CYBERLUX CORP Form SB-2/A July 13, 2005

> As filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 13, 2005 An Exhibit List can be found on page II-7. Registration No. 333-125111

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO

FORM SB-2 REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

CYBERLUX CORPORATION (Name of small business issuer in its charter)

3674 91-2048178 Nevada 

(State or other Jurisdiction (Primary Standard Industrial (I.R.S. Employer Organization)

of Incorporation or Classification Code Number) Identification No.)

4625 Creekstone Drive, Suite 100 Research Triangle Park Durham, North Carolina 27703 (919) 474-9000

(Address and telephone number of principal executive offices and principal place of business)

> Don F. Evans, Chief Executive Officer CYBERLUX CORPORATION 4625 Creekstone Drive, Suite 100 Research Triangle Park Durham, North Carolina 27703 (919) 474-9000

(Name, address and telephone number of agent for service)

Copies to:

Gregory Sichenzia, Esq. Sichenzia Ross Friedman Ference LLP 1065 Avenue of the Americas, 21st Flr. New York, New York 10018 (212) 930-9700 (212) 930-9725 (fax)

APPROXIMATE DATE OF PROPOSED SALE TO THE PUBLIC: From time to time after this Registration Statement becomes effective.

If any securities being registered on this Form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, other than securities offered only in connection with dividend or interest reinvestment plans, check the following box: [X]

If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. \_\_\_\_\_\_

the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(d) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering. \_\_\_\_\_

If delivery of the prospectus is expected to be made pursuant to Rule 434, please check the following box. \_\_\_\_\_

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#### CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

Title of each class of securities to be registered		Proposed maximum offering price per share (2)	Proposed maximum aggregate offering price	Amou registr
Common stock, \$.001 par value issuable upon	300,000,000 (3)	\$.02	\$6,000,000	
conversion of Secured Convertible Notes				
Common Stock, \$.001 par value issuable upon exercise of Warrants	25,000,000 (4)	\$.03	\$750 <b>,</b> 000	
Total	325,000,000		\$6,750,000	

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes shares of our common stock, par value \$0.001 per share, which may be offered pursuant to this registration statement, which shares are issuable upon conversion of secured convertible notes and the exercise of warrants held by the selling stockholders. In addition to the shares set forth in the table, the amount to be registered includes an indeterminate number of shares issuable upon conversion of the secured convertible notes and exercise of the warrants, as such number may be adjusted as a result of stock splits, stock dividends and similar transactions in accordance with Rule 416. The number of shares of common stock registered hereunder represents a good faith estimate by us of the number of shares of common stock issuable upon conversion of the secured convertible

notes and upon exercise of the warrants. For purposes of estimating the number of shares of common stock to be included in this registration statement, we calculated a good faith estimate of the number of shares of our common stock that we believe will be issuable upon conversion of the secured convertible notes and upon exercise of the warrants to account for market fluctuations, and antidilution and price protection adjustments, respectively. Should the conversion ratio result in our having insufficient shares, we will not rely upon Rule 416, but will file a new registration statement to cover the resale of such additional shares should that become necessary. In addition, should a decrease in the exercise price as a result of an issuance or sale of shares below the then current market price, result in our having insufficient shares, we will not rely upon Rule 416, but will file a new registration statement to cover the resale of such additional shares should that become necessary.

- (2) Estimated solely for purposes of calculating the registration fee in accordance with Rule 457(c) and Rule 457(g) under the Securities Act of 1933, using the average of the high and low price as reported on the Over-The-Counter Bulletin Board on May 19, 2005, which was \$.02 per share.
- (3) Includes a good faith estimate of the shares underlying secured convertible notes to account for market fluctuations.
- (4) Includes a good faith estimate of the shares underlying warrants exercisable at \$.03 per share to account for antidilution protection adjustments.
- (5) \$441.38 fee previously paid.

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PURSUANT TO RULE 429 PROMULGATED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, THE ENCLOSED PROSPECTUS CONSTITUTES A COMBINED PROSPECTUS ALSO RELATING TO AN AGGREGATE OF UP TO 64,567,319 SHARES OF OUR COMMON STOCK THAT WERE PREVIOUSLY REGISTERED FOR SALE IN A REGISTRATION STATEMENT, AS AMENDED, ON FORM SB-2, REGISTRATION NO. 333-119716. AS SUCH, THIS PROSPECTUS ALSO CONSTITUTES POST-EFFECTIVE AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO THE REGISTRATION STATEMENT ON FORM SB-2, REGISTRATION NO. 333-119716, WHICH SHALL HEREAFTER BECOME EFFECTIVE CONCURRENTLY WITH THE EFFECTIVENESS OF THIS REGISTRATION STATEMENT ON FORM SB-2 IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 8 (C) OF THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933.

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THE REGISTRANT HEREBY AMENDS THIS REGISTRATION STATEMENT ON SUCH DATE OR DATES AS MAY BE NECESSARY TO DELAY ITS EFFECTIVE DATE UNTIL THE REGISTRANT SHALL FILE A FURTHER AMENDMENT WHICH SPECIFICALLY STATES THAT THIS REGISTRATION STATEMENT SHALL THEREAFTER BECOME EFFECTIVE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 8 (A) OF THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933 OR UNTIL THE REGISTRATION STATEMENT SHALL BECOME EFFECTIVE ON SUCH DATE AS THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION, ACTING PURSUANT TO SAID SECTION 8 (A), MAY DETERMINE.

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CYBERLUX CORPORATION

325,000,000 SHARES OF

COMMON STOCK

This prospectus relates to the resale by the selling stockholders of up to 325,000,000 shares of our common stock, including up to 300,000,000 shares of common stock underlying secured convertible notes in a principal amount of \$1,500,000 and up to 25,000,000 issuable upon the exercise of common stock purchase warrants. The secured convertible notes are convertible into our common stock at the lower of \$0.03 or 50% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on the Over-The-Counter Bulletin Board for the 20 trading days before but not including the conversion date. The selling stockholders may sell common stock from time to time on the Over-The-Counter Bulletin Board at the prevailing market price or in negotiated transactions. The selling stockholders may be deemed underwriters of the shares of common stock which they are offering. We will pay the expenses of registering these shares.

Our common stock is registered under Section 12(g) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and is listed on the Over-The-Counter Bulletin Board under the symbol "CYBL". The last reported sales price per share of our common stock as reported by the Over-The-Counter Bulletin Board on July 11, 2005, was \$.08.

Investing in these securities involves significant risks. See "Risk Factors" beginning on page 4.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this Prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

The date of this prospectus is \_\_\_\_\_, 2005.

The information in this Prospectus is not complete and may be changed. This Prospectus is included in the Registration Statement that was filed by Cyberlux Corporation with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The selling stockholders may not sell these securities until the registration statement becomes effective. This Prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any state where the sale is not permitted.

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#### PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

The following summary highlights selected information contained in this prospectus. This summary does not contain all the information you should consider before investing in the securities. Before making an investment decision, you should read the entire prospectus carefully, including the "risk factors" section, the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements.

# CYBERLUX CORPORATION

We are in the development stage and our efforts have been principally devoted to designing, developing and marketing advanced lighting systems that utilize white (and other) light emitting diodes as illumination elements. We are

developing and marketing new product applications of diodal illumination(TM) that demonstrate added value over traditional lighting systems. Using proprietary technology, we are creating a family of products for emergency and security lighting offer extended light life and greater cost effectiveness than other existing forms of illumination. We are expanding our marketing activity into channels of retail, commercial and institutional sales.

For the year ended December 31, 2004, we generated \$23,803 in revenue and a net loss of \$6,025,848. For the guarter ended March 31, 2005, we generated \$13,568 in revenue and a net loss of \$423,660. As a result of recurring losses from operations and a net deficit in both working capital and stockholders! equity, our auditors, in their report dated March 17, 2005, have expressed substantial doubt about our ability to continue as going concern.

Our principal offices are located at 4625 Creekstone Drive, Suite 100, Research Triangle Park, Durham, North Carolina 27703, and our telephone number is (919) 474-9000. We are a Nevada corporation.

The Offering

Common stock offered by

selling stockholders...... Up to 325,000,000 shares, including the following:

- up to 300,000,000 shares of common stock underlying secured convertible notes in the principal amount of \$1,500,000 (includes a good faith estimate of the shares underlying secured convertible notes to account for market fluctuations and antidilution protection adjustments, respectively), and
- up to 25,000,000 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of common stock purchase warrants at an exercise price of \$.03 per share (includes a good faith estimate of the shares underlying warrants to account for antidilution protection adjustments).

Common stock to be outstanding after the offering...... Up to 397,525,001 shares

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Use of proceeds.....

We will not receive any proceeds from the sale of the common stock. However, we will receive the sale price of any common stock we sell to the selling stockholders upon exercise of the warrants. We expect to use the proceeds received from the exercise of the warrants, if any, for general working capital purposes. However, AJW Partners,

LLC, AJW Qualified Partners, LLC, AJW Offshore, Ltd., and New Millennium Partners II, LLC will be entitled to exercise up to 18,333,333 warrants on a cashless basis if the shares of common stock underlying the warrants are not then registered pursuant to an effective registration statement. In the event that AJW Partners, LLC, AJW Qualified Partners, LLC, AJW Offshore, Ltd., or New Millennium Partners II, LLC exercise the warrants on a cashless basis, then we will not receive any proceeds from the exercise of those warrants. In addition, we have received gross proceeds \$1,100,000 from the sale of the secured convertible notes and the investors are obligated to provide us with an additional \$400,000 within five days of this prospectus being declared effective. The proceeds received from the sale of the secured convertible notes will be used for business development purposes, working capital needs, pre-payment of interest, payment of consulting and legal fees and purchasing inventory.

Over-The-Counter Bulletin Board
Symbol......CYBL

The above information regarding common stock to be outstanding after the offering is based on 72,525,001 shares of common stock outstanding as of July  $11,\ 2005$  and assumes the subsequent conversion of our issued secured convertible notes and exercise of warrants by our selling stockholders.

#### APRIL 2005 SECURITIES PURCHASE AGREEMENT

To obtain funding for our ongoing operations, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with four accredited investors on April 22, 2005 for the sale of (i) \$1,500,000 in secured convertible notes and (ii) warrants to buy 25,000,000 shares of our common stock, exercisable for five years from the date of issuance at a purchase price of \$0.03 per share of common stock.

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This prospectus relates to the resale of the common stock underlying these secured convertible notes and warrants. The investors are obligated to provide us with an aggregate of \$1,500,000 as follows:

- o \$600,000 was disbursed on April 22, 2005;
- o \$500,000 was disbursed on May 24, 2005; and
- o \$400,000 will be disbursed within five days of the effectiveness of this prospectus.

Accordingly, we have received a total of \$1,100,000 pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.

The secured convertible notes bear interest at 10%, mature three years from the date of issuance, and are convertible into our common stock, at the selling stockholders' option, at the lower of (i) \$0.03 or (ii) 50% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on the Over-The-Counter Bulletin Board for the 20 trading days before but not including the conversion date. Accordingly, there is in fact no limit on the number of shares into which the notes may be converted. As of July 12, 2005, the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for our common stock during the preceding 20 trading days as reported on the Over-The-Counter Bulletin Board was \$.02 and, therefore, the conversion price for the secured convertible notes was \$.01. Based on this conversion price, the \$1,500,000 secured convertible notes, excluding interest, were convertible into 150,000,000 shares of our common stock.

AJW Partners, LLC, AJW Qualified Partners, LLC, AJW Offshore, Ltd. and New Millennium Partners II, LLC have contractually agreed to restrict their ability to convert or exercise their warrants and receive shares of our common stock such that the number of shares of common stock held by them and their affiliates after such conversion or exercise does not exceed 4.9% of the then issued and outstanding shares of common stock.

See the "Selling Stockholders" and "Risk Factors" sections for a complete description of the secured convertible notes.

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#### RISK FACTORS

This investment has a high degree of risk. Before you invest you should carefully consider the risks and uncertainties described below and the other information in this prospectus. If any of the following risks actually occur, our business, operating results and financial condition could be harmed and the value of our stock could go down. This means you could lose all or a part of your investment.

Risks Relating to Our Business:

WE HAVE A HISTORY OF LOSSES WHICH MAY CONTINUE, WHICH MAY NEGATIVELY IMPACT OUR ABILITY TO ACHIEVE OUR BUSINESS OBJECTIVES.

We incurred net losses of \$6,025,848 for the year ended December 31, 2004 and \$1,494,556 for the year ended December 31, 2003. For the three months ended March 31, 2005, we incurred a net loss of \$423,660. As of March 31, 2005, we had an accumulated deficit of \$11,271,343. We cannot assure you that we can achieve or sustain profitability on a quarterly or annual basis in the future. Our operations are subject to the risks and competition inherent in the establishment of a business enterprise. There can be no assurance that future operations will be profitable. Revenues and profits, if any, will depend upon various factors, including whether we will be able to continue expansion of our revenue. We may not achieve our business objectives and the failure to achieve such goals would have an adverse impact on us.

IF WE ARE UNABLE TO OBTAIN ADDITIONAL FUNDING OUR BUSINESS OPERATIONS WILL BE HARMED AND IF WE DO OBTAIN ADDITIONAL FINANCING OUR THEN EXISTING SHAREHOLDERS

MAY SUFFER SUBSTANTIAL DILUTION.

We will require additional funds to sustain and expand our sales and marketing activities. We anticipate that we will require up to approximately \$900,000 to fund our continued operations for the next twelve months, depending on revenue from operations. Additional capital will be required to effectively support the operations and to otherwise implement our overall business strategy. There can be no assurance that financing will be available in amounts or on terms acceptable to us, if at all. The inability to obtain additional capital will restrict our ability to grow and may reduce our ability to continue to conduct business operations. If we are unable to obtain additional financing, we will likely be required to curtail our marketing and development plans and possibly cease our operations. Any additional equity financing may involve substantial dilution to our then existing shareholders.

OUR INDEPENDENT AUDITORS HAVE EXPRESSED SUBSTANTIAL DOUBT ABOUT OUR ABILITY TO CONTINUE AS A GOING CONCERN, WHICH MAY HINDER OUR ABILITY TO OBTAIN FUTURE FINANCING.

In their report dated March 17, 2005, our independent auditors stated that our financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2003 were prepared assuming that we would continue as a going concern. Our ability to continue as a going concern is an issue raised as a result of losses for the years ended December 31, 2004 and 2003 in the amounts of \$6,025,848 and \$1,494,556, respectively. We continue to experience net operating losses. Our ability to continue as a going concern is subject to our ability to generate a profit and/or obtain necessary funding from outside sources, including obtaining additional funding from the sale of our securities, increasing sales or obtaining loans and grants from various financial institutions where possible. Our continued net operating losses increase the difficulty in meeting such goals and there can be no assurances that such methods will prove successful.

IF WE ARE UNABLE TO RETAIN THE SERVICES OF MESSRS. EVANS, SCHMIDT OR RINGO, OR IF WE ARE UNABLE TO SUCCESSFULLY RECRUIT QUALIFIED MANAGERIAL AND SALES PERSONNEL HAVING EXPERIENCE IN BUSINESS, WE MAY NOT BE ABLE TO CONTINUE OUR OPERATIONS.

Our success depends to a significant extent upon the continued service of Mr. Donald F. Evans, our Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Mark D. Schmidt, our President and Mr. John Ringo, our Secretary and Corporate Counsel. Loss of the services of Messrs. Evans, Schmidt or Ringo could have a material adverse effect on our growth, revenues, and prospective business. We do not maintain key-man insurance on the life of Messrs. Evans or Ringo. In addition, in order to successfully implement and manage our business plan, we will be dependent upon, among other things, successfully recruiting qualified managerial and sales personnel having experience in business. Competition for qualified individuals is intense. There can be no assurance that we will be able to find, attract and retain existing employees or that we will be able to find, attract and retain qualified personnel on acceptable terms.

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MANY OF OUR COMPETITORS ARE LARGER AND HAVE GREATER FINANCIAL AND OTHER RESOURCES THAN WE DO AND THOSE ADVANTAGES COULD MAKE IT DIFFICULT FOR US TO COMPETE WITH THEM.

The lighting and illumination industry is extremely competitive and includes several companies that have achieved substantially greater market shares than we have, and have longer operating histories, have larger customer bases, and have substantially greater financial, development and marketing

resources than we do. If overall demand for our products should decrease it could have a materially adverse affect on our operating results.

OUR TRADEMARK AND OTHER INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS MAY NOT BE ADEQUATELY PROTECTED OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES, RESULTING IN LOSS OF REVENUE.

We believe that our trademarks, whether licensed or owned by us, and other proprietary rights are important to our success and our competitive position. In the course of our international expansion, we may, however, experience conflict with various third parties who acquire or claim ownership rights in certain trademarks. We cannot assure that the actions we have taken to establish and protect these trademarks and other proprietary rights will be adequate to prevent imitation of our products by others or to prevent others from seeking to block sales of our products as a violation of the trademarks and proprietary rights of others. Also, we cannot assure you that others will not assert rights in, or ownership of, trademarks and other proprietary rights of ours or that we will be able to successfully resolve these types of conflicts to our satisfaction. In addition, the laws of certain foreign countries may not protect proprietary rights to the same extent, as do the laws of the United States.

OUR PRINCIPAL STOCKHOLDERS, OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS OWN A CONTROLLING INTEREST IN OUR VOTING STOCK AND INVESTORS WILL NOT HAVE ANY VOICE IN OUR MANAGEMENT.

We have issued 800,000 shares of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock to our officers and directors which are convertible into 8 million shares of common stock and, in the aggregate, have the right to cast 80 million votes in any vote by our shareholders. Combined with the number of shares of common stock held by our officers and directors, they have the right to cast approximately 70% of all votes by our shareholders. As a result, these stockholders, acting together, will have the ability to control substantially all matters submitted to our stockholders for approval, including:

- o election of our board of directors;
- o removal of any of our directors;
- o amendment of our certificate of incorporation or bylaws; and
- o adoption of measures that could delay or prevent a change in control or impede a merger, takeover or other business combination involving us.

As a result of their ownership and positions, our directors and executive officers collectively are able to influence all matters requiring stockholder approval, including the election of directors and approval of significant corporate transactions. In addition, sales of significant amounts of shares held by our directors and executive officers, or the prospect of these sales, could adversely affect the market price of our common stock. Management's stock ownership may discourage a potential acquirer from making a tender offer or otherwise attempting to obtain control of us, which in turn could reduce our stock price or prevent our stockholders from realizing a premium over our stock price.

RISKS RELATING TO OUR CURRENT FINANCING ARRANGEMENT:

THERE ARE A LARGE NUMBER OF SHARES UNDERLYING OUR SECURED CONVERTIBLE NOTES AND WARRANTS THAT MAY BE AVAILABLE FOR FUTURE SALE AND THE SALE OF THESE SHARES MAY DEPRESS THE MARKET PRICE OF OUR COMMON STOCK.

As of July 11, 2005, we had 72,525,001 shares of common stock issued and outstanding, secured convertible notes outstanding pursuant to our securities purchase agreement dated April 22, 2005, that may be converted into an estimated

110,000,000 shares of common stock at current market prices and outstanding warrants pursuant to our securities purchase agreement dated April 22, 2005, to purchase 18,333,333 shares of common stock. Additionally, we have an obligation pursuant to our securities purchase agreement dated April 22, 2005, to sell secured convertible notes that may be converted into an estimated 40,000,000 shares of common stock at current market prices and issue warrants to purchase 6,666,667 shares of common stock in the near future. Additionally, pursuant to our securities purchase agreement dated September 23, 2004, with the selling stockholders, we still have outstanding secured convertible notes that may be converted into an estimated 93,938,467 shares of common stock at current market prices and outstanding warrants to purchase 2,250,000 shares of common stock. In addition, the number of shares of common stock issuable upon conversion of the outstanding secured convertible notes issued pursuant to the securities purchase agreements dated September 23, 2004 and April 22, 2005 may increase if the market price of our stock declines. All of the shares, including all of the shares issuable upon conversion of the secured convertible notes and upon exercise of our warrants, may be sold without restriction. The sale of these shares may adversely affect the market price of our common stock.

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THE CONTINUOUSLY ADJUSTABLE CONVERSION PRICE FEATURE OF OUR SECURED CONVERTIBLE NOTES COULD REQUIRE US TO ISSUE A SUBSTANTIALLY GREATER NUMBER OF SHARES, WHICH WILL CAUSE DILUTION TO OUR EXISTING STOCKHOLDERS.

Our obligation to issue shares upon conversion of our secured convertible notes is essentially limitless. The following is an example of the amount of shares of our common stock that are issuable, upon conversion of our secured convertible notes (excluding accrued interest), based on market prices 25%, 50% and 75% below the market price, as of July 11, 2005 of \$0.08.

% Below Market	ce Per nare	_	Discount	Number of Shares Issuable	% of Outstanding Stock
25%	\$ .06	\$	.03	50,000,000	40.81%
50%	\$ .04	\$	.02	75,000,000	50.84%
75%	\$ .02	\$	.01	150,000,000	67.41%

As illustrated, the number of shares of common stock issuable upon conversion of our secured convertible notes will increase if the market price of our stock declines, which will cause dilution to our existing stockholders.

THE CONTINUOUSLY ADJUSTABLE CONVERSION PRICE FEATURE OF OUR SECURED CONVERTIBLE NOTES MAY HAVE A DEPRESSIVE EFFECT ON THE PRICE OF OUR COMMON STOCK.

The secured convertible notes are convertible into shares of our common stock at a 50% discount to the trading price of the common stock prior to the conversion. The significant downward pressure on the price of the common stock as the selling stockholders convert and sell material amounts of common stock could have an adverse effect on our stock price. In addition, not only the sale of shares issued upon conversion or exercise of secured convertible notes, series A convertible preferred stock and warrants, but also the mere perception that these sales could occur, may adversely affect the market price of the

common stock.

THE ISSUANCE OF SHARES UPON CONVERSION OF THE SECURED CONVERTIBLE NOTES AND EXERCISE OF OUTSTANDING WARRANTS MAY CAUSE IMMEDIATE AND SUBSTANTIAL DILUTION TO OUR EXISTING STOCKHOLDERS.

The issuance of shares upon conversion of the secured convertible notes and exercise of warrants may result in substantial dilution to the interests of other stockholders since the selling stockholders may ultimately convert and sell the full amount issuable on conversion. Although AJW Partners, LLC, AJW Qualified Partners, LLC, AJW Offshore, Ltd., and New Millennium Partners II, LLC may not convert their secured convertible notes and/or exercise their warrants if such conversion or exercise would cause them to own more than 4.9% of our outstanding common stock, this restriction does not prevent AJW Partners, LLC, AJW Qualified Partners, LLC, AJW Offshore, Ltd., and New Millennium Partners II, LLC from converting and/or exercising some of their holdings and then converting the rest of their holdings. In this way, AJW Partners, LLC, AJW Qualified Partners, LLC, AJW Offshore, Ltd., and New Millennium Partners II, LLC could sell more than this limit while never holding more than this limit. There is no upper limit on the number of shares that may be issued which will have the effect of further diluting the proportionate equity interest and voting power of holders of our common stock, including investors in this offering.

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IN THE EVENT THAT OUR STOCK PRICE DECLINES, THE SHARES OF COMMON STOCK ALLOCATED FOR CONVERSION OF THE SECURED CONVERTIBLE NOTES AND REGISTERED PURSUANT TO THIS PROSPECTUS MAY NOT BE ADEQUATE AND WE MAY BE REQUIRED TO FILE A SUBSEQUENT REGISTRATION STATEMENT COVERING ADDITIONAL SHARES. IF THE SHARES WE HAVE ALLOCATED AND ARE REGISTERING HEREWITH ARE NOT ADEQUATE AND WE ARE REQUIRED TO FILE AN ADDITIONAL REGISTRATION STATEMENT, WE MAY INCUR SUBSTANTIAL COSTS IN CONNECTION THEREWITH.

Based on our current market price and the potential decrease in our market price as a result of the issuance of shares upon conversion of the secured convertible notes, we have made a good faith estimate as to the amount of shares of common stock that we are required to register and allocate for conversion of the secured convertible notes. Accordingly, we have allocated and registered 300,000,000 shares to cover the conversion of the secured convertible notes. In the event that our stock price decreases, the shares of common stock we have allocated for conversion of the secured convertible notes and are registering hereunder may not be adequate. If the shares we have allocated to the registration statement are not adequate and we are required to file an additional registration statement, we may incur substantial costs in connection with the preparation and filing of such registration statement.

IF WE ARE REQUIRED FOR ANY REASON TO REPAY OUR OUTSTANDING SECURED CONVERTIBLE NOTES, WE WOULD BE REQUIRED TO DEPLETE OUR WORKING CAPITAL, IF AVAILABLE, OR RAISE ADDITIONAL FUNDS. OUR FAILURE TO REPAY THE SECURED CONVERTIBLE NOTES, IF REQUIRED, COULD RESULT IN LEGAL ACTION AGAINST US, WHICH COULD REQUIRE THE SALE OF SUBSTANTIAL ASSETS.

In April 2005, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement for the sale of an aggregate of \$1,500,000 principal amount of secured convertible notes. The secured convertible notes are due and payable, with 10% interest, three years from the date of issuance, unless sooner converted into shares of our common stock. Although we currently have \$1,100,000 secured convertible

notes outstanding, the investors are irrevocably obligated to purchase additional secured convertible notes of \$400,000 within five days of the effectiveness of this registration statement. In addition, any event of default under our secured convertible notes issued pursuant to our September 23, 2004 or April 22, 2005 securities purchase agreements, such as our failure to repay the principal or interest when due, our failure to issue shares of common stock upon conversion by the holder, our failure to timely file a registration statement or have such registration statement declared effective, breach of any covenant, representation or warranty in the Securities Purchase Agreement or related convertible note, the assignment or appointment of a receiver to control a substantial part of our property or business, the filing of a money judgment, writ or similar process against our company in excess of \$50,000, the commencement of a bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization or liquidation proceeding against our company and the delisting of our common stock could require the early repayment of the secured convertible notes, including a default interest rate of 15% on the outstanding principal balance of the notes if the default is not cured with the specified grace period. We anticipate that the full amount of the secured convertible notes will be converted into shares of our common stock, in accordance with the terms of the secured convertible notes. If we were required to repay the secured convertible notes, we would be required to use our limited working capital and raise additional funds. If we were unable to repay the notes when required, the note holders could commence legal action against us and foreclose on all of our assets to recover the amounts due. Any such action would require us to curtail or cease operations.

RISKS RELATING TO OUR COMMON STOCK:

WE HAVE ISSUED A LARGE AMOUNT OF STOCK IN LIEU OF CASH FOR PAYMENT OF EXPENSES AND EXPECT TO CONTINUE THIS PRACTICE IN THE FUTURE. SUCH ISSUANCES OF STOCK WILL CAUSE DILUTION TO OUR EXISTING STOCKHOLDERS.

Due to our limited economic resources, we try to issue stock in lieu of cash for payment of expenses and services provided for us. In 2004, we issued 6,335,000 shares of common stock in exchange for expenses and services rendered, and we issued 800,000 shares of series B convertible preferred stock to officers and directors in exchange for the retirement of debt owed to them. We anticipate issuing shares of common stock whenever possible in lieu of cash to conserve our financial position. The number of shares of common stock issued is directly related to our stock price at the time of issuance. In the event that our stock price drops, we will be required to issue larger amounts of shares for expenses and services rendered, if the other party is willing to accept stock at all. The issuance of shares of common stock will have the effect of diluting the proportionate equity interest and voting power of holders of our common stock, including investors in this offering.

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IF WE FAIL TO REMAIN CURRENT ON OUR REPORTING REQUIREMENTS, WE COULD BE REMOVED FROM THE OTC BULLETIN BOARD WHICH WOULD LIMIT THE ABILITY OF BROKER-DEALERS TO SELL OUR SECURITIES AND THE ABILITY OF STOCKHOLDERS TO SELL THEIR SECURITIES IN THE SECONDARY MARKET.

Companies trading on the OTC Bulletin Board, such as us, must be reporting issuers under Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and must be current in their reports under Section 13, in order to maintain price quotation privileges on the OTC Bulletin Board. If we fail to remain current on our reporting requirements, we could be removed from the OTC Bulletin Board. As

a result, the market liquidity for our securities could be severely adversely affected by limiting the ability of broker-dealers to sell our securities and the ability of stockholders to sell their securities in the secondary market.

OUR COMMON STOCK IS SUBJECT TO THE "PENNY STOCK" RULES OF THE SEC AND THE TRADING MARKET IN OUR SECURITIES IS LIMITED, WHICH MAKES TRANSACTIONS IN OUR STOCK CUMBERSOME AND MAY REDUCE THE VALUE OF AN INVESTMENT IN OUR STOCK.

The Securities and Exchange Commission has adopted Rule 15g-9 which establishes the definition of a "penny stock," for the purposes relevant to us, as any equity security that has a market price of less than \$5.00 per share or with an exercise price of less than \$5.00 per share, subject to certain exceptions. For any transaction involving a penny stock, unless exempt, the rules require:

- o that a broker or dealer approve a person's account for transactions in penny stocks; and
- o the broker or dealer receive from the investor a written agreement to the transaction, setting forth the identity and quantity of the penny stock to be purchased.

In order to approve a person's account for transactions in penny stocks, the broker or dealer must:

- o obtain financial information and investment experience objectives of the person; and
- make a reasonable determination that the transactions in penny stocks are suitable for that person and the person has sufficient knowledge and experience in financial matters to be capable of evaluating the risks of transactions in penny stocks.

The broker or dealer must also deliver, prior to any transaction in a penny stock, a disclosure schedule prescribed by the Commission relating to the penny stock market, which, in highlight form:

- o sets forth the basis on which the broker or dealer made the suitability determination; and
- o that the broker or dealer received a signed, written agreement from the investor prior to the transaction.

Generally, brokers may be less willing to execute transactions in securities subject to the "penny stock" rules. This may make it more difficult for investors to dispose of our common stock and cause a decline in the market value of our stock.

Disclosure also has to be made about the risks of investing in penny stocks in both public offerings and in secondary trading and about the commissions payable to both the broker-dealer and the registered representative, current quotations for the securities and the rights and remedies available to an investor in cases of fraud in penny stock transactions. Finally, monthly statements have to be sent disclosing recent price information for the penny stock held in the account and information on the limited market in penny stocks.

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# USE OF PROCEEDS

This prospectus relates to shares of our common stock that may be offered and sold from time to time by the selling stockholders. We will not receive any

proceeds from the sale of shares of common stock in this offering. However, we will receive the sale price of any common stock we sell to the selling stockholders upon exercise of the warrants. In connection with the securities purchase agreement dated April 22, 2005, we are obligated to issue to the investors 25 million warrants, which are exercisable at \$0.03 per share for a period of five years from issuance. If the investors were to exercise all 25 million warrants issued pursuant to the securities purchase agreement, we would receive \$750,000. In the event that our stock price does not exceed the warrant exercise price of \$0.03 per share, it is unlikely that the investors would exercise the warrants, in which case would we not receive any of the proceeds from the sale of the warrants. We expect to use the proceeds received from the exercise of the warrants, if any, for general working capital purposes. However, AJW Partners, LLC, AJW Qualified Partners, LLC, AJW Offshore, Ltd., and New Millennium Partners II, LLC will be entitled to exercise up to 18,333,333 warrants on a cashless basis if the shares of common stock underlying the warrants are not then registered pursuant to an effective registration statement. In the event that AJW Partners, LLC, AJW Qualified Partners, LLC, AJW Offshore, Ltd., or New Millennium Partners II, LLC exercise the warrants on a cashless basis, then we will not receive any proceeds from the exercise of those warrants. In addition, we have received gross proceeds \$1,100,000 from the sale of the secured convertible notes and the investors are obligated to provide us with an additional \$400,000 within five days of this prospectus being declared effective. The proceeds received from the sale of the secured convertible notes will be used for business development purposes, working capital needs, pre-payment of interest, payment of consulting and legal fees and purchasing inventory.

#### SECURITIES PURCHASE AGREEMENT

To obtain funding for our ongoing operations, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with four accredited investors on April 22, 2005 for the sale of (i) \$1,500,000 in secured convertible notes and (ii) warrants to purchase 25,000,000 shares of our common stock.

This prospectus relates to the resale of the common stock underlying these secured convertible notes and warrants. The investors are obligated to provide us with an aggregate of \$1,500,000 as follows:

- o \$600,000 was disbursed on April 22, 2005;
- o \$500,000 was disbursed on May 24, 2005;
- o \$400,000\$ will be disbursed within five days of the effectiveness of this prospectus.

Accordingly, we have received a total of \$1,100,000 pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.

The secured convertible notes bear interest at 10%, mature three years from the date of issuance, and are convertible into our common stock, at the investors' option, at the lower of:

- o \$0.03; or
- o 50% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on a principal market for the 20 trading days before but not including the conversion date.

We have a call option under the terms of the secured convertible notes. The call option provides us with the right to prepay all of the outstanding secured convertible notes at any time, provided we are not in default and our stock is trading at or below \$.03 per share. Prepayment of the notes is to be made in cash equal to either (i) 125% of the outstanding principal and accrued

interest for prepayments occurring within 30 days following the issue date of the secured convertible notes; (ii) 135% of the outstanding principal and accrued interest for prepayments occurring between 31 and 60 days following the issue date of the secured convertible notes; and (iii) 150% of the outstanding principal and accrued interest for prepayments occurring after the 60th day following the issue date of the secured convertible notes.

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Our right to repay the notes is exercisable on not less than ten trading days prior written notice to the holders of the secured convertible notes. For notice purposes, a trading day is any day on which our common stock is traded for any period on the OTC Bulletin Board. Notwithstanding the notice of prepayment, the holders of the secured convertible notes have the right at all times to convert all or any portion of the secured convertible notes prior to payment of the prepayment amount.

We also has a partial call option under the terms of the secured convertible notes in any month in which the current price of our common stock is below \$0.03. Under the terms of the partial call option, we have the right to pay the outstanding principal amount of the secured convertible notes plus one-month's interest for that month, which will stay any conversions of the secured convertible notes by the holders for that month. The principal amount of the secured convertible notes to be repaid is determined by dividing the then outstanding principal amount of the notes by the maturity of the notes in months, or 36.

The full principal amount of the secured convertible notes is due upon default under the terms of secured convertible notes. In addition, we have granted the investors a security interest in substantially all of our assets and intellectual property and registration rights. We are liable for breach of any covenant, representation or warranty contained in the Securities Purchase Agreement for a period of two years from the date that the investors distributed the final \$400,000. In the event that we breach any representation or warranty regarding the condition of our company as set forth in the Securities Purchase Agreement, we are liable to pay liquidated damages in shares or cash, at the election of the investors, equal to three percent of the outstanding amount of the secured convertible notes per month plus accrued and unpaid interest. In the event that we breach any covenant as set forth in the Securities Purchase Agreement, including the failure to comply with blue sky laws, timely file all public reports, use the proceeds from the sale of the secured convertible notes in the agreed upon manner, obtain written consent from the investors to negotiate or contract with a party to for additional financing, reserve and have authorized the required number of shares of common stock or the maintenance of our shares of common stock on an exchange or automated quotation system, then we are liable to pay liquidated damages in shares or cash, at the election of the investors, equal to three percent of the outstanding amount of the secured convertible notes per month plus accrued and unpaid interest.

In connection with the Securities Purchase Agreement, we executed a Security Agreement and an Intellectual Property Security Agreement in favor of the investors granting them a first priority security interest in all of our goods, inventory, contractual rights and general intangibles, receivables, documents, instruments, chattel paper, and intellectual property. Under the Security Agreement and Intellectual Property Security Agreement, events of default occur upon:

- o The occurrence of an event of default (as defined in the secured convertible notes;
- o Any representation or warranty we made in the Security Agreement or

- in the Intellectual Property Security Agreement shall prove to have been incorrect in any material respect when made;
- The failure by us to observe or perform any of our obligations under the Security Agreement or in the Intellectual Property Security Agreement for ten (10) days after receipt of notice of such failure from the investors; and
- o Any breach of, or default under, the Warrants.

An event of default under the secured convertible notes occurs if we:

- o Fail to pay the principal or interest when due;
- o Do not issue shares of common stock upon receipt of a conversion notice;
- Fail to file a registration statement within 45 days after April 22, 2005 or fail to have the registration statement effective within 90 days after April 22, 2005;
- o Breach any material covenant or other material term or condition in the secured convertible notes or the Securities Purchase Agreement;
- O Breach any representation or warranty made in the Securities Purchase Agreement or other document executed in connection therewith;

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- Apply for or consent to the appointment of a receiver or trustee for us or any of our subsidiaries or for a substantial part of our of our subsidiaries' property or business, or such a receiver or trustee shall otherwise be appointed;
- o Have any money judgment, writ or similar process shall be entered or filed against us or any of our subsidiaries or any of our property or other assets for more than \$50,000, and shall remain unvacated, unbonded or unstayed for a period of twenty (20) days unless otherwise consented to by the investors;
- o Institute or have instituted against us or any of our subsidiaries any bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization or liquidation proceedings or other proceedings for relief under any bankruptcy law or any law for the relief of debtors;
- o Fail to maintain the quotation of our common stock on one of the OTCBB or an equivalent replacement exchange, the Nasdaq National Market, the Nasdaq SmallCap Market, the New York Stock Exchange, or the American Stock Exchange; or
- o Default under any other secured convertible note issued pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement.

Upon occurrence of any event of default under either the Security Agreement or the Intellectual Property Security Agreement, the investors shall have the right to exercise all of the remedies conferred under the Security Agreement, the Intellectual Property and under the secured convertible notes, and the investors shall have all the rights and remedies of a secured party under the Uniform Commercial Code and/or any other applicable law (including the Uniform Commercial Code of any jurisdiction in which any collateral is then located). The investors shall have the following rights and powers:

To take possession of the collateral and, for that purpose, enter, with the aid and assistance of any person, any premises where the collateral, or any part thereof, is or may be placed and remove the same, and we shall assemble the collateral and make it available to the investors at places which the investors shall reasonably select, whether at our premises or elsewhere, and make available to the investors, without rent, all of our respective premises and

facilities for the purpose of the investors taking possession of, removing or putting the collateral in saleable or disposable form; and

0 To operate our business using the collateral and shall have the right to assign, sell, lease or otherwise dispose of and deliver all or any part of the collateral, at public or private sale or otherwise, either with or without special conditions or stipulations, for cash or on credit or for future delivery, in such parcel or parcels and at such time or times and at such place or places, and upon such terms and conditions as the investors may deem commercially reasonable, all without (except as shall be required by applicable statute and cannot be waived) advertisement or demand upon or notice to us or our right of redemption, which we expressly waived. Upon each such sale, lease, assignment or other transfer of collateral, the investors may, unless prohibited by applicable law which cannot be waived, purchase all or any part of the collateral being sold, free from and discharged of all trusts, claims, right of redemption and equities by us, which we waived and released.

The warrants are exercisable until five years from the date of issuance at a purchase price of \$0.03 per share. The selling stockholders will be entitled to exercise the warrants on a cashless basis if the shares of common stock underlying the warrants are not then registered pursuant to an effective registration statement. In the event that the selling stockholder exercises the warrants on a cashless basis, then we will not receive any proceeds. In addition, the exercise price of the warrants will be adjusted in the event we issue common stock at a price below market, with the exception of any securities issued as of the date of this warrant or issued in connection with the secured convertible notes issued pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement, dated April 22, 2005.

Upon the issuance of shares of common stock below the market price, the exercise price of the warrants will be reduced accordingly. The market price is determined by averaging the last reported sale prices for our shares of common stock for the five trading days immediately preceding such issuance as set forth on our principal trading market. The exercise price shall be determined by multiplying the exercise price in effect immediately prior to the dilutive issuance by a fraction. The numerator of the fraction is equal to the sum of the number of shares outstanding immediately prior to the offering plus the quotient of the amount of consideration received by us in connection with the issuance divided by the market price in effect immediately prior to the issuance. The denominator of such issuance shall be equal to the number of shares outstanding after the dilutive issuance.

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The conversion price of the secured convertible notes and the exercise price of the warrants may be adjusted in certain circumstances such as if we pay a stock dividend, subdivide or combine outstanding shares of common stock into a greater or lesser number of shares, or take such other actions as would otherwise result in dilution of the selling stockholder's position.

The selling stockholders have contractually agreed to restrict their ability to convert their secured convertible notes or exercise their warrants and receive shares of our common stock such that the number of shares of common stock held by them and their affiliates in the aggregate after such conversion or exercise does not exceed 4.99% of the then issued and outstanding shares of common stock.

A complete copy of the Securities Purchase Agreements and related

documents are incorporated by reference as exhibits to our Form SB-2 registration statement relating to this prospectus.

Sample Conversion Calculation

The number of shares of common stock issuable upon conversion of the notes is determined by dividing that portion of the principal of the notes to be converted and interest, if any, by the conversion price. For example, assuming conversion of \$1,500,000 of notes on July 12, 2005, a conversion price of \$0.01 per share, the number of shares issuable upon conversion would be:

\$1,500,000/\$.01 = 150,000,000shares

The following is an example of the amount of shares of our common stock that are issuable, upon conversion of the principal amount of our secured convertible notes, based on market prices 25%, 50% and 75% below the market price, as of July 11, 2005 of \$0.08.

					Number	% of
% Below	Pri	ce Per	With I	Discount	of Shares	Outstanding
Market	Sh	nare	at	50%	Issuable	Stock
25%	\$	.06	\$	.03	50,000,000	40.81%
50%	\$	.04	\$	.02	75,000,000	50.84%
75%	\$	.02	\$	.01	150,000,000	67.41%

#### MARKET FOR COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

Our common stock is quoted on the OTC Bulletin Board under the symbol  $\mbox{"CYBL".}$ 

For the periods indicated, the following table sets forth the high and low bid prices per share of common stock. These prices represent inter-dealer quotations without retail markup, markdown, or commission and may not necessarily represent actual transactions.

	High(\$)	Low (\$)
2003		
Third Quarter (1)	1.05	0.10
Fourth Quarter	0.55	0.12
2004		
First Quarter	0.53	0.19
Second Quarter	0.85	0.27
Third Quarter	0.55	0.23
Fourth Quarter	0.35	0.06
2004		
First Quarter	0.07	0.02
Second Quarter	0.20	0.02
Third Quarter (2)	0.12	0.07

- (1) Our stock first traded on July 13, 2003.
- (2) As of July 11, 2005.

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HOLDERS

As of July 11, 2005, we had approximately 368 holders of our common stock. The number of record holders was determined from the records of our transfer agent and does not include beneficial owners of common stock whose shares are held in the names of various security brokers, dealers, and registered clearing agencies. The transfer agent of our common stock is Pacific Stock Transfer Company, 500 E. Warm Springs Road, Suite 240, Las Vegas, Nevada 89119.

We have never declared or paid any cash dividends on our common stock. We do not anticipate paying any cash dividends to stockholders in the foreseeable future. In addition, any future determination to pay cash dividends will be at the discretion of the Board of Directors and will be dependent upon our financial condition, results of operations, capital requirements, and such other factors as the Board of Directors deem relevant.

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# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Some of the information in this Form SB-2 contains forward-looking statements that involve substantial risks and uncertainties. You can identify these statements by forward-looking words such as "may," "will," "expect," "anticipate," "believe," "estimate" and "continue," or similar words. You should read statements that contain these words carefully because they:

- o discuss our future expectations;
- o contain projections of our future results of operations or of our financial condition; and
- o state other "forward-looking" information.

We believe it is important to communicate our expectations. However, there may be events in the future that we are not able to accurately predict or over which we have no control. Our actual results and the timing of certain events could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of certain factors, including those set forth under "Risk Factors," "Business" and elsewhere in this prospectus. See "Risk Factors."

OVERVIEW

We are in the development stage and our efforts have been principally devoted to designing, developing and marketing advanced lighting systems that utilize white (and other) light emitting diodes as illumination elements.

We are developing and marketing new product applications of diodal illumination (TM) that demonstrate added value over traditional lighting systems. Using proprietary technology, we are creating a family of products for emergency and security lighting offer extended light life and greater cost effectiveness than other existing forms of illumination. We are expanding our marketing activity into channels of retail, commercial and institutional sales.

Our target markets include long-term interim lighting needs in hotels,

hospitals, nursing homes, airports, shopping centers and multiple family complexes; long-term evacuation solutions for theaters, office and public buildings; reduced maintenance cost solutions for property managers as applied to walkway, corridor or landscape lighting; and certain sensitive applications for the military.

During the second quarter of 2004, we met with officials from the State of New York who expressed interest in our long-term interim lighting solutions. We also met with security administrators of the Metropolitan Transit Authority and the Port Authority in the City of New York. The Metropolitan Transit Authority requested that we submit a proposal to provide long term interim lighting pilot installations in New York City's subway system to include passenger platforms, rail cars and tunnel accesses. In June 2004, we submitted a proposal to the MTA for a pilot program. As a result of our meeting with the Port Authority, we anticipate a similar proposal request related to Newark, LaGuardia and JFK airports and the Holland Tunnel system, although we have not received a proposal request as of the date of this filing and no assurance can be given that we will receive a proposal request. In March 2005, we submitted an implementation proposal for subway cars and stairwells. In March of 2005, we submitted a revised proposal to the MTA that reduce the scope to providing emergency lighting for only the subway cars and platforms. The proposal also called for an initial subway car installation trial to prove the capability and value of our technology. In April of 2005, we met with the Vice President of Engineering for the MTA and discussed our proposal and the timing for a trial within the subway system. Based on this meeting and the resulting discussions of the time period required to accomplish our trial objectives, we understand the MTA is still evaluating the trial proposal but this is not a priority at this point and no determination can be made at this time as to when the MTA will make a decision on our proposal. Therefore, we plan to re-address the Port Authority with a similar proposal for an initial subway car installation trial to prove the capability and value of our technology. This program will be formally submitted in the third quarter of 2005.

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# CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The preparation of our financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect our reported assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses, and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. We base our estimates and judgments on historical experience and on various other assumptions we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. Future events, however, may differ markedly from our current expectations and assumptions. While there are a number of significant accounting policies affecting our financial statements; we believe the following critical accounting policies involve the most complex, difficult and subjective estimates and judgments:

- o stock-based compensation; and
- o revenue recognition.

#### STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

In December 2002, the FASB issued SFAS No. 148 - Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation - Transition and Disclosure. This statement amends SFAS No. 123 - Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation, providing alternative methods of voluntarily transitioning to the fair market value based method of accounting

for stock based employee compensation. FAS 148 also requires disclosure of the method used to account for stock-based employee compensation and the effect of the method in both the annual and interim financial statements. The provisions of this statement related to transition methods are effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2002, while provisions related to disclosure requirements are effective in financial reports for interim periods beginning after December 31, 2002.

The Company elected to continue to account for stock-based compensation plans using the intrinsic value-based method of accounting prescribed by APB No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees," and related interpretations. Under the provisions of APB No. 25, compensation expense is measured at the grant date for the difference between the fair value of the stock and the exercise price.

#### REVENUE RECOGNITION

For revenue from product sales, the Company recognizes revenue in accordance with SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 101, "Revenue Recognition in Financial Statements" ("SAB 101"). SAB 101 requires that four basic criteria must be met before revenue can be recognized: (1) persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists; (2) delivery has occurred; (3) the selling price is fixed and determinable; and (4) collectibility is reasonably assured. Determination of criteria (3) and (4) are based on management's judgments regarding the fixed nature of the selling prices of the products delivered and the collectibility of those amounts. Provisions for discounts and rebates to customers, estimated returns and allowances, and other adjustments are provided for in the same period the related sales are recorded. The Company defers any revenue for which the product has not been delivered or is subject to refund until such time that the Company and the customer jointly determine that the product has been delivered or no refund will be required.

#### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2005 COMPARED TO THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2004

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#### REVENUES

Revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2005 were \$ 13,568 and compares to \$9,968 for the same period ended March 31, 2004. Included in sales for the quarter is a \$10,000 contract with Kings Park School District of Long Island, New York for the installation of our ELS products in a local middle school.

#### COST OF SALES

Cost of sales for the first quarter were \$6,369 and produced a gross margin on sales of 53%. This compares to \$8,395 in cost of sales for the quarter ended March 31, 2004 which produced a gross margin of 16%.

# OPERATING EXPENSES

Operating expenses for the quarter ended March 31, 2005 were \$388,153 and compares to \$287,089 for the same period ended March, 31, 2004. Included in the Quarter ended March 31, 2005 are \$21,323 in expenses for market development and

literature. This compares to \$0 for the first quarter of 2004.

As a result of limited capital resources and minimal revenues from operations from our inception, we have relied on the issuance of equity securities to non-employees in exchange for services. Our management enters into equity compensation agreements with non-employees if it is in our best interest under terms and conditions consistent with the requirements of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123, Accounting for Stock Based Compensation. In order to conserve our limited operating capital resources, we anticipate continuing to compensate non-employees for services during the next twelve months. This policy may have a material effect on our results of operations during the next twelve months.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2004 AND 2003 COMPARED.

Revenues for the year ended December 31, 2004 were \$23,803 and include \$9,974 for the pilot installation of our new ELS product for the City of Cleveland, Ohio. This compares to revenues of \$74,238 for the year ended December 31, 2003.

Cost of goods sold were \$160,260 for 2004 compared with \$161,984 for 2003. Much of the design effort on the ELS product was costed into the product installation for the City of Cleveland.

Operating expenses for the year ended December 31, 2004 were \$4,098,444 compared with \$1,268,802 for the year ended December 31, 2003. Operating expenses for consulting services for the year ended December 31, 2004 were \$2,116,672 and most of this expense was the result of issuance of common stock of the Company, recorded at the market price on the date of the awards, in lieu of cash payments. The parties who received services provided either market development or capital fund-raising services.

	Market	Fund	
	Development	Raising	
Cash Payments			
New Edison	72,900.00		
Dudgeon Enterprises	15,000.00		
Geiger & Associates	21,000.00		
Burns & Associates	11,756.25		
Phil Snowden	11,756.25		
Miscellaneous	14,800.85		

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Stock Payments	
Greenfield Capital	125,000.00
Sichenzia Ross et al.	25,000.00
Current Capital	243,750.00

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Note\*\* These entries were recorded based on the Black-Scholes calculations that were performed to establish the fair market value of stock awarded in exchange for services.

The other \$1,981,722 million in Operating expenses for the year ended December 31, 2004 included:

	Year Ended	12/31/2004
Salaries & Benefits		977 <b>,</b> 529
Marketing and advertising		109,651
Rent		35 <b>,</b> 954
Insurance		8,389
Depreciation and amortization		47,686
Research and development		391,421
Legal Expense		64,229
Accounting Services		63,915
Investor Relations		62,354
Travel, Living and Entertainment		167,035
Office Expenses		53,609
		1,981,772

Operating expenses for 2004 also include \$296,008 representing costs incurred in the design and pre-production of three products to be marketed during the second quarter of 2005. Accounting practices have historically attempted to match revenues and costs; however, in compliance with the requirements of FASB number 2, we have taken these costs to expense during the year 2004.

Interest expense for 2004 was \$1,600,087 compared to \$138,008 for 2003. Included in interest expense for 2004 is \$1,500,000 which was booked to recognize the imbedded beneficial conversion feature of the \$1,500,000 convertible notes payable entered into during the 3rd and 4th quarters of 2004.

The net loss realized for 2004 was \$6,825,848, or \$0.41 per share on an average of 16,701,174 shares outstanding and compares to a net loss of \$2,230,806, or \$0.29 per share on an average of 7,652,012 shares outstanding for the year 2003.

# LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

As of March 31, 2005, we had a working capital deficit of \$875,666. This compares to a working capital deficit of \$442,303 as of December 31, 2004. As a result of our operating losses for the first three months ended March 31, 2005,

we generated a cash flow deficit of \$326,442 from operating activities. Cash flows used in investing activities was \$963 during the quarter. Cash flows used in financing activities were \$77,510 on payment of short-term notes payable for the first three months ended March 31, 2005.

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While we have raised capital to meet our working capital and financing needs in the past, additional financing is required in order to meet our current and projected cash flow deficits from operations and development.

By adjusting our operations and development to the level of capitalization, we believe we have sufficient capital resources to meet projected cash flow deficits through the next twelve months. However, if thereafter, we are not successful in generating sufficient liquidity from operations or in raising sufficient capital resources, on terms acceptable to us, this could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, liquidity and financial condition.

Our independent certified public accountant has stated in their report, dated as of March 17, 2005, that we have incurred operating losses in the last two years, and that we are dependent upon management's ability to develop profitable operations. These factors among others may raise substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern.

September 2004 Securities Purchase Agreement

To obtain funding for our ongoing operations, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with four accredited investors, AJW Partners, LLC, AJW Qualified Partners LLC, AJW Offshore, Ltd. and New Millennium Capital Partners II, LLC, on September 23, 2004 for the sale of (i) \$1,500,000 in secured convertible notes and (ii) warrants to buy 2,250,000 shares of our common stock. The investors provided us with an aggregate of \$1,500,000 as follows:

- o \$500,000 was disbursed on September 23, 2004;
- o \$500,000 was disbursed on October 20, 2004; and
- o \$500,000 was disbursed on November 18, 2004.

The proceeds received from the sale of the secured convertible notes were used for business development purposes, working capital needs, pre-payment of interest, payment of consulting and legal fees and purchasing inventory. As of July 11, 2005, \$560,615.33 of the convertible debentures has been converted, resulting in the issuance of 46,352,210 shares of common stock and \$939,384.67 remains outstanding.

The secured convertible notes bear interest at 10%, mature two years from the date of issuance, and are convertible into our common stock, at the investors' option, at the lower of (i) \$0.72 or (ii) 50% of the average of the three lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on the Over-The-Counter Bulletin Board for the 20 trading days before but not including the conversion date. The full principal amount of the secured convertible notes is due upon default under the terms of secured convertible notes. The warrants are exercisable until five years from the date of issuance at a purchase price of \$0.50 per share. In addition, the conversion price of the secured convertible

notes and the exercise price of the warrants will be adjusted in the event that we issue common stock at a price below the fixed conversion price, below market price, with the exception of any securities issued in connection with the Securities Purchase Agreement. The conversion price of the secured convertible notes and the exercise price of the warrants may be adjusted in certain circumstances such as if we pay a stock dividend, subdivide or combine outstanding shares of common stock into a greater or lesser number of shares, or take such other actions as would otherwise result in dilution of the selling stockholder's position. As of the date of this filing, the conversion price for the secured convertible debentures and the exercise price of the warrants have not been adjusted. The selling stockholders have contractually agreed to restrict their ability to convert or exercise their warrants and receive shares of our common stock such that the number of shares of common stock held by them and their affiliates after such conversion or exercise does not exceed 4.9% of the then issued and outstanding shares of common stock. In addition, we have granted the investors a security interest in substantially all of our assets and intellectual property and registration rights.

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Since the conversion price was less than the market price of the common stock at the time the secured convertible notes are issued, we recognized a charge relating to the beneficial conversion feature of the secured convertible notes during the quarter in which they are issued, including the third quarter of fiscal 2004 when \$1,500,000 of secured convertible notes were issued.

April 2005 Securities Purchase Agreement

To obtain funding for our ongoing operations, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with four accredited investors, AJW Partners, LLC, AJW Qualified Partners LLC, AJW Offshore, Ltd. and New Millennium Capital Partners II, LLC, on April 22, 2005 for the sale of (i) \$1,500,000 in secured convertible notes and (ii) warrants to buy 25,000,000 shares of our common stock. The investors are obligated to provide us with an aggregate of \$1,500,000 as follows:

- o \$600,000 was disbursed on April 22, 2005;
- o \$500,000 was disbursed on May 24, 2005; and
- o \$400,000 will be disbursed within five days of the effectiveness of this prospectus.

Accordingly, we have received a total of \$1,100,000 pursuant to the April 2005 Securities Purchase Agreement.

The proceeds received from the sale of the secured convertible notes were used for business development purposes, working capital needs, pre-payment of interest, payment of consulting and legal fees and purchasing inventory.

The secured convertible notes bear interest at 10%, mature three years

from the date of issuance, and are convertible into our common stock, at the investors' option, at the lower of (i) \$0.03 or (ii) 50% of the average of the lowest intraday trading prices for the common stock on the Over-The-Counter Bulletin Board for the 20 trading days before but not including the conversion date. The full principal amount of the secured convertible notes is due upon default under the terms of secured convertible notes. The warrants are exercisable until five years from the date of issuance at a purchase price of \$0.03 per share. In addition, the conversion price of the secured convertible notes and the exercise price of the warrants will be adjusted in the event that we issue common stock at a price below the fixed conversion price, below market price, with the exception of any securities issued in connection with the Securities Purchase Agreement. The conversion price of the secured convertible notes and the exercise price of the warrants may be adjusted in certain circumstances such as if we pay a stock dividend, subdivide or combine outstanding shares of common stock into a greater or lesser number of shares, or take such other actions as would otherwise result in dilution of the selling stockholder's position. As of the date of this filing, the conversion price for the secured convertible debentures and the exercise price of the warrants have not been adjusted. The selling stockholders have contractually agreed to restrict their ability to convert or exercise their warrants and receive shares of our common stock such that the number of shares of common stock held by them and their affiliates after such conversion or exercise does not exceed 4.9% of the then issued and outstanding shares of common stock. In addition, we have granted the investors a security interest in substantially all of our assets and intellectual property and registration rights.

Since the conversion price will be less than the market price of the common stock at the time the secured convertible notes are issued, we anticipate recognizing a charge relating to the beneficial conversion feature of the secured convertible notes during the quarter in which they are issued, including the second quarter of fiscal 2005 when \$1,100,000 of secured convertible notes were issued.

We will still need additional investments in order to continue operations to cash flow break even. Additional investments are being sought, but we cannot quarantee that we will be able to obtain such investments. Financing transactions may include the issuance of equity or debt securities, obtaining credit facilities, or other financing mechanisms. However, the trading price of our common stock and the downturn in the U.S. stock and debt markets could make it more difficult to obtain financing through the issuance of equity or debt securities. Even if we are able to raise the funds required, it is possible that we could incur unexpected costs and expenses, fail to collect significant amounts owed to us, or experience unexpected cash requirements that would force us to seek alternative financing. Further, if we issue additional equity or debt securities, stockholders may experience additional dilution or the new equity securities may have rights, preferences or privileges senior to those of existing holders of our common stock. If additional financing is not available or is not available on acceptable terms, we will have to curtail our operations again.

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#### RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 141, "Business Combinations" (SFAS No. 141), and Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" (SFAS No. 142). The FASB also issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 143, "Accounting for Obligations Associated with the Retirement of Long-Lived Assets" (SFAS No. 143),

and Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets" (SFAS No. 144) in August and October 2001, respectively.

SFAS No. 141 requires the purchase method of accounting for business combinations initiated after June 30, 2001 and eliminates the pooling-of-interest method. The adoption of SFAS No. 141 had no material impact on the Company's financial statements.

Effective January 1, 2002, the Company adopted SFAS No. 142. Under the new rules, the Company will no longer amortize goodwill and other intangible assets with indefinite lives, but such assets will be subject to periodic testing for impairment. On an annual basis, and when there is reason to suspect that their values have been diminished or impaired, these assets must be tested for impairment, and write-downs to be included in results from operations may be necessary. SFAS No. 142 also requires the Company to complete a transitional goodwill impairment test six months from the date of adoption.

Any goodwill impairment loss recognized as a result of the transitional goodwill impairment test will be recorded as a cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle no later than the end of fiscal year 2002. The adoption of SFAS No. 142 had no material impact on the Company's financial statements

SFAS No. 143 establishes accounting standards for the recognition and measurement of an asset retirement obligation and its associated asset retirement cost. It also provides accounting guidance for legal obligations associated with the retirement of tangible long-lived assets. SFAS No. 143 is effective in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2002, with early adoption permitted. The Company expects that the provisions of SFAS No. 143 will not have a material impact on its results of operations and financial position upon adoption. The Company plans to adopt SFAS No. 143 effective January 1, 2003.

SFAS No. 144 establishes a single accounting model for the impairment or disposal of long-lived assets, including discontinued operations. SFAS No. 144 superseded Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 121, "Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to Be Disposed Of" (SFAS No. 121), and APB Opinion No. 30, "Reporting the Results of Operations - Reporting the Effects of Disposal of a Segment of a Business, and Extraordinary, Unusual and Infrequently Occurring Events and Transactions". The Company adopted SFAS No. 144 effective January 1, 2002. The adoption of SFAS No. 144 had no material impact on Company's financial statements.

In April 2002, the FASB issued Statement No. 145, "Rescission of FASB Statements No. 4, 44, and 64, Amendment of FASB Statement No. 13, and Technical Corrections." This Statement rescinds FASB Statement No. 4, "Reporting Gains and Losses from Extinguishment of Debt", and an amendment of that Statement, FASB Statement No. 64, "Extinguishments of Debt Made to Satisfy Sinking-Fund Requirements" and FASB Statement No. 44, "Accounting for Intangible Assets of Motor Carriers". This Statement amends FASB Statement No. 13, "Accounting for Leases", to eliminate an inconsistency between the required accounting for sale-leaseback transactions and the required accounting for certain lease modifications that have economic effects that a similar to sale-leaseback transactions. The Company does not expect the adoption to have a material impact to the Company's financial position or results of operations.

In June 2002, the FASB issued Statement No. 146, "Accounting for Costs Associated with Exit or Disposal Activities." This Statement addresses financial accounting and reporting for costs associated with exit or disposal activities and nullifies Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) Issue No. 94-3, "Liability Recognition for Certain Employee Termination Benefits and Other Costs to Exit an Activity (including Certain Costs Incurred in a Restructuring)." The provisions of this Statement are effective for exit or disposal activities that are initiated after December 31, 2002, with early application encouraged. The Company does not expect the adoption to have a material impact to the Company's financial position or results of operations.

In October 2002, the FASB issued Statement No. 147, "Acquisitions of Certain Financial Institutions—an amendment of FASB Statements No. 72 and 144 and FASB Interpretation No. 9", which removes acquisitions of financial institutions from the scope of both Statement 72 and Interpretation 9 and requires that those transactions be accounted for in accordance with Statements No. 141, Business Combinations, and No. 142, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets. In addition, this Statement amends SFAS No. 144, Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of

Long-Lived Assets, to include in its scope long-term customer relationship intangible assets of financial institutions such as depositor—and borrower-relationship intangible assets and credit cardholder intangible assets. The requirements relating to acquisitions of financial institutions are effective for acquisitions for which the date of acquisition is on or after October 1, 2002. The provisions related to accounting for the impairment or disposal of certain long-term customer-relationship intangible assets are effective on October 1, 2002. The adoption of this Statement did not have a material impact to the Company's financial position or results of operations as the Company has not engaged in either of these activities.

In December 2002, the FASB issued Statement No. 148, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation-Transition and Disclosure", which amends FASB Statement No. 123, Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation, to provide alternative methods of transition for a voluntary change to the fair value based method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation. In addition, this Statement amends the disclosure requirements of Statement 123 to require prominent disclosures in both annual and interim financial statements about the method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation and the effect of the method used on reported results. The transition guidance and annual disclosure provisions of Statement 148 are effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2002, with earlier application permitted in certain circumstances. The interim disclosure provisions are effective for financial reports containing financial statements for interim periods beginning after December 15, 2002. The adoption of this statement did not have a material impact on the Company's financial position or results of operations as the Company has not elected to change to the fair value based method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation.

In January 2003, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 46, "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities." Interpretation 46 changes the criteria by which one company includes another entity in its consolidated financial statements. Previously, the criteria were based on control through voting interest. Interpretation 46 requires a variable interest entity to be consolidated by a company if that company is subject to a majority of the risk of loss from the variable interest entity's activities or entitled to receive a majority of the entity's residual returns or both. A company that consolidates a variable interest entity is called the primary beneficiary of that entity. The consolidation requirements of Interpretation 46 apply immediately to variable interest entities created after January 31, 2003. The consolidation requirements apply to older entities in the first fiscal year or interim period beginning

after June 15, 2003. Certain of the disclosure requirements apply in all financial statements issued after January 31, 2003, regardless of when the variable interest entity was established. The Company does not expect the adoption to have a material impact to the Company's financial position or results of operations.

PRODUCT RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

We anticipate incurring approximately \$500,000 in research and development expenditures in connection with the development of our Wireless Lighting System, Aeon cabinet lighting and Cyclone Power Light Plant during the next twelve months.

These projected expenditures are dependent upon our generating revenues and obtaining sources of financing in excess of our existing capital resources. There is no guarantee that we will be successful in raising the funds required or generating revenues sufficient to fund the projected costs of research and development during the next twelve months.

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ACQUISITION OR DISPOSITION OF PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

We do not anticipate the sale of any significant property, plant or equipment during the next twelve months. We do not anticipate the acquisition of any significant property, plant or equipment during the next 12 months.

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BUSINESS

OVERVIEW

We are a Nevada corporation that was incorporated on May 17, 2000. We were founded to design, develop, market and sell advanced lighting systems that utilize Gallium Nitride light emitting diodes as illumination elements. White diodes are a relatively new phenomenon that offers major advances in illumination technology. Our Gallium Nitride diodes consume 92% less energy than incandescent or fluorescent counterparts to produce comparable light output. In electrochemical (battery powered) applications, this diminution of energy consumption positions our lighting solutions as more durable and reliable than other interim lighting alternatives. In standard alternating current electrical applications, the calculated life of Gallium Nitride diodes as lighting elements is over 20 years versus 750 hours for traditional incandescent light bulbs. These exceptional performance characteristics, diminutive energy consumption and extended life, have prompted Gallium Nitride diode implementation in traffic lights and automotive brake lights, but have not yet significantly occurred in our area of focus, diodal illumination (tm). Diodal illumination is the production of light through the use of white light emitting diodes. A light emitting diode is a chemical compound (gallium nitride, GaN) that produces a visible light when an electrical current is applied. This production of light through a diode is contrasted with light from a typical light bulb, in which light is produced as a by-product of a burning filament contained within a vacuum globe. The diode uses 92% less energy to produce comparable light to that of a traditional light bulb. Our diodal illumination differs from traditional

LEDs, or light emitting diodes in several ways, such as:

- (a) traditional LEDs involve the use of colored lights, including blue, red, green and amber while our diodal illumination involves only white light;
- (b) our diodal illumination uses only gallium nitride, while traditional LEDs use multiple gases and chemical compounds; and
- (c) traditional LEDs cannot produce large amounts of wattage while our diodal illumination can create wattage equal to or in excess of current fluorescent lighting.

#### PRINCIPAL PRODUCTS AND PRINCIPAL MARKETS

We have introduced our first product, the Cyberlux Home Safety Light. Our Home Safety Light accounted for 58% of revenues in 2004 and 0% for the period of January 1, 2005 to date. Our production strategy has required the identification, qualification and engagement of a variety of talents in industrial design, integrated circuit board production, multi-cavity steel injection mold fabrication, component part assembly, performance testing and packaging to fulfill the tasks associated with finished goods delivery.. We are now planning to broaden our product line into optoelectronic technology and expand our marketing activity into various channels of retail and institutional sales. Our product line, consisting of the Home Safety Light, the Cyclone PLP (Power Light Plant), the Power-Outage Adapter, the Task & Accent Light and the KeyCap LockLight, employ single use standard alkaline or lithium ion constant charge reusable batteries in different applications. These fixtures express superior characteristics in brightness, extended light life and durability through diodal(TM) illumination, an optoelectronic descriptor trademarked by Cyberlux.

During the early stages of research for long-term interim light solutions, all experimentation was confined to incandescent, fluorescent and, to a more limited extent, fiber optics as illumination sources. The recurring problem with these lighting elements was the inefficient use of electrical energy. For example, in an incandescent bulb, 95% of the electrical energy consumed is dissipated as radiant heat, not light. The discovery of the bright white Gallium Nitride diode provides an alternative that can produce the long-term interim light source that was to be the objective of our product development activities. Unlike light bulbs that are brittle glass globes surrounding a fragile wire filament in a vacuum, light emitting diodes are extraordinarily efficient solid state semiconductors that are practically indestructible. Diodes are manufactured from chemical compounds mixed with phosphors, which transform electrical energy to visible light without heat. When electrical current is applied to a diode, the energy creates electromagnetic radiation, which occurs as light.

The power outage that struck the Midwest to the Northeastern United States and parts of Canada in August of 2003 dramatized the absence of realistic emergency lighting solutions in North America. This event was followed by the hurricane season of 2004 during which millions of property owners in Florida were without conventional power for days up to several weeks. The recurring power losses are directly attributable to the grid system which delivers electrical power to the North American Continent. Storm activity or power surges may cause electrical power line damage which then causes grid collapse due to the domino effect of failing systems. Typically, in the event of a power outage, "emergency lighting" is utilized, which is short-term evacuation lights in public and private buildings which perform for 60 to 90 minutes. Long-term electrical power grid failure is a far different problem. We have developed an alternative to typical "emergency lighting" for grid failure blackouts with

long-term emergency lighting using its Reliabrighttm family of battery powered products that provide 60 hours (3,600 minutes) of bright light from one battery charge.

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Shortly after the blackout of August 2003, we were invited to propose an emergency lighting redundancy system for the City of Cleveland, Ohio where the power-outage darkened most of the city's buildings and homes. We reviewed existing systems and then demonstrated our Reliabrighttm Emergency Lighting System (ELS) over a three-month period beginning in December, 2003. In March of 2004, we were awarded a non-competitive bid contract by the City to begin implementation of our Reliabrighttm ELS and ELU products in Cleveland's Public Utilities Building. The nature and purpose of Reliabrighttm is its ability to provide 60 hours of light during blackouts in bathrooms, stairwells, elevators, corridors, equipment rooms and interior offices from its custom sealed constant-charge battery pack and expandable diodaltm lighting element configuration. The Reliabrighttm ELS retrofits into existing ceiling tiles in bathrooms, elevators or offices and the ELU is wall mounted in corridors, stairwells and equipment rooms. Our Reliabrighttm Emergency Lighting System accounted for 42% of our revenues in 2004 and 100% for the period of January 1, 2005 to date.

Our initial product, the Home Safety Light (HSL), is an efficient portable fixture that provides a full week of light from one set of AA batteries compared to over 20 sets of replacement batteries required by other portable lights to produce comparable light life. A proprietary intelligent circuit board provides three levels of light intensity controlled by a simple push button. The parabolic reflector broadcasts a blanket of light that can illuminate an entire room, corridor, stairwell or other strategic location. The unit may be hand-held, placed on a level platform or suspended from a wall-mounted hook. At the moderate light level, it provides a full week of reliable bright light. Because the patented HSL's performance characteristics are ideal for recreational boating and camping as well as home safety, certain modifications and package designs were implemented to create the CampLamptm which address the needs of outdoor markets.

The Cyclone PLP (Power Light Plant) is a heavy-duty, rugged, portable fixture that is actually a "perpetual source of light". The Cyclone is powered by our proprietary sealed ConstaChargetm lead-acid battery that is maintained at full charge by linkage to a standard electrical wall outlet or by linkage to a vehicle's charge port or its cigarette lighter. The fixture operates its articulated lens head for 60 hours of light from one charge session and can be renewed to full charge in approximately 4 hours. The PLP has an integrated charge port to enable recharge of a cell phone or other DC device and a reverse current flow switch that can trickle charge a disabled automobile battery through connection to the vehicle's internal charge port. The articulated lens head arm has the ability to rotate through graduated ratchet points to provide rigid focus of a powerful beam in task related applications. A 180 degree rotation of the lens head when the fixture is upended to a vertical stance positions the light source as a useful table lamp.

Our Power-Outage Adapter is a patented "intelligent electrical wall outlet" that replaces an existing wall outlet, continues to perform as an electrical outlet used by a variety of power cords, but now provides a new dimension of service as an emergency lighting system. The Adapter contains a constant charge battery, three sensors and three diodaltm lighting elements. One sensor detects motion in a darkened space and illuminates one diode in the lower lens to provide a guide light for movement; a second sensor detects loss of

power in the building's electrical system and illuminates two ultra-bright diodes in the upper lens to wash the attendant wall with light; and a third sensor detects ambient light in the space and deactivates the system. The Power Outage Adapter will be marketed to hospitals, eldercare facilities and hotels in the third quarter of 2005.

The "Heatless" new Task & Accent light is a fixture of several different lengths which offer alternatives for its application in closets, cabinets and under cabinet counter lighting. This product has the potential to become the favorite of kitchen and interior designers owing to its remarkable performance characteristics of several optional shades of white light, three levels of light intensity and its "cool to the touch" safety feature. The choice of electrical connections as plug-in, hard-wired or battery powered adds to the fixture's flexibility and its light life of 75,000 hours contributes to its leadership role in energy efficiency, durability and longevity.

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Our patented KeyCaptm LockLight provides an inexpensive solution for a key chain light source. This unique fixture is encased in an elastic fabric that easily fits over the head of any variety of keys. The slender circuitry is positioned to reside at the side of the key with the diode facing the lockset entry down the shaft of the key which brightly, and precisely, illuminates the keyhole. The KeyCaptm, which will be marketed three to a package surrounding plastic facsimiles of keys, is a practical, lightweight, addition to every consumer's key chain.

#### CUSTOMERS

Our major customers to date include the City of Cleveland and the Kings Park, New York school district. We have previously sold our Home Safety Light to QVC in 2003, and we are in discussions with them for the purchase and sale of our Home Safety Light for the third quarter of 2005, although no agreement has been reached and no assurances can be given that we will reach an agreement with QVC.

Our Home Safety Light is targeted to all consumers to be used in the event of emergency. The Home Safety Light is designed to provide extended lighting from two AA batteries for use during blackouts, hurricanes, power failures or in areas of the house where traditional lighting is either not required or needed, such as attics. Our Reliabright Emergency Lighting System is targeted to corporations, building owners, school districts, governments and the military to provide long-term emergency lighting solutions. Our Power Outage Adapter will be marketed to hospitals, eldercare facilities and hotels. Our Aeon "Task & Accent" lighting products will be targeted to home, office and business owners as well as residential and commercial builders.

#### DISTRIBUTION METHODS OF OUR PRODUCTS

Consistent with our sales objectives, the reliable manufacture and distribution of proprietary component parts and assembly of finished products required exacting coordination of resources to provide detailed working drawings to tool manufacturers for injection molded parts and optics; precise circuitry diagrams to receive diodes, resistors and capacitors into the electronics platform; source identification for volume supplies of batteries and diodes; packaging considerations for presentation of product and corresponding dimensions of containment's for shipping and display; and an experienced

contract assembly organization with an extensive infrastructure capable of collation and inventory of all component parts.

Robrady Design, Inc., our industrial design firm, provides detailed working drawings for injection molded parts to tool manufacturers in the US and abroad. Our products are manufactured both in the United States and abroad. We have contracted on a per-order basis with manufacturing facilities in China, Taiwan, Mexico, Puerto Rico and Canada. We are responsible for choosing our manufacturing facilities. We have no standing contracts with any manufacturing facilities, and we engage such facilities on an as-needed basis.

We contract for our diodes with Nichia Corporation, Lumileds, Inc. and Cree, Inc. Plastic parts and production molds are contracted for on a product by product basis with MegaHertz Magnetics Corporation which has offices in Boulder, CO and Shanghai, China. Packaging design is contracted with Phillipe Becker Design in San Francisco, CA where prototype clamshell and blister pack packages are produced for duplication by printers and plastic mold fabricators in China.

During the Fall of 2000, we identified Shelby County Community Services, Shelbyville, Illinois, as a contract manufacture and assembly organization that was positioned to meet our requirements for assembly and distribution of our products. Shelby County Community Services has over a decade of successful performance on behalf of Fortune 100 companies and represented the quality of management, performance and fiscal stability that we sought to employ in the distribution process.

We have a Proprietary Product Manufacturing Agreement with Shelby County Community Services that provides for Shelby County Community Services to assemble, test, package, warehouse finished good inventory, palletize and ship per purchase orders for shipment FOB Shelbyville. In the Summer of 2004, we renewed our relationship with Shelby County Community Services. Shelby County Community Services will continue to serve as the warehousing and distribution center for our products, which are to be manufactured abroad. Shelby County Community Services coordinates customs protocols and manages incoming inventories.

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Our internet site is serviced by Shelby County Community Services through a fulfillment operations agreement whereby Shelby County Community Services receives a daily batched summary of internet sales through an email link established by us and United Parcel Service. The software validates the address of the customer and advises shipping mode (next day, two day or ground), computes shipping and handling charges then prints the appropriate waybill at the shipping office of Shelby County Community Services. Packages are shipped within 24 hours of receipt of the email summary of business for the preceding day's orders. Shelby County Community Services coordinates materials inventory with our approved vendors based upon purchase orders or blanket orders for products. SCCS can currently assemble and ship 80,000 product units per month, which can be increased by 50% with a four month lead time to undertake expansion of facilities.

We have engaged Forma Designs, Inc. to produce, coordinate and manage our corporate and product marketing activities. Forma Designs, Inc. has broad-based experience in developing the corporate and product marketing required to launch technology companies. The role of Forma Designs, Inc. is to integrate marketing, sales, product and customer support activities and messages to optimize customer acquisition and retention. Forma Designs, Inc. serves as the liaison for the

preparation and delivery of selling materials to the individual selling firms and an information conduit to management for production and finished goods inventory issues.

We have retained Capstrat, Inc. as our public relations firm responsible for the strategic and tactical communications for Cyberlux. Capstrat is a marketing communications firm that assists Cyberlux in communicating to our target audiences of customers, prospects, the media, policymakers, employees, opinion leaders and shareholders. Capstrat draws on a wide array of disciplines, fueled by strategy and creativity, to aid Cyberlux in achieving our tactical and strategic goals.

We have retained two technology product sales firms, Smart Products, Inc., Westwood, NJ, and New Edison, LLC, Longmont, CO, to represent our product line over the range of channels addressed for distribution. The individual firms have been selected based upon established relationships with certain commercial and retail channels and proven track records of sales to those channels.

#### INDUSTRY BACKGROUND

A research study by Research Econometrics, LLP in April 1999 attempted to identify a new approach to the development of an electrochemical (battery powered), portable, interim lighting system capable of providing safe illumination for extended periods of time to property owners deprived of electrical service caused by power outages. Although power outages have come to be a recurring phenomenon due to anomalies in electrical service distribution networks, the focus of the initial study was on disruptions caused by severe storm activity along the Atlantic and Gulf States' coastlines and the corresponding affected inland electrical grids. The National Weather Service labels annual storm activity as the Hurricane Season, which is officially monitored from June 1st to November 30th each year. Other deficiency outages not related to weather have been labeled by the press as rolling blackouts. The loss of electrical power related to tropical and subtropical storms can be wide spread and cover extensive regional segments surrounding the matrix of the storm. It is the incidence of power outages that identified the need for a reliable, durable, safe and economical interim lighting system for property owners and the general population in areas affected by these seasonally severe weather systems. The research conducted to identify an optimum interim lighting system led to the discovery of a new illumination technology (optoelectronics).

#### REGULATION

Our advertising and sales practices concerning the Home Safety Light and the Wireless Interim Lighting Systems are regulated by the Federal Trade Commission and state consumer protection laws. Such regulations include restrictions on the manner that we promote the sale of our products. We believe we are in material compliance with such regulations. We believe that we will be able to comply in all material respects with laws and regulations governing the conduct of business operations in general. We are not aware of any pending government regulations that may adversely affect our business.

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# RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES

We anticipate continuing to incur research and development expenditures in connection with the development of our Wireless Lighting System during the next twelve months.

These projected expenditures are dependent upon our generating revenues and obtaining sources of financing in excess of our existing capital resources. There is no guarantee that we will be successful in raising the funds required or generating revenues sufficient to fund the projected costs of research and development during the next twelve months.

#### COMPETITION

The lighting and illumination industry is extremely competitive. Our ReliaBright products address the long-term blackout emergency lighting needs with battery powered (60 hours) lighting solutions for hotels, hospitals, adult care centers and high-rise apartments, and long-term evacuation lighting solutions for commercial buildings. The ReliaBright products are competitively positioned as a price-competitive, new technology introduction into an existing product category, where General Electric, Bodine and Lithonia are the key competitors with products that use traditional lighting technology. The Aeon "Task & Accent" lighting products address residential closet lighting, interior cabinet accent lighting and under cabinet counter lighting as heatless long-term (75,000 hours of life) lighting solutions for the homeowner. This unique lighting resource for cabinetmakers, contractors and do-it-yourselfers offers three levels of light from soft white diodal(TM) elements that are cool to the touch and easy to install. The Aeon products are competitively positioned as a premium priced new technology introduction into an existing product category, where General Electric, Philips and Sea Gull Lighting are the key competitors with products that use traditional lighting technology. We believe that our lighting solid-state technology will provide a 40 to 60 percent reduction in maintenance costs for property managers through replacement of walkway, corridor or landscape lighting elements and 68 percent reduction in energy costs for those fixtures.

#### EMPLOYEES

We currently have eight (8) full time employees. Our employees are primarily at the executive level based upon our role in coordination of outsource contracts for manufacturing and other production considerations. Currently, there exist no organized labor agreements or union agreements between us and our employees. We have employment agreements with the following executive officers: Donald F. Evans, Chairman and CEO, Mark D. Schmidt, President and COO, Alan H. Ninneman, Senior Vice President and John W. Ringo, Secretary and Corporate Counsel. We believe that our relations with our employees are good.

#### DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTIES

We maintain our principal office at 4625 Creekstone Drive, Suite 100, Research Triangle Park, Durham, North Carolina 27703. Our telephone number at that office is (919) 474-9700 and our facsimile number is (919) 474-9712. We lease 2,405 square feet of office space. The lease expires on December 31, 2008. The monthly rent is \$3,457, subject to an annual cost of living increase. We believe that our current office space and facilities are sufficient to meet our present needs and do not anticipate any difficulty securing alternative or additional space, as needed, on terms acceptable to us.

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#### LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

From time to time, we may become involved in various lawsuits and legal

proceedings which arise in the ordinary course of business. However, litigation is subject to inherent uncertainties, and an adverse result in these or other matters may arise from time to time that may harm our business. Except as disclosed below, we are currently not aware of any such legal proceedings or claims that we believe will have, individually or in the aggregate, a material adverse affect on our business, financial condition or operating results.

On April 18, 2001, we filed a civil complaint against Light Technology, Inc., Ervin J. Rachwal, Safe-Light Industries, LLC a/k/a JFER Innovations Group, LLC, James Meyer and John Fleming alleging fraud, breach of contract, monies lent, misappropriation of trade secrets, conspiracy and sought injunctive relief against the defendants to prevent them from misappropriating trade secrets as well as to recover monetary damages On May 11, 2001, the Court granted a temporary injunction against the Defendants. On June 5, 2001, the Defendants filed their Answer denying the allegations of the Complaint and filed a counterclaim alleging fraud, violation of Trade Secret Act, breach of contract and money lent.

On January 18, 2002, the Court granted the Defendants' Motion to Dissolve the Injunction. On January 28, 2002, we filed a Motion for Rehearing or Clarification of the Motion to Dissolve. A hearing on our Motion for Rehearing or Clarification of the Motion to Dissolve was scheduled for March 18, 2002, but was cancelled by the Court and has not been rescheduled. In accordance with Florida's Rules of Civil Procedure, when a Motion to dissolve is granted, this order is stayed and the injunction remains in effect until the Court rules on a Motion for Rehearing or Clarification of the Motion to Dissolve. Therefore, the injunction still remains in effect until the Court rules on this Motion.

#### BACKGROUND:

We came into contact with Light Technology, Inc. and Rachwal in early 2000. We were seeking someone with the knowledge and expertise to assist us in the development of an emergency light using white LEDs. Light Technology, Inc. and Rachwal represented that they had such knowledge and expertise and could finalize the development of our emergency light by September 30, 2000 so that we could begin manufacturing and selling the emergency light by