

PENNS WOODS BANCORP INC  
Form 10-Q  
May 10, 2011  
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**UNITED STATES**  
**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

**FORM 10-Q**

**x Quarterly Report pursuant to Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**

**for the Quarterly Period Ended March 31, 2011.**

**o Transition report pursuant to Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Exchange Act for the Transition Period**

**from to .**

**No. 0-17077**

**(Commission File Number)**

**PENNS WOODS BANCORP, INC.**

**(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)**

**PENNSYLVANIA**

**23-2226454**

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(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)

**300 Market Street, P.O. Box 967 Williamsport, Pennsylvania**  
(Address of principal executive offices)

**17703-0967**  
(Zip Code)

**(570) 322-1111**

Registrant's telephone number, including area code

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES  NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). YES  NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definition of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Small reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). YES  NO

On May 3, 2011 there were 3,835,637 shares of the Registrant's common stock outstanding.

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**PENNS WOODS BANCORP, INC.**

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Table of Contents**Part I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION****Item 1. Financial Statements**

**PENNS WOODS BANCORP, INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET**  
**(UNAUDITED)**

| (In Thousands, Except Share Data)   | March 31,<br>2011 | December 31,<br>2010 |
|---|-------------------|----------------------|
| <b>ASSETS:</b>  |                   |                      |
| Noninterest-bearing balances  | \$ 10,950         | \$ 9,467             |
| Interest-bearing deposits in other financial institutions   | 554               | 26                   |
| Total cash and cash equivalents   | 11,504            | 9,493                |
| Investment securities, available for sale, at fair value  | 220,877           | 215,565              |
| Investment securities, held to maturity, (fair value of \$53 and \$83)                              | 53                | 83                   |
| Loans held for sale   | 4,818             | 6,658                |
| Loans   | 412,093           | 415,557              |
| Less: Allowance for loan losses   | 6,640             | 6,035                |
| Loans, net  | 405,453           | 409,522              |
| Premises and equipment, net   | 7,634             | 7,658                |
| Accrued interest receivable   | 3,638             | 3,765                |
| Bank-owned life insurance   | 15,640            | 15,436               |
| Investment in limited partnerships  | 4,040             | 4,205                |
| Goodwill  | 3,032             | 3,032                |
| Deferred tax asset  | 11,554            | 11,897               |
| Other assets  | 5,094             | 4,374                |
| <b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>   | <b>\$ 693,337</b> | <b>\$ 691,688</b>    |
| <b>LIABILITIES:</b>   |                   |                      |
| Interest-bearing deposits   | \$ 433,439        | \$ 428,161           |
| Noninterest-bearing deposits  | 95,278            | 89,347               |
| Total deposits  | 528,717           | 517,508              |
| Short-term borrowings   | 15,636            | 27,299               |
| Long-term borrowings, Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB)   | 71,778            | 71,778               |
| Accrued interest payable  | 694               | 750                  |
| Other liabilities   | 7,514             | 7,733                |
| <b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>  | <b>624,339</b>    | <b>625,068</b>       |
| <b>SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY</b>  |                   |                      |
| Common stock, par value \$8.33, 10,000,000 shares authorized; 4,016,233 and 4,015,753 shares issued | 33,468            | 33,464               |
| Additional paid-in capital  | 18,078            | 18,064               |
| Retained earnings   | 32,180            | 31,091               |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss:   |                   |                      |

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|  |                   |                   |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|
| Net unrealized loss on available for sale securities | (6,005)           | (7,276)           |
| Defined benefit plan                                 | (2,413)           | (2,413)           |
| Less: Treasury stock at cost, 180,596 shares         | (6,310)           | (6,310)           |
| <b>TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY</b>                     | <b>68,998</b>     | <b>66,620</b>     |
| <b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY</b>     | <b>\$ 693,337</b> | <b>\$ 691,688</b> |

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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**PENNS WOODS BANCORP, INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME**  
**(UNAUDITED)**

| (In Thousands, Except Per Share Data)                      | Three Months Ended<br>March 31, |                 |
|--|---------------------------------|-----------------|
|  | 2011                            | 2010            |
| <b>INTEREST AND DIVIDEND INCOME:</b>                       |                                 |                 |
| Loans, including fees                                      | \$ 6,288                        | \$ 6,330        |
| Investment securities:                                     |                                 |                 |
| Taxable  | 1,375                           | 1,349           |
| Tax-exempt   | 1,267                           | 1,258           |
| Dividend and other interest income                         | 52                              | 52              |
| <b>TOTAL INTEREST AND DIVIDEND INCOME</b>                  | <b>8,982</b>                    | <b>8,989</b>    |
| <b>INTEREST EXPENSE:</b>                                   |                                 |                 |
| Deposits   | 1,194                           | 1,710           |
| Short-term borrowings                                      | 57                              | 64              |
| Long-term borrowings, FHLB                                 | 734                             | 917             |
| <b>TOTAL INTEREST EXPENSE</b>                              | <b>1,985</b>                    | <b>2,691</b>    |
| <b>NET INTEREST INCOME</b>                                 | <b>6,997</b>                    | <b>6,298</b>    |
| <b>PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES</b>                           | <b>600</b>                      | <b>300</b>      |
| <b>NET INTEREST INCOME AFTER PROVISION FOR LOAN LOSSES</b> | <b>6,397</b>                    | <b>5,998</b>    |
| <b>NON-INTEREST INCOME:</b>                                |                                 |                 |
| Service charges  | 503                             | 510             |
| Securities gains (losses), net                             | 125                             | (3)             |
| Earnings on bank-owned life insurance                      | 174                             | 171             |
| Gain on sale of loans                                      | 249                             | 182             |
| Insurance commissions                                      | 209                             | 264             |
| Other  | 685                             | 572             |
| <b>TOTAL NON-INTEREST INCOME</b>                           | <b>1,945</b>                    | <b>1,696</b>    |
| <b>NON-INTEREST EXPENSE:</b>                               |                                 |                 |
| Salaries and employee benefits                             | 2,632                           | 2,737           |
| Occupancy, net   | 348                             | 331             |
| Furniture and equipment                                    | 308                             | 304             |
| Pennsylvania shares tax                                    | 172                             | 169             |
| Amortization of investment in limited partnerships         | 166                             | 142             |
| Other  | 1,362                           | 1,303           |
| <b>TOTAL NON-INTEREST EXPENSE</b>                          | <b>4,988</b>                    | <b>4,986</b>    |
| <b>INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX PROVISION</b>                  | <b>3,354</b>                    | <b>2,708</b>    |
| <b>INCOME TAX PROVISION</b>                                | <b>501</b>                      | <b>260</b>      |
| <b>NET INCOME</b>  | <b>\$ 2,853</b>                 | <b>\$ 2,448</b> |
| <b>NET INCOME PER SHARE - BASIC</b>                        | <b>\$ 0.74</b>                  | <b>\$ 0.64</b>  |

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|  |    |           |    |           |
|--|----|-----------|----|-----------|
| <b>NET INCOME PER SHARE - DILUTED</b>                | \$ | 0.74      | \$ | 0.64      |
| <b>WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES OUTSTANDING - BASIC</b>   |    | 3,835,295 |    | 3,834,296 |
| <b>WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES OUTSTANDING - DILUTED</b> |    | 3,835,295 |    | 3,834,448 |
| <b>DIVIDENDS PER SHARE</b>                           | \$ | 0.46      | \$ | 0.46      |

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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## PENNS WOODS BANCORP, INC.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

(UNAUDITED)

| (In Thousands, Except Per Share Data)                 | COMMON STOCK |           | ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL | RETAINED EARNINGS | ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) |            | TREASURY STOCK | TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY |
|---|--------------|-----------|----------------------------|-------------------|---|------------|----------------|---------------------------|
|   | SHARES       | AMOUNT    |                            |                   |   |            |                |                           |
| Balance, December 31, 2009                            | 4,013,142    | \$ 33,443 | \$ 18,008                  | \$ 27,218         | \$ (5,489)                                    | \$ (6,264) | \$             | 66,916                    |
| Comprehensive income:                                 |              |           |                            |                   |   |            |                |                           |
| Net income  |              |           |                            | 2,448             |   |            |                | 2,448                     |
| Other comprehensive income                            |              |           |                            |                   | 357   |            |                | 357                       |
| Dividends declared, (\$0.46 per share)                |              |           |                            | (1,765)           |   |            |                | (1,765)                   |
| Common shares issued for employee stock purchase plan | 521          | 4         | 12                         |                   |   |            |                | 16                        |
| Balance, March 31, 2010                               | 4,013,663    | \$ 33,447 | \$ 18,020                  | \$ 27,901         | \$ (5,132)                                    | \$ (6,264) | \$             | 67,972                    |

| (In Thousands, Except Per Share Data)                 | COMMON STOCK |           | ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL | RETAINED EARNINGS | ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) |            | TREASURY STOCK | TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY |
|---|--------------|-----------|----------------------------|-------------------|---|------------|----------------|---------------------------|
|   | SHARES       | AMOUNT    |                            |                   |   |            |                |                           |
| Balance, December 31, 2010                            | 4,015,753    | \$ 33,464 | \$ 18,064                  | \$ 31,091         | \$ (9,689)                                    | \$ (6,310) | \$             | 66,620                    |
| Comprehensive income:                                 |              |           |                            |                   |   |            |                |                           |
| Net income  |              |           |                            | 2,853             |   |            |                | 2,853                     |
| Other comprehensive income                            |              |           |                            |                   | 1,271   |            |                | 1,271                     |
| Dividends declared, (\$0.46 per share)                |              |           |                            | (1,764)           |   |            |                | (1,764)                   |
| Common shares issued for employee stock purchase plan | 480          | 4         | 14                         |                   |   |            |                | 18                        |
| Balance, March 31, 2011                               | 4,016,233    | \$ 33,468 | \$ 18,078                  | \$ 32,180         | \$ (8,418)                                    | \$ (6,310) | \$             | 68,998                    |

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

## PENNS WOODS BANCORP, INC.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(UNAUDITED)

| (In Thousands)  | Three Months Ended March 31, |          |
|---|------------------------------|----------|
|   | 2011                         | 2010     |
| Net Income  | \$ 2,853                     | \$ 2,448 |
| Other comprehensive income:                                       |                              |          |
| Change in unrealized gain (loss) on available for sale securities | 2,051                        | 538      |
| Net realized gain (loss) included in net income                   | 125                          | (3)      |



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|  |          |          |
|--|----------|----------|
| Other comprehensive income before tax expense            | 1,926    | 541      |
| Income tax expense related to other comprehensive income | 655      | 184      |
| Other comprehensive income, net of tax                   | 1,271    | 357      |
| Comprehensive income                                     | \$ 4,124 | \$ 2,805 |

See accompanying notes to the unaudited consolidated financial statements.

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**PENNS WOODS BANCORP, INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**  
**(UNAUDITED)**

| (In Thousands)  | Three Months Ended<br>March 31, |                  |
|---|---------------------------------|------------------|
|   | 2011                            | 2010             |
| <b>OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>  |                                 |                  |
| Net Income  | \$ 2,853                        | \$ 2,448         |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: |                                 |                  |
| Depreciation and amortization   | 175                             | 190              |
| Provision for loan losses   | 600                             | 300              |
| Accretion and amortization of investment security discounts and premiums          | (459)                           | (547)            |
| Securities (gains) losses, net  | (125)                           | 3                |
| Originations of loans held for sale   | (8,686)                         | (7,130)          |
| Proceeds of loans held for sale   | 10,775                          | 7,011            |
| Gain on sale of loans   | (249)                           | (182)            |
| Earnings on bank-owned life insurance   | (174)                           | (171)            |
| Decrease in prepaid federal deposit insurance                                     | 165                             | 175              |
| Other, net  | (693)                           | (37)             |
| Net cash provided by operating activities   | 4,182                           | 2,060            |
| <b>INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>   |                                 |                  |
| Investment securities available for sale:   |                                 |                  |
| Proceeds from sales   | 2,728                           | 147              |
| Proceeds from calls and maturities  | 2,001                           | 7,046            |
| Purchases   | (7,876)                         | (14,592)         |
| Investment securities held to maturity:   |                                 |                  |
| Proceeds from sales   | 5                               |                  |
| Proceeds from calls and maturities  | 25                              |                  |
| Net decrease (increase) in loans  | 2,892                           | (4,515)          |
| Acquisition of bank premises and equipment  | (151)                           | (215)            |
| Proceeds from the sale of foreclosed assets                                       | 92                              | 26               |
| Purchase of bank-owned life insurance   | (32)                            | (31)             |
| Proceeds from bank-owned life insurance death benefit                             |                                 | 82               |
| Proceeds from redemption of regulatory stock                                      | 345                             |                  |
| Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities                              | 29                              | (12,052)         |
| <b>FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>   |                                 |                  |
| Net increase in interest-bearing deposits   | 5,278                           | 22,739           |
| Net increase in noninterest-bearing deposits                                      | 5,931                           | 1,014            |
| Net decrease in short-term borrowings   | (11,663)                        | (5,376)          |
| Dividends paid  | (1,764)                         | (1,765)          |
| Issuance of common stock  | 18                              | 16               |
| Net cash (used for) provided by financing activities                              | (2,200)                         | 16,628           |
| <b>NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>                                  | <b>2,011</b>                    | <b>6,636</b>     |
| <b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING</b>                                       | <b>9,493</b>                    | <b>13,788</b>    |
| <b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, ENDING</b>  | <b>\$ 11,504</b>                | <b>\$ 20,424</b> |
| <b>SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:</b>                         |                                 |                  |
| Interest paid   | \$ 2,041                        | \$ 2,774         |
| Income taxes paid   | 750                             | 550              |

Transfer of loans to foreclosed real estate

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See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

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**PENNS WOODS BANCORP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES**

**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**(Unaudited)**

**Note 1. Basis of Presentation**

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Penns Woods Bancorp, Inc. (the Company) and its wholly-owned subsidiaries: Woods Investment Company, Inc., Woods Real Estate Development Company, Inc., and Jersey Shore State Bank (the Bank) and its wholly-owned subsidiary, The M Group, Inc. D/B/A The Comprehensive Financial Group (The M Group). All significant inter-company balances and transactions have been eliminated in the consolidation.

The interim financial statements are unaudited but, in the opinion of management, reflect all adjustments necessary for the fair presentation of results for such periods. The results of operations for any interim period are not necessarily indicative of results for the full year. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010.

The accounting policies followed in the presentation of interim financial results are the same as those followed on an annual basis. These policies are presented on pages 39 through 46 of the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010.

In reference to the attached financial statements, all adjustments are of a normal recurring nature pursuant to Rule 10-01(b) (8) of Regulation S-X.

**Note 2. Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

In October, 2010, the FASB issued ASU 2010-26, *Accounting for Costs Associated with Acquiring or Renewing Insurance Contracts*. This ASU addresses the diversity in practice regarding the interpretation of which costs relating to the acquisition of new or renewal insurance contracts qualify for deferral. The amendments are effective for fiscal years and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2011 and are not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

In December, 2010, the FASB issued ASU 2010-28, *When to Perform Step 2 of the Goodwill Impairment Test for Reporting Units with Zero or Negative Carrying Amounts*. This ASU modifies Step 1 of the goodwill impairment test for reporting units with zero or negative carrying amounts. For those reporting units, an entity is required to perform Step 2 of the goodwill impairment test if it is more likely than not that a goodwill impairment exists. In determining whether it is more likely than not that a goodwill impairment exists, an entity should consider whether there are any adverse qualitative factors indicating an impairment may exist. The qualitative factors are consistent with the existing

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guidance, which requires that goodwill of a reporting unit be tested for impairment between annual tests if an event occurs or circumstances change that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of a reporting unit below its carrying amount. For public entities, the amendments in this Update are effective for fiscal year, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2010. Early adoption is not permitted. For nonpublic entities, the amendments are effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2011. Nonpublic entities may early adopt the amendments using the effective date for public entities. This ASU did not have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

In January 2011, the FASB issued ASU 2011-01, *Receivables (Topic 310): Deferral of the Effective Date of Disclosures about Troubled Debt Restructurings in Update No. 2010-20*. The amendments in this Update temporarily delay the effective date of the disclosures about troubled debt restructurings in Update

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2010-20, enabling public-entity creditors to provide those disclosures after the FASB clarifies the guidance for determining what constitutes a troubled debt restructuring. The deferral in this Update will result in more consistent disclosures about troubled debt restructurings. This amendment does not defer the effective date of the other disclosure requirements in Update 2010-20. In the proposed Update for determining what constitutes a troubled debt restructuring, the FASB proposed that the clarifications would be effective for interim and annual periods ending after June 15, 2011. For the new disclosures about troubled debt restructurings in Update 2010-20, those clarifications would be applied retrospectively to the beginning of the fiscal year in which the proposal is adopted. The adoption of this guidance is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

In April 2011, the FASB issued ASU 2011-02, *Receivables (Topic 310): A Creditor's Determination of Whether a Restructuring Is a Troubled Debt Restructuring*. The amendments in this Update provide additional guidance or clarification to help creditors in determining whether a creditor has granted a concession and whether a debtor is experiencing financial difficulties for purposes of determining whether a restructuring constitutes a troubled debt restructuring. The amendments in this Update are effective for the first interim or annual reporting period beginning on or after June 15, 2011, and should be applied retrospectively to the beginning annual period of adoption. As a result of applying these amendments, an entity may identify receivables that are newly considered impaired. For purposes of measuring impairment of those receivables, an entity should apply the amendments prospectively for the first interim or annual period beginning on or after June 15, 2011. This ASU is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

**Note 3. Per Share Data**

There are no convertible securities which would affect the denominator in calculating basic and dilutive earnings per share. Net income as presented on the consolidated statement of income will be used as the numerator. The following table sets forth the composition of the weighted average common shares (denominator) used in the basic and dilutive earnings per share computation.

|  | <b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b> |             |
|--|-------------------------------------|-------------|
|  | <b>2011</b>                         | <b>2010</b> |
| Weighted average common shares issued  | 4,015,891                           | 4,013,324   |
| Average treasury stock shares  | (180,596)                           | (179,028)   |
| Weighted average common shares and common stock equivalents used to calculate basic earnings per share   | 3,835,295                           | 3,834,296   |
| Additional common stock equivalents (stock options) used to calculate diluted earnings per share         |                                     | 152         |
| Weighted average common shares and common stock equivalents used to calculate diluted earnings per share | 3,835,295                           | 3,834,448   |

Options to purchase 990 shares of common stock at a strike price of \$24.72 were outstanding during the three months ended March 31, 2010 and were included in the computation of diluted earnings per share. The average market price of the Company's stock was \$32.23 for the three months ended March 31, 2010. There were no options outstanding during the three months ended March 31, 2011.



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The amortized cost and fair values of investment securities at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010 are as follows:

| (In Thousands)                         | March 31, 2011    |                              |                               |                   |
|--|-------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|
|  | Amortized<br>Cost | Gross<br>Unrealized<br>Gains | Gross<br>Unrealized<br>Losses | Fair<br>Value     |
| <b>Available for sale (AFS)</b>        |                   |                              |                               |                   |
| U.S. Government and agency securities  | \$ 27,155         | \$ 1,772                     | \$ (6)                        | \$ 28,921         |
| State and political securities         | 170,843           | 570                          | (13,708)                      | 157,705           |
| Other debt securities                  | 19,972            | 450                          | (10)                          | 20,412            |
| <b>Total debt securities</b>           | <b>217,970</b>    | <b>2,792</b>                 | <b>(13,724)</b>               | <b>207,038</b>    |
| Financial institution securities       | 11,205            | 1,927                        | (76)                          | 13,056            |
| Other equity securities                | 800               | 16                           | (33)                          | 783               |
| <b>Total equity securities</b>         | <b>12,005</b>     | <b>1,943</b>                 | <b>(109)</b>                  | <b>13,839</b>     |
| <b>Total investment securities AFS</b> | <b>\$ 229,975</b> | <b>\$ 4,735</b>              | <b>\$ (13,833)</b>            | <b>\$ 220,877</b> |
| <b>Held to maturity (HTM)</b>          |                   |                              |                               |                   |
| U.S. Government and agency securities  | \$                | \$                           | \$                            | \$                |
| Other debt securities                  | 53                |                              |                               | 53                |
| <b>Total investment securities HTM</b> | <b>\$ 53</b>      | <b>\$</b>                    | <b>\$</b>                     | <b>\$ 53</b>      |
| <br>                                   |                   |                              |                               |                   |
| <b>December 31, 2010</b>               |                   |                              |                               |                   |
| (In Thousands)                         | Amortized<br>Cost | Gross<br>Unrealized<br>Gains | Gross<br>Unrealized<br>Losses | Fair<br>Value     |
| <b>Available for sale (AFS)</b>        |                   |                              |                               |                   |
| U.S. Government and agency securities  | \$ 24,759         | \$ 1,854                     | \$                            | \$ 26,613         |
| State and political securities         | 169,844           | 282                          | (15,339)                      | 154,787           |
| Other debt securities                  | 20,141            | 503                          | (36)                          | 20,608            |
| <b>Total debt securities</b>           | <b>214,744</b>    | <b>2,639</b>                 | <b>(15,375)</b>               | <b>202,008</b>    |
| Financial institution securities       | 11,549            | 1,686                        | (44)                          | 13,191            |
| Other equity securities                | 296               | 70                           |                               | 366               |
| <b>Total equity securities</b>         | <b>11,845</b>     | <b>1,756</b>                 | <b>(44)</b>                   | <b>13,557</b>     |
| <b>Total investment securities AFS</b> | <b>\$ 226,589</b> | <b>\$ 4,395</b>              | <b>\$ (15,419)</b>            | <b>\$ 215,565</b> |
| <b>Held to maturity (HTM)</b>          |                   |                              |                               |                   |
| U.S. Government and agency securities  | \$ 5              | \$                           | \$                            | \$ 5              |
| Other debt securities                  | 78                |                              |                               | 78                |
| <b>Total investment securities HTM</b> | <b>\$ 83</b>      | <b>\$</b>                    | <b>\$</b>                     | <b>\$ 83</b>      |

The following tables show the Company's gross unrealized losses and fair value, aggregated by investment category and length of time, that the individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position, at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010.



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| (In Thousands)                        | Less than Twelve Months |                         | March 31, 2011<br>Twelve Months or Greater |                         | Total      |                         |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|-------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
|                                       | Fair Value              | Gross Unrealized Losses | Fair Value                                 | Gross Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Gross Unrealized Losses |
| U.S. Government and agency securities | \$ 988                  | \$ 6                    | \$   | \$                      | \$ 988     | \$ 6                    |
| State and political securities        | 88,673                  | 4,087                   | 33,583                                     | 9,621                   | 122,256    | 13,708                  |
| Other debt securities                 | 2,095                   | 10                      |  |                         | 2,095      | 10                      |
| Total debt securities                 | 91,756                  | 4,103                   | 33,583                                     | 9,621                   | 125,339    | 13,724                  |
| Financial institution securities      | 805                     | 76                      |  |                         | 805        | 76                      |
| Other equity securities               | 362                     | 33                      |  |                         | 362        | 33                      |
| Total equity securities               | 1,167                   | 109                     |  |                         | 1,167      | 109                     |
| Total                                 | \$ 92,923               | \$ 4,212                | \$ 33,583                                  | \$ 9,621                | \$ 126,506 | \$ 13,833               |

| (In Thousands)                        | Less than Twelve Months |                         | December 31, 2010<br>Twelve Months or Greater |                         | Total      |                         |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---|-------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
|                                       | Fair Value              | Gross Unrealized Losses | Fair Value                                    | Gross Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Gross Unrealized Losses |
| U.S. Government and agency securities | \$                      | \$                      | \$  | \$                      | \$         | \$                      |
| State and political securities        | 105,826                 | 5,883                   | 32,847  | 9,456                   | 138,673    | 15,339                  |
| Other debt securities                 | 2,501                   | 19                      | 282   | 17                      | 2,783      | 36                      |
| Total debt securities                 | 108,327                 | 5,902                   | 33,129  | 9,473                   | 141,456    | 15,375                  |
| Financial institution securities      | 859                     | 41                      | 59  | 3                       | 918        | 44                      |
| Other equity securities               |                         |                         |   |                         |            |                         |
| Total equity securities               | 859                     | 41                      | 59  | 3                       | 918        | 44                      |
| Total                                 | \$ 109,186              | \$ 5,943                | \$ 33,188                                     | \$ 9,476                | \$ 142,374 | \$ 15,419               |

At March 31, 2011 there were a total of 133 and 77 individual securities that were in a continuous unrealized loss position for less than twelve months and greater than twelve months, respectively.

The Company reviews its position quarterly and has determined that, at March 31, 2011, the declines outlined in the above table represent temporary declines and the Company does not intend to sell and does not believe it will be required to sell these securities before recovery of their cost basis, which may be at maturity. There were 210 positions that were temporarily impaired at March 31, 2011. The Company has concluded that the unrealized losses disclosed above are not other than temporary but are the result of interest rate changes, sector credit ratings changes, or company-specific ratings changes that are not expected to result in the non-collection of principal and interest during the period.

The amortized cost and fair value of debt securities at March 31, 2011, by contractual maturity, are shown below. Expected maturities may differ from contractual maturities since borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

| (In Thousands)          | Available for Sale |            | Held to Maturity |            |
|-------------------------|--------------------|------------|------------------|------------|
|                         | Amortized Cost     | Fair Value | Amortized Cost   | Fair Value |
| Due in one year or less | \$ 1,969           | \$ 2,002   | \$               | \$         |

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|                                   |            |            |       |       |
|-----------------------------------|------------|------------|-------|-------|
| Due after one year to five years  | 18,647     | 19,028     | 53    | 53    |
| Due after five years to ten years | 6,378      | 6,092      |       |       |
| Due after ten years               | 190,976    | 179,916    |       |       |
| Total                             | \$ 217,970 | \$ 207,038 | \$ 53 | \$ 53 |

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Total gross proceeds from sales of securities available for sale were \$2,728,000 and \$147,000, for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively. The following table represents gross realized gains and losses on those transactions:

| (In Thousands)                        | Three Months Ended March 31, |      |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|------|
|                                       | 2011                         | 2010 |
| Gross realized gains:                 |                              |      |
| U.S. Government and agency securities | \$ 4                         | \$   |
| State and political securities        | 5                            |      |
| Other debt securities                 | 6                            | 6    |
| Financial institutions securities     |                              |      |
| Other equity securities               | 121                          |      |
| Total gross realized gains            | \$ 136                       | \$ 6 |
| Gross realized losses:                |                              |      |
| U.S. Government and agency securities | \$                           | \$   |
| State and political securities        |                              |      |
| Other debt securities                 | 11                           | 9    |
| Financial institutions securities     |                              |      |
| Other equity securities               |                              |      |
| Total gross realized losses           | \$ 11                        | \$ 9 |

There were no impairment charges included in gross realized losses for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

**Note 5. Federal Home Loan Bank Stock**

The Bank is a member of the Federal Home Loan Bank of Pittsburgh (the "FHLB"), which is one of 12 regional Federal Home Loan Banks. Each Federal Home Loan Bank serves as a reserve or central bank for its members within its assigned region. It is funded primarily from funds deposited by member institutions and proceeds from the sale of consolidated obligations of the Federal Home Loan Bank System. It makes loans to members (i.e., advances) in accordance with policies and procedures established by the board of directors of the Federal Home Loan Bank. As a member, the Bank is required to purchase and maintain stock in the FHLB in an amount equal to the sum of 0.35% of the membership asset value at December 31, 2010, 4.60% of advances, and 1.60% of letters of credit. At March 31, 2011, the Bank held \$6,592,300 in stock of the FHLB, which was in compliance with this requirement.

The Company evaluated its holding of FHLB stock for impairment and deemed the stock to not be impaired due to the expected recoverability of the par value, which equals the value reflected within the Company's financial statements. The decision was based on several items ranging from the estimated true economic losses embedded within the FHLB's mortgage portfolio to the FHLB's liquidity position and credit rating. The Company utilizes the impairment framework outlined in GAAP to evaluate FHLB stock for impairment.

The following factors were evaluated to determine the ultimate recoverability of the par value of the Company's FHLB stock holding; (i) the significance of the decline in net assets of the FHLB as compared to the capital stock amount for the FHLB and the length of time this situation has persisted; (ii) commitments by the FHLB to make payments required by law or regulation and the level of such payments in relation to the operating performance of the FHLB; (iii) the impact of legislative and regulatory changes on the institutions and, accordingly, on the customer base of the FHLB; (iv) the liquidity position of the FHLB; and (v) whether a decline is temporary or whether it affects the ultimate recoverability

of the FHLB stock based on (a) the materiality of the carrying amount to the member

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institution and (b) whether an assessment of the institution's operational needs for the foreseeable future allow management to dispose of the stock.

Based on its analysis of these factors, the Company determined that its holding of FHLB stock was not impaired on March 31, 2011.

**Note 6. Credit Quality and Related Allowance for Loan Losses**

Management segments the Bank's loan portfolio to a level that enables risk and performance monitoring according to similar risk characteristics. Loans are segmented based on the underlying collateral characteristics. Categories include commercial and agricultural, real estate, and installment loans to individuals. Real estate loans are further segmented into three categories: residential, commercial and construction.

The following table presents the related aging categories of loans, by segment, as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010:

| (In Thousands)                             | Current    | March 31, 2011               |   |                 | Total      |
|--|------------|------------------------------|---|-----------------|------------|
|  |            | Past Due<br>30 To 89<br>Days | Past Due<br>90 Days<br>Or More<br>& Still<br>Accruing | Non-<br>Accrual |            |
| Commercial and agricultural                | \$ 52,282  | \$ 160                       | \$ 4  | \$ 244          | \$ 52,690  |
| Real estate mortgage:                      |            |                              |   |                 |            |
| Residential                                | 165,287    | 4,153                        | 98  | 673             | 170,211    |
| Commercial                                 | 154,708    | 322                          |   | 1,310           | 156,340    |
| Construction                               | 14,830     | 171                          |   | 10,568          | 25,569     |
| Installment loans to individuals           | 8,841      | 115                          | 1   | 2               | 8,959      |
|  | 395,948    | \$ 4,921                     | \$ 103  | \$ 12,797       | 413,769    |
| Less: Net deferred loan fees and discounts | 1,676      |                              |   |                 | 1,676      |
| Allowance for loan losses                  | 6,640      |                              |   |                 | 6,640      |
| Loans, net                                 | \$ 387,632 |                              |   |                 | \$ 405,453 |

| (In Thousands)                   | Current   | December 31, 2010            |   |                 | Total     |
|----------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------|---|-----------------|-----------|
|                                  |           | Past Due<br>30 To 90<br>Days | Past Due<br>90 Days<br>Or More<br>& Still<br>Accruing | Non-<br>Accrual |           |
| Commercial and agricultural      | \$ 50,208 | \$ 426                       | \$ 215  | \$ 4            | \$ 50,853 |
| Real estate mortgage:            |           |                              |   |                 |           |
| Residential                      | 166,354   | 6,356                        | 259   | 609             | 173,578   |
| Commercial                       | 157,764   | 438                          | 60  | 1,927           | 160,189   |
| Construction                     | 13,836    | 5,592                        |   | 3,117           | 22,545    |
| Installment loans to individuals | 9,199     | 209                          | 23  | 1               | 9,432     |
|                                  | 397,361   | \$ 13,021                    | \$ 557  | \$ 5,658        | 416,597   |

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|                              |            |            |
|------------------------------|------------|------------|
| Less: Net deferred loan fees | 1,040      | 1,040      |
| Allowance for loan losses    | 6,035      | 6,035      |
| Loans, net                   | \$ 390,286 | \$ 409,522 |

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If interest had been recorded based on the original loan agreement terms and rate of interest for non-accrual loans, interest income on non-accrual loans would have approximated \$210,000, and \$59,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively. Interest income on such loans amounted to approximately \$6,000 and \$0, for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

**Impaired Loans**

Impaired loans are loans for which it is probable the Bank will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the loan agreement. The Bank evaluates such loans for impairment individually and does not aggregate loans by major risk classifications. The definition of impaired loans is not the same as the definition of non-accrual loans, although the two categories overlap. The Bank may choose to place a loan on non-accrual status due to payment delinquency or uncertain collectability, while not classifying the loan as impaired. Factors considered by management in determining impairment include payment status and collateral value. The amount of impairment for these types of loans is determined by the difference between the present value of the expected cash flows related to the loan, using the original interest rate, and its recorded value, or as a practical expedient in the case of collateralized loans, the difference between the fair value of the collateral and the recorded amount of the loan. When foreclosure is probable, impairment is measured based on the fair value of the collateral.

Management evaluates individual loans in all of the commercial segments for possible impairment if the loan is greater than \$100,000 and if the loan is either on non-accrual status or has a risk rating of substandard. Management may also elect to measure an individual loan for impairment if less than \$100,000 on a case by case basis.

Mortgage loans on one-to-four family properties and all consumer loans are large groups of smaller-balance homogeneous loans and are measured for impairment collectively. Loans that experience insignificant payment delays, which are defined as 90 days or less, generally are not classified as impaired. Management determines the significance of payment delays on a case-by-case basis taking into consideration all circumstances surrounding the loan and the borrower including the length of the delay, the borrower's prior payment record, and the amount of shortfall in relation to the principal and interest owed. Interest income for impaired loans is recorded consistent with the Bank's policy on nonaccrual loans.

The following table presents the recorded investment, unpaid principal balance, and related allowance of impaired loans by segment as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010:

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| (In Thousands)                       | Recorded<br>Investment | March 31, 2011<br>Unpaid Principal<br>Balance | Related<br>Allowance |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------|---|----------------------|
| With no related allowance recorded:  |                        |   |                      |
| Commercial and agricultural          | \$ 85                  | \$ 85   | \$                   |
| Real estate mortgages - residential  | 880                    | 880   |                      |
| Real estate mortgages - commercial   | 1,893                  | 1,893   |                      |
| Real estate mortgages - construction | 259                    | 259   |                      |
| Installment loans to individuals     |                        |   |                      |
|                                      | 3,117                  | 3,117   |                      |
| With an allowance recorded:          |                        |   |                      |
| Commercial and agricultural          | 244                    | 244   | 244                  |
| Real estate mortgages - residential  | 570                    | 570   | 71                   |
| Real estate mortgages - commercial   | 1,877                  | 1,877   | 160                  |
| Real estate mortgages - construction | 12,372                 | 12,640  | 3,137                |
| Installment loans to individuals     |                        |   |                      |
|                                      | 15,063                 | 15,331  | 3,612                |
| Total:                               |                        |   |                      |
| Commercial and agricultural          | 329                    | 329   | 244                  |
| Real estate mortgages - residential  | 1,450                  | 1,450   | 71                   |
| Real estate mortgages - commercial   | 3,770                  | 3,770   | 160                  |
| Real estate mortgages - construction | 12,631                 | 12,899  | 3,137                |
| Installment loans to individuals     |                        |   |                      |
|                                      | \$ 18,180              | \$ 18,448                                     | \$ 3,612             |

| (In Thousands)                       | Recorded<br>Investment | December 31, 2010<br>Unpaid Principal<br>Balance | Related<br>Allowance |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------|--|----------------------|
| With no related allowance recorded:  |                        |  |                      |
| Commercial and agricultural          | \$ 90                  | \$ 90  | \$                   |
| Real estate mortgages - residential  | 888                    | 888  |                      |
| Real estate mortgages - commercial   | 2,498                  | 2,498  |                      |
| Real estate mortgages - construction | 260                    | 260  |                      |
| Installment loans to individuals     |                        |  |                      |
|                                      | 3,736                  | 3,736  |                      |
| With an allowance recorded:          |                        |  |                      |
| Commercial and agricultural          |                        |  |                      |
| Real estate mortgages - residential  | 572                    | 572  | 80                   |
| Real estate mortgages - commercial   | 1,889                  | 1,889  | 158                  |
| Real estate mortgages - construction | 9,860                  | 10,128   | 2,518                |
| Installment loans to individuals     |                        |  |                      |
|                                      | 12,321                 | 12,589   | 2,756                |
| Total:                               |                        |  |                      |
| Commercial and agricultural          | 90                     | 90   |                      |
| Real estate mortgages - residential  | 1,460                  | 1,460  | 80                   |
| Real estate mortgages - commercial   | 4,387                  | 4,387  | 158                  |
| Real estate mortgages - construction | 10,120                 | 10,388   | 2,518                |
| Installment loans to individuals     |                        |  |                      |
|                                      | \$ 16,057              | \$ 16,325  | \$ 2,756             |



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Impaired loans which are troubled debt restructurings amounted to approximately \$5,362,000 and \$4,799,000 as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010.

The following table presents the average recorded investment in impaired loans and related interest income recognized for March 31, 2011 and 2010:

| (In Thousands)   | Three Months Ended March 31, |        |      |       |
|--|------------------------------|--------|------|-------|
|  | 2011                         |        | 2010 |       |
| Average investment in impaired loans                             | \$                           | 10,005 | \$   | 8,162 |
| Interest income recognized on an accrual basis on impaired loans |                              | 79     |      | 90    |
| Interest income recognized on a cash basis on impaired loans     |                              | 6      |      |       |

There is approximately \$475,000 committed to be advanced in connection with impaired loans.

**Internal Risk Ratings**

Management uses a ten point internal risk rating system to monitor the credit quality of the overall loan portfolio. The first six categories are considered not criticized, and are aggregated as Pass rated. The criticized rating categories utilized by management generally follow bank regulatory definitions. The Special Mention category includes assets that are currently protected but are potentially weak, resulting in an undue and unwarranted credit risk, but not to the point of justifying a Substandard classification. Loans in the Substandard category have well-defined weaknesses that jeopardize the liquidation of the debt, and have a distinct possibility that some loss will be sustained if the weaknesses are not corrected. All loans greater than 90 days past due are considered Substandard. Loans in the Doubtful category exhibit the same weaknesses found in the Substandard loans, however, the weaknesses are more pronounced. Such loans are static and collection in full is improbable. However, these loans are not yet rated as loss because certain events may occur which would salvage the debt. Loans classified Loss are considered uncollectible and charge-off is imminent.

To help ensure that risk ratings are accurate and reflect the present and future capacity of borrowers to repay a loan as agreed, the Bank has a structured loan rating process with several layers of internal and external oversight. Generally, consumer and residential mortgage loans are included in the pass category unless a specific action, such as bankruptcy, repossession, or death occurs to raise awareness of a possible credit event. An external annual loan review of all commercial relationships \$800,000 or greater is performed, as well as a sample of smaller transactions. Confirmation of the appropriate risk category is included in the review. Detailed reviews, including plans for resolution, are performed on loans classified as Substandard, Doubtful, or Loss on a quarterly basis.

The following table presents the credit quality categories identified above as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010:

| (In Thousands) | Commercial and<br>Agricultural | Residential | March 31, 2011                      |              |                                     | Totals |
|----------------|--------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--------|
|                |                                |             | Real Estate Mortgages<br>Commercial | Construction | Installment Loans<br>to Individuals |        |

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|                 |    |        |    |         |    |         |    |        |    |       |    |         |
|-----------------|----|--------|----|---------|----|---------|----|--------|----|-------|----|---------|
| Pass            | \$ | 51,505 | \$ | 168,503 | \$ | 142,796 | \$ | 12,939 | \$ | 8,956 | \$ | 384,699 |
| Special Mention |    | 589    |    | 476     |    | 9,119   |    |        |    |       |    | 10,184  |
| Substandard     |    | 596    |    | 1,232   |    | 4,425   |    | 12,630 |    | 3     |    | 18,886  |
| Doubtful        |    |        |    |         |    |         |    |        |    |       |    |         |
| Loss            |    |        |    |         |    |         |    |        |    |       |    |         |
| Total           | \$ | 52,690 | \$ | 170,211 | \$ | 156,340 | \$ | 25,569 | \$ | 8,959 | \$ | 413,769 |

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| (In Thousands)  | December 31, 2010              |             |                       |           |              |                                     |  | Totals |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------|-----------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|--------|
|                 | Commercial and<br>Agricultural | Residential | Real Estate Mortgages |           | Construction | Installment Loans<br>to Individuals |  |        |
| Pass            | \$ 49,702                      | \$ 171,588  | \$ 145,887            | \$ 11,840 | \$ 9,408     | \$ 388,425                          |  |        |
| Special Mention | 565                            | 526         | 9,195                 |           |              | 10,286                              |  |        |
| Substandard     | 586                            | 1,464       | 5,107                 | 10,705    | 24           | 17,886                              |  |        |
| Doubtful        |                                |             |                       |           |              |                                     |  |        |
| Loss            |                                |             |                       |           |              |                                     |  |        |
| Total           | \$ 50,853                      | \$ 173,578  | \$ 160,189            | \$ 22,545 | \$ 9,432     | \$ 416,597                          |  |        |

**Allowance for Loan Losses**

An allowance for loan losses ( ALL ) is maintained to absorb losses from the loan portfolio. The ALL is based on management's continuing evaluation of the risk characteristics and credit quality of the loan portfolio, assessment of current economic conditions, diversification and size of the portfolio, adequacy of collateral, past and anticipated future loss experience, and the amount of non-performing loans.

The Bank's methodology for determining the ALL is based on the requirements of ASC Section 310-10-35 for loans individually evaluated for impairment (previously discussed) and ASC Subtopic 450-20 for loans collectively evaluated for impairment, as well as the Interagency Policy Statements on the Allowance for Loan and Lease Losses and other bank regulatory guidance. The total of the two components represents the Bank's ALL.

Loans that are collectively evaluated for impairment are analyzed with general allowances being made as appropriate. Allowances are segmented based on collateral characteristics previously disclosed, and consistent with credit quality monitoring. Loans that are collectively evaluated for impairment are grouped into two classes for evaluation. A general allowance is determined for Pass rated credits, while a separate pool allowance is provided for Criticized rated credits that are not individually evaluated for impairment.

For the general allowances, historical loss trends are used in the estimation of losses in the current portfolio. These historical loss amounts are modified by other qualitative factors. A historical charge-off factor is calculated utilizing a twelve quarter moving average. Management has identified a number of additional qualitative factors which it uses to supplement the historical charge-off factor because these factors are likely to cause estimated credit losses associated with the existing loan pools to differ from historical loss experience. The additional factors that are evaluated quarterly and updated using information obtained from internal, regulatory, and governmental sources are: national and local economic trends and conditions; levels of and trends in delinquency rates and non-accrual loans; trends in volumes and terms of loans; effects of changes in lending policies; experience, ability, and depth of lending staff; value of underlying collateral; and concentrations of credit from a loan type, industry and/or geographic standpoint.

Loans in the criticized pools, which possess certain qualities or characteristics that may lead to collection and loss issues, are closely monitored by management and subject to additional qualitative factors. Management also monitors industry loss factors by loan segment for applicable adjustments to actual loss experience.

Management reviews the loan portfolio on a quarterly basis in order to make appropriate and timely adjustments to the ALL. When information confirms all or part of specific loans to be uncollectible, these amounts are promptly charged off against the ALL.



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Activity in the allowance is presented for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010:

| (In Thousands)    | March 31, 2011                 |             |                       |          |              |                                     | Totals |
|-------------------|--------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------|----------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--------|
|                   | Commercial and<br>Agricultural | Residential | Real Estate Mortgages |          | Construction | Installment Loans<br>to Individuals |        |
| Beginning Balance | \$ 466                         | \$ 980      | \$ 1,508              | \$ 2,893 | \$ 188       | \$ 6,035                            |        |
| Charge-offs       |                                | 25          |                       |          | 19           | 44                                  |        |
| Recoveries        | 6                              | 2           | 20                    | 2        | 19           | 49                                  |        |
| Provision         | 184                            | (66)        | 56                    | 445      | (19)         | 600                                 |        |
| Ending Balance    | \$ 656                         | \$ 891      | \$ 1,584              | \$ 3,340 | \$ 169       | \$ 6,640                            |        |

| (In Thousands)    | March 31, 2010                 |             |                       |          |              |                                     | Totals |
|-------------------|--------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------|----------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--------|
|                   | Commercial and<br>Agricultural | Residential | Real Estate Mortgages |          | Construction | Installment Loans<br>to Individuals |        |
| Beginning Balance | \$ 569                         | \$ 972      | \$ 1,491              | \$ 1,403 | \$ 222       | \$ 4,657                            |        |
| Charge-offs       | 91                             | 22          |                       |          | 37           | 150                                 |        |
| Recoveries        |                                | 4           |                       | 3        | 50           | 57                                  |        |
| Provision         | 26                             | (42)        | 71                    | 238      | 7            | 300                                 |        |
| Ending Balance    | \$ 504                         | \$ 912      | \$ 1,562              | \$ 1,644 | \$ 242       | \$ 4,864                            |        |

The Company has a concentration of loans to both owners of commercial and residential rental properties at March 31, 2011 and 2010 of 16.77% and 13.91% and 15.63% and 15.03% of total loans, respectively.

The Company grants commercial, industrial, residential, and installment loans to customers throughout north-central Pennsylvania. Although the Company has a diversified loan portfolio at March 31, 2011, a substantial portion of its debtors' ability to honor their contracts is dependent on the economic conditions within this region.

The following table presents the balance in the allowance for loan losses and the recorded investment in loans by portfolio segment and based on impairment method as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010:

| (In Thousands)                                  | March 31, 2011                 |             |                       |           |              |                                     | Totals |
|---|--------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------|-----------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--------|
|   | Commercial and<br>Agricultural | Residential | Real Estate Mortgages |           | Construction | Installment Loans<br>to Individuals |        |
| Allowance for Loan Losses:                      |                                |             |                       |           |              |                                     |        |
| Ending allowance balance attributable to loans: |                                |             |                       |           |              |                                     |        |
| Individually evaluated for impairment           | \$ 244                         | \$ 71       | \$ 160                | \$ 3,137  | \$           | \$ 3,612                            |        |
| Collectively evaluated for impairment           | 412                            | 820         | 1,424                 | 203       | 169          | 3,028                               |        |
| Total ending allowance balance                  | \$ 656                         | \$ 891      | \$ 1,584              | \$ 3,340  | \$ 169       | \$ 6,640                            |        |
| Loans:  |                                |             |                       |           |              |                                     |        |
| Individually evaluated for impairment           | \$ 329                         | \$ 1,450    | \$ 3,770              | \$ 12,631 | \$           | \$ 18,180                           |        |

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|                                       |           |            |            |           |          |            |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|------------|------------|-----------|----------|------------|
| Collectively evaluated for impairment | 52,361    | 168,761    | 152,571    | 12,937    | 8,959    | 395,589    |
| Total ending loans balance            | \$ 52,690 | \$ 170,211 | \$ 156,341 | \$ 25,568 | \$ 8,959 | \$ 413,769 |

| (In Thousands)                                  | December 31, 2010           |             |                                  |              |                                  | Totals     |
|---|-----------------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|--------------|----------------------------------|------------|
|   | Commercial and Agricultural | Residential | Real Estate Mortgages Commercial | Construction | Installment Loans to Individuals |            |
| Allowance for Loan Losses:                      |                             |             |                                  |              |                                  |            |
| Ending allowance balance attributable to loans: |                             |             |                                  |              |                                  |            |
| Individually evaluated for impairment           | \$                          | \$          | \$                               | \$           | \$                               | \$         |
| Collectively evaluated for impairment           | 466                         | 900         | 1,350                            | 375          | 188                              | 3,279      |
| Total ending allowance balance                  | \$ 466                      | \$ 980      | \$ 1,508                         | \$ 2,893     | \$ 188                           | \$ 6,035   |
| Loans:  |                             |             |                                  |              |                                  |            |
| Individually evaluated for impairment           | \$                          | \$          | \$                               | \$           | \$                               | \$         |
| Collectively evaluated for impairment           | 50,636                      | 172,118     | 155,930                          | 12,424       | 9,432                            | 400,540    |
| Total ending loans balance                      | \$ 50,726                   | \$ 173,578  | \$ 160,317                       | \$ 22,544    | \$ 9,432                         | \$ 416,597 |

Table of Contents**Note 7. Net Periodic Benefit Cost-Defined Benefit Plans**

For a detailed disclosure on the Company's pension and employee benefits plans, please refer to Note 12 of the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010.

The following sets forth the components of the net periodic benefit cost of the domestic non-contributory defined benefit plan for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively:

| (In Thousands)                        | Three Months Ended<br>March 31, |        |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------|
|                                       | 2011                            | 2010   |
| Service cost                          | \$ 106                          | \$ 132 |
| Interest cost                         | 178                             | 171    |
| Expected return on plan assets        | (184)                           | (161)  |
| Amortization of transition obligation | (1)                             | (1)    |
| Amortization of prior service cost    | 6                               | 6      |
| Amortization of net loss              | 41                              | 36     |
| Net periodic cost                     | \$ 146                          | \$ 183 |

The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy detailed in Note 10 (Fair Value Measurements), the Plan's assets at fair value as of March 31, 2011 and 2010:

| (In Thousands)                      | March 31, 2011 |          |           |          |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|----------|-----------|----------|
|                                     | Level I        | Level II | Level III | Total    |
| Assets:                             |                |          |           |          |
| Cash and cash equivalents           | \$ 231         | \$       | \$        | \$ 231   |
| Mutual funds - taxable fixed income | 3,477          |          |           | 3,477    |
| Mutual funds - domestic equity      | 4,354          |          |           | 4,354    |
| Mutual funds - international equity | 1,391          |          |           | 1,391    |
| Total assets at fair value          | \$ 9,453       | \$       | \$        | \$ 9,453 |

| (In Thousands)                      | December 31, 2010 |          |           |          |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|----------|-----------|----------|
|                                     | Level I           | Level II | Level III | Total    |
| Assets:                             |                   |          |           |          |
| Cash and cash equivalents           | \$ 235            | \$       | \$        | \$ 235   |
| Mutual Funds - Taxable Fixed Income | 3,261             |          |           | 3,261    |
| Mutual Funds - Domestic Equity      | 4,200             |          |           | 4,200    |
| Mutual Funds - International Equity | 1,376             |          |           | 1,376    |
| Total assets at fair value          | \$ 9,072          | \$       | \$        | \$ 9,072 |

**Employer Contributions**

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The Company previously disclosed in its consolidated financial statements, included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010, that it expected to contribute a minimum of \$957,000 to its defined benefit plan in 2011. As of March 31, 2011, there were contributions of \$100,000 made to the plan.



Table of Contents**Note 8. Employee Stock Purchase Plan**

The Company maintains the Penns Woods Bancorp, Inc. 2006 Employee Stock Purchase Plan ( Plan ). The Plan is intended to encourage employee participation in the ownership and economic progress of the Company. The Plan allows for up to 1,000,000 shares to be purchased by employees. The purchase price of the shares is 95% of market value with an employee eligible to purchase up to the lesser of 15% of base compensation or \$12,000 in market value annually. During the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, there were 480 and 521 shares issued under the plan, respectively.

**Note 9. Off Balance Sheet Risk**

The Company is a party to financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk in the normal course of business to meet the financing needs of its customers. These financial instruments are primarily comprised of commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit. These instruments involve, to varying degrees, elements of credit, interest rate, or liquidity risk in excess of the amount recognized in the consolidated balance sheet. The contract amounts of these instruments express the extent of involvement the Company has in particular classes of financial instruments.

The Company's exposure to credit loss from nonperformance by the other party to the financial instruments for commitments to extend credit and standby letters of credit is represented by the contractual amount of these instruments. The Company uses the same credit policies in making commitments and conditional obligations as it does for on-balance sheet instruments. The Company may require collateral or other security to support financial instruments with off-balance sheet credit risk.

Financial instruments whose contract amounts represent credit risk are as follows at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010:

| (In Thousands)               | March 31,<br>2011 | December 31,<br>2010 |
|------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| Commitments to extend credit | \$ 83,617         | \$ 82,124            |
| Standby letters of credit    | 1,212             | 1,228                |

Commitments to extend credit are legally binding agreements to lend to customers. Commitments generally have fixed expiration dates or other termination clauses and may require payment of fees. Since many of the commitments are expected to expire without being drawn upon, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future liquidity requirements. The Company evaluates each customer's credit worthiness on a case-by-case basis. The amount of collateral obtained, if deemed necessary by the Company, on an extension of credit is based on management's credit assessment of the counterparty.

Standby letters of credit represent conditional commitments issued by the Company to guarantee the performance of a customer to a third party. These instruments are issued primarily to support bid or performance related contracts. The coverage period for these instruments is typically a one year period with an annual renewal option subject to prior approval by management. Fees earned from the issuance of these letters are recognized upon expiration of the coverage period. For secured letters of credit, the collateral is typically Bank deposit instruments or customer

business assets.

**Note 10. Fair Value Measurements**

The following disclosures show the hierarchal disclosure framework associated with the level of pricing observations utilized in measuring assets and liabilities at fair value.

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- Level I: Quoted prices are available in active markets for identical assets or liabilities as of the reported date.
- Level II: Pricing inputs are other than quoted prices in active markets, which are either directly or indirectly observable as of the reported date. The nature of these assets and liabilities include items for which quoted prices are available but traded less frequently, and items that are fair valued using other financial instruments, the parameters of which can be directly observed.
- Level III: Assets and liabilities that have little to no pricing observability as of the reported date. These items do not have two-way markets and are measured using management's best estimate of fair value, where the inputs into the determination of fair value require significant management judgment or estimation.

This hierarchy requires the use of observable market data when available.

The following table presents the assets reported on the balance sheet at their fair value on a recurring basis as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, by level within the fair value hierarchy. Financial assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

| (In Thousands)                             | March 31, 2011 |           |            | Total      |
|--|----------------|-----------|------------|------------|
|  | Level I        | Level II  | Level III  |            |
| Assets measured on a recurring basis:      |                |           |            |            |
| Investment securities, available for sale: |                |           |            |            |
| U.S. Government and agency securities      | \$             | \$ 28,921 | \$         | \$ 28,921  |
| State and political securities             |                | 157,705   |            | 157,705    |
| Other debt securities                      |                | 20,412    |            | 20,412     |
| Financial institution securities           |                | 13,056    |            | 13,056     |
| Other equity securities                    |                | 783       |            | 783        |
| Total assets measured on a recurring basis | \$             | 13,839    | \$ 207,038 | \$ 220,877 |

| (In Thousands)                             | December 31, 2010 |           |            | Total      |
|--|-------------------|-----------|------------|------------|
|  | Level I           | Level II  | Level III  |            |
| Assets measured on a recurring basis:      |                   |           |            |            |
| Investment securities, available for sale: |                   |           |            |            |
| U.S. Government and agency securities      | \$                | \$ 26,613 | \$         | \$ 26,613  |
| State and political securities             |                   | 154,787   |            | 154,787    |
| Other debt securities                      |                   | 20,608    |            | 20,608     |
| Financial institution securities           |                   | 13,191    |            | 13,191     |
| Other equity securities                    |                   | 366       |            | 366        |
| Total assets measured on a recurring basis | \$                | 13,557    | \$ 202,008 | \$ 215,565 |

The following table presents the assets reported on the consolidated balance sheet at their fair value on a non-recurring basis as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, by level within the fair value hierarchy. Financial assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.



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| (In Thousands)                                 | March 31, 2011 |           |           | Total     |
|--|----------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
|  | Level I        | Level II  | Level III |           |
| Assets measured on a non-recurring basis:      |                |           |           |           |
| Impaired loans                                 | \$             | \$ 14,568 | \$        | \$ 14,568 |
| Other real estate owned                        |                | 1,108     |           | 1,108     |
| Total assets measured on a non-recurring basis | \$             | \$ 15,676 | \$        | \$ 15,676 |

| (In Thousands)                                 | December 31, 2010 |           |           | Total     |
|--|-------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
|  | Level I           | Level II  | Level III |           |
| Assets measured on a non-recurring basis:      |                   |           |           |           |
| Impaired loans                                 | \$                | \$ 13,301 | \$        | \$ 13,301 |
| Other real estate owned                        |                   | 609       |           | 609       |
| Total assets measured on a non-recurring basis | \$                | \$ 13,910 | \$        | \$ 13,910 |

**Note 11. Estimated Fair Value of Financial Instruments**

The Company is required to disclose estimated fair values for its financial instruments. Fair value estimates are made at a specific point in time, based on relevant market information and information about the financial instrument. These estimates do not reflect any premium or discount that could result from offering for sale at one time the Company's entire holdings of a particular financial instrument. Also, it is the Company's general practice and intention to hold most of its financial instruments to maturity and not to engage in trading or sales activities. Because no market exists for a significant portion of the Company's financial instruments, fair value estimates are based on judgments regarding future expected loss experience, current economic conditions, risk characteristics of various financial instruments, and other factors. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgment and therefore cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions can significantly affect the estimates.

Estimated fair values have been determined by the Company using historical data and an estimation methodology suitable for each category of financial instruments. The Company's fair value estimates, methods, and assumptions are set forth below for the Company's other financial instruments.

As certain assets and liabilities, such as deferred tax assets, premises and equipment, and many other operational elements of the Company, are not considered financial instruments but have value, this estimated fair value of financial instruments would not represent the full market value of the Company.

The estimated fair values of the Company's financial instruments are as follows at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010:

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| (In Thousands)                | March 31, 2011 |            | December 31, 2010 |            |
|-------------------------------|----------------|------------|-------------------|------------|
|                               | Carrying Value | Fair Value | Carrying Value    | Fair Value |
| <b>Financial assets:</b>      |                |            |                   |            |
| Cash and cash equivalents     | \$ 11,504      | \$ 11,504  | \$ 9,493          | \$ 9,493   |
| <b>Investment securities:</b> |                |            |                   |            |
| Available for sale            | 220,877        | 220,877    | 215,565           | 215,565    |
| Held to maturity              | 53             | 53         | 83                | 83         |
| Loans held for sale           | 4,818          | 4,818      | 6,658             | 6,658      |
| Loans, net                    | 405,453        | 397,537    | 409,522           | 402,250    |
| Bank-owned life insurance     | 15,640         | 15,640     | 15,436            | 15,436     |
| Accrued interest receivable   | 3,638          | 3,638      | 3,765             | 3,765      |
| <b>Financial liabilities:</b> |                |            |                   |            |
| Interest-bearing deposits     | \$ 433,439     | \$ 422,666 | \$ 428,161        | \$ 419,058 |
| Noninterest-bearing deposits  | 95,278         | 95,278     | 89,347            | 89,347     |
| Short-term borrowings         | 15,636         | 15,636     | 27,299            | 27,299     |
| Long-term borrowings, FHLB    | 71,778         | 75,284     | 71,778            | 75,790     |
| Accrued interest payable      | 694            | 694        | 750               | 750        |

**Cash and Cash Equivalents, Loans Held for Sale, Accrued Interest Receivable, Short-term Borrowings, and Accrued Interest Payable:**

The fair value is equal to the carrying value.

**Investment Securities:**

The fair value of investment securities available for sale and held to maturity is equal to the available quoted market price. If no quoted market price is available, fair value is estimated using the quoted market price for similar securities. Regulatory stocks fair value is equal to the carrying value.

**Loans:**

Fair values are estimated for portfolios of loans with similar financial characteristics. Loans are segregated by type such as commercial, commercial real estate, residential real estate, construction real estate, and installment loans to individuals. Each loan category is further segmented into fixed and adjustable rate interest terms and by performing and nonperforming categories.

The fair value of performing loans is calculated by discounting scheduled cash flows through the estimated maturity using estimated market discount rates that reflect the credit and interest rate risk inherent in the loan. The estimate of maturity is based on the Company's historical experience with repayments for each loan classification, modified, as required, by an estimate of the effect of current economic and lending conditions.

Fair value for significant nonperforming loans is based on recent external appraisals. If appraisals are not available, estimated cash flows are discounted using a rate commensurate with the risk associated with the estimated cash flows. Assumptions regarding credit risk, cash flows, and discounted rates are judgmentally determined using available market information and specific borrower information.

**Bank-Owned Life Insurance:**

The fair value is equal to the cash surrender value of the life insurance policies.

**Deposits:**

The fair value of deposits with no stated maturity, such as noninterest-bearing demand deposits, savings, NOW, and money market accounts, is equal to the amount payable on demand. The fair value of certificates of deposit is based on the discounted value of contractual cash flows.

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The fair value estimates above do not include the benefit that results from the low-cost funding provided by the deposit liabilities compared to the cost of borrowing funds in the market, commonly referred to as the core deposit intangible.

**Long Term Borrowings:**

The fair value of long term borrowings is based on the discounted value of contractual cash flows.

**Commitments to Extend Credit, Standby Letters of Credit, and Financial Guarantees Written:**

There is no material difference between the notional amount and the estimated fair value of off-balance sheet items. The contractual amounts of unfunded commitments and letters of credit are presented in Note 9 (Off Balance Sheet Risk).

**Note 12. Reclassification of Comparative Amounts**

Certain comparative amounts for the prior period have been reclassified to conform to current period presentations. Such reclassifications had no effect on net income or shareholders' equity.

**CAUTIONARY STATEMENT FOR PURPOSES OF THE PRIVATE**

**SECURITIES LITIGATION REFORM ACT OF 1995**

This Report contains certain forward-looking statements including statements concerning plans, objectives, future events or performance and assumptions and other statements which are other than statements of historical fact. The Company cautions readers that the following important factors, among others, may have affected and could in the future affect the Company's actual results and could cause the Company's actual results for subsequent periods to differ materially from those expressed in any forward-looking statement made by or on behalf of the Company herein: (i) the effect of changes in laws and regulations, including federal and state banking laws and regulations, with which the Company must comply, and the associated costs of compliance with such laws and regulations either currently or in the future as applicable; (ii) the effect of changes in accounting policies and practices, as may be adopted by the regulatory agencies as well as by the Financial Accounting Standards Board, or of changes in the Company's organization, compensation and benefit plans; (iii) the effect on the Company's competitive position within its market area of the increasing consolidation within the banking and financial services industries, including the increased competition from larger regional and out-of-state banking organizations as well as non-bank providers of various financial services; (iv) the effect of changes in interest rates; and (v) the effect of changes in the business cycle and downturns in the local, regional or national economies.



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You should not put undue reliance on any forward-looking statements. These statements speak only as of the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, even if subsequently made available by the Company on its website or otherwise. The Company undertakes no obligation to update or revise these statements to reflect events or circumstances occurring after the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Table of Contents**Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation****EARNINGS SUMMARY****Comparison of the Three Months Ended March 31, 2011 and 2010****Summary Results**

Net income for the three months ended March 31, 2011 was \$2,853,000 compared to \$2,448,000 for the same period of 2010 as after-tax securities gains increased \$85,000 (from a loss of \$2,000 to a gain of \$83,000). Basic and diluted earnings per share for the three months ended March 31, 2011 were \$0.74 compared to \$0.64 for the three months ended March 31, 2010. Return on average assets and return on average equity were 1.65% and 16.62% for the three months ended March 31, 2011 compared to 1.42% and 14.31% for the corresponding period of 2010. Net income from core operations ( operating earnings ) increased to \$2,770,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2011 compared to \$2,450,000 for the same period of 2010. Operating earnings per share for the three months ended March 31, 2011 were \$0.72 basic and dilutive compared to \$0.64 basic and dilutive for the three months ended March 31, 2010.

Management uses the non-GAAP measure of net income from core operations, or operating earnings, in its analysis of the Company's performance. This measure, as used by the Company, adjusts net income by excluding significant gains or losses that are unusual in nature. Because certain of these items and their impact on the Company's performance are difficult to predict, management believes the presentation of financial measures excluding the impact of such items provides useful supplemental information in evaluating the operating results of the Company's core businesses. For purposes of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, net income from core operations, or operating earnings, means net income adjusted to exclude after-tax net securities gains or losses. These disclosures should not be viewed as a substitute for net income determined in accordance with GAAP, nor are they necessarily comparable to non-GAAP performance measures that may be presented by other companies.

**Reconciliation of GAAP and non-GAAP Income**

| (Dollars in Thousands, Except Per Share Data) | Three Months Ended<br>March 31, |          |
|---|---------------------------------|----------|
|   | 2011                            | 2010     |
| GAAP net income                               | \$ 2,853                        | \$ 2,448 |
| Less: securities gains (losses), net of tax   | 83                              | (2)      |
| Non-GAAP operating earnings                   | \$ 2,770                        | \$ 2,450 |

|   | Three Months Ended<br>March 31, |       |
|---|---------------------------------|-------|
|   | 2011                            | 2010  |
| Return on average assets (ROA)              | 1.65%                           | 1.42% |
| Less: securities gains (losses), net of tax | 0.05%                           | 0.00% |

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|                        |       |       |
|------------------------|-------|-------|
| Non-GAAP operating ROA | 1.60% | 1.42% |
|------------------------|-------|-------|

|   | Three Months Ended<br>March 31, |        |
|---|---------------------------------|--------|
|   | 2011                            | 2010   |
| Return on average equity (ROE)              | 16.62%                          | 14.31% |
| Less: securities gains (losses), net of tax | 0.48%                           | -0.02% |
| Non-GAAP operating ROE                      | 16.14%                          | 14.33% |

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|   | Three Months Ended<br>March 31, |      |      |      |
|---|---------------------------------|------|------|------|
|   | 2011                            |      | 2010 |      |
| Basic earnings per share (EPS)              | \$                              | 0.74 | \$   | 0.64 |
| Less: securities gains (losses), net of tax |                                 | 0.02 |      | 0.00 |
| Non-GAAP basic operating EPS                | \$                              | 0.72 | \$   | 0.64 |

|   | Three Months Ended<br>March 31, |      |      |      |
|---|---------------------------------|------|------|------|
|   | 2011                            |      | 2010 |      |
| Dilutive EPS                                | \$                              | 0.74 | \$   | 0.64 |
| Less: securities gains (losses), net of tax |                                 | 0.02 |      | 0.00 |
| Non-GAAP dilutive operating EPS             | \$                              | 0.72 | \$   | 0.64 |

**Interest and Dividend Income**

Interest and dividend income for the three months ended March 31, 2011 decreased \$7,000 to \$8,982,000 compared to \$8,989,000 for the same period of 2010. An increase in interest income, led by an increase in investment portfolio interest resulting from growth in the average investment portfolio of \$4,190,000 primarily from the addition of short-term corporate and municipal bonds to the portfolio, offset a decline in the average taxable equivalent yield of 4 basis points ( bp ). The decrease in loan portfolio income was the result of portfolio growth that was more than offset by a yield that decreased by 15 bp due to the competitive landscape and downward repricing of the variable rate segment of the loan portfolio.

Interest and dividend income composition for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 was as follows:

| (In Thousands)                     | March 31, 2011 |         | For The Three Months Ended<br>March 31, 2010 |         | Change  |         |
|------------------------------------|----------------|---------|--|---------|---------|---------|
|                                    | Amount         | % Total | Amount                                       | % Total | Amount  | %       |
| Loans including fees               | \$ 6,288       | 70.00%  | \$ 6,330                                     | 70.42%  | \$ (42) | (0.66)% |
| Investment securities:             |                |         |  |         |         |         |
| Taxable                            | 1,375          | 15.31   | 1,349  | 15.01   | 26      | 1.93    |
| Tax-exempt                         | 1,267          | 14.11   | 1,258  | 13.99   | 9       | 0.72    |
| Dividend and other interest income | 52             | 0.58    | 52   | 0.58    |         |         |
| Total interest and dividend income | \$ 8,982       | 100.00% | \$ 8,989                                     | 100.00% | \$ (7)  | (0.08)% |

**Interest Expense**

Interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2011 decreased \$706,000 to \$1,985,000 compared to \$2,691,000 for the same period of 2010. The substantial decrease associated with deposits is primarily the result of a reduction of 58 bp in the rate paid on time deposits and a shift from higher cost time deposits to core deposits, with emphasis on money market accounts. Factors that led to the rate decreases include, but are not limited to, Federal Open Market Committee ( FOMC ) interest rate actions and campaigns conducted by the Company during the past two years to attract short-term CDs resulting in an increased repricing frequency. The time deposit portfolio is now being lengthened in order to offer protection when interest rates begin to increase with a focus on maturities of 36 months and greater. In addition, the Marcellus Shale natural gas exploration in north central Pennsylvania is creating opportunities to create new and build upon existing deposit relationships.

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Short-term borrowings interest expense decreased as the impact of a declining average rate paid compensated for an increase in the average balance. Long-term borrowing interest expense decreased due to the maturities of \$15,000,000 since March 31, 2010.

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Interest expense composition for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 was as follows:

| (In Thousands)             | March 31, 2011 |         | For The Three Months Ended<br>March 31, 2010 |         | Change   |          |
|----------------------------|----------------|---------|--|---------|----------|----------|
|                            | Amount         | % Total | Amount                                       | % Total | Amount   | %        |
| Deposits                   | \$ 1,194       | 60.15%  | \$ 1,710                                     | 63.54%  | \$ (516) | (30.18)% |
| Short-term borrowings      | 57             | 2.87    | 64   | 2.38    | (7)      | (10.94)  |
| Long-term borrowings, FHLB | 734            | 36.98   | 917  | 34.08   | (183)    | (19.96)  |
| Total interest expense     | \$ 1,985       | 100.00% | \$ 2,691                                     | 100.00% | \$ (706) | (26.24)% |

**Net Interest Margin**

The net interest margin ( NIM ) for the three months ended March 31, 2011 was 4.89% compared to 4.49% for the corresponding period of 2010. The increase in the NIM was driven by a 50 bp decline in the rate paid on interest bearing liabilities that more than compensated for a 6 bp decline in the yield on interest earning assets. The decrease in earning asset yield is due to the impact on the loan and investment portfolios of the current low rate environment. The decrease in the cost of interest bearing liabilities from 2.03% to 1.53% was driven by a reduction in the rate paid on time deposits of 58 bp. The reduction in the rate paid on time deposits was the result of a shortening of the time deposit portfolio that has resulted in an increasing repricing frequency during this period of low rates. In addition, a focus on increasing core deposits has resulted in significant growth in lower cost core deposits. The duration of the time deposit portfolio has started to be lengthened due to the apparent bottoming or near bottoming of deposit rates. The average rate on long-term borrowings declined due to the maturity of \$15,000,000 in FHLB borrowings that carried an average rate of 4.87%.

The following is a schedule of average balances and associated yields for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010:

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| (In Thousands)                              | AVERAGE BALANCES AND INTEREST RATES  |          |              | AVERAGE BALANCES AND INTEREST RATES  |          |              |
|---|--------------------------------------|----------|--------------|--------------------------------------|----------|--------------|
|   | Three Months Ended<br>March 31, 2011 |          |              | Three Months Ended<br>March 31, 2010 |          |              |
|   | Average Balance                      | Interest | Average Rate | Average Balance                      | Interest | Average Rate |
| <b>Assets:</b>                              |                                      |          |              |                                      |          |              |
| Tax-exempt loans                            | \$ 20,377                            | \$ 308   | 6.13%        | \$ 17,346                            | \$ 292   | 6.83%        |
| All other loans                             | 399,599                              | 6,085    | 6.18%        | 394,957                              | 6,137    | 6.30%        |
| Total loans                                 | 419,976                              | 6,393    | 6.17%        | 412,303                              | 6,429    | 6.32%        |
| Taxable securities                          | 114,740                              | 1,427    | 4.97%        | 106,645                              | 1,400    | 5.25%        |
| Tax-exempt securities                       | 103,108                              | 1,920    | 7.45%        | 107,013                              | 1,906    | 7.12%        |
| Total securities                            | 217,848                              | 3,347    | 6.15%        | 213,658                              | 3,306    | 6.19%        |
| Interest-bearing deposits                   | 2,002                                |          | 0.00%        | 7,569                                | 1        | 0.05%        |
| Total interest-earning assets               | 639,826                              | 9,740    | 6.14%        | 633,530                              | 9,736    | 6.20%        |
| Other assets                                | 53,883                               |          |              | 55,410                               |          |              |
| Total assets                                | \$ 693,709                           |          |              | \$ 688,940                           |          |              |
| <b>Liabilities and shareholders equity:</b> |                                      |          |              |                                      |          |              |
| Savings                                     | \$ 66,510                            | 35       | 0.21%        | \$ 62,282                            | 53       | 0.35%        |
| Super Now deposits                          | 69,177                               | 83       | 0.49%        | 63,046                               | 109      | 0.70%        |
| Money market deposits                       | 109,196                              | 265      | 0.98%        | 87,186                               | 287      | 1.34%        |
| Time deposits                               | 188,561                              | 811      | 1.74%        | 220,214                              | 1,261    | 2.32%        |
| Total interest-bearing deposits             | 433,444                              | 1,194    | 1.12%        | 432,728                              | 1,710    | 1.60%        |
| Short-term borrowings                       | 19,207                               | 57       | 1.20%        | 14,745                               | 64       | 1.76%        |
| Long-term borrowings, FHLB                  | 71,778                               | 734      | 4.09%        | 86,778                               | 917      | 4.23%        |
| Total borrowings                            | 90,985                               | 791      | 3.48%        | 101,523                              | 981      | 3.87%        |
| Total interest-bearing liabilities          | 524,429                              | 1,985    | 1.53%        | 534,251                              | 2,691    | 2.03%        |
| Demand deposits                             | 91,473                               |          |              | 78,039                               |          |              |
| Other liabilities                           | 9,155                                |          |              | 8,245                                |          |              |
| Shareholders equity                         | 68,652                               |          |              | 68,405                               |          |              |
| Total liabilities and shareholders equity   | \$ 693,709                           |          |              | \$ 688,940                           |          |              |
| Interest rate spread                        |                                      |          | 4.61%        |                                      |          | 4.17%        |
| Net interest income/margin                  |                                      | \$ 7,755 | 4.89%        |                                      | \$ 7,045 | 4.49%        |

- Information on this table has been calculated using average daily balance sheets to obtain average balances.
- Nonaccrual loans have been included with loans for the purpose of analyzing net interest earnings.
- Income and rates on a fully taxable equivalent basis include an adjustment for the difference between annual income from tax-exempt obligations and the taxable equivalent of such income at the standard 34% tax rate.





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The following table presents the adjustment to convert net interest income to net interest income on a fully taxable equivalent basis for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010.

| (In Thousands)                                 | For the Three Months Ended<br>March 31, |       |      |       |
|--|---|-------|------|-------|
|  | 2011                                    |       | 2010 |       |
| Total interest income                          | \$                                      | 8,982 | \$   | 8,989 |
| Total interest expense                         |   | 1,985 |      | 2,691 |
| Net interest income                            |   | 6,997 |      | 6,298 |
| Tax equivalent adjustment                      |   | 758   |      | 747   |
| Net interest income (fully taxable equivalent) | \$                                      | 7,755 | \$   | 7,045 |

The following table sets forth the respective impact that both volume and rate changes have had on net interest income on a fully taxable equivalent basis for the three month periods ended March 31, 2011 and 2010:

| (In Thousands)                     | Volume | Three Months Ended March 31,<br>2011 vs 2010 |    | Net   |
|------------------------------------|--------|--|----|-------|
|                                    |        | Increase (Decrease) Due to                   |    |       |
|                                    |        | Rate   |    |       |
| <b>Interest income:</b>            |        |  |    |       |
| Loans, tax-exempt                  | \$ 163 | \$ (147)                                     | \$ | 16    |
| Loans                              | 342    | (394)  |    | (52)  |
| Taxable investment securities      | 364    | (337)  |    | 27    |
| Tax-exempt investment securities   | (302)  | 316  |    | 14    |
| Interest bearing deposits          | (1)    |  |    | (1)   |
| Total interest-earning assets      | 566    | (562)  |    | 4     |
| <b>Interest expense:</b>           |        |  |    |       |
| Savings deposits                   | 23     | (41)   |    | (18)  |
| Super Now deposits                 | 59     | (85)   |    | (26)  |
| Money market deposits              | 289    | (311)  |    | (22)  |
| Time deposits                      | (343)  | (107)  |    | (450) |
| Short-term borrowings              | 77     | (84)   |    | (7)   |
| Long-term borrowings, FHLB         | (154)  | (29)   |    | (183) |
| Total interest-bearing liabilities | (49)   | (657)  |    | (706) |
| Change in net interest income      | \$ 615 | \$ 95  | \$ | 710   |

**Provision for Loan Losses**

The provision for loan losses is based upon management's quarterly review of the loan portfolio. The purpose of the review is to assess loan quality, identify impaired loans, analyze delinquencies, ascertain loan growth, evaluate potential charge-offs and recoveries, and assess general economic conditions in the markets served. An external independent loan review is also performed annually for the Bank. Management remains committed to an aggressive program of problem loan identification and resolution.



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The allowance for loan losses is determined by applying loss factors to outstanding loans by type, excluding loans for which a specific allowance has been determined. Loss factors are based on management's consideration of the nature of the portfolio segments, changes in mix and volume of the loan portfolio, and historical loan loss experience. In addition, management considers industry standards and trends with respect to non-performing loans and its knowledge and experience with specific lending segments.

Although management believes it uses the best information available to make such determinations and that the allowance for loan losses is adequate at March 31, 2011, future adjustments could be necessary if circumstances or economic conditions differ substantially from the assumptions used in making the initial determinations. A downturn in the local economy, increased unemployment, and delays in receiving financial information from borrowers could result in increased levels of nonperforming assets, charge-offs, loan loss provisions, and reductions in income. Additionally, as an integral part of the examination process, bank regulatory agencies periodically review the Bank's loan loss allowance. The banking agencies could require the recognition of additions to the loan loss allowance based on their judgment of information available to them at the time of their examination.

While determining the appropriate allowance level, management has attributed the allowance for loan losses to various portfolio segments; however, the allowance is available for the entire portfolio as needed.

The allowance for loan losses increased from \$6,035,000 at December 31, 2010 to \$6,640,000 at March 31, 2011. At March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, the allowance for loan losses to total loans was 1.61% and 1.45%, respectively.

The provision for loan losses totaled \$600,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2011, compared to \$300,000 for the same periods in 2010. The amount of the increase in the provision was the result of several factors, including but not limited to, a ratio of nonperforming loans to total loans of 3.13% at March 31, 2011 and a ratio of the allowance for loan losses to nonperforming loans of 51.47% at March 31, 2011. Nonperforming loans increased to \$12,900,000 at March 31, 2011 from \$3,863,000 at March 31, 2010 due to an increase in commercial loan delinquencies. The increase is centered on several loans that are either in a secured position and have sureties with a strong underlying financial position or have a specific allocation for any impairment recorded within the allowance for loan losses. Internal loan review and analysis and the continued uncertainty surrounding the economy, coupled with the ratios noted previously, dictated an increase in the provision for loan losses. The increase did not equate to the change in nonperforming loans due to the economic situation and the collateral status of the nonperforming loans and overall loan portfolio in general, which limits the loan specific allocation of the allowance for loan losses.

Following is a table showing the changes in the allowance for loan losses for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010:

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| (In Thousands)   | For the Three Months Ended |                |
|--|----------------------------|----------------|
|  | March 31, 2011             | March 31, 2010 |
| Balance at beginning of period   | \$ 6,035                   | \$ 4,657       |
| Charge-offs:   |                            |                |
| Real estate  | 25                         | 22             |
| Commercial and industrial  |                            | 90             |
| Installment loans to individuals   | 19                         | 37             |
| Total charge-offs  | 44                         | 149            |
| Recoveries:  |                            |                |
| Real estate  | 24                         | 6              |
| Commercial and industrial  | 6                          |                |
| Installment loans to individuals   | 19                         | 50             |
| Total recoveries   | 49                         | 56             |
| Net charge-offs  | (5)                        | 93             |
| Additions charged to operations  | 600                        | 300            |
| Balance at end of period   | \$ 6,640                   | \$ 4,864       |
| Ratio of net annualized charge-offs during the period to average loans outstanding during the period | 0.00%                      | 0.09%          |

Following is a table showing the changes in total nonperforming loans as of:

| (In Thousands)     | Total Nonperforming Loans |                  |           |
|--------------------|---------------------------|------------------|-----------|
|                    | Nonaccrual                | 90 Days Past Due | Total     |
| March 31, 2011     | \$ 12,797                 | \$ 103           | \$ 12,900 |
| December 31, 2010  | 5,658                     | 557              | 6,215     |
| September 30, 2010 | 5,601                     | 1,317            | 6,918     |
| June 30, 2010      | 6,299                     | 347              | 6,646     |
| March 31, 2010     | 3,703                     | 160              | 3,863     |

**Non-interest Income**

Total non-interest income for the three months ended March 31, 2011 compared to the same period in 2010 increased \$249,000 to \$1,945,000 due in part to a \$128,000 increase in net securities gains, from a loss of \$3,000 to a gain of \$125,000. Excluding net securities gains and losses, non-interest income for the three months ended March 31, 2011 would have increased \$121,000 compared to the 2010 period. The increase is primarily the result of an increased level of gain on sale of loans as the level of real estate transactions remains brisk within our market. Other income increased as debit and credit card related income continues to build as debit cards continue to gain in popularity, while an increasing number of merchants utilize our merchant card services.

Insurance commissions for the three months ended March 31, 2011 decreased due to a continued soft market. Management of The M Group continues to pursue new and build upon current relationships. The sales call program continues to expand to other financial institutions, which results in additional revenue for The M Group if an additional sales outlet is added. However, the addition of a sales outlet for The M Group can take up to a year or more to be completed.

Non-interest income composition for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 was as follows:

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| (In Thousands)                 | March 31, 2011 |         | For the Three Months Ended<br>March 31, 2010 |         | Change |          |
|--------------------------------|----------------|---------|--|---------|--------|----------|
|                                | Amount         | % Total | Amount                                       | % Total | Amount | %        |
| Deposit service charges        | \$ 503         | 25.85%  | \$ 510                                       | 30.07%  | \$ (7) | (1.37)%  |
| Securities gains (losses), net | 125            | 6.43    | (3)  | (0.18)  | 128    | 4,266.67 |
| Bank owned life insurance      | 174            | 8.95    | 171  | 10.08   | 3      | 1.75     |
| Gain on sale of loans          | 249            | 12.80   | 182  | 10.73   | 67     | 36.81    |
| Insurance commissions          | 209            | 10.75   | 264  | 15.57   | (55)   | (20.83)  |
| Other                          | 685            | 35.22   | 572  | 33.73   | 113    | 19.76    |
| Total non-interest income      | \$ 1,945       | 100.00% | \$ 1,696                                     | 100.00% | \$ 249 | 14.68%   |

**Non-interest Expense**

Total non-interest expense increased \$2,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2011 compared to the same period of 2010. The decrease in salaries and employee benefits was attributable primarily to a reduction in expenses associated with health insurance and the defined benefit pension plan as the investment portfolio performance for the plan improved. Other expenses increased due to various items ranging from training to consulting.

Non-interest expense composition for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 was as follows:

| (In Thousands)                                     | March 31, 2011 |         | For the Three Months Ended<br>March 31, 2010 |         | Change   |         |
|--|----------------|---------|--|---------|----------|---------|
|  | Amount         | % Total | Amount                                       | % Total | Amount   | %       |
| Salaries and employee benefits                     | \$ 2,632       | 52.76%  | \$ 2,737                                     | 54.89%  | \$ (105) | (3.84)% |
| Occupancy, net                                     | 348            | 6.98    | 331  | 6.64    | 17       | 5.14    |
| Furniture and equipment                            | 308            | 6.17    | 304  | 6.10    | 4        | 1.32    |
| Pennsylvania shares tax                            | 172            | 3.45    | 169  | 3.39    | 3        | 1.78    |
| Amortization of investment in limited partnerships | 166            | 3.33    | 142  | 2.85    | 24       | 16.90   |
| Other  | 1,362          | 27.31   | 1,303  | 26.13   | 59       | 4.53    |
| Total non-interest expense                         | \$ 4,988       | 100.00% | \$ 4,986                                     | 100.00% | \$ 2     | 0.04%   |

**Provision for Income Taxes**

Income taxes increased \$241,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2011 compared to the same period of 2010. The primary cause of the changes in tax expense is the impact of net securities losses in the three month period of 2010 of \$3,000 compared to net securities gains for the same period of 2011 of \$125,000. Excluding the impact of the net securities gains and losses, the effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2011 was 14.18% compared to 9.63% for the same period of 2010. The Company currently is in a deferred tax asset position due to the low income housing tax credits earned both currently and previously. Management has reviewed the deferred tax asset and has determined that the asset will be utilized within the appropriate carry forward period and therefore does not require a valuation allowance.

**ASSET/LIABILITY MANAGEMENT**

**Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalents increased \$2,011,000 from \$9,493,000 at December 31, 2010 to \$11,504,000 at March 31, 2011 primarily as a result of the following activities during the three months ended March 31, 2011:

Table of Contents**Loans Held for Sale**

Activity regarding loans held for sale resulted in loan originations trailing sale proceeds, less \$249,000 in realized gains, by \$1,840,000 for the three months ended March 31, 2011.

**Loans**

Gross loans decreased \$3,464,000 since December 31, 2010 due primarily to a decrease of residential and commercial real estate loans, which was partially offset by an increase in construction real estate loans.

The allocation of the loan portfolio, by category, as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010 is presented below:

| (In Thousands)                   | March 31, 2011 |         | December 31, 2010 |         | Change     |         |
|----------------------------------|----------------|---------|-------------------|---------|------------|---------|
|                                  | Amount         | % Total | Amount            | % Total | Amount     | %       |
| Commercial and agricultural      | \$ 52,690      | 12.80%  | \$ 50,853         | 12.23%  | \$ 1,837   | 3.61%   |
| Real estate mortgage:            |                |         |                   |         |            |         |
| Residential                      | 170,211        | 41.30   | 173,578           | 41.77   | (3,367)    | (1.94)  |
| Commercial                       | 156,340        | 37.94   | 160,189           | 38.55   | (3,849)    | (2.40)  |
| Construction                     | 25,569         | 6.20    | 22,545            | 5.43    | 3,024      | 13.41   |
| Installment loans to individuals | 8,959          | 2.17    | 9,432             | 2.27    | (473)      | (5.01)  |
| Less: Net deferred loan fees     | 1,676          | (0.41)  | 1,040             | (0.25)  | 636        | 61.15   |
| Gross loans                      | \$ 412,093     | 100.00% | \$ 415,557        | 100.00% | \$ (3,464) | (0.83)% |

**Investments**

The fair value of the investment securities portfolio at March 31, 2011 has increased \$5,282,000 since December 31, 2010. The change is primarily due to purchases of U.S. Government and agency securities coupled with a decrease in the level of net unrealized losses within the state and political securities. The unrealized losses within the debt securities portfolio are the result of market activity, not credit issues/ratings, as approximately 93% of the debt securities portfolio is currently rated A or higher by either S&P or Moody's.

The Company considers various factors, which include examples from applicable accounting guidance, when analyzing the available for sale portfolio for possible other than temporary impairment. The Company primarily considers the following factors in its analysis: length of time and severity of the market value being less than carrying value; reduction of dividend paid (equities); continued payment of dividend/interest, credit rating, and financial condition of an issuer; intent and ability to hold until anticipated recovery (which may be maturity); and general outlook for the economy, specific industry, and entity in question.



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The bond portion of the portfolio review is conducted with emphases on several factors. Continued payment of principal and interest is given primary importance with credit rating and financial condition of the issuer following as the next most important. Credit ratings were reviewed with the ratings of the bonds being satisfactory. Those that were not currently rated were discussed with a third party and/or underwent an internal financial review. The Company also monitors whether each of the investments incurred a decline in market value from carrying value of at least 20% for twelve consecutive months or a similar decline of at least 50% for three consecutive months. Each bond is reviewed to determine whether it is a general obligation bond, which is backed by the credit and taxing power of the issuing jurisdiction, or revenue bond, which is only payable from specified revenues. Based on the review undertaken by the Company, the Company determined that the decline in value of the various bond holdings were temporary and were the result of the general market downturns and interest rate/yield curve changes, not credit

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issues. The fact that almost all of such bonds are general obligation bonds further solidified the Company's determination that the decline in the value of these bond holdings is temporary.

The fair value of the equity portfolio continues to fluctuate as the economic turbulence continues to impact financial sector stock pricing. The equity market improvement over the first three months of 2011 has led to an increase in net unrealized gains of \$122,000 to \$1,834,000 at March 31, 2011. In addition, the amortized cost of the equity securities portfolio has increased \$160,000 as the Company has begun to build the portfolio balance, while continuing to diversify geographic and sector risk.

The equity portion of the portfolio is reviewed for possible other than temporary impairment in a similar manner to the bond portfolio with greater emphasis placed on the length of time the market value has been less than the carrying value and financial sector outlook. The Company also reviews dividend payment activities and, in the case of financial institutions, whether or not such issuer was participating in the TARP Capital Purchase Program. The starting point for the equity analysis is the length and severity of a market price decline. The Company monitors two primary measures: 20% decline in market value from carrying value for twelve consecutive months and 50% decline for three consecutive months.

The distribution of credit ratings by amortized cost and fair values for the debt security portfolio at March 31, 2011 follows:

| (In Thousands)                        | A- to AAA         |                   | B- to BBB+      |                 | C to CCC+      |            | Not Rated       |                 | Total             |                   |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------|
|                                       | Amortized Cost    | Fair Value        | Amortized Cost  | Fair Value      | Amortized Cost | Fair Value | Amortized Cost  | Fair Value      | Amortized Cost    | Fair Value        |
| <b>Available for sale (AFS)</b>       |                   |                   |                 |                 |                |            |                 |                 |                   |                   |
| U.S. Government and agency securities | \$ 27,155         | \$ 28,921         | \$              | \$              | \$             | \$         | \$              | \$              | \$ 27,155         | \$ 28,921         |
| State and political securities        | 154,772           | 144,460           | 6,900           | 5,278           |                |            | 9,171           | 7,967           | 170,843           | 157,705           |
| Other debt securities                 | 19,151            | 19,589            | 800             | 802             |                |            | 21              | 21              | 19,972            | 20,412            |
| <b>Total debt securities AFS</b>      | <b>\$ 201,078</b> | <b>\$ 192,970</b> | <b>\$ 7,700</b> | <b>\$ 6,080</b> | <b>\$</b>      | <b>\$</b>  | <b>\$ 9,192</b> | <b>\$ 7,988</b> | <b>\$ 217,970</b> | <b>\$ 207,038</b> |
| <b>Held to maturity (HTM)</b>         |                   |                   |                 |                 |                |            |                 |                 |                   |                   |
| U.S. Government and agency securities | \$                | \$                | \$              | \$              | \$             | \$         | \$              | \$              | \$                | \$                |
| Other debt securities                 | 53                | 53                |                 |                 |                |            |                 |                 | 53                | 53                |
| <b>Total debt securities HTM</b>      | <b>\$ 53</b>      | <b>\$ 53</b>      | <b>\$</b>       | <b>\$</b>       | <b>\$</b>      | <b>\$</b>  | <b>\$</b>       | <b>\$</b>       | <b>\$ 53</b>      | <b>\$ 53</b>      |

**Financing Activities****Deposits**

Total deposits increased \$11,209,000 from December 31, 2010 to March 31, 2011. The growth was led by an increase in savings and demand deposits from December 31, 2010 to March 31, 2011 of 7.53% and 6.64%, respectively. The increase in core deposits (deposits less time deposits) has provided relationship driven funding for the loan and investment portfolios, while also reducing the utilization of FHLB borrowings. The increase in deposits is the result of our focus on building relationships with money market accounts being the key building block. Over the past year and through the first three months of 2011, time deposits have decreased as we have taken a position of using these

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accounts as complementary accounts to core deposits. To facilitate this strategy we are actively working single product time deposit relationships to create a solid relationship through the addition of other products to the customer's portfolio.

Deposit balances and their changes for the periods being discussed follow:

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| (In Thousands)        | March 31, 2011 |         | December 31, 2010 |         | Change    |        |
|-----------------------|----------------|---------|-------------------|---------|-----------|--------|
|                       | Amount         | % Total | Amount            | % Total | Amount    | %      |
| Demand deposits       | \$ 95,278      | 18.02%  | \$ 89,347         | 17.27%  | \$ 5,931  | 6.64%  |
| NOW accounts          | 70,763         | 13.38   | 67,505            | 13.04   | 3,258     | 4.83   |
| Money market deposits | 108,104        | 20.45   | 107,123           | 20.70   | 981       | 0.92   |
| Savings deposits      | 69,095         | 13.07   | 64,258            | 12.42   | 4,837     | 7.53   |
| Time deposits         | 185,477        | 35.08   | 189,275           | 36.57   | (3,798)   | (2.01) |
| Total deposits        | \$ 528,717     | 100.00% | \$ 517,508        | 100.00% | \$ 11,209 | 2.17%  |

**Borrowed Funds**

Total borrowed funds decreased 11.77% or \$11,663,000 to \$87,414,000 at March 31, 2011 compared to \$99,077,000 at December 31, 2010. The decrease in borrowed funds is primarily the result of growth in deposits as part of the previously discussed deposit gathering campaigns that were utilized to provide loan portfolio funding and to reduce the level of total borrowings. FHLB repurchase agreements were utilized as their structure allowed for a reduction in interest expense, while providing the ability to reduce the borrowings at our discretion as deposit levels increased.

| (In Thousands)                                | March 31, 2011 |         | December 31, 2010 |         | Change      |           |
|---|----------------|---------|-------------------|---------|-------------|-----------|
|   | Amount         | % Total | Amount            | % Total | Amount      | %         |
| <b>Short-term borrowings:</b>                 |                |         |                   |         |             |           |
| FHLB repurchase agreements                    | \$             |         | \$ 14,010         | 14.14%  | \$ (14,010) | (100.00)% |
| Securities sold under agreement to repurchase | 15,636         | 17.89   | 13,289            | 13.41   | 2,347       | 17.66     |
| Total short-term borrowings                   | 15,636         | 17.89   | 27,299            | 27.55   | (11,663)    | (42.72)   |
| <b>Long-term borrowings,</b>                  |                |         |                   |         |             |           |
| FHLB  | 71,778         | 82.11   | 71,778            | 72.45   |             |           |
| Total borrowed funds                          | \$ 87,414      | 100.00% | \$ 99,077         | 100.00% | \$ (11,663) | (11.77)%  |

**Capital**

The adequacy of the Company's capital is reviewed on an ongoing basis with reference to the size, composition, and quality of the Company's resources and regulatory guidelines. Management seeks to maintain a level of capital sufficient to support existing assets and anticipated asset growth, maintain favorable access to capital markets, and preserve high quality credit ratings.

Bank holding companies are required to comply with the Federal Reserve Board's risk-based capital guidelines. The risk-based capital rules are designed to make regulatory capital requirements more sensitive to differences in risk profiles among banks and bank holding companies and to minimize disincentives for holding liquid assets. Specifically, each is required to maintain certain minimum dollar amounts and ratios of total risk-based, tier I risk-based, and tier I leverage capital. In addition to the capital requirements, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Improvements Act (FDICIA) established five capital categories ranging from well capitalized to critically undercapitalized. To be classified as well capitalized, total risk-based, tier I risk-based, and tier I leverage capital ratios must be at least 10%, 6%, and 5%, respectively.

Capital ratios as of March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010 were as follows:

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| (In Thousands)   | March 31, 2011 |        | December 31, 2010 |        |
|--|----------------|--------|-------------------|--------|
|  | Amount         | Ratio  | Amount            | Ratio  |
| <b><u>Total Capital (to Risk-weighted Assets)</u></b>  |                |        |                   |        |
| Actual   | \$ 73,659      | 16.10% | \$ 72,855         | 15.95% |
| For Capital Adequacy Purposes                          | 36,609         | 8.00   | 36,544            | 8.00   |
| To Be Well Capitalized                                 | 45,762         | 10.00  | 45,680            | 10.00  |
| <b><u>Tier I Capital (to Risk-weighted Assets)</u></b> |                |        |                   |        |
| Actual   | \$ 67,102      | 14.66% | \$ 66,371         | 14.53% |
| For Capital Adequacy Purposes                          | 18,305         | 4.00   | 18,272            | 4.00   |
| To Be Well Capitalized                                 | 27,457         | 6.00   | 27,408            | 6.00   |
| <b><u>Tier I Capital (to Average Assets)</u></b>       |                |        |                   |        |
| Actual   | \$ 67,102      | 9.68%  | \$ 66,371         | 9.55%  |
| For Capital Adequacy Purposes                          | 27,726         | 4.00   | 27,790            | 4.00   |
| To Be Well Capitalized                                 | 34,657         | 5.00   | 34,738            | 5.00   |

**Liquidity; Interest Rate Sensitivity and Market Risk**

The asset/liability committee addresses the liquidity needs of the Company to ensure that sufficient funds are available to meet credit demands and deposit withdrawals as well as to the placement of available funds in the investment portfolio. In assessing liquidity requirements, equal consideration is given to the current position as well as the future outlook.

The following liquidity measures are monitored for compliance and were within the limits cited at March 31, 2011:

1. Net Loans to Total Assets, 85% maximum
2. Net Loans to Total Deposits, 100% maximum
3. Cumulative 90 day Maturity GAP %, +/- 20% maximum
4. Cumulative 1 Year Maturity GAP %, +/- 25% maximum

Fundamental objectives of the Company's asset/liability management process are to maintain adequate liquidity while minimizing interest rate risk. The maintenance of adequate liquidity provides the Company with the ability to meet its financial obligations to depositors, loan customers, and shareholders. Additionally, it provides funds for normal operating expenditures and business opportunities as they arise. The objective of interest rate sensitivity management is to increase net interest income by managing interest sensitive assets and liabilities in such a way that they can be repriced in response to changes in market interest rates.

The Bank, like other financial institutions, must have sufficient funds available to meet its liquidity needs for deposit withdrawals, loan commitments and originations, and expenses. In order to control cash flow, the Bank estimates future cash flows from deposits, loan payments, and investment security payments. The primary sources of funds are deposits, principal and interest payments on loans and investment securities, FHLB borrowings, and brokered deposits. Management believes the Bank has adequate resources to meet its normal funding

requirements.

Management monitors the Company's liquidity on both a long and short-term basis, thereby providing management necessary information to react to current balance sheet trends. Cash flow needs are assessed

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and sources of funds are determined. Funding strategies consider both customer needs and economical cost. Both short and long-term funding needs are addressed by maturities and sales of available for sale investment securities, loan repayments and maturities, and liquidating money market investments such as federal funds sold. The use of these resources, in conjunction with access to credit provides core funding to satisfy depositor, borrower, and creditor needs.

Management monitors and determines the desirable level of liquidity. Consideration is given to loan demand, investment opportunities, deposit pricing and growth potential, as well as the current cost of borrowing funds. The Company has a current borrowing capacity at the FHLB of \$227,337,000. In addition to this credit arrangement, the Company has additional lines of credit with correspondent banks of \$13,029,000. Management believes it has sufficient liquidity to satisfy estimated short-term and long-term funding needs. FHLB borrowings totaled \$71,778,000 as of March 31, 2011.

Interest rate sensitivity, which is closely related to liquidity management, is a function of the repricing characteristics of the Company's portfolio of assets and liabilities. Asset/liability management strives to match maturities and rates between loan and investment security assets with the deposit liabilities and borrowings that fund them. Successful asset/liability management results in a balance sheet structure which can cope effectively with market rate fluctuations. The matching process is affected by segmenting both assets and liabilities into future time periods (usually 12 months, or less) based upon when repricing can be effected. Repriceable assets are subtracted from repriceable liabilities, for a specific time period to determine the gap, or difference. Once known, the gap is managed based on predictions about future market interest rates. Intentional mismatching, or gapping, can enhance net interest income if market rates move as predicted. However, if market rates behave in a manner contrary to predictions, net interest income will suffer. Gaps, therefore, contain an element of risk and must be prudently managed. In addition to gap management, the Company has an asset/liability management policy which incorporates a market value at risk calculation which is used to determine the effects of interest rate movements on shareholders' equity and a simulation analysis to monitor the effects of interest rate changes on the Company's balance sheet.

The Company currently maintains a GAP position of being liability sensitive. The Company has strategically taken this position as it has decreased the duration of the time deposit portfolio, while continuing to maintain a primarily fixed rate earning asset portfolio with a duration greater than the liabilities utilized to fund earning assets. Lengthening of the liability portfolio coupled with the addition of limited short-term assets is being undertaken. These actions are expected to reduce, but not eliminate, the liability sensitive structure of the balance sheet.

A market value at risk calculation is utilized to monitor the effects of interest rate changes on the Company's balance sheet and more specifically shareholders' equity. The Company does not manage the balance sheet structure in order to maintain compliance with this calculation. The calculation serves as a guideline with greater emphases placed on interest rate sensitivity. Changes to calculation results from period to period are reviewed as changes in results could be a signal of future events. As of the most recent analysis, the results of the market value at risk calculation were outside of established guidelines due to the strategic direction being taken.

**Interest Rate Sensitivity**

In this analysis the Company examines the result of a 100 and 200 basis point change in market interest rates and the effect on net interest income. It is assumed that the change is instantaneous and that all rates move in a parallel manner. Assumptions are also made concerning prepayment speeds on mortgage loans and mortgage securities.



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The following is a rate shock forecast for the twelve month period ended March 31, 2012 assuming a static balance sheet as of March 31, 2011.

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| (In Thousands)             | Parallel Rate Shock in Basis Points |           |           |           |           |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
|                            | -200                                | -100      | Static    | +100      | +200      |
| Net interest income        | \$ 24,853                           | \$ 25,648 | \$ 25,839 | \$ 25,357 | \$ 24,936 |
| Change from static         | (986)                               | (191)     |           | (482)     | (903)     |
| Percent change from static | -3.82%                              | -0.74%    |           | -1.87%    | -3.49%    |

The model utilized to create the report presented above makes various estimates at each level of interest rate change regarding cash flow from principal repayment on loans and mortgage-backed securities and/or call activity on investment securities. Actual results could differ significantly from these estimates which would result in significant differences in the calculated projected change. In addition, the limits stated above do not necessarily represent the level of change under which management would undertake specific measures to realign its portfolio in order to reduce the projected level of change. Generally, management believes the Company is well positioned to respond expeditiously when the market interest rate outlook changes.

**Inflation**

The asset and liability structure of a financial institution is primarily monetary in nature. Therefore, interest rates rather than inflation have a more significant impact on the Company's performance. Interest rates are not always affected in the same direction or magnitude as prices of other goods and services, but are reflective of fiscal policy initiatives or economic factors which are not measured by a price index.

**Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk**

Market risk for the Company is comprised primarily of interest rate risk exposure and liquidity risk. Interest rate risk and liquidity risk management is performed at the Bank level as well as the Company level. The Company's interest rate sensitivity is monitored by management through selected interest rate risk measures produced by an independent third party. There have been no substantial changes in the Company's gap analyses or simulation analyses compared to the information provided in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2010. Additional information and details are provided in the Liquidity and Interest Rate Sensitivity section of Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

Generally, management believes the Company is well positioned to respond in a timely manner when the market interest rate outlook changes.

**Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

An analysis was performed under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures. Based on that evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of March 31, 2011. There were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended March 31, 2011, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.



Table of Contents**Part II. OTHER INFORMATION****Item 1. Legal Proceedings**

None.

**Item 1A. Risk Factors**

There are no material changes to the risk factors set forth in Part I, Item 1A, "Risk Factors," of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010. Please refer to that section for disclosures regarding the risks and uncertainties related to the Company's business.

**Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds**

| <b>Period</b>                                | <b>Total<br/>Number of<br/>Shares (or<br/>Units)<br/>Purchased</b> | <b>Average<br/>Price Paid<br/>per Share<br/>(or Units)<br/>Purchased</b> | <b>Total Number of<br/>Shares (or Units)<br/>Purchased as Part of<br/>Publicly Announced<br/>Plans or Programs</b> | <b>Maximum Number (or<br/>Approximate Dollar Value)<br/>of Shares (or Units) that<br/>May Yet Be Purchased<br/>Under the Plans or Programs</b> |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Month #1 (January 1 -<br>January 31, 2011)   |  | \$   |  | 76,776   |
| Month #2 (February 1 -<br>February 28, 2011) |  |  |  | 76,776   |
| Month #3 (March 1 -<br>March 31, 2011)       |  |  |  | 76,776   |

On April 26, 2011, the Board of Directors extended the previously approved authorization to repurchase up to 197,000 shares, or approximately 5%, of the outstanding shares of the Company for an additional year to April 30, 2012. To date, there have been 120,224 shares repurchased under this plan.

**Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities**

None

**Item 4. (Removed and Reserved)**

**Item 5. Other Information**

None

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**Item 6. Exhibits**

- (3) (i) Articles of Incorporation of the Registrant, as presently in effect (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3(i) of the Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005).
- (3) (ii) Bylaws of the Registrant as presently in effect (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3(ii) of the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed June 17, 2005).
- (31) (i) Rule 13a-14(a)/Rule 15d-14(a) Certification of Chief Executive Officer.
- (31) (ii) Rule 13a-14(a)/Rule 15d-14(a) Certification of Chief Financial Officer.
- (32) (i) Section 1350 Certification of Chief Executive Officer.
- (32) (ii) Section 1350 Certification of Chief Financial Officer.

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**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

PENNS WOODS BANCORP, INC.  
(Registrant)

Date: May 10, 2011

/s/ Richard A. Grafmyre  
Richard A. Grafmyre, President and Chief Executive Officer  
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: May 10, 2011

/s/ Brian L. Knepp  
Brian L. Knepp, Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer)

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**EXHIBIT INDEX**

|                |  |
|----------------|--|
| Exhibit 31(i)  | Rule 13a-14(a)/Rule 15d-14(a) Certification of Chief Executive Officer |
| Exhibit 31(ii) | Rule 13a-14(a)/Rule 15d-14(a) Certification of Chief Financial Officer |
| Exhibit 32(i)  | Section 1350 Certification of Chief Executive Officer                  |
| Exhibit 32(ii) | Section 1350 Certification of Chief Financial Officer                  |