		3,589	1.4			3,556	1.4	
Agricultural		3,573	1.4			3,559	1.4	
Consumer:								
Home equity		31,284	12.3			31,411	12.0	
Auto		1,413	0.6			1,468	0.6	
Share loans		1,291	0.5			1,625	0.6	
Other		1,122	0.4			1,195	0.5	
Total consumer loans		35,110	13.8			35,699	13.7	
Total loans	\$	254,602	100.0	%	\$	260,716	100.0	%
Less (plus):								
Deferred loan costs, net		(1,030)				(1,025)		
Undisbursed portion of loans in process		2,952				1,720		
Allowance for loan losses		5,478				5,443		
Loans, net	\$	247,202			\$	254,578		

Loan Maturity

The following table sets forth certain information at September 30, 2013 regarding the dollar amount of loan principal repayments becoming due during the periods indicated. The table does not include any estimate of prepayments, which significantly shorten the average life of all loans and may cause our actual repayment experience to differ from the contractual requirements shown below. Demand loans having no stated schedule of repayments and no stated maturity is reported as due in one year or less.

			Mo	ore Than				
	Less Than		One Year to		Mo	ore Than	To	tal
	On	e Year	Five Years		Five Years		Lo	ans
	(in	thousands)						
One- to four-family residential real estate	\$	8,384	\$	30,122	\$	85,949	\$	124,455
Multi-family real estate		1,660		5,471		22,249		29,380
Construction		1,262		-		2,480		3,742
Nonresidential real estate		3,977		18,602		28,773		51,352
Land		1,286		1,173		942		3,401
Commercial		1,032		1,572		985		3,589
Agricultural		276		2,625		672		3,573
Consumer		1,482		3,064		30,564		35,110
Total	\$	19,359	\$	62,629	\$	172,614	\$	254,602

The following table sets forth the dollar amount of all loans at September 30, 2013 due after September 30, 2014 that have either fixed interest rates or adjustable interest rates. The amounts shown below exclude unearned interest on consumer loans and deferred loan fees.

	Fixed Rates (in thousands)		Floating or Adjustable Rates			ıl
One- to four-family residential real estate	\$	37,108	\$	78,963	\$	116,071
Multi-family real estate		8,827		18,893		27,720
Construction		1,724		756		2,480
Nonresidential real estate		10,180		37,195		47,375
Land		254		1,861		2,115
Commercial		745		1,812		2,557
Agricultural		1,062		2,235		3,297
Consumer		1,823		31,805		33,628
Total	\$	61,723	\$	173,520	\$	235,243

Loan Activity

The following table shows loan origination, repayment and sale activity during the periods indicated.

		ee Months Ended ember 30,		
	2013		2012	2
Total loans at beginning of period	\$	260,716	\$	288,199
Loans originated (1):				
One- to four-family residential real estate		5,455		9,636
Multi-family residential real estate				
Construction				471
Nonresidential real estate		512		52
Land		26		
Commercial business		17		391
Consumer		554		3,132
Total loans originated		6,564		13,682
Deduct:				
Loan principal repayments		5,460		18,173
Loans originated for sale		7,218		6,539
Net loan activity		(6,114)		(11,030)
Total loans at end of period	\$	254,602	\$	277,169

⁽¹⁾ Includes loan renewals, loan refinancings and restructured loans.

Results of Operations for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

Overview. Net income increased \$268,000 to \$762,000 for the quarter ended September 30, 2013, compared to net income of \$494,000 for the quarter ended September 30, 2012.

Net Interest Income. The following table summarizes changes in interest income and interest expense for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012.

	Three	e Months Ended				
	Septe	ember 30,			%	
	2013		2012		Change	
	(Doll	ars in thousands)				
Interest income:						
Loans	\$	3,097	\$	3,450	(10.2)	%
Investment and mortgage backed securities		657		772	(14.9)	
Other interest-earning assets		5		3	66.7	
Total interest income		3,759		4,225	(11.0)	
Interest expense:						
NOW and money market deposit accounts		140		127	10.2	
Passbook accounts		53		104	(49.0)	
Certificates of deposit		512		725	(29.4)	
Total interest-bearing deposits		705		956	(26.3)	
FHLB advances		43		47	(8.5)	
Total interest expense		748		1,003	(25.4)	
Net interest income	\$	3,011	\$	3,222	(6.5)	

Net interest income decreased \$211,000, or 6.5%, to \$3.0 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2013 as compared to \$3.2 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2012. A decrease of \$466,000 in interest income was partially offset by a \$255,000 decrease in interest expense. The decrease in interest income was the result of a \$26.7 million decrease in the average balance of loans and a decrease in the average rate earned on investments from 2.01% at September 30, 2012 to 1.27% at September 30, 2013, partially offset by a \$53.1 million increase in the average balance of investments. The decrease in interest expense was primarily the result of a decrease in the average interest rate paid on deposits from 0.89% at September 30, 2012 to 0.66% at September 30, 2013. Changes in interest rates are reflective of decreases in overall market rates.

The following table summarizes average balances and average yields and costs of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012. For the purposes of this table, average balances have been calculated using month-end balances, and nonaccrual loans are included in average balances only. Yields are not presented on a tax equivalent basis.

	Tł	nree Montl	ns E	Ended Sep	tember 30							
	2013)12				
	Interest						In	terest				
	A	verage	ar	ıd	Yield/		A	verage	an	ıd	Yield/	
	Ва	alance	D	ividends	Cost		Ва	alance	D	ividends	Cost	
	$(\Gamma$	Oollars in t	hou	sands)								
Assets:												
Interest-earning assets:												
Loans	\$	250,092	\$	3,097	4.95	%	\$	276,830	\$	3,450	4.99	%
Investment securities		207,136		657	1.27			154,006		772	2.01	
Other interest-earning assets		18,062		5	0.11			30,972		3	0.04	
Total interest-earning assets		475,290		3,759	3.16			461,808		4,225	3.66	
Noninterest-earning assets		38,557		,				36,451		,		
Total assets	\$	513,847					\$	498,259				
		,-						,				
Liabilities and equity:												
Interest-bearing liabilities:												
NOW and money market deposit												
accounts	\$	157,697		140	0.36	%	\$	156,988		127	0.32	%
Passbook accounts		95,120		53	0.22			81,200		104	0.51	
Certificates of deposit		173,392		512	1.18			190,678		725	1.52	
Total interest-bearing deposits		426,209		705	0.66			428,866		956	0.89	
FHLB advances		11,250		43	1.53			10,708		47	1.76	
Total interest-bearing liabilities		437,459		748	0.68			439,574		1,003	0.91	
Noninterest-bearing liabilities		3,246		, 10	0.00			3,509		1,002	0.71	
Total liabilities		440,705						443,083				
Total stockholders' equity		73,142						55,176				
Total liabilities and stockholders'												
equity	\$	513,847					\$	498,259				
Net interest income			\$	3,011					\$	3,222		
Interest rate spread			Ψ	3,011	2.48	%			Ψ	3,222	2.75	%
Net interest margin					2.53	%					2.79	%
Average interest-earning assets to					2.33	70					2.17	70
average average					108.65	0/2					105.0	6 %
interest-bearing liabilities					100.02	, 10					103.0	0 /0
microst-ocaring natinities												

Provision for (Recovery of) Loan Losses. The recovery of loan losses was \$442,000 for the quarter ended September 30, 2013, compared to a provision for loan losses of \$250,000 for the same quarter in the prior year. The decrease in the provision for loan losses was primarily due to a \$379,000 recovery of a commercial loan and a \$124,000 recovery from two one-to four-family loans, all three of which were paid off during the current year quarter. The decrease in the provision for loan losses is also reflective of continued improvement in our asset quality. Asset quality continues to improve primarily due to the Bank's continuing efforts to resolve asset quality issues. Nonperforming assets as a percentage of total assets decreased from 3.15% at September 30, 2012 to 1.98% at September 30, 2013.

Other Income. The following table summarizes other income for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012.

		ee Months		%			
	End	led September 3		, <u>-</u>			
	2013		2012		Change		
	(Do	llars in thousan	nds)		-		
Service charges	\$	651	\$	621	4.8	%	
Gain on sale of loans		87		248	(64.9)		
Gain (loss) on sale of other real estate owned		(1)		7	(114.3)		
Gain on sale of fixed assets		136		-	100.0		
Income from bank-owned life insurance		108		135	(20.0)		
Other		71		56	26.8		
Total other income	\$	1,052	\$	1,067	(1.4)		

Other income remained flat at \$1.1 million for the quarters ended September 30, 2013 and September 30, 2012. A \$136,000 increase in gain on sale of fixed assets was offset by a \$161,000 decrease in gain on sale of loans. The increase in gain on sale of fixed assets was the result of the sale of our Osgood branch facility for total proceeds of \$425,000, compared to a net book value of \$289,000, during the current quarter. The decrease in gain on sale of loans is the result of a higher level of refinancing activity during the quarter ended September 30, 2012 as compared to the current year quarter due to higher loan rates in the current year quarter.

Noninterest Expense. The following table shows the components of noninterest expense and the percentage changes for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012.

		ree Months led September	r 30,		%	
	2013		2012		Change	
	(Do	ollars in thous	ands)		C	
Compensation and employee benefits	\$	1,803	\$	1,809	0.0	%
Premises and occupancy expense		304		339	(10.3)	
Deposit insurance premium		97		177	(45.2)	
Advertising expense		106		96	10.4	
Data processing expense		406		373	8.8	
Provision for loss on real estate owned		1		9	(88.9)	
Intangible amortization		39		40	(2.5)	
Professional fees		289		302	(4.3)	
Other operating expenses		403		272	48.2	
Total noninterest expense	\$	3,448	\$	3,417	0.9	%

Noninterest expense remained flat at \$3.4 million for the quarters ended September 30, 2013 and September 30, 2012. A \$131,000 increase in other operating expenses was offset by an \$80,000 decrease in deposit insurance premium. The increase in other operating expenses is primarily the result of a \$94,000 increase in loan-related expenses associated with a short-term promotion during the current year quarter.

Income Taxes. Income tax expense for the three months ended September 30, 2013 was \$295,000, compared to \$128,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2012. The increase in income tax expense during the current year compared to the prior year is the result of an increase in income before income taxes combined with a decrease in non-taxable income from bank owned life insurance.

Analysis of Nonperforming Assets. We consider foreclosed real estate, repossessed assets, nonaccrual loans, and TDRs that are delinquent or have not been performing in accordance with their restructured terms for a specified period of time to be nonperforming assets.

All of the TDRs at September 30, 2013 represented loan relationships with long-time borrowers. In measuring impairment, management considered the results of independent property appraisals, together with estimated selling expenses, and/or detailed cash flow analyses. At September 30, 2013, 49 loans were considered to be TDRs (with a recorded investment of \$15.6 million) of which 28 loans (with a recorded investment of \$4.3 million) were included in nonperforming assets.

The following table provides information with respect to our nonperforming assets at the dates indicated.

Septem 2013 (Dollars in thousands) (Unaud	nber 30,	At June 3 2013	30,	
Nonaccrual loans:				
One- to four-family residential real estate \$	1,975	\$	1,876	
Multi-family real estate	1,833		1,861	
Nonresidential real estate and land	907		918	
Consumer	513		535	
Total nonaccrual loans	5,228		5,190	
Nonaccrual restructured loans:				
One- to four-family residential real estate	1,624		2,554	
Multi-family real estate	-		2,263	
Nonresidential real estate and land	2,664		2,701	
Total nonaccrual restructured loans	4,288		7,518	
Total nonperforming loans	9,516		12,708	
Real estate owned	613		618	
Total nonperforming assets	10,129	\$	13,326	
Accruing restructured loans	11,476		11,543	
Accruing restructured loans and nonperforming assets \$	21,605	\$	24,869	
Total nonperforming loans to total loans	3.74	%	4.87	%
Total nonperforming loans to total assets	1.86	%	2.48	
Total nonperforming assets to total assets	1.98	%	2.60	
Total number of nonperforming loans	76		79	

The decrease in nonperforming loans is primarily due to the payoff of a multifamily loan with a carrying value of \$2.3 million and of two one- to four-family loans with a total carrying value of \$887,000 during the quarter ended September 30, 2013.

Interest income that would have been recorded for the three months ended September 30, 2013 had nonaccruing loans been current according to their original terms was \$110,000. Interest recognized on the cash basis with regard to nonaccrual restructured loans was \$60,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2013.

At September 30, 2013, the percentage of nonperforming assets to total assets fell below 2%. A discussion of United Community Bank's largest loans that were reported as nonperforming at either September 30, 2013 or June 30, 2013 are described below in the narratives regarding the "Loan Relationships". Some of the Loan Relationships include loans that were restructured using the "Note A/B split note strategy" for which the amount of the Note B loan has been charged-off, with the borrower remaining responsible for that charged off amount.

For purposes of this discussion, only the Note A loans are identified by a Loan number within each Loan Relationship (such as "Loan A-1", "Loan A-2", and "Loan A-3").

The five largest nonaccrual loans at September 30, 2013 were comprised of the loans in Loan Relationships B, G, I, J and L. Loan A-1 of Loan Relationship A, which was reported as nonaccrual loans at June 30, 2013, was paid in full as of September 30, 2013. With the payoff of Loan A-1, Loan Relationship L was added to the narratives below. At September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013, the five largest charge-offs were comprised of loans in Loan Relationships B, E, F, H and K. Management monitors the performance of all of these loans and reviews all options available to keep the loans current, including further restructuring of the loans. If restructuring efforts ultimately are not successful,

management will initiate foreclosure proceedings. Loan Relationship C, which was referred to in the Company's prior filings, has been removed from the Loan Relationship narrative at September 30, 2013, because 17 of the 18 properties that were part of that relationship have been sold or refinanced with another bank, and subsequent to the end of the September quarter the one other property was sold. The Bank did not incur any additional losses when these 18 properties were either sold or refinanced with another bank.

<u>Loan Relationship A.</u> At September 30, 2013, this Loan Relationship consisted of one loan (Loan A-2) that had an aggregate carrying value of \$1.61 million. Loan A-2 is secured by a first mortgage on two mobile home parks. At September 30, 2013 and at June 30, 2013, Loan A-2 is included in the above table in "Accruing restructured loans" due to its restructuring described in the paragraph that follows, and was classified as "Multi-Family Residential Real Estate, Substandard" in the "Credit Risk Profile by Internally Assigned Grade" table on page 40. At June 30, 2013, this Loan Relationship consisted of two loans (Loans A-1 and A-2) which had an aggregate carrying value of \$3.9 million. At June 30, 2013, Loan A-1 is included in the above table in "Nonaccrual restructured loans, Multi-family real estate." During the quarter ended December 31, 2012, Loans A-1 and A-2 reverted to interest rate required by the terms of the original adjustable rate loan. At September 30, 2013, Loan A-2 was performing in accordance with its original terms. At September 30, 2013, Loan A-1 is not included in the above table because the loan was paid off during that quarter, with its full carrying value of \$2.26 million, plus the \$379,000 charge off relating to the loan, being recovered. As described below, the Loan Relationship had previously included a third loan, Loan A-3, which had previously been restructured using the Note A/B split note strategy. Loan A-3, was paid off during the quarter ended June 30, 2013, with the full carrying value of Note A and Note B loans, \$994,000 and \$651,000, respectively, being recovered. Accordingly, Loan A-3 is not included in the above table at September 30, 2013 or at June 30, 2013. A more detailed history of Loan Relationship A follows.

The loans comprising Loan Relationship A were originally restructured in October and November, 2010. At the time of the first restructuring in 2010, Loan A-1, had a carrying value of \$3.0 million, was 180 days delinquent, and Loans A-2 and A-3 were performing in accordance with their original terms. Management performed a global analysis of the borrowers and restructured each of the three loans by reducing the original loan rates by 125 to 225 basis points to a rate that was 25 basis points below market rate. Foregone interest income amounted to \$51,000 on the two performing loans that were restructured. The borrowers paid a loan modification fee of \$3,000 for this restructuring. After the effect of restating the June 30, 2010 financial statements, management established a specific allocation on these three loans through a charge-off to the general allowance for loan losses of \$1.1 million at June 30, 2010. On each of the three loans, one of the borrowers is a corporate entity. Also, on the three loans, each of the principals of the corporate borrowers individually signed as co-borrowers. At the time of the restructuring, the Bank analyzed the personal net worth, liquid net worth, debt to income ratios and credit scores of the co-borrowers. While the co-borrowers were not expected to cover a total loss on the loans, management believed the co-borrowers would mitigate the amount of the potential future losses. In March 2011, Loan A-3 was again restructured through a troubled debt restructuring as a result of the borrower experiencing cash flow problems during the quarter ended March 31, 2011. The cash flow problems experienced were the combined effect of decreased rental income and the failure to pay real estate property taxes. However, due to certain financial difficulties experienced by the co-borrowers, including the cash flow problems of the subject properties and a decrease in other outside sources of income, the co-borrowers were unable to mitigate the losses on the loan. Based upon a cash flow analysis of the properties performed by management, \$651,000 of the \$6.4 million in loans was charged-off during the restructuring using the Note A/B split note strategy. This split was done for one loan that had a balance of \$1.6 million before the split. After the split, the Note A loan, Loan A-3, had a balance of \$994,000 and Note B loan had a balance of \$651,000. Prior to the loan being restructured in March 2011, the restructured loan carried a \$650,000 specific reserve as restated on the Company's Form 10-K, as amended, for the year ended June 30, 2011 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 28, 2012 that was included in Note B loan and charged-off.

Loan Relationship B. At September 30, 2013, this Loan Relationship consisted of four loans (two Note A loans, Loan B-1 and Loan B-2, and two Note B loans) having an aggregate carrying value of \$1.4 million. At June 30, 2013, the aggregate carrying value of the loans was \$1.4 million. At September 30, 2013, Loan B-1 which, as described in further detail below, was previously restructured using the Note A/B split note

strategy, had an aggregate carrying value of \$1.2 million, and is secured by a first mortgage on two separate retail strip shopping centers. At September 30, 2013, Loan B-2 which, as described in further detail below was previously structured using the Note A/B split note strategy, had an aggregate carrying value of \$179,000 and is secured by a single purpose commercial use property. The two Note A Loans (Loans B-1 and B-2) in this Loan Relationship are included in the above table as "Nonaccrual restructured loans, Nonresidential real estate" at September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013. In the "Credit Risk Profile by Internally Assigned Grade" table on page 40, Loans B-1 and B-2 are classified as "Nonresidential real estate, Substandard" at September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013. Loans B-1 and B-2 were performing in accordance with their restructured terms at September 30, 2013. A more detailed history of Loan Relationship B follows.

The loans comprising Loan Relationship B were originally restructured in June 2010, with an aggregate carrying value of \$4.1 million until their restructurings in the quarter ended March 31, 2011 and in the quarter ended March 31, 2013. At the time of the original restructuring, the property value was based primarily on the collateral's cash flow, including required personal cash infusions from the co-borrowers. Management believed that the lower debt service would improve the borrowers' cash flow, and in turn, the performance of the loans. One of the borrowers is a corporate entity. The principals of the corporate borrower are also co-borrowers on the note. At the time of the restructuring, the Bank analyzed the personal net worth, liquid net worth, debt to income ratios and credit scores of the co-borrowers. While the co-borrowers were not expected to cover a total loss on the loans, management believed the co-borrowers would mitigate the amount of potential future losses. The restructured loans were considered impaired at June 30, 2010 with an allowance for loan loss of \$600,000 to reflect the reduction in carrying value resulting from the exclusion of the required personal cash infusions from the co-borrowers from the calculation of the carrying value. In March 2011, the loans comprising Loan Relationship B again were experiencing cash flow problems. The cash flow problems experienced were the combined effect of the level of the required monthly loan payments, decreases in rental revenue from the properties, and the failure to pay real estate property taxes. Due to certain financial difficulties experienced by the co-borrowers, including the cash flow problems of the subject properties and a decrease in other outside sources of income, the co-borrowers were unable to mitigate the losses on the loan. Therefore, in March 2011, the two loans secured by the two separate retail strip shopping centers were combined and refinanced into two loans, using the Note A/B split note strategy. The first loan (Loan B-1, a Note A loan) had a balance of \$2.4 million and was classified as substandard, reported as a troubled debt restructuring because of its below market interest rate, and placed on The second loan (a Note B loan) had a balance of \$1.3 million and was charged-off (inclusive of the \$600,000 specific allowance recorded for this Loan Relationship in the quarter ended June 30, 2010).

In March 2011, Loan B-2 was refinanced into two loans, using the Note A/B split note strategy. The first loan (Loan B-2, a Note A loan) was for \$238,000 and was classified as substandard and was a troubled debt restructuring because of a below market interest rate. The second loan (a Note B loan) was for \$169,000 and was charged-off. The restructured loans had interest rates 275 basis points lower than their 2010 restructured rates for a period of two years, and 500 basis points below their original rates.

In May 2012, one of the two retail strip shopping centers that secured Loan B-1 experienced the loss of a major tenant. As a result of the decrease in cash flow, the Bank had the two retail strip shopping centers securing the loan appraised in June 2012. The appraisal reflected that the value of the properties had declined to \$1.45 million from the previous appraisal of \$2.95 million in February 2011. Management determined that this loan will ultimately be settled through the sale of the property. A charge-off of \$956,000 was established in the quarter ended June 30, 2012 based on the then most recent appraisal indicating a known loss, together with an additional impairment of \$189,000 based on the Bank's experience in settling foreclosed property. The carrying value of this loan was classified as substandard, and reported as a troubled debt restructuring. The Bank also appraised the single purpose commercial use property in June 2012. The value of this property declined to \$225,000 from \$325,000 in February 2011 due to decreased cash flow from the then current tenant. Management determined that this loan would also be settled from the sale of the property. A charge-off in the amount of \$22,000 was established based on the then most recent appraisal indicating a known loss, together with an additional impairment of \$29,000 based on the Bank's experience in settling foreclosed property. The carrying value of this loan was classified as substandard, and the loan reported as a troubled debt restructuring. During the quarter ended March 31, 2013, the balloon payment for the two loans secured by the two separate retail strip shopping centers became due. An independent appraisal was performed in March 2013 on the properties reflecting that the appraised value of the properties had increased to \$1.8 million from \$1.45 million in June 2012. The loan was restructured in the March 2013 quarter using the Note A/B split note strategy. The first loan (Loan B-1, a Note A loan) was refinanced for \$1.3 million, with a market interest rate of 5.50% based on a 30 year loan term, and a three year balloon payment. As

stated above, the carrying value of this loan was put on nonaccrual, classified as substandard, and reported as a troubled debt restructuring. The second loan (a Note B loan) was for \$2.3 million was charged off. This charged off amount equaled the amount of the Note B loan balance in March 2011(\$1.3 million) plus that portion Note A loan balance in March 2011 that was charged off during the period ended June 30, 2012 (\$1.0 million).

The balloon payment for Loan B-2 also came due during the quarter ended March 31, 2013. The Note A loan and the Note B loan secured by the single purpose commercial use property were modified again using the Note A/B split note strategy. The first loan (Loan B-2, a Note A loan) was modified to a balance of \$185,000, with a market interest rate of 5.50%, for a 30-year term, and a three year balloon payment. As stated above, the carrying value of this loan was put on nonaccrual, classified as substandard, and reported as a troubled debt restructuring. The second loan (a Note B loan) was modified at its then current balance of \$191,000 was charged off. This charged off amount equaled the amount of the Note B loan balance in March 2011 (\$169,000) plus that portion of the Note A loan having a balance in March 2011 that was charged off during the period ended June 30, 2012 (\$22,000).

Loan Relationship D. At September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013, Loan Relationship D was comprised of two loans (a Note A loan and a Note B loan) which had an aggregate carrying value of \$1.3 million. The loans are secured by a first mortgage on a 62-unit apartment complex near a college campus. As described below, this loan was previously restructured, using the Note A/B split note strategy. As of September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013, the first loan (a Note A loan) is included in "Accruing restructured loans" in the above table. In the "Credit Risk Profile by Internally Assigned Grade" table on page 40, the first loan (a Note A loan) is classified as "Multi-family residential real estate, Substandard," at September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013. There are no personal guarantees or co-borrowers on these loans. The Note A loan in Loan Relationship D was performing in accordance with its restructured terms at September 30, 2013. A more detailed history of Loan Relationship D follows.

Loan Relationship D was originally comprised of one loan that was restructured in December 2008. The loan was made in 2008 to a seasoned property manager who made major improvements to the property. The property was purchased in December 2008 from a Bank borrower who was delinquent at the time of acquisition. At the time the loan was acquired from the delinquent borrower in 2008, it was restructured with a new borrower, in lieu of foreclosure, pursuant to which the Bank loaned the borrower funds to purchase and renovate the property. At the time of the restructuring, management established a specific reserve through a charge-off to the general allowance for loan losses of \$113,000. There was no personal guarantee or co-borrower on this loan. The loan required interest only payments through December 2011. At the time of the acquisition, management believed that the new borrower would be able to renovate the property with a view toward improving the property's cash flow, and in turn, the performance of the loan. After the closing of the loan, the borrower completed renovations to the property and the cash flow of the property improved. At the time the loan was made, an independent appraisal was performed on the collateral underlying the loan. This appraisal supported the \$1.6 million carrying value of the loan. In January 2012, the interest rate on the loan was to be adjusted to the prime interest rate as published by The Wall Street Journal, plus a spread, and converted to principal and interest payments. In November 2011, the borrower approached the Bank and expressed concern about being able to pay the principal and interest payment that would go into effect in January 2012. The internal cash flow analysis completed by the Bank indicated that the payment could be made based on the higher monthly occupancy rates after the renovations were completed. An appraisal was ordered to provide the "as is" value of the property. The Bank obtained the appraisal in December 2011, and the appraised value of the property had decreased to \$1.4 million. Therefore, this loan was restructured into two loans using the Note A/B split note strategy. Based on the cash flows supported by the property, the first loan (a Note A loan) had a balance of \$1.3 million at a market interest rate with a two year balloon payment. This loan was put on nonaccrual, classified as substandard, and reported as a troubled debt restructuring. The second loan (a Note B loan) had a balance of \$393,000 and was charged-off in December 2011. During the quarter ended June 30, 2013, in anticipation of the balloon payment becoming due in the December 31, 2013 quarter, the borrower approached the Bank about refinancing the property based on improved cash flows. The Bank had been reviewing the cash flow of the property on a monthly basis and agreed with the borrower that its cash flows had improved. An appraisal was ordered to provide the "as is" value of the property. The independent appraisal obtained in June 2013 reflected that the value of the property had

increased to \$1.7 million from \$1.4 million in December 2011, and the two loans were refinanced again using the Note A/B split note strategy. Because of the increased cash flow from the property underlying the loan, the first loan (a Note A loan) had a net carrying value of \$1.3 million, with a market interest rate of 5.50%, for a 20 year loan term and a three year balloon payment. This loan was put on accrual (because of its sufficient payment history), classified as substandard, and reported as a troubled debt restructuring. The second loan (a Note B loan) balance was \$310,000 and was charged off. This charged off amount included the \$393,000 in the Note B Loan from December 2011, less \$83,000 resultant of the improved cash flow of the property.

Loan Relationship E. At September 30, 2013, this Loan Relationship was comprised of two loans (a Note A loan and a Note B loan) having an aggregate carrying value of \$515,000. At June 30, 2013, this Loan Relationship was comprised of two loans having an aggregate carrying value of \$516,000. The loans are secured by nonresidential properties (warehouses). There are no personal guarantees or co-borrowers on these loans. As described below, these loans were previously restructured using the Note A/B split note strategy. The first loan (a Note A loan) is included in the above table in "Accruing restructured loans" at September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013. In the "Credit Risk Profile by Internally Assigned Grade" table on page 40, the Note A loan was classified as "Nonresidential real estate, Substandard" at September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013. The Note A loan in Loan Relationship E was performing in accordance with its restructured terms at September 30, 2013. A more detailed history of Loan Relationship E follows.

Originally, Loan Relationship E was comprised of one loan. The loan was restructured in April 2010. At June 30, 2010, the charge-off to the general allowance for loan losses, based upon a then current independent appraisal, was \$308,000. The restructured loan had payments deferred for one year, while accruing interest at a market rate. This loan was scheduled to undergo an interest rate and payment reset in February 2011, pursuant to the terms of the note. There were no personal guarantees or co-borrowers on this loan. At the time of the loan adjustment period, it became apparent that the borrower would have difficulty making the required monthly payments beginning in February 2011. As a result, management completed a detailed analysis of this loan and determined to again restructure the loan utilizing the Note A/B split note strategy in March 2011. The terms of Note A were calculated using the borrower's then current financial information to determine the amount of the payment at which the borrower would have a debt service coverage ratio of approximately 1.5x, which was more stringent than the Bank's normal underwriting standards. A restructuring fee of \$9,000 was charged and included in Note B at March 31, 2011. After the restructuring in March 2011, the Note A loan had a balance of \$569,000. This loan was put on nonaccrual, classified as substandard and was reported as a troubled debt restructuring. The Note B loan had a balance of \$508,000. The full amount of the Note B loan was charged-off in the quarter ended March 31, 2011, inclusive of the previous specific reserve of \$308,000 recorded during the period ended June 30, 2010. During the quarter ended March 31, 2013, the balloon payments for these loans became due. At that time, the Bank had been reviewing the cash flow of the property on a monthly basis and knew that the cash flows had not changed. An independent appraisal was ordered to provide the "as is" value of the property. The Bank obtained the appraisal in February 2013, and the appraised value of the property had decreased to \$910,000 from \$997,000 in February 2011. The loans were refinanced into two loans, again using the Note A/B split note strategy. The first loan (a Note A loan) had a balance of \$519,000 with a market interest rate of 5.50%, for a 30- year term and a three year balloon payment. This loan was put on accrual (because of its sufficient payment history), classified as substandard, and reported as a troubled debt restructuring. The second loan (a Note B loan) had a balance of \$507,000 and was charged off. This charged off amount equaled the amount of the Note B loan originated in March 2011.

Loan Relationship F. At September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013, Loan Relationship F was comprised of two loans (a Note A and a Note B) having an aggregate carrying value of \$443,000 and \$444,000, respectively. These loans are secured by a multi-family residential real estate property and a single-family real estate property. The borrower is a corporate entity, with three principals, each of whom individually are co-borrowers of the loan. As described below, these loans were previously restructured, using the Note A/B split note strategy. The first loan (a Note A loan) is included in the above table as "Accruing restructured loans" at September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013. In the "Credit Risk Profile by Internally Assigned Grade" table on page 40, the Note A loan is classified as "Multi-family real estate, Substandard" at September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013. The Note A loan in Loan Relationship F was performing in accordance with its restructured terms at September 30, 2013. A more detailed history of Loan Relationship F follows.

The original loan was initially restructured using the Note A/B split note strategy in June 2010 based on an 80% loan-to-value ratio derived from an April 2010 independent appraisal. The first loan (Note A) had a balance of \$631,000 with a market interest rate of 5.50%, for a 25-year term, based on a 3/1 ARM. This loan was put on nonaccrual and classified as substandard. The second loan (a Note B loan) had a balance of \$216,800 and there was a specific reserve established for the entire amount of the loan. The borrower was a corporate entity, with two principals, who also individually signed the loan as co-borrowers. At December 31, 2010, the first loan was 160 days delinquent. The delinquency was a result of personal problems between the borrowers affecting their ability to manage the multi-family residential real estate and the single-family real estate. The personal problems between the borrowers also resulted in the borrowers' inability to make the required personal cash infusions. In the latter part of 2010 and into early 2011, one of the borrowers effectively took control of the multi-family residential real estate and the single-family real estate, and brought the business current with respect to property taxes, refunds to former tenants, and made required monthly loan payments in January and February 2011. Other than the January and February 2011 loan payments, the borrowers were unable to make payments to bring the loan current. Based upon those developments, management completed a detailed analysis of the total lending relationship with the borrowers. As a result of this analysis, these loans were again restructured, using the Note A/B split note strategy in March 2011. The terms of first loan (Note A) were calculated using current financial information to determine the amount of the payment at which the borrowers would have a debt service coverage ratio of approximately 1.5x, which was more stringent than the Bank's underwriting standards. A restructuring fee of \$7,000 was charged and included in the second loan (a Note B loan) at March 31, 2011. After the restructuring in March 2011, the Note A loan had a balance of \$475,000, was put on nonaccrual, classified as substandard and reported as a troubled debt restructuring. The Note B loan had balance of \$405,000. The full amount of the Note B loan was charged-off in the quarter ended March 31, 2011, inclusive of the previous specific reserve of \$216,800 from December 31, 2010. A two year balloon payment was due in March 31, 2013 on the loans unless the borrower refinanced into a market rate loan at that time. During the quarter ended December 31, 2012, as a result of the continued personal problems of the co-borrowers, the two loans were modified and only the borrower that had taken control of the two properties in early 2011 was left on the loan. The other borrower relinquished all of its interest in the two properties. However, in addition to the one borrower retained on the loan, two other borrowers were added to the loans to provide managerial strength to the relationship and in turn increase the income potential of the property. The Bank was reviewing the cash flow of the property on a monthly basis and determined that the cash flows had improved because of the improved managerial ability of the original borrower that was retained on the loan. An independent appraisal was ordered to provide the "as is" value of the properties. The Bank obtained the appraisal in December 2012, and the appraised value of the properties had decreased to \$730,000 from \$774,000 in February 2011. During the quarter ended December 31, 2012, the two loans were modified, again using the Note A/B split note strategy, with both loans having three year balloon payments. The Note A loan was modified to a market interest rate of 5.50%, with no increase in the principal balance (\$453,000). The term of the loan was also reduced to 324 months from the remaining term of 339 months. Even with the higher market interest rate and the shorter term of the loan, the debt service coverage ratio is above 1.20x, which is in compliance with the Bank's current loan underwriting standards. This loan was put on accrual (because of its sufficient payment history), classified as substandard, and reported as a troubled debt restructuring. There was no increase in the principal balance (\$405,000) of the Note B loan from that loan's prior restructuring in March 2011, and therefore, the charge off amount (\$405,000) remained the same as in March 2011. However, the interest rate was reduced to 0%, as the loan had been charged off.

<u>Loan Relationship G.</u> At September 30, 2013, the loan in Loan Relationship G had a carrying value of \$1.8 million. At June 30, 2013, the loan in Loan Relationship G had a carrying value of \$1.9 million. This loan is secured by a 93-pad mobile home park and an 87-pad mobile home park. The borrowers are two limited liability corporations and the two co-borrowers are the principals of the corporations. This loan is a participation loan with another financial institution. The Bank is the lead lender and has a 79% interest in the

loan. This loan is included in the above table in "Nonaccrual Loans, Multi-family real estate" at September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013. In the "Credit Risk Profile by Internally Assigned Grade" table on page 40, this loan is classified as "Multi-family residential real estate, Substandard," at September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013. At September 30, 2013, the loan was performing in accordance with its original terms. A more detailed history of Loan Relationship G follows.

The borrowers approached the Bank in May 2011 and stated they were having cash flow problems even though the loan was current. The Bank received updated financial information from the borrowers after being advised of these cash flow problems. The financial information showed there were cash flow problems, but that the co-borrowers had been infusing their personal funds. An independent appraisal was ordered to provide the "as is" value of the properties. The Bank obtained the appraisal in July 2011, and the appraised value of the properties had decreased to \$2.13 million from \$3.6 million in September 2010. Based on the cash flow of the properties, the Bank established impairment in the amount of \$400,000, effective June 30, 2011, based on the information available when the June 30, 2011 financial statements were issued. At June 30, 2011, the Bank's portion of the loan balance was \$2.1 million, and the carrying value of the Bank's portion of the loan was \$1.7 million. At January 31, 2012, the loan was 39 days delinquent and the Bank was not receiving current financial information. Accordingly, new appraisals were ordered and received in March 2012, reflecting an aggregate appraised value of \$2.8 million which was an increase from the \$2.13 million appraised value from July 2011. The borrower brought the loan current by June 30, 2012. The borrower has recently hired a management company which is expected to assist providing the Bank with the borrower's financial statements on a timely basis.

Loan Relationship H. At September 30, 2013, Loan Relationship H was comprised of three loans having an aggregate carrying value of \$1.0 million. At September 30, 2013, Loan H-1, which, as described in further detail below, was previously restructured using the Note A/B split note strategy, had an aggregate carrying value of \$732,000. Loan H-1 is secured by a first lien on an 18-unit apartment complex, a single-family dwelling, a 6.3 acre tract of land, and a second lien on a single-family owner occupied dwelling on 11.36 acres. At June 30, 2013, Loan H-1 had an aggregate carrying value \$734,000. The borrower is a limited liability corporation and the two co-borrowers are principals of the limited liability corporation. Loan H-1 is included in the above table as "Accruing restructured loans," at September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013. In the "Credit Risk Profile by Internally Assigned Grade" table on page 40, Loan H-1 is classified as "Multi-family residential real estate, Substandard" at September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013. Additionally, during the quarter ended June 30, 2013 the Bank refinanced the principal residence of the co-borrowers (the single-family owner occupied dwelling on 11.36 acres mentioned above). This loan, Loan H-2, had an original balance of \$280,000 at a market rate of interest for a ten year term. At September 30, 2013, the balance for this loan was \$276,000. At September 30, 2013, Loan H-1 was performing in accordance with its restructured terms and Loan H-2 was performing in accordance with its original terms. A more detailed history of Loan Relationship H follows.

Originally, Loan Relationship H was comprised of one loan. The interest rate was to reset to 5.75% on June 1, 2012. The borrowers indicated the cash flow of the property could not sustain the increase in interest rate. Independent appraisals were ordered in the June 30, 2012 quarter and received in June 2012, and indicated a collateral value of \$978,000 on properties for which UCB has a first lien. The Bank recorded a charge-off, as of June 30, 2012, of \$481,000, to reflect the carrying value of the loan at \$744,000. Prior to the establishment of the \$481,000 charge-off in the June 30, 2012 quarter, management had established a specific allocation on this loan through a charge-off to the general allowance beginning in the June 30, 2009 quarter. The amount of the specific allocation as of March 31, 2012 was \$639,000. The one loan was performing in accordance with its restructured terms at June 30, 2012. In the September 30, 2012 quarter, the borrowers again indicated the cash flow of the property could not sustain the loan. Therefore, the one loan was restructured, using the Note A/B split note strategy. The first loan (Loan H-1, a Note A loan) was for \$748,000, with a market rate of interest of 5.00%, for a 30-year term and a three year balloon payment. The carrying value of this loan was placed on nonaccrual, classified as substandard, and considered a troubled debt restructuring. The second loan (a Note B loan) was for \$515,000 (inclusive of the \$481,000 that was charged off in the June 30, 2012 quarter) and was charged off.

Loan Relationship I. At September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013, Loan Relationship I was comprised of one loan which is secured by an industrial/office nonresidential property having a carrying value of \$719,200. The borrower is a limited liability corporation and the two co-borrowers are principals of the limited liability corporation. This loan is included in the above table, in "Nonaccrual loans nonresidential real estate" as of September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013. In the "Credit Risk Profile by Internally Assigned Grade" table on page 40, this loan is classified as "Nonresidential real estate, Substandard" at September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013. The borrower approached the Bank in March 2012 to advise that a major tenant was not going to renew its lease in November 2012. However, the tenant agreed to remain in the property until its lease expired. The Bank ordered an independent appraisal based on this information. The appraisal was received in March 2012 and reflected a value of \$900,000. At March 31, 2012, the carrying value of the loan was reduced by \$177,000 to \$819,000. After the 2011 tax returns were received late in the second quarter of 2012, the Bank conducted further cash flow analyses and determined that the only way the loan would be paid off would be to sell the property. The Bank recorded a charge-off of \$146,000 based on the most recent appraisal, and impairment in the amount of \$120,000 was established as an estimate to impair the loan further based on the Bank's experience in settling foreclosed properties. The carrying value of the loan was \$717,000 at June 30, 2012. The borrower continued to make the required monthly principal and interest payments through June 30, 2012. However, as of March 31, 2013, this loan was 88 days delinquent, as the borrower stopped making principal and interest payments. The borrower did pay the real estate taxes in advance for the next year. The borrower continued to cooperate with the Bank and during the quarter ended March 31, 2013, the Bank and the borrower signed an agreement under which the borrower continued to manage the property, with the Bank controlling the property's cash flow, including the lease payments collected and the expenses paid. As part of the agreement, the borrower was required to, and did turn over to the Bank, the net lease payments collected by the borrower for January and February 2013. The borrower is not required to make any further principal and interest payments and the title to the property will remain in the name of the borrower. However, the Bank controls the listing agreement with the realtor who currently has the property listed for \$899,000 and the Bank will receive the net proceeds from the sale of the property when it is sold. The Bank received an updated appraisal in the amount of \$930,000 as of April 2013, an increase of \$31,000 from the March 2012 appraised value. If the borrower continues to manage the property and cooperate with the Bank, the borrower will be released from any further obligation following the property's sale. The most recent financial information of the borrower and co-borrowers show very little net worth. During the quarter ended September 30, 2013, the borrower signed a purchase agreement with a potential buyer at a sale price that would not cause the Bank to incur any additional loss on this Loan Relationship. At the time of this filing, the sale of the property is expected to close by December 31, 2013.

Loan Relationship J. At September 30, 2013, there were five loans (including one loan, Loan J-1, that was restructured using the Note A/B split note strategy) comprising this relationship with an aggregate carrying value of \$1.8 million. At June 30, 2013, the aggregate carrying value of the loan was \$1.9 million. Loan J-1 is secured by a first mortgage on a nonresidential real estate property located on 2.17 acres of land and an additional 1.753 acre tract of land that could be used for commercial development that is contiguous to the nonresidential real estate. Loan J-2 is secured by a first mortgage on six one-to four-family non owner-occupied residential properties and an 80 acre tract of land. Loan J-3 is secured by a first mortgage on the principal residence of the co-borrower who is signed on each of the loans in loan relationship J. Loan J-4 is a home equity line of credit secured by a second mortgage on the principal residence of the co-borrower who is signed on each of the loans in loan relationship J. Two of the Loan J-1 borrowers are corporate entities and each of the principals of the corporate borrowers individually signed as co-borrowers. One of the Loan J-2 borrowers is a corporate entity and the principal of the corporate borrower individually signed as a co-borrower. The Loan J-3 and Loan J-4 borrower is an individual borrower on each of the loans in Loan Relationship J. At September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013, Note A of Loan J-1 is included in the above table in "Nonaccrual, Nonresidential Real Estate". At September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013, Loan J-2, J-3, and J-4, are not included in the Nonaccrual table. At September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013, Note A of

Loan J-1 was classified as "Nonresidential Real Estate, Substandard" in the "Credit Risk Profile by Internally Assigned Grade" table on page 40. At September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013, Loan J-2 was classified as "One-to Four-Family Non Owner-Occupied Mortgage, Watch" in the "Credit Risk Profile by Internally Assigned Grade" table on page 40. At September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013, Loans J-3 and J-4 were classified as "One-to Four-Family Owner-Occupied Mortgage, Watch" in the "Credit Risk Profile by Internally Assigned Grade" table on page 40.

During the quarter ended June 30, 2013, the co-borrowers of Loan J-1 approached the Bank and stated the entity that had been buying the nonresidential real estate portion of this property on land contract, was vacating the premises. The contract buyers also stated they would not be able to make the contract loan payments. The co-borrowers had been using the payments from this land contract to make the payments to the Bank. The Bank ordered an independent appraisal of the nonresidential real estate and the contiguous 1.753 acre tract of land. The appraised value, received in June 2013, totaled \$1.1 million, \$720,000 for the nonresidential real estate property, and \$390,000 for the 1.753 acres tract of land. This was a decrease from the April 2007 aggregate appraised value of \$1.6 million. The April 2007 appraisal was completed as nonresidential real estate located on a 3.923 acre tract of land. The co-borrowers are able to pay \$5,000 per month. Half of the \$5,000 pays for the monthly real estate taxes and the other half is paid on Loan J-1. Therefore, in the June 30, 2013 quarter, Loan J-1, with a carrying value of \$869,000, net of the charge off amount of \$161,000, was put on nonaccrual and classified as substandard and was reported as a troubled debt restructuring. The carrying value and the charge off amount were determined by an impairment analysis using 80% of the appraised value of the nonresidential real estate plus 75% of the appraised value of the 1.753 acre tract of land. Subsequent to June 30, 2013, the borrowers signed a purchase agreement with an unrelated third party for the nonresidential real estate property at a sales price that would enable any unpaid principal balance to be fully collateralized by the remaining collateral. At September 30, 2013, Loan J-1 is performing in accordance with its restructured terms, and J-2, J-3, and J-4 were performing in accordance with their original terms.

Loan Relationship K. At September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013, this Loan Relationship was comprised of eight loans (including one loan that was restructured using the Note A/B split note strategy) having an aggregate carrying value of \$1.60 million and \$1.62 million, respectively. Loan K-1, which had previously been restructured in the Note A/B split note strategy, is secured by 12 one-to four-family non-owner occupied properties and one multi-family property, for a total of 13 rental properties. Loan K-2 is secured by a first mortgage on the principal residence of two of the individual co-borrowers. Loan K-3 is a home equity line of credit secured by a second mortgage on the principal residence of two of the individual co-borrowers. Loan K-4 is secured by a vehicle title for an automobile of two of the individual co-borrowers. Loan K-5 is secured by a first mortgage on the principal residence of two of the individual co-borrowers. Loan K-6 is secured by a UCC-1 filing and a second mortgage on the principal residence of two of the individual co-borrowers. Loan K-7 is secured by a first mortgage on a nonresidential property and a third mortgage on the principal residence of two of the individual co-borrowers. One of the Loan K-1 borrowers is a corporate entity and each of the principals, along with their spouses, individually signed as co-borrowers. Two of the Loan K-2, K-3 and K-4 co-borrowers are individually signed. Two of the Loan K-5 co-borrowers are individually signed. One of the Loan K-6 and K-7 borrowers is a corporate entity and the principal, along with their spouse, individually signed as co-borrowers. At September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013, Note A of Loan K-1 is included in the above table in "Accruing Restructured Loans." At September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013, Loans K-2, K-3, K-4, K-5, K-6, and K-7, are not included in the above nonaccrual table because these loans were performing in accordance with their original terms. At September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013, the Note A loan of Loan K-1 was classified as "Multi-Family, Substandard" in the "Credit Risk Profile by Internally Assigned Grade" table on page 40. At September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013, Loan K-2 was classified as "One-to Four-Family Owner-Occupied Mortgage, Watch" in the "Credit Risk Profile by Internally Assigned Grade" table on page 40. At September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013, Loan K-3 was classified as "Consumer, Pass" in the "Credit Risk Profile by Internally Assigned Grade" table on page 40. At September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013, Loan K-4 was classified as "Consumer, Pass" in the "Credit Risk Profile by Internally Assigned Grade" table on page 40. At September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013, Loan K-5 was classified as "One-to Four-Family Owner-Occupied Mortgage, Pass" in the "Credit Risk Profile by Internally Assigned Grade" table on page 40. At September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013, Loan K-6 was classified as "Commercial and Agricultural, Pass" in the "Credit Risk Profile by Internally Assigned Grade" table on page 40. At September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013, Loan K-7 was classified as "Nonresidential Real Estate, Pass" in the "Credit Risk Profile by Internally Assigned Grade" table on page 40. At September 30, 2013, the Note A loans of Loan K-1 and Loan K-2, K-3, K-4, K-5, K-6, and K-7, were performing in accordance with their terms. A more detailed history of Loan Relationship K follows.

In November 2011, a charge-off in the amount of \$406,000 was established for Loan K-1 because of cash flow issues of the rental properties securing this relationship. At that time independent appraisals were ordered. The new appraisals, received in December 2011, reflected that the values of the properties had decreased to \$1,262,000 from \$1,998,500 as of May 2007. The Bank determined to restructure the loan utilizing the Note A/B split note strategy. The first loan (Loan K-1, a Note A loan) was for \$1,128,000 with the market rate of interest of 5.50% and a two year balloon payment. This loan was put on nonaccrual, classified as substandard, and reported as a troubled debt restructuring. The second loan (a Note B loan) had a balance of \$415,000 and was charged-off. This charge-off amount was \$9,000 more than the charge-off amount established in November 2011. In July 2012, the borrowers sold four of the rental properties and the net proceeds of \$301,000 were applied to Loan K-1, reducing the principal to \$823,000 from \$1,125,000. Also, a fifth rental property was released because of the condition of the property. Therefore, in July 2012, there were a total of eight rental properties remaining as collateral for this loan relationship.

Loan Relationship L. At September 30, 2013, this Loan Relationship was comprised of one loan having an aggregate carrying value of \$535,000. At June 30, 2013, this loan had a carrying value of \$547,000. This loan is secured by a first mortgage on two one-to four-family non-owner occupied properties and three nonresidential properties. The borrowers are husband and wife who jointly own these properties. Each of the borrowers is also a co-borrower on the loan. The loan is included in the above table in "Nonaccrual loans nonresidential real estate" as of September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013. In the "Credit Risk Profile by Internally Assigned Grade" table on page 40, this loan is classified as "Nonresidential real estate, Substandard" at September 30, 2013 and June 30, 2013, and is reported as a troubled debt restructuring. Originally, there were two loans comprising this relationship. Those loans were originated in the first quarter of 2008 and had an aggregate net carrying value of \$743,000 at March 31, 2008. This loan was performing in accordance with its restructured terms at September 30, 2013. A more detailed history of Loan Relationship L follows.

During the early part of 2011, the borrowers began to experience cash flow problems because a major tenant in one of the nonresidential properties was making sporadic rental payments. At June 30, 2011, the two loans were not 30 days delinquent. Nevertheless, the Bank ordered independent appraisals on the properties relating to the loan due to the sporadic rental payments the borrowers were receiving from their major tenant. The appraisals were received in June 2011 and reflected a total value of \$676,000 compared to the original November 2007 appraised value of \$1.2 million. At September 30, 2011, one of the loans was 30 days delinquent because of the reoccurrence of the problem with rental payments from the major tenant discussed above. At September 30, 2011, management determined to establish an impairment of \$93,000 based on the borrowers' recurring cash flow problems. Based on the then most recent appraisal indicating a known loss and the borrowers' cash flow problems created by the major tenant's sporadic rental payments, in the quarter ending December 31, 2011, management determined to refinance the two loans into one loan at a below market interest rate. A charge off of \$124,000, inclusive of the impairment established in the September 30, 2011 quarter, was also recorded. As part of the Bank's ongoing monitoring and impairment analysis, the Bank obtained new appraisals on all five properties relating to Loan Relationship L, in the June 30, 2013 quarter. The total value of these new appraisals was \$680,000, reflecting an increase of \$4,000 from the appraisals completed in June 2011. In the quarter ended September 30, 2013, the borrowers received an offer from a qualified buyer to purchase one of the nonresidential properties for \$182,000. This particular nonresidential property appraised for \$185,000 in June 2013. As of the date of this filing, the sale of the property is expected to close by December 31, 2013.

The following table summarizes all Note A/B format loans at September 30, 2013:

(Dollars in thousands)	Lo	an Balances					Number of Loans			
	No	Note A		te B	Total		Note A	Note B		
Nonresidential real estate	\$	3,048	\$	3,476	\$	6,524	5	5		
Multi-family residential real estate		3,332		1,645		4,977	4	4		
One- to four-family residential real estate		509		61		570	1	1		
Total (1)	\$	6,889	\$	5,182	\$	12,071	10	10		

⁽¹⁾ Included in this total are an aggregate of \$5.3 million comprised of Note As and \$4.6 million comprised of Note Bs that are included in the discussion of Loan Relationships B, D, E, F, H and K.

Based on the fact that our loans receivable greater than 30 days past due and accruing in the multi-family residential real estate and nonresidential real estate portfolios totaled \$257,000, which represents 0.3% of these loans at September 30, 2013, management does not believe there are any other large concentrations of credit risk that are not performing under the original terms or modified terms, as applicable.

The following table provides information with respect to all of our loans that are classified as troubled debt restructurings. For additional information regarding troubled debt restructurings on nonaccrual status, see the table of nonperforming assets above.

At September 30, 2013

	L	oan Status			Uı	otal npaid rincipal	Re	elated	R	ecorded	Number		verage ecorded
(in thousands)	A	ccrual	No	onaccrual	Ва	alance	A	llowance	In	vestment	of Loans	In	vestment
One- to four-family residential real estate	\$	2,048	\$	1,624	\$	3,672	\$	7	\$	3,666	25	\$	4,137
Multi-family residential real estate		5,799		-		5,799		20		5,778	11		6,924
Nonresidential real estate		3,629		2,664		6,293		120		6,173	13		6,205
Total	\$	11,476	\$	4,288	\$	15,764	\$	147	\$	15,617	49	\$	17,266

The following table is a roll forward of activity in our TDRs:

	Septemb	Months Ended ber 30, 2013			
	Recorde	ed	Number of		
	Investm	ent	Loans		
(Dollars in amounts thousands)					
Beginning balance	\$	18,915	52		
Additions to TDRs		-	-		
Charge-offs		(24)	-		
Removal of TDRs ⁽¹⁾		(3,151)	(3)		
Payments		(123)	-		
Ending balance	\$	15,617	49		

⁽¹⁾ The removal of these loans from TDR was due to the payoff of the loans during the quarter ended September 30, 2013.

Loans that were included in TDRs at September 30, 2013 were generally given concessions of interest rate reductions of between 25 and 300 basis points, and/or structured as interest only payment loans for periods of one to three years. Many of these loans also have balloon payments due at the end of their lowered rate period, requiring the borrower to refinance at market rates at that time. At September 30, 2013, there were 35 loans that required payments of principal and interest, and four loans that required interest payments only.

The following table shows the aggregate amounts of our classified assets at the dates indicated.

	At So	eptember 30,			
	2013	2013			
	(In th	nousands)			
Special mention assets	\$	5,098	\$	9,384	
Substandard assets		21,095		30,648	
Total classified assets	\$	26,193	\$	40,032	

The following tables illustrate certain disclosures required by ASC 310-10-50-29(b) at September 30, 2013 and at June 30, 2013.

At September 30, 2013:

	Credit Risk	Profile by	Internally	Assigned (Grade				
	One- to Four- Family Owner- Occupied Mortgage	Consumer	One- to Four- Family Non- Owner Occupied Mortgage	Multi- family Non- Owner- Occupied Mortgage	Non- Residentia Real estat		Commerce and Agricultu	Total	
	(In thousan	ids)							
Grade:									
Pass	\$ 97,481	\$ 33,401	\$ 9,649	\$ 16,223	\$ 28,680	\$ 3,742	\$ 2,344	\$ 5,383	\$ 196,903
Watch	6,049	961	4,678	5,176	11,997		866	1,779	31,506
Special mention	666	235	283	350	3,396		168		5,098
Substandard	4,286	513	1,363	7,631	7,279		23		21,095
Total	\$ 108,482	\$ 35,110	\$ 15,973	\$ 29,380	\$ 51,352	\$ 3,742	\$ 3,401	\$ 7,162	\$ 254,602

At June 30, 2013:

One- to

Credit Risk Profile by	^r Internally	Assigned	Grade
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One- to

	One- to Four- Family Owner- Occupied Mortgage (In thousands)		Four- Family r Non- Owner Occupied Mortgage	Morrogoe	Non- Residentia Real estat		and	Commercial and Total Agricultural			
Grade:	(III tilousai	ius)									
	Φ 00 404	ф 24 506	Ф 10 000	4.16.000	Φ 26 240	Ф. 2.200	Φ 2 2 6 4	ф 7 сол	ф 100 404		
Pass	\$ 99,494	\$ 34,506	\$ 10,909	\$ 16,900	\$ 26,340	\$ 2,200	\$ 2,364	\$ 5,691	\$ 198,404		
Watch	6,033	641	3,988	5,102	14,866	-	861	1,414	32,905		
Special mention	756	17	388	353	3,343	-	186	-	5,043		
Substandard	5,121	535	1,370	9,951	7,353	-	24	10	24,364		
Total	\$ 111,404	\$ 35,699	\$ 16,655	\$ 32,306	\$ 51,902	\$ 2,200	\$ 3,435	\$ 7,115	\$ 260,716		

Multi-

The following table illustrates certain disclosures required by ASC 310-10-50-7A for gross loans.

	30-3 Day Past		60-89 Days Past Due			June 30, 2013 59 /s t Due	60-2 Day Pas	
One- to four-family mortgage owner-occupied	\$	1,971	\$	721	\$	1,748	\$	706
Consumer		138		281		202		68
One- to four-family mortgage nonowner-occupied		377		283		54		388
Multi-family mortgage		109				110		
Nonresidential real estate mortgage commercial and office buildings		894		114		286		18
Construction								
Land		16						
Commercial and agricultural		10				7		
Total	\$	3,515	\$	1,399	\$	2,407	\$	1,180

The following table illustrates the changes to the allowance for loan losses for the three months ended September 30, 2013:

	One- to		One- to						
	Four-		Four-	Multi-					
	Family		Family	Family					
	Mortgage		Mortgage	Mortgage	Non-			Commer	cial
	Owner-		Nonowne	r-Nonowne	r-Residentia	al		and	
	Occupied	Consume	r Occupied	Occupied	Real Estat	teConstruc	ti ba nd	Agricultu	ır T otal
	(In thousan		•	•				C	
Allowance for Loan		•							
Losses:									
Balance, July 1,	¢ 042	¢ 552	¢ 215	¢ 1 206	¢ 2 206	¢ 10	¢ 17	¢ 24	¢ 5 442
2013:	\$ 942	\$ 553	\$ 215	\$ 1,286	\$ 2,386	\$ 10	\$ 17	\$ 34	\$ 5,443
Charge offs	(46)	(22)							(68)
Recoveries	126	14	1	391	1		12		545
Provision (credit)	(44)	37	3	(423)	8	(6)	(12)	(5)	(442)
Ending Balance:	\$ 978	\$ 582	\$ 219	\$ 1,254	\$ 2,395	\$ 4	\$ 17	\$ 29	\$ 5,478
Balance, Individually	\$	ф	¢ 7	¢ 205	¢ 120	\$	¢.	¢	¢ 222
Evaluated	3	\$	\$ 7	\$ 205	\$ 120	Э	\$	\$	\$ 332
Balance, Collectively	978	500	212	1.040	2 275	4	17	20	F 146
Evaluated	978	582	212	1,049	2,275	4	1 /	29	5,146
Financing									
receivables: ending	108,482	35,110	15,973	29,380	51,352	3,742	3,401	7,162	254,602
balance									
Ending Balance:									
individually	4.206	512	1 262	7.621	7 177		22		20.002
evaluated	4,286	513	1,363	7,631	7,177		22	-	20,992
for impairment									
=									

Ending Balance:									
collectively	94,284	30,045	13,967	21,749	40,844	3,742	3,273	5.898	213,802
evaluated	94,204	30,043	13,907	21,749	40,044	3,742	3,273	3,090	213,802
for impairment									
Ending Balance:									
loans acquired at fair	9,912	4,552	643	-	3,331		106	1,264	19,808
value									

The following table sets forth the allocation of the allowance for loan losses by loan category at the dates indicated.

	At September 30,							A	t June 30,				
	20)13						20)13				
						% of						% of	
						Loans in						Loans in	
			% (of		Category				% of		Category	
			Allowance to Total Allowance		to				Allowa	nce	to		
					Total				to Total		Total		
	A	mount			Loans	Loans			Allowance		Loans		
	$(\Gamma$	Oollars in t	thousands)										
One- to four-family residential real estate	\$	1,197	2	21.9	%	48.9	%	\$	1,157	21.3	%	49.1	%
Multi-family real estate		1,254	2	22.9		11.5			1,286	23.6		12.4	
Nonresidential real estate		2,395	4	43.7		20.2			2,386	43.8		19.9	
Land		17	(0.3		1.3			17	0.3		1.3	
Agricultural			-	-		1.4			-	-		1.4	
Commercial		29	(0.5		1.4			34	0.6		1.4	
Consumer		582		10.6		13.8			553	10.2		13.7	
Construction		4	(0.1		1.5			10	0.2		0.8	
Total allowance for loan losses	\$	5,478		100.0	%	100.0	%	\$	5,443	100.0) %	100.0	%
Total loans	\$	254,602						\$	260,716				

Liquidity Management. Liquidity is the ability to meet current and future financial obligations of a short-term nature. Our primary sources of funds consist of deposit inflows, loan repayments, maturities and sales of securities and borrowings from the Federal Home Loan Bank of Indianapolis. While maturities and scheduled amortization of loans and securities are predictable sources of funds, deposit flows and loan prepayments are greatly influenced by general interest rates, economic conditions and competition.

We regularly adjust our investments in liquid assets based upon our assessment of: (1) expected loan demands; (2) expected deposit flows, in particular municipal deposit flows; (3) yields available on interest-earning deposits and securities; and (4) the objectives of our asset/liability management policy.

Our most liquid assets are cash and cash equivalents. The levels of these assets depend on our operating, financing, lending and investing activities during any given period. Cash and cash equivalents totaled \$16.6 million at September 30, 2013 and \$16.8 million at June 30, 2013. Securities classified as available-for-sale whose market value exceeds our cost, which provide additional sources of liquidity, totaled \$32.2 million at September 30, 2013. Total securities classified as available-for-sale were \$208.4 million at September 30, 2013. In addition, at September 30, 2013, we had the ability to borrow a total of approximately \$117.0 million from the Federal Home Loan Bank of Indianapolis.

At September 30, 2013, we had \$31.0 million in loan commitments outstanding, consisting of \$1.3 million in mortgage loan commitments, \$24.1 million in unused home equity lines of credit, \$5.5 million in commercial lines of credit, and \$112,000 in letters of credit outstanding. Certificates of deposit due within one year of September 30, 2013 totaled \$100.2 million. This represented 58.4% of certificates of deposit at September 30, 2013. We believe that the large percentage of certificates of deposit that mature within one year reflects customers' hesitancy to invest their funds for longer periods in the current low interest rate environment. If these maturing deposits do not remain with us, we will be required to seek other sources of funding, including other certificates of deposit and borrowings. Depending on market conditions, we may be required to pay higher rates on such deposits or other borrowings than we currently pay on the certificates of deposit due on or before September 30, 2013. However, based on past experience, we believe that a significant portion of our certificates of deposit will remain with us. We have the ability

to attract and retain deposits by adjusting the interest rates offered.

Our primary investing activities are the origination and purchase of loans and the purchase of securities. Our primary financing activities consist of activity in deposit accounts and Federal Home Loan Bank advances. Deposit flows are affected by the overall level of interest rates, the interest rates and products offered by us and our local competitors and other factors. We generally manage the pricing of our deposits to be competitive and to increase core deposit relationships. Occasionally, we offer promotional rates on certain deposit products to attract deposits.

Capital Management. United Community Bank is subject to various regulatory capital requirements administered by the OCC, including a risk-based capital measure. The risk-based capital guidelines include both a definition of capital and a framework for calculating risk-weighted assets by assigning balance sheet assets and off-balance sheet items to broad risk categories. At September 30, 2013, we exceeded all of our regulatory capital requirements. We are considered "well capitalized" under regulatory guidelines. See "Regulation and Supervision Regulation of Federal Savings Associations Capital Requirements," and Note 16 to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in Item 8 to the Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on September 27, 2013.

The following table summarizes the Bank's capital amounts and the ratios required at September 30, 2013:

	A	ctual			For capital adequacy purposes				be well pitalized to ompt corretion ovisions			
		mount n thousand	Ratio ds)		mount	Ratio		-	mount	Ratio		
September 30, 2013 (unaudited)	`		,									
Tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets	\$	61,439	25.69	%	\$ 9,566	4	%	\$	14,349	6	%	
Total capital to risk-weighted assets		64,459	26.95	%	19,134	8	%		23,918	10	%	
Tier 1 capital to adjusted total assets		61,439	12.18	%	20,177	4	%		25,221	5	%	
Tangible capital to adjusted total assets		61,439	12.18	%	7,566	1.5	%		NA	NA		

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements. In the normal course of operations, we engage in a variety of financial transactions that, in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, are not recorded in our financial statements. These transactions involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit, interest rate and liquidity risk. Such transactions are used primarily to manage customers' requests for funding and take the form of loan commitments, letters of credit and lines of credit. We currently have no plans to engage in hedging activities in the future.

For the three months ended September 30, 2013, we engaged in no off-balance sheet transactions reasonably likely to have a material effect on our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

For a discussion of the Company's asset and liability management policies as well as the potential impact of interest rate changes upon the market value of the Company's portfolio equity, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on September 27, 2013. The main components of market risk for the Company are interest rate risk and liquidity risk. The Company manages interest rate risk and liquidity risk by establishing and monitoring the volume, maturities, pricing and mix of assets and funding sources with the objective of managing assets and funding sources to provide results that are consistent with liquidity, growth, risk limits and profitability goals. Model simulation is used to measure earnings volatility under both rising and falling rate scenarios.

We use an economic value of equity analysis prepared by a consulting firm to review our level of interest rate risk. This analysis measures interest rate risk by computing changes in net economic value of our cash flows from assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items in the event of a range of assumed changes in market interest rates. Economic

value of equity represents the market value of portfolio equity and is equal to the market value of assets minus the market value of liabilities, with adjustments made for off-balance sheet items. These analyses assess the risk of loss in market risk-sensitive instruments in the event of a sudden and sustained 100 to 300 basis point increase or 100 and 200 basis point decrease in market interest rates with no effect given to any steps that we might take to counter the effect of that interest rate movement. Because of the low level of market interest rates, these analyses are not performed for decreases of more than 200 basis points.

The following table presents the change in our net economic value of equity at June 30, 2013, the most recently completed date, that would occur in the event of an immediate change in interest rates, with no effect given to any steps that we might take to counteract that change.

							Economic		
							Value of		
							Equity as %)	
							of Economi	c	
	Economic Value of Equity							Value of	
	(Dollars in Thousands)						Total Assets		
Basis Point ("bp")							Economic		
Change in Rates	Amount		Cha	Change			Value Ratio		
300	\$	55,017	\$	(20,133)	(26.79)	%	11.47	%	
200		61,199		(13,951)	(18.56)	%	12.46	%	
100		70,046		(5,104)	(6.79)	%	13.81	%	
0		75,170					14.38	%	
(100)		82,072		6,922	9.21	%	15.51	%	
(200)		74,726		(424)	(0.56)	%	14.12	%	

The model uses various assumptions in assessing interest rate risk. These assumptions relate to interest rates, loan prepayment rates, deposit decay rates and the market values of certain assets under differing interest rate scenarios, among others. As with any method of measuring interest rate risk, certain shortcomings are inherent in the methods of analyses presented in the foregoing tables. For example, although certain assets and liabilities may have similar maturities or periods to repricing, they may react in different degrees to changes in market interest rates. Also, the interest rates on certain types of assets and liabilities may fluctuate in advance of changes in market interest rates, while interest rates on other types may lag behind changes in market rates. Additionally, certain assets, such as adjustable-rate mortgage loans, have features that restrict changes in interest rates on a short-term basis and over the life of the asset. Further, in the event of a change in interest rates, expected rates of prepayments on loans and early withdrawals from certificates could deviate significantly from those assumed in calculating the table. Prepayment rates can have a significant impact on interest income. Because of the large percentage of loans and mortgage-backed securities we hold, rising or falling interest rates have a significant impact on the prepayment speeds of our earning assets that in turn affect the rate sensitivity position. When interest rates rise, prepayments tend to slow. When interest rates fall, prepayments tend to rise. Our asset sensitivity would be reduced if prepayments slow and vice versa. While we believe these assumptions to be reasonable, there can be no assurance that assumed prepayment rates will approximate actual future mortgage-backed security and loan repayment activity.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

The Company's management, including the Company's principal executive officer and principal financial officer, have evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's "disclosure controls and procedures," as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, (the "Exchange Act"). Based upon their evaluation, the principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that, as of the end of the period covered by this report, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective for the purpose of ensuring that the information required to be disclosed in the reports that the Company files or submits under the Exchange Act with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") (1) is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and (2) is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. During the quarterly period ended September 30, 2013, there were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting which materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal controls over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Periodically, there have been various claims and lawsuits against us, such as claims to enforce liens and contracts, condemnation proceedings on properties in which we hold security interests, claims involving the making and servicing of real property loans and other issues incident to our business. We are not party to any pending legal proceedings that we believe would have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the factors discussed in Part I, "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended June 30, 2013, which could materially affect our business, financial condition or future results. The risks described in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K are not the only risks that we face. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may materially affect our business, financial condition and/or operating results.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

There were no repurchases of the Company's common stock during the quarter ended September 30, 2013.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

Not applicable

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable

Item 5. Other Information

Not applicable

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit 3.1	Articles of Incorporation of United Community Bancorp (1)		
Exhibit 3.2	Bylaws of United Community Bancorp (2)		
Exhibit 31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer		
Exhibit 31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer		
Exhibit 32	Section 1305 Certifications		
Exhibit 101.0	The following materials from the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2013, formatted in XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language): (i) the Consolidated Statements of Financial Condition, (ii) the Consolidated Statements of Income, (iii) the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income, (iv) the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and (v) the Notes to Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements.		

⁽¹⁾ Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1, as amended, initially filed on March 15, 2011.

⁽²⁾ Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1, as amended, initially filed on March 15, 2011.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

UNITED COMMUNITY BANCORP

Date: November 14, 2013 By: /s/ William F. Ritzmann

William F. Ritzmann

President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: November 14, 2013 By: /s/ Vicki A. March

Vicki A. March

Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer

and Treasurer