TEMPLETON GLOBAL INCOME FUND

Form N-CSR October 28, 2005

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM N-CSR

CERTIFIED SHAREHOLDER REPORT OF REGISTERED MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANIES

Investment Company Act file number 811-05459

500 EAST BROWARD BLVD., FORT LAUDERDALE, FL 33394-3091

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip code)

CRAIG S. TYLE, ONE FRANKLIN PARKWAY, SAN MATEO, CA 94403-1906

(Name and address of agent for service)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (954) 527-7500

Date of fiscal year end: 8/31

Date of reporting period: 8/31/05

ITEM 1. REPORTS TO STOCKHOLDERS

[GRAPHIC OMITTED]

| AUGUST 31, 2005

ANNUAL REPORT | INCOME

TEMPLETON
GLOBAL INCOME FUND

[LOGO](R)
FRANKLIN TEMPLETON
INVESTMENTS

Franklin o TEMPLETON o Mutual Series

FRANKLIN TEMPLETON INVESTMENTS

GAIN FROM OUR PERSPECTIVE (R)

Franklin Templeton's distinct multi-manager structure combines the specialized expertise of three world-class investment management groups--Franklin, Templeton and Mutual Series.

SPECIALIZED EXPERTISE

Each of our portfolio management groups operates autonomously, relying on its own research and staying true to the unique investment disciplines that underlie its success.

FRANKLIN. Founded in 1947, Franklin is a recognized leader in fixed income investing and also brings expertise in growth— and value—style U.S. equity investing.

TEMPLETON. Founded in 1940, Templeton pioneered international investing and, in 1954, launched what has become the industry's oldest global fund. Today, with offices in over 25 countries, Templeton offers investors a truly global perspective.

MUTUAL SERIES. Founded in 1949, Mutual Series is dedicated to a unique style of value investing, searching aggressively for opportunity among what it believes are undervalued stocks, as well as arbitrage situations and distressed securities.

TRUE DIVERSIFICATION

Because our management groups work independently and adhere to different investment approaches, Franklin, Templeton and Mutual Series funds typically have distinct portfolios. That's why our funds can be used to build truly diversified allocation plans covering every major asset class.

RELIABILITY YOU CAN TRUST

At Franklin Templeton Investments, we seek to consistently provide investors with exceptional risk-adjusted returns over the long term, as well as the reliable, accurate and personal service that has helped us become one of the most trusted names in financial services.

MUTUAL FUNDS | RETIREMENT PLANS | 529 COLLEGE SAVINGS PLANS | SEPARATE ACCOUNTS

[GRAPHIC OMITTED]

Not part of the annual report

Contents

Templeton Global Income Fund	1
Performance Summary	8
Important Notice to Shareholders	9
Financial Highlights and Statement of Investments	10
Financial Statements	16
Notes to Financial Statements	19
Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	27
Tax Designation	28
Annual Meeting of Shareholders	30
Dividend Reinvestment and Cash Purchase Plan	31
Board Members and Officers	33
Shareholder Information	39

ANNUAL REPORT

TEMPLETON GLOBAL INCOME FUND

YOUR FUND'S GOAL AND MAIN INVESTMENTS: Templeton Global Income Fund seeks high, current income, with a secondary goal of capital appreciation. Under normal market conditions, the Fund invests at least 80% of its net assets in income-producing securities, including debt securities of U.S. and foreign issuers, including emerging markets.

PORTFOLIO BREAKDOWN

Based on Total Net Assets as of 8/31/05

Dear Shareholder:

We are pleased to bring you Templeton Global Income Fund's annual report for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2005. Also in the report is new information

THE DOLLAR VALUE, NUMBER OF SHARES OR PRINCIPAL AMOUNT, AND NAMES OF ALL PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS ARE LISTED IN THE FUND'S STATEMENT OF INVESTMENTS (SOI). THE SOI BEGINS ON PAGE 11.

Annual Report | 1

WHAT IS A CURRENT ACCOUNT?

A current account is that part of the balance of payments where all of one country's international transactions in goods and services are recorded.

WHAT IS BALANCE OF PAYMENTS?

Balance of payments is a record of all of a country's exports and imports of goods and services, borrowing and lending with the rest of the world during a particular time period. It helps a country evaluate its competitive strengths and weaknesses and forecast the strength of its currency.

about the Board of Trustees' approval of the Fund's investment advisory contract in the past six months. It is designed to give you an understanding of several factors considered before the Board approved the Fund's contract with the Investment Manager. The disclosure is in the "Shareholder Information" section beginning on page 39.

PERFORMANCE OVERVIEW

For the period under review, Templeton Global Income Fund posted cumulative total returns of 10.61% based on market price and 10.03% based on net asset value. The Fund outperformed the J.P. Morgan (JPM) Government Bond Index (GBI) Global, which posted cumulative total returns of 6.16% in local currency terms and 6.55% in U.S. dollar terms for the same period.(1) You can find the Fund's long-term performance data in the Performance Summary on page 8.

ECONOMIC AND MARKET OVERVIEW

During the Fund's fiscal year, global economic growth remained positive, particularly in the U.S. and Asia. U.S. economic growth continued to be above long-term averages, with gross domestic product (GDP) expanding 3.3% annualized in the second quarter of 2005 compared with a year earlier.(2) Characteristic of above-average growth, the labor market tightened, high capacity utilization rates stimulated investment growth, consumption trends remained strong, and signs of increased inflationary pressures solidified. Consequently, the Federal Reserve Board increased the federal funds target rate 200 basis points (100 basis points equal one percentage point) to 3.50% during the reporting period. Consistent with strong economic growth, and in particular solid consumption trends, U.S. imports of foreign goods outpaced U.S. export growth, driving the U.S. trade balance to a \$58 billion monthly deficit level by July 2005.(3) While higher oil prices negatively impacted the deficit, the underlying trade balance (not including oil) also deteriorated, largely as a result of a widening trade deficit with the Pacific Rim region. For example, by July the U.S. trade deficit with the Pacific Rim increased 23% from a year earlier.(3) Furthermore, the U.S. current account deficit reached a record 6.5% of GDP in second quarter 2005.(3)

- (1) Source: J.P. Morgan. The JPM GBI Global tracks total returns of government bonds in developed countries globally. The bonds included in the index are weighted according to their market capitalization. The index is unhedged and expressed in terms of \$US. Local bond market returns are from country subindexes of the JPM GBI Global. The index is unmanaged and includes reinvested interest. One cannot invest directly in an index, nor is an index representative of the Fund's portfolio.
- (2) Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis.

- (3) Source: U.S. Census Bureau.
- 2 | Annual Report

As could be expected from the U.S. balance of payment figures, Asia's trade dynamics remained favorable. Chinese exports rose 33% compared with a year earlier, while Japan, South Korea and several other Asian countries generated significant current account surpluses.(4) Strong balance of payment conditions, in addition to less flexible currency strategies, particularly in China, continued to facilitate Asia's foreign reserve accumulation. The buildup of external imbalances, in addition to international political pressure, prompted the Chinese government to revalue the yuan 2.1% and move from its U.S. dollar peg to a managed-float exchange rate regime versus a basket of undisclosed global currencies. The announcement resulted in a drop in the U.S. dollar against the region's other major currencies. Malaysia's central bank also announced that it would abandon its fixed exchange rate regime in favor of a similar basket arrangement. While global demand for Asian products remained favorable for the region's growth, there were also signs of a pick-up in domestic growth drivers, particularly in Japan, Thailand and South Korea. In China, increased personal consumption and strong domestic growth conditions continued to benefit its regional trade partners through import demand. Commodity exporters, such as Australia and New Zealand, also experienced positive trade developments, benefiting their overall economic growth conditions. Largely as a result, Australia's central bank raised interest rates 25 basis points to 5.50%, and New Zealand's central bank increased rates 75 basis points to 6.75%. In addition, the central bank of Thailand raised rates 125 basis points during the period due to higher inflationary pressures.

In contrast to robust growth in the U.S. and Asia, the 12-country euro zone's economic activity was lackluster, driven by weak domestic demand. Euro-zone GDP for second quarter 2005 grew just 1.1% compared with a year earlier, and growth expectations declined during the period.(5) Inflation, however, generally remained stable, and by period-end the European Central Bank had left interest rates unchanged at 2.00% for the 27th consecutive month. Growth among other (non-euro) European economies, on the other hand, was generally more dynamic. In Norway, high oil prices benefited the business cycle, which is heavily dependent on oil exports, while consumption and investment trends supported strengthening GDP growth. This helped the country's economic growth outside the oil sector rise 4.2% in first quarter 2005.(6) Although inflation rates remained low, strong aggregate demand and rising capacity constraints prompted Norway's central bank to raise interest rates. Another example of higher economic growth in Europe outside the euro zone was Slovakia. Slovakia was on track to be the first of the four largest central

- (4) Source: Customs General Administration of China.
- (5) Source: Eurostat.
- (6) Source: Statistics Norway.

Annual Report | 3

GEOGRAPHIC BREAKDOWN
Based on Total Net Assets as of 8/31/05

[BAR CHART OMITTED]

Asia	31.5%
Other Europe	27.8%
EMU Members*	12.1%
Australia & New Zealand	9.7%
Latin America	9.5%
Canada	5.9%
Europe	0.5%
Middle East & Africa	0.2%
Short-Term Investments & Other Net Assets	2.8%

* The Fund's EMU investments were in Austria, Belgium, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Netherlands and Spain.

European economies to adopt the euro, due in part to the success of its fiscal reforms. Additionally, Slovakia continued to benefit from large-scale foreign direct investment projects, job creation and high growth rates relative to the euro zone. Positive foreign investment trends, tightening labor market conditions and increased private consumption boosted Slovakian GDP growth to 5.1% annualized in second quarter 2005.(7)

INVESTMENT STRATEGY

We invest selectively in bonds around the world to generate income for the Fund, seeking opportunities while monitoring changes in interest rates, currency rates and credit risk.

MANAGER'S DISCUSSION

The Fund's total return was influenced by various factors, including interest rate developments, currency movements and exposure to sovereign debt markets.

INTEREST RATE STRATEGY

During the fiscal year, international yield curves generally flattened and local bond markets performed well. The Fund's overall shorter duration positioning relative to the JPM GBI Global Index worked against Fund performance in certain bond markets, such as the U.S., where the U.S. subindex of the JPM GBI Global rose 4.41%.(1) Outside the U.S., we continued to find opportunities to take advantage of interest rate developments. For example, while Poland's medium-term economic growth prospects remained favorable similar to other central European Union (EU) countries, supported by improving trade dynamics, employment growth and foreign investment trends, Poland experienced cyclical slowing in the first half of 2005. Weaker-than-expected growth in first quarter 2005 combined with rapid disinflation as price shocks from European Monetary Union (EMU) entry faded, allowing Poland's central bank to reduce interest rates by 175 basis points to 4.75%, which in turn supported bond market returns of 17.98% in local currency terms.(1) Interest rate reductions in Sweden had a similar impact on its local market returns. Sweden's economic

(7) Source: Statistical Office of the Slovak Republic, www.statistics.sk.

4 | Annual Report

growth lagged in the first half of 2005 given greater excess capacity, particularly in the labor market, and greater export sensitivity to euro-zone growth. Combined with low underlying inflationary pressures, Sweden's central bank reduced the interest rate 50 basis points to 1.50%. The Swedish yield curve shifted downward over the period and local bond markets rose 10.49%.(1)

CURRENCY STRATEGY

Given global economic imbalances between the U.S. and Asia, we reduced the Fund's euro exposure and broadened the Fund's non-Japan Asian currency exposure, while maintaining limited U.S. dollar exposure given worsening balance of payment conditions. We undertook such moves seeking to position the Fund for potential appreciation of Asian currencies against the U.S. dollar largely due to greater flexibility in many Asian currency policies and implicitly less appreciation pressure on the euro versus the U.S. dollar. We have already seen some evidence of greater policy strides toward currency flexibility, notably in China, where the yuan's recent revaluation indirectly benefited other currencies in the region. Additionally, Asia's growth characteristics remained favorable with rising domestic demand in second quarter 2005 and a large regional savings pool, as indicated by a large stock of accumulated foreign reserves that could further promote domestic growth.

Within Asia, the Fund continued to hold a basket of non-Japan Asian currencies while avoiding exposure to the Japanese yen. This allocation generally outperformed the yen over the Fund's fiscal year, benefiting relative performance. For example, the South Korean won rose 10.70% against the U.S. dollar, bringing bond market returns in U.S. dollar terms to 13.26% according to the HSBC Asian Local Bond Index (ALBI).(8) This contrasted to the Japanese bond market, which rose 1.09% in U.S. dollar terms over the period along with 1.25% yen depreciation against the U.S. dollar.(1) Fund positioning in Asian currencies over the 12-month period helped offset relatively mixed currency performance in Europe. For example, although the euro appreciated 1.20% against the U.S. dollar, it unwound significant gains made in the first half of the Fund's fiscal year. This unwinding was partly reflective of tepid western European growth conditions, but also political developments regarding failed

(8) Source: HSBC. The HSBC ALBI tracks total return performance of a bond portfolio, which consists of local currency-denominated, high quality and liquid bonds in Asia ex-Japan. Local bond market returns are from country subindexes of the HSBC ALBI.

Annual Report | 5

CURRENCY BREAKDOWN

Based on Total Portfolio Value as of 8/31/05

[BAR CHART OMITTED]

South Korean Won	14.9%
Euro	13.9%
Swedish Krona	8.7%
Polish Zloty	8.1%
U.S. Dollar	6.3%
Canadian Dollar	6.1%
New Zealand Dollar	6.0%
Thai Baht	5.7%
Indonesian Rupiah	5.4%
Australian Dollar	5.4%
Slovakian Koruna	5.0%
Norwegian Krone	4.9%
Peruvian Nuevo Sol	3.2%
Malaysian Ringgit	2.3%
Singapore Dollar	2.2%
Danish Krone	1.8%

British Pound 0.1%

EU constitutional referendums in France and the Netherlands, two core euro-zone countries. Finally, Indonesian bond markets underperformed and detracted from relative Fund performance on currency weakness, returning -2.80% following the rupiah's 8.98% decline against the U.S. dollar during the period.(1)

GLOBAL SOVEREIGN DEBT STRATEGY

The Fund also purchased investment-grade and sub-investment grade sovereign debt that typically compensates for greater credit risk by offering higher yields relative to U.S. and European benchmark treasury curves. Despite rising short-term U.S. interest rates, U.S. dollar-denominated emerging market debt continued to generate strong returns, rising 13.97% over the period, as measured by the JPM Emerging Markets Bond Index Global (EMBIG).(9) Sovereign interest rate spreads narrowed from 425 basis points greater than the U.S. Treasury market on August 31, 2004, to 281 basis points at period-end. Regionally, Latin American sovereign debt rose 14.62%, central and eastern Europe 16.54% and Asia 8.61%.(1) Euro-denominated markets also rose over the 12-month period, gaining 11.54% in euro terms as measured by the JPM Euro EMBIG.(10)

- (9) Source: J.P. Morgan. The JPM EMBIG tracks total returns for U.S. dollar-denominated debt instruments issued by emerging market sovereign and quasi-sovereign entities: Brady bonds, loans and Eurobonds. The index is unmanaged and includes reinvested interest. One cannot invest directly in an index, nor is an index representative of the Fund's portfolio.
- (10) Source: J.P. Morgan. The JPM Euro EMBIG tracks total returns for euro-denominated, straight fixed coupon instruments issued by emerging market sovereign and quasi-sovereign entities. The index includes 64 instruments from 19 countries. The index is unmanaged and includes reinvested interest. One cannot invest directly in an index, nor is an index representative of the Fund's portfolio.

6 | Annual Report

Thank you for your continued participation in Templeton Global Income Fund. We look forward to serving your future investment needs.

Sincerely,

/s/ Alex C. Calvo

[PHOTO OMITTED]

Alex C. Calvo

/s/Michael Hasenstab,

[PHOTO OMITTED]

Michael Hasenstab, Ph.D.

Portfolio Managers

Templeton Global Income Fund

THE FOREGOING INFORMATION REFLECTS OUR ANALYSIS, OPINIONS AND PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS AS OF AUGUST 31, 2005, THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD. THE WAY WE IMPLEMENT OUR MAIN INVESTMENT STRATEGIES AND THE RESULTING PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS MAY CHANGE DEPENDING ON FACTORS SUCH AS MARKET AND ECONOMIC CONDITIONS. THESE OPINIONS MAY NOT BE RELIED UPON AS INVESTMENT ADVICE OR AN OFFER FOR A PARTICULAR SECURITY. THE INFORMATION IS NOT A COMPLETE ANALYSIS OF EVERY ASPECT OF ANY MARKET,

COUNTRY, INDUSTRY, SECURITY OR THE FUND. STATEMENTS OF FACT ARE FROM SOURCES CONSIDERED RELIABLE, BUT THE INVESTMENT MANAGER MAKES NO REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY AS TO THEIR COMPLETENESS OR ACCURACY. ALTHOUGH HISTORICAL PERFORMANCE IS NO GUARANTEE OF FUTURE RESULTS, THESE INSIGHTS MAY HELP YOU UNDERSTAND OUR INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT PHILOSOPHY.

Annual Report | 7

PERFORMANCE SUMMARY AS OF 8/31/05

Your dividend income will vary depending on dividends or interest paid by securities in the Fund's portfolio, adjusted for operating expenses. Capital gain distributions are net profits realized from the sale of portfolio securities. Total return reflects reinvestment of the Fund's dividends and capital gain distributions, if any, and any unrealized gains or losses. All total returns include reinvested distributions according to the terms specified in the Fund's dividend reinvestment and cash purchase plan and do not reflect any sales charges paid at inception or brokerage commissions paid on secondary market purchases. The performance table does not reflect any taxes due on Fund dividends, capital gains distributions, if any, or realized gains on the sale of Fund shares.

PRICE AND DISTRIBUTION INFORMATION

SYMBOL: GIM		CHANGE	8/31/05	8/31/04
Net Asset Value (NAV)		+\$0.25	\$9.02	\$8.77
Market Price (NYSE)			\$8.85	\$8.56
DISTRIBUTIONS (9/1/04-8/31/05)				
Dividend Income	\$0.6252			
PERFORMANCE				
			5-YEAR	10-YEAR
Cumulative Total Return(1)				
Based on change in NAV		10.03%	83.09%	148.23%
Based on change in market price		10.61%	104.97%	188.64%
Average Annual Total Return(1)				
Based on change in NAV		10.03%	12.86%	9.52%
Based on change in market price		10.61%	15.44%	11.18%

PERFORMANCE DATA REPRESENT PAST PERFORMANCE, WHICH DOES NOT GUARANTEE FUTURE RESULTS. INVESTMENT RETURN AND PRINCIPAL VALUE WILL FLUCTUATE, AND YOU MAY HAVE A GAIN OR LOSS WHEN YOU SELL YOUR SHARES. CURRENT PERFORMANCE MAY DIFFER FROM FIGURES SHOWN.

FOR MORE CURRENT PERFORMANCE, CALL FRANKLIN TEMPLETON INVESTMENTS AT 1-800/342-5236.

ENDNOTES

SPECIAL RISKS ARE ASSOCIATED WITH FOREIGN INVESTING, INCLUDING CURRENCY VOLATILITY, ECONOMIC INSTABILITY AND SOCIAL AND POLITICAL DEVELOPMENTS OF COUNTRIES WHERE THE FUND INVESTS. EMERGING MARKETS INVOLVE HEIGHTENED RISKS RELATED TO THE SAME FACTORS, IN ADDITION TO THOSE ASSOCIATED WITH THEIR RELATIVELY SMALL SIZE AND LESSER LIQUIDITY. ALSO, AS A NONDIVERSIFIED INVESTMENT COMPANY, THE FUND MAY INVEST IN A RELATIVELY SMALL NUMBER OF ISSUERS, AND AS A RESULT, BE SUBJECT TO A GREATER RISK OF LOSS WITH RESPECT TO ITS PORTFOLIO SECURITIES.

- (1) Total return calculations represent the cumulative and average annual changes in value of an investment over the periods indicated.
- 8 | Annual Report

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS

SHARE REPURCHASE PROGRAM

The Fund's Board previously authorized management to implement an open-market share repurchase program pursuant to which the Fund may purchase Fund shares, from time to time, in open-market transactions, at the discretion of management. This authorization remains in effect.

Annual Report | 9

TEMPLETON GLOBAL INCOME FUND

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

	2005	2004	ENDED	AUGUST 2003	31,
PER SHARE OPERATING PERFORMANCE (for a share outstanding throughout the year)					
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$ 8.77	\$ 8.18	 \$	7.29	\$
Income from investment operations:		 			
Net investment income(a)	0.39	0.41		0.41	
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses)	0.49	0.72		0.98	
Total from investment operations	 0.88	 1.13	 	1.39	
Capital share repurchases	 	 	 		

Less distributions from:

Net investment income	(0.63)	(0.54)	(0.50)	
Tax return of capital				
Total distributions		(0.54)		
Net asset value, end of year			\$ 8.18	
Market value, end of year(b)				
Total return (based on market value per share) RATIOS/SUPPLEMENTAL DATA	10.61%	14.69%	15.37%	
Net assets, end of year (000's)	\$1,172,240	\$1,136,976	\$1,058,791	\$, 7
Ratios to average net assets:				
Expenses	0.76%	0.77%	0.72%	
Net investment income	4.22%	4.66%	5.16%	
Portfolio turnover rate	41.81%	48.85%	69.77%	

- (a) Based on average daily shares outstanding.
- (b) Based on the last sale on the New York Stock Exchange.
- (c) Effective September 1, 2001, the Fund adopted the provisions of the AICPA Audit and Accounting Guide for Investment Companies and began amortizing all premium and discount on fixed-income securities, as required. The effect of this change was as follows:

10 | See notes to financial statements. | Annual Report

TEMPLETON GLOBAL INCOME FUND

STATEMENT OF INVESTMENTS, AUGUST 31, 2005

PRINCIPAL AMOUNT(c) VALUE

LONG TERM INVESTMENTS 97.2% ARGENTINA 1.3%		
(a), (b) Government of Argentina, FRN, 4.005%, 8/03/12	19,250,000	\$ 14,930,6
AUSTRALIA 5.2%		
New South Wales Treasury Corp.,		
8.00%, 3/01/08	6,200,000 AUD	4,975,5
6.00%, 5/01/12Queensland Treasury Corp.,	10,200,000 AUD	8,008,8
6.00%, 7/14/09	4,100,000 AUD	3,186,9
6.00%, 8/14/13	56,500,000 AUD	44,794,0
		60,965,4
AUSTRIA 1.8%		
Government of Austria,		
5.50%, 10/20/07	10,720,000 EUR	14,111,3
5.00%, 7/15/12	4,580,000 EUR	6,402,8
		20,514,1
BELGIUM 2.8%		
Government of Belgium,		
8.50%, 10/01/07	19,718,000 EUR	27,365,1
5.00%, 9/28/12	3,840,000 EUR	5,383,2
		32,748,4
BRAZIL 0.4%		
(b) Government of Brazil, DCB, L, FRN, 4.3125%, 4/15/12	4,619,236	4,457,5
CANADA 5.9%		
Government of Canada,		
8.75%, 12/01/05	5,290,000 CAD	4,519,8
6.00%, 6/01/11	26,263,000 CAD	25,015,0
Province of Alberta,	0 470 000 070	0 060 6
7.50%, 12/01/05	9,470,000 CAD 28,530,000 CAD	8,062,6
5.00%, 12/16/08	7,000,000 CAD	25,350,5 6,338,5
riovince of Bileion columbia, 0.000, 0,00,00	7,000,000 CMD	
		69,286,6
DENMARK 1.8%		
Government of Denmark,		
6.00%, 11/15/11	15,500,000 DKK	3,047,9
5.00%, 11/15/13	92,320,000 DKK	17,604,6
		20,652,6
FINLAND 1.0%	0 600 000 Bur	11 000 0
Government of Finland, 5.00%, 7/04/07	8,680,000 EUR	11,237,3

Annual Report | 11

TEMPLETON GLOBAL INCOME FUND

STATEMENT OF INVESTMENTS, AUGUST 31, 2005 (CONTINUED)

	PRINCIPAL AMOU	NT(c)	VALUE
TONG TERM INVESTMENTS (CONT.)			
LONG TERM INVESTMENTS (CONT.)			
FRANCE 1.3%			
Government of France, 4.00%, 4/25/09	9,750,000	FIID	\$12,689,
4.25%, 4/25/19	2,250,000		3,054,
1.230, 4/23/13	2,230,000	LOI	
			15,744,3
GERMANY 1.4%	0.05, 0.00		0.65
Government of Germany, 2.75%, 6/23/06	295,000		365,
KfW Bankengruppe, senior note, 6.375%, 2/17/15	22,950,000	NZD	16,108,
			16,473,
GREECE 0.5%			
Government of the Hellenic Republic, 4.60%, 5/20/13	4,560,000	EUR	6,210,6
INDONESIA 5.3%			
Government of Indonesia, 11.00%, 10/15/14	24 400 000 000	TDD	1 000 '
	24,400,000,000 33,050,000,000		1,983,° 2,446,6
9.50%, 6/15/15	82,245,000,000		6,667,4
11.00%, 11/15/20	161,100,000,000		13,842,0
Indonesia Recapital Bonds,	101,100,000,000	IDK	13,042,0
14.00%, 6/15/09	20,470,000,000	TDR	1,947,
13.15%, 3/15/10	21,330,000,000		1,946,6
15.425%, 9/15/10	4,800,000,000		468,3
14.25%, 6/15/13	84,050,000,000		7,772,5
14.275%, 12/15/13	258,836,000,000		24,650,4
			61,725,
IRISH REPUBLIC 0.8%			
Government of Ireland, 4.25%, 10/18/07	7,000,000	EUR	8,993,4
MALAYSIA 2.2%			
Government of Malaysia,			
4.305%, 2/27/09	75,200,000	MYR	20,479,1
4.032%, 9/15/09	21,400,000	MYR	5,796,4
			26,275,6
MEXICO 1.1%			
Government of Mexico, 144A, 7.50%, 3/08/10	8,800,000	EUR	12,834,7
NETHERLANDS 0.5%			
Government of the Netherlands, 5.75%, 2/15/07	4,800,000	EUR	6,218,2
NEW ZEALAND 4.5%			
Government of New Zealand,	41 600 000	MED	20 204
7.00%, 7/15/09	41,630,000		30,294,2
0.00%, II/IJ/II	31,373,000	תחאו	22,284,2
			52,578,5

12 | Annual Report

TEMPLETON GLOBAL INCOME FUND

STATEMENT OF INVESTMENTS, AUGUST 31, 2005 (CONTINUED)

	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT(c)	
LONG TERM INVESTMENTS (CONT.)		
NORWAY 4.8%		
Government of Norway, 6.75%, 1/15/07	336,507,000 NOK	\$55,652,519
PERU 3.2%		
Peru Bond Soberano,		
9.91%, 5/05/15	6,500,000 PEN	2,328,415
7.84%, 8/12/20	46,900,000 PEN	14,411,461
Series 7, 8.60%, 8/12/17	61,050,000 PEN	20,130,440
		36,870,316
PHILIPPINES 1.9%		
Government of the Philippines,		
9.00%, 2/15/13	5,500,000	5,857,500
Reg S, 9.125%, 2/22/10	12,170,000 EUR	16,717,239
	•	
		22,574,739
POLAND 7.8%		
Government of Poland,		
8.50%, 11/12/06	100,860,000 PLN	32,426,534
8.50%, 5/12/07	68,700,000 PLN	22,536,884
6.00%, 5/24/09	65,250,000 PLN	20,997,949
6.25%, 10/24/15	12,550,000 PLN	4,318,599
5.75%, 9/23/22	34,200,000 PLN	11,662,494
		91,942,460
SINGAPORE 2.1%		
Government of Singapore, 4.00%, 3/01/07	41,025,000 SGD	25,134,674
SLOVAK REPUBLIC 4.8%		
Government of Slovakia,		
4.80%, 4/14/09	298,100,000 SKK	10,159,278
7.50%, 3/13/12	84,000,000 SKK	3,373,559
4.90%, 2/11/14	53,300,000 SKK	1,901,553
5.30%, 5/12/19	50,200,000 SKK	1,914,499
Strip, 1/14/07	1,264,000,000 SKK	38,893,035
		56,241,924
SOUTH AFRICA 0.2%		
Government of South Africa, 5.25%, 5/16/13	2,000,000 EUR	2,719,043

SOUTH KOREA 14.5%		
Government of Korea,		
4.50%, 3/05/06	19,500,000,000 KRW	18,861,691
4.50%, 9/03/06	29,790,000,000 KRW	28,847,248
6.90%, 1/16/07	41,010,000,000 KRW	40,991,283
4.75%, 3/03/07	1,800,000,000 KRW	1,750,276
6.15%, 7/10/07	10,000,000,000 KRW	9,976,428
3.75%, 9/10/07	6,200,000,000 KRW	5,925,194
5.77%, 10/09/07	39,640,000,000 KRW	39,414,603

Annual Report | 13

TEMPLETON GLOBAL INCOME FUND

STATEMENT OF INVESTMENTS, AUGUST 31, 2005 (CONTINUED)

	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT(c)	VALUE
LONG TERM INVESTMENTS (CONT.) SOUTH KOREA (CONT.)		
Government of Korea, (cont.)		
4.75%, 3/12/08	8,075,000,000 KRW	\$ 7,88
4.50%, 9/09/08	12,000,000,000 KRW	11,66
Korea Treasury Bond, 5.00%, 3/26/13	5,000,000,000 KRW	4,92
		170,23
SPAIN 2.0%		
Government of Spain,	10.040.000.	45.45
8.80%, 4/30/06	13,342,000 EUR	17,15
5.00%, 7/30/12	4,850,000 EUR	6 , 78
		23,94
SWEDEN 8.5%		
Government of Sweden,		
8.00%, 8/15/07	78,550,000 SEK	11,55
6.50%, 5/05/08	100,400,000 SEK	14,73
5.25%, 3/15/11	273,300,000 SEK	40,91
5.50%, 10/08/12	43,560,000 SEK	6,74
e) Index Linked, 3.50%, 12/01/15	145,590,000 SEK	25 , 35
		99,30
THAILAND 5.5%		·
Bank of Thailand Bond, 3.25%, 5/19/07	407,690,000 THB	9,79
8.00%, 12/08/06	1,453,680,000 THB	37,10
5.60%, 7/07/07	499,730,000 THB	12,46
4.125%, 2/12/08	178,700,000 THB	4,34
8.50%, 12/08/08	31,000,000 THB	84
		64,55

UKRAINE 0.5% (b) Government of Ukraine, FRN, 7.34313%, 8/05/09	5,300,000	5,763
UNITED KINGDOM 0.1% United Kingdom, 8.50%, 7/16/07	811,000 GBP	1,574
VENEZUELA 3.5% Government of Venezuela,		
9.25%, 9/15/27	32,955,000 5,550,000	35,838 5,263
		41,102
TOTAL LONG TERM INVESTMENTS (COST \$1,024,081,647)		1,139,465

14 | Annual Report

TEMPLETON GLOBAL INCOME FUND

STATEMENT OF INVESTMENTS, AUGUST 31, 2005 (CONTINUED)

	SHARES	V	ALUE
SHORT TERM INVESTMENTS (COST \$9,954) 0.0%(g) UNITED STATES 0.0%(g)			
(f)Franklin Institutional Fiduciary Trust Money Market Portfolio .	9,954	\$	9 , 95
TOTAL INVESTMENTS (COST \$1,024,091,601) 97.2%			9,475,22 2,764,90
NET ASSETS 100.0%		\$1 , 17	2,240,12

CURRENCY ABBREVIATIONS

AUD	_	Australian Dollar
CAD	_	Canadian Dollar
DKK	_	Danish Krone
EUR	_	Euro
GBP	_	British Pound
IDR	_	Indonesian Rupiah
KRW	-	Korean Won
MYR	_	Malaysian Ringgit
NOK	_	Norwegian Krone
NZD	_	New Zealand Dollar
PEN	_	Peru Nuevo Sol
PLN	-	Polish Zloty
SEK	_	Swedish Krona
SGD	_	Singapore Dollar
SKK	_	Slovak Koruna
THB	_	Thai Baht

SELECTED PORTFOLIO ABBREVIATIONS

FRN - Floating Rate Notes

- (a) The principal amount is stated in original face, and scheduled paydowns are reflected in the market price on ex-date.
- (b) The coupon shown represents the rate at period end.
- (c) The principal amount is stated in U.S. dollars unless otherwise indicated.
- (d) Security was purchased pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933 and may be sold in transactions exempt from registration only to qualified institutional buyers or in a public offering registered under the Securities Act of 1933. These securities have been deemed liquid under guidelines approved by the Trust's Board of Trustees.
- (e) Redemption price at maturity is adjusted for inflation. See Note 1(e).
- (f) See Note 9 regarding investments in Franklin Institutional Fiduciary Trust Money Market Portfolio.
- (g) Rounds to less than 0.05% of net assets.

Annual Report | See notes to financial statements. | 15

TEMPLETON GLOBAL INCOME FUND

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES August 31, 2005

Assets:

nodeco.	
Investments in securities:	
Cost - Unaffiliated issuers	\$ 1,024,081,647
Cost - Sweep Money Fund (Note 9)	9,954
Total cost of investments	\$ 1,024,091,601
Value - Unaffiliated issuers	\$ 1,139,465,272
Value - Sweep Money Fund (Note 9)	9,954
Total value of investments	1,139,475,226
Foreign currency, at value (cost \$3,080)	4,496
Receivables:	
Investment securities sold	13,433,026
Interest	24,272,773
Total assets	1,177,185,521
Liabilities:	
Payables:	
Investment securities purchased	1,897,021
Affiliates	659 , 725
Distributions to shareholders	242,153
Funds advanced by custodian	1,819,538
Other liabilities	326,955

Total liabilities	4,94	15 , 392
Net assets, at value	\$ 1,172,24	·
Net assets consist of: Paid-in capital	\$ 1,075,67 30,48 114,85 (48,77	75,932 88,171 61,522 75,496)
Net assets, at value	\$ 1,172,24	10,129
Shares outstanding	129,97	18 , 867
Net asset value per share	\$	9.02
16 See notes to financial statements. Annual Report		
TEMPLETON GLOBAL INCOME FUND		
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)		
STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS for the year ended August 31, 2005		
<pre>Investment income: Dividends - Sweep Money Fund (Note 9)</pre>		\$ 121 , 957
Interest (net of foreign taxes of \$2,040,649)	• • • • • • • • •	59,747,616
Total investment income		59,869,573
Expenses: Management fees (Note 3a) Administrative fees (Note 3b) Transfer agent fees Custodian fees (Note 4) Reports to shareholders Registration and filing fees Professional fees Trustees' fees and expenses Other		6,041,998 1,473,910 268,200 980,579 86,800 110,900 67,441 90,100 33,600
Total expenses		9,153,528 (1,030)
Net expenses		9,152,498
Net investment income		50,717,075
Realized and unrealized gains (losses): Net realized gain (loss) from:		
Investments		61,473,720 1,284,127

Net realized gain (loss)	62,757,847
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on: Investments	1,006,813 (577,776)
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	429,037
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	63,186,884
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 113,903,959 =======

Annual Report | See notes to financial statements. | 17

TEMPLETON GLOBAL INCOME FUND

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

<pre>Increase (decrease) in net assets: Operations: Net investment income Net realized gain (loss) from investments and foreign currency transactions Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments and translation of assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies</pre>	\$
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations	
Distributions to shareholders from net investment income	
Capital share transactions: (Note 2)	
Net increase (decrease) in net assets	
End of year	\$
Undistributed net investment income included in net assets: End of year	\$

18 | See notes to financial statements. | Annual Report

1,1

1,1

TEMPLETON GLOBAL INCOME FUND

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Templeton Global Income Fund (the Fund) is registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 as a non-diversified, closed-end investment company.

The following summarizes the Fund's significant accounting policies.

A. SECURITY VALUATION

Securities listed on a securities exchange or on the NASDAQ National Market System are valued at the last quoted sale price or the official closing price of the day, respectively. Over-the-counter securities and listed securities for which there is no reported sale are valued within the range of the most recent quoted bid and ask prices. Securities that trade in multiple markets or on multiple exchanges are valued according to the broadest and most representative market. Investments in open-end mutual funds are valued at the closing net asset value.

Corporate debt securities and government securities generally trade in the over-the-counter market rather than on a securities exchange. The Fund may utilize independent pricing services, quotations from bond dealers and information with respect to bond and note transactions, to assist in determining a current market value for each security. The Fund's pricing services may use valuation models or matrix pricing which considers information with respect to comparable bond and note transactions, quotations from bond dealers, or by reference to other securities that are considered comparable in such characteristics as rating, interest rate and maturity date, option adjusted spread models, prepayment projections, interest rate spreads and yield curves, to determine current value.

The Fund has procedures to determine the fair value of individual securities and other assets for which market prices are not readily available or which may not be reliably priced. Methods for valuing these securities may include: fundamental analysis, matrix pricing, discounts from market prices of similar securities, or discounts applied due to the nature and duration of restrictions on the disposition of the securities. Due to the inherent uncertainty of valuations of such securities, the fair values may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a ready market for such investments existed. Occasionally, events occur between the time at which trading in a security is completed and the close of the NYSE that might call into question the availability (including the reliability) of the value of a portfolio security held by the Fund. If such an event occurs, the securities may be valued using fair value procedures, which may include the use of independent pricing services. All security valuation procedures are approved by the Fund's Board of Trustees.

Annual Report | 19

TEMPLETON GLOBAL INCOME FUND

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION

Portfolio securities and other assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars based on the exchange rate of such currencies against U.S. dollars on the date of valuation. Purchases and sales of securities, income and expense items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars at the exchange rate in effect on the transaction date. Occasionally, events may impact the availability or reliability of foreign exchange rates used to convert the U.S. dollar equivalent value. If such an event occurs, the foreign exchange rate will be valued at fair value using procedures established and approved by the Fund's Board of Trustees.

The Fund does not separately report the effect of changes in foreign exchange rates from changes in market prices on securities held. Such changes are included in net realized and unrealized gain or loss from investments on the Statement of Operations.

Realized foreign exchange gains or losses arise from sales of foreign currencies, currency gains or losses realized between the trade and settlement dates on securities transactions and the difference between the recorded amounts of dividends, interest, and foreign withholding taxes and the U.S. dollar equivalent of the amounts actually received or paid. Net unrealized foreign exchange gains and losses arise from changes in foreign exchange rates on foreign denominated assets and liabilities other than investments in securities held at the end of the reporting period.

C. FOREIGN CURRENCY CONTRACTS

When the Fund purchases or sells foreign securities it may enter into foreign exchange contracts to minimize foreign exchange risk from the trade date to the settlement date of the transactions. A foreign exchange contract is an agreement between two parties to exchange different currencies at an agreed upon exchange rate on a specified date. Realized and unrealized gains and losses on these contracts are included in the Statement of Operations.

The risks of these contracts include movement in the values of the foreign currencies relative to the U.S. dollar and the possible inability of the counterparties to fulfill their obligations under the contracts, which may be in excess of the amount reflected in the Statement of Assets and Liabilities.

D. INCOME TAXES

No provision has been made for U.S. income taxes because the Fund's policy is to continue to qualify as a regulated investment company under the Internal Revenue Code and to distribute to shareholders substantially all of its taxable income and net realized gains.

Foreign securities held by the Fund may be subject to foreign taxation. Foreign taxes, if any, are recorded based on the tax regulations and rates that exist in the foreign markets in which the Fund invests.

20 | Annual Report

TEMPLETON GLOBAL INCOME FUND

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. SECURITY TRANSACTIONS, INVESTMENT INCOME, EXPENSES AND DISTRIBUTIONS

Security transactions are accounted for on trade date. Realized gains and losses on security transactions are determined on a specific identification basis. Interest income and estimated expenses are accrued daily. Amortization of premium and accretion of discount on debt securities are included in interest income. Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date. Distributions to shareholders are recorded on the ex-dividend date and are determined according to income tax regulations (tax basis). Distributable earnings determined on a tax basis may differ from earnings recorded in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. These differences may be permanent or temporary. Permanent differences are reclassified among capital accounts to reflect their tax character. These reclassifications have no impact on net assets or the results of operations. Temporary differences are not reclassified, as they will reverse in subsequent periods.

Inflation-index bonds provide an inflation hedge through periodic increases in the security's interest accruals and principal redemption value, by amounts corresponding to the current rate of inflation. Any such adjustments, including adjustments to principal redemption value, are recorded as interest income.

F. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the amounts of income and expense during the reporting year. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

G. GUARANTEES AND INDEMNIFICATIONS

Under the Fund's organizational documents, its officers and trustees are indemnified by the Fund against certain liabilities arising out of the performance of their duties to the Fund. Additionally, in the normal course of business, the Fund enters into contracts with service providers that contain general indemnification clauses. The Fund's maximum exposure under these arrangements is unknown as this would involve future claims that may be made against the Fund that have not yet occurred. However, based on experience, the Fund expects the risk of loss to be remote.

2. SHARES OF BENEFICIAL INTEREST

The Fund's Board of Trustees previously authorized an open-market share repurchase program pursuant to which the Fund may purchase, from time to time, Fund shares in open-market transactions, at the discretion of management. This authorization remains in effect. Through August 31, 2005, the Fund had repurchased a total of 11,210,400 shares. During the year ended August 31, 2005, there were no share repurchases.

Annual Report | 21

TEMPLETON GLOBAL INCOME FUND

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

2. SHARES OF BENEFICIAL INTEREST (CONTINUED)

At August 31, 2005, there were an unlimited number of shares authorized (without par value). During the year ended August 31, 2005, 266,641 shares were issued for \$2,550,011 from reinvested distributions. During the year ended August 31, 2004, 199,459 shares were issued for \$1,767,365 from reinvested distributions.

3. TRANSACTIONS WITH AFFILIATES

Franklin Resources, Inc. is the holding company for various subsidiaries that together are referred to as Franklin Templeton Investments. Certain officers and trustees of the Fund are also officers and/or directors of the following subsidiaries:

SUBSIDIARY AFFILIATION

Franklin Advisers Inc. (Advisers) Investment manager
Franklin Templeton Services, LLC (FT Services) Administrative manager

A. MANAGEMENT FEES

The Fund pays an investment management fee to Advisers based on the average daily net assets of the Fund as follows:

ANNUALIZED FEE RATE	NET ASSETS
0.550%	Up to and including \$200 million
0.500%	Over \$200 million, up to and including \$1 billion
0.480%	Over \$1 billion, up to and including \$5 billion
0.460%	Over \$5 billion, up to and including \$10 billion
0.440%	Over \$10 billion, up to and including \$15 billion
0.420%	Over \$15 billion, up to and including \$20 billion
0.400%	In excess of \$20 billion

B. ADMINISTRATIVE FEES

The Fund pays an administrative fee to FT Services based on the Fund's average daily net assets as follows:

ANNUALIZED FEE RATE	NET ASSETS
0.150%	Up to and including \$200 million
0.135%	Over \$200 million, up to and including \$700 million
0.100%	In excess of \$700 million

4. EXPENSE OFFSET ARRANGEMENT

The Fund has entered into an arrangement with its custodian whereby credits realized as a result of uninvested cash balances are used to reduce a portion of the Fund's custodian expenses. During the year ended August 31, 2005, the custodian fees were reduced as noted in the Statement of Operations.

22 | Annual Report

TEMPLETON GLOBAL INCOME FUND

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

5. INCOME TAXES

At August 31, 2005, the Fund had tax basis capital losses which may be carried over to offset future capital gains, if any. During the year ended August 31, 2005, the Fund utilized \$7,625,842 of capital loss carryforwards. At August 31, 2005, the capital loss carryforwards were as follows:

Capital loss carryovers expiring in:	
2009	\$17,194,525
2010	27,371,582
2011	4,209,282
	\$48,775,389

The tax character of distributions paid during the years ended August 31, 2005 and 2004, was as follows:

	2005	2004	
Distributions paid from - ordinary income	\$81,190,215	\$70,472,145	

Net investment income differs for financial statement and tax purposes primarily due to differing treatments of foreign currency transactions, and bond discounts and premiums.

Net realized gains (losses) differ for financial statement and tax purposes primarily due to differing treatments of wash sales, foreign currency transactions, and bond discounts and premiums.

At August 31, 2005, the cost of investments, net unrealized appreciation (depreciation), and undistributed ordinary income for income tax purposes were as follows:

Cost of investments	\$ 1	,044,216,030
Unrealized appreciation		119,114,376 (23,855,180)
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	\$	95,259,196
Distributable earnings = undistributed ordinary income	\$	50,854,646

6. INVESTMENT TRANSACTIONS

Purchases and sales of investments (excluding short-term securities) for the year ended August 31, 2005 aggregated \$485,609,847 and \$490,275,923, respectively.

Annual Report | 23

TEMPLETON GLOBAL INCOME FUND

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

7. CREDIT RISK

The Fund has 16.46% of its portfolio invested in below investment grade and comparable quality unrated high yield securities, which tend to be more sensitive to economic conditions than higher rated securities. The risk of loss due to default by the issuer may be significantly greater for the holders of high yielding securities because such securities are generally unsecured and are often subordinated to other creditors of the issuer.

8. CONCENTRATION OF RISK

Investing in foreign securities may include certain risks and considerations not typically associated with investing in U.S. securities, such as fluctuating currency values and changing local and regional economic, political and social conditions, which may result in greater market volatility. In addition, certain foreign securities may not be as liquid as U.S. securities.

9. INVESTMENTS IN FRANKLIN INSTITUTIONAL FIDUCIARY TRUST MONEY MARKET PORTFOLIO

The Fund may invest in the Franklin Institutional Fiduciary Trust Money Market Portfolio (the Sweep Money Fund), an open-end investment company managed by Advisers. Management fees paid by the Fund are reduced on assets invested in the Sweep Money Fund, in an amount not to exceed the management fees paid by the Sweep Money Fund.

10. REGULATORY MATTERS

INVESTIGATIONS AND SETTLEMENTS

As part of various investigations by a number of federal, state, and foreign regulators and governmental entities, including the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), the California Attorney General's Office ("CAGO"), and the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. ("NASD"), relating to certain practices in the mutual fund industry, including late trading, market timing and marketing support payments to securities dealers who sell fund shares, Franklin Resources, Inc. and certain of its subsidiaries (as used in this section, together, the "Company"), as well as certain current or former executives and employees of the Company, provided documents and information in response to subpoenas and/or requests for documents, information and/or testimony. Beginning in August 2004, the Company entered into settlements with certain of the regulators and a governmental entity investigating the mutual fund industry practices noted above. The Company believes that settlement of each of the matters is in the best interest of the Company and shareholders of the Franklin, Templeton, and Mutual Series mutual funds (the "funds").

Two of the settlement agreements, those with the SEC and the CAGO concerning marketing support payments, provide that the distribution of settlement monies are to be made to the relevant funds, not to individual shareholders. The CAGO has approved the distribution plan $\frac{1}{2}$

24 | Annual Report

TEMPLETON GLOBAL INCOME FUND

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

10. REGULATORY MATTERS (CONTINUED)

INVESTIGATIONS AND SETTLEMENTS (CONTINUED)

pertaining to the distribution of the monies owed under the CAGO settlement agreement and, in accordance with the terms and conditions of that settlement, the monies were disbursed to the participating funds. The Fund did not participate in the CAGO settlement. The SEC has not yet approved the distribution plan pertaining to the SEC settlement. When approved, disbursements of settlement monies under the SEC's settlement will be made promptly in accordance with the terms and conditions of that order.

OTHER LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

On April 12, 2005, the Attorney General of West Virginia filed a complaint in the Circuit Court of Marshall County, West Virginia against a number of companies engaged in the mutual fund industry, including Franklin Resources, Inc. and its subsidiary, Franklin Advisers, Inc., and certain other parties alleging violations of the West Virginia Consumer Credit and Protection Act and seeking, among other things, civil penalties and attorneys' fees and costs. Defendants have since removed the matter to the United States District Court for the Northern District of West Virginia. To the extent applicable to the Company, the complaint arises from activity that occurred in 2001 and duplicates, in whole or in part, the allegations asserted in the February 4, 2004 Massachusetts Administrative Complaint concerning one instance of market timing (the "Administrative Complaint") and the SEC's findings regarding market timing in its August 2, 2004 Order (the "SEC Order"), both of which matters were previously reported.

The Company, in addition to certain funds, and certain current and former officers, employees, and directors have been named in multiple lawsuits in different courts alleging violations of various federal securities and state laws and seeking, among other relief, monetary damages, restitution, removal of fund trustees, directors, advisers, administrators, and distributors, rescission of management contracts and 12b-1 plans, and/or attorneys' fees and costs. Specifically, the lawsuits claim breach of duty with respect to alleged arrangements to permit market timing and/or late trading activity, or breach of duty with respect to the valuation of the portfolio securities of certain Templeton funds managed by Franklin Resources, Inc. subsidiaries, allegedly resulting in market timing activity. The majority of these lawsuits duplicate, in whole or in part, the allegations asserted in the Administrative Complaint and the SEC's findings regarding market timing in the SEC Order. The lawsuits are styled as class actions, or derivative actions on behalf of either the named funds or Franklin Resources, Inc.

Annual Report | 25

TEMPLETON GLOBAL INCOME FUND

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

10. REGULATORY MATTERS (CONTINUED)

OTHER LEGAL PROCEEDINGS (CONTINUED)

The Company, in addition to certain funds, and certain current and former officers, employees, and directors have been named in multiple lawsuits alleging violations of various securities laws and pendent state law claims relating to the disclosure of marketing support payments and/or payment of allegedly excessive commissions and/or advisory or distribution fees, and seeking, among other relief, monetary damages, restitution, rescission of advisory contracts, including recovery of all fees paid pursuant to those contracts, an accounting

of all monies paid to the named advisers, declaratory relief, injunctive relief, and/or attorneys' fees and costs. These lawsuits are styled as class actions or derivative actions brought on behalf of the named funds.

The Company and fund management strongly believe that the claims made in each of the lawsuits described above are without merit and intend to defend against them vigorously. The Company cannot predict with certainty the eventual outcome of these lawsuits, nor whether they will have a material negative impact on the Company. Public trust and confidence are critical to the Company's business and any material loss of investor and/or client confidence could result in a significant decline in assets under management by the Company, which would have an adverse effect on future financial results. If it is determined that the Company bears responsibility for any unlawful or inappropriate conduct that caused losses to the Fund, it is committed to making the Fund or its shareholders whole, as appropriate. The Company is committed to taking all appropriate actions to protect the interests of its funds' shareholders.

26 | Annual Report

TEMPLETON GLOBAL INCOME FUND

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

TO THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES AND SHAREHOLDERS OF TEMPLETON GLOBAL INCOME FUND

In our opinion, the accompanying statement of assets and liabilities, including the statement of investments, and the related statements of operations and of changes in net assets and the financial highlights present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Templeton Global Income Fund (the "Fund") at August 31, 2005, the results of its operations for the year then ended, the changes in its net assets for each of the two years in the period then ended and the financial highlights for each of the five years in the period then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These financial statements and financial highlights (hereafter referred to as "financial statements") are the responsibility of the Fund's management; our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits of these financial statements in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits, which included confirmation of securities at August 31, 2005 by correspondence with the custodian and brokers, provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP San Francisco, California October 10, 2005

Annual Report | 27

TEMPLETON GLOBAL INCOME FUND

TAX DESIGNATION (UNAUDITED)

At August 31, 2005, more than 50% of the Templeton Global Income Fund's total assets were invested in securities of foreign issuers. In most instances, foreign taxes were withheld from dividends paid to the Fund on these investments. As shown in the table below, the Fund designates to shareholders the foreign source income and foreign taxes paid, pursuant to Section 853 of the Internal Revenue Code. This designation will allow shareholders of record on August 17, 2005, to treat their proportionate share of foreign taxes paid by the Fund as having been paid directly by them. The shareholder shall consider these amounts as foreign taxes paid in the tax year in which they receive the Fund distribution.

The following table provides a detailed analysis, by country, of foreign tax paid, foreign source income, and foreign qualified dividends as designated by the Fund, to shareholders of record.

RECORD DATE: 8/17/2005

Argentina \$0.0000 \$0.0035 \$0.0000 Australia 0.0000 0.0249 0.0000 Austria 0.0000 0.0062 0.0000 Belgium 0.0000 0.0121 0.0000 Brazil 0.0000 0.0041 0.0000 Canada 0.0000 0.0145 0.0000 Colombia 0.0000 0.0021 0.0000 Denmark 0.0000 0.0064 0.0000 Finland 0.0000 0.0058 0.0000 France 0.0000 0.0056 0.0000 Germany 0.0000 0.0104 0.0000 Greece 0.0000 0.0017 0.0000 Indonesia 0.0073 0.0534 0.0000 Ireland 0.0000 0.0026 0.0000	DENDS
Australia 0.0000 0.0249 0.0000 Austria 0.0000 0.0062 0.0000 Belgium 0.0000 0.0121 0.0000 Brazil 0.0000 0.0041 0.0000 Canada 0.0000 0.0145 0.0000 Colombia 0.0000 0.0021 0.0000 Denmark 0.0000 0.0064 0.0000 Finland 0.0000 0.0058 0.0000 France 0.0000 0.0056 0.0000 Germany 0.0000 0.0104 0.0000 Greece 0.0000 0.0017 0.0000 Indonesia 0.0073 0.0534 0.0000 Ireland 0.0000 0.0026 0.0000	
Australia 0.0000 0.0249 0.0000 Austria 0.0000 0.0062 0.0000 Belgium 0.0000 0.0121 0.0000 Brazil 0.0000 0.0041 0.0000 Canada 0.0000 0.0145 0.0000 Colombia 0.0000 0.0021 0.0000 Denmark 0.0000 0.0064 0.0000 Finland 0.0000 0.0058 0.0000 France 0.0000 0.0056 0.0000 Germany 0.0000 0.0104 0.0000 Greece 0.0000 0.0017 0.0000 Indonesia 0.0073 0.0534 0.0000 Ireland 0.0000 0.0026 0.0000	
Austria 0.0000 0.0062 0.0000 Belgium 0.0000 0.0121 0.0000 Brazil 0.0000 0.0041 0.0000 Canada 0.0000 0.0145 0.0000 Colombia 0.0000 0.0021 0.0000 Denmark 0.0000 0.0064 0.0000 Finland 0.0000 0.0058 0.0000 France 0.0000 0.0056 0.0000 Germany 0.0000 0.0104 0.0000 Greece 0.0000 0.0017 0.0000 Indonesia 0.0073 0.0534 0.0000 Ireland 0.0000 0.0026 0.0000	
Belgium 0.0000 0.0121 0.0000 Brazil 0.0000 0.0041 0.0000 Canada 0.0000 0.0145 0.0000 Colombia 0.0000 0.0021 0.0000 Denmark 0.0000 0.0064 0.0000 Finland 0.0000 0.0058 0.0000 France 0.0000 0.0056 0.0000 Germany 0.0000 0.0104 0.0000 Greece 0.0000 0.0017 0.0000 Hungary 0.0000 0.0092 0.0000 Indonesia 0.0073 0.0534 0.0000 Ireland 0.0000 0.0026 0.0000	
Canada 0.0000 0.0145 0.0000 Colombia 0.0000 0.0021 0.0000 Denmark 0.0000 0.0064 0.0000 Finland 0.0000 0.0058 0.0000 France 0.0000 0.0056 0.0000 Germany 0.0000 0.0104 0.0000 Greece 0.0000 0.0017 0.0000 Hungary 0.0000 0.0092 0.0000 Indonesia 0.0073 0.0534 0.0000 Ireland 0.0000 0.0026 0.0000	
Canada 0.0000 0.0145 0.0000 Colombia 0.0000 0.0021 0.0000 Denmark 0.0000 0.0064 0.0000 Finland 0.0000 0.0058 0.0000 France 0.0000 0.0056 0.0000 Germany 0.0000 0.0104 0.0000 Greece 0.0000 0.0017 0.0000 Hungary 0.0000 0.0092 0.0000 Indonesia 0.0073 0.0534 0.0000 Ireland 0.0000 0.0026 0.0000	
Colombia 0.0000 0.0021 0.0000 Denmark 0.0000 0.0064 0.0000 Finland 0.0000 0.0058 0.0000 France 0.0000 0.0056 0.0000 Germany 0.0000 0.0104 0.0000 Greece 0.0000 0.0017 0.0000 Hungary 0.0000 0.0092 0.0000 Indonesia 0.0073 0.0534 0.0000 Ireland 0.0000 0.0026 0.0000	
Denmark 0.0000 0.0064 0.0000 Finland 0.0000 0.0058 0.0000 France 0.0000 0.0056 0.0000 Germany 0.0000 0.0104 0.0000 Greece 0.0000 0.0017 0.0000 Hungary 0.0000 0.0092 0.0000 Indonesia 0.0073 0.0534 0.0000 Ireland 0.0000 0.0026 0.0000	
Finland 0.0000 0.0058 0.0000 France 0.0000 0.0056 0.0000 Germany 0.0000 0.0104 0.0000 Greece 0.0000 0.0017 0.0000 Hungary 0.0000 0.0092 0.0000 Indonesia 0.0073 0.0534 0.0000 Ireland 0.0000 0.0026 0.0000	
France 0.0000 0.0056 0.0000 Germany 0.0000 0.0104 0.0000 Greece 0.0000 0.0017 0.0000 Hungary 0.0000 0.0092 0.0000 Indonesia 0.0073 0.0534 0.0000 Ireland 0.0000 0.0026 0.0000	
Germany 0.0000 0.0104 0.0000 Greece 0.0000 0.0017 0.0000 Hungary 0.0000 0.0092 0.0000 Indonesia 0.0073 0.0534 0.0000 Ireland 0.0000 0.0026 0.0000	
Greece 0.0000 0.0017 0.0000 Hungary 0.0000 0.0092 0.0000 Indonesia 0.0073 0.0534 0.0000 Ireland 0.0000 0.0026 0.0000	
Hungary 0.0000 0.0092 0.0000 Indonesia 0.0073 0.0534 0.0000 Ireland 0.0000 0.0026 0.0000	
Indonesia 0.0073 0.0534 0.0000 Ireland 0.0000 0.0026 0.0000	
Ireland 0.0000 0.0026 0.0000	
11c1ana	
Italy 0.0000 0.0009 0.0000	
Italy 0.0000 0.0009 0.0000 Malaysia 0.0000 0.0032 0.0000	
Mexico 0.0000 0.0050 0.0000	
Netherlands 0.0000 0.0036 0.0000	
New Zealand 0.0000 0.0301 0.0000	
Norway 0.0000 0.0131 0.0000	
Peru 0.0000 0.0032 0.0000	
Philippines 0.0000 0.0118 0.0000	
Poland 0.0000 0.0379 0.0000	
Russia 0.0000 0.0075 0.0000	
Singapore 0.0000 0.0018 0.0000	
Slovak Republic 0.0000 0.0119 0.0000	
South Africa 0.0000 0.0009 0.0000	
South Korea 0.0084 0.0506 0.0000	
Spain 0.0000 0.0091 0.0000	
Sweden 0.0000 0.0289 0.0000	
Thailand 0.0000 0.0099 0.0000	
Ukraine 0.0000 0.0154 0.0000	

United Kingdom Venezuela	0.0000	0.0006 0.0253	0.0000
	========		
TOTAL	\$0.0157	\$0.4332	\$0.0000

28 | Annual Report

TEMPLETON GLOBAL INCOME FUND

TAX DESIGNATION (UNAUDITED) (CONTINUED)

Foreign Tax Paid per Share (Column 1) is the amount per share available to you, as a tax credit or deduction (assuming you held your shares in the Fund for a minimum of 16 days during the 30-day period beginning 15 days before the ex-dividend date of the Fund's distribution to which the foreign taxes relate).

Foreign Source Income per Share (Column 2) is the amount per share of income dividends paid to you that is attributable to foreign securities held by the Fund, plus any foreign taxes withheld on these dividends. The amounts reported include foreign source qualified dividends without adjustment for the lower U.S. tax rates.

Foreign Qualified Dividends per Share (Column 3) is the amount per share of foreign source qualified dividends the Fund paid to you, plus any foreign taxes withheld on these dividends. These amounts represent the portion of the Foreign Source Income reported to you in column 2 that were derived from qualified foreign securities held by the Fund. If you have foreign source qualified dividends, you may be required to make certain adjustments to those amounts before taking them into account on line 1 of Form 1116. However, you may qualify for an adjustment exception. Please see the instructions to Form 1116 for more information.

In January 2006, shareholders will receive Form 1099-DIV which will include their share of taxes paid and foreign source income distributed during the calendar year 2005. The Foreign Source Income reported on Form 1099-DIV has not been reduced to take into account the tax rate differential on foreign source qualified dividend income. Shareholders are advised to check with their tax advisors for information on the treatment of these amounts on their 2005 individual income tax returns.

Annual Report | 29

TEMPLETON GLOBAL INCOME FUND

ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS, FEBRUARY 25, 2005

The Annual Meeting of Shareholders of the Fund was held at the Fund's offices, 500 E. Broward Blvd., Fort Lauderdale, Florida, on February 25, 2005. The purpose of the meeting was to elect four Trustees of the Fund. At the meeting, the following persons were elected by the shareholders to serve as Trustees of the Fund: Edith E. Holiday, Gordon S. Macklin, Frank A. Olson and Constantine D. Tseretopoulos.* No other business was transacted at the meeting.

The results of the voting at the Annual Meeting are as follows:

The election of four (4) Trustees:

		% OF	% OF SHARES PRESENT		%
		OUTSTANDING	AND		OUTST
TERM EXPIRING 2008	FOR	SHARES	VOTING	WITHHELD	SH
Edith E. Holiday	105,907,962.9438	81.61%	97.82%	2,362,648.3755	1
Gordon S. Macklin	105,642,736.9438	81.41%	97.57%	2,627,874.3755	2
Frank A. Olson	105,856,684.9438	81.57%	97.77%	2,413,926.3755	1
Constantine D.					l
Tseretopoulos	106,001,895.9438	81.68%	97.90%	2,268,715.3755	1

^{*} Harris J. Ashton, Frank J. Crothers, S. Joseph Fortunato, Charles B. Johnson and Fred R. Millsaps are Trustees of the Fund who are currently serving and whose terms of office continued after the Annual Meeting of Shareholders.

30 | Annual Report

TEMPLETON GLOBAL INCOME FUND

DIVIDEND REINVESTMENT AND CASH PURCHASE PLAN

The Fund offers a Dividend Reinvestment and Cash Purchase Plan (the "Plan") with the following features:

Shareholders must affirmatively elect to participate in the Plan; share dividends and capital gains distributions will be reinvested automatically; Mellon Investor Services, P.O. Box 3338, South Hackensack, NJ 07606-1938, will provide additional Plan information upon request.

Whenever the Fund declares dividends in either cash or shares of the Fund, if the market price is equal to or exceeds net asset value at the valuation date, the participant will receive the dividends entirely in shares at a price equal to the net asset value, but not less than 95% of the then current market price of the Fund's shares. If the market price is lower than net asset value or if dividends and/or capital gains distributions are payable only in cash, the participant will receive shares purchased on the New York Stock Exchange or otherwise on the open market.

A participant has the option of submitting additional cash payments to Mellon Bank, N.A. (the "Plan Administrator"), in any amounts of at least \$100, up to a maximum of \$5,000 per month, for the purchase of Fund shares for his or her account. These payments shall be made by check or money order payable to "Mellon Bank, N.A." and sent to Mellon Investor Services, P.O. Box 382009, Pittsburgh, PA 15250-8009, Attention: Templeton Global Income Fund. The Plan Administrator shall apply such payments (less a \$5.00 service charge and less a pro rata share of trading fees) to purchases of Fund shares on the open market.

The automatic reinvestment of dividends and/or capital gains does not relieve the participant of any income tax that may be payable on dividends or

distributions.

Whenever shares are purchased on the New York Stock Exchange or otherwise on the open market, each participant will pay a pro rata portion of trading fees. Trading fees will be deducted from amounts to be invested. The Plan Administrator's fees for a sale of shares through the Plan are \$15.00 per transaction plus a \$0.12 per share trading fee.

The participant may withdraw from the Plan without penalty at any time by written notice to the Plan Administrator sent to Mellon Investor Services, P.O. Box 3338, South Hackensack, NJ 07606-1938. Upon withdrawal, the participant will receive, without charge, share certificates issued in the participant's name for all full shares held by the Plan Administrator; or, if the participant wishes, the Plan Administrator will sell the shares and send the proceeds, less a service charge of \$15.00 and less trading fees of \$0.12 per share, to the participant.

Annual Report | 31

TEMPLETON GLOBAL INCOME FUND

TRANSFER AGENT

Mellon Investor Services LLC 480 Washington Boulevard Jersey City, NJ 07310 1-800-416-5585 www.melloninvestor.com

SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

Shares of Templeton Global Income Fund are traded on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "GIM." The Fund's shares are also listed and traded on the Pacific Exchange. Information about the net asset value and the market price is published each Monday in the Wall Street Journal, weekly in Barron's and each Saturday in The New York Times and other newspapers. Daily market prices for the Fund's shares are published in the "New York Stock Exchange Composite Transactions" section of newspapers.

For current information about distributions and shareholder accounts, call 1-800-416-5585. Registered shareholders can access their Fund account on-line with Investor ServiceDirect(R). For information go to Mellon Investor Services' web site at https://vault.melloninvestor.com/isd and follow the instructions.

The daily closing net asset value as of the previous business day may be obtained when available by calling Franklin Templeton Fund Information after 7 a.m. Pacific time any business day at 1-800/DIAL BEN(R) (1-800/342-5236). The Fund's net asset value and dividends are also listed on the NASDAQ Stock Market, Inc.'s Mutual Fund Quotation Service ("NASDAQ MFQS").

Shareholders not receiving copies of reports to shareholders because their shares are registered in the name of a broker or a custodian can request that they be added to the Fund's mailing list by writing Templeton Global Income Fund, 100 Fountain Parkway, P.O. Box 33030, St. Petersburg, FL 33733-8030.

32 | Annual Report

TEMPLETON GLOBAL INCOME FUND

BOARD MEMBERS AND OFFICERS

The name, year of birth and address of the officers and board members, as well as their affiliations, positions held with the Fund, principal occupations during the past five years and number of U.S. registered portfolios overseen in the Franklin Templeton Investments fund complex are shown below. Generally, each board member serves a three-year term that continues until that person's successor is elected and qualified.

NAME, YEAR OF BIRTH AND ADDRESS	POSITION		NUMBER OF PORTFOLIOS FUND COMPLEX OVERSER BY BOARD MEMBER*	
HARRIS J. ASHTON (1932) 500 East Broward Blvd. Suite 2100 Fort Lauderdale, FL 33394-3091	Trustee	Since 1993	141	D c
PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION DURING PAST 5 Y Director of various companies; and F Chief Executive Officer and Chairman	ORMERLY, Direct			
FRANK J. CROTHERS (1944) 500 East Broward Blvd. Suite 2100 Fort Lauderdale, FL 33394-3091	Trustee	Since 1999	20	N
PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION DURING PAST 5 Y Chairman, Island Corporate Holding L Company Ltd.; director of various ot Ltd. (1977-2003).	td.; Director a			
S. JOSEPH FORTUNATO (1932) 500 East Broward Blvd. Suite 2100 Fort Lauderdale, FL 33394-3091	Trustee	Since 1993	142	N
PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION DURING PAST 5 Y Attorney; and FORMERLY, member of th		itney, Hardin,	Kipp & Szuch (until 20	002) (Con
EDITH E. HOLIDAY (1952) 500 East Broward Blvd.	Trustee	Since 1996	137	 D (

PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION DURING PAST 5 YEARS:

Fort Lauderdale, FL 33394-3091

Suite 2100

Director or Trustee of various companies and trusts; and FORMERLY, Assistant to the President of of the Cabinet (1990-1993); General Counsel to the United States Treasury Department (1989-1990); and Assistant Secretary for Public Affairs and Public Liaison-United States Treasury Department (

fo In (m ti (r In

Annual Report | 33

NAME, YEAR OF BIRTH AND ADDRESS	POSITION		NUMBER OF PORTFOLIOS IN FUND COMPLEX OVERSEEN BY BOARD MEMBER*
GORDON S. MACKLIN (1928) 500 East Broward Blvd. Suite 2100 Fort Lauderdale, FL 33394-3091	Trustee	Since 1993	141
PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION DURING PAST 5 YEAR Director of various companies; and FORM Chairman, White River Corporation (fina and President, National Association of FRED R. MILLSAPS (1929) 500 East Broward Blvd. Suite 2100 Fort Lauderdale, FL 33394-3091	MERLY, Deputy Incial service Securities De	es) (1993-1998)	and Hambrecht & Quist Group (70-1987).
PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION DURING PAST 5 YEAR Director of various business and nonproand Chief Executive Officer, Landmark E (1965-1969); and Vice President, Federa	ofit organizat Banking Corpor	ration (1969-197	8); Financial Vice President,
FRANK A. OLSON (1932) 500 East Broward Blvd. Suite 2100 Fort Lauderdale, FL 33394-3091	Trustee	Since 2003	101

PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION DURING PAST 5 YEARS:

Chairman Emeritus, The Hertz Corporation (car rental) (since 2000) (Chairman of the Board (1980-2 (1977-1999)); and FORMERLY, Chairman of the Board, President and Chief Executive Officer, UAL Corporation

34 | Annual Report

NUMBER OF PORTFOLIOS IN
NAME, YEAR OF BIRTH
AND ADDRESS
POSITION
TIME SERVED
BY BOARD MEMBER*

CONSTANTINE D. TSERETOPOULOS Trustee Since 1999 20

(1954)

500 East Broward Blvd.

Suite 2100

Fort Lauderdale, FL 33394-3091

PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION DURING PAST 5 YEARS:

Physician, Lyford Cay Hospital (1987-present); director of various nonprofit organizations; and F University of Maryland (1985-1987) and Internal Medicine Resident, Greater Baltimore Medical Cent

INTERESTED BOARD MEMBERS AND OFFICERS

NUMBER OF PORTFOLIOS IN
NAME, YEAR OF BIRTH
AND ADDRESS
POSITION
LENGTH OF
FUND COMPLEX OVERSEEN
BY BOARD MEMBER*

**CHARLES B. JOHNSON (1933) Trustee, Trustee and 141
One Franklin Parkway Chairman of Chairman of the
San Mateo, CA 94403-1906 the Board and Board since 1995

Vice President and Vice

President since

1993

PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION DURING PAST 5 YEARS:

Chairman of the Board, Member - Office of the Chairman and Director, Franklin Resources, Inc.; Vi Distributors, Inc.; Director, Fiduciary Trust Company International; and officer and/or director of some of the other subsidiaries of Franklin Resources, Inc. and of 43 of the investment compani Investments.

MARMON E. BURNS (1945) Vice President Since 1993 Not Applicable

HARMON E. BURNS (1945) One Franklin Parkway

San Mateo, CA 94403-1906

PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION DURING PAST 5 YEARS:

Vice Chairman, Member - Office of the Chairman and Director, Franklin Resources, Inc.; Vice Presi Templeton Distributors, Inc.; Executive Vice President, Franklin Advisers, Inc.; and officer and/

case may be, of some of the other subsidiaries of Franklin Resources, Inc. and of 46 of the inves Templeton Investments.

______ Chief Since 2004 Not Applicable

JAMES M. DAVIS (1952) One Franklin Parkway Compliance San Mateo, CA 94403-1906 Officer

PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION DURING PAST 5 YEARS:

Director, Global Compliance, Franklin Resources, Inc.; officer of 48 of the investment companies Investments; and FORMERLY, Director of Compliance, Franklin Resources, Inc. (1994-2001).

JEFFREY A. EVERETT (1964)

Vice President Since 2001 Not Applicable

PO Box N-7759

Lyford Cay, Nassau, Bahamas ______

PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION DURING PAST 5 YEARS:

President and Director, Templeton Global Advisors Limited; and officer of 14 of the investment co

Annual Report | 35

NUMBER OF PORTFOLIOS IN LENGTH OF NAME, YEAR OF BIRTH FUND COMPLEX OVERSEEN POSITION TIME SERVED BY BOARD MEMBER* AND ADDRESS

Since 2002 Senior Vice Not Applicable JIMMY D. GAMBILL (1947) President and 500 East Broward Blvd.

Suite 2100 Chief Executive Fort Lauderdale, FL 33394-3091 Officer -

Finance and Administration

PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION DURING PAST 5 YEARS:

President, Franklin Templeton Services, LLC; Senior Vice President, Templeton Worldwide, Inc.; an companies in Franklin Templeton Investments. ______

DAVID P. GOSS (1947) Vice President Since 2000 Not Applicable

One Franklin Parkway

San Mateo, CA 94403-1906

PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION DURING PAST 5 YEARS:

Senior Associate General Counsel, Franklin Resources, Inc.; officer and director of one of the su Inc.; officer of 48 of the investment companies in Franklin Templeton Investments; and FORMERLY, Officer and Director, Property Resources Equity Trust (until 1999) and Franklin Select Realty Trust

BARBARA J. GREEN (1947) One Franklin Parkway

Vice President Since 2000

Not Applicable

San Mateo, CA 94403-1906

_____ PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION DURING PAST 5 YEARS:

Vice President, Deputy General Counsel and Secretary, Franklin Resources, Inc.; Secretary and Sen Worldwide, Inc.; Secretary, Franklin Advisers, Inc., Franklin Advisory Services, LLC, Franklin In

Franklin Mutual Advisers, LLC, Franklin Templeton Alternative Strategies, Inc., Franklin Templeton Franklin Templeton Services, LLC, Franklin Templeton Distributors, Inc., Templeton Investment Cou Investment Services, Inc.; and officer of some of the other subsidiaries of Franklin Resources, I companies in Franklin Templeton Investments; and FORMERLY, Deputy Director, Division of Investment and Senior Advisor to the Chairman, Counselor to the Chairman, Special Counsel and Attorney Fello Commission (1986-1995); Attorney, Rogers & Wells (until 1986); and Judicial Clerk, U.S. District

RUPERT H. JOHNSON, JR. (1940) Vice President Since 1996 Not Applicable

One Franklin Parkway San Mateo, CA 94403-1906

PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION DURING PAST 5 YEARS:

Vice Chairman, Member - Office of the Chairman and Director, Franklin Resources, Inc.; Vice Presi Templeton Distributors, Inc.; Director, Franklin Advisers, Inc.; Senior Vice President, Franklin officer and/or director or trustee, as the case may be, of some of the other subsidiaries of Fran the investment companies in Franklin Templeton Investments.

Vice President Since 1994 Not Applicable

JOHN R. KAY (1940)

500 East Broward Blvd.

Suite 2100

Fort Lauderdale, FL 33394-3091

PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION DURING PAST 5 YEARS:

Vice President, Templeton Worldwide, Inc.; Assistant Vice President, Franklin Templeton Distribut Franklin Templeton Services, LLC; and officer of some of the other subsidiaries of Franklin Resou investment companies in Franklin Templeton Investments; and FORMERLY, Vice President and Controll

36 | Annual Report

			NUMBER OF PORTFOLIOS IN
NAME VEAD OF DIDTH		LENGTH OF	FUND COMPLEX OVERSEEN
NAME, YEAR OF BIRTH		LENGIR OF	FUND COMPLEX OVERSEEN
AND ADDRESS	POSITION	TIME SERVED	BY BOARD MEMBER*

MICHAEL O. MAGDOL (1937) Vice President Since 2002 600 Fifth Avenue

- AML

Not Applicable

Rockefeller Center

Compliance

New York, NY 10020-2302

PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION DURING PAST 5 YEARS:

Vice Chairman, Chief Banking Officer and Director, Fiduciary Trust Company International; Director Institutional Suisse SA, Arch Chemicals, Inc. and Lingnan Foundation; and officer and/or director the other subsidiaries of Franklin Resources, Inc. and of 46 of the investment companies in Frank

CHRISTOPHER J. MOLUMPHY (1962) President and Since 2002 Not Applicable

One Franklin Parkway

Chief Executive Officer -

San Mateo, CA 94403-1906

Investment

PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION DURING PAST 5 YEARS:

Executive Vice President, Franklin Advisers, Inc.; and officer of six of the investment companies

ROBERT C. ROSSELOT (1960) 500 East Broward Blvd.

Secretary

Since December 2004 Not Applicable

Suite 2100

Fort Lauderdale, FL 33394-3091

PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION DURING PAST 5 YEARS:

Associate General Counsel and Assistant Secretary, Franklin Resources, Inc.; Vice President and A Investment Counsel, LLC and Fiduciary Trust International of the South; and officer of 14 of the Templeton Investments; and FORMERLY, Assistant General Counsel, The Prudential Insurance Company

-----GREGORY R. SEWARD (1956) Treasurer Since 2004 Not Applicable

500 East Broward Blvd.

Suite 2100

Fort Lauderdale, FL 33394-3091

PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION DURING PAST 5 YEARS:

Vice President, Franklin Templeton Services, LLC; officer of 14 of the investment companies in Fr FORMERLY, Vice President, JPMorgan Chase (2000-2004) and American General Financial Group (1991-2 ______

MURRAY L. SIMPSON (1937) Vice President Since 2000 Not Applicable

One Franklin Parkway

San Mateo, CA 94403-1906

PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION DURING PAST 5 YEARS:

Executive Vice President and General Counsel, Franklin Resources, Inc.; officer and/or director, the subsidiaries of Franklin Resources, Inc. and of 48 of the investment companies in Franklin Te FORMERLY, Chief Executive Officer and Managing Director, Templeton Franklin Investment Services (Director, Templeton Asset Management Ltd. (until 1999).

Annual Report | 37

NUMBER OF PORTFOLIOS IN LENGTH OF NAME, YEAR OF BIRTH FUND COMPLEX OVERSEEN

TIME SERVED POSITION BY BOARD MEMBER* AND ADDRESS

Chief Financial Since 2004 Not Applicable Officer and GALEN G. VETTER (1951) 500 East Broward Blvd.

Suite 2100 Chief Fort Lauderdale, FL 33394-3091 Accounting Officer

PRINCIPAL OCCUPATION DURING PAST 5 YEARS:

Senior Vice President, Franklin Templeton Services, LLC; officer of 48 of the investment companie Investments; and FORMERLY, Managing Director, RSM McGladrey, Inc. (1999-2004); and Partner, McGladrey 1991-2004).

We base the number of portfolios on each separate series of the U.S. registered investment companies within the Franklin Templeton Investments fund complex. These portfolios have a common investment adviser or affiliated investment advisers.

** Charles B. Johnson is considered an interested person of the Fund under the federal securities laws due to his position as an officer and director and major shareholder of Franklin Resources, Inc. (Resources), which is the parent company of the Fund's adviser.

Note: Charles B. Johnson and Rupert H. Johnson, Jr. are brothers.

THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002 AND RULES ADOPTED BY THE U.S. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION REQUIRE THE FUND TO DISCLOSE WHETHER THE FUND'S AUDIT COMMITTEE INCLUDES AT LEAST ONE MEMBER WHO IS AN AUDIT COMMITTEE FINANCIAL EXPERT WITHIN THE MEANING OF SUCH ACT AND RULES. THE FUND'S BOARD OF TRUSTEES HAS DETERMINED THAT THERE IS AT LEAST ONE SUCH FINANCIAL EXPERT ON THE AUDIT COMMITTEE AND HAS DESIGNATED EACH OF FRED R. MILLSAPS AND FRANK A. OLSON AS AN AUDIT COMMITTEE FINANCIAL EXPERT. THE BOARD BELIEVES THAT MESSRS. MILLSAPS AND OLSON QUALIFY AS SUCH AN EXPERT IN VIEW OF THEIR EXTENSIVE BUSINESS BACKGROUND AND EXPERIENCE. MR. MILLSAPS, WHO IS CURRENTLY A DIRECTOR OF VARIOUS BUSINESS AND NONPROFIT ORGANIZATIONS, HAS SERVED AS A MEMBER AND CHAIRMAN OF THE FUND AUDIT COMMITTEE SINCE 1991 AND WAS FORMERLY CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER OF LANDMARK BANKING CORPORATION AND FINANCIAL VICE PRESIDENT OF FLORIDA POWER AND LIGHT. MR. OLSON, WHO HAS SERVED AS A MEMBER OF THE FUND AUDIT COMMITTEE SINCE 2003, CURRENTLY SERVES AS CHAIRMAN EMERITUS OF THE HERTZ CORPORATION AND WAS FORMERLY CHAIRMAN FROM 1980-2000 AND ITS CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER FROM 1977 TO 1999, IS A DIRECTOR AND AUDIT COMMITTEE MEMBER OF AMERADA HESS CORPORATION AND WHITE MOUNTAINS INSURANCE GROUP, LTD., AND A FORMER CHAIRMAN, PRESIDENT AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER OF UAL CORPORATION. AS A RESULT OF SUCH BACKGROUND AND EXPERIENCE, THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES BELIEVES THAT MR. MILLSAPS AND MR. OLSON HAVE EACH ACQUIRED AN UNDERSTANDING OF GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, THE GENERAL APPLICATION OF SUCH PRINCIPLES IN CONNECTION WITH THE ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES, ACCRUALS AND RESERVES, AND ANALYZING AND EVALUATING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS THAT PRESENT A BREADTH AND LEVEL OF COMPLEXITY OF ACCOUNTING ISSUES GENERALLY COMPARABLE TO THOSE OF THE FUND, AS WELL AS AN UNDERSTANDING OF INTERNAL CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING AND AN UNDERSTANDING OF AUDIT COMMITTEE FUNCTIONS. MESSRS. MILLSAPS AND OLSON ARE INDEPENDENT TRUSTEES AS THAT TERM IS DEFINED UNDER THE APPLICABLE STOCK EXCHANGE RULES AND U.S. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION RULES AND RELEASES.

38 | Annual Report

TEMPLETON GLOBAL INCOME FUND

SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

BOARD REVIEW OF INVESTMENT ADVISORY CONTRACT

At a meeting held May 11, 2005, the Board of Trustees ("Board"), including a majority of non-interested or independent Trustees, approved renewal of the investment advisory contract for the Fund. In reaching this decision, the Board took into account information furnished throughout the year at regular Board meetings, as well as information prepared specifically in connection with the annual renewal review process. Information furnished and discussed throughout the year included reports on the Fund, the share price premium or discount to net asset value, the results of investment performance and related financial information for the Fund, as well as periodic reports on legal, compliance, pricing, brokerage commissions and execution and other services provided by the Investment Manager ("Manager") and its affiliates. Information furnished specifically in connection with the renewal process included a report prepared by Lipper Financial Services ("Lipper"), an independent organization, as well as a Fund profitability analysis report prepared by management. The Lipper report

compared the Fund's investment performance and expenses with those of other funds deemed comparable to the Fund as selected by Lipper. The Fund profitability analysis report discussed the profitability to Franklin Templeton Investments from its overall U.S. fund operations, as well as on an individual fund-by-fund basis. Included with such profitability analysis report was information on a fund-by-fund basis listing portfolio managers and other accounts they manage, as well as information on management fees charged by the Manager including management's explanation of differences where relevant, and a three-year expense analysis with an explanation for any increase in expense ratios. Additional information accompanying such report was a memorandum prepared by management describing enhancements to the services provided to the Fund by the Franklin Templeton Investments organization, as well as a memorandum relating to economies of scale.

In considering such materials, the independent Trustees received assistance and advice from and met separately with independent counsel. In approving continuance of the investment advisory contract for the Fund, the Board, including a majority of independent Trustees, determined that the existing management fee structure was fair and reasonable and that continuance of the investment advisory contract was in the best interests of the Fund and its shareholders. While attention was given to all information furnished, the following discusses the primary factors relevant to the Board's decision.

NATURE, EXTENT AND QUALITY OF SERVICE. The Board was satisfied with the nature and quality of the overall services provided by the Manager and its affiliates to the Fund and its shareholders. In addition to investment performance and expenses discussed later, the Board's opinion was based, in part, upon periodic reports furnished them showing that the investment policies and restrictions for the Fund were consistently complied with as well as other reports periodically furnished the Board covering matters such as the compliance of portfolio managers and other management personnel with the code of ethics adopted throughout the Franklin Templeton fund complex, the adherence to fair value pricing procedures established by the

Annual Report | 39

TEMPLETON GLOBAL INCOME FUND

SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

BOARD REVIEW OF INVESTMENT ADVISORY CONTRACT (CONTINUED)

Board, and the accuracy of net asset value calculations. Favorable consideration was given to management's efforts and expenditures in establishing back-up systems and recovery procedures to function in the event of a natural disaster, it being noted by the Board that such systems and procedures had functioned smoothly during the hurricanes and blackout experienced last year in Florida. Other factors taken into account by the Board were the Manager's best execution trading policies, as well as the compliance procedures and qualifications of the Chief Compliance Officer established in accordance with recently adopted SEC requirements. Consideration was also given to the experience of the Fund's portfolio management team, the number of accounts managed and general method of compensation. In this latter respect, the Board noted that a primary factor in management's determination of the level of a portfolio manager's bonus compensation was the relative investment performance of the funds he or she managed so as to be aligned with the interest of Fund shareholders.

INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE. The Board placed significant emphasis on the investment performance of the Fund in view of its importance to shareholders. While

consideration was given to performance reports and discussions with portfolio managers at Board meetings during the year, particular attention in assessing performance was given to the Lipper reports furnished for the contract renewals. The Lipper report for the Fund showed its investment performance in respect to both a closed-end fund group, as well as an open-end performance universe for the one-year period ended February 28, 2005, as well as the previous ten years ended that date. Such report considered the Fund's income return and total return on a net asset basis without regard to market discounts or premiums in order to accurately reflect investment performance. The closed-end fund group selected by Lipper consisted of the Fund and two other non-leveraged closed-end global income funds. The Lipper report showed that the Fund's income return for the one-year period and each of the previous three-, five- and ten-year periods on an annualized basis was the lowest of such group, while its total return in each case was the highest of such group for each of the one-, three- and five-year periods, and in the middle for the ten-year period. The open-end performance universe consisted of the Fund and all open-end retail and institutional global income funds as selected by Lipper. The Lipper report showed the Fund's income return and total return to each be in the highest quintile of such performance universe for the one-year period and in the highest or second highest quintile of such universe for each of the previous three-, five- and ten-year periods on an annualized basis. The Board was satisfied with such comparative performance.

COMPARATIVE EXPENSES. Consideration was given to a comparative analysis of the management fee and total expense ratios of the Fund compared with a Lipper-selected expense group consisting of the Fund and the two other closed-end funds comprising the closed-end fund group referred to in the discussion of investment performance. Prior to making such comparison, the Board relied upon a survey showing that the scope of management advisory services covered under the Fund's investment advisory contract was similar to those provided by fund

40 | Annual Report

TEMPLETON GLOBAL INCOME FUND

SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

BOARD REVIEW OF INVESTMENT ADVISORY CONTRACT (CONTINUED)

managers to other fund groups which would be used as a basis of comparison in the Lipper report. In reviewing comparative costs, emphasis was given to the Fund's management fee in comparison with the effective management fee that would have been charged by the other two funds within the Lipper expense group assuming they were the same size as the Fund, as well as the actual total expenses of the Fund in comparison with those of the other two funds. The Lipper effective management fee analysis considers administrative fees to be part of management fees and the results of such expense comparison showed both the Fund's effective management fee rate and total actual expenses to be the lowest of such group. The Board was satisfied with the Fund's comparative management fee and expenses.

MANAGEMENT PROFITABILITY. The Board also considered the level of profits realized by the Manager and its affiliates in connection with the operation of the Fund. In this respect, the Board reviewed the fund profitability analysis that addresses the overall profitability of Franklin Templeton's U.S. fund business, as well as its profits in providing management and other services to each of the individual funds. The Board also considered the extent to which the Manager and its affiliates might derive ancillary benefits from fund operations,

as well as potential benefits resulting from allocation of fund brokerage and the use of "soft" commission dollars to pay for research. Specific attention was given to the methodology followed in allocating costs to the Fund, it being recognized that allocation methodologies are inherently subjective and various allocation methodologies may each be reasonable while producing different results. In this respect, the Board noted that the cost allocation methodology was consistent with that followed in profitability report presentations made in prior years and that it had engaged on a biennial basis the Fund's independent accountants to perform certain procedures specified by the Board solely for its purpose and use. It was also noted that legal costs and payments incurred by Franklin Templeton Investments in resolving various legal proceedings arising from its U.S. fund operations had not been allocated to the Fund for purposes of determining profitability. Included in the analysis were the revenue and related costs involved in managing the Fund, as well as its relative contribution to the profitability of the Manager's parent. In reviewing and discussing such analysis, management discussed with the Board its belief that costs incurred in establishing the infrastructure necessary to the type of fund operations conducted by the Manager and its corporate affiliates may not be fully reflected in the expenses allocated to the Fund in determining its profitability, as well as the fact that the level of profits, to a certain extent, reflected operational cost savings and efficiencies initiated by management. In addition, the Board considered a third-party study comparing the profitability of the Manager's parent on an overall basis as compared to other publicly held managers broken down to show profitability from management operations exclusive of distribution expenses, as well as profitability including distribution expenses. Based upon their consideration of all these factors, the Board determined that the level of profits realized by the Manager under its investment advisory contract with the Fund was not excessive in view of the nature, quality and extent of services provided.

Annual Report | 41

TEMPLETON GLOBAL INCOME FUND

SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

BOARD REVIEW OF INVESTMENT ADVISORY CONTRACT (CONTINUED)

ECONOMIES OF SCALE. The Board also considered whether the Manager realizes economies of scale as the Fund grows larger and the extent to which any such benefit is shared with the Fund and its shareholders. The Board believed that a manager's ability to realize economies of scale and the sharing of such benefit is a more relevant consideration in the case of an open-end fund whose size increases as a result of the continuous sale of its shares. A closed-end investment company such as the Fund does not continuously offer shares and growth following its initial public offering will primarily result from market appreciation, which benefits its shareholders. While believing economies of scale to be less of a factor in the context of a closed-end fund, the Board believes at some point an increase in size may lead to economies of scale that should be shared with the Fund and its shareholders. In this respect, the Board noted that as a result of breakpoints established during the previous year, the Fund was charged a management advisory fee and administrative fee at the combined rate of 0.70% on its first \$200 million of net assets; 0.635% on the next \$500 million of net assets; 0.60% on the next \$300 million of net assets; and 0.58% on the next \$4 billion of net assets with decreasing breakpoints continuing through the \$20 billion net asset level. The Fund's asset size at fiscal year-end was approximately \$1.25 billion and the Board believed that to the extent economies of scale may be realized by the Manager and its affiliates, that such fee schedule provides a sharing of benefits with the Fund and its

shareholders.

PROXY VOTING POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

The Fund has established Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures ("Policies") that the Fund uses to determine how to vote proxies relating to portfolio securities. Shareholders may view the Fund's complete Policies online at franklintempleton.com. Alternatively, shareholders may request copies of the Policies free of charge by calling the Proxy Group collect at 1-954/847-2268 or by sending a written request to: Franklin Templeton Companies, LLC, 500 East Broward Boulevard, Suite 1500, Fort Lauderdale, FL 33394, Attention: Proxy Group. Copies of the Fund's proxy voting records are also made available online at franklintempleton.com and posted on the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission's website at sec.gov and reflect the most recent 12-month period ended June 30.

QUARTERLY STATEMENT OF INVESTMENTS

The Fund files a complete statement of investments with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission for the first and third quarters for each fiscal year on Form N-Q. Shareholders may view the filed Form N-Q by visiting the Commission's website at sec.gov. The filed form may also be viewed and copied at the Commission's Public Reference Room in Washington, DC. Information regarding the operations of the Public Reference Room may be obtained by calling 1-800/SEC-0330.

42 | Annual Report

TEMPLETON GLOBAL INCOME FUND

SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

CERTIFICATIONS

The Fund's Chief Executive Officer - Finance and Administration is required by the New York Stock Exchange's Listing Standards to file annually with the Exchange a certification that he is not aware of any violation by the Fund of the Exchange's Corporate Governance Standards applicable to the Fund. The Fund has filed such certification.

In addition, the Fund's Chief Executive Officer - Finance and Administration and Chief Financial Officer and Chief Accounting Officer are required by the rules of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission to provide certain certifications with respect to the Fund's Form N-CSR and Form N-CSRS (which include the Fund's annual and semiannual reports to shareholders) that are filed semiannually with the Commission. The Fund has filed such certifications with its Form N-CSRS for the six months ended February 28, 2005. Additionally, the Fund expects to file, on or about October 31, 2005, such certifications with its Form N-CSR for the year ended August 31, 2005.

Annual Report | 43

This page intentionally left blank.

LITERATURE REQUEST

LITERATURE REQUEST. TO RECEIVE A BROCHURE AND PROSPECTUS, PLEASE CALL US AT $1-800/\mathrm{DIAL}$ BEN(R) (1-800/342-5236) OR VISIT FRANKLINTEMPLETON.COM. INVESTORS SHOULD CAREFULLY CONSIDER A FUND'S INVESTMENT GOALS, RISKS, CHARGES AND EXPENSES BEFORE INVESTING. THE PROSPECTUS CONTAINS THIS AND OTHER INFORMATION. PLEASE CAREFULLY READ THE PROSPECTUS BEFORE INVESTING. To ensure the highest quality of service, we may monitor, record and access telephone calls to or from our service departments. These calls can be identified by the presence of a regular beeping tone.

FRANKLIN TEMPLETON INVESTMENTS

INTERNATIONAL

Mutual European Fund
Templeton China World Fund
Templeton Developing Markets Trust
Templeton Foreign Fund
Templeton Foreign Smaller Companies Fund
Templeton International (Ex EM) Fund

GLOBAL

Mutual Discovery Fund
Templeton Global Long-Short Fund
Templeton Global Opportunities Trust
Templeton Global Smaller Companies Fund
Templeton Growth Fund
Templeton World Fund

GROWTH

Franklin Aggressive Growth Fund Franklin Capital Growth Fund Franklin Flex Cap Growth Fund Franklin Small-Mid Cap Growth Fund Franklin Small Cap Growth Fund II(1)

VALUE

Franklin Balance Sheet Investment Fund(2)
Franklin Equity Income Fund
Franklin Large Cap Value Fund
Franklin MicroCap Value Fund(2)
Franklin MidCap Value Fund
Franklin Small Cap Value Fund
Mutual Beacon Fund
Mutual Qualified Fund
Mutual Recovery Fund(3)
Mutual Shares Fund

BLEND

Franklin Blue Chip Fund Franklin Convertible Securities Fund Franklin Growth Fund Franklin Rising Dividends Fund Franklin U.S. Long-Short Fund

SECTOR

Franklin Biotechnology Discovery Fund Franklin DynaTech Fund Franklin Global Communications Fund Franklin Global Health Care Fund Franklin Gold and Precious Metals Fund Franklin Natural Resources Fund Franklin Real Estate Securities Fund Franklin Technology Fund Franklin Utilities Fund Mutual Financial Services Fund ASSET ALLOCATION Franklin Templeton Corefolio Allocation Fund Franklin Templeton Founding Funds Allocation Fund Franklin Templeton Perspectives Allocation Fund TARGET FUNDS Franklin Templeton Conservative Target Fund Franklin Templeton Growth Target Fund Franklin Templeton Moderate Target Fund INCOME Franklin Adjustable U.S. Government Securities Fund(4) Franklin's AGE High Income Fund Franklin Floating Rate Daily Access Fund Franklin Income Fund Franklin Limited Maturity U.S. Government Securities Fund(4) Franklin Low Duration Total Return Fund Franklin Real Return Fund Franklin Strategic Income Fund Franklin Strategic Mortgage Portfolio Franklin Templeton Hard Currency Fund Franklin Total Return Fund Franklin U.S. Government Securities Fund(4) Templeton Global Bond Fund Templeton Income Fund TAX-FREE INCOME (5) NATIONAL FUNDS Double Tax-Free Income Fund Federal Tax-Free Income Fund High Yield Tax-Free Income Fund Insured Tax-Free Income Fund(6) LIMITED-TERM FUNDS California Limited-Term Tax-Free Income Fund Federal Limited-Term Tax-Free Income Fund New York Limited-Term Tax-Free Income Fund

INTERMEDIATE-TERM FUNDS

California Intermediate-Term
Tax-Free Income Fund
Federal Intermediate-Term

Tax-Free Income Fund New York Intermediate-Term Tax-Free Income Fund

STATE-SPECIFIC

Alabama Michigan(6) Arizona Minnesota(6) California(7) Missouri Colorado New Jersey Connecticut New York (7) Florida(7) North Carolina

Ohio(7) Georgia Kentucky Oregon Pennsylvania Louisiana Tennessee Maryland Massachusetts (6) Virginia

INSURANCE FUNDS

Franklin Templeton Variable Insurance Products Trust (8)

- The fund is closed to new investors. Existing shareholders can continue (1)adding to their accounts.
- The fund is only open to existing shareholders and select retirement (2) plans.
- The fund is a continuously offered, closed-end fund. Shares may be purchased daily; there is no daily redemption. However, each quarter, pending board approval, the fund will authorize the repurchase of 5%-25% of the outstanding number of shares. Investors may tender all or a portion of their shares during the tender period.
- An investment in the fund is neither insured nor guaranteed by the U.S. (4)government or by any other entity or institution.
- (5) For investors subject to the alternative minimum tax, a small portion of fund dividends may be taxable. Distributions of capital gains are generally taxable.
- Portfolio of insured municipal securities. (6)
- These funds are available in two or more variations, including long-term portfolios, portfolios of insured securities, a high-yield portfolio (CA) and limited-term, intermediate-term and money market portfolios (CA and NY).
- The funds of the Franklin Templeton Variable Insurance Products Trust are (8) generally available only through insurance company variable contracts.

09/05 Not part of the annual report

[LOGO](R)

FRANKLIN TEMPLETON 100 Fountain Parkway P.O. Box 33030 INVESTMENTS

St. Petersburg, FL 33733-8030

ANNUAL REPORT

TEMPLETON GLOBAL INCOME FUND

INVESTMENT MANAGER

Franklin Advisers, Inc.

TRANSFER AGENT

Mellon Investor Services LLC P.O. Box 3315 South Hackensack, NJ 07606-1915 Toll free number: 1-800/416-5585 Hearing Impaired phone number: 1-800/231-5469 Foreign Shareholders phone number: 201/680-6578 www.melloninvestor.com

FUND INFORMATION

1-800/342-5236

Investors should be aware that the value of investments made for the Fund may go down as well as up. Like any investment in securities, the value of the Fund's portfolio will be subject to the risk of loss from market, currency, economic, political and other factors. The Fund and its investors are not protected from such losses by the Investment Manager . Therefore, investors who cannot accept this risk should not invest in shares of the Fund.

To ensure the highest quality of service, telephone calls to or from our service departments may be monitored, recorded and accessed . These calls can be identified by the presence of a regular beeping tone.

TLGIM A2005 10/05

ITEM 2. CODE OF ETHICS.

- (a) The Registrant has adopted a code of ethics that applies to its principal executive officers and principal financial and accounting officer.
- (c) N/A
- (d) N/A
- (f) Pursuant to Item 12(a)(1), the registrant is attaching as an exhibit a copy of its code of ethics that applies to its principal executive officers financial and accounting officer.

ITEM 3. AUDIT COMMITTEE FINANCIAL EXPERT.

- (a) (1) The Registrant has an audit committee financial expert serving on its audit committee.
- (2) The audit committee financial experts are Fred R. Millsaps and Frank A. Olson, they are "independent" as defined under the relevant Securities and Exchange Commission Rules and Releases.

ITEM 4. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES.

(a) Audit Fees

The aggregate fees paid to the principal accountant for professional services rendered by the principal accountant for the audit of the registrant's annual financial statements or for services that are normally provided by the principal accountant in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements were \$72,627 for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2005 and \$15,659 for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2004.

(b) Audit-Related Fees

There were no fees paid to the principal accountant for assurance and related services rendered by the principal accountant to the registrant that are reasonably related to the performance of the audit of the registrant's financial statements and are not reported under paragraph (a) of Item 4.

The aggregate fees paid to the principal accountant for assurance and related services rendered by the principal accountant to the registrant's investment adviser and any entity controlling, controlled by or under common control with the investment adviser that provides ongoing services to the registrant that are reasonably related to the performance of the audit of their financial statements were \$0 for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2005 and \$48,579 for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2004. The services for which these fees were paid included attestation services.

(c) Tax Fees

There were no fees paid to the principal accountant for professional services rendered by the principal accountant to the registrant for tax compliance, tax advice and tax planning.

The aggregate fees paid to the principal accountant for professional services rendered by the principal accountant to the registrant's investment adviser and any entity controlling, controlled by or under common control with the investment adviser that provides ongoing services to the registrant for tax compliance, tax advice and tax planning were \$19,591 for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2005 and \$0 for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2004. The services for which these fees were paid included tax compliance and advise.

(d) All Other Fees

The aggregate fees paid to the principal accountant for products and services rendered by the principal accountant to the registrant not reported in paragraphs (a)-(c) of Item 4 were \$0 for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2005 and \$554 for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2004. The services for which these fees were paid included review of materials provided to the fund Board in connection with the investment management contract renewal process.

The aggregate fees paid to the principal accountant for products and services rendered by the principal accountant to the registrant's investment adviser and any entity controlling, controlled by or under common control with the investment adviser that provides ongoing services to the registrant not reported in paragraphs (a)-(c) of Item 4 were \$0 for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2005 and \$99,446 for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2004. The services for which these fees were paid included review of materials provided to the fund Board in connection with the investment management contract renewal process.

- (e) (1) The registrant's audit committee is directly responsible for approving the services to be provided by the auditors, including:
 - (i) pre-approval of all audit and audit related services;
 - (ii) pre-approval of all non-audit related services to be provided to the

Fund by the auditors;

- (iii) pre-approval of all non-audit related services to be provided to the registrant by the auditors to the registrant's investment adviser or to any entity that controls, is controlled by or is under common control with the registrant's investment adviser and that provides ongoing services to the registrant where the non-audit services relate directly to the operations or financial reporting of the registrant; and
- (iv) establishment by the audit committee, if deemed necessary or appropriate, as an alternative to committee pre-approval of services to be provided by the auditors, as required by paragraphs (ii) and (iii) above, of policies and procedures to permit such services to be pre-approved by other means, such as through establishment of guidelines or by action of a designated member or members of the committee; provided the policies and procedures are detailed as to the particular service and the committee is informed of each service and such policies and procedures do not include delegation of audit committee responsibilities, as contemplated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, to management; subject, in the case of (ii) through (iv), to any waivers, exceptions or exemptions that may be available under applicable law or rules.
- (e) (2) None of the services provided to the registrant described in paragraphs (b)-(d) of Item 4 were approved by the audit committee pursuant to paragraph (c) (7) (i) (C) of Rule 2-01 of regulation S-X.
- (f) No disclosures are required by this Item 4(f).
- (g) The aggregate non-audit fees paid to the principal accountant for services rendered by the principal accountant to the registrant and the registrant's investment adviser and any entity controlling, controlled by or under common control with the investment adviser that provides ongoing services to the registrant were \$19,591 for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2005 and \$148,579 for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2004.
- (h) The registrant's audit committee of the board of trustees has considered whether the provision of non-audit services that were rendered to the registrant's investment adviser (not including any sub-adviser whose role is primarily portfolio management and is subcontracted with or overseen by another investment adviser), and any entity controlling, controlled by, or under common control with the investment adviser that provides ongoing services to the registrant that were not pre-approved pursuant to paragraph (c)(7)(ii) of Rule 2-01 of Regulation S-X is compatible with maintaining the principal accountant's independence.

ITEM 5. AUDIT COMMITTEE OF LISTED REGISTRANTS.

Members of the Audit Committee are: Fred R. Millsaps, Frank J. Crothers, Frank A. Olson and Constantine D. Tseretopoulos.

ITEM 6. SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS. N/A

ITEM 7. DISCLOSURE OF PROXY VOTING POLICIES AND PROCEDURES FOR CLOSED-END MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANIES.

The board of trustees of the Fund has delegated the authority to vote proxies related to the portfolio securities held by the Fund to the Fund's manager Templeton Asset Management Limited in accordance with the Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures (Policies) adopted by the manager.

The manager has delegated its administrative duties with respect to the voting of proxies to the Proxy Group within Franklin Templeton Companies, LLC (Proxy Group), an affiliate and wholly owned subsidiary of Franklin Resources, Inc. All proxies received by the Proxy Group will be voted based upon the manager's instructions and/or policies.

To assist it in analyzing proxies, the manager subscribes to Institutional Shareholder Services (ISS), an unaffiliated third party corporate governance research service that provides in-depth analyses of shareholder meeting agendas, vote recommendations, recordkeeping and vote disclosure services. In addition, the manager subscribes to Glass, Lewis & Co., LLC (Glass Lewis), an unaffiliated third party analytical research firm, to receive analyses and vote recommendations on the shareholder meetings of publicly held U.S. companies. Although ISS' and/or Glass Lewis' analyses are thoroughly reviewed and considered in making a final voting decision, the manager does not consider recommendations from ISS, Glass Lewis or any other third party to be determinative of the manager's ultimate decision. The manager votes proxies solely in the interests of the Fund and its shareholders. As a matter of policy, the officers, directors/trustees and employees of the Fund, the manager and the Proxy Group will not be influenced by outside sources whose interests conflict with the interests of the Fund and its shareholders. All conflicts are resolved in the interests of the manager's clients. In situations where the manager perceives a material conflict of interest, the manager may: disclose the conflict to the Fund's board of trustees; defer to the voting recommendation of the Fund's board of trustees, ISS, Glass Lewis or those of another independent third party provider of proxy services; or take such other action in good faith (in consultation with counsel) which would protect the interests of the Fund and its shareholders.

The recommendation of management on any issue is a factor which the manager considers in determining how proxies should be voted, but is not determinative of the manager's ultimate decision. As a matter of practice, the votes with respect to most issues are cast in accordance with the position of the company's management. Each issue, however, is considered on its own merits, and the manager will not support the position of the company's management in any situation where it deems that the ratification of management's position would adversely affect the investment merits of owning that company's shares.

MANAGER'S PROXY VOTING POLICIES AND PRINCIPLES The manager has adopted general proxy voting guidelines, which are summarized below. These guidelines are not an exhaustive list of all the issues that may arise and the manager cannot anticipate all future situations. In all cases, each proxy will be considered based on the relevant facts and circumstances.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS. The manager supports an independent board of directors, and prefers that key committees such as audit, nominating, and compensation committees be comprised of independent directors. The manager will generally vote against management efforts to classify a board and will generally support proposals to declassify the board of directors. The manager may withhold votes from directors who have attended less than 75% of meetings without a valid reason. While generally in favor of separating Chairman and CEO positions, the manager will review this issue as well as proposals to restore or provide for cumulative voting on a case-by-case basis, taking into consideration factors such as the company's corporate governance guidelines or provisions and performance.

RATIFICATION OF AUDITORS OF PORTFOLIO COMPANIES. In light of several high profile accounting scandals, the manager will closely scrutinize the role and performance of auditors. On a case-by-case basis, the manager will examine proposals relating to non-audit relationships and non-audit fees. The manager will also consider, on a case-by-case basis, proposals to rotate auditors, and will vote against the ratification of auditors when there is clear and

compelling evidence of accounting irregularities or negligence.

MANAGEMENT AND DIRECTOR COMPENSATION. A company's equity-based compensation plan should be in alignment with its shareholders' long-term interests. The manager evaluates plans on a case-by-case basis by considering several factors to determine whether the plan is fair and reasonable, including the ISS quantitative model utilized to assess such plans and/or the Glass Lewis evaluation of the plans. The manager will generally oppose plans that have the potential to be excessively dilutive, and will almost always oppose plans that are structured to allow the repricing of underwater options, or plans that have an automatic share replenishment "evergreen" feature. The manager will generally support employee stock option plans in which the purchase price is at least 85% of fair market value, and when potential dilution is 10% or less.

Severance compensation arrangements will be reviewed on a case-by-case basis, although the manager will generally oppose "golden parachutes" that are considered to be excessive. The manager will normally support proposals that require a percentage of directors' compensation to be in the form of common stock, as it aligns their interests with those of shareholders. The manager will review on a case-by-case basis any shareholder proposals to adopt policies on expensing stock option plans.

ANTI-TAKEOVER MECHANISMS AND RELATED ISSUES. The manager generally opposes anti-takeover measures since they tend to reduce shareholder rights. On occasion, the manager may vote with management when the research analyst has concluded that the proposal is not onerous and would not harm the Fund or its shareholders' interests. The manager generally supports proposals that require shareholder rights' plans ("poison pills") to be subject to a shareholder vote and will closely evaluate such plans on a case-by-case basis to determine whether or not they warrant support. The manager will generally vote against any proposal to issue stock that has unequal or subordinate voting rights. The manager generally opposes any supermajority voting requirements as well as the payment of "greenmail." The manager generally supports "fair price" provisions and confidential voting.

CHANGES TO CAPITAL STRUCTURE. The manager will review, on a case-by-case basis, proposals by companies to increase authorized shares and the purpose for the increase and proposals seeking preemptive rights. The manager will generally not vote in favor of dual-class capital structures to increase the number of authorized shares where that class of stock would have superior voting rights. The manager will generally vote in favor of the issuance of preferred stock in cases where the company specifies the voting, dividend, conversion and other rights of such stock and the terms of the preferred stock issuance are deemed reasonable.

MERGERS AND CORPORATE RESTRUCTURING. Mergers and acquisitions will be subject to careful review by the research analyst to determine whether each will be beneficial to shareholders. The manager will analyze various economic and strategic factors in making the final decision on a merger or acquisition. Corporate restructuring and reincorporation proposals are also subject to a thorough examination on a case-by-case basis.

SOCIAL AND CORPORATE POLICY ISSUES. The manager will generally give management discretion with regard to social, environmental and ethical issues, although the manager may vote in favor of those that are believed to have significant economic benefits or implications for the Fund and its shareholders.

GLOBAL CORPORATE GOVERNANCE. Many of the tenets discussed above are applied to proxy voting decisions for international companies. However, the manager must be more flexible in these instances and must be mindful of the varied market practices of each region.

The manager will attempt to process every proxy it receives for all domestic and foreign proxies. However, there may be situations in which the manager cannot process proxies, for example, where a meeting notice was received too late, or sell orders preclude the ability to vote. The manager may abstain from voting under certain circumstances or vote against items such as "Other Business" when the manager is not given adequate information from the company.

Shareholders may view the complete Policies online at franklintempleton.com. Alternatively, shareholders may request copies of the Policies free of charge by calling the Proxy Group collect at 1-954/847-2268 or by sending a written request to: Franklin Templeton Companies, LLC, 500 East Broward Boulevard, Suite 1500, Fort Lauderdale, FL 33394, Attention: Proxy Group. Copies of the Fund's proxy voting records are available online at franklintempleton.com and posted on the SEC website at WWW.SEC.GOV and reflect the twelve-month period beginning July 1, 2004, and ending June 30, 2005.

ITEM 8. PORTFOLIO MANAGERS OF CLOSED-END MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANIES. N/A

ITEM 9. PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES BY CLOSED-END MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANIES AND AFFILIATED PURCHASES. N/A

ITEM 10. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS OF A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS.

There have been no changes to the procedures by which shareholders may recommend nominees to the Registrant's Board of Trustees that would require disclosure herein.

ITEM 11. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES.

(a) EVALUATION OF DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES. The Registrant maintains disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the Registrant's filings under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the periods specified in the rules and forms of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such information is accumulated and communicated to the Registrant's management, including its principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. The Registrant's management, including the principal executive officer and the principal financial officer, recognizes that any set of controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives.

Within 90 days prior to the filing date of this Shareholder Report on Form N-CSR, the Registrant had carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of the Registrant's management, including the Registrant's principal executive officer and the Registrant's principal financial officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures. Based on such evaluation, the Registrant's principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures are effective.

(b) CHANGES IN INTERNAL CONTROLS. There have been no significant changes in the Registrant's internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect the internal controls subsequent to the date of their evaluation in connection with the preparation of this Shareholder Report on Form N-CSR.

ITEM 12. EXHIBITS

- (a) (1) Code of Ethics
- (a) (2) Certifications pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 of Jimmy D. Gambill, Chief Executive Officer Finance and Administration, and Galen G. Vetter, Chief Financial Officer
- (b) Certifications pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 of Jimmy D. Gambill, Chief Executive Officer Finance and Administration, and Galen G. Vetter, Chief Financial Officer

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

TEMPLETON GLOBAL INCOME FUND

By /s/JIMMY D. GAMBILL Chief Executive Officer - Finance and Administration Date October 21, 2005

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

By /s/JIMMY D. GAMBILL Chief Executive Officer - Finance and Administration Date October 21, 2005

By /s/GALEN G. VETTER Chief Financial Officer Date October 21, 2005