WALT DISNEY CO/ Form 10-Q May 10, 2011

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF

THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended	Commission File Number 1-11605
April 2, 2011	
Incorporated in Delaware 500 South Buena Vi	I.R.S. Employer Identification No. 95-4545390 Ista Street, Burbank, California 91521
	(818) 560-1000
	reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act eriod that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject
	lectronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that
Yes <u>X</u> No	
	erated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting celerated filer , and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act
Large accelerated filer X	Accelerated filer
Non-accelerated filer (do not check if smaller reporting company) Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company	Smaller reporting company any (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act).

Yes No \underline{X}

There were 1,890,153,714 shares of common stock outstanding as of May 3, 2011.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1: Financial Statements

THE WALT DISNEY COMPANY

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(unaudited; in millions, except per share data)

	Quarte	r Ended	Six Months Ended				
	April 2, 2011	April 3, 2010	April 2, 2011	April 3, 2010			
Revenues	\$ 9,077	\$ 8,580	\$ 19,793	\$ 18,319			
Costs and expenses	(7,549)	(7,068)	(16,325)	(15,393)			
Restructuring and impairment charges		(71)	(12)	(176)			
Other income		70	75	97			
Net interest expense	(83)	(130)	(178)	(233)			
Equity in the income of investees	123	154	279	243			
Income before income taxes	1,568	1,535	3,632	2,857			
Income taxes	(558)	(537)	(1,288)	(1,015)			
Net income	1,010	998	2,344	1,842			
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(68)	(45)	(100)	(45)			
Net income attributable to The Walt Disney Company (Disney)	\$ 942	\$ 953	\$ 2,244	\$ 1,797			
Earnings per share attributable to Disney:							
Diluted	\$ 0.49	\$ 0.48	\$ 1.16	\$ 0.93			
Basic	\$ 0.50	\$ 0.49	\$ 1.18	\$ 0.94			
Weighted average number of common and common equivalent shares outstanding:							
Diluted	1,934	1,973	1,930	1,938			
Basic	1,899	1,940	1,895	1,903			

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(unaudited; in millions, except per share data)

		April 2, 2011	O	ctober 2, 2010
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,094	\$	2,722
Receivables		6,075		5,784
Inventories		1,453		1,442
Television costs		878		678
Deferred income taxes		1,051		1,018
Other current assets		669		581
Total current assets		13,220		12,225
Film and television costs		4,609		4,773
Investments		2,499		2,513
Parks, resorts and other property, at cost		,		,
Attractions, buildings and equipment		34,832		32,875
Accumulated depreciation		(19,156)		(18,373)
r		(, , , , ,		(- / /
		15,676		14,502
Projects in progress		2,086		2,180
Land		1,136		1,124
Land		1,130		1,124
		10 000		17.006
		18,898		17,806
Intangible assets, net		5,139		5,081
Goodwill		24,127		24,100
Other assets		2,096		2,708
Total assets	\$	70,588	\$	69,206
		-,		,
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	\$	5,150	\$	6,109
Current portion of borrowings	Ψ	4,084	φ	2,350
Unearned royalties and other advances		3,569		2,541
oncarned toyantes and other advances		3,307		2,541
77 (1		12 002		11.000
Total current liabilities		12,803		11,000
Borrowings		8,688		10,130
Deferred income taxes		2,841		2,630
Other long-term liabilities		5,944		6,104
Commitments and contingencies		,		,
Disney Shareholders equity				
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value				
Authorized 100 million shares, Issued none				
Common stock, \$.01 par value				
Authorized 4.6 billion shares, Issued 2.7 billion shares		29,938		28,736
Retained earnings		35,814		34,327
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(1,837)		(1,881)
		(-,,		(-,50-)

Edgar Filing: WALT DISNEY CO/ - Form 10-Q

	63,915	61,182
Treasury stock, at cost 844.8 million shares at April 2, 2011 and 803.1 million shares at October 2, 2010	(25,265)	(23,663)
Total Disney Shareholders equity Noncontrolling interests	38,650 1,662	37,519 1,823
Total equity	40,312	39,342
Total liability and equity	\$ 70,588	\$ 69,206

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(unaudited; in millions)

	Six Mon	ths Ended
	April 2, 2011	April 3, 2010
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		2010
Net income	\$ 2,344	\$ 1,842
Depreciation and amortization	903	847
Gains on dispositions	(75)	(75)
Deferred income taxes	195	235
Equity in the income of investees	(279)	(243)
Cash distributions received from equity investees	295	202
Net change in film and television costs	(184)	(481)
Equity-based compensation	247	272
Impairment charges	10	96
Other	(87)	(78)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	(6.7)	(. 5)
Receivables	(21)	(348)
Inventories	(30)	66
Other assets	28	58
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	20	330
Income taxes	(280)	(234)
income taxes	(280)	(234)
Cash provided by operations	3,068	2,489
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Investments in parks, resorts and other property	(1,845)	(807)
Proceeds from dispositions	566	115
Acquisitions	(171)	(2,261)
Other	(106)	(25)
Cash used in investing activities	(1,556)	(2,978)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Commercial paper borrowings, net	470	974
Reduction of borrowings	(73)	(243)
Dividends	(756)	(653)
Repurchases of common stock	(1,602)	(240)
Exercise of stock options and other	754	421
Cash (used)/provided by financing activities	(1,207)	259
Impact of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents	67	(112)
Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	372	(342)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	2,722	3,417

Cash and cash equivalents, end of period

3,094

\$ 3,075

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

4

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY

(unaudited; in millions)

		Ap	ril 2, 2011	Quarte	r End	ed	Apr	il 3, 2010	
	Disney areholders	cc	Non- ontrolling interests	Total Equity		Disney areholders	coi	Non- ntrolling nterests	Total Equity
Beginning Balance	\$ 37,797	\$	1,942	\$ 39,739	\$	36,180	\$	1,778	\$ 37,958
Net income	942		68	1,010		953		45	998
Other comprehensive income:									
Market value adjustments for hedges and investments	(21)			(21)		4			4
Pension and postretirement medical adjustments	42			42		63			63
Foreign currency translation and other	29		16	45		(29)		(11)	(40)
Other comprehensive income	50		16	66		38		(11)	27
Comprehensive income	992		84	1,076		991		34	1,025
Equity compensation activity	667			667		526			526
Common stock repurchases	(805)			(805)		(215)			(215)
Distributions and other	(1)		(364)	(365)		(2)		(323)	(325)
Ending Balance	\$ 38,650	\$	1,662	\$ 40,312	\$	37,480	\$	1,489	\$ 38,969

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

$CONDENSED\ CONSOLIDATED\ STATEMENTS\ OF\ EQUITY\ (cont\ \ d)$

(unaudited; in millions)

		-	il 2, 2011	Quarte	r Endo	ed	-	il 3, 2010	
	Disney reholders	coı	Non- ntrolling nterests	Total Equity		Disney areholders	cor	Non- ntrolling nterests	Total Equity
Beginning Balance	\$ 37,519	\$	1,823	\$ 39,342	\$	33,734	\$	1,691	\$ 35,425
Net income	2,244		100	2,344		1,797		45	1,842
Other comprehensive income:									
Market value adjustments for hedges and investments	(54)			(54)		20			20
Pension and postretirement medical adjustments	78			78		90			90
Foreign currency translation and other	20		8	28		(25)		(14)	(39)
Other comprehensive income	44		8	52		85		(14)	71
Comprehensive income	2,288		108	2,396		1,882		31	1,913
Equity compensation activity	1,202			1,202		870			870
Dividends	(756)			(756)		(653)			(653)
Common stock repurchases	(1,602)			(1,602)		(240)			(240)
Acquisition of Marvel						1,887		90	1,977
Distributions and other	(1)		(269)	(270)				(323)	(323)
Ending Balance	\$ 38,650	\$	1,662	\$ 40,312	\$	37,480	\$	1,489	\$ 38,969

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(unaudited; tabular dollars in millions, except for per share data)

1 Principles of Consolidation

These Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) for interim financial information and the instructions to Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. We believe that we have included all normal recurring adjustments necessary for a fair statement of the results for the interim period. Operating results for the quarter and six months ended April 2, 2011 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending October 1, 2011. Certain reclassifications have been made in the prior year financial statements to conform to the current year presentation.

These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company s 2010 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

In December 1999, DVD Financing, Inc. (DFI), a subsidiary of Disney Vacation Development, Inc. and an indirect subsidiary of the Company, completed a receivables sale transaction that established a facility that permitted DFI to sell receivables arising from the sale of vacation club memberships on a periodic basis. In connection with this facility, DFI prepares separate financial statements, although its separate assets and liabilities are also consolidated in these financial statements. DFI s ability to sell new receivables under this facility ended on December 4, 2008. (See Note 13 for further discussion of this facility)

The Company enters into relationships or investments with other entities, and in certain instances, the entity in which the Company has a relationship or investment may qualify as a variable interest entity (VIE). A VIE is consolidated in the financial statements if the Company has the power to direct activities that most significantly impact the economic performance of the VIE and has the obligation to absorb losses or the right to receive benefits from the VIE that could potentially be significant to the VIE. Euro Disney and Hong Kong Disneyland are VIEs, and given the nature of the Company s relationships with these entities, which include management agreements, the Company has consolidated Euro Disney and Hong Kong Disneyland in its financial statements.

The terms Company, we, us, and our are used in this report to refer collectively to the parent company and the subsidiaries through which our various businesses are actually conducted.

2. Segment Information

The operating segments reported below are the segments of the Company for which separate financial information is available and for which segment results are evaluated regularly by the Chief Executive Officer in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance. The Company reports the performance of its operating segments including equity in the income of investees, which consists primarily of cable businesses included in the Media Networks segment.

Beginning with the first quarter of fiscal 2011, the Company made changes to certain transfer pricing arrangements between its business units. The most significant change was to the allocation of home video revenue and distribution costs between the Media Networks and Studio Entertainment segments for home video titles produced by the Media Networks segment and distributed by the Studio Entertainment segment. These changes will generally result in higher revenues, expenses and operating income at our Media Networks segment with offsetting declines at our Studio Entertainment segment.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(unaudited; tabular dollars in millions, except for per share data)

	Quarter	Ended	Six Mont	hs Ended
	April 2, 2011	April 3, 2010	April 2, 2011	April 3, 2010
Revenues ⁽¹⁾ :				
Media Networks	\$ 4,322	\$ 3,844	\$ 8,967	\$ 8,019
Parks and Resorts	2,630	2,449	5,498	5,111
Studio Entertainment	1,340	1,536	3,272	3,471
Consumer Products	626	596	1,548	1,342
Interactive Media	159	155	508	376
	\$ 9,077	\$ 8,580	\$ 19,793	\$ 18,319
Segment operating income (loss) ⁽¹⁾ :				
Media Networks	\$ 1,524	\$ 1,306	\$ 2,590	\$ 2,030
Parks and Resorts	145	150	613	525
Studio Entertainment	77	223	452	466
Consumer Products	142	133	454	376
Interactive Media	(115)	(55)	(128)	(65)
	\$ 1,773	\$ 1,757	\$ 3,981	\$ 3,332

⁽¹⁾ Studio Entertainment segment revenues and operating income include an allocation of Consumer Products and Interactive Media revenues which is meant to reflect royalties on sales of merchandise based on certain Studio film properties. The increases/(decreases) related to these allocations on segment revenues and operating income as reported in the above table are as follows:

	Quart	ter Ended	Six Months Ended			
	April 2, 2011	April 3, 2010	April 2, 2011	April 3, 2010		
Studio Entertainment	\$ 45	\$ 45	\$ 118	\$ 85		
Consumer Products	(44)	(41)	(116)	(79)		
Interactive Media	(1)	(4)	(2)	(6)		
	\$	\$	\$	\$		

A reconciliation of segment operating income to income before income taxes is as follows:

	Quarte	er Ended	Six Months Ended			
	April 2, 2011	April 3, 2010	April 2, 2011	April 3, 2010		
Segment operating income	\$ 1,773	\$ 1,757	\$ 3,981	\$ 3,332		
Corporate and unallocated shared expenses	(122)	(91)	(234)	(163)		
Restructuring and impairment charges		(71)	(12)	(176)		
Other income		70	75	97		
Net interest expense	(83)	(130)	(178)	(233)		
Income before income taxes	\$ 1,568	\$ 1,535	\$ 3,632	\$ 2,857		

3. Acquisitions

Playdom

On August 27, 2010, the Company acquired Playdom, Inc. (Playdom), a company that develops online social games. This acquisition is designed to strengthen the Company s digital gaming portfolio and provide access to a new customer base. Total consideration was approximately \$563 million, subject to certain conditions and adjustments, of which approximately \$115 million will be paid subject to vesting

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(unaudited; tabular dollars in millions, except for per share data)

conditions and recognized as post-close compensation expense. Additional consideration of up to \$200 million may be paid if Playdom achieves predefined revenue and earnings targets for calendar year 2012. The Company has recognized the fair value (determined by a probability weighting of the potential payouts) of the additional consideration as a liability and subsequent fair value changes, measured quarterly, up to the ultimate amount paid, will be recognized in earnings.

The Company is in the process of finalizing the valuation of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

Goodwill

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the six months ended April 2, 2011, are as follows:

	Media Networks	Parks and Resorts	Studio Entertainment	Consumer Products	Interactive Media	Total
Balance at Oct. 2, 2010	\$ 15,737	\$ 171	\$ 5,268	\$ 1,805	\$ 1,119	\$ 24,100
Acquisitions	3				10	13
Disposition	(17)					(17)
Other, net	3		7	(8)	29	31
Balance at April 2, 2011	\$ 15,726	\$ 171	\$ 5,275	\$ 1,797	\$ 1,158	\$ 24,127

The carrying amount of goodwill at April 2, 2011 and October 2, 2010 includes accumulated impairments of \$29 million at Interactive Media.

The Disney Stores Japan

On March 31, 2010, the Company acquired all of the outstanding shares of Retail Networks Company Limited (The Disney Stores Japan) in exchange for a \$17 million note. At the time of the acquisition, the Disney Store Japan had a cash balance of \$13 million. In connection with the acquisition, the Company recognized a \$22 million non-cash gain from the deemed termination of the existing licensing arrangement. The gain is reported in Other income in the fiscal 2010 Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income.

4. Dispositions

Miramax

On December 3, 2010, the Company sold Miramax Film NY, LLC (Miramax) for \$663 million. Net proceeds which reflect closing adjustments, the settlement of related claims and obligations and Miramax s cash balance at closing were \$532 million, resulting in a pre-tax gain of \$64 million, which is reported in Other income in the fiscal 2011 Condensed Consolidated Statement of Income. The book value of Miramax included \$217 million of allocated goodwill that is not deductible for tax purposes. Accordingly, tax expense recorded in connection with the transaction was approximately \$103 million resulting in a loss of \$39 million after tax.

Other Dispositions

On January 27, 2010, the Company sold its investment in a pay television service in Europe for \$78 million, resulting in a pre-tax gain of \$48 million reported in Other income in the fiscal 2010 Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income.

On November 25, 2009, the Company sold its investment in a television service in Europe for \$37 million, resulting in a pre-tax gain of \$27 million reported in Other income in the fiscal 2010 Condensed Consolidated Statement of Income.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(unaudited; tabular dollars in millions, except for per share data)

5 Borrowings

During the six months ended April 2, 2011, the Company s borrowing activity was as follows:

	O	ctober 2, 2010	A	Additions	Payments	Other Activity	A	April 2, 2011
Commercial paper borrowings	\$	1,190	\$	470	\$	\$	\$	1,660
U.S. medium-term notes		6,815				2		6,817
European medium-term notes		273				1		274
Other foreign currency denominated debt		965				22		987
Other ⁽¹⁾		651			(34)	(97)		520
Euro Disney borrowings ⁽²⁾		2,113			(62)	90		2,141
Hong Kong Disneyland borrowings ⁽³⁾		473				(100)		373
Total	\$	12,480	\$	470	\$ (96)	\$ (82)	\$	12,772

⁽¹⁾ The other activity is primarily market value adjustments for debt with qualifying hedges.

In February 2011, the Company entered into a new four-year \$2.25 billion bank facility with a syndicate of lenders. This facility, in combination with an existing facility that matures in 2013, is used to support commercial paper borrowings. The new facility allows the Company to issue up to \$800 million of letters of credit. The bank facilities allow for borrowings at LIBOR-based rates plus a spread depending on the credit default swap spread applicable to the Company s debt, subject to a cap and a floor that vary with the Company s public debt rating. The spread above LIBOR can range from 0.33% to 4.50%.

6 International Theme Park Investments

The Company has a 51% effective ownership interest in the operations of Euro Disney and a 47% ownership interest in the operations of Hong Kong Disneyland, both of which are consolidated in the Company s financial statements.

The following table presents summarized balance sheet information for the Company as of April 2, 2011, reflecting the impact of consolidating the balance sheets of Euro Disney and Hong Kong Disneyland.

	Before Euro		
	Disney and	Euro Disney,	
	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	
	Disneyland	Disneyland and	
	Consolidation	Adjustments	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,518	\$ 576	\$ 3,094
Other current assets	9,875	251	10,126

⁽²⁾ The other activity is primarily the impact of foreign currency translation as a result of the weakening of the U.S. dollar against the Euro.

The other activity is due to the conversion of a portion of the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region s (HKSAR) loan to equity pursuant to a capital realignment and expansion plan.

Edgar Filing: WALT DISNEY CO/ - Form 10-Q

Total current assets	12,393	827	13,220
Investments	3,598	(1,099)	2,499
Fixed assets	14,627	4,271	18,898
Other assets	35,856	115	35,971
Total assets	\$ 66,474	\$ 4,114	\$ 70,588
Current portion of borrowings	\$ 3,895	\$ 189	\$ 4,084
Other current liabilities	8,145	574	8,719
Total current liabilities	12,040	763	12,803
Borrowings	6,363	2,325	8,688
Deferred income taxes and other long-term liabilities	8,632	153	8,785
Equity	39,439	873	40,312
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 66,474	\$ 4,114	\$ 70,588

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(unaudited; tabular dollars in millions, except for per share data)

The following table presents summarized income statement information of the Company for the six months ended April 2, 2011, reflecting the impact of consolidating the income statements of Euro Disney and Hong Kong Disneyland.

	Before Euro Disney and Hong Kong Disneyland Consolidation	Euro Disney, Hong Kong Disneyland and Adjustments	Total
Revenues	\$ 18,828	\$ 965	\$ 19,793
Cost and expenses	(15,312)	(1,013)	(16,325)
Restructuring and impairment charges	(12)		(12)
Other income	75		75
Net interest expense	(128)	(50)	(178)
Equity in the income of investees	230	49	279
Income before income taxes	3,681	(49)	3,632
Income taxes	(1,287)	(1)	(1,288)
Net income	\$ 2,394	\$ (50)	\$ 2,344

The following table presents summarized cash flow statement information of the Company for the six months ended April 2, 2011, reflecting the impact of consolidating the cash flow statements of Euro Disney and Hong Kong Disneyland.

	Di Ho Di	fore Euro sney and ong Kong sneyland asolidation	D	Euro Disney, Hong Kong isneyland and Adjustments	Total
Cash provided by operations	\$	3,072	\$	(4)	\$ 3,068
Investments in parks, resorts and other property		(1,714)		(131)	(1,845)
Cash provided by other investing activities		191		98	289
Cash used by financing activities		(1,145)		(62)	(1,207)
Impact of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents		49		18	67
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents		453		(81)	372
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		2,065		657	2,722
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	2,518	\$	576	\$ 3,094

On April 8, 2011, the Company and its partner in China announced that the Chinese central government in Beijing had approved an agreement to build and operate a Disney resort in the Pudong district of Shanghai (Shanghai Disney Resort) that will be operated through a joint venture between the Company and its Chinese partner. Shanghai Disney Resort is scheduled to open in approximately five years. There will be a phased investment in the project totaling approximately \$3.7 billion over the construction period (24.5 billion yuan) to build the theme park and an additional \$0.7 billion (4.5 billion yuan) to build other properties for the resort, including two hotels and a retail, dining and entertainment area. The Company will finance 43%

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(unaudited; tabular dollars in millions, except for per share data)

of the initial investment in accordance with its equity ownership percentage. The Company anticipates consolidating Shanghai Disney Resort for financial statement reporting purposes due to the Company s involvement in the management of the resort.

7 Pension and Other Benefit Programs

The components of net periodic benefit cost are as follows:

	Pension Plans			Postretirement Medical Plans				
	Quarte	r Ended	Six Mon	ths Ended	Quarte	r Ended	Six Mont	ths Ended
	April 2, 2011	April 3, 2010	April 2, 2011	April 3, 2010	April 2, 2011	April 3, 2010	April 2, 2011	April 3, 2010
Service cost	\$ 73	\$ 66	\$ 147	\$ 132	\$ 5	\$ 6	\$ 10	\$ 11
Interest cost	104	99	207	198	16	18	33	35
Expected return on plan assets	(110)	(103)	(220)	(207)	(6)	(7)	(12)	(13)
Amortization of prior year service costs	4	4	7	7		(1)	(1)	(1)
Recognized net actuarial loss	57	38	114	77	2	1	4	3
Net periodic benefit cost	\$ 128	\$ 104	\$ 255	\$ 207	\$ 17	\$ 17	\$ 34	\$ 35

During the six months ended April 2, 2011, the Company made contributions to its pension and postretirement medical plans totaling \$169 million, which included discretionary contributions above the minimum requirements. The Company expects additional pension and postretirement medical plan contributions in fiscal 2011 of approximately \$280 million which are expected to include discretionary contributions above the minimum requirements. Final minimum funding requirements for fiscal 2011 will be determined based on a January 1, 2011 funding actuarial valuation which will be available late in fiscal 2011.

8. Earnings Per Share

Diluted earnings per share amounts are based upon the weighted average number of common and common equivalent shares outstanding during the period and are calculated using the treasury stock method for equity-based compensation awards (Awards). A reconciliation of the weighted average number of common and common equivalent shares outstanding and Awards excluded from the diluted earnings per share calculation, as they were anti-dilutive, are as follows:

	Quarte	er Ended	Six Months Ended	
	April 2, 2011	April 3, 2010	April 2, 2011	April 3, 2010
Shares (in millions):				
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding (basic)	1,899	1,940	1,895	1,903
Weighted average dilutive impact of equity-based compensation awards	35	33	35	35
	1,934	1,973	1,930	1,938

Weighted average number of common and common equivalent shares outstanding (diluted)

Awards excluded from diluted earnings per share	11	30	6	52
---	----	----	---	----

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(unaudited; tabular dollars in millions, except for per share data)

9 Equity

On December 1, 2010, the Company declared a \$0.40 per share dividend (\$756 million) related to fiscal 2010 for shareholders of record on December 13, 2010, which was paid on January 18, 2011. The Company paid a \$0.35 per share dividend (\$653 million) during the second quarter of fiscal 2010 related to fiscal 2009.

During the six months ended April 2, 2011, the Company repurchased 42 million shares of its common stock for approximately \$1.6 billion. On March 22, 2011, the Company s Board of Directors increased the repurchase authorization to a total of 400 million shares as of that date. As of April 2, 2011, the Company had remaining authorization in place to repurchase approximately 398 million additional shares. The repurchase program does not have an expiration date.

The Company received proceeds of \$1.0 billion and \$748 million from the exercise of 38 million and 32 million employee stock options during the first six months of fiscal 2011 and 2010, respectively.

The par value of the Company s outstanding common stock totaled approximately \$27 million.

Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax, is as follows:

	April 2, 2011	October 2, 2010
Market value adjustments for investments and hedges	\$ (149)	\$ (95)
Foreign currency translation and other	100	80
Unrecognized pension and postretirement medical expense	(1,788)	(1,866)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) ⁽¹⁾	\$ (1,837)	\$ (1,881)

⁽¹⁾ Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) and components of other comprehensive income (loss) are recorded net of tax using a 37% estimated tax rate

10. Equity-Based Compensation

The amount of compensation expense related to stock options, stock appreciation rights and restricted stock units (RSUs) is as follows:

	Quarte	er Ended	Six Months Ended		
	April 2,			April 3,	
	2011	2010	2011	2010	
Stock options/rights	\$ 45	\$ 55	\$ 100	\$ 122	
RSUs	79	82	156	150	
Total equity-based compensation expense	\$ 124	\$ 137	\$ 256	\$ 272	

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(unaudited; tabular dollars in millions, except for per share data)

Unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested stock options/rights and RSUs totaled approximately \$281 million and \$828 million, respectively, as of April 2, 2011.

In January 2011, the Company made equity compensation grants, which included its regular annual grant, consisting of 10.4 million stock options and 12.5 million RSUs, of which 0.4 million RSUs included market and/or performance conditions.

In March 2011, shareholders of the Company approved the 2011 Stock Incentive Plan, which increased the number of shares authorized to be awarded as grants by 64 million shares.

The weighted average grant date fair values of options issued during the six months ended April 2, 2011, and April 3, 2010, were \$10.96 and \$9.42, respectively.

11. Commitments and Contingencies

Legal Matters

Celador International Ltd. v. The Walt Disney Company. On May 19, 2004, an affiliate of the creator and licensor of the television program, Who Wants to be a Millionaire, filed an action against the Company and certain of its subsidiaries, including American Broadcasting Companies, Inc. and Buena Vista Television, LLC, alleging it was damaged by defendants improperly engaging in certain intra-company transactions and charging merchandise distribution expenses, resulting in an underpayment to the plaintiff. On July 7, 2010, the jury returned a verdict for breach of contract against certain subsidiaries of the Company, awarding plaintiff damages of \$269.4 million. The Company has stipulated with the plaintiff to an award of prejudgment interest of \$50 million, which amount will be reduced prorata should the Court of Appeals reduce the damages amount. On December 21, 2010, the Company s alternative motions for a new trial and for judgment as a matter of law were denied. Although we cannot predict the ultimate outcome of this lawsuit, the Company believes the jury s verdict is in error and intends to vigorously pursue its position on appeal, notice of which was filed by the Company on January 14, 2011. On or about January 28, 2011, plaintiff filed a notice of cross-appeal. The Company has determined that it does not have a probable loss under the applicable accounting standard relating to probability of loss for recording a reserve with respect to this litigation and therefore has not recorded a reserve.

The Company, together with, in some instances, certain of its directors and officers, is a defendant or codefendant in various other legal actions involving copyright, breach of contract and various other claims incident to the conduct of its businesses. Management does not expect the Company to suffer any material liability by reason of these actions.

Contractual Guarantees

The Company has guaranteed bond issuances by the Anaheim Public Authority that were used by the City of Anaheim to finance construction of infrastructure and a public parking facility adjacent to the Disneyland Resort. Revenues from sales, occupancy and property taxes from the Disneyland Resort and non-Disney hotels are used by the City of Anaheim to repay the bonds. In the event of a debt service shortfall, the Company will be responsible to fund the shortfall. As of April 2, 2011, the remaining debt service obligation guaranteed by the Company was \$362 million, of which \$90 million was principal. To the extent that tax revenues exceed the debt service payments in subsequent periods, the Company would be reimbursed for any previously funded shortfalls. To date, tax revenues have exceeded the debt service payments for the Anaheim bonds.

ESPN STAR Sports, a joint venture in which ESPN owns a 50% equity interest, has an agreement for global programming rights to International Cricket Council events from 2007 through 2015. Under

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(unaudited; tabular dollars in millions, except for per share data)

the terms of the agreement, ESPN and the other joint-venture partner have jointly guaranteed the programming rights obligation of approximately \$0.7 billion over the remaining term of the agreement.

Long-Term Receivables and the Allowance for Credit Losses

The Company has accounts receivable with original maturities greater than one year in duration principally related to the Company s sale of program rights in the television syndication markets within the Media Networks segment and the Company s vacation ownership units within the Parks and Resorts segment. Allowances for credit losses are established against these receivables as necessary.

The Company estimates the allowance for credit losses related to receivables for the sale of syndicated programming based upon a number of factors, including historical experience, and an ongoing review of the financial condition of individual companies with which we do business. The balance of syndication receivables recorded in other non-current assets was approximately \$0.7 billion, net of an immaterial allowance for credit losses as of April 2, 2011. The activity in the current period related to the allowance for credit losses was also not material.

The Company estimates the allowance for credit losses related to receivables for sales of its vacation ownership units based primarily on historical collection experience. Projections of uncollectible amounts are also based on consideration of the economic environment and the age of receivables. The balance of mortgage receivables recorded in other non-current assets was approximately \$0.4 billion, net of a related allowance for credit losses of approximately 8%, as of April 2, 2011. The activity in the period related to the allowance for credit losses was not material.

Income Taxes

During the six months ended April 2, 2011, the Company settled certain tax matters and as a result reduced its unrecognized tax benefits by \$70 million.

In the next twelve months, it is reasonably possible that our unrecognized tax benefits could change due to resolutions of certain open tax matters which would reduce our unrecognized tax benefits by \$39 million.

12. New Accounting Pronouncements

Revenue Arrangements with Multiple Deliverables

In October 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued guidance on revenue arrangements with multiple deliverables effective for the Company s 2011 fiscal year. The guidance revises the criteria for separating, measuring, and allocating arrangement consideration to each deliverable in a multiple element arrangement. The guidance requires companies to allocate revenue using the relative selling price of each deliverable, which must be estimated if the Company does not have a history of selling the deliverable on a stand-alone basis or third-party evidence of selling price. The Company adopted the provisions of this guidance at the beginning of fiscal year 2011, and the adoption did not have a material impact on the Company s financial statements.

Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets

In June 2009, the FASB issued guidance on transfers and servicing of financial assets to eliminate the concept of a qualifying special-purpose entity, change the requirements for off balance sheet accounting for financial assets including limiting the circumstances where off balance sheet treatment for a portion of a financial asset is allowable, and require additional disclosures. The Company adopted the provisions of this guidance at the beginning of fiscal year 2011, and the adoption did not have a material impact on the Company s financial statements.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(unaudited; tabular dollars in millions, except for per share data)

Variable Interest Entities

In June 2009, the FASB issued guidance to revise the approach to determine when a variable interest entity (VIE) should be consolidated. The new consolidation model for VIEs considers whether an entity has the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact a VIE s economic performance and shares in the significant risks and rewards of the VIE. The guidance on VIE s requires companies to continually reassess VIEs to determine if consolidation is appropriate and requires additional disclosures. The Company adopted the provisions of this guidance at the beginning of fiscal year 2011, and the adoption did not have a material impact on the Company s financial statements.

13. Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is defined as the amount that would be received for selling an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. Assets and liabilities carried at fair value are classified in the following three categories:

Level 1 Quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets

Level 2 Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs and significant value drivers are observable in active markets

Level 3 Valuations derived from valuation techniques in which one or more significant inputs are unobservable

The Company s assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis are summarized by level in the following tables:

	Fair Value Measurement at April 2, 2011			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets				
Investments	\$ 49	\$ 25	\$ 3	\$ 77
Derivatives (1)				
Interest rate		154		154
Foreign exchange		349		349
Other derivatives		3		3
Residual Interests			42	42
Liabilities				
Derivatives ⁽¹⁾				
Interest rate		(15)		(15)
Foreign exchange		(422)		(422)
Total	\$ 49	\$ 94	\$ 45	\$ 188

Edgar Filing: WALT DISNEY CO/ - Form 10-Q

		Fair Value Measurements at October 2, 2010			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Assets					
Investments	\$ 42	\$ 42	\$ 2	\$ 86	
Derivatives (1)					
Interest rate		231		231	
Foreign exchange		404		404	
Residual Interests			54	54	
Liabilities					
Derivatives ⁽¹⁾					
Interest rate		(22)		(22)	
Foreign exchange		(490)		(490)	
Other			(1)	(1)	
Total	\$ 42	\$ 165	\$ 55	\$ 262	

The Company has master netting arrangements with counterparties to certain derivative contracts. Contracts in a liability position totaling \$154 million and \$206 million have been netted against contracts in an asset position in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet at April 2, 2011 and October 2, 2010, respectively.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(unaudited; tabular dollars in millions, except for per share data)

The fair value of Level 2 investments is primarily determined by reference to market prices based on recent trading activity and other relevant information including pricing for similar securities as determined by third-party pricing services.

The fair values of Level 2 derivatives, which consist primarily of interest rate and foreign currency financial instrument contracts, are primarily determined based on the present value of future cash flows using internal models that use observable inputs, such as interest rates, yield curves and foreign currency exchange rates. Counterparty credit risk, which is mitigated by master netting agreements and collateral posting arrangements with certain counterparties, did not have a material impact on derivative fair value estimates.

Level 3 residual interests consist of our residual interests in securitized vacation ownership mortgage receivables and are valued using a discounted cash flow model that considers estimated interest rates, discount rates, prepayments, and defaults. There were no material changes in the residual interests in the first six months of fiscal 2011.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

In addition to the financial instruments listed above, the Company s financial instruments also include cash, cash equivalents, receivables, accounts payable and borrowings.

The fair values of cash, cash equivalents, receivables, and accounts payable approximated the carrying values. The estimated fair values of the Company s total borrowings (current and noncurrent), primarily determined based on broker quotes, quoted market prices, interest rates for the same or similar instruments are \$12.7 billion and \$13.7 billion at April 2, 2011 and October 2, 2010, respectively.

Transfers of Financial Assets

Through December 4, 2008, the Company sold mortgage receivables arising from sales of its vacation ownership units under a facility that expired on December 4, 2008 and was not renewed. The Company continues to service the sold receivables and has a residual interest in those receivables. As of April 2, 2011, the outstanding principal amount for sold mortgage receivables was \$271 million, and the carrying value of the Company s residual interest, which is recorded in other long-term assets, was \$42 million.

The Company repurchases defaulted mortgage receivables at their outstanding balance. The Company did not make material repurchases in the six months ended April 2, 2011 or April 3, 2010. The Company generally has been able to sell the repurchased vacation ownership units for amounts that exceed the amounts at which they were repurchased.

The Company also provides credit support for up to 70% of the outstanding balance of the sold mortgage receivables which the mortgage receivable acquirer may draw on in the event of losses under the facility. The Company maintains a reserve for estimated credit losses related to these receivables.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(unaudited; tabular dollars in millions, except for per share data)

14. Derivative Instruments

The Company manages its exposure to various risks relating to its ongoing business operations according to a risk management policy. The primary risks managed with derivative instruments are interest rate risk and foreign exchange risk.

The following table summarizes the fair value of the Company s derivative positions as of April 2, 2011:

	Current Assets	Other Assets	Other Accrued Liabilities	Other Long-Term Liabilities
Derivatives designated as hedges				
Foreign exchange	\$ 101	\$ 10	\$ (215)	\$ (106)
Interest rate	7	147		
Other	2			
Derivatives not designated as hedges				
Foreign exchange	68	170	(99)	(2)
Interest rate				(15)
Other	1			
Gross fair value of derivatives	179	327	(314)	(123)
Counterparty netting	(123)	(31)	123	31
	, ,	, ,		
Total Derivatives ⁽¹⁾	\$ 56	\$ 296	\$ (191)	\$ (92)

The following table summarizes the fair value of the Company s derivative positions as of October 2, 2010:

	Current Assets		Other Assets		Acc	Other Accrued Liabilities		Other ng-Term abilities
Derivatives designated as hedges								
Foreign exchange	\$	78	\$	65	\$	(210)	\$	(104)
Interest rate		13		218				
Derivatives not designated as hedges								
Foreign exchange		80		181		(140)		(36)
Interest rate								(22)
Gross fair value of derivatives		171		464		(350)		(162)
Counterparty netting		(121)		(85)		130		76
		. ,		. ,				
Total Derivatives ⁽¹⁾	\$	50	\$	379	\$	(220)	\$	(86)

⁽¹⁾ Refer to Note 13 for further information on derivative fair values and counterparty netting. *Interest Rate Risk Management*

The Company is exposed to the impact of interest rate changes primarily through its borrowing activities. The Company s objective is to mitigate the impact of interest rate changes on earnings and cash flows and on the market value of its borrowings. In accordance with its policy, the Company targets its fixed-rate debt as a percentage of its net debt between a minimum and maximum percentage. The Company typically uses pay-floating and pay-fixed interest rate swaps to facilitate its interest rate management activities.

The Company designates pay-floating interest rate swaps as fair value hedges of fixed-rate borrowings effectively converting fixed-rate borrowings to variable rate borrowings indexed to LIBOR.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(unaudited; tabular dollars in millions, except for per share data)

As of both April 2, 2011 and October 2, 2010, the total notional amount of the Company s pay-floating interest rate swaps was \$1.5 billion. The following table summarizes adjustments related to fair value hedges included in net interest expense in the Consolidated Statements of Income.

	Quartei	Ended	Six Mont	hs Ended	
	April 2,	April 3,	April 2,	April 3, 2010	
	2011	2010	2011		
Gain (loss) on interest rate swaps	\$ (24)	\$ 3	\$ (77)	\$ (40)	
Gain (loss) on hedged borrowings	24	(3)	77	40	

The Company may designate pay-fixed interest rate swaps as cash flow hedges of interest payments on floating-rate borrowings. Pay-fixed swaps effectively convert floating-rate borrowings to fixed-rate borrowings. The unrealized gain or losses from these cash flow hedges are deferred in accumulated other comprehensive income (AOCI) and recognized in interest expense as the interest payments occur. The Company did not have pay-fixed interest rate swaps that were designated as cash flow hedges of interest payments at April 2, 2011 nor at October 2, 2010.

Foreign Exchange Risk Management

The Company transacts business globally and is subject to risks associated with changing foreign currency exchange rates. The Company s objective is to reduce earnings and cash flow fluctuations associated with foreign currency exchange rate changes, enabling management to focus on core business issues and challenges.

The Company enters into option and forward contracts that change in value as foreign currency exchange rates change to protect the value of its existing foreign currency assets, liabilities, firm commitments and forecasted but not firmly committed foreign currency transactions. In accordance with policy, the Company hedges its forecasted foreign currency transactions for periods generally not to exceed four years within an established minimum and maximum range of annual exposure. The gains and losses on these contracts offset changes in the U.S. dollar equivalent value of the related forecasted transaction, asset, liability or firm commitment. The principal currencies hedged are the Euro, British pound, Japanese yen and Canadian dollar. Cross-currency swaps are used to effectively convert foreign currency-denominated borrowings into U.S. dollar denominated borrowings.

The Company designates foreign exchange forward and option contracts as cash flow hedges of firmly committed and forecasted foreign currency transactions. As of April 2, 2011 and October 2, 2010, the notional amounts of the Company s net foreign exchange cash flow hedges were \$3.8 billion and \$2.8 billion, respectively. Mark to market gains and losses on these contracts are deferred in AOCI and are recognized in earnings when the hedged transactions occur, offsetting changes in the value of the foreign currency transactions. Gains and losses recognized related to ineffectiveness for the six months ended April 2, 2011 and April 3, 2010 were not material. Net deferred losses recorded in AOCI for contracts that will mature in the next twelve months totaled \$112 million. The following table summarizes the pre-tax adjustments to AOCI for foreign exchange cash flow hedges.

	Quarte	r Ended	Six Months Ended		
	April 2, 2011	April 3, 2010	April 2, 2011	April 3, 2010	
Gain (loss) recorded in AOCI Reclassification of (gains) losses from AOCI into revenues and	\$ (59)	\$ (2)	\$ (135)	\$ (7)	
costs and expenses	32	6	57	34	
Net change in AOCI	\$ (27)	\$ 4	\$ (78)	\$ 27	

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(unaudited; tabular dollars in millions, except for per share data)

Foreign exchange risk management contracts with respect to foreign currency assets and liabilities are not designated as hedges and do not qualify for hedge accounting. The notional amount of these foreign exchange contracts at April 2, 2011 and October 2, 2010 was \$2.7 billion and \$2.2 billion, respectively. During the quarters ended April 2, 2011 and April 3, 2010, the Company recognized a net loss of \$91 million and a net gain of \$57 million, respectively, in costs and expenses on these foreign exchange contracts which offset a net gain of \$81 million and a net loss of \$114 million on the related economic exposures for the three months ended April 2, 2011 and April 3, 2010, respectively. During the six months ended April 2, 2011 and April 3, 2010, the Company recognized a net loss of \$64 million and a net gain of \$52 million, respectively, in costs and expenses on these foreign exchange contracts which offset a net gain of \$56 million and a net loss of \$104 million on the related economic exposures for the six months ended April 2, 2011 and April 3, 2010, respectively.

Commodity Price Risk Management

The Company is subject to the volatility of commodities prices and designates certain commodity forward contracts as cash flow hedges of forecasted commodity purchases. Mark to market gains and losses on these contracts are deferred in AOCI and are recognized in earnings when the hedged transactions occur, offsetting changes in the value of commodity purchases. The fair value of the commodity hedging contracts was not material at April 2, 2011 nor at October 2, 2010.

Risk Management Derivatives Not Designated as Hedges

The Company enters into certain other risk management contracts that are not designated as hedges and do not quality for hedge accounting. These contracts, which include pay fixed interest rate swaps, commodity swap contracts and credit default swaps, are intended to offset economic exposures of the Company and are carried at market value with any changes in value recorded in earnings.

The notional amount of these contracts at April 2, 2011 and October 2, 2010 was \$201 million and \$218 million, respectively. For the six months ended April 2, 2011 and April 3, 2010, the gain and loss on these contracts recognized in income were not material.

Contingent Features

The Company s derivative financial instruments may require the Company to post collateral in the event that a net liability position with a counterparty exceeds limits defined by contract and that vary with Disney s credit rating. If the Company s credit ratings were to fall below investment grade, such counterparties would also have the right to terminate our derivative contracts, which could lead to a net payment to or from the Company for the aggregate net value by counterparty of our derivative contracts. The aggregate fair value of derivative instruments with credit-risk-related contingent features in a net liability position by counterparty were \$283 million and \$306 million on April 2, 2011 and October 2, 2010, respectively.

15. Restructuring and Impairment Charges

The Company recorded \$12 million of restructuring and impairment charges in the current six months. In the prior-year six months, the Company recorded \$176 million of restructuring and impairment charges related to organizational and cost structure initiatives primarily at our Studio Entertainment and Media Networks segments. Impairment charges were \$96 million, of which \$57 million were recorded in the second quarter of the prior year, and consisted of write-offs of capitalized costs primarily related to abandoned film projects and the closure of a studio production facility. Restructuring charges were \$80 million, of which \$14 million were recorded in the second quarter of the prior year, and reflected primarily severance and related costs.

MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF

FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Item 2: Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

ORGANIZATION OF INFORMATION

Management s Discussion and Analysis provides a narrative of the Company s financial performance and condition that should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements. It includes the following sections:

Overview

Seasonality

Business Segment Results

Ouarter Results

Six-Month Results

Other Financial Information

Financial Condition

Commitments and Contingencies

Other Matters

Market Risk

OVERVIEW

Our summary consolidated results are presented below:

	Quarter Ended			Six Mont	hs Ended		
			% Change			% Change	
	April 2,	April 3,	Better/	April 2,	April 3,	Better/	
(in millions, except per share data)	2011	2010	(Worse)	2011	2010	(Worse)	
Revenues	\$ 9,077	\$ 8,580	6 %	\$ 19,793	\$ 18,319	8 %	
Costs and expenses	(7,549)	(7,068)	(7) %	(16,325)	(15,393)	(6) %	
Restructuring and impairment charges		(71)	nm	(12)	(176)	93 %	
Other income		70	nm	75	97	(23) %	
Net interest expense	(83)	(130)	36 %	(178)	(233)	24 %	
Equity in the income of investees	123	154	(20) %	279	243	15 %	
Income before income taxes	1,568	1,535	2 %	3,632	2,857	27 %	
Income taxes	(558)	(537)	(4) %	(1,288)	(1,015)	(27) %	
Net income	1,010	998	1 %	2,344	1,842	27 %	
Less: Net income attributable to							
noncontrolling interests	(68)	(45)	(51) %	(100)	(45)	(>100) %	

Net income attributable to Disney	\$ 942	\$ 953	(1) %	\$ 2,244	\$ 1,797	25 %
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 0.49	\$ 0.48	2 %	\$ 1.16	\$ 0.93	25 %

Quarter Results

Diluted earnings per share (EPS) increased 2% for the quarter driven by improved operating results. Improved operating results reflected higher advertising revenues and increased fees from Multi-channel Video Service Providers (MVSP) (Affiliate Fees) at ESPN and increased guest spending at our domestic parks and resorts. These increases were partially offset by higher programming costs at ESPN, increased operating expenses at our domestic parks and resorts, lower unit sales at our worldwide home entertainment business, lower results at our theatrical business reflecting the performance of *Mars Needs Moms* in the current quarter and the inclusion of results for Playdom in the current quarter, which included the impact of acquisition accounting.

MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF

FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

The prior-year quarter included restructuring and impairment charges of \$71 million, a gain on the sale of an investment in a pay television service in Europe of \$48 million, and an accounting gain related to the acquisition of the Disney Stores in Japan of \$22 million, which collectively had no impact on EPS.

Six-Month Results

Diluted EPS increased 25% for the six months driven by improved operating results. Improved operating results reflected higher advertising revenues at ESPN and the owned television stations, increased Affiliate Fees, increased guest spending and volumes at our domestic and international parks and resorts and higher licensing revenue due to the strength of *Toy Story* and Marvel merchandise. These increases were partially offset by higher programming costs at ESPN, increased operating expenses at our domestic parks and resorts and the inclusion of results for Playdom in the current six months, which included the impact of acquisition accounting.

In the current six months, the Company recorded \$12 million of restructuring and impairment charges and gains on the sale of Miramax and BASS totaling \$75 million. The table below shows the pretax and after tax impact of these items.

	Benefit / (Expense)			
		Tax Aft		
	Pretax	Effect	Tax	
Restructuring and impairment charges	\$ (12)	\$ 31	\$ 19	
Gains on sales of businesses	75	(107)	(32)	
	\$ 63	\$ (76)	\$ (13)	

These restructuring and impairment charges include an impairment of assets that had tax basis significantly in excess of book value resulting in a \$31 million tax benefit on the restructuring and impairment charges. In addition, the book value of Miramax included \$217 million of allocated goodwill which is not tax deductible. Accordingly, the taxable gain on the sales of these businesses exceeded the \$75 million book gain resulting in tax expense of \$107 million. These items collectively had a \$0.01 negative impact on EPS.

The prior-year six months included restructuring and impairment charges, gains on the sales of investments in pay television services in Europe and an accounting gain related to the acquisition of the Disney Stores in Japan, which together had a \$0.02 negative impact on EPS.

SEASONALITY

The Company s businesses are subject to the effects of seasonality. Consequently, the operating results for the quarter and six months ended April 2, 2011 for each business segment, and for the Company as a whole, are not necessarily indicative of results to be expected for the full year.

Media Networks revenues are subject to seasonal advertising patterns and changes in viewership levels. In general, advertising revenues are somewhat higher during the fall and somewhat lower during the summer months. Affiliate revenues are typically collected ratably throughout the year. Certain affiliate revenues at ESPN are deferred until annual programming commitments are met, and these commitments are typically satisfied during the second half of the Company s fiscal year which generally results in higher revenue recognition during that period.

MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF

FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (continued)

Parks and Resorts revenues fluctuate with changes in theme park attendance and resort occupancy resulting from the seasonal nature of vacation travel and leisure activities. Peak attendance and resort occupancy generally occur during the summer months when school vacations occur and during early-winter and spring-holiday periods.

Studio Entertainment revenues fluctuate due to the timing and performance of releases in the theatrical, home entertainment, and television markets. Release dates are determined by several factors, including competition and the timing of vacation and holiday periods.

Consumer Products revenues are influenced by seasonal consumer purchasing behavior, which generally results in increased revenues during the Company s first fiscal quarter, and by the timing and performance of theatrical releases and cable programming broadcasts.

Interactive Media revenues fluctuate due to the timing and performance of video game releases which are determined by several factors, including theatrical releases and cable programming broadcasts, competition and the timing of holiday periods. Revenues from certain of our internet and mobile operations are subject to similar seasonal trends.

BUSINESS SEGMENT RESULTS

The Company evaluates the performance of its operating segments based on segment operating income, which is shown below along with segment revenues:

	Quar	ter Ended		Six Months Ended
			% Change	
	April 2,	April 3,	Better/	April 2,
(in millions)	2011	2010	(Worse)	2011