

COMPUTER TASK GROUP INC
Form 10-Q
October 28, 2011
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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

x **QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED September 30, 2011

.. **TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM TO

Commission file number 001-9410

COMPUTER TASK GROUP, INCORPORATED

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

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New York
(State of incorporation)

16-0912632
(IRS Employer

Identification No.)

800 Delaware Avenue, Buffalo, New York
(Address of principal executive offices)

14209
(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (716) 882-8000

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer, and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS:

Title of each class	Shares outstanding
Common stock, par value \$.01 per share	at October 21, 2011 18,409,823

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Table of Contents**PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION****Item 1. Financial Statements.****COMPUTER TASK GROUP, INCORPORATED****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME**

(amounts in thousands, except per share data)

(Unaudited)

	For the		For the Three	
	Quarter Ended		Quarters Ended	
	Sept. 30, 2011	Oct. 1, 2010	Sept. 30, 2011	Oct. 1, 2010
Revenue	\$ 101,119	\$ 84,463	\$ 295,355	\$ 244,094
Direct costs	80,152	67,189	233,858	192,020
Selling, general and administrative expenses	16,391	14,157	47,645	42,379
Operating income	4,576	3,117	13,852	9,695
Interest and other income	125	15	188	46
Interest and other expense	(75)	(56)	(223)	(205)
Income before income taxes	4,626	3,076	13,817	9,536
Provision for income taxes	1,635	1,049	5,168	3,818
Net income	\$ 2,991	\$ 2,027	\$ 8,649	\$ 5,718
Net income per share:				
Basic	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.14	\$ 0.58	\$ 0.39
Diluted	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.13	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.36
Weighted average shares outstanding:				
Basic	15,072	14,666	14,963	14,705
Diluted	16,723	15,904	16,747	16,002

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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COMPUTER TASK GROUP, INCORPORATED
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(amounts in thousands, except share data)

(Unaudited)

	Sept. 30, 2011	Dec. 31, 2010
<u>ASSETS</u>		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,641	\$ 14,837
Accounts receivable, net of allowances of \$326 and \$860 in 2011 and 2010, respectively	68,254	57,540
Prepaid and other current assets	2,426	1,991
Deferred income taxes	956	1,111
Total current assets	84,277	75,479
Property, equipment and capitalized software, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$18,389 and \$17,497 in 2011 and 2010, respectively	8,367	8,364
Goodwill	35,678	35,678
Deferred income taxes	6,387	6,099
Other assets	4,569	4,022
Investments	674	631
Total assets	\$ 139,952	\$ 130,273
<u>LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</u>		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 7,968	\$ 6,595
Accrued compensation	29,827	29,646
Advance billings on contracts	1,244	2,331
Other current liabilities	3,639	3,313
Income taxes payable	195	549
Total current liabilities	42,873	42,434
Deferred compensation benefits	9,254	9,422
Other long-term liabilities	547	497
Total liabilities	52,674	52,353
Shareholders' Equity:		
Common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, 150,000,000 shares authorized; 27,017,824 shares issued	270	270
Capital in excess of par value	115,327	113,678
Retained earnings	80,190	71,541
Less: Treasury stock of 8,589,201 and 8,963,035 shares at cost, in 2011 and 2010, respectively	(47,366)	(46,178)
Stock Trusts of 3,363,351 shares at cost in both periods	(55,083)	(55,083)
Other	(202)	(147)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(5,858)	(6,161)
Total shareholders' equity	87,278	77,920
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 139,952	\$ 130,273

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

Table of Contents**COMPUTER TASK GROUP, INCORPORATED****CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

(amounts in thousands)

(Unaudited)

	For the	
	Three Quarters Ended Sept. 30, 2011	Oct. 1, 2010
Cash flow from operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 8,649	\$ 5,718
Adjustments:		
Depreciation and amortization expense	1,627	1,251
Equity-based compensation expense	1,172	1,017
Deferred income taxes	(275)	(13)
Gain on sales of property and equipment	(134)	(2)
Deferred compensation	83	(96)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Increase in accounts receivable	(10,315)	(12,212)
Increase in prepaid and other current assets	(450)	(454)
(Increase) decrease in other assets	(518)	681
Decrease in accounts payable	(339)	(239)
Increase in accrued compensation	54	6,810
Decrease in income taxes payable	(356)	(146)
Increase (decrease) in advance billings on contracts	(1,108)	759
Increase (decrease) in other current liabilities	316	(488)
Increase (decrease) in other long-term liabilities	49	(12)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(1,545)	2,574
Cash flow from investing activities:		
Additions to property, equipment and capitalized software	(1,660)	(1,604)
Deferred compensation plan investments, net	(34)	24
Proceeds from sales of property and equipment	173	7
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,521)	(1,573)
Cash flow from financing activities:		
Proceeds from stock option exercises	1,830	488
Excess tax benefits from equity-based compensation	1,745	162
Change in cash overdraft, net	387	329
Proceeds from Employee Stock Purchase Plan	211	128
Purchase of stock for treasury	(3,302)	(2,381)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	871	(1,274)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(1)	(336)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(2,196)	(609)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	14,837	10,423

Cash and cash equivalents at end of quarter	\$ 12,641	\$ 9,814
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

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COMPUTER TASK GROUP, INCORPORATED

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited)

1. Financial Statements

The condensed consolidated financial statements included herein reflect, in the opinion of the management of Computer Task Group, Incorporated (CTG or the Company), all normal recurring adjustments necessary to present fairly the condensed consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented.

The Company's fiscal year-end is December 31. During the year, the quarters generally consist of a 13-week fiscal quarter where the last day of each of the first three quarters is a Friday. The 2011 third quarter began on July 2, 2011 and ended on September 30, 2011. The 2010 third quarter began on July 3, 2010 and ended October 1, 2010. There were 63 billable days in both the third quarters of 2011 and 2010, and 192 total billable days in the first three quarters of both 2011 and 2010.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

These condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared by the Company pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted pursuant to the SEC rules and regulations. The preparation of financial statements and related disclosures in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires the Company's management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Such estimates include, but are not limited to, the valuation of goodwill, valuation allowances for deferred tax assets, actuarial assumptions including discount rates and expected rates of return on assets, as applicable, for the Company's defined benefit and postretirement benefit plans, the allowance for doubtful accounts receivable, assumptions underlying stock option valuation, investment valuation, legal matters, other contingencies, and progress toward completion and direct profit or loss on contracts. Management believes that the information and disclosures provided herein are adequate to present fairly the condensed consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the Company. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's latest Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC.

The Company operates in one industry segment, providing Information Technology (IT) services to its clients. These services include IT solutions and IT staffing. CTG provides these primary services to all of the markets that it serves. The services provided typically encompass the IT business solution life cycle, including phases for planning, developing, implementing, managing, and ultimately maintaining the IT solution. A typical customer is an organization with large, complex information and data processing requirements.

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IT solutions and IT staffing revenue as a percentage of total revenue for the quarter and three quarters ended September 30, 2011 and October 1, 2010 are as follows:

	For the Quarter Ended		For the Three Quarters Ended	
	Sept. 30, 2011	Oct. 1, 2010	Sept. 30, 2011	Oct. 1, 2010
IT solutions	38%	34%	36%	33%
IT staffing	62%	66%	64%	67%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%

The Company promotes a significant portion of its services through four vertical market focus areas: Technology Service Providers, Healthcare (which includes services provided to health care providers, health insurers, and life sciences companies), Energy and Financial Services. The Company focuses on these four vertical areas as it believes that these areas are either higher growth markets than the general IT services market and the general economy, or are areas that provide greater potential for the Company's growth due to the size of the vertical market. The remainder of CTG's revenue is derived from general markets.

The Company's revenue by vertical market as a percentage of total revenue for the quarter and three quarters ended September 30, 2011 and October 1, 2010 are as follows:

	For the Quarter Ended		For the Three Quarters Ended	
	Sept. 30, 2011	Oct. 1, 2010	Sept. 30, 2011	Oct. 1, 2010
Technology service providers	35%	37%	35%	36%
Healthcare	30%	27%	29%	27%
Energy	6%	7%	6%	7%
Financial services	6%	6%	7%	6%
General markets	23%	23%	23%	24%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%

Software Revenue Recognition

The Company has entered into a series of contracts with a customer that provides for application customization and integration services, as well as post contract support (PCS) services, specifically utilizing one of the software tools the Company has internally developed. As the contracts are closely interrelated and dependent on each other, for accounting purposes the contracts are considered to be one arrangement. Additionally, as the project includes significant modification and customization services to transform the previously developed software tool into an expanded tool that will meet the customer's requirements, the percentage-of-completion method of contract accounting is being utilized for the project. Total revenue and costs were recognized equally until completion of the application customization and integration services portion of the project. The remaining unrecognized portion of the contract value is being recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the PCS period.

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Fair Value

Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid for a liability in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability, in an orderly transaction between market participants. The Company utilizes a fair value hierarchy for its assets and liabilities, as applicable, based upon three levels of input, which are:

Level 1 quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (observable)

Level 2 inputs other than Level 1 that are observable, either directly or indirectly, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices in inactive markets, or other inputs that are observable or can be supported by observable market data for essentially the full term of the asset or liability (observable)

Level 3 unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity, but are significant to determining the fair value of the asset or liability (unobservable)

At September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, the reported balances of the Company's cash and cash equivalents of \$12.6 million and \$14.8 million, respectively, approximated fair value.

The Company is also allowed to elect an irrevocable option to measure, on a contract by contract basis, specific financial instruments and certain other items that are currently not being measured at fair value. The Company did not elect to measure on a fair value basis any of its individual contracts during the quarters or year-to-date periods ended September 30, 2011 or October 1, 2010.

Capitalized Software Costs

During the quarter and three quarters ended September 30, 2011, the Company recorded capitalized software costs of \$13,000 and \$364,000, respectively, and as of that date has capitalized a total of \$5.2 million for projects either developed for internal use or developed to be leased or otherwise marketed. Accumulated amortization for these projects totaled \$1.3 million as of September 30, 2011, and the tools being expensed have amortization periods ranging from three to five years.

During the quarter and three quarters ended October 1, 2010, the Company recorded capitalized software costs of \$184,000 and \$829,000, respectively, and as of that date had capitalized a total of \$4.7 million for projects either developed for internal use or developed to be leased or otherwise marketed. Accumulated amortization for these projects totaled \$0.4 million as of October 1, 2010.

Life Insurance Policies

The Company has purchased life insurance on the lives of certain plan participants in the non-qualified defined-benefit Executive Supplemental Benefit Plan. Those policies have generated cash surrender value, and the Company has taken loans against the policies. At September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, these insurance policies have a gross cash surrender value of \$28.0 million and \$25.9 million, respectively, loans have been taken totaling \$25.8 million and \$24.3 million, respectively, and the net cash surrender value balance of \$2.2 million and \$1.6 million, respectively, is included on the condensed consolidated balance sheet in Other Assets under non-current assets.

Taxes Collected from Customers

In instances where the Company collects taxes from its customers for remittance to governmental authorities, primarily in its European operations, revenue is not recorded as such taxes are recorded and presented on a net basis.

Table of Contents**Cash Overdrafts**

As the Company does not fund its bank accounts for checks it has written until the checks are presented to the bank for payment, the balance representing change in cash overdraft, net on the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows represents the increase or decrease in outstanding checks for the periods presented.

Guarantees

The Company has several guarantees in place in our European operations that support office leases, and performance under government projects. These guarantees total approximately \$2.1 million at September 30, 2011.

3. Net Income Per Share

Basic and diluted earnings per share for the quarter and three quarters ended September 30, 2011 and October 1, 2010 are as follows:

	For the Quarter Ended		For the Three Quarters Ended	
	Sept. 30, 2011	Oct. 1, 2010	Sept. 30, 2011	Oct. 1, 2010
	(amounts in thousands, except per share data)			
Weighted-average number of shares outstanding during period	15,072	14,666	14,963	14,705
Common Stock equivalents - incremental shares primarily under stock option plans	1,651	1,238	1,784	1,297
Number of shares on which diluted earnings per share is based	16,723	15,904	16,747	16,002
Net income	\$ 2,991	\$ 2,027	\$ 8,649	\$ 5,718
Net income per share:				
Basic	\$ 0.20	\$ 0.14	\$ 0.58	\$ 0.39
Diluted	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.13	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.36

Certain options representing 0.3 million and 0.4 million shares of common stock were outstanding at September 30, 2011 and October 1, 2010, respectively, but were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share as they were anti-dilutive.

4. Investments

The Company's investments primarily consist of mutual funds which are part of the Computer Task Group, Incorporated Non-qualified Key Employee Deferred Compensation Plan. At September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, the Company's investment balances, which are classified as trading securities, totaled approximately \$0.7 million and \$0.6 million, respectively, and are measured at fair value. As there is an active trading market for these funds, fair value was determined using Level 1 inputs (see Fair Value in Note 2). Unrealized gains and losses on these securities are recorded in earnings and were nominal in both the 2011 and 2010 third quarters and year-to-date periods.

Table of Contents**5. Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss**

The components that make up accumulated other comprehensive loss on the condensed consolidated balance sheets at September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010 are as follows:

(amounts in thousands)	Sept. 30, 2011	Dec. 31, 2010
Foreign currency adjustment	\$ (4,106)	\$ (4,298)
Pension loss adjustment, net of tax of \$1,074 in 2011 and \$1,141 in 2010	(1,752)	(1,863)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	\$ (5,858)	\$ (6,161)

Total comprehensive income for the quarter and three quarters ended September 30, 2011 and October 1, 2010 are as follows:

(amounts in thousands)	For the Quarter Ended		For the Three Quarters Ended	
	Sept. 30, 2011	Oct. 1, 2010	Sept. 30, 2011	Oct. 1, 2010
Net income	\$ 2,991	\$ 2,027	\$ 8,649	\$ 5,718
Foreign currency	(971)	1,165	192	(685)
Pension loss	33	61	111	70
Comprehensive income	\$ 2,053	\$ 3,253	\$ 8,952	\$ 5,103

6. Income Taxes

The Company's effective tax rate (ETR) is calculated quarterly based upon current assumptions relating to the full year's estimated operating results and various tax-related items. The Company's normal annual ETR typically ranges from 38% to 42% of pre-tax income.

The 2011 third quarter ETR was 35.3% and the 2011 year-to-date ETR was 37.4%. During the 2011 third quarter, the Company recorded certain favorable tax adjustments to tax expense totaling less than \$0.1 million associated with the filing of its 2010 federal and state income tax returns. Also during the 2011 third quarter, the Company recorded additional tax credits totaling less than \$0.1 million related to its research and development activities. Finally, again during the 2011 third quarter, the Company recognized federal tax credits totaling approximately \$0.1 million related to the retention of certain individuals hired during 2010.

The 2010 third quarter ETR was 34.1%, and the 2010 year-to-date ETR was 40.0%. During the 2010 third quarter, an examination was completed for the U.S. federal tax jurisdiction for 2008. Based upon the results of this examination, the Company reduced the amount of its unrecognized tax benefits by less than \$0.1 million. In addition, during the 2010 third quarter, the Company recorded certain favorable adjustments to tax expense totaling approximately \$0.1 million associated with the filing of its 2009 state income tax returns.

Table of Contents**7. Deferred Compensation and Other Benefits**

The Company maintains a non-qualified defined-benefit Executive Supplemental Benefit Plan (ESBP) that provides certain former key executives with deferred compensation benefits, based on years of service and base compensation, payable during retirement. The ESBP was amended as of November 1994 to freeze benefits for participants at that time.

Net periodic pension cost for the quarter and three quarters ended September 30, 2011 and October 1, 2010 for the ESBP are as follows:

	For the Quarter Ended		For the Three Quarters Ended	
	Sept. 30, 2011	Oct. 1, 2010	Sept. 30, 2011	Oct. 1, 2010
	(amounts in thousands)			
Interest cost	\$ 102	\$ 113	\$ 306	\$ 339
Amortization of unrecognized net loss	52	41	156	125
Net periodic pension cost	\$ 154	\$ 154	\$ 462	\$ 464

The ESBP is deemed to be unfunded as the Company has not specifically identified assets to be used to discharge the deferred compensation benefit liabilities. The Company has purchased insurance on the lives of certain plan participants in amounts deemed to be sufficient to reimburse the Company for the costs associated with the plan for those participants. The Company does not anticipate making contributions to the plan other than for benefit payments as required for the remainder of 2011 and in future years.

The Company also retained a contributory defined-benefit plan for its previous employees located in The Netherlands (NDBP) when the Company disposed of its subsidiary CTG Nederland B.V. Benefits paid are a function of a percentage of career average pay. The plan was curtailed for additional contributions in January 2003. Net periodic pension benefit was approximately \$1,000 in both the quarters ended September 30, 2011 and October 1, 2010, and \$3,000 in both the year-to-date periods ended September 30, 2011 and October 1, 2010.

The Company does not anticipate making significant contributions to the NDBP in 2011 or future years as the NDBP is currently over-funded. The assets for the NDBP are held by Aegon, a financial services firm located in The Netherlands. The assets for the plan are included in a general portfolio of government bonds, a portion of which is allocated to the NDBP based upon the estimated pension liability associated with the plan. The fair market value of the plan's assets equals the amount allocated to the NDBP at any point in time. The fair value of the assets is determined using a Level 3 methodology (see note 2 Fair Value), including using assumptions such as expected market rates of return, equity and interest rate volatility, credit risk, correlations of market returns, and discount rates. In 2010, the plan investments had a targeted minimum return to the Company of 4%, which is consistent with historical returns and the 4% return guaranteed to the participants of the plan. The Company, in conjunction with Aegon, continues to maintain the current investment strategy of investing plan assets solely in government bonds throughout 2011.

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The change in the fair value of the plan assets for the NDBP from December 31, 2010 to September 30, 2011 is as follows:

(amounts in thousands)	
Fair value of plan assets at December 31, 2010	\$ 7,831
Return on plan assets	249
Contributions	42
Benefits paid	(80)
Effect of exchange-rate changes	157
Fair value of plan assets at September 30, 2011	\$ 8,199

The Company maintains the Key Employee Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Plan, a defined-contribution plan for certain key executives. Company contributions to this plan, if any, are based on annually defined financial performance objectives. The Company made contributions to this plan for amounts earned in 2010 totaling \$0.3 million in the 2011 first quarter. The investments in the plan are included in the total assets of the Company, and are discussed in Note 4, Investments. Participants in the plan have the ability to exchange a portion of their investments for stock units which represent shares of the Company's common stock. In exchange for the funds received, the Company will issue stock out of treasury stock equivalent to the number of share units received by each participant. These shares of common stock are not entitled to any voting rights and the holders will not receive dividends if any are paid. The shares are being held by the Company, and will be released to the participants as prescribed by their respective payment elections under the plan.

The Company maintains the Non-Employee Director Deferred Compensation Plan for its non-employee directors. Cash contributions to the plan for certain of these directors during the 2011 third quarter were nominal, while contributions for the 2011 year-to-date period were \$ 0.1 million. At the time the contributions were made, one of the non-employee directors elected to exchange their cash contributions to the plan to purchase stock units which represent shares of the Company's common stock. Consistent with the Key Employee Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Plan, in exchange for funds received, the Company issued stock out of treasury stock equivalent to the number of share units received by the participant. These shares of common stock are not entitled to any voting rights and the holder will not receive dividends if any are paid. The shares are being held by the Company, and will be released to the non-employee director as prescribed by their respective payment election under the plan.

8. Treasury Stock

During the 2011 third quarter, the Company used approximately \$2.1 million to purchase 187,000 shares of its stock for treasury pursuant to the Company's share repurchase program. For the year-to-date period ended September 30, 2011, the Company used approximately \$3.3 million to purchase 281,000 shares pursuant to the repurchase program. In February 2011, the Company's Board of Directors authorized the addition of one million shares to the repurchase program. At September 30, 2011, approximately 0.9 million shares remained authorized for future purchases. The Company issued 34,000 shares and approximately 0.8 million shares out of treasury stock to fulfill the share requirements from stock option exercises and restricted stock grants during the 2011 third quarter and year-to-date 2011 period, respectively.

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During the 2010 third quarter, the Company used approximately \$0.7 million to purchase 89,000 shares of its stock for treasury pursuant to the Company's share repurchase program. For the year-to-date period ended October 1, 2010, the Company used approximately \$2.4 million to purchase 322,000 shares pursuant to the repurchase program. The Company issued 29,000 shares and approximately 0.3 million shares out of treasury stock to fulfill the share requirements from stock option exercises and restricted stock grants during the 2010 third quarter and year-to-date 2010 period, respectively.

9. Significant Customer

In the 2011 third quarter, International Business Machines Corporation (IBM) was the Company's largest customer, accounting for \$30.8 million or 30.4% of consolidated revenue as compared with \$27.2 million or 32.2% of revenue in the comparable 2010 period. In the first three quarters of 2011, IBM accounted for \$89.0 million or 30.2% of consolidated revenue, compared with \$75.4 million or 30.9% in the comparable 2010 period. During the 2011 second quarter, the Company's National Technical Services (NTS Agreement) contract with IBM was extended from June 30, 2011 to September 28, 2011. During the 2011 third quarter, the NTS Agreement contract was again extended three months to December 31, 2011, as IBM in the normal course of its business periodically reviews the NTS contract it has with its vendors. As part of the NTS Agreement, the Company provides its services as a predominant supplier to IBM's Integrated Technology Services unit and as sole provider to the Systems and Technology Group business unit. IBM has informed CTG that it has been selected to continue as a supplier under the NTS Agreement for the next three years. CTG expects the NTS Agreement to be executed during the 2011 fourth quarter, and we expect the Company will continue to derive a significant portion of its revenue from IBM throughout the remainder of 2011 and in future years. However, a significant decline in or the loss of the revenue from IBM would have a significant negative effect on our operating results. The Company's accounts receivable from IBM at September 30, 2011 and October 1, 2010 totaled \$15.4 million and \$14.1 million, respectively. No other customer accounted for more than 10% of the Company's revenue in either the third quarter or year-to-date periods of 2011 or 2010.

Table of Contents**Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations for the Quarter and Three Quarters Ended September 30, 2011****Forward-Looking Statements**

This management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations contains forward-looking statements by management of Computer Task Group, Incorporated ("CTG" or "the Company") that are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties. These forward-looking statements are based on information as of the date of this report. The Company assumes no obligation to update these statements based on information from and after the date of this report. Generally, forward-looking statements include words or phrases such as "anticipates," "believes," "estimates," "expects," "intends," "plans," "projects," "could," "may," "might," "should," "will" and words and phrases of similar impact. The forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements regarding future operations, industry trends or conditions and the business environment, and statements regarding future levels of, or trends in, revenue, operating expenses, capital expenditures, and financing. The forward-looking statements are made pursuant to safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Numerous factors could cause actual results to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements, including, among other factors, the following: (i) industry and economic conditions, including fluctuations in demand for information technology ("IT") services and the deterioration in market conditions generally and for our targeted vertical markets, (ii) the availability to us of qualified professional staff, (iii) domestic and foreign industry competition for customers and talent, (iv) rate and wage inflation or deflation, (v) risks associated with operating in foreign jurisdictions, (vi) the impact of current and future laws and government regulation, as well as repeal or modification of same, affecting the IT solutions and staffing industry, our targeted vertical markets, taxes and the Company's operations in particular, (vii) renegotiations, nullification, or breaches of contracts with customers, vendors, subcontractors or other parties, (viii) consolidation among the Company's competitors or customers, (ix) the partial or complete loss of the revenue the Company generates from International Business Machines Corporation ("IBM"), (x) the need to supplement or change our IT services in response to new service offerings in the industry, and (xi) the risks described in Item 1A of the Company's most recent annual report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and from time to time in the Company's other reports filed with the SEC.

Industry Trends

The Company operates in one industry segment, providing IT services to its clients. These services include IT solutions and IT staffing. The market demand for the Company's services is heavily dependent on IT spending by major corporations, organizations and government entities in the markets and regions that it serves. The pace of technological change and changes in business requirements and practices of the Company's clients all have a significant impact on the demand for the services that we provide. Competition for new engagements and pricing pressure has been, and management believes, will continue to be strong. The Company has responded to these challenging business conditions by focusing on its two main services, which are providing IT solutions and IT staffing to its clients. IT solutions and IT staffing revenue as a percentage of total revenue for the quarter and three quarters ended September 30, 2011 and October 1, 2010 are as follows:

	For the Quarter Ended		For the Three Quarters Ended	
	Sept. 30, 2011	Oct. 1, 2010	Sept. 30, 2011	Oct. 1, 2010
IT solutions	38%	34%	36%	33%
IT staffing	62%	66%	64%	67%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%

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The Company promotes a significant portion of its services through four vertical market focus areas: Technology Service Providers, Healthcare (which includes services provided to health care providers, health insurers, and life sciences companies), Energy, and Financial Services. The Company focuses on these four vertical areas as it believes that these areas are either higher growth markets than the general IT services market and the general economy, or are areas that provide greater potential for the Company's growth due to the size of the vertical market. The remainder of CTG's revenue is derived from general markets.

The Company's revenue by vertical market as a percentage of total revenue for the quarter and three quarters ended September 30, 2011 and October 1, 2010 are as follows:

	For the Quarter Ended		For the Three Quarters Ended	
	Sept. 30, 2011	Oct. 1, 2010	Sept. 30, 2011	Oct. 1, 2010
Technology service providers	35%	37%	35%	36%
Healthcare	30%	27%	29%	27%
Energy	6%	7%	6%	7%
Financial services	6%	6%	7%	6%
General markets	23%	23%	23%	24%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%

The IT services industry is extremely competitive and characterized by continuous changes in customer requirements and improvements in technologies. The Company's competition varies significantly by geographic region, as well as by the type of service provided. Many of the Company's competitors are larger than CTG, and have greater financial, technical, sales and marketing resources. In addition, the Company frequently competes with a client's own internal IT staff. Our industry is being impacted by the growing use of lower-cost offshore delivery capabilities (primarily India and other parts of Asia). There can be no assurance that CTG will be able to continue to compete successfully with existing or future competitors or that future competition will not have a material adverse effect on our results of operations and financial condition.

Revenue and Cost Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, when the services have been rendered, when the price is determinable, and when collectability of the amount due is reasonably assured. For time-and-material contracts, revenue is recognized as hours are incurred and costs are expended. For contracts with periodic billing schedules, primarily monthly, revenue is recognized as services are rendered to the customer. Revenue for fixed price contracts is recognized as per the proportional method of accounting using an input-based approach whereby salary and indirect labor costs incurred are measured and compared with the total estimate of costs at completion of a project. Revenue is recognized based upon the percent complete calculation of total incurred costs to total estimated costs. The Company infrequently works on fixed price projects that include significant amounts of material or other non-labor related costs which could distort the percent complete calculation. The Company's estimate of the total labor costs it expects to incur over the term of the contract is based on the nature of the project and our past experience on similar projects, and includes management judgments and estimates which affect the amount of revenue recognized on fixed price contracts in any accounting period.

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The Company has entered into a series of contracts with a customer that provides for application customization and integration services, as well as post contract support (PCS) services, specifically utilizing one of the software tools the Company has internally developed. As the contracts are closely interrelated and dependent on each other, for accounting purposes the contracts are considered to be one arrangement. Additionally, as the project includes significant modification and customization services to transform the previously developed software tool into an expanded tool that will meet the customer's requirements, the percentage-of-completion method of contract accounting is being utilized for the project. Total revenue and costs were recognized equally until completion of the application customization and integration services portion of the project. The remaining unrecognized portion of the contract value is being recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the PCS period.

The Company's revenue from contracts accounted for under time-and-material, progress billing and percentage-of-completion methods for the quarter and three quarters ended September 30, 2011 and October 1, 2010 are as follows:

	For the Quarter Ended		For the Three Quarters Ended	
	Sept. 30, 2011	Oct. 1, 2010	Sept. 30, 2011	Oct. 1, 2010
Time-and-material	90%	90%	91%	91%
Progress payment	8%	6%	7%	6%
Percentage-of-completion	2%	4%	2%	3%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%

Results of Operations

The tables below set forth data as contained in the condensed consolidated statements of income with the percentage information calculated as a percentage of consolidated revenue.

For the Quarter ended:

	September 30, 2011		October 1, 2010	
	(amounts in thousands)			
Revenue	100.0%	\$ 101,119	100.0%	\$ 84,463
Direct costs	79.3%	80,152	79.5%	67,189
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	16.2%	16,391	16.8%	14,157
Operating income	4.5%	4,576	3.7%	3,117
Interest and other income (expense), net	0.1%	50	(0.1)%	(41)
Income before income taxes	4.6%	4,626	3.6%	3,076
Provision for income taxes	1.6%	1,635	1.2%	1,049
Net income	3.0%	\$ 2,991	2.4%	\$ 2,027

For the Three Quarters ended:

	September 30, 2011		October 1, 2010	
	(amounts in thousands)			
Revenue	100.0%	\$ 295,355	100.0%	\$ 244,094
Direct costs	79.2%	233,858	78.6%	192,020
Selling, general, and administrative expenses	16.1%	47,645	17.4%	42,379

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Operating income	4.7%	13,852	4.0%	9,695
Interest and other expense, net	(0.0)%	(35)	(0.1)%	(159)
Income before income taxes	4.7%	13,817	3.9%	9,536
Provision for income taxes	1.8%	5,168	1.6%	3,818
Net income	2.9%	\$ 8,649	2.3%	\$ 5,718

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In the 2011 third quarter, the Company recorded revenue of \$101.1 million, an increase of 19.7% compared with revenue of \$84.5 million recorded in the 2010 third quarter. There were 63 billable days in both the 2011 and 2010 third quarters. Revenue from the Company's North American operations totaled \$85.1 million in the 2011 third quarter, an increase of 20.4% when compared with North American revenue in the 2010 third quarter of \$70.7 million. Revenue from the Company's European operations in the 2011 third quarter totaled \$16.0 million, an increase of 16.2% when compared with European revenue in the 2010 third quarter of \$13.8 million. The European revenue represented 15.9% and 16.3% of 2011 and 2010 third quarter consolidated revenue, respectively. The Company's revenue included reimbursable expenses billed to customers which totaled \$3.1 million and \$2.4 million in the 2011 and 2010 third quarters, respectively.

In the first three quarters of 2011, the Company recorded revenue of \$295.4 million, an increase of 21.0% compared with revenue of \$244.1 million recorded in the first three quarters of 2010. There were 192 billable days in the first three quarters of both 2011 and 2010. Revenue from the Company's North American operations totaled \$244.9 million in the first three quarters of 2011, an increase of 22.9% when compared with revenue in the first three quarters of 2010 of \$199.3 million. Revenue from the Company's European operations in the first three quarters of 2011 totaled \$50.5 million, an increase of 12.7% when compared with revenue in the first three quarters of 2010 of \$44.8 million. The European revenue represented 17.1% and 18.3% of 2011 and 2010 year-to-date consolidated revenue, respectively. Reimbursable expenses billed to customers and included in revenue totaled \$9.4 million and \$6.5 million in the 2011 and 2010 year-to-date periods, respectively.

The revenue increase in the 2011 third quarter and first three quarters as compared with the corresponding 2010 periods is due to strong demand for the Company's IT solutions and IT staffing services. IT solutions revenue increased 36.4% and 33.9% in the 2011 third quarter and year-to-date period, respectively, as compared with the corresponding 2010 periods. The IT solutions revenue increase was primarily driven by an increase in the electronic medical records work for providers in the Company's healthcare vertical market. IT staffing revenue increased 11.2% and 14.7% in the 2011 third quarter and year-to-date period, respectively, as compared with the corresponding 2010 periods. The Company's headcount was approximately 3,700 employees at September 30, 2011, which was an increase of approximately 300 employees from 3,400 at both December 31, 2010, and October 1, 2010.

The increase in revenue in the Company's European operations in both the 2011 third quarter and first three quarters as compared with the corresponding 2010 periods was partially due to modest strength in the Company's European IT staffing business. This revenue increase was supported by the strength relative to the U.S. dollar of the currencies of Belgium, Luxembourg, and the United Kingdom, the countries in which the Company's European subsidiaries operate. In Belgium and Luxembourg, the functional currency is the Euro, while in the United Kingdom the functional currency is the British Pound. In the 2011 third quarter as compared with the 2010 third quarter, the average value of the Euro increased 9.5% while the average value of the British Pound increased 3.9%. A significant portion of the Company's revenue from its European operations is generated in Belgium and Luxembourg. If there had been no change in these exchange rates from the 2010 third quarter to the 2011 third quarter, total European revenue would have been approximately \$1.3 million lower, or \$14.7 million as compared with the \$16.0 million reported. In the first three quarters of 2011 as compared with the first three quarters of 2010, the average value of the Euro increased 6.9% while the average value of the British Pound increased 5.2%. If there had been no change in the exchange rates from the first three quarters of 2010 to the corresponding 2011 period, total European revenue would have been approximately \$3.1 million lower, or \$47.4 million as compared with the \$50.5 million reported.

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In the 2011 third quarter, IBM was the Company's largest customer, accounting for \$30.8 million or 30.4% of consolidated revenue as compared with \$27.2 million or 32.2% of revenue in the comparable 2010 period. In the first three quarters of 2011, IBM accounted for \$89.0 million or 30.2% of consolidated revenue, compared with \$75.4 million or 30.9% in the comparable 2010 period. During the 2011 second quarter, the Company's National Technical Services (NTS Agreement) contract with IBM was extended from June 30, 2011 to September 28, 2011. During the 2011 third quarter, the NTS Agreement contract was again extended three months to December 31, 2011, as IBM in the normal course of its business periodically reviews the NTS contract it has with its vendors. As part of the NTS Agreement, the Company provides its services as a predominant supplier to IBM's Integrated Technology Services unit and as sole provider to the Systems and Technology Group business unit. IBM has informed CTG that it has been selected to continue as a supplier under the NTS Agreement for the next three years. CTG expects the NTS Agreement to be executed during the 2011 fourth quarter, and we expect the Company will continue to derive a significant portion of its revenue from IBM throughout the remainder of 2011 and in future years. However, a significant decline in or the loss of the revenue from IBM would have a significant negative effect on our operating results. The Company's accounts receivable from IBM at September 30, 2011 and October 1, 2010 totaled \$15.4 million and \$14.1 million, respectively. No other customer accounted for more than 10% of the Company's revenue in either the third quarter or year-to-date periods of 2011 or 2010.

Direct costs, defined as the costs for billable staff including billable out-of-pocket expenses, were 79.3% of revenue in the 2011 third quarter as compared with 79.5% of revenue in the 2010 third quarter, and 79.2% of revenue in the 2011 first three quarters as compared with 78.6% in the 2010 corresponding period. The Company's direct costs as a percentage of revenue fell slightly in the 2011 third quarter as compared with the 2010 third quarter due to a shift in the Company's business mix to a higher level of solutions business, which incurs less direct costs than the Company's staffing business. This change in business mix was offset, however, by higher employee benefit costs in 2011, mainly unemployment insurance. The increase in direct costs as a percentage of revenue in the first three quarters of 2011 when compared with the corresponding 2010 period is primarily due to the increase in unemployment insurance in 2011.

Selling, general and administrative (SG&A) expenses were 16.2% of revenue in the 2011 third quarter and 16.8% in the 2010 corresponding period, and 16.1% in the first three quarters of 2011 as compared with 17.4% in the corresponding 2010 period. The SG&A decrease as a percentage of revenue in both the 2011 third quarter and first three quarters as compared with the corresponding 2010 periods is primarily due to disciplined cost management and the economies of scale associated with revenue growth.

Operating income was 4.5% of revenue in the 2011 third quarter as compared with 3.7% in the 2010 third quarter, and 4.7% in the first three quarters of 2011 as compared with 4.0% in the corresponding 2010 period. The slight decline in operating income as a percentage of revenue in the 2011 third quarter as compared with the first three quarters of 2011 is due to the seasonality the Company typically experiences in the third quarter of the year as a result of increased vacation time in the summer months. Operating income from North American operations was \$12.0 million and \$8.9 million in the 2011 and 2010 first three quarters, respectively, while European operations recorded operating income of \$1.9 million and \$0.8 million, respectively, in the corresponding 2011 and 2010 periods.

Interest and other income (expense), net was 0.1% of revenue in the 2011 third quarter as compared with (0.1)% in the 2010 third quarter. The income in the 2011 third quarter was due to a gain on the sale of property of about \$0.1 million.

The Company's effective tax rate (ETR) is calculated quarterly based upon current assumptions relating to the full year's estimated operating results and various tax-related items. The Company's normal annual ETR typically ranges from 38% to 42% of pre-tax income.

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The 2011 third quarter ETR was 35.3% and the 2011 year-to-date ETR was 37.4%. During the 2011 third quarter, the Company recorded certain favorable tax adjustments to tax expense totaling less than \$0.1 million associated with the filing of its 2010 federal and state income tax returns. Also during the 2011 third quarter, the Company recorded additional tax credits totaling less than \$0.1 million related to its research and development activities. Finally, again during the 2011 third quarter, the Company recognized federal tax credits totaling approximately \$0.1 million related to the retention of certain individuals hired during 2010.

The 2010 third quarter ETR was 34.1%, and the 2010 year-to-date ETR was 40.0%. During the 2010 third quarter, an examination was completed for the U.S. federal tax jurisdiction for 2008. Based upon the results of this examination, the Company reduced the amount of its unrecognized tax benefits by less than \$0.1 million. In addition, during the 2010 third quarter, the Company recorded certain favorable adjustments to tax expense totaling approximately \$0.1 million associated with the filing of its 2009 state income tax returns.

Net income for the 2011 third quarter was 3.0% of revenue or \$0.18 per diluted share, compared with net income of 2.4% of revenue or \$0.13 per diluted share, in the 2010 third quarter. Net income for the first three quarters of 2011 was 2.9% of revenue or \$0.52 per diluted share, compared with net income of 2.3% of revenue or \$0.36 per diluted share, in the comparable 2010 period. Diluted earnings per share was calculated using 16.7 million and 15.9 million weighted-average equivalent shares outstanding for the quarters ended September 30, 2011 and October 1, 2010, respectively. Diluted earnings per share was calculated using 16.7 million and 16.0 million weighted-average equivalent shares outstanding for the year-to-date periods ended September 30, 2011 and October 1, 2010, respectively. The number of equivalent shares outstanding increased year-over-year due to an increase in the Company's stock price which increased the dilutive effect of outstanding stock options, but was somewhat offset by the purchase of 340,000 shares into treasury stock pursuant to the Company's share repurchase program for the twelve month period ended September 30, 2011.

Critical Accounting Policies

The preparation of financial statements and related disclosures in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires the Company's management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. The Company's significant accounting policies, along with the underlying assumptions and judgments made by the Company's management in their application, have a significant impact on the Company's condensed consolidated financial statements. The Company identifies its most critical accounting policies as those that are the most pervasive and important to the portrayal of the Company's financial position and results of operations, and that require the most difficult, subjective and/or complex judgments by management regarding estimates about matters that are inherently uncertain. The Company's most critical accounting policies are those related to income taxes, specifically relating to deferred taxes and valuation allowances, and goodwill valuation.

Income Taxes - Deferred Taxes and Valuation Allowances At September 30, 2011, the Company had a total of \$7.3 million of current and non-current deferred tax assets, net of deferred tax liabilities, recorded on its consolidated balance sheet. The changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities from period to period are determined based upon the changes in differences between the basis of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the basis of assets and liabilities for tax purposes, as measured by the enacted tax rates when these differences are estimated to reverse. The Company has made certain assumptions regarding the timing of the reversal of these assets and liabilities, and whether taxable income in future periods will be sufficient to recognize all or a part of any gross deferred tax asset of the Company.

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At September 30, 2011, the Company had deferred tax assets recorded resulting from net operating losses totaling approximately \$2.9 million. Management of the Company has analyzed each jurisdiction's tax position, including forecasting potential taxable income in future periods, and the expiration of the net operating loss carryforwards as applicable, and determined that it is unclear whether some of these deferred tax assets will be realized at any point in the future. At September 30, 2011, the Company has offset substantially all of these deferred tax assets with a valuation allowance totaling \$2.8 million, resulting in a net deferred tax asset from net operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$0.1 million.

The Company's deferred tax assets and their potential realizability are evaluated each quarter to determine if any changes should be made to the valuation allowance. Any change in the valuation allowance in the future could result in a change in the Company's effective tax rate (ETR). A 1% change in the ETR in the 2011 third quarter would have increased or decreased net income in the quarter by approximately \$46,000.

Goodwill Valuation The Company has a goodwill balance of \$35.7 million recorded as of September 30, 2011. As of the fiscal month-end October 2010, with the assistance of an independent appraisal company, the Company completed its annual valuation of the business to which the Company's goodwill relates. The valuation indicated that the estimated fair value of the business was substantially in excess of its carrying value by approximately 31%. Additionally, no facts or circumstances have arisen since October 2010 that have led management to believe the goodwill may be impaired.

Other Estimates The Company has also made a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reporting of other assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities to prepare the consolidated financial statements pursuant to the rules and regulations of the SEC. Such estimates primarily relate to actuarial assumptions including discount rates and expected rates of return on assets, as applicable, for the Company's defined benefit and postretirement benefit plans, an allowance for doubtful accounts receivable, assumptions underlying stock option valuation, investment valuation, legal matters, other contingencies, and progress toward completion and direct profit or loss on contracts. As future events and their effects can not be determined with precision, actual results could differ from these estimates. Changes in the economic climates in which the Company operates may affect these estimates and will be reflected in the Company's financial statements in the event they occur.

Financial Condition and Liquidity

Operating activities used cash of \$1.5 million in the first three quarters of 2011 (2011 period), and provided \$2.6 million of cash in the first three quarters of 2010 (2010 period). In the 2011 period, net income totaled \$8.6 million, while other non-cash adjustments, primarily consisting of depreciation and amortization expense, equity-based compensation expense, deferred income taxes, a gain on the sale of property and equipment, and deferred compensation totaled a net of \$2.5 million. In the 2010 period, net income was \$5.7 million, while the corresponding non-cash adjustments netted to \$2.2 million. Accounts receivable balances increased \$10.3 million in the 2011 period, and increased \$12.2 million in the 2010 period. The increase in the accounts receivable balance in the 2011 period resulted from the 21% increase in revenue year-over-year, as days sales outstanding (DSO) remained at 61 days at September 30, 2011 as compared with October 1, 2010. The increase in accounts receivable in the 2010 period primarily resulted from a 17.4% increase in revenue year-over-year.

Other assets increased \$0.5 million in the 2011 period due to the timing of payment of insurance premiums prior to quarter-end, and decreased \$0.7 million due to payments made subsequent to quarter-end in the 2010 period. Accrued compensation increased \$0.1 million in the 2011 period due to an increase in employee headcount of approximately 300, or 9%, and an increase in accrued incentives,

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and was offset by one less week of accrued wages at September 30, 2011 as compared with December 31, 2010. Accrued compensation increased \$6.8 million in the 2010 period primarily due to an increase in employee headcount of approximately 17%. Advance billings decreased \$1.1 million in the 2011 period, and increased \$0.8 million in the 2010 period due to the timing of invoices sent to customers in each period near quarter-end.

Investing activities used \$1.5 million in the 2011 period as compared with \$1.6 million in the 2010 period. The cash used in the 2011 period primarily represented the additions to property, equipment and capitalized software of \$1.7 million, offset by proceeds from sales of property and equipment of \$0.2 million. Additions to property and equipment in the 2010 period totaled approximately \$1.6 million. The Company has no significant commitments for the purchase of property or equipment at September 30, 2011.

Financing activities provided \$0.9 million of cash in the 2011 period as compared with a usage of cash of \$1.3 million in the 2010 period. The cash provided in the 2011 period primarily related to \$1.8 million received from the exercise of stock options under the Company's equity-based compensation plans and the excess tax benefits received from the exercise of those stock options of \$1.7 million, offset by \$3.3 million used for the purchase of stock for treasury. In the 2010 period, the Company received \$0.5 million from the exercise of stock options and \$0.2 million from excess tax benefits received for the exercise of those options, and used \$2.4 million for the purchase of stock for treasury.

The Company's credit agreement currently expires in April 2014 and allows the Company to borrow up to \$35.0 million. At both September 30, 2011 and October 1, 2010, there were no amounts outstanding under the credit agreement. Although there were no borrowings outstanding, at both September 30, 2011 and October 1, 2010, there were \$0.4 million of letters of credit issued under the credit agreement. The Company borrows or repays its revolving debt as needed based upon its working capital obligations, including the timing of the U.S. bi-weekly payroll. During the 2011 period, the average outstanding daily balance under the Company's revolving line of credit was approximately \$0.5 million, while the average outstanding balance under this line of credit was \$1.8 million in the 2010 period.

The Company is required to meet certain financial covenants in order to maintain borrowings under its revolving credit line, pay dividends, and make acquisitions. The covenants are measured quarterly, and at September 30, 2011 include a leverage ratio which must be no more than 2.75 to 1, a calculation of minimum tangible net worth which must be no less than \$41.6 million, and total expenditures for property, equipment and capitalized software can not exceed \$5.0 million annually. The Company was in compliance with these covenants at September 30, 2011 as its leverage ratio was 0.0, tangible net worth was \$51.4 million, and 2011 year-to-date expenditures for property, equipment and capitalized software were \$1.7 million. The Company was also in compliance with its required covenants at October 1, 2010. When considering current market conditions and operating results, and the Company's current estimate of future operating results, the Company believes it will be able to meet its covenants, as applicable, for the remainder of 2011 and in future years.

During the 2011 period, the Company used approximately \$3.3 million to purchase 281,000 shares of its stock for treasury. At September 30, 2011, a total of approximately 0.9 million shares are authorized for future purchases. During the 2010 period, the Company used approximately \$2.4 million to purchase 322,000 shares of its stock for treasury.

The Company believes existing internally available funds, cash potentially generated from future operations, and borrowings available under the Company's revolving line of credit totaling \$34.6 million at September 30, 2011 are sufficient to meet foreseeable working capital and capital expenditure needs, fund stock repurchases, and allow for future internal growth and expansion.

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Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company did not have off-balance sheet arrangements or transactions in the 2011 or 2010 third quarters or year-to-date periods other than the guarantees in our European operations that support office leases and performance under government contracts.

Contractual Obligations

The Company did not enter into any significant contractual obligations during year-to-date period ended September 30, 2011.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

The Company's primary market risk exposures consist of interest rate risk associated with variable rate borrowings and foreign currency exchange risk associated with the Company's European operations.

The Company's credit agreement currently expires in April 2014 and allows the Company to borrow up to \$35.0 million. At both September 30, 2011 and October 1, 2010, there were no amounts outstanding under the credit agreement. At both September 30, 2011 and October 1, 2010, there were \$0.4 million of letters of credit issued under the credit agreement.

The largest amounts outstanding under the Company's credit agreements during the quarters ended September 30, 2011 and October 1, 2010 were \$3.7 million and \$5.7 million, respectively. Average bank borrowings outstanding for such quarters were \$0.5 million and \$1.1 million, respectively. Accordingly, a one percent increase or decrease in the weighted-average interest rate in 2011 would have increased or decreased annual interest expense by \$5,000.

During the 2011 third quarter, revenue was affected by the strength relative to the U.S. dollar of the currencies of Belgium, Luxembourg, and the United Kingdom, the countries in which the Company's European subsidiaries operate. In Belgium and Luxembourg, the functional currency is the Euro, while in the United Kingdom the functional currency is the British Pound. In the 2011 third quarter as compared with the 2010 third quarter, the average value of the Euro increased 9.5% while the average value of the British Pound increased 3.9%. A significant portion of the Company's revenue from its European operations is generated in Belgium and Luxembourg. If there had been no change in these exchange rates from the 2010 third quarter to the 2011 third quarter, total European revenue would have been approximately \$1.3 million lower, or \$14.7 million as compared with the \$16.0 million reported. In the first three quarters of 2011 as compared with the first three quarters of 2010, the average value of the Euro increased 6.9% while the average value of the British Pound increased 5.2%. If there had been no change in the exchange rates from the first three quarters of 2010 to the corresponding 2011 period, total European revenue would have been approximately \$3.1 million lower, or \$47.4 million as compared with the \$50.5 million reported. Operating income in Europe was not significantly affected in the 2011 third quarter, but would have been approximately \$0.2 million lower in the first three quarters of 2011 as compared with the corresponding 2010 periods due to the change in exchange rates year-over-year.

The Company has historically not used any market risk sensitive instruments to hedge its foreign currency exchange risk. The Company believes the market risk related to intercompany balances in future periods will not have a material affect on its results of operations.

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Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Company's management has evaluated, under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, the effectiveness of the design and operations of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this periodic report.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

The Company reviews its internal controls on a continuous basis. The Company's management, including its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of the end of the period covered by this report, and concluded that the Company's internal control over financial reporting was effective as of the end of the period covered by this report. There were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the period covered by this report, which ended on September 30, 2011, that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Table of Contents**PART II. OTHER INFORMATION****Item 1. Legal Proceedings**

None

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There were no material changes in the Company's risk factors from those previously disclosed in the Company's Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2010.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds**Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities**

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share **	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Number of Shares that may yet be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs*
Jul. 2 Jul. 31	40,900	\$ 12.66	40,900	1,033,588
Aug. 1 Aug. 31	65,708	\$ 11.56	65,708	967,880
Sept. 1 Sept. 30	80,037	\$ 10.46	80,037	887,843
Total	186,645	\$ 11.33	186,645	

* The Company's share repurchase program (originally announced on May 12, 2005) does not have an expiration date, nor was it terminated during the 2011 third quarter. During February 2011, the Company's Board of Directors authorized the addition of one million shares to the repurchase program. The information in this table does not include shares tendered to the Company either to satisfy the exercise cost for the cashless exercise of employee stock options, or tax withholding obligations associated with employee equity awards.

** Excludes broker commissions

Item 3. Default Upon Senior Securities

None

Item 4. Removed and Reserved**Item 5. Other Information**

None

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Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit	Description	Page
31. (a)	Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	27
31. (b)	Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	28
32.	Certification Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	29
101.	Interactive data files pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T: the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income for the three and nine-month periods Ending September 30, 2011 and October 1, 2010, the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2011 and December 31, 2010, the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2011 and October 1, 2010, and the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	

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SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

COMPUTER TASK GROUP, INCORPORATED

By: /s/ Brendan M. Harrington
Brendan M. Harrington
Title: Chief Financial Officer

Date: October 28, 2011