CELLSTAR CORP Form 10-Q October 05, 2006

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

0

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended August 31, 2006

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission File Number 0-22972

CELLSTAR CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

601 S. Royal Lane Coppell, Texas (Address of principal executive offices) 75-2479727

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

> **75019** (Zip Code)

(972) 462-2700

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of accelerated filer and large accelerated filer in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (check one)

Large accelerated filer o Accelerated filer x Non-accelerated filer o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.). Yes o No x

On September 29, 2006, there were 21,173,650 outstanding shares of common stock, \$0.01 par value per share.

CELLSTAR CORPORATION

INDEX TO FORM 10-Q

PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1.	FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
	CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (unaudited) August 31, 2006 and	
	November 30, 2005	3
	CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (unaudited) Three	
	and nine months ended August 31, 2006 and 2005	4
	CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY AND	
	COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (unaudited) Nine months ended	
	August 31, 2006 and 2005	5
	CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (unaudited) Nine	
	months ended August 31, 2006 and 2005	6
	NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)	7
<u>Item 2.</u>	MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL	
	CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS	14
<u>Item 3.</u>	QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT	
	MARKET RISK	22
<u>Item 4.</u>	CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES	22
PART II OTHER INFORMATION		
<u>Item 1.</u>	LEGAL PROCEEDINGS	24
Item 5.	OTHER	24
Item 6.	EXHIBITS	24
	SIGNATURES	25

PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

CELLSTAR CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(unaudited)

(In thousands, except share and per share data)

Accounts receivable (less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$38,036 and \$38,313, respectively)	\$			
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable (less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$38,036 and \$38,313, respectively)	\$			
Accounts receivable (less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$38,036 and \$38,313, respectively)	\$			
		26,450		10,744
	72,14	43		98,356
nventories	71,83	38		81,547
Deferred income taxes	792			792
Prepaid expenses	2,260)		1,834
Assets held for sale - Building				1,516
	173,4	183		194,789
Property and equipment, net	2.559)		3,689
	6,655	5		6,655
Goodwill	.,	-		3,392
	8,296	ń		5,334
	\$	190,993		213,859
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY				
Current liabilities:				
Notes payable	\$	23,977		30,462
* *	1,074	1		,
Accounts payable	119.989			146,292
	4,924			416
	12.266			13,609
ncome taxes payable	214			,
	1,662	2		
	164,1	106		190,779
2% Senior subordinated notes	11,30)0		12,374
Other long-term liabilities				615
	175,4	406		203,768
				, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
tockholders equity:				
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value, 5,000,000 shares authorized; none issued				
Common stock, \$.01 par value, 200,000,000 shares authorized; 21,165,650 and 20,827,529 shares issued				
-	212			208
	124,0)94		124,204
Jnearned compensation	.,0			(650
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(8.48	4)	(7,673
	(100, 10))	(105,998
	15,63		,	10,091
	(45)	10,071
	15,58	87	,	10,091
	\$	190,993		213,859

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

CELLSTAR CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(unaudited)

(In thousands, except per share data)

	Three months en August 31, 2006	ded	2005		Nine months August 31, 2006	ended	2005
Revenues	\$ 237,775		277,691		660,261		766,538
Cost of sales	221,342		264,883		609,758		730,097
Gross profit	16,433		12,808		50,503		36,441
Selling, general and administrative expenses	12,396		12,553		36,876		38,764
Operating income (loss)	4,037		255		13,627		(2,323)
Other income (expense):							
Interest expense	(595)	(1,066		(2,752)		(2,856)
Loss on sale of accounts receivable	(937)	(1,116)	(1,759)		(1,894)
Gain on sale of building					240		
Minority interest	()			(2,016)		
Other, net	70		(35		148		(91)
Total other income (expense)	(2,237)	(2,217)	(6,139)		(4,841)
	1.000		(1.0.68		- 100		
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	1,800		(1,962)	7,488		(7,164)
	007				2.265		
Provision for income taxes	807				2,265		
La come (la co) facan continuin e constituine	002		(1.0(2	`	5 000		(7.164)
Income (loss) from continuing operations	993		(1,962)	5,223		(7,164)
Discontinued operations	(21)	(5,611)	585		(14,180)
Discontinued operations	(21)	(3,011)	585		(14,180)
Net income (loss)	\$ 972		(7,573)	5,808		(21,344)
	φ 772		(1,575)	5,000		(21,511)
Net income (loss) per share:							
Basic:							
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ 0.05		(0.10)	0.25		(0.35)
Discontinued operations			(0.27)	0.03		(0.70)
Net income (loss) per share	\$ 0.05		(0.37)	0.28		(1.05)
Diluted:							
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ 0.05		(0.10)	0.25		(0.35)
Discontinued operations			(0.27)	0.03		(0.70)
Net income (loss) per share	\$ 0.05		(0.37)	0.28		(1.05)
Weighted average number of shares:							
	20.405		20.267		20.284		20.277
Basic	20,405		20,367		20,384		20,367
Diluted	21,180		20,367		21,079		20,367
שוווכע	21,100		20,307		21,079		20,307

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

CELLSTAR CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

Nine months ended August 31, 2006 and 2005

(Unaudited)

(In thousands)

	Common Stock Additional Un			Unearned	Accumulated other		T			
	Shares		Am	ount	paid-in capital	compensation	comprehensive loss	deficit	Treasury Stock	Total
Balance at November 30, 2005	20,827		\$	208	124,204	(650) (7,673) (105,998)		10,091
Comprehensive income:										
Net income								5,808		5,808
Foreign currency translation adjustment							(811)		(811)
Total comprehensive income										4,997
Grant of restricted stock	425		4		(4)				
Cancellation of restricted stock	(72)								
Amortization of restricted stock					469					469
Stock option expense					75					75
Reclassification of unearned										
compensation expense pursuant to										
123R adoption					(650) 650				
Treasury stock	(14)							(45) (45)
Balance at August 31, 2006	21,166		\$	212	124,094		(8,484) (100,190)	(45) 15,587
Balance at November 30, 2004	20,367		\$	204	123,489		(8,405) (81,415)		33,873
Comprehensive loss:										
Net loss								(21,344)		(21,344)
Foreign currency translation										
adjustment							461			461
Total comprehensive loss					205	(220)	、 、			(20,883)
Grant of restricted stock	142		1		327	(328)			26
Amortization of restricted stock						36				36
D 1 (A (21 2005	20.500		¢	205	102.016	(202	> (7.044) (100 750)		12.026
Balance at August 31, 2005	20,509		\$	205	123,816	(292) (7,944) (102,759)		13,026

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

CELLSTAR CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Nine months ended August 31, 2006 and 2005

(Unaudited)

(In thousands)

	2006	2005
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income (loss)	\$ 5,808	(21,344)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 2,000	(21,511)
Provision for (recovery of) doubtful accounts	159	(620)
Provision for inventory obsolescence	2,902	2,657
Stock based compensation	544	36
Depreciation and amortization	3,308	3,085
Discontinued operations	(585)
Minority interest	2,016	68
Gain on sale of building	(240)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	(210)
Accounts receivable	(153,607) (266,614)
Inventories	6,807	26,827
Prepaid expenses) 2,531
Other assets	628	(708)
Accounts payable) (33,687)
Deferred revenue	4,508	63
Accrued expenses) (3,300)
Income taxes payable	214) (3,300)
Net proceeds from sale of accounts receivable	178,821	296,417
Discontinued operations	585	59,587
	505	59,501
Net cash provided by operating activities	21,970	64,998
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchases of property and equipment	(606) (817)
Proceeds from sale of building	1,742	
Investment in joint venture	(369) (1,100)
Discontinued operations		4,988
Net cash provided by investing activities	767	3,071
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Borrowings on notes payable	470,808	578,350
Payments on notes payable	(477,293) (597,926)
Distribution of minority interest	(347)
Additions to deferred loan costs	(154) (876)
Purchases of treasury stock	(45)
Discontinued operations		(52,059)
Net cash used in financing activities	(7,031) (72,511)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	15,706	(4,442)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	10,744	13,179
	10,/++	15,177
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 26,450	8,737

Non-Cash Investing and Financing Activity Investment in Joint Venture

\$ 864 3,000

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

CELLSTAR CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Basis for Presentation

Although the interim consolidated financial statements of CellStar Corporation and subsidiaries (the Company) are unaudited, Company management is of the opinion that all adjustments (consisting of only normal recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair presentation of the results have been reflected therein. Operating revenues and net income (loss) for any interim period are not necessarily indicative of results that may be expected for any other interim period or for the entire year.

These statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended November 30, 2005, (the Form 10-K). The Company has not materially changed its significant accounting policies from those disclosed in the Form 10-K except as discussed in Note 2 below.

To conform to the current year presentation the Company has reclassified certain immaterial payroll costs in the prior year from selling, general and administrative costs to cost of sales. The Company has also reclassified certain immaterial commissions paid from revenues in the prior year to selling, general and administrative costs.

(b) Accounts Receivable

The Company has agreements with financing companies whereby it may sell, without recourse, trade receivables from certain of its carrier customers. The annual discount rates on the sale agreements range from 6.1% to 11.4%. These sale transactions are accounted for as a sale of receivables following the provisions of FASB Statement No. 140 Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities - A Replacement of FASB Statement No. 125. At August 31, 2006, and November 30, 2005, the Company had \$43.2 million and \$25.8 million, respectively, of accounts receivable outstanding that had been sold and removed from the consolidated balance sheet. The loss on the sale of accounts receivable was \$0.9 million and \$1.1 million for the three months and \$1.8 million and \$1.9 million for the nine months ended August 31, 2006, and 2005, respectively.

(c) Inventories

Included in inventory is \$10.9 million and \$4.2 million at August 31, 2006, and November 30, 2005, respectively, for which goods have been shipped and title has transferred but the criteria for revenue recognition has not been met due to rights of return or for goods that were considered bill and hold.

(2) Stock-Based Compensation

The Company has granted stock options to directors, officers and key employees of the Company for purchase of the Company s common stock pursuant to the CellStar Corporation 2003 Long-Term Incentive Plan (the Plan), the CellStar Corporation 1993 Amended and Restated Long-Term Incentive Plan and the Company s 1994 Amended and Restated Director Non-Qualified Stock Option Plan. Options granted generally vest ratably over four year periods.

Prior to fiscal 2006, the Company accounted for its stock options under the recognition and measurement provisions of APB Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees, and related interpretations. Effective December 1, 2005, the Company adopted the provisions of SFAS No. 123 (Revised 2004), Share-Based Payments (SFAS 123(R)), and selected the modified prospective method to initially report stock-based compensation amounts in the consolidated financial statements. The Company is currently using the Black-Scholes option pricing model to determine the fair value of all option grants. The Company did not grant any options during the three and nine months ended August 31, 2006. The Company expects to issue primarily restricted stock in future periods.

For the three and nine months ended August 31, 2006, the Company recorded (\$5) thousand and \$75 thousand, respectively, for stock-based compensation expense related to stock option grants made in prior years. This amount is included in selling, general and administrative expenses. At August 31, 2006, there is \$84 thousand of total unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested stock options remaining to be recognized. Of this total, \$43 thousand will be recognized in fiscal 2006 and \$41 thousand will be recognized in subsequent years through fiscal

2008.

In accordance with the modified prospective transition method, the Company s financial statements for prior periods have not been restated to reflect, and do not include, compensation costs associated with recognizing stock based compensation under the fair value method. There was no stock based compensation expense related to employee stock options recognized during the three and nine months ended August 31, 2005, however, pro forma stock based compensation expense for the three and nine months ended August 31, 2005, is as follows:

	Three m August 3	onths ended 31, 2005			
Net loss, as reported	\$	(7,573)	(21,344)
Deduct: Total stock-based employee compensation expense determined					
under the fair value method for all awards	7			(240)
Proforma net loss	\$	(7,566)	(21,584)
Net loss per common share:					
as reported	\$	(0.37)	(1.05)
proforma	(0.37)	(1.06)

On May 2, 2005, Robert A. Kaiser, the Company s Chief Executive Officer, received a grant of 142,025 shares of restricted stock in tandem with the same number of stock appreciation rights pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Plan and a related award agreement. The shares of restricted stock will vest in thirds over a three-year period, beginning on the first anniversary of the grant date and vesting may accelerate upon the occurrence of events specified in the grant agreement. On May 2, 2006, 47,342 shares vested, of which 12,521 were withheld by the Company to pay withholding tax. The stock appreciation rights expired on December 31, 2005. The total value of the award, \$0.3 million, is being expensed over the service period.

On November 15, 2005, December 15, 2005, and March 7, 2006, executive officers, directors and certain employees of the Company received a total of 318,000, 3,000 and 421,800 shares, respectively, of restricted stock pursuant to the Plan. The shares of restricted stock will vest in thirds over a three-year period, beginning on the first anniversary of the grant date. The restricted stock will become 100% vested if any of the following occur: (i) the participant s death; (ii) the termination of the participant s service as result of disability; (iii) the termination of the participant without cause; (iv) the participant s voluntary termination after the attainment of age 65; or (v) a change in control. The total value of the awards, \$2.2 million, is being expensed over the service period. During the quarter ended August 31, 2006, 6,000 shares vested, of which 1,958 shares were withheld by the company to pay withholding tax.

The balance of unearned compensation related to the unearned portion of the restricted stock awards was eliminated against additional paid-in capital upon our adoption of SFAS 123(R) as of the beginning of fiscal 2006.

For the three and nine months ended August 31, 2006, the Company recognized \$0.2 million and \$0.5 million, respectively, of expense related to the restricted stock grants which is included in selling, general and administrative expenses. As of August 31, 2006, the total remaining unearned compensation related to restricted stock awards was \$1.9 million which will be amortized over the service periods through March 2009.

(3) Net Income (Loss) Per Share

Options to purchase 0.5 million shares of common stock for the three and nine months ended August 31, 2006, and, 1.5 million shares and 1.7 million shares of common stock for the three and nine months ended August 31, 2005, respectively, were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share because their inclusion would have been anti-dilutive as the exercise price was higher than the average market price. A reconciliation of the denominators of the basic and diluted net income (loss) per share computations for the three and nine months ended August 31, 2006 and 2005 follows:

Three months ended August 31,			Nine months ended August 31,				
2006	ŕ		2005		2006	2005	
\$	993		(1,962)		(7,164)
(21)	(5,611)	585	(14,180)
\$	972		(7 573)	5 808	(21 344)
φ	712		(1,575)	5,000	(21,311)
20,4	05		20,367		20,384	20,367	
\$	0.05))
			(0.27)	0.03	(0.70)
\$	0.05		(0.37)	0.28	(1.05)
\$	993		(1.962)	5.223	(7.164)
(21)	(5,611)	585	(14,180)
\$	972		(7,573)	5,808	(21,344)
20,4	05		20,367		20,384	20,367	
775					(05		
115					695		
21,1	80		20,367		21,079	20,367	
\$	0.05		(0.10)	0.25	(0.35)
			(0.27)	0.03	(0.70)
	Augu 2006 \$ (21 \$ 20,4(\$ \$ (21 \$ \$ (21,4) \$ 20,4(7775 221,1)	August 31, 2006 \$ 993 (21 \$ 972 20,405 \$ 0.05 \$ 0.05 \$ 993 (21 \$ 972 20,405 \$ 993 (21 \$ 972 20,405 \$ 972 20,405 775 21,180	August 31, 2006 \$ 993 (21) \$ 972 20,405 \$ 0.05 \$ 0.05 \$ 0.05 \$ 993 (21) \$ 972 20,405 \$ 972 20,405 775 21,180	August 31, 2006 2005 \$ 993 (1,962 (21) (5,611 \$ 972 (7,573 20,405 20,367 \$ 0.05 (0.10 (0.27 (0.37 \$ 0.05 (0.37 \$ 993 (1,962 (21) (5,611 \$ 972 (7,573 20,405 20,367 \$ 972 (7,573 20,405 20,367 775 21,180 20,367 \$ 0.05 (0.10	August 31, 2006 2005 \$ 993 (1,962) (21)) (5,611) \$ 972 (7,573) 20,405 20,367 \$ 0.05 (0.10) (0.27)) \$ 0.05 (0.37) \$ 993 (1,962) (21)) \$ 993 (1,962) (21)) \$ 972 (7,573) 20,405 20,367 \$ 972 (7,573) 20,405 20,367 775 21,180 20,367 \$ 0.05 (0.10)	August 31, 2006August 31, 2005August 31, 2006 $\$$ 993 $(1,962)$ $5,223$ (21) $\$$ 972 $(7,573)$ $5,808$ $20,405$ 20,36720,384 $\$$ 0.05 (0.10) 0.25 (0.27) $\$$ 0.05 (0.37) 0.28 $\$$ 993 $(1,962)$ $5,223$ (21) $\$$ 993 $(1,962)$ $5,223$ (21) $\$$ 993 $(1,962)$ $5,223$ (21) $\$$ 972 $(7,573)$ $5,808$ 20,40520,36720,38477569521,18020,36721,079 $\$$ 0.05 (0.10) 0.25	August 31, 20062005August 31, 20062005 $\$$ 993 $(1,962)$ $5,223$ $(7,164)$ (21) $)$ $(5,611)$ 585 $(14,180)$ $\$$ 972 $(7,573)$ $5,808$ $(21,344)$ $20,405$ $20,367$ $20,384$ $20,367$ $\$$ 0.05 (0.10) 0.25 (0.35) (0.27) 0.03 (0.70) $\$$ 0.05 (0.37) 0.28 (1.05) $\$$ 993 $(1,962)$ $5,223$ $(7,164)$ (21) (21) $(5,611)$ 585 $(14,180)$ $\$$ 972 $(7,573)$ $5,808$ $(21,344)$ $20,405$ $20,367$ $20,384$ $20,367$ $21,180$ $20,367$ $21,079$ $20,367$ $\$$ 0.05 (0.10) 0.25 (0.35)

(4) Segment and Related Information

The Company operates predominately within one industry, wholesale and retail sales of wireless telecommunications products. The Company s management evaluates operations primarily on income before interest and income taxes in the following reportable geographical regions: North America, which consists of the United States, excluding the Company s Miami, Florida, operations (Miami), and Latin America, which includes Mexico, Miami and Chile. Revenues and operations of Miami are included in Latin America since Miami s product sales are primarily for export to Latin American countries, either by the Company or through its exporter customers. In 2005, the Company decided to exit the Asia-Pacific Region. The results of the Asia-Pacific Region are classified as discontinued operations for all periods presented. The Company divested the remainder of its operations in its European Region in fiscal 2003. At November 30, 2005, the Company had a receivable of \$0.6 million in escrow related to the sale of the Sweden operations. The receivable was collected in May 2006. The Corporate segment includes headquarters operations and income and expenses not attributable to reportable segments. Corporate segment assets primarily consist of cash, cash equivalents and deferred income tax assets. Intersegment sales and transfers are not significant.

Segment asset information as of August 31, 2006, and November 30, 2005, follows (in thousands):

	Latin America	North America	Europe	Corporate	Total
Total assets					
August 31, 2006	\$ 115,077	51,610		24,306	190,993
November 30, 2005	116,123	83,318	646	13,772	213,859

The decrease of \$31.7 million in total assets in the North American Region was primarily due to the transition of a portion of the lock/line business in the second quarter of 2006, as well as a build up of inventory at November 30, 2005, in anticipation of first quarter sales.

Prior to lock/line LLC s merger with Asurion, we provided new and refurbished handsets as replacements for lock/line s insured customers, and we facilitated the return process for the end user. Lock/line, previously our largest customer in the North American Region, completed its merger with Asurion Corporation, effective January 1, 2006. Asurion performs its own return and replacement process in-house. In March 2006, the Company announced it had been notified by Asurion Corporation of its intent to take in-house some of the business previously performed by the Company, starting in the second quarter of 2006. As of April 2006, this transition has been completed. For the three months ended August 31, 2006 and 2005, lock/line LLC accounted for approximately 1% and 13% of consolidated revenues and 4% and 28% of the North American Region revenues, respectively.

The increase of \$10.5 million in total assets in the Corporate segment is primarily due to a \$10.0 million cash transfer from the Company s Mexico operations in the first quarter of 2006.

Segment operations information for the three and nine months ended August 31, 2006 and 2005 follows (in thousands):

	Latin America	North America	Corporate	Total
Three months ended August 31, 2006				
Revenues from external customers	\$ 149,052	88,723		237,775
Operating income (loss)	4,695	2,641	(3,299)	4,037
Income (loss) from continuing operations before interest and				
taxes	3,951	2,639	(3,317)	3,273
Three months ended August 31, 2005				
Revenues from external customers	148,177	129,514		277,691
Operating income (loss)	2,942	1,044	(3,731)	255
Income (loss) from continuing operations before interest and				
taxes	2,763	385	(2,928)	220

A reconciliation of income (loss) per the segment table to income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes per the consolidated statements of operations follows:

	2006			2005	
Income (loss) from continuing operations before interest and income taxes					
per segment information	\$	3,273		220	
Interest expense per the consolidated statements of operations	(595)	(1,066)
Loss on sale of accounts receivable	(937)	(1,116)
Interest income included in other, net in the consolidated statements of operations	59				
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes per the					
consolidated statements of operations	\$	1,800		(1,962)

	Latin America	North America	Corporate	Total
Nine months ended August 31, 2006				
Revenues from external customers	\$ 347,221	313,040		660,261
Operating income (loss)	10,208	12,964	(9,545)	13,627
Income (loss) from continuing operations before interest and				
taxes	8,172	12,966	(9,300)	11,838
Nine months ended August 31, 2005				
Revenues from external customers	430,503	336,035		766,538
Operating income (loss)	8,378	1,513	(12,214)	(2,323)
	7,803	(413)	(9,804)	(2,414)

Income (loss) from continuing operations before interest and taxes

A reconciliation of income (loss) per the segment table to income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes per the consolidated statements of operations follows:

	2006			2005	
Income (loss) from continuing operations before interest and income taxes					
per segment information	\$	11,838		(2,414)
Interest expense per the consolidated statements of operations	(2,75	52)	(2,856)
Loss on sale of accounts receivable	(1,75	59)	(1,894)
Interest income included in other, net in the consolidated statements of operations	161				
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes per the					
consolidated statements of operations	\$	7,488		(7,164)

Lock/line LLC accounted for approximately 7% and 11% of consolidated revenues and 15% and 25% of the North American Region revenues for the nine months ended August 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively. Another customer accounted for approximately 20% and 17% of the North American Region revenues for the nine months ended August 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively. A customer in the Latin American Region accounted for approximately 14% and 17% of consolidated revenues and 26% and 30% of the Latin American Region revenues for the nine months ended August 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively. A customer in the Latin American Region accounted for approximately 14% and 17% of consolidated revenues and 26% and 30% of the Latin American Region revenues for the nine months ended August 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively. Another customer accounted for approximately 14% and 19% of consolidated revenues and 26% and 33% of Latin American Region revenues for the nine months ended August 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively. A third customer accounted for 13% of the Latin American Region revenues for the nine months ended August 31, 2006 and 2005, respectively. A third customer accounted for 13% of the Latin American Region revenues for the nine months ended August 31, 2006.

(5) Debt

Debt consisted of the following at August 31, 2006, and November 30, 2005 (in thousands):

	Augu 2006	ıst 31,	November 30, 2005
Revolving Credit Facility	\$	23,977	30,462
12% Senior subordinated notes	12,37	74	12,374
Total debt	\$	36,351	42,836

At November 30, 2005, the Company had an \$85 million Facility with a bank that was to expire in November 2006, or in the event that the Company refinanced its 12% Senior Subordinated Notes (the Senior Notes), the Facility was to expire September 2007. On March 31, 2006, the Company entered into an Amended & Restated Loan and Security Agreement (the Amended Facility) with the bank, which extended the term of the Facility until September 27, 2009. The borrowing rate under the Amended Facility was reduced from prime plus 0.5% to prime for the prime rate option and London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) plus 3.5% to LIBOR plus 2.5% for the LIBOR option.

The Amended Facility is considered a current liability as the lender has dominion over cash receipts related to the Company s domestic operations and the Amended Facility contains an acceleration clause that the lenders could choose to invoke if the Company were to commit an event of default. Funding under the Amended Facility is limited by a borrowing base test, which is measured weekly on eligible domestic accounts receivable and inventory. The Amended Facility is secured by a pledge of 100% of the outstanding stock of all U.S. subsidiaries and 65% of the outstanding stock of all first tier foreign subsidiaries as defined by the Amended Facility. The Amended Facility is further secured by the Company s domestic accounts receivable, inventory, property, plant and equipment and all other domestic real property and intangible assets. The Amended Facility contains, among other provisions, covenants relating to the maintenance of certain financial ratios, and restrictions on dividend payments, entering into additional debt, mergers and acquisitions and disposition of assets. As of August 31, 2006, the Company had borrowed \$24.0 million at an interest rate of 8.25%. The Company had additional borrowing availability under the Amended Facility of \$12.8 million at August 31, 2006. At September 29, 2006, the Company had borrowed \$32.4 million at an interest rate of 8.25% and had additional borrowing availability of \$4.9 million under the Amended Facility.

On July 6, 2006, the Company finalized an amendment to its Amended Facility, modifying certain terms and conditions of the Amended Facility to allow the Company s operations in Chile to factor certain receivables in order to provide working capital to those operations.

On August 31, 2006, the Company finalized an amendment to its Amended Facility to allow the Company to enter into a term loan to provide funding to redeem its Senior Notes.

On October 4, 2006, the Company obtained a waiver from the bank for the Company exceeding its factoring limit in Mexico. Without this waiver, the Company would not have been in compliance with the covenant.

At August 31, 2006, and November 30, 2005, the Company had outstanding \$12.4 million of Senior Notes due January 2007 bearing interest at 12%, payable in cash in arrears semi-annually on February 15 and August 15. The Senior Notes were issued as part of a troubled debt restructuring in 2002, and accordingly the future interest payments were accrued at the restructuring date. At August 31, 2006, and November 30, 2005, the Company had \$0.6 million and \$2.1 million, respectively, of interest accrued for future interest payments. The Senior Notes contain certain covenants that restrict the Company s ability to incur additional indebtedness; make investments, loans and advances; declare dividends or certain other distributions; create liens; enter into sale-leaseback transactions; consolidate; merge; sell assets and enter into transactions with affiliates. On August 31, 2006, the Company entered into a Term Loan and Security Agreement (the Agreement) with a finance company. Pursuant to the Agreement, the finance company has agreed to provide the Company with the financing (the Term Loan) to purchase and/or redeem its Senior Notes. The Company may borrow up to \$12.3 million to purchase and/or redeem the Senior Notes, which may

be funded through a maximum of two separate advances to be completed by December 31, 2006. The borrowing rate under the Term Loan is LIBOR plus 7.5%, or a base rate plus an applicable margin. The Term Loan matures September 27, 2009. The Term Loan will be amortized to an outstanding balance of \$10 million at the rate of approximately \$1 million per year payable in quarterly installments beginning September 30, 2006, with interest-only payments thereafter throughout the remainder of the Term Loan. Interest payments are due on the first day of each month following the first distribution of funds. Due to our ability to refinance the Senior Notes on a long-term basis, the Company has classified \$11.3 million of the Senior Notes as long-term. The amount classified as long-term debt is limited to the availability under the Term Loan less scheduled payments under the Term Loan due within one year.

The Term Loan is subordinated to the Amended Facility. The Term Loan is secured by a pledge of 100% of the outstanding stock of all U.S. subsidiaries and 65% of the outstanding stock of all first tier foreign subsidiaries as defined by the Term Loan. The Term Loan is further secured by the Company s domestic accounts receivable, inventory, property, plant and equipment and all other domestic real property and intangible assets. The Term Loan contains, among other provisions, covenants relating to the maintenance of certain financial ratios, and restrictions on dividend payments, entering into additional debt, mergers and acquisitions and disposition of assets. As of August 31, 2006, the Company had no borrowings under the Term Loan. As of September 29, 2006, the Company had borrowed \$10.4 million at an interest rate ranging from 12.9% to 14.5% and had additional borrowing availability of \$1.9 million under the Term Loan. The first quarterly payment of \$250 thousand was made on September 29, 2006.

In September 2006, the Company redeemed \$10.5 million of Senior Notes at a one percent discount. The Company will recognize a gain on the transaction for the quarter ending November 30, 2006, of \$0.6 million which also includes reversal of the interest previously accrued as part of the troubled debt restructuring.

(6) Joint Venture

In April 2005, in order to increase its activation business and further strengthen its relationship with Radio Movil Dipsa S.A. de C.V. (Telcel), the Company s subsidiary in Mexico, Celular Express S.A. de C.V. (CELEX), invested in a joint venture with Soluciones Inalambricas S.A. de C.V. (Wireless Solutions) and its individual partners for \$4.1 million. The \$4.1 million consisted of \$1.1 million in cash paid at closing, the conversion of \$2.0 million of accounts receivable and a \$1.0 million note that was paid in full in August 2005 through the conversion of an additional \$1.0 million of accounts receivable. The joint venture, which operates under the name Comunicacion Inalambrica Inteligente, S.A. de C.V. (CII), provides handset distribution and activation services for Telcel, the largest cellular phone company in Mexico. CELEX owns 51% of CII and the remaining 49% is owned by the individual partners of Wireless Solutions. The financial condition and results of operations of CII are consolidated in the Company s accompanying consolidated financial statements. For the year ended November 30, 2005, a loss of \$0.8 million incurred by CII was not fully allocated to the minority interest and the Company did not reflect the deficit for the minority interest because the minority owners are not contractually obligated to fund losses incurred beyond their equity. The unrecognized minority interest in the deficit of CII as of November 30, 2005, was \$0.4 million. As of August 31, 2006, CII had cumulative profits of \$3.6 million and the balance of the minority interest was \$1.7 million.

The individual partners of Wireless Solutions are entitled to a cumulative preferred dividend of \$4.0 million payable from the profits of CII calculated based on accounting principles generally accepted in Mexico. In the first quarter of 2006, a preferred dividend of \$0.4 million was paid to the individual partners which increased the purchase price. No dividends shall be paid to CELEX as long as any portion of the preferred dividend remains unpaid. The Company initially attributed \$3.8 million to goodwill and \$0.6 million to the customer relationship. The initial purchase price allocation for CII was based on preliminary information, which was subject to adjustment upon obtaining complete valuation information. During the second quarter of 2006, the Company completed its valuation. The valuation resulted in the following identified intangibles (in thousands) which are included in other assets, net of accumulated amortization of \$0.9 million, in the accompanying balance sheet at August 31, 2006:

			Amortization Period
Customer relationship	\$	3,468	7 years
Non compete agreements	847		5 to 6 years
Supplier relationship	918		7 years
	\$	5,233	

Based upon the final valuation, during the quarter ended May 31, 2006, the Company reclassified the \$3.8 million originally classified as goodwill to the identified intangibles. In accordance with SFAS 141, the Company recognized as a liability \$0.9 million which represents the contingent consideration from the preferred dividend that would result in recognition of an additional intangible asset when the contingency is resolved. In addition, the Company recorded \$0.8 million during the three months ended May 31, 2006 to reflect the related amortization expense from the acquisition date including additional amortization of \$0.6 million following the finalization of the purchase price allocation.

The expected amortization of the intangibles based on the final allocation is as follows (in thousands):

Year Ending November 30,	Amount
2006	\$ 1,224
2007	802
2008	802
2009	785
2010	688
Thereafter	888

(7) Discontinued Operations

In 2005, the Company decided to exit the Asia-Pacific Region and on September 2, 2005, the Company sold its PRC and Hong Kong operations to Fine Day Holdings Limited, a company formed by Mr. A.S. Horng, who was the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of CellStar (Asia) Corporation Limited and effectively the head of the Company s Asia-Pacific Region, for total consideration of \$12 million, consisting of \$6 million in cash paid at closing and a \$6 million subordinated promissory note maturing September 1, 2008. The Company estimated the value of the subordinated promissory note to be \$3.0 million. The remaining \$3.0 million will be recognized upon payment. The Company recognized a pre-tax loss of \$1.4 million on the sale primarily related to expenses associated with the sale. The Company has received the interest payments on the promissory note as scheduled. The Company has reduced the promissory note by the interest payments and the remaining balance of \$2.7 million is included in other assets at August 31, 2006. The Company received the third scheduled interest payment of \$150 thousand on September 1, 2006.

As part of the transaction, the Company retained rights against certain manufacturers. During the second quarter of 2006, the Company recovered \$0.7 million against those claims. This recovery is recorded in cost of goods sold within discontinued operations.

In 2005, the Company also completed the sale of its Taiwan operations and closed its operations in The Philippines.

The results of discontinued operations for the three and nine months ended August 31, 2006 and 2005 are as follows (in thousands):

		ee months e ust 31,	nded	2005		Nine moi August 3 2006	nths ended 1,	2005	
Revenues	\$			11,391				154,027	
Cost of sales				12,169		(708)	154,841	
Gross profit				(778)	708		(814)
Selling, general and administrative expenses	(3)	4,751		99		12,474	
Operating income (loss)	3			(5,529)	609		(13,288)
Other income (expense):									
Interest expense				(82)			(874)
Other, net								(18)
Total other income (expense)				(82)			(892)
Income (loss) before income taxes	3			(5,611)	609		(14,180)
Income taxes	24					24			
Total discontinued operations	\$	(21)	(5,611)	585		(14,180)

(8) Contingencies

The Company is a party to various claims, legal actions and complaints arising in the ordinary course of business. Management believes that the disposition of these matters will not have a materially adverse effect on the consolidated financial condition or results of operations of the Company.

Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Overview

The Company reported net income of \$1.0 million, or \$0.05 per diluted share, for the third quarter of 2006, compared with a net loss of \$7.6 million, or \$0.37 per diluted share, for the same quarter last year. Income (loss) from continuing operations was \$1.0 million, or \$0.05 per diluted share, and (\$2.0) million, or (\$0.10) per diluted share, for the third quarter of 2006 and 2005, respectively. Loss from discontinued operations was \$21 thousand, or \$0.00 per diluted share, and (\$5.6) million, or (\$0.27) per diluted share, for the third quarter of 2006 and 2005, respectively.

Revenues for the quarter ended August 31, 2006, were \$237.8 million, a decrease of \$39.9 million, compared to \$277.7 million in 2005. Revenues decreased in the North American Region (\$40.8 million) principally due to a decrease in the insurance replacement business as well as a decline in the indirect channel business. Revenues increased by \$0.9 million in the Latin American Region principally due to increases in Chile and Miami, partially offset by a decline in Mexico. Gross profit increased from \$12.8 million (4.6% of revenues) in the third quarter of 2005 to \$16.4 million (6.9% of revenues) in the third quarter of 2006. Gross profit increased as a percentage of revenues in North America primarily due to better margins in the regional carrier group and indirect channel business and in Latin America primarily due to the Company s joint venture in Mexico. Selling, general and administrative expenses were \$12.4 million for the third quarter of 2006 (5.2% of revenues) compared to \$12.6 million for the third quarter of 2005 (4.5% of revenues).

On August 31, 2006, the Company entered into a term loan to provide the financing to purchase or redeem the Company s \$12.4 million of subordinated debt due January 2007.

Cautionary Statements

The Company s future performance is subject to a variety of risks, which are described more fully in Item 1A of the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended November 30, 2005, and which include the following: the Company s ability to implement its business strategies, manage cost-reduction actions, maintain its channels of distribution, continue to secure an adequate supply of competitive products on a timely basis and on commercially reasonable terms, maintain or improve its operating margins, secure adequate financial resources, maintain an adequate system of internal control, comply with debt covenants, and continually turn its inventories and accounts receivable, as well as changes in foreign laws, regulations and tariffs, continued consolidation in the wireless market, new technologies, system implementation or continuation difficulties, competition, handset shortages or overages, terrorist acts or other unforeseen events, economic weakness in the U.S. and other countries in which the Company does business, as well as other business and risk factors. Any one, or a combination of these risk factors could cause our actual results to vary materially from anticipated results or other expectations expressed in the Company s forward-looking statements. In addition, please refer to the other information contained in this report, including the consolidated financial statements and the related notes.

Special Cautionary Notice Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

Certain of the matters discussed in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q may constitute forward-looking statements for purposes of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (as so amended the Exchange Act), and, as such, may involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. When used in this report, the words anticipates, estimates, believes, continues, expects, intends, may, might, could, should, and similar exprintended to be among the statements that identify forward-looking statements. Statements of various factors that could cause the actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to differ materially from the Company s expectations (Cautionary Statements) are disclosed in this report, including, without limitation, those statements made in conjunction with the forward-looking statements and otherwise herein. All forward-looking statements attributable to the Company are expressly qualified in their entirety by the Cautionary Statements.

Results of Operations

The following table sets forth certain unaudited consolidated statements of operations data for the Company expressed as a percentage of revenues for the three and nine months ended August 31, 2006 and 2005:

	Three r August		ended		Nine m August		nded	
	2006	,	2005		2006	,	2005	
Revenues	100.0	%	100.0		100.0		100.0	
Cost of sales	93.1		95.4		92.4		95.2	
Gross profit	6.9		4.6		7.6		4.8	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	5.2		4.5		5.6		5.1	
Occurtica income (loca)	17		0.1		2.0		(0.2	
Operating income (loss)	1.7		0.1		2.0		(0.3)
Other income (expense):								
Interest expense	(0.3)	(0.4)	(0.4)	(0.4)
Loss on sale of accounts receivable	(0.4)	(0.4)	(0.2)	(0.2)
Gain on sale of assets								
Minority interest	(0.3)			(0.3)		
Other, net								
Total other income (expense)	(1.0)	(0.8)	(0.9)	(0.6)
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income taxes	0.7		(0.7)	1.1		(0.9)
Provision for income taxes	0.3				0.3			
	0.4		(0.7		0.0		(0.0	
Income (loss) from continuing operations	0.4		(0.7)	0.8		(0.9)
Discontinued operations			(2.0)	0.1		(1.9)
Net income (loss)	0.4	%	(2.7)	0.9		(2.8)

Three Months Ended August 31, 2006, Compared to Three Months Ended August 31, 2005

Revenues. The Company s revenues decreased \$39.9 million, or 14.4%, from \$277.7 million in 2005 to \$237.8 million in 2006. The Company handled 2.8 million handsets (1.0 million consigned) in the third quarter of 2006 compared to 3.4 million handsets (1.2 million consigned) in the third quarter of 2005. The average selling price of handsets for the third quarter of 2006 was \$119 compared to \$113 in 2005 primarily due to a higher average selling price in the Company s Miami operations. In 2005, the operations major carrier customer in Colombia initiated aggressive promotions in the country consisting primarily of low end handsets.

North American Region revenues were \$88.7 million, a decrease of \$40.8 million, compared to \$129.5 million in 2005. This decrease in revenues is predominantly due to decreases in the region s insurance replacement business of \$34.9 million and indirect channel business of \$4.0 million. In the third quarter of 2006, the Company s insurance replacement business was impacted by the transition of a portion of the lock/line LLC business in April 2006.

Lock/line, previously our largest customer in the North American Region, accounted for \$3.5 million or approximately 4% of the North American Region revenues and 1% of consolidated revenues in the third quarter of 2006 and \$35.9 million or approximately 28% of the North American Region revenues and 13% of consolidated revenues in the third quarter of 2005. Based on the results in the third quarter of 2006, the Company now estimates that it will experience a 50% reduction in revenues from lock/line LLC in fiscal 2006 compared to fiscal 2005. The operating margin for lock/line LLC is comparable to other customers in the North American Region. The Company expects revenues from lock/line to be comparable to the third quarter of 2006 in future quarters. In addition, the Company s indirect channel business saw a decline in revenues as a result of consolidation of some of its customers as well as a shift of the business model from high volume low margin products to a higher margin model.

The Company s operations in the Latin American Region provided \$149.1 million of revenues in the third quarter of 2006, compared to \$148.2 million in 2005, a \$0.9 million increase. Revenues in Mexico were \$74.8 million in 2006 compared to \$84.7 million in 2005, a decrease of \$9.9 million. The Company continues to focus its efforts on the largest carrier in the country, Radio Movil Dipsa S.A. de C.V. (Telcel). In April 2005, in order to increase its activation business and further strengthen its relationship with Telcel, the Company s subsidiary in Mexico, Celular Express S.A. de C.V. (CELEX), invested in a joint venture with Soluciones Inalambricas S.A. de C.V. The joint venture, which operates under the name Comunicacion Inalambrica Inteligente, S.A. de C.V. (CII), provides handset distribution and activation services for Telcel through a national retailer. Revenues associated with Telcel, including the joint venture, were \$59.0 million in 2006 compared to \$60.3 million in 2005. The Mexico operations have seen a shift in the revenue mix from CELEX to the joint venture, which generally operates with higher margins. The decline in overall revenues in Mexico was due to lower revenues from CELEX. In 2005, CELEX benefited from the launch of new models, including the Motorola RAZR. Revenues in Miami were \$61.7 million in 2006 compared to \$59.8 million in 2005. The Miami operation continues to focus its efforts with its major carrier customer in Colombia, Telefonica. Revenues from Telefonica were \$45.3 million in 2006 compared to \$44.0 million in 2005. The Company s operations in Chile reported \$12.5 million in revenues in the third quarter of 2006 compared to \$3.7 million in 2005. During the third quarter of 2006, the Company s operations in Chile had increased sales to a major carrier customer. The major carrier customer was recently purchased and has initiated aggressive promotions in the country consisting primarily of low end handsets. The Company currently anticipates that this trend will continue in the near future and revenues for future quarters will be higher than the prior year comparable quarter.

The Company and Motorola, Inc. are currently renegotiating the distribution agreements in both the Latin American and North American Regions. The current distribution agreement for Latin America has been extended through October 31, 2006 and the North America agreement automatically renews monthly.

Gross Profit. Gross profit increased \$3.6 million from \$12.8 million in 2005 to \$16.4 million in 2006. Gross profit as a percentage of revenues was 6.9% for the quarter ended August 31, 2006, compared to 4.6% for the third quarter of 2005. Inventory obsolescence for the quarter ended August 31, 2006, was a recovery of \$0.4 million compared to an expense of \$0.8 million for the prior year quarter.

Gross profit, as well as gross profit percentage, in the North American Region increased from 2005. These increases were primarily due to better margins in the Company s regional carrier group and indirect channel businesses. In the regional carrier business, the Company continued to benefit from a popular Motorola product line, which includes the Motorola RAZR, as well as seasonal promotions. In the indirect channel, the Company was able to replace a portion of the traditionally low margin business with a major carrier customer s agents with new customers who purchased higher margin handsets.

Gross profit, as well as gross profit percentage, also increased in the Company s Latin American Region compared to 2005. These increases were primarily due to the Company s joint venture in Mexico. The Company s joint venture in Mexico has higher margins than our traditional business. Inventory obsolescence for the third quarter of 2006 was a recovery of \$0.4 million compared to an expense of \$0.8 million in 2005.

The Company continually negotiates with its vendors to receive price protection and other incentives. The Company recognizes these credits and incentives in the period the agreement is made so long as the terms are supported by a written agreement. If not supported by a written agreement, the Company recognizes these credits when received. These credits and incentives are applied against inventory or cost of goods sold, depending on whether the related inventory is on-hand or has been previously sold. The timing of receiving these written agreements can cause significant variations in quarterly gross profit.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses. Selling, general and administrative expenses decreased from \$12.6 million in 2005 to \$12.4 million in 2006. There was a reduction in payroll and benefits of \$0.4 million in the North American and Corporate segments combined as the Company continues to align overhead expenses with the remaining operations. There were also decreases in North America and Corporate in marketing (\$0.2 million), due to reductions in trade show expenses and property and facility expenses (\$0.4 million), due to assets becoming fully depreciated as well as the move of the Company s corporate headquarters; travel expenses (\$0.2 million) as well as other general administrative expenses (\$0.1 million). These decreases were partially offset by increases in Latin America primarily due to an increase in payroll and benefits (\$0.8 million) primarily due to the joint venture.

Interest Expense. Interest expense in 2006 was \$0.6 million compared to \$1.1 million in 2005. Included in interest expense is the amortization of loan costs which decreased from \$321 thousand in 2005 to \$43 thousand in 2006. This decrease in amortization is due to the extension of the agreement in March 2006.

Loss on sale of accounts receivable. The Company recognized \$0.9 million in losses on sales of accounts receivable in the third quarter of 2006 compared to \$1.1 million in the prior year. The Company has agreements with financing companies whereby it may sell, without recourse, trade receivables from certain of its carrier customers.

Minority Interest. The Company recognized \$0.8 million of expense for the quarter ended August 31, 2006 associated with the CII joint venture in the Company s Mexico operations which began operating in the third quarter of 2005.

Income Taxes. Income tax expense was \$0.8 million in 2006 compared to zero expense in 2005. Although the Company had a loss before income taxes in 2005, the Company did not recognize a benefit for the operating losses as the Company did not consider it more likely than not that the benefit of the operating losses would be realized. For 2006, the Company expects to utilize net operating tax loss carryforwards to offset any 2006 tax liability except for certain minimum taxes, withholding taxes and taxes relating to the Company s joint venture CII. Taxes are provided on CII at the statutory rate as the Company does not have net operating loss carryforwards related to CII.

Discontinued Operations. As discussed in Note 7 to the Consolidated Financial Statements, the Company exited the Asia-Pacific Region in 2005.

Nine Months Ended August 31, 2006, Compared to Nine Months Ended August 31, 2005

Revenues. The Company s revenues decreased \$106.2 million, or 13.9%, from \$766.5 million in 2005 to \$660.3 million in 2006. The Company handled 8.2 million handsets (3.6 million consigned) in the first nine months of 2006 compared to 9.1 million handsets (2.7 million consigned) in the first nine months of 2005. The increase of 0.9 million in consigned units is primarily due to a customer in the North American Region for which the Company provided increased fulfillment services to support the customer s promotions. The average selling price of handsets for the first nine months of 2006 was \$126 compared to \$111 in 2005 primarily due to a decrease in revenues in the Miami operations. In 2005, the Miami operations were 30% of consolidated revenues compared to 22% in 2006. Revenues from the Miami operations primarily are derived from the sale of low-end handsets.

North American Region revenues were \$313.0 million, a decrease of \$23.0 million, compared to \$336.0 million in 2005. This decrease in revenues is predominantly due to a decrease in the Company s insurance replacement business of \$42.5 million as a result of the transition of a portion of the lock/line LLC business in April 2006, as well as in the indirect channel business as a result of consolidation of some of its customers as well as a shift of the business model from high volume low margin products to a higher margin model. These decreases were partially offset by an increase in the region s regional carrier group business of \$32.8 million.

In the first nine months of 2006, the Company s regional carrier customers conducted new model, as well as seasonal, promotions. One of the primary models that has been successful over the first half of the year has been the Motorola RAZR, which carries a higher average selling price. In addition, the Company continued to benefit from its second quarter of 2005 expansion of its relationship with one of its regional carrier group customers to include some of the Company s logistics solutions.

Lock/line LLC, previously our largest customer in the North American Region, accounted for \$115.0 million or 25% of our fiscal 2005 revenue in the North American Region and contributed 12% of our revenues on a consolidated basis. We provide new and refurbished handsets as replacements for lock/line s insured customers and we facilitate the return process for the end user. Lock/line LLC completed its merger with Asurion Corporation effective January 1, 2006. Asurion performs its own return and replacement process in-house. In March 2006, the Company announced it had been notified by Asurion Corporation of its intent to take in-house some of the business previously performed by the Company, starting in the second quarter of 2006.

Lock/line accounted for \$48.2 million or approximately 15% of the North American Region revenues and 7% of consolidated revenues in the first nine months of 2006 and \$83.9 million or 25% and 11% of the North American Region and consolidated revenues, respectively, for the first nine months of 2005. Based on the results in the third quarter of 2006, the Company now estimates that it will experience a 50% reduction in revenues from lock/line LLC in fiscal 2006 compared to fiscal 2005. The operating margin for lock/line LLC is comparable to other customers in the North American Region.

The Company s operations in the Latin American Region provided \$347.2 million of revenues in the first nine months of 2006, compared to \$430.5 million in the same period in 2005, an \$83.3 million decrease, primarily due to a decline of \$86.4 million in the Company s operations in Miami. Miami revenues decreased from \$228.7 million in 2005 to \$142.3 million in 2006, primarily due to a reduction in revenue from the major carrier customer in Colombia. In 2005, the Company expanded its relationship with the carrier in support of the carrier's technology transition from CDMA to GSM. The major carrier customer in Colombia was acquired by Telefonica in January 2005. Telefonica immediately initiated aggressive promotions in the country consisting primarily of low end handsets supplied by the Company s Miami operations. We believe that the transition to GSM was substantially completed in 2005. Revenues from this customer were \$142.2 million in 2005 compared to \$91.0 million in 2006. The Company anticipates that revenues from this customer in future periods will be comparable to the 2006 levels. Revenues in Mexico were \$187.4 million in 2006 compared to \$186.5 million in 2005. The Company continues to focus its efforts on the largest carrier in the country, Telcel. In April 2005, in order to increase its activation business and further strengthen its relationship with Telcel, CELEX invested in CII. The joint venture provides handset distribution and activation services for Telcel through a national retailer. Revenues associated with Telcel, including the joint venture, were \$136.1 million in 2006 compared to \$128.3 million in 2005. The Mexico operations have seen a shift in the revenue mix from CELEX to the joint venture, which generally operates with higher margins. Revenues from the Company s operations in Chile were \$17.5 million in 2006 compared to \$15.3 million in 2005. During the third quarter of 2006, the Company s operations in Chile had increased sales to a major carrier customer. The major carrier customer was recently purchased and has initiated aggressive promotions in the country consisting primarily of low end handsets. The Company expects revenues in Chile to increase relative to prior quarters in future periods.

Gross Profit. Gross profit increased \$14.1 million from \$36.4 million in 2005 to \$50.5 million in 2006. Gross profit as a percentage of revenues was 7.6% for the first nine months of 2006, compared to 4.8% for the first nine months of 2005.

Gross profit, as well as gross profit percentage, in the North American Region increased from 2005. These increases were primarily due to increased revenues and better margins in the Company s regional carrier group and better margins in the indirect channel group. In the regional carrier business, carrier customers conducted new model promotions and the Company purchased certain products at the end of November and early December in anticipation of sales in January and February in order to take advantage of certain manufacturer pricing and volume incentives. In the indirect channel, the Company was able to replace a portion of the traditionally low margin business with a major carrier customer s agents with new customers who purchased higher margin handsets.

Gross profit, as well as gross profit percentage, increased in the Company s Latin American Region compared to 2005. These increases were primarily due to the Company s joint venture in Mexico and the receipt of vendor credits. The Company s joint venture in Mexico has higher margins than our traditional business. The margins in the operations in Mexico also increased due to the receipt of vendor credits. This increase in gross profit was partially offset by a decline in Miami. This decline was primarily due to the decline in revenues with the major carrier customer in Colombia partially offset by the receipt of vendor credits. However, there was an increase in the Miami gross profit percentage as the business with the major carrier customer has a low gross profit percentage.

The Company continually negotiates with its vendors to receive price protection and other incentives. The Company recognizes these credits and incentives in the period the agreement is made so long as the terms are supported by a written agreement. If not supported by a written agreement, the Company recognizes these credits when received. These credits and incentives are applied against inventory or cost of goods sold, depending on whether the related inventory is on-hand or has been previously sold. The timing of receiving these written agreements can cause significant variations in quarterly gross profit.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses. Selling, general and administrative expenses decreased from \$38.8 million in 2005 to \$36.9 million in 2006. During the second quarter of 2006, the Company favorably settled a liability relating to a theft of consigned inventory in 2001 resulting in a recovery of \$1.4 million. The Company had recognized expenses of \$1.8 million in prior years related to this theft. In addition, there was a reduction in payroll and benefits of \$1.3 million in the North American and Corporate segments combined as the Company continues to align overhead expenses with the remaining operations. There were also decreases in North America and Corporate in marketing (\$0.6 million), due to reductions in trade show expenses; travel expenses (\$0.5 million); property and facility expenses (\$1.0 million), due to assets being fully depreciated as well as the move of the Company s corporate headquarters; and decreases in various other administrative expenses totaling \$0.6 million. These decreases were partially offset by increases in Latin America due to the amortization of the intangible asset related to CII (\$1.0 million), as well as an increase in payroll and benefits of \$1.8 million primarily due to the joint venture in Mexico. Bad debt expense for the first nine months of 2006 was \$0.2 million compared to a recovery of \$0.6 million in 2005. The increase in bad debt expense of \$0.8 million was primarily due to a recovery of \$0.5 million in 2005 in the North American Region due to a payment received on an account previously reserved.

Interest Expense. Interest expense in 2006 was \$2.8 million compared to \$2.9 million in the prior year.

Loss on sale of accounts receivable. The Company recognized \$1.8 million and \$1.9 million in losses on sales of accounts receivable in the first nine months of 2006 and 2005, respectively. The Company has agreements with financing companies whereby it may sell, without recourse, trade receivables from certain of its carrier customers.

Minority Interest. The Company recognized \$2.0 million of expense for the nine months ended August 31, 2006, associated with the CII joint venture in the Company s Mexico operations which began operating in the third quarter of 2005.

Income Taxes. Income tax expense was \$2.3 million in 2006 compared to zero expense in 2005. Although the Company had a loss before income taxes in 2005, the Company did not recognize a benefit for the operating losses as the Company did not consider it more likely than not that the benefit of the operating losses would be realized. For 2006, the Company expects to utilize net operating tax loss carryforwards to offset any 2006 tax liability except for certain minimum taxes, withholding taxes and taxes relating to the Company s joint venture CII. Taxes are provided on CII at the statutory rate as the Company does not have net operating loss carryforwards related to CII.

Discontinued Operations. As discussed in Note 7 to the Consolidated Financial Statements, the Company exited the Asia-Pacific Region in 2005. In conjunction with the sale of the Company s operations in the PRC in 2005, the Company maintained the right to pursue certain claims against certain manufacturers. In the second quarter of 2006, the Company recovered \$0.7 million related to one of these claims.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

		Payments Due I Less than	By Period One to	Four to	More than
	Total	One Year	Three Years	Five Years	Five Years
Continuing operations					
Revolving credit facility (variable					
interest, 8.25% at August 31, 2006)	\$ 23,977		23,977		
12% Senior subordinated notes	12,374	1,074	1,300	10,000	
Operating leases	3,348	1,865	1,387	96	
Total contractual obligations	39,699	2,939	26,664	10,096	

The following table summarizes the Company s contractual obligations at August 31, 2006, (amounts in thousands):

The Company was able to utilize funds generated from each of the respective operations, trade credit lines available from its suppliers, borrowings under the Company s revolving credit facility, and factoring of accounts receivable to meet its financing needs during the quarter ended August 31, 2006. The Company is dependent on maintaining open vendor trade credit lines on reasonable terms. The Company believes the current credit lines will allow it to meet its anticipated product needs from Motorola and other vendors. Interruption of these lines could have a material adverse impact on the Company s business.

Based upon current and forecasted operating results, the Company anticipates that its cash flow from operations, together with amounts available under its credit facilities and existing cash balances, will be adequate to meet its anticipated cash requirements for at least the next twelve months. In the event that existing cash balances, cash flows and available borrowings under the credit facilities are not sufficient to meet future cash requirements, the Company may be required to reduce planned expenditures or seek additional financing. We cannot assure you that reductions in planned expenditures would be sufficient to cover shortfalls in available cash or that additional financing would be available or, if available, offered on terms acceptable to us.

In North America, the credit terms granted by the Company generally coincide with the credit terms it receives from its vendors except for lock/line LLC, whose terms generally exceeded by 30 days the terms received from the Company s vendors. In the Latin America Region, the Company s credit terms frequently exceed by 30 to 60 days the terms received from the Company s vendors and as a result the Company factors receivables as necessary to make payments to its vendors. Compared to November 30, 2005, accounts receivable decreased from \$98.4 million to \$72.1 million at August 31, 2006. The average accounts receivable balance for the quarter ended November 30, 2005, was \$89.0 million compared to \$70.5 million for the quarter ended August 31, 2006. Accounts receivable days sales outstanding for the period ended August 31, 2006, based on monthly accounts receivable balances, were 27.0, compared to 36.7 for the period ended November 30, 2005. Excluding workout accounts of \$37.6 million which relate to sales in prior years and which are fully reserved, 95% of the Company s trade accounts receivable at August 31, 2006 were current. North America accounts receivable decreased by \$14.0 million primarily due to the decline in the business with lock/line LLC. Accounts receivable have decreased by \$9.7 million and \$4.6 million in the Mexico and Miami operations, respectively, primarily due to the timing of the sale of accounts receivable. Inventories decreased to \$71.8 million at August 31, 2006, from \$81.5 million at November 30, 2005, primarily due to a decrease of \$16.4 million in the Company s North American Region. The decline in North America is primarily a result of the decrease in business with lock/line LLC. Inventories increased \$6.6 million in Chile in anticipation of increased revenues to a major carrier customer. Inventory turns for the period ended August 31, 2006, based on monthly inventory balances, were 10.3 turns, compared to 10.8 for the period ended November 30, 2005. Accounts payable decreased to \$120.0 million at August 31, 2006, compared to \$146.3 million at November 30, 2005, primarily due to a decrease of \$27.6 million in North America partially offset by an increase of \$1.3 million in the Company s Latin America operations due to the increased business with a carrier customer in Chile.

At November 30, 2005, the Company had an \$85.0 million Facility with a bank that was to expire in November 2006, or in the event that the Company refinanced its 12% Senior Subordinated Notes (the Senior Notes), the Facility was to expire September 2007. On March 31, 2006, the Company entered into an Amended & Restated Loan and Security Agreement (the Amended Facility) with the bank, which extended the term of the Facility until September 27, 2009. The borrowing rate under the Amended Facility was reduced from prime plus 0.5% to prime for the prime rate option and London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) plus 3.5% to LIBOR plus 2.5% for the LIBOR option.

The Amended Facility is considered a current liability as the lender has dominion over cash receipts related to the Company s domestic operations, and the Amended Facility contains an acceleration clause that the lenders could choose to invoke if the Company were to commit an event of default. Funding under the Amended Facility is limited by a borrowing base test, which is measured weekly on eligible domestic accounts receivable and inventory. The Amended Facility is secured by a pledge of 100% of the outstanding stock of all U.S. subsidiaries and 65% of the outstanding stock of all first tier foreign subsidiaries as defined by the Amended Facility. The Amended Facility is further secured by the Company s domestic accounts receivable, inventory, property, plant and equipment and all other domestic real property and intangible assets. The Amended Facility contains, among other provisions, covenants relating to the maintenance of certain financial ratios, and restrictions on dividend payments, entering into additional debt, mergers and acquisitions and disposition of assets. As of August 31, 2006, the Company used cash flow from operations for the nine months ended August 31, 2006, of \$22.0 million at November 30, 2005. The Company used cash flow from operations for the nine months ended August 31, 2006, of \$22.0 million to reduce the amount outstanding under the Amended Facility. The Company had additional borrowing availability under the Amended Facility of \$12.8 million at August 31, 2006, compared to \$18.2 million at November 30, 2005. The Company experienced a decline in the borrowing base since November 30, 2005, primarily due to the decline in the business with lock/line LLC. The borrowing base is calculated based upon eligible domestic accounts receivable and inventory. The Company experienced a similar decline in the need for working capital as a result of the lock/line LLC transition. Future growth in the domestic business should result in an increase in the borrowing base.

At September 29, 2006, the Company had borrowed \$32.4 million at an interest rate of 8.25% and had additional borrowing availability of \$4.9 million under the Amended Facility.

On July 6, 2006, the Company finalized an amendment to its Amended Facility, modifying certain terms and conditions of the Amended Facility to allow the Company s operations in Chile to factor certain receivables in order to provide working capital to those operations.

On August 31, 2006, the Company finalized an amendment to its Amended Facility to allow the Company to enter into a term loan to provide funding to redeem its Senior Notes.

On October 4, 2006, the Company obtained a waiver from the bank for the Company exceeding its factoring limit in Mexico. Without this waiver, the Company would not have been in compliance with the covenant.

At August 31, 2006, and November 30, 2005, the Company had outstanding \$12.4 million of Senior Notes due January 2007 bearing interest at 12%, payable in cash in arrears semi-annually on February 15 and August 15. The Senior Notes were issued as part of a troubled debt restructuring in 2002, and accordingly the future interest payments were accrued at the restructuring date. At August 31, 2006, and November 30, 2005, the Company had \$0.6 million and \$2.1 million, respectively, of interest accrued for future interest payments. The Senior Notes contain certain covenants that restrict the Company s ability to incur additional indebtedness; make investments, loans and advances; declare dividends or certain other distributions; create liens; enter into sale-leaseback transactions; consolidate; merge; sell assets and enter into transactions with a