RANGE RESOURCES CORP Form 8-K August 12, 2010

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 Date of report (Date of earliest event reported): August 12, 2010 RANGE RESOURCES CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of

incorporation)

001-12209 (Commission File Number)

34-1312571 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

76102

(Zip Code)

100 Throckmorton Street, Suite 1200 Fort Worth, Texas

(Address of principal executive offices)

Registrant s telephone number, including area code: (817) 870-2601

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report): Not applicable

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions (see General Instruction A.2. below):

o Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)

o Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)

- o Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- o Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4©)

Item 1.01 Entry Into a Material Definitive Agreement.

On August 12, 2010, Range Resources Corporation (Range) completed the public offering of \$500 million aggregate principal amount of 6 3/4% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2020 (the Notes), which are fully and unconditionally guaranteed on a senior subordinated basis by the following subsidiaries of Range (collectively, the Subsidiary Guarantors):

American Energy Systems, LLC; Energy Assets Operating Company, LLC; Oil & Gas Title Abstracting, LLC; Range Energy Services Company, LLC; Range Gathering & Processing Company, LLC; Range Operating New Mexico, LLC; Range Production Company; Range Resources Appalachia, LLC; Range Resources Midcontinent, LLC; Range Resources Pine Mountain, Inc.; and Range Texas Production, LLC.

The terms of the Notes are governed by the Indenture, dated as of August 12, 2010 (the Indenture), by and among Range, the Subsidiary Guarantors and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as trustee (the Trustee), as supplemented by the First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of August 12, 2010 (the Supplemental Indenture). The notes will mature on August 1, 2020. Interest will accrue from August 12, 2010, and the first interest payment date will be February 1, 2011. Range may redeem some or all of the notes at any time on or after August 1, 2015 at the redemption prices specified in the Supplemental Indenture. Range may also redeem up to 35% of the Notes using all or a portion of the net proceeds of certain public sales of equity interests completed before August 1, 2013. Range may also redeem the notes prior to August 1, 2015 upon payment of the make-whole premium specified in the Supplemental Indenture. If Range sells certain of its assets or upon the occurrence of certain changes in control, Range must offer to repurchase the notes. The notes are unsecured, and are subordinated to all of Range s existing and future senior debt, rank equally with all of Range s existing and future senior subordinated debt and rank senior to all of Range s existing and future subordinated debt. Other material terms of the Notes, the Indenture and the Supplemental Indenture are described in the prospectus supplement, dated July 29, 2010, as filed by Range and the Subsidiary Guarantors with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the Commission) on July 30, 2010. The foregoing descriptions of the Indenture and Supplemental Indenture are qualified in their entirety by reference to such Indenture and Supplemental Indenture, copies of which are filed herewith as Exhibits 4.1 and 4.2, respectively, and are incorporated herein by reference.

Range and the Subsidiary Guarantors registered the sale of the Notes and the underlying guarantees with the Commission pursuant to a Registration Statement on Form S-3 filed on July 29, 2010.

The Notes were sold pursuant to an Underwriting Agreement, dated July 29, 2010 (the Underwriting Agreement), by and among J.P. Morgan Securities Inc., Banc of America Securities LLC and Wells Fargo Securities, LLC, as representatives of the several underwriters named therein, Range, and the Subsidiary Guarantors. The Underwriting Agreement was filed as Exhibit 1.1 to Range s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Commission on August 3, 2010.

Item 2.03 Creation of a Direct Financial Obligation or an Obligation under an Off-Balance Sheet Arrangement.

The information provided under Item 1.01 in this Current Report on Form 8-K regarding the Notes, the Indenture, the Supplemental Indenture and the related guarantees is incorporated by reference into this Item 2.03.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits. (d) Exhibits.

Exhibit Number	Description
4.1	Indenture, dated August 12, 2010, among Range Resources Corporation, the subsidiary guarantors named therein and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as trustee.
4.2	First Supplemental Indenture, dated August 12, 2010, among Range Resources Corporation, the subsidiary guarantors named therein and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as trustee, including the form of 6 3/4% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2020.
5.1	Opinion of Vinson & Elkins L.L.P.
23.1	Consent of Vinson & Elkins L.L.P. (included in Exhibit 5.1) -3-

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

RANGE RESOURCES CORPORATION

By: /s/ Roger S. Manny Roger S. Manny *Chief Financial Officer*

Date: August 12, 2010

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EXHIBIT INDEX

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> 0.0% 0.0%	

Total

\$659,405 100.0% \$482,864 100.0%

Based upon our investment rating system, the weighted average rating of our LMM portfolio was approximately 2.2 as of December 31, 2013 and 2.1 as of December 31, 2012.

For the total Investment Portfolio, as of December 31, 2013, we had two investments with positive fair value on non-accrual status which comprised approximately 2.3% of the total Investment Portfolio at fair value and 4.7% of the total Investment Portfolio at cost and no fully impaired investments. For the total Investment Portfolio, as of December 31, 2012, we had no investments with positive fair value on non-accrual status and one fully impaired investment which comprised approximately 0.2% of the total portfolio investments at cost, excluding the investment in the affiliated Internal Investment Manager.

The broader fundamentals of the United States economy remain mixed, and unemployment remains elevated. In the event that the United States economy contracts, it is likely that the financial results of small- to mid-sized companies, like those in which we invest, could experience deterioration or limited growth from current levels, which could ultimately lead to difficulty in meeting their debt

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service requirements and an increase in defaults. Consequently, we can provide no assurance that the performance of certain portfolio companies will not be negatively impacted by economic cycles or other conditions, which could also have a negative impact on our future results.

DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Comparison of years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

	Twelve Months Ended December 31,					Net Chang	ge
		2013		2012	Aı	nount	%
			(do	ollars in m	nillior	15)	
Total investment income	\$	116.5	\$	90.5	\$	26.0	29%
Total expenses		(41.1)		(31.2)		(9.9)	32%
Net investment income		75.4		59.3		16.1	27%
Net realized gain from investments		7.3		16.5		(9.2)	(56)%
Net realized loss from SBIC debentures		(4.8)				(4.8)	
Net realized income Net change in unrealized appreciation from: Portfolio investments		77.9 16.2		75.8 44.7		2.1 (28.5)	3% (64)%
SBIC debentures, marketable securities and idle funds and investment in the Internal Investment Manager		2.8		(5.2)		8.0	
Total net change in unrealized appreciation Income tax provision Noncontrolling interest		19.0		39.5 (10.8) (0.1)		(20.5) 10.8 0.1	(52)%
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations attributable to common stock	\$	96.9	\$	104.4	\$	(7.5)	(7)%

	Twelve Months Ended December 31,					Net Chan	ge
	2	2013	2	2012	An	nount	%
			(da	ollars in	millio	ons)	
Net investment income	\$	75.4	\$	59.3	\$	16.1	27%
Share-based compensation expense		4.2		2.6		1.6	64%
Distributable net investment income(a)		79.6		61.9		17.7	29%
Net realized gain from investments		7.3		16.5		(9.2)	(56)%
Net realized loss from SBIC debentures		(4.8)				(4.8)	
Distributable net realized income(a)		82.1		78.4		3.7	5%

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Distributable net investment income per share Basic and diluted(a)(b)	\$	2.17	\$	2.09	\$	0.08	4%			
Distributable net realized income per share Basic and diluted(a)(b)	\$	2.24	\$	2.65	\$	(0.41)	(15)%			

(a)

Distributable net investment income and distributable net realized income are net investment income and net realized income, respectively, as determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP, excluding the impact of share-based compensation expense which is non-cash in nature. We believe presenting distributable net investment income and

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distributable net realized income, and related per share amounts, is useful and appropriate supplemental disclosure of information for analyzing our financial performance since share-based compensation does not require settlement in cash. However, distributable net investment income and distributable net realized income are non-U.S. GAAP measures and should not be considered as a replacement to net investment income, net realized income, and other earnings measures presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Instead, distributable net investment income and distributable net realized income should be reviewed only in connection with such U.S. GAAP measures in analyzing our financial performance. A reconciliation of net investment income and net realized income in accordance with U.S. GAAP to distributable net investment income and distributable net realized income is presented in the table above.

(b)

Per share amounts exclude the earnings attributable to the noncontrolling equity interests in MSC II not owned by Main Street for the periods prior to the completion of the Final MSC II Exchange during the first quarter of 2012.

Investment Income

For the year ended December 31, 2013, total investment income was \$116.5 million, a 29% increase over the \$90.5 million of total investment income for the corresponding period of 2012. This comparable period increase was principally attributable to (i) a \$22.4 million increase in interest income from higher average levels of portfolio debt investments and increased activity in the Investment Portfolio and (ii) a \$3.9 million increase in dividend income from Investment Portfolio equity investments, partially offset by a \$0.3 million decrease in interest and dividend income from Marketable securities and idle funds investments. The \$26.0 million increase in investment income in the year ended December 31, 2013 includes a \$1.7 million decrease in the amount of non-recurring investment income associated with debt repayment and financing activities of LMM portfolio investments included in investment income, partially offset by a \$1.1 million increase in the amount of investment income related to higher accelerated prepayment and repricing activity of certain Middle Market and Private Loan portfolio debt investments in each case for the year ended December 31, 2013, when compared to the same period in 2012.

Expenses

For the year ended December 31, 2013, total expenses increased to \$41.1 million from \$31.2 million for the corresponding period of 2012. This comparable period increase in expenses was principally attributable to (i) a \$4.6 million increase in interest expense, (ii) higher compensation and related expenses of \$2.1 million, primarily as a result of additional personnel compared to the same period in the prior year, (iii) a \$1.6 million increase in other general and administrative expenses and (iv) an increase of \$1.6 million in share-based compensation, primarily due to \$1.3 million of expense associated with the accelerated vesting of all the unvested shares of restricted stock in connection with the retirement of our former Executive Vice Chairman during the year ended December 31, 2013. The \$4.6 million increase in interest expense was primarily a result of (i) a \$4.4 million increase primarily related to the issuance of the 6.125% Notes ("the Notes") in April 2013 and (ii) a \$1.3 million increase related to a higher average outstanding balance on the Credit Facility, partially offset by a \$1.1 million decrease related to prepayments on our Small Business Investment Company ("SBIC") debentures and lower average interest rates on the SBIC debentures. The ratio of our total operating expenses, excluding interest expense and excluding the effect of the accelerated vesting of restricted stock of our former Executive Vice Chairman discussed above, as a percentage of our average total assets was 1.7% for the year ended December 31, 2013, compared to 1.8% for the prior year. Including the effect of the

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accelerated vesting of restricted stock of our former Executive Vice Chairman, the ratio would have been 1.8% for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Distributable Net Investment Income

Distributable net investment income increased \$17.7 million to \$79.6 million, or \$2.17 per share, compared with \$61.9 million, or \$2.09 per share, in the corresponding period of 2012. The increase in distributable net investment income was primarily due to the higher level of total investment income partially offset by higher interest and other operating expenses, due to the changes discussed above. The distributable net investment income on a per share basis for the year ended December 31, 2013 reflects the impact of a greater number of average shares outstanding compared to the corresponding period in 2012 primarily due to the June 2012, December 2012 and August 2013 follow-on equity offerings.

Net Investment Income

Net investment income for the year ended December 31, 2013 was \$75.4 million, or a 27% increase, compared to net investment income of \$59.3 million for the corresponding period of 2012. The increase in net investment income was principally attributable to the increase in total investment income partially offset by higher interest and other operating expenses as discussed above.

Distributable Net Realized Income

Distributable net realized income was \$82.1 million, or \$2.24 per share, for the year ended December 31, 2013 compared with \$78.4 million, or \$2.65 per share, in the corresponding period of 2012. The \$3.7 million increase was primarily attributable to higher distributable net investment income in the year ended December 31, 2013 compared to the corresponding period of 2012 as discussed above, partially offset by (i) a decrease in net realized gain from investments of \$9.2 million, to \$7.3 million in 2013 from \$16.5 million in prior year, and (ii) a realized loss of \$4.8 million on the repayment of certain SBIC debentures issued to MSC II which had been accounted for on the fair value method of accounting under ASC 825. The \$7.3 million net realized gain on investments during the year ended December 31, 2013 was primarily attributable to (i) a realized gain of \$11.3 million on the full exit of two LMM equity investments, (ii) realized gains of \$1.0 million on the partial exits of several LMM investments, (iii) net realized gains on several Middle Market and Marketable securities and idle funds investments totaling \$1.9 million, partially offset by (i) realized losses of \$2.6 million on the restructuring of a LMM equity investment and 1.8 million on the full exit of one LMM investment, respectively, and (ii) the realized loss of \$1.8 million on the full exit of one Middle Market investment.

Net Realized Income

The lower net realized gain from investments and the realized loss from the SBIC debentures, partially offset by the higher net investment income, in the year ended December 31, 2013 compared to the corresponding period of 2012, in each case as discussed above, resulted in a \$2.1 million increase in net realized income compared with the corresponding period of 2012.

Net Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations Attributable to Common Stock

The net increase in net assets resulting from operations attributable to common stock during the year ended December 31, 2013 was \$96.9 million, or \$2.65 per share, compared with \$104.4 million, or \$3.53 per share, in the corresponding period of 2012. This \$7.5 million decrease from the comparable period in the prior year was primarily the result of the \$20.5 million difference in the net change in unrealized appreciation to \$19.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2013, compared to \$39.5 million for the comparable period in the prior year, partially offset by (i) a \$10.8 million decrease

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in the net income tax provision and (ii) the \$2.1 million increase in net realized income due to the factors discussed above, both for the year ended December 31, 2013 in comparison to the comparable period in the prior year. The total net change in unrealized appreciation for the year ended December 31, 2013 of \$19.0 million included (i) \$16.2 million of net unrealized appreciation from portfolio investments and (ii) the net unrealized appreciation of \$4.4 million on the SBIC debentures, which resulted from the \$4.8 million of accounting reversals of prior unrealized depreciation on the SBIC debentures in conjunction with the realized loss on the repayment of the SBIC debentures as discussed above, partially offset by net unrealized depreciation of \$0.4 million on the remaining SBIC debentures held by MSC II, partially offset by the net unrealized depreciation from Marketable securities and idle funds investments of \$1.7 million. The \$16.2 million net change in unrealized appreciation from portfolio investments for the year ended December 31, 2013 was principally attributable to (i) unrealized appreciation on 37 LMM portfolio investments totaling \$60.6 million, partially offset by unrealized depreciation on 15 LMM portfolio investments totaling \$38.8 million, (ii) \$3.7 million of net unrealized appreciation on Middle Market investments, (iii) \$1.1 million of net unrealized appreciation on the External Investment Manager and (iv) \$2.2 million of net unrealized appreciation on the Other Portfolio investments, partially offset by accounting reversals of net unrealized appreciation from prior periods of \$12.8 million related to portfolio investment exits and repayments. The net income tax benefit for the year ended December 31, 2013 related to a deferred tax benefit of \$3.6 million, partially offset by an income tax provision on other taxes of \$3.6 million. The deferred taxes related primarily to net unrealized depreciation on equity investments held in our Taxable Subsidiaries. The other taxes include \$1.8 million related to an accrual for excise tax on our estimated spillover taxable income and \$1.8 million related to accruals for state and other taxes.

Comparison of years ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011

	Years Ended December 31,					ge	
		2012		2011	Ar	nount	%
			(do	llars in n	nillion	ns)	
Total investment income	\$	90.5	\$	66.2	\$	24.3	37%
Total expenses		(31.2)		(26.9)		(4.3)	16%
Net investment income		59.3		39.3		20.0	51%
Net realized gain from investments		16.5		2.7		13.8	
		75.0		42.0		22.0	0107
Net realized income		75.8		42.0		33.8	81%
Net change in unrealized appreciation from investments		44.5		34.9		9.6	27%
Net change in unrealized appreciation from SBIC debentures and investment in the Internal							
Investment Manager		(5.0)		(6.5)		1.5	(23)%
Income tax provision		(10.8)		(6.3)		(4.5)	72%
Noncontrolling interest		(0.1)		(1.1)		1.0	
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations attributable to common stock	\$	104.4	\$	63.0	\$	41.4	66%

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	Years Ended December 31,				Net Change			
		2012	2	011	Amount		%	
	(dollars in r				nillioı			
Net investment income	\$	59.3	\$	39.3	\$	20.0	51%	
Share-based compensation expense		2.6		2.0		0.6	25%	
Distributable net investment income(a)		61.9		41.3		20.6	50%	
Net realized gain from investments		16.5		2.7		13.8		
Distributable net realized income(a)	\$	78.4	\$	44.0	\$	34.4	78%	
Distributable net investment income per share Basic and diluted(a)(b)	\$	2.09	\$	1.77	\$	0.32	18%	
Distributable net realized income per share Basic and diluted(a)(b)	\$	2.65	\$	1.89	\$	0.76	40%	

(a)

Distributable net investment income and distributable net realized income are net investment income and net realized income, respectively, as determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP, excluding the impact of share-based compensation expense which is non-cash in nature. We believe presenting distributable net investment income and distributable net realized income, and related per share amounts, is useful and appropriate supplemental disclosure of information for analyzing our financial performance since share-based compensation does not require settlement in cash. However, distributable net investment income and distributable net realized income, and related per realized income are non-U.S. GAAP measures and should not be considered as a replacement to net investment income, net realized income, and other earnings measures presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Instead, distributable net investment income and distributable net realized income and net realized income and net realized income in analyzing our financial performance and distributable net realized income and net realized income in accordance with U.S. GAAP measures in analyzing our financial performance. A reconciliation of net investment income and net realized income in accordance with U.S. GAAP to distributable net investment income and distributable net realized income and net realized income in accordance with U.S. GAAP to distributable net investment income and distributable net realized income is presented in the table above.

(b)

Per share amounts exclude the earnings attributable to the noncontrolling equity interests in MSC II not owned by Main Street for the periods prior to the completion of the Final MSC II Exchange during the first quarter of 2012.

Investment Income

For the year ended December 31, 2012, total investment income was \$90.5 million, a \$24.3 million, or 37%, increase over the \$66.2 million for the corresponding period of 2011. This comparable period increase was principally attributable to (i) a \$19.1 million increase in interest income from increased activity in the investment portfolio and higher average levels of portfolio debt investments and interest-bearing marketable securities investments, (ii) a \$3.2 million increase in dividend income from portfolio equity investments and (iii) a \$2.0 million increase in fee income due to the increased activity in and size of the investment portfolio. The increase in investment income included (i) \$1.8 million of non-recurring investment income during the first quarter of 2012 associated with repayment and financing activities for two LMM portfolio investments, (ii) a \$3.2 million increase in investment income associated with higher levels of accelerated prepayment activity for certain Middle Market portfolio debt investments and marketable securities investments in comparison to 2011 and (iii) special dividend activity of \$1.4 million in the fourth quarter of 2012.

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Expenses

For the year ended December 31, 2012, total expenses increased by approximately \$4.3 million, or 16%, to \$31.2 million from \$26.9 million for the corresponding period of 2011. This comparable period increase in expenses was principally attributable to (i) higher interest expense of \$2.1 million as a result of the net issuance of an additional \$5 million in SBIC debentures subsequent to December 31, 2011, increased borrowing activity under the Credit Facility and higher unused fees associated with the increased commitments under the Credit Facility, (ii) higher share-based compensation expense of \$0.5 million related to non-cash amortization for restricted share grants, and (iii) higher compensation and expenses of \$1.7 million related to increases in personnel and incentive compensation compared to the corresponding period of 2011. For the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, the ratio of our total operating expenses, excluding interest expense, as a percentage of our quarterly average total assets was 1.8% and 2.2%, respectively.

Distributable Net Investment Income

Distributable net investment income for the year ended December 31, 2012 increased to \$61.9 million, or \$2.09 per share, compared with distributable net investment income of \$41.3 million, or \$1.77 per share, for the corresponding period of 2011. The increase in distributable net investment income was primarily due to the higher level of total investment income partially offset by higher interest and other operating expenses, due to the changes discussed above. Distributable net investment income on a per share basis for the year ended 2012 reflects (i) an increase of approximately \$0.13 per share from 2011 in investment income attributable to higher levels of accelerated prepayment and repricing activity for certain debt investments and marketable securities investments, (ii) approximately \$0.05 per share from the special dividend activity in the fourth quarter of 2012 and (iii) a greater number of average shares outstanding compared to the corresponding period in 2011 primarily due to the net effect of December 2012, June 2012, October 2011 and March 2011 follow-on equity offerings.

Net Investment Income

Net investment income for the year ended December 31, 2012 was \$59.3 million, or a 51% increase, compared to net investment income of \$39.3 million for the corresponding period of 2011. The increase in net investment income was principally attributable to the increase in total investment income partially offset by higher interest and other operating expenses as discussed above.

Distributable Net Realized Income

Distributable net realized income increased to \$78.4 million, or \$2.65 per share, for the year ended 2012 compared with distributable net realized income of \$44.0 million, or \$1.89 per share, for the corresponding period of 2011. The increase was primarily attributable to the higher level of distributable net investment income and the higher level of total net realized gain from investments in 2012 compared to the corresponding period of 2011. The \$16.5 million net realized gain during 2012 was primarily attributable to (i) realized gains recognized on two partial exits of LMM portfolio company equity investments, (ii) a realized gain recognized on the full exit of a LMM portfolio company equity investments and (iii) realized gains related to Middle Market and marketable securities investments, partially offset by (iv) realized losses on the full exits of three LMM portfolio company investments.

Net Realized Income

The higher level of net investment income and the higher level of total net realized gain from investments in 2012 compared to the corresponding period of 2011, both as discussed above, resulted in a \$33.8 million increase in net realized income compared with the corresponding period of 2011.

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Net Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations

The net increase in net assets resulting from operations attributable to common stock during the year ended December 31, 2012 was \$104.4 million, or \$3.53 per share, compared with a net increase of \$63.0 million, or \$2.76 per share, in 2011. This \$41.4 million increase was a result of the increase in net realized income discussed above, plus differences in the net change in unrealized appreciation from portfolio investments, marketable securities, SBIC debentures and investment in the Internal Investment Manager and the difference in the income tax provision. For the year ended December 31, 2012, the \$44.5 million net change in unrealized appreciation from portfolio investments was principally attributable to (i) unrealized appreciation on 37 LMM portfolio investments totaling \$57.8 million, partially offset by unrealized depreciation on 10 LMM portfolio investments totaling \$4.6 million, (ii) \$9.7 million of net unrealized appreciation on the Middle Market investment portfolio and (iii) \$0.8 million of net unrealized appreciation on the Other Portfolio investments and Marketable securities and idle funds investments, partially offset by (iv) accounting reversals of net unrealized appreciation from prior periods of \$18.3 million related to portfolio investment exits and repayments, and (v) accounting reversals of net unrealized appreciation from prior periods of \$0.5 million related to Marketable securities and idle funds investments exits and repayments. For the year ended December 31, 2012, the \$5.0 million net change in unrealized appreciation attributable to SBIC debentures and investment in the Internal Investment Manager was primarily attributable to unrealized depreciation on the SBIC debentures held by MSC II. The noncontrolling interest of \$0.1 million recognized during the first quarter of 2012 reflects the pro rata portion of the net increase in net assets resulting from operations for MSC II attributable to the equity interests in MSC II that were not owned by MSCC prior to MSCC's completion of the Final MSC II Exchange. For the year ended December 31, 2012, we also recognized a net income tax provision of \$10.8 million related to deferred taxes of \$8.0 million and other taxes of \$2.8 million. The deferred taxes related primarily to net unrealized appreciation on equity investments held in our taxable subsidiaries. The other taxes include \$1.6 million related to an accrual for excise tax on our estimated spillover taxable income as of December 31, 2012 and \$1.2 million related to accruals for state and other taxes.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash Flows

For the year ended December 31, 2013, we experienced a net decrease in cash and cash equivalents in the amount of \$28.8 million. During the period, we used \$240.7 million of cash for our operating activities, which resulted primarily from (i) cash flows we generated from the ordinary operating profits earned through our operating activities totaling \$63.8 million, which is our \$79.6 million of distributable net investment income, excluding the non-cash effects of the accretion of unearned income of \$10.9 million, payment-in-kind interest income of \$5.0 million, cumulative dividends of \$1.4 million and the amortization expense for deferred financing costs of \$1.5 million, (ii) cash uses totaling \$824.8 million from (a) the funding of new portfolio company investments and settlement of accruals for portfolio investments existing as of December 31, 2013, which together total \$767.5 million, (b) the funding of new Marketable securities and idle funds investments and settlement of accruals for Marketable securities and idle funds investments existing as of December 31, 2012, which together total \$54.0 million, and (c) \$3.3 million related to decreases in payables and accruals, and (iii) cash proceeds totaling \$520.3 million from (a) \$465.0 million in cash proceeds from the repayments or sales of debt investments and sales of equity investments, (b) \$51.7 million of cash proceeds from the sale of Marketable securities and idle funds investments and sales of \$3.6 million. During 2013, \$211.9 million in cash was provided by financing activities, which principally consisted of (i) \$131.5 million in net cash proceeds from the issuance of the Notes, partially offset by (i) a \$24.8 million net decrease in

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outstanding SBIC debentures resulting from \$63.8 million in repayments of SBIC debentures, net of \$39.0 million in proceeds from the issuance of SBIC debentures, (ii) \$83.2 million in cash dividends paid to stockholders and (iii) \$6.3 million in loan costs associated with our SBIC debentures, our Notes and the Credit Facility.

For the year ended December 31, 2012, we experienced a net increase in cash and cash equivalents in the amount of \$20.9 million. During that period, we generated \$48.9 million of cash from our operating activities, primarily from (i) distributable net investment income, excluding the non-cash effects of the accretion of unearned income, payment in kind interest income and the amortization of deferred financing costs, (ii) increases in payables, and (iii) realized gains, partially offset by increases in interest receivable. We used \$184.5 million in net cash from investing activities, principally including the funding of \$639.8 million for new portfolio company investments and the funding of \$14.4 million for Marketable securities and idle funds investments, partially offset by (i) \$400.0 million in cash proceeds from the repayment of portfolio debt investments, (ii) \$35.1 million in cash proceeds from the exit of portfolio equity investments and (iii) \$34.5 million of cash proceeds from the sale of Marketable securities and idle funds investments. During 2012, \$156.5 million in cash was provided by financing activities, which principally consisted of (i) \$169.9 million in net cash proceeds from public stock offerings in June and December 2012, (ii) \$25.0 million in net cash proceeds from the issuance of SBIC debentures, partially offset by (i) \$39.9 million in cash dividends paid to stockholders and (ii) \$2.2 million in loan costs associated with our SBIC debentures and the Credit Facility.

For the year ended December 31, 2011, we experienced a net increase in cash and cash equivalents in the amount of \$20.3 million. During that period, we generated \$37.2 million of cash from our operating activities, primarily from (i) distributable net investment income, excluding the non-cash effects of the accretion of unearned income, payment-in-kind interest income and the amortization of deferred financing costs, (ii) increases in payables, and (iii) realized gains, partially offset by (iv) increases in interest receivable. We used \$220.5 million in net cash from investing activities, principally including (i) the funding of \$358.9 million for new portfolio company investments and (ii) the funding of \$33.5 million for Marketable securities and idle funds investments, partially offset by (i) \$160.2 million in cash proceeds from the repayment of portfolio debt investments and from the exit of portfolio equity investments and (ii) \$11.7 million of cash proceeds from the sale of Marketable securities and idle funds investments and (ii) \$1127.8 million in net cash proceeds from public stock offerings in March 2011 and October 2011, (ii) \$40.0 million in cash proceeds from the issuance of SBIC debentures, and (iii) \$68.0 million in net cash proceeds from the Credit Facility, partially offset by \$28.3 million in cash dividends paid to stockholders and \$2.3 million in loan costs associated with our SBIC debentures and credit facility.

Capital Resources

As of December 31, 2013, we had \$34.7 million in cash and cash equivalents, \$13.3 million in Marketable securities and idle funds investments and \$208.0 million of unused capacity under the Credit Facility, which we maintain to support our future investment and operating activities. As of December 31, 2013, our net asset value totaled \$792.5 million, or \$19.89 per share.

The Credit Facility was amended and restated during the year ended December 31, 2013 to provide for an increase in total commitments from \$287.5 million to \$445.0 million and to increase the diversified group of lenders to thirteen lenders. The Credit Facility contains an accordion feature which allows us to increase the total commitments under the facility up to \$500 million from new or existing lenders on the same terms and conditions as the existing commitments.

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Borrowings under the Credit Facility bear interest, subject to our election, on a per annum basis equal to (i) the applicable LIBOR rate (0.17%, as of December 31, 2013) plus 2.25% or (ii) the applicable base rate (Prime Rate, 3.25% as of December 31, 2013) plus 1.25%. We pay unused commitment fees of 0.25% per annum on the unused lender commitments under the Credit Facility. The Credit Facility is secured by a first lien on the assets of MSCC and its subsidiaries, excluding the assets of the Funds. The Credit Facility contains certain affirmative and negative covenants, including but not limited to: (i) maintaining a minimum availability of at least 10% of the borrowing base, (ii) maintaining an interest coverage ratio of at least 2.0 to 1.0, (iii) maintaining an asset coverage ratio of at least 1.5 to 1.0, and (iv) maintaining a minimum tangible net worth. The Credit Facility is now provided on a revolving basis through the maturity date in September 2018, and contains two, one-year extension options which could extend the final maturity by up to two years, subject to certain conditions, including lender approval. At December 31, 2013, we had \$237.0 million in borrowings outstanding under the Credit Facility. As of December 31, 2013, the interest rate on the Credit Facility was 2.4%, and we were in compliance with all financial covenants of the Credit Facility.

Due to each of the Funds' status as a licensed SBIC, we have the ability to issue, through the Funds, debentures guaranteed by the SBA at favorable interest rates. Under the regulations applicable to SBIC funds, an SBIC can have outstanding debentures guaranteed by the SBA generally in an amount up to twice its regulatory capital, which effectively approximates the amount of its equity capital. Debentures guaranteed by the SBA have fixed interest rates that equal prevailing 10-year Treasury Note rates plus a market spread and have a maturity of ten years with interest payable semi-annually. The principal amount of the debentures is not required to be paid before maturity but may be pre-paid with no prepayment penalty. During the year ended December 31, 2013, we voluntarily prepaid \$63.8 million of our SBIC debentures as part of an effort to manage the maturity dates of our oldest SBIC debentures. Main Street expects to issue new SBIC debentures under the SBIC program in the future in an amount up to the regulatory maximum amount of \$225.0 million. On December 31, 2013, we, through the Funds, had \$200.2 million of outstanding indebtedness guaranteed by the SBA, which carried a weighted average annual fixed interest rate of approximately 3.8%. The first maturity related to the SBIC debentures does not occur until 2017, and the remaining weighted average duration is approximately 7.3 years as of December 31, 2013.

In April, 2013, we issued \$92.0 million, including the underwriter's full exercise of the over-allotment option, in aggregate principal amount of the Notes. The Notes are unsecured obligations and rank pari passu with our current and future unsecured indebtedness; senior to any of our future indebtedness that expressly provides it is subordinated to the Notes; effectively subordinated to all of our existing and future secured indebtedness, to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness, including borrowings under our Credit Facility; and structurally subordinated to all existing and future indebtedness and other obligations of any of our subsidiaries, including without limitation, the indebtedness of the Funds. The Notes mature on April 1, 2023, and may be redeemed in whole or in part at any time or from time to time at our option on or after April 1, 2018. We may from time to time repurchase Notes in accordance with the 1940 Act and the rules promulgated thereunder. During the year ended December 31, 2013, we repurchased \$1.1 million principal of the Notes in the open market for an aggregate purchase price of \$1.1 million and surrendered them to the Trustee for cancellation. As of December 31, 2013, the outstanding balance of the Notes was \$90.9 million. The indenture governing the Notes ("the Notes Indenture") contains certain covenants, including covenants requiring our compliance with (regardless of whether we are subject to) the asset coverage requirements set forth in Section 18(a)(1)(A) as modified by Section 61(a)(1) of the 1940 Act, as well as covenants requiring us to provide financial information to the holders of the Notes and the Trustee if we cease to be subject to the reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These covenants are subject to limitations and exceptions that are described in the Notes Indenture.

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In June 2012, we completed a follow-on public stock offering in which we sold 4,312,500 shares of common stock, including the underwriters' full exercise of the over-allotment option, at a price to the public of \$22.50 per share (or approximately 143% of the then latest reported Net Asset Value per share), resulting in total net proceeds of approximately \$93.0 million, after deducting underwriters' commissions and offering costs. In December 2012, we completed a follow-on public stock offering in which we sold 2,875,000 shares of common stock, including the underwriters' full exercise of the over-allotment option, at a price to the public of \$28.00 per share (or approximately 160% of the then latest reported Net Asset Value per share), resulting in total net proceeds of approximately \$77.1 million, after deducting underwriters' commissions and offering costs. In August 2013, we completed a follow-on public equity offering of 4,600,000 shares of common stock, including the underwriters' full exercise of their option to purchase additional shares, at a price to the public of \$29.75 per share (or approximately 159% of the then latest reported Net Asset Value per share), resulting in total net proceeds of approximately \$131.5 million, after deducting underwriters' commissions and offering costs.

We anticipate that we will continue to fund our investment activities through existing cash and cash equivalents, the liquidation of Marketable securities and idle funds investments, and a combination of future debt and equity capital. Our primary uses of funds will be investments in portfolio companies, operating expenses and cash distributions to holders of our common stock.

We periodically invest excess cash balances into Marketable securities and idle funds investments. The primary investment objective of Marketable securities and idle funds investments is to generate incremental cash returns on excess cash balances prior to utilizing those funds for investment in our LMM, Middle Market and Private Loan portfolio investments. Marketable securities and idle funds investments generally consist of debt investments, independently rated debt investments, certificates of deposit with financial institutions, diversified bond funds and publicly traded debt and equity investments. The composition of Marketable securities and idle funds investments will vary in a given period based upon, among other things, changes in market conditions, the underlying fundamentals in our Marketable securities and idle funds investments will vary in a given period based upon, among other things, changes in market conditions, the underlying fundamentals in our Marketable securities and idle funds investments and funds investments and

If our common stock trades below our net asset value per share, we will generally not be able to issue additional common stock at the market price unless our stockholders approve such a sale and our Board of Directors makes certain determinations. We did not seek approval to sell shares of our common stock below the then current net asset value per share of our common stock from our stockholders at our 2013 annual meeting of stockholders because our common stock price per share had been trading significantly above the current net asset value per share of our common stock, and we do not currently expect to seek such approval at our 2014 annual meeting of stockholders for the same reason. We would therefore need future approval from our stockholders to issue shares below the then current net asset value per share if we desire to issue shares of our common stock at a price below the then current net asset value per share.

In order to satisfy the Code requirements applicable to a RIC, we intend to distribute to our stockholders, after consideration and application of our ability under the Code to spillover certain excess undistributed taxable income from one tax year into the next tax year, substantially all of our taxable income. In addition, as a BDC, we generally are required to meet a coverage ratio of total assets to total senior securities, which include borrowings and any preferred stock we may issue in the future, of at least 200%. This requirement limits the amount that we may borrow. In January 2008, we received an exemptive order from the SEC to exclude SBA-guaranteed debt securities issued by MSMF and any other wholly owned subsidiaries of ours which operate as SBICs from the asset coverage requirements of the 1940 Act as applicable to us, which, in turn, enables us to fund more investments with debt capital.

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Although we have been able to secure access to additional liquidity, including recent public equity and debt offerings, our expanded \$445 million Credit Facility, and the available leverage through the SBIC program, there is no assurance that debt or equity capital will be available to us in the future on favorable terms, or at all.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In February 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2013-04, Liabilities (Topic 405): Obligations Resulting from Joint and Several Liability Arrangements for Which the Total Amount of the Obligation Is Fixed at the Reporting Date ("ASU 2013-04"). ASU 2013-04 provides additional guidance for the recognition, measurement, and disclosure of obligations resulting from joint and several liability arrangements for which the total amount of the obligation within the scope of this guidance is fixed at the reporting date. Public companies are required to apply ASU 2013-04 prospectively for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2013.

In June 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2013-08, Financial Services Investment Companies (Topic 946): Amendments to the Scope, Measurement, and Disclosure Requirements ("ASU 2013-08"). ASU 2013-08 amends the criteria that define an investment company, clarifies the measurement guidance and requires certain additional disclosures. Public companies are required to apply ASU 2013-08 prospectively for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2013.

From time to time, new accounting pronouncements are issued by the FASB or other standards setting bodies that are adopted by us as of the specified effective date. We believe that the impact of recently issued standards that have been issued and any that are not yet effective will not have a material impact on our financial statements upon adoption.

Inflation

Inflation has not had a significant effect on our results of operations in any of the reporting periods presented herein. However, our portfolio companies have experienced, and may in the future experience, the impacts of inflation on their operating results, including periodic escalations in their costs for raw materials and required energy consumption.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We may be a party to financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk in the normal course of business to meet the financial needs of our portfolio companies. These instruments include commitments to extend credit and involve, to varying degrees, elements of liquidity and credit risk in excess of the amount recognized in the balance sheet. At December 31, 2013, we had a total of \$95.4 million in outstanding commitments comprised of (i) 12 commitments to fund revolving loans that had not been fully drawn or term loans that had not been funded and (ii) five capital commitments that had not been fully called.



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Contractual Obligations

	2014	2015	2016		2017		2018	_	2019 and hereafter	Total
			(da	llaı	rs in thous	sano	ls)			
SBIC debentures	\$	\$	\$	\$	15,000	\$	10,200	\$	175,000	\$ 200,200
Interest due on SBIC										
debentures	7,712	8,233	8,255		8,233		6,940		18,750	58,123
Notes									90,882	90,882
Interest due on Notes	5,566	5,566	5,566		5,567		5,567		25,050	52,882
Total	\$ 13,278	\$ 13,799	\$ 13,821	\$	28,800	\$	22,707	\$	309,682	\$ 402,087
	,		,						,	

As of December 31, 2013, the future fixed commitments for cash payments in connection with our SBIC debentures and Notes for each of the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

As of December 31, 2013, we had \$237.0 million in borrowings outstanding under our Credit Facility, and the Credit Facility is currently scheduled to mature in September 2018. The Credit Facility contains two, one year extension options which could extend the maturity to September 2020. See further discussion of the Credit Facility terms in "Liquidity and Capital Resources Capital Resources".

Related Party Transactions

Subsequent to the completion of the Formation Transactions through March 31, 2013, the Internal Investment Manager was treated as a wholly owned portfolio company of MSCC and was included as part of our Investment Portfolio. At December 31, 2012, the Internal Investment Manager had a receivable of \$4.1 million due from MSCC related to operating expenses incurred by the Internal Investment Manager required to support our business. Beginning April 1, 2013, the accounts of the Internal Investment Manager are included as a part of our consolidated financial statements and the Internal Investment Manager is reflected as a consolidated subsidiary, as opposed to being a part of our Investment Portfolio, and any intercompany balances between the Internal Investment Manager and MSCC or any of its other consolidated subsidiaries have been eliminated in consolidation.

In June 2013, we adopted a deferred compensation plan for the non-employee members of our board of directors, which allows the directors at their option to defer all or a portion of the fees paid for their services as directors and have such deferred fees paid in shares of our common stock within 90 days after the participant's end of service as a director. As of December 31, 2013, \$275,000 of directors' fees had been deferred under this plan. These deferred fees represented 9,858 shares of our common shares. These shares will not be issued or included as outstanding on the consolidated statement of changes in net assets until each applicable participant's end of service as a director, but are included in operating expenses and weighted average shares outstanding on our consolidated statement of operations as earned.



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SENIOR SECURITIES

Information about our senior securities is shown in the following table as of December 31 for the years indicated in the table, unless otherwise noted. Grant Thornton LLP's report on the senior securities table as of December 31, 2013, is an exhibit to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part.

Class and Year	Total Amount Outstanding Exclusive of Treasury Securities(1) (dollars in thousands)	Asset Coverage per Unit(2)	Involuntary Liquidating Preference per Unit(3)	Average Market Value per Unit(4)
SBIC Debentures				
2007 \$	55,000	3,094		N/A
2008	55,000	3,043		N/A
2009	65,000	2,995		N/A
2010	180,000	2,030		N/A
2011	220,000	2,202		N/A
2012	225,000	2,763		N/A
2013	200,200	2,476		N/A
Credit Facility				
2010 \$	39,000	2,030		N/A
2011	107,000	2,202		N/A
2012	132,000	2,763		N/A
2013	237,000	2,476		N/A
Notes Due 2023				
2013 \$	90,882	2,476		\$ 24.35

(1)

Total amount of each class of senior securities outstanding at the end of the period presented.

(2)

Asset coverage per unit is the ratio of the carrying value of our total consolidated assets, less all liabilities and indebtedness not represented by senior securities, to the aggregate amount of senior securities representing indebtedness. Asset coverage per unit is expressed in terms of dollar amounts per \$1,000 of indebtedness.

(3)

The amount to which such class of senior security would be entitled upon the involuntary liquidation of the issuer in preference to any security junior to it. The " " indicates information which the Securities and Exchange Commission expressly does not require to be disclosed for certain types of senior securities.

(4)

Average market value per unit for our Notes Due 2023 represents the average of the daily closing prices as reported on the NYSE during the period presented. Average market value per unit for our SBIC Debentures and our Credit Facility are not applicable because these are not registered for public trading.

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BUSINESS

We are a principal investment firm primarily focused on providing customized debt and equity financing to lower middle market ("LMM") companies and debt capital to middle market ("Middle Market") companies. Our portfolio investments are typically made to support management buyouts, recapitalizations, growth financings, refinancings and acquisitions of companies that operate in diverse industry sectors. We seek to partner with entrepreneurs, business owners and management teams and generally provide "one stop" financing alternatives within our LMM portfolio. We invest primarily in secured debt investments, equity investments, warrants and other securities of LMM companies based in the United States and in secured debt investments of Middle Market companies generally headquartered in the United States.

Our principal investment objective is to maximize our portfolio's total return by generating current income from our debt investments and capital appreciation from our equity and equity related investments, including warrants, convertible securities and other rights to acquire equity securities in a portfolio company. Our LMM companies generally have annual revenues between \$10 million and \$150 million, and our LMM portfolio investments generally range in size from \$5 million to \$25 million. Our Middle Market investments are made in businesses that are generally larger in size than our LMM portfolio companies, with annual revenues typically between \$150 million and \$1.5 billion, and our Middle Market investments generally range in size from \$3 million to \$15 million. Our private loan ("Private Loan") investments are made in businesses that are consistent with the size of companies in our LMM portfolio or our Middle Market portfolio, but are investments which have been originated through strategic relationships with other investment funds on a collaborative basis. The structure, terms and conditions for these Private Loan investments are typically consistent with the structure, terms and conditions for the loans made in our LMM portfolio or Middle Market portfolio.

Our other portfolio ("Other Portfolio") investments primarily consist of investments which are not consistent with the typical profiles for our LMM, Middle Market or Private Loan portfolio investments, including investments which may be managed by third parties. In our Other Portfolio, we may incur indirect fees and expenses in connection with investments managed by third parties, such as investments in other investment companies or private funds.

Our external asset management business is conducted through our External Investment Manager. We have entered into an agreement through the Internal Investment Manager to provide the External Investment Manager with asset management service support for HMS Income Fund, Inc. ("HMS Income"). Through this agreement, we provide management and other services to the External Investment Manager, as well as access to our employees, infrastructure, business relationships, management expertise and capital raising capabilities. Beginning in the first quarter of 2014, we charge the External Investment Manager a fee for the use of these services. The External Investment Manager earns management fees based on the assets of the funds under management and may earn incentive fees, or a carried interest, based on the performance of the funds managed.

We seek to fill the current financing gap for LMM businesses, which, historically, have had more limited access to financing from commercial banks and other traditional sources. The underserved nature of the LMM creates the opportunity for us to meet the financing needs of LMM companies while also negotiating favorable transaction terms and equity participations. Our ability to invest across a company's capital structure, from senior secured loans to equity securities, allows us to offer portfolio companies a comprehensive suite of financing options, or a "one stop" financing solution. Providing customized, "one stop" financing solutions has become even more relevant to our LMM portfolio companies in the current investing environment. We generally seek to partner directly with entrepreneurs, management teams and business owners in making our investments. Our LMM portfolio debt investments are generally secured by a first lien on the assets of the portfolio company and

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typically have a term of between five and seven years. We believe that our LMM investment strategy has a lower correlation to the broader debt and equity markets.

As of December 31, 2013, we had debt and equity investments in 62 LMM portfolio companies with an aggregate fair value of approximately \$659.4 million, with a total cost basis of approximately \$543.3 million and a weighted average annual effective yield on our LMM debt investments of approximately 14.7%. As of December 31, 2013, approximately 76% of our total LMM portfolio investments at cost were in the form of debt investments and approximately 86% of such debt investments at cost were secured by first priority liens on the assets of our LMM portfolio companies. At December 31, 2013, we had equity ownership in approximately 94% of our LMM portfolio companies and the average fully diluted equity ownership in those portfolio companies was approximately 33%. As of December 31, 2012, we had debt and equity investments in 56 LMM portfolio companies with an aggregate fair value of approximately \$482.9 million, with a total cost basis of approximately \$380.5 million, and a weighted average annual effective yield on our LMM debt investments of approximately 14.3%. As of December 31, 2012, approximately 75% of our total LMM portfolio investments at cost were in the form of debt investments and approximately 93% of such debt investments at cost were in the form of debt investments and approximately 93% of our LMM portfolio companies. At December 31, 2012, we had equity ownership in approximately 93% of our LMM portfolio companies. At December 31, 2012, we had equity ownership in approximately 93% of our LMM portfolio companies. At December 31, 2012, we had equity ownership in approximately 93% of our LMM portfolio companies and the average fully diluted equity ownership in those portfolio companies and the average fully diluted equity ownership in those portfolio companies and the average fully diluted equity ownership in those portfolio companies and the average fully diluted equity ownership in those portfolio companies and the average fully diluted equity ownership in those portfolio companies and the average fully

In addition to our LMM investment strategy, we pursue investments in Middle Market companies. Our Middle Market portfolio investments primarily consist of direct investments in or secondary purchases of interest-bearing debt securities in privately held companies that are generally larger in size than the LMM companies included in our LMM portfolio. Our Middle Market portfolio debt investments are generally secured by either a first or second priority lien on the assets of the portfolio company and typically have an expected duration of between three and five years.

As of December 31, 2013, we had Middle Market portfolio investments in 92 companies collectively totaling approximately \$471.5 million in fair value with a total cost basis of approximately \$468.3 million. The weighted average EBITDA for the 92 Middle Market portfolio company investments was approximately \$79.0 million as of December 31, 2013. As of December 31, 2013, substantially all of our Middle Market portfolio investments were in the form of debt investments and approximately 92% of such debt investments at cost were secured by first priority liens on portfolio company assets. The weighted average annual effective yield on our Middle Market portfolio debt investments was approximately 7.8% as of December 31, 2013. As of December 31, 2012, we had Middle Market portfolio investments in 79 companies, collectively totaling approximately \$352.0 million in fair value with a total cost basis of approximately \$348.1 million. The weighted average EBITDA for the 79 Middle Market portfolio company investments was approximately \$93.5 million as of December 31, 2012. As of December 31, 2012, substantially all of our Middle Market portfolio investments were in the form of debt investments and approximately 91% of such debt investments at cost were secured by first priority liens on portfolio company assets. The weighted average annual effective yield on our Middle Market portfolio debt investments was approximately 8.0% as of December 31, 2012. The weighted average annual effective yield on our Middle Market portfolio debt investments was approximately 8.0% as of December 31, 2013, and 2012, including amortization of deferred debt origination fees and accretion of original issue discount but excluding fees payable upon repayment of the debt investments.

Our Private Loan portfolio investments primarily consist of investments in interest-bearing debt securities in companies that are consistent with the size of the companies included in our LMM

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portfolio or our Middle Market portfolio. Our Private Loan portfolio debt investments are generally secured by either a first or second priority lien on the assets of the portfolio company and typically have a term of between three and seven years.

As of December 31, 2013, we had Private Loan portfolio investments in 15 companies, collectively totaling approximately \$111.5 million in fair value with a total cost basis of approximately \$111.3 million. The weighted average EBITDA for the 15 Private Loan portfolio company investments was approximately \$18.4 million as of December 31, 2013. As of December 31, 2013, 95% of our Private Loan portfolio investments were in the form of debt investments and 98% of such debt investments at cost were secured by first priority liens on portfolio company assets. The weighted average annual effective yield on our Private Loan portfolio debt investments was approximately 11.3% as of December 31, 2013. As of December 31, 2013. As of December 31, 2012, we had Private Loan portfolio investments in 9 companies, collectively totaling approximately \$65.5 million in fair value with a total cost basis of approximately \$64.9 million. The weighted average EBITDA for the 9 Private Loan portfolio company investments was approximately \$45.6 million as of December 31, 2012. As of December 31, 2012, approximately 99% of our Private Loan portfolio investments were in the form of debt investments and all such debt investments at cost were secured by first priority liens on portfolio company assets. The weighted average annual effective yield on our Private Loan portfolio debt investments was approximately 14.8% as of December 31, 2012. The weighted average annual effective yield on our Private Loan portfolio debt investments was approximately 14.8% as of December 31, 2012. The weighted average annual effective yield on our Private Loan portfolio debt investments was approximately 14.8% as of December 31, 2012. The weighted average annual effective yield on our Private Loan portfolio debt investments was approximately 14.8% as of December 31, 2012. The weighted average annual yields were computed using the effective interest rates for all debt investments at cost as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, including amortization of deferred debt ori

As of December 31, 2013, we had Other Portfolio investments in six companies, collectively totaling approximately \$42.8 million in fair value and approximately \$40.1 million in cost basis and which comprised 3.3% of our Investment Portfolio at fair value as of December 31, 2013. As of December 31, 2012, we had Other Portfolio investments in three companies, collectively totaling approximately \$24.1 million in fair value and approximately \$23.6 million in cost basis and which comprised 2.6% of our Investment Portfolio at fair value as of December 31, 2012.

As discussed above, we hold an investment in the External Investment Manager, a wholly owned subsidiary that is treated as a portfolio investment. As of December 31, 2013, we had no cost basis in this investment and the investment had a fair value of \$1.1 million, which comprised 0.1% of our Investment Portfolio.

During 2013, we began categorizing certain of our portfolio investments that were previously categorized as LMM portfolio investments or Middle Market portfolio investments as Private Loan portfolio investments to provide a separate classification based upon the nature in which such investments are originated. During the year ended December 31, 2013, there were ten portfolio company investment transfers from the LMM and Middle Market portfolio investment categories to the Private Loan portfolio investment category totaling \$69.6 million in fair value and \$69.0 million in cost on the date of transfer.

Our portfolio investments are generally made through MSCC and the Funds. MSCC and the Funds share the same investment strategies and criteria, although they are subject to different regulatory regimes (see "Regulation"). An investor's return in MSCC will depend, in part, on the Funds' investment returns as MSMF and MSC II are both wholly owned subsidiaries of MSCC.

The level of new portfolio investment activity will fluctuate from period to period based upon our view of the current economic fundamentals, our ability to identify new investment opportunities that meet our investment criteria, and our ability to consummate the identified opportunities. The level of new investment activity, and associated interest and fee income, will directly impact future investment income. In addition, the level of dividends paid by portfolio companies and the portion of our portfolio debt investments on non-accrual status will directly impact future investment income. While we intend



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to grow our portfolio and our investment income over the long-term, our growth and our operating results may be more limited during depressed economic periods. However, we intend to appropriately manage our cost structure and liquidity position based on applicable economic conditions and our investment outlook. The level of realized gains or losses and unrealized appreciation or depreciation will also fluctuate depending upon portfolio activity, economic conditions and the performance of our individual portfolio companies. The changes in realized gains and losses and unrealized appreciation or depreciation or depreciation or depreciation could have a material impact on our operating results.

MSCC and its consolidated subsidiaries are internally managed by the Internal Investment Manager, a wholly owned subsidiary of MSCC, which employs all of the executive officers and other employees of Main Street. Because the Internal Investment Manager is wholly owned by MSCC, Main Street does not pay any external investment advisory fees, but instead incurs the operating costs associated with employing investment and portfolio management professionals through the Internal Investment Manager. We believe that our internally managed structure provides us with a beneficial operating expense structure when compared to other publicly-traded and privately-held investment firms which are externally managed, and our internally managed structure allows us the opportunity to leverage our non-interest operating expenses as we grow our investment portfolio. For the year ended December 31, 2013, the ratio of our total operating expenses, excluding interest expense and excluding the effect of the accelerated vesting of restricted stock (as discussed further above in "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Discussion and Analysis of Results of Operations Comparison of the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012"), as a percentage of our quarterly average total assets was 1.7% compared to 1.8% for the year ended December 31, 2012. Including the effect of the accelerated vesting of restricted stock, the ratio for the year ended 2013 would have been 1.8%.

During May 2012, MSCC entered into an investment sub-advisory agreement with HMS Adviser, LP ("HMS Adviser"), which is the investment advisor to HMS Income, a non publicly-traded BDC whose registration statement on Form N-2 was declared effective by the SEC in June 2012, to provide certain investment advisory services to HMS Adviser. In December 2013, after obtaining no-action relief from the SEC to allow us to own a registered investment advisor, MSCC assigned the sub-advisory agreement to the External Investment Manager since the fees received from such arrangement could otherwise have negative consequences on MSCC's ability to meet the source-of-income requirement necessary for it to maintain its RIC tax treatment. Under the investment sub-advisory agreement, the External Investment Manager is entitled to 50% of the base management fee and the incentive fees earned by HMS Adviser under its advisory agreement with HMS Income. However, MSCC and the External Investment Manager agreed to waive all such fees from the effective date of HMS Adviser's registration statement on Form N-2 through December 31, 2013. As a result, as of December 31, 2013, neither MSCC nor the External Investment Manager had received any base management fee or incentive fees under the investment sub-advisory agreement. Neither MSCC nor the External Investment Manager had received any base management fee or incentive fees under the investment sub-advisory agreement. Neither MSCC nor the External Investment Manager has waived the External Investment Manager's management or incentive fees after December 31, 2013 and, as a result, the External Investment Manager has waived the External Investment Manager's management or incentive fees after December 31, 2013 and, as a result, the External Investment Manager has waived the External Investment Manager's management or incentive fees after December 31, 2013 and, as a result, the External Investment Manager has waived the External Investment Manager's management or incentive fees after December 31,

Business Strategies

Our principal investment objective is to maximize our portfolio's total return by generating current income from our debt investments and realizing capital appreciation from our equity and equity related investments, including warrants, convertible securities and other rights to acquire equity securities in a

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portfolio company. We have adopted the following business strategies to achieve our investment objective:

Deliver Customized Financing Solutions in the Lower Middle Market. We offer to our LMM portfolio companies customized debt financing solutions with equity components that are tailored to the facts and circumstances of each situation. We believe our ability to provide a broad range of customized financing solutions to LMM companies sets us apart from other capital providers that focus on providing a limited number of financing solutions. Our ability to invest across a company's capital structure, from senior secured loans to subordinated debt to equity securities, allows us to offer our LMM portfolio companies a comprehensive suite of financing options, or a "one stop" financing solution.

Focus on Established Companies. We generally invest in companies with established market positions, experienced management teams and proven revenue streams. We believe that those companies generally possess better risk adjusted return profiles than newer companies that are building their management teams or are in the early stages of building a revenue base. We also believe that established companies in our targeted size range also generally provide opportunities for capital appreciation.

Leverage the Skills and Experience of Our Investment Team. Our investment team has significant experience in lending to and investing in LMM and Middle Market companies. The members of our investment team have broad investment backgrounds, with prior experience at private investment funds, investment banks and other financial services companies, and currently include five certified public accountants and five Chartered Financial Analyst® (CFA) charter holders. The expertise of our investment team in analyzing, valuing, structuring, negotiating and closing transactions should provide us with competitive advantages by allowing us to consider customized financing solutions and non traditional or complex structures for our portfolio companies. Also, the reputation of our investment team has and should continue to enable us to generate additional revenue in the form of management and incentive fees in connection with us providing advisory services to other investment funds.

Invest Across Multiple Companies, Industries, Regions and End Markets. We seek to maintain a portfolio of investments that is appropriately balanced among various companies, industries, geographic regions and end markets. This portfolio balance is intended to mitigate the potential effects of negative economic events for particular companies, regions, industries and end markets.

Capitalize on Strong Transaction Sourcing Network. Our investment team seeks to leverage its extensive network of referral sources for portfolio company investments. We have developed a reputation in our marketplace as a responsive, efficient and reliable source of financing, which has created a growing stream of proprietary deal flow for us.

Benefit from Lower, Fixed, Long Term Cost of Capital. The SBIC licenses held by the Funds have allowed them to issue SBA guaranteed debentures. SBA guaranteed debentures carry long term fixed interest rates that are generally lower than interest rates on comparable bank loans and other debt. Because lower cost SBA leverage is, and will continue to be, a significant part of our capital base through the Funds, our relative cost of debt capital should be lower than many of our competitors. In addition, the SBIC leverage that we receive through the Funds represents a stable, long term component of our capital structure with proper matching of duration and cost compared to our LMM portfolio investments.

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Investment Criteria

Our investment team has identified the following investment criteria that it believes are important in evaluating prospective portfolio companies. Our investment team uses these criteria in evaluating investment opportunities. However, not all of these criteria have been, or will be, met in connection with each of our investments.

Proven Management Team with Meaningful Equity Stake. We look for operationally-oriented management with direct industry experience and a successful track record. In addition, we expect the management team of each LMM portfolio company to have meaningful equity ownership in the portfolio company to better align our respective economic interests. We believe management teams with these attributes are more likely to manage the companies in a manner that both protects our debt investment and enhances the value of our equity investment.

Established Companies with Positive Cash Flow. We seek to invest in established companies with sound historical financial performance. We typically focus on LMM companies that have historically generated EBITDA ("Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization") of \$3 million to \$20 million and commensurate levels of free cash flow. We also pursue investments in debt securities of Middle Market companies that are generally established companies with sound historical financial performance that are generally larger in size than LMM companies. We generally do not invest in start-up companies or companies with speculative business plans.

Defensible Competitive Advantages/Favorable Industry Position. We primarily focus on companies having competitive advantages in their respective markets and/or operating in industries with barriers to entry, which may help to protect their market position and profitability.

Exit Alternatives. We exit our debt investments primarily through the repayment of our investment from internally generated cash flow of the portfolio company and/or refinancing. In addition, we seek to invest in companies whose business models and expected future cash flows may provide alternate methods of repaying our investment, such as through a strategic acquisition by other industry participants or a recapitalization.

Investment Portfolio

The Investment Portfolio, as used herein, refers to all of Main Street's LMM portfolio investments, Middle Market portfolio investments, Private Loan portfolio investments, Other Portfolio investments, the investment in the External Investment Manager and, for all periods up to and including March 31, 2013, the investment in the Internal Investment Manager, but excludes all "Marketable securities and idle funds investments", and for all periods after March 31, 2013, the Investment Portfolio also excludes the Internal Investment Manager. For all periods up to and including the period ending March 31, 2013, the Internal Investment Manager was accounted for as a portfolio investment and was not consolidated with MSCC and its consolidated subsidiaries. For all periods after March 31, 2013, the Internal Investment Sprincipally consist of secured debt, equity warrants and direct equity investments in privately held, LMM companies based in the United States. Main Street's Middle Market portfolio investments in companies included in Main Street's LMM portfolio. Main Street's Private Loan portfolio investments primarily consist of investments in interest-bearing debt securities in companies based in the United States that are generally larger in size than the companies included in Main Street's LMM portfolio. Main Street's Private Loan portfolio investments primarily consist of investments in interest-bearing debt securities in consistent with the size of companies in our LMM portfolio or our Middle Market portfolio, but are investments which have been originated through strategic relationships with other investment funds on a collaborative basis. Main Street's Other Portfolio investments primarily consist of investments which are not consistent with the typical profiles for our LMM, Middle Market and Private Loan portfolio

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investments, including investments which may be managed by third parties. In our Other Portfolio, we may incur indirect fees and expenses in connection with investments managed by third parties, such as investments in other investment companies or private funds.

Debt Investments

Historically, we have made LMM debt investments principally in the form of single tranche debt. Single tranche debt financing involves issuing one debt security that blends the risk and return profiles of both first lien secured and subordinated debt. We believe that single tranche debt is more appropriate for many LMM companies given their size in order to reduce structural complexity and potential conflicts among creditors.

Our LMM debt investments generally have terms of three to seven years, with limited required amortization prior to maturity, and provide for monthly or quarterly payment of interest at fixed interest rates generally between 12% and 14% per annum, payable currently in cash. In some instances, we have provided floating interest rates for a portion of a single tranche debt security. In addition, certain LMM debt investments may have a form of interest that is not paid currently but is accrued and added to the loan balance and paid at maturity. We refer to this as payment-in-kind, or PIK, interest. We typically structure our LMM debt investments with the maximum seniority and collateral that we can reasonably obtain while seeking to achieve our total return target. In most cases, our LMM debt investment will be collateralized by a first priority lien on substantially all the assets of the portfolio company. As of December 31, 2013, approximately 86% of our LMM debt investments at cost were secured by first priority liens on the assets of our LMM portfolio companies.

In addition to seeking a senior lien position in the capital structure of our LMM portfolio companies, we seek to limit the downside potential of our LMM investments by negotiating covenants that are designed to protect our LMM investments while affording our portfolio companies as much flexibility in managing their businesses as is reasonable. Such restrictions may include affirmative and negative covenants, default penalties, lien protection, change of control or change of management provisions, key-man life insurance, guarantees, equity pledges, personal guaranties, where appropriate, and put rights. In addition, we typically seek board representation or observation rights in all of our LMM portfolio companies.

While we will continue to focus our LMM investments primarily on single tranche debt investments, we also anticipate structuring some of our debt investments as mezzanine loans. We anticipate that these mezzanine loans will be primarily junior secured or unsecured, subordinated loans that provide for relatively high fixed interest rates payable currently in cash that will provide us with significant interest income plus the additional opportunity for income and gains through PIK interest and equity warrants and other similar equity instruments issued in conjunction with these mezzanine loans. These loans typically will have interest-only payments in the early years, with amortization of principal deferred to the later years of the mezzanine loan term. Typically, our mezzanine loans will have maturities of three to five years. We will generally target fixed interest rates of 12% to 14%, payable currently in cash for our mezzanine loan investments with higher targeted total returns from equity warrants or PIK interest.

We also pursue debt investments in Middle Market companies. Our Middle Market portfolio investments primarily consist of direct investments or secondary purchases of interest-bearing debt securities in companies based in the United States that are generally larger in size than the companies included in our LMM portfolio. Our Middle Market portfolio debt investments are generally secured by either a first or second priority lien on the assets of the company and typically have a term of between three and five years. The debt investments in our Middle Market portfolio have rights and protections that are similar to those in our LMM debt investments, which may include affirmative and negative covenants, default penalties, lien protection, change of control provisions, guarantees, and



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equity pledges. The Middle Market debt investments generally have floating interest rates at LIBOR plus a margin, and are typically subject to LIBOR floors. As of December 31, 2013, substantially all of our Middle Market portfolio investments were in the form of debt investments, with approximately 99% of these investments at cost secured by portfolio company assets and approximately 92% of such debt investments at cost secured by first priority liens.

Our Private Loan portfolio investments primarily consist of investments in interest-bearing debt securities in companies that are consistent with the size of companies in our LMM portfolio or our Middle Market portfolio, but are investments which have been originated through strategic relationships with other investment funds on a collaborative basis. Our Private Loan portfolio debt investments are generally secured by either a first or second priority lien and typically have a term of between three and seven years. As of December 31, 2013, approximately 95% of Main Street's Private Loan portfolio investments were in the form of debt investments and approximately 98% of such debt investments at cost were secured by first priority liens on portfolio company assets.

Warrants

In connection with a portion of our LMM debt investments, we have historically received equity warrants to establish or increase our equity interest in the LMM portfolio company. Warrants we receive in connection with a LMM debt investment typically require only a nominal cost to exercise, and thus, as a LMM portfolio company appreciates in value, we may achieve additional investment return from this equity interest. We typically structure the warrants to provide provisions protecting our rights as a minority-interest holder, as well as secured or unsecured put rights, or rights to sell such securities back to the LMM portfolio company, upon the occurrence of specified events. In certain cases, we also may obtain registration rights in connection with these equity interests, which may include demand and "piggyback" registration rights.

Direct Equity Investments

We also will seek to make direct equity investments in situations where it is appropriate to align our interests with key management and stockholders of our LMM portfolio companies, and to allow for participation in the appreciation in the equity values of our LMM portfolio companies. We usually make our direct equity investments in connection with debt investments. In addition, we may have both equity warrants and direct equity positions in some of our LMM portfolio companies. We seek to maintain fully diluted equity positions in our LMM portfolio companies of 5% to 50%, and may have controlling equity interests in some instances. We have a value orientation toward our direct equity investments and have traditionally been able to purchase our equity investments at reasonable valuations.

Investment Process

Our investment committee is responsible for all aspects of our LMM investment process. The current members of our investment committee are Vincent D. Foster, our Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer, Dwayne L. Hyzak, our Chief Financial Officer and Senior Managing Director, Curtis L. Hartman, our Chief Credit Officer and Senior Managing Director and David Magdol, our Chief Investment Officer and Senior Managing Director.

Our credit committee is responsible for all aspects of our Middle Market portfolio investment process. The current members of our credit committee are Messrs. Foster, Hartman, and Rodger A. Stout, our Executive Vice President.

Investment process responsibility for each Private Loan portfolio investment is delegated to either the investment committee or the credit committee based upon the nature of the investment and the manner in which it was originated. Similarly, the investment processes for each Private Loan portfolio

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investment, from origination to close and to eventual exit, will follow the processes for our LMM portfolio investments or our Middle Market portfolio investments as outlined below, or a combination thereof.

Our investment strategy involves a "team" approach, whereby potential transactions are screened by several members of our investment team before being presented to the investment committee or the credit committee, as applicable. Our investment committee and credit committee each meet on an as needed basis depending on transaction volume. We generally categorize our investment process into seven distinct stages:

Deal Generation/Origination

Deal generation and origination is maximized through long-standing and extensive relationships with industry contacts, brokers, commercial and investment bankers, entrepreneurs, service providers such as lawyers, financial advisors, accountants and current and former portfolio companies and investors. Our investment team has focused its deal generation and origination efforts on LMM and Middle Market companies, and we have developed a reputation as a knowledgeable, reliable and active source of capital and assistance in these markets.

Screening

During the screening process, if a transaction initially meets our investment criteria, we will perform preliminary due diligence, taking into consideration some or all of the following information:

a comprehensive financial model based on quantitative analysis of historical financial performance, projections and pro forma adjustments to determine the estimated internal rate of return;

a brief industry and market analysis;

direct industry expertise imported from other portfolio companies or investors;

preliminary qualitative analysis of the management team's competencies and backgrounds;

potential investment structures and pricing terms; and

regulatory compliance.

Upon successful screening of a proposed LMM transaction, the investment team makes a recommendation to our investment committee. If our investment committee concurs with moving forward on the proposed LMM transaction, we typically issue a non-binding term sheet to the company. For Middle Market portfolio investments, the initial term sheet is typically issued by the borrower, through the syndicating bank, and is screened by the investment team which makes a recommendation to our credit committee.

Term Sheet

For proposed LMM transactions, the non-binding term sheet will include the key economic terms based upon our analysis performed during the screening process as well as a proposed timeline and our qualitative expectation for the transaction. While the term sheet for LMM investments is non-binding, we typically receive an expense deposit in order to move the transaction to the due diligence phase. Upon execution of a term sheet, we begin our formal due diligence process.

For proposed Middle Market transactions, the initial term sheet will include key economic terms and other conditions proposed by the borrower and its representatives and the proposed timeline for the investment, which are reviewed by our investment team to determine if such terms and conditions are in agreement with Main Street's investment objectives.

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Due Diligence

Due diligence on a proposed LMM investment is performed by a minimum of two of our investment professionals, whom we refer to collectively as the investment team, and certain external resources, who together conduct due diligence to understand the relationships among the prospective portfolio company's business plan, operations and financial performance. Our LMM due diligence review includes some or all of the following:

site visits with management and key personnel;

detailed review of historical and projected financial statements;

operational reviews and analysis;

interviews with customers and suppliers;

detailed evaluation of company management, including background checks;

review of material contracts;

in-depth industry, market, and strategy analysis;

regulatory compliance analysis; and

review by legal, environmental or other consultants, if applicable.

Due diligence on a proposed Middle Market investment is generally performed on materials and information obtained from certain external resources and assessed internally by a minimum of two of our investment professionals, who work to understand the relationships among the prospective portfolio company's business plan, operations and financial performance using the accumulated due diligence information. Our Middle Market due diligence review includes some or all of the following:

detailed review of historical and projected financial statements;

in-depth industry, market, operational and strategy analysis;

regulatory compliance analysis; and

detailed review of the company's management team and their capabilities.

During the due diligence process, significant attention is given to sensitivity analyses and how the company might be expected to perform given downside, base-case and upside scenarios. In certain cases, we may decide not to make an investment based on the results of the diligence process.

Document and Close

Upon completion of a satisfactory due diligence review of a proposed LMM portfolio investment, the investment team presents the findings and a recommendation to our investment committee. The presentation contains information which can include, but is not limited to, the following:

company history and overview;

transaction overview, history and rationale, including an analysis of transaction strengths and risks;

analysis of key customers and suppliers and key contracts;

a working capital analysis;

an analysis of the company's business strategy;

a management and key equity investor background check and assessment;

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third-party accounting, legal, environmental or other due diligence findings;

investment structure and expected returns;

anticipated sources of repayment and potential exit strategies;

pro forma capitalization and ownership;

an analysis of historical financial results and key financial ratios;

sensitivities to management's financial projections;

regulatory compliance analysis findings; and

detailed reconciliations of historical to pro forma results.

Upon completion of a satisfactory due diligence review of a proposed Middle Market portfolio investment, the investment team presents the findings and a recommendation to our credit committee. The presentation contains information which can include, but is not limited to, the following:

company history and overview;

transaction overview, history and rationale, including an analysis of transaction strengths and risks;

analysis of key customers and suppliers;

an analysis of the company's business strategy;

investment structure and expected returns;

anticipated sources of repayment and potential exit strategies;

pro forma capitalization and ownership;

regulatory compliance analysis findings; and

an analysis of historical financial results and key financial ratios.

If any adjustments to the transaction terms or structures are proposed by the investment committee or credit committee, as applicable, such changes are made and applicable analyses are updated prior to approval of the transaction. Approval for the transaction must be made by the affirmative vote from a majority of the members of the investment committee or credit committee, as applicable, with the committee member managing the transaction, if any, abstaining from the vote. Upon receipt of transaction approval, we will re-confirm regulatory compliance, process and finalize all required legal documents, and fund the investment.

Post-Investment

We continuously monitor the status and progress of the portfolio companies. We generally offer managerial assistance to our portfolio companies, giving them access to our investment experience, direct industry expertise and contacts. The same investment team that was involved in the investment process will continue its involvement in the portfolio company post-investment. This provides for continuity of knowledge and allows the investment team to maintain a strong business relationship with key management of our portfolio companies for post-investment assistance and monitoring purposes. As part of the monitoring process of LMM portfolio investments, the investment team will analyze monthly and quarterly financial statements versus the previous periods and year, review financial projections, meet and discuss issues or opportunities with management, attend board meetings and review all compliance certificates and covenants. While we maintain limited involvement in the ordinary course operations of our LMM portfolio companies, we maintain a higher level of involvement in

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non-ordinary course financing or strategic activities and any non-performing scenarios. We also monitor the performance of our Middle Market portfolio investments; however, due to the larger size and higher sophistication level of these Middle Market companies in comparison to our LMM portfolio companies, it is not necessary or practical to have as much direct management interface.

We utilize an internally developed investment rating system to rate the performance of each LMM portfolio company and to monitor our expected level of returns on each of our LMM investments in relation to our expectations for the portfolio company. The investment rating system takes into consideration various factors, including, but not limited to, each investment's expected level of returns and the collectability of our debt investments, comparisons to competitors and other industry participants and the portfolio company's future outlook.

Investment Rating I represents a portfolio company that is performing in a manner which significantly exceeds expectations;

Investment Rating 2 represents a portfolio company that, in general, is performing above expectations;

Investment Rating 3 represents a portfolio company that is generally performing in accordance with expectations;

Investment Rating 4 represents a portfolio company that is underperforming expectations. Investments with such a rating require increased Main Street monitoring and scrutiny; and

Investment Rating 5 represents a portfolio company that is significantly underperforming. Investments with such a rating require heightened levels of monitoring and scrutiny by us and involve the recognition of significant unrealized depreciation on such investment.

All new LMM portfolio investments receive an initial 3 rating.

The following table shows the distribution of our LMM portfolio investments on the 1 to 5 investment rating scale at fair value as of December 31, 2013 and 2012:

	As of Decemb	per 31, 2013	As of December 31, 2012					
Investment Rating	estments at air Value	Percentage of Total Portfolio	Investments at Fair Value	Percentage of Total Portfolio				
		(dollars in th	ousands)					
1	\$ 242,013	36.7%	\$ 167,154	34.6%				
2	116,908	17.7%	117,157	24.3%				
3	239,843	36.4%	174,754	36.2%				
4	60,641	9.2%	23,799	4.9%				
5		0.0%		0.0%				
Total	\$ 659,405	100.0%	\$ 482,864	100.0%				

Based upon our investment rating system, the weighted average rating of our LMM portfolio as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 was approximately 2.2 and 2.1, respectively.

For the total Investment Portfolio, as of December 31, 2013, we had two investments with positive fair value on non-accrual status which comprised approximately 2.3% of the total Investment Portfolio at fair value and 4.7% of the total Investment Portfolio at cost and no fully impaired investments. For the total Investment Portfolio, as of December 31, 2012, we had no investments with positive fair value on non-accrual status and one fully impaired investment which comprised approximately 0.2% of the total Investment Portfolio at cost on

non-accrual status, excluding the investment in the affiliated Internal Investment Manager.

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Exit Strategies/Refinancing

While we generally exit most investments through the refinancing or repayment of our debt and redemption of our equity positions, we typically assist our LMM portfolio companies in developing and planning exit opportunities, including any sale or merger of our portfolio companies. We may also assist in the structure, timing, execution and transition of the exit strategy. The refinancing or repayment of Middle Market debt investments typically does not require our assistance due to the additional resources available to these larger, Middle Market companies.

Determination of Net Asset Value and Portfolio Valuation Process

We determine the net asset value per share of our common stock on a quarterly basis. The net asset value per share is equal to our total assets minus liabilities and any noncontrolling interests outstanding divided by the total number of shares of common stock outstanding.

We are required to report our investments at fair value. As a result, the most significant determination inherent in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements is the valuation of our Investment Portfolio and the related amounts of unrealized appreciation and depreciation. As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, approximately 95% and 89%, respectively, of our total assets at each date represented investments in our Investment Portfolio valued at fair value. We follow the provisions of the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("Codification" or "ASC") 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures* ("ASC 820"). ASC 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, establishes a fair value hierarchy based on the quality of inputs used to measure fair value, and enhances disclosure requirements for fair value measurements.

Our business strategy calls for us to invest primarily in illiquid debt and equity securities issued by private, LMM companies and debt securities issued by Middle Market companies that are generally larger in size than the LMM companies. We also categorize some of our investments in LMM and Middle Market companies as Private Loan portfolio investments, which are typically debt securities issued by companies that are consistent in size with either our LMM or Middle Market companies, but are investments which have been originated through strategic relationships with other investment funds on a collaborative basis. Our portfolio also includes Other Portfolio investments which are not consistent with the typical profiles for our LMM portfolio investments, Middle Market portfolio investments or Private Loan portfolio investments, which may be managed by third parties. All of these portfolio investments may be subject to restrictions on resale.

LMM investments and Other Portfolio investments generally have no established trading market while Middle Market securities generally have established markets that are not active. Private Loan investments may include investments which have no established trading market or have established markets that are not active. We determine in good faith the fair value of our Investment Portfolio pursuant to a valuation policy in accordance with ASC 820 and a valuation process approved by our Board of Directors and in accordance with the 1940 Act. Our valuation policy and process is intended to provide a consistent basis for determining the fair value of our Investment Portfolio.

For LMM investments, we generally review external events, including private mergers, sales and acquisitions involving comparable companies, and include these events in the valuation process. For Middle Market portfolio investments, we primarily use observable inputs such as quoted prices in the valuation process. For Middle Market portfolio investments for which sufficient observable inputs are not available to determine fair value, we generally use a combination of observable inputs through obtaining third party quotes or other independent pricing and an approach similar to the income approach using a yield-to-maturity model used to value our LMM portfolio debt investments.



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For valuation purposes, "control" LMM portfolio investments are composed of debt and equity securities in companies for which we have a controlling interest in the portfolio company or the ability to nominate a majority of the portfolio company's board of directors. Market quotations are generally not readily available for our control LMM portfolio investments. As a result, for control LMM portfolio investments, we generally determine the fair value using a combination of market and income approaches. Under the market approach, we will typically use the enterprise value methodology to determine the fair value of these investments. The enterprise value is the fair value at which an enterprise could be sold in a transaction between two willing parties, other than through a forced or liquidation sale. Typically, private companies are bought and sold based on multiples of earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, or EBITDA, cash flows, net income, revenues, or in limited cases, book value. There is no single methodology for estimating enterprise value. For any one portfolio company, enterprise value is generally described as a range of values from which a single estimate of enterprise value is derived. In estimating the enterprise value of a portfolio company, we analyze various factors, including the portfolio company's historical and projected financial results. We allocate the enterprise value to investments in order of the legal priority of the various components of the portfolio company's capital structure. We will also use the income approach to determine the fair value of these securities, based on projections of the discounted future free cash flows that the portfolio company or the debt security will likely generate, and which includes using a yield-to-maturity approach that analyzes the discounted cash flows of interest and principal for the debt security, as set forth in the associated loan agreements, as well as the financial position and credit risk of each of these portfolio investments.. The valuation approaches for our control LMM portfolio investments estimate the value of the investment if we were to sell, or exit, the investment. In addition, these valuation approaches consider the value associated with our ability to control the capital structure of the portfolio company, as well as the timing of a potential exit.

For valuation purposes, "non-control" LMM portfolio investments are generally composed of debt and equity securities in companies for which we do not have a controlling interest in the portfolio company or the ability to nominate a majority of the portfolio company's board of directors. Market quotations are generally not readily available for non-control LMM portfolio investments. For our non-control LMM investments, we use a combination of the market and income approaches to value our equity investments and the income approach to value our debt investments similar to the approaches used for our control LMM portfolio investments, and which includes using a yield-to-maturity approach that analyzes the discounted cash flows of interest and principal for the debt security, as set forth in the associated loan agreements, as well as the financial position and credit risk of each of these portfolio investments. Our estimate of the expected repayment date of a LMM debt security is generally the legal maturity date of the instrument, as we generally intend to hold our LMM loans and debt securities to maturity. The yield-to-maturity analysis considers changes in leverage levels, credit quality, portfolio company performance and other factors. We will use the value determined by the yield-to-maturity analysis as the fair value for that security. A change in the assumptions that we use to estimate the fair value of our LMM debt securities using the yield-to-maturity analysis could have a material impact on the determination of fair value. If there is deterioration in credit quality or if a LMM debt security is in workout status, we may consider other factors in determining the fair value of the LMM debt security from the enterprise value of the portfolio company or the proceeds that would most likely be received in a liquidation analysis.

Pursuant to our internal valuation process and the requirements under the 1940 Act, we perform valuation procedures on our investments in each LMM portfolio company once a quarter. In addition to our internal valuation process, in arriving at estimates of fair value for our investments in LMM portfolio companies, we, among other things, consult with a nationally recognized independent financial advisory services firm. The nationally recognized independent advisor is generally consulted relative to

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our investments in each LMM portfolio company at least once in every calendar year, and for our investments in new LMM portfolio companies, at least once in the twelve-month period subsequent to the initial investment. In certain instances, we may determine that it is not cost-effective, and as a result is not in our stockholders' best interest, to consult with the nationally recognized independent advisor on our investments in one or more LMM portfolio companies. Such instances include, but are not limited to, situations where the fair value of our investment in a LMM portfolio company is determined to be insignificant relative to the total investment portfolio. We consulted with our independent advisor in arriving at our determination of fair value on our investments in a total of 50 LMM portfolio companies for the year ended December 31, 2013, representing approximately 76% of the total LMM portfolio at fair value as of December 31, 2013 and on a total of 47 LMM portfolio companies for the year ended December 31, 2012, representing approximately 80% of the total LMM portfolio and investment in the affiliated Internal Investment Manager at fair value as of December 31, 2012. Excluding our investments in new LMM portfolio companies which have not been in our Investment Portfolio for at least twelve months subsequent to the initial investment as of December 31, 2013 and 99% of total LMM portfolio and investment in the affiliated Internal Investment Portfolio and investment in the affiliated Internal Superior of the percentage of the LMM portfolio reviewed was over 99% of total LMM portfolio at fair value as of December 31, 2013. This is not investment as of December 31, 2013 and 99% of total LMM portfolio and investment in the affiliated Internal Investment as of December 31, 2013.

Our Middle Market portfolio investments primarily consist of direct investments in or secondary purchases of interest-bearing debt securities in companies that are generally larger in size than the LMM companies included in our Investment Portfolio. For valuation purposes, all of our Middle Market portfolio investments are non-control investments for which we do not have a controlling interest in the portfolio company or the ability to nominate a majority of the portfolio company's board of directors. We primarily use observable inputs to determine the fair value of these investments through obtaining third party quotes or independent pricing, to the extent such sufficient observable inputs are available, to determine fair value. For Middle Market portfolio investments for which sufficient observable inputs are not available to determine fair value, we use a combination of observable inputs through obtaining third party quotes or other independent pricing and an approach similar to the income approach using a yield-to-maturity model used to value our LMM portfolio debt investments.

Our Private Loan portfolio investments primarily consist of direct investments in or secondary purchases of interest-bearing debt securities in companies that are consistent with the size of companies included in our LMM portfolio or our Middle Market portfolio. For valuation purposes, all of our Private Loan portfolio investments are non-control investments for which we do not have a controlling interest in the portfolio company or the ability to nominate a majority of the portfolio company's board of directors. As sufficient observable inputs to determine the fair value of these Private Loan portfolio investments through obtaining third party pricing or other independent pricing are not generally available, we generally use a combination of observable inputs through obtaining third party quotes or other independent pricing and an approach similar to the income approach using a yield-to-maturity model used to value our LMM portfolio debt investments.

For valuation purposes, all of our Other Portfolio investments are non-control investments for which we do not have a controlling interest in the portfolio company or the ability to nominate a majority of the portfolio company's board of directors. Our Other Portfolio investments comprised 3.3% and 2.6%, respectively, of our Investment Portfolio at fair value as of December 31, 2013 and 2012. Similar to the LMM investment portfolio, market quotations for Other Portfolio equity investments are generally not readily available. For our Other Portfolio equity investments, we determine the fair value based on the fair value of the portfolio company as determined by independent third parties and based on our proportional ownership in the portfolio company, as well as the financial position and assessed risk of each of these portfolio investments. For Other Portfolio debt investments with observable inputs, we determine the fair value of these investments through obtaining



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third party quotes or other independent pricing, to the extent such sufficient observable inputs are available, to determine fair value. To the extent observable inputs are not available, we value these Other Portfolio debt investments through an approach similar to the income approach using a yield-to-maturity model used to value our LMM portfolio debt investments.

For valuation purposes, our investment in the External Investment Manager is a control investment for which we have a controlling interest in the portfolio company and the ability to nominate a majority of the portfolio company's board of directors. Market quotations are not readily available for this investment, and as a result, we determine the fair value of the External Investment Manager using the enterprise value methodology under the market approach. In estimating the enterprise value, we analyze various factors, including the entity's historical and projected financial results, as well as its size, marketability and performance relative to the population of market multiples. This valuation approach estimates the value of the investment if we were to sell, or exit, the investment. In addition, we consider the value associated with our ability to control the capital structure of the company, as well as the timing of a potential exit.

Due to the inherent uncertainty in the valuation process, our determination of fair value for our Investment Portfolio may differ materially from the values that would have been determined had a ready market for the securities existed. In addition, changes in the market environment, portfolio company performance and other events that may occur over the lives of the investments may cause the gains or losses ultimately realized on these investments to be materially different than the valuations currently assigned. We determine the fair value of each individual investment and record changes in fair value as unrealized appreciation or depreciation.

As described below, we undertake a multi-step valuation process each quarter in connection with determining the fair value of our investments, with our Board of Directors having final responsibility for overseeing, reviewing and approving, in good faith, our determination of the fair value of each individual investment as well as our valuation procedures.

Our quarterly valuation process begins with each LMM and Private Loan portfolio company investment being initially valued by the investment team responsible for monitoring the portfolio investment;

The fair value determination for our Middle Market and Other Portfolio debt and equity investments and our investment in the External Investment Manager consists of unobservable and observable inputs which are initially reviewed by the investment professionals responsible for monitoring the portfolio investment;

Preliminary valuation conclusions are then reviewed by and discussed with senior management, and the investment team considers and assesses, as appropriate, any changes that may be required to the preliminary valuations to address any comments provided by senior management;

As described above, a nationally recognized independent advisor performs certain mutually agreed limited procedures that we and the Board of Directors have identified and asked them to perform on a selection of management's LMM portfolio company valuation conclusions;

The Audit Committee of our Board of Directors reviews management's valuations, and the investment team and senior management consider and assess, as appropriate, any changes that may be required to management's valuations to address any comments provided by the Audit Committee; and

The Board of Directors assesses the valuations and ultimately approves the fair value of each investment in our portfolio in good faith.

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Determination of fair value involves subjective judgments and estimates. The notes to our financial statements will refer to the uncertainty with respect to the possible effect of such valuations, and any change in such valuations, on our financial statements.

Competition

We compete for investments with a number of investment funds (including private equity funds, mezzanine funds, BDCs, and SBICs), as well as traditional financial services companies such as commercial banks and other sources of financing. Many of the entities that compete with us have greater financial and managerial resources. We believe we are able to be competitive with these entities primarily on the basis of our focus toward the underserved LMM, the experience and contacts of our management team, our responsive and efficient investment analysis and decision-making processes, our comprehensive suite of customized financing solutions and the investment terms we offer.

We believe that some of our competitors make senior secured loans, junior secured loans and subordinated debt investments with interest rates and returns that are comparable to or lower than the rates and returns that we target. Therefore, we do not seek to compete primarily on the interest rates and returns that we offer to potential portfolio companies. For additional information concerning the competitive risks we face, see "Risk Factors Risks Related to Our Business and Structure We may face increasing competition for investment opportunities."

Employees

As of December 31, 2013, we had 37 employees, each of whom was employed by the Internal Investment Manager. These employees include investment and portfolio management professionals, operations professionals and administrative staff. As necessary, we will hire additional investment professionals and administrative personnel. All of our employees are located in our Houston, Texas office.

Properties

We do not own any real estate or other physical properties materially important to our operations. Currently, we lease office space in Houston, Texas for our corporate headquarters.

Legal Proceedings

We may, from time to time, be involved in litigation arising out of our operations in the normal course of business or otherwise. Furthermore, third parties may seek to impose liability on us in connection with the activities of our portfolio companies. While the outcome of any current legal proceedings cannot at this time be predicted with certainty, we do not expect any current matters will materially affect our financial condition or results of operations; however, there can be no assurance whether any pending legal proceedings will have a material adverse effect on our financial condition or results of operations in any future reporting period.

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PORTFOLIO COMPANIES

The following table sets forth certain unaudited information as of December 31, 2013, for the portfolio companies in which we had a debt or equity investment. Other than these investments, our only formal relationships with our portfolio companies are the managerial assistance ancillary to our investments and the board observer or participation rights we may receive. As of December 31, 2013, none of our portfolio company investments constituted five percent or more of our total assets. The following table excludes our investment in the External Investment Manager and marketable securities and idle funds investments.

Portfolio Company(1) Control Investments(5)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
ASC Interests, LLC 16500 Westheimer Parkway Houston, TX 77082	Recreational and Educational Shooting Facility	11% Secured Debt (Maturity July 31, 2018) Member Units (Fully diluted 48.4%)	3,500	3,434 1,500 4,934	3,434 1,500 4,934
Bond-Coat, Inc. 11901 West CR 125 Odessa, TX 79765	Casing and Tubing Coating Services	12% Secured Debt (Maturity December 28, 2017) Common Stock (Fully diluted 42.9%)	14,750	14,581 6,220 20,801	14,750 8,850 23,600
Café Brazil, LLC 202 West Main Street, Ste. 100 Allen, TX 75013	Casual Restaurant Group	Member Units (Fully diluted 69.0%)(8)		1,742	6,770
California Healthcare Medical Billing, Inc. 1121 E. Washington Ave. Escondido, CA 92025 1,299,520	Outsourced Billing and Revenue Cycle Management	12% Secured Debt (Maturity October 17, 2015) Warrants (Fully diluted 21.3%) Common Stock (Fully diluted 9.8%)	8,103	7,973 1,193 1,177 10,343	8,103 3,380 1,560 13,043
CBT Nuggets, LLC 44 Club Rd., Ste. 150 Eugene, OR 97401	Produces and Sells IT Training Certification Videos	Member Units (Fully diluted 41.6%)(8) 92		1,300	16,700

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Ceres Management, LLC (Lambs) 11675 Jollyville Rd., Ste. 300 Austin, TX 78759	Aftermarket Automotive Services Chain	 14% Secured Debt (Maturity May 31, 2018) Class B Member Units (12% cumulative)(8) Member Units (Fully diluted 65.0%) 9.5% Secured Debt (Lamb's Real Estate Investment I, LLC) (Maturity October 1, 2025) 	4,000	4,000 3,586 5,273 1,017	4,000 3,586 1,190 1,017
		Member Units (Lamb's Real Estate Investment I, LLC) (Fully diluted 100.0%)(8)		625 14,501	1,060 10,853
Garreco, LLC 430 Hiram Rd. Heber Springs, AR 72543	Manufacturer and Supplier of Dental Products	14% Secured Debt (Maturity January 12, 2018) Member Units (Fully diluted 32.0%)	5,800	5,693 1,200 6,893	5,693 1,200 6,893
Gulf Manufacturing, LLC 1221 Indiana St. Humble, TX 77396	Manufacturer of Specialty Fabricated Industrial Piping Products	9% PIK Secured Debt (Ashland Capital IX, LLC) (Maturity June 30, 2017) Member Units (Fully diluted 34.2%)(8)	919	919 2,980 3,899	919 13,220 14,139
Harrison Hydra-Gen, Ltd. 10827 Tower Oaks Blvd. Houston, TX 77070	Manufacturer of Hydraulic Generators	12% Secured Debt (Maturity June 4, 2015) Preferred Stock (8% cumulative)(8) Common Stock (Fully diluted 34.4%)	4,896	4,659 1,167 718 6,544	4,896 1,167 1,340 7,403
Hawthorne Customs and Dispatch Services, LLC 9370 Wallisville Rd Houston, TX 77013	Facilitator of Import Logistics, Brokerage, and Warehousing	Member Units (Fully diluted 47.6%)(8) Member Units (Wallisville Real Estate, LLC) (Fully diluted 59.1%)(8)		589 1,215 1,804	440 2,050 2,490

Hydratec, Inc. 325 Road 192 Delano, CA 93215 Designer and Installer of Micro-Irrigation Systems

Common Stock (Fully diluted 95.9%)(8)

7,095 13,720

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Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
IDX Broker, LLC 1551 Pearl Street Eugene, OR 97401	Provider of Marketing and CRM Tools for Real Estate	12.5% Secured Debt (Maturity November 18, 2018) Member Units (Fully diluted 63.9%)	10,571	10,467 5,029	10,467 5,029
Impact Telecom, Inc. 9250 E Costilla Ave Suite 400 Greenwood Village, CO 80112	Telecommunications Services	LIBOR Plus 4.50%, Current Coupon 6.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 31, 2018)(9) 13% Secured Debt (Maturity May 31, 2018) Warrants (Fully diluted 40.0%)	1,575 22,500	15,496 1,568 14,690 8,000 24,258	15,496 1,568 14,690 8,760 25,018
Indianapolis Aviation Partners, LLC 8501 Telephone Road Houston, TX 77061	Fixed Base Operator	15% Secured Debt (Maturity September 15, 2014) Warrants (Fully diluted 30.1%)	3,550	3,483 1,129 4,612	3,550 2,200 5,750
Jensen Jewelers of Idaho, LLC 130 Second Avenue North Twin Falls, ID 83301	Retail Jewelry Store	Prime Plus 6.75%, Current Coupon 10.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 14, 2016)(9) Member Units (Fully diluted 60.8%)(8)	4,255	4,193 811 5,004	4,255 3,310 7,565
Lighting Unlimited, LLC 4125 Richmond Ave Houston, TX 77027	Commercial and Residential Lighting Products and Design Services	8% Secured Debt (Maturity August 22, 2014) Preferred Stock (non-voting) Warrants (Fully diluted 7.1%) Common Stock (Fully diluted 70.0%)	1,676	1,676 459 54 100 2,289	1,676 470 30 250 2,426
Marine Shelters Holdings, LLC 6800 Harborside Dr. Galveston, TX 77554	Fabricator of Marine and Industrial Shelters		10.250	10.076	10.076

10,076

12% Secured Debt (Maturity December 28, 2017) Preferred Stock (Fully diluted 26.7%)	3,750	3,750
94	13,826	13,826

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Mid-Columbia Lumber Products, LLC 380 NW Adler St Madras, OR 97741	Manufacturer of Finger-Jointed Lumber Products	10% Secured Debt (Maturity December 18, 2017) 12% Secured Debt (Maturity December 18, 2017) 9.5% Secured Debt (Mid Columbia Real Estate, LLC) (Maturity May 13, 2025) Member Units (Fully diluted 54.0%)(8) Member Units (Mid Columbia Real Estate, LLC) (Fully diluted 50.0%)(8)	1,750 3,900 972	1,750 3,900 972 1,132 250 8,004	1,750 3,900 972 8,280 440 15,342
NAPCO Precast, LLC 6949 Low Bid Lane San Antonio, TX 78250	Precast Concrete Manufacturing	Prime Plus 2%, Current Coupon 9%, Secured Debt (Maturity September 1, 2015)(9) Prime Plus 2%, Current Coupon 9%, Secured Debt (Maturity February 1, 2016)(9) 18% Secured Debt (Maturity February 1, 2016) Member Units (Fully diluted 44.0%)(8)	2,750 2,923 4,468	2,703 2,893 4,418 2,975 12,989	2,750 2,923 4,468 5,920 16,061
NRI Clinical Research, LLC 2010 Wilshire Blvd Los Angeles, CA 90057	Clinical Research Center	14% Secured Debt (Maturity September 8, 2016) Warrants (Fully diluted 12.5%) Member Units (Fully diluted 24.8%)	4,394	4,226 252 500 4,978	4,226 440 870 5,536
NRP Jones, LLC 210 Philadelphia St LaPorte, IN 46350	Manufacturer of Hoses, Fittings and Assemblies	12% Secured Debt (Maturity December 22, 2016) Warrants (Fully diluted 12.2%) Member Units (Fully diluted 43.2%)(8)	12,100	11,382 817 2,900 15,099	12,100 1,420 5,050 18,570
OMi Holdings, Inc. 1515 E I-30 Service Road Royse City, TX 75189	Manufacturer of Overhead Cranes	Common Stock (Fully diluted 48.0%)(8)		1,080	13,420

Pegasus Research Group, LLC (Televerde) 4636 E. University Drive Phoenix, AZ 77074 Telemarketing and Data Services

15% Secured Debt (Maturity January 6, 2016) Member Units (Fully diluted 43.7%)(8)	4,791	4,760 1,250	4,791 4,860
		6,010	9,651
95			

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
PPL RVs, Inc. 10777 Southwest Freeway Houston, TX 77074	Recreational Vehicle Dealer	11.1% Secured Debt (Maturity June 10, 2015) Common Stock (Fully diluted 51.1%)	7,860	7,827 2,150 9,977	7,860 7,990 15,850
Principle Environmental, LLC 201 W. Ranch Court Weatherford, TX 76088	Noise Abatement Services	12% Secured Debt (Maturity February 1, 2016) 12% Current / 2% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity February 1, 2016) Warrants (Fully diluted 14.6%) Member Units (Fully diluted 22.6%)(8)	3,506 4,674	3,070 4,617 1,200 1,863 10,750	3,506 4,656 2,620 4,180 14,962
River Aggregates, LLC 25963 Sorters Road Porter, TX 77365	Processor of Construction Aggregates	12% Secured Debt (Maturity June 30, 2018) Zero Coupon Secured Debt (Maturity June 30, 2018) Member Units (Fully diluted 38.3%) Member Units (RA Properties, LLC) (Fully diluted 50.0%)	500 750	500 421 1,150 369 2,440	500 421 369 1,290
Southern RV, LLC 3625 Bossier City Bossier City, LA 71112	Recreational Vehicle Dealer	 13% Secured Debt (Maturity August 8, 2018) Member Units (Fully diluted 50.2%) 13% Secured Debt (Southern RV Real Estate, LLC) (Maturity August 8, 2018) Member Units (Southern RV Real Estate, LLC) (Fully diluted 55.69%) 	11,400 3,250	11,239 1,680 3,204 480 16,603	11,239 1,680 3,204 480 16,603
The MPI Group, LLC 319 North Hills Road Corbin, KY 40701	Manufacturer of Custom Hollow Metal Doors, Frames and Accessories	4.5% Current / 4.5% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity July 1, 2014) 6% Current / 6% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity July 1, 2014) Warrants (Fully diluted 52.3%)	1,079 5,639	1,079 5,639 1,096	880 4,600

				7,814	5,480
Travis Acquisition LLC 13955 FM 529 Rd Houston, TX 77041	Manufacturer of Aluminum Trailers	12% Secured Debt (Maturity August 30, 2018)	0.200	0.025	0.025
		2018) Member Units (Fully diluted 65.5%)	9,200	9,025 7,100	9,025 7,100
				16,125	16,125
		96			

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Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Uvalco Supply, LLC 2521 E. Main St. Uvalde, TX 78801	Farm and Ranch Supply Store	9% Secured Debt (Maturity January 1, 2019) Member Units (Fully diluted 42.8%)(8)	2,175	2,175 1,113 3,288	2,175 3,730 5,905
Vision Interests, Inc. 6630 Arroyo Springs St., Ste. 600 Las Vegas, NV 89113	Manufacturer / Installer of Commercial Signage	13% Secured Debt (Maturity December 23, 2016) Series A Preferred Stock (Fully diluted 50.9%) Common Stock (Fully diluted 19.1%)	3,204	3,158 3,000 3,706 9,864	3,158 1,510 4,668
Ziegler's NYPD, LLC 13901 North 73rd St., #219 Scottsdale, AZ 85260	Casual Restaurant Group	Prime Plus 2%, Current Coupon 9%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 1, 2018)(9) 9% Current / 9% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity October 1, 2018) Warrants (Fully diluted 46.6%)	1,000 5,449	1,000 5,449 600 7,049	1,000 4,820 5,820
Subtotal Control Investments				277,411	355,909

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Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Affiliate Investments(6)					
American Sensor Technologies, Inc. 450 Clark Dr. Mt. Olive, NJ 07828	Manufacturer of Commercial / Industrial Sensors	Warrants (Fully diluted 19.6%)		50	10,100
Bridge Capital Solutions Corporation 300 Motor Parkway, Suite 215 Hauppauge, NY 11788	Financial Services and Cash Flow Solutions	13% Secured Debt (Maturity April 17, 2017) Warrants (Fully diluted 7.5%)	5,000	4,799 200 4,999	4,799 530 5,329
Buffalo Composite Materials					
Holdings, LLC P.O. Box 578 Giddings, TX 78942	Manufacturer of Fiberglass Products	Member Units (Fully diluted 23.1%)		2,035	2,035
Condit Exhibits, LLC					
500 West Tennessee Denver, CO 80223	Tradeshow Exhibits / Custom Displays	12% Secured Debt (Maturity July 31, 2018) Warrants (Fully diluted 15.0%)(8)	3,750	3,750 100 3,850	3,750 540 4,290
Congruent Credit Opportunities					
Funds(12)(13) 3131 McKinney Ave., Suite 850 Dallas, TX 75204	Investment Partnership	LP Interests (Congruent Credit			
		Opportunities Fund II, LP) (Fully diluted 19.8%)(8) LP Interests (Congruent Credit Opportunities Fund III, LP) (Fully		22,060	22,692
		diluted 17.4%)		4,128	4,128
				26,188	26,820
Daseke, Inc. 17305 59th Avenue NE Arlington, WA 98223	Specialty Transportation Provider	12% Current / 2.5% PIK Secured Debt			
		(Maturity July 31, 2018) Common Stock (Fully diluted 12.6%)	20,206	19,828 4,642	19,828 11,689
				24,470	31,517
Dos Rios Partners(12)(13)					

3411 Richmond Avenue, Suite 420 Houston, TX 77046

Investment Partnership

		LP Interests (Dos Rios Partners, LP) (Fully diluted 27.69%) LP Interests (Dos Rios Partners A, LP) (Fully diluted 9.14%)	1,269 403	1,269 403
			1,672	1,672
East Teak Fine Hardwoods, Inc.				
1106 Drake Road				
Donalds, SC 29638	Hardwood Products			
		Common Stock (Fully diluted 5.0%)	480	450
		98		

Portfolio Company(1) Freeport Financial SBIC Fund LP(12)(13)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
300 N. La Salle Street, Suite 5300 Chicago, Il 60654	Investment Partnership	LP Interests (Fully diluted 9.9%)		1,618	1,618
Gault Financial, LLC (RMB Capital, LLC) 409 Bearden Circle Knoxville, TN 37919	Purchases and Manages Liquidation of Distressed Assets	14% Secured Debt (Maturity November 21, 2016) Warrants (Fully diluted 22.5%)	12,165	11,747 400 12,147	10,550
Glowpoint, Inc. 430 Mountain Avenue., Ste. 301 Murray Hill, NJ 07974	Cloud Managed Video Collaboration Services	 8% Secured Debt (Maturity October 18, 2018) 12% Secured Debt (Maturity October 18, 2018) Common Stock (Fully diluted 21.8%) (GP Investment Holdings, LLC) 	300 9,000	294 8,892 3,800 12,986	294 8,892 10,235 19,421
Houston Plating and Coatings, LLC 1315 Georgia St South Houston, TX 77587	Plating and Industrial Coating Services	Member Units (Fully diluted 11.1%)(8)		635	9,160
Indianhead Pipeline Services, LLC 13167 County Hwy 00 Chippewa Falls, WI 54729	Pipeline Support Services	12% Secured Debt (Maturity February 6, 2017) Preferred Equity (8% cumulative)(8) Warrants (Fully diluted 10.6%) Member Units (Fully diluted 12.1%)(8)	7,800	7,394 1,832 459 1 9,686	7,800 1,832 470 530 10,632
Integrated Printing Solutions, LLC 7025 South Fulton Street, Suite 100 Centennial, CO 80112	Specialty Card Printing	8% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity January 31, 2014)(14) 13% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity September 23, 2016)(14) Preferred Equity (Fully diluted 11.0%) Warrants (Fully diluted 8.0%)	750 12,500	750 11,918 2,000 600 15,268	750 8,365 9,115
		Preferred Equity (Fully diluted 11.0%)	12,500	2,000	

irth Solutions, LLC 5009 Horizons Drive Columbus, OH 43220	Damage Prevention Technology Information Services	Member Units (Fully diluted 12.8%)(8)	624	3,300
		99		

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
KBK Industries, LLC East Hwy 96 Rush Center, KS 67575	Specialty Manufacturer of Oilfield and Industrial Products	12.5% Secured Debt (Maturity September 28, 2017) Member Units (Fully diluted 17.5%)(8)	9,000	8,927 341 9,268	9,000 5,740 14,740
OnAsset Intelligence, Inc. 3080 Story Road West Irving, TX 75038	Transportation Monitoring / Tracking Services	12% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity June 30, 2014) Preferred Stock (7% cumulative) (Fully diluted 3.6%)(8) Warrants (Fully diluted 14.2%)	2,330	1,788 1,815 1,787 5,390	1,788 2,602 370 4,760
OPI International Ltd.(13) 4545 Post Oak Place Drive Houston, TX 77027	Oil and Gas Construction Services	Common Equity (Fully diluted 11.5%)		1,371	4,971
PCI Holding Company, Inc. 12201 Magnolia Avenue Riverside, CA 92503	Manufacturer of Industrial Gas Generating Systems	12% Current / 4% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity December 18, 2017) Preferred Stock (20% cumulative) (Fully diluted 19.4%)(8)	4,449	4,376 1,847 6,223	4,449 3,311 7,760
Quality Lease and Rental Holdings, LLC 501 East Kennedy Blvd, Suite 801 Tampa, FL 33602	Rigsite Accommodation Unit Rental and Related Services	12% Secured Debt (Maturity January 8, 2018)(14) Preferred Member Units (Rocaciea, LLC) (Fully diluted 20.0%)	37,350	36,843 2,500 39,343	20,000 20,000
Radial Drilling Services Inc. 4921 Spring Cypress Spring, TX 77379	Oil and Gas Technology	12% Secured Debt (Maturity November 22, 2016) Warrants (Fully diluted 24.0%)	4,200	3,626 758	3,626

			4,384	3,626
1730 Montano Road NW, Suite F Mo	elligent Driver Record onitoring Software and rvices 12.5% Secured Debt (Maturity November 17, 2016) Common Stock (Fully diluted 19.4%)	11,453	11,325 1,707 13,032	11,453 4,510 15,963
	100			

Portfolio Company(1) Spectrio LLC	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
720 Brooker Creek Blvd., Ste. 215 Oldsmar, FL 34677	Audio Messaging Services	LIBOR Plus 7.50%, Current Coupon 8.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 19, 2018) Warrants (Fully diluted 9.8%)	17,878	17,504 887 18,391	17,878 3,850 21,728
SYNEO, LLC 3601 Galaznik Rd Angleton, TX 77515	Manufacturer of Specialty Cutting Tools and Punches	 12% Secured Debt (Maturity July 13, 2016) 10% Secured Debt (Leadrock Properties, LLC) (Maturity May 4, 2026) Member Units (Fully diluted 10.8%) 	4,300 1,440	4,238 1,414 1,036 6,688	4,238 1,414 740 6,392
Texas Reexcavation LC 3025 Maxroy Houston, TX 77008	Hydro Excavation Services	12% Current / 3% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity December 31, 2017) Class A Member Units (Fully diluted 16.3%)	6,185	6,082 2,900 8,982	6,082 3,270 9,352
Tin Roof Acquisition Company 1516 Demonbreun Street Nashville, TN 37203	Casual Restaurant Group	12% Secured Debt (Maturity November 30, 2018) Class C Preferred Member Units (10% cumulative) (Fully diluted 10.0%)(8)	11,000	10,785 2,027 12,812	10,785 2,027 12,812
Subtotal Affiliate Investments				242,592	268,113

Portfolio Company(1) Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments(Business Description 7)	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
ABG Intermediate Holdings 2, LLC(11) 100 W. 33rd Street, Suite 1007 New York, NY 10001	Trademark Licensing of Clothing	LIBOR Plus 5.00%, Current Coupon 6.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 28, 2019)(9)	7,500	7,463	7,463
Allflex Holdings III Inc.(11) 2805 East 14th Street Dallas, TX 75261	Manufacturer of Livestock Identification Products	LIBOR Plus 7.00%, Current Coupon 8.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 19, 2021)(9)	5,000	4,952	5,076
Alvogen Pharma US, Inc.(11) 10 Bloomfield Ave. Pine Brook, NJ 07058	Pharmaceutical Company Focused on Generics	LIBOR Plus 5.75%, Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 23, 2018)(9)	1,966	1,938	1,996
AM General LLC(11) 105 N. Niles Ave. South Bend, IN 46634	Specialty Vehicle Manufacturer	LIBOR Plus 9.00%, Current Coupon 10.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity March 22, 2018)(9)	2,850	2,775	2,501
AM3 Pinnacle Corporation 900 Commerce Dr., Ste. 200 Oak Brook, IL 60523	Provider of Comprehensive Internet, TV and Voice Services for Multi-Dwelling Unit Properties	10% Secured Debt (Maturity October 22, 2018) Common Stock (Fully diluted 3.2%)	22,500	22,320 2,000 24,320	22,320 2,000 24,320
American Beacon Advisors Inc.(11) 4151 Amon Carter Blvd MD 2450 Fort Worth, TX 76155	Provider of Sub-Advised Investment Products	LIBOR Plus 3.75%, Current Coupon 4.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 22, 2019)(9)	6,500	6,436	6,534
AmeriTech College, LLC 12257 Business Park Dr, Ste. 108 Draper, UT 84020	For-Profit Nursing and Healthcare College	18% Secured Debt (Maturity March 9, 2017) 102	6,050	5,960	6,050

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
AMF Bowling Centers, Inc.(11)	2	- JF <i>source</i> (-)(<i>c</i>)	p (.)	(•)	
222 W 44th Street New York, NY 10036	Bowling Alley Operator	LIBOR Plus 7.50%, Current Coupon 8.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 29, 2018)(9)	4,938	4,799	4,975
Anchor Hocking, LLC(11) 519 N. Pierce Avenue Lancaster, OH 43130	Household Products Manufacturer	LIBOR Plus 6.25%, Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 21, 2020)(9)	6,965	6,900	7,078
Ancile Solutions, Inc.(11) 6085 Marshalee Drive, Suite 300 Elkridge, MD 21075	Provider of eLearning Solutions	LIBOR Plus 5.00%, Current Coupon 6.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 15, 2018)(9)	9,628	9,571	9,652
Answers Corporation(11) 6665 Delmar, Suite 3000 St. Louis, MO 63130	Consumer Internet Search Services Provider	LIBOR Plus 5.50%, Current Coupon 6.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 20, 2018)(9)	8,500	8,415	8,436
AP Gaming I, LLC 6680 Amelia Earhart Courth Las Vegas, NV 89119	Developer, Manufacturer, and Operator of Gaming Machines	LIBOR Plus 8.25%, Current Coupon 9.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 20, 2020)(9)	7,000	6,790	6,913
Apria Healthcare Group, Inc.(11) 26220 Enterprise Court Lake Forest, CA 92630	Provider of Home Healthcare Equipment	LIBOR Plus 5.50%, Current Coupon 6.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 6, 2020)(9)	5,473	5,441	5,500
Artel, LLC(11) 1983 Preston White Drive Reston, VA 20191	Land-Based and Commercial Satellite Provider	LIBOR Plus 6.00%, Current Coupon 7.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 27, 2017)(9)	5,953	5,878	5,864
Atkins Nutritionals Holdings II, Inc.(11) 1050 17th Street, Suite 100 Denver, CO 80265	Weight Management Food Products	LIBOR Plus 5.00%, Current Coupon 6.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity January 2, 2019)(9)	1,985	1,985	2,010

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
B. J. Alan Company			-		
5555 Martin Luther King Jr. Blvd. Youngstown, OH 44502	Retailer and Distributor of Consumer Fireworks	12.5% Current / 2.5% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity June 22, 2017)	11,235	11,158	11,158
BBTS Borrower LP(11) 18615 Tuscany Stone #300 San Antonio, TX 78258	Oil & Gas Exploration and Midstream Services	LIBOR Plus 6.50%, Current Coupon 7.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 4, 2019)(9)	6,948	6,883	7,013
Blackhawk Specialty Tools LLC(11) 11936 Brittmoore Park Drive Houston, TX 77041	Oilfield Equipment & Services	LIBOR Plus 5.25%, Current Coupon 6.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 1, 2019)(9)	5,413	5,375	5,399
Bluestem Brands, Inc.(11) 6509 Flying Cloud Dr. Eden Prarie, MN 55344	Multi-Channel Retailer of General Merchandise	LIBOR Plus 6.50%, Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 6, 2018)(9)	4,000	3,921	3,960
Brand Connections, LLC 26 Orange Rd Montclair, NJ 07042	Venue-Based Marketing and Media	12% Secured Debt (Maturity April 30, 2015)	7,063	6,983	7,063
Brasa Holdings, Inc.(11) 14881 Quorum Drive, Suite 750 Dallas, TX 75254	Upscale Full Service Restaurants	LIBOR Plus 4.75%, Current Coupon 5.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 19, 2019)(9) LIBOR Plus 9.50%, Current Coupon 11.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity January 20, 2020)(9)	3,456 3,857	3,379 3,820 7,199	3,498 3,896 7,394
Calloway Laboratories, Inc.(10) 34 Commerce Way Woburn, MA 01801	Health Care Testing Facilities	12.00% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity September 30, 2014) Warrants (Fully diluted 1.5%)	6,336	6,276 17 6,293	4,738 4,738
		104			

Portfolio Company(1) CDC Software Corporation(11)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
2002 Summit Blvd. #700 Atlanta, GA 30319	Enterprise Application Software	LIBOR Plus 6.00%, Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 6, 2018)(9)	4,197	4,163	4,244
Cedar Bay Generation Company LP(11) 9405 Arrowpoint Blvd. Charlotte, NC 28273	Coal-Fired Cogeneration Plant	LIBOR Plus 5.00%, Current Coupon 6.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 23, 2020)(9)	7,964	7,891	8,028
Charlotte Russe, Inc.(11) 575 Florida Street San Francisco, CA 94010	Fast-Fashion Retailer to Young Women	LIBOR Plus 5.50%, Current Coupon 6.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 22, 2019)(9)	4,988	4,942	4,919
CHI Overhead Doors, Inc.(11) 1485 Sunrise Dr. Arthur IL, 61911	Manufacturer of Overhead Garage Doors	LIBOR Plus 9.50%, Current Coupon 11.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity September 18, 2019)(9)	2,500	2,462	2,513
Collective Brands Finance, Inc.(11) 3231 SE 6th Ave Topeka, KS 66607	Specialty Footwear Retailer	LIBOR Plus 6.00%, Current Coupon 7.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 9, 2019)(9)	2,481	2,481	2,494
Compact Power Equipment, Inc. P. O. Box 40 Fort Mill, SC 29716	Equipment / Tool Rental	6% Current / 6% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity October 1, 2017) Series A Stock (8% cumulative) (Fully diluted 4.2%)(8)	3,918	3,901 998 4,899	3,918 2,230 6,148
CGSC of Delaware Holdings Corp.(11)(13) 52 Leadenhall Street London, UK EC31 WEB	Insurance Brokerage Firm	LIBOR Plus 7.00%, Current Coupon 8.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 16, 2020)(9) 105	2,000	1,972	1,940

Portfolio Company(1)Business DescriptionType of Investment(2)(3)Principal(4)Cost(4)Fair ValueConnolly Holdings, Inc.(11)950 East Paces Ferry Road Suite 2850Atlanta, GA 30326Audit Recovery SoftwareLIBOR Plus 5.25%, Current Coupon 6.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 13, 2018)(9)2,3952,3762,44LIBOR Plus 9.25%, Current Coupon (Maturity January 15, 2019)(9)2,0001,9672,004,3434,424,3434,42CST Industries(11)Storage Tank ManufacturerLIBOR Plus 6.25%, Current Coupon 7.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 22, 2017)(9)11,56311,43611,33Drilling Info, Inc.Information Services forInformation Services for1111
6.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 13, 2,395 2,376 2,44 2018)(9) 2,000 1,967 2,00 10.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity January 15, 2019)(9) 2,000 1,967 2,00 4,343 4,44 CST Industries(11) 9701 Renner, Suite 150 Storage Tank LIBOR Plus 6.25%, Current Coupon 7.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 22, 2017)(9) 11,563 11,436 11,33 Drilling Info, Inc. 2000 Via Footume Eitht Floor
4,343 4,43 CST Industries(11) 9701 Renner, Suite 150 Lenexa, KS 66219 LIBOR Plus 6.25%, Current Coupon 7.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 22, 2017)(9) 11,563 11,436 11,33 Drilling Info, Inc. 2600 Via Fortuna Fifth Floor
9701 Renner, Suite 150 Storage Tank Lenexa, KS 66219 Manufacturer LIBOR Plus 6.25%, Current Coupon 7.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 22, 2017)(9) Drilling Info, Inc. 11,563 2600 Via Fortuna Fifth Floor Fifth Floor
2017)(9) 11,563 11,436 11,33 Drilling Info, Inc. 2600 Via Fortuna Fifth Floor
2600 Via Fortuna Fifth Floor
Austin, TX 78746the Oil and Gas Industry
Common Stock (Fully diluted 2.1%)1,3359,42
Emerald Performance Materials, Inc.(11) 2020 Front Street, Suite 100 Specialty Chemicals Manufacturer LIBOR Plus 5.50%, Current Coupon 6.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 18, 2018)(9) 4,434 4,401 4,401
EnCap Energy Fund
Investments(12)(13) 1100 Louisiana Street, Suite 4900 Houston, TX 77002 Investment Partnership LP Interests (EnCap Energy Capital Fund
VIII, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.1%)(8)2,8682,94LP Interests (EnCap Energy Capital FundVIII Co-Investors, L.P.) (Fully diluted2,868
0.3%) 1,192 1,30 LP Interests (EnCap Energy Capital Fund LY, L, P.) (Ently, diluted 0.1%) 646 64
IX, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.1%)64664LP Interests (EnCap Flatrock Midstream54Fund II, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.8%)2,7232,723
7,429 7,6
e-Rewards, Inc.(11) 5800 Tennyson Parkway Suite 600 Provider of Digital Data Collection LIBOR Plus 5.00%, Current Coupon 6.00%, Secured Debt (Meturity, October 20, 2018)(0) 11,000 10,786 10,00
(Maturity October 29, 2018)(9) 11,000 10,786 10,92 106

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Excelitas Technologies Corp.(11) 200 West Street Waltham, MA 02451	Lighting and Sensor Components		F (-)	(*)	
		LIBOR Plus 5.00%, Current Coupon 6.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 2, 2020)(9)	3,958	3,919	3,987
Fender Musical Instruments Corporation(11) 17600 North Perimeter Drive, Suite 100 Scottsdale, AZ 85255	Manufacturer of Musical Instruments	LIBOR Plus 4.50%, Current Coupon 5.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 3, 2019)(9)	448	443	455
FC Operating, LLC(10) 5300 Patterson SE Grand Rapids, MI 49533	Christian Specialty Retail Stores	LIBOR Plus 10.75%, Current Coupon 12.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 14, 2017)(9)	5,550	5,459	5,437
FishNet Security, Inc.(11) 6130 Sprint Pkwy Suite 400 Overland Park, KS 66211	Information Technology Value-Added Reseller	LIBOR Plus 5.00%, Current Coupon 6.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 30, 2017)(9)	7,920	7,856	7,965
Fram Group Holdings, Inc.(11) 39 Old Ridgebury Rd Danbury, CT 06610	Manufacturer of Automotive Maintenance Products	LIBOR Plus 5.00%, Current Coupon 6.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 31, 2017)(9) LIBOR Plus 9.00%, Current Coupon 10.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity January 29, 2018)(9)	964 1,000	961 996 1,957	958 953 1,911
Gastar Exploration USA, Inc.(11) 1331 Lamar, Suite 650 Houston, TX 77010	Oil & Gas Exploration & Production	8.63% Secured Bond (Maturity May 15, 2018)	1,000	1,000	983
Getty Images, Inc.(11) 605 5th Ave South, 4th Floor Seattle, WA 98104	Digital Photography and Video Content Marketplace	LIBOR Plus 3.50%, Current Coupon 4.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 18, 2019)(9)	4,987	4,501	4,665

Portfolio Company(1) Golden Nugget, Inc.(11)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
1510 West Loop South, 8th Floor Houston, TX 77027	Owner & Operator of Hotels & Casinos	LIBOR Plus 4.50%, Current Coupon 5.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 21, 2019)(9)	1,400	1,380	1,424
Grupo Hima San Pablo, Inc.(11) P.O. Box 4980 Caguas, Puerto Rico 00726	Tertiary Care Hospitals	LIBOR Plus 7.00%, Current Coupon 8.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity January 31, 2018)(9) 13.75 Secured Debt (Maturity July 31, 2018)	4,963 2,000	4,877 1,911 6,788	4,714 1,900 6,614
Healogics, Inc.(11) 5220 Belfort Road, Suite 130 Jacksonville, FL 32256	Wound Care Management	Common Equity (Fully diluted 0.02%)(8)		50	50
iEnergizer Limited(11) Mont Crevelt House, Bulwer Avenue St Sampson, Guernsey GY2 4LH	Provider of Business Outsourcing Solutions	LIBOR Plus 6.00%, Current Coupon 7.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 1, 2019)(9)	8,150	8,020	8,028
Inn of the Mountain Gods Resort and Casino(11) 287 Carrizo Canyon Road Mescalero, NM 88340	Hotel & Casino	9.25% Secured Debt (Maturity November 30, 2020)	4,096	3,901	3,953
Ipreo Holdings LLC(11) 1359 Broadway, 2nd Floor New York, NY 10018	Application Software for Capital Markets	LIBOR Plus 4.00%, Current Coupon 5.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 5, 2017)(9)	5,637	5,630	5,721
Ivy Hill Middle Market Credit Fund III, Ltd.(12)(13) 245 Park Avenue, 44th Floor New York, NY 10167	Investment Partnership	LIBOR Plus 6.50%, Current Coupon 6.78%, Secured Debt (Maturity January 15, 2022)	2,000	1,704	2,000
Jackson Hewitt Tax Services, Inc.(11) 3 Sylvan Way, Suite 301 Parsippany, NJ 07054	Tax Preparation Services				

LIBOR Plus 8.50%, Current Coupon 10.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 16, 2017)(9)	4,844	4,688	4,820
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Portfolio Company(1) Joerns Healthcare, LLC(11)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
2430 Whitehall Park Drive, Suite 100 Charoltte, NC 28273	Health Care Equipment & Supplies	LIBOR Plus 5.00%, Current Coupon 6.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity March 28, 2018)(9)	6,451	6,395	6,322
Keypoint Government Solutions, Inc.(11) 115 East 57th Street New York, NY 10022	Pre-Employment Screening Services	LIBOR Plus 6.00%, Current Coupon 7.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 13, 2017)(9)	4.483	4,411	4,439
Larchmont Resources, LLC(11) 301 NW 63rd Street Oklahoma City, OK 73116	Oil & Gas Exploration & Production	LIBOR Plus 7.25%, Current Coupon 8.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 7, 2019)(9)	6,965	6,899	7,096
Learning Care Group (US) No. 2 Inc.(11) 21333 Haggerty Road, Suite 300 Novi, MI 48375	Provider of Early Childhood Education	LIBOR Plus 4.75%, Current Coupon 6.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 8, 2019)(9)	5,486	5,436	5,521
LJ Host Merger Sub, Inc.(11) 100 N Riverside, Suite 800 Chicago, IL 60606	Managed Services and Hosting Provider	LIBOR Plus 4.75%, Current Coupon 6.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 23, 2019)(9) LIBOR Plus 8.75%, Current Coupon 10.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 23, 2020)(9)	10,000 5,000	9,901 4,901 14,802	9,950 4,975 14,925
LKCM Distribution Holdings, L.P. 12610 W. Airport Blvd. #100 Sugar Land, TX 77478	Distributor of Industrial Process Equipment	12% Current / 2.5% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity December 23, 2018)	16,506	16,342	16,342
LKCM Headwater Investments I, L.P.(12)(13) 301 Commerce Street, Suite 1600 Fort Worth, TX 76102	Investment Partnership	LP Interests (Fully diluted 2.27%)(8)		1,500	3,033

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
MAH Merger Corporation(11) 612 North Orange Ave, #C6 Jupiter, FL 33458	Sports-Themed Casual Dining Chain	LIBOR Plus 4.50%, Current Coupon 5.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 19, 2019)(9)	7,350	7,277	7,313
Media Holdings, LLC(11) 32 boulevard Royal L-2449 Luxembourg City Luxembourg	Internet Traffic Generator	14% Secured Debt (Maturity October 18, 2018)	5,894	5,781	5,952
MediMedia USA, Inc.(11) 780 Township Line Road Yardley, PA 19067 Luxembourg	Provider of Healthcare Media and Marketing	LIBOR Plus 6.75%, Current Coupon 8.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 20, 2018)(9)	5,473	5,339	5,351
Medpace Intermediateco, Inc.(11) 4620 Wesley Avenue Cincinnati, OH 45212	Clinical Trial Development and Execution	LIBOR Plus 4.00%, Current Coupon 5.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 19, 2017)(9)	2,924	2,896	2,924
MedSolutions Holdings, Inc.(11) 730 Cool Springs Blvd. 8th Floor Franklin, TN 37067	Specialty Benefit Management	LIBOR Plus 5.25%, Current Coupon 6.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 8, 2019)(9)	3,900	3,864	3,912
Metal Services LLC(11) The Liberty Place at Kennett Square 148 W. State Street, Suite 301 Kennett Square, PA 19348	Steel Mill Services	LIBOR Plus 5.00%, Current Coupon 6.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 30, 2017)(9)	5,313	5,313	5,365
Milk Specialties Company(11) 7500 Flying Cloud Drive, Suite 500 Eden Prairie, MN 55344	Processor of Nutrition Products	LIBOR Plus 5.75%, Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 9, 2018)(9)	4,905	4,863	4,911
Miramax Film NY, LLC(11) 1601 Cloverfield Blvd., Suite 2000 Santa Monica, CA 90404	Motion Picture Producer and Distributor	Class B Units (Fully diluted 0.2%)		500	871

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Modern VideoFilm, Inc.(10) 2300 W Empire Ave Burbank, CA 91504	Post-Production Film Studio	LIBOR Plus 3.50%, Current Coupon 5.00% / 8.50% PIK, Current Coupon Plus	1		
		PIK 13.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 19, 2017)(9) Warrants (Fully diluted 2.5%)	5,397	5,198 151 5,349	4,749 1 4,750
MP Assets Corporation(11)					
596 Industrial Park Rd. Piney Flats, TN 37686	Manufacturer of Battery Components	LIBOR Plus 4.50%, Current Coupon 5.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 19, 2019)(9)	4,600	4,554	4,589
National Vision, Inc.(11)					
296 Grayson Hwy Lawrenceville, GA 30047	Discount Optical Retailer	LIBOR Plus 5.75%, Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 2,			
		2018)(9)	3,163	3,125	3,173
NCP Investment Holdings, Inc. 10000 Memorial Drive, Suite 540 Houston, TX 77056	Management of Outpatient Cardiac Cath Labs	Class A and C Units (Fully diluted 3.3%)		20	3,170
NGPL PipeCo, LLC(11)					
500 Dallas Street, Suite 1000 Houston, TX 77002	Natural Gas Pipelines and Storage Facilities	LIBOR Plus 5.50%, Current Coupon 6.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity September 15, 2017)(9)	9,805	9,660	9,163
Nice-Pak Products, Inc.(11) Two Nice-Pak Park Orangeburg, NY 10962-1376	Pre-Moistened Wipes Manufacturer	LIBOR Plus 6.50%, Current Coupon			
		8.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 18, 2014)(9)	5,701	5,650	5,530
North American Breweries Holdings, LLC(11)					
445 Saint Paul Street	Operator of Specialty				
Rochester, NY 14605	Breweries	LIBOR Plus 6.25%, Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 11, 2018)(9)	3,960	3,892	3,881
		111			

Portfolio Company(1) NRC US Holding Company LLC(11)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
3500 Sunrise Highway, Suite 200 Great River, NY 11739	Environmental Services Provider	LIBOR Plus 4.50%, Current Coupon 5.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 30, 2019)(9)	3,413	3,396	3,421
Nuverra Environmental Solutions, Inc.(11) 300 Cherrington Park, Suite 200 Coraopolis, PA 15108	Water Treatment and Disposal Services	9.88% Unsecured Bond (Maturity April 15, 2018)	3,500	3,500	3,413
Ospemifene Royalty Sub LLC (QuatRx)(10) 777 East Eisenhower Parkway, Suite 100 Ann Arbor, MI 48108	Estrogen-Deficiency Drug Manufacturer and Distributor	11.50% Secured Debt (Maturity November 15, 2026)	5,000	5,000	5,000
Panolam Industries International, Inc.(11) 20 Progress Drive Shelton, CT 06484	Decorative Laminate Manufacturer	LIBOR Plus 6.00%, Current Coupon 7.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 23, 2017)(9)	7,499	7,435	7,255
Permian Holdings, Inc.(11) 2701 W. Interstate 20 Odessa, TX 76760	Storage Tank Manufacturer	10.50% Secured Bond (Maturity January 15, 2018)	3,150	3,116	3,103
Philadelphia Energy Solutions Refining and Marketing LLC(11) 1735 Market Street Philadelphia, PA 19103	Oil & Gas Refiner	LIBOR Plus 5.00%, Current Coupon 6.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 4, 2018)(9)	2,978	2,939	2,625
Pitney Bowes Management Services Inc.(11) 1 Elmcroft Road Stamford, CT 06926	Provider of Document Management Services	LIBOR Plus 6.25%, Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 1, 2019)(9)	5,985	5,927	6,030
Polyconcept Financial B.V.(11) 400 Hunt Valley Road New Kensington, PA 15068	Promotional Products to Corporations and Consumers		3,413	3,381	3,425

LIBOR Plus 4.75%, Current Coupon 6.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 28, 2019)(9)

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Portfolio Company(1) Primesight Limited(10)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
The Met Building 22 Percy Street London, UK WIT 2BU	Outdoor Advertising Operator	11.25% Secured Debt (Maturity October 17, 2015)	7,378	7,378	8,163
PT Network, LLC(10) 1550 Madruga Avenue, Suite 514 Coral Gables, FL 33146	Provider of Outpatient Physical Therapy and Sports Medicine Services	LIBOR Plus 7.00%, Current Coupon 8.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 1, 2018)(9)	8,597	8,499	8,499
Radio One, Inc.(11) 5900 Princess Garden Parkway, 7th Floor Lanham, MD 20706	Radio Broadcasting	LIBOR Plus 6.00%, Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity March 31, 2016)(9)	2,902	2,873	2,977
Ravago Holdings America Inc(11) 1900 Summit Tower Blvd Suite 900 Orlando, FL 32810	Polymers Distributor	LIBOR Plus 4.50%, Current Coupon 5.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 20, 2020)(9)	6,250	6,188	6,266
Relativity Media, LLC(10) 9242 Beverly Boulevard, Suite 300 Beverly Hills, CA 902010	Full-scale Film and Television Production and Distribution	10.00% Secured Debt (Maturity May 24, 2015) 15.00% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity May 24, 2015) Class A Units (Fully diluted 0.2%)	5,787 6,370	5,739 6,189 292 12,220	6,026 6,449 1,521 13,996
Sabre Industries, Inc.(11) 8653 East Highway 67 Alvarado, TX 76009	Manufacturer of Telecom Structures and Equipment	LIBOR Plus 4.75%, Current Coupon 5.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 24, 2018)(9)	2,975	2,948	2,975
SAExploration, Inc. 8240 Sandlewood Pl., Suite 102 Anchorage, AK 99507	Geophysical Services Provider	11.00% Current / 2.50% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity November 28, 2016) Common Stock (Fully diluted 0.01%)(8)	8,075	8,173 65	8,075 55

8,238 8,130

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Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
SCE Partners, LLC(10) 3883 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 800 Las Vegas, NV 86169	Hotel & Casino Operator	LIBOR Plus 7.25%, Current Coupon 8.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 8, 2019)(9)	7,500	7,429	6,975
Sotera Defense Solutions, Inc.(11) 2121 Cooperative Way, Suite 400 Henderson, VA 20171	Defense Industry Intelligence Services	LIBOR Plus 6.00%, Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 21, 2017)(9)	11,651	11,086	10,486
Sourcehov LLC(11) 3232 McKinney Ave., Suite 1000 Dallas, TX 75204	Business Process Services	LIBOR Plus 7.50%, Current Coupon 8.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 30, 2019)(9)	1,500	1,486	1,523
Sutherland Global Services(11) 1160 Pittsford-Victor Road Rochester, NY 14534	Business Process Outsourcing Provider	LIBOR Plus 6.00%, Current Coupon 7.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity March 6, 2019)(9)	6,738	6,619	6,754
Synagro Infrastructure Company, Inc(11) 435 Williams Court, Suite 100 Baltimore, MD 21220	Waste Management Services	LIBOR Plus 5.25%, Current Coupon 6.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 22, 2020)(9)	6,983	6,849	6,924
Targus Group International(11) 1211 North Miller Street Anaheim, CA 92806	Protective Cases for Mobile Devices	LIBOR Plus 9.50%, Current Coupon 11.00% / 1.00% PIK, Current Coupon Plus PIK 12.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 24, 2016)(9)	4,426	4,445	3,696
Technimark LLC(11) 180 Commerce Place Asheboro, NC 27203	Injection Molding	LIBOR Plus 4.25%, Current Coupon 5.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 17, 2019)(9) 114	3,734	3,701	3,753

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Portfolio Company(1) TeleGuam Holdings, LLC(11)	Business Description	Business DescriptionType of Investment(2)(3)Cable and Telecom Services ProviderLIBOR Plus 4.00%, Current Coupon 5.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 10, 2018)(9) 		Cost(4)	Fair Value
624 North Marine Corps Drive Tamuning, Guam				6,933 2,477 9,410	6,948 2,513 9,461
Templar Energy LLC(11) 4727 Gaillardia Parkway Oklahoma City, OK 73142	Oil & Gas Exploration & Production	LIBOR Plus 7.00%, Current Coupon 8.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 25, 2020)(9)	3,000	2,941	3,017
Tervita Corporation(11) 1800, 140-10 Avenue SE Calgary, Alberta	Oil and Gas Environmental Services	LIBOR Plus 5.00%, Current Coupon 6.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 15, 2018)(9)	5,474	5,427	5,507
The Tennis Channel, Inc. 2850 Ocean Park Blvd., Ste. 150 Santa Monica, CA 90405	Television-Based Sports Broadcasting	Warrants (Fully diluted 0.1%)		235	301
The Topps Company, Inc.(11) 1 Whitehall St. New York, NY 10004	Trading Cards & Confectionary	LIBOR Plus 6.00%, Current Coupon 7.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 2, 2018)(9)	2,000	1,981	2,005
ThermaSys Corporation(11) 2777 Walden Ave Buffalo, NY 14225	Manufacturer of Industrial Heat Exchanges	LIBOR Plus 4.00%, Current Coupon 5.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 3, 2019)(9)	6,395	6,336	6,326
Therakos, Inc.(11) 1001 US Route 202 Raritan, NJ 08869-0606	Immune System Disease Treatment	LIBOR Plus 6.25%, Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 27, 2017)(9)	6,446	6,314	6,470
Totes Isotoner Corporation(11) 9655 International Boulevard Cincinnati, OH 45246	Weather Accessory Retail				

LIBOR Plus 5.75%, Current Coupon 7.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 7, 2017)(9)	4,275	4,228	4,299
115			

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Portfolio Company(1) Travel Leaders Group, LLC(11)	Business Description	Business Description Type of Investment(2)(3)		Cost(4)	Fair Value
119 West 40th Street, 14th Floor New York, NY 10018	Travel Agency Network Provider	LIBOR Plus 6.00%, Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 5, 2018)(9)	7,500	7,352	7,406
UniTek Global Services, Inc.(11) 1777 Sentry Parkway West Gwynedd Hall, Suite 202 Blue Bell, PA 19422	Provider of Outsourced Infrastructure Services	LIBOR Plus 9.50%, Current Coupon 11.00% / 4.00% PIK, Current Coupon Plus PIK 15.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 15, 2018)(9) Warrants (Fully diluted 1.4%)	10,034	9,328 466 9,794	10,016 450 10,466
Univeral Fiber Systems, LLC 14401 Industrial Park Road Bristol, VA 24202	Manufacturer of Synthetic Fibers	LIBOR Plus 5.75%, Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 26, 2015)(9)	10,192	10,141	10,243
US Xpress Enterprises, Inc.(11) 4080 Jenkins Road Chattanooga, TN 37421	Truckload Carrier	LIBOR Plus 7.88%, Current Coupon 9.38%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 13, 2016)(9)	6,078	5,985	6,048
Vantage Oncology, LLC(11) 1500 Rosecrans Avenue, Suite 400 Manhattan Beach, CA 90266	Outpatient Radiation Oncology Treatment Centers	9.50% Secured Bond (Maturity August 7, 2017)	7,000	7,000	7,175
Virtex Enterprises, LP(10) 12234A N Interstate Highway 35 Austin, TX 78753	Specialty, Full-Service Provider of Complex Electronic Manufacturing Services	12.00% Secured Debt (Maturity December 27, 2018) Preferred Class A Units (5% cumulative) (Fully diluted 1.4%)(8) Warrants (Fully diluted 1.1%)	1,667	1,612 327 22 1,961	1,612 327 22 1,961
Visant Corporation(11) 357 Main Street Armonk, NY 10504	School Affinity Stores	LIBOR Plus 4.00%, Current Coupon 5.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity, December 22, 2016)(9)	3 882	3 882	3 837

(Maturity December 22, 2016)(9)

3,837

3,882

3,882

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Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Vision Solutions, Inc.(11) 15300 Barranca Parkway Irvine, CA 92618	Provider of Information Availability Software	LIBOR Plus 4.50%, Current Coupon 6.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 23, 2016)(9) LIBOR Plus 8.00%, Current Coupon 9.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 23, 2017)(9)	2,348 5,000	2,235 4,969 7,204	2,347 5,050 7,397
Walker & Dunlop Inc.(11)(13) 7501 Wisconsin Ave Suite 1200E Bethesda, MD 20814	Real Estate Financial Services	LIBOR Plus 4.50%, Current Coupon 5.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 20, 2020)(9)	4,250	4,208	4,229
Western Dental Services, Inc.(11) 530 S Main St #600 Orange, CA 92868	Dental Care Services	LIBOR Plus 7.00%, Current Coupon 8.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 1, 2018)(9)	4,950	4,825	4,996
Willbros Group, Inc.(11)(13) 4400 Post Oak Parkway, Suite 1000 Houston, TX 77027	Engineering and Construction Contractor	LIBOR Plus 9.75%, Current Coupon 11.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 5, 2019)(9)	2,993	2,893	3,037
Wilton Brands, LLC(11) 2240 W. 75th St. Woodridge, IL 60517	Specialty Housewares Retailer	LIBOR Plus 6.25%, Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 30, 2018)(9)	1,875	1,844	1,792
Wireco Worldgroup, Inc.(11) 12200 NW Ambassador Drive Kansas City, MO 64163	Manufacturer of Synthetic Lifting Products	LIBOR Plus 4.75%, Current Coupon 6.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity February 15, 2017)(9)	2,469	2,451	2,492
YP Holdings LLC(11) 2247 Northlake Parkway Tucker, GA 30084	Online and Offline Advertising Operator	LIBOR Plus 6.75%, Current Coupon 8.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 4, 2018)(9) 117	2,800	2,737	2,834

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Portfolio Company(1) Zilliant Incorporated	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
3815 S. Capital of Texas Hwy #300 Austin, TX 78704	Price Optimization and Margin Management Solutions	12% Secured Debt (Maturity June 15, 2017) Warrants (Fully diluted 2.7%)	8,000	7,056 1,071 8,127	7,056 1,071 8,127
Subtotal Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments				643,068	661,102
Total Portfolio Investments, December 31, 2013				1,163,071	1,286,188

(1)	All investments are Lower Middle Market portfolio investments, unless otherwise noted.
(2)	Debt investments are income producing, unless otherwise noted. Equity and warrants are non-income producing, unless otherwise noted.
(3)	See Note C for summary geographic location of portfolio companies.
(4)	Principal is net of prepayments. Cost is net of prepayments and accumulated unearned income.
(5)	Control investments are defined by the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended ("1940 Act") as investments in which more than 25% of the voting securities are owned or where the ability to nominate greater than 50% of the board representation is maintained.
(6)	Affiliate investments are defined by the 1940 Act as investments in which between 5% and 25% of the voting securities are owned and the investments are not classified as Control investments.
(7)	Non-Control/Non-Affiliate investments are defined by the 1940 Act as investments that are neither Control investments nor Affiliate investments.
(8)	Income producing through dividends or distributions.
(9)	Index based floating interest rate is subject to contractual minimum interest rate.
(10)	Private Loans portfolio investment. See Note B for a summary of Private Loan investments.
(11)	Middle Market portfolio investment. See Note B for a summary of Middle Market investments.
(12)	Other Portfolio investment. See Note B for a summary of Other Portfolio investments.

(13)

Investment is not a qualifying asset as defined under Section 55(a) of the 1940 Act. Qualifying assets must represent at least 70% of total assets at the time of acquisition of any additional non-qualifying assets.

(14)

Non-accrual and non-income producing investment.

MANAGEMENT

Our business and affairs are managed under the direction of our Board of Directors. Our Board of Directors appoints our officers, who serve at the discretion of the Board of Directors. The responsibilities of the Board of Directors include, among other things, the oversight of our investment activities, the quarterly valuation of our assets, oversight of our financing arrangements and corporate governance activities. The Board of Directors has an Audit Committee, Compensation Committee, and Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, and may establish additional committees from time to time as necessary.

Board of Directors and Executive Officers

Our Board of Directors consists of six members, five of whom are classified under applicable NYSE listing standards as "independent" directors and under Section 2(a)(19) of the 1940 Act as "non-interested" persons. Pursuant to our articles of incorporation, each member of our Board of Directors serves a one year term, with each current director serving until the 2014 Annual Meeting of Stockholders and until his respective successor is duly qualified and elected. Our articles of incorporation give our Board of Directors sole authority to appoint directors to fill vacancies that are created either through an increase in the number of directors or due to the resignation, removal or death of any director.

Directors

Information regarding our current Board of Directors is set forth below as of March 12, 2014. We have divided the directors into two groups independent directors and interested directors. Interested directors are "interested persons" of MSCC as defined in Section 2(a)(19) of the 1940 Act. The address for each director is c/o Main Street Capital Corporation, 1300 Post Oak Boulevard, Suite 800, Houston, Texas 77056.

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Independent Directors

Name	Age	Director Since	Expiration of Term
Michael Appling Jr.	47	2007	2014
Joseph E. Canon	71	2007	2014
Arthur L. French	73	2007	2014
J. Kevin Griffin	42	2011	2014
John E. Jackson	55	2013	2014

Interested Directors

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Executive Officers

The following persons serve as our executive officers or significant employees in the following capacities (information as of March 12, 2014):

Name	Age	Position(s) Held
Vincent D. Foster*	57	Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer
Dwayne L. Hyzak*	41	Chief Financial Officer, Senior Managing Director and Treasurer
Curtis L. Hartman*	41	Chief Credit Officer and Senior Managing Director
David L. Magdol*	43	Chief Investment Officer and Senior Managing Director
Rodger A. Stout	62	Executive Vice President
Jason B. Beauvais	38	Senior Vice President, General Counsel, Chief Compliance Officer and Secretary
Nicholas T. Meserve	34	Managing Director
Robert M. Shuford	34	Managing Director
Travis L. Haley	33	Managing Director
Shannon D. Martin	44	Vice President, Chief Accounting Officer and Assistant Treasurer

...

Member of our Investment Committee. The Investment Committee is responsible for all aspects of our investment process with respect to our lower middle market portfolio investments, including approval of such investments.

Member of our Credit Committee. The Credit Committee is responsible for all aspects of our investment process with respect to our middle market portfolio investments, including approval of such investments.

The address for each executive officer and significant employee is c/o Main Street Capital Corporation, 1300 Post Oak Boulevard, Suite 800, Houston, Texas 77056.

Biographical Information

Independent Directors

Michael Appling, Jr. is the Chief Executive Officer of TNT Crane & Rigging Inc., a privately held full service crane and rigging operator. From July 2002 through August 2007, he was the Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of XServ, Inc., a large private equity funded, international industrial services and rental company. Mr. Appling also held the position of CEO and President for United Scaffolding, Inc., an XServ, Inc. operating subsidiary. In February 2007, XServ, Inc. was sold to The Brock Group, a private industrial services company headquartered in Texas. From March 2000 to June 2002, Mr. Appling served as the Chief Financial Officer of CheMatch.com, an online commodities trading forum. ChemConnect, Inc., a venture backed independent trading exchange, acquired CheMatch.com in January 2002. From June 1999 to March 2000, Mr. Appling was Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of American Eco Corporation, a publicly traded, international fabrication, construction and maintenance provider to the energy, pulp and paper and power industries. Mr. Appling worked for ITEQ, Inc., a publicly traded, international fabrication and services company, from September 1997 to May 1999, first as a Director of Corporate Development and then as Vice President, Finance and Accounting. From July 1991 to September 1997, Mr. Appling worked at Arthur Andersen, where he practiced as a certified public accountant. We believe Mr. Appling is qualified to serve on our Board of Directors because of his extensive finance and accounting experience, as well as his executive leadership and management experience as a chief executive officer.

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Joseph E. Canon, since 1982, has been the Executive Vice President and Executive Director, and a member of the Board of Directors, of Dodge Jones Foundation, a private charitable foundation located in Abilene, Texas. He has also been involved during this time as an executive officer and director of several private companies and partnerships with emphasis on energy, financial and other alternative investments. Prior to 1982, Mr. Canon was an Executive Vice President of the First National Bank of Abilene. From 1974 to 1976, he was the Vice President and Trust Officer with the First National Bank of Abilene. Mr. Canon currently serves on the Board of Directors of First Financial Bankshares, Inc. (NASDAQ: FFIN), a \$5 billion bank and financial holding company headquartered in Abilene, Texas. Mr. Canon also serves on the Board of Directors for several bank and trust/asset management subsidiaries of First Financial Bankshares, Inc. He has also served as an executive officer and member of the Board of Directors of various other organizations including the Abilene Convention and Visitors Bureau, Abilene Chamber of Commerce, Conference of Southwest Foundations, City of Abilene Tax Increment District, West Central Texas Municipal Water District and the John G. and Marie Stella Kenedy Memorial Foundation. We believe Mr. Canon's qualifications to serve on our Board of Directors include his many years of managing and investing assets on behalf of public and private entities, his considerable experience in trust banking activities and practices, and his experience on other public boards of directors.

Arthur L. French has served in a variety of executive management and board of director roles over the course of a forty plus year career. He began his private investment activities in 2000 and served as a director of Fab Tech Industries, a steel fabricator, from November 2000 until August 2009, as a director of Houston Plating and Coatings Company, an industrial coatings company, from 2002 until 2007, as a director of Rawson LP, an industrial distribution and maintenance services company, from May 2003 until June 2009, and as non-executive chairman of Rawson Holdings, LLC from March 2009 until December 2010. From September 2003 through March 2007, Mr. French was a member of the Advisory Board of Main Street Capital Partners, LLC and a limited partner of Main Street Mezzanine Fund, LP (both of which are now subsidiaries of Main Street). Mr. French currently serves as an advisor to LKCM Capital Group ("LKCM Capital"), an investment company headquartered in Ft. Worth, Texas. Since January 2011, he has also served as non-executive chairman of LKCM Distribution Holdings, LP, a LKCM Capital portfolio company which provides strategy overview and direction for several industrial distribution organizations engaged in maintenance and technical services, engineered products distribution and rentals, as well as process control systems manufacturing. In addition, since April 2010, Mr. French has served as a director of Industrial Distribution Group, another LKCM Capital portfolio company which provides industrial products and store room management services for manufacturing companies in the United States and international markets. From 1996-1999, Mr. French was Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Metals USA Inc. (NYSE), where he managed the process of founders acquisition, assembled the management team and took the company through a successful IPO in July 1997. From 1989-1996, he served as Executive Vice President and Director of Keystone International, Inc. (NYSE), a manufacturer of flow controls equipment. After serving as a helicopter pilot in the United States Army, Captain, Corps of Engineers from 1963-1966, Mr. French began his career as a Sales Engineer for Fisher Controls International, Inc., in 1966. During his 23-year career at Fisher Controls, from 1966-1989, Mr. French held various titles, and ended his career at Fisher Controls as President, Chief Operating Officer and Director. We believe Mr. French is qualified to serve on our Board of Directors because of his executive management and leadership roles within numerous public and private companies and his experience in investing in private companies.

J. Kevin Griffin is the Senior Vice President of Financial Planning & Analysis at Novant Health, a not-for-profit integrated system of 13 hospitals and a medical group consisting of 1,124 physicians in 355 clinic locations, as well as numerous outpatient surgery centers, medical plazas, rehabilitation programs, diagnostic imaging centers, and community health outreach programs. Mr. Griffin's responsibilities at Novant primarily include debt capital market and M&A transactions, along with

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various other strategic analysis projects. From 2007 to October 2012, Mr. Griffin was a Managing Director of Fennebresque & Co., LLC, a boutique investment banking firm located in Charlotte, North Carolina. From 2003 through 2007, he was a Partner at McColl Partners, LLC, where he originated and executed middle market M&A transactions. Prior to McColl Partners, Mr. Griffin worked in the M&A and corporate finance divisions of Lazard Ltd, JPMorgan, and Bank of America in New York, Chicago, and Charlotte. Mr. Griffin's investment banking experience consists primarily of executing and originating mergers and acquisitions and corporate finance transactions. We believe Mr. Griffin is qualified to serve on our Board of Directors because of his extensive finance and valuation experience, his knowledge of the healthcare industry, and his extensive background in working with middle market companies in an M&A and advisory capacity.

John E. Jackson is the President and Chief Executive Officer of Spartan Energy Partners, LP, a gas gathering, treating and processing company. Mr. Jackson was Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and President of Price Gregory Services, Inc., a pipeline-related infrastructure service provider in North America, from February 2008 until its sale in October of 2009. He served as a director of Hanover Compressor Company ("Hanover"), now known as Exterran Holdings, Inc. (NYSE: EXH), from July 2004 until May 2010. Mr. Jackson served as Hanover's President and Chief Executive Officer from October 2004 to August 2007 and as Chief Financial Officer from January 2002 to October 2004. Mr. Jackson has been a director of Seitel, Inc., a privately owned provider of onshore seismic data to the oil and gas industry in North America, since August 2007, Select Energy Services, LLC, a privately owned total water management company for oil and gas companies, since January 2012, and RSH Energy, LLC, a privately owned engineering firm since September 2013. He also serves on the board of several non-profit organizations. We believe Mr. Jackson's qualifications to serve on our Board of Directors include his extensive background in executive and director roles of public and private companies.

Interested Directors

Vincent D. Foster has served as the Chairman of our Board of Directors and as our Chief Executive Officer since 2007 and as our President since October 2012. He has also been a member of our investment committee since its formation in 2007 and a member of our credit committee since its formation in 2011. Mr. Foster also currently serves as a founding director of Quanta Services, Inc. (NYSE: PWR), which provides specialty contracting services to the power, natural gas and telecommunications industries, and a director of Team, Inc. (NYSE: TISI), which provides specialty contracting services to the petrochemical, refining, electric power and other heavy industries. He also served as a director of U.S. Concrete, Inc. (NASDAQ-CM: USCR) from 1999 until 2010, Carriage Services, Inc. (NYSE: CSV) from 1999 to 2011 and HMS Income Fund, Inc., a non-publicly traded business development company of which MSC Adviser I, LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of Main Street, acts as the investment sub-adviser, from 2012 until February 2013. In addition, Mr. Foster served as a founding director of the Texas TriCities Chapter of the National Association of Corporate Directors from 2004 to 2011. Mr. Foster, a C.P.A., had a 19 year career with Arthur Andersen, where he was a partner from 1988-1997. Mr. Foster was the director of Andersen's Corporate Finance and Mergers and Acquisitions practice for the Southwest United States and specialized in working with companies involved in consolidating their respective industries. From 1997, Mr. Foster co-founded and has acted as co-managing partner or chief executive of several Main Street predecessor funds and entities, which are now subsidiaries of ours, including Main Street Mezzanine Fund, LP and its general partner, Main Street Mezzanine Management, LLC, Main Street Capital II, LP and its general partner, Main Street Capital II GP, LLC, and Main Street Capital Partners, LLC. Mr. Foster received the Ernst & Young Entrepreneur of the Year 2008 Award in the financial services category in the Houston & Gulf Coast Area. The program honors entrepreneurs who have demonstrated exceptionality in innovation, financial performance and personal commitment to their businesses and communities. We believe Mr. Foster is qualified to serve on our Board of Directors because of his intimate

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knowledge of our operations through his day-to-day leadership as President and Chief Executive Officer of Main Street, along with his comprehensive experience on other public Boards of Directors and his extensive experience in tax, accounting, mergers and acquisitions, corporate governance and finance.

Non-Director Executive Officers

Dwayne L. Hyzak has served as our Chief Financial Officer and a Senior Managing Director since 2011 and as our Treasurer since 2012. Mr. Hyzak also serves as a member of our investment committee. Previously, he served as one of our Senior Vice Presidents since 2007 and as Senior Vice President Finance since 2011. From 2002, Mr. Hyzak has served as a Senior Managing Director and in other executive positions of several Main Street predecessor funds and entities, which are now subsidiaries of ours, including the general partner of Main Street Mezzanine Fund, LP, Main Street Mezzanine Management, LLC, the general partner of Main Street Capital II, LP, Main Street Capital II GP, LLC, and Main Street Capital Partners, LLC. From 2000 to 2002, Mr. Hyzak was a director of integration with Quanta Services, Inc. (NYSE: PWR), which provides specialty contracting services to the power, natural gas and telecommunications industries, where he was principally focused on the company's mergers and acquisitions and corporate finance activities. Prior to joining Quanta Services, Inc., he was a manager with Arthur Andersen in its Transaction Advisory Services group.

Curtis L. Hartman has served as our Chief Credit Officer and a Senior Managing Director since 2011. Mr. Hartman is also the chairman of our credit committee and a member of our investment committee. Previously, Mr. Hartman served as one of our Senior Vice Presidents since 2007. From 2000, Mr. Hartman has served as a Senior Managing Director and in other executive positions of several Main Street predecessor funds and entities, which are now subsidiaries of ours, including the general partner of Main Street Mezzanine Fund, LP, Main Street Mezzanine Management, LLC, the general partner of Main Street Capital II, LP, Main Street Capital II GP, LLC, and Main Street Capital Partners, LLC. Mr. Hartman has also served as a director of HMS Income Fund, Inc., a non-publicly traded business development company of which MSC Adviser I, LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of Main Street, acts as the investment sub-adviser, since June 2013. From 1999 to 2000, Mr. Hartman was an investment adviser for Sterling City Capital, LLC. Concurrently with joining Sterling City Capital, he joined United Glass Corporation, a Sterling City Capital portfolio company, as director of corporate development. Prior to joining Sterling City Capital, Mr. Hartman was a manager with PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, in its M&A/Transaction Services group. Prior to that, he was employed as a senior auditor by Deloitte & Touche LLP.

David L. Magdol has served as our Chief Investment Officer and a Senior Managing Director since 2011. Mr. Magdol is also the chairman of our investment committee. Previously, Mr. Magdol served as one of our Senior Vice Presidents since 2007. From 2002, Mr. Magdol has served as a Senior Managing Director and in other executive positions of several Main Street predecessor funds and entities, which are now subsidiaries of ours, including the general partner of Main Street Mezzanine Fund, LP, Main Street Mezzanine Management, LLC, the general partner of Main Street Capital II, LP, Main Street Capital II GP, LLC, and Main Street Capital Partners, LLC. Mr. Magdol joined Main Street from the investment banking group at Lazard Freres & Co. Prior to Lazard, he managed a portfolio of private equity investments for the McMullen Group, a private investment firm/family office capitalized by Dr. John J. McMullen, the former owner of the New Jersey Devils and the Houston Astros. Mr. Magdol began his career in the structured finance services group of JP Morgan Chase.

Rodger A. Stout has served as our Executive Vice President since 2012 and is also a member of our credit committee. Previously, Mr. Stout served as our Chief Compliance Officer, Senior Vice President Finance and Administration and Treasurer since 2007. From 2006, Mr. Stout has served as Executive Vice President and in other executive positions of several Main Street predecessor funds and entities, which are now subsidiaries of ours, including the general partner of Main Street Mezzanine



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Fund, LP, Main Street Mezzanine Management, LLC, the general partner of Main Street Capital II, LP, Main Street Capital II GP, LLC, and Main Street Capital Partners, LLC. From 2000 to 2006, Mr. Stout was senior vice president and chief financial officer for FabTech Industries, Inc., one of the largest domestic structural steel fabricating companies. From 1985 to 2000, he was a senior financial executive for Jerold B. Katz Interests. He held numerous positions over his 15 year tenure with this national scope financial services conglomerate. Those positions included director, executive vice president, senior financial officer and investment officer. Prior to 1985, Mr. Stout was an international tax executive in the oil and gas service industry.

Jason B. Beauvais has served as our Senior Vice President, General Counsel, Chief Compliance Officer and Secretary since 2012. Previously, Mr. Beauvais served as our Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary since 2008. From 2008, Mr. Beauvais has also served as General Counsel and in other executive positions of several of our subsidiary funds and entities, including the general partner of Main Street Mezzanine Fund, LP, Main Street Mezzanine Management, LLC, the general partner of Main Street Capital II, LP, Main Street Capital II GP, LLC, and Main Street Capital Partners, LLC. From 2006 through 2008, Mr. Beauvais was an attorney with Occidental Petroleum Corporation, an international oil and gas exploration and production company. Prior to joining Occidental Petroleum Corporation, Mr. Beauvais practiced corporate and securities law at Baker Botts L.L.P., where he primarily counseled companies in public issuances and private placements of debt and equity and handled a wide range of general corporate and securities matters as well as mergers and acquisitions.

Nicholas T. Meserve has served as a Managing Director on our middle market investment team since 2012. Previously, from 2004 until 2012, Mr. Meserve worked at Highland Capital Management, LP, a large alternative credit manager, and certain of its affiliates, where he managed a portfolio of senior loans and high yield bonds across a diverse set of industries. Prior to Highland, he was a Credit Analyst at JP Morgan Chase & Co.

Robert M. Shuford has served as a Managing Director on our lower middle market team since 2012, and has been with the firm in various roles since 2006. Mr. Shuford is a Chartered Financial Analyst® (CFA) charter holder. Previously, he was a Senior Associate of Avail Consulting, LLC in the Financial Advisory Services Group. While at Avail, Mr. Shuford was actively involved in the valuation of closely held stock, performance of acquisition due diligence and the valuation of intangible assets for a number of clients in a number of industries. His experience at Avail also includes financial and economic analysis of operating businesses, including the qualitative and quantitative analysis of historical and projected performance. These engagements were performed in connection with mergers, acquisitions, tax planning and reporting, litigation support, financial reporting and general corporate planning. His experience also includes extensive pro forma financial modeling for various types of companies.

Travis L. Haley has served as Managing Director on our lower middle market team since 2013 and has been with the firm in Associate to Director roles since 2007. Prior to joining Main Street, Mr. Haley was a senior consultant in the Transaction Advisory Services group at Ernst & Young, performing financial due diligence for both strategic and financial buyers and sellers. Before joining the Transaction Advisory Services group, Mr. Haley served as an auditor with Ernst & Young. Mr. Haley is a CPA and began his career with Nueces Marketing Partners, a private investment group.

Shannon D. Martin has served as our Vice President, Chief Accounting Officer and Assistant Treasurer since 2012. From 2006 to 2012, Mr. Martin worked as an independent consultant and performed financial advisory services for several clients, including functioning as acting Chief Accounting Officer from 2008 to 2011 for EquaTerra, Inc. From 1999 to 2006, Mr. Martin was a director of accounting integration and audit with Quanta Services, Inc. (NYSE: PWR), which provides specialty contracting services to the power, natural gas and telecommunications industries, where he focused on the development of integrated accounting, business and information system processes and



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the company's acquisition and integration strategies. From 1992 to 1999, Mr. Martin worked at Arthur Andersen as a manager in the Commercial Services group.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

We maintain a corporate governance section on our website which contains copies of the charters for the committees of our Board of Directors. The corporate governance section may be found at *http://mainstcapital.com* under "Governance" in the "Investor Relations" section of our website. The corporate governance section contains the following documents, which are available in print to any stockholder who requests a copy in writing to Main Street Capital Corporation, Corporate Secretary's Office, 1300 Post Oak Blvd., Suite 800, Houston, Texas 77056:

Audit Committee Charter Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee Charter Compensation Committee Charter

In addition, our Code of Business Conduct and Ethics and our Corporate Governance and Stock Ownership Guidelines may be found at *http://mainstcapital.com* under "Governance" in the "Investor Relations" section of our website and are available in print to any stockholder who requests a copy in writing.

Director Independence

Our Board of Directors currently consists of six members, five of whom are classified under applicable listing standards of the New York Stock Exchange as "independent" directors and under Section 2(a)(19) of the 1940 Act as not "interested persons." Based on these independence standards, our Board of Directors has affirmatively determined that the following directors are independent:

> Michael Appling Jr. Joseph E. Canon Arthur L. French J. Kevin Griffin John E. Jackson

Our Board of Directors considered certain portfolio investments and other transactions in which our independent directors may have had a direct or indirect interest, including the transactions described under the heading "Certain Relationships and Related Transactions", in evaluating each director's independence under the 1940 Act and applicable listing standards of the New York Stock Exchange, and the Board of Directors determined that no such transaction would impact the ability of any director to exercise independent judgment or impair his independence.

Communications with the Board

Stockholders or other interested persons may send written communications to the members of our Board of Directors, addressed to Board of Directors, c/o Main Street Capital Corporation, Corporate Secretary's Office, 1300 Post Oak Blvd., Suite 800, Houston, Texas 77056. All communications received in this manner will be delivered to one or more members of our Board of Directors.

Board Leadership Structure

Mr. Foster currently serves as both our President and Chief Executive Officer and as the Chairman of our Board of Directors. As our President and Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Foster is an "interested person" under Section 2(a)(19) of the 1940 Act. The Board believes that the Company's President and Chief Executive Officer is currently best situated to serve as Chairman given his history with the Company, his deep knowledge of the Company's business and his extensive experience in managing

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private debt and equity investments in lower middle market companies. The Company's independent directors bring experience, oversight and expertise from outside the Company and industry, while the President and Chief Executive Officer brings company-specific and industry-specific experience and expertise. The Board believes that the combined role of Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer promotes strategy development and execution, and facilitates information flow between management and the Board, which are essential to effective governance.

One of the key responsibilities of the Board is to oversee the development of strategic direction and hold management accountable for the execution of strategy once it is developed. The Board believes the combined role of Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer, together with a Lead Independent Director as described below, is in the best interest of our stockholders because it provides the appropriate balance between strategy development and independent oversight of management.

Our Board of Directors designated Arthur L. French as Lead Independent Director to preside at all executive sessions of non-management directors. In the Lead Independent Director's absence, the remaining non-management directors may appoint a presiding director by majority vote. The non-management directors meet in executive session without management on a regular basis. The Lead Independent Director also has the responsibility of consulting with management on Board and committee meeting agendas, acting as a liaison between management and the non-management directors, including maintaining frequent contact with the Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer and facilitating collaboration and communication between the non-management directors and management. Stockholders or other interested persons may send written communications to Arthur L. French, addressed to Lead Independent Director, c/o Main Street Capital Corporation, Corporate Secretary's Office, 1300 Post Oak Blvd., Suite 800, Houston, Texas 77056.

Board of Directors and its Committees

Board of Directors. Our Board of Directors met six times and acted by unanimous written consent seven times during 2013. All directors attended at least 75% of the meetings of the Board of Directors and of the committees on which they served during 2013, and five directors attended the 2013 Annual Meeting of Stockholders in person. Our Board of Directors expects each director to make a diligent effort to attend all Board and committee meetings, as well as each Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

Committees. Our Board of Directors currently has, and appoints the members of, standing Audit, Compensation and Nominating and Corporate Governance Committees. Each of those committees is comprised entirely of independent directors and has a written charter approved by our Board of Directors. The current members of the committees are identified in the following table. With the addition of Mr. Jackson as a fifth independent director in 2013, the Board is considering revising the committee appointments after the election of directors at the Annual Meeting to more evenly distribute the responsibilities and workload.

		Board Committees	
Dimeter	A 3 : 4	C	Nominating and Corporate
Director	Audit	Compensation	Governance
Michael Appling Jr.	Chair		ý
Joseph E. Canon	ý	ý	Chair
Arthur L. French	ý	Chair	
J. Kevin Griffin	Deputy Chair	ý	ý
John E. Jackson	ý		

Audit Committee. During the year ended December 31, 2013, the Audit Committee met four times. The Audit Committee is responsible for selecting, engaging and discharging our independent accountants, reviewing the plans, scope and results of the audit engagement with our independent

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accountants, approving professional services provided by our independent accountants (as well as the compensation for those services), reviewing the independence of our independent accountants and reviewing the adequacy of our internal control over financial reporting. In addition, the Audit Committee is responsible for assisting our Board of Directors with its review and approval of the determination of the fair value of our debt and equity investments, and other financial investments, that are not publicly traded or for which current market values are not readily available. The current members of the Audit Committee are Messrs. Appling, Canon, French, Griffin and Jackson. Our Board of Directors has determined that each of Messrs. Appling, Canon, Griffin and Jackson is an "Audit Committee financial expert" as defined by the SEC. For more information on the backgrounds of these directors, see their biographical information under "Election of Directors" above.

Compensation Committee. During the year ended December 31, 2013, the Compensation Committee met four times and acted by unanimous written consent twice. The Compensation Committee determines the compensation and related benefits for our executive officers including the amount of salary, bonus and stock-based compensation to be included in the compensation package for each of our executive officers. In addition, the Compensation Committee assists the Board of Directors in developing and evaluating the compensation of our non-management directors and evaluating succession planning with respect to the chief executive officer and other key executive positions. The Compensation Committee has the authority to engage the services of outside advisers, experts and others as it deems necessary to assist the committee in connection with its responsibilities. The actions of the Compensation Committee are generally reviewed and ratified by the entire Board of Directors, except the employee director does not vote with respect to his compensation. The current members of the Compensation Committee are Messrs. Canon, French and Griffin.

Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee. During the year ended December 31, 2013, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee met four times. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee is responsible for determining criteria for service on our Board of Directors, identifying, researching and recommending to the Board of Directors director nominees for election by our stockholders, selecting nominees to fill vacancies on our Board of Directors or a committee of the Board, developing and recommending to our Board of Directors any amendments to our corporate governance principles and overseeing the self-evaluation of our Board of Directors and its committees. The current members of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee are Messrs. Appling, Canon and Griffin.

Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

Each member of the Compensation Committee is independent for purposes of the applicable listing standards of the New York Stock Exchange. During the year ended December 31, 2013, no member of the Compensation Committee was an officer, former officer or employee of ours or had a relationship disclosable under "Certain Relationships and Related Transactions Transactions with Related Persons", except as disclosed therein. No interlocking relationship, as defined by the rules adopted by the SEC, existed during the year ended December 31, 2013 between any member of the Board of Directors or the Compensation Committee and an executive officer of Main Street.

Director Nomination Process

Our Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee has determined that a candidate for election to our Board of Directors must satisfy certain general criteria, including, among other things:

be an individual of the highest character and integrity and have an inquiring mind, vision, a willingness to ask hard questions and the ability to work professionally with others;

be free of any conflict of interest that would violate any applicable law or regulation or interfere with the proper performance of the responsibilities of a director;



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be willing and able to devote sufficient time to the affairs of our company and be diligent in fulfilling the responsibilities of a member of our Board of Directors and a member of any committee thereof (including: developing and maintaining sufficient knowledge of our company and the specialty finance industry in general; reviewing and analyzing reports and other information important to responsibilities of the Board of Directors and any committee of our Board of Directors; preparing for, attending and participating in meetings of our Board of Directors and meetings of any committee of our Board of Directors; and satisfying appropriate orientation and continuing education guidelines); and

have the capacity and desire to represent the balanced, best interests of our stockholders as a whole and not primarily a special interest group or constituency.

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee seeks to identify potential director candidates who will strengthen the Board of Directors and will contribute to the overall mix of general criteria identified above. In addition to the general criteria, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee considers specific criteria, such as particular skills, experiences (whether in business or in other areas such as public service, academia or scientific communities), areas of expertise, specific backgrounds, and other characteristics, that should be represented on the Board of Directors to enhance its effectiveness and the effectiveness of its committees. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee does not have a formal policy with respect to diversity; however, the Board and the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee believe that it is essential that the Board members represent diverse experience and viewpoints and a diverse mix of the specific criteria above. The process of identifying potential director candidates includes establishing procedures for soliciting and reviewing potential nominees from directors and for advising those who suggest nominees of the outcome of such review. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee also has the authority to retain and terminate any search firm used to identify director candidates.

Any stockholder may nominate one or more persons for election as one of our directors at an annual meeting of stockholders if the stockholder complies with the notice, information and consent provisions contained in our by-laws and any other applicable law, rule or regulation regarding director nominations. When submitting a nomination to our company for consideration, a stockholder must provide certain information that would be required under applicable SEC rules, including the following minimum information for each director nominee: full name, age and address; number of any shares of our stock beneficially owned by the nominee, if any; the date such shares were acquired and the investment intent of such acquisition; whether such stockholder believes the nominee is an "interested person" of our company, as defined in 1940 Act; and all other information required to be disclosed in solicitations of proxies for election of directors in an election contest or is otherwise required, including the nominee's written consent to being named in the proxy statement as a nominee and to serving as a director if elected. See "Stockholders' Proposals" in our proxy statement and our by-laws for other requirements of stockholder proposals.

The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee will consider candidates identified through the processes described above, and will evaluate each of them, including incumbents, based on the same criteria. The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee also takes into account the contributions of incumbent directors as Board members and the benefits to us arising from their experience on our Board of Directors. Although the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee will consider candidates identified by stockholders, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee may determine not to recommend those candidates to our Board of Directors, and our Board of Directors may determine not to nominate any candidates recommended by the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee. None of the director nominees named in this prospectus were nominated by stockholders.

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Board's Role in the Oversight of Risk Management

Our Board of Directors as a whole has responsibility for risk oversight, with reviews of certain areas being conducted by the relevant Board Committees that report on their deliberations to the full Board. The oversight responsibility of the Board and its Committees is enabled by management reporting processes that are designed to provide visibility to the Board about the identification, assessment and management of critical risks and management's risk mitigation strategies. Areas of focus include competitive, economic, operational, financial (accounting, credit, liquidity and tax), legal, regulatory, compliance and other risks. The Board and its Committees oversee risks associated with their respective principal areas of focus, as summarized below. Committees meet in executive session with key management personnel regularly and with representatives of outside advisors as necessary.

Board/Committee	Primary Areas of Risk Oversight
Full Board	Strategic, financial and execution risks and exposures associated with
	the annual operating plan and five-year strategic plan; major
	litigation and regulatory exposures and other current matters that
	may present material risk to our operations, plans, prospects or
	reputation; material acquisitions and divestitures.
Audit Committee	Risks and exposures associated with financial matters, particularly
	investment valuation, financial reporting and disclosure, tax,
	accounting, oversight of independent accountants, internal control
	over financial reporting, financial policies and credit and liquidity
	matters.
Compensation Committee	Risks and exposures associated with leadership assessment, senior
	management succession planning, executive and director
	compensation programs and arrangements, including incentive plans,
	and compensation related regulatory compliance.
Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee	Risks and exposures relating to our programs and policies relating to
	legal compliance, corporate governance, and director nomination,
	evaluation and succession planning.
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COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORS

The following table sets forth the compensation that we paid during the year ended December 31, 2013 to our directors. Directors who are also employees of Main Street or any of its subsidiaries do not receive compensation for their services as directors.

Director Compensation Table

Name	Earned or in Cash(3)	Stock wards(4)	Total
Arthur L. French	\$ 155,000	\$ 29,999	\$ 184,999
Michael Appling Jr.	145,000	29,999	174,999
Joseph E. Canon	135,000	29,999	164,999
J. Kevin Griffin(1)	145,000	29,999	174,999
John E. Jackson(2)	106,507	30,008	136,515

(1)

In addition to his normal board and committee fees, Mr. Griffin was paid a \$10,000 fee related to a special project performed at the request of the Board of Directors in his capacity as a member of the Board, which amount is included in the table above.

(2)

Mr. Jackson was appointed to the Board on August 6, 2013 to fill the vacancy created by Todd A. Reppert's retirement.

(3)

The following non-employee directors elected to defer a portion of their 2013 annual cash retainers in the form of phantom stock units under the Deferred Compensation Plan for Non-Employee Directors (the "Non-Employee Deferred Compensation Plan"):

Name	13 Cash eferred	Phantom Stock Units Credited for 2013 Deferral	Total Phantom Stock Units at December 31, 2013
Arthur L. French	\$ 50,000	1,830.83	1,915.29
Michael Appling Jr.	50,000	1,830.83	1,915.29
Joseph E. Canon	50,000	1,830.83	1,915.29
J. Kevin Griffin	75,000	2,746.25	2,872.93
John E. Jackson	50,000	1,619.17	1,665.47

(4)

Each of Messrs. French, Appling, Canon and Griffin received an award of 1,076 restricted shares on June 13, 2013, and Mr. Jackson received an award of 980 restricted shares on August 6, 2013, each under the Main Street Capital Corporation 2008 Non-Employee Director Restricted Stock Plan (the "Non-Employee Director Plan"), which will vest 100% on May 28, 2014, the day before the Annual Meeting, provided that the grantee has been in continuous service as a member of the Board through such date. These amounts represent the grant date fair value of the 2013 stock awards in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718 based on the closing price of our common stock on the date of grant. Pursuant to SEC rules, the amounts shown exclude the impact of any estimated forfeitures related to service-based vesting conditions. These amounts may not correspond to the actual value that will be recognized by our directors upon vesting. Each of Messrs. French, Appling, Canon and Griffin had 1,076, and Mr. Jackson had 980, unvested shares of restricted stock outstanding as of December 31, 2013. Please see the discussion of the assumptions made in the valuation of these awards in Note M to the audited consolidated financial statements included in this prospectus.

The compensation for non-employee directors for 2013 was comprised of cash compensation paid to or earned by directors in connection with their service as a director. That cash compensation

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consisted of an annual retainer of \$125,000, and an additional \$20,000 retainer for the Lead Independent Director. Non-employee directors do not receive fees based on meetings attended absent circumstances that require an exceptionally high number of meetings within an annual period. We also reimburse our non-employee directors for all reasonable expenses incurred in connection with their service on our Board. The chairs of our Board committees receive additional annual retainers as follows:

the chair of the Audit Committee: \$20,000;

the deputy chair of the Audit Committee: \$10,000;

the chair of the Compensation Committee: \$10,000; and

the chair of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee: \$10,000.

The Non-Employee Director Plan provides a means through which we may attract and retain qualified non-employee directors to enter into and remain in service on our Board of Directors. Under the Non-Employee Director Plan, at the beginning of each one-year term of service on our Board of Directors, each non-employee director receives a number of shares equivalent to \$30,000 worth of shares based on the closing price of a share of our common stock on the New York Stock Exchange (or other exchange on which are shares are then listed) on the date of grant. Forfeiture provisions will lapse as to an entire award at the end of the one-year term.

The Non-Employee Deferred Compensation Plan, adopted in 2013, allows each non-employee director, at his option, to defer all or a portion of the cash fees paid for his services as a director until his exit from the Board of Directors. A director's plan account is credited with phantom Main Street stock units with a total value equal to the amount of cash fees deferred and with hypothetical dividends paid on such phantom stock units by crediting additional phantom stock units to the account. The non-employee director will be distributed actual Main Street common shares for the number of phantom stock units in his deferred account within 90 days from his termination of service as a director.

For the beneficial ownership of our common stock by each of our directors and the dollar range value of such ownership, please see "Control Persons and Principal Stockholders".

COMPENSATION DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following Compensation Discussion and Analysis, or CD&A, provides information relating to the 2013 compensation of Main Street's Named Executive Officers, or NEOs, for 2013, who were:

Vincent D. Foster, Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer;

Dwayne L. Hyzak, Chief Financial Officer and Senior Managing Director;

Curtis L. Hartman, Chief Credit Officer and Senior Managing Director;

David L. Magdol, Chief Investment Officer and Senior Managing Director;

Jason B. Beauvais, Senior Vice President, General Counsel, Chief Compliance Officer and Secretary; and

Todd A. Reppert (the Company's former Executive Vice Chairman).

Compensation Philosophy and Objectives

The Main Street compensation system was developed by the Compensation Committee and approved by all independent directors. The system is designed to attract and retain key executives, motivate them to achieve the Company's business objectives and reward them for performance while

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aligning management's interests with those of the Company's stockholders. The structure of Main Street's incentive compensation programs is formulated to encourage and reward the following, among other things:

achievement of income and capital gains to sustain and grow the Company's dividend payments;

maintenance of liquidity and capital flexibility to accomplish the Company's business objectives, including the preservation of investor capital;

attainment of superior risk-adjusted returns on the Company's investment portfolio; and

professional development and growth of individual executives, the management team and other employees.

The Compensation Committee has the primary authority to establish compensation for the NEOs and other key employees and administers all executive compensation arrangements and policies. Main Street's Chief Executive Officer assists the Committee by providing recommendations regarding the compensation of NEOs and other key employees, excluding himself. The Committee exercises its discretion by modifying or accepting these recommendations. The Chief Executive Officer routinely attends a portion of the Committee meetings. However, the Committee often meets in executive session without the Chief Executive Officer or other members of management when discussing compensation matters and on other occasions as determined by the Committee.

The Compensation Committee takes into account competitive market practices with respect to the salaries and total direct compensation of the NEOs. Members of the Committee consider market practices by reviewing public and non-public information for executives at comparable companies and funds. The Committee also has the authority to utilize compensation consultants to better understand competitive pay practices and has retained such expertise in the past.

Independent Compensation Consultant

The Compensation Committee has engaged Deloitte Consulting LLP ("Deloitte") as an independent compensation consultant to assist the Committee and provide advice on a variety of compensation matters relating to NEO and non-executive director compensation, incentive compensation plans and compensation trends, regulatory matters and compensation planning best practices. The compensation consultant was hired by and reports directly to the Compensation Committee. Although the compensation consultant may work directly with management on behalf of the Compensation Committee, any such work is under the control and supervision of the Compensation Committee. The total amount of fees paid or to be paid to Deloitte for compensation consulting services during fiscal 2013 was approximately \$71,115.

During fiscal 2013, the Company's management also retained Deloitte and its affiliates to provide certain other services to the Company. These other services included (i) tax services and other tax-related services and (ii) portfolio valuation consulting services. The total amount paid or to be paid for such services (excluding the services as consultant to the Compensation Committee as discussed above) to Deloitte and its affiliates during fiscal 2013 was approximately \$384,184. Deloitte was engaged directly by management to provide these other services and, accordingly, Deloitte's engagement for these other services was not formally approved by the Board of Directors or by the Compensation Committee. The Compensation Committee believes that, given their nature and scope, these additional services did not raise a conflict of interest and did not impair Deloitte's ability to provide independent advice to the Compensation Committee concerning executive compensation matters. In making this determination, the Compensation Committee considered, among other things, the following factors when selecting Deloitte to provide compensation consulting services: (i) the types of non-compensation services provided by Deloitte, (ii) the amount of fees for such non-compensation services, noting in particular that such fees are negligible when considered in the context of Deloitte's

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total revenues for the period, (iii) Deloitte's policies and procedures concerning conflicts of interest, (iv) Deloitte's representatives who advise the Compensation Committee do not provide any non-compensation related services to the Company, (v) there are no other business or personal relationships between the Company's management or members of the Compensation Committee, on the one hand, and any Deloitte representatives who provide compensation consulting services to the Company, on the other hand, and (vi) neither Deloitte nor any of the Deloitte representatives who provide compensation services to the Company own any common stock or other securities of the Company.

Assessment of Market Data

In assessing the competitiveness of executive compensation levels, the Compensation Committee analyzes market data of certain companies, including internally managed business development companies, or BDCs, private equity firms and other asset management and financial services companies. This analysis focuses on key elements of compensation practices in general, and more specifically, the compensation practices at companies and funds reasonably comparable in asset size, typical investment size and type, market capitalization and general business scope as compared to the Company.

As regards to other internally managed BDCs like Main Street, the Compensation Committee considers the compensation practices and policies pertaining to executive officers as detailed in their company's respective proxies, research analysts' reports and other publicly available information. However, there are relatively few internally managed BDCs and none of them are directly comparable to the Company in regards to business strategies, assets under management, typical investment size and type and market capitalization. Moreover, regarding the compensation and retention of executive talent, the Company also competes with private equity funds, mezzanine debt funds, hedge funds and other types of specialized investment funds. Since these are generally private companies that are not required to publicly disclose their executive compensation practices and policies, the Committee relies on third party compensation surveys as well as other available information to compare compensation practices and policies.

Items taken into account include, but are not necessarily limited to, base compensation, bonus compensation, stock option awards, restricted stock awards, carried interest and other compensation. In addition to actual levels of cash and equity related compensation, the Compensation Committee also considers other approaches comparable companies are taking with regard to overall executive compensation practices. Such items include, but are not necessarily limited to, the use of employment agreements for certain employees, the mix of cash and equity compensation, the use of third party compensation consultants and certain corporate and executive performance measures that are established to achieve longer term total return for stockholders. Finally, in addition to analyzing comparable companies and funds, the Committee also evaluates the relative cost structure of the Company as compared to the entire BDC sector, including internally and externally managed BDCs as well as other private funds.

Assessment of Company Performance

The Compensation Committee believes that sustainable financial performance coupled with reasonable, long-term stockholders' returns as well as proportional employee compensation are essential components for Main Street's long-term business success. Main Street typically makes three to seven year investments in its portfolio companies. The Company's business plan involves taking on investment risks over a range of time periods. Accordingly, much emphasis is focused on maintaining the stability of net asset values as well as the continuity of earnings to pass through to stockholders in the form of recurring dividends. The quality of the earnings supporting the dividends as well as the

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maintenance and growth of dividends are key metrics in the Committee's assessment of financial performance.

Main Street's strategy is to generate current income from debt investments and to realize capital gains from equity-related investments. This income supports the payment of dividends to stockholders. The recurring payment of dividends requires a methodical investment acquisition approach and active monitoring and management of the investment portfolio over time. A meaningful part of the Company's employee base is dedicated to the maintenance of asset values and expansion of this recurring income to sustain and grow dividends. The Committee believes that stability with regard to the management team is important in achieving successful implementation of the Company's strategy. Further, the Committee, in establishing and assessing executive salary and performance incentives, is relatively more focused on Main Street results rather than the performance of other comparable companies or industry comparisons.

Executive Compensation Components

For 2013, the components of Main Street's direct compensation program for NEOs included:

base salary;

annual cash bonuses;

long-term compensation pursuant to the 2008 Equity Incentive Plan; and

other benefits.

The Compensation Committee designs each NEO's direct compensation package to appropriately reward the NEO for his contribution to the Company. The judgment and experience of the Committee are weighed with individual and Company performance metrics and consultation with the Chief Executive Officer (except with respect to himself) to determine the appropriate mix of compensation for each individual. Cash compensation consisting of base salary and discretionary bonuses tied to achievement of individual performance goals that are reviewed and approved by the Committee, as well as corporate objectives, are intended to motivate NEOs to remain with the Company and work to achieve expected business objectives. Stock-based compensation is awarded based on performance expectations approved by the Committee for each NEO. The blend of short-term and long-term compensation may be adjusted from time to time to balance the Committee's views regarding the benefits of current cash compensation and appropriate retention incentives.

Base Salary

Base salary is used to recognize the experience, skills, knowledge and responsibilities required of the NEOs in their roles. In connection with establishing the base salary of each NEO, the Compensation Committee and management consider a number of factors, including the seniority and experience level of the individual, the functional role of his position, the level of the individual's responsibility, the Company's ability to replace the individual, the past base salary of the individual and the relative number of well-qualified candidates available in the area. In addition, the Committee considers publicly available information regarding the base salaries paid to similarly situated executive officers and other competitive market practices.

The salaries of the NEOs are reviewed on an annual basis, as well as at the time of promotion or any substantial change in responsibilities. The key factors in determining increases in salary level are relative performance and competitive pressures.

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Annual Cash Bonuses

Annual cash bonuses are intended to reward individual performance during the year and can therefore be highly variable from year to year. Bonus opportunities for the NEOs are determined by the Compensation Committee on a discretionary basis and are based on performance criteria, particularly the company's dividend performance as well as corporate and individual performance goals and measures set by the Committee with the Chief Executive Officer's input (except with respect to his own performance criteria). Should actual performance exceed expected performance criteria, the Committee may adjust individual cash bonuses to take such superior performance into account.

Long-Term Incentive Awards

Main Street's Board of Directors and stockholders have approved the 2008 Equity Incentive Plan to provide stock-based awards as long-term incentive compensation to employees, including the NEOs. The Company uses stock-based awards to (i) attract and retain key employees, (ii) motivate employees by means of performance-related incentives to achieve long-range performance goals, (iii) enable employees to participate in the Company's long-term growth in value and (iv) link employees' compensation to the long-term interests of stockholders. At the time of each award, the Compensation Committee will determine the terms of the award, including any performance period (or periods) and any performance objectives relating to vesting of the award.

Options. The Compensation Committee may grant stock options to purchase Main Street's common stock (including incentive stock options and nonqualified stock options). The Committee expects that any options granted by it will represent a fixed number of shares of common stock, will have an exercise price equal to the fair market value of common stock on the date of grant, and will be exercisable, or "vested," at some later time after grant. Some stock options may provide for vesting simply by the grantee remaining employed by Main Street for a period of time, and some may provide for vesting based on the grantee and/or the Company attaining specified performance levels. To date, the Committee has not granted stock options to any NEO.

Restricted Stock. Main Street has received exemptive relief from the SEC that permits the Company to grant restricted stock in exchange for or in recognition of services by its executive officers and employees. Pursuant to the 2008 Equity Incentive Plan, the Compensation Committee may award shares of restricted stock to plan participants in such amounts and on such terms as the Committee determines in its sole discretion, provided that such awards are consistent with the conditions set forth in the SEC's exemptive order. Each restricted stock grant will be for a fixed number of shares as set forth in an award agreement between the grantee and Main Street. Award agreements will set forth time and/or performance vesting schedules and other appropriate terms and/or restrictions with respect to awards, including rights to dividends and voting rights. The Committee's normal practice has been to have restricted stock awards for NEOs vest over a four year time frame in equal increments based on continued service during the vesting period.

Other Benefits

Main Street's NEOs participate in the same benefit plans and programs as the Company's other employees, including comprehensive medical and dental insurance, vision care, business travel insurance and short term disability coverage as well as long term disability insurance.

Main Street maintains a 401(k) plan for all full-time employees who are at least 21 years of age through which the Company makes non-discretionary matching contributions to each participant's plan account on the participant's behalf. For each participating employee, the Company's contribution is generally a 100% match of the employee's contributions up to a 4.5% contribution level with a maximum annual regular matching contribution of \$11,475 during 2013. All contributions to the plan, including those made by the Company, vest immediately. The Board of Directors may also, at its sole

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discretion, make additional contributions to employee 401(k) plan accounts, which would vest on the same basis as other employer contributions.

Perquisites

The Company provides no other material benefits, perquisites or retirement benefits to the NEOs.

Potential Payments Upon Change in Control

Upon specified transactions involving a change in control (as defined in the 2008 Equity Incentive Plan), all outstanding awards under the 2008 Equity Incentive Plan may either be assumed or substituted for by the surviving entity. If the surviving entity does not assume or substitute similar awards, the awards held by the plan participants will be subject to accelerated vesting in full and, in the case of options, then terminated to the extent not exercised within a designated time period.

Transactions involving a "change in control" under the 2008 Equity Incentive Plan include:

a consolidation, merger, stock sale or similar transaction or series of related transactions in which Main Street is not the surviving corporation or which results in the acquisition of all or substantially all of the Company's then outstanding common stock by a single person or entity or by a group of persons and/or entities acting in concert;

a sale or transfer of all or substantially all of the Company's assets;

Main Street's dissolution or liquidation; or

a change in the membership of the Company's Board of Directors such that the individuals who, as of the effective date of the plan, constitute the Board of Directors, whom are referred to as the Continuing Directors, and any new director whose appointment or election to the Board of Directors was approved by a vote of at least two thirds of the Continuing Directors then comprising the Board of Directors, cease to constitute at least a majority of the Board.

The number of shares and value of restricted stock for the NEOs as of December 31, 2013 that would have vested under the acceleration scenarios described above is shown under the caption entitled "Compensation of Executive Officers" Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year-End."

Tax Deductibility of Compensation

Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code generally disallows a deduction to public companies to the extent of excess annual compensation over \$1 million paid to certain executive officers, except for qualified performance-based compensation. Main Street's general policy, where consistent with business objectives, is to preserve the deductibility of executive officer compensation. However, the Compensation Committee may authorize amounts and forms of compensation that might not be deductible if the Committee deems such to be in the best interests of Main Street and its stockholders.

Stockholder Advisory Vote on Executive Compensation

At our 2011 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, our stockholders provided an advisory vote with 95% of the votes cast approving our compensation philosophy, policies and procedures and the 2010 fiscal year compensation of our NEOs (the "Advisory Vote"). Subsequently, the Compensation Committee considered the results of the Advisory Vote in determining compensation policies and decisions of the Company. The Advisory Vote affected the Company's executive compensation decisions and policies by reaffirming the Company's compensation philosophies, and the Compensation Committee will continue to use these philosophies and past practice in determining future compensation decisions.

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2013 Compensation Determination

The Compensation Committee analyzed the competitiveness of the components of compensation described above on both an individual and aggregate basis. The Committee believes that the total compensation paid to the NEOs for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013, is consistent with the overall objectives of Main Street's executive compensation program.

Base Salary

The Compensation Committee annually reviews the base salary of each executive officer, including each NEO, and determines whether or not to increase it in its sole discretion. Increases to base salary can be awarded to recognize, among other things, relative performance, relative cost of living and competitive pressures.

In 2013, the Compensation Committee approved base salary increases for each NEO, except for Mr. Reppert, in recognition of NEO and Company performance for the year and also to more closely align their compensation with similar executive officers of comparative companies. The decrease in Mr. Reppert's base salary was, in part, due to his change in role at the Company beginning in October 2012 and, in part, due to his retirement as Executive Vice Chairman of Main Street and as a member of the Board of Directors on August 6, 2013.

The amount of annual base salary paid to each NEO for 2013 is presented under the caption entitled "Compensation of Executive Officers Summary Compensation Table." The Committee believes that the salary changes and resulting base salaries were competitive in the market place and appropriate for Main Street executives as a key component of an overall compensation package.

Annual Cash Incentive Bonus

Cash bonuses are determined annually by the Compensation Committee on a discretionary basis. The Committee considered performance achievements in the determination of cash bonuses for 2013, including company performance and the personal performance of each individual. The performance goals used for determining the cash bonuses for NEOs included, among other things, the following:

Achievement of corporate objectives, particularly those related to the maintenance and growth of dividends and preservation of capital through maintenance and growth of net asset value per share;

Individual performance and achievement of individual goals, as well as the contribution to corporate objectives;

Maintaining liquidity and capital flexibility to accomplish the Company's business objectives;

Maintaining the highest ethical standards, internal controls and adherence to regulatory requirements; and

Appropriate and planned development of personnel.

The Company paid cash bonuses to NEOs for 2013 in recognition of the Company's excellent performance, as well as each individual NEO's accomplishments and contribution to the Company's performance. Company performance criteria included total shareholder return versus comparable companies and the market in general, increased dividend per share payout, increased net asset value per share and increased distributable net investment income per share, the net appreciation and growth of the investment portfolio and maintenance and improvement of a relatively low total operating cost structure among comparable companies. In summary, the performance of individual NEOs and the management team overall was at a consistent high level resulting in outstanding financial results.

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The amount of cash bonus paid to each NEO for 2013 is presented under the caption entitled "Compensation of Executive Officers Summary Compensation Table." The Committee believes that these cash bonus awards are individually appropriate based on 2013 performance. Such bonuses comprise a key component of the Company's overall compensation program.

Long-Term Incentive Awards

The Company granted restricted shares to our NEOs in 2013 to recognize individual contributions to corporate strategic priorities and to the long-term performance of the Company and to provide competitive total direct compensation. Contributions to the future success of the Company include expanded roles of NEOs within the Company, recruitment and development of personnel, advancement of various strategic initiatives with benefits beyond the current year, development of various capital structure alternatives and enhancement of the Company's reputation with key constituents. The amount of restricted shares granted to each NEO in 2013 is presented under the caption entitled "Compensation of Executive Officers Grants of Plan-Based Awards." The Committee is currently assessing the potential for long-term incentive compensation through grants of restricted shares to our NEOs for 2014, which will be awarded in June 2014. Restricted stock grants to NEOs under the 2008 Equity Incentive Plan generally vest ratably over four years from the grant date.

COMPENSATION OF EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

The following table summarizes the compensation of our Named Executive Officers, or NEOs, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013.

Summary Compensation Table

				Stock	All Other	
Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary(1)	Bonus(1)(2)	Awards(3)	Compensation(4)	Total
Vincent D. Foster	2013 \$	6 490,000	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 1,232,876	5 \$ 11,475 \$	2,734,351
Chairman, President and	2012	470,500	1,000,000	574,688	3 11,250	2,056,438
Chief Executive Officer	2011	453,074	793,450	438,756	5 11,025	1,696,305
Dwayne L. Hyzak	2013 \$	332,500	\$ 545,000	\$ 972,076	5 \$ 11,475 \$	1,861,051
Chief Financial Officer and	2012	307,500	600,000	377,409) 11,250	1,296,159
Senior Managing Director	2011	259,290	464,250	218,877	,	953,380
Senior Humaging Director	-011	207,270	101,200	210,077	10,900	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Curtis L. Hartman	2013 \$	5 296,250	\$ 365,000	\$ 777,645	5 \$ 11,475 \$	1,450,370
Chief Credit Officer and	2013	290,230	425,000	304.446		1,023,196
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, -	,	
Senior Managing Director	2011	250,956	409,750	218,877	10,754	890,337
	2012	206.250	¢ 440.000	¢ 052.500	τ φ 11 475 φ	1 (01 051
David L. Magdol	2013 \$	· · · · · ·			. , .	1,601,251
Chief Investment Officer and	2012	282,500	425,000	304,446	,	1,023,196
Senior Managing Director	2011	250,956	371,250	218,877	10,754	851,837
Jason B. Beauvais	2013 \$	5 280,000	\$ 320,000	\$ 331,925	5 \$ 11,475 \$	943,400
Senior Vice President, General Counsel, Chief						
Compliance Officer and Secretary						
Todd A. Reppert(5)	2013	5 123,231	\$	\$ 744,460) \$ 196,959 \$	1,064,650
Former Executive	2013	313,550	600,000	416,666	. , .	1,341,466
Vice Chairman	2012	336,121	558,150	295,984	,	1,201,280
vice Chamman	2011	550,121	558,150	293,984	• 11,023	1,201,280

(1)

All salaries and cash bonuses are paid by one of our wholly owned subsidiaries, Main Street Capital Partners, LLC.

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(2)

These amounts reflect annual cash bonuses earned by the NEOs based on individual and corporate performance as determined by the Compensation Committee.

(3)

These amounts represent the grant date fair value of stock awards in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718 based on the closing price of our common stock on the grant date. Pursuant to SEC rules, the amounts shown exclude the impact of estimated forfeitures related to service-based vesting conditions. These amounts do not correspond to the actual value that will be recognized by our NEOs upon the vesting of such grants. Please see the discussion of the assumptions made in the valuation of these awards in Note M to the audited consolidated financial statements included in this prospectus.

(4)

These amounts reflect employer matching contributions of \$11,475 we made to each NEO's account in our 401(k) Plan. In addition, in relation to Mr. Reppert's retirement from Main Street on August 6, 2013, the Company entered into a Management Agreement with Mr. Reppert to provide non-employee management services for Main Street's wholly owned Small Business Investment Company funds until certain regulatory approvals could be obtained. Mr. Reppert was paid \$185,484 under the Management Agreement from August 6, 2013 through December 20, 2013, when the agreement was mutually terminated.

(5)

Mr. Reppert retired as Executive Vice Chairman of Main Street and as a member of the Board of Directors on August 6, 2013.

Grants of Plan-Based Awards

The following table sets forth information regarding restricted stock awards granted to our NEOs in fiscal 2013:

Name	Grant Date	Stock Awards; Number of Shares of Stock(1)	Grant Date Fair Value of Stock Awards
Vincent D. Foster	June 20, 2013	45,883	\$ 1,232,876
Dwayne L. Hyzak	June 20, 2013	36,177	972,076
Curtis L. Hartman	June 20, 2013	28,941	777,645
David L. Magdol	June 20, 2013	31,765	853,526
Jason B. Beauvais	June 20, 2013	12,353	331,925
Todd A. Reppert	June 20, 2013	27,706	744,460

(1)

Restricted stock grants to NEOs under the 2008 Equity Incentive Plan generally vest ratably over four years from the grant date, and all underlying shares are entitled to dividends and voting rights beginning on the grant date.

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Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year-End

The following table sets forth the awards of restricted stock for which forfeiture provisions have not lapsed and remain outstanding at December 31, 2013:

	Stock Awards			
	Number of Shares of Stock that have	Market Value of Shares of Stock that have		
Name	not Vested(1)	not Vested(2)		
Vincent D. Foster	83,580(3)	\$ 2,732,230		
Dwayne L. Hyzak	58,486(4)	1,911,907		
Curtis L. Hartman	48,943(5)	1,599,947		
David L. Magdol	51,767(6)	1,692,263		
Jason B. Beauvais	25,328(7)	827,972		
Todd A. Reppert				

(1)

No restricted stock awards have been transferred.

(2)

The market value of shares of stock that have not vested was determined based on the closing price of our common stock on the New York Stock Exchange at December 31, 2013.

(3)

23,547 shares will vest on June 20, 2014; 7,485 will vest on July 1, 2014; 23,549 shares will vest on June 20, 2015; 17,528 shares will vest on June 20, 2016; and 11,471 shares will vest on June 20, 2017, subject in each case to the NEO still being employed by us on the respective vesting date.

(4)

16,025 shares will vest on June 20, 2014; 4,368 will vest on July 1, 2014; 16,026 shares will vest on June 20, 2015; 13,022 shares will vest on June 20, 2016; and 9,045 shares will vest on June 20, 2017, subject in each case to the NEO still being employed by us on the respective vesting date.

(5)

13,447 shares will vest on June 20, 2014; 4,368 will vest on July 1, 2014; 13,448 shares will vest on June 20, 2015; 10,444 shares will vest on June 20, 2016; and 7,236 shares will vest on June 20, 2017, subject in each case to the NEO still being employed by us on the respective vesting date.

(6)

14,153 shares will vest on June 20, 2014; 4,368 will vest on July 1, 2014; 14,154 shares will vest on June 20, 2015; 11,150 shares will vest on June 20, 2016; and 7,942 shares will vest on June 20, 2017, subject in each case to the NEO still being employed by us on the respective vesting date.

(7)

7,480 shares will vest on June 20, 2014; 1,370 will vest on July 1, 2014; 7,479 shares will vest on June 20, 2015; 5,910 shares will vest on June 20, 2016; and 3,089 shares will vest on June 20, 2017, subject in each case to the NEO still being employed by us on the respective vesting date.

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Equity Awards Vested in Fiscal Year

The following table sets forth information regarding shares of restricted stock for which forfeiture restrictions lapsed during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013:

	Stock Awards		
	Number of Shares	Value Realized on	
Name	Acquired on Vesting(1)	Vesting(2)	
Vincent D. Foster	27,459	\$ 746,130	
Dwayne L. Hyzak	13,867	376,325	
Curtis L. Hartman	12,581	341,491	
David L. Magdol	12,581	341,491	
Jason B. Beauvais	7,020	190,047	
Todd A. Reppert	74,850(3	2,225,541	

(1)

Number of shares acquired upon vesting is before withholding of vesting shares by the Company to satisfy tax withholding obligations. Each of our NEOs elected to satisfy its tax withholding obligations by having the Company withhold a portion of its vesting shares.

(2)

Value realized upon vesting is based on the closing price of our common stock on the vesting date.

(3)

In normal course, Mr. Reppert acquired 19,253 shares upon vesting in 2013 for a realized value of \$523,161. In addition, in recognition of his valuable service to Main Street as an officer and director since its inception and in exchange for certain non-compete obligations, the Board of Directors accelerated the vesting of the 55,597 remaining unvested shares of restricted stock previously granted to Mr. Reppert under our 2008 Equity Incentive Plan in connection with his resignation from Main Street on August 6, 2013 for an additional realized value of \$1,702,380.

Risk Management and Compensation Policies and Practices

We believe that risks arising from our compensation policies and practices for our employees are not reasonably likely to have a material adverse effect on the Company. In addition, the Compensation Committee believes that the mix and design of the elements of executive compensation do not encourage management to assume excessive risks.

The Compensation Committee has reviewed the elements of executive compensation to determine whether any portion of executive compensation encouraged excessive risk taking and concluded:

compensation is allocated among base salary and short and long-term compensation opportunities in such a way as to not encourage excessive risk-taking;

significant weighting towards long-term incentive compensation discourages short-term risk taking;

goals are appropriately set to avoid targets that, if not achieved, result in a large percentage loss of compensation; and

multi-year vesting of our equity awards and share ownership guidelines properly account for the time horizon of risk.

Furthermore, as described in our Compensation Discussion and Analysis, compensation decisions include subjective considerations, which restrain the influence of formulae or objective factors on excessive risk taking.

CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS

We co-invested with Main Street Capital II, LP ("MSC II") in several existing portfolio investments prior to our initial public offering (the "IPO"), but did not co-invest with MSC II subsequent to the IPO and prior to June 2008. In June 2008, we received exemptive relief from the SEC to allow us to resume co-investing with MSC II in accordance with the terms of such exemptive relief. The co-investments among us and MSC II were all made at the same time and on the same terms and conditions. The co-investments were also made in accordance with Main Street Capital Partners, LLC's conflicts policy and in accordance with the applicable SBIC conflict of interest regulations. MSC II is managed by Main Street Capital Partners, LLC, and Main Street Capital Partners, LLC is wholly owned by us. MSC II is an SBIC fund with similar investment objectives to us and which began its investment operations in January 2006.

In January 2010, we acquired (i) 87.7% of the total dollar value of partnership interests in MSC II in exchange for shares of our common stock and (ii) 100% of the membership interest in MSC II's general partner for no consideration (the "Exchange Offer Transactions"). MSC II's general partner owns 0.4% of the total dollar value of the partnership interests in MSC II as its general partner. Subsequent to the Exchange Offer Transactions, we acquired an additional 0.5% of the total dollar value of partnership interests in MSC II in exchange for shares of the Company's common stock based on the same formula used in the Exchange Offer Transactions.

In February 2012, we acquired an additional 8.5% of the total dollar value of partnership interests of MSC II in exchange for shares of our common stock, including an aggregate of 4.9% from (i) six of our executive officers, Messrs. Foster, Reppert, Hyzak, Hartman, Magdol and Stout and entities controlled by them, and (ii) two of our directors, Messrs. Canon and French, in accordance with the terms and conditions of an exemptive relief order the Company received from the SEC for such transaction (such purchases from our executive officers and directors and entities controlled by them, collectively, the "Affiliate Purchases"). In accordance with the SEC exemptive relief order, and as approved by our Board of Directors, our officers and directors and entities controlled by them received an aggregate 98,632 shares of our common stock with an approximate value of \$2.3 million on the date of the transaction in exchange for their partnership interests in MSC II, including (i) Mr. Foster who received an aggregate 10,878 shares of our common stock will an approximate value of \$0.3 million, and (iii) Mr. Canon who received 9,064 shares of our common stock with an approximate value of \$0.3 million, and (iii) Mr. Canon who received 9,064 shares of our common stock value of \$0.2 million. Messrs. Hyzak, Hartman, Magdol, Stout and French, or entities controlled by them, each received shares of our common stock value at less than \$120,000 in the Affiliate Purchases. In March 2012, we acquired an additional 3.0% of the total dollar value of partnership interests of MSC II from limited partners not affiliated with us in exchange for shares of our common stock. Including partnership interests acquired in February and March of 2012, we own 100% of the total dollar value of partnership interest in MSC II's general partner.

CONTROL PERSONS AND PRINCIPAL STOCKHOLDERS

The following table sets forth information with respect to the beneficial ownership of our common stock by:

each person known to us to beneficially own more than five percent of the outstanding shares of our common stock;

each of our directors and executive officers; and

all of our directors and executive officers as a group.

Beneficial ownership is determined in accordance with the rules of the SEC and includes voting or investment power with respect to the securities. There is no common stock subject to options that are currently exercisable or exercisable within 60 days of March 12, 2014. Percentage of beneficial ownership is based on 39,913,794 shares of common stock outstanding as of March 12, 2014.

Unless otherwise indicated, to our knowledge, each stockholder listed below has sole voting and investment power with respect to the shares beneficially owned by the stockholder, and maintains an address c/o Main Street Capital Corporation. Our address is 1300 Post Oak Boulevard, Suite 800, Houston, Texas 77056.

	Shares Owned Beneficially			
Name	Number	Percentage		
Independent Directors:				
Michael Appling Jr.	64,737(1)	*		
Joseph E. Canon	34,483(2)	*		
Arthur L. French	36,339(3)	*		
J. Kevin Griffin	9,332(4)	*		
John E. Jackson	3,699(5)			
Interested Directors:				
Vincent D. Foster	1,437,332(6)	3.60%		
Executive Officers:				
Dwayne L. Hyzak	225,699	*		
Curtis L. Hartman	182,653	*		
David L. Magdol	230,429	*		
Rodger A. Stout	136,673	*		
Jason B. Beauvais	48,635	*		
Shannon D. Martin	8,377	*		
All Directors and Executive Officers as a Group (12 persons)	2,418,388	6.06%		

*

Less than 1%

(1)

Includes 1,934 phantom stock units received under the Non-Employee Deferred Compensation Plan in connection with the deferral of director cash retainer amounts. The director has no investment or voting powers for phantom stock units held under the Non-Employee Deferred Compensation Plan.

(2)

Includes 1,934 phantom stock units received under the Non-Employee Deferred Compensation Plan in connection with the deferral of certain director cash retainer amounts. The director has no investment or voting powers for phantom stock units held under the Non-Employee Deferred Compensation Plan.

(3)

Includes 33,329 shares of common stock held by Flying F, LLC, which are beneficially owned by Mr. French, and 1,934 phantom stock units received under the Non-Employee

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Deferred Compensation Plan in connection with the deferral of certain director cash retainer amounts. The director has no investment or voting powers for phantom stock units held under the Non-Employee Deferred Compensation Plan.

(4)

Includes 2,900 phantom stock units received under the Non-Employee Deferred Compensation Plan in connection with the deferral of certain director cash retainer amounts. The director has no investment or voting powers for phantom stock units held under the Non-Employee Deferred Compensation Plan.

(5)

Includes 1,681 phantom stock units received under the Non-Employee Deferred Compensation Plan in connection with the deferral of certain director cash retainer amounts. The director has no investment or voting powers for phantom stock units held under the Non-Employee Deferred Compensation Plan.

(6)

Includes 11,637 shares of common stock held by Foster Irrevocable Trust for the benefit of Mr. Foster's children. Although Mr. Foster is not the trustee, and accordingly does not have voting power or dispositive power over these shares, he may from time to time direct the trustee to vote and dispose of these shares. Also includes 3,300 shares and 3,229 shares held in custodial accounts for Mr. Foster's daughters, Amy Foster and Brittany Foster, respectively.

The Board of Directors has established stock ownership guidelines pursuant to which independent directors and the Chief Executive Officer, President, Chief Financial Officer and other NEOs are required to achieve and maintain minimum levels of stock ownership. Our Corporate Governance and Stock Ownership Guidelines may be found at *http://mainstcapital.com* under "Governance" in the "Investor Relations" section of our website.

Our insider trading policy prohibits our directors, officers and employees from holding shares of our common stock or other securities issued by us in a margin account or pledging any such securities as collateral for a loan except in limited cases with the pre-approval of our chief compliance officer.

The following table sets forth, as of March 12, 2014, the dollar range of our equity securities that is beneficially owned by each of our directors.

	Dollar Range of Equity Securities Beneficially Owned(1)(2)(3)
Interested Directors:	
Vincent D. Foster	over \$100,000
Independent Directors:	
Michael Appling Jr.	over \$100,000
Joseph E. Canon	over \$100,000
Arthur L. French	over \$100,000
J. Kevin Griffin	over \$100,000
John E. Jackson	over \$100,000

(1)

Beneficial ownership has been determined in accordance with Rule 16a-1(a)(2) of the Exchange Act.

(2)

The dollar range of equity securities beneficially owned by our directors is based on a stock price of \$34.70 per share as of March 12, 2014.

(3)

The dollar ranges of equity securities beneficially owned are: none, \$1-\$10,000, \$10,001-\$50,000, \$50,001-\$100,000, or over \$100,000.

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SALES OF COMMON STOCK BELOW NET ASSET VALUE

Our stockholders may from time to time vote to allow us to issue common stock at a price below the net asset value (NAV) per share of our common stock. In such an approval, our stockholders may not specify a maximum discount below net asset value at which we are able to issue our common stock. In order to sell shares pursuant to such a stockholder authorization:

a majority of our independent directors who have no financial interest in the sale must have approved the sale; and

a majority of such directors, who are not interested persons of Main Street, in consultation with the underwriter or underwriters of the offering if it is to be underwritten, must have determined in good faith, and as of a time immediately prior to the first solicitation by us or on our behalf of firm commitments to purchase such shares or immediately prior to the issuance of such shares, that the price at which such shares are to be sold is not less than a price which closely approximates the market value of those shares, less any underwriting commission or discount.

We are also permitted to sell shares of common stock below NAV per share in rights offerings. Any offering of common stock below NAV per share will be designed to raise capital for investment in accordance with our investment objectives and business strategies.

In making a determination that an offering below NAV per share is in our and our stockholders' best interests, our Board of Directors would consider a variety of factors including:

The effect that an offering below NAV per share would have on our stockholders, including the potential dilution they would experience as a result of the offering;

The amount per share by which the offering price per share and the net proceeds per share are less than the most recently determined NAV per share;

The relationship of recent market prices of our common stock to NAV per share and the potential impact of the offering on the market price per share of our common stock;

Whether the proposed offering price would closely approximate the market value of our shares;

The potential market impact of being able to raise capital during the current financial market difficulties;

The nature of any new investors anticipated to acquire shares in the offering;

The anticipated rate of return on and quality, type and availability of investments to be funded with the proceeds from the offering, if any; and

The leverage available to us, both before and after any offering, and the terms thereof.

We did not seek stockholder authorization to issue common stock at a price below net asset value per share at our 2013 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, and we are not seeking such authorization at our 2014 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, because our common stock price per share has been trading significantly above the current net asset value per share of our common stock, but we may seek such authorization at future Annual Meetings or Special Meetings of Stockholders.

Sales by us of our common stock at a discount from NAV pose potential risks for our existing stockholders whether or not they participate in the offering, as well as for new investors who participate in the offering.

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The following three headings and accompanying tables will explain and provide hypothetical examples on the impact of an offering at a price less than NAV per share on three different sets of investors:

existing stockholders who do not purchase any shares in the offering;

existing stockholders who purchase a relatively small amount of shares in the offering or a relatively large amount of shares in the offering; and

new investors who become stockholders by purchasing shares in the offering.

Impact on Existing Stockholders who do not Participate in the Offering

Our existing stockholders who do not participate in an offering below NAV per share or who do not buy additional shares in the secondary market at the same or lower price we obtain in the offering (after expenses and commissions) face the greatest potential risks. These stockholders will experience an immediate decrease (often called dilution) in the NAV of the shares they hold and their NAV per share. These stockholders will also experience a disproportionately greater decrease in their participation in our earnings and assets and their voting power than the increase we will experience in our assets, potential earning power and voting interests due to the offering. These stockholders may also experience a decline in the market price of their shares, which often reflects to some degree announced or potential decreases in NAV per share. This decrease could be more pronounced as the size of the offering and level of discount to NAV increases.

The following table illustrates the level of NAV dilution that would be experienced by a nonparticipating stockholder in four different hypothetical offerings of different sizes and levels of discount from NAV per share. Actual sales prices and discounts may differ from the presentation below.

The examples assume that Company XYZ has 1,000,000 common shares outstanding, \$15,000,000 in total assets and \$5,000,000 in total liabilities. The current NAV and NAV per share are thus \$10,000,000 and \$10.00. The table illustrates the dilutive effect on nonparticipating Stockholder A of (1) an offering of 50,000 shares (5% of the outstanding shares) at \$9.50 per share after offering expenses and commissions (a 5% discount from NAV), (2) an offering of 100,000 shares (10% of the outstanding shares) at \$9.00 per share after offering expenses and commissions (a 10% discount from NAV), (3) an offering of 250,000 shares (25% of the outstanding shares) at \$8.00 per share after offering expenses and commissions (a 20% discount from NAV) and (4) an offering of 250,000 shares (25% of the outstanding shares) at \$0.01 per share after offering expenses and commissions (a 100% discount from NAV). The prospectus supplement pursuant to which any discounted offering is made

will include a chart based on the actual number of shares in such offering and the actual discount to the most recently determined NAV.

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(1)

Assumes 5% in selling compensation and expenses paid by us.

Impact on Existing Stockholders who do Participate in the Offering

Our existing stockholders who participate in an offering below NAV per share or who buy additional shares in the secondary market at the same or lower price as we obtain in the offering (after expenses and commissions) will experience the same types of NAV dilution as the nonparticipating stockholders, albeit at a lower level, to the extent they purchase less than the same percentage of the discounted offering as their interest in our shares immediately prior to the offering. The level of NAV dilution to such stockholders will decrease as the number of shares such stockholders purchase increases. Existing stockholders who buy more than their proportionate percentage will experience NAV dilution but will, in contrast to existing stockholders who purchase less than their proportionate share of the offering, experience an increase (often called accretion) in NAV per share over their investment per share and will also experience a disproportionately greater increase in their participation in our earnings and assets and their voting power than our increase in assets, potential earning power and voting interests due to the offering. The level of shares purchased by such stockholder increases. Even a stockholder who over-participates will, however, be subject to the risk that we may make additional discounted offerings in which such stockholder does not participate, in which case such a stockholder will experience NAV dilution as described above in such subsequent offerings. These stockholders may also experience a decline in the market price of their shares, which often reflects to some degree announced or potential decreases in NAV per share.

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This decrease could be more pronounced as the size of the offering and the level of discount to NAV increases.

The following chart illustrates the level of dilution and accretion in the hypothetical 25% offering at a 20% discount from the prior chart (Example 3) for a stockholder that acquires shares equal to (1) 50% of its proportionate share of the offering (i.e., 1,250 shares, which is 0.5% of an offering of 250,000 shares rather than its 1.0% proportionate share) and (2) 150% of such percentage (i.e., 3,750 shares, which is 1.5% of an offering of 250,000 shares rather than its 1.0% proportionate share). The prospectus supplement pursuant to which any discounted offering is made will include a chart for this example based on the actual number of shares in such offering and the actual discount from the most recently determined NAV per share.

Ĩ	Prior to		50% Particip	Jation	150% Partici	pation
	ale Below NAV	ŀ	Following Sale	% Change	Following Sale	% Change
Offering Price						
Price per Share to Public(1)		\$	8.42	\$		
Net Proceeds per Share to Issuer		\$	8.00	\$	8.00	
Increase in Shares and Decrease to NAV						
Total Shares Outstanding	1,000,000		1,250,000	25.00%	1,250,000	25.00%
NAV per Share \$	10.00	\$	9.60	(4.00)%\$	9.60	(4.00)%
Dilution/Accretion to Participating Stockholder A						
Share Dilution/Accretion						
Shares Held by Stockholder A	10,000		11,250	12.50%	13,750	37.50%
Percentage Outstanding Held by Stockholder A	1.00%	, b	0.90%	(10.00)%	1.10%	10.00%
NAV Dilution/Accretion						
Total NAV Held by Stockholder A \$	100,000	\$	108,000	8.00% \$	132,000	32.00%
Total Investment by Stockholder A (Assumed to be \$10.00 per Share						
on Shares Held Prior to Sale)		\$	110,525	\$	131,575	
Total Dilution/Accretion to Stockholder A (Total NAV Less Total						
Investment)		\$	(2,525)	\$	425	
NAV Dilution/Accretion per Share						
NAV per Share Held by Stockholder A		\$	9.60	\$	9.60	
Investment per Share Held by Stockholder A (Assumed to be \$10.00						
per Share on Shares Held Prior to Sale) \$	10.00	\$	9.82	(1.76)%\$	9.57	(4.31)%
NAV Dilution/Accretion per Share Experienced by Stockholder A						
(NAV per Share Less Investment per Share)		\$	(0.22)	\$	0.03	
Percentage NAV Dilution/Accretion Experienced by Stockholder A						
(NAV Dilution/Accretion per Share Divided by Investment per Share)				(2.28)%		0.32%

(1)

Assumes 5% in selling compensation and expenses paid by us.

Impact on New Investors

Investors who are not currently stockholders, but who participate in an offering below NAV and whose investment per share is greater than the resulting NAV per share due to selling compensation and expenses paid by us will experience an immediate decrease, albeit small, in the NAV of their shares and their NAV per share compared to the price they pay for their shares (Example 1 below). On the other hand, investors who are not currently stockholders, but who participate in an offering below NAV per share and whose investment per share is also less than the resulting NAV per share will experience an immediate increase in the NAV of their shares and their NAV per share compared to the price they pay for their shares (Example 2, 3 and 4 below). These latter investors will experience a disproportionately greater participation in our earnings and assets and their voting power than our increase in assets, potential earning power and voting interests. These investors will, however, be subject to the risk that we may make additional discounted offerings in which such new stockholder

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does not participate, in which case such new stockholder will experience dilution as described above in such subsequent offerings. These investors may also experience a decline in the market price of their shares, which often reflects to some degree announced or potential decreases in NAV per share. This decrease could be more pronounced as the size of the offering and level of discount to NAV increases.

The following chart illustrates the level of dilution or accretion for new investors that would be experienced by a new investor in the same hypothetical discounted offerings as described in the first chart above. The illustration is for a new investor who purchases the same percentage (1.00%) of the shares in the offering as Stockholder A in the prior examples held immediately prior to the offering. The prospectus supplement pursuant to which any discounted offering is made will include a chart for these examples based on the actual number of shares in such offering and the actual discount from the most recently determined NAV per share.

	Prior to	Example 5% Offering 5% Discou		ng at 10% Offering at			Example 3 25% Offering at 20% Discount			Example 4 25% Offering at 100% Discount			
	Sale Below NAV	F	ollowing Sale	% Change	F	ollowing Sale	% Change	F	ollowing Sale	% Change	F	ollowing Sale	% Change
Offering Price													
Price per Share to Public(1)		\$	10.00		\$	9.47		\$	8.42		\$	0.01	
Net Proceeds per Share to Issuer		\$	9.50		\$	9.00		\$	8.00		\$	0.01	
Increase in Shares and Decrease to													
NAV													
Total Shares Outstanding	1,000,000		1,050,000	5.00%		1,100,000	10.00%		1,250,000	25.00%		1,250,000	25.00%
NAV per Share	\$ 10.00	\$	9.98	(0.20)%	\$	9.91	(0.90)	%\$	9.60	(4.00)%	\$	8.00	(20.00)%
Dilution/Accretion to New Investor A													
Share Dilution													
Shares Held by Investor A			500			1,000			2,500			2,500	
Percentage Outstanding Held by													
Investor A	0.00%	0	0.05%			0.09%	6		0.20%	b		0.20%	
NAV Dilution		¢	1.000		¢	0.010		φ.	24.000		¢	20.000	
Total NAV Held by Investor A		\$	4,990		\$	9,910		\$	24,000		\$	20,000	
Total Investment by Investor A (At		¢	5 000		¢	0.470		¢	01.050		¢	25	
Price to Public) Total Dilution/Accretion to Investor A		\$	5,000		\$	9,470		\$	21,050		\$	25	
		¢	(10)		ሰ	140		¢	2.050		¢	10.075	
(Total NAV Less Total Investment)		\$	(10)		\$	440		\$	2,950		\$	19,975	
NAV Dilution per Share		¢	9.98		\$	9.91		¢	9.60		¢	8.00	
NAV per Share Held by Investor A Investment per Share Held by		\$	9.98		\$	9.91		\$	9.00		\$	8.00	
Investment per Share Held by Investor A		\$	10.00		\$	9.47		\$	8.42		\$	0.01	
NAV Dilution/Accretion per Share		φ	10.00		φ	9.47		φ	0.42		φ	0.01	
Experienced by Investor A (NAV per													
Share Less Investment per Share)		\$	(0.02)		\$	0.44		\$	1.18		\$	7.99	
Percentage NAV Dilution/Accretion		φ	(0.02)		Ψ	0.44		φ	1.10		φ	1.99	
Experienced by Investor A (NAV													
Dilution/Accretion per Share Divided													
by Investment per Share)				(0.20)%			4.65%	,		14.01%			79900.00%
- J	_			(0.20)/0						1.10170			

(1)

Assumes 5% in selling compensation and expenses paid by us.

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DIVIDEND REINVESTMENT PLAN

We have adopted a dividend reinvestment plan that provides for the reinvestment of dividends on behalf of our stockholders, unless a stockholder has elected to receive dividends in cash. As a result, if we declare a cash dividend, our stockholders who have not "opted out" of our dividend reinvestment plan by the dividend record date will have their cash dividend automatically reinvested into additional shares of our common stock.

No action will be required on the part of a registered stockholder to have their cash dividends reinvested in shares of our common stock. A registered stockholder may elect to receive an entire dividend in cash by notifying American Stock Transfer & Trust Company, the plan administrator and our transfer agent and registrar, in writing so that such notice is received by the plan administrator no later than the record date for dividends to stockholders. The plan administrator will set up an account for shares acquired through the plan for each stockholder who has not elected to receive dividends in cash and hold such shares in non-certificated form. Upon request by a stockholder participating in the plan, received in writing not less than 10 days prior to the record date, the plan administrator will, instead of crediting shares to the participant's account, issue a certificate registered in the participant's name for the number of whole shares of our common stock and a check for any fractional share. Those stockholders whose shares are held by a broker or other financial intermediary may receive dividends in cash by notifying their broker or other financial intermediary of their election.

The share requirements of our dividend reinvestment plan may be satisfied through the issuance of new shares of common stock or through open market purchases of common stock by the plan administrator. Newly-issued shares will be valued based upon the final closing price of our common stock on a valuation date determined for each dividend by our Board of Directors. Shares purchased in the open market to satisfy the dividend reinvestment plan requirements will be valued based upon the average price of the applicable shares purchased by the plan administrator, before any associated brokerage or other costs.

There will be no brokerage charges or other charges for dividend reinvestment to stockholders who participate in the plan. We will pay the plan administrator's fees under the plan.

Stockholders who receive dividends in the form of stock generally are subject to the same federal, state and local tax consequences as are stockholders who elect to receive their dividends in cash. A stockholder's basis for determining gain or loss upon the sale of stock received in a dividend from us will be equal to the total dollar amount of the dividend payable to the stockholder. Any stock received in a dividend will have a holding period for tax purposes commencing on the day following the day on which the shares are credited to the U.S. stockholder's account.

Participants may terminate their accounts under the plan by notifying the plan administrator via its website at *www.amstock.com*, by filling out the transaction request form located at the bottom of their statement and sending it to the plan administrator at 59 Maiden Lane New York, New York 10038 or by calling the plan administrators at (212) 936-5100.

We may terminate the plan upon notice in writing mailed to each participant at least 30 days prior to any record date for the payment of any dividend by us. All correspondence concerning the plan should be directed to the plan administrator by mail at 59 Maiden Lane New York, New York 10038 or by telephone at (212) 936-5100.

DESCRIPTION OF COMMON STOCK

The following description is based on relevant portions of the Maryland General Corporation Law and on our articles of incorporation and bylaws. This summary may not contain all of the information that is important to you, and we refer you to the Maryland General Corporation Law and our articles of incorporation and bylaws for a more detailed description of the provisions summarized below.

Under the terms of our articles of incorporation, our authorized capital stock consists of 150,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.01 per share. Set forth below is a chart describing the classes of our common stock outstanding as of March 12, 2014:

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
		Amount Held	Amount Outstanding
	Amount	by us or for	Exclusive of Amount
Title of Class	Authorized	Our Account	Under Column 3
Common Stock	150,000,000		39,913,794

Under our articles of incorporation, our Board of Directors is authorized to classify and reclassify any unissued shares of stock into other classes or series of stock, and to cause the issuance of such shares, without obtaining stockholder approval. In addition, as permitted by the Maryland General Corporation Law, but subject to the 1940 Act, our articles of incorporation provide that the Board of Directors, without any action by our stockholders, may amend the articles of incorporation from time to time to increase or decrease the aggregate number of shares of stock or the number of shares of stock of any class or series that we have authority to issue. Under Maryland law, our stockholders generally are not personally liable for our debts or obligations.

All shares of our common stock have equal voting rights and rights to earnings, assets and distributions, except as described below. When shares are issued, upon payment therefor, they will be duly authorized, validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable. Distributions may be paid to the holders of our common stock if, as and when authorized by our Board of Directors and declared by us out of assets legally available therefore. Shares of our common stock have no conversion, exchange, preemptive or redemption rights. In the event of our liquidation, dissolution or winding up, each share of our common stock would be entitled to share ratably in all of our assets that are legally available for distribution after we pay all debts and other liabilities and subject to any preferential rights of holders of our preferred stock, if any preferred stock is outstanding at such time. Each share of our common stock is entitled to one vote on all matters submitted to a vote of stockholders, including the election of directors. Except as provided with respect to any other class or series of stock, the holders of our common stock will possess exclusive voting power. There is no cumulative voting in the election of directors, which means that holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of common stock will elect all of our directors, and holders of less than a majority of such shares will be unable to elect any director.

Limitation on Liability of Directors and Officers; Indemnification and Advance of Expenses

Maryland law permits a Maryland corporation to include in its articles of incorporation a provision limiting the liability of its directors and officers to the corporation and its stockholders for money damages except for liability resulting from (a) actual receipt of an improper benefit or profit in money, property or services or (b) active and deliberate dishonesty established by a final judgment as being material to the cause of action. Our articles of incorporation contain such a provision that eliminates directors' and officers' liability to the maximum extent permitted by Maryland law, subject to the requirements of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act").

Our articles of incorporation require us, to the maximum extent permitted by Maryland law and subject to the requirements of the 1940 Act, to indemnify any present or former director or officer or



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any individual who, while a director or officer and at our request, serves or has served another corporation, real estate investment trust, partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan or other enterprise as a director, officer, partner or trustee, from and against any claim or liability to which such person may become subject or which such person may incur by reason of his or her service in any such capacity, except with respect to any matter as to which such person shall have been finally adjudicated in any proceeding not to have acted in good faith in the reasonable belief that his or her action was in our best interest or to be liable to us or our stockholders by reason of willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard of the duties involved in the conduct of such person's office.

Our bylaws obligate us, to the maximum extent permitted by Maryland law and subject to the requirements of the 1940 Act, to indemnify any present or former director or officer or any individual who, while a director or officer and at our request, serves or has served another corporation, real estate investment trust, partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan or other enterprise as a director, officer, partner or trustee and who is made, or threatened to be made, a party to a proceeding by reason of his or her service in any such capacity from and against any claim or liability to which that person may become subject or which that person may incur by reason of his or her service in any such capacity, except with respect to any matter as to which such person shall have been finally adjudicated in any proceeding not to have acted in good faith in the reasonable belief that his or her action was in our best interest or to be liable to us or our stockholders by reason of willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard of the duties involved in the conduct of such person's office. Our bylaws also require that, to the maximum extent permitted by Maryland law, we may pay certain expenses incurred by any such indemnified person in advance of the final disposition of a proceeding upon receipt of an undertaking by or on behalf of such indemnified person to repay amounts we have so paid if it is ultimately determined that indemnification of such expenses is not authorized under our bylaws.

Maryland law requires a corporation (unless its articles of incorporation provide otherwise, which our articles of incorporation do not) to indemnify a director or officer who has been successful in the defense of any proceeding to which he or she is made, or threatened to be made, a party by reason of his or her service in that capacity. Maryland law permits a corporation to indemnify its present and former directors and officers, among others, against judgments, penalties, fines, settlements and reasonable expenses actually incurred by them in connection with any proceeding to which they may be made, or threatened to be made, a party by reason of his or her service in those or other capacities unless it is established that (a) the act or omission of the director or officer was material to the matter giving rise to the proceeding and (1) was committed in bad faith or (2) was the result of active and deliberate dishonesty, (b) the director or officer actually received an improper personal benefit in money, property or services or (c) in the case of any criminal proceeding, the director or officer had reasonable cause to believe that the act or omission was unlawful. However, under Maryland law, a Maryland corporation may not indemnify for an adverse judgment in a suit by or in the right of the corporation or for a judgment of liability on the basis that a personal benefit was improperly received, unless in either case a court orders indemnification, and then only for expenses. In addition, Maryland law permits a corporation to advance reasonable expenses to a director or officer upon the corporation's receipt of (a) a written affirmation by the director or officer of his or her good faith belief that he or she has met the standard of conduct necessary for indemnification by the corporation and (b) a written undertaking by him or her or on his or her behalf to repay the amount paid or reimbursed by the corporation if it is ultimately determined that the standard of conduct was not met.

In addition, we have entered into Indemnity Agreements with our directors and executive officers. The Indemnity Agreements generally provide that we will, to the extent specified in the agreements and to the fullest extent permitted by the 1940 Act and Maryland law as in effect on the day the agreement is executed, indemnify and advance expenses to each indemnite that is, or is threatened to

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be made, a party to or a witness in any civil, criminal or administrative proceeding. We will indemnify the indemnitee against all expenses, judgments, fines, penalties and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred in connection with any such proceeding unless it is established that (i) the act or omission of the indemnitee was material to the matter giving rise to the proceeding and (a) was committed in bad faith or (b) was the result of active and deliberate dishonesty, (ii) the indemnitee actually received an improper personal benefit, or (iii) in the case of a criminal proceeding, the indemnitee had reasonable cause to believe his conduct was unlawful. Additionally, for so long as we are subject to the 1940 Act, no advancement of expenses will be made until (i) the indemnitee provides a security for his undertaking, (ii) we are insured against losses arising by reason of any lawful advances, or (iii) the majority of a quorum of our disinterested directors, or independent counsel in a written opinion, determine based on a review of readily available facts that there is reason to believe that the indemnitee ultimately will be found entitled to indemnification. The Indemnity Agreements also provide that if the indemnification rights provided for therein are unavailable for any reason, we will pay, in the first instance, the entire amount incurred by the indemnitee in connection with any covered proceeding and waive and relinquish any right of contribution we may have against the indemnitee. The rights provided by the Indemnity Agreements are in addition to any other rights to indemnification or advancement of expenses to which the indemnitee may be entitled under applicable law, our articles of incorporation, our bylaws, any agreement, a vote of stockholders or a resolution of directors, or otherwise. No amendment or repeal of the Indemnity Agreements will limit or restrict any right of the indemnitee in respect of any action taken or omitted by the indemnitee prior to such amendment or repeal. The Indemnity Agreements will terminate upon the later of (i) ten years after the date the indemnitee has ceased to serve as our director or officer, or (ii) one year after the final termination of any proceeding for which the indemnitee is granted rights of indemnification or advancement of expenses or which is brought by the indemnitee. The above description of the Indemnity Agreements is subject to, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to, all the provisions of the form of Indemnity Agreement.

We have obtained primary and excess insurance policies insuring our directors and officers against certain liabilities they may incur in their capacity as directors and officers. Under such policies, the insurer, on our behalf, may also pay amounts for which we have granted indemnification to the directors or officers.

Provisions of the Maryland General Corporation Law and Our Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws

The Maryland General Corporation Law and our articles of incorporation and bylaws contain provisions that could make it more difficult for a potential acquiror to acquire us by means of a tender offer, proxy contest or otherwise. These provisions are expected to discourage certain coercive takeover practices and inadequate takeover bids and to encourage persons seeking to acquire control of us to negotiate first with our Board of Directors. We believe that the benefits of these provisions outweigh the potential disadvantages of discouraging any such acquisition proposals because, among other things, the negotiation of such proposals may improve their terms.

Election of Directors

Our bylaws currently provide that directors are elected by a plurality of the votes cast in the election of directors. Pursuant to our articles of incorporation and bylaws, our Board of Directors may amend the bylaws to alter the vote required to elect directors.

Number of Directors; Vacancies; Removal

Our articles of incorporation provide that the number of directors will be set only by the Board of Directors in accordance with our bylaws. Our bylaws provide that a majority of our entire Board of Directors may at any time increase or decrease the number of directors. However, unless the bylaws



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are amended, the number of directors may never be less than one or more than twelve. We have elected to be subject to the provision of Subtitle 8 of Title 3 of the Maryland General Corporation Law regarding the filling of vacancies on the Board of Directors. Accordingly, at such time, except as may be provided by the Board of Directors in setting the terms of any class or series of preferred stock, any and all vacancies on the Board of Directors may be filled only by the affirmative vote of a majority of the remaining directors in office, even if the remaining directors do not constitute a quorum, and any director elected to fill a vacancy shall serve for the remainder of the full term of the directorship in which the vacancy occurred and until a successor is elected and qualifies, subject to any applicable requirements of the 1940 Act. Our articles of incorporation provide that a director may be removed only for cause, as defined in the articles of incorporation, and then only by the affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of the votes entitled to be cast in the election of directors.

Action by Stockholders

Under the Maryland General Corporation Law, stockholder action may be taken only at an annual or special meeting of stockholders or by unanimous consent in lieu of a meeting (unless the articles of incorporation provide for stockholder action by less than unanimous written consent, which our articles of incorporation do not). These provisions, combined with the requirements of our bylaws regarding the calling of a stockholder-requested special meeting of stockholders discussed below, may have the effect of delaying consideration of a stockholder proposal until the next annual meeting.

Advance Notice Provisions for Stockholder Nominations and Stockholder Proposals

Our bylaws provide that with respect to an annual meeting of stockholders, nominations of persons for election to the Board of Directors and the proposal of business to be considered by stockholders may be made only (1) pursuant to our notice of the meeting, (2) by the Board of Directors or (3) by a stockholder who is entitled to vote at the meeting and who has complied with the advance notice procedures of the bylaws. With respect to special meetings of stockholders, only the business specified in our notice of the meeting may be brought before the meeting. Nominations of persons for election to the Board of Directors at a special meeting may be made only (1) pursuant to our notice of the meeting, (2) by the Board of Directors or (3) provided that the Board of Directors has determined that directors will be elected at the meeting, by a stockholder who is entitled to vote at the meeting and who has complied with the advance notice provisions of the bylaws.

The purpose of requiring stockholders to give us advance notice of nominations and other business is to afford our Board of Directors a meaningful opportunity to consider the qualifications of the proposed nominees and the advisability of any other proposed business and, to the extent deemed necessary or desirable by our Board of Directors, to inform stockholders and make recommendations about such qualifications or business, as well as to provide a more orderly procedure for conducting meetings of stockholders. Although our bylaws do not give our Board of Directors any power to disapprove stockholder nominations for the election of directors or proposals recommending certain action, they may have the effect of precluding a contest for the election of directors or the consideration of stockholder proposals if proper procedures are not followed and of discouraging or deterring a third party from conducting a solicitation of proxies to elect its own slate of directors or to approve its own proposal without regard to whether consideration of such nominees or proposals might be harmful or beneficial to us and our stockholders.

Calling of Special Meeting of Stockholders

Our bylaws provide that special meetings of stockholders may be called by our Board of Directors and certain of our officers. Additionally, our bylaws provide that, subject to the satisfaction of certain procedural and informational requirements by the stockholders requesting the meeting, a special

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meeting of stockholders shall be called by our secretary upon the written request of stockholders entitled to cast not less than a majority of all of the votes entitled to be cast at such meeting.

Approval of Extraordinary Corporate Action; Amendment of Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws

Under Maryland law, a Maryland corporation generally cannot dissolve, amend its articles of incorporation, merge, sell all or substantially all of its assets, engage in a share exchange or engage in similar transactions outside the ordinary course of business, unless approved by the affirmative vote of stockholders entitled to cast at least two-thirds of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter. However, a Maryland corporation may provide in its articles of incorporation for approval of these matters by a lesser percentage, but not less than a majority of all of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter. Our articles of incorporation generally provide for approval of amendments to our articles of incorporation and extraordinary transactions by the stockholders entitled to cast at least a majority of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter. Our articles of incorporation also provide that certain amendments and any proposal for our conversion, whether by merger or otherwise, from a closed-end company to an open-end company or any proposal for our liquidation or dissolution requires the approval of the stockholders entitled to cast at least 75.0% of the votes entitled to be cast on such matter. However, if such amendment or proposal is approved by at least 75.0% of our continuing directors (in addition to approval by our Board of Directors), such amendment or proposal may be approved by the stockholders entitled to cast a majority of the votes entitled to be cast on such a matter. The "continuing directors" are defined in our articles of incorporation as our current directors, as well as those directors whose nomination for election by the stockholders or whose election by the directors to fill vacancies is approved by a majority of the continuing directors then on the Board of Directors.

Our articles of incorporation and bylaws provide that the Board of Directors will have the exclusive power to make, alter, amend or repeal any provision of our bylaws.

No Appraisal Rights

Except with respect to appraisal rights that may arise in connection with the Maryland Control Share Acquisition Act, or Control Share Act, discussed below, as permitted by the Maryland General Corporation Law, our articles of incorporation provide that stockholders will not be entitled to exercise appraisal rights.

Control Share Acquisitions

The Control Share Act provides that control shares of a Maryland corporation acquired in a control share acquisition have no voting rights except to the extent approved by a vote of two-thirds of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter. Shares owned by the acquiror, by officers or by directors who are employees of the corporation are excluded from shares entitled to vote on the matter. Control shares are voting shares of stock which, if aggregated with all other shares of stock owned by the acquiror or in respect of which the acquiror is able to exercise or direct the exercise of voting power (except solely by virtue of a revocable proxy), would entitle the acquiror to exercise voting power in electing directors within one of the following ranges of voting power:

one-tenth but less than one-third;

one-third or more but less than a majority; or

a majority or more of all voting power.

The requisite stockholder approval must be obtained each time an acquiror crosses one of the thresholds of voting power set forth above. Control shares do not include shares the acquiring person is then entitled to vote as a result of having previously obtained stockholder approval. A control share acquisition means the acquisition of control shares, subject to certain exceptions.

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A person who has made or proposes to make a control share acquisition may compel the board of directors of the corporation to call a special meeting of stockholders to be held within 50 days of demand to consider the voting rights of the shares. The right to compel the calling of a special meeting is subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions, including an undertaking to pay the expenses of the meeting. If no request for a meeting is made, the corporation may itself present the question at any stockholders meeting.

If voting rights are not approved at the meeting or if the acquiring person does not deliver an acquiring person statement as required by the statute, then the corporation may repurchase for fair value any or all of the control shares, except those for which voting rights have previously been approved. The right of the corporation to repurchase control shares is subject to certain conditions and limitations. Fair value is determined, without regard to the absence of voting rights for the control shares, as of the date of the last control share acquisition by the acquiror or of any meeting of stockholders at which the voting rights of the shares are considered and not approved. If voting rights for control shares are approved at a stockholders meeting and the acquiror becomes entitled to vote a majority of the shares entitled to vote, all other stockholders may exercise appraisal rights. The fair value of the shares as determined for purposes of appraisal rights may not be less than the highest price per share paid by the acquiror in the control share acquisition.

The Control Share Act does not apply (a) to shares acquired in a merger, consolidation or share exchange if the corporation is a party to the transaction or (b) to acquisitions approved or exempted by the articles of incorporation or bylaws of the corporation.

We are not currently subject to the Control Share Act since our bylaws contain a provision exempting from the Control Share Act any and all acquisitions by any person of our shares of stock. There can be no assurance that such provision will not be otherwise amended or eliminated at any time in the future. However, we will amend our bylaws to be subject to the Control Share Act only if the Board of Directors determines that it would be in our best interests and if the staff of the SEC permits us to do so after we determine that our being subject to the Control Share Act does not conflict with the 1940 Act.

Business Combinations

Under the Maryland Business Combination Act, or the Business Combination Act, "business combinations" between a Maryland corporation and an interested stockholder or an affiliate of an interested stockholder are prohibited for five years after the most recent date on which the interested stockholder becomes an interested stockholder. These business combinations include a merger, consolidation, share exchange or, in circumstances specified in the statute, an asset transfer or issuance or reclassification of equity securities. An interested stockholder is defined as:

any person who beneficially owns 10.0% or more of the voting power of the corporation's shares; or

an affiliate or associate of the corporation who, at any time within the two-year period prior to the date in question, was the beneficial owner of 10.0% or more of the voting power of the then outstanding voting stock of the corporation.

A person is not an interested stockholder under this statute if the board of directors approved in advance the transaction by which such stockholder otherwise would have become an interested stockholder. However, in approving a transaction, the board of directors may provide that its approval is subject to compliance, at or after the time of approval, with any terms and conditions determined by the board.



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After the five-year prohibition, any business combination between the Maryland corporation and an interested stockholder generally must be recommended by the board of directors of the corporation and approved by the affirmative vote of at least:

80.0% of the votes entitled to be cast by holders of outstanding shares of voting stock of the corporation; and

two-thirds of the votes entitled to be cast by holders of voting stock of the corporation other than shares held by the interested stockholder with whom or with whose affiliate the business combination is to be effected or held by an affiliate or associate of the interested stockholder.

These super-majority vote requirements do not apply if the corporation's common stockholders receive a minimum price, as defined under Maryland law, for their shares in the form of cash or other consideration in the same form as previously paid by the interested stockholder for its shares.

The statute permits various exemptions from its provisions, including business combinations that are exempted by the board of directors before the time that the interested stockholder becomes an interested stockholder. Our Board of Directors has adopted a resolution exempting any business combination between us and any other person from the provisions of the Business Combination Act, provided that the business combination is first approved by the Board of Directors, including a majority of the directors who are not interested persons as defined in the 1940 Act. This resolution, however, may be altered or repealed in whole or in part at any time. If these resolutions are repealed, or the Board of Directors does not otherwise approve a business combination, the statute may discourage others from trying to acquire control of us and increase the difficulty of consummating any offer.

Conflict with 1940 Act

Our bylaws provide that, if and to the extent that any provision of the Maryland General Corporation Law, or any provision of our articles of incorporation or bylaws conflicts with any provision of the 1940 Act, the applicable provision of the 1940 Act will control.

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DESCRIPTION OF OUR PREFERRED STOCK

Our articles of incorporation authorize our Board of Directors to classify and reclassify any unissued shares of stock into other classes or series of stock, including preferred stock. Prior to issuance of shares of each class or series, the Board of Directors is required by Maryland law and by our articles of incorporation to set the terms, preferences, conversion or other rights, voting powers, restrictions, limitations as to dividends or other distributions, qualifications and terms or conditions of redemption for each class or series. Thus, the Board of Directors could authorize the issuance of shares of preferred stock with terms and conditions which could have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a transaction or a change in control that might involve a premium price for holders of our securities or otherwise be in their best interest. You should note, however, that any issuance of preferred stock must comply with the requirements of the 1940 Act. The 1940 Act requires, among other things, that (1) immediately after issuance and before any dividend or other distribution is made with respect to our securities and before any purchase of securities is made, such preferred stock together with all other senior securities must not exceed an amount equal to 50.0% of our total assets after deducting the amount of such dividend, distribution or purchase price, as the case may be, and (2) the holders of shares of preferred stock, if any are issued, must be entitled as a class to elect two directors at all times and to elect a majority of the directors if distributions on such preferred stock are in arrears by two years or more. Certain matters under the 1940 Act require the separate vote of the holders of any issued and outstanding preferred stock. For example, holders of preferred stock would vote separately from the holders of common stock on a proposal to cease operations as a business development company. Further, the 1940 Act requires that any distributions we make on preferred stock be cumulative. We believe that the availability for issuance of preferred stock will provide us with increased flexibility in structuring future financings and acquisitions.

For any series of preferred stock that we may issue, our Board of Directors will determine and the prospectus supplement relating to such series will describe:

the designation and number of shares of such series;

the rate and time at which, and the preferences and conditions under which, any dividends will be paid on shares of such series, as well as whether such dividends are participating or non-participating;

any provisions relating to convertibility or exchangeability of the shares of such series;

the rights and preferences, if any, of holders of shares of such series upon our liquidation, dissolution or winding up of our affairs;

the voting powers, if any, of the holders of shares of such series;

any provisions relating to the redemption of the shares of such series;

any limitations on our ability to pay dividends or make distributions on, or acquire or redeem, other securities while shares of such series are outstanding;

any conditions or restrictions on our ability to issue additional shares of such series or other securities;

if applicable, a discussion of certain U.S. federal income tax considerations; and

any other relative power, preferences and participating, optional or special rights of shares of such series, and the qualifications, limitations or restrictions thereof.

All shares of preferred stock that we may issue will be identical and of equal rank except as to the particular terms thereof that may be fixed by our Board of Directors, and all shares of each series of preferred stock will be identical and of equal rank except as to the dates from which cumulative dividends, if any, thereon will be cumulative.

DESCRIPTION OF OUR WARRANTS

The following is a general description of the terms of the warrants we may issue from time to time. Particular terms of any warrants we offer will be described in the prospectus supplement relating to such warrants.

We may issue warrants to purchase shares of our common stock, preferred stock or debt securities. Such warrants may be issued independently or together with shares of common or preferred stock or a specified principal amount of debt securities and may be attached or separate from such securities. We will issue each series of warrants under a separate warrant agreement to be entered into between us and a warrant agent. The warrant agent will act solely as our agent and will not assume any obligation or relationship of agency for or with holders or beneficial owners of warrants

A prospectus supplement will describe the particular terms of any series of warrants we may issue, including the following:

the title of such warrants;

the aggregate number of such warrants;

the price or prices at which such warrants will be issued;

the currency or currencies, including composite currencies, in which the price of such warrants may be payable;

if applicable, the designation and terms of the securities with which the warrants are issued and the number of warrants issued with each such security or each principal amount of such security;

in the case of warrants to purchase debt securities, the principal amount of debt securities purchasable upon exercise of one warrant and the price at which and the currency or currencies, including composite currencies, in which this principal amount of debt securities may be purchased upon such exercise;

in the case of warrants to purchase common stock or preferred stock, the number of shares of common stock or preferred stock, as the case may be, purchasable upon exercise of one warrant and the price at which and the currency or currencies, including composite currencies, in which these shares may be purchased upon such exercise;

the date on which the right to exercise such warrants shall commence and the date on which such right will expire;

whether such warrants will be issued in registered form or bearer form;

if applicable, the minimum or maximum amount of such warrants which may be exercised at any one time;

if applicable, the date on and after which such warrants and the related securities will be separately transferable;

information with respect to book-entry procedures, if any;

the terms of the securities issuable upon exercise of the warrants;

if applicable, a discussion of certain U.S. federal income tax considerations; and

any other terms of such warrants, including terms, procedures and limitations relating to the exchange and exercise of such warrants.

We and the warrant agent may amend or supplement the warrant agreement for a series of warrants without the consent of the holders of the warrants issued thereunder to effect changes that

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are not inconsistent with the provisions of the warrants and that do not materially and adversely affect the interests of the holders of the warrants.

Prior to exercising their warrants, holders of warrants will not have any of the rights of holders of the securities purchasable upon such exercise, including, in the case of warrants to purchase debt securities, the right to receive principal, premium, if any, or interest payments, on the debt securities purchasable upon exercise or to enforce covenants in the applicable indenture or, in the case of warrants to purchase common stock or preferred stock, the right to receive dividends, if any, or payments upon our liquidation, dissolution or winding up or to exercise any voting rights.

Under the 1940 Act, we may generally only offer warrants provided that (1) the warrants expire by their terms within ten years; (2) the exercise or conversion price is not less than the current market value at the date of issuance; (3) our stockholders authorize the proposal to issue such warrants, and our Board of Directors approves such issuance on the basis that the issuance is in our best interests and our stockholders; and (4) if the warrants are accompanied by other securities, the warrants are not separately transferable unless no class of such warrants and the securities accompanying them has been publicly distributed.

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DESCRIPTION OF OUR SUBSCRIPTION RIGHTS

We may issue subscription rights to purchase common stock. Subscription rights may be issued independently or together with any other offered security and may or may not be transferable by the person purchasing or receiving the subscription rights. In connection with any subscription rights offering to our stockholders, we may enter into a standby underwriting or other arrangement with one or more underwriters or other persons pursuant to which such underwriters or other persons would purchase any offered securities remaining unsubscribed for after such subscription rights offering. In connection with a subscription rights offering to our stockholders, we would distribute certificates evidencing the subscription rights and a prospectus supplement to our stockholders on the record date that we set for receiving subscription rights in such subscription rights offering. Our common stockholders will indirectly bear the expenses of such subscription rights offerings, regardless of whether our common stockholders exercise any subscription rights.

The applicable prospectus supplement would describe the following terms of subscription rights in respect of which this prospectus is being delivered:

the title of such subscription rights;

the exercise price or a formula for the determination of the exercise price for such subscription rights;

the number or a formula for the determination of the number of such subscription rights issued to each stockholder;

the extent to which such subscription rights are transferable;

if applicable, a discussion of the material U.S. federal income tax considerations applicable to the issuance or exercise of such subscription rights;

the date on which the right to exercise such subscription rights would commence, and the date on which such rights shall expire (subject to any extension);

the extent to which such subscription rights include an over-subscription privilege with respect to unsubscribed securities;

if applicable, the material terms of any standby underwriting or other purchase arrangement that we may enter into in connection with the subscription rights offering; and

any other terms of such subscription rights, including terms, procedures and limitations relating to the exchange and exercise of such subscription rights.

Exercise of Subscription Rights

Each subscription right would entitle the holder of the subscription right to purchase for cash such amount of shares of common stock or other securities at such exercise price as shall in each case be set forth in, or be determinable as set forth in, the prospectus supplement relating to the subscription rights offered thereby or another report filed with the SEC. Subscription rights may be exercised at any time up to the close of business on the expiration date for such subscription rights set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement. After the close of business on the expiration date, all unexercised subscription rights would become void. We have not previously completed such an offering of subscription rights.

Subscription rights may be exercised as set forth in the prospectus supplement relating to the subscription rights offered thereby. Upon receipt of payment and the subscription rights certificate properly completed and duly executed at the corporate trust office of the subscription rights agent or any other office indicated in the prospectus supplement, we will forward, as soon as practicable, the shares of common stock purchasable upon such exercise. We may determine to offer any unsubscribed offered securities directly to stockholders, persons other than stockholders, to or through agents, underwriters or dealers or through a combination of such methods, including pursuant to standby underwriting or other arrangements, as set forth in the applicable prospectus supplement.

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DESCRIPTION OF OUR DEBT SECURITIES

We may issue debt securities in one or more series. The specific terms of each series of debt securities will be described in the particular prospectus supplement relating to that series. The prospectus supplement may or may not modify the general terms found in this prospectus and will be filed with the SEC. For a complete description of the terms of a particular series of debt securities, you should read both this prospectus and the prospectus supplement relating to that particular series.

As required by federal law for all bonds and notes of companies that are publicly offered, the debt securities are governed by a document called an "indenture." An indenture is a contract between us and a financial institution acting as trustee on your behalf, and is subject to and governed by the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended. The trustee has two main roles. First, the trustee can enforce your rights against us if we default. There are some limitations on the extent to which the trustee acts on your behalf, described in the second paragraph under "Events of Default Remedies if an Event of Default Occurs." Second, the trustee performs certain administrative duties for us with respect to the debt securities.

Because this section is a summary, it does not describe every aspect of the debt securities and the indenture. We urge you to read the indenture because it, and not this description, defines your rights as a holder of debt securities. A copy of the form of indenture is attached to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part. We will file a supplemental indenture with the SEC in connection with any debt offering, at which time the supplemental indenture would be publicly available. See "Available Information" for information on how to obtain a copy of the indenture.

The prospectus supplement, which will accompany this prospectus, will describe the particular series of debt securities being offered by including:

the designation or title of the series of debt securities;

the total principal amount of the series of debt securities;

the percentage of the principal amount at which the series of debt securities will be offered;

the date or dates on which principal will be payable;

the rate or rates (which may be either fixed or variable) and/or the method of determining such rate or rates of interest, if any;

the date or dates from which any interest will accrue, or the method of determining such date or dates, and the date or dates on which any interest will be payable;

whether any interest may be paid by issuing additional securities of the same series in lieu of cash (and the terms upon which any such interest may be paid by issuing additional securities);

the terms for redemption, extension or early repayment, if any;

the currencies in which the series of debt securities are issued and payable;

whether the amount of payments of principal, premium or interest, if any, on a series of debt securities will be determined with reference to an index, formula or other method (which could be based on one or more currencies, commodities, equity indices or other indices) and how these amounts will be determined;

the place or places of payment, transfer, conversion and/or exchange of the debt securities;

the denominations in which the offered debt securities will be issued (if other than \$1,000 and any integral multiple thereof);

the provision for any sinking fund;

any restrictive covenants;

any Events of Default;

whether the series of debt securities are issuable in certificated form;

any provisions for defeasance or covenant defeasance;

any special federal income tax implications, including, if applicable, federal income tax considerations relating to original issue discount;

whether and under what circumstances we will pay additional amounts in respect of any tax, assessment or governmental charge and, if so, whether we will have the option to redeem the debt securities rather than pay the additional amounts (and the terms of this option);

any provisions for convertibility or exchangeability of the debt securities into or for any other securities;

whether the debt securities are subject to subordination and the terms of such subordination;

whether the debt securities are secured and the terms of any security interests;

the listing, if any, on a securities exchange; and

any other terms.

The debt securities may be secured or unsecured obligations. Under the provisions of the 1940 Act, we are permitted, as a BDC, to issue debt only in amounts such that our asset coverage, as defined in the 1940 Act, equals at least 200% after each issuance of debt. Unless the prospectus supplement states otherwise, principal (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, will be paid by us in immediately available funds.

General

The indenture provides that any debt securities proposed to be sold under this prospectus and the accompanying prospectus supplement ("offered debt securities") may be issued under the indenture in one or more series.

For purposes of this prospectus, any reference to the payment of principal of or premium or interest, if any, on debt securities will include additional amounts if required by the terms of the debt securities.

The indenture does not limit the amount of debt securities that may be issued thereunder from time to time. Debt securities issued under the indenture, when a single trustee is acting for all debt securities issued under the indenture, are called the "indenture securities". The indenture also provides that there may be more than one trustee thereunder, each with respect to one or more different series of indenture securities. See "Resignation of Trustee" below. At a time when two or more trustees are acting under the indenture, each with respect to only certain series, the term "indenture securities" means the one or more series of debt securities with respect to which each respective trustee is acting. In the event that there is more than one trustee under the indenture, the powers and trust obligations of each trustee described in this prospectus will extend only to the one or more series of indenture securities for which it is trustee. If two or more trustees are acting under the indenture, then the indenture securities for which each trustee is acting under the indenture.

The indenture does not contain any provisions that give you protection in the event we issue a large amount of debt or we are acquired by another entity.

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We refer you to the prospectus supplement for information with respect to any deletions from, modifications of or additions to the Events of Default or our covenants that are described below, including any addition of a covenant or other provision providing event risk protection or similar protection.

We have the ability to issue indenture securities with terms different from those of indenture securities previously issued and, without the consent of the holders thereof, to reopen a previous issue of a series of indenture securities and issue additional indenture securities of that series unless the reopening was restricted when that series was created.

Conversion and Exchange

If any debt securities are convertible into or exchangeable for other securities, the prospectus supplement will explain the terms and conditions of the conversion or exchange, including the conversion price or exchange ratio (or the calculation method), the conversion or exchange period (or how the period will be determined), if conversion or exchange will be mandatory or at the option of the holder or us, provisions for adjusting the conversion price or the exchange ratio and provisions affecting conversion or exchange in the event of the redemption of the underlying debt securities. These terms may also include provisions under which the number or amount of other securities to be received by the holders of the debt securities upon conversion or exchange would be calculated according to the market price of the other securities as of a time stated in the prospectus supplement.

Issuance of Securities in Registered Form

We may issue the debt securities in registered form, in which case we may issue them either in book-entry form only or in "certificated" form. Debt securities issued in book-entry form will be represented by global securities. We expect that we will usually issue debt securities in book-entry only form represented by global securities.

Book-Entry Holders

We will issue registered debt securities in book-entry form only, unless we specify otherwise in the applicable prospectus supplement. This means debt securities will be represented by one or more global securities registered in the name of a depositary that will hold them on behalf of financial institutions that participate in the depositary's book-entry system. These participating institutions, in turn, hold beneficial interests in the debt securities held by the depositary or its nominee. These institutions may hold these interests on behalf of themselves or customers.

Under the indenture, only the person in whose name a debt security is registered is recognized as the holder of that debt security. Consequently, for debt securities issued in book-entry form, we will recognize only the depositary as the holder of the debt securities and we will make all payments on the debt securities to the depositary. The depositary will then pass along the payments it receives to its participants, which in turn will pass the payments along to their customers who are the beneficial owners. The depositary and its participants do so under agreements they have made with one another or with their customers; they are not obligated to do so under the terms of the debt securities.

As a result, investors will not own debt securities directly. Instead, they will own beneficial interests in a global security, through a bank, broker or other financial institution that participates in the depositary's book-entry system or holds an interest through a participant. As long as the debt securities are represented by one or more global securities, investors will be indirect holders, and not holders, of the debt securities.



Street Name Holders

In the future, we may issue debt securities in certificated form or terminate a global security. In these cases, investors may choose to hold their debt securities in their own names or in "street name." Debt securities held in street name are registered in the name of a bank, broker or other financial institution chosen by the investor, and the investor would hold a beneficial interest in those debt securities through the account he or she maintains at that institution.

For debt securities held in street name, we will recognize only the intermediary banks, brokers and other financial institutions in whose names the debt securities are registered as the holders of those debt securities and we will make all payments on those debt securities to them. These institutions will pass along the payments they receive to their customers who are the beneficial owners, but only because they agree to do so in their customer agreements or because they are legally required to do so. Investors who hold debt securities in street name will be indirect holders, and not holders, of the debt securities.

Legal Holders

Our obligations, as well as the obligations of the applicable trustee and those of any third parties employed by us or the applicable trustee, run only to the legal holders of the debt securities. We do not have obligations to investors who hold beneficial interests in global securities, in street name or by any other indirect means. This will be the case whether an investor chooses to be an indirect holder of a debt security or has no choice because we are issuing the debt securities only in book-entry form.

For example, once we make a payment or give a notice to the holder, we have no further responsibility for the payment or notice even if that holder is required, under agreements with depositary participants or customers or by law, to pass it along to the indirect holders but does not do so. Similarly, if we want to obtain the approval of the holders for any purpose (for example, to amend an indenture or to relieve us of the consequences of a default or of our obligation to comply with a particular provision of an indenture), we would seek the approval only from the holders, and not the indirect holders, of the debt securities. Whether and how the holders contact the indirect holders is up to the holders.

When we refer to you in this "Description of Our Debt Securities", we mean those who invest in the debt securities being offered by this prospectus, whether they are the holders or only indirect holders of those debt securities. When we refer to your debt securities, we mean the debt securities in which you hold a direct or indirect interest.

Special Considerations for Indirect Holders

If you hold debt securities through a bank, broker or other financial institution, either in book-entry form or in street name, we urge you to check with that institution to find out:

how it handles securities payments and notices,

whether it imposes fees or charges,

how it would handle a request for the holders' consent, if ever required,

whether and how you can instruct it to send you debt securities registered in your own name so you can be a holder, if that is permitted in the future for a particular series of debt securities,

how it would exercise rights under the debt securities if there were a default or other event triggering the need for holders to act to protect their interests, and

if the debt securities are in book-entry form, how the depositary's rules and procedures will affect these matters.

Global Securities

As noted above, we usually will issue debt securities as registered securities in book-entry form only. A global security represents one or any other number of individual debt securities. Generally, all debt securities represented by the same global securities will have the same terms.

Each debt security issued in book-entry form will be represented by a global security that we deposit with and register in the name of a financial institution or its nominee that we select. The financial institution that we select for this purpose is called the depositary. Unless we specify otherwise in the applicable prospectus supplement, The Depository Trust Company, New York, New York, known as DTC, will be the depositary for all debt securities issued in book-entry form.

A global security may not be transferred to or registered in the name of anyone other than the depositary or its nominee, unless special termination situations arise. We describe those situations below under "Special Situations when a Global Security Will Be Terminated". As a result of these arrangements, the depositary, or its nominee, will be the sole registered owner and holder of all debt securities represented by a global security, and investors will be permitted to own only beneficial interests in a global security. Beneficial interests must be held by means of an account with a broker, bank or other financial institution that in turn has an account with the depositary or with another institution that has an account with the depositary. Thus, an investor whose security is represented by a global security will not be a holder of the debt security, but only an indirect holder of a beneficial interest in the global security.

Special Considerations for Global Securities

As an indirect holder, an investor's rights relating to a global security will be governed by the account rules of the investor's financial institution and of the depositary, as well as general laws relating to securities transfers. The depositary that holds the global security will be considered the holder of the debt securities represented by the global security.

If debt securities are issued only in the form of a global security, an investor should be aware of the following:

An investor cannot cause the debt securities to be registered in his or her name, and cannot obtain certificates for his or her interest in the debt securities, except in the special situations we describe below.

An investor will be an indirect holder and must look to his or her own bank or broker for payments on the debt securities and protection of his or her legal rights relating to the debt securities, as we describe under "Issuance of Securities in Registered Form" above.

An investor may not be able to sell interests in the debt securities to some insurance companies and other institutions that are required by law to own their securities in non-book-entry form.

An investor may not be able to pledge his or her interest in a global security in circumstances where certificates representing the debt securities must be delivered to the lender or other beneficiary of the pledge in order for the pledge to be effective.

The depositary's policies, which may change from time to time, will govern payments, transfers, exchanges and other matters relating to an investor's interest in a global security. We and the trustee have no responsibility for any aspect of the depositary's actions or for its records of ownership interests in a global security. We and the trustee also do not supervise the depositary in any way.

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If we redeem less than all the debt securities of a particular series being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount to be redeemed from each of its participants holding that series.

An investor is required to give notice of exercise of any option to elect repayment of its debt securities, through its participant, to the applicable trustee and to deliver the related debt securities by causing its participant to transfer its interest in those debt securities, on DTC's records, to the applicable trustee.

DTC requires that those who purchase and sell interests in a global security deposited in its book-entry system use immediately available funds. Your broker or bank may also require you to use immediately available funds when purchasing or selling interests in a global security.

Financial institutions that participate in the depositary's book-entry system, and through which an investor holds its interest in a global security, may also have their own policies affecting payments, notices and other matters relating to the debt securities. There may be more than one financial intermediary in the chain of ownership for an investor. We do not monitor and are not responsible for the actions of any of those intermediaries.

Special Situations when a Global Security will be Terminated

If a global security is terminated, interests in it will be exchanged for certificates in non-book-entry form (certificated securities). After that exchange, the choice of whether to hold the certificated debt securities directly or in street name will be up to the investor. Investors must consult their own banks or brokers to find out how to have their interests in a global security transferred on termination to their own names, so that they will be holders. We have described the rights of legal holders and street name investors under "Issuance of Securities in Registered Form" above.

The prospectus supplement may list situations for terminating a global security that would apply only to the particular series of debt securities covered by the prospectus supplement. If a global security is terminated, only the depositary, and not we or the applicable trustee, is responsible for deciding the names of the investors in whose names the debt securities represented by the global security will be registered and, therefore, who will be the holders of those debt securities.

Payment and Paying Agents

We will pay interest (either in cash or by delivery of additional indenture securities, as applicable) to the person listed in the applicable trustee's records as the owner of the debt security at the close of business on a particular day in advance of each due date for interest, even if that person no longer owns the debt security on the interest due date. That day, usually about two weeks in advance of the interest due date, is called the "record date." Because we will pay all the interest for an interest period to the holders on the record date, holders buying and selling debt securities must work out between themselves the appropriate purchase price. The most common manner is to adjust the sales price of the debt securities to prorate interest fairly between buyer and seller based on their respective ownership periods within the particular interest period. This prorated interest amount is called "accrued interest."

Payments on Global Securities

We will make payments on a global security in accordance with the applicable policies of the depositary as in effect from time to time. Under those policies, we will make payments directly to the depositary, or its nominee, and not to any indirect holders who own beneficial interests in the global security. An indirect holder's right to those payments will be governed by the rules and practices of the depositary and its participants, as described under " Special Considerations for Global Securities."

Payments on Certificated Securities

We will make payments on a certificated debt security as follows. We will pay interest that is due on an interest payment date to the holder of debt securities as shown on the trustee's records as of the close of business on the regular record date. We will make all payments of principal and premium, if any, by check at the office of the applicable trustee and/or at other offices that may be specified in the prospectus supplement or in a notice to holders against surrender of the debt security.

Alternatively, at our option, we may pay any cash interest that becomes due on the debt security by mailing a check to the holder at his or her address shown on the trustee's records as of the close of business on the regular record date or by transfer to an account at a bank in the United States, in either case, on the due date.

Payment When Offices Are Closed

If any payment is due on a debt security on a day that is not a business day, we will make the payment on the next day that is a business day. Payments made on the next business day in this situation will be treated under the indenture as if they were made on the original due date, except as otherwise indicated in the attached prospectus supplement. Such payment will not result in a default under any debt security or the indenture, and no interest will accrue on the payment amount from the original due date to the next day that is a business day.

Book-entry and other indirect holders should consult their banks or brokers for information on how they will receive payments on their debt securities.

Events of Default

You will have rights if an Event of Default occurs in respect of the debt securities of your series and is not cured, as described later in this subsection.

The term "Event of Default" in respect of the debt securities of your series means any of the following:

We do not pay the principal of, or any premium on, a debt security of the series within five days of its due date;

We do not pay interest on a debt security of the series within 30 days of its due date;

We do not deposit any sinking fund payment in respect of debt securities of the series within five days of its due date;

We remain in breach of a covenant in respect of debt securities of the series for 60 days after we receive a written notice of default stating we are in breach. The notice must be sent by either the trustee or holders of at least 25% of the principal amount of debt securities of the series;

We file for bankruptcy or certain other events of bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization occur;

Any series of debt securities issued under the indenture has an asset coverage, as such term is defined in the 1940 Act, of less than 100 per centum on the last business day of each of twenty-four consecutive calendar months, giving effect to any exemptive relief granted to us by the SEC; or

Any other Event of Default in respect of debt securities of the series described in the prospectus supplement occurs.

An Event of Default for a particular series of debt securities does not necessarily constitute an Event of Default for any other series of debt securities issued under the same or any other indenture. The trustee may withhold notice to the holders of debt securities of any default, except in the payment

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of principal, premium, interest or sinking or purchase fund installment, if it in good faith considers the withholding of notice to be in the interest of the holders.

Remedies if an Event of Default Occurs

If an Event of Default has occurred and has not been cured, the trustee or the holders of at least 25% in principal amount of the debt securities of the affected series may (and the trustee shall at the request of such holders) declare the entire principal amount of all the debt securities of that series to be due and immediately payable. This is called a declaration of acceleration of maturity. A declaration of acceleration of maturity may be canceled by the holders of a majority in principal amount of the debt securities of the affected series if (1) we have deposited with the trustee all amounts due and owing with respect to the securities (other than principal that has become due solely by reason of such acceleration) and certain other amounts, and (2) all Events of Default have been cured or waived.

Except in cases of default, where the trustee has some special duties, the trustee is not required to take any action under the indenture at the request of any holders unless the holders offer the trustee reasonable protection from expenses and liability (called an "indemnity"). If reasonable indemnity is provided, the holders of a majority in principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of the relevant series may direct the time, method and place of conducting any lawsuit or other formal legal action seeking any remedy available to the trustee. The trustee may refuse to follow those directions in certain circumstances. No delay or omission in exercising any right or remedy will be treated as a waiver of that right, remedy or Event of Default.

Before you are allowed to bypass your trustee and bring your own lawsuit or other formal legal action or take other steps to enforce your rights or protect your interests relating to the debt securities, the following must occur:

You must give your trustee written notice that an Event of Default with respect to the relevant series of debt securities has occurred and remains uncured;

The holders of at least 25% in principal amount of all outstanding debt securities of the relevant series must make a written request that the trustee take action because of the default and must offer reasonable indemnity to the trustee against the cost and other liabilities of taking that action;

The trustee must not have taken action for 60 days after receipt of the above notice and offer of indemnity; and

The holders of a majority in principal amount of the debt securities of that series must not have given the trustee a direction inconsistent with the above notice during that 60-day period.

However, you are entitled at any time to bring a lawsuit for the payment of money due on your debt securities on or after the due date.

Holders of a majority in principal amount of the debt securities of the affected series may waive any past defaults other than:

in respect of the payment of principal, any premium or interest or

in respect of a covenant that cannot be modified or amended without the consent of each holder.

Book-entry and other indirect holders should consult their banks or brokers for information on how to give notice or direction to or make a request of the trustee and how to declare or cancel an acceleration of maturity.

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Each year, we will furnish to each trustee a written statement of certain of our officers certifying that to their knowledge we are in compliance with the indenture and the debt securities or else specifying any default.

Merger or Consolidation

Under the terms of the indenture, we are generally permitted to consolidate or merge with another entity. We are also permitted to sell all or substantially all of our assets to another entity. However, we may not take any of these actions unless all the following conditions are met:

Where we merge out of existence or sell our assets, the resulting or transferee entity must agree to be legally responsible for our obligations under the debt securities;

The merger or sale of assets must not cause a default on the debt securities and we must not already be in default (unless the merger or sale would cure the default). For purposes of this no-default test, a default would include an Event of Default that has occurred and has not been cured, as described under "Events of Default" above. A default for this purpose would also include any event that would be an Event of Default if the requirements for giving us a notice of default or our default having to exist for a specific period of time were disregarded;

We must deliver certain certificates and documents to the trustee; and

We must satisfy any other requirements specified in the prospectus supplement relating to a particular series of debt securities.

Modification or Waiver

There are three types of changes we can make to the indenture and the debt securities issued thereunder.

Changes Requiring Your Approval

First, there are changes that we cannot make to your debt securities without your specific approval. The following is a list of those types of changes:

change the stated maturity of the principal of, or interest on, a debt security or the terms of any sinking fund with respect to any security;

reduce any amounts due on a debt security;

reduce the amount of principal payable upon acceleration of the maturity of an original issue discount or indexed security following a default or upon the redemption thereof or the amount thereof provable in a bankruptcy proceeding;

adversely affect any right of repayment at the holder's option;

change the place (except as otherwise described in the prospectus or prospectus supplement) or currency of payment on a debt security;

impair your right to sue for payment;

adversely affect any right to convert or exchange a debt security in accordance with its terms;

modify the subordination provisions in the indenture in a manner that is adverse to holders of the outstanding debt securities;

reduce the percentage of holders of debt securities whose consent is needed to modify or amend the indenture;

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reduce the percentage of holders of debt securities whose consent is needed to waive compliance with certain provisions of the indenture or to waive certain defaults or reduce the percentage of holders of debt securities required to satisfy quorum or voting requirements at a meeting of holders;

modify any other aspect of the provisions of the indenture dealing with supplemental indentures with the consent of holders, waiver of past defaults, or the waiver of certain covenants; and

change any obligation we have to pay additional amounts.

Changes Not Requiring Approval

The second type of change does not require any vote by the holders of the debt securities. This type is limited to clarifications, establishment of the form or terms of new securities of any series as permitted by the indenture and certain other changes that would not adversely affect holders of the outstanding debt securities in any material respect. We also do not need any approval to make any change that affects only debt securities to be issued under the indenture after the change takes effect.

Changes Requiring Majority Approval

Any other change to the indenture and the debt securities would require the following approval:

If the change affects only one series of debt securities, it must be approved by the holders of a majority in principal amount of that series.

If the change affects more than one series of debt securities issued under the same indenture, it must be approved by the holders of a majority in principal amount of all of the series affected by the change, with all affected series voting together as one class for this purpose.

In each case, the required approval must be given by written consent.

The holders of a majority in principal amount of a series of debt securities issued under the indenture, voting together as one class for this purpose, may waive our compliance with some of our covenants applicable to that series of debt securities. However, we cannot obtain a waiver of a payment default or of any of the matters covered by the bullet points included above under " Changes Requiring Your Approval."

Further Details Concerning Voting

When taking a vote, we will use the following rules to decide how much principal to attribute to a debt security:

For original issue discount securities, we will use the principal amount that would be due and payable on the voting date if the maturity of these debt securities were accelerated to that date because of a default.

For debt securities whose principal amount is not known (for example, because it is based on an index), we will use the principal face amount at original issuance or a special rule for that debt security described in the prospectus supplement.

For debt securities denominated in one or more foreign currencies, we will use the U.S. dollar equivalent.

Debt securities will not be considered outstanding, and therefore not eligible to vote, if we have deposited or set aside in trust money for their payment or redemption or if we, any other obligor, or any affiliate of us or any obligor own such debt securities. Debt securities will also not be eligible to vote if they have been fully defeased as described later under "Defeasance Full Defeasance."

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We will generally be entitled to set any day as a record date for the purpose of determining the holders of outstanding indenture securities that are entitled to vote or take other action under the indenture. However, the record date may not be more than 30 days before the date of the first solicitation of holders to vote on or take such action. If we set a record date for a vote or other action to be taken by holders of one or more series, that vote or action may be taken only by persons who are holders of outstanding indenture securities of those series on the record date and must be taken within eleven months following the record date.

Book-entry and other indirect holders should consult their banks or brokers for information on how approval may be granted or denied if we seek to change the indenture or the debt securities or request a waiver.

Defeasance

The following provisions will be applicable to each series of debt securities unless we state in the applicable prospectus supplement that the provisions of covenant defeasance and full defeasance will not be applicable to that series.

Covenant Defeasance

Under current United States federal tax law and the indenture, we can make the deposit described below and be released from some of the restrictive covenants in the indenture under which the particular series was issued. This is called "covenant defeasance". In that event, you would lose the protection of those restrictive covenants but would gain the protection of having money and government securities set aside in trust to repay your debt securities. If we achieved covenant defeasance and your debt securities were subordinated as described under "Indenture Provisions" below, such subordination would not prevent the Trustee from applying due funds available to it from the deposit described in the first bullet below to the payment of amounts in respect of such debt securities. In order to achieve covenant defeasance, we must do the following:

We must deposit in trust for the benefit of all holders of a series of debt securities a combination of cash (in such currency in which such securities are then specified as payable at stated maturity) or government obligations applicable to such securities (determined on the basis of the currency in which such securities are then specified as payable at stated maturity) that will generate enough cash to make interest, principal and any other payments on the debt securities on their various due dates and any mandatory sinking fund payments or analogous payments.

We must deliver to the trustee a legal opinion of our counsel confirming that, under current United States federal income tax law, we may make the above deposit without causing you to be taxed on the debt securities any differently than if we did not make the deposit.

We must deliver to the trustee a legal opinion of our counsel and officers' certificate stating that all conditions precedent to covenant defeasance have been complied with.

Defeasance must not result in a breach or violation of, or result in a default under, the indenture or any of our other material agreements or instruments.

No default or event of default with respect to such debt securities shall have occurred and be continuing and no defaults or events of default related to bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization shall occur during the next 90 days.

Satisfy the conditions for covenant defeasance contained in any supplemental indentures.

If we accomplish covenant defeasance, you can still look to us for repayment of the debt securities if there were a shortfall in the trust deposit or the trustee is prevented from making payment. For example, if one of the remaining Events of Default occurred (such as our bankruptcy) and the debt

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securities became immediately due and payable, there might be such a shortfall. However, there is no assurance that we would have sufficient funds to make payment of the shortfall.

Full Defeasance

If there is a change in United States federal tax law or we obtain an IRS ruling, as described below, we can legally release ourselves from all payment and other obligations on the debt securities of a particular series (called "full defeasance") if we put in place the following other arrangements for you to be repaid:

We must deposit in trust for the benefit of all holders of a series of debt securities a combination of cash (in such currency in which such securities are then specified as payable at stated maturity) or government obligations applicable to such securities (determined on the basis of the currency in which such securities are then specified as payable at stated maturity) that will generate enough cash to make interest, principal and any other payments on the debt securities on their various due dates and any mandatory sinking fund payments or analogous payments.

We must deliver to the trustee a legal opinion confirming that there has been a change in current United States federal tax law or an IRS ruling that allows us to make the above deposit without causing you to be taxed on the debt securities any differently than if we did not make the deposit. Under current United States federal tax law, the deposit and our legal release from the debt securities would be treated as though we paid you your share of the cash and notes or bonds at the time the cash and notes or bonds were deposited in trust in exchange for your debt securities and you would recognize gain or loss on the debt securities at the time of the deposit.

We must deliver to the trustee a legal opinion of our counsel and officers' certificate stating that all conditions precedent to defeasance have been complied with.

Defeasance must not result in a breach or violation of, or constitute a default under, the indenture or any of our other material agreements or instruments.

No default or event of default with respect to such debt securities shall have occurred and be continuing and no defaults or events of default related to bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization shall occur during the next 90 days.

Satisfy the conditions for full defeasance contained in any supplemental indentures.

If we ever did accomplish full defeasance, as described above, you would have to rely solely on the trust deposit for repayment of the debt securities. You could not look to us for repayment in the unlikely event of any shortfall. Conversely, the trust deposit would most likely be protected from claims of our lenders and other creditors if we ever became bankrupt or insolvent. If your debt securities were subordinated as described below under "Indenture Provisions" Subordination," such subordination would not prevent the Trustee from applying the funds available to it from the deposit referred to in the first bullet of the preceding paragraph to the payment of amounts due in respect of such debt securities.

Form, Exchange and Transfer of Certificated Registered Securities

If registered debt securities cease to be issued in book-entry form, they will be issued:

only in fully registered certificated form,

without interest coupons, and

unless we indicate otherwise in the prospectus supplement, in denominations of \$1,000 and amounts that are multiples of \$1,000.

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Holders may exchange their certificated securities for debt securities of smaller denominations or combined into fewer debt securities of larger denominations, as long as the total principal amount is not changed and as long as the denomination is greater than the minimum denomination for such securities.

Holders may exchange or transfer their certificated securities at the office of the trustee. We have appointed the trustee to act as our agent for registering debt securities in the names of holders transferring debt securities. We may appoint another entity to perform these functions or perform them ourselves.

Holders will not be required to pay a service charge to transfer or exchange their certificated securities, but they may be required to pay any tax or other governmental charge associated with the transfer or exchange. The transfer or exchange will be made only if our transfer agent is satisfied with the holder's proof of legal ownership.

If we have designated additional transfer agents for your debt security, they will be named in your prospectus supplement. We may appoint additional transfer agents or cancel the appointment of any particular transfer agent. We may also approve a change in the office through which any transfer agent acts.

If any certificated securities of a particular series are redeemable and we redeem less than all the debt securities of that series, we may block the transfer or exchange of those debt securities during the period beginning 15 days before the day we mail the notice of redemption and ending on the day of that mailing, in order to freeze the list of holders to prepare the mailing. We may also refuse to register transfers or exchanges of any certificated securities selected for redemption, except that we will continue to permit transfers and exchanges of the unredeemed portion of any debt security that will be partially redeemed.

If a registered debt security is issued in book-entry form, only the depositary will be entitled to transfer and exchange the debt security as described in this subsection, since it will be the sole holder of the debt security.

Resignation of Trustee

Each trustee may resign or be removed with respect to one or more series of indenture securities provided that a successor trustee is appointed to act with respect to these series and has accepted such appointment. In the event that two or more persons are acting as trustee with respect to different series of indenture securities under the indenture, each of the trustees will be a trustee of a trust separate and apart from the trust administered by any other trustee.

Indenture Provisions Subordination

Upon any distribution of our assets upon our dissolution, winding up, liquidation or reorganization, the payment of the principal of (and premium, if any, on) and interest, if any, on any indenture securities denominated as subordinated debt securities is to be subordinated to the extent provided in the indenture in right of payment to the prior payment in full of all Designated Senior Indebtedness (as defined below), but our obligation to you to make payment of the principal of (and premium, if any, on) and interest, if any, on such subordinated debt securities will not otherwise be affected. In addition, no payment on account of principal (or premium, if any), sinking fund or interest, if any, may be made on such subordinated debt securities at any time unless full payment of all amounts due in respect of the principal (and premium, if any), sinking fund and interest on Designated Senior Indebtedness has been made or duly provided for in money or money's worth.

In the event that, notwithstanding the foregoing, any payment by us is received by the trustee in respect of subordinated debt securities or by the holders of any of such subordinated debt securities,



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upon our dissolution, winding up, liquidation or reorganization before all Designated Senior Indebtedness is paid in full, the payment or distribution must be paid over to the holders of the Designated Senior Indebtedness or on their behalf for application to the payment of all the Designated Senior Indebtedness has been paid in full, after giving effect to any concurrent payment or distribution to the holders of the Designated Senior Indebtedness. Subject to the payment in full of all Designated Senior Indebtedness upon this distribution by us, the holders of such subordinated debt securities will be subrogated to the rights of the holders of the Designated Senior Indebtedness of the Designated Senior Indebtedness out of the distributive share of such subordinated debt securities.

By reason of this subordination, in the event of a distribution of our assets upon our insolvency, certain of our senior creditors may recover more, ratably, than holders of any subordinated debt securities or the holders of any indenture securities that are not Designated Senior Indebtedness. The indenture provides that these subordination provisions will not apply to money and securities held in trust under the defeasance provisions of the indenture.

Designated Senior Indebtedness is defined in the indenture as the principal of (and premium, if any, on) and unpaid interest on:

our indebtedness (including indebtedness of others guaranteed by us), whenever created, incurred, assumed or guaranteed, for money borrowed, that we have designated as "Designated Senior Indebtedness" for purposes of the indenture and in accordance with the terms of the indenture (including any indenture securities designated as Designated Senior Indebtedness), and

renewals, extensions, modifications and refinancings of any of this indebtedness.

If this prospectus is being delivered in connection with the offering of a series of indenture securities denominated as subordinated debt securities, the accompanying prospectus supplement will set forth the approximate amount of our Designated Senior Indebtedness and of our other indebtedness outstanding as of a recent date.

Secured Indebtedness

Certain of our indebtedness, including certain series of indenture securities, may be secured. The prospectus supplement for each series of indenture securities will describe the terms of any security interest for such series and will indicate the approximate amount of our secured indebtedness as of a recent date. In the event of a distribution of our assets upon our insolvency, the holders of unsecured indenture securities may recover less, ratably, than holders of any of our secured indebtedness.

The Trustee under the Indenture

The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. will serve as the trustee under the indenture.

Certain Considerations Relating to Foreign Currencies

Debt securities denominated or payable in foreign currencies may entail significant risks. These risks include the possibility of significant fluctuations in the foreign currency markets, the imposition or modification of foreign exchange controls and potential illiquidity in the secondary market. These risks will vary depending upon the currency or currencies involved and will be more fully described in the applicable prospectus supplement.

DESCRIPTION OF OUR UNITS

The following is a general description of the terms of the units we may issue from time to time. Particular terms of any units we offer will be described in the prospectus supplement relating to such units. For a complete description of the terms of particular units, you should read both this prospectus and the prospectus supplement relating to those particular units.

We may issue units comprised of one or more of the other securities described in this prospectus in any combination. Each unit will be issued so that the holder of the unit is also the holder of each security included in the unit. Thus, the holder of a unit will have the rights and obligations of a holder of each included security.

A prospectus supplement will describe the particular terms of any series of units we may issue, including the following:

the designation and terms of the units and of the securities comprising the units, including whether and under what circumstances the securities comprising the units may be held or transferred separately;

a description of the terms of any unit agreement governing the units;

a description of the provisions for the payment, settlement, transfer or exchange of the units; and

whether the units will be issued in fully registered or global form.

MATERIAL U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS

The following discussion is a general summary of the material U.S. federal income tax considerations applicable to us and to an investment in our shares. This summary does not purport to be a complete description of the income tax considerations applicable to such an investment. For example, we have not described tax consequences that may be relevant to certain types of holders subject to special treatment under U.S. federal income tax laws, including stockholders subject to the alternative minimum tax, tax-exempt organizations, insurance companies, dealers in securities, pension plans and trusts, and financial institutions. This summary assumes that investors hold our common stock as capital assets (within the meaning of the Code). The discussion is based upon the Code, Treasury regulations, and administrative and judicial interpretations, each as of the date of this prospectus and all of which are subject to change, possibly retroactively, which could affect the continuing validity of this discussion. We have not sought and will not seek any ruling from the Internal Revenue Service regarding this offering. This summary does not discuss any aspects of U.S. estate or gift tax or foreign, state or local tax. It does not discuss the special treatment under U.S. federal income tax laws that could result if we invested in tax-exempt securities or certain other investment assets.

If we issue preferred stock that may be convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for securities or other property or preferred stock with other terms that may have different U.S. federal income tax consequences than those described in this summary, the U.S. federal income tax consequences of such preferred stock will be described in the relevant prospectus supplement. This summary does not discuss the consequences of an investment in our subscription rights, debt securities or warrants representing rights to purchase shares of our preferred stock, common stock or debt securities or as units in combination with such securities. The U.S. federal income tax consequences of such an investment will be discussed in the relevant prospectus supplement.

A "U.S. stockholder" generally is a beneficial owner of shares of our common stock who is for U.S. federal income tax purposes:

A citizen or individual resident of the United States;

A corporation or other entity treated as a corporation, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, created or organized in or under the laws of the United States or any political subdivision thereof;

A trust if a court within the United States is asked to exercise primary supervision over the administration of the trust and one or more United States persons have the authority to control all substantive decisions of the trust; or

A trust or an estate, the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation regardless of its source.

A "Non-U.S. stockholder" generally is a beneficial owner of shares of our common stock that is not a U.S. stockholder.

If a partnership (including an entity treated as a partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes) holds shares of our common stock, the tax treatment of a partner in the partnership will generally depend upon the status of the partner and the activities of the partnership. A prospective stockholder that is a partner of a partnership holding shares of our common stock should consult his, her or its tax advisers with respect to the purchase, ownership and disposition of shares of our common stock.

Tax matters are very complicated and the tax consequences to an investor of an investment in our shares will depend on the facts of his, her or its particular situation. We encourage investors to consult their own tax advisers regarding the specific consequences of such an investment, including tax reporting requirements, the applicability of federal, state, local and foreign tax laws, eligibility for the benefits of any applicable tax treaty and the effect of any possible changes in the tax laws.

Election to be Taxed as a Regulated Investment Company

MSCC has elected to be treated for federal income tax purposes as a regulated investment company ("RIC") under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code (the "Code") commencing October 2, 2007. As a RIC, we generally do not have to pay corporate level federal income taxes on any income that we distribute to our stockholders as dividends. To qualify as a RIC, we must, among other things, meet certain source of income and asset diversification requirements (as described below). In addition, in order to obtain RIC tax treatment, we must distribute to our stockholders, for each taxable year, at least 90% of our "investment company taxable income," which is generally our net ordinary income plus the excess of realized net short term capital gains over realized net long term capital losses, and 90% of our tax exempt income (the "Annual Distribution Requirement").

Taxation as a Regulated Investment Company

We will be subject to a 4% nondeductible federal excise tax on certain undistributed income unless we distribute in a timely manner an amount at least equal to the sum of (1) 98% of our net ordinary income for each calendar year, (2) 98.2% of our capital gain net income for the one-year period ending December 31 in that calendar year and (3) any income recognized, but not distributed, in preceding years (the "Excise Tax Avoidance Requirement"). Dividends declared and paid by us in a year will generally differ from taxable income for that year as such dividends may include the distribution of current year taxable income, exclude amounts carried over into the following year, and include the distribution of prior year taxable income carried over into and distributed in the current year. For amounts we carry over into the following year, we will be required to pay the 4% excise tax based on

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98% of our annual taxable income and 98.2% of our capital gain net income in excess of distributions for the year.

In order to qualify as a RIC for federal income tax purposes, we must, among other things:

continue to qualify as a BDC under the 1940 Act at all times during each taxable year;

derive in each taxable year at least 90% of our gross income from dividends, interest, payments with respect to certain securities, loans, gains from the sale of stock or other securities, net income from certain "qualified publicly traded partnerships," or other income derived with respect to our business of investing in such stock or securities (the "90% Income Test"); and

diversify our holdings so that at the end of each quarter of the taxable year:

at least 50% of the value of our assets consists of cash, cash equivalents, U.S. Government securities, securities of other RICs, and other securities if such other securities of any one issuer do not represent more than 5% of the value of our assets or more than 10% of the outstanding voting securities of the issuer; and

no more than 25% of the value of our assets is invested in the securities, other than U.S. government securities or securities of other RICs, (i) of one issuer, (ii) of two or more issuers that are controlled, as determined under applicable Code rules, by us and that are engaged in the same or similar or related trades or businesses or (iii) of certain "qualified publicly traded partnerships" (collectively, the "Diversification Tests").

In order to comply with the 90% Income Test, we formed the Taxable Subsidiaries as wholly owned taxable subsidiaries, for the primary purpose of permitting us to own equity interests in portfolio companies which are "pass through" entities for tax purposes. Absent the taxable status of the Taxable Subsidiaries, a portion of the gross income from such portfolio companies would flow directly to us for purposes of the 90% Income Test. To the extent such income did not consist of income derived from securities, such as dividends and interest, it could jeopardize our ability to qualify as a RIC and, therefore cause us to incur significant federal income taxes. The Taxable Subsidiaries are consolidated with Main Street for generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") purposes and are included in our Consolidated Financial Statements, and the portfolio investments held by the Taxable Subsidiaries are included in our consolidated financial statements. The Taxable Subsidiaries are not consolidated with Main Street for income tax purposes and may generate income tax expense as a result of their ownership of the portfolio investments. The income tax expense, or benefit, if any, and any related tax assets and liabilities, are reflected in our consolidated financial statements.

In order to comply with the 90% Income Test, we also elected that each of the Investment Managers is a taxable entity. Absent the taxable status of the Investment Managers, the gross income from the Investment Managers would flow directly to us for purposes of the 90% Income Test. Since such income would likely not consist of income derived from securities, such as dividends and interest, it could jeopardize our ability to qualify as a RIC and, therefore cause us to incur significant federal income taxes. The Internal Investment Manager is consolidated with Main Street for U.S. GAAP purposes and included in our Consolidated Financial Statements, while the External Investment Manager is accounted for as a portfolio investment for U.S. GAAP purposes. The Investment Managers are not consolidated with MSCC for income tax purposes and may generate income tax expense as a result of their operating activities. Beginning April 1, 2013, the Internal Investment Manager is included in our consolidated subsidiary and any income tax expense, or benefit, and any related tax assets and liabilities, are reflected in our consolidated financial statements.

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We may be required to recognize taxable income in circumstances in which we do not receive cash. For example, if we hold debt obligations that are treated under applicable tax rules as having original issue discount (such as debt instruments issued with warrants) and debt securities invested in at a discount to par, we must include in income each year a portion of the original issue discount that accrues over the life of the obligation, regardless of whether cash representing such income is received by us in the same taxable year. We may also have to include in income other amounts that we have not yet received in cash such as PIK interest, cumulative dividends or amounts that are received in non-cash compensation such as warrants or stock. Because any original issue discount or other amounts accrued will be included in our investment company taxable income for the year of accrual, we may be required to make a distribution to our stockholders in order to satisfy the Annual Distribution Requirement, even though we will not have received any corresponding cash amount.

Although we do not presently expect to do so, we are authorized to borrow funds and to sell assets in order to satisfy distribution requirements. However, under the 1940 Act, we are not permitted to make distributions to our stockholders in certain circumstances while our debt obligations and other senior securities are outstanding unless certain "asset coverage" tests are met. See "Regulation Regulation as a Business Development Company Senior Securities." Moreover, our ability to dispose of assets to meet our distribution requirements may be limited by (1) the illiquid nature of our portfolio and/or (2) other requirements relating to our status as a RIC, including the Diversification Tests. If we dispose of assets in order to meet the Annual Distribution Requirement or the Excise Tax Avoidance Requirement, we may make such dispositions at times that, from an investment standpoint, are not advantageous.

We may distribute taxable dividends that are payable in part in our stock. Under certain applicable provisions of the Code and the Treasury regulations, distributions payable by us in cash or in shares of stock (at the stockholders election) would satisfy the Annual Distribution Requirement. The Internal Revenue Service has issued private rulings indicating that this rule will apply even where the total amount of cash that may be distributed is limited to no more than 20% of the total distribution. Under these rulings, if too many stockholders elect to receive their distributions in cash, each such stockholder would receive a pro rata share of the total cash to be distributed and would receive the remainder of their distribution in shares of stock. Any distributions made consistent with these rulings that are payable in part in our stock, taxable stockholders receiving such dividends will be required to include the full amount of the dividend (whether received in cash, our stock, or a combination thereof) as (i) ordinary income (including any qualified dividend income that, in the case of a noncorporate stockholder, may be eligible for the same reduced maximum tax rate applicable to long-term capital gains to the extent such distribution is properly reported by us as qualified dividend income and such stockholder satisfies certain minimum holding period requirements with respect to our stock) or (ii) long-term capital gain (to the extent such distribution is properly reported as a capital gain dividend), to the extent of our current and accumulated earnings and profits for United States federal income tax purposes. As a result, a U.S. stockholder may be required to pay tax with respect to such dividends in excess of any cash received. If a U.S. stockholder sells the stock it receives in order to pay this tax, the sales proceeds may be less than the amount included in income with respect to the dividend, depending on the market price of our stock at the time of the sale. Furthermore, with respect to non-U.S. stockholders, we may be required to withhold U.S. tax with respect to such dividends, including in respect of all or a portion of such dividend that is payable in stock. In addition, if a significant number of our stockholders determine to sell shares of our stock in order to pay taxes owed on dividends, it may put downward pressure on the trading price of our stock.

The remainder of this discussion assumes that we qualify as a RIC and have satisfied the Annual Distribution Requirement.

Taxation of U.S. Stockholders

Distributions by us generally are taxable to U.S. stockholders as ordinary income or capital gains. Distributions of our "investment company taxable income" (which is, generally, our net ordinary income plus realized net short-term capital gains in excess of realized net long-term capital losses) will be taxable as ordinary income to U.S. stockholders to the extent of our current or accumulated earnings and profits, whether paid in cash or reinvested in additional common stock. To the extent such distributions paid by us to non-corporate stockholders (including individuals) are attributable to dividends from U.S. corporations and certain qualified foreign corporations, such distributions ("Qualifying Dividends") may be eligible for a maximum tax rate of 20.0% (plus the 3.8% Medicare surtax discussed below, if applicable). In this regard, it is anticipated that distributions paid by us will generally not be attributable to dividends and, therefore, generally will not qualify for the 20.0% (plus the 3.8% Medicare surtax, if applicable) maximum rate applicable to Qualifying Dividends. Distributions of our net capital gains (which is generally our realized net long-term capital gains in excess of realized net short-term capital losses) properly designated by us as "capital gain dividends" will be taxable to a U.S. stockholder as long-term capital gains that are currently taxable at a maximum rate of 20.0% (plus the 3.8% Medicare surtax, if applicable) in the case of individuals, trusts or estates, regardless of the U.S. stockholder's holding period for his, her or its common stock and regardless of whether paid in cash or reinvested in additional common stock. Distributions in excess of our earnings and profits first will reduce a U.S. stockholder's adjusted tax basis in such stockholder's common stock and, after the adjusted basis is reduced to zero, will constitute capital gains to such U.S. stockholder.

We may retain some or all of our realized net long-term capital gains in excess of realized net short-term capital losses, but to designate the retained net capital gain as a "deemed distribution." In that case, among other consequences, we will pay tax on the retained amount, each U.S. stockholder will be required to include his, her or its share of the deemed distribution in income as if it had been actually distributed to the U.S. stockholder, and the U.S. stockholder will be entitled to claim a credit equal to his, her or its allocable share of the tax paid thereon by us. Because we expect to pay tax on any retained capital gains at our regular corporate tax rate, and because that rate is in excess of the maximum rate currently payable by individuals on long-term capital gains, the amount of tax that individual U.S. stockholders will be treated as having paid will exceed the tax they owe on the capital gain distribution and such excess generally may be refunded or claimed as a credit against the U.S. stockholder's other U.S. federal income tax obligations. The amount of the deemed distribution approach, we must provide written notice to our stockholder's prior to the expiration of 60 days after the close of the relevant taxable year. We cannot treat any of our investment company taxable income as a "deemed distribution."

In any fiscal year, we may elect to make distributions to our stockholders in excess of our taxable earnings for that fiscal year. As a result, a portion of those distributions may be deemed a return of capital to our stockholders.

For purposes of determining (1) whether the Annual Distribution Requirement is satisfied for any year and (2) the amount of capital gain dividends paid for that year, we may, under certain circumstances, elect to treat a dividend that is paid during the following taxable year as if it had been paid during the taxable year in question. If we make such an election, the U.S. stockholder will still be treated as receiving the dividend in the taxable year in which the distribution is made. However, any dividend declared by us in October, November or December of any calendar year, payable to stockholders of record on a specified date in such a month and actually paid during January of the following year, will be treated as if it had been received by our U.S. stockholders on December 31 of the year in which the dividend was declared.

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If an investor purchases shares of our common stock shortly before the record date of a distribution, the price of the shares will include the value of the distribution and the investor will be subject to tax on the distribution even though economically it may represent a return of his, her or its investment.

A stockholder generally will recognize taxable gain or loss if the stockholder sells or otherwise disposes of his, her or its shares of our common stock. The amount of gain or loss will be measured by the difference between such stockholder's adjusted tax basis in the common stock sold and the amount of the proceeds received in exchange. Any gain arising from such sale or disposition generally will be treated as long-term capital gain or loss. However, any capital loss arising from the sale or disposition of shares of our common stock held for six months or less will be treated as long-term capital loss to the extent of the amount of capital gain dividends received, or undistributed capital gain deemed received, with respect to such shares. In addition, all or a portion of any loss recognized upon a disposition of shares of our common stock may be disallowed if other shares of our common stock are purchased (whether through reinvestment of distributions or otherwise) within 30 days before or after the disposition.

In general, individual U.S. stockholders currently are subject to a maximum federal income tax rate of 20.0% on their net capital gain (i.e., the excess of realized net long-term capital gains over realized net short-term capital losses), including any long-term capital gain derived from an investment in our shares. Such rate is lower than the maximum rate on ordinary income currently payable by individuals. In addition, individuals with income in excess of \$200,000 (\$250,000 in the case of married individuals filing jointly) and certain estates and trusts are subject to an additional 3.8% Medicare surtax on their "net investment income," which generally includes net income from interest, dividends, annuities, royalties, and rents, and net capital gains (other than certain amounts earned from trades or businesses). Corporate U.S. stockholders currently are subject to federal income tax on net capital gain at the maximum 35.0% rate also applied to ordinary income. Non-corporate stockholders with net capital losses for a year (i.e., capital losses in excess of capital gains) generally may deduct up to \$3,000 of such losses against their ordinary income each year; any net capital losses of a non-corporate stockholder in excess of \$3,000 generally may be carried forward and used in subsequent years as provided in the Code. Corporate stockholders generally may not deduct any net capital losses for a year, but may carryback such losses for three years or carry forward such losses for five years.

We, or the applicable withholding agent, will send to each of our U.S. stockholders, as promptly as possible after the end of each calendar year, a notice detailing, on a per share and per distribution basis, the amounts includible in such U.S. stockholder's taxable income for such year as ordinary income and as long-term capital gain. In addition, the federal tax status of each year's distributions generally will be reported to the Internal Revenue Service (including the amount of dividends, if any, eligible for the 20.0% maximum rate). Dividends paid by us generally will not be eligible for the dividends-received deduction or the preferential tax rate applicable to Qualifying Dividends because our income generally will not consist of dividends. Distributions may also be subject to additional state, local and foreign taxes depending on a U.S. stockholder's particular situation.

As a RIC, we will be subject to the alternative minimum tax ("AMT"), but any items that are treated differently for AMT purposes must be apportioned between us and our stockholders and this may affect the stockholders' AMT liabilities. Although regulations explaining the precise method of apportionment have not yet been issued by the Internal Revenue Service, we intend in general to apportion these items in the same proportion that dividends paid to each stockholder bear to our taxable income (determined without regard to the dividends paid deduction), unless we determine that a different method for a particular item is warranted under the circumstances.

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We may be required to withhold federal income tax ("backup withholding") from all taxable distributions to any U.S. stockholder that is not otherwise exempt (1) who fails to furnish us with a correct taxpayer identification number or a certificate that such stockholder is exempt from backup withholding or (2) with respect to whom the IRS notifies us that such stockholder has failed to properly report certain interest and dividend income to the IRS and to respond to notices to that effect. An individual's taxpayer identification number is his or her social security number. Any amount withheld under backup withholding is allowed as a credit against the U.S. stockholder's federal income tax liability, provided that proper information is provided to the IRS.

Taxation of Non-U.S. Stockholders

Whether an investment in the shares is appropriate for a Non-U.S. stockholder will depend upon that person's particular circumstances. An investment in the shares by a Non-U.S. stockholder may have adverse tax consequences. Non-U.S. stockholders should consult their tax advisers before investing in our common stock.

Distributions of our "investment company taxable income" to Non-U.S. stockholders (including interest income and realized net short-term capital gains in excess of realized long-term capital losses, which generally would be free of withholding if paid to Non-U.S. stockholders directly) will be subject to withholding of federal tax at a 30.0% rate (or lower rate provided by an applicable treaty) to the extent of our current and accumulated earnings and profits unless an applicable exception applies. If the distributions are effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business of the Non-U.S. stockholder, and, if an income tax treaty applies, attributable to a permanent establishment in the United States, we will not be required to withhold federal tax if the Non-U.S. stockholder complies with applicable certification and disclosure requirements, although the distributions will be subject to federal income tax at the rates applicable to U.S. persons. (Special certification requirements apply to a Non-U.S. stockholder that is a foreign partnership or a foreign trust, and such entities are urged to consult their own tax advisers.)

For taxable years prior to January 1, 2014, except as provided below, we generally were not required to withhold any amounts with respect to certain distributions of (i) U.S.-source interest income, and (ii) net short-term capital gains in excess of net long-term capital losses, in each case to the extent we properly reported such distributions and certain other requirements were satisfied. This special exemption from withholding tax on certain distributions expired on January 1, 2014. No assurance can be given as to whether this exemption will be extended for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2014, or whether any of our distributions would be reported as eligible for this special exemption from withholding tax even if extended. Currently, we do not anticipate that any significant amount of our distributions would be reported as eligible for this exemption from withholding.

Actual or deemed distributions of our net capital gains to a Non-U.S. stockholder, and gains realized by a Non-U.S. stockholder upon the sale of our common stock, will not be subject to federal withholding tax and generally will not be subject to federal income tax unless the distributions or gains, as the case may be, are effectively connected with a U.S. trade or business of the Non-U.S. stockholder and, if an income tax treaty applies, are attributable to a permanent establishment maintained by the Non-U.S. stockholder in the United States.

If we distribute our net capital gains in the form of deemed rather than actual distributions, a Non-U.S. stockholder will be entitled to a federal income tax credit or tax refund equal to the stockholder's allocable share of the tax we pay on the capital gains deemed to have been distributed. In order to obtain the refund, the Non-U.S. stockholder must obtain a U.S. taxpayer identification number and file a federal income tax return even if the Non-U.S. stockholder would not otherwise be required to obtain a U.S. taxpayer identification number or file a federal income tax return. For a corporate Non-U.S. stockholder, distributions (both actual and deemed), and gains realized upon the sale of our

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common stock that are effectively connected to a U.S. trade or business may, under certain circumstances, be subject to an additional "branch profits tax" at a 30.0% rate (or at a lower rate if provided for by an applicable treaty). Accordingly, investment in the shares may not be appropriate for a Non-U.S. stockholder.

A Non-U.S. stockholder who is a non-resident alien individual, and who is otherwise subject to withholding of federal tax, may be subject to information reporting and backup withholding of federal income tax on dividends unless the Non-U.S. stockholder provides us or the dividend paying agent with an IRS Form W-8BEN (or an acceptable substitute form) or otherwise meets documentary evidence requirements for establishing that it is a Non-U.S. stockholder or otherwise establishes an exemption from backup withholding.

The Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act generally imposes a 30% withholding tax on payments of certain types of income to foreign financial institutions that fail to enter into an agreement with the United States Treasury to report certain required information with respect to accounts held by United States persons (or held by foreign entities that have United States persons as substantial owners). The types of income subject to the tax include U.S. source interest and dividends received after June 30, 2014, and the gross proceeds from the sale of any property that could produce U.S.-source interest or dividends paid after December 31, 2016. The information required to be reported includes the identity and taxpayer identification number of each account holder that is a U.S. person and transaction activity within the holder's account. In addition, subject to certain exceptions, this legislation also imposes a 30% withholding on payments to foreign entities that are not financial institutions unless the foreign entity certifies that it does not have a greater than 10% U.S. owner or provides the withholding agent with identifying information on each greater than 10% U.S. owner. When these provisions become effective, depending on the status of a Non-U.S. stockholder and the status of the intermediaries through which they hold their units, Non-U.S. stockholders could be subject to this 30% withholding tax with respect to distributions on their units and proceeds from the sale of their units. Under certain circumstances, a Non-U.S. stockholder might be eligible for refunds or credits of such taxes.

Non-U.S. persons should consult their own tax advisers with respect to the U.S. federal income tax and withholding tax, and state, local and foreign tax consequences of an investment in the shares.

Failure to Qualify as a RIC

If we fail to satisfy the 90% Income Test or the Diversification Tests for any taxable year, we may nevertheless continue to qualify as a RIC for such year if certain relief provisions are applicable (which may, among other things, require us to pay certain corporate-level federal taxes or to dispose of certain assets).

If we were unable to qualify for treatment as a RIC and the foregoing relief provisions are not applicable, we would be subject to tax on all of our taxable income at regular corporate rates. We would not be able to deduct distributions to stockholders, nor would they be required to be made. If we were subject to tax on all of our taxable income at regular corporate rates, then distributions we make after being subject to such tax would be taxable to our stockholders and, provided certain holding period and other requirements were met, could qualify for treatment as "qualified dividend income" eligible for the maximum 20.0% rate (plus a 3.8% Medicare surtax, if applicable) applicable to qualified dividends to the extent of our current and accumulated earnings and profits. Subject to certain limitations under the Code, corporate distributions would be eligible for the dividends-received deduction. Distributions in excess of our current and accumulated earnings and profits tax basis, and any remaining distributions would be treated as a capital gain. To requalify as a RIC in a subsequent taxable year, we would be required to satisfy the RIC qualification requirements for that year and dispose of any earnings and profits from any year in which we failed to qualify as a RIC. Subject to a limited



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exception applicable to RICs that qualified as such under Subchapter M of the Code for at least one year prior to disqualification and that requalify as a RIC no later than the second year following the nonqualifying year, we could be subject to tax on any unrealized net built-in gains in the assets held by us during the period in which we failed to qualify as a RIC that are recognized within the subsequent 10 years, unless we made a special election to pay corporate-level tax on such built-in gain at the time of our requalification as a RIC.

REGULATION

Regulation as a Business Development Company

We have elected to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. The 1940 Act contains prohibitions and restrictions relating to transactions between BDCs and their affiliates, principal underwriters and affiliates of those affiliates or underwriters. The 1940 Act requires that a majority of the members of the board of directors of a BDC be persons other than "interested persons," as that term is defined in the 1940 Act. In addition, the 1940 Act provides that we may not change the nature of our business so as to cease to be, or to withdraw our election as, a BDC unless approved by a majority of our outstanding voting securities.

The 1940 Act defines "a majority of the outstanding voting securities" as the lesser of (i) 67% or more of the voting securities present at a meeting if the holders of more than 50% of our outstanding voting securities are present or represented by proxy or (ii) more than 50% of our outstanding voting securities.

Qualifying Assets

Under the 1940 Act, a BDC may not acquire any asset other than assets of the type listed in Section 55(a) of the 1940 Act, which are referred to as qualifying assets, unless, at the time the acquisition is made, qualifying assets represent at least 70% of the company's total assets. The principal categories of qualifying assets relevant to our business are any of the following:

(1)

Securities purchased in transactions not involving any public offering from the issuer of such securities, which issuer (subject to certain limited exceptions) is an eligible portfolio company (as defined below), or from any person who is, or has been during the preceding 13 months, an affiliated person of an eligible portfolio company, or from any other person, subject to such rules as may be prescribed by the SEC.

(2)

Securities of any eligible portfolio company that we control.

(3)

Securities purchased in a private transaction from a U.S. issuer that is not an investment company or from an affiliated person of the issuer, or in transactions incident thereto, if the issuer is in bankruptcy and subject to reorganization or if the issuer, immediately prior to the purchase of its securities was unable to meet its obligations as they came due without material assistance other than conventional lending or financing arrangements.

(4)

Securities of an eligible portfolio company purchased from any person in a private transaction if there is no ready market for such securities and we already own 60% of the outstanding equity of the eligible portfolio company.

(5)

Securities received in exchange for or distributed on or with respect to securities described in (1) through (4) above, or pursuant to the exercise of warrants or rights relating to such securities.

(6)

Cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities or high- quality debt securities maturing in one year or less from the time of investment.

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In addition, a BDC must have been organized and have its principal place of business in the United States and must be operated for the purpose of making investments in the types of securities described in (1), (2) or (3) above.

An eligible portfolio company is defined in the 1940 Act as any issuer which:

(a)	
	is organized under the laws of, and has its principal place of business in, the United States;

(b)

is not an investment company (other than a small business investment company wholly owned by the BDC) or a company that would be an investment company but for certain exclusions under the 1940 Act; and

(c)

satisfies any of the following:

(i)

does not have any class of securities that is traded on a national securities exchange or has a class of securities listed on a national securities exchange but has an aggregate market value of outstanding voting and non-voting common equity of less than \$250 million;

(ii)

is controlled by a BDC or a group of companies including a BDC and the BDC has an affiliated person who is a director of the eligible portfolio company; or

(iii)

is a small and solvent company having total assets of not more than \$4 million and capital and surplus of not less than \$2 million.

Managerial Assistance to Portfolio Companies

In order to count portfolio securities as qualifying assets for the purpose of the 70% test, we must either control the issuer of the securities or must offer to make available to the issuer of the securities (other than small and solvent companies described above) significant managerial assistance; except that, where we purchase such securities in conjunction with one or more other persons acting together, one of the other persons in the group may make available such managerial assistance. Making available managerial assistance means, among other things, any arrangement whereby the BDC, through its directors, officers or employees, offers to provide, and, if accepted, does so provide, significant guidance and counsel concerning the management, operations or business objectives and policies of a portfolio company.

Temporary Investments

Pending investment in "qualifying assets," as described above, our investments may consist of cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities and high quality debt securities maturing in one year or less from time of investment therein, so that 70% of our assets are qualifying assets.

Senior Securities

We are permitted, under specified conditions, to issue multiple classes of debt and one class of stock senior to our common stock if our asset coverage, as defined in the 1940 Act, is at least equal to 200% of all debt and/or senior stock immediately after each such issuance. In addition, while any senior securities remain outstanding (other than senior securities representing indebtedness issued in consideration of a privately arranged loan which is not intended to be publicly distributed), we must make provisions to prohibit any distribution to our stockholders or the repurchase of such securities or shares unless we meet the applicable asset coverage ratios at the time of the distribution or repurchase. We may also borrow amounts up to 5% of the value of our total assets for temporary or emergency purposes without regard to asset coverage. For a discussion of the risks associated with leverage, see "Risk Factors" Risks Relating to Our Business and Structure," including, without limitation,

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" Because we borrow money, the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested in us is magnified and may increase the risk of investing in us."

In January 2008, we received an exemptive order from the SEC to exclude debt securities issued by MSMF and any other wholly owned subsidiaries of ours which operate as SBICs from the asset coverage requirements of the 1940 Act as applicable to Main Street. The exemptive order provides for the exclusion of all debt securities issued by the Funds, including the \$200.2 million of currently outstanding debt related to their participation in the SBIC program. This exemptive order provides us with expanded capacity and flexibility in obtaining future sources of capital for our investment and operational objectives.

Common Stock

We are not generally able to issue and sell our common stock at a price below net asset value per share. We may, however, sell our common stock, warrants, options or rights to acquire our common stock, at a price below the current net asset value of the common stock if our board of directors determines that such sale is in our best interests and that of our stockholders, and our stockholders approve such sale. In any such case, the price at which our securities are to be issued and sold may not be less than a price which, in the determination of our board of directors, closely approximates the market value of such securities (less any distributing commission or discount). We did not seek approval from our stockholders to authorize us to sell shares of our common stock below the then current net asset value per share of our common stock at our 2013 annual meeting of stockholders because our common stock price per share had been trading significantly above the current net asset value per share of our common stock, and we are not seeking such approval at our 2014 annual meeting of stockholders for the same reason. On June 17, 2008, our stockholders approved a proposal that authorizes us to issue securities to subscribe to, convert to, or purchase shares of our common stock in one or more offerings. We may also make rights offerings to our stockholders at prices per share less than the net asset value per share, subject to applicable requirements of the 1940 Act. See "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Our Business and Structure Stockholders may incur dilution if we sell shares of our common stock in one or more offerings at prices below the then current net asset value per share of our common stock in one or more offerings at prices below the then current net asset value per share of our common stock in one or more offerings at prices below the then current net asset value per share of our common stock in one or more offerings at prices below the then current net asset value per share of our common stock in one or mor

Code of Ethics

We have adopted a code of ethics pursuant to Rule 17j-1 under the 1940 Act that establishes procedures for personal investments and restricts certain personal securities transactions. Personnel subject to the code may invest in securities for their personal investment accounts, including securities that may be purchased or held by us, so long as such investments are made in accordance with the code's requirements. You may read and copy the code of ethics at the SEC's Public Reference Room located at 100 F Street, NE, Washington, DC 20549. You may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. In addition, the code of ethics is available on the EDGAR Database on the SEC's Web site at http://www.sec.gov.

Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures

We vote proxies relating to our portfolio securities in a manner in which we believe is consistent with the best interest of our stockholders. We review on a case-by-case basis each proposal submitted to a stockholder vote to determine its impact on the portfolio securities held by us. Although we generally vote against proposals that we expect would have a negative impact on our portfolio securities, we may vote for such a proposal if there exists compelling long-term reasons to do so.

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Our proxy voting decisions are made by the investment team which is responsible for monitoring each of our investments. To ensure that our vote is not the product of a conflict of interest, we require that: (i) anyone involved in the decision-making process to disclose to our chief compliance officer any potential conflict of which he or she is aware and any contact that he or she has had with any interested party regarding a proxy vote and (ii) employees involved in the decision making process or vote administration are prohibited from revealing how we intend to vote on a proposal in order to reduce any attempted influence from interested parties.

Stockholders may obtain information, without charge, regarding how we voted proxies with respect to our portfolio securities by making a written request for proxy voting information to: Chief Compliance Officer, 1300 Post Oak Boulevard, Suite 800, Houston, Texas 77056.

Other 1940 Act Regulations

We may also be prohibited under the 1940 Act from knowingly participating in certain transactions with our affiliates without the prior approval of our Board of Directors who are not interested persons and, in some cases, prior approval by the SEC.

We are required to provide and maintain a bond issued by a reputable fidelity insurance company to protect us against larceny and embezzlement. Furthermore, as a BDC, we are prohibited from protecting any director or officer against any liability to us or our stockholders arising from willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard of the duties involved in the conduct of such person's office.

We are required to adopt and implement written policies and procedures reasonably designed to prevent violation of the federal securities laws, review these policies and procedures annually for their adequacy and the effectiveness of their implementation, and to designate a chief compliance officer to be responsible for administering the policies and procedures.

We may be periodically examined by the SEC for compliance with the 1940 Act.

Small Business Investment Company Regulations

Each of the Funds is licensed by the SBA to operate as a SBIC under Section 301(c) of the Small Business Investment Act of 1958. As a part of the Formation Transactions, MSMF became a wholly owned subsidiary of MSCC, and continues to hold its SBIC license. MSMF initially obtained its SBIC license in September 2002. As a part of the Exchange Offer Transactions, MSC II became a majority owned subsidiary of MSCC, and, as a part of the Final MSC II Exchange, MSC II became a wholly owned subsidiary of MSCC, and continues to hold the license it obtained in 2006.

SBICs are designed to stimulate the flow of private equity capital to eligible small businesses. Under SBIC regulations, SBICs may make loans to eligible small businesses, invest in the equity securities of such businesses and provide them with consulting and advisory services. Each of the Funds has typically invested in secured debt, acquired warrants and/or made equity investments in qualifying small businesses.

Under present SBIC regulations, eligible small businesses generally include businesses that (together with their affiliates) have a tangible net worth not exceeding \$18 million and have average annual net income after federal income taxes not exceeding \$6 million (average net income to be computed without benefit of any carryover loss) for the two most recent fiscal years. In addition, an SBIC must devote 25% of its investment activity to "smaller" concerns as defined by the SBA. A smaller concern generally includes businesses that have a tangible net worth not exceeding \$6 million and have average annual net income after federal income taxes not exceeding \$2 million (average net income to be computed without benefit of any net carryover loss) for the two most recent fiscal years. SBIC regulations also provide alternative size standard criteria to determine eligibility for designation

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as an eligible small business or smaller concern, which criteria depend on the primary industry in which the business is engaged and are based on such factors as the number of employees and gross revenue. However, once an SBIC has invested in a company, it may continue to make follow on investments in the company, regardless of the size of the portfolio company at the time of the follow on investment, up to the time of the portfolio company's initial public offering.

The SBA prohibits an SBIC from providing funds to small businesses for certain purposes, such as relending and investment outside the United States, to businesses engaged in a few prohibited industries, and to certain "passive" (non-operating) companies. In addition, without prior SBA approval, an SBIC may not invest an amount equal to more than approximately 30% of the SBIC's regulatory capital in any one portfolio company and its affiliates.

The SBA places certain limitations on the financing terms of investments by SBICs in portfolio companies (such as limiting the permissible interest rate on debt securities held by an SBIC in a portfolio company). Included in such limitations are SBA regulations which allow an SBIC to exercise control over a small business for a period of seven years from the date on which the SBIC initially acquires its control position. This control period may be extended for an additional period of time with the SBA's prior written approval.

The SBA restricts the ability of an SBIC to lend money to any of its officers, directors and employees or to invest in affiliates thereof. The SBA also prohibits, without prior SBA approval, a "change of control" of an SBIC or transfers that would result in any person (or a group of persons acting in concert) owning 10% or more of a class of equity of a licensed SBIC. A "change of control" is any event which would result in the transfer of the power, direct or indirect, to direct the management and policies of an SBIC, whether through ownership, contractual arrangements or otherwise.

An SBIC may generally have outstanding debentures guaranteed by the SBA in amounts up to twice the amount of the privately-raised funds of the SBIC(s). Debentures guaranteed by the SBA have a maturity of ten years, require semi-annual payments of interest, do not require any principal payments prior to maturity, and are not subject to prepayment penalties. As of December 31, 2013, we, through the Funds, had \$200.2 million of outstanding SBA-guaranteed debentures, which had an annual weighted average interest rate of approximately 3.8%.

SBICs must invest idle funds that are not being used to make loans in investments permitted under SBIC regulations in the following limited types of securities: (i) direct obligations of, or obligations guaranteed as to principal and interest by, the United States government, which mature within 15 months from the date of the investment; (ii) repurchase agreements with federally insured institutions with a maturity of seven days or less (and the securities underlying the repurchase obligations must be direct obligations of or guaranteed by the federal government); (iii) certificates of deposit with a maturity of one year or less, issued by a federally insured institution; (iv) a deposit account in a federally insured institution that is subject to a withdrawal restriction of one year or less; (v) a checking account in a federally insured institution; or (vi) a reasonable petty cash fund.

SBICs are periodically examined and audited by the SBA's staff to determine their compliance with SBIC regulations and are periodically required to file certain financial information and other documents with the SBA.

Neither the SBA nor the U.S. government or any of its agencies or officers has approved any ownership interest to be issued by us or any obligation that we or any of our subsidiaries may incur.

Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Sarbanes-Oxley Act Compliance

We are subject to the reporting and disclosure requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"), including the filing of quarterly, annual and current reports, proxy

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statements and other required items. In addition, we are subject to the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, which imposes a wide variety of regulatory requirements on publicly-held companies and their insiders. For example:

pursuant to Rule 13a-14 of the Exchange Act, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer are required to certify the accuracy of the financial statements contained in our periodic reports;

pursuant to Item 307 of Regulation S-K, our periodic reports are required to disclose our conclusions about the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures;

pursuant to Rule 13a-15 of the Exchange Act, our management is required to prepare a report regarding its assessment of our internal control over financial reporting, and our independent registered public accounting firm separately audits our internal control over financial reporting; and

pursuant to Item 308 of Regulation S-K and Rule 13a-15 of the Exchange Act, our periodic reports must disclose whether there were significant changes in our internal control over financial reporting or in other factors that could significantly affect these controls subsequent to the date of their evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

The New York Stock Exchange Corporate Governance Regulations

The New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") has adopted corporate governance regulations that listed companies must comply with. We believe we are in compliance with such corporate governance listing standards. We intend to monitor our compliance with all future listing standards and to take all necessary actions to ensure that we stay in compliance.

Investment Adviser Regulations

The External Investment Manager, which is wholly owned by us, is subject to regulation under the Advisers Act. The Advisers Act establishes, among other things, recordkeeping and reporting requirements, disclosure requirements, limitations on transactions between the adviser's account and an advisory client's account, limitations on transactions between the accounts of advisory clients, and general anti-fraud prohibitions. The External Investment Manager will be examined by the SEC from time to time for compliance with the Advisers Act.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

We may offer, from time to time, up to \$800,000,000 of our common stock, preferred stock, units, subscription rights, debt securities, or warrants representing rights to purchase shares of our securities, preferred stock or debt securities. We may sell the securities through underwriters or dealers, "at the market" to or through a market maker or into an existing market or otherwise, directly to one or more purchasers through or without agents or through a combination of any such methods of sale. Any underwriter or agent involved in the offer and sale of the securities will be named in the applicable prospectus supplement. A prospectus supplement or supplements will also describe the terms of the offering of the securities, including: the purchase price of the securities from us; any agency fees or underwriting discounts and other items constituting agents' or underwriters' compensation; the public offering price; any discounts or concessions allowed or re-allowed or paid to dealers; and any securities exchange or market on which the securities may be listed.

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The distribution of our securities may be effected from time to time in one or more transactions at a fixed price or prices, which may be changed, at prevailing market prices at the time of sale, at prices related to such prevailing market prices, or at negotiated prices, provided, however, that the offering price per share of our common stock less any underwriting commissions or discounts must equal or exceed the net asset value per share of our common stock except (i) with the requisite approval of our stockholders or (ii) under such other circumstances as the SEC may permit. See "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Our Business and Structure Stockholders may incur dilution if we sell shares of our common stock in one or more offerings at prices below the then current net asset value per share of our common stock or issue securities to subscribe to, convert to or purchase shares of our common stock" for a discussion of proposals approved by our stockholders that permit us to issue shares of our common stock below net asset value.

In connection with the sale of our securities, underwriters or agents may receive compensation from us or from purchasers of our securities, for whom they may act as agents, in the form of discounts, concessions or commissions. Underwriters may sell our securities to or through dealers and such dealers may receive compensation in the form of discounts, concessions or commissions from the underwriters and/or commissions from the purchasers for whom they may act as agents. Underwriters, dealers and agents that participate in the distribution of our securities may be deemed to be underwriters under the Securities Act, and any discounts and commissions under the Securities Act. Any such underwriter or agent will be identified and any such compensation received from us will be described in the applicable prospectus supplement.

We may enter into derivative transactions with third parties, or sell securities not covered by this prospectus to third parties in privately negotiated transactions. If the applicable prospectus supplement indicates, in connection with those derivatives, the third parties may sell securities covered by this prospectus and the applicable prospectus supplement, including in short sale transactions. If so, the third party may use securities pledged by us or borrowed from us or others to settle those sales or to close out any related open borrowings of stock, and may use securities received from us in settlement of those derivatives to close out any related open borrowings of stock. The third parties in such sale transactions will be underwriters and, if not identified in this prospectus, will be identified in the applicable prospectus supplement (or a post-effective amendment).

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable prospectus supplement, each class or series of securities will be a new issue with no trading market, other than our common stock, which is traded on the New York Stock Exchange. We may elect to list any other class or series of securities on any exchanges, but we are not obligated to do so. We cannot guarantee the liquidity of the trading markets for any securities.

Under agreements into which we may enter, underwriters, dealers and agents who participate in the distribution of our securities may be entitled to indemnification by us against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act. Underwriters, dealers and agents may engage in transactions with, or perform services for, us in the ordinary course of business.

If so indicated in the applicable prospectus supplement, we will authorize underwriters or other persons acting as our agents to solicit offers by certain institutions to purchase our securities from us pursuant to contracts providing for payment and delivery on a future date. Institutions with which such contracts may be made include commercial and savings banks, insurance companies, pension funds, investment companies, educational and charitable institutions and others, but in all cases such institutions must be approved by us. The obligations of any purchaser under any such contract will be subject to the condition that the purchase of our securities shall not at the time of delivery be prohibited under the laws of the jurisdiction to which such purchaser is subject. The underwriters and such other agents will not have any responsibility in respect of the validity or performance of such

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contracts. Such contracts will be subject only to those conditions set forth in the prospectus supplement, and the prospectus supplement will set forth the commission payable for solicitation of such contracts.

In order to comply with the securities laws of certain states, if applicable, our securities offered hereby will be sold in such jurisdictions only through registered or licensed brokers or dealers. In addition, in certain states, our securities may not be sold unless they have been registered or qualified for sale in the applicable state or an exemption from the registration or qualification requirement is available and is complied with.

The maximum amount of any compensation to be received by any member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. will not be greater than 10% for the sale of any securities being registered.

CUSTODIAN, TRANSFER AND DISTRIBUTION PAYING AGENT AND REGISTRAR

Our securities are held under custody agreements by Amegy Bank National Association, whose address is 1221 McKinney Street Level P-1 Houston, Texas 77010, and Branch Banking and Trust Company, whose address is 5130 Parkway Plaza Boulevard, Charlotte, North Carolina 28217. American Stock Transfer & Trust Company acts as our transfer agent, distribution paying agent and registrar. The principal business address of our transfer agent is 59 Maiden Lane New York, New York 10038, telephone number: (212) 936-5100.

BROKERAGE ALLOCATION AND OTHER PRACTICES

Since we generally acquire and dispose of our investments in privately negotiated transactions, we infrequently use brokers in the normal course of our business. Our investment team is primarily responsible for the execution of the publicly traded securities portion of our portfolio transactions and the allocation of brokerage commissions. We do not expect to execute transactions through any particular broker or dealer, but will seek to obtain the best net results for us, taking into account such factors as price (including the applicable brokerage commission or dealer spread), size of order, difficulty of execution, and operational facilities of the firm and the firm's risk and skill in positioning blocks of securities. While we will generally seek reasonably competitive trade execution costs, we will not necessarily pay the lowest spread or commission available. Subject to applicable legal requirements, we may select a broker based partly upon brokerage or research services provided to us. In return for such services, we may pay a higher commission than other brokers would charge if we determine in good faith that such commission is reasonable in relation to the services provided. We did not pay any brokerage commissions during the year ended December 31, 2013.

LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters in connection with the securities offered hereby will be passed upon for us by Sutherland Asbill & Brennan LLP, Washington D.C. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for underwriters, if any, by the counsel named in the prospectus supplement, if any.

INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The consolidated financial statements, Schedule 12-14 and the schedule of Senior Securities of Main Street Capital Corporation, included in this prospectus and elsewhere in the registration statement have been so included in reliance upon the reports of Grant Thornton LLP, independent registered public accountants, upon the authority of said firm as experts in giving said reports. Grant Thornton LLP's principal business address is 175 W. Jackson Blvd., 20th Floor, Chicago, Illinois, 60604.

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AVAILABLE INFORMATION

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form N-2, together with all amendments and related exhibits, under the Securities Act, with respect to the securities offered by this prospectus or any prospectus supplement. The registration statement contains additional information about us and our securities being offered by this prospectus or any prospectus supplement.

We file with or submit to the SEC annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information meeting the informational requirements of the Exchange Act. You may inspect and copy these reports, proxy statements and other information, as well as the registration statement and related exhibits and schedules, at the Public Reference Room of the SEC at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. You may obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. The SEC maintains an Internet site that contains reports, proxy and information statements and other information filed electronically by us with the SEC, which are available on the SEC's website at *www.sec.gov*. Copies of these reports, proxy and information statements and other information may be obtained, after paying a duplicating fee, by electronic request at the following e-mail address: *publicinfo@sec.gov*, or by writing the SEC's Public Reference Section, 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549.

PRIVACY NOTICE

We are committed to protecting your privacy. This privacy notice explains the privacy policies of Main Street and its affiliated companies. This notice supersedes any other privacy notice you may have received from Main Street.

We will safeguard, according to strict standards of security and confidentiality, all information we receive about you. The only information we collect from you is your name, address, and number of shares you hold. This information is used only so that we can send you annual reports and other information about us, and send you proxy statements or other information required by law.

We do not share this information with any non-affiliated third party except as described below.

The People and Companies that Make Up Main Street. It is our policy that only our authorized employees who need to know your personal information will have access to it. Our personnel who violate our privacy policy are subject to disciplinary action.

Service Providers. We may disclose your personal information to companies that provide services on our behalf, such as record keeping, processing your trades, and mailing you information. These companies are required to protect your information and use it solely for the purpose for which they received it.

Courts and Government Officials. If required by law, we may disclose your personal information in accordance with a court order or at the request of government regulators. Only that information required by law, subpoena, or court order will be disclosed.

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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Board of Directors and Stockholders' of Main Street Capital Corporation

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Main Street Capital Corporation (a Maryland corporation) and subsidiaries ("the Company"), including the consolidated schedule of investments, as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for each of three years in the period ended December 31, 2013 and the financial highlights (see Note I) for each of the five years in the period ended December 31, 2013. These financial statements and financial highlights are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and financial highlights based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements and financial highlights are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Our procedures included verification by confirmation of securities as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, by correspondence with the portfolio companies and custodians, or by other appropriate auditing procedures where replies where not received. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements and financial highlights referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Main Street Capital Corporation and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2013, and the financial highlights for each of the five years in the period ended December 31, 2013, and the United States of America.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2013, based on criteria established in the 1992 Internal Control Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO), and our report dated February 28, 2014, expressed an unqualified opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ GRANT THORNTON LLP

Houston, Texas February 28, 2014

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MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Balance Sheets

(in thousands, except shares and per share amounts)

	De	cember 31, 2013	De	cember 31, 2012
ASSETS				
Portfolio investments at fair value:				
Control investments (cost: \$277,411 and \$217,483 as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively)	\$	356,973	\$	278,475
Affiliate investments (cost: \$242,592 and \$142,607 as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively)	Ψ	268,113	Ψ	178,413
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate investments (cost: \$643,068 and \$456,975 as of December 31, 2013 and 2012,		200,115		170,115
respective[v]		661,102		467,543
Investment in affiliated Internal Investment Manager (cost: \$2,668 as of December 31, 2012)		,		,.
Total portfolio investments (cost: \$1,163,071 and \$819,733 as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively)		1,286,188		924.431
Marketable securities and idle funds investments (cost: \$14,885 and \$28,469 as of December 31, 2013 and 2012,		1,200,100		924,431
respectively)		13,301		28,535
		10,001		20,000
Total investments (cost: \$1,177,956 and \$848,202 as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively)		1,299,489		952,966
Cash and cash equivalents		34,701		63.517
Interest receivable and other assets		16,054		14,580
Deferred financing costs (net of accumulated amortization of \$4,722 and \$3,203 as of December 31, 2013 and 2012,		10,001		1,,000
respectively)		9,931		5,162
L •/		,		*
Total assets	\$	1,360,175	\$	1.036.225
	¢	1,500,175	φ	1,050,225

LIABILITIES

SBIC debentures (par: \$200,200 as of December 31, 2013 and \$225,000 as of December 31, 2012, par of \$75,200 and		
\$100,000 is recorded at a fair value of \$62,050 and \$86,467 as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively)	\$ 187,050	\$ 211,467
Credit facility	237,000	132,000
Notes payable	90,882	
Payable for securities purchased	27,088	20,661
Accounts payable and other liabilities	10,549	4,527
Dividend payable	6,577	5,188
Deferred tax liability, net	5,940	11,778
Interest payable	2,556	3,562
Payable to affiliated Internal Investment Manager		4,066

Total liabilities	567,642	393,249
Commitments and contingencies (Note N)		
NET ASSETS Common stock, \$0.01 par value per share (150,000,000 shares authorized; 39,852,604 and 34,589,484 shares issued		
and outstanding as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively)	398	346
Additional paid-in capital	694,981	544,136
	22,778	35,869

Accumulated net investment income, net of cumulative dividends of \$199,140 and \$115,401 as of December 31, 2013		
and 2012, respectively Accumulated net realized gain from investments (accumulated net realized gain from investments of \$17,115 before		
cumulative dividends of \$43,449 as of December 31, 2013 and accumulated net realized gain from investments of		
\$9,838 before cumulative dividends of \$28,993 as of December 31, 2012)	(26,334)	(19,155)
Net unrealized appreciation, net of income taxes	100,710	81,780
Total net assets	792,533	642,976
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 1,360,175	\$ 1,036,225
NET ASSET VALUE PER SHARE	\$ 19.89	\$ 18.59

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

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MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Statements of Operations

(in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Twelve Months Ended December 31,				
	2013	2012	2011		
INVESTMENT INCOME:					
Interest, fee and dividend income:					
Control investments \$	34,502	\$ 24,752 \$	\$ 25,051		
Affiliate investments	23,573	20,340	12,536		
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate investments	57,083	43,766	27,458		
Interest, fee and dividend income	115,158	88,858	65,045		
Interest, fee and dividend income from marketable securities and idle funds	1,339	1,662	1,195		
Total investment income	116,497	90,520	66,240		
EXPENSES:					
Interest	(20,238)	(15,631)	(13,518)		
Compensation	(8,560)				
General and administrative	(4,877)	(2,330)	(2,483)		
Share-based compensation	(4,210)	(2,565)	(2,047)		
Expenses reimbursed to affiliated Investment Manager	(3,189)	(10,669)	(8,915)		
Total expenses	(41,074)	(31,195)	(26,963)		
NET INVESTMENT INCOME	75,423	59,325	39,277		
NET REALIZED GAIN (LOSS):					
Control investments	8,669	(1,940)	407		
Affiliate investments	981	16,215	781		
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate investments	(2,705)	865	831		
Marketable securities and idle funds investments	332	1,339	620		
SBIC debentures	(4,775)				
Total net realized gain (loss)	2,502	16,479	2,639		
NET REALIZED INCOME	77,925	75,804	41,916		
NET CHANGE IN UNREALIZED APPRECIATION (DEPRECIATION):	,, 20		,,		
Portfolio investments	16,155	44,704	35,464		
Marketable securities and idle funds investments	(1,652)	(240)	(475)		
SBIC debentures	4,392	(4,751)	(6,329)		
Investment in affiliated Investment Manager		(253)	(182)		
Total net change in unrealized appreciation	18,895	39,460	28,478		

			-,,-//
WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES OUTSTANDING BASIC AND DILUTED	36,617,850	29,540,114	22,850,299
Total	\$ 2.66	\$ 1.71	\$ 1.56
Supplemental dividends	0.80		
Regular monthly dividends	\$ 1.86	\$ 1.71	\$ 1.56
COMMON STOCK PER SHARE BASIC AND DILUTED DIVIDENDS PAID PER SHARE:	\$ 2.65	\$ 3.53	\$ 2.76
NET INCREASE IN NET ASSETS RESULTING FROM OPERATIONS ATTRIBUTABLE TO			
NET REALIZED INCOME PER SHARE BASIC AND DILUTED	\$ 2.13	\$ 2.56	\$ 1.80
NET INVESTMENT INCOME PER SHARE BASIC AND DILUTED	\$ 2.06	\$ 2.01	\$ 1.69
NET INCREASE IN NET ASSETS RESULTING FROM OPERATIONS ATTRIBUTABLE TO COMMON STOCK	\$ 96,855	\$ 104,390	\$ 62,967
NET INCREASE IN NET ASSETS RESULTING FROM OPERATIONS Noncontrolling interest	96,855	104,444 (54)	64,106 (1,139)
Income tax benefit (provision)	35	(10,820)	(6,288)
Federal and state income, excise, and other taxes Deferred taxes	(3,556) 3,591	(2,818) (8,002)	(553) (5,735)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets

(in thousands, except shares)

	Common S Number of	Stock Par	ľ		Net Realized	Net d Unrealized lppreciation fro Investments, , Net of Income		oncontrollin	Total Net Assets Including Incontrolling
	Shares	Value	Capital	Dividends	Dividends	Taxes	Asset Value	Interest	Interest
Balances at December 31, 2010	18,797,444	\$ 188	\$ 224,485	\$ 9,262	\$ (20,542) \$ 32,142	\$ 245,535	\$ 4,448	\$ 249,983
Public offering of common stock, net of									
offering costs	7,475,000	75	127,699				127,774		127,774
Share-based compensation			2,047				2,047		2,047
Purchase of vested stock for employee									
payroll tax withholding	(32,725)		(674)				(674)		(674)
Dividend reinvestment	348,695	3	6,608				6,611		6,611
Issuance of restricted stock	125,970	1	(1)						
Distributions to noncontrolling interest								(110)	(110)
Dividends to stockholders				(36,008)	(2,541)	(38,549)		(38,549)
Net increase resulting from operations				39,277	2,638	22,191	64,106		64,106
Noncontrolling interest						(1,139) (1,139)	1,139	

Balances at December 31, 2011 26,714,384 \$ 267 \$ 360,164	\$ 12,531 \$ (20,445) \$	53,194 \$ 405,711 \$	5,477 \$ 411,188
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Balances at December 31, 2011	26,714,384	\$ 267 \$	\$ 360,164 \$	12,531 \$	(20,445) \$	53,194 \$	405,711 \$	5,477 \$	411,188
Public offering of common stock, net of									
offering costs	7,187,500	72	169,874				169,946		169,946
MSC II noncontrolling interest									
acquisition	229,634	2	5,328				5,330	(5,417)	(87)
Adjustment to investment in Internal									
Investment Manager related to MSC II									
noncontrolling interest acquisition			(1,616)				(1,616)		(1,616)
Share-based compensation			2,565				2,565		2,565
Purchase of vested stock for employee									
payroll tax withholding	(43,503)		(1,096)				(1,096)		(1,096)
Dividend reinvestment	349,960	3	8,919				8,922		8,922
Issuance of restricted stock	151,509	2	(2)						
Distributions to noncontrolling interest								(114)	(114)
Dividends to stockholders				(35,987)	(15,189)		(51,176)		(51,176)
Net increase resulting from operations				59,325	16,479	28,640	104,444		104,444
Noncontrolling interest						(54)	(54)	54	
Balances at December 31, 2012	34,589,484	\$ 346 \$	\$ 544,136 \$	35,869 \$	(19,155) \$	81,780 \$	642,976 \$	\$	642,976

Balances at December 31, 2012	34,589,484 \$	346 \$ 544,136 \$	35,869 \$ (19,155) \$	81,780 \$ 642,976 \$	\$ 642,976
	4,600,000	46 \$ 131,407		131,453	131,453

Public offering of common stock, net of offering costs								
Share-based compensation			4,210				4,210	4,210
Purchase of vested stock for employee								
payroll tax withholding	(62,025)	(1)	(1,764)				(1,765)	(1,765)
Dividend reinvestment	433,218	4	13,622				13,626	13,626
Amortization of directors' deferred								
compensation			138				138	138
Issuance of restricted stock	275,145	3	(3)					
Tax benefit related to vesting of								
restricted shares			620				620	620
Forfeited shares of terminated								
employees	(1,343)							
Consolidation of Internal Investment								
Manager			2,037				2,037	2,037
Issuances of common stock	18,125		578				578	578
Dividends to stockholders				(83,739)	(14,456)		(98,195)	(98,195)
Net increase resulting from operations				70,648	7,277	18,930	96,855	96,855
Balances at December 31, 2013	39,852,604	398 \$	694,981	22,778	(26,334)	100,710	792,533	792,533

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

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MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(in thousands)

	Twelve Months Ended December 31,			oer 31,	
	2013		2012		2011
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 96,855	\$	104,444	\$	64,106
Adjustments to reconcile net increase in net assets resulting from operations to net cash used in					
operating activities:					
Investments in portfolio companies	(767,457)		(639,776)		(358,889)
Proceeds from sales and repayments of debt investments in portfolio companies	446,042		400,017		158,101
Proceeds from sale of equity investments in portfolio companies	18,991		35,106		2,131
Investments in marketable securities and idle funds investments	(54,011)		(14,379)		(33,470)
Proceeds from marketable securities and idle funds investments	51,662		34,504		11,665
Net change in unrealized appreciation	(18,895)		(39,460)		(28,478)
Net realized (gain) loss	(2,502)		(16,479)		(2,639)
Accretion of unearned income	(10,881)		(12,409)		(6,842)
Payment-in-kind interest	(5,041)		(4,425)		(2,321)
Cumulative dividends	(1,377)		(315)		(1,651)
Share-based compensation expense	4,210		2,565		2,047
Amortization of deferred financing costs	1,519		1,036		662
Deferred taxes	(3,591)		8,002		5,735
Changes in other assets and liabilities:	07		2 (01		(2, 1(2))
Interest receivable and other assets	87		2,681		(2,163)
Interest payable	(1,006)		(422)		789
Payable to affiliated Internal Investment Manager Accounts payable and other liabilities	(3,960)		(765)		4,816 998
Deferred fees and other	5,137 3,512		1,941 2,475		2,098
	- ,-		,		,
Net cash used in operating activities	(240,706)		(135,659)		(183,305)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Proceeds from public offering of common stock, net of offering costs	131,453		169,946		127,773
Proceeds from public offering of 6.125% Notes	92,000				
Repurchases of 6.125% Notes	(1,108)				
Dividends paid to stockholders	(83,180)		(39,922)		(28,330)
Proceeds from issuance of SBIC debentures	39,000		21,000		40,000
Repayments of SBIC debentures	(63,800)		(16,000)		
Proceeds from credit facility	460,000		311,000		220,000
Repayments on credit facility	(355,000)		(286,000)		(152,000)
Payment of deferred loan costs and SBIC debenture fees	(6,288)		(2,201)		(2,287)
Other	(1,187)		(1,297)		(1,535)
Net cash provided by financing activities	211,890		156,526		203,621
					,
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(28,816)		20,867		20,316
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	63,517		42,650		22,334

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CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD	\$	34,701	\$	63,517	\$	42,650
Supplemental cash flow disclosures:						
Interest Paid	\$	19,760	\$	15,017	\$	12,067
Taxes paid	\$	2,431	\$	798	\$	194
Non-cash financing activities:						
Shares issued pursuant to the DRIP	\$	13,627	\$	8,922	\$	6,611

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS

Portfolio Company(1) Control Investments(5)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
ASC Interests, LLC	Recreational and Educational Shooting Facility	11% Secured Debt (Maturity July 31, 2018) Member Units (Fully diluted 48.4%)	3,500	3,434 1,500 4,934	3,434 1,500 4,934
Bond-Coat, Inc.	Casing and Tubing Coating Services	12% Secured Debt (Maturity December 28, 2017) Common Stock (Fully diluted 42.9%)	14,750	14,581 6,220 20,801	14,750 8,850 23,600
Café Brazil, LLC	Casual Restaurant Group	Member Units (Fully diluted 69.0%)(8)		1,742	6,770
California Healthcare Medical Billing, Inc.	Outsourced Billing and Revenue Cycle Management	12% Secured Debt (Maturity October 17, 2015) Warrants (Fully diluted 21.3%) Common Stock (Fully diluted 9.8%)	8,103	7,973 1,193 1,177 10,343	8,103 3,380 1,560 13,043
CBT Nuggets, LLC	Produces and Sells IT Training Certification Videos	Member Units (Fully diluted 41.6%)(8)		1,300	16,700
Ceres Management, LLC (Lambs Tire & Automotive)	Aftermarket Automotive Services Chain	 14% Secured Debt (Maturity May 31, 2018) Class B Member Units (12% cumulative)(8) Member Units (Fully diluted 65.0%) 9.5% Secured Debt (Lamb's Real Estate Investment I, LLC) (Maturity October 1, 2025) Member Units (Lamb's Real Estate Investment I, LLC) (Fully diluted 100.0%)(8) 	4,000	4,000 3,586 5,273 1,017 625	4,000 3,586 1,190 1,017 1,060
				14,501	10,853

Manufacturer and Supplier of Dental Products				
	14% Secured Debt (Maturity January 12,			
	2018)	5,800	5,693	5,693
	Member Units (Fully diluted 32.0%)		1,200	1,200
			6,893	6,893
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		of Dental Products 14% Secured Debt (Maturity January 12, 2018) Member Units (Fully diluted 32.0%)	of Dental Products 14% Secured Debt (Maturity January 12, 2018) 5,800 Member Units (Fully diluted 32.0%)	of Dental Products 14% Secured Debt (Maturity January 12, 2018) 5,800 5,693 Member Units (Fully diluted 32.0%) 1,200 6,893

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Gulf Manufacturing, LLC	Manufacturer of Specialty Fabricated Industrial Piping Products	9% PIK Secured Debt (Ashland Capital IX, LLC) (Maturity June 30, 2017) Member Units (Fully diluted 34.2%)(8)	919	919 2,980 3,899	919 13,220 14,139
Harrison Hydra-Gen, Ltd.	Manufacturer of Hydraulic Generators	12% Secured Debt (Maturity June 4, 2015) Preferred Stock (8% cumulative)(8) Common Stock (Fully diluted 34.4%)	4,896	4,659 1,167 718 6,544	4,896 1,167 1,340 7,403
Hawthorne Customs and Dispatch Services, LLC	Facilitator of Import Logistics, Brokerage, and Warehousing	Member Units (Fully diluted 47.6%)(8) Member Units (Wallisville Real Estate, LLC) (Fully diluted 59.1%)(8)		589 1,215 1,804	440 2,050 2,490
Hydratec, Inc.	Designer and Installer of Micro-Irrigation Systems	Common Stock (Fully diluted 95.9%)(8)		7,095	13,720
IDX Broker, LLC	Provider of Marketing and CRM Tools for Real Estate	12.5% Secured Debt (Maturity November 18, 2018) Member Units (Fully diluted 63.9%)	10,571	10,467 5,029 15,496	10,467 5,029 15,496
Impact Telecom, Inc.	Telecommunications Services	LIBOR Plus 4.50%, Current Coupon 6.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 31, 2018)(9) 13% Secured Debt (Maturity May 31, 2018) Warrants (Fully diluted 40.0%)	1,575 22,500	1,568 14,690 8,000 24,258	1,568 14,690 8,760 25,018

15% Secured Debt (Maturity September 15, 2014) Warrants (Fully diluted 30.1%)	3,550	3,483 1,129 4,612	3,550 2,200 5,750
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MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Portfolio Company(1) Jensen Jewelers of Idaho, LLC	Business Description Retail Jewelry Store	Type of Investment(2)(3) Prime Plus 6.75%, Current Coupon	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
		10.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 14, 2016)(9) Member Units (Fully diluted 60.8%)(8)	4,255	4,193 811	4,255 3,310
				5,004	7,565
Lighting Unlimited, LLC	Commercial and Residential Lighting Products and Design Services	8% Secured Debt (Maturity August 22, 2014) Preferred Stock (non-voting) Warrants (Fully diluted 7.1%) Common Stock (Fully diluted 70.0%)	1,676	1,676 459 54 100 2,289	1,676 470 30 250 2,426
Marine Shelters Holdings, LLC (LoneStar Marine Shelters)	Fabricator of Marine and Industrial Shelters	12% Secured Debt (Maturity December 28, 2017) Preferred Stock (Fully diluted 26.7%)	10,250	10,076 3,750	10,076 3,750
				13,826	13,826
Mid-Columbia Lumber Products, LLC	Manufacturer of Finger-Jointed Lumber Products				
		10% Secured Debt (Maturity December 18, 2017) 12% Secured Debt	1,750	1,750	1,750
		(Maturity December 18, 2017) 9.5% Secured Debt (Mid-Columbia Real	3,900	3,900	3,900
		Estate, LLC) (Maturity May 13, 2025) Member Units (Fully diluted 54.0%)(8) Member Units (Mid-Columbia Real	972	972 1,132	972 8,280
		Estate, LLC) (Fully diluted 50.0%)(8)		250	440
				8,004	15,342
MSC Adviser I, LLC	Investment Adviser	Member Units (Fully diluted 100.0%)			1,064
NAPCO Precast, LLC	Precast Concrete Manufacturing	Drime Dive 20% Current Courses 0%			
		Prime Plus 2%, Current Coupon 9%, Secured Debt (Maturity September 1, 2015)(9)	2,750	2,703	2,750

Prime Plus 2%, Current Coupon 9%, Secured Debt (Maturity February 1, 2016)(9) 18% Secured Debt (Maturity February 1, 2016) Member Units (Fully diluted 44.0%)(8)	2,923 4,468	2,893 4,418 2,975 12,989	2,923 4,468 5,920 16,061
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MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Portfolio Company(1) NRI Clinical Research, LLC	Business Description Clinical Research Center	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
		14% Secured Debt (Maturity September 8, 2016) Warrants (Fully diluted 12.5%) Member Units (Fully diluted 24.8%)	4,394	4,226 252 500	4,226 440 870
				4,978	5,536
NRP Jones, LLC	Manufacturer of Hoses, Fittings and Assemblies	12% Secured Debt (Maturity December 22, 2016) Warrants (Fully diluted 12.2%) Member Units (Fully diluted 43.2%)(8)	12,100	11,382 817 2,900	12,100 1,420 5,050
				15,099	18,570
OMi Holdings, Inc.	Manufacturer of Overhead Cranes	Common Stock (Fully diluted 48.0%)(8)		1,080	13,420
Pegasus Research Group, LLC (Televerde)	Telemarketing and Data Services	15% Secured Debt (Maturity January 6, 2016) Member Units (Fully diluted 43.7%)(8)	4,791	4,760 1,250 6,010	4,791 4,860 9,651
PPL RVs, Inc.	Recreational Vehicle Dealer	11.1% Secured Debt (Maturity June 10, 2015) Common Stock (Fully diluted 51.1%)	7,860	7,827 2,150	7,860 7,990
Principle Environmental, LLC	Noise Abatement Services			9,977	15,850
•		12% Secured Debt (Maturity February 1, 2016) 12% Current / 2% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity February 1, 2016) Warrants (Fully diluted 14.6%) Member Units (Fully diluted 22.6%)(8)	3,506 4,674	3,070 4,617 1,200 1,863 10,750	3,506 4,656 2,620 4,180 14,962
River Aggregates, LLC	Processor of Construction Aggregates	12% Secured Debt (Maturity June 30, 2018)	500	500	500

Zero Coupon Secured Debt (Maturity June 30, 2018) Member Units (Fully diluted 38.3%) Member Units (RA Properties, LLC) (Fully diluted 50.0%)	750	421 1,150 369	421 369
F-10		2,440	1,290

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Southern RV, LLC	Recreational Vehicle Dealer	 13% Secured Debt (Maturity August 8, 2018) Member Units (Fully diluted 50.2%) 13% Secured Debt (Southern RV Real Estate, LLC) (Maturity August 8, 2018) Member Units (Southern RV Real Estate, LLC) (Fully diluted 55.69%) 	11,400 3,250	11,239 1,680 3,204 480	11,239 1,680 3,204 480
				16,603	16,603
The MPI Group, LLC	Manufacturer of Custom Hollow Metal Doors, Frames and Accessories	 4.5% Current / 4.5% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity July 1, 2014) 6% Current / 6% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity July 1, 2014) Warrants (Fully diluted 52.3%) 	1,079 5,639	1,079 5,639 1,096 7,814	880 4,600 5,480
Travis Acquisition LLC	Manufacturer of			7,011	5,100
	Aluminum Trailers	12% Secured Debt (Maturity August 30, 2018) Member Units (Fully diluted 65.5%)	9,200	9,025 7,100 16,125	9,025 7,100 16,125
Uvalco Supply, LLC	Farm and Ranch Supply Store	9% Secured Debt (Maturity January 1, 2019) Member Units (Fully diluted 42.8%)(8)	2,175	2,175 1,113 3,288	2,175 3,730 5,905
Vision Interests, Inc.	Manufacturer / Installer of Commercial Signage	13% Secured Debt (Maturity December 23, 2016) Series A Preferred Stock (Fully diluted 50.9%) Common Stock (Fully diluted 19.1%)	3,204	3,158 3,000 3,706 9,864	3,158 1,510 4,668
Ziegler's NYPD, LLC	Casual Restaurant Group	Prime Plus 2%, Current Coupon 9%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 1,	1,000	1,000	1,000

	2018)(9) 9% Current / 9% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity October 1, 2018) Warrants (Fully diluted 46.6%)	5,449	5,449 600	4,820
			7,049	5,820
Subtotal Control Investments (27.5% of total investments at fair value)			277,411	356,973

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CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
<u>Affiliate Investments(6)</u>					
American Sensor Technologies, Inc.	Manufacturer of Commercial / Industrial Sensors	Warrants (Fully diluted 19.6%)		50	10,100
Bridge Capital Solutions Corporation	Financial Services and Cash Flow Solutions	13% Secured Debt (Maturity April 17, 2017) Warrants (Fully diluted 7.5%)	5,000	4,799 200 4,999	4,799 530 5,329
Buffalo Composite Materials Holdings, LLC(10)	Manufacturer of Fiberglass Products	Member Units (Fully diluted 23.1%)		2,035	2,035
Condit Exhibits, LLC	Tradeshow Exhibits / Custom Displays	12% Secured Debt (Maturity July 31, 2018) Warrants (Fully diluted 15.0%)(8)	3,750	3,750 100 3,850	3,750 540 4,290
Congruent Credit Opportunities Funds(12)(13)	Investment Partnership	LP Interests (Congruent Credit Opportunities Fund II, LP) (Fully diluted 19.8%)(8) LP Interests (Congruent Credit Opportunities Fund III, LP) (Fully diluted 17.4%)		22,060 4,128 26,188	22,692 4,128 26,820
Daseke, Inc.	Specialty Transportation Provider	12% Current / 2.5% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity July 31, 2018) Common Stock (Fully diluted 12.6%)	20,206	19,828 4,642 24,470	19,828 11,689 31,517
Dos Rios Partners(12)(13)	Investment Partnership	LP Interests (Dos Rios Partners, LP) (Fully diluted 27.69%) LP Interests (Dos Rios Partners A, LP) (Fully diluted 9.14%)		1,269 403	1,269 403

			1,672	1,672
East Teak Fine Hardwoods, Inc.	Hardwood Products	Common Stock (Fully diluted 5.0%)	480	450
Freeport Financial SBIC Fund LP(12)(13)	Investment Partnership	LP Interests (Fully diluted 9.9%)	1,618	1,618
		F-12		

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Gault Financial, LLC (RMB Capital, LLC)	Purchases and Manages Liquidation of Distressed Assets	14% Secured Debt (Maturity November 21, 2016) Warrants (Fully diluted 22.5%)	12,165	11,747 400 12,147	10,550 10,550
Glowpoint, Inc.	Cloud Managed Video Collaboration Services	 8% Secured Debt (Maturity October 18, 2018) 12% Secured Debt (Maturity October 18, 2018) Common Stock (Fully diluted 21.8%) (GP Investment Holdings, LLC) 	300 9,000	294 8,892 3,800 12,986	294 8,892 10,235 19,421
Houston Plating and Coatings, LLC	Plating and Industrial Coating Services	Member Units (Fully diluted 11.1%)(8)		635	9,160
Indianhead Pipeline Services, LLC	Pipeline Support Services	12% Secured Debt (Maturity February 6, 2017) Preferred Equity (8% cumulative)(8) Warrants (Fully diluted 10.6%) Member Units (Fully diluted 12.1%)(8)	7,800	7,394 1,832 459 1	7,800 1,832 470 530
				9,686	10,632
Integrated Printing Solutions, LLC	Specialty Card Printing	8% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity January 31, 2014)(14) 13% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity September 23, 2016)(14) Preferred Equity (Fully diluted 11.0%) Warrants (Fully diluted 8.0%)	750 12,500	750 11,918 2,000 600 15,268	750 8,365 9,115
irth Solutions, LLC	Damage Prevention				
	Technology Information Services	Member Units (Fully diluted 12.8%)(8)		624	3,300
KBK Industries, LLC	Specialty Manufacturer of Oilfield and Industrial Products		9,000	8,927	9,000
			9,000	0,927	9,000

12.5% Secured Debt (Maturity September 28, 2017) Member Units (Fully diluted 17.5%)(8)	341 9,268	5,740 14,740
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MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Portfolio Company(1) OnAsset Intelligence, Inc.	Business Description Transportation Monitoring / Tracking Services	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
	, making services	12% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity June 30, 2014) Preferred Stock (7% cumulative) (Fully diluted 3.6%)(8) Warrants (Fully diluted 14.2%)	2,330	1,788 1,815 1,787	1,788 2,602 370
				5,390	4,760
OPI International Ltd.(13)	Oil and Gas Construction Services	Common Equity (Fully diluted 11.5%)		1,371	4,971
PCI Holding Company, Inc.	Manufacturer of Industrial Gas Generating Systems	12% Current / 4% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity December 18, 2017) Preferred Stock (20% cumulative) (Fully diluted 19.4%)(8)	4,449	4,376 1,847	4,449 3,311
				6,223	7,760
Quality Lease and Rental Holdings, LLC	Rigsite Accommodation Unit Rental and Related Services	12% Secured Debt (Maturity January 8, 2018)(14) Preferred Member Units (Rocaciea, LLC) (Fully diluted 20.0%)	37,350	36,843 2,500 39,343	20,000
Radial Drilling Services Inc.	Oil and Gas Technology	12% Secured Debt (Maturity November 22, 2016) Warrants (Fully diluted 24.0%)	4,200	3,626 758	3,626
				4,384	3,626
Samba Holdings, Inc.	Intelligent Driver Record Monitoring Software and Services	12.5% Secured Debt (Maturity November 17, 2016) Common Stock (Fully diluted 19.4%)	11,453	11,325 1,707 13,032	11,453 4,510 15,963

LIBOR Plus 7.50%, Current Coupon 8.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 19, 2018) Warrants (Fully diluted 9.8%)	17,878	17,504 887	17,878 3,850
F-14		18,391	21,728

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2013 (in thousands)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
SYNEO, LLC	Manufacturer of Specialty Cutting Tools and Punches	12% Secured Debt (Maturity July 13, 2016)	4,300	4,238	4,238
		10% Secured Debt (Leadrock Properties, LLC) (Maturity May 4, 2026) Member Units (Fully diluted 10.8%)	1,440	1,414 1,036	1,414 740
				6,688	6,392
Texas Reexcavation LC	Hydro Excavation Services	12% Current / 3% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity December 31, 2017) Class A Member Units (Fully diluted 16.3%)	6,185	6,082 2,900 8,982	6,082 3,270 9,352
Tin Roof Acquisition Company	Casual Restaurant Group			0,702	,,,,,
Thi Rooi Acquistion Company	Casual Restaurant Group	12% Secured Debt (Maturity November 30, 2018) Class C Preferred Member Units (10%	11,000	10,785	10,785
		cumulative) (Fully diluted 10.0%)(8)		2,027	2,027
				12,812	12,812
Subtotal Affiliate Investments (20.6% of total investments at fair value)				242,592	268,113

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CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2013 (in thousands)

Portfolio Company(1) Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments(Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
non-Control/non-Arrinate investments(_				
ABG Intermediate Holdings 2, LLC(11)	Trademark Licensing of Clothing	LIBOR Plus 5.00%, Current Coupon 6.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 28, 2019)(9)	7,500	7,463	7,463
Allflex Holdings III Inc.(11)	Manufacturer of Livestock Identification Products	LIBOR Plus 7.00%, Current Coupon 8.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 19, 2021)(9)	5,000	4,952	5,076
Alvogen Pharma US, Inc.(11)	Pharmaceutical Company Focused on Generics	LIBOR Plus 5.75%, Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 23, 2018)(9)	1,966	1,938	1,996
AM General LLC(11)	Specialty Vehicle Manufacturer	LIBOR Plus 9.00%, Current Coupon 10.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity March 22, 2018)(9)	2,850	2,775	2,501
AM3 Pinnacle Corporation(10)	Provider of Comprehensive Internet, TV and Voice Services for Multi-Dwelling Unit Properties	10% Secured Debt (Maturity October 22, 2018) Common Stock (Fully diluted 3.2%)	22,500	22,320 2,000 24,320	22,320 2,000 24,320
American Beacon Advisors Inc.(11)	Provider of Sub-Advised Investment Products	LIBOR Plus 3.75%, Current Coupon 4.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 22, 2019)(9)	6,500	6,436	6,534
AmeriTech College, LLC	For-Profit Nursing and Healthcare College	18% Secured Debt (Maturity March 9, 2017)	6,050	5,960	6,050
AMF Bowling Centers, Inc.(11)	Bowling Alley Operator	LIBOR Plus 7.50%, Current Coupon 8.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 29, 2018)(9)	4,938	4,799	4,975

Anchor Hocking, LLC(11)

Household Products Manufacturer

LIBOR Plus 6.25%, Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 21, 2020)(9)

6,900 7,078

6,965

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Ancile Solutions, Inc.(11)	Provider of eLearning Solutions	LIBOR Plus 5.00%, Current Coupon 6.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 15, 2018)(9)	9,628	9,571	9,652
Answers Corporation(11)	Consumer Internet Search Services Provider	LIBOR Plus 5.50%, Current Coupon 6.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 20, 2018)(9)	8,500	8,415	8,436
AP Gaming I, LLC(10)	Developer, Manufacturer, and Operator of Gaming Machines	LIBOR Plus 8.25%, Current Coupon 9.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 20, 2020)(9)	7,000	6,790	6,913
Apria Healthcare Group, Inc.(11)	Provider of Home Healthcare Equipment	LIBOR Plus 5.50%, Current Coupon 6.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 6, 2020)(9)	5,473	5,441	5,500
Artel, LLC(11)	Land-Based and Commercial Satellite Provider	LIBOR Plus 6.00%, Current Coupon 7.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 27, 2017)(9)	5,953	5,878	5,864
Atkins Nutritionals Holdings II, Inc.(11)	Weight Management Food Products	LIBOR Plus 5.00%, Current Coupon 6.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity January 2, 2019)(9)	1,985	1,985	2,010
B.J. Alan Company	Retailer and Distributor of Consumer Fireworks	12.5% Current / 2.5% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity June 22, 2017)	11,235	11,158	11,158
BBTS Borrower LP(11)	Oil & Gas Exploration and Midstream Services	LIBOR Plus 6.50%, Current Coupon 7.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 4, 2019)(9)	6,948	6,883	7,013
Blackhawk Specialty Tools LLC(11)	Oilfield Equipment & Services	LIBOR Plus 5.25%, Current Coupon 6.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 1, 2019)(9)	5,413	5,375	5,399

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Portfolio Company(1) Bluestem Brands, Inc.(11)	Business Description Multi-Channel Retailer of General Merchandise	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
		LIBOR Plus 6.50%, Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 6, 2018)(9)	4,000	3,921	3,960
Brand Connections, LLC	Venue-Based Marketing and Media	12% Secured Debt (Maturity April 30, 2015)	7,063	6,983	7,063
Brasa Holdings Inc.(11)	Upscale Full Service Restaurants	LIBOR Plus 4.75%, Current Coupon 5.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 19, 2010)	2.456	0.070	2,400
		2019)(9) LIBOR Plus 9.50%, Current Coupon 11.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity January 20, 2020)(9)	3,456 3,857	3,379 3,820	3,498 3,896
				7,199	7,394
Calloway Laboratories, Inc.(10)	Health Care Testing Facilities	12.00% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity September 30, 2014) Warrants (Fully diluted 1.5%)	6,336	6,276 17	4,738
				6,293	4,738
CDC Software Corporation(11)	Enterprise Application Software	LIBOR Plus 6.00%, Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 6, 2018)(9)	4,197	4,163	4,244
Cedar Bay Generation Company LP(11)	Coal-Fired Cogeneration Plant	LIBOR Plus 5.00%, Current Coupon 6.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 23, 2020)(9)	7,964	7,891	8,028
Charlotte Russe, Inc(11)	Fast-Fashion Retailer to Young Women	LIBOR Plus 5.50%, Current Coupon 6.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 22, 2019)(9)	4,988	4,942	4,919
CHI Overhead Doors, Inc.(11)	Manufacturer of Overhead Garage Doors	LIBOR Plus 9.50%, Current Coupon 11.00%, Secured Debt			
		(Maturity September 18, 2019)(9)	2,500	2,462	2,513

Collective	Brands	Finance,	Inc.(11)
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Specialty Footwear Retailer

LIBOR Plus 6.00%, Current Coupon 7.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 9, 2019)(9)

2,481 2,481 2,494

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CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Compact Power Equipment, Inc.	Equipment / Tool Rental	6% Current / 6% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity October 1, 2017) Series A Stock (8% cumulative) (Fully diluted 4.2%)(8)	3,918	3,901 998	3,918 2,230
				4,899	6,148
CGSC of Delaware Holdings Corp.(11)(13)	Insurance Brokerage Firm	LIBOR Plus 7.00%, Current Coupon 8.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 16, 2020)(9)	2,000	1,972	1,940
Connolly Holdings Inc.(11)	Audit Recovery Software	LIBOR Plus 5.25%, Current Coupon 6.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 13, 2018)(9) LIBOR Plus 9.25%, Current Coupon 10.50%, Secured Debt	2,395	2,376	2,405
		(Maturity January 15, 2019)(9)	2,000	1,967 4,343	2,045 4,450
CST Industries Inc.(11)	Storage Tank Manufacturer	LIBOR Plus 6.25%, Current Coupon 7.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 22, 2017)(9)	11,563	11,436	11,389
Drilling Info, Inc.	Information Services for the Oil and Gas Industry	Common Stock (Fully diluted 2.1%)		1,335	9,470
Emerald Performance Materials, Inc.(11)	Specialty Chemicals Manufacturer	LIBOR Plus 5.50%, Current Coupon 6.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 18, 2018)(9)	4,434	4,401	4,467
EnCap Energy Fund Investments(12)(13)	Investment Partnership	LP Interests (EnCap Energy Capital Fund VIII, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.1%)(8) LP Interests (EnCap Energy Capital		2,868	2,985
		Fund VIII Co-Investors, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.3%) LP Interests (EnCap Energy Capital Fund IX, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.1%)		1,192 646	1,301 646
		LP Interests (EnCap Flatrock Midstream Fund II, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.8%)		2,723	2,723
				7,429	7,655

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Portfolio Company(1) e-Rewards, Inc.(11)	Business Description Provider of Digital Data	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
	Collection	LIBOR Plus 5.00%, Current Coupon 6.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 29, 2018)(9)	11,000	10,786	10,931
Excelitas Technologies Corp.(11)	Lighting and Sensor Components	LIBOR Plus 5.00%, Current Coupon 6.00%. Secured Debt			
		(Maturity November 2, 2020)(9)	3,958	3,919	3,987
Fender Musical Instruments Corporation(11)	Manufacturer of Musical Instruments	LIBOR Plus 4.50%, Current Coupon 5.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 3, 2019)(9)	448	443	455
FC Operating, LLC(10)	Christian Specialty Retail				
	Stores	LIBOR Plus 10.75%, Current Coupon 12.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 14, 2017)(9)	5,550	5,459	5,437
FishNet Security, Inc.(11)	Information Technology Value-Added Reseller	LIBOR Plus 5.00%, Current Coupon 6.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 30, 2017)(9)	7,920	7,856	7,965
Fram Group Holdings, Inc.(11)	Manufacturer of Automotive Maintenance Products	LIBOR Plus 5.00%, Current Coupon 6.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 31, 2017)(9) LIBOR Plus 9.00%, Current Coupon 10.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity January 29, 2018)(9)	964 1,000	961 996 1,957	958 953 1,911
Gastar Exploration USA, Inc.(11)	Oil & Gas Exploration & Production	8.63% Secured Bond (Maturity May 15, 2018)	1,000	1,000	983
Getty Images, Inc.(11)	Digital Photography and Video Content Marketplace	LIBOR Plus 3.50%, Current Coupon 4.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 18, 2019)(9)	4,987	4,501	4,665
		F-20			

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Portfolio Company(1) Golden Nugget, Inc.(11)	Business Description Owner & Operator of	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
	Hotels & Casinos	LIBOR Plus 4.50%, Current Coupon 5.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 21, 2019)(9)	1,400	1,380	1,424
Grupo Hima San Pablo, Inc.(11)	Tertiary Care Hospitals	LIBOR Plus 7.00%, Current Coupon 8.50%, Secured Debt			
		(Maturity January 31, 2018)(9) 13.75 Secured Debt (Maturity July 31,	4,963	4,877	4,714
		2018)	2,000	1,911	1,900
				6,788	6,614
Healogics, Inc.(11)	Wound Care Management	Common Equity (Fully diluted 0.02%)(8)		50	50
iEnergizer Limited(11)(13)	Provider of Business Outsourcing Solutions	LIBOR Plus 6.00%, Current Coupon			
		7.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 1, 2019)(9)	8,150	8,020	8,028
Inn of the Mountain Gods Resort and Casino(11)	Hotel & Casino				
		9.25% Secured Debt (Maturity November 30, 2020)	4,096	3,901	3,953
Ipreo Holdings LLC(11)	Application Software for Capital Markets				
		LIBOR Plus 4.00%, Current Coupon 5.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 5, 2017)(9)	5,637	5,630	5,721
Ivy Hill Middle Market Credit Fund III, Ltd.(12)(13)	Investment Partnership				
		LIBOR Plus 6.50%, Current Coupon 6.78%, Secured Debt (Maturity January 15, 2022)	2,000	1,704	2,000
Jackson Hewitt Tax Service Inc.(11)	Tax Preparation Services	LIBOR Plus 8.50%, Current Coupon			
		10.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 16, 2017)(9)	4,844	4,688	4,820
Joerns Healthcare, LLC(11)	Health Care Equipment & Supplies	LIBOR Plus 5.00%, Current Coupon			
		6.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity March 28, 2018)(9)	6,451	6,395	6,322
Keypoint Government Solutions, Inc.(11)	Pre-Employment Screening Services		4,483	4,411	4,439

LIBOR Plus 6.00%, Current Coupon 7.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 13, 2017)(9)

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MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Portfolio Company(1) Larchmont Resources, LLC(11)	Business Description Oil & Gas Exploration & Production	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
	, roudenou	LIBOR Plus 7.25%, Current Coupon 8.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 7, 2019)(9)	6,965	6,899	7,096
Learning Care Group (US) No. 2 Inc.(11)	Provider of Early Childhood Education	LIBOR Plus 4.75%, Current Coupon 6.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 8, 2019)(9)	5,486	5,436	5,521
LJ Host Merger Sub, Inc.(11)	Managed Services and Hosting Provider	LIBOR Plus 4.75%, Current Coupon 6.00%, Secured Debt			
		(Maturity December 23, 2019)(9) LIBOR Plus 8.75%, Current Coupon 10.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 23, 2020)(9)	10,000 5,000	9,901 4,901	9,950 4,975
				14,802	14,925
LKCM Distribution Holdings, L.P.	Distributor of Industrial Process Equipment	12% Current / 2.5% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity December 23, 2018)	16,506	16,342	16,342
LKCM Headwater Investments I, L.P.(12)(13)	Investment Partnership	LP Interests (Fully diluted 2.27%)(8)		1,500	3,033
MAH Merger Corporation(11)	Sports-Themed Casual Dining Chain	LIBOR Plus 4.50%, Current Coupon 5.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 19, 2019)(9)	7,350	7,277	7,313
Media Holdings, LLC(11)(13)	Internet Traffic Generator	14% Secured Debt (Maturity October 18, 2018)	5,894	5,781	5,952
MediMedia USA, Inc.(11)	Provider of Healthcare Media and Marketing	LIBOR Plus 6.75%, Current Coupon 8.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 20, 2018)(9)	5,473	5,339	5,351
Medpace Intermediateco, Inc.(11)	Clinical Trial Development and Execution	LIBOR Plus 4.00%, Current Coupon 5.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 19, 2017)(9)	2,924	2,896	2,924

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CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
MedSolutions Holdings, Inc.(11)	Specialty Benefit Management	LIBOR Plus 5.25%, Current Coupon 6.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 8, 2019)(9)	3,900	3,864	3,912
Metal Services LLC(11)	Steel Mill Services	LIBOR Plus 5.00%, Current Coupon 6.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 30, 2017)(9)	5,313	5,313	5,365
Milk Specialties Company(11)	Processor of Nutrition Products	LIBOR Plus 5.75%, Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 9, 2018)(9)	4,905	4,863	4,911
Miramax Film NY, LLC(11)	Motion Picture Producer and Distributor	Class B Units (Fully diluted 0.2%)		500	871
Modern VideoFilm, Inc.(10)	Post-Production Film Studio	LIBOR Plus 3.50%, Current Coupon 5.00% / 8.50% PIK, Current Coupon Plus PIK 13.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 19, 2017)(9) Warrants (Fully diluted 2.5%)	5,397	5,198 151 5,349	4,749 1 4,750
MP Assets Corporation(11)	Manufacturer of Battery Components	LIBOR Plus 4.50%, Current Coupon 5.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 19, 2019)(9)	4,600	4,554	4,589
National Vision, Inc.(11)	Discount Optical Retailer	LIBOR Plus 5.75%, Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 2, 2018)(9)	3,163	3,125	3,173
NCP Investment Holdings, Inc.	Management of Outpatient Cardiac Cath Labs	Class A and C Units (Fully diluted 3.3%)		20	3,170
NGPL PipeCo, LLC(11)	Natural Gas Pipelines and Storage Facilities	LIBOR Plus 5.50%, Current Coupon 6.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity September 15, 2017)(9)	9,805	9,660	9,163
Nice-Pak Products, Inc.(11)	Pre-Moistened Wipes Manufacturer		5,701	5,650	5,530

LIBOR Plus 6.50%, Current Coupon 8.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 18, 2014)(9)

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CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
North American Breweries Holdings, LLC(11)	Operator of Specialty Breweries	LIBOR Plus 6.25%, Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 11, 2018)(9)	3,960	3,892	3,881
NRC US Holding Company LLC(11)	Environmental Services Provider	LIBOR Plus 4.50%, Current Coupon 5.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 30, 2019)(9)	3,413	3,396	3,421
Nuverra Environmental Solutions, Inc.(11)(13)	Water Treatment and Disposal Services	9.88% Unsecured Bond (Maturity April 15, 2018)	3,500	3,500	3,413
Ospemifene Royalty Sub LLC (QuatRx)(10)	Estrogen-Deficiency Drug Manufacturer and Distributor	11.50% Secured Debt (Maturity November 15, 2026)	5,000	5,000	5,000
Panolam Industries International, Inc.(11)	Decorative Laminate Manufacturer	LIBOR Plus 6.00%, Current Coupon 7.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 23, 2017)(9)	7,499	7,435	7,255
Permian Holdings, Inc.(11)	Storage Tank Manufacturer	10.50% Secured Bond (Maturity January 15, 2018)	3,150	3,116	3,103
Philadelphia Energy Solutions Refining and Marketing LLC(11)	Oil & Gas Refiner	LIBOR Plus 5.00%, Current Coupon 6.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 4, 2018)(9)	2,978	2,939	2,625
Pitney Bowes Management Services Inc.(11)	Provider of Document Management Services	LIBOR Plus 6.25%, Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 1, 2019)(9)	5,985	5,927	6,030
Polyconcept Financial B.V.(11)	Promotional Products to Corporations and Consumers	LIBOR Plus 4.75%, Current Coupon 6.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 28, 2019)(9)	3,413	3,381	3,425
		F-24			

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Portfolio Company(1) Primesight Limited(10)(13)	Business Description Outdoor Advertising	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
	Operator	11.25% Secured Debt (Maturity October 17, 2015)	7,378	7,378	8,163
PT Network, LLC(10)	Provider of Outpatient Physical Therapy and Sports Medicine Services	LIBOR Plus 7.00%, Current Coupon 8.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 1, 2018)(9)	8,597	8,499	8,499
Radio One, Inc.(11)	Radio Broadcasting	LIBOR Plus 6.00%, Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity March 31, 2016)(9)	2,902	2,873	2,977
Ravago Holdings America, Inc.(11)	Polymers Distributor	LIBOR Plus 4.50%, Current Coupon 5.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 20, 2020)(9)	6,250	6,188	6,266
Relativity Media, LLC(10)	Full-scale Film and Television Production and Distribution	10.00% Secured Debt (Maturity May 24, 2015) 15.00% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity May 24, 2015) Class A Units (Fully diluted 0.2%)	5,787 6,370	5,739 6,189 292 12,220	6,026 6,449 1,521 13,996
Sabre Industries, Inc.(11)	Manufacturer of Telecom Structures and Equipment	LIBOR Plus 4.75%, Current Coupon 5.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 24, 2018)(9)	2,975	2,948	2,975
SAExploration, Inc.(10)(13)	Geophysical Services Provider	11.00% Current / 2.50% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity November 28, 2016) Common Stock (Fully diluted 0.01%)(8)	8,075	8,173 65	8,075 55
SCE Partners, LLC(10)	Hotel & Casino Operator			8,238	8,130
		LIBOR Plus 7.25%, Current Coupon 8.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 8, 2019)(9)	7,500	7,429	6,975
Sotera Defense Solutions, Inc.(11)					

Defense Industry Intelligence Services

LIBOR Plus 6.00%, Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 21, 2017)(9)

11,651 11,086 10,486

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2013 (in thousands)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Sourcehov LLC(11)	Business Process Services	LIBOR Plus 7.50%, Current Coupon 8.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 30, 2019)(9)	1,500	1,486	1,523
Sutherland Global Services, Inc.(11)	Business Process Outsourcing Provider	LIBOR Plus 6.00%, Current Coupon 7.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity March 6, 2019)(9)	6,738	6,619	6,754
Synagro Infrastructure Company, Inc(11)	Waste Management Services	LIBOR Plus 5.25%, Current Coupon 6.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 22, 2020)(9)	6,983	6,849	6,924
Targus Group International(11)	Protective Cases for Mobile Devices	LIBOR Plus 9.50%, Current Coupon 11.00% / 1.00% PIK, Current Coupon Plus PIK 12.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 24, 2016)(9)	4,426	4,445	3,696
Technimark LLC(11)	Injection Molding	LIBOR Plus 4.25%, Current Coupon 5.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 17, 2019)(9)	3,734	3,701	3,753
TeleGuam Holdings, LLC(11)	Cable and Telecom Services Provider	LIBOR Plus 4.00%, Current Coupon 5.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 10, 2018)(9) LIBOR Plus 7.50%, Current Coupon 8.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 10, 2019)(9)	6,965 2,500	6,933 2,477	6,948 2,513
				9,410	9,461
Templar Energy LLC(11)	Oil & Gas Exploration & Production	LIBOR Plus 7.00%, Current Coupon 8.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 25, 2020)(9)	3,000	2,941	3,017
Tervita Corporation(11)(13)	Oil and Gas Environmental Services	LIBOR Plus 5.00%, Current Coupon 6.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 15, 2018)(9)	5,474	5,427	5,507
The Tennis Channel, Inc.(10)	Television-Based Sports Broadcasting	Warrants (Fully diluted 0.1%)		235	301

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2013 (in thousands)

Portfolio Company(1) The Topps Company, Inc.(11)	Business Description Trading Cards &	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
	Confectionary	LIBOR Plus 6.00%, Current Coupon 7.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 2, 2018)(9)	2,000	1,981	2,005
ThermaSys Corporation(11)	Manufacturer of Industrial Heat Exchanges	LIBOR Plus 4.00%, Current Coupon 5.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 3, 2019)(9)	6,395	6,336	6,326
Therakos, Inc.(11)	Immune System Disease Treatment	LIBOR Plus 6.25%, Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 27, 2017)(9)	6,446	6,314	6,470
Totes Isotoner Corporation(11)	Weather Accessory Retail	LIBOR Plus 5.75%, Current Coupon 7.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 7, 2017)(9)	4,275	4,228	4,299
Travel Leaders Group, LLC(11)	Travel Agency Network Provider	LIBOR Plus 6.00%, Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 5, 2018)(9)	7,500	7,352	7,406
UniTek Global Services, Inc.(11)	Provider of Outsourced Infrastructure Services	LIBOR Plus 9.50%, Current Coupon 11.00% / 4.00% PIK, Current Coupon Plus PIK 15.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 15, 2018)(9) Warrants (Fully diluted 1.4%)	10,034	9,328 466 9,794	10,016 450 10,466
Universal Fiber Systems, LLC(10)	Manufacturer of Synthetic Fibers	LIBOR Plus 5.75%, Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 26, 2015)(9)	10,192	10,141	10,243
US Xpress Enterprises, Inc.(11)	Truckload Carrier	LIBOR Plus 7.88%, Current Coupon 9.38%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 13, 2016)(9)	6,078	5,985	6,048
Vantage Oncology, LLC(11)	Outpatient Radiation Oncology Treatment Centers	9.50% Secured Bond (Maturity August 7, 2017)	7,000	7,000	7,175

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2013 (in thousands)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Virtex Enterprises, LP(10)	Specialty, Full-Service Provider of Complex Electronic Manufacturing Services	12.00% Secured Debt (Maturity December 27, 2018) Preferred Class A Units (5% cumulative) (Fully diluted 1.4%)(8) Warrants (Fully diluted 1.1%)	1,667	1,612 327 22 1,961	1,612 327 22 1,961
Visant Corporation(11)	School Affinity Stores	LIBOR Plus 4.00%, Current Coupon 5.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 22, 2016)(9)	3,882	3,882	3,837
Vision Solutions, Inc.(11)	Provider of Information Availability Software	LIBOR Plus 4.50%, Current Coupon 6.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 23, 2016)(9) LIBOR Plus 8.00%, Current Coupon 9.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 23, 2017)(9)	2,348 5,000	2,235 4,969 7,204	2,347 5,050 7,397
Walker & Dunlop Inc.(11)(13)	Real Estate Financial Services	LIBOR Plus 4.50%, Current Coupon 5.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 20, 2020)(9)	4,250	4,208	4,229
Western Dental Services, Inc.(11)	Dental Care Services	LIBOR Plus 7.00%, Current Coupon 8.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 1, 2018)(9)	4,950	4,825	4,996
Willbros Group, Inc.(11)(13)	Engineering and Construction Contractor	LIBOR Plus 9.75%, Current Coupon 11.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 5, 2019)(9)	2,993	2,893	3,037
Wilton Brands LLC(11)	Specialty Housewares Retailer	LIBOR Plus 6.25%, Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 30, 2018)(9)	1,875	1,844	1,792
Wireco Worldgroup Inc.(11)	Manufacturer of Synthetic Lifting Products	LIBOR Plus 4.75%, Current Coupon 6.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity February 15, 2017)(9)	2,469	2,451	2,492

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2013 (in thousands)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
YP Holdings LLC(11)	Online and Offline Advertising Operator	LIBOR Plus 6.75%, Current Coupon 8.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 4, 2018)(9)	2,800	2,737	2,834
Zilliant Incorporated	Price Optimization and Margin Management Solutions	12% Secured Debt (Maturity June 15, 2017) Warrants (Fully diluted 2.7%)	8,000	7,056 1,071	7,056 1,071
				8,127	8,127
Subtotal Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments (50.9% of total investments at fair value)				643,068	661,102
Total Portfolio Investments, Decemb	er 31, 2013			1,163,071	1,286,188

Marketable Securities and Idle Funds Investments	Investments in Marketable Securities and Diversified, Registered Bond Funds		
Other Marketable Securities and Idle Funds Investments(13)		14,885	13,301
Subtotal Marketable Securities and Id	lle Funds Investments (1.0% of total investments at fair value)	14,885	13,301
Total Investments, December 31, 2013		\$ 1,177,956	\$ 1,299,489

(1)

All investments are Lower Middle Market portfolio investments, unless otherwise noted.

(2)

Debt investments are income producing, unless otherwise noted. Equity and warrants are non-income producing, unless otherwise noted.

(3)

	See Note C for summary geographic location of portfolio companies.
(4)	Principal is net of prepayments. Cost is net of prepayments and accumulated unearned income.
(5)	Control investments are defined by the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended ("1940 Act") as investments in which more than 25% of the voting securities are owned or where the ability to nominate greater than 50% of the board representation is maintained.
(6)	Affiliate investments are defined by the 1940 Act as investments in which between 5% and 25% of the voting securities are owned and the investments are not classified as Control investments.
(7)	Non-Control/Non-Affiliate investments are defined by the 1940 Act as investments that are neither Control investments nor Affiliate investments.
(8)	Income producing through dividends or distributions.
(9)	Index based floating interest rate is subject to contractual minimum interest rate.
(10)	Private Loans portfolio investment. See Note B for a summary of Private Loan investments.
(11)	Middle Market portfolio investment. See Note B for a summary of Middle Market investments.
(12)	Other Portfolio investment. See Note B for a summary of Other Portfolio investments.
(13)	Investment is not a qualifying asset as defined under Section 55(a) of the 1940 Act. Qualifying assets must represent at least 70% of total assets at the time of acquisition of any additional non-qualifying assets.
(14)	

Non-accrual and non-income producing investment.

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

(in thousands)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Control Investments(5)					
Bond-Coat, Inc.	Casing and Tubing Coating Services	12% Secured Debt (Maturity December 28, 2017) Common Stock (Fully diluted 43.4%)	14,750	14,550 6,350	14,550 6,350
				20,900	20,900
Café Brazil, LLC	Casual Restaurant Group	12% Secured Debt (Maturity April 20, 2013) Member Units (Fully diluted 41.0%)(8)	500	500 42 542	500 3,690 4,190
California Healthcare Medical Billing, Inc.	Outsourced Billing and Revenue Cycle Management	12% Secured Debt (Maturity October 17, 2015) Warrants (Fully diluted 21.3%) Common Stock (Fully diluted 9.8%)	8,103	7,913 1,193 1,177 10,283	8,016 3,380 1,560 12,956
CBT Nuggets, LLC	Produces and Sells IT Training Certification Videos	14% Secured Debt (Maturity December 31, 2013) Member Units (Fully diluted 41.6%)(8)	450	450 1,300 1,750	450 7,800 8,250
Ceres Management, LLC (Lambs Tire & Automotive)	Aftermarket Automotive Services Chain	 14% Secured Debt (Maturity May 31, 2013) Class B Member Units (12% cumulative) Member Units (Fully diluted 79.0%) 9.5% Secured Debt (Lamb's Real Estate Investment I, LLC) (Maturity October 1, 2025) 	4,000	3,993 3,000 5,273 1,066	3,993 3,000 1,066

13,957 8,919

Condit Exhibits, LLC	Tradeshow Exhibits / Custom Displays	120 Current / 50 DIV Secured Dakt			
		13% Current / 5% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity July 1, 2013) Warrants (Fully diluted 47.9%)	4,661	4,652 320	4,652 600
				4,972	5,252
		F-30			

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

Portfolio Company(1) Gulf Manufacturing, LLC	Business Description Manufacturer of Specialty Fabricated Industrial	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
	Piping Products	9% PIK Secured Debt (Ashland Capital IX, LLC) (Maturity June 30, 2017) Member Units (Fully diluted 34.2%)(8)	919	919 2,980	919 12,660
				3,899	13,579
Harrison Hydra-Gen, Ltd.	Manufacturer of Hydraulic Generators	9% Secured Debt (Maturity June 4, 2015) Preferred Stock (8% cumulative)(8) Common Stock (Fully diluted 34.5%)(8)	5,024	4,644 1,081 718 6,443	5,024 1,081 1,550 7,655
Hawthorne Customs and Dispatch Services, LLC	Facilitator of Import Logistics, Brokerage, and				
	Warehousing	Member Units (Fully diluted 47.6%)(8) Member Units (Wallisville Real		589	1,140
		Estate, LLC) (Fully diluted 59.1%)(8)		1,215	1,215
				1,804	2,355
Hydratec, Inc.	Designer and Installer of Micro-Irrigation Systems	Common Stock (Fully diluted 94.2%)(8)		7,095	13,710
Indianapolis Aviation Partners, LLC	Fixed Base Operator	15% Secured Debt (Maturity September 15, 2014) Warrants (Fully diluted 30.1%)	4,150	3,982 1,129	4,070 2,130
				5,111	6,200
Jensen Jewelers of Idaho, LLC	Retail Jewelry Store	Prime Plus 2%, Current Coupon 5.25%,			
		Secured Debt (Maturity November 14, 2013)(9) 13% Current / 6% PIK Secured Debt	1,696	1,696	1,696
		(Maturity November 14, 2013) Member Units (Fully diluted 60.8%)(8)	1,759	1,759 811	1,759 2,060
				4,266	5,515
		F-31			

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

Portfolio Company(1) Lighting Unlimited, LLC	Business Description Commercial and Residential Lighting Products and Design	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
	Services	8% Secured Debt (Maturity August 22, 2014) Preferred Stock (non-voting) Warrants (Fully diluted 7.1%) Common Stock (Fully diluted 70.0%)(8)	1,892	1,892 493 54 100	1,892 493 4 36
				2,539	2,425
Marine Shelters Holdings, LLC (LoneStar Marine Shelters)	Fabricator of Marine and Industrial Shelters	12% Secured Debt (Maturity December 28, 2017) Preferred Stock (Fully diluted 26.7%)	10,250	10,045 3,750	10,045 3,750
				13,795	13,795
Mid-Columbia Lumber Products, LLC	Manufacturer of Finger-Jointed Lumber Products	 10% Secured Debt (Maturity December 18, 2014) 12% Secured Debt (Maturity December 18, 2014) 9.5% Secured Debt (Mid-Columbia Real Estate, LLC) (Maturity May 13, 2025) Warrants (Fully diluted 9.2%) Member Units (Fully diluted 42.9%) 	1,250 3,900 1,017	1,250 3,900 1,017 250 882	1,250 3,900 1,017 1,470 1,580
		Member Units (Mid-Columbia Real Estate, LLC) (Fully diluted 50.0%)(8)		250 7,549	810
NAPCO Precast, LLC	Precast Concrete			.,	
	Manufacturing	Prime Plus 2%, Current Coupon 9%, Secured Debt (Maturity February 1, 2016)(9) 18% Secured Debt (Maturity February 1, 2016) Member Units (Fully diluted 44.0%)	3,385 5,173	3,334 5,093 2,975 11,402	3,334 5,093 4,360 12,787
NRI Clinical Research, LLC	Clinical Research Center	14% Secured Debt (Maturity September 8, 2016) Warrants (Fully diluted 12.5%)	4,736	4,506 252	4,506 480

Member Units (Fully diluted 24.8%)(8)	500	960
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5,258 5,946

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
NRP Jones, LLC	Manufacturer of Hoses, Fittings and Assemblies	12% Secured Debt (Maturity December 22, 2016) Warrants (Fully diluted 12.2%) Member Units (Fully diluted 43.2%)(8)	12,100	11,200 817 2,900 14,917	11,891 1,350 4,800 18,041
OMi Holdings, Inc.	Manufacturer of Overhead Cranes	12% Secured Debt (Maturity April 1, 2013) Common Stock (Fully diluted 48.0%)	6,000	5,997 1,080 7,077	6,000 8,740 14,740
Pegasus Research Group, LLC (Televerde)	Telemarketing and Data Services	13% Current / 5% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity January 6, 2016) Member Units (Fully diluted 43.7%)(8)	4,991	4,946 1,250 6,196	4,991 3,790 8,781
PPL RVs, Inc.	Recreational Vehicle Dealer	11.1% Secured Debt (Maturity June 10, 2015) Common Stock (Fully diluted 51.1%)	8,460	8,404 2,150 10,554	8,460 6,120 14,580
Principle Environmental, LLC	Noise Abatement Services	12% Secured Debt (Maturity February 1, 2016) 12% Current / 2% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity February 1, 2016) Warrants (Fully diluted 14.2%) Member Units (Fully diluted 22.6%)	4,750 3,594	3,945 3,539 1,200 1,863 10,547	4,750 3,594 3,860 6,150 18,354
River Aggregates, LLC	Processor of Construction Aggregates	12% Secured Debt (Maturity March 30, 2016) Warrants (Fully diluted 20.0%) Member Units (Fully diluted 40.0%)	3,860	3,662 202 550	3,662

				4,414	3,662
The MPI Group, LLC	Manufacturer of Custom Hollow Metal Doors, Frames and Accessories	4.5% Current / 4.5% PIK Secured Debt			
		(Maturity October 2, 2013) 6% Current / 6% PIK Secured Debt	1,079	1,077	1,077
		(Maturity October 2, 2013) Warrants (Fully diluted 52.3%)	5,639	5,588 1,096	5,588
				7,761	6,665
		F-33			

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

Portfolio Company(1) Thermal and Mechanical	Business Description Commercial and Industrial	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Equipment, LLC	Engineering Services	Prime Plus 2%, Current Coupon 9%, Secured Debt (Maturity September 25, 2014)(9) 13% Current / 5% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity September 25, 2014) Member Units (Fully diluted 50.0%)(8)	1,033 3,292	1,030 3,268 1,000	1,033 3,292 8,250
				5,298	12,575
Uvalco Supply, LLC	Farm and Ranch Supply Store	Member Units (Fully diluted 42.8%)(8)		1,113	2,760
Van Gilder Insurance Corporation	Insurance Brokerage	 8% Secured Debt (Maturity January 31, 2014) 8% Secured Debt (Maturity January 31, 2016) 13% Secured Debt (Maturity January 31, 2016) Warrants (Fully diluted 10.0%) Common Stock (Fully diluted 15.5%) 	915 1,361 6,150	914 1,349 5,319 1,209 2,500	914 1,349 5,319 1,180 2,430
				11,291	11,192
Vision Interests, Inc.	Manufacturer / Installer of Commercial Signage	6.5% Current / 6.5% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity December 23, 2016) Series A Preferred Stock (Fully diluted 50.9%) Common Stock (Fully diluted 19.1%)	3,204	3,146 3,000 3,706 9,852	3,146 2,930 110 6,186
Ziegler's NYPD, LLC	Casual Restaurant Group	Prime Plus 2%, Current Coupon 9%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 1, 2013)(9) 13% Current / 5% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity October 1, 2013) Warrants (Fully diluted 46.6%)	1,000 5,314	998 5,300 600 6,898	998 5,300 180 6,478

Subtotal Control Investments (29.2% of total investments at fair value)

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
<u>Affiliate Investments(6)</u> American Sensor Technologies, Inc.	Manufacturer of Commercial / Industrial				
	Sensors	Warrants (Fully diluted 19.6%)		50	4,170
Bridge Capital Solutions Corporation	Financial Services and Cash Flow Solutions	13% Secured Debt (Maturity April 17, 2017) Warrants (Fully diluted 7.5%)	5,000	4,754 200 4,954	4,754 310 5,064
Congruent Credit Opportunities Fund II, LP(12)(13)	Investment Partnership	LP Interests (Fully diluted 19.8%)(8)		19,049	19,174
Daseke, Inc.	Specialty Transportation Provider	Common Stock (Fully diluted 12.6%)		1,427	7,310
East Teak Fine Hardwoods, Inc.	Hardwood Products	Common Stock (Fully diluted 5.0%)		480	380
Gault Financial, LLC (RMB Capital, LLC)	Purchases and Manages Liquidation of Distressed Assets	14% Secured Debt (Maturity November 21, 2016) Warrants (Fully diluted 22.5%)	9,828	9,348 400 9,748	9,348 240 9,588
Houston Plating and Coatings, LLC	Plating and Industrial Coating Services	Member Units (Fully diluted 11.1%)(8)		635	8,280
Indianhead Pipeline Services, LLC	Pipeline Support Services	12% Secured Debt (Maturity February 6, 2017) Preferred Equity (Fully diluted 8.0%)(8) Warrants (Fully diluted 10.6%) Member Units (Fully diluted 4.1%)(8)	8,725	8,186 1,676 459 1 10,322	8,186 1,676 1,490 50 11,402
Integrated Printing Solutions, LLC	Specialty Card Printing	13% Secured Debt (Maturity September 23, 2016) Preferred Equity (Fully diluted 11.0%) Warrants (Fully diluted 8.0%)	12,500	11,807 2,000 600	11,807 2,000 1,100

14,407 14,907

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
irth Solutions, LLC	Damage Prevention Technology Information Services	12% Secured Debt (Maturity December 29, 2015) Member Units (Fully diluted 12.8%)(8)	3,587	3,543 624 4,167	3,587 2,750 6,337
KBK Industries, LLC	Specialty Manufacturer of Oilfield and Industrial Products	12.5% Secured Debt (Maturity September 28, 2017) Member Units (Fully diluted 17.9%)(8)	9,000	8,913 341 9,254	9,000 5,550 14,550
Olympus Building Services, Inc.	Custodial / Facilities Services	 12% Secured Debt (Maturity March 27, 2014) 12% Current / 3% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity March 27, 2014) Warrants (Fully diluted 22.5%) 	3,050 1,014	2,975 1,014 470 4,459	2,975 1,014 470 4,459
OnAsset Intelligence, Inc.	Transportation Monitoring / Tracking Services	12% Secured Debt (Maturity April 18, 2013) Preferred Stock (7% cumulative) (Fully diluted 5.8%)(8) Warrants (Fully diluted 4.0%)	1,500	1,500 1,692 830 4,022	1,500 2,440 550 4,490
OPI International Ltd.(13)	Oil and Gas Construction Services	Common Equity (Fully diluted 11.5%)(8)		1,371	4,971
PCI Holding Company, Inc.	Manufacturer of Industrial Gas Generating Systems				
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	12% Current / 4% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity December 18, 2017) Preferred Stock (20% cumulative) (Fully diluted 19.4%)(8)	5,008	4,909 1,511	4,909 1,511

				6,420	6,420
Radial Drilling Services Inc.	Oil and Gas Technology	12% Secured Debt (Maturity November 23, 2016) Warrants (Fully diluted 24.0%)	4,200	3,485 758 4,243	3,485 758 4,243
		F-36			

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

(in thousands)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Samba Holdings, Inc.	Intelligent Driver Record Monitoring Software and Services	12.5% Secured Debt (Maturity November 17, 2016) Common Stock (Fully diluted 19.4%)	11,923	11,754 1,707 13,461	11,923 3,670 15,593
Spectrio LLC	Audio Messaging Services	8% Secured Debt (Maturity June 16, 2016) 12% Secured Debt (Maturity June 16, 2016) Warrants (Fully diluted 9.8%)	280 17,990	280 17,559 887 18,726	280 17,963 3,420 21,663
SYNEO, LLC	Manufacturer of Specialty Cutting Tools and Punches	12% Secured Debt (Maturity July 13, 2016) 10% Secured Debt (Leadrock Properties, LLC) (Maturity May 4, 2026) Member Units (Fully diluted 11.1%)	4,300 1,440	4,218 1,413 1,000 6,631	4,218 1,413 1,000 6,631
Texas Reexcavation LC	Hydro Excavation Services	12% Current / 3% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity December 31, 2017) Class A Member Units (Fully diluted 16.3%)	6,001	5,881 2,900 8,781	5,881 2,900 8,781
Subtotal Affiliate Investments (18.7%					

Subtotui Mininute Investments (10	••• /0
of total investments at fair value)	

F-37

178,413

142,607

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments(<u>7)</u>				
AGS LLC(10)	Developer, Manufacturer, and Operator of Gaming Machines	LIBOR Plus 10.00%, Current Coupon 11.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 23, 2016)(9)	9,423	9,239	9,239
Ameritech College Operations, LLC	For-Profit Nursing and Healthcare College	18% Secured Debt (Maturity March 9, 2017)	6,050	5,942	6,050
Ancestry.com Inc.(11)	Genealogy Software Service	LIBOR Plus 5.75%, Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 27, 2018)(9)	7,000	6,720	6,767
Artel, LLC(11)	Land-Based and Commercial Satellite Provider	LIBOR Plus 6.00%, Current Coupon 7.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 27, 2017)(9)	5,000	4,951	4,950
Associated Asphalt Partners, LLC(11)	Liquid Asphalt Supplier	LIBOR Plus 5.75%, Current Coupon 7.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity March 9, 2018)(9)	9,400	9,250	9,259
Audio Visual Services Group, Inc.(11)	Hotel & Venue Audio Visual Operator	LIBOR Plus 5.50%, Current Coupon 6.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 9, 2018)(9) LIBOR Plus 9.50%, Current Coupon 10.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 9, 2019)(9)	5,000 5,000	4,901 4,901 9,802	4,919 4,938 9,857
B.J. Alan Company	Retailer and Distributor of Consumer Fireworks	14% Current / 2.5% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity June 22, 2017)	10,134	10,042	10,042
Blackboard, Inc.(11)	Education Software Provider	LIBOR Plus 6.00%, Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 4, 2018)(9)	1,361 2,000	1,319 1,852	1,379 1,927

LIBOR Plus 10.00%, Current Coupon 11.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 4, 2019)(9)

3,171 3,306

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

Portfolio Company(1) Brand Connections, LLC	Business Description Venue-Based Marketing	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
	and Media	12% Secured Debt (Maturity April 30, 2015)	7,974	7,828	7,974
Brasa Holdings Inc.(11)	Upscale Full Service Restaurants	LIBOR Plus 6.25%, Current Coupon			
		7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 18, 2019)(9) LIBOR Plus 9.50%, Current Coupon	3,491	3,395	3,525
		11.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity January 19, 2020)(9)	2,000	1,927	2,030
				5,322	5,555
Calloway Laboratories, Inc.(10)	Health Care Testing Facilities	10.00% Current / 2.00% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity September 30, 2014)	5,479	5,361	5,479
CDC Software Corporation(11)	Enterprise Application Software				
		LIBOR Plus 6.00%, Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 6, 2018)(9)	4,239	4,199	4,260
CHI Overhead Doors, Inc.(11)	Manufacturer of Overhead Garage Doors	LIBOR Plus 5.75%, Current Coupon			
		7.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 17, 2017)(9) LIBOR Plus 9.50%, Current Coupon	2,410	2,371	2,421
		11.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity February 17, 2018)(9)	2,500	2,457	2,463
				4,828	4,884
Citadel Plastics Holding, Inc.(11)	Supplier of Commodity Chemicals / Plastic Parts	LIBOR Plus 5.25%, Current Coupon			
		6.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity February 28, 2018)(9)	2,985	2,959	2,989
Compact Power Equipment Centers Inc.	Equipment / Tool Rental				
		6% Current / 6% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity October 1, 2017) Series A Stock (8% cumulative) (Fully	3,687	3,669	3,669
		diluted 4.2%)(8)		923	1,232

				4,592	4,901
Confie Seguros Holding II Co.(11)	Insurance Brokerage	LIBOR Plus 5.25%, Current Coupon 6.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 9, 2018)(9)	5,000	4,927	4,964
		F-39			

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

Portfolio Company(1) Connolly Holdings Inc.(11)	Business Description Audit Recovery Software	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
comony normality inc.(11)	Addit Recovery Software	LIBOR Plus 5.25%, Current Coupon 6.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 15, 2018)(9) LIBOR Plus 9.25%, Current Coupon	2,488	2,464	2,519
		10.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity January 15, 2019)(9)	2,000	1,962	2,050
				4,426	4,569
Creative Circle, LLC(11)	Professional Staffing Firm	LIBOR Plus 6.00%, Current Coupon 7.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity September 28, 2017)(9)	9,938	9,840	9,840
CST Industries(11)	Storage Tank Manufacturer	LIBOR Plus 6.25%, Current Coupon 7.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 22, 2017)(9)	12,188	12,022	12,110
Diversified Machine, Inc.(11)	Automotive Component Supplier	LIBOR Plus 7.75%, Current Coupon 9.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 21, 2017)(9)	2,000	1,961	1,985
Drilling Info, Inc.	Information Services for the Oil and Gas Industry	Common Stock (Fully diluted 2.3%)		1,335	5,769
Dycom Investments, Inc.(11)(13)	Telecomm Construction & Engineering Providers	7.13% Bond (Maturity January 15, 2021)	1,000	1,042	1,053
Emerald Performance Materials, Inc.(11)	Specialty Chemicals Manufacturer	LIBOR Plus 5.50%, Current Coupon 6.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 18, 2018)(9)	4,490	4,451	4,512
Engility Corporation(11)(13)	Defense Software	LIBOR Plus 4.50%, Current Coupon 5.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 18, 2017)(9)	8,000	7,928	7,930
eResearch Technology, Inc.(11)	Provider of Technology-Driven Health Research	LIBOR Plus 6.50%, Current Coupon 8.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 29, 2018)(9)	3,491	3,361	3,465

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
EnCap Energy Fund Investments(12)(13)	Investment Partnership	LP Interests (EnCap Energy Capital Fund VIII, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.1%)(8) LP Interests (EnCap Energy Capital Fund VIII Co-Investors, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.3%) LP Interests (EnCap Flatrock Midstream Fund II, L.P.) (Fully diluted 0.8%)		1,735 442 664 2,841	1,852 442 664 2,958
Fairway Group Acquisition Company(11)	Retail Grocery	LIBOR Plus 6.75%, Current Coupon 8.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 17, 2018)(9)	3,990	3,933	4,030
FC Operating, LLC(10)	Christian Specialty Retail Stores	LIBOR Plus 10.75%, Current Coupon 12.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 14, 2017)(9)	6,000	5,883	5,916
FishNet Security, Inc.(11)	Information Technology Value-Added Reseller	LIBOR Plus 6.00%, Current Coupon 7.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 30, 2017)(9)	8,000	7,921	7,960
Flexera Software LLC(11)	Software Licensing	LIBOR Plus 9.75%, Current Coupon 11.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity September 30, 2018)(9)	3,000	2,789	3,053
Fram Group Holdings, Inc.(11)	Manufacturer of Automotive Maintenance Products	LIBOR Plus 5.00%, Current Coupon 6.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 29, 2017)(9) LIBOR Plus 9.00%, Current Coupon 10.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity January 29, 2018)(9)	988 1,000	984 996	989 950
				1,980	1,939
GFA Brands, Inc.(11)(13)	Distributor of Health Food Products	LIBOR Plus 5.75%, Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 2, 2018)(9)	6,790	6,663	6,909

GMACM Borrower LLC(11)

Mortgage Originator and Servicer

LIBOR Plus 6.00%, Current Coupon 7.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 13, 2015)(9)

1,000 987 1,011

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Grede Holdings, LLC(11)	Operator of Iron Foundries	LIBOR Plus 5.50%, Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 3, 2017)(9)	5,000	4,975	5,025
Hayden Acquisition, LLC	Manufacturer of Utility Structures	8% Secured Debt (Maturity January 1, 2013)(14)	1,800	1,781	
Hearthside Food Solutions, LLC(11)	Contract Food Manufacturer	LIBOR Plus 5.25%, Current Coupon 6.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 5, 2018)(9)	3,990	3,953	3,980
Heckmann Corporation(11)(13)	Water Treatment and Disposal Services	9.88% Bond (Maturity April 15, 2018)	3,500	3,500	3,588
HOA Restaurant Group, LLC(11)	Casual Restaurant Group	11.25% Bond (Maturity April 1, 2017)	2,000	2,000	1,810
Hudson Products Holdings, Inc.(11)	Manufacturer of Heat Transfer Equipment	LIBOR Plus 5.75%, Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 7, 2017)(9)	4,000	3,961	4,015
Hupah Finance Inc.(11)	Manufacturer of Industrial Machinery	LIBOR Plus 5.00%, Current Coupon 6.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity January 19, 2019)(9)	2,978	2,924	3,015
Il Fornaio Corporation(11)	Casual Restaurant Group	LIBOR Plus 5.25%, Current Coupon 6.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 10, 2017)(9)	1,822	1,815	1,836
Insight Pharmaceuticals, LLC(11)	Pharmaceuticals Merchant Wholesalers	LIBOR Plus 5.00%, Current Coupon 6.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 25, 2016)(9)	5,000	4,976	5,025
Ipreo Holdings LLC(11)	Application Software for Capital Markets	LIBOR Plus 6.50%, Current Coupon 8.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 5, 2017)(9)	5,688	5,610	5,723
iStar Financial Inc.(11)(13)	Real Estate Investment Trust		1,444	1,422	1,461

LIBOR Plus 4.00%, Current Coupon 5.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity March 19, 2016)(9)

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

Portfolio Company(1) Ivy Hill Middle Market Credit Fund	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
III, Ltd.(12)(13)	Investment Partnership	LIBOR Plus 6.50%, Current Coupon 6.71%, Secured Debt (Maturity January 15, 2022)	2,000	1,681	1,970
Jackson Hewitt Tax Service Inc.(11)	Tax Preparation Services	LIBOR Plus 8.50%, Current Coupon 10.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 15, 2017)(9)	7,500	7,211	7,281
Kadmon Pharmaceuticals, LLC(10)	Biopharmaceutical Products and Services	LIBOR Plus 13.00% / 12.00% PIK, Current Coupon with PIK 27.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 30, 2013)(9)	6,056	6,056	6,056
Keypoint Government Solutions, Inc.(11)	Pre-employment Screening Services	LIBOR Plus 6.00%, Current Coupon 7.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 13, 2017)(9)	5,000	4,903	4,975
Maverick Healthcare Group LLC(10)	Home Healthcare Products and Services	LIBOR Plus 9.00%, Current Coupon 10.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 30, 2016)(9)	4,900	4,900	4,992
Media Holdings, LLC(11)(13)	Internet Traffic Generator	LIBOR Plus 13.00%, Current Coupon 15.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 27, 2014)(9)	5,000	5,332	5,000
Medpace Intermediateco, Inc.(11)	Clinical Trial Development and Execution	LIBOR Plus 5.00%, Current Coupon 6.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 19, 2017)(9)	4,612	4,557	4,427
Metal Services LLC(11)	Steel Mill Services	LIBOR Plus 6.50%, Current Coupon 7.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 30, 2017)(9)	5,000	4,902	5,038
Metals USA, Inc.(11)(13)	Operator of Metal Service Centers	LIBOR Plus 5.00%, Current Coupon 6.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 14, 2019)(9) F-43	7,500	7,426	7,463

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

Miramax Film NY, LLC(1) Motion Picture Producer and Distributor Class B Units (Fully diluted 0.2%) 500 5 Mmodal, Inc.(11) Healthcare Equipment and Services LIBOR Plus 5.50%, Current Coupon (Asturity August 16, 2019)(9) 3,990 3,940 3.5 Modern VideoFilm, Inc.(10) Post-Production Film Studio LIBOR Plus 9.00%, Current Coupon (Maturity Desember 19, 2017)(9) 5,005 4,780 4,30 Modern VideoFilm, Inc.(10) Post-Production Film Studio LIBOR Plus 9.00%, Current Coupon (Maturity Desember 19, 2017)(9) 5,005 4,780 4,30 Mood Media Corporation(11)(13) Music Programming and Broadcasting LIBOR Plus 5.50%, Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 6, 2018)(9) 1,775 1,759 1,3 National Healing Corporation(11) Wound Care Management 11.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 6, 2018)(9) 1,500 1,422 1,5 National Vision, Inc.(11) Discount Optical Retailer 2018)(9) LIBOR Plus 5.75%, Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 2, 2018)(9) 3,226 3,179 3,2 NCI Building Systems, Inc.(11) Non-Residential Building Products Manufacturer 2018)(9) LIBOR Plus 6,75%, Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 2, 2018)(9) 3,226 3,179 <td< th=""><th>Portfolio Company(1)</th><th>Business Description</th><th>Type of Investment(2)(3)</th><th>Principal(4)</th><th>Cost(4)</th><th>Fair Value</th></td<>	Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
and DistributorClass B Units (Fully diluted 0.2%)5005Mmodal, Inc.(11)Healthcare Equipment and ServicesLIBOR Plus 5.50%, Current Coupon 6.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 16, 2019)(9)3,9903,9403,8Modern VideoFilm, Inc.(10)Post-Production Film StudioLIBOR Plus 9.00%, Current Coupon 10.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 19, 2017)(9)5,0054,7804,3Modern VideoFilm, Inc.(10)Post-Production Film StudioLIBOR Plus 9.00%, Current Coupon 10.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 19, 2017)(9)5,0054,7804,3Mod Media Corporation(11)(13)Music Programming and BroadcastingLIBOR Plus 5,50%, Current Coupon 11.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 6, 2018)(9)1,7751,7591,3Motod Media Corporation(11)Music Programming and BroadcastingLIBOR Plus 5,50%, Current Coupon 11.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 6, 2018)(9)1,5001,4221,5National Vision, Inc.(11)Discount Optical Retuiler Products ManufacturerLIBOR Plus 5,75%, Current Coupon 1,00%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 2, 2018)(9)3,2263,1793,3NCI Building Systems, Inc.(11)Non-Residential Building Products ManufacturerLIBOR Plus 5,75%, Current Coupon 1,00%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 2, 2018)(9)3,2402,24502,3352,4NCP Investment Holdings, Inc.Management of Outpatient Cardia Cach LabsLIBOR Plus 5,75%, Current Coupon 3,09(8), Secured Debt (Maturity May 2, 2,4502,3352,4NCP Investment Holdings, Inc.Management of Outpatient Cardia Cach La	Milk Specialties Company(11)		7.00%, Secured Debt	5,000	4,951	4,988
Services LIBOR Plus 5.50%, Current Coupon 6.75%, Secured Debt (Marurity August 16, 2019)(9) 3,990 3,940 3,8 Modern VideoFilm, Inc.(10) Post-Production Film Studio LIBOR Plus 9,00%, Current Coupon 10.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 19, 2017)(9) 5,005 4,780 4,7 Modern VideoFilm, Inc.(10) Music Programming and Broadcasting LIBOR Plus 5.50%, Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 19, 2017)(9) 5,005 4,780 4,5 Mood Media Corporation(11)(13) Music Programming and Broadcasting LIBOR Plus 5.50%, Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 6, 2018)(9) 1,775 1,759 1,7 National Healing Corporation(11) Wound Care Management 1.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity Nay 6, 2018)(9) 1,500 1,422 1,5 National Vision, Inc.(11) Discount Optical Retailer Products Manufacturer LIBOR Plus 5.75%, Carrent Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 2, 2018)(9) 3,226 3,179 3,2 NCI Building Systems, Inc.(11) Non-Residential Building Products Manufacturer LIBOR Plus 6.75%, Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 2, 2018)(9) 3,260 2,335 2,4 NCP Investment Holdings, Inc. Management of Outpatient Cardiac Cath Labs Class A and C Units (Fully diluted 3,3%)(8) 20 2,450 2,335 2,4 <td>Miramax Film NY, LLC(11)</td> <td></td> <td>Class B Units (Fully diluted 0.2%)</td> <td></td> <td>500</td> <td>576</td>	Miramax Film NY, LLC(11)		Class B Units (Fully diluted 0.2%)		500	576
Studio LIBOR Plus 9.00%, Current Coupon 10.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 19, 2017)(9) 5.005 4.780 4.7 Moad Media Corporation(11)(13) Music Programming and Broadcasting LIBOR Plus 5.50%, Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 6, 2018)(9) 1,775 1,759 1,759 National Healing Corporation(11) Wound Care Management 11.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 6, 2018)(9) 1,775 1,759 1,50 National Healing Corporation(11) Wound Care Management 11.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 30, 2018)(9) 1,500 1,422 1,5 National Vision, Inc.(11) Discount Optical Retailer Products Manufacturer LIBOR Plus 5.75%, Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 2, 2018)(9) 3,226 3,179 3,2 NCI Building Systems, Inc.(11) Non-Residential Building Products Manufacturer LIBOR Plus 6.75%, Current Coupon 8.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 2, 2018)(9) 3,226 3,179 3,2 NCI Building Systems, Inc.(11) Management of Outpatient Cardiac Cath Labs LIBOR Plus 6.75%, Current Coupon 8.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 2, 2018)(9) 2,450 2,335 2,4 NCP Investment Holdings, Inc. Management of Outpatient Cardiac Cath Labs 2 2,450 2,335 2,4 NCPL PipeCo, LLC(11) Natural Gas Pipelines and	Mmodal, Inc.(11)	1 1	6.75%, Secured Debt	3,990	3,940	3,850
Mood Media Corporation(11)(13) Music Programming and Broadcasting LIBOR Plus 5.50%, Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 6, 2018)(9) 1,775 1,759 1,7 National Healing Corporation(11) Wound Care Management 11.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 6, 2018)(9) 1,775 1,759 1,7 National Healing Corporation(11) Wound Care Management 11.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 30, 2018)(9) 1,500 1,422 1,5 National Vision, Inc.(11) Discount Optical Retailer Products Manufacturer 1,472 1,5 NCI Building Systems, Inc.(11) Non-Residential Building Products Manufacturer LIBOR Plus 5.75%, Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 2, 2018)(9) 3,226 3,179 3,2 NCP Investment Holdings, Inc. Management of Outpatient Cardiac Cath Labs LIBOR Plus 6.75%, Current Coupon 8.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 2, 2018)(9) 2,450 2,335 2,4 NGPL PipeCo, LLC(11) Natural Gas Pipelines and Class A and C Units (Fully diluted 3.3%)(8) 20 2,4	Modern VideoFilm, Inc.(10)		10.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 19, 2017)(9)	5,005	150	4,780 150
BroadcastingNational Healing Corporation(11)Wound Care ManagementWound Care ManagementLIBOR Plus 5.50%, Current Coupon (2018)(9)1.150%, Secured Debt1,7751.751,751.50%, Secured Debt1,5001.50%, Secured Debt1,5001.50%, Secured Debt1,5001.4221,51.472<					4,930	4,930
LIBOR Plus 5.75%, Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 2, 2018)(9)3,2263,1793,2NCI Building Systems, Inc.(11)Non-Residential Building Products ManufacturerLIBOR Plus 6.75%, Current Coupon 8.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 2, 2018)(9)2,4502,3352,4NCP Investment Holdings, Inc.Management of Outpatient Cardiac Cath LabsClass A and C Units (Fully diluted 3.3%)(8)202,4	National Healing Corporation(11)	Broadcasting Wound Care Management	 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 6, 2018)(9) LIBOR Plus 10.00%, Current Coupon 11.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 30, 2018)(9) 		1,422 50	1,780 1,545 50 1,595
NCI Building Systems, Inc.(11) Non-Residential Building Products Manufacturer LIBOR Plus 6.75%, Current Coupon 8.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 2, 2018)(9) 2,450 2,335 2,4 NCP Investment Holdings, Inc. Management of Outpatient Cardiac Cath Labs Class A and C Units (Fully diluted 3.3%)(8) 20 2,4	National Vision, Inc.(11)	Discount Optical Retailer	7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 2,	3 226		3,274
Cardiac Cath Labs Class A and C Units (Fully diluted 3.3%)(8) 20 2,4 NGPL PipeCo, LLC(11) Natural Gas Pipelines and	NCI Building Systems, Inc.(11)	Products Manufacturer	LIBOR Plus 6.75%, Current Coupon 8.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 2,			2,455
NGPL PipeCo, LLC(11) Natural Gas Pipelines and	NCP Investment Holdings, Inc.				20	2,474
8,679 8,548 8,9	NGPL PipeCo, LLC(11)			8,679		8,901

LIBOR Plus 5.50%, Current Coupon 6.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity September 15, 2017)(9)

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

Portfolio Company(1) North American Breweries	Business Description Operator of Specialty	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Holdings, LLC(11)	Breweries	LIBOR Plus 6.25%, Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 11, 2018)(9)	4,000	3,921	4,020
Northland Cable Television, Inc.(11)	Television Broadcasting	LIBOR Plus 6.00%, Current Coupon 7.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 30, 2016)(9)	4,812	4,710	4,692
Oberthur Technologies SA(11)(13)	Smart Card, Printing, Identity, and Cash Protection Security	LIBOR Plus 5.00%, Current Coupon 6.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 30, 2018)(9)	6,965	6,648	6,913
Oneida Ltd.(11)	Household Products Manufacturer	LIBOR Plus 7.75%, Current Coupon 9.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity September 25, 2017)(9)	1,933	1,899	1,904
Panolam Industries International, Inc.(11)	Decorative Laminate Manufacturer	LIBOR Plus 6.00%, Current Coupon 7.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 23, 2017)(9)	4,048	4,010	4,038
Peppermill Casinos, Inc.(11)	Operator of Casinos and Gaming Operations	LIBOR Plus 6.00%, Current Coupon 7.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 2, 2018)(9)	2,295	2,204	2,246
Phillips Plastic Corporation(11)	Custom Molder of Plastics and Metals	LIBOR Plus 5.00%, Current Coupon 6.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity February 12, 2017)(9)	1,728	1,714	1,723
Physician Oncology Services, L.P.(11)	Provider of Radiation Therapy and Oncology Services	LIBOR Plus 6.25%, Current Coupon 7.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity January 31, 2017)(9)	942	935	904
PL Propylene LLC(11)(13)	Propylene Producer	LIBOR Plus 5.75%, Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity March 27, 2017)(9)	3,970	3,901	4,035

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

(in thousands)

Portfolio Company(1)	Business Description	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Preferred Proppants, LLC(11)	Producer of Sand Based Proppants	LIBOR Plus 6.00%, Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 15, 2016)(9)	5,942	5,823	5,526
ProQuest LLC(11)	Academic Research Portal	LIBOR Plus 4.75%, Current Coupon 6.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 13, 2018)(9)	4,963	4,918	4,997
PRV Aerospace, LLC(11)	Aircraft Equipment Manufacturer	LIBOR Plus 5.25%, Current Coupon 6.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 9, 2018)(9)	5,972	5,917	5,987
Radio One, Inc.(11)	Radio Broadcasting	LIBOR Plus 6.00%, Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity March 31, 2016)(9)	2,932	2,891	2,983
Relativity Media, LLC(10)	Full-scale Film and Television Production and Distribution	 10.00% Secured Debt (Maturity May 24, 2015) 15.00% PIK Secured Debt (Maturity May 24, 2015) Class A Units (Fully diluted 0.2%) 	4,904 5,477	4,825 5,214 292 10,331	5,087 5,294 292 10,673
Sabre Industries, Inc.(11)	Manufacturer of Telecom Structures and Equipment	LIBOR Plus 5.75%, Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 24, 2018)(9)	6,500	6,407	6,565
Shale-Inland Holdings, LLC(11)	Distributor of Pipe, Valves, and Fittings	8.75% Bond (Maturity November 15, 2019)	3,000	3,000	3,143
Sonneborn, LLC(11)	Specialty Chemicals Manufacturer	LIBOR Plus 5.00%, Current Coupon 6.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity March 30, 2018)(9)	2,978	2,924	3,030
Sourcehov LLC(11)	Business Process Services	LIBOR Plus 5.38%, Current Coupon 6.63%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 28, 2017)(9)	2,955 5,000	2,874 4,537	2,921 4,581

LIBOR Plus 9.25%, Current Coupon 10.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 30, 2018)(9)

7,411 7,502

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MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

(in thousands)

Portfolio Company(1) Surgery Center Holdings, Inc.(11)	Business Description Ambulatory Surgical	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
	Centers	LIBOR Plus 5.00%, Current Coupon 6.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity February 6, 2017)(9)	4,881	4,863	4,857
The Tennis Channel, Inc.(10)	Television-Based Sports Broadcasting	LIBOR Plus 6% / 4% PIK, Current Coupon with PIK 14%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 30, 2013)(9) Warrants (Fully diluted 0.1%)	11,050	12,776 235 13,011	12,776 235 13,011
Totes Isotoner Corporation(11)	Weather Accessory Retail	LIBOR Plus 5.75%, Current Coupon 7.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 7, 2017)(9)	4,717	4,642	4,729
TriNet HR Corporation(11)(13)	Outsourced Human Resources Solutions	LIBOR Plus 5.25%, Current Coupon 6.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity October 24, 2018)(9)	3,000	3,000	3,011
UniTek Global Services, Inc.(11)	Provider of Outsourced Infrastructure Services	LIBOR Plus 7.50%, Current Coupon 9.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity April 15, 2018)(9)	4,379	4,268	4,308
Universal Fiber Systems, LLC(10)	Manufacturer of Synthetic Fibers	LIBOR Plus 5.75%, Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity June 26, 2015)(9)	5,274	5,182	5,195
US Xpress Enterprises, Inc.(11)	Truckload Carrier	LIBOR Plus 7.50%, Current Coupon 9.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 13, 2016)(9)	6,500	6,374	6,484
Vantage Specialties, Inc.(11)	Manufacturer of Specialty Chemicals	LIBOR Plus 5.50%, Current Coupon 7.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity February 10, 2018)(9)	3,970	3,900	4,000
VFH Parent LLC(11)	Electronic Trading and Market Making	LIBOR Plus 6.00%, Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 8, 2016)(9)	3,394	3,344	3,404

Visant Corporation(11)	School Affinity Stores	LIBOR Plus 4.00%, Current Coupon 5.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 22, 2016)(9)	3,923	3,923	3,575
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CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

(in thousands)

Portfolio Company(1) Vision Solutions, Inc.(11)	Business Description Provider of Information	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
	Availability Software LIBOR Plus 4.50%, Current Coupon 6.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 23, 2016)(9) LIBOR Plus 8.00%, Current Coupon	6.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 23, 2016)(9) LIBOR Plus 8.00%, Current Coupon	2,506	2,325	2,340
		9.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity July 23, 2017)(9)	5,000	4,962	4,875
				7,287	7,215
Walter Investment Management Corp.(11)(13)	Real Estate Services	LIBOR Plus 4.50%, Current Coupon 5.75%, Secured Debt	2.460	2 444	2 494
		(Maturity November 28, 2017)(9)	2,469	2,444	2,484
Western Dental Services, Inc.(11)	Dental Care Services	LIBOR Plus 7.00%, Current Coupon 8.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity November 1, 2018)(9)	5,000	4,853	4,894
Wilton Brands LLC(11)	Specialty Housewares Retailer	LIBOR Plus 6.25%, Current Coupon 7.50%, Secured Debt (Maturity August 30, 2018)(9)	1,975	1,937	2,000
Wireco Worldgroup Inc. (11)	Manufacturer of Synthetic Lifting Products	LIBOR Plus 4.75%, Current Coupon 6.00%, Secured Debt (Maturity February 15, 2017)(9)	2,494	2,471	2,550
WP CPP Holdings, LLC(11)	Manufacturer of Aerospace and Defense Components	LIBOR Plus 4.50%, Current Coupon 5.75%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 28, 2019)(9)	4.000	3,960	4,020
Zilliant Incorporated	Price Optimization and Margin Management Solutions	12% Secured Debt (Maturity June 15, 2017)	8,000	6,866	6,866
		Warrants (Fully diluted 3.0%)		1,071 7,937	1,071 7,937

Main Street Capital Partners, LLC (Investment Manager)	Asset Management	100% of Membership Interests	2,668	
Total Portfolio Investments, December	31, 2012		819,733	924,431
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MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS (Continued)

December 31, 2012

(in thousands)

Portfolio Company(1) Marketable Securities and Idle Funds Investments	Business Description Investments in Marketable Securities and Diversified, Registered Bond Funds	Type of Investment(2)(3)	Principal(4)	Cost(4)	Fair Value
Ceridian Corporation(13)		LIBOR Plus 5.75%, Current Coupon 5.96%, Secured Debt (Maturity May 9, 2017)	10,000	10,025	10,013
Compass Investors Inc.(13)		LIBOR Plus 4.00%, Current Coupon 5.25%, Secured Debt (Maturity December 27, 2019)(9)	7,000	7,005	6,994
First Data Corporation(13)		LIBOR Plus 4.00%, Current Coupon 4.21%, Secured Debt (Maturity March 23, 2018)	5,000	4,763	4,767
Toll Road Investors Partnership II, LP Bond(13)		Zero Coupon Bond (Maturity February 15, 2033)	7,500	1,742	1,834
Univision Communications Inc.(13)		LIBOR Plus 4.25%, Current Coupon 4.46%, Secured Debt (Maturity March 31, 2017)	5,000	4,934	4,927
Subtotal Marketable Securities and Idle		28,469	28,535		
Total Investments, December 31, 2012				\$ 848,202	\$ 952,966

(2)

All investments are Lower Middle Market portfolio investments, unless otherwise noted.

Debt investments are generally income producing, unless otherwise noted. Equity and warrants are non-income producing, unless otherwise noted.

(3)

⁽¹⁾

	See Note C for summary geographic location of portfolio companies.
(4)	Principal is net of prepayments. Cost is net of prepayments and accumulated unearned income.
(5)	Control investments are defined by the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended ("1940 Act") as investments in which more than 25% of the voting securities are owned or where the ability to nominate greater than 50% of the board representation is maintained.
(6)	Affiliate investments are defined by the 1940 Act as investments in which between 5% and 25% of the voting securities are owned and the investments are not classified as Control investments.
(7)	Non-Control/Non-Affiliate investments are defined by the 1940 Act as investments that are neither Control investments nor Affiliate investments.
(8)	Income producing through dividends or distributions.
(9)	Index based floating interest rate is subject to contractual minimum interest rate.
(10)	Private Loan portfolio investment. See Note B for a summary of Private Loan investments.
(11)	Middle Market portfolio investment. See Note B for a summary of Middle Market investments.
(12)	Other Portfolio investment. See Note B for a summary of Other Portfolio investments.
(13)	Investment is not a qualifying asset as defined under Section 55(a) of the 1940 Act. Qualifying assets must represent at least 70% of total assets at the time of acquisition of any additional non-qualifying assets.
(14)	

Fully impaired and non-income producing investment.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE A ORGANIZATION AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

1. Organization

Main Street Capital Corporation ("MSCC") was formed in March 2007 for the purpose of (i) acquiring 100% of the equity interests of Main Street Mezzanine Fund, LP ("MSMF") and its general partner, Main Street Mezzanine Management, LLC ("MSMF GP"), (ii) acquiring 100% of the equity interests of Main Street Capital Partners, LLC (the "Internal Investment Manager"), (iii) raising capital in an initial public offering, which was completed in October 2007 (the "IPO"), and (iv) thereafter operating as an internally managed business development company ("BDC") under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). MSMF is licensed as a Small Business Investment Company ("BBIC") by the United States Small Business Administration ("SBA") and the Internal Investment Manager acts as MSMF's manager and investment adviser. Because the Internal Investment Manager, which employs all of the executive officers and other employees of MSCC, is wholly owned by MSCC, MSCC does not pay any external investment advisory fees but instead incurs the operating costs associated with employing investment and portfolio management professionals through the Internal Investment Manager. The IPO and related transactions discussed above were consummated in October 2007 and are collectively termed the "Formation Transactions."

On January 7, 2010, MSCC acquired (the "Exchange Offer") approximately 88% of the total dollar value of the limited partner interests in Main Street Capital II, LP ("MSC II" and, together with MSMF, the "Funds"). Pursuant to the terms of the Exchange Offer, 100% of the membership interests in the general partner of MSC II, Main Street Capital II GP, LLC ("MSC II GP"), were also transferred to MSCC for no consideration. MSC II commenced operations in January 2006, is an investment fund that operates as an SBIC and is also managed by the Internal Investment Manager. During the first quarter of 2012, MSCC acquired all of the remaining minority ownership in the total dollar value of the MSC II limited partnership interests (the "Final MSC II Exchange"). The Exchange Offer and related transactions, including the transfer of the MSC II GP interests and the Final MSC II Exchange, are collectively termed the "Exchange Offer Transactions."

MSC Adviser I, LLC (the "External Investment Manager" and, together with the Internal Investment Manager, the "Investment Managers") was formed in November 2013 as a wholly owned subsidiary of MSCC to provide investment management advisory and other services to parties other than MSCC and its subsidiaries ("External Parties") and receive fee income for such services. MSCC has been granted no-action relief by the Securities and Exchange Commission to allow the External Investment Manager to register as a registered investment adviser ("RIA") under Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended (the "Advisers Act"), to provide investment management services to External Parties. The External Investment Manager is accounted for as a portfolio investment of MSCC, since the External Investment Manager conducts all of its investment management activities for parties outside of MSCC and its consolidated subsidiaries.

MSCC has elected to be treated for federal income tax purposes as a regulated investment company ("RIC") under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). As a result, MSCC generally will not pay corporate-level federal income taxes on any net ordinary income or capital gains that it distributes to its stockholders as dividends.

MSCC has direct and indirect wholly owned subsidiaries that have elected to be taxable entities (the "Taxable Subsidiaries"). The primary purpose of these entities is to hold certain investments that generate "pass through" income for tax purposes. The Investment Managers are both also direct wholly

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE A ORGANIZATION AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued)

owned subsidiaries that have elected to be taxable entities. The Taxable Subsidiaries and the Investment Managers are each taxed at their normal corporate tax rates based on their taxable income.

Unless otherwise noted or the context otherwise indicates, the terms "we," "us," "our" and "Main Street" refer to MSCC and its consolidated subsidiaries, which include the Funds, the Taxable Subsidiaries and, beginning April 1, 2013, the Internal Investment Manager (see Note A.2. for further discussion).

2. Basis of Presentation

Main Street's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). For the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 and as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, Main Street's consolidated financial statements include the accounts of MSCC and its consolidated subsidiaries (as noted above and discussed in detail below, beginning April 1, 2013, the consolidated subsidiaries include the Internal Investment Manager which was previously treated as a portfolio investment). The Investment Portfolio, as used herein, refers to all of Main Street's investments in LMM portfolio companies, investments in Middle Market portfolio companies, Other Portfolio investments, investment in the External Investment Manager and investment in the Internal Investment Manager (for all periods up to and including March 31, 2013) but excludes all "Marketable securities and idle funds investments", and, for all periods after March 31, 2013, the Investment Portfolio also excludes the Internal Investment Manager (see Note C Fair Value Hierarchy for Investments and Debentures Portfolio Investment Composition for additional discussion of Main Street's Investment Portfolio and definitions for the terms LMM, Middle Market, Private Loan and Other Portfolio). For all periods up to and including the period ending March 31, 2013, the Internal Investment Manager was accounted for as a portfolio investment (see Note D) and was not consolidated with MSCC and its consolidated subsidiaries. For all periods after March 31, 2013, the Internal Investment Manager is consolidated with MSCC and its other consolidated subsidiaries. "Marketable securities and idle funds investments" are classified as financial instruments and are reported separately on Main Street's Consolidated Balance Sheets and Consolidated Schedule of Investments due to the nature of such investments (see Note B.11.). Main Street's results of operations and statements of cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 and financial position as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, are presented on a consolidated basis. The effects of all intercompany transactions between Main Street and its consolidated subsidiaries have been eliminated in consolidation. Certain reclassifications have been made to prior period balances to conform with the current presentation, including certain investments previously included as part of the LMM portfolio or Middle Market portfolio that are now classified as part of the Private Loan portfolio, the reclassification of Investment Portfolio and Marketable securities and idle funds investment related activity from cash flows from investing activities to cash flows from operating activities and the reclassification of certain amounts between accumulated net realized gain from investments and accumulated net investment income.

Under the investment company rules and regulations pursuant to Article 6 of Regulation S-X and the Audit and Accounting Guide for Investment Companies issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "AICPA Guide"), Main Street is precluded from consolidating portfolio company investments, including those in which it has a controlling interest, unless the portfolio company is another investment company. An exception to this general principle in the AICPA Guide occurs if Main Street holds a controlling interest in an operating company that provides all or

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE A ORGANIZATION AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued)

substantially all of its services directly to Main Street or to an investment company of Main Street. None of the portfolio investments made by Main Street qualify for this exception, including the External Investment Manager, except as discussed below with respect to the Internal Investment Manager. Therefore, Main Street's Investment Portfolio is carried on the balance sheet at fair value, as discussed further in Note B, with any adjustments to fair value recognized as "Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)" on the Statement of Operations until the investment is realized, usually upon exit, resulting in any gain or loss being recognized as a "Net Realized Gain (Loss) from Investments." For all periods prior to and including March 31, 2013, the Internal Investment Manager was accounted for as a portfolio investment and included as part of the Investment Portfolio in the consolidated financial statements of Main Street (see Note D for further discussion of the Internal Investment Manager). The Internal Investment Manager was consolidated with MSCC and its other consolidated subsidiaries prospectively beginning April 1, 2013 as the controlled operating subsidiary is providing substantially all of its services directly or indirectly to Main Street or its portfolio companies.

Portfolio Investment Classification

Main Street classifies its Investment Portfolio in accordance with the requirements of the 1940 Act. Under the 1940 Act, (a) "Control Investments" are defined as investments in which Main Street owns more than 25% of the voting securities or has rights to maintain greater than 50% of the board representation, (b) "Affiliate Investments" are defined as investments in which Main Street owns between 5% and 25% of the voting securities and does not have rights to maintain greater than 50% of the board representation, and (c) "Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments" are defined as investments that are neither Control Investments nor Affiliate Investments. The line item on Main Street's Consolidated Balance Sheets entitled "Investment in affiliated Internal Investment Manager" represents Main Street's investment in the Internal Investment Manager that was accounted for as a part of the Investment Portfolio through the period ended March 31, 2013. As discussed further above, the Internal Investment Manager was consolidated beginning April 1, 2013 and is no longer accounted for as a part of the Investment Portfolio.

NOTE B SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Valuation of the Investment Portfolio

Main Street accounts for its Investment Portfolio at fair value. As a result, Main Street follows the provisions of the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("Codification" or "ASC") 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures ("ASC 820"). ASC 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, establishes a fair value hierarchy based on the quality of inputs used to measure fair value and enhances disclosure requirements for fair value measurements. ASC 820 requires Main Street to assume that the portfolio investment is to be sold in the principal market to independent market participants, which may be a hypothetical market. Market participants are defined as buyers and sellers in the principal market that are independent, knowledgeable, and willing and able to transact.

Main Street's portfolio strategy calls for it to invest primarily in illiquid debt and equity securities issued by private, LMM companies and debt securities issued by Middle Market companies that are generally larger in size than the LMM companies. Main Street categorizes some of its investments in

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE B SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

LMM companies and Middle Market companies as Private Loan portfolio investments, which are typically debt securities issued by companies that are consistent in size with either the LMM companies or Middle Market companies, but are investments which have been originated through strategic relationships with other investment funds on a collaborative basis. Main Street's portfolio also includes Other Portfolio investments which primarily consist of investments that are not consistent with the typical profiles for our LMM portfolio investments, Middle Market portfolio investments or Private Loan portfolio investments, including investments which may be managed by third parties. All of Main Street's portfolio investments may be subject to restrictions on resale.

LMM investments and Other Portfolio investments generally have no established trading market while Middle Market securities generally have established markets that are not active. Private Loan investments may include investments which have no established trading market or have established markets that are not active. Main Street determines in good faith the fair value of its Investment Portfolio pursuant to a valuation policy in accordance with ASC 820 and a valuation process approved by its Board of Directors and in accordance with the 1940 Act. Main Street's valuation policy and process are intended to provide a consistent basis for determining the fair value of the portfolio.

For LMM portfolio investments, Main Street generally reviews external events, including private mergers, sales and acquisitions involving comparable companies, and includes these events in the valuation process. For Middle Market portfolio investments, Main Street primarily uses observable inputs such as quoted prices in the valuation process. For Middle Market portfolio investments for which sufficient observable inputs are not available to determine fair value, Main Street generally uses either unobservable inputs through obtaining third party quotes or other independent pricing or an approach similar to the income approach using a yield-to-maturity model used to value its LMM portfolio debt investments.

For valuation purposes, "control" LMM portfolio investments are composed of debt and equity securities in companies for which Main Street has a controlling interest in the portfolio company or the ability to nominate a majority of the portfolio company's board of directors. Market quotations are generally not readily available for Main Street's control LMM portfolio investments. As a result, for control LMM portfolio investments, Main Street generally determines the fair value using a combination of market and income approaches. Under the market approach, Main Street will typically use the enterprise value methodology to determine the fair value of these investments. The enterprise value is the fair value at which an enterprise could be sold in a transaction between two willing parties, other than through a forced or liquidation sale. Typically, private companies are bought and sold based on multiples of earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA"), cash flows, net income, revenues, or in limited cases, book value. There is no single methodology for estimating enterprise value. For any one portfolio company, enterprise value is generally described as a range of values from which a single estimate of enterprise value is derived. In estimating the enterprise value of a portfolio company, Main Street analyzes various factors including the portfolio company's historical and projected financial results. Main Street allocates the enterprise value to investments in order of the legal priority of the various components of the portfolio company's capital structure. Main Street will also use the income approach to determine the fair value of these securities, based on projections of the discounted future free cash flows that the portfolio company or the debt security will likely generate and which includes using a yield-to-maturity approach that analyzes the discounted cash flows of interest and principal for the debt security, as set forth in the associated loan agreements, as well as the financial position and credit risk of each of these portfolio investments. The valuation approaches

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE B SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

for Main Street's control LMM portfolio investments estimate the value of the investment if Main Street were to sell, or exit, the investment. In addition, these valuation approaches consider the value associated with Main Street's ability to control the capital structure of the portfolio company, as well as the timing of a potential exit.

For valuation purposes, "non-control" LMM portfolio investments are generally composed of debt and equity securities in companies for which Main Street does not have a controlling interest in the portfolio company or the ability to nominate a majority of the portfolio company's board of directors. Market quotations are generally not readily available for non-control LMM portfolio investments. For non-control LMM portfolio investments, Main Street typically uses a combination of the market and income approaches to value its equity investments and the income approach to value its debt investments similar to the approaches used for our control LMM portfolio investments and which includes using a yield-to-maturity approach that analyzes the discounted cash flows of interest and principal for the debt security, as set forth in the associated loan agreements, as well as the financial position and credit risk of each of these portfolio investments. Main Street's estimate of the expected repayment date of a LMM debt security is generally the legal maturity date of the instrument, as Main Street generally intends to hold its LMM loans and debt securities to maturity. The yield-to-maturity analysis considers changes in leverage levels, credit quality, portfolio company performance and other factors. Main Street will use the value determined by the yield-to-maturity analysis as the fair value for that security; however, because of Main Street's general intent to hold its loans to maturity, the fair value will not exceed the principal of the LMM debt security. A change in the assumptions that Main Street uses to estimate the fair value of its LMM debt securities using the yield-to-maturity analysis could have a material impact on the determination of fair value. If there is deterioration in credit quality or if a LMM debt security is in workout status, Main Street may consider other factors in determining the fair value of the LMM debt security, including the value attributable to the debt security from the enterprise value of the portfolio company or the proceeds that would most likely be received in a liquidation analysis.

Pursuant to its internal valuation process and the requirements under the 1940 Act, Main Street performs valuation procedures on its investments in each LMM portfolio company once a quarter. In addition to its internal valuation process, in arriving at estimates of fair value for its investments in its LMM portfolio companies, Main Street, among other things, consults with a nationally recognized independent advisor. The nationally recognized independent advisor is generally consulted relative to Main Street's investments in each LMM portfolio company at least once in every calendar year, and for Main Street's investments in new LMM portfolio companies, at least once in the twelve-month period subsequent to the initial investment. In certain instances, Main Street may determine that it is not cost-effective, and as a result is not in its stockholders' best interest, to consult with the nationally recognized independent advisor on its investments in one or more LMM portfolio company is determined to be insignificant relative to the total Investment Portfolio. Main Street's investment in a LMM portfolio company is approximately 76% of the total LMM portfolio at fair value as of December 31, 2013 and on a total of 47 LMM portfolio companies for the year ended December 31, 2012, representing approximately 80% of the total LMM portfolio and investment in the affiliated Internal Investment Manager at fair value as of December 31, 2012.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE B SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

For valuation purposes, all of Main Street's Middle Market portfolio investments are non-control investments for which Main Street does not have a controlling interest in the portfolio company or the ability to nominate a majority of the portfolio company's board of directors. Main Street primarily uses observable inputs to determine the fair value of these investments through obtaining third party quotes or other independent pricing, to the extent such sufficient observable inputs are available to determine fair value. For Middle Market portfolio investments for which sufficient observable inputs are not available to determine fair value, Main Street generally uses either unobservable inputs through obtaining third party quotes or other independent pricing or an approach similar to the income approach using a yield-to-maturity model used to value its LMM portfolio debt investments.

For valuation purposes, all of Main Street's Private Loan portfolio investments are non-control investments for which Main Street does not have a controlling interest in the portfolio company or the ability to nominate a majority of the portfolio company's board of directors. As sufficient observable inputs to determine the fair value of these Private Loan portfolio investments through obtaining third party pricing or other independent pricing are not generally available, Main Street generally uses either unobservable inputs through obtaining third party quotes or other independent pricing or an approach similar to the income approach using a yield-to-maturity model used to value its LMM portfolio debt investments.

For valuation purposes, all of Main Street's Other Portfolio investments are non-control investments for which Main Street generally does not have a controlling interest in the portfolio company or the ability to nominate a majority of the portfolio company's board of directors. Main Street's Other Portfolio investments comprised 3.3% and 2.6%, respectively, of Main Street's Investment Portfolio at fair value as of December 31, 2013 and 2012. Similar to the LMM investment portfolio, market quotations for Other Portfolio equity investments are generally not readily available. For its Other Portfolio equity investments, Main Street determines the fair value based on the fair value of the portfolio company as determined by independent third parties and based on Main Street's proportional ownership in the portfolio company, as well as the financial position and assessed risk of each of these portfolio investments. For Other Portfolio debt investments with observable inputs, Main Street determines the fair value of these investments through obtaining third party quotes or other independent pricing, to the extent sufficient observable inputs are available to determine fair value. To the extent such observable inputs are not available, Main Street values these Other Portfolio debt investments through an approach similar to the income approach using a yield-to-maturity model used to value its LMM portfolio debt investments.

For valuation purposes, Main Street's investment in the External Investment Manager is a control investment for which Main Street has a controlling interest in the portfolio company and the ability to nominate a majority of the portfolio company's board of directors. Market quotations are not readily available for this investment, and as a result, Main Street determines the fair value of the External Investment Manager using the enterprise value methodology under the market approach. In estimating the enterprise value, Main Street analyzes various factors, including the entity's historical and projected financial results, as well as its size, marketability and performance relative to the population of market multiples. This valuation approach estimates the value of the investment if Main Street were to sell, or exit, the investment. In addition, we consider the value associated with Main Street's ability to control the capital structure of the company, as well as the timing of a potential exit.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE B SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Due to the inherent uncertainty in the valuation process, Main Street's determination of fair value for its Investment Portfolio may differ materially from the values that would have been used had a ready market for the securities existed. In addition, changes in the market environment, portfolio company performance and other events that may occur over the lives of the investments may cause the gains or losses ultimately realized on these investments to be materially different than the valuations currently assigned. Main Street determines the fair value of each individual investment and records changes in fair value as unrealized appreciation or depreciation.

Main Street uses a standard internal portfolio investment rating system in connection with its investment oversight, portfolio management and analysis and investment valuation procedures for its LMM portfolio companies. This system takes into account both quantitative and qualitative factors of the LMM portfolio company and the investments held therein.

The Board of Directors of Main Street has the final responsibility for reviewing and approving, in good faith, Main Street's determination of the fair value for its Investment Portfolio consistent with the 1940 Act requirements. Main Street believes its Investment Portfolio as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 approximates fair value as of those dates based on the markets in which Main Street operates and other conditions in existence on those reporting dates.

2. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different conditions or assumptions. Additionally, as explained in Note B.1., the financial statements include investments in the Investment Portfolio whose values have been estimated by Main Street with the oversight, review and approval by Main Street's Board of Directors in the absence of readily ascertainable market values. Because of the inherent uncertainty of the Investment Portfolio valuations, those estimated values may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a readily available market for the investments existed, and it is reasonably possible that the differences could be material.

3. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the date of purchase. Cash and cash equivalents are carried at cost, which approximates fair value.

At December 31, 2013, cash balances totaling \$31.8 million exceeded FDIC insurance protection levels, subjecting the Company to risk related to the uninsured balance. All of the Company's cash deposits are held at large established high credit quality financial institutions and management believes that the risk of loss associated with any uninsured balances is remote.

4. Marketable Securities and Idle Funds Investments

Marketable securities and idle funds investments include investments in intermediate-term secured debt investments, independently rated debt investments and publicly traded debt and equity

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE B SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

investments. See the "Consolidated Schedule of Investments" for more information on Marketable securities and idle funds investments.

5. Interest, Dividend and Fee Income (Structuring and Advisory Services)

Main Street records interest and dividend income on the accrual basis to the extent amounts are expected to be collected. Dividend income is recorded as dividends are declared by the portfolio company or at the point an obligation exists for the portfolio company to make a distribution. In accordance with Main Street's valuation policy, Main Street evaluates accrued interest and dividend income periodically for collectability. When a loan or debt security becomes 90 days or more past due, and if Main Street otherwise does not expect the debtor to be able to service all of its debt or other obligations, Main Street will generally place the loan or debt security on non-accrual status and cease recognizing interest income on that loan or debt security until the borrower has demonstrated the ability and intent to pay contractual amounts due. If a loan or debt security's status significantly improves regarding the debtor's ability to service the debt or other obligations, or if a loan or debt security is fully impaired, sold or written off, Main Street removes it from non-accrual status.

Main Street holds debt and preferred equity instruments in its Investment Portfolio that contain payment-in-kind ("PIK") interest and cumulative dividend provisions. The PIK interest, computed at the contractual rate specified in each debt agreement, is periodically added to the principal balance of the debt and is recorded as interest income. Thus, the actual collection of this interest may be deferred until the time of debt principal repayment. Cumulative dividends are recorded as dividend income, and any dividends in arrears are added to the balance of the preferred equity investment. The actual collection of these dividends in arrears may be deferred until such time as the preferred equity is redeemed. To maintain RIC tax treatment (as discussed in Note B.9. below), these non-cash sources of income may need to be paid out to stockholders in the form of distributions, even though Main Street may not have collected the PIK interest and cumulative dividends in cash. For the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, (i) approximately 4.3%, 4.3% and 3.7%, respectively, of Main Street's total investment income was attributable to PIK interest income not paid currently in cash and (ii) approximately 1.2%, 0.3% and 2.5%, respectively, of Main Street's total investment income was attributable to cumulative dividend income not paid currently in cash.

As of December 31, 2013, Main Street had two investments with positive fair value on non-accrual status which comprised approximately 2.3% of the total Investment Portfolio at fair value and 4.7% of the total Investment Portfolio at cost and no fully impaired investments. As of December 31, 2012, Main Street had no investments with positive fair value on non-accrual status and one fully impaired investment which comprised approximately 0.2% of the total Investment Portfolio at cost, in each case, excluding the investment in the affiliated Internal Investment Manager.

Main Street may periodically provide services, including structuring and advisory services, to its portfolio companies or other third parties. For services that are separately identifiable and evidence exists to substantiate fair value, income is recognized as earned, which is generally when the investment or other applicable transaction closes. Fees received in connection with debt financing transactions for services that do not meet these criteria are treated as debt origination fees and are deferred and accreted into interest income over the life of the financing (see Note B.7. for further discussion).

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE B SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

A presentation of the investment income Main Street received from its Investment Portfolio in each of the periods presented is as follows:

	Years Ended December 31,					
		2013 2012			2011	
		(dol	lars	in thousan	ds)	
Interest, fee and dividend income:						
Interest income	\$	94,546	\$	72,074	\$	53,485
Fee income		6,488		6,573		4,558
Dividend income		14,124		10,211		7,002
Total interest, fee and dividend income	\$	115,158	\$	88,858	\$	65.045
6. Deferred Financing Costs	Ψ	115,150	Ψ	00,000	Ψ	05,045

Deferred financing costs include SBIC debenture commitment fees and SBIC debenture leverage fees on the SBIC debentures which are not accounted for under the fair value option under ASC 825 (as discussed further in Note B.11.). These fees are approximately 3.4% of the total commitment and draw amounts, as applicable. These deferred financing costs have been capitalized and are being amortized into interest expense over the term of the debenture agreement (the term of which is ten years).

Deferred financing costs also include commitment fees and other costs related to our multi-year investment credit facility (the "Credit Facility", as discussed further in Note G). These costs have been capitalized and are amortized into interest expense over their respective terms.

7. Unearned Income Debt Origination Fees and Original Issue Discount and Discounts/Premiums to Par Value

Main Street capitalizes debt origination fees received in connection with financings and reflects such fees as unearned income netted against the applicable debt investments. The unearned income from the fees is accreted into interest income based on the effective interest method over the life of the financing.

In connection with its portfolio debt investments, Main Street sometimes receives nominal cost warrants ("nominal cost equity") that are valued as part of the negotiation process with the particular portfolio company. When Main Street receives nominal cost equity, Main Street allocates its cost basis in its investment between its debt security and its nominal cost equity at the time of origination based on amounts negotiated with the particular portfolio company. The allocated amounts are based upon the fair value of the nominal cost equity, which is then used to determine the allocation of cost to the debt security. Any discount recorded on a debt investment resulting from this allocation is reflected as unearned income, which is netted against the applicable debt investment, and accreted into interest income based on the effective interest method over the life of the debt investment. The actual collection of this interest is deferred until the time of debt principal repayment.

Main Street may also purchase debt securities at a discount or at a premium to the par value of the debt security. In the case of a purchase at a discount, Main Street records the investment at the par value of the debt security net of the discount, and the discount is accreted into interest income based

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE B SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

on the effective interest method over the life of the debt investment. In the case of a purchase at a premium, Main Street records the investment at the par value of the debt security plus the premium, and the premium is amortized as a reduction to interest income based on the effective interest method over the life of the debt investment.

To maintain RIC tax treatment (as discussed below in Note B.9.), these non-cash sources of income may need to be paid out to stockholders in the form of distributions, even though Main Street may not have collected the interest income. For the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, approximately 3.3%, 3.7% and 3.5%, respectively, of Main Street's total investment income was attributable to interest income for the accretion of discounts associated with debt investments, net of any premium reduction.

8. Share-Based Compensation

Main Street accounts for its share-based compensation plans using the fair value method, as prescribed by ASC 718, *Compensation Stock Compensation*. Accordingly, for restricted stock awards, Main Street measures the grant date fair value based upon the market price of its common stock on the date of the grant and amortizes the fair value of the awards as share-based compensation expense over the requisite service period or vesting term.

9. Income Taxes

MSCC has elected and intends to continue to qualify for the tax treatment applicable to a RIC under the Code, and, among other things, intends to make the required distributions to its stockholders as specified therein. In order to qualify as a RIC, MSCC is required to timely distribute to its stockholders at least 90% of investment company taxable income, as defined by the Code, each year. Depending on the level of taxable income earned in a tax year, MSCC may choose to carry forward taxable income in excess of current year distributions into the next tax year and pay a 4% excise tax on such income. As part of maintaining RIC status, undistributed taxable income (subject to a 4% excise tax) pertaining to a given fiscal year may be distributed up to 12 months subsequent to the end of that fiscal year, provided such dividends are declared prior to the filing of the federal income tax return for the applicable fiscal year.

The Taxable Subsidiaries hold certain portfolio investments of Main Street. The Taxable Subsidiaries are consolidated for U.S. GAAP reporting purposes, and the portfolio investments held by them are included in the consolidated financial statements. The Taxable Subsidiaries permit Main Street to hold equity investments in portfolio companies which are "pass through" entities for tax purposes and continue to comply with the "source income" requirements contained in the RIC tax provisions of the Code. The Taxable Subsidiaries are not consolidated with Main Street for income tax purposes and may generate income tax expense, or benefit, and the related tax assets and liabilities, as a result of their ownership of certain portfolio investments. This income tax expense, or benefit, if any, and the related tax assets and liabilities are reflected in Main Street's consolidated financial statements.

The Internal Investment Manager has elected, for tax purposes, to be treated as a taxable entity, is not consolidated with Main Street for income tax purposes and is taxed at normal corporate tax rates based on its taxable income and, as a result of its activities, may generate income tax expense or benefit. The Internal Investment Manager elected to be treated as a taxable entity to enable it to receive fee income and to allow MSCC to continue to comply with the "source income" requirements

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE B SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

contained in the RIC tax provisions of the Code. The taxable income, or loss, of the Internal Investment Manager may differ from its book income, or loss, due to temporary book and tax timing differences and permanent differences. Through March 31, 2013, the Internal Investment Manager provided for any income tax expense, or benefit, and any tax assets and liabilities in its separate financial statements. Beginning April 1, 2013, the Internal Investment Manager is included in Main Street's consolidated financial statements and reflected as a consolidated subsidiary and any income tax expense, or benefit, and any tax assets and liabilities are reflected in Main Street's consolidated financial statements.

The Taxable Subsidiaries and the Internal Investment Manager use the liability method in accounting for income taxes. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recorded for temporary differences between the tax basis of assets and liabilities and their reported amounts in the financial statements, using statutory tax rates in effect for the year in which the temporary differences are expected to reverse. A valuation allowance is provided against deferred tax assets when it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax asset will not be realized.

Taxable income generally differs from net income for financial reporting purposes due to temporary and permanent differences in the recognition of income and expenses. Taxable income generally excludes net unrealized appreciation or depreciation, as investment gains or losses are not included in taxable income until they are realized.

10. Net Realized Gains or Losses and Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation or Depreciation

Realized gains or losses are measured by the difference between the net proceeds from the sale or redemption of an investment or a financial instrument and the cost basis of the investment or financial instrument, without regard to unrealized appreciation or depreciation previously recognized, and includes investments written-off during the period net of recoveries and realized gains or losses from in-kind redemptions. Net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation reflects the net change in the fair value of the Investment Portfolio and financial instruments and the reclassification of any prior period unrealized appreciation or depreciation on exited investments and financial instruments to realized gains or losses.

11. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair value estimates are made at discrete points in time based on relevant information. These estimates may be subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgment and, therefore, cannot be determined with precision. Main Street believes that the carrying amounts of its financial instruments, consisting of cash and cash equivalents, receivables, accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate the fair values of such items due to the short term nature of these instruments. Marketable securities and idle funds investments may include investments in certificates of deposit, U.S. government agency securities, independently rated debt investments, diversified bond funds and publicly traded debt and equity investments and the fair value determination for these investments under the provisions of ASC 820 generally consists of Level 1 and 2 observable inputs, similar in nature to those discussed further in Note C.

As part of the Exchange Offer, Main Street elected the fair value option under ASC 825, *Financial Instruments* ("ASC 825") relating to accounting for debt obligations at their fair value, for the MSC II SBIC debentures acquired (the "Acquired Debentures") as part of the acquisition accounting related to

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE B SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

the Exchange Offer and valued those obligations as discussed further in Note C. In order to provide for a more consistent basis of presentation, Main Street has continued to elect the fair value option for SBIC debentures issued by MSC II subsequent to the Exchange Offer. When the fair value option is elected for a given SBIC debenture, the deferred loan costs associated with the debenture are fully expensed in the current period to "Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation) SBIC debentures" as part of the fair value adjustment. Interest incurred in connection with SBIC debentures which are valued at fair value is included in interest expense.

12. Earnings per Share

Basic and diluted per share calculations are computed utilizing the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding for the period. Main Street adopted the amended guidance in ASC 260, *Earnings Per Share*, and based on the guidance, the unvested shares of restricted stock are participating securities and are included in the basic earnings per share calculation. As a result, for all periods presented, there is no difference between diluted earnings per share and basic earnings per share amounts.

As a result of the Exchange Offer, which left a minority portion of MSC II's equity interests owned by certain non-Main Street entities for the periods prior to March 31, 2012, the net earnings of MSC II attributable to the remaining noncontrolling interest in MSC II are excluded from all per share amounts presented, and the per share amounts only reflect the net earnings attributable to Main Street's ownership interest in MSC II for the periods prior to March 31, 2012. During the first quarter of 2012, MSCC completed the Final MSC II Exchange to acquire all of the minority portion of MSC II's equity interests not already owned by MSCC. The following table provides a reconciliation of Net Investment Income and Net Realized Income attributable to common stock by excluding amounts related to the noncontrolling interest in MSC II that remained owned by non-Main Street entities for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011.

	Years Ended December 31,			
	2012 2011			
	(in thousan	ds)		
Net Investment Income	\$ 59,325 \$	39,277		
Noncontrolling interest share of Net Investment Income	(62)	(766)		
Net Investment Income attributable to common stock	59,263	38,511		
Total net realized gain from investments	16,479	2,639		
Noncontrolling interest share of net realized (gain) from investments	(3)	(91)		
Net Realized Income attributable to common stock	\$ 75,739 \$	41,059		
Net Investment Income per share				
Basic and diluted	\$ 2.01 \$	1.69		
Net Realized Income per share				
Basic and diluted	\$ 2.56 \$	1.80		

Weighted average shares outstanding			
Basic and diluted		29,540,114	22,850,299
	F-61		
	C-01		

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE B SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

13. Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In February 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2013-04, Liabilities (Topic 405): Obligations Resulting from Joint and Several Liability Arrangements for Which the Total Amount of the Obligation Is Fixed at the Reporting Date ("ASU 2013-04"). ASU 2013-04 provides additional guidance for the recognition, measurement, and disclosure of obligations resulting from joint and several liability arrangements for which the total amount of the obligation within the scope of this guidance is fixed at the reporting date. Public companies are required to apply ASU 2013-04 prospectively for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2013.

In June 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2013-08, Financial Services Investment Companies (Topic 946): Amendments to the Scope, Measurement, and Disclosure Requirements ("ASU 2013-08"). ASU 2013-08 amends the criteria that define an investment company, clarifies the measurement guidance and requires certain additional disclosures. Public companies are required to apply ASU 2013-08 prospectively for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2013.

From time to time, new accounting pronouncements are issued by the FASB or other standards setting bodies that are adopted by Main Street as of the specified effective date. Main Street believes that the impact of recently issued standards that have been issued and any that are not yet effective will not have a material impact on its financial statements upon adoption.

NOTE C FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY FOR INVESTMENTS AND DEBENTURES PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION

ASC 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, establishes a fair value hierarchy based on the quality of inputs used to measure fair value, and enhances disclosure requirements for fair value measurements. Main Street accounts for its investments at fair value.

Fair Value Hierarchy

In accordance with ASC 820, Main Street has categorized its investments based on the priority of the inputs to the valuation technique, into a three-level fair value hierarchy. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical investments (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3).

Investments recorded on Main Street's balance sheet are categorized based on the inputs to the valuation techniques as follows:

Level 1 Investments whose values are based on unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets in an active market that Main Street has the ability to access (examples include investments in active exchange-traded equity securities and investments in most U.S. government and agency securities).

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE C FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY FOR INVESTMENTS AND DEBENTURES PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION (Continued)

Level 2 Investments whose values are based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or model inputs that are observable either directly or indirectly for substantially the full term of the investment. Level 2 inputs include the following:

Quoted prices for similar assets in active markets (for example, investments in restricted stock);

Quoted prices for identical or similar assets in non-active markets (for example, investments in thinly traded public companies);

Pricing models whose inputs are observable for substantially the full term of the investment (for example, market interest rate indices); and

Pricing models whose inputs are derived principally from, or corroborated by, observable market data through correlation or other means for substantially the full term of the investment.

Level 3 Investments whose values are based on prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement (for example, investments in illiquid securities issued by private companies). These inputs reflect management's own assumptions about the assumptions a market participant would use in pricing the investment.

As required by ASC 820, when the inputs used to measure fair value fall within different levels of the hierarchy, the level within which the fair value measurement is categorized is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. For example, a Level 3 fair value measurement may include inputs that are observable (Levels 1 and 2) and unobservable (Level 3). Therefore, unrealized appreciation and depreciation related to such investments categorized within the Level 3 table below may include changes in fair value that are attributable to both observable inputs (Levels 1 and 2) and unobservable inputs (Level 3). Main Street conducts reviews of fair value hierarchy classifications on a quarterly basis. Changes in the observability of valuation inputs may result in a reclassification for certain investments.

As of December 31, 2013, all except for one of Main Street's LMM portfolio investments consisted of illiquid securities issued by private companies. The remaining investment was a publicly traded equity security. As a result, the fair value determination for the LMM portfolio investments primarily consisted of unobservable inputs. The fair value determination for the publicly traded equity security consisted of observable inputs in non-active markets for which sufficient observable inputs were available to determine the fair value. As a result, all of Main Street's LMM portfolio investments were categorized as Level 3 as of December 31, 2013, except for the one publicly traded equity security which was categorized as Level 2. As of December 31, 2012, all of Main Street's LMM portfolio investments consisted of illiquid securities issued by private companies. The fair value determination for these investments primarily consisted of unobservable inputs. As a result, all of Main Street's LMM portfolio investments were categorized as Level 3 as of December 31, 2012.

As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, Main Street's Middle Market portfolio investments consisted primarily of investments in secured and unsecured debt investments and independently rated debt investments. The fair value determination for these investments consisted of a combination of

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE C FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY FOR INVESTMENTS AND DEBENTURES PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION (Continued)

observable inputs in non-active markets for which sufficient observable inputs were available to determine the fair value of these investments, observable inputs in the non-active markets for which sufficient observable inputs were not available to determine the fair value of these investments and unobservable inputs. As a result, a portion of Main Street's Middle Market portfolio investments were categorized as Level 2 as of December 31, 2013 and 2012. For those Middle Market portfolio investments for which sufficient observable inputs were not available to determine fair value of the investments, Main Street categorized such investments as Level 3 as of December 31, 2013 and 2012.

As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, Main Street's Private Loan portfolio investments primarily consisted of investments in interest-bearing debt and equity securities in companies that are consistent with the size of companies in our LMM portfolio or our Middle Market portfolio, but are investments which have been originated through strategic relationships with other investment funds on a collaborative basis. Our Private Loan portfolio debt investments are generally secured by either a first or second priority lien. The fair value determination for these investments consisted of a combination of observable inputs in non-active markets for which sufficient observable inputs were not available to determine the fair value of these investments and unobservable inputs. As a result, all of Main Street's Private Loan portfolio investments were categorized as Level 3 as of December 31, 2013 and 2012.

As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, Main Street's Other Portfolio debt investments consisted of investments in secured debt investments. The fair value determination for Other Portfolio debt investments consisted of observable inputs in non-active markets and, as such, were categorized as Level 2 as of December 31, 2013 and 2012.

As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, Main Street's Other Portfolio equity investments consisted of illiquid securities issued by private companies. The fair value determination for these investments primarily consisted of unobservable inputs. As a result, all of Main Street's Other Portfolio equity investments were categorized as Level 3 as of December 31, 2013 and 2012.

As of December 31, 2013, Main Street's Marketable securities and idle funds investments consisted primarily of investments in publicly traded debt and equity investments. The fair value determination for these investments consisted of a combination of observable inputs in active markets for which sufficient observable inputs were available to determine the fair value of these investments. As a result, all of Main Street's Marketable securities and idle funds investments consisted primarily of investments in secured and unsecured debt investments. The fair value determination for these investments in secured and unsecured debt investments. The fair value determination for these investments consisted of a combination of observable inputs in non-active markets for which sufficient observable inputs were available to determine the fair value of these investments. The fair value determination for these investments consisted of a combination of observable inputs in non-active markets for which sufficient observable inputs were available to determine the fair value of these investments. As a result, all of Main Street's Marketable securities and idle funds investments. As a result, all of Main Street's Marketable securities and idle funds investments. As a result, all of Main Street's Marketable securities and idle funds investments. As a result, all of Main Street's Marketable securities and idle funds investments were categorized as Level 2 as of December 31, 2012.

The fair value determination of each portfolio investment categorized as Level 3 required one or more of the following unobservable inputs:

Financial information obtained from each portfolio company, including unaudited statements of operations and balance sheets for the most recent period available as compared to budgeted numbers;

Current and projected financial condition of the portfolio company;

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE C FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY FOR INVESTMENTS AND DEBENTURES PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION (Continued)

Current and projected ability of the portfolio company to service its debt obligations;

Type and amount of collateral, if any, underlying the investment;

Current financial ratios (e.g., fixed charge coverage ratio, interest coverage ratio, and net debt/EBITDA ratio) applicable to the investment;

Current liquidity of the investment and related financial ratios (e.g., current ratio and quick ratio);

Pending debt or capital restructuring of the portfolio company;

Projected operating results of the portfolio company;

Current information regarding any offers to purchase the investment;

Current ability of the portfolio company to raise any additional financing as needed;

Changes in the economic environment which may have a material impact on the operating results of the portfolio company;

Internal occurrences that may have an impact (both positive and negative) on the operating performance of the portfolio company;

Qualitative assessment of key management;

Contractual rights, obligations or restrictions associated with the investment; and

Other factors deemed relevant.

The significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of Main Street's LMM equity securities, which are generally valued through an average of the discounted cash flow technique and the market comparable/enterprise value technique (unless one of these approaches is determined to not be appropriate), are (i) EBITDA multiples and (ii) the weighted average cost of capital ("WACC"). Significant increases (decreases) in EBITDA multiple inputs in isolation would result in a significantly higher (lower) fair value measurement. On the contrary, significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of Main Street's LMM, Middle Market, Private Loan and Other Portfolio debt securities are (i) risk adjusted discount rates used in the yield-to-maturity valuation technique (described in Note B.1. Valuation of the

Investment Portfolio) and (ii) the percentage of expected principal recovery. Significant increases (decreases) in any of these discount rates in isolation would result in a significantly lower (higher) fair value measurement. Significant increases (decreases) in any of these expected principal recovery percentages in isolation would result in a significantly higher (lower) fair value measurement. However, due to the nature of certain investments, fair value measurements may be based on other criteria, such as third-party appraisals of collateral and fair values as determined by independent third parties, which are not presented in the table below.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE C FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY FOR INVESTMENTS AND DEBENTURES PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION (Continued)

The following tables are not intended to be all-inclusive, but, rather, provide a summary of the significant unobservable inputs used to fair value Main Street's Level 3 portfolio investments as of December 31, 2013 and 2012.

Type of Investment	Dece	Value as of ember 31, 2013 (in ousands)	Valuation Technique	Significant Unobservable Inputs	Range(3)	Weighted Average(3)
Equity investments	\$	307,322	Discounted cash flow Market comparable / Enterprise Value	Weighted average cost of capital EBITDA multiple(1)	11.1% - 19.0% 4.0x - 7.2x(2)	14.3% 6.0x
Debt investments	\$	467,396	Discounted cash flow	Risk adjusted discount factor Adjustment factors	6.5% - 26.4%(2) 66.9% - 100.0%	14.3% 97.8%
	\$	430,172	Market Approach	Third Party Quote	82.3 - 102.9	

Total Level 3 investments \$ 1,204,890

(1)

EBITDA may include proforma adjustments and/or other addbacks based on specific circumstances related to each investment.

(2)

Range excludes outliers that are greater than one standard deviation from the mean. Including these outliers, the range for EBITDA multiple is 4.0x - 11.5x and the range for risk adjusted discount factor is 6.5% - 96.0%.

(3)

Does not include investments for which the valuation technique does not include the use of the applicable fair value input.

Type of Investment	Dece	ir Value as of ember 31, 2012 (in ousands)	Valuation Technique	Significant Unobservable Inputs	Range(3)	Weighted Average(3)
Equity investments	\$	220,359	Discounted cash flow Market comparable / Enterprise Value	Weighted average cost of capital EBITDA multiple(1)	11.0% - 19.0% 4.0x - 7.0x(2)	14.9% 5.7x
Debt investments	\$	360,604	Discounted cash flow	Risk adjusted discount factor Adjustment factors	9.2% - 16.0%(2) 0.0% - 100.0%	13.3% 99.5%
	\$	116,668	Market Approach	Third Party Quote	94.3 - 104.0	

Total Level 3 investments \$ 697,631

EBITDA may include proforma adjustments and/or other addbacks based on specific circumstances related to each investment.

Range excludes outliers that are greater than one standard deviation from the mean. Including these outliers, the range for EBITDA multiple is 4.0x - 14.0x and the range for risk adjusted discount factor is 4.3% - 20.5%.

(3)

Does not include investments for which the valuation technique does not include the use of the applicable fair value input.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE C FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY FOR INVESTMENTS AND DEBENTURES PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION (Continued)

The following table provides a summary of changes in fair value of Main Street's Level 3 portfolio investments for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 (amounts in thousands):

Type of Investment	_	air Value as of cember 31, 2012]	ransfers Into Level 3 ierarchy	edemptions/ epayments(1)inv	New estments(1)	Net Changes from Unrealized to Realized	A	Net Unrealized Appreciation Depreciation)	0	ther(1)	 ir Value as of cember 31, 2013
Debt	\$	477,272	\$	47,903	\$ (247,820) \$	635,392	\$ 4,128	5	\$ (21,770)	\$	2,463	\$ 897,568
Equity		191,764			(6,113)	52,086	(9,003)	40,191		1,839	270,764
Equity Warrant		28,595		314	(2,259)	9,048	(864)	3,357		(1,633)	36,558
	\$	697,631	\$	48,217	\$ (256,192) \$	696,526	\$ (5,739) 5	\$ 21,778	\$	2,669	\$ 1,204,890

Type of Investment	Fair V as o Decemb 201	of oer 31,	Transfers Into Level 3 Hierarchy		lemptions/ ayments(11nv	New	Net Change from Unrealized to Realized	l Ui Apj	Net nrealized preciation preciation)	Other(1)		air Value as of cember 31, 2012
Debt			\$ 33,067	-	(114,528) \$	287,166		4 \$	3.845		\$	477,272
Equity		3,920	1,259		(16,571)	47,333	(11,18		44,105	12,905	Ψ	191,764
Equity Warrant	4	3,269	235		(3,924)	1,880	(6,83	6)	6,871	(12,900))	28,595
Internal Investment Manager(2)		1,869			(1,616)				(253)			
	\$ 41	9,248	\$ 34,561	\$	(136,639) \$	336,379	\$ (16,91	9) \$	54,568	\$ 6,433	\$	697,631

(1)

Includes the impact of non-cash conversions.

(2)

Reflects the adjustment to the investment in the Internal Investment Manager in connection with the acquisition of the remaining externally owned MSC II equity interests.

As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, the fair value determination for the SBIC debentures recorded at fair value primarily consisted of unobservable inputs. As a result, the SBIC debentures which are recorded at fair value were categorized as Level 3. Main Street determines the fair value of these instruments primarily using a yield-to-maturity approach that analyzes the discounted cash flows of interest and principal for each SBIC debenture recorded at fair value based on estimated market interest rates for debt instruments of similar structure, terms, and maturity. Main Street's estimate of the expected repayment date of principal for each SBIC debenture recorded at fair value is the legal maturity

date of the instrument.

The significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of Main Street's SBIC debentures recorded at fair value are the estimated market interest rates used to fair value each debenture using the yield valuation technique described above. Significant increases (decreases) in the yield-to-maturity valuation inputs in isolation would result in a significantly lower (higher) fair value measurement.

The following table is not intended to be all-inclusive but, rather, provides a summary of the significant unobservable inputs used to fair value Main Street's Level 3 SBIC debentures as of December 31, 2013 and 2012(amounts in thousands).

Type of	Decen	Value as of nber 31, 013	Valuation	Significant		Weighted
Instrument	_	ousands)	Technique	Unobservable Inputs	Range	Average
insti ument	(in the	Jusanus)		•	Kange	Average
			Discounted cash	Estimated market		
SBIC Debentures	\$	62,050	flow	interest rates	8.5% - 9.1%	8.9%
			F-67			

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE C FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY FOR INVESTMENTS AND DEBENTURES PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION (Continued)

	Fair Value as of December 31,				
Type of Instrument	2012 (in thousands)	Valuation Technique	Significant Unobservable Inputs	Range	Weighted Average
SBIC Debentures	\$ 86,467	Discounted cash flow	Estimated market interest rates	7.1% - 9.0%	8.0%

The following table provides a summary of changes for the Level 3 SBIC debentures recorded at fair value for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 (amounts in thousands).

	Fair Value	e as				1	Net	Fair Value as
	of			Net	New	Unr	ealized	of
Type of	December	31,		Realized	SBIC	(Appr	reciation)	September 30,
Instrument	2012	Re	payments	Loss	Debentur	esDepr	eciation	2013
SBIC Debentures at fair								
value	\$ 86,	467 \$	(24,800)	\$ 4,775	5 \$	\$	(4,392)	\$ 62,050

	Fair Valu	ie as					Ne	et	Fair Va	alue as
	of			Net	N	ew	Unrea	lized	o	f
Type of	Decembe	r 31,		Realized	SI	BIC	(Apprec	ciation)	Decem	oer 31,
Instrument	2011	R	Repayments	Loss	Debe	ntures	Deprec	iation	201	12
SBIC Debentures at fair										
value	\$ 7	6,887	\$	\$	\$	5,000	\$	4,580	\$	86,467

At December 31, 2013 and 2012, Main Street's investments and SBIC debentures at fair value were categorized as follows in the fair value hierarchy for ASC 820 purposes:

			Fair Value Measurements								
At December 31, 2013	F	air Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	(in thousand Significant Observable (Level	Other Inputs		Significant 'nobservable Inputs (Level 3)				
LMM portfolio investments	\$	659.405		\$	10,235	\$	649,170				
Middle Market portfolio investments		471,458			69,063		402,395				
Private Loan portfolio investments		111,463					111,463				
Other Portfolio investments		42,798			2,000		40,798				
External Investment Manager		1,064					1,064				

Total portfolio investments	1,286,188		81,298	1,204,890
Marketable securities and idle funds investments	13,301 \$	13,301		

Total investments	\$	1,299,489	\$	13,301	\$	81,298	\$	1,204,890
SBIC Debentures at fair value	\$	62,050	\$		\$		\$	62,050
SDIe Debentures at fair value	φ	02,050	ψ		ψ		Ψ	02,030
		F	7-68					

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MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE C FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY FOR INVESTMENTS AND DEBENTURES PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION (Continued)

44 December 21, 2012	F	air Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets	arkets forSignificant Otheral AssetsObservable Inputs			gnificant observable Inputs
At December 31, 2012			(Level 1) \$	(Lev \$	el 2)	(1 \$	Level 3)
LMM portfolio investments	\$	482,864	\$	\$	210.020	Ф	482,864
Middle Market portfolio investments		351,972			219,838		132,134
Private Loan portfolio investments		65,493			4,992		60,501
Other Portfolio investments Investment in affiliated Internal Investment Manager		24,102			1,970		22,132
Total portfolio investments		924,431			226,800		697,631
Marketable securities and idle funds investments		28,535			28,535		
Total investments	\$	952,966	\$	\$	255,335	\$	697,631
SBIC Debentures at fair value	\$	86,467	\$	\$		\$	86,467

Investment Portfolio Composition

Main Street's lower middle market ("LMM") portfolio investments primarily consist of secured debt, equity warrants and direct equity investments in privately held, LMM companies based in the United States. Main Street's LMM portfolio companies generally have annual revenues between \$10 million and \$150 million, and its LMM investments generally range in size from \$5 million to \$25 million. The LMM debt investments are typically secured by either a first or second lien on the assets of the portfolio company, primarily bear interest at fixed rates, and generally have a term of between five and seven years from the original investment date. In most LMM portfolio companies, Main Street usually receives nominally priced equity warrants and/or makes direct equity investments in connection with a debt investment.

Main Street's middle market ("Middle Market") portfolio investments primarily consist of direct investments in or secondary purchases of interest-bearing debt securities in privately held companies based in the United States that are generally larger in size than the LMM companies included in Main Street's LMM portfolio. Main Street's Middle Market portfolio companies generally have annual revenues between \$150 million and \$1.5 billion and its Middle Market investments generally range in size from \$3 million to \$15 million. Main Street's Middle Market portfolio debt investments are generally secured by either a first or second priority lien on the assets of the company and typically have a term of between three and five years.

Main Street's Private Loan ("Private Loan") portfolio investments primarily consist of investments in interest-bearing debt securities in companies that are consistent with the size of companies in its LMM portfolio or its Middle Market portfolio, but are investments which have been originated through strategic relationships with other investment funds on a collaborative basis. Our Private Loan portfolio

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE C FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY FOR INVESTMENTS AND DEBENTURES PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION (Continued)

debt investments are generally secured by either a first or second priority lien and typically have a term of between three and seven years.

Main Street's other portfolio ("Other Portfolio") investments primarily consist of investments which are not consistent with the typical profiles for LMM, Middle Market and Private Loan portfolio investments, including investments which may be managed by third parties. In the Other Portfolio, Main Street may incur indirect fees and expenses in connection with investments managed by third parties, such as investments in other investment companies or private funds.

Main Street's external asset management business is conducted through its External Investment Manager. Main Street has entered into an agreement through the Internal Investment Manager to provide the External Investment Manager with asset management service support for HMS Income Fund, Inc. ("HMS Income"). Through this agreement, Main Street provides management and other services to the External Investment Manager, as well as access to Main Street's employees, infrastructure, business relationships, management expertise and capital raising capabilities. Beginning in the first quarter of 2014, Main Street charges the External Investment Manager a fee for the use of these services. The External Investment Manager earns management fees based on the assets of the funds under management and may earn incentive fees, or a carried interest, based on the performance of the funds managed.

Investment income, consisting of interest, dividends and fees, can fluctuate dramatically due to various factors, including the level of new investment activity, repayments of debt investments or sales of equity interests. Investment income in any given year could also be highly concentrated among several portfolio companies. For the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, Main Street did not record investment income from any single portfolio company in excess of 10% of total investment income.

As of December 31, 2013, Main Street had debt and equity investments in 62 LMM portfolio companies with an aggregate fair value of approximately \$659.4 million, with a total cost basis of approximately \$543.3 million, and a weighted average annual effective yield on its LMM debt investments of approximately 14.7%. As of December 31, 2013, approximately 76% of Main Street's total LMM portfolio investments at cost were in the form of debt investments and approximately 86% of such debt investments at cost were secured by first priority liens on the assets of Main Street's LMM portfolio companies. At December 31, 2013, Main Street had equity ownership in approximately 94% of its LMM portfolio companies and the average fully diluted equity ownership in those portfolio companies was approximately 33%. As of December 31, 2012, Main Street had debt and equity investments in 56 LMM portfolio companies with an aggregate fair value of approximately \$482.9 million, with a total cost basis of approximately \$380.5 million, and a weighted average annual effective yield on its LMM debt investments of approximately 14.3%. As of December 31, 2012, approximately 75% of Main Street's total LMM portfolio investments at cost were in the form of debt investments and approximately 93% of such debt investments at cost were secured by first priority liens on the assets of Main Street's LMM portfolio companies. At December 31, 2012, Main Street's total LMM portfolio investments at cost were in the form of debt investments and approximately 93% of such debt investments at cost were secured by first priority liens on the assets of Main Street's LMM portfolio companies. At December 31, 2012, Main Street had equity ownership in approximately 93% of its LMM portfolio companies and the average fully diluted equity ownership in those portfolio companies was approximately 93% of its LMM portfolio companies and the average fully diluted equity ownership in those portfolio companies was approximately 93%. The weighted average annual yields were co

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE C FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY FOR INVESTMENTS AND DEBENTURES PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION (Continued)

discount but excluding fees payable upon repayment of the debt investments and any debt investments on non-accrual status.

As of December 31, 2013, Main Street had Middle Market portfolio investments in 92 companies, collectively totaling approximately \$471.5 million in fair value with a total cost basis of approximately \$468.3 million. The weighted average EBITDA for the 92 Middle Market portfolio company investments was approximately \$79.0 million as of December 31, 2013. As of December 31, 2013, substantially all of its Middle Market portfolio investments were in the form of debt investments and approximately 92% of such debt investments at cost were secured by first priority liens on portfolio company assets. The weighted average annual effective yield on Main Street's Middle Market portfolio investments as of December 31, 2012. As of December 31, 2012, Main Street had Middle Market portfolio investments in 79 companies, collectively totaling approximately \$352.0 million in fair value with a total cost basis of approximately \$348.1 million. The weighted average EBITDA for the 79 Middle Market portfolio company investments was approximately \$348.1 million. The weighted average EBITDA for the 79 Middle Market portfolio investments were in the form of debt investments and approximately \$93.5 million as of December 31, 2012. As of December 31, 2012, substantially all of its Middle Market portfolio investments were in the form of debt investments and approximately 91% of such debt investments at cost were secured by first priority liens on portfolio company assets. The weighted average annual effective yield on Main Street's Middle Market portfolio debt investments was approximately \$0.0 main Street's Middle Market portfolio debt investments was approximately \$0.0 main Street's Middle Market portfolio debt investments was approximately \$0.0 main Street's Middle Market portfolio debt investments was approximately \$0.0 main Street's Middle Market portfolio debt investments was approximately \$0.0 main Street's Middle Market portfolio debt investments was approximately \$0.0 main Street's Middle Market portfolio debt investments was appr

As of December 31, 2013, Main Street had Private Loan portfolio investments in 15 companies, collectively totaling approximately \$111.5 million in fair value with a total cost basis of approximately \$111.3 million. The weighted average EBITDA for the 15 Private Loan portfolio company investments was approximately \$18.4 million as of December 31, 2013. As of December 31, 2012, 95% of its Private Loan portfolio investments were in the form of debt investments and 98% of such debt investments at cost were secured by first priority liens on portfolio company assets. The weighted average annual effective yield on Main Street's Private Loan portfolio investments in 9 companies, collectively totaling approximately \$65.5 million in fair value with a total cost basis of approximately \$64.9 million. The weighted average EBITDA for the 9 Private Loan portfolio investments was approximately \$45.6 million as of December 31, 2012. As of December 31, 2012, approximately 99% of its Private Loan portfolio investments were in the form of debt investments were in the form of debt investments at cost were secured by first priority liens on portfolio debt investments was approximately \$45.6 million as of December 31, 2012. As of December 31, 2012, approximately \$45.6 million as of December 31, 2012. As of December 31, 2012, approximately 99% of its Private Loan portfolio investments were in the form of debt investments and all such debt investments at cost were secured by first priority liens on portfolio company assets. The weighted average annual effective yield on Main Street's Private Loan portfolio debt investments at 0212, including amortization of deferred debt origination fees and accretion of original issue discount but excluding fees payable upon repayment of the debt investments.

As of December 31, 2013, Main Street had Other Portfolio investments in 6 companies, collectively totaling approximately \$42.8 million in fair value and approximately \$40.1 million in cost basis and which comprised 3.3% of Main Street's Investment Portfolio at fair value as of December 31, 2013. As of December 31, 2012, Main Street had Other Portfolio investments in 3 companies, collectively

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE C FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY FOR INVESTMENTS AND DEBENTURES PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION (Continued)

totaling approximately \$24.1 million in fair value and approximately \$23.6 million in cost basis and which comprised 2.6% of Main Street's Investment Portfolio at fair value as of December 31, 2012.

As discussed further above, Main Street holds an investment in the External Investment Manager, a wholly owned subsidiary that is treated as a portfolio investment. As of December 31, 2013, there was no cost basis in this investment and the investment had a fair value of \$1.1 million, which comprised 0.1% of our Investment Portfolio.

During 2013, Main Street began categorizing certain of its portfolio investments that were previously categorized as LMM portfolio investments or Middle Market portfolio investments as Private Loan portfolio investments to provide a separate classification based upon the nature in which such investments are originated. During the year ended December 31, 2013, there were ten portfolio company investment transfers from the LMM and Middle Market portfolio investment categories to the Private Loan portfolio investment category totaling \$69.6 million in fair value and \$69.0 million in cost as of the date of transfer.

The following tables summarize the composition of Main Street's total combined LMM portfolio investments, Middle Market portfolio investments and Private Loan portfolio investments at cost and fair value by type of investment as a percentage of the total combined LMM portfolio investments, Middle Market portfolio investments and Private Loan portfolio investments, as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 (this information excludes the Other Portfolio investments, the External Investment Manager and the Internal Investment Manager).

Cost:	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
First lien debt	79.0%	81.1%
Equity	10.4%	10.4%
Second lien debt	8.4%	6.0%
Equity warrants	1.9%	1.9%
Other	0.3%	0.6%

100.0%	100.0%

Fair Value:	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
First lien debt	69.9%	72.1%
Equity	19.3%	18.7%
Second lien debt	7.6%	5.4%
Equity warrants	2.9%	3.3%
Other	0.3%	0.5%

100.0%

100.0%

The following tables summarize the composition of Main Street's total combined LMM portfolio investments, Middle Market portfolio investments and Private Loan portfolio investments by geographic region of the United States and other countries at cost and fair value as a percentage of the total combined LMM portfolio investments, Middle Market portfolio investments and Private Loan portfolio investments, as of

December 31, 2013 and 2012 (this information excludes the Other Portfolio

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE C FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY FOR INVESTMENTS AND DEBENTURES PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION (Continued)

investments, the External Investment Manager and the Internal Investment Manager). The geographic composition is determined by the location of the corporate headquarters of the portfolio company.

Cost:	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Southwest	27.8%	27.7%
West	19.1%	25.7%
Northeast	18.0%	17.2%
Southeast	15.6%	10.1%
Midwest	15.4%	17.6%
Canada	1.2%	0.0%
Other Non-United States	2.9%	1.7%

100.0% 100.0%

Fair Value:	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Southwest	30.9%	31.3%
West	20.1%	25.3%
Northeast	17.6%	15.8%
Southeast	12.6%	9.1%
Midwest	15.0%	17.0%
Canada	1.1%	0.0%
Other Non-United States	2.7%	1.5%

100.0%

100.0%

Main Street's LMM portfolio investments, Middle Market portfolio investments and Private Loan portfolio investments are in companies conducting business in a variety of industries. The following tables summarize the composition of Main Street's total combined LMM portfolio investments, Middle Market portfolio investments and Private Loan portfolio investments by industry at cost and fair value

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE C FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY FOR INVESTMENTS AND DEBENTURES PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION (Continued)

as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 (this information excludes the Other Portfolio investments, the External Investment Manager and the Internal Investment Manager).

Cost:	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Energy Equipment & Services	10.7%	8.4%
Media	7.8%	7.2%
Specialty Retail	7.2%	6.1%
IT Services	6.1%	2.8%
Health Care Providers & Services	5.8%	5.3%
Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure	5.8%	3.5%
Commercial Services & Supplies	5.1%	6.4%
Construction & Engineering	4.1%	4.7%
Software	3.8%	8.3%
Machinery	3.3%	6.7%
Diversified Telecommunication Services	3.3%	0.0%
Oil, Gas & Consumable Fuels	3.2%	1.6%
Road & Rail	2.7%	1.0%
Internet Software & Services	2.5%	0.2%
Diversified Consumer Services	2.4%	3.2%
Electronic Equipment, Instruments & Components	2.3%	2.6%
Textiles, Apparel & Luxury Goods	1.6%	0.7%
Auto Components	1.6%	0.5%
Trading Companies & Distributors	1.5%	1.0%
Professional Services	1.4%	2.2%
Building Products	1.4%	2.0%
Chemicals	1.3%	2.0%
Health Care Equipment & Supplies	1.2%	1.5%
Consumer Finance	1.1%	1.2%
Containers & Packaging	1.0%	1.5%
Food Products	0.9%	2.0%
Aerospace & Defense	0.8%	1.9%
Metals & Mining	0.7%	2.2%
Paper & Forest Products	0.8%	1.0%
Insurance	0.2%	2.0%
Construction Materials	0.2%	1.7%
Communications Equipment	0.0%	1.2%
Other(1)	8.2%	7.4%

100.0% 100.0%

(1)

Includes various industries with each industry individually less than 1.0% of the total combined LMM portfolio investments, Middle Market portfolio investments and Private Loan portfolio investments at each date.

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE C FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY FOR INVESTMENTS AND DEBENTURES PORTFOLIO COMPOSITION (Continued)

Fair Value:	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Energy Equipment & Services	10.2%	10.2%
Media	7.6%	6.7%
Specialty Retail	6.5%	4.9%
Health Care Providers & Services	5.6%	5.3%
Hotels, Restaurants & Leisure	5.6%	3.5%
IT Services	5.6%	2.5%
Machinery	5.3%	8.3%
Commercial Services & Supplies	4.6%	6.1%
Construction & Engineering	4.6%	5.1%
Software	4.0%	7.9%
Diversified Consumer Services	3.9%	4.0%
Diversified Telecommunication Services	3.6%	0.0%
Road & Rail	3.0%	1.5%
Oil, Gas & Consumable Fuels	2.9%	1.4%
Internet Software & Services	2.9%	0.6%
Electronic Equipment, Instruments & Components	2.4%	2.4%
Auto Components	1.5%	0.4%
Textiles, Apparel & Luxury Goods	1.4%	0.6%
Trading Companies & Distributors	1.3%	1.7%
Paper & Forest Products	1.3%	1.2%
Professional Services	1.2%	2.0%
Chemicals	1.2%	1.8%
Building Products	1.0%	1.5%
Health Care Equipment & Supplies	1.0%	1.3%
Containers & Packaging	0.9%	1.3%
Food Products	0.8%	1.8%
Consumer Finance	0.8%	1.1%
Metals & Mining	0.7%	1.9%
Aerospace & Defense	0.7%	1.7%
Transportation Infrastructure	0.7%	1.0%
Insurance	0.2%	1.8%
Construction Materials	0.1%	1.4%
Communications Equipment	0.0%	1.1%
Other(1)	6.9%	6.0%

100.0% 100.0%

(1)

At December 31, 2013 and 2012, Main Street had no portfolio investment that was greater than 10% of the Investment Portfolio at fair value.

Includes various industries with each industry individually less than 1.0% of the total combined LMM portfolio investments, Middle Market portfolio investments and Private Loan portfolio investments at each date.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE D WHOLLY OWNED INVESTMENT MANAGERS

External Investment Manager

As discussed further above in Note A.1., the External Investment Manager provides investment management advisory and other services to External Parties. The External Investment Manager is accounted for as a portfolio investment of MSCC since the External Investment Manager conducts all of its investment management activities for parties outside of MSCC and its consolidated subsidiaries.

During May 2012, MSCC entered into an investment sub-advisory agreement with HMS Adviser, LP ("HMS Adviser"), which is the investment advisor to HMS Income Fund, Inc. ("HMS Income"), a non publicly-traded BDC whose registration statement on Form N-2 was declared effective by the SEC in June 2012, to provide certain investment advisory services to HMS Adviser. In December 2013, after obtaining required relief from the SEC, MSCC assigned the sub-advisory agreement to the External Investment Manager since the fees received from such arrangement could otherwise have negative consequences on MSCC's ability to meet the source-of-income requirement necessary for it to maintain its RIC tax treatment. Under the investment sub-advisory agreement, the External Investment Manager is entitled to 50% of the base management fee and the incentive fees earned by HMS Adviser under its advisory agreement with HMS Income. However, MSCC and the External Investment Adviser agreed to waive all such fees from the effective date of HMS Adviser's registration statement on Form N-2 through December 31, 2013. As a result, as of December 31, 2013, MSCC and the External Investment Adviser had not received any base management fee or incentive fees under the investment sub-advisory agreement and neither is due any unpaid compensation for any base management fee or incentive fees under the investment sub-advisory agreement. Neither MSCC nor the External Investment Manager has waived the External Investment Manager is management fee or incentive fees after December 31, 2013 and, as a result, the External Investment Manager began accruing such fees on January 1, 2014.

Internal Investment Manager

As a result of the Formation Transactions, the Internal Investment Manager is a wholly owned subsidiary of MSCC. However, through March 31, 2013, the Internal Investment Manager was accounted for as a portfolio investment since the Internal Investment Manager is not an investment company and since it had historically conducted a significant portion of its investment management activities for parties outside of MSCC and its consolidated subsidiaries. Effective April 1, 2013, the Internal Investment Manager was consolidated prospectively as the controlled operating subsidiary is considered to be providing substantially all of its services directly or indirectly to Main Street or its portfolio companies.

The Internal Investment Manager receives recurring investment management fees from MSCC and certain direct and indirect wholly owned subsidiaries of MSCC. Through March 31, 2013, the Internal Investment Manager also received certain management, consulting and advisory fees for providing these services to third parties (the "External Services").

Through March 31, 2013, the investment in the Internal Investment Manager was accounted for using fair value accounting, with the fair value determined by Main Street and approved, in good faith, by Main Street's Board of Directors, based on the total estimated present value of the net cash flows received for the External Services, over the estimated dollar averaged life of the related investment management, advisory or consulting contract, and was also based on comparable public market transactions. The net cash flows utilized in the valuation of the Internal Investment Manager excluded

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE D WHOLLY OWNED INVESTMENT MANAGERS (Continued)

any revenues and expenses from MSCC and its subsidiaries, but included the revenues attributable to External Services, and were reduced by an estimated allocation of costs related to providing such External Services. Any change in fair value of the investment in the Internal Investment Manager was recognized on Main Street's statement of operations as "Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) in Investment in affiliated Internal Investment Manager," with a corresponding increase (in the case of appreciation) or decrease (in the case of depreciation) to "Investment in affiliated Internal Investment Manager" on Main Street's balance sheet. As of March 31, 2013 (the last period the Internal Investment Manager was considered to be a portfolio investment for accounting purposes) and December 31, 2012, the fair value of the investment in the Internal Investment Manager was zero. Beginning April 1, 2013, the Internal Investment Manager was fully consolidated with MSCC and its other consolidated subsidiaries in Main Street's consolidated financial statements and, as of April 1, 2013, all assets and liabilities were included in the consolidated balance sheet at fair value.

The Internal Investment Manager has elected, for tax purposes, to be treated as a taxable entity, is not consolidated with Main Street for income tax purposes and is taxed at normal corporate tax rates based on its taxable income, or loss, and, as a result of its activities, may generate income tax expense or benefit. The Internal Investment Manager initially elected to be treated as a taxable entity to enable it to receive fee income and to allow MSCC to continue to comply with the "source income" requirements contained in the RIC tax provisions of the Code. The taxable income, or loss, of the Internal Investment Manager may differ from its book income, or loss, due to temporary book and tax timing differences and permanent differences. Through March 31, 2013, the Internal Investment Manager provided for any income tax expense, or benefit, and any tax assets or liabilities in its separate financial statements. Beginning April 1, 2013, the Internal Investment Manager is included in Main Street's consolidated financial statements and reflected as a consolidated subsidiary and any income tax expense, or benefit, and any tax assets or liabilities are reflected in Main Street's consolidated financial statements.

Pursuant to a historical support services agreement with MSCC, the Internal Investment Manager was reimbursed each quarter by MSCC for its cash operating expenses, less fees that the Internal Investment Manager received from MSC II and third parties, associated with providing investment management and other services to MSCC, its subsidiaries and third parties. Through March 31, 2013, these fees paid by MSC II to the Internal Investment Manager were reflected as "Expenses reimbursed to affiliated Internal Investment Manager" on the statements of operations along with any additional net costs reimbursed by MSCC and its consolidated subsidiaries to the Internal Investment Manager pursuant to the support services agreement. Beginning April 1, 2013, the expenses of the Internal Investment Manager are included in Main Street's consolidated financial statements, after elimination of any intercompany activity, in the statement of operations as either compensation expenses or as a part of general and administrative expenses.

In the separate stand-alone financial statements of the Internal Investment Manager as summarized below, as part of the Formation Transactions the Internal Investment Manager recognized an \$18 million intangible asset related to the investment advisory agreement with MSC II consistent with Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 54, Application of "Pushdown" Basis of Accounting in Financial Statements of Subsidiaries Acquired by Purchase ("SAB 54"). Under SAB 54, push-down accounting is required in "purchase transactions that result in an entity becoming substantially wholly owned." In this case, MSCC acquired 100% of the equity interests in the Internal Investment Manager in the Formation Transactions. Because the \$18 million value attributed to MSCC's investment in the Internal

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE D WHOLLY OWNED INVESTMENT MANAGERS (Continued)

Investment Manager was derived from the long-term, recurring management fees under the investment advisory agreement with MSC II, the same methodology used to determine the \$18 million valuation of the Internal Investment Manager in connection with the Formation Transactions was utilized to establish the push-down accounting basis for the intangible asset. The intangible asset is being amortized over the estimated economic life of the investment advisory agreement with MSC II. Through March 31, 2013, amortization expense was recorded by the Internal Investment Manager in its separate financial statements, but this amortization expense was not included in the expenses reimbursed by MSCC to the Internal Investment Manager based upon the support services agreement since it is non-cash and non-operating in nature. Upon consolidation of the Internal Investment Manager effective April 1, 2013, and for all periods thereafter, the effects of the intangible asset and related amortization expense have been fully eliminated in Main Street's consolidated financial statements.

Summarized financial information from the separate financial statements of the Internal Investment Manager through March 31, 2013 is as follows:

	As of March 31 2013			cember 31,)12
	(in thousands)			
		(Unaudited)		
Cash	\$	524	\$	741
Accounts receivable		79		69
Accounts receivable MSCC		106		4,066
Intangible asset (net of accumulated amortization of \$6,021 and \$5,681 as of March 31, 2013 and				
December 31, 2012, respectively)		11,979		12,319
Deposits and other		556		462
Total assets	\$	13,244		17,657
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	1,410	\$	5,483
Equity		11,834		12,174
Total liabilities and equity	\$	13,244	\$	17,657

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE D WHOLLY OWNED INVESTMENT MANAGERS (Continued)

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Years I Decemi	
		2013	2012	2011
		(in tho	usands)	
		(Unat	udited)	
Management fee income from MSC II	\$	776	\$ 2,584	\$ 2,455
Other management advisory fees			283	527
Total income		776	2,867	2,982
Salaries, benefits and other personnel costs		(2,731)	(9,230)	(8,270)
Occupancy expense		(108)	(340)	(328)
Professional expenses		(77)	(129)	(77)
Amortization expense intangible asset		(340)	(1,289)	(1,183)
Other expenses		(273)	(1,253)	(767)
Expense reimbursement from MSCC		2,413	8,085	6,460
Total net expenses		(1,116)	(4,156)	(4,165)
Net Loss	\$	(340)	\$ (1,289)	\$ (1,183)

As a result of the consolidation of the Internal Investment Manager, effective April 1, 2013, beginning in the second quarter of 2013 the balance sheet and income statement accounts of the Internal Investment Manager are included in Main Street's consolidated financial statements and the "Investment in affiliated Internal Investment Manager" and "Expenses reimbursed to affiliated Internal Investment Manager" accounts included in Main Street's historical consolidated financial statements have zero balances. In addition, as a result of the consolidation of the accounts of the Internal Investment Manager beginning with the second quarter of 2013, the expenses on Main Street's income statement that were included in "Expenses reimbursed to affiliated Internal Investment Manager" in prior periods are now included in "Compensation" or "General and administrative" expenses. The consolidation of the Internal Investment Manager has no net effect on net investment income or total expenses reported in any of the comparable periods presented.

The following unaudited supplemental pro forma information has been provided for illustrative purposes only to show the effects on the individual line items in Main Street's consolidated statements of operations affected for these periods prior to consolidation of the Internal Investment Manager. Future results may vary significantly from the results reflected in the following pro forma financial information because of future events and transactions, as well as other factors. No per share amounts are shown as the consolidation of the Internal Investment Manager would not have changed any per share results. The following pro-forma information has been provided for years ended December 31,

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE D WHOLLY OWNED INVESTMENT MANAGERS (Continued)

2013, 2012 and 2011 as if the Internal Investment Manager had been consolidated as of the beginning of each period presented.

		Year Ended December 31,				
	2	2013(1) 2012			2011	
			(in t	housands)		
Compensation		(11,291)		(9,230)		(8,270)
General and administrative		(5,335)		(3,769)		(3,128)
Expenses reimbursed to affiliated Internal Investment Manager						
NET CHANGE IN UNREALIZED APPRECIATION (DEPRECIATION):						
Investment in affiliated Investment Manager						
NET INCREASE IN NET ASSETS RESULTING FROM OPERATIONS						
ATTRIBUTABLE TO COMMON STOCK	\$	96,855	\$	104,643	\$	63,149

(1)

Represents pro-forma information for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and actual information for the period from April 1, 2013 through December 31, 2013.

NOTE E DEFERRED FINANCING COSTS

Deferred financing costs balances as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 are as follows:

	As of December 31,			
	2013		2012	
Credit Facility Fees	\$ 5,366	\$	3,502	
SBIC debenture leverage fees	4,399		3,453	
6.125% Notes	3,088			
SBIC debenture commitment fees	1,800		1,410	
Subtotal	14,653		8,365	
Accumulated amortization	(4,722)		(3,203)	
Net deferred financing costs balance	\$ 9,931	\$	5,162	

Estimated aggregate amortization expense for each of the five years succeeding December 31, 2013 and thereafter is as follows:

Years Ended December 31,	 imated rtization
2014	\$ 1,494
2015	\$ 1,494
2016	\$ 1,494
2017	\$ 1,494
2018	\$ 1,303

2,652 \$ 2,652	
	F

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE F SBIC DEBENTURES

SBIC debentures payable at December 31, 2013 and 2012 were \$200.2 million and \$225.0 million, respectively. SBIC debentures provide for interest to be paid semi-annually, with principal due at the applicable 10-year maturity date of each debenture. The weighted average annual interest rate on the SBIC debentures as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 was 3.8% and 4.7%, respectively. During the three months ended September 30, 2013, we opportunistically prepaid \$63.8 million of our SBIC debentures as part of an effort to manage the maturity dates of our oldest SBIC debentures. As a result of this prepayment, Main Street recognized a realized loss of \$4.8 million, which was primarily a result of reversing previously recognized realized gains recorded on the date of the Exchange Offer and unrealized losses due to fair value adjustments since the date of the Exchange Offer. Main Street expects to issue new SBIC debentures under the SBIC debentures is in 2017, and the remaining weighted average duration as of December 31, 2013 is approximately 7.3 years. For the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, Main Street recognized interest expense attributable to the SBIC debentures of \$10.3, \$11.4 million and \$11.1 million, respectively. Main Street has incurred upfront leverage and other miscellaneous fees of approximately 3.4% of the debenture principal amount. In accordance with SBA regulations, the Funds are precluded from incurring additional non-SBIC debt without the prior approval of the SBA. The Funds are subject to annual compliance examinations by the SBA. There have been no historical findings resulting from these examinations.

As of December 31, 2013, the recorded value of the SBIC debentures was \$187.1 million which consisted of (i) \$62.1 million recorded at fair value, or \$13.1 million less than the \$75.2 million face value of the SBIC debentures held in MSC II, and (ii) \$125.0 million reported at face value and held in MSMF. As of December 31, 2013, if Main Street had adopted the fair value option under ASC 825 for all of its SBIC debentures, Main Street estimates the fair value of its SBIC debentures would be approximately \$149.5 million, or \$50.7 million less than the \$200.2 million face value of the SBIC debentures.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE F SBIC DEBENTURES (Continued)

The maturity dates and fixed interest rates for Main Street's SBIC Debentures as of December 31, 2013 and 2012 are summarized in the following table:

	Fixed		
Maturity Data	Interest	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Maturity Date	Rate	2013	
9/1/2014	5.539%		3,500,000
9/1/2014	5.571%		2,500,000
3/1/2015	5.925%		2,000,000
3/1/2015	5.893%		2,000,000
9/1/2015	5.796%		19,100,000
9/1/2016	6.476%		5,000,000
3/1/2017	6.231%		3,900,000
3/1/2017	6.263%		1,000,000
3/1/2017	6.317%		12,100,000
9/1/2017	6.469%		7,900,000
9/1/2017	6.434%	15,000,000	19,800,000
3/1/2018	6.377%	10,200,000	10,200,000
9/1/2019	4.950%	20,000,000	20,000,000
3/1/2020	4.514%	10,000,000	10,000,000
9/1/2020	3.500%	35,000,000	35,000,000
9/1/2020	3.932%	10,000,000	10,000,000
3/1/2021	4.369%	10,000,000	10,000,000
3/1/2021	4.599%	20,000,000	20,000,000
9/1/2021	3.392%	10,000,000	10,000,000
9/1/2022	2.530%	5,000,000	5,000,000
3/1/2023	3.155%	16,000,000	16.000.000
3/1/2024(1)	1.374%	8,000,000	-,,
3/1/2024(1)	1.371%	12.000.000	
3/1/2024(1)	1.315%	11,400,000	
3/1/2024(1)	1.301%	7.600.000	
	1.00170	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	

Ending Balance

200,200,000 225,000,000

(1)

NOTE G CREDIT FACILITY

Main Street maintains the Credit Facility to provide additional liquidity in support of future investment and operational activities. The Credit Facility was amended and restated during 2013 to provide for an increase in total commitments from \$287.5 million to \$445.0 million and to increase the diversified group of lenders to thirteen lenders. The Credit Facility contains an accordion feature which allows Main Street to

The interest rate for this tranche of SBIC debentures represents an initial rate that has not been fixed by the SBA as of December 31, 2013. In March 2014, the rate for this tranche of SBIC debentures will be determined and, thereafter, the rate will be fixed for the ensuing 10 years.

increase the total commitments under the facility up to \$500 million from new or existing lenders on the same terms and conditions as the existing commitments.

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE G CREDIT FACILITY (Continued)

Borrowings under the Credit Facility bear interest, subject to Main Street's election, on a per annum basis equal to (i) the applicable LIBOR rate (0.17%, as of December 31, 2013) plus 2.25% or (ii) the applicable base rate (Prime Rate, 3.25% as of December 31, 2013) plus 1.25%. Main Street pays unused commitment fees of 0.25% per annum on the unused lender commitments under the Credit Facility. The Credit Facility is secured by a first lien on the assets of MSCC and its subsidiaries, excluding the assets of the Funds. The Credit Facility contains certain affirmative and negative covenants, including but not limited to: (i) maintaining a minimum availability of at least 10% of the borrowing base, (ii) maintaining an interest coverage ratio of at least 2.0 to 1.0, (iii) maintaining an asset coverage ratio of at least 1.5 to 1.0 and (iv) maintaining a minimum tangible net worth. The Credit Facility is provided on a revolving basis through its final maturity date in September 2018, and contains two, one-year extension options which could extend the final maturity by up to two years, subject to certain conditions, including lender approval.

At December 31, 2013, Main Street had \$237.0 million in borrowings outstanding under the Credit Facility. Main Street recognized interest expense related to the Credit Facility, including unused commitment fees and amortization of deferred loan costs, of \$5.6, \$4.2 million and \$2.5 million, respectively, for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011. As of December 31, 2013, the interest rate on the Credit Facility was 2.42%, and Main Street was in compliance with all financial covenants of the Credit Facility.

NOTE H NOTES

In April 2013, Main Street issued \$92.0 million, including the underwriters full exercise of their option to purchase additional principal amounts to cover over-allotments, in aggregate principal amount of 6.125% Notes due 2023 (the "Notes"). The Notes are unsecured obligations and rank pari passu with our current and future senior unsecured indebtedness; senior to any of our future indebtedness that expressly provides it is subordinated to the Notes; effectively subordinated to all of our existing and future secured indebtedness, to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness, including borrowings under our Credit Facility; and structurally subordinated to all existing and future indebtedness of ther obligations of any of our subsidiaries, including without limitation, the indebtedness of the Funds. The Notes mature on April 1, 2023, and may be redeemed in whole or in part at any time or from time to time at Main Street's option on or after April 1, 2018. The Notes bear interest at a rate of 6.125% per year payable quarterly on January 1, April 1, July 1 and October 1 of each year. Main Street recognized interest expense related to the Notes, including amortization of deferred loan costs, of \$4.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2013. The total net proceeds to Main Street from the Notes, after underwriting discounts and estimated offering expenses payable by Main Street, were approximately \$89.0 million. Main Street has listed the Notes on the New York Stock Exchange under the trading symbol "MSCA". Main Street may from time to time repurchase Notes in accordance with the 1940 Act and the rules promulgated thereunder. During the year ended December 31, 2013, the Company repurchased \$1.1 million principal of the Notes in the open market for an aggregate purchase price of \$1.1 million and surrendered them to the Trustee for cancellation. As of December 31, 2013, the outstanding balance of the Notes was \$90.9 million.

The indenture governing the Notes ("the Notes Indenture") contains certain covenants, including covenants requiring our compliance with (regardless of whether we are subject to) the asset coverage requirements set forth in Section 18(a)(1)(A) as modified by Section 61(a)(1) of the 1940 Act, as well as covenants requiring us to provide financial information to the holders of the Notes and the Trustee

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE H NOTES (Continued)

if we cease to be subject to the reporting requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These covenants are subject to limitations and exceptions that are described in the Notes Indenture.

NOTE I FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

		Twelve M	lont	ths Ended Dece	emb	oer 31,	
Per Share Data:	2013	2012		2011		2010	2009
Net asset value at the beginning of the period	\$ 18.59	\$ 15.19	\$	13.06	\$	11.96	\$ 12.20
Net investment income(1)(3)	2.06	2.01		1.69		1.16	0.92
Net realized gain (loss)(1)(2)(3)	0.07	0.55		0.11		(0.17)	(0.78)
Net change in unrealized appreciation(1)(2)(3)	0.52	1.34		1.23		1.14	0.82
Income tax provision(1)(2)(3)		(0.37)		(0.27)		(0.05)	0.23
Bargain purchase gain(1)						0.30	
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations(1)(3)	2.65	3.53		2.76		2.38	1.19
Dividends paid to stockholders from net investment income	(2.29)	(1.17)		(1.46)		(1.39)	(1.32)
Dividends paid to stockholders from realized gains/losses	(0.37)	(0.54)		(0.10)		(0.11)	(0.18)
Dividendes para to stocknowers from realized game, tosses	(0.57)	(0.51)		(0.10)		(0.11)	(0.10)
		(1.71)		(1.50)		(1.50)	(1.50)
Total dividends paid	(2.66)	(1.71)		(1.56)		(1.50)	(1.50)
Impact of the net change in monthly dividends declared							
prior to the end of the period, and paid in the subsequent	(0.00)	(0.02)		(0.14)			0.12
period	(0.02)	(0.02)		(0.14)			0.13
Accretive effect of public stock offerings (issuing shares	1.10	1.00		0.74		0.40	
above NAV per share)	1.13	1.33		0.74		0.49	
Accretive effect of Exchange Offer						0.22	
Adjustment to investment in Internal Investment Manager						(0.72)	
in connection with Exchange Offer Transactions						(0.73)	
Accretive effect of DRIP issuance (issuing shares above	0.12	0.07		0.05		0.00	
NAV per share)	0.13	0.07		0.05		0.08	
Other(4)	0.07	0.20		0.28		0.16	(0.06)
Net asset value at the end of the period	\$ 19.89	\$ 18.59	\$	15.19	\$	13.06	\$ 11.96
Market value at the end of the period	\$ 32.69	\$ 30.51	\$	21.24	\$	18.19	16.12
Shares outstanding at the end of the period	39,852,604	34,589,484		26,714,384		18,797,444	10,842,447

(1)

Based on weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period.

(2)

Net realized gains or losses, net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation, and income taxes can fluctuate significantly from period to period.

(3)

Per share amounts are net of the amounts attributable to the noncontrolling equity interests in MSC II for the periods prior to the completion of the Final MSC II Exchange during the first quarter of 2012.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE I FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS (Continued)

(4)

Includes the impact of the different share amounts as a result of calculating certain per share data based on the weighted average basic shares outstanding during the period and certain per share data based on the shares outstanding as of a period end or transaction date.

	Twelve Months Ended December 31,									
		2013		2012		2011		2010		2009
				(in thous	ands	s, except per	cen	tages)		
Net asset value at end of period	\$	792,533	\$	642,976	\$	405,711	\$	245,535	\$	129,660
Average net asset value	\$	706,056	\$	512,156	\$	327,386	\$	195,785	\$	120,540
Average outstanding debt	\$	444,331	\$	322,154	\$	277,692	\$	158,563	\$	57,000
Ratio of total expenses, including income tax expense, to average net										
asset value(1)(2)		5.82%		8.18%		9.82%		8.81%		5.63%
Ratio of operating expenses to average net asset value(1)		5.82%		6.07%		7.96%		8.34%		5.63%
Ratio of operating expenses, excluding interest expense, to average										
net asset value(1)		2.95%		3.03%		4.01%		3.98%		2.48%
Ratio of net investment income to average net asset value(1)		10.68%		11.57%		11.76%		9.65%		7.65%
Portfolio turnover ratio		36.10%		56.22%		30.82%		26.71%		18.48%
Total investment return(3)		16.68%		53.60%		26.95%		23.97%		86.23%
Total return based on change in net asset value(4)		15.06%		25.73%		25.64%		26.11%		10.64%

(1)

Ratios are net of the amounts attributable to the noncontrolling equity interests in MSC II for the periods prior to the completion of the Final MSC II Exchange during the first quarter of 2012.

(2)

Total expenses are the sum of operating expenses and income tax expense. Income tax expense includes the accrual of deferred taxes on the net unrealized appreciation from portfolio investments held in Taxable Subsidiaries, which is non-cash in nature and may vary significantly from period to period. Main Street is required to include deferred taxes in calculating its total expenses even though these deferred taxes are not currently payable.

(3)

Total investment return based on purchase of stock at the current market price on the first day and a sale at the current market price on the last day of each period reported on the table and assumes reinvestment of dividends at prices obtained by Main Street's dividend reinvestment plan during the period. The return does not reflect sales load.

(4)

Total return based on change in net asset value was calculated using the sum of ending net asset value plus dividends to stockholders and other non-operating changes during the period, divided by the beginning net asset value.

NOTE J DIVIDENDS, DISTRIBUTIONS AND TAXABLE INCOME

During 2013, Main Street paid supplemental dividends of \$0.35 per share in January 2013, \$0.20 per share in July 2013 and \$0.25 in December 2013, regular monthly dividends of \$0.15 per share for each month of January through March 2013, regular monthly dividends of \$0.155 per share for each month of April through September 2013 and regular monthly dividends of \$0.160 per share for each month of October through December 2013, with such dividends totaling \$96.8 million, or \$2.66 per share. The 2013 regular monthly dividends, which total \$67.7 million, or \$1.86 per share, represent an 8.8% increase from the monthly dividends paid per share for the year ended 2012. For tax purposes, the 2013 dividends, which included the effects of accrued dividends, total \$2.675 per share and were comprised of (i) ordinary income

totaling approximately \$1.872 per share, (ii) long term capital gain

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE J DIVIDENDS, DISTRIBUTIONS AND TAXABLE INCOME (Continued)

totaling approximately \$0.346 per share, and (iii) qualified dividend income totaling approximately \$0.457 per share. As of December 31 2013, Main Street estimates that it has generated undistributed taxable income of approximately \$43.6 million, or \$1.09 per share, that will be carried forward toward distributions to be paid in 2014. For the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, Main Street paid total monthly dividends of approximately \$49.6 million, or \$1.71 per share, and approximately \$34.9 million, or \$1.56 per share, respectively.

Ordinary dividend distributions from a RIC do not qualify for the reduced maximum tax rate on qualified dividend income from domestic corporations and qualified foreign corporations, except to the extent that the RIC received the income in the form of qualifying dividends from domestic corporations and qualified foreign corporations. The tax attributes for dividends will generally include both ordinary income and capital gains but may also include qualified dividends or return of capital. The tax character of distributions paid for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 was as follows:

	For the Years Ended December 31,								
	2013		2012		2011				
		(in t	housands)						
Ordinary income	\$ 68,630	\$	28,440	\$	29,354				
Qualified dividends	\$ 17,058		1,663	\$	1,445				
Distributions of long term capital gains	\$ 12,507		21,073	\$	7,750				
Distributions on tax basis	\$ 98,195	\$	51,176	\$	38,549				

MSCC has elected to be treated for federal income tax purposes as a RIC. As a RIC, MSCC generally will not pay corporate-level federal income taxes on any net ordinary income or capital gains that MSCC distributes to its stockholders as dividends. MSCC must generally distribute at least 90% of its investment company taxable income to qualify for pass-through tax treatment and maintain its RIC status. As part of maintaining RIC status, undistributed taxable income (subject to a 4% excise tax) pertaining to a given fiscal year may be distributed up to 12 months subsequent to the end of that fiscal year, provided such dividends are declared prior to the filing of the federal income tax return for the applicable fiscal year.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE J DIVIDENDS, DISTRIBUTIONS AND TAXABLE INCOME (Continued)

Listed below is a reconciliation of "Net increase in net assets resulting from operations" to taxable income and to total distributions declared to common stockholders for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011.

	Year I	Ended Decem	ber 3	Ι,
	2013	2012		2011
	(estimated	l, amounts in t	hous	ands)
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 96,855	\$ 104,444	\$	64,106
Share-based compensation expense	4,210	2,565		2,047
Net realized income allocated to noncontrolling interest		(65)	(857)
Net change in unrealized appreciation	(18,895)	(39,460)	(28,478)
Income tax provision (benefit)	(35)	10,820		6,288
Pre-tax book income not consolidated for tax purposes	(437)	(2,187)	(223)
Book income and tax income differences, including debt origination, structuring fees dividends,				
realized gains and changes in estimates	9,128	11,540		3,014
Estimated taxable income(1)	90,826	87,657		45,897
Taxable income earned in prior year and carried forward for distribution in current year	44,415	7,934		45,897
Taxable income earned mi pror year and earned forward for distribution in earlest year Taxable income earned prior to period end and carried forward for distribution next year	(43,622)	(49,603		(11,540)
Dividend accrued as of period end and paid in the following period	6,576	5,188	· · · · ·	3,606
Total distributions accrued or paid to common stockholders	\$ 98,195	\$ 51,176	\$	38,549

(1)

Main Street's taxable income for each period is an estimate and will not be finally determined until the company files its tax return for each year. Therefore, the final taxable income, and the taxable income earned in each period and carried forward for distribution in the following period, may be different than this estimate.

The Taxable Subsidiaries hold certain portfolio investments for Main Street. The Taxable Subsidiaries are consolidated with Main Street for financial reporting purposes, and the portfolio investments held by the Taxable Subsidiaries are included in Main Street's consolidated financial statements as investments and recorded at fair value. The principal purpose of the Taxable Subsidiaries is to permit Main Street to hold equity investments in portfolio companies which are "pass through" entities for tax purposes in order to continue to comply with the "source income" requirements contained in the RIC tax provisions of the Code. The Taxable Subsidiaries are not consolidated with Main Street for income tax purposes and may generate income tax expense, or benefit, and tax assets and liabilities as a result of their ownership of certain portfolio investments. This income tax expense, or benefit, if any, and the related tax assets and liabilities, are reflected in Main Street's consolidated financial statements.

The Internal Investment Manager currently provides investment management advisory services and other services to MSCC and its subsidiaries and receives fee income for such services (see further discussion of the Internal Investment Manager in Note D). Beginning April 1, 2013, the Internal Investment Manager is included in Main Street's consolidated financial statements and reflected as a consolidated subsidiary, but the Internal Investment Manager has elected, for tax purposes, to be treated as a taxable entity and is not consolidated with Main Street for income tax purposes and as a result may generate income tax expense, or benefit, and tax assets and liabilities as a result of its

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE J DIVIDENDS, DISTRIBUTIONS AND TAXABLE INCOME (Continued)

activities. The Internal Investment Manager elected to be treated as a taxable entity to enable it to receive fee income and to allow MSCC to continue to comply with the "source income" requirements contained in the RIC tax provisions of the Code.

The income tax expense, or benefit, and the related tax assets and liabilities generated by the Taxable Subsidiaries and the Internal Investment Manager, if any, is reflected in Main Street's Consolidated Statement of Operations. For the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, we recognized a net income tax provision (benefit) of (\$35,000), \$10.8 million and \$6.3 million, respectively, related to deferred tax expense (benefit) of \$(3.6 million), \$8.0 million and \$5.7 million, respectively, and other taxes of \$3.6 million, \$2.8 million and \$0.6 million, respectively. The deferred taxes related primarily to net unrealized appreciation on equity investments held in our Taxable Subsidiaries. For the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, the other taxes include \$1.8 million, \$1.6 million and \$0.3 million, respectively, related to an accrual for excise tax on our estimated spillover taxable income and \$1.8 million, \$1.2 million and \$0.3 million, respectively, related to accruals for state and other taxes. Main Street's provision for income taxes was comprised of the following:

	Years Ended December 31,							
	2013	2012			2011			
Current tax expense (benefit):								
Federal	\$ 1,153	\$	168	\$				
State	591		1,059		253			
Total current tax expense (benefit)	1,744		1,227		253			
Deferred tax expense (benefit):								
Federal	(2,822)		7,828		5,435			
State	(769)		174		300			
Total deferred tax expense (benefit)	(3,591)		8,002		5,735			
Excise tax	1,812		1,591		300			
Total income tax provision (benefit)	\$ (35)	\$	10,820	\$	6,288			

As of December 31, 2013, the cost of investments for federal income tax purposes was \$1.2 billion, with such investments having a gross unrealized appreciation of \$163.8 million and gross unrealized depreciation of \$55.6 million.

The net deferred tax liability at December 31, 2013 and 2012 was \$5.9 million and \$11.8 million, respectively, primarily related to timing differences from net unrealized appreciation of portfolio investments held by the Taxable Subsidiaries, partially offset by net loss carryforwards (primarily resulting from historical realized losses on portfolio investments held by the Taxable Subsidiaries and the operating activities of the Internal Investment Manager), basis differences of portfolio investments held by the Taxable Subsidiaries which are "pass through" entities for tax purposes, capital loss carryforwards and excess deductions resulting from the restricted stock plans (see further discussion in Note M). During the year ended December 31, 2013, capital loss carryforwards totaling approximately \$2.8 million were fully utilized. Due to the consolidation of the Internal Investment Manager (see

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE J DIVIDENDS, DISTRIBUTIONS AND TAXABLE INCOME (Continued)

further discussion in Note D) on April 1, 2013, the Company recorded a deferred tax asset of \$2.2 million through additional paid-in capital relating to the prior periods through March 31, 2013.

In accordance with the realization requirements of ASC 718, Compensation Stock Compensation, Main Street uses tax law ordering when determining when tax benefits related to equity compensation greater than equity compensation recognized for financial reporting should be realized. Main Street has realized a \$0.6 million increase to paid-in-capital due to tax deductions related to equity compensation greater than equity compensation recognized for financial reporting. Additional paid-in capital increases of \$2.1 million will be recognized in future periods when such deferred tax assets are ultimately realized by reducing taxes payable. Main Street uses tax law ordering when determining when excess tax benefits should be realized.

Management believes that the realization of the deferred tax assets is more likely than not based on expectations as to future taxable income and scheduled reversals of temporary differences. Accordingly, Main Street did not record a valuation allowance related to its deferred tax assets at December 31, 2013 and 2012. The following table sets forth the significant components of net deferred tax assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2013 and 2012:

	Years Ei Decembe	
	2013	2012
Deferred tax assets:		
Net operating loss carryforwards	13,417	4,769
Net basis differences in portfolio investments	115	2,571
Total deferred tax assets	13,532	7,340
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Net unrealized appreciation of portfolio investments	(19,465)	(18,877)
Other	(7)	(241)
Total deferred tax liabilities	(19,472)	(19,118)
Total net deferred tax assets (liabilities)	(5,940)	(11,778)

For federal income tax purposes, the net loss carryforwards expire in various years from 2029 through 2032. The timing and manner in which Main Street will utilize any net loss carryforwards in any year, or in total, may be limited in the future under the provisions of the Code.

NOTE K COMMON STOCK

In August 2013, Main Street completed a follow-on public equity offering of 4,600,000 shares of common stock, including the underwriters' full exercise of their option to purchase 600,000 additional shares, at a price to the public of \$29.75 per share, resulting in total gross proceeds of approximately \$136.9 million, less (i) underwriters' commissions of approximately \$5.1 million and (ii) offering costs of approximately \$0.3 million.

In December 2012, Main Street completed a follow-on public equity offering of 2,875,000 shares of common stock, including the underwriters' full exercise of the over-allotment option, at a price to the public of \$28.00 per share, resulting in total gross proceeds of approximately \$80.5 million, less

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE K COMMON STOCK (Continued)

(i) underwriters' commissions of approximately \$3.2 million and (ii) offering costs of approximately \$0.2 million.

In June 2012, Main Street completed a follow-on public equity offering of 4,312,500 shares of common stock, including the underwriters' full exercise of the over-allotment option, at a price to the public of \$22.50 per share, resulting in total gross proceeds of approximately \$97.0 million, less (i) underwriters' commissions of approximately \$3.9 million and (ii) offering costs of approximately \$0.2 million.

In October 2011, Main Street completed a follow-on public equity offering of 3,450,000 shares of common stock, including the underwriters' full exercise of the over-allotment option, at a price to the public of \$17.50 per share, resulting in total gross proceeds of approximately \$60.4 million, less (i) underwriters' commissions of approximately \$2.7 million and (ii) offering costs of approximately \$0.2 million.

In March 2011, Main Street completed a follow-on public equity offering of 4,025,000 shares of common stock, including the underwriters' full exercise of the over-allotment option, at a price to the public of \$18.35 per share, resulting in total gross proceeds of approximately \$73.9 million, less (i) underwriters' commissions of approximately \$3.3 million and (ii) offering costs of approximately \$0.2 million.

NOTE L DIVIDEND REINVESTMENT PLAN ("DRIP")

Main Street's DRIP provides for the reinvestment of dividends on behalf of its stockholders, unless a stockholder has elected to receive dividends in cash. As a result, if Main Street declares a cash dividend, the company's stockholders who have not "opted out" of the DRIP by the dividend record date will have their cash dividend automatically reinvested into additional shares of MSCC common stock. The share requirements of the DRIP through the issuance of shares of common stock or through open market purchases of common stock by the DRIP plan administrator. Newly issued shares will be valued based upon the final closing price of MSCC's common stock on the valuation date determined for each dividend by Main Street's Board of Directors. Shares purchased in the open market to satisfy the DRIP requirements will be valued based upon the average price of the applicable shares purchased by the DRIP plan administrator, before any associated brokerage or other costs. Main Street's DRIP is administered by its transfer agent on behalf of Main Street's DRIP but may provide a similar dividend reinvestment plan.

For the year ended December 31, 2013, \$17.5 million of the total \$96.8 million in dividends paid to stockholders represented DRIP participation. During this period, the DRIP participation requirements were satisfied with the issuance of 433,218 newly issued shares and with the purchase of 134,659 shares of common stock in the open market. For the year ended December 31, 2012, \$10.4 million of the total \$49.6 million in dividends paid to stockholders represented DRIP participation. During this period, the DRIP participation requirements were satisfied with the issuance of 349,960 newly issued shares and with the purchase of 63,416 shares of common stock in the open market. For the year ended December 31, 2011, \$10.5 million of the total \$34.9 million in dividends paid to stockholders represented DRIP participation. During this period, the DRIP participation. During this period, the DRIP participation requirements were satisfied with the issuance of 349,960 newly issued shares and with the purchase of 63,416 shares of common stock in the open market. For the year ended December 31, 2011, \$10.5 million of the total \$34.9 million in dividends paid to stockholders represented DRIP participation. During this period, the DRIP participation requirements were satisfied with the issuance of 348,695 newly issued shares and with the purchase of 217,407 shares of common

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE L DIVIDEND REINVESTMENT PLAN ("DRIP") (Continued)

stock in the open market. The shares disclosed above relate only to Main Street's DRIP and exclude any activity related to broker-managed dividend reinvestment plans.

NOTE M SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

Main Street accounts for its share-based compensation plans using the fair value method, as prescribed by ASC 718, *Compensation Stock Compensation*. Accordingly, for restricted stock awards, Main Street measured the grant date fair value based upon the market price of its common stock on the date of the grant and amortizes the fair value of the awards as share-based compensation expense over the requisite service period or vesting term.

Main Street's Board of Directors approves the issuance of shares of restricted stock to Main Street employees pursuant to the Main Street Capital Corporation 2008 Equity Incentive Plan. These shares generally vest over a four-year period from the grant date. The fair value is expensed over the four-year service period starting on the grant date and the following table summarizes the restricted stock issuances approved by Main Street's Board of Directors, net of shares forfeited, and the remaining shares of restricted stock available for issuance as of December 31, 2013:

Restricted stock authorized under the plan	2,000,000
Less net restricted stock (granted)/forfeited on:	
July 1, 2008	(245,645)
July 1, 2009	(98,993)(1)
July 1, 2010	(149,357)
June 20, 2011	(117,728)
June 20, 2012	(133,973)
Quarter ended December 31, 2012	(12,476)
Quarter ended March 31, 2013	(1,100)
June 20, 2013	(246,823)
Quarter ended September 30, 2013	(21,688)
Quarter ended December 31, 2013	1,093

Restricted stock available for issuance as of December 31, 2013 973,310

(1)

Shares indicated are net of forfeited shares

The following table summarizes the restricted stock issued to Main Street's independent directors pursuant to the Main Street Capital Corporation 2008 Non-Employee Director Restricted Stock Plan.

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE M SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION (Continued)

These shares vest on the day immediately preceding the annual meeting of stockholders following the respective grant date and are expensed over a one-year service period starting on the grant date:

Restricted stock authorized under the plan	200,000
Less restricted stock granted on:	
July 1, 2008	(20,000)
July 1, 2009	(8,512)
July 1, 2010	(7,920)
June 20, 2011	(6,584)
August 3, 2011	(1,658)
June 20, 2012	(5,060)
June 13, 2013	(4,304)
August 6, 2013	(980)
Restricted stock available for issuance as of December 31, 2013	144,982

For the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, Main Street recognized total share-based compensation expense of \$4.2 million, \$2.6 million and \$2.0 million, respectively, related to the restricted stock issued to Main Street employees and independent directors. In August 2013, the Board accelerated the vesting of all of the unvested shares of restricted stock previously granted to and held by Main Street's retiring Executive Vice-Chairman under the 2008 Equity Incentive Plan. The accelerated vesting of these 55,597 shares resulted in share-based compensation expense of \$1.3 million during the year ended December 31, 2013. Excluding the expense associated with the accelerated vesting of these shares, the total share-based compensation expense for the year ended December 31, 2013 was \$2.9 million. As of December 31, 2013, there was \$8.6 million of total unrecognized compensation expense related to Main Street's non-vested restricted shares. This compensation expense is expected to be recognized over a remaining weighted-average period of approximately 3.4 years as of December 31, 2013.

NOTE N COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

At December 31, 2013, Main Street had a total of \$95.4 million in outstanding commitments comprised of (i) twelve commitments to fund revolving or term loans that had not been fully drawn and (ii) five capital commitments that had not been fully called.

Main Street may, from time to time, be involved in litigation arising out of its operations in the normal course of business or otherwise. Furthermore, third parties may try to seek to impose liability on Main Street in connection with the activities of its portfolio companies. While the outcome of any current legal proceedings cannot at this time be predicted with certainty, Main Street does not expect any current matters will materially affect its financial condition or results of operations; however, there can be no assurance whether any pending legal proceedings will have a material adverse effect on Main Street's financial condition or results of operations in any future reporting period.

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE O SELECTED QUARTERLY DATA (UNAUDITED)

	2013							
		Qtr. 1		Qtr. 2		Qtr. 3		Qtr. 4
Total investment income	\$	25,644	\$	27,800	\$	29,659	\$	33,394
Net investment income	\$	17,283	\$	17,833	\$	17,477	\$	22,830
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations attributable to common stock	\$	23,629	\$	24,004	\$	28,054	\$	21,168
Net investment income per share-basic and diluted	\$	0.50	\$	0.51	\$	0.47	\$	0.57
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations attributable to common stock per								
share-basic and diluted	\$	0.68	\$	0.69	\$	0.76	\$	0.53

	2012							
		Qtr. 1		Qtr. 2		Qtr. 3		Qtr. 4
Total investment income	\$	20,559	\$	20,842	\$	22,954	\$	26,165
Net investment income	\$	12,849	\$	12,826	\$	15,522	\$	18,128
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations attributable to common stock	\$	23,784	\$	24,153	\$	31,967	\$	24,486
Net investment income per share-basic and diluted	\$	0.48	\$	0.47	\$	0.49	\$	0.56
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations attributable to common stock per								
share-basic and diluted	\$	0.89	\$	0.88	\$	1.01	\$	0.76

	2011							
		Qtr. 1		Qtr. 2		Qtr. 3		Qtr. 4
Total investment income	\$	13,375	\$	16,107	\$	17,086	\$	19,672
Net investment income	\$	7,392	\$	9,594	\$	10,361	\$	11,930
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations attributable to common stock	\$	10,323	\$	17,626	\$	14,436	\$	20,582
Net investment income per share-basic and diluted	\$	0.38	\$	0.41	\$	0.44	\$	0.45
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations attributable to common stock per								
share-basic and diluted	\$	0.54	\$	0.77	\$	0.62	\$	0.79

NOTE P RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

As discussed further in Note D, subsequent to the completion of the Formation Transactions, the Internal Investment Manager was treated as a wholly owned portfolio company of MSCC and was included as part of our Investment Portfolio through March 31, 2013. At December 31, 2012, the Internal Investment Manager had a receivable of \$4.1 million due from MSCC related to operating expenses incurred by the Internal Investment Manager required to support Main Street's business. Beginning April 1, 2013, the Internal Investment Manager was consolidated with MSCC and the accounts of the Internal Investment Manager are included in Main Street's consolidated financial statements and the Internal Investment Manager is reflected as a consolidated subsidiary, as opposed to being a part of our Investment Portfolio, and any intercompany balances between the Internal Investment Manager and MSCC or any of its other consolidated subsidiaries have been eliminated in consolidation.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE P RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

In June 2013, Main Street adopted a deferred compensation plan for the non-employee members of its board of directors, which allows the directors at their option to defer all or a portion of the fees paid for their services as directors and have such deferred fees paid in shares of Main Street common stock within 90 days after the participant's end of service as a director. As of December 31, 2013, \$275,000 of directors' fees had been deferred under this plan. These deferred fees represented 9,858 shares of Main Street common shares. These shares will not be issued or included as outstanding on the consolidated statement of changes in net assets until each applicable participant's end of service as a director, but are included in operating expenses and weighted average shares outstanding on Main Street's consolidated statement of operations as earned.

NOTE Q SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

During February 2014, Main Street declared regular monthly dividends of \$0.165 per share for each of April, May and June 2014. These regular monthly dividends equal a total of \$0.495 per share for the second quarter of 2014. The second quarter 2014 regular monthly dividends represent a 6.5% increase from the dividends declared for the second quarter of 2013. Including the dividends declared for the second quarter of 2014, Main Street will have paid \$11.68 per share in cumulative dividends since its October 2007 initial public offering.

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Board of Directors and Stockholders' Main Street Capital Corporation

We have audited in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) the consolidated financial statements of Main Street Capital Corporation (a Maryland corporation) and subsidiaries (the "Company") referred to in our report dated February 28, 2014, which is included in the annual report on Form 10-K. Our audits of the basic consolidated financial statements included the financial statement schedule listed in the index appearing under Item 15(2), which is the responsibility of the Company's management. In our opinion, this financial statement schedule, when considered in relation to the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein.

/s/ GRANT THORNTON LLP

Houston, Texas February 28, 2014

Schedule 12-14

MAIN STREET CAPITAL CORPORATION

Schedule of Investments in and Advances to Affiliates Year ended December 31, 2013

		Amount of Interest or Dividends Credited D to	ecember 31, 2012	Gross	De Gross	cember 31, 2013
Company	Investments(1)	Income(2)		Additions(3R		Value
Control Investments						
ASC Interests, LLC	11% Secured Debt Member Units	203		3,434 1,500		3,434 1,500
Bond-Coat, Inc.	12% Secured Debt Common Stock	1,825	14,550 6,350	200 2,630	130	14,750 8,850
Café Brazil, LLC	12% Secured Debt Member Units	13 487	500 3,690	1 3,080	501	6,770
California Healthcare						
Medical Billing, Inc.	12% Secured Debt Warrants Common Stock	1,031	8,016 3,380 1,560	87		8,103 3,380 1,560
CBT Nuggets, LLC	14% Secured Debt Member Units	8 2,744	450 7,800	8,900	450	16,700
Ceres Management, LLC	14% Secured Debt	7	3,993	7		4,000
(Lambs Tire &	Class B Member Units	586	3,000	586		3,586
Automotive)	Member Units 9.5% Secured Debt Member Units	668 100	1,066 860	1,190 200	49	1,190 1,017 1,060
Garreco, LLC	14% Secured Debt Member Units	393		5,693 1,200		5,693 1,200
Gulf Manufacturing, LLC	9% PIK Secured Debt Member Units	84 1,727	919 12,660	560		919 13,220
Harrison Hydra-Gen, Ltd.	12% Secured Debt Preferred Stock	682	5,024	143	271	4,896
	Common Stock	41 16	1,081 1,550	86	210	1,167 1,340

Hawthorne Customs and	Member Units	122	1,140		700	440
Dispatch Services, LLC	Member Units	45	1,215	835		2,050
Hydratec, Inc.	9% Secured Debt	21		750	750	
2	Common Stock	960	13,710	10		13,720
IDX Broker, LLC	12.5% Secured Debt	386		10,467		10,467
IDA Blokel, ELC	Member Units	500		5,029		5,029
Impact Telecom, Inc.	LIBOR Plus 4.50%, Current Coupon 6.50%, Secured 13% Secured Debt Warrants	97 2,274 380		2,493 14,690 8,760	925	1,568 14,690 8,760
Indianapolis Aviation	15% Secured Debt	683	4,070	101	621	3,550
Partners, LLC	Warrants		2,130	70		2,200
Jensen Jewelers of Idaho, LLC	Prime Plus 6.75%, Current Coupon 10.00%, Secured 13% Current / 6% PIK Secured Debt Member Units	399 373	1,696 1,759 2,060	2,817 1,250	258 1,759	4,255 3,310

		Amount of Interest or Dividends Credited D	ecember 31		D	ecember 31,
Company	Investments(1)	to Income(2)	2012 Value	Gross Additions(3)R	Gross	2013 Value
Lighting Unlimited, LLC	8% Secured Debt Preferred Stock	144	1,892 493	10	216 33	1,676 470
	Warrants Common Stock		40	30 210		30 250
Marine Shelters Holdings, LLC (LoneStar Marine Shelters)	12% Secured Debt Preferred Stock	1,279	10,045 3,750	31		10,076 3,750
Mid-Columbia Lumber	10% Secured Debt	163	1,250	500		1,750
Products, LLC	12% Secured Debt 9.5% Secured Debt	475	3,900		45	3,900
	Warrants	96	1,017 1,470	270	45 1,740	972
	Member Units Member Units	252 25	1,580 810	6,700	370	8,280 440
MSC Adviser I, LLC(13)	Member Units					1,064
NAPCO Precast, LLC	Prime Plus 2%, Current Coupon 9%, Secured Debt Prime Plus 2%, Current Coupon 9%, Secured Debt 18% Secured Debt Member Units	1,222 649	3,334 5,093 4,360	2,750 80 1,560	411 705	2,750 2,923 4,468 5,920
NRI Clinical Research, LLC	14% Secured Debt Warrants Member Units	711	4,506 480 960	62	342 40 90	4,226 440 870
NRP Jones, LLC	12% Secured Debt Warrants Member Units	1,654 353	11,890 1,350 4,800	210 70 250		12,100 1,420 5,050
Olympus Building Services,Inc.	12% Secure Debt 12% Current/3% PIK Secured Debt Warrants		2,975 1,014 470	75 16	3,050 1,030 470	
OMi Holdings, Inc.	12% Secured Debt Common Stock	229 480	6,000 8,740	3 4,680	6,003	13,420

Pegasus Research Group, LLC (Televerde)	15% Secured Debt Member Units	809 109	4,991 3,790	76 1,070	276	4,791 4,860
PPL RVs, Inc.	11.1% Secured Debt Common Stock	947	8,460 6,120	23 1,870	623	7,860 7,990
Principle						
Environmental, LLC	12% Secured Debt 12% Current / 2% PIK	843	4,750	369	1,613	3,506
	Secured Debt Warrants	578	3,594 3,860	1,078	16 1,240	4,656 2,620
	Member Units	41	6,150		1,970	4,180
River Aggregates, LLC	12% Secured Debt Zero Coupon Secured	19	3,662		3,162	500
	Debt Warrants			421 202,125	202,125	421
	Member Units			1,037	668	369
				11.000		44.000
Southern RV, LLC	13% Secured Debt Member Units	782		11,239 1,680		11,239 1,680
	13% Secured Debt Member Units	223		3,204 480		3,204 480
The MPI Group, LLC	4.5% Current / 4.5% PIK Secured Debt	48	1,077	2	199	880
	6% Current / 6% PIK Secured Debt	383	5,588	51	1,039	4,600
	Secure Den	565	5,500	51	1,059	4,000
Thermal & Mechanical	13% Current/5% PIK					
Equipment, LLC	Secured Debt Prime plus 2% Secured	519	3,292	161	3,453	
Equipment, ELC	Debt	81	1,033	3	1,036	
	Member Units	549	8,250		8,250	
Travis Acquisition LLC	12% Secured Debt	387		9,025		9,025
	Member Units	33		7,100		7,100

		Amount of Interest or Dividends Credited to	December 31,	Gross	Gross	December 31,
Company	Investments(1)		2012 Value			
Uvalco Supply, LLC	9% Secured Debt Member Units	251	2,760	2,175 970		2,175 3,730
Van Gilder Insurance Corporation	8% Secured debt 13% Secured Debt Warrants Common Stock	1,695 221	2,263 5,319 1,180 2,430	545 924	2,808 6,243 1,180 2,430	
Vision Interests, Inc.	13% Secured Debt Series A Preferred Stock Common Stock	434	3,146 2,930 110	12	1,420 110	3,158 1,510
Ziegler's NYPD, LLC	Prime Plus 2%, Current Coupon 9%, Secured Debt 9% Current / 9% PIK Secured Debt Warrants	93 809	998 5,300 180	2 148	628 180	1,000 4,820
Other Income from investments transferred from Control during the year		556				
	Total Control	34,502	277,681	340,066	261,838	356,973

Company	Investments(1)	Amount of Interest or Dividends Credited D to Income(2)	ecember 31, 2012 Value A	Gross Additions(3Re	Gross	ecember 31, 2013 Value
Affiliate Investments American Sensor						
Technologies, Inc.	Warrants		4,170	5,930		10,100
Bridge Capital Solutions	13% Secured Debt	703	4,754	45		4,799
Corporation	Warrants	105	310	220		530
Buffalo Composite Materials Holdings, LLC Condit Exhibits, LLC	Member Units 12% Secured Debt Warrants	471	4,652 600	2,035 146 160	1,048 220	2,035 3,750 540
Congruent Credit						
Opportunities Funds	LP Interests LP Interests	1,585	19,174	6,133 4,128	2,615	22,692 4,128
Daseke, Inc.	12% Current / 2.5% PIK Secured Debt Common Stock	1,217 4	7,310	19,828 4,379		19,828 11,689
Dos Rios Partners	LP Interests LP Interests		1,269 403			1,269 403
East Teak Fine						
Hardwoods, Inc. Freeport Financial SBIC Fund LP	Common Stock LP Interests	15	380	70		450
Gault Financial, LLC	14% Secured Debt	1,813	9,348	2,562	1,360	10,550
(RMB Capital, LLC) Glowpoint, Inc.	Warrants 8% Secured Debt 12% Secured Debt Common Stock	4 239 119	240	294 8,892 10,235	240	294 8,892 10,235
Houston Plating and						0.110
Coatings, LLC Indianhead Pipeline Services, LLC	Member Units	485	8,280	880 539	925	9,160
	Preferred Equity	68	1,676	156	/20	1,832
	Warrants Member Units	180	1,490 50	480	1,020	470 530

Integrated Printing						
Solutions, LLC	8% PIK Secured Debt			750		750
	13% PIK Secured Debt	1,343	11,807	111	3,553	8,365
	Preferred Equity		2,000		2,000	
	Warrants		1,100		1,100	
irth Solutions, LLC	12% Secure Debt	126	2 507		2 507	
Irui Solutions, LLC	Member Units	260	3,587 2,750	550	3,587	3,300
	Weinder Onits	200	2,750	350		5,500
KBK Industries, LLC	12.5% Secured Debt	1,155	9,000	14	14	9,000
	Member Units	350	5,550	190		5,740
		((0)	1 500	200		1 700
OnAsset Intelligence, Inc.	12% PIK Secured Debt	660 122	1,500	288		1,788
	Preferred Stock	123	2,440	162	1 1 2 7	2,602
	Warrants		550	957	1,137	370
OPI International Ltd.(13)	Common Equity		4,971			4,971
PCI Holding Company, Inc.	12% Current / 4% PIK	707	4 000	200	750	4 4 4 0
	Secured Debt	787	4,909	290	750	4,449
	Preferred Stock	337	1,511	1,800		3,311
Quality Lease and Rental						
Holdings, LLC	12% Secured Debt	3,604		36,843	16,843	20,000
	Preferred Member Units			2,500	2,500	
Padial Drilling						
Radial Drilling Services Inc.	12% Secured Debt	651	3,485	141		3,626
Services Inc.	Warrants	051	5,485 758	141	758	5,020
	vv arrallts		150		150	
Samba Holdings, Inc.	12.5% Secured Debt	1,512	11,923	40	510	11,453
-	Common Stock		3,670	840		4,510

		Amount of Interest or Dividends Credited to	December 31,	Gross		December 31,
Company	Investments(1)	Income(2)	2012 Value	Additions(3)R	eductions(4)	2013 Value
Spectrio LLC	LIBOR Plus 7.50%, Current Coupon 8.50%, Secured Warrants	2,230	18,243 3,420	57 430	422	17,878 3,850
SYNEO, LLC	12% Secured Debt 10% Secured Debt Member Units	542 147	4,218 1,413 1,000	20 1 36	296	4.238 1.414 740
Texas Reexcavation LC	12% Current / 3% PIK Secured Debt Class A Member Units	940	5,881 2,900	201 370		6,082 3,270
Tin Roof Acquisition Company	12% Secured Debt Class C Preferred Member Units	240 27		10,785 2,027		10,785 2,027
Other Income from investments transferred from Affiliate during the year		489				
	Total Affiliate	23,573	180,878	128,133	40,898	268,113

This schedule should be read in conjunction with Main Street's Consolidated Financial Statements, including the Consolidated Schedule of Investments and Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

(1)

(2)

The principal amount, the ownership detail for equity investments and if the investment is income producing is shown in the Consolidated Schedule of Investments.

Represents the total amount of interest, fees or dividends credited to income for the portion of the year an investment was included in Control or Affiliate categories, respectively. For investments transferred between Control and Affiliate categories during the year, any income related to the time period it was in the category other than the one shown at year end is included in "Income from investments transferred from Control during the year" or "Income from investments transferred from Affiliate during the year".

(3)

Gross additions include increases in the cost basis of investments resulting from new portfolio investment, follow on investments and accrued PIK interest, and the exchange of one or more existing securities for one or more new securities. Gross Additions also include net increases in unrealized appreciation or net decreases in unrealized depreciation as well as the movement of an existing portfolio company into this category and out of a different category.

Gross reductions include decreases in the cost basis of investments resulting from principal repayments or sales and the exchange of one or more existing securities for one or more new securities. Gross reductions also include net increases in unrealized depreciation or net decreases in unrealized appreciation as well as the movement of an existing portfolio company out of this category and into a different category.

Main Street Capital Corporation

\$175,000,000

4.50% Notes due 2019

PROSPECTUS SUPPLEMENT

Joint Book-Running Managers

RBC Capital Markets, LLC Goldman, Sachs & Co. Keefe, Bruyette & Woods A Stifel Company

Senior Co-Managers BB&T Capital Markets Raymond James

Co-Managers

Regions Securities LLC Capital One Securities Sanders Morris Harris October 31, 2014