Dr Pepper Snapple Group, Inc.

Form 10-Q

October 24, 2013

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UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

R QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE

SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED September 30, 2013

OR

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)

OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from

Commission file number 001-33829

Delaware 98-0517725
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) (I.R.S. employer identification number)

to

5301 Legacy Drive, Plano, Texas 75024 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip code)

(972) 673-7000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes R No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes R No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Large Accelerated Filer R Accelerated Filer o Non-Accelerated Filer o (Do not check if a smaller reporting Smaller Reporting Company o

company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934).

Yes o No R

As of October 21, 2013, there were 200,642,994 shares of the registrant's common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, outstanding.

DR PEPPER SNAPPLE GROUP, INC.

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DR PEPPER SNAPPLE GROUP, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (Unaudited, in millions, except per share data)

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited).

	For the			For the			
	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended		ded		
	September 30,		September 30		0,		
	2013	2012		2013		2012	
Net sales	\$1,543	\$1,528		\$4,534		\$4,511	
Cost of sales	650	626		1,916		1,895	
Gross profit	893	902		2,618		2,616	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	563	561		1,745		1,713	
Depreciation and amortization	28	29		86		95	
Other operating expense, net	2	4		5		8	
Income from operations	300	308		782		800	
Interest expense	29	31		94		94	
Interest income	_	_		(1)	(1)
Other expense (income), net	428	(4)	384		(8)
(Loss) income before (benefit) provision for							
income taxes and equity in earnings of	(157) 281		305		715	
unconsolidated subsidiaries							
(Benefit) provision for income taxes	(364) 102		(162)	256	
Income before equity in earnings of	207	179		467		459	
unconsolidated subsidiaries	207	179		407		439	
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated				1			
subsidiaries, net of tax		_		1			
Net income	\$207	\$179		\$468		\$459	
Earnings per common share:							
Basic	\$1.02	\$0.85		\$2.29		\$2.17	
Diluted	1.01	0.84		2.28		2.15	
Weighted average common shares outstanding	:						
Basic	203.3	210.4		204.0		211.6	
Diluted	204.7	212.0		205.5		213.3	
Cash dividends declared per common share	\$0.38	\$0.34		\$1.14		\$1.02	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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Comprehensive income

DR PEPPER SNAPPLE GROUP, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (Unaudited, in millions)

For the		For the	
Three Mont	Three Months Ended		ns Ended
September 3	30,	September	30,
2013	2012	2013	2012
\$208	\$186	\$475	\$471

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

DR PEPPER SNAPPLE GROUP, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

As of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012

(Unaudited, in millions, except share and per share data)

(Unaudited, in millions, except share and per share data)		
	September 30,	December 31,
	2013	2012
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$119	\$366
Accounts receivable:		
Trade, net	531	552
Other	55	50
Inventories	196	197
Deferred tax assets	60	66
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	98	104
Total current assets	1,059	1,335
Property, plant and equipment, net	1,155	1,202
Investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries	14	14
Goodwill	2,988	2,983
Other intangible assets, net	2,696	2,684
Other non-current assets	129	580
Non-current deferred tax assets	88	130
Total assets	\$8,129	\$8,928
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	•	,
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$271	\$283
Deferred revenue	65	65
Short-term borrowings and current portion of long-term obligations	1	250
Income taxes payable	21	45
Other current liabilities	598	589
Total current liabilities	956	1,232
Long-term obligations	2,521	2,554
Non-current deferred tax liabilities	743	630
Non-current deferred revenue	1,336	1,386
Other non-current liabilities	265	846
Total liabilities	5,821	6,648
Commitments and contingencies	3,021	0,010
Stockholders' equity:		
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value, 15,000,000 shares authorized, no shares issued		
Common stock, \$.01 par value, 800,000,000 shares authorized, 10 shares 1550cd		
205,292,657 shares issued and outstanding for 2013 and 2012, respectively	2	2
Additional paid-in capital	1,116	1,308
Prepaid forward repurchase of common stock	(20	1,500
Retained earnings	1,313	1,080
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	•
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(103) (110
Total stockholders' equity	2,308	2,280
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$8,129	\$8,928
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidations are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidations.	idated financial st	atements.

DR PEPPER SNAPPLE GROUP, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

(Unaudited, in millions)

	For the Nine Months En September 30,	nded	
	2013	2012	
Operating activities:			
Net income	\$468	\$459	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation expense	146	154	
Amortization expense	28	28	
Amortization of deferred revenue	(49) (49)
Employee stock-based compensation expense	28	26	
Deferred income taxes	147	58	
Other, net	16	(21)
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of effects of acquisition:			
Trade accounts receivable	21	42	
Other accounts receivable	(6) (1)
Inventories	1	7	
Other current and non-current assets	436	(20)
Other current and non-current liabilities	(601) 32	
Trade accounts payable	(1) 33	
Income taxes payable	(18) (466)
Net cash provided by operating activities	616	282	
Investing activities:			
Acquisition of business	(10) —	
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(111) (161)
Purchase of intangible assets	(5) (7)
Proceeds from disposals of property, plant and equipment	1	6	
Other, net	(3) —	
Net cash used in investing activities	(128) (162)
Financing activities:			
Repayment of senior unsecured notes	(250) —	
Repurchase of shares of common stock	(243) (262)
Cash paid for shares not yet received	(20) —	
Dividends paid	(225) (213)
Tax withholdings related to net share settlements of certain stock awards	(13) —	
Proceeds from stock options exercised	13	21	
Excess tax benefit on stock-based compensation	6	16	
Deferred financing charges paid		(1)
Other, net		(3)
Net cash used in financing activities	(732) (442)
Cash and cash equivalents — net change from:			
Operating, investing and financing activities	(244) (322)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(3) 4	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	366	701	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$119	\$383	

See Note 17 for supplemental cash flow disclosures.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

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DR PEPPER SNAPPLE GROUP, INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

1. General

References in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q to "DPS" or "the Company" refer to Dr Pepper Snapple Group, Inc. and all entities included in our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements. Cadbury plc and Cadbury Schweppes plc are hereafter collectively referred to as "Cadbury" unless otherwise indicated. Kraft Foods Inc. acquired Cadbury on February 2, 2010 and on October 1, 2012, Kraft Foods Inc. spun-off its North American grocery business to its shareholders and changed its name to Mondelēz International, Inc. ("Mondelēz").

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q refers to some of DPS' owned or licensed trademarks, trade names and service marks, which are referred to as the Company's brands. All of the product names included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are either DPS' registered trademarks or those of the Company's licensors.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") for interim financial information and in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. GAAP for complete consolidated financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting principally of normal recurring adjustments, considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and the accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from these estimates. These Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012.

Use of Estimates

The process of preparing DPS' unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires the use of estimates and judgments that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. These estimates and judgments are based on historical experience, future expectations and other factors and assumptions the Company believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. These estimates and judgments are reviewed on an ongoing basis and are revised when necessary. Changes in estimates are recorded in the period of change. Actual amounts may differ from these estimates. The Company has identified the following policies as critical accounting estimates:

- •goodwill and other indefinite-lived intangible assets;
- •customer marketing programs and incentives;
- •revenue recognition;
- •pension and postretirement benefits;
- •risk management programs; and
- •income taxes.

These critical accounting estimates are discussed in greater detail in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012.

Correction of Prior Period Amounts

Subsequent to the issuance of the Company's 2012 Consolidated Financial Statements, management determined that an error resulted from the Company improperly determining the amount related to purchases of property and equipment included in accounts payable and other current liabilities. As a result, such amounts in the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 have been corrected from the amounts previously reported to properly reflect cash purchases of property and equipment and the

net change in operating assets and liabilities.

Table of Contents DR PEPPER SNAPPLE GROUP, INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

The following table reflects the impact of this correction for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 (in millions):

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012			12	
	As previously reported	Correction		As corrected	
Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows:					
Change in other current and non-current liabilities	\$23	\$9		\$32	
Change in trade accounts payable	24	9		33	
Net cash provided by operating activities	264	18		282	
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(143)	(18)	(161)
Net cash used in investing activities	(144)	(18)	(162)
Note 17 - Supplemental Cash Flow Information:					
Capital expenditures included in accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$60	\$(41)	\$19	
Note 20 - Guarantor and Non-Guarantor Financial Information:					
Net cash provided by operating activities - Guarantors	\$270	\$18		\$288	
Purchase of property, plant and equipment - Guarantors	(128)	(18)	(146)
Net cash used in investing activities - Guarantors	(656)	(18)	(674)

There was no impact on previously reported total cash and cash equivalents, consolidated balance sheets or consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

In February 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standard Update ("ASU") 2013-04, Obligations Resulting from Joint and Several Liability Arrangements for Which the Total Amount of the Obligation Is Fixed at the Reporting Date ("ASU 2013-04"). The amendments in ASU 2013-04 provide guidance for the recognition, measurement and disclosure of obligations resulting from joint and several liability arrangements from which the total amount of the obligation within the scope of this guidance is fixed at the reporting date. ASU 2013-04 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2013. The Company does not anticipate a material impact to the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows as a result of this change.

In July 2013, the FASB issued ASU 2013-11, Presentation of an Unrecognized Tax Benefit When a Net Operating Loss Carryforward, a Similar Tax Loss, or a Tax Credit Carryforward Exists ("ASU 2013-11"). The amendments in ASU 2013-11 provide guidance on the financial statement presentation of unrecognized tax benefit when a net operating loss carryforward, a similar tax loss or a tax credit carryforward exists. ASU 2013-11 is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2013. The Company will reflect the impact of these amendments beginning with the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ending March 31, 2014. The Company does not anticipate a material impact to the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows as a result of this change.

Recently Adopted Provisions of U.S. GAAP

In accordance with U.S. GAAP, the following provisions, which had no material impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows, were effective as of January 1, 2013:

•The requirement to provide disclosures related to offsetting assets and liabilities, specifically as it relates to offsetting disclosures, wherein an entity must now make separate disclosures regarding the gross assets/liabilities, the offsetting

amounts and the net assets/liabilities. Refer to Note 7 for additional information.

•The requirement to present significant amounts reclassified out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss ("AOCL") by the respective line items of net income. Refer to Note 16 for additional information.

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DR PEPPER SNAPPLE GROUP, INC.
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

In accordance with U.S. GAAP, the following provision, which had no material impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows, was effective as of July 17, 2013:

- •The ability to use the Fed Funds Effective Swap Rate as a U.S. benchmark interest rate for hedge accounting purposes under U.S. GAAP.
- 2. Acquisition of Dr. Pepper/7-Up Bottling Company of the West

On February 25, 2013, the Company acquired certain assets of Dr. Pepper/7-Up Bottling Company of the West ("DP/7UP West") to strengthen the Company's route to market in the U.S. and support efforts to build and enhance our leading brands. The fair value of the consideration paid for this acquisition was \$23 million, consisting of the issuance by the Company of 313,105 shares of common stock to DP/7UP West and the assumption of certain liabilities of DP/7UP West to consummate the transaction. The assumed liabilities of DP/7UP West of \$10 million were paid within the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The fair value of the common stock issued was determined using the closing stock price on the acquisition date.

The following table summarizes the preliminary allocation of fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed by major class for the acquisition (in millions):

of major trade for the acquisition (in immens).		
	Fair Value	Useful Life
Property, plant & equipment	\$7	3 - 40 years
Distribution rights: definite-lived	2	5 - 15 years
Distribution rights: indefinite-lived	10	_
Goodwill	6	
Current liabilities, net of current assets assumed	(2) —
Total	\$23	

The acquisition was accounted for as a business combination, and the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed were recorded at their estimated fair values at the date of acquisition. The excess of the purchase price over the estimated fair values was recorded as goodwill.

In connection with this acquisition, the Company recorded goodwill of \$6 million, which is not deductible for tax purposes. The Company also recorded \$12 million in intangible assets related to distribution rights. DP/7UP West placed 48,603 shares of the Company's common stock in an escrow account to satisfy any working capital adjustments and applicable indemnification claims, pursuant to the terms of the purchase agreement.

The Company has not presented pro forma results of operations for the acquisition because it is not material to the Company's unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

3. Inventories

Inventories as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 consisted of the following (in millions):

	September 30,	December 31,	
	2013	2012	
Raw materials	\$72	\$114	
Work in process	6	5	
Finished goods	167	151	
Inventories at first in first out cost	245	270	
Reduction to last in first out cost	(49	(73)
Inventories	\$196	\$197	

DR PEPPER SNAPPLE GROUP, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

4. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

Changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and the year ended December 31, 2012, by reporting unit, are as follows (in millions):

, , ,	Beverage Concentrates	WD Reporting Unit ⁽¹⁾	DSD Reporting Unit ⁽¹⁾	Latin America Beverages	Total	
Balance as of January 1, 2012				_		
Goodwill	\$1,732	\$1,220	\$180	\$28	\$3,160	
Accumulated impairment losses	-	_	(180)	_	(180)
	1,732	1,220	_	28	2,980	
Foreign currency impact	_	_	_	3	3	
Balance as of December 31,						
2012						
Goodwill	1,732	1,220	180	31	3,163	
Accumulated impairment losses			(180)		(180)
	1,732	1,220		31	2,983	
Foreign currency impact				(1)	(1)
Acquisition activity (2)	_	_	6	_	6	
Balance as of September 30,						
2013						
Goodwill	1,732	1,220	186	30	3,168	
Accumulated impairment losses	· —		(180)	_	(180)
	\$1,732	\$1,220	\$6	\$30	\$2,988	

The Packaged Beverages segment is comprised of two reporting units, the Direct Store Delivery ("DSD") system and the Warehouse Direct ("WD") system.

⁽²⁾ The acquisition activity represents the goodwill associated with the purchase of DP/7UP West. See Note 2 for further information related to the acquisition.

DR PEPPER SNAPPLE GROUP, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

The net carrying amounts of intangible assets other than goodwill as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 are as follows (in millions):

	September 30, 2013			December 31, 2012		
	Gross	Accumulated	Net	Gross	Accumulated	Net
	Amount	Amortization	Amount	Amount	Amortization	Amount
Intangible assets with						
indefinite lives:						
Brands ⁽¹⁾	\$2,651	\$—	\$2,651	\$2,652	\$—	\$2,652
Distribution rights ⁽²⁾	24	_	24	14	_	14
Intangible assets with						
finite lives:						
Brands	29	(26)	3	29	(25)	4
Distribution rights ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	12	(2)	10	5	(1)	4
Customer relationships	76	(69)	7	76	(67)	9
Bottler agreements	19	(18)	1	19	(18)	1
Total	\$2,811	\$(115)	\$2,696	\$2,795	\$(111)	\$2,684

⁽¹⁾ In 2013, brands with indefinite lives decreased due to a \$1 million change in foreign currency translation. In 2013, distribution rights included \$10 million and \$2 million in indefinite-lived and finite-lived distribution

As of September 30, 2013, the weighted average useful life of intangible assets with finite lives was 10 years in total, consisting of 10 years for distribution rights, brands and customer relationships and 14 years for bottler agreements. Amortization expense for intangible assets was \$1 million and \$4 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Amortization expense of these intangible assets over the remainder of 2013 and the next four years is expected to be the following (in millions):

	Aggregate
Year	Amortization
	Expense
October 1, 2013 through December 31, 2013	\$2
2014	6
2015	6
2016	3
2017	_

The Company conducts impairment tests on goodwill and all indefinite-lived intangible assets annually or more frequently if circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. DPS did not identify any circumstances that indicated that the carrying amount of any goodwill or any indefinite-lived intangible asset may not be recoverable as of September 30, 2013.

⁽²⁾ rights, respectively, associated with the purchase of DP/7UP West. See Note 2 for further information related to the acquisition.

⁽³⁾ In 2013, distribution rights also included the reacquired distribution rights for Snapple and several other non-carbonated beverage brands in parts of the Asia-Pacific region from Mondelēz.

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DR PEPPER SNAPPLE GROUP, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

5. Other Current Liabilities

Other current liabilities consisted of the following as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 (in millions):

	September 30,	December 31,
	2013	2012
Customer rebates and incentives	\$199	\$226
Accrued compensation	94	105
Insurance liability	54	43
Interest accrual and interest rate swap liability	40	27
Dividends payable	77	70
Other	134	118
Total other current liabilities	\$598	\$589

6. Debt

The following table summarizes the Company's long-term obligations as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 (in millions):

September 30, Decem	ber 31,
2013 2012	
Senior unsecured notes ⁽¹⁾ \$2,465 \$2,748	
Revolving credit facility — — —	
Capital lease obligations 57 56	
Subtotal 2,522 2,804	
Less — current portion (1) (250)
Long-term obligations \$2,521 \$2,554	

The carrying amount includes the unamortized net discount on debt issuances and adjustments of \$6 million and \$29 million as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively, related to the change in the fair value of interest rate swaps designated as fair value hedges or the unamortized value of de-designated fair value hedges. See Note 7 for further information regarding derivatives.

The following table summarizes the Company's short-term borrowings and current portion of long-term obligations as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 (in millions):

	September 30,	December 31,
	2013	2012
Current portion of long-term obligations ⁽¹⁾	\$1	\$250
Short-term borrowings and current portion of long-term obligations	\$1	\$250

Capital lease obligations, primarily related to manufacturing facilities, totaled \$57 million as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012. Current obligations related to these capital leases were \$1 million as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012. The current obligation as of December 31, 2012 was included as a component of other current liabilities.

As of September 30, 2013, the Company was in compliance with all financial covenant requirements relating to its unsecured credit agreement.

DR PEPPER SNAPPLE GROUP, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

SENIOR UNSECURED NOTES

The Company's senior unsecured notes consisted of the following (in millions):

			Principal Amount	Carrying Amount	
			September 30,	September 30,	December 31,
Issuance	Maturity Date	Rate	2013	2013	2012
2013 Notes ⁽¹⁾	May 1, 2013	6.12%	\$—	\$ —	\$250
2016 Notes	January 15, 2016	2.90%	500	500	500
2018 Notes	May 1, 2018	6.82%	724	724	724
2019 Notes	January 15, 2019	2.60%	250	249	253
2020 Notes	January 15, 2020	2.00%	250	243	247
2021 Notes	November 15, 2021	3.20%	250	244	254
2022 Notes	November 15, 2022	2.70%	250	249	249
2038 Notes	May 1, 2038	7.45%	250	256	271
			\$2,474	\$2,465	\$2,748

⁽¹⁾ The repayment of the 2013 Notes occurred on May 1, 2013 at maturity.

COMMERCIAL PAPER PROGRAM

On December 10, 2010, the Company entered into a commercial paper program under which the Company may issue unsecured commercial paper notes (the "Commercial Paper") on a private placement basis up to a maximum aggregate amount outstanding at any time of \$500 million. The program is supported by the Revolver, which is discussed below. Outstanding Commercial Paper reduces the amount of borrowing capacity available under the Revolver and outstanding amounts under the Revolver reduce the Commercial Paper availability. As of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the Company had no outstanding Commercial Paper.

UNSECURED CREDIT AGREEMENT

The following table provides amounts utilized and available under the \$500 million revolving line of credit (the "Revolver") and each sublimit arrangement type as of September 30, 2013 (in millions):

	Amount Utilized	Balances Available
Revolver	\$ —	\$498
Letters of credit	2	73
Swingline advances	_	50

An unused commitment fee is payable quarterly to the lenders on the unused portion of the commitments of the Revolver equal to 0.08% to 0.20% per annum, depending upon the Company's debt ratings. There were no significant unused commitment fees incurred during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012.

SHELF REGISTRATION STATEMENT

On February 7, 2013, the Company's Board of Directors (the "Board") authorized the Company to issue up to \$1,500 million of securities from time to time. Subsequently, the Company filed a "well-known seasoned issuer" shelf registration statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission, effective May 23, 2013, which registers an indeterminable amount of securities for future sales. As of September 30, 2013, the Company had not issued any securities under this shelf registration statement.

INCREMENTAL LETTERS OF CREDIT FACILITIES

In addition to the portion of the Revolver reserved for issuance of letters of credit, the Company has incremental letters of credit facilities. Under these facilities, \$90 million is available for the issuance of letters of credit, \$58 million of which was utilized as of September 30, 2013 and \$32 million of which remains available for use.

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7. Derivatives

DPS is exposed to market risks arising from adverse changes in:

- •interest rates;
- •foreign exchange rates; and
- •commodity prices affecting the cost of raw materials and fuels.

The Company manages these risks through a variety of strategies, including the use of interest rate contracts, foreign exchange forward contracts, commodity forward and future contracts and supplier pricing agreements. DPS does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

The Company formally designates and accounts for certain interest rate contracts and foreign exchange forward contracts that meet established accounting criteria under U.S. GAAP as either fair value or cash flow hedges. For derivative instruments that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges, the effective portion of the gain or loss on the derivative instruments is recorded, net of applicable taxes, in AOCL, a component of Stockholders' Equity in the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. When net income is affected by the variability of the underlying transaction, the applicable offsetting amount of the gain or loss from the derivative instrument deferred in AOCL is reclassified to net income and is reported as a component of the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income. For derivative instruments that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges, the effective change in the fair value of the instrument, as well as the offsetting gain or loss on the hedged item attributable to the hedged risk, are recognized immediately in current-period earnings. For derivatives that are not designated or are de-designated as a hedging instrument, the gain or loss on the instrument is recognized in earnings in the period of change. Certain interest rate contracts qualify for the "shortcut" method of accounting for hedges under U.S. GAAP. Under the

shortcut method, the hedges are assumed to be perfectly effective and no ineffectiveness is recorded in earnings. For all other designated hedges, the Company assesses whether the derivative instrument is effective in offsetting the changes in fair value or variability of cash flows at the inception of the derivative contract. DPS measures hedge ineffectiveness on a quarterly basis throughout the designated period. Changes in the fair value of the derivative instrument that do not effectively offset changes in the fair value of the underlying hedged item throughout the designated hedge period are recorded in earnings each period.

If a fair value or cash flow hedge were to cease to qualify for hedge accounting, or were terminated, the derivatives would continue to be carried on the balance sheet at fair value until settled and hedge accounting would be discontinued prospectively. If the underlying hedged transaction ceases to exist, any associated amounts reported in AOCL would be reclassified to earnings at that time.

INTEREST RATES

Cash Flow Hedges

During the second and third quarter of 2011, the Company entered into forward starting swap agreements with an aggregate notional value of \$300 million in order to fix the rate for a portion of a future seven and ten year unsecured debt issuance in 2012. These forward starting swaps were unwound during the fourth quarter of 2012 in connection with the Company's issuance of the 2020 and 2022 Notes. Upon termination, the Company paid \$49 million to the counterparties, which is being amortized to interest expense over the term of the issued debt.

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of the derivative that is designated as a cash flow hedge is being recorded in AOCL and will be subsequently reclassified into earnings during the period in which the hedged forecasted transaction affects earnings. Ineffectiveness, if any, related to the Company's changes in estimates about the debt issuance related to the forward starting swap would be recognized directly in earnings as a component of interest expense during the period incurred.

Fair Value Hedges

The Company is exposed to the risk of changes in the fair value of certain fixed-rate debt attributable to changes in interest rates and manages these risks through the use of receive-fixed, pay-variable interest rate swaps.

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In December 2010, the Company entered into an interest rate swap having a notional amount of \$100 million and maturing in May 2038 in order to effectively convert a portion of the 2038 Notes from fixed-rate debt to floating-rate debt and designated it as a fair value hedge. The assessment of hedge effectiveness is made by comparing the cumulative change in the fair value of the hedged item attributable to changes in the benchmark interest rate with the cumulative changes in the fair value of the interest rate swap, with any ineffectiveness recorded in earnings as interest expense during the period incurred. As of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the impact of the fair value hedge on the 2038 Notes increased the carrying value by \$7 million and \$22 million, respectively.

In November 2011, the Company entered into four interest rate swaps having an aggregate notional amount of \$250 million and durations ranging from seven to ten years in order to convert fixed-rate, long-term debt to floating rate.

In November 2011, the Company entered into four interest rate swaps having an aggregate notional amount of \$250 million and durations ranging from seven to ten years in order to convert fixed-rate, long-term debt to floating rate debt. These swaps were entered into upon the issuance of the 2019 and 2021 Notes, and were accounted for as fair value hedges and qualified for the shortcut method of accounting under U.S. GAAP. As of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the impact of the fair value hedge on the 2019 and 2021 Notes decreased the carrying value by \$7 million and increased the carrying value by \$8 million, respectively.

In November 2012, the Company entered into five interest rate swaps having an aggregate notional amount of \$120 million and maturing in January 2020 in order to effectively convert fixed-rate, long-term debt to floating rate debt. These swaps were entered into upon the issuance of the 2020 Notes, and were accounted for as fair value hedges and qualified for the shortcut method of accounting under U.S. GAAP. As of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the impact of the fair value hedge on the 2020 Notes decreased the carrying value by \$6 million and \$1 million, respectively.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE

Cash Flow Hedges

The Company's Canadian business purchases its inventory through transactions denominated and settled in U.S. Dollars, a currency different from the functional currency of the Canadian business. These inventory purchases are subject to exposure from movements in exchange rates. During the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, the Company utilized foreign exchange forward contracts designated as cash flow hedges to manage the exposures resulting from changes in these foreign currency exchange rates. The intent of these foreign exchange contracts is to provide predictability in the Company's overall cost structure. These foreign exchange contracts, carried at fair value, have maturities between one and 15 months as of September 30, 2013. The Company had outstanding foreign exchange forward contracts with notional amounts of \$56 million and \$90 million as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively.

COMMODITIES

Economic Hedges

DPS centrally manages the exposure to volatility in the prices of certain commodities used in its production process and transportation through forward and future contracts. The intent of these contracts is to provide a certain level of predictability in the Company's overall cost structure. During the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, the Company held forward and future contracts that economically hedged certain of its risks. In these cases, a natural hedging relationship exists in which changes in the fair value of the instruments act as an economic offset to changes in the fair value of these instruments are recorded in net income throughout the term of the derivative instrument and are reported in the same line item of the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income as the hedged transaction. Unrealized gains and losses are recognized as a component of unallocated corporate costs until the Company's operating segments are affected by the completion of the underlying transaction, at which time the gain or loss is reflected as a component of the respective segment's operating profit ("SOP"). The total notional values of derivatives related to economic hedges of this type were \$223 million and \$125 million as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, respectively.

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FAIR VALUE OF DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

The following table summarizes the location of the fair value of the Company's derivative instruments within the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 (in millions):

	Balance Sheet Location	September 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
Assets:			
Derivative instruments designated as			
hedging instruments under U.S. GAAP:			
Interest rate contracts ⁽¹⁾	Prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$13	\$11
Foreign exchange forward contracts	Prepaid expenses and other current assets	1	_
Interest rate contracts	Other non-current assets	2	24
Foreign exchange forward contracts	Other non-current assets	1	
Derivative instruments not designated as			
hedging instruments under U.S. GAAP:			
Commodity contracts	Prepaid expenses and other current assets	_	3
Commodity contracts	Other non-current assets	_	2
Total assets		\$17	\$40
Liabilities:			
Derivative instruments designated as			
hedging instruments under U.S. GAAP:			
Interest rate contracts	Other current liabilities	\$—	\$1
Foreign exchange forward contracts	Other current liabilities		2
Interest rate contracts	Other non-current liabilities	18	2
Derivative instruments not designated as			
hedging instruments under U.S. GAAP:			
Commodity contracts	Other current liabilities	9	1
Total liabilities		\$27	\$6

Interest rate contracts as of September 30, 2013 include gross and offsetting amounts of \$15 million and \$2 million, respectively. Interest rate contracts as of December 31, 2012 include gross and offsetting amounts of \$12

⁽¹⁾ million and \$1 million, respectively. These contracts are subject to a netting provision included within the counterparty agreements whereby the Company pays interest either quarterly or semi-annually and receives interest payments semi-annually. These payables and receivables are netted as appropriate.

DR PEPPER SNAPPLE GROUP, INC.

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IMPACT OF CASH FLOW HEDGES

The following table presents the impact of derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedging instruments under U.S. GAAP to the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (in millions):

•	Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Comprehensive Income	Reclassified from	Location of Loss Reclassified from AOCL into Income
For the three months ended September 30, 2013:	•		
Interest rate contracts	\$—	\$(2) Interest expense
Foreign exchange forward contracts	(2)	(1) Cost of sales
Total	\$(2)	\$(3)
For the nine months ended September 30, 2013:			
Interest rate contracts	\$ —	\$(6) Interest expense
Foreign exchange forward contracts	2	(1) Cost of sales
Total	\$2	\$(7)
For the three months ended September 30, 2012:			
Interest rate contracts	\$(5)	\$(1) Interest expense
Foreign exchange forward contracts	(4)	_	Cost of sales
Total	\$(9)	\$(1)
For the nine months ended September 30, 2012:			
Interest rate contracts	\$(16)	\$(2) Interest expense
Foreign exchange forward contracts	(4)	(1) Cost of sales
Total	\$(20)	\$(3)

There was no hedge ineffectiveness recognized in earnings for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 with respect to derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges. During the next 12 months, the Company expects to reclassify net losses of \$6 million from AOCL into net income.

DR PEPPER SNAPPLE GROUP, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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IMPACT OF FAIR VALUE HEDGES

The following table presents the impact of derivative instruments designated as fair value hedging instruments under U.S. GAAP to the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (in millions):

	Amount of Gain	Location of Gain
	Recognized in Income	Recognized in Income
For the three months ended September 30, 2013:		
Interest rate contracts	\$2	Interest expense
Total	\$2	
For the nine months ended September 30, 2013:		
Interest rate contracts	\$7	Interest expense
Total	\$7	
For the three months ended September 30, 2012:		
Interest rate contracts ⁽¹⁾	\$3	Interest expense
Total	\$3	
For the nine months ended September 30, 2012:		
Interest rate contracts ⁽¹⁾	\$8	Interest expense
Total	\$8	

The gain recognized in interest expense included amortization of the adjustment to the carrying value of the 2012 Notes as a result of the de-designation of those Notes in 2010. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012, the amortization of this adjustment was \$1 million and \$2 million, respectively.

There was no hedge ineffectiveness recognized in earnings with respect to derivative instruments designated as fair value hedges for the three months ended September 30, 2013. For the nine months ended September 30, 2013, \$2 million of hedge ineffectiveness was recognized in earnings with respect to derivative instruments designated as fair value hedges. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012, there was a \$1 million benefit due to hedge ineffectiveness recognized in earnings for the period.

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IMPACT OF ECONOMIC HEDGES

The following table presents the impact of derivative instruments not designated as hedging instruments under U.S. GAAP to the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (in millions):

For the three months and of Sentember 20, 2012.	, ,	Location of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Income
For the three months ended September 30, 2013: Commodity contracts ⁽¹⁾	\$(2	Cost of sales
Commodity contracts ⁽¹⁾	ψ(2 —	SG&A expenses
Total	\$(2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
For the nine months ended September 30, 2013:		
Commodity contracts ⁽¹⁾	\$(17	Cost of sales
Commodity contracts ⁽¹⁾		SG&A expenses
Total	\$(17	
For the three months ended September 30, 2012:		
Commodity contracts ⁽¹⁾	\$10	Cost of sales
Commodity contracts ⁽¹⁾	4	SG&A expenses
Total	\$14	
For the nine months ended September 30, 2012:		
Commodity contracts ⁽¹⁾	\$3	Cost of sales
Commodity contracts ⁽¹⁾	3	SG&A expenses
Total	\$6	

⁽¹⁾ Commodity contracts include both realized and unrealized gains and losses.

Refer to Note 11 for additional information on the valuation of derivative instruments. The Company has exposure to credit losses from derivative instruments in an asset position in the event of nonperformance by the counterparties to the agreements. Historically, DPS has not experienced credit losses as a result of counterparty nonperformance. The Company selects and periodically reviews counterparties based on credit ratings, limits its exposure to a single counterparty under defined guidelines and monitors the market position of the programs at least on a quarterly basis.

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8. Other Non-Current Assets and Other Non-Current Liabilities

The table below details the components of other non-current assets and other non-current liabilities as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 (in millions):

	September 30,	December 31,
	2013	2012
Other non-current assets:		
Long-term receivables from Mondelēz	\$ —	\$439
Deferred financing costs, net	12	13
Customer incentive programs	58	63
Marketable securities - trading	19	_
Derivative instruments	3	26
Other	37	39
Total other non-current assets	\$129	\$580
Other non-current liabilities:		
Long-term payables due to Mondelēz	\$48	\$98
Liabilities for unrecognized tax benefits and other tax related items	17	574
Long-term pension and post-retirement liability	46	55
Insurance liability	88	77
Derivative instruments	18	2
Other	48	40
Total other non-current liabilities	\$265	\$846

Refer to Note 10 for additional information on the change in long-term receivables from Mondelēz.

9. Income Taxes

The effective tax rates for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 were 231.8% and 36.3%, respectively. The effective tax rates for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 were (53.1)% and 35.8%, respectively. The primary reason for the changes in the tax rates was the conclusion of an Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") audit as described below.

Due to the completion of the IRS audit for the Company's 2006-2008 federal income tax returns, DPS recognized an income tax benefit of \$463 million primarily related to decreasing its liability for unrecognized tax benefits. Refer to Note 10 for additional information on the indemnity impact related to the conclusion of the IRS audit. This impact changed the Company's effective tax rate by 195.5% and 89.1% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, respectively. Additionally, the gross balance of unrecognized tax benefits decreased \$458 million primarily as a result of the completion of the audit.

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10. Other Expense (Income), Net

The table below details the components of other expense (income), net for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 is as follows (in millions):

	For the Th	ree Months Ended	For the Ni	ne Months Ended	
	September 30,		September 30,		
	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Indemnity expense (income) from Mondelēz	\$430	\$(2) \$387	\$(6)
Other	(2) (2) (3) (2)
Other expense (income), net	\$428	\$(4) \$384	\$(8)

The Company has historically recorded indemnification income from Mondelēz under the Tax Sharing and Indemnification Agreement ("Tax Indemnity Agreement") as other expense (income), net in the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income. During the three months ended September 30, 2013, the IRS concluded an audit which included separation-related items and, as a result, the Company recognized \$430 million of other expense, net, as DPS no longer anticipates collecting amounts from Mondelēz. For the nine months ended September 30, 2013, this amount was partially offset by a \$38 million non-cash reduction of the Company's long-term liability to Mondelēz as a result of a bill enacted by the Canadian government which reduced amounts amortized for income tax purposes. Refer to Note 9 for additional information on the conclusion of the IRS audit.

11. Fair Value

Under U.S. GAAP, fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. U.S. GAAP provides a framework for measuring fair value and establishes a three-level hierarchy for fair value measurements based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability. The three-level hierarchy for disclosure of fair value measurements is as follows:

- Level 1 Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Observable inputs such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs and significant value drivers are observable in active markets.
- Level 3 Valuations with one or more unobservable significant inputs that reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions.

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RECURRING FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The following table presents the fair value hierarchy for those assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of September 30, 2013 (in millions):

	Fair Value Measurements at September 30, 2013		
	Quoted Prices in Active Markets	Significant Other	Significant
	for Identical	Observable	Unobservable Inputs
	Assets	Inputs	inputs
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Interest rate contracts	\$ —	\$15	\$ —
Foreign exchange forward contracts	_	2	
Marketable securities - trading	19		
Total assets	\$19	\$17	\$ —
Commodity contracts	\$ —	\$9	\$ —
Interest rate contracts		18	
Total liabilities	\$ —	\$27	\$ —

The following table presents the fair value hierarchy for those assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2012 (in millions):

	Fair Value Meas Quoted Prices in Active Markets	urements at Decen Significant Other	Significant
	for Identical Assets	Observable Inputs	Unobservable Inputs
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Commodity contracts	\$ —	\$5	\$
Interest rate contracts		35	
Total assets	\$ —	\$40	\$ —
Commodity contracts	\$ —	\$1	\$ —
Interest rate contracts	_	3	
Foreign exchange forward contracts	_	2	
Total liabilities	\$—	\$6	\$ —

The fair values of investments in trading securities are determined using quoted market prices from daily exchange traded markets based on the closing price as of the balance sheet date and were classified as Level 1. The fair values of commodity forward and future contracts, interest rate swap contracts and foreign currency forward contracts are determined based on inputs that are readily available in public markets or can be derived from information available in publicly quoted markets. The fair value of commodity forward and future contracts are valued using the market approach based on observable market transactions, primarily underlying commodities futures or physical index prices, at the reporting date. Interest rate swap contracts are valued using models based primarily on readily observable market parameters, such as LIBOR forward rates, for all substantial terms of the Company's contracts and credit risk of the counterparties. The fair value of foreign currency forward contracts are valued using quoted forward foreign exchange prices at the reporting date. Therefore, the Company has categorized these contracts as Level 2.

As of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the Company did not have any assets or liabilities measured on a recurring basis without observable market values that would require a high level of judgment to determine fair value (Level 3).

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There were no transfers of financial instruments between the three levels of fair value hierarchy during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013.

ESTIMATED FAIR VALUE OF LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The estimated fair values of long-term obligations as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, are as follows (in millions):

	September 30, 2013		December 31, 2012	
	Carrying Amount	Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
Long-term debt – 2013 Notes)	\$ —	\$ —	\$250	\$255
Long-term debt – 2016 Notes	500	521	500	528
Long-term debt – 2018 Notes	724	868	724	919
Long-term debt – 2019 Note ²)	249	254	253	256
Long-term debt − 2020 Note ²	243	237	247	245
Long-term debt − 2021 Note ²	244	245	254	253
Long-term debt − 2022 Note ²	249	232	249	250
Long-term debt – 2038 Note(\$)	256	321	271	366

⁽¹⁾ The repayment of the 2013 Notes occurred on May 1, 2013 at maturity.

The carrying amount includes the unamortized discounts on the issuance of debt and adjustments related to the (2)change in the fair value of interest rate swaps designated as fair value hedges on the 2019, 2020, 2021 and 2038 Notes. Refer to Note 7 for additional information regarding derivatives.

Capital leases have been excluded from the calculation of fair value for both 2013 and 2012.

The fair value amounts of long term debt as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, were based on current market rates available to the Company (Level 2 inputs). The difference between the fair value and the carrying value represents the theoretical net premium or discount that would be paid or received to retire all debt at such date.

FAIR VALUE OF OTHER FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The fair value amounts for cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, net, commercial paper, accounts payable and other current liabilities approximate carrying amounts due to the short maturities of these instruments.

12. Employee Benefit Plans

The following table sets forth the components of net periodic benefit costs for the Company's pension plans for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (in millions):

	For the Th	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		For the Nine Months Ended September 30,		
	September					
	2013	2012	2013	2012		
Service cost	\$1	\$ —	\$2	\$2		
Interest cost	3	3	9	10		
Expected return on assets	(3) (4) (11) (12)	
Recognition of actuarial loss	1	1	4	3		
Settlement loss	1	_	3			
Net periodic benefit costs	\$3	\$ —	\$7	\$3		

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Net periodic benefit costs for the U.S. post-retirement medical plans were reduced by \$1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. There were no significant net periodic benefit costs incurred for the U.S. post-retirement medical plans during the three months ended September 30, 2013. Net periodic benefit costs for the U.S. post-retirement medical plans were a reduction of \$2 million and \$3 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012, respectively.

The Company contributed \$1 million to its pension plans during the nine months ended September 30, 2013. There were no contributions made during the three months ended September 30, 2013.

During the second quarter of 2013, the Company recognized a withdrawal liability for one of the collective bargaining units under a multiemployer plan. As a result of this action, the Company recognized additional expense of \$1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013.

13. Stock-Based Compensation

The Company's Omnibus Stock Incentive Plans of 2008 and 2009 (collectively, the "DPS Stock Plans") provide for various long-term incentive awards, including stock options, restricted stock units ("RSUs") and performance share units ("PSUs").

Stock-based compensation expense is recorded in SG&A expenses in the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income. The components of stock-based compensation expense for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 are presented below (in millions):

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,			For the Nine Months Ended			
				September 30,			
	2013	2012		2013		2012	
Total stock-based compensation expense	\$9	\$9		\$28		\$26	
Income tax benefit recognized in the income statement	(3) (2)	(9)	(8)
Stock-based compensation expense, net of tax STOCK OPTIONS	\$6	\$7		\$19		\$18	

The table below summarizes stock option activity for the nine months ended September 30, 2013:

Stock Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term (Years)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in millions)
2,001,908	\$34.07	7.95	\$20
580,184	43.82		
(438,251)	29.58		8
(49,176)	40.52		
2,094,665	37.56	7.90	15
877,525	33.91	6.90	10
	2,001,908 580,184 (438,251) (49,176) 2,094,665	Stock Options Average Exercise Price 2,001,908 \$34.07 580,184 43.82 (438,251) 29.58 (49,176) 40.52 2,094,665 37.56	Stock Options Weighted Average Average Exercise Price Average Remaining Contractual Term (Years) 2,001,908 \$34.07 7.95 580,184 43.82 (438,251) 29.58 (49,176) 40.52 2,094,665 37.56 7.90

As of September 30, 2013, there was \$6 million of unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested stock options granted under the DPS Stock Plans that is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.07 years.

DR PEPPER SNAPPLE GROUP, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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RESTRICTED STOCK UNITS AND PERFORMANCE SHARE UNITS

The table below summarizes RSU and PSU activity for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The fair value of restricted stock units is determined based on the number of units granted and the grant date price of common stock.

W/a: alaka d

	RSUs/PSUs A		Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value	Average Remaining Contractual	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (in millions)	
				Term (Years)		
Outstanding as of January 1, 2013	2,685,116		\$35.52	1.23	\$119	
Granted	873,243		43.83			
Vested and released	(836,754)	31.99			
Forfeited	(127,737)	39.29			
Outstanding as of September 30, 2013	2,593,868		39.27	1.39	116	

As of September 30, 2013, there was \$51 million of unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested RSUs and PSUs granted under the DPS Stock Plans that is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.42 years.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2013, 836,754 shares subject to previously granted RSUs vested. A majority of these vested stock awards were net share settled. The Company withheld 263,069 shares based upon the Company's closing stock price on the vesting date to settle the employees' minimum statutory obligation for the applicable income and other employment taxes. Subsequently, the Company remitted the required funds to the appropriate taxing authorities.

Total payments for the employees' tax obligations to the relevant taxing authorities were \$13 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and are reflected as a financing activity within the consolidated statements of cash flows. The payments were used for tax withholdings related to the net share settlements of RSUs, PSUs and dividend equivalent units. The payments had the effect of share repurchases by the Company as they reduced the number of shares that would have otherwise been issued on the vesting date and were recorded as a reduction of additional paid-in capital.

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14. Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share ("EPS") is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Diluted EPS reflects the assumed conversion of all dilutive securities. The following table presents the basic and diluted EPS and the Company's basic and diluted shares outstanding for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (in millions, except per share data):

	For the Three Mo	onths Ended	For the Nine Months Ended		
	September 30,		September 30,		
	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Basic EPS:					
Net income	\$207	\$179	\$468	\$459	
Weighted average common shares outstanding	203.3	210.4	204.0	211.6	
Earnings per common share — basic	\$1.02	\$0.85	\$2.29	\$2.17	
Diluted EPS:					
Net income	\$207	\$179	\$468	\$459	
Weighted average common shares outstanding	203.3	210.4	204.0	211.6	
Effect of dilutive securities:					
Stock options, RSUs, PSUs and dividend equivalent units	1.4	1.6	1.5	1.7	
Weighted average common shares outstanding and common stock equivalents	204.7	212.0	205.5	213.3	
Earnings per common share — diluted	\$1.01	\$0.84	\$2.28	\$2.15	

Stock options, RSUs, PSUs and dividend equivalent units totaling 0.4 million and 0.5 million shares were excluded from the diluted weighted average shares outstanding for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, as they were not dilutive. Shares to be repurchased under prepaid forward contracts are still considered issued and outstanding and will not be used to reduce the number of weighted average basic and diluted shares outstanding for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013.

Under the terms of our RSU agreements, unvested RSU awards contain forfeitable rights to dividends and dividend equivalent units. Because the dividend equivalent units are forfeitable, they are defined as non-participating securities. As of September 30, 2013, there were 127,918 dividend equivalent units, which will vest at the time that the underlying RSU vests.

During 2009, 2010 and 2011, the Board authorized a total aggregate share repurchase plan of \$3 billion. The Company repurchased and retired 2.6 million shares of common stock valued at approximately \$117 million and 5.4 million shares of common stock valued at approximately \$243 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, respectively. The Company repurchased and retired 2.5 million shares of common stock valued at approximately \$110 million and 6.3 million shares of common stock valued at approximately \$262 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012, respectively. These amounts were recorded as a reduction of equity, primarily additional paid-in capital. As of September 30, 2013, \$730 million remains available for share repurchase under the Board authorization.

15. Commitments and Contingencies

LEGAL MATTERS

The Company is occasionally subject to litigation or other legal proceedings as set forth below. The Company does not believe that the outcome of these, or any other, pending legal matters, individually or collectively, will have a material adverse effect on the results of operations, financial condition or liquidity of the Company.

Robert M. Ward, et al. v. The American Bottling Company

In March 2009, Robert M. Ward, et al., as plaintiffs, commenced litigation in the U.S. District Court, Central District of California, Western Division alleging age discrimination against Cadbury Schweppes Bottling Group, Inc. (now The American Bottling Company), et al., as defendants. The defendants are subsidiaries of the Company. The complaint related to activities which principally occurred before the Company's spin off from Cadbury in 2008. On December 7, 2011, the jury returned a verdict in favor of the six plaintiffs and awarded damages of approximately \$18 million. On June 25, 2012, the Company filed a notice of appeal with the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit regarding the judgment and denial of defendants' motions. During the third quarter of 2013, the Company agreed to settlements with five of the six plaintiffs, which reduced the litigation reserve to \$12 million as of September 30, 2013.

ENVIRONMENTAL, HEALTH AND SAFETY MATTERS

The Company operates many manufacturing, bottling and distribution facilities. In these and other aspects of the Company's business, it is subject to a variety of federal, state and local environmental, health and safety laws and regulations. The Company maintains environmental, health and safety policies and a quality, environmental, health and safety program designed to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations. However, the nature of the Company's business exposes it to the risk of claims with respect to environmental, health and safety matters, and there can be no assurance that material costs or liabilities will not be incurred in connection with such claims. The federal Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, also known as the Superfund law, as well as similar state laws, generally impose joint and several liability for cleanup and enforcement costs on current and former owners and operators of a site without regard to fault or the legality of the original conduct. In October 2008, DPS was notified by the Environmental Protection Agency that it is a potentially responsible party for study and cleanup costs at a Superfund site in New Jersey. Investigation and remediation costs are yet to be determined, therefore no reasonable estimate exists on which to base a loss accrual. Through September 30, 2013, the Company has paid approximately \$550,000 since the notification for DPS' allocation of costs related to the study for this site.

16. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss

The following table provides a summary of changes in the balances of each component of AOCL, net of taxes, for the three months ended September 30, 2013 (in millions):

	Foreign Currency Translation		Change in Pension Liability		Cash Flow Hedges		Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	
Balance as of July 1, 2013	\$(16)	\$(48)	\$(40)	\$(104)
OCI before reclassifications	_		_		(1)	(1)
Amounts reclassified from AOCL	_		1		1		2	
Net current period OCI	_		1		_		1	
Balance as of September 30, 2013	\$(16)	\$(47)	\$(40)	\$(103)

(Unaudited)

The following table provides a summary of changes in the balances of each component of AOCL, net of taxes, for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and the year ended December 31, 2012 (in millions):

Change in

Cash Flow

Foreign

	Currency Translation		Pension Liability		Hedges		Comprehensive Loss	e
Balance as of January 1, 2012	\$(27)	\$(48)	\$(35)	\$(110)
Current year OCI	19		(8)	(11)	<u> </u>	
Balance as of December 31, 2012	(8)	(56)	(46)	(110)
OCI before reclassifications	(8)	5		3		-	
Amounts reclassified from AOCL	_		4		3		7	
Net current year OCI	(8)	9		6		7	
Balance as of September 30, 2013	\$(16)	\$(47)	\$(40)	\$(103)
The following table presents the amount	ant of loss reclassified f	froi	m AOCL into t	he	unaudited Cond	len	sed Consolidat	ed
Statements of Income for the three an								
		-			For the		For the	
					Three Month	ıs	Nine Months	S
					Ended		Ended	
	Location of Loss Recl	las	sified from AO	CI	September 3	0,	September 3	0,
	into Income				2013		2013	
Loss on cash flow hedges:								
Interest rate contracts	Interest expense				\$(2) \$(6)
Foreign exchange forward contracts	Cost of sales				(1) (1)
Total					(3) (7)
Income tax expense					(2) (4)
Total					\$(1) \$(3)
Defined benefit pension and postretirement plan items:								
Amortization of prior service costs	Selling, General and A Expenses	Adı	ministrative		\$ —		\$1	
Amortization of actuarial gains/(losses), net	Selling, General and A Expenses	Adı	ministrative		(1) (4)
Settlement loss	Selling, General and A Expenses	Adı	ministrative		(1) (3)
Total	1				(2) (6)
Income tax expense					(1) (2)
Total					\$(1		\$(4)
Total Reclassifications					\$(2) \$(7)
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Accumulated

Other

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DR PEPPER SNAPPLE GROUP, INC.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

17. Supplemental Cash Flow Information

The following table details supplemental cash flow disclosures of non-cash investing and financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (in millions):

	For the Nine M	lonths Ended
	September 30,	
	2013	2012
Supplemental cash flow disclosures of non-cash investing and financing activities:		
Dividends declared but not yet paid	\$77	\$72
Capital expenditures included in accounts payable and other current liabilities	16	19
Stock issued for acquisition of business	13	
Capital lease additions	1	49
Supplemental cash flow disclosures:		
Interest paid	\$69	\$68
Income taxes paid	231	650

Refer to Note 1 for additional information on the correction of the prior period amounts.

18. Segments

As of September 30, 2013 and 2012, the Company's operating structure consisted of the following three operating segments:

- •The Beverage Concentrates segment reflects sales of the Company's branded concentrates and syrup to third party bottlers primarily in the U.S. and Canada. Most of the brands in this segment are carbonated soft drink brands.
- •The Packaged Beverages segment reflects sales in the U.S. and Canada from the manufacture and distribution of finished beverages and other products, including sales of the Company's own brands and third party brands, through both DSD and WD.
- •The Latin America Beverages segment reflects sales in the Mexico and Caribbean markets from the manufacture and distribution of concentrates, syrup and finished beverages.

Segment results are based on management reports. Net sales and SOP are the significant financial measures used to assess the operating performance of the Company's operating segments.

Information about the Company's operations by operating segment for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 is as follows (in millions):

	For the Three Months Ended		For the Nine Months Ended		
	September 3	30,	September 3	50,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Segment Results – Net sales					
Beverage Concentrates	\$309	\$303	\$908	\$888	
Packaged Beverages	1,114	1,120	3,280	3,314	
Latin America Beverages	120	105	346	309	
Net sales	\$1,543	\$1,528	\$4,534	\$4,511	
	For the Th	ree Months Ended	For the Nir	ne Months Ended	
	September	30,	September	30,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Segment Results – SOP					
Beverage Concentrates	\$201	\$198	\$560	\$552	
Packaged Beverages	159	147	418	408	
Latin America Beverages	17	14	45	37	
Total SOP	377	359	1,023	997	
Unallocated corporate costs	75	47	236	189	
Other operating expense, net	2	4	5	8	
Income from operations	300	308	782	800	
Interest expense, net	29	31	93	93	
Other expense (income), net	\$428	\$(4) 384	(8)
(Loss) income before (benefit) provision for					
income taxes and equity in earnings of	\$(157) \$281	\$305	\$715	
unconsolidated subsidiaries					

The Company presents segment information in accordance with U.S. GAAP, which establishes reporting and disclosure standards for an enterprise's operating segments. Operating segments are defined as components of an enterprise that are businesses, for which separate financial information is available, and for which the financial information is regularly reviewed by the Company's leadership team.

19. Restructuring Costs

The Company incurred restructuring costs of \$7 million during the three months ended September 30, 2013 related to individually insignificant restructuring activities. These charges were recorded in the selling, general and administrative expense line in our unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income.

The following table summarizes the balance of accrued expenses related to these restructuring activities and the changes in the accrued amounts (in millions):

	workforce Reduction	1
	Costs	
2013 restructuring costs	\$7	
Cash payments	(6)
Balance as of September 30, 2013	\$1	

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20. Guarantor and Non-Guarantor Financial Information

The Company's 2016, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022 and 2038 Notes (collectively, the "Notes") are fully and unconditionally guaranteed by substantially all of the Company's existing and future direct and indirect domestic subsidiaries (except two immaterial subsidiaries associated with charitable purposes) (the "Guarantors"), as defined in the indentures governing the Notes. The Guarantors are wholly-owned either directly or indirectly by the Company and jointly and severally guarantee the Company's obligations under the Notes. None of the Company's subsidiaries organized outside of the U.S. or immaterial subsidiaries used for charitable purposes (collectively, the "Non-Guarantors") guarantee the Notes.

The following schedules present the financial information for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, and as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, for Dr Pepper Snapple Group, Inc. (the "Parent"), Guarantors and Non-Guarantors. The consolidating schedules are provided in accordance with the reporting requirements for guarantor subsidiaries (in millions).

	Condensed Consolidating Statements of Income									
	For the Th	re	e Months End	lec	d September 30, 2	013				
	Parent		Guarantors		Non-Guarantors	Eliminations		Total		
Net sales	\$ —		\$1,392		\$160	\$(9)	\$1,543		
Cost of sales	_		583		76	(9)	650		
Gross profit	_		809		84	_		893		
Selling, general and administrative expenses	2		505		56	_		563		
Depreciation and amortization	_		27		1			28		
Other operating expense, net	_		2		_	_		2		
Income from operations	(2)	275		27			300		
Interest expense	27		22		_	(20)	29		
Interest income	(19)			(1)	20		_		
Other expense (income), net	428		(1)	1			428		
(Loss) income before (benefit) provision										
for income taxes and equity in earnings of subsidiaries	(438)	254		27	_		(157)	
(Benefit) provision for income taxes	(3)	(373)	12	_		(364)	
Income (loss) before equity in earnings of subsidiaries	(435)	627		15	_		207		
Equity in earnings of consolidated subsidiaries	642		15		_	(657)	_		
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated subsidiaries, net of tax	_		_		_	_		_		
Net income	\$207		\$642		\$15	\$(657)	\$207		

	Condensed Consolidating Statements of Income For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2012								
	Parent		Guarantors	Non-Guarantors			Total		
Net sales	\$		\$1,388	\$146	\$(6)	\$1,528		
Cost of sales	_		569	63	(6)	626		
Gross profit	_		819	83	_		902		
Selling, general and administrative expenses	_		510	51	_		561		
Depreciation and amortization			27	2	_		29		
Other operating expense, net	_		4	_			4		
Income from operations	_		278	30			308		
Interest expense	29		24	_	(22)	31		
Interest income	(20)	_	(2)	22		_		
Other (income) expense, net	(2)	(2)	_	_		(4)	
Income (loss) before provision for income taxes and equity in earnings of subsidiaries	1 /)	256	32	_		281		
Provision for income taxes	(4)	99	7			102		
Income (loss) before equity in earnings of subsidiaries	(3)	157	25	_		179		
Equity in earnings of consolidated subsidiaries	182		25	_	(207)	_		
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated subsidiaries, net of tax			_	_	_		_		
Net income	\$179		\$182	\$25	\$(207)	\$179		

	Condense	Condensed Consolidating Statements of Income									
	For the Ni	ine	Months Ende	ed	September 30, 20)13					
	Parent		Guarantors		Non-Guarantors	Eliminations		Total			
Net sales	\$ —		\$4,091		\$468	\$(25)	\$4,534			
Cost of sales			1,720		221	(25)	1,916			
Gross profit			2,371		247			2,618			
Selling, general and administrative expenses	2		1,575		168			1,745			
Depreciation and amortization			80		6			86			
Other operating expense, net			5		_			5			
Income from operations	(2)	711		73			782			
Interest expense	90		66		_	(62)	94			
Interest income	(58)			(5)	62		(1)		
Other expense (income), net	384		(4)	4			384			
(Loss) income before (benefit) provision											
for income taxes and equity in earnings of subsidiaries	(418)	649		74	_		305			
(Benefit) provision for income taxes	(11)	(224)	73			(162)		
Income (loss) before equity in earnings of subsidiaries	(407)	873		1			467			
Equity in earnings of consolidated subsidiaries	875		2		_	(877)	_			
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated subsidiaries, net of tax	_		_		1	_		1			
Net income	\$468		\$875		\$2	\$(877)	\$468			

	Condense	Condensed Consolidating Statements of Income									
	For the N	line	Months Ende	ed	September 30, 20)12					
	Parent		Guarantors		Non-Guarantors	Eliminations		Total			
Net sales	\$ —		\$4,102		\$428	\$(19)	\$4,511			
Cost of sales	_		1,721		193	(19)	1,895			
Gross profit	_		2,381		235			2,616			
Selling, general and administrative expenses	_		1,559		154	_		1,713			
Depreciation and amortization			90		5			95			
Other operating expense, net			8		_	_		8			
Income from operations			724		76	_		800			
Interest expense	92		67		_	(65)	94			
Interest income	(61)			(5)	65		(1)		
Other (income) expense, net	(8)	(3)	3			(8)		
Income (loss) before provision for income taxes and equity in earnings of subsidiaries	1/3)	660		78			715			
Provision for income taxes	(11)	253		14	_		256			
Income (loss) before equity in earnings of subsidiaries	(12)	407		64	_		459			
Equity in earnings of consolidated subsidiaries	471		64		_	(535)	_			
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated subsidiaries, net of tax	_		_		_	_		_			
Net income	\$459		\$471		\$64	\$(535)	\$459			
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DR PEPPER SNAPPLE GROUP, INC.

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(Unaudited)

	Condensed Consolidating Statements of Comprehensive Income For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2013								
			•						
	Parent	Guarantors	Non-Guarantors	Eliminations	Total				
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$208	\$644	\$19	\$(663) \$208				
	Condensed	Consolidating S	Statements of Com	prehensive Inc	ome				
	For the Thre	ee Months Ende	ed September 30, 2	012					
	Parent	Guarantors	Non-Guarantors	Eliminations	Total				
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$186	\$195	\$43	\$(238) \$186				
	Condensed	Consolidating S	Statements of Com	prehensive Inc	ome				
	For the Nine	e Months Ended	d September 30, 20)13					
	Parent	Guarantors	Non-Guarantors	Eliminations	Total				
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$475	\$874	\$(13)	\$(861) \$475				
	Condensed	Consolidating S	Statements of Com	prehensive Inc	ome				
		•	d September 30, 20	•					
	Parent	Guarantors	Non-Guarantors		Total				
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$471	\$495	\$92	\$(587) \$471				

	Condensed	Consolidating I	Balance Sheets		
	As of Septe	ember 30, 2013			
	Parent	Guarantors	Non-Guarantors	Eliminations	Total
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ —	\$44	\$75	\$ —	\$119
Accounts receivable:					
Trade, net	_	472	59	_	531
Other	4	39	12	_	55
Related party receivable	12	7	_	(19) —
Inventories	_	169	27		196
Deferred tax assets	_	57	3	_	60
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	174	87	3	(166) 98
Total current assets	190	875	179	(185) 1,059
Property, plant and equipment, net	_	1,067	88		1,155
Investments in consolidated subsidiaries	5,256	598	_	(5,854) —
Investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries	s 1		13	_	14
Goodwill	_	2,966	22	_	2,988
Other intangible assets, net	_	2,618	78	_	2,696
Long-term receivable, related parties	3,057	3,579	275	(6,911) —
Other non-current assets	34	95	_	_	129
Non-current deferred tax assets	24		88	(24) 88
Total assets	\$8,562	\$11,798	\$743	\$(12,974) \$8,129
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	\$245	\$26	\$ —	\$271
Related party payable		12	7	(19) —
Deferred revenue		63	2	_	65
Short-term borrowings and current portion	1	1			1
of long-term obligations	_	1	_	_	1
Income taxes payable		185	2	(166) 21
Other current liabilities	125	428	45	_	598
Total current liabilities	125	934	82	(185) 956
Long-term obligations to third parties	2,465	56	_	_	2,521
Long-term obligations to related parties	3,579	3,332	_	(6,911) —
Non-current deferred tax liabilities	_	765	2	(24) 743
Non-current deferred revenue	_	1,294	42	_	1,336
Other non-current liabilities	85	161	19	_	265
Total liabilities	6,254	6,542	145	(7,120) 5,821
Total stockholders' equity	2,308	5,256	598	(5,854) 2,308
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$8,562	\$11,798	\$743	\$(12,974) \$8,129

	Condensed	Consolidating I	Balance Sheets		
	As of Decei	mber 31, 2012			
	Parent	Guarantors	Non-Guarantors	Eliminations	Total
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ —	\$257	\$109	\$ —	\$366
Accounts receivable:					
Trade, net		498	54		552
Other	3	36	11		50
Related party receivable	12	8	_	(20) —
Inventories		171	26	_	197
Deferred tax assets	(1)	63	4		66
Prepaid and other current assets	162	75	21	(154	104
Total current assets	176	1,108	225	(174	1,335
Property, plant and equipment, net	_	1,117	85	_	1,202
Investments in consolidated subsidiaries	4,334	611		(4,945) —
Investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries	s 1	_	13	_	14
Goodwill	_	2,961	22	_	2,983
Other intangible assets, net	_	2,605	79	_	2,684
Long-term receivable, related parties	2,999	2,779	204	(5,982) —
Other non-current assets	476	97	7	_	580
Non-current deferred tax assets	26	_	130	(26	130
Total assets	\$8,012	\$11,278	\$765	\$(11,127	\$8,928
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ —	\$253	\$30	\$ —	\$283
Related party payable		12	10	(22) —
Deferred revenue		63	2		65
Short-term borrowings and current portion	1 250				250
of long-term obligations	250				250
Income taxes payable		198	1	(154) 45
Other current liabilities	105	436	46	2	589
Total current liabilities	355	962	89	(174	1,232
Long-term obligations to third parties	2,498	56	_		2,554
Long-term obligations to related parties	2,779	3,203	_	(5,982) —
Non-current deferred tax liabilities		653	3	(26	630
Non-current deferred revenue		1,342	44		1,386
Other non-current liabilities	100	728	18		846
Total liabilities	5,732	6,944	154	(6,182	6,648
Total stockholders' equity	2,280	4,334	611	(4,945	2,280
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$8,012	\$11,278	\$765	\$(11,127	\$8,928

			•		satements of Cash September 30, 20 Non-Guarantors	013		Total	
Operating activities:									
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$(60)	\$611		\$65	\$ —		\$616	
Investing activities:									
Acquisition of business			(10)	_			(10)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment			(95)	(16)			(111)
Purchase of intangible assets			(5)	_			(5)
Proceeds from disposals of property, plant and equipment	_		1		_	_		1	
Issuance of related party notes receivable	_		(551)	(80)	631		_	
Repayment of related party notes receivable	250		_		_	(250)	_	
Other, net	(3)			_			(3)
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	247		(660)	(96)	381		(128)
Financing activities:									
Proceeds from issuance of related party long-term debt	551		80		_	(631)	_	
Repayment of related party long-term debt	: 		(250)		250			
Repurchase of shares of common stock	(243)	_	•				(243)
Cash paid for shares not yet received	(20)						(20)
Repayment of senior unsecured notes	(250)						(250)
Tax withholdings related to net share	(12								`
settlements of certain stock awards	(13)	_		_	_		(13)
Dividends paid	(225)	_		_			(225)
Proceeds from stock options exercised	13				_			13	
Excess tax benefit on stock-based compensation	_		6		_	_		6	
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(187)	(164)	_	(381)	(732)
Cash and cash equivalents — net change from:									
Operating, investing and financing activities	_		(213)	(31)	_		(244)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	_		_		(3)	_		(3)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	_		257		109	_		366	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$		\$44		\$75	\$ —		\$119	

	Condensed Consolidating Statements of Cash Flows									
	For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012									
	Parent		Guarantors		Non-Guaranto	rs	Eliminations		Total	
Operating activities:										
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$(92)	\$288		\$86		\$—		\$282	
Investing activities:										
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	_		(146)	(15)	_		(161)
Return of capital	_		21		(21)	_		_	
Purchase of intangible assets	_		(7)	_		_		(7)
Proceeds from disposals of property, plant and equipment	_		6		_		_		6	
Issuance of related party notes receivable			(548)	(25)	573		_	
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	_		(674)	(61)	573		(162)
Financing activities:										
Proceeds from issuance of related party long-term debt	548		25		_		(573)	_	
Repurchase of shares of common stock	(262)	_				_		(262)
Dividends paid	(213)	_		_		_		(213)
Proceeds from stock options exercised	21		_		_		_		21	
Excess tax benefit on stock-based compensation	_		16		_		_		16	
Deferred financing charges paid	(1)							(1)
Other, net	(1)	(2)			—		(3)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	92		39		_		(573)	(442)
Cash and cash equivalents — net change from:										
Operating, investing and financing activities	_		(347)	25		_		(322)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	_		_		4		_		4	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	_		641		60		_		701	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$		\$294		\$89		\$—		\$383	

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

You should read the following discussion in conjunction with our audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012.

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), including, in particular, statements about future events, future financial performance, plans, strategies, expectations, prospects, competitive environment, regulation, labor matters and availability of raw materials. Forward-looking statements include all statements that are not historical facts and can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as the words "may," "will," "expect," "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "plan," "intend" or the negative of these terms or similar expressions in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. We have based these forward-looking statements on our current views with respect to future events and financial performance. Our actual financial performance could differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements due to the inherent uncertainty of estimates, forecasts and projections, and our financial performance may be better or worse than anticipated. Given these uncertainties, you should not put undue reliance on any forward-looking statements. All of the forward-looking statements are qualified in their entirety by reference to the factors discussed under "Risk Factors" in Part I, Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012.

Forward-looking statements represent our estimates and assumptions only as of the date that they were made. We do not undertake any duty to update the forward-looking statements, and the estimates and assumptions associated with them, after the date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, except to the extent required by applicable securities laws. This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains the names of some of our owned or licensed trademarks, trade names and service marks, which we refer to as our brands. All of the product names included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are either our registered trademarks or those of our licensors.

Cadbury plc and Cadbury Schweppes plc are hereafter collectively referred to as "Cadbury", unless otherwise indicated. Kraft Foods Inc. acquired Cadbury on February 2, 2010.

On October 1, 2012, Kraft Foods, Inc. spun-off its North American grocery business to its shareholders and changed its name to Mondelēz International, Inc. ("Mondelēz").

OVERVIEW

We are a leading integrated brand owner, manufacturer and distributor of non-alcoholic beverages in the United States ("U.S."), Canada and Mexico with a diverse portfolio of flavored carbonated soft drinks ("CSDs") and non-carbonated beverages ("NCBs"), including ready-to-drink teas, juices, juice drinks and mixers. Our brand portfolio includes popular CSD brands such as Dr Pepper, Sunkist soda, 7UP, A&W, Canada Dry, Crush, Squirt, Peñafiel and Schweppes, and NCB brands such as Snapple, Mott's, Hawaiian Punch, Clamato, Rose's and Mr & Mrs T mixers. Our largest brand, Dr Pepper, is a leading flavored CSD in the U.S. according to The Nielsen Company. We have some of the most recognized beverage brands in North America, with significant consumer awareness levels and long histories that evoke strong emotional connections with consumers.

We operate as an integrated brand owner, manufacturer and distributor through our three segments. We believe our integrated business model strengthens our route-to-market and provides opportunities for net sales and profit growth through the alignment of the economic interests of our brand ownership and our manufacturing and distribution businesses through both our Direct Store Delivery ("DSD") system and our Warehouse Direct ("WD") delivery system. Our integrated business model enables us to be more flexible and responsive to the changing needs of our large retail customers and allows us to more fully leverage our scale and reduce costs by creating greater geographic manufacturing and distribution coverage.

The beverage market is subject to some seasonal variations. Our beverage sales are generally higher during the warmer months and also can be influenced by the timing of holidays and religious festivals as well as weather fluctuations.

BEVERAGE CONCENTRATES

Our Beverage Concentrates segment is principally a brand ownership business. In this segment we manufacture and sell beverage concentrates in the U.S. and Canada. Most of the brands in this segment are CSD brands. Key brands include Dr Pepper, Canada Dry, Crush, Schweppes, 7UP, Sunkist soda, A&W, Sun Drop, RC Cola, Diet Rite, Squirt, Welch's, Country Time, Vernors and the concentrate form of Hawaiian Punch.

Almost all of our beverage concentrates are manufactured at our plant in St. Louis, Missouri.

The beverage concentrates are shipped to third party bottlers, as well as to our own manufacturing systems, who combine them with carbonation, water, sweeteners and other ingredients, package it in PET containers, glass bottles and aluminum cans, and sell it as a finished beverage to retailers. Beverage concentrates are also manufactured into syrup, which is shipped to fountain customers, such as fast food restaurants, who mix the syrup with water and carbonation to create a finished beverage at the point of sale to consumers. Dr Pepper represents most of our fountain channel volume. Concentrate prices historically have been reviewed and adjusted at least on an annual basis. Our Beverage Concentrates brands are sold by bottlers, including our own Packaged Beverages segment, through all major retail channels including supermarkets, fountains, mass merchandisers, club stores, vending machines, convenience stores, gas stations, small groceries, drug chains and dollar stores.

PACKAGED BEVERAGES

Our Packaged Beverages segment is principally a brand ownership, manufacturing and distribution business. In this segment, we primarily manufacture and distribute packaged beverages and other products, including our brands, third party owned brands and certain private label beverages, in the U.S. and Canada. Key NCB brands in this segment include Snapple, Hawaiian Punch, Mott's, Yoo-Hoo, Clamato, Deja Blue, AriZona, FIJI, Mistic, Nantucket Nectars, ReaLemon, Mr and Mrs T mixers, Rose's and Country Time. Key CSD brands in this segment include 7UP, Dr Pepper, A&W, Sunkist soda, Canada Dry, Squirt, RC Cola, Sun Drop, Diet Rite, IBC and Vernors. Additionally, we distribute third party brands such as Big Red, AriZona tea, FIJI mineral water, Neuro beverages, Vita Coco coconut water and Hydrive energy drinks. We also derive a portion of our sales from bottling beverages and other products for private label owners or others for a fee. Although the majority of our Packaged Beverages' net sales relate to our brands, we also provide a route-to-market for third party brand owners seeking effective distribution for their new and emerging brands. These brands give us exposure in certain markets to fast growing segments of the beverage industry with minimal capital investment.

Our Packaged Beverages' products are manufactured in multiple facilities across the U.S. and are sold or distributed to retailers and their warehouses by our own distribution network or by third party distributors. The raw materials used to manufacture our products include aluminum cans and ends, glass bottles, PET bottles and caps, paper products, sweeteners, juices, water and other ingredients.

We sell our Packaged Beverages' products both through our DSD system, supported by a fleet of approximately 6,000 trucks and 12,000 employees, including sales representatives, merchandisers, drivers and warehouse workers, as well as through our WD system, both of which include the sales to all major retail channels, including supermarkets, fountain, mass merchandisers, club stores, vending machines, convenience stores, gas stations, small groceries, drug chains and dollar stores.

LATIN AMERICA BEVERAGES

Our Latin America Beverages segment is a brand ownership, manufacturing and distribution business. This segment participates mainly in the carbonated mineral water, flavored CSD, bottled water and vegetable juice categories, with particular strength in carbonated mineral water and grapefruit flavored CSDs. Key brands include Peñafiel, Squirt, Clamato and Aguafiel.

In Mexico, we manufacture and distribute our products through our bottling operations and third party bottlers and distributors. In the Caribbean, we distribute our products through third party bottlers and distributors. In Mexico, we also participate in a joint venture to manufacture Aguafiel brand water with Acqua Minerale San Benedetto. We provide expertise in the Mexican beverage market and Acqua Minerale San Benedetto provides expertise in water production and new packaging technologies.

We sell our finished beverages through all major Mexican retail channels, including the "mom and pop" stores, supermarkets, hypermarkets, and on premise channels.

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VOLUME

In evaluating our performance, we consider different volume measures depending on whether we sell beverage concentrates or finished beverages.

Beverage Concentrates Sales Volume

In our Beverage Concentrates segment, we measure our sales volume in two ways: (1) "concentrate case sales" and (2) "bottler case sales." The unit of measurement for both concentrate case sales and bottler case sales equals 288 fluid ounces of finished beverage, the equivalent of 24 twelve ounce servings.

Concentrate case sales represent units of measurement for concentrates sold by us to our bottlers and distributors. A concentrate case is the amount of concentrate needed to make one case of 288 fluid ounces of finished beverage. It does not include any other component of the finished beverage other than concentrate. Our net sales in our concentrate businesses are based on our sales of concentrate cases.

Although net sales in our concentrate businesses are based on concentrate case sales, we believe that bottler case sales are also a significant measure of our performance because they measure sales of packaged beverages into retail channels.

Packaged Beverages Sales Volume

In our Packaged Beverages segment, we measure volume as case sales to customers. A case sale represents a unit of measurement equal to 288 fluid ounces of packaged beverage sold by us. Case sales include both our owned brands and certain brands licensed to and/or distributed by us.

Volume in Bottler Case Sales

In addition to sales volume, we measure volume in bottler case sales ("volume (BCS)") as sales of packaged beverages, in equivalent 288 fluid ounce cases, sold by us and our bottling partners to retailers and independent distributors. Our contract manufacturing sales are not included or reported as part of volume (BCS).

Bottler case sales and concentrates and packaged beverage sales volumes are not equal during any given period due to changes in bottler concentrates inventory levels, which can be affected by seasonality, bottler inventory and manufacturing practices, and the timing of price increases and new product introductions.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY - FINANCIAL OVERVIEW AND RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

Net sales totaled \$1,543 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013, an increase of \$15 million, or 1%, from the three months ended September 30, 2012.

Net income for the three months ended September 30, 2013 was \$207 million, compared to \$179 million for the three months ended September 30, 2012, an increase of \$28 million, or 16%.

Diluted earnings per share was \$1.01 for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and \$0.84 for the year ago period, a increase of \$0.17, or approximately 20%.

Earnings for the three months ended September 30, 2013 included a \$33 million non-cash increase in net income associated with the conclusion of an Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") audit, which increased diluted earnings per share by \$0.16 during the three months ended September 30, 2013.

• During the third quarter of 2013, our Board of Directors (our "Board") declared a dividend of \$0.38 per share, which was paid on October 4, 2013, to shareholders of record on September 16, 2013.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013, we repurchased 2.6 million shares and 5.4 million shares, respectively, of our common stock valued at approximately \$117 million and \$243 million, respectively. RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

We eliminate from our financial results all intercompany transactions between entities included in our consolidated financial statements and the intercompany transactions with our equity method investees.

References in the financial tables to percentage changes that are not meaningful are denoted by "NM."

Three Months Ended September 30, 2013 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2012 Consolidated Operations

The following table sets forth our unaudited consolidated results of operations for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (dollars in millions):

	For the T	hree Mont	hs E	nded Sept	ten	nber 30,			
	2013			2012				Percentag	ge
	Dollars	Percent		Dollars		Percent		Change	
Net sales	\$1,543	100.0	%	\$1,528		100.0	%	1	%
Cost of sales	650	42.1		626		41.0			
Gross profit	893	57.9		902		59.0		(1)
Selling, general and administrative expenses	563	36.5		561		36.7			
Depreciation and amortization	28	1.9		29		1.9			
Other operating expense, net	2	0.1		4		0.3			
Income from operations	300	19.4		308		20.1		(3)
Interest expense	29	1.9		31		2.0			
Interest income	_			_					
Other expense (income), net	428	27.7		(4)	(0.3)		
(Loss) income before (benefit) provision for income									
taxes and equity in earnings of unconsolidated	(157) (10.2)	281		18.4		(156)
subsidiaries									
(Benefit) provision for income taxes	(364) (23.6)	102		6.7			
Income before equity in earnings of unconsolidated	207	13.4		179		11.7			
subsidiaries	207	13.4		1//		11.7			
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated subsidiaries, ne	t								
of tax									
Net income	\$207	13.4	%	\$179		11.7	%	16	%
Earnings per common share:									
Basic	\$1.02	NM		\$0.85		NM		20	%
Diluted	1.01	NM		0.84		NM		20	%

Volume (BCS). Volume (BCS) was flat for the three months ended September 30, 2013, compared with the three months ended September 30, 2012. In the U.S. and Canada, volume declined 1% and in Mexico and the Caribbean, volume increased 6% compared with the year ago period. CSD volume was flat while NCB volume decreased 1%. In CSDs, Dr Pepper volume decreased 1% as a result of continued category headwinds. Canada Dry, 7UP, A&W and Sunkist soda (our "Core 4 brands"), which includes the impact of the launch of our Core 4 TEN products, were flat as a result of an 8% increase in Canada Dry offset by a 4% decrease in 7UP, a 5% decline in Sunkist soda, and an 1% decline in A&W. Crush decreased 8% while Squirt declined 2%. RC Cola, which includes the impact of the launch of the RC TEN product, decreased 3% while Sun Drop declined double-digits. Other brands declined 2%. These decreases were partially offset by a 16% increase in Penafiel as a result of product innovation and a 8% increase in Schweppes driven by distribution gains in our seltzer water.

Decreases in NCBs were driven by a 6% decrease in Hawaiian Punch as a result of lower promotional activity and declines within the category and an 8% decline in other brands. This decline was partially offset by an increase of 4% in Snapple as a result of package and product innovation, a 10% increase in Clamato as a result of product innovation, a 4% increase in our water category and an 1% increase in Mott's.

Net Sales. Net sales increased \$15 million, or approximately 1%, for the three months ended September 30, 2013 compared with the three months ended September 30, 2012. The increase was primarily attributable to favorable product mix and net pricing increases, which was partially offset by lower sales volume.

Gross Profit. Gross profit decreased \$9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 compared with the three months ended September 30, 2012. Gross margin of 57.9% for the three months ended September 30, 2013, was lower than the 59.0% gross margin for the three months ended September 30, 2012. Significant factors resulting in the lower gross margin include the \$15 million unfavorable comparison for the mark-to-market activity on commodity derivative contracts, increases in our commodity costs, led by sweeteners, and unfavorable mix due to a higher mix of finished goods rather than concentrates as well as package and product mix. These factors were partially offset by the \$14 million favorable comparison in our last in first out ("LIFO") inventory provision and ongoing productivity improvements. The change in our LIFO inventory provision for the three months ended September 30, 2013 was a \$7 million reduction in the provision versus a \$7 million increase in the provision for the three months ended September 30, 2012. The mark-to-market activity on commodity derivative contracts for the three months ended September 30, 2013 as there were no unrealized gains or losses versus \$15 million in unrealized gains in the year ago period. Selling, General and Administrative Expenses. Selling, general and administrative ("SG&A") expenses increased \$2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013 compared with the prior period. The increase was primarily the result of \$7 million in workforce reduction costs related to certain restructuring activities during the three months ended September 30, 2013 and unrealized losses for the mark-to-market activity on commodity derivative contracts, partially offset by a \$6 million decrease to the legal provision associated with litigation against The American Bottling Group as a result of settlement agreements with certain plaintiffs ("ABC litigation") and lower logistics costs. Income from Operations. Income from operations decreased \$8 million to \$300 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013, compared with the year ago period, driven primarily by the decrease in gross profit and the increase in SG&A expenses.

Other Expense, Net and (Benefit) Provision for Income Taxes. We have historically recorded indemnification income from Mondelēz under the Tax Indemnity Agreement as other expense (income), net in the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income. Due to the completion of the IRS audit for our 2006-2008 federal income tax returns in August 2013, we recognized an income tax benefit of \$463 million primarily related to decreasing our liability for unrecognized tax benefits and \$430 million of other expense, net, as we no longer anticipate collecting amounts from Mondelēz .

The following table excludes these amounts discussed above from our other expense (income), net, (loss) income before (benefit) provision for income taxes and equity in earnings of unconsolidated subsidiaries and (benefit) provision for income taxes lines within our unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income. We have presented this table as we believe the effects of those items on these lines and on our effective tax rate for the three months ended September 30, 2013 are not meaningful as reported.

	3						
(in millions)	As reported		Completion of the IRS audit in August 2013	As reported excluding tax and indemnity items		For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2012	
Other expense (income), net	\$428		\$(430)	\$(2)	\$(4)
(Loss) income before (benefit) provision for income taxes and equity in earnings of	(157)	430	273		281	
unconsolidated subsidiaries (Benefit) provision for income taxes	(364)	463	99		102	
Effective tax rate	231.8	%		36.3	%	36.3	%

Results of Operations by Segment

We report our business in three segments: Beverage Concentrates, Packaged Beverages and Latin America Beverages. The key financial measures management uses to assess the performance of our segments are net sales and segment operating profit ("SOP"). The following tables set forth net sales and SOP for our segments for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, as well as the other amounts necessary to reconcile our total segment results to our consolidated results presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") (in millions):

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,					
	2013	2012				
Segment Results — Net sales						
Beverage Concentrates	\$309	\$303				
Packaged Beverages	1,114	1,120				
Latin America Beverages	120	105				
Net sales	\$1,543	\$1,528				
	For the Three Months Ended					
	September 3					
	2013	2012				
Segment Results — SOP						
Beverage Concentrates	\$201	\$198				
Packaged Beverages	159	147				
Latin America Beverages	17	14				
Total SOP	377	359				
Unallocated corporate costs	75	47				
Other operating expense, net	2	4				
Income from operations	300	308				
Interest expense, net	29	31				
Other expense (income), net	428	(4)			
(Loss) income before (benefit) provision for income taxes and equity in earnings of unconsolidated subsidiaries	f \$(157) \$281	•			

BEVERAGE CONCENTRATES

The following table details our Beverage Concentrates segment's net sales and SOP for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (in millions):

•	For the Three Months Ended						
	September	30,					
	2013	2012	Change				
Net sales	\$309	\$303	\$6				
SOP	201	198	3				

Net Sales. Net sales increased \$6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013, compared with the three months ended September 30, 2012. The increase was primarily due to an increase in concentrate prices and favorable product mix, which were partially offset by a 2% decline in concentrate case sales.

SOP. SOP increased \$3 million, or approximately 2%, for the three months ended September 30, 2013, compared with the three months ended September 30, 2012, primarily driven by the benefit of higher net sales partially offset by \$3 million of higher marketing investments.

Volume (BCS). Volume (BCS) decreased 1% for the three months ended September 30, 2013, compared with the three months ended September 30, 2012, primarily driven by an 8% decline in Crush and an 1% decline in Dr Pepper as a result of continued category headwinds. Other drivers of the decline include 4% decreases in Sun Drop and Squirt. These declines were partially offset by Schweppes and our Core 4 brands. Schweppes had an 8% increase driven by distribution gains in our seltzer water. Our Core 4 brands, which included the impact of the launch of our Core 4 TEN products, increased 1% compared to the prior year as a result of a mid single-digit increase in Canada Dry partially offset by a low single-digit decrease in 7UP and a mid single-digit decrease in Sunkist soda. RC Cola, which includes the impact of the launch of the RC TEN product, was flat for the three months ended September 30, 2013. PACKAGED BEVERAGES

The following table details our Packaged Beverages segment's net sales and SOP for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (in millions):

	For the Thre	For the Three Months Ended				
	September 3	September 30,				
	2013	2012	Change			
Net sales	\$1,114	\$1,120	\$(6)		
SOP	159	147	12			

Volume. Total sales volume declined 2% for the three months ended September 30, 2013, compared with the three months ended September 30, 2012. Lower NCB and CSD volumes each decreased our total segment sales volume by 1%. Contract manufacturing was flat for the three months ended September 30, 2013, compared with the three months ended September 30, 2012.

Within CSDs, volume decreased 1% for the three months ended September 30, 2013, compared with the three months ended September 30, 2012, as a result of continued category headwinds. Sun Drop declined by double-digits. Dr Pepper volumes decreased 1% for the three months ended September 30, 2013, while Squirt declined 3%. Our other brands decreased 6%. These declines were partially offset by our Core 4 brands and RC Cola. Volume for our Core 4 brands, which includes the impact of the launch of our Core 4 TEN products, increased 1% driven by a 10% increase in Canada Dry and an 1% increase in A&W, partially offset by a 5% decrease in Sunkist soda and an 1% decrease in 7UP. RC Cola increased 2% due primarily to the launch of the RC TEN product.

Within NCBs, volume decreased 3%, driven primarily by a 9% decline in Hawaiian Punch as a result of lower promotional activity and declines within the category. Other brands decreased 9%, led by distribution losses in AriZona. These declines were partially offset by a 7% increase in our water category, a 1% increase in Snapple due to package and product innovation and a 3% increase in Clamato. Mott's was flat for the three months ended September 30, 2013 compared with the three months ended September 30, 2012.

Net Sales. Net sales decreased \$6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013, compared with the three months ended September 30, 2012. Net sales decreased due to lower sales volumes and higher discounts, which were partially offset by favorable mix and net pricing increases led by Mott's.

SOP. SOP increased \$12 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013, compared with the three months ended September 30, 2012. The primary factors driving the increase in SOP included a \$14 million favorable comparison in our LIFO inventory provision, a \$6 million decrease to the legal provision associated with the ABC litigation, favorable costs associated with our risk management programs, and ongoing productivity improvements. These factors were partially offset by the gross margin impact of lower net sales and increased commodity costs, led by sweeteners.

LATIN AMERICA BEVERAGES

The following table details our Latin America Beverages segment's net sales and SOP for the three months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (in millions):

	September 30,					
	2013	2012	Change			
Net sales	\$120	\$105	\$15			
SOP	17	14	3			

Volume. Sales volume increased 6% for the three months ended September 30, 2013, as compared with the three months ended September 30, 2012. The increase in volume was driven by a 16% increase in Peñafiel and a double-digit increase in Clamato as a result of product innovation. Dr Pepper and our other brands also increased by double-digits. These increases in sales volume were partially offset by double-digit declines in 7UP and Crush, and a 1% decrease in Squirt as a result of higher pricing and inventory reductions by third party bottlers.

Net Sales. Net sales increased \$15 million for the three months ended September 30, 2013, compared with the three months ended September 30, 2012. Net sales increased as a result of favorable product mix, increased sales volumes and \$2 million of favorable foreign currency translation.

SOP. SOP increased \$3 million, or 21%, for the three months ended September 30, 2013, compared with the three months ended September 30, 2012, driven by the gross margin benefit of higher net sales and ongoing productivity improvements. These items were partially offset by increases in people costs, other manufacturing costs, marketing investments and commodity costs, led by PET and sweeteners.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012 Consolidated Operations

The following table sets forth our unaudited consolidated results of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (dollars in millions, except per share data):

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30,									
	2013				2012				Percentag	ge
	Dollars		Percent		Dollars		Percent		Change	
Net sales	\$4,534		100.0	%	\$4,511		100.0	%	1	%
Cost of sales	1,916		42.3		1,895		42.0			
Gross profit	2,618		57.7		2,616		58.0		_	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	1,745		38.5		1,713		38.0			
Depreciation and amortization	86		1.9		95		2.1			
Other operating expense, net	5		0.1		8		0.2			
Income from operations	782		17.2		800		17.7		(2)
Interest expense	94		2.1		94		2.1			
Interest income	(1)	_		(1)	_			
Other expense (income), net	384		8.4		(8)	(0.2))		
(Loss) income before (benefit) provision for income										
taxes and equity in earnings of unconsolidated	305		6.7		715		15.8		(57)
subsidiaries										
(Benefit) provision for income taxes	(162)	(3.6)	256		5.7			
Income before equity in earnings of unconsolidated	467		10.3		459		10.1			
subsidiaries										
Equity in earnings of unconsolidated subsidiaries, net	1		_		_		_			
of tax	. 4.60		10.0	~			10.1	~		~
Net income	\$468		10.3	%	\$459		10.1	%	2	%
Earnings per common share:										
Basic	\$2.29		NM		\$2.17		NM		6	%
Diluted	\$2.28		NM		\$2.15		NM		6	%
77.1 (7.60) 77.1 (7.60) 1					1 20	•	4.0			

Volume (BCS). Volume (BCS) decreased 2% for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2012. In the U.S. and Canada, volume declined 3%, and in Mexico and the Caribbean, volume increased 3%, compared with the year ago period. CSD volume and NCB volume both declined 2%.

In CSDs, Dr Pepper volume declined 3% as a result of continued category headwinds. Our Core 4 brands, which included the impact of the launch of our Core 4 TEN products, were flat compared to the year ago period. This result was driven by a 8% increase in Canada Dry, which was offset by a 7% decrease in Sunkist soda, a 4% decline in 7UP and an 1% decrease in A&W. Crush, Squirt and RC Cola declined 8%, 4% and 3%, respectively. Sun Drop declined double-digits. Other brands declined 3%, led by AriZona. These decreases were partially offset by growth of 10% in Peñafiel as a result of product innovation and a 7% increase in Schweppes reflecting distribution gains in our seltzer water and growth in the ginger ale category.

In NCBs, decreases were driven by a 9% decrease in Hawaiian Punch as a result of lower promotional activity and declines within the category and a 9% decline in other brands. The decline was partially offset by a 4% increase in Mott's due to distribution gains in our juice and sauce categories and a 2% increase in Snapple as a result of package and product innovation. Our water category increased 3%, led by Aguafiel. Clamato increased 6%.

Net Sales. Net sales increased \$23 million, or approximately 1%, for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2012. The increase was attributable to favorable mix, net pricing increases and favorable foreign currency translation, partially offset by lower branded sales volumes.

Gross Profit. Gross profit increased \$2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2012. Gross margin of 57.7% for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 was slightly lower than the 58.0% gross margin for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. Significant factors resulting in the lower gross margin include increases in our commodity costs, led by apples and sweeteners, the \$26 million unfavorable comparison for the mark-to-market activity on commodity derivative contracts and unfavorable mix due to a higher mix of finished goods rather than concentrates as well as package and product mix. These factors were partially offset by the \$32 million favorable comparison in our LIFO inventory provision and increases in our net price realization. The change in our LIFO inventory provision for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 was a \$24 million reduction in the provision versus an \$8 million increase in the provision for the nine months ended September 30, 2012. The mark-to-market activity on commodity derivative contracts for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 was \$11 million in unrealized losses versus \$15 million in unrealized gains in the year ago period. Selling, General and Administrative Expenses. SG&A expenses increased \$32 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 compared with the prior period. The increase was primarily the result of increased marketing investments, higher labor and benefit costs and \$7 million in workforce reduction costs, partially offset by lower logistics costs.

Income from Operations. Income from operations decreased \$18 million to \$782 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, principally due to the increase in SG&A expenses partially offset by the decline in depreciation and amortization driven by the favorable comparison to the \$8 million depreciation adjustment recorded in the prior year and the increase in our gross profit.

Other Expense, Net and (Benefit) Provision for Income Taxes. We have historically recorded indemnification income from Mondelēz under the Tax Indemnity Agreement as other expense (income), net in the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income. Due to the completion of the IRS audit for our 2006-2008 federal income tax returns in August 2013, we recognized an income tax benefit of \$463 million primarily related to decreasing our liability for unrecognized tax benefits and \$430 million of other expense, net, as we no longer anticipate collecting amounts from Mondelēz . In June 2013, a bill was enacted by the Canadian government, which reduced amounts amortized for income tax purposes. We recognized \$38 million of indemnity income due to the reduction of our long-term liability to Mondelēz and \$50 million of income tax expense for the reduction of our tax assets.

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The following table excludes these amounts discussed above from our other expense (income), net, (loss) income before (benefit) provision for income taxes and equity in earnings of unconsolidated subsidiaries and (benefit) provision for income taxes lines within our unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income. We have presented this table as we believe the effect of those items on these lines and on our effective tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 are not meaningful as reported.

For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013

	For the Mine Months Ended September 30, 2013								
(in millions)	As reported		Completion of the IRS audit in August 2013	Enactment of the Canadian bill in June 2013	As reported excluding tax and indemnity items		For the Nine Months Ende September 30 2012	ed	
Other expense (income), net	\$384		\$(430)	\$38	\$(8)		\$(8)	
(Loss) income before (benefit) provision for income taxes and equity in earnings of unconsolidated subsidiaries	305		430	(38)	697		715		
(Benefit) provision for income taxes	(162)	463	(50)	251		256		
Effective tax rate	(53.1)%			36.0	6	35.8	%	

Results of Operations by Segment

The following tables set forth net sales and SOP for our segments for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, as well as the other amounts necessary to reconcile our total segment results to our consolidated results presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP (in millions):

	For the Nine Months Ended					
	September 30),				
	2013	2012				
Segment Results — Net sales						
Beverage Concentrates	\$908	\$888				
Packaged Beverages	3,280	3,314				
Latin America Beverages	346	309				
Net sales	\$4,534	\$4,511				
	Eartha Nina	Months Ended				
	For the Nine Months Ended September 30,					
	2013	2012				
Sagment Pagulto SOD	2013	2012				
Segment Results — SOP Reverge Concentrates	\$560	\$552				
Beverage Concentrates Packaged Payarages	418	\$332 408				
Packaged Beverages	418	408 37				
Latin America Beverages						
Total SOP	1,023	997				
Unallocated corporate costs	236	189				
Other operating expense, net	5	8				
Income from operations	782	800				
Interest expense, net	93	93				
Other expense (income), net	384	(8)			
Income before provision for income taxes and equity in earnings of unconsolidated subsidiaries	\$305	\$715				

BEVERAGE CONCENTRATES

The following table details our Beverage Concentrates segment's net sales and SOP for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (in millions):

	For the Nine Months Ended					
	September 30,					
	2013	2012	Change			
Net sales	\$908	\$888	\$20			
SOP	560	552	8			

Net Sales. Net sales increased \$20 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2012. The increase was due to an increase in concentrate prices, favorable product mix and lower discounts, which were partially offset by a 3% decline in concentrate case sales.

SOP. SOP increased \$8 million, or approximately 1%, for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2012, primarily due to the benefit of higher net sales, partially offset by \$12 million of higher marketing investments and a higher transfer pricing allocation.

Volume (BCS). Volume (BCS) decreased 2% for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2012, primarily driven by a 3% decline in Dr Pepper and a 8% decrease in Crush as a result of continued category headwinds. Other drivers of the decline include a 6% decline in Sun Drop, a 9% decrease in RC Cola and a 7% decline in Squirt. These declines were partially offset by Schweppes and our Core 4 brands. Schweppes had a 7% increase reflecting distribution gains in our seltzer water and growth in the ginger ale category. Our Core 4 brands, which included the impact of the launch of our Core 4 TEN products, increased 1% compared to the prior year as a result of a 6% increase in Canada Dry, partially offset by a 7% decline in Sunkist soda, a 2% decrease in 7UP and an 1% decline in A&W.

PACKAGED BEVERAGES

The following table details our Packaged Beverages segment's net sales and SOP for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (in millions):

	For the Nine	Months Ended		
	September 3	September 30,		
	2013	2012	Change	
Net sales	\$3,280	\$3,314	\$(34)
SOP	418	408	10	

Volume. Total sales volume decreased 4% for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2012. Lower NCB volumes, contract manufacturing and CSD volumes decreased our total segment sales volume by 2%, 1% and 1%, respectively.

Within CSDs, volume declined 2% for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2012, as a result of continued category headwinds. Sun Drop declined by double-digits. Dr Pepper volumes decreased 3% for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, while Squirt declined 2%. Our other brands decreased 6% for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. These declines were partially offset by a 5% increase in RC Cola due primarily to the launch of the RC TEN product. Volume for our Core 4 brands, which includes the impact of the launch of our Core 4 TEN products, was flat driven by a double-digit increase in Canada Dry offset by a 7% decline in Sunkist soda and a 2% decrease in 7UP. A&W was flat for the nine months ended September 30, 2013.

Within NCBs, volume decreased 4%, driven primarily by a 10% decline in Hawaiian Punch as a result of lower promotional activity and declines within the category. Our other brands decreased 9%, led by distribution losses in AriZona. These decreases were partially offset by a 4% increase in Mott's as a result of distribution gains in our juice and sauce categories, a 1% increase in our water category and a 2% increase in Clamato. Snapple was flat for the period.

Net Sales. Net sales decreased \$34 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2012. Net sales decreased due to a decline in our sales volumes and higher discounts, which were partially offset by favorable mix and net pricing increases led by Mott's.

SOP. SOP increased \$10 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2012. The primary factors driving the increase in SOP included a \$32 million favorable comparison in our LIFO inventory provision, ongoing productivity improvements, the favorable comparison to the \$8 million depreciation adjustment recorded in the prior year, lower logistics costs and a \$6 million favorable adjustment to the legal provision associated with the ABC litigation. These factors were partially offset by the gross margin impact of lower net sales and increased commodity costs, led by apples and sweeteners.

LATIN AMERICA BEVERAGES

The following table details our Latin America Beverages segment's net sales and SOP for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (in millions):

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30,		
	2013	2012	Change
Net sales	\$346	\$309	\$37
SOP	45	37	8

Volume. Sales volume increased 3% for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, as compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2012. The increase in volume was led by a 10% increase in Peñafiel as a result of package and product innovation and an 8% increase in Aguafiel due to increased promotional activity. Clamato increased 8% while Dr Pepper increased by double-digits. Our other brands increased by 6%. These increases in sales volume were partially offset by a 4% decline in Squirt as a result of higher pricing and inventory reductions by third party bottlers, a double-digit decline in 7UP and a 4% decrease in Crush.

Net Sales. Net sales increased \$37 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2012. Net sales increased as a result of favorable product mix, \$12 million of favorable foreign currency translation and increased sales volumes.

SOP. SOP increased \$8 million, or approximately 22%, for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, compared with the nine months ended September 30, 2012, primarily due to the gross margin impact of favorable product mix and increased sales volumes and \$5 million of favorable foreign currency effects, partially offset by increases in other manufacturing costs, people costs, marketing investments and commodity costs, which were led by sweeteners.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The process of preparing our consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires the use of estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue, and expenses. Critical accounting estimates are both fundamental to the portrayal of a company's financial condition and results and require difficult, subjective or complex estimates and assessments. These estimates and judgments are based on historical experience, future expectations and other factors and assumptions we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. The most significant estimates and judgments are reviewed on an ongoing basis and revised when necessary.

We have identified the items described below as our critical accounting estimates:

goodwill and other indefinite-lived intangible assets;

customer marketing programs and incentives;

revenue recognition;

pension and post-retirement benefits;

risk management programs; and

income taxes.

These critical accounting estimates are discussed in greater detail in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Trends and Uncertainties Affecting Liquidity

Customer and consumer demand for the Company's products may be impacted by various risk factors discussed under "Risk Factors" in Part I, Item 1A, of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012, including recession or other economic downturn in the U.S., Canada, Mexico or the Caribbean, which could result in a reduction in our sales volume. Similarly, disruptions in financial and credit markets may impact the Company's ability to manage normal commercial relationships with its customers, suppliers and creditors. These disruptions could have a negative impact on the ability of our customers to timely pay their obligations to us, thus reducing our cash flow, or the ability of our vendors to timely supply materials.

We believe that the following trends and uncertainties may also impact liquidity:

continued capital expenditures to upgrade our existing plants and fleet of distribution trucks, replace and expand our cold drink equipment and make investments in IT systems;

continued payment of dividends;

seasonality of our operating cash flows could impact short-term liquidity;

our continued repurchases of our outstanding common stock pursuant to our repurchase programs;

acquisitions of regional bottling companies, distributors and distribution rights to further extend our geographic coverage or access to new products; and

our ability to issue unsecured commercial paper notes ("Commercial Paper") on a private placement basis up to a maximum aggregate amount outstanding at any time of \$500 million.

Financing Arrangements

The following descriptions represent our available financing arrangements as of September 30, 2013. As of September 30, 2013, we were in compliance with all covenant requirements for our senior unsecured notes, unsecured credit agreement and commercial paper program.

Commercial Paper Program

On December 10, 2010, we entered into a commercial paper program under which we may issue Commercial Paper on a private placement basis up to a maximum aggregate amount outstanding at any time of \$500 million. The maturities of the Commercial Paper will vary, but may not exceed 364 days from the date of issuance. We may issue Commercial Paper from time to time for general corporate purposes as Commercial Paper is now a more significant part of our overall cash management strategy. The program is supported by the Revolver (as defined below). Outstanding Commercial Paper reduces the amount of borrowing capacity available under the Revolver and outstanding amounts under the Revolver reduce the Commercial Paper availability. As of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, we had no outstanding Commercial Paper.

Unsecured Credit Agreement

On September 25, 2012, the Company entered into a new five-year unsecured credit agreement (the "Credit Agreement"), which provides for a \$500 million revolving line of credit (the "Revolver"). Borrowings under the Revolver bear interest at a floating rate per annum based upon the alternate base rate ("ABR") or the Eurodollar rate, in each case plus an applicable margin which varies based upon the Company's debt ratings. Rates range from 0.000% to 0.300% for ABR loans and from 0.795% to 1.300% for Eurodollar loans. The ABR is defined as the greater of (a) JPMorgan Chase Bank's prime rate, (b) the federal funds effective rate plus 0.500% and (c) the adjusted LIBOR for a one month interest period. The adjusted LIBOR is the London interbank offered rate for dollars adjusted for a statutory reserve rate set by the Board of Governors of the U.S. Federal Reserve System.

Additionally, the Revolver is available for the issuance of letters of credit and swingline advances not to exceed \$75 million and \$50 million, respectively. Swingline advances will accrue interest at a rate equal to the ABR plus the applicable margin. Letters of credit and swingline advances will reduce, on a dollar for dollar basis, the amount available under the Revolver.

The following table provides amounts utilized and available under the Revolver and each sublimit arrangement type as of September 30, 2013 (in millions):

Amount Utilized Relances Available

	Amount Utilized	Balances Avallable
Revolver	\$ —	\$498
Letters of credit	2	73
Swingline advances	_	50

The Credit Agreement further provides that the Company may request at any time, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions, that the aggregate commitments under the facility be increased by a total amount not to exceed \$250 million.

The Credit Agreement's representations, warranties, covenants and events of default are generally customary for investment grade credit and includes a covenant that requires the Company to maintain a ratio of consolidated total debt (as defined in the Credit Agreement) to annualized consolidated EBITDA (as defined in the Credit Agreement) of no more than 3.00 to 1.00, tested quarterly. Upon the occurrence of an event of default, among other things, amounts outstanding under the Credit Agreement may be accelerated and the commitments may be terminated. The Company's obligations under the Credit Agreement are guaranteed by certain of the Company's direct and indirect domestic subsidiaries on the terms set forth in the Credit Agreement. The Credit Agreement has a maturity date of September 25, 2017; however, the Company, with the consent of lenders holding more than 50% of the total commitments under the Credit Agreement and subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions, may extend the maturity date for up to two additional one-year terms.

An unused commitment fee is payable quarterly to the lenders on the unused portion of the commitments available under the Revolver equal to 0.08% to 0.20% per annum, depending upon the Company's debt ratings. Shelf Registration Statement

On February 7, 2013, the Company's Board of Directors (the "Board") authorized the Company to issue up to \$1,500 million of securities from time to time. Subsequently, the Company filed a "well-known seasoned issuer" shelf registration statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission, effective May 23, 2013, which registers an indeterminable amount of securities for future sales. As of September 30, 2013, the Company had not issued any securities under this shelf registration statement.

Letters of Credit Facilities

The Company currently has letters of credit facilities available in addition to the portion of the Revolver reserved for issuance of letters of credit. Under these incremental letters of credit facilities, \$90 million is available for the issuance of letters of credit, \$58 million of which was utilized as of September 30, 2013 and \$32 million of which remains available for use.

Debt Ratings

As of September 30, 2013, our debt ratings were Baa1 with a stable outlook from Moody's and BBB with a positive outlook from Standard & Poor's ("S&P"). Our commercial paper ratings were P-2/A-2 from Moody's and S&P. These debt and commercial paper ratings impact the interest we pay on our financing arrangements. A downgrade of one or both of our debt and commercial paper ratings could increase our interest expense and decrease the cash available to fund anticipated obligations.

Cash Management

We fund our liquidity needs from cash flow from operations, cash on hand or amounts available under our financing arrangements, as Commercial Paper is now a more significant part of our overall cash management strategy. Capital Expenditures

Cash paid for capital expenditures was \$111 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. Capital expenditures primarily related to machinery and equipment, plant improvements, IT investments, expansion and replacement of existing cold drink equipment and our distribution fleet. In 2013, we expect to incur annual capital expenditures, net of proceeds from disposals, in an amount equal to approximately 3.00% of our net sales, which we expect to fund through cash provided by operating activities.

Acquisitions

On February 25, 2013, the Company acquired certain assets of Dr. Pepper/7-UP Bottling Company of the West ("DP/7UP West") to strengthen the Company's route to market in the U.S. and support efforts to build and enhance our leading brands. The fair value of the consideration paid for this acquisition was \$23 million consisting of the issuance by us of 313,105 shares of common stock to DP/7UP West and the assumption of certain liabilities of DP/7UP West to consummate the transaction.

During the first quarter of 2013, the Company also reacquired the distribution rights for Snapple and several other NCB brands in parts of Asia-Pacific from Mondelēz.

We may continue to make future acquisitions, such as the acquisitions of regional bottling companies, distributors and distribution rights to further extend our geographic coverage. Any acquisitions may require additional funding for future capital expenditures and possibly restructuring expenses.

Liquidity

Based on our current and anticipated level of operations, we believe that our operating cash flows will be sufficient to meet our anticipated obligations for the next twelve months. To the extent that our operating cash flows are not sufficient to meet our liquidity needs, we may utilize cash on hand or amounts available under our financing arrangements, if necessary.

The following table summarizes our cash activity for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 (in millions):

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2013	2012
	(as adjuste	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$616	\$282
Net cash used in investing activities	(128) (162
Net cash used in financing activities	(732) (442

NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Net cash provided by operating activities increased \$334 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, as compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2012, primarily due to the favorable comparison of the 2012 tax payments of \$531 million resulting from the licensing agreements with PepsiCo and Coca-Cola, partially offset by increased income taxes paid in 2013 and unfavorable working capital comparisons to the prior year.

NET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES

Cash used in investing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, consisted primarily of purchases of property and equipment of \$111 million and cash paid to liquidate the liabilities assumed and expenses incurred in connection with the acquisition of DP/7UP West of \$10 million. Cash used in investing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2012, consisted primarily of purchases of property and equipment of \$161 million. Purchases of property and equipment have decreased over the prior period in line with our focus on maintaining our purchases in an amount equal to approximately 3.00% of our net sales.

NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES

Net cash used in financing activities increased \$290 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, as compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2012, primarily due to the \$250 million repayment of the 2013 Notes during the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and a \$40 million increase in payments to shareholders. Payments to shareholders were stock repurchases of \$243 million and dividend payments of \$225 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, versus stock repurchases of \$262 million and dividend payments of \$213 million in the prior period.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

As a result of the above items, cash and cash equivalents decreased \$247 million since December 31, 2012 to \$119 million as of September 30, 2013.

Our cash balances are used to fund working capital requirements, scheduled debt and interest payments, capital expenditures, income tax obligations, dividend payments and repurchases of our common stock. Cash available in our foreign operations may not be immediately available for these purposes. Foreign cash balances constituted approximately 63% of our total cash position as of September 30, 2013, as compared to 23% in the prior year, as we repaid the 2013 Notes using commercial paper introducing short term borrowing arrangements as part of our overall cash management strategy during the nine months ended September 30, 2013.

Dividends

Our Board declared dividends aggregating of 1.14 and 1.02 per share on outstanding common stock during the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Common Stock Repurchases

As previously disclosed, the Board has authorized the Company to purchase an aggregate amount of up to \$3,000 million of the Company's outstanding common stock. For the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, the Company repurchased and retired 5.4 million and 6.3 million shares of common stock, respectively, valued at approximately \$243 million and \$262 million, respectively. Refer to Part II, Item 2 of this Ouarterly Report on Form 10-Q for additional information regarding these repurchases.

Contractual Commitments and Obligations

We enter into various contractual obligations that impact, or could impact, our liquidity. Based on our current and anticipated level of operations, we believe that our proceeds from operating cash flows will be sufficient to meet our anticipated obligations. To the extent that our operating cash flows are not sufficient to meet our liquidity needs, we may utilize cash on hand or amounts available under our financing arrangements, if necessary.

The following table summarizes our contractual obligations and contingencies as of September 30, 2013 (in millions):

	Total	2013	s Due in Year 2014	2015	2016	2017	After 2017
Senior unsecured notes ⁽¹⁾	\$2,474	\$ —	\$ —	\$	\$500	\$	\$1,974
Capital leases ⁽²⁾	205	2	11	11	11	11	159
Purchase obligations ⁽³⁾	727	239	360	90	17	15	6
Payable to Mondelēz	55		7	7	7	7	27
Total	\$3,461	\$241	\$378	\$108	\$535	\$33	\$2,166

Amounts represent payment for the senior unsecured notes issued by us. Please refer to Note 6 of the Notes to our (1) Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for further information.

Through September 30, 2013, there have been no other material changes to the amounts disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

We currently participate in four multiemployer pension plans. We recognized an expense of \$1 million and \$5 million related to contributions to our multiemployer pension plans for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013. In the event that we withdraw from participation in one of these plans, then applicable law could require us to incur a withdrawal liability to the plan, and we would have to reflect that as an expense in our condensed consolidated statements of income and as a liability on our condensed consolidated balance sheets. During the second quarter of 2013, the Company recognized a withdrawal liability for one of the collective bargaining units under a multiemployer plan. As a result of this action, the Company recognized additional expense of \$1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. There were no significant expenses recognized during the three months ended September 30, 2013.

There are no other off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future material effect on our results of operations, financial condition, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources other than letters of credit outstanding. Refer to Note 6 of the Notes to our Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding outstanding letters of credit.

EFFECT OF RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

Refer to Note 1 of the Notes to our Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for a discussion of recent accounting standards and pronouncements.

⁽²⁾ Amounts represent our contractual payment obligations for our lease arrangements classified as a capital lease.

Amounts represent payments under agreements to purchase goods or services that are legally binding and that specify all significant terms, including capital obligations and long-term contractual obligations.

ITEM 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

We are exposed to market risks arising from changes in market rates and prices, including movements in foreign currency exchange rates, interest rates and commodity prices. From time to time, we may enter into derivatives or other financial instruments to hedge or mitigate commercial risks. We do not enter into derivative instruments for speculation, investing or trading or used to hedge another derivative instrument.

Foreign Exchange Risk

The majority of our net sales, expenses and capital purchases are transacted in U.S. dollars. However, we have some exposure with respect to foreign exchange rate fluctuations. Our primary exposure to foreign exchange rates is the Canadian dollar and Mexican peso against the U.S. dollar. Exchange rate gains or losses related to foreign currency transactions are recognized as transaction gains or losses in our income statement as incurred. As of September 30, 2013, the impact to our income from operations of a 10% change (up or down) in exchange rates is estimated to be an increase or decrease of approximately \$16 million on an annual basis.

We use derivative instruments such as foreign exchange forward contracts to manage a portion of our exposure to changes in foreign exchange rates. As of September 30, 2013, we had derivative contracts outstanding with a notional value of \$56 million maturing at various dates through December 15, 2014.

Interest Rate Risk

We centrally manage our debt portfolio through the use of interest rate swaps and monitor our mix of fixed-rate and variable rate debt. At September 30, 2013, the carrying value of our debt, excluding capital leases, was \$2,465 million, \$470 million of which is designated as fair value hedges and exposed to variability in interest rates.

The following table is an estimate of the impact to the fair value hedges that could result from hypothetical interest rate changes during the term of the financial instruments, based on debt levels as of September 30, 2013: Sensitivity Analysis

Change in Fair Value

(hange in Interest	Annual Impact to Interest Expense	Other Current and Non-current Assets	Other Non-current Liabilities	Total Debt
1-percent decrease ⁽¹⁾	\$	\$50 million increase	_	\$50 million increase
	\$5 million increase	\$32 million decrease	\$36 million increase	\$68 million decrease

We pay an average floating rate, which fluctuates periodically, based on LIBOR and a credit spread, as a result of designated fair value hedges on certain debt instruments. See Note 6 of the Notes to our Unaudited Condensed

We are subject to market risks with respect to commodities because our ability to recover increased costs through higher pricing may be limited by the competitive environment in which we operate. Our principal commodities risks relate to our purchases of PET, diesel fuel, corn (for high fructose corn syrup), aluminum, sucrose, apple juice concentrate, apple and natural gas (for use in processing and packaging).

We utilize commodities forward and future contracts and supplier pricing agreements to hedge the risk of adverse movements in commodity prices for limited time periods for certain commodities. The fair market value of these contracts as of September 30, 2013 was a net liability of \$9 million.

As of September 30, 2013, the impact of a 10% change (up or down) in market prices for these commodities where the risk of adverse movements has not been hedged is estimated to be an increase or decrease of approximately \$2 million to our income from operations for the remainder of 2013.

⁽¹⁾ Consolidated Financial Statements for further information. Our weighted average LIBOR rate as of September 30, 2013 was 0.32%. As LIBOR has not historically fallen below 0.25%, our estimate of the annual impact to interest expense reflects this assumption if our hypothetical change in the interest rate fell below the historical threshold. Commodity Risks

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Based on evaluation of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Exchange Act) our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has concluded that, as of September 30, 2013, our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to (i) provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in the Exchange Act filings is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified by the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms, and (ii) ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act are accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

No change in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) of the Exchange Act) occurred during the quarter that materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

Information regarding legal proceedings is incorporated by reference from Note 15 of the Notes to our Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

There have been no material changes that we are aware of from the risk factors set forth in Part I, Item 1A in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

We repurchased approximately 2.6 million shares of our common stock, valued at approximately \$117 million, in the third quarter of 2013. Our share repurchase activity, on a monthly basis, for the quarter ended September 30, 2013 was as follows (in thousands, except per share data):

Period	Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs (1)	Maximum Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet be Purchased Under Publicly Announced Plans or Programs
July 1, 2013 – July 31, 2013	265	\$46.27	265	\$833,486
August 1, 2013 – August 31, 2013	234	45.73	234	822,772
September 1, 2013 – September 30, 2013	2,054	45.40	2,054	729,545
For the quarter ended September 30, 2013	2,553	45.52	2,553	

As previously disclosed, the Board has authorized us to purchase an aggregate amount of up to \$3,000 million of our outstanding common stock. This column discloses the number of shares purchased pursuant to these programs during the indicated time periods. As of September 30, 2013, there was a remaining balance of \$730 million authorized for repurchase that had not been utilized.

Item 6. Exhibits.

- Separation and Distribution Agreement between Cadbury Schweppes plc and Dr Pepper Snapple Group, Inc.
- and, solely for certain provisions set forth therein, Cadbury plc, dated as of May 1, 2008 (filed as Exhibit 2.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (filed on May 5, 2008) and incorporated herein by reference).
- Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Dr Pepper Snapple Group, Inc. (filed as Exhibit 3.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (filed on May 12, 2008) and incorporated herein by reference). Certificate of Amendment to Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Dr Pepper Snapple
- 3.2 Group, Inc. effective as of May 17, 2012 (filed as Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (filed July 26, 2012) and incorporated herein by reference).

 Amended and Restated By-Laws of Dr Pepper Snapple Group, Inc. effective as of May 17, 2012 (filed as
- Exhibit 3.3 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (filed July 26, 2012) and incorporated herein by reference).

 Indenture, dated April 30, 2008, between Dr Pepper Snapple Group, Inc. and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. (filed
- 4.1 as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (filed on May 1, 2008) and incorporated herein by reference).
- Form of 6.12% Senior Notes due 2013 (filed as Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (filed on May 1, 2008) and incorporated herein by reference).
- Form of 6.82% Senior Notes due 2018 (filed as Exhibit 4.3 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (filed on May 1, 2008) and incorporated herein by reference).
- Form of 7.45% Senior Notes due 2038 (filed as Exhibit 4.4 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (filed on May 1, 2008) and incorporated herein by reference).

 Registration Rights Agreement, dated April 30, 2008, between Dr Pepper Snapple Group, Inc., J.P. Morgan Securities Inc., Banc of America Securities LLC, Goldman, Sachs & Co., Morgan Stanley & Co.
- Incorporated, UBS Securities LLC, BNP Paribas Securities Corp., Mitsubishi UFJ Securities International plc, Scotia Capital (USA) Inc., SunTrust Robinson Humphrey, Inc., Wachovia Capital Markets, LLC and TD Securities (USA) LLC (filed as Exhibit 4.5 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (filed on May 1, 2008) and incorporated herein by reference).

 Registration Rights Agreement Joinder, dated May 7, 2008, by the subsidiary guarantors named therein
- 4.6 (filed as Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (filed on May 12, 2008) and incorporated herein by reference).
- Supplemental Indenture, dated May 7, 2008, among Dr Pepper Snapple Group, Inc., the subsidiary guarantors named therein and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as trustee (filed as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (filed on May 12, 2008) and incorporated herein by reference).
 - Second Supplemental Indenture dated March 17, 2009, to be effective as of December 31, 2008, among
- Splash Transport, Inc., as a subsidiary guarantor, Dr Pepper Snapple Group, Inc., and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as trustee (filed as Exhibit 4.8 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K (filed on March 26, 2009) and incorporated herein by reference).
- Third Supplemental Indenture, dated October 19, 2009, among 234DP Aviation, LLC, as a subsidiary
- 4.9 guarantor; Dr Pepper Snapple Group, Inc., and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as trustee (filed as Exhibit 4.9 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (filed November 5, 2009) and incorporated herein by reference). Indenture, dated as of December 15, 2009, between Dr Pepper Snapple Group, Inc. and Wells Fargo Bank,
- N.A., as trustee (filed as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (filed on December 23, 2009) and incorporated herein by reference).
 First Supplemental Indenture, dated as of December 21, 2009, among Dr Pepper Snapple Group, Inc., the
- 4.11 guarantors party thereto and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as trustee (filed as Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (filed on December 23, 2009) and incorporated herein by reference).

 2.35% Senior Notes due 2012 (in global form), dated December 21, 2009, in the principal amount of \$450
- 4.12 million(filed as Exhibit 4.4 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (filed on December 23, 2009) and incorporated herein by reference).

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- Second Supplemental Indenture, dated as of January 11, 2011, among Dr Pepper Snapple Group, Inc., the guarantors party thereto and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as trustee (filed as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (filed on January 11, 2011) and incorporated herein by reference). 2.90% Senior Note due 2016 (in global form), dated January 11, 2011, in the principal amount of
- 4.14 \$500 million (filed as Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (filed on January 11, 2011) and incorporated herein by reference).
- Third Supplemental Indenture, dated as of November 15, 2011, among Dr Pepper Snapple Group, Inc., the guarantors party thereto and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as trustee (filed as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (filed on November 15, 2011) and incorporated herein by reference).

- 2.60% Senior Note due 2019 (in global form), dated November 15, 2011, in the principal amount of
- 4.16 \$250 million (filed as Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (filed on November 15, 2011) and incorporated herein by reference).
 - 3.20% Senior Note due 2021 (in global form), dated November 15, 2011, in the principal amount of
- 4.17 \$250 million (filed as Exhibit 4.3 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (filed on November 15, 2011) and incorporated herein by reference).
- Fourth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of November 20, 2012, among Dr Pepper Snapple Group, Inc., the
- 4.18 guarantors party thereto and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as trustee (filed as Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (filed on November 20, 2012) and incorporated herein by reference).
 2.00% Senior Note due 2020 (in global form), dated November 20, 2012, in the principal amount of \$250 million (filed as Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (filed on November 20, 2012)
- and incorporated herein by reference).
- 2.70% Senior Note due 2022 (in global form), dated November 20, 2012, in the principal amount of \$250
- 4.20 million (filed as Exhibit 4.3 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K (filed on November 20, 2012) and incorporated herein by reference).
- 10.1 † Agreement dated July 22, 2013, among The American Bottling Company, Mott's LLP and CROWN Cork & Seal USA, Inc.
 - First Amendment to Omnibus Stock Incentive Plan of 2009 approved by the Board of Directors and the
- 10.2* Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors of Dr Pepper Snapple Group, Inc. on September 18, 2013 and filed herewith.
- Non-Employee Director Deferral Plan approved by the Board of Directors and the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors of Dr Pepper Snapple Group, Inc. on September 18, 2013 and filed herewith.
- 12.1* Computation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges.
- 31.1* Certification of Chief Executive Officer of Dr Pepper Snapple Group, Inc. pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) promulgated under the Exchange Act.
- 31.2* Certification of Chief Financial Officer of Dr Pepper Snapple Group, Inc. pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or 15d-14(a) promulgated under the Exchange Act.
- Certification of Chief Executive Officer of Dr Pepper Snapple Group, Inc. pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) or 32.1** 15d-14(b) promulgated under the Exchange Act, and Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United
- 32.1** 15d-14(b) promulgated under the Exchange Act, and Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United States Code.
- Certification of Chief Financial Officer of Dr Pepper Snapple Group, Inc. pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) or 32.2** 15d-14(b) promulgated under the Exchange Act, and Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United States Code.
 - The following financial information from Dr Pepper Snapple Group, Inc.'s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2013, formatted in XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Language): (i) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013
- and 2012, (ii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, (iii) Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012, (iv) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, and (v) the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

^{*} Filed herewith.

[†] Portions of this Exhibit have been omitted and filed separately with the Securities and Exchange Commission as part of an application for confidential treatment pursuant to the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 as amended.

^{**} Furnished herewith.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Dr Pepper Snapple Group, Inc.

By: /s/ Martin M. Ellen

Name: Martin M. Ellen

Title: Executive Vice President and Chief Financial

Officer of Dr Pepper Snapple Group, Inc.

Date: October 24, 2013