

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP
Form 10-Q
October 29, 2010

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As filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 29, 2010

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Quarterly Period Ended September 30, 2010

Or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to
Commission File No. 0-20570

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

59-2712887
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

555 West 18th Street, New York, New York 10011
(Address of registrant's principal executive offices)

(212) 314-7300

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

As of October 22, 2010, the following shares of the registrant's common stock were outstanding:

| | |
|--------------------------------|-------------|
| Common Stock | 87,582,242 |
| Class B Common Stock | 12,799,999 |
| Total outstanding Common Stock | 100,382,241 |

The aggregate market value of the voting common stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant as of October 22, 2010 was \$2,160,316,388. For the purpose of the foregoing calculation only, all directors and executive officers of the registrant are assumed to be affiliates of the registrant.

PART I
FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Consolidated Financial Statements**IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES****CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET**

| | September 30, 2010 | December 31, 2009 |
|--|-----------------------------------|---------------------|
| | (unaudited) | (audited) |
| | (In thousands, except share data) | |
| ASSETS | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 902,214 | \$ 1,245,997 |
| Marketable securities | 471,215 | 487,591 |
| Accounts receivable, net of allowance of \$11,004 and \$11,283, respectively | 113,251 | 101,834 |
| Other current assets | 144,898 | 164,627 |
| | | |
| Total current assets | 1,631,578 | 2,000,049 |
| Property and equipment, net | 282,143 | 297,412 |
| Goodwill | 1,047,139 | 999,355 |
| Intangible assets, net | 262,221 | 261,172 |
| Long-term investments | 209,890 | 272,930 |
| Other non-current assets | 179,227 | 184,971 |
| | | |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ 3,612,198 | \$ 4,015,889 |
| | | |
| LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | | |
| LIABILITIES: | | |
| Accounts payable, trade | \$ 43,292 | \$ 39,173 |
| Deferred revenue | 72,694 | 57,822 |
| Accrued expenses and other current liabilities | 202,051 | 193,282 |
| | | |
| Total current liabilities | 318,037 | 290,277 |
| Long-term debt | 95,844 | 95,844 |
| Income taxes payable | 467,130 | 450,129 |
| Other long-term liabilities | 19,302 | 23,633 |
| Redeemable noncontrolling interests | 60,192 | 28,180 |
| Commitments and contingencies | | |
| SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY: | | |
| Common stock \$.001 par value; authorized 1,600,000,000 shares; issued 225,183,876 and 222,657,925 shares, respectively, and outstanding 87,558,245 and 108,131,736 shares, respectively | 225 | 223 |
| Class B convertible common stock \$.001 par value; authorized 400,000,000 shares; issued 16,157,499 shares and outstanding 12,799,999 shares | 16 | 16 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 11,381,922 | 11,322,993 |
| Accumulated deficit | (738,982) | (751,377) |

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| | | |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|
| Accumulated other comprehensive income | 7,929 | 24,503 |
| Treasury stock 137,625,631 and 114,526,189 shares, respectively | (7,999,417) | (7,468,532) |
| Total shareholders' equity | 2,651,693 | 3,127,826 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | \$ 3,612,198 | \$ 4,015,889 |

The accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

(Unaudited)

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|--|---------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|
| | 2010 | 2009 | 2010 | 2009 |
| | (In thousands, except per share data) | | | |
| Revenue | \$ 421,652 | \$ 336,577 | \$ 1,210,436 | \$ 1,008,632 |
| Costs and expenses: | | | | |
| Cost of revenue (exclusive of depreciation shown separately below) | 148,558 | 106,029 | 422,704 | 323,462 |
| Selling and marketing expense | 123,347 | 107,603 | 379,153 | 360,121 |
| General and administrative expense | 78,327 | 72,314 | 236,387 | 218,802 |
| Product development expense | 17,812 | 12,972 | 47,974 | 45,092 |
| Depreciation | 15,364 | 15,289 | 50,608 | 48,380 |
| Amortization of intangibles | 2,310 | 10,250 | 10,423 | 26,311 |
| Amortization of non-cash marketing | | 4,999 | | 7,504 |
| Goodwill impairment | | | | 1,056 |
| Total costs and expenses | 385,718 | 329,456 | 1,147,249 | 1,030,728 |
| Operating income (loss) | 35,934 | 7,121 | 63,187 | (22,096) |
| Other income (expense): | | | | |
| Interest income | 1,550 | 2,374 | 4,851 | 8,546 |
| Interest expense | (1,321) | (1,345) | (3,967) | (4,070) |
| Equity in losses of unconsolidated affiliates | (547) | (3,961) | (27,162) | (7,973) |
| Other income, net | 586 | 53,892 | 5,259 | 115,849 |
| Total other income (expense), net | 268 | 50,960 | (21,019) | 112,352 |
| Earnings from continuing operations before income taxes | 36,202 | 58,081 | 42,168 | 90,256 |
| Income tax provision | (14,820) | (34,269) | (23,785) | (53,733) |
| Earnings from continuing operations | 21,382 | 23,812 | 18,383 | 36,523 |
| Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax | (3,737) | (2,514) | (7,227) | (3,472) |
| Net earnings | 17,645 | 21,298 | 11,156 | 33,051 |
| Net (earnings) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests | (136) | 384 | 1,239 | 1,058 |
| Net earnings attributable to IAC shareholders | \$ 17,509 | \$ 21,682 | \$ 12,395 | \$ 34,109 |
| Per share information attributable to IAC shareholders: | | | | |
| Basic earnings per share from continuing operations | \$ 0.21 | \$ 0.18 | \$ 0.18 | \$ 0.26 |
| Diluted earnings per share from continuing operations | \$ 0.20 | \$ 0.18 | \$ 0.17 | \$ 0.26 |
| Basic earnings per share | \$ 0.17 | \$ 0.16 | \$ 0.11 | \$ 0.24 |
| Diluted earnings per share | \$ 0.16 | \$ 0.16 | \$ 0.11 | \$ 0.24 |
| Non-cash compensation expense by function: | | | | |
| Cost of revenue | \$ 1,113 | \$ 819 | \$ 3,065 | \$ 2,148 |
| Selling and marketing expense | 889 | 733 | 2,843 | 2,270 |
| General and administrative expense | 13,903 | 13,694 | 50,782 | 40,882 |
| Product development expense | 1,427 | 1,269 | 4,295 | 3,387 |
| Total non-cash compensation expense | \$ 17,332 | \$ 16,515 | \$ 60,985 | \$ 48,687 |

The accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

| | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|--|------------------------------------|------------------|
| | 2010 | 2009 |
| | (In thousands) | |
| Cash flows from operating activities attributable to continuing operations: | | |
| Net earnings | \$ 11,156 | \$ 33,051 |
| Less: from discontinued operations, net of tax | 7,227 | 3,472 |
| Earnings from continuing operations | 18,383 | 36,523 |
| Adjustments to reconcile earnings from continuing operations to net cash provided by operating activities attributable to continuing operations: | | |
| Depreciation | 50,608 | 48,380 |
| Amortization of intangibles | 10,423 | 26,311 |
| Amortization of non-cash marketing | | 7,504 |
| Goodwill impairment | | 1,056 |
| Impairment of long-term investment | | 4,785 |
| Non-cash compensation expense | 60,985 | 48,687 |
| Deferred income taxes | 6,987 | 83,278 |
| Equity in losses of unconsolidated affiliates | 27,162 | 7,973 |
| Gain on sale of Match Europe | | (132,244) |
| Gain on sales of investments | (3,989) | (25,570) |
| Decrease in the fair value of the derivative asset related to Arcandor AG stock | | 38,204 |
| Changes in current assets and liabilities: | | |
| Accounts receivable | (15,809) | (2,045) |
| Other current assets | 1,451 | (2,614) |
| Accounts payable and other current liabilities | 8,007 | (1,077) |
| Income taxes payable | 17,678 | (13,820) |
| Deferred revenue | 15,628 | 9,677 |
| Other, net | 8,048 | 11,300 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities attributable to continuing operations | 205,562 | 146,308 |
| Cash flows from investing activities attributable to continuing operations: | | |
| Acquisitions, net of cash acquired | (17,334) | (85,534) |
| Capital expenditures | (34,042) | (28,854) |
| Proceeds from sales and maturities of marketable debt securities | 607,127 | 150,257 |
| Purchases of marketable debt securities | (600,993) | (367,573) |
| Proceeds from sales of investments | 5,325 | 58,123 |
| Purchases of long-term investments | (1,630) | (2,982) |
| Dividend received from Meetic, an equity method investee | 11,355 | |
| Receivable created in the sale of Match Europe | | (6,829) |
| Other, net | (127) | (7,873) |
| Net cash used in investing activities attributable to continuing operations | (30,319) | (291,265) |
| Cash flows from financing activities attributable to continuing operations: | | |
| Purchase of treasury stock | (537,824) | (336,537) |
| Issuance of common stock, net of withholding taxes | 13,263 | 150,032 |
| Excess tax benefits from stock-based awards | 6,551 | 368 |
| Settlement of vested stock-based awards denominated in a subsidiary's equity | | (14,000) |
| Other, net | 46 | 1,111 |
| Net cash used in financing activities attributable to continuing operations | (517,964) | (199,026) |

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| | | |
|---|------------|--------------|
| Total cash used in continuing operations | (342,721) | (343,983) |
| Net cash used in operating activities attributable to discontinued operations | (396) | (930) |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents | (666) | 5,689 |
| Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents | (343,783) | (339,224) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 1,245,997 | 1,744,994 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | \$ 902,214 | \$ 1,405,770 |

The accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 THE COMPANY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Operations

IAC is a leading internet company with more than 50 brands serving consumer audiences across more than 30 countries...our mission is to harness the power of interactivity to make daily life easier and more productive for people all over the world. IAC includes the businesses comprising its Search segment; its Match and ServiceMagic segments; the businesses comprising its Media & Other segment; as well as investments in unconsolidated affiliates.

All references to "IAC," the "Company," "we," "our" or "us" in this report are to IAC/InterActiveCorp.

Basis of Presentation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company, all entities that are wholly-owned by the Company and all entities in which the Company has a controlling financial interest, whether through voting interests or variable interests. The Company's consolidated financial statements include one variable interest entity, an entity in which the Company has a controlling financial interest through voting rights and is also the primary beneficiary. Intercompany transactions and accounts have been eliminated. Investments in entities in which the Company has the ability to exercise significant influence over the operating and financial matters of the investee, but does not own a controlling voting interest, are accounted for using the equity method and are included in "Long-term investments" in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("U.S. GAAP") for interim financial information and with the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and notes required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements include all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation. Interim results are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for a full year. The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009.

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires management to make certain estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses and the related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Actual amounts could differ materially from these estimates. On an ongoing basis, the Company evaluates its estimates and judgments including those related to the fair values of financial instruments, long-term investments, goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets, the useful lives and carrying values of definite-lived intangible assets and property and equipment, the carrying value of accounts receivable, including the determination of the allowances for doubtful accounts and other revenue related allowances, the reserves for income tax contingencies and the valuation allowances for deferred income tax assets and the fair value of stock-based awards, among others. The Company bases its estimates and

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 1 THE COMPANY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

judgments on historical experience, its forecasts and budgets and other factors that the Company considers relevant.

Certain Risks and Concentrations

A significant portion of the Company's revenue is derived from online advertising, the market for which is highly competitive and rapidly changing. Significant changes in this industry or changes in customer buying behavior or advertiser spending behavior could adversely affect our operating results. A significant majority of the Company's online advertising is attributable to a paid listing supply agreement with Google Inc. ("Google"), which expires on December 31, 2012. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010, revenue earned from Google was \$180.1 million and \$530.7 million, respectively. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009, revenue earned from Google was \$140.6 million and \$406.0 million, respectively. The majority of this revenue is earned by the businesses comprising the Search segment. Accounts receivable related to revenue earned from Google totaled \$60.9 million at September 30, 2010 and \$55.0 million at December 31, 2009.

The termination of the paid listing supply agreement by Google or the failure of Google to perform its obligations under the agreement would have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. If this were to occur, we may not be able to find another suitable alternate paid listings provider (or if so, the terms of the agreements and the quality of paid listings may be inferior relative to our arrangements with, and the paid listings supplied by, Google) or otherwise replace the lost revenues.

NOTE 2 CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT DETAILS

Property and equipment, net

| | September 30, 2010 | December 31, 2009 |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------|
| | (In thousands) | |
| Buildings and leasehold improvements | \$ 224,693 | \$ 233,829 |
| Computer equipment and capitalized software | 203,840 | 188,283 |
| Furniture and other equipment | 51,595 | 41,134 |
| Projects in progress | 9,269 | 8,655 |
| Land | 5,117 | 5,117 |
| | 494,514 | 477,018 |
| Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization | (212,371) | (179,606) |
| Property and equipment, net | \$ 282,143 | \$ 297,412 |

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 2 CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT DETAILS (Continued)

Redeemable noncontrolling interests

| | September 30, 2010 | December 31, 2009 |
|--|-----------------------|----------------------|
| | (In thousands) | |
| Balance at January 1 | \$ 28,180 | \$ 22,771 |
| Noncontrolling interests related to acquisitions | 23,544 | 3,561 |
| Contribution from owners of noncontrolling interests | 46 | 1,750 |
| Distribution to owners of noncontrolling interests | | (216) |
| Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests | (1,239) | (1,090) |
| Change in fair value of redeemable noncontrolling interests | (5,721) | 1,033 |
| Noncontrolling interest created by a decrease in ownership of a subsidiary | 15,750 | |
| Change in effect of foreign currency translation | (368) | 371 |
| Balance at end of period | \$ 60,192 | \$ 28,180 |

Accumulated other comprehensive income

| | September 30, 2010 | December 31, 2009 |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------|
| | (In thousands) | |
| Foreign currency translation, net of tax | \$ 7,796 | \$ 20,264 |
| Unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities, net of tax | 133 | 4,239 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income, net of tax | \$ 7,929 | \$ 24,503 |

Other income, net

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|---|-------------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------------|------------|
| | 2010 | 2009 | 2010 | 2009 |
| | (In thousands) | | | |
| Gain on sale of Match Europe(a) | \$ | \$ 15,437 | \$ | \$ 132,244 |
| Net decrease in the fair value of the derivative asset related to Arcandor AG ("ARO") stock | | | | (38,204) |
| Gain on sales of investments | | 37,875 | 3,989 | 25,570 |
| Impairment of shares of ARO stock | | (558) | | (4,442) |
| Other income | 586 | 1,138 | 1,270 | 681 |
| Other income, net | \$ 586 | \$ 53,892 | \$ 5,259 | \$ 115,849 |

(a)

The gain recorded on the sale of Match Europe to Meetic S.A. ("Meetic") was increased by \$15.4 million during the third quarter of 2009 due to a reduction in the goodwill allocated to

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 2 CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT DETAILS (Continued)

Match Europe upon its sale reflecting a more time proximate estimate of the fair value of the Match reporting unit as of the date of sale.

Comprehensive income (loss)

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|---|-------------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------------|-----------|
| | 2010 | 2009 | 2010 | 2009 |
| | (In thousands) | | | |
| Net earnings attributable to IAC shareholders | \$ 17,509 | \$ 21,682 | \$ 12,395 | \$ 34,109 |
| Foreign currency translation, net of tax | 1,195 | 3,605 | (12,468) | 10,528 |
| Changes in net unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities, net of tax | 3,636 | (22,536) | (4,106) | 9,235 |
| Other comprehensive income (loss) | 4,831 | (18,931) | (16,574) | 19,763 |
| Comprehensive income (loss) | \$ 22,340 | \$ 2,751 | \$ (4,179) | \$ 53,872 |

The specific-identification method is used to determine the cost of a security sold or the amount of unrealized gains and losses reclassified from other comprehensive income into earnings. The amount of unrealized gains, net of tax, reclassified from other comprehensive income and recognized into earnings related to the sales and maturities of available-for-sale securities for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010 were \$0.2 million and \$2.9 million, respectively. The amount of unrealized gains, net of tax, reclassified from other comprehensive income and recognized into earnings related to the sales and maturities of available-for-sale securities for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009 was \$26.1 million and \$0.6 million, respectively.

NOTE 3 INCOME TAXES

At the end of each interim period, the Company makes its best estimate of the annual expected effective tax rate and applies that rate to its ordinary year-to-date earnings or loss. The income tax provision or benefit related to significant, unusual, or extraordinary items that will be separately reported or reported net of their related tax effect are individually computed and recognized in the interim period in which those items occur. In addition, the effect of changes in enacted tax laws or rates, tax status, or judgment on the realizability of a beginning-of-the-year deferred tax asset in future years is recognized in the interim period in which the change occurs.

The computation of the annual expected effective tax rate at each interim period requires certain estimates and assumptions including, but not limited to, the expected pre-tax income (or loss) for the year, projections of the proportion of income (and/or loss) earned and taxed in foreign jurisdictions, permanent and temporary differences, and the likelihood of the realizability of deferred tax assets generated in the current year. The accounting estimates used to compute the provision or benefit for income taxes may change as new events occur, more experience is acquired, additional information is obtained or our tax environment changes. To the extent that the expected annual effective tax rate changes during a quarter, the effect of the change on prior quarters is included in tax expense for the quarter in which the change occurs. Included in the income tax provision for the three months ended September 30, 2009 is a provision of \$14.1 million due to a lower estimated annual effective tax rate from that applied to ordinary loss from continuing operations through the six months ended June 30,

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 3 INCOME TAXES (Continued)

2009. The lower estimated annual effective tax rate was primarily due to the reduced impact that forecasted non-deductible and non-taxable items had on a change in forecasted ordinary pre-tax income.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010, the Company recorded an income tax provision for continuing operations of \$14.8 million and \$23.8 million, respectively, which represent effective tax rates of 41% and 56%, respectively. The tax rate for the three months ended September 30, 2010 is higher than the federal statutory rate of 35% due principally to state taxes and interest on tax contingencies, partially offset by the reversal of a valuation allowance on the deferred tax asset related to an unconsolidated affiliate and foreign income taxed at lower rates. The tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 is higher than the federal statutory rate of 35% due principally to interest on tax contingencies, a valuation allowance on the deferred tax asset created by the impairment charge for our investment in The HealthCentral Network, Inc. ("HealthCentral"), and state taxes, partially offset by foreign tax credits and the reversal of a valuation allowance on the deferred tax asset related to an unconsolidated affiliate.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009, the Company recorded an income tax provision for continuing operations of \$34.3 million and \$53.7 million, respectively, which represent effective tax rates of 59% and 60%, respectively. The tax rate for the three months ended September 30, 2009 is higher than the federal statutory rate of 35% due principally to a change in the estimated annual effective tax rate, interest on tax contingencies and state taxes, partially offset by a non-taxable gain associated with the sale of Match Europe and net adjustments related to the reconciliation of tax returns to provision accruals. The tax rate for the nine months ended September 30, 2009 is higher than the federal statutory rate of 35% due principally to non-deductible goodwill associated with the sale of Match Europe, an increase in reserves and related interest for tax contingencies, and an increase in valuation allowances on deferred tax assets related to the impairments of the Company's shares of ARO stock and the related contingent value right ("CVR"), offset by foreign tax credits related to the sale of Match Europe.

At September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, unrecognized tax benefits, including interest, were \$479.6 million and \$462.9 million, respectively. Of the total unrecognized tax benefits as of September 30, 2010, \$467.1 million is included in "non-current income taxes payable," \$11.8 million relates to deferred tax assets included in "other non-current assets" and \$0.7 million is included in "accrued expenses and other current liabilities." Included in unrecognized tax benefits at September 30, 2010 is \$105.5 million relating to tax positions for which the ultimate deductibility is highly certain but for which there is uncertainty about the timing of such deductibility. If unrecognized tax benefits as of September 30, 2010 are subsequently recognized, \$102.9 million and \$197.8 million, net of related deferred tax assets and interest, would reduce income tax expense from continuing operations and discontinued operations, respectively. In addition, a continuing operations tax provision of \$4.5 million would be required upon the subsequent recognition of unrecognized tax benefits for an increase in the Company's valuation allowance against certain deferred tax assets.

The Company recognizes interest and, if applicable, penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits in income tax expense. Included in income tax expense from continuing operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010 is a \$2.5 million expense, net of related deferred taxes of \$1.7 million, and a \$7.2 million expense, net of related deferred taxes of \$4.9 million, respectively, for interest on unrecognized tax benefits. At September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the Company

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 3 INCOME TAXES (Continued)

has accrued \$90.4 million and \$68.7 million, respectively, for the payment of interest. At September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the Company has accrued \$5.0 million for penalties.

The Company is routinely under audit by federal, state, local and foreign authorities in the area of income tax. These audits include questioning the timing and the amount of income and deductions and the allocation of income and deductions among various tax jurisdictions. The Internal Revenue Service is currently examining the Company's tax returns for the years ended December 31, 2001 through 2006. The statute of limitations for these years has been extended to December 31, 2011. Various state, local and foreign jurisdictions are currently under examination, the most significant of which are California, New York and New York City, for various tax years beginning with December 31, 2003. These examinations are expected to be completed by 2011. Income taxes payable include reserves considered sufficient to pay assessments that may result from examination of prior year tax returns. Changes to reserves from period to period and differences between amounts paid, if any, upon resolution of issues raised in audits and amounts previously provided may be material. Differences between the reserves for tax contingencies and the amounts owed by the Company are recorded in the period they become known. The Company believes that it is reasonably possible that its unrecognized tax benefits could decrease by \$19.9 million within twelve months of the current reporting date due to the reversal of deductible temporary differences which will primarily result in a corresponding increase in net deferred tax liabilities, the reversal of state tax reserves based upon the receipt of favorable income tax rulings, statute of limitations expirations, and settlements. An estimate of other changes in unrecognized tax benefits, while potentially significant, cannot be made.

NOTE 4 MARKETABLE SECURITIES

At September 30, 2010, available-for-sale marketable securities were as follows (in thousands):

| | Amortized Cost | Gross Unrealized Gains | Gross Unrealized Losses | Estimated Fair Value |
|--|-------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Corporate debt securities | \$ 182,452 | \$ 937 | \$ (38) | \$ 183,351 |
| States of the U.S. and state political subdivisions | 112,294 | 697 | (47) | 112,944 |
| U.S. Treasury securities | 174,911 | 13 | (4) | 174,920 |
| Total debt securities | 469,657 | 1,647 | (89) | 471,215 |
| Total marketable securities | \$ 469,657 | \$ 1,647 | \$ (89) | \$ 471,215 |

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 4 MARKETABLE SECURITIES (Continued)

At December 31, 2009, available-for-sale marketable securities were as follows (in thousands):

| | Amortized Cost | Gross Unrealized Gains | Gross Unrealized Losses | Estimated Fair Value |
|--|-------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Corporate debt securities | \$ 194,609 | \$ 841 | \$ (258) | \$ 195,192 |
| States of the U.S. and state political subdivisions | 110,650 | 1,228 | (15) | 111,863 |
| U.S. Treasury securities | 174,929 | 16 | (2) | 174,943 |
| Other fixed term obligations | 705 | | (17) | 688 |
| Total debt securities | 480,893 | 2,085 | (292) | 482,686 |
| Equity securities | 1,336 | 3,569 | | 4,905 |
| Total marketable securities | \$ 482,229 | \$ 5,654 | \$ (292) | \$ 487,591 |

The net unrealized gains in the tables above are included in accumulated other comprehensive income for their respective periods.

The contractual maturities of debt securities classified as available-for-sale as of September 30, 2010 are as follows (in thousands):

| | Amortized Cost | Estimated Fair Value |
|--|-------------------|-------------------------|
| Due in one year or less | \$ 352,943 | \$ 353,798 |
| Due after one year through five years | 116,714 | 117,417 |
| Total | \$ 469,657 | \$ 471,215 |

The following tables summarize those investments with unrealized losses that have been in a continuous unrealized loss position for less than twelve months and those in a continuous unrealized loss position for twelve months or longer (in thousands):

| | As of September 30, 2010 | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Less than 12 months | | 12 months or longer | | Total | |
| | Fair Value | Gross Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Gross Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Gross Unrealized Losses |
| Corporate debt securities | \$ 30,327 | \$ (38) | \$ | \$ | \$ 30,327 | \$ (38) |
| States of the U.S. and state political subdivisions | 20,407 | (47) | | | 20,407 | (47) |
| U.S. Treasury securities | 49,956 | (4) | | | 49,956 | (4) |
| Total | \$ 100,690 | \$ (89) | \$ | \$ | \$ 100,690 | \$ (89) |

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 4 MARKETABLE SECURITIES (Continued)

| | Less than 12 months | | As of December 31, 2009 12 months or longer | | Total | |
|--|------------------------|-------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Fair Value | Gross Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Gross Unrealized Losses | Fair Value | Gross Unrealized Losses |
| Corporate debt securities | \$ 74,839 | \$ (176) | \$ 519 | \$ (82) | \$ 75,358 | \$ (258) |
| States of the U.S. and state political subdivisions | 4,501 | (15) | | | 4,501 | (15) |
| U.S. Treasury securities | 49,965 | (2) | | | 49,965 | (2) |
| Other fixed term obligations | | | 688 | (17) | 688 | (17) |
| Total | \$ 129,305 | \$ (193) | \$ 1,207 | \$ (99) | \$ 130,512 | \$ (292) |

All of the Company's debt securities are rated investment grade. Because the Company does not intend to sell any marketable securities and it is not more likely than not that the Company will be required to sell any marketable securities before recovery of their amortized cost bases, which may be maturity, the Company does not consider any of its marketable securities to be other-than-temporarily impaired at September 30, 2010.

The following table presents the proceeds from sales and maturities of available-for-sale marketable securities and the related gross realized gains and losses (in thousands):

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|--|-------------------------------------|------------|------------------------------------|------------|
| | 2010 | 2009 | 2010 | 2009 |
| Proceeds from sales and maturities of available-for-sale marketable securities | \$ 240,584 | \$ 143,280 | \$ 612,452 | \$ 208,380 |
| Gross realized gains | 328 | 38,413 | 4,660 | 38,788 |
| Gross realized losses | | (1) | (7) | (12,306) |

Gross realized gains and losses from the sale of marketable securities and from the sale of investments are included in "Other income, net" in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations.

NOTE 5 EQUITY METHOD INVESTMENTS IN UNCONSOLIDATED AFFILIATES

At September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the Company's investments in unconsolidated affiliates accounted for under the equity method totaled \$137.8 million and \$200.4 million, respectively, and are included in "Long-term investments" in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet.

During the first quarter of 2010, the Company recorded an \$18.3 million impairment charge to write-down its investment in HealthCentral to fair value. The decline in value was determined to be other-than-temporary due to HealthCentral's continued losses and negative operating cash flows, which are due, in part, to macroeconomic and industry specific factors. The valuation of our investment in HealthCentral reflects the Company's assessment of these factors. The Company estimated the fair value of its investment in HealthCentral using a multiple of revenue approach in the context of a different valuation environment than that which prevailed when our initial investment was made.

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 5 EQUITY METHOD INVESTMENTS IN UNCONSOLIDATED AFFILIATES (Continued)

The Company records its share of the results of HealthCentral on a one-quarter lag and, along with the related impairment charge described above, includes it within "Equity in losses of unconsolidated affiliates" in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations.

Summarized financial information for HealthCentral is as follows:

| | Nine Months Ended June 30, | |
|--------------|-------------------------------|------------|
| | 2010 | 2009 |
| | (In thousands) | |
| Net sales | \$ 14,045 | \$ 10,619 |
| Gross profit | \$ 9,000 | \$ 7,207 |
| Net loss | \$ (8,178) | \$ (7,939) |

NOTE 6 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Company categorizes its assets and liabilities measured at fair value into a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used in pricing the asset or liability. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

Level 1: Observable inputs obtained from independent sources, such as quoted prices for identical assets and liabilities in active markets.

Level 2: Other inputs that are observable directly or indirectly, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active and inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data. The fair value of the Company's level 2 financial assets is primarily obtained from observable market prices for identical underlying securities that may not be actively traded. Certain of these securities may have different market prices from multiple market data sources, in which case a weighted average market price is used.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for which there is little or no market data and require the Company to develop its own assumptions, based on the best information available in the circumstances, about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. See below for a discussion of assets measured at fair value using level 3 inputs.

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 6 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

The following tables present the Company's assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

| | September 30, 2010 | | | | Total Fair Value Measurements |
|---|---|---|--|-----------|-------------------------------------|
| | Quoted Market Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) | Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) | | |
| (In thousands) | | | | | |
| Cash equivalents: | | | | | |
| Treasury and government agency money market funds | \$ 420,646 | \$ | \$ | \$ | 420,646 |
| Commercial paper | | 336,461 | | | 336,461 |
| Time deposits | | 88,550 | | | 88,550 |
| Marketable securities: | | | | | |
| Corporate debt securities | | 183,351 | | | 183,351 |
| States of the U.S. and state political subdivisions | | 112,944 | | | 112,944 |
| U.S. Treasury securities | 174,920 | | | | 174,920 |
| Long-term investments: | | | | | |
| Marketable equity security | 14,152 | | | | 14,152 |
| Auction rate securities | | | 12,350 | | 12,350 |
| Total | \$ 609,718 | \$ 721,306 | \$ 12,350 | \$ | 1,343,374 |

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 6 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

| | December 31, 2009 | | | | Total Fair Value Measurements |
|---|---|---|--|-------|-------------------------------------|
| | Quoted Market Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) | Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3) | Total | |
| (In thousands) | | | | | |
| Cash equivalents: | | | | | |
| Treasury and government agency money market funds | \$ 807,257 | \$ | \$ | \$ | 807,257 |
| Commercial paper | | 300,226 | | | 300,226 |
| U.S. Treasury securities | 25,000 | | | | 25,000 |
| Time deposits | | 41,850 | | | 41,850 |
| Corporate debt securities | | 1,915 | | | 1,915 |
| Marketable securities: | | | | | |
| Corporate debt securities | | 195,192 | | | 195,192 |
| States of the U.S. and state political subdivisions | | 111,863 | | | 111,863 |
| U.S. Treasury securities | 174,943 | | | | 174,943 |
| Other fixed term obligations | | 688 | | | 688 |
| Equity securities | 4,905 | | | | 4,905 |
| Long-term investments: | | | | | |
| Marketable equity security | 15,608 | | | | 15,608 |
| Auction rate securities | | | 12,635 | | 12,635 |
| Total | \$ 1,027,713 | \$ 651,734 | \$ 12,635 | \$ | 1,692,082 |

The following tables present the changes in the Company's assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3):

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | |
|--|----------------------------------|-----------|---|
| | 2010 | 2009 | Derivative Asset Related to ARO Stock |
| (In thousands) | | | |
| Balance at July 1 | \$ 11,255 | \$ 11,370 | \$ 18,850 |
| Total net gains (realized and unrealized): | | | |
| Included in other comprehensive income | 1,095 | 1,015 | 730 |
| Balance at September 30 | \$ 12,350 | \$ 12,385 | \$ 19,580 |

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 6 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

| | Nine Months Ended September 30, | | |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | 2010 | 2009 | |
| | Auction Rate Securities | Auction Rate Securities | Derivative Asset Related to ARO Stock |
| | (In thousands) | | |
| Balance at January 1 | \$ 12,635 | \$ 10,725 | \$ 57,189 |
| Total net gains (losses) (realized and unrealized): | | | |
| Included in earnings | | | (38,204) |
| Included in other comprehensive income | (285) | 1,660 | 595 |
| Balance at September 30 | \$ 12,350 | \$ 12,385 | \$ 19,580 |

The losses included in earnings relating to the Company's assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs were unrealized and are included in "Other income, net" in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations.

Marketable equity security

The cost basis of this marketable equity security is \$12.9 million at September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, with gross unrealized gains of \$1.3 million and \$2.7 million at September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively, included in "Accumulated other comprehensive income" in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet.

Auction rate securities

Historically, the Company's auction rate securities ("ARS") had determinable market values arising from the auction process. However, these auctions began to fail in the third quarter of 2007. As a result of these failed auctions, the ARS no longer have readily determinable market values and are instead valued by discounting the estimated future cash flow streams of the securities over the lives of the securities. Credit spreads and other risk factors are also considered in establishing a fair value. At September 30, 2010, the ARS are rated either A+/WR or A/WR. The cost basis of these ARS is \$15.0 million at September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, with gross unrealized losses of \$2.7 million and \$2.4 million at September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively. Due to their high credit rating and because the Company does not intend to sell these securities and it is not more likely than not that the Company will be required to sell these securities before the recovery of their amortized cost bases, which may be maturity, the Company does not consider the ARS to be other-than-temporarily impaired at September 30, 2010. The unrealized losses are included in "Accumulated other comprehensive income" in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet. The ARS mature in 2025 and 2035.

Derivative asset related to ARO stock

The CVR was accounted for as a derivative asset and maintained at fair value relying on significant unobservable inputs including credit risk. During the fourth quarter of 2009, the Company wrote the value of the CVR down to zero. This reflected the increased credit risk due to ARO's insolvency filing and the Company's assessment of the value that it expects to recover.

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 6 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

Assets measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis

The Company's non-financial assets, such as goodwill, intangible assets and property and equipment, as well as equity and cost method investments, are measured at fair value only when an impairment charge is recognized. Such impairment charges incorporate fair value measurements based on level 3 inputs. See Note 5 for a description of an impairment charge recorded in the first quarter of 2010 related to an equity method investment.

NOTE 7 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The fair value of financial instruments listed below has been determined by the Company using available market information and appropriate valuation methodologies.

| | September 30, 2010 | | December 31, 2009 | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|------------|-------------------|--------------|
| | Carrying Amount | Fair Value | Carrying Amount | Fair Value |
| (In thousands) | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 902,214 | \$ 902,214 | \$ 1,245,997 | \$ 1,245,997 |
| Marketable securities | 471,215 | 471,215 | 487,591 | 487,591 |
| Long-term marketable equity security | 14,152 | 14,152 | 15,608 | 15,608 |
| Auction rate securities | 12,350 | 12,350 | 12,635 | 12,635 |
| Notes receivable | 3,811 | 3,277 | 3,271 | 2,426 |
| Long-term debt | (95,844) | (90,829) | (95,844) | (77,123) |
| Guarantee and letters of credit | N/A | (346) | N/A | (535) |

The carrying amounts of cash equivalents approximate fair value due to their short-term maturity. The fair value of notes receivable is based on discounting the expected future cash flow streams using yields of the underlying credit. The fair value of long-term debt is estimated using quoted market prices or indices for similar liabilities and taking into consideration other factors such as credit quality and maturity. The fair values of the guarantee and letters of credit are based on the present value of the costs associated with maintaining these instruments over their expected term. See Note 4 for discussion of the fair value of marketable securities and Note 6 for discussion of the fair value of the long-term marketable equity security and auction rate securities.

Investments accounted for under the cost method are included in "Long-term investments" in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet and have a carrying value of \$45.5 million and \$44.3 million at September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively. The Company evaluates each cost method investment for impairment on a quarterly basis and recognizes an impairment loss if a decline in value is determined to be other-than-temporary. Such impairment evaluations include, but are not limited to: the current business environment, including competition; going concern considerations such as financial condition, the rate at which the investee company utilizes cash and the investee company's ability to obtain additional financing to achieve its business plan; the need for changes to the investee company's existing business model due to changing business environments and its ability to successfully implement necessary changes; and comparable valuations. If the Company has not identified events or changes in circumstances that may have a significant adverse effect on the fair value of a cost method investment, then the fair value of such cost method investment is not estimated, as it is impracticable to do so.

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 8 EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to IAC shareholders:

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | | |
|---|----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | 2010 | | 2009 | |
| | Basic | Diluted | Basic | Diluted |
| (In thousands, except per share data) | | | | |
| Numerator: | | | | |
| Earnings from continuing operations | \$ 21,382 | \$ 21,382 | \$ 23,812 | \$ 23,812 |
| Net (earnings) loss attributable to noncontrolling interests | (136) | (136) | 384 | 384 |
| Earnings from continuing operations attributable to IAC shareholders | 21,246 | 21,246 | 24,196 | 24,196 |
| Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax | (3,737) | (3,737) | (2,514) | (2,514) |
| Net earnings attributable to IAC shareholders | \$ 17,509 | \$ 17,509 | \$ 21,682 | \$ 21,682 |
| Denominator: | | | | |
| Weighted average basic shares outstanding | 103,152 | 103,152 | 132,764 | 132,764 |
| Dilutive securities including stock options, warrants, RSUs and PSUs(a) | | 3,076 | | 2,103 |
| Denominator for earnings per share weighted average shares(a) | 103,152 | 106,228 | 132,764 | 134,867 |
| Earnings (loss) per share attributable to IAC shareholders: | | | | |
| Earnings per share from continuing operations | \$ 0.21 | \$ 0.20 | \$ 0.18 | \$ 0.18 |
| Discontinued operations, net of tax | (0.04) | (0.04) | (0.02) | (0.02) |
| Earnings per share | \$ 0.17 | \$ 0.16 | \$ 0.16 | \$ 0.16 |

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 8 EARNINGS PER SHARE (Continued)

| | Nine Months Ended September 30, | | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | 2010 | | 2009 | |
| | Basic | Diluted | Basic | Diluted |
| | (In thousands, except per share data) | | | |
| Numerator: | | | | |
| Earnings from continuing operations | \$ 18,383 | \$ 18,383 | \$ 36,523 | \$ 36,523 |
| Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests | 1,239 | 1,239 | 1,058 | 1,058 |
| Earnings from continuing operations attributable to IAC shareholders | 19,622 | 19,622 | 37,581 | 37,581 |
| Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax | (7,227) | (7,227) | (3,472) | (3,472) |
| Net earnings attributable to IAC shareholders | \$ 12,395 | \$ 12,395 | \$ 34,109 | \$ 34,109 |
| Denominator: | | | | |
| Weighted average basic shares outstanding | 109,580 | 109,580 | 142,289 | 142,289 |
| Dilutive securities including stock options, warrants, RSUs and PSUs(a) | | 3,288 | | 1,974 |
| Denominator for earnings per share weighted average shares(a) | 109,580 | 112,868 | 142,289 | 144,263 |
| Earnings (loss) per share attributable to IAC shareholders: | | | | |
| Earnings per share from continuing operations | \$ 0.18 | \$ 0.17 | \$ 0.26 | \$ 0.26 |
| Discontinued operations, net of tax | (0.07) | (0.06) | (0.02) | (0.02) |
| Earnings per share | \$ 0.11 | \$ 0.11 | \$ 0.24 | \$ 0.24 |

(a)

If the effect is dilutive, weighted average common shares outstanding include the incremental shares that would be issued upon the assumed exercise of stock options and warrants and vesting of restricted stock units ("RSUs") and performance stock units ("PSUs"). For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010, approximately 23.1 million and 23.5 million shares, respectively, related to potentially dilutive securities were excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share because their inclusion would have been anti-dilutive. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009, approximately 29.2 million and 30.0 million shares, respectively, related to potentially dilutive securities were excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per share because their inclusion would have been anti-dilutive.

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 9 SEGMENT INFORMATION

The overall concept that IAC employs in determining its operating segments is to present the financial information in a manner consistent with how the chief operating decision maker and executive management view the businesses, how the businesses are organized as to segment management, and the focus of the businesses with regards to the types of services or products offered or the target market. Entities included in discontinued operations are excluded from the tables below. Operating segments are combined for reporting purposes if they meet certain aggregation criteria, which principally relate to the similarity of their economic characteristics or, in the case of Media & Other, do not meet the quantitative thresholds that require presentation as separate operating segments.

In the fourth quarter of 2009, IAC renamed and realigned its reportable segments. The Media & Advertising segment was renamed "Search," and the Emerging Businesses segment was renamed "Media & Other." Further, Evite was moved from the Search segment (formerly Media & Advertising) to the Media & Other segment (formerly Emerging Businesses).

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------|
| | 2010 | 2009 | 2010 | 2009 |
| (In thousands) | | | | |
| Revenue: | | | | |
| Search | \$ 205,075 | \$ 170,202 | \$ 601,230 | \$ 502,758 |
| Match | 106,197 | 80,992 | 292,433 | 259,343 |
| ServiceMagic | 48,397 | 43,902 | 140,128 | 117,655 |
| Media & Other | 62,715 | 43,497 | 178,206 | 134,373 |
| Inter-segment elimination | (732) | (2,016) | (1,561) | (5,497) |
| Total | \$ 421,652 | \$ 336,577 | \$ 1,210,436 | \$ 1,008,632 |

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|
| | 2010 | 2009 | 2010 | 2009 |
| (In thousands) | | | | |
| Operating Income (Loss): | | | | |
| Search | \$ 28,872 | \$ 20,154 | \$ 91,546 | \$ 30,481 |
| Match | 38,126 | 23,873 | 77,318 | 62,012 |
| ServiceMagic | 6,205 | 4,318 | 14,349 | 12,001 |
| Media & Other | (4,583) | (8,286) | (17,726) | (31,329) |
| Corporate | (32,686) | (32,938) | (102,300) | (95,261) |
| Total | \$ 35,934 | \$ 7,121 | \$ 63,187 | \$ (22,096) |

The Company's primary metric is Operating Income Before Amortization, which is defined as operating income excluding, if applicable: (1) non-cash compensation expense, (2) amortization of non-cash marketing, (3) amortization and impairment of intangibles, (4) goodwill impairment, (5) pro forma adjustments for significant acquisitions, and (6) one-time items. The Company believes this measure is useful to investors because it represents the operating results from IAC's segments, taking into account depreciation, which it believes is an ongoing cost of doing business, but excluding the effects of any other non-cash expenses. Operating Income Before Amortization has certain limitations in that it does not take into account the impact to IAC's statement of operations of certain expenses,

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 9 SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

including non-cash compensation, non-cash marketing, and acquisition related accounting. IAC endeavors to compensate for the limitations of the non-U.S. GAAP measure presented by providing the comparable U.S. GAAP measure with equal or greater prominence, financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP, and descriptions of the reconciling items, including quantifying such items, to derive the non-U.S. GAAP measure.

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|
| | 2010 | 2009 | 2010 | 2009 |
| (In thousands) | | | | |
| Operating Income | | | | |
| Before Amortization: | | | | |
| Search | \$ 29,268 | \$ 26,559 | \$ 92,852 | \$ 52,695 |
| Match | 39,354 | 26,793 | 83,264 | 65,280 |
| ServiceMagic | 6,692 | 9,940 | 15,676 | 19,450 |
| Media & Other | (3,638) | (7,715) | (13,714) | (28,128) |
| Corporate | (16,100) | (16,692) | (43,483) | (47,835) |
| Total | \$ 55,576 | \$ 38,885 | \$ 134,595 | \$ 61,462 |

The following tables reconcile Operating Income Before Amortization to operating income (loss) for the Company's reporting segments and to net earnings attributable to IAC shareholders in total (in thousands):

| | Three Months Ended September 30, 2010 | | | |
|---|--|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Operating Income Before Amortization | Non-Cash Compensation Expense | Amortization of Intangibles | Operating Income (Loss) |
| Search | \$ 29,268 | \$ (59) | \$ (337) | \$ 28,872 |
| Match | 39,354 | | (1,228) | 38,126 |
| ServiceMagic | 6,692 | | (487) | 6,205 |
| Media & Other | (3,638) | (687) | (258) | (4,583) |
| Corporate | (16,100) | (16,586) | | (32,686) |
| Total | \$ 55,576 | \$ (17,332) | \$ (2,310) | 35,934 |
| Other income, net | | | | 268 |
| Earnings from continuing operations before income taxes | | | | 36,202 |
| Income tax provision | | | | (14,820) |
| Earnings from continuing operations | | | | 21,382 |
| Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax | | | | (3,737) |
| Net earnings | | | | 17,645 |
| Net earnings attributable to noncontrolling interests | | | | (136) |
| Net earnings attributable to IAC shareholders | | | | \$ 17,509 |

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 9 SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

| | Three Months Ended September 30, 2009 | | | | |
|---|---|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|
| | Operating Income Before Amortization | Non-Cash Compensation Expense | Amortization of Intangibles | Amortization of Non-Cash Marketing | Operating Income (Loss) |
| Search | \$ 26,559 | \$ (147) | \$ (6,258) | \$ | \$ 20,154 |
| Match | 26,793 | (26) | (2,894) | | 23,873 |
| ServiceMagic | 9,940 | | (623) | (4,999) | 4,318 |
| Media & Other | (7,715) | (96) | (475) | | (8,286) |
| Corporate | (16,692) | (16,246) | | | (32,938) |
| Total | \$ 38,885 | \$ (16,515) | \$ (10,250) | \$ (4,999) | 7,121 |
| Other income, net | | | | | 50,960 |
| Earnings from continuing operations before income taxes | | | | | 58,081 |
| Income tax provision | | | | | (34,269) |
| Earnings from continuing operations | | | | | 23,812 |
| Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax | | | | | (2,514) |
| Net earnings | | | | | 21,298 |
| Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests | | | | | 384 |
| Net earnings attributable to IAC shareholders | | | | | \$ 21,682 |

| | Nine Months Ended September 30, 2010 | | | |
|---|--|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Operating Income Before Amortization | Non-Cash Compensation Expense | Amortization of Intangibles | Operating Income (Loss) |
| Search | \$ 92,852 | \$ (295) | \$ (1,011) | \$ 91,546 |
| Match | 83,264 | 153 | (6,099) | 77,318 |
| ServiceMagic | 15,676 | | (1,327) | 14,349 |
| Media & Other | (13,714) | (2,026) | (1,986) | (17,726) |
| Corporate | (43,483) | (58,817) | | (102,300) |
| Total | \$ 134,595 | \$ (60,985) | \$ (10,423) | 63,187 |
| Other expense, net | | | | (21,019) |
| Earnings from continuing operations before income taxes | | | | 42,168 |
| Income tax provision | | | | (23,785) |
| Earnings from continuing operations | | | | 18,383 |
| Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax | | | | (7,227) |

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| | |
|---|-----------|
| Net earnings | 11,156 |
| Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests | 1,239 |
| Net earnings attributable to IAC shareholders | \$ 12,395 |

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IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 9 SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

| | Nine months ended September 30, 2009 | | | | | |
|---|---|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|------------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Operating Income Before Amortization | Non-Cash Compensation Expense | Amortization of Intangibles | Amortization of Non-Cash Marketing | Goodwill Impairment | Operating Income (Loss) |
| Search | \$ 52,695 | \$ (442) | \$ (19,267) | \$ (2,505) | \$ | \$ 30,481 |
| Match | 65,280 | (128) | (3,140) | | | 62,012 |
| ServiceMagic | 19,450 | (150) | (2,300) | (4,999) | | 12,001 |
| Media & Other | (28,128) | (541) | (1,604) | | (1,056) | (31,329) |
| Corporate | (47,835) | (47,426) | | | | (95,261) |
| Total | \$ 61,462 | \$ (48,687) | \$ (26,311) | \$ (7,504) | \$ (1,056) | (22,096) |
| Other income, net | | | | | | 112,352 |
| Earnings from continuing operations before income taxes | | | | | | 90,256 |
| Income tax provision | | | | | | (53,733) |
| Earnings from continuing operations | | | | | | 36,523 |
| Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax | | | | | | (3,472) |
| Net earnings | | | | | | 33,051 |
| Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests | | | | | | 1,058 |
| Net earnings attributable to IAC shareholders | | | | | | \$ 34,109 |

The following table presents depreciation by segment:

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------------|-----------|
| | 2010 | 2009 | 2010 | 2009 |
| | (In thousands) | | | |
| Depreciation: | | | | |
| Search | \$ 8,249 | \$ 7,826 | \$ 27,264 | \$ 24,551 |
| Match | 2,612 | 2,503 | 8,518 | 7,310 |
| ServiceMagic | 1,005 | 858 | 3,001 | 2,452 |
| Media & Other | 1,342 | 1,285 | 5,274 | 5,650 |
| Corporate | 2,156 | 2,817 | 6,551 | 8,417 |
| Total | \$ 15,364 | \$ 15,289 | \$ 50,608 | \$ 48,380 |

Geographic information about the United States and international territories is presented below:

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------|------|------------------------------------|------|
| | 2010 | 2009 | 2010 | 2009 |
| | (In thousands) | | | |
| Revenue: | | | | |

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| | | | | |
|---------------------|------------|------------|--------------|--------------|
| United States | \$ 353,832 | \$ 293,056 | \$ 1,014,767 | \$ 848,932 |
| All other countries | 67,820 | 43,521 | 195,669 | 159,700 |
| Total | \$ 421,652 | \$ 336,577 | \$ 1,210,436 | \$ 1,008,632 |

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 9 SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

| | September 30, 2010 | December 31, 2009 |
|--|-----------------------|----------------------|
| (In thousands) | | |
| Long-lived assets (excluding goodwill and intangible assets): | | |
| United States | \$ 281,151 | \$ 296,543 |
| All other countries | 992 | 869 |
| Total | \$ 282,143 | \$ 297,412 |

NOTE 10 CONTINGENCIES

In the ordinary course of business, the Company is a party to various lawsuits. The Company establishes reserves for specific legal matters when it determines that the likelihood of an unfavorable outcome is probable and the loss is reasonably estimable. Management has also identified certain other legal matters where we believe an unfavorable outcome is not probable and, therefore, no reserve is established. Although management currently believes that resolving claims against us, including claims where an unfavorable outcome is reasonably possible, will not have a material impact on the liquidity, results of operations, or financial condition of the Company, these matters are subject to inherent uncertainties and management's view of these matters may change in the future. The Company also evaluates other contingent matters, including tax contingencies, to assess the probability and estimated extent of potential loss. It is possible that an unfavorable outcome of one or more of these lawsuits or other contingencies could have a material impact on the liquidity, results of operations, or financial condition of the Company. See Note 3 for additional information related to income tax contingencies.

NOTE 11 SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Non-Cash Transactions for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2010

On March 10, 2010, Match and Meetic completed a transaction in which Match contributed its Latin American business ("Match Latam") and Meetic contributed its Latin American business ("Parperfeito") to a newly formed venture. These contributions, along with a \$3.0 million payment from Match to Meetic, resulted in each party owning a 50% equity interest in the newly formed venture, which was valued at \$72 million. Match controls the venture through its voting interests. Accordingly, this transaction was accounted for as an acquisition of Parperfeito and a decrease in ownership of Match Latam. No gain or loss was recognized on this transaction as the fair value of the consideration received by Match equaled the fair value of the assets exchanged.

Non-Cash Transactions for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2009

On June 5, 2009, IAC completed the sale of Match Europe to Meetic. In exchange for Match Europe, IAC received a 27% stake in Meetic (approximately 6.1 million shares of Meetic common stock), valued at \$154.8 million, plus a promissory note valued at \$6.2 million. The promissory note was subsequently paid in the fourth quarter of 2009.

On January 31, 2009, IAC completed the sale of ReserveAmerica to The Active Network, Inc. ("Active"). In exchange for ReserveAmerica, IAC received approximately 3.5 million shares of Active convertible preferred stock, valued at \$33.3 million. No gain or loss was recognized on the sale of

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

NOTE 11 SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION (Continued)

ReserveAmerica as the fair value of the Active convertible preferred stock received was equivalent to the carrying value of ReserveAmerica.

The Company recorded a \$4.1 million reduction to the distribution related to the August 20, 2008 spin-off of HSN, Inc., Interval Leisure Group, Inc., Ticketmaster Entertainment, Inc. and Tree.com, Inc. (collectively, the "Spincos") into separate independent publicly traded companies (collectively, the "Spin-Off "). This reflects a reduction in the Company's income tax liability and a corresponding increase in the income tax liability of the Spincos as of the date of the Spin-Off. This reduced tax liability is primarily due to elections made by the Company pursuant to the tax sharing agreement executed in connection with the Spin-Off.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**GENERAL****Management Overview**

IAC is a leading internet company with more than 50 brands serving consumer audiences across more than 30 countries... our mission is to harness the power of interactivity to make daily life easier and more productive for people all over the world. IAC includes the businesses comprising its Search segment; its Match and ServiceMagic segments; the businesses comprising its Media & Other segment; as well as investments in unconsolidated affiliates.

All references to "IAC," the "Company," "we," "our" or "us" in this report are to IAC/InterActiveCorp.

For a more detailed description of the Company's operating businesses, see the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009.

Results of Operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010 compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009

Set forth below are the contributions made by our various segments and corporate operations to consolidated revenue, operating income (loss) and Operating Income Before Amortization (as defined in IAC's Principles of Financial Reporting) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009 (dollars in thousands).

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | | |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------|------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|------------|---------------------|
| | 2010 | Growth | 2009* | 2010 | Growth | 2009* |
| Revenue: | | | | | | |
| Search | \$ 205,075 | 20% | \$ 170,202 | \$ 601,230 | 20% | \$ 502,758 |
| Match | 106,197 | 31% | 80,992 | 292,433 | 13% | 259,343 |
| ServiceMagic | 48,397 | 10% | 43,902 | 140,128 | 19% | 117,655 |
| Media & Other | 62,715 | 44% | 43,497 | 178,206 | 33% | 134,373 |
| Inter-segment elimination | (732) | 64% | (2,016) | (1,561) | 72% | (5,497) |
| Total | \$ 421,652 | 25% | \$ 336,577 | \$ 1,210,436 | 20% | \$ 1,008,632 |

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | | |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|-----------|--------------------|
| | 2010 | Growth | 2009* | 2010 | Growth | 2009* |
| Operating Income (Loss): | | | | | | |
| Search | \$ 28,872 | 43% | \$ 20,154 | \$ 91,546 | 200% | \$ 30,481 |
| Match | 38,126 | 60% | 23,873 | 77,318 | 25% | 62,012 |
| ServiceMagic | 6,205 | 44% | 4,318 | 14,349 | 20% | 12,001 |
| Media & Other | (4,583) | 45% | (8,286) | (17,726) | 43% | (31,329) |
| Corporate | (32,686) | 1% | (32,938) | (102,300) | (7)% | (95,261) |
| Total | \$ 35,934 | 405% | \$ 7,121 | \$ 63,187 | NM | \$ (22,096) |

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| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | | |
|--|----------------------------------|------------|------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|------------------|
| | 2010 | Growth | 2009* | 2010 | Growth | 2009* |
| Operating Income Before Amortization: | | | | | | |
| Search | \$ 29,268 | 10% | \$ 26,559 | \$ 92,852 | 76% | \$ 52,695 |
| Match | 39,354 | 47% | 26,793 | 83,264 | 28% | 65,280 |
| ServiceMagic | 6,692 | (33)% | 9,940 | 15,676 | (19)% | 19,450 |
| Media & Other | (3,638) | 53% | (7,715) | (13,714) | 51% | (28,128) |
| Corporate | (16,100) | 4% | (16,692) | (43,483) | 9% | (47,835) |
| Total | \$ 55,576 | 43% | \$ 38,885 | \$ 134,595 | 119% | \$ 61,462 |

*

In the fourth quarter of 2009, the Company renamed and realigned its reportable segments. The Media & Advertising segment was renamed "Search" and the Emerging Businesses segment was renamed "Media & Other". Further, Evite was moved from the Search segment (formerly Media & Advertising) to the Media & Other segment (formerly Emerging Businesses). Certain prior year amounts were reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

Refer to Note 9 to the consolidated financial statements for reconciliations by segment of Operating Income Before Amortization to operating income (loss).

Consolidated Results

Revenue

For the three months ended September 30, 2010 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2009

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | |
|---------|----------------------------------|----------|------------|
| | 2010 | % Change | 2009 |
| | (Dollars in thousands) | | |
| Revenue | \$ 421,652 | 25% | \$ 336,577 |

Revenue in 2010 increased \$85.1 million from 2009 primarily as a result of revenue increases of \$34.9 million from Search, \$25.2 million from Match and \$19.2 million from Media & Other. Revenue reflects double digit growth across all segments. The increase from Search reflects growth in queries from distributed and proprietary toolbars and destination websites. The increase in revenue from Match reflects strong organic growth at Match.com U.S. and People Media. Also contributing to the increase in revenue from Match is the effect of Singlesnet, acquired March 2, 2010, and Match's venture with Meetic S.A. ("Meetic") in Latin America, which was formed March 10, 2010. The increase in revenue from Media & Other was driven by the contribution from Notional and Electus, which had no revenue in the prior year period, and strong growth at Pronto, Gifts.com and CollegeHumor.

A significant component of the Company's revenue is attributable to a paid listing supply agreement with Google Inc. ("Google"), which expires on December 31, 2012. For the three months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, revenue earned from Google was \$180.1 million and \$140.6 million, respectively. The majority of this revenue is earned by the businesses comprising the Search segment.

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For the nine months ended September 30, 2010 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2009

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2010 % Change 2009

(Dollars in thousands)

| | | | |
|---------|--------------|-----|--------------|
| Revenue | \$ 1,210,436 | 20% | \$ 1,008,632 |
|---------|--------------|-----|--------------|

Revenue in 2010 increased \$201.8 million from 2009 primarily as a result of revenue increases of \$98.5 million from Search, \$43.8 million from Media & Other, \$33.1 million from Match and \$22.5 million from ServiceMagic. The increases in revenue from Search, Media & Other and Match are due primarily to the factors described above in the three month discussion. The revenue from Match was further impacted by the contribution from People Media, acquired July 13, 2009, partially offset by a decrease in revenue due to the sale of Match Europe to Meetic on June 5, 2009. The increase in revenue from ServiceMagic was primarily due to increases in domestic service requests and accepted domestic service requests driven primarily by increased online marketing efforts and a more active service provider network.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, revenue earned from Google was \$530.7 million and \$406.0 million, respectively.

Cost of revenue

For the three months ended September 30, 2010 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2009

Three Months Ended September 30,

2010 % Change 2009

(Dollars in thousands)

| | | | |
|----------------------------|------------|--------|------------|
| Cost of revenue | \$ 148,558 | 40% | \$ 106,029 |
| As a percentage of revenue | 35% | 373 bp | 32% |

bp

= basis points

Cost of revenue consists primarily of traffic acquisition costs. Traffic acquisition costs consist of payments made to partners who distribute our toolbars, integrate our paid listings into their websites or direct traffic to our websites. These payments include amounts based on revenue share and other arrangements. Cost of revenue also includes the cost of products sold and shipping and handling costs, as well as expenses associated with the operation of the Company's data centers, including compensation and other employee-related costs (including stock-based compensation) for personnel engaged in data center functions, rent, energy and bandwidth costs, and content acquisition costs.

Cost of revenue in 2010 increased \$42.5 million from 2009 primarily due to increases of \$31.8 million from Search, \$5.8 million from Match and \$4.5 million from Media & Other. The increase in cost of revenue from Search was primarily due to an increase of \$29.5 million in traffic acquisition costs related to an increase in revenue. As a percentage of revenue, traffic acquisition costs increased over the prior year period due to an increase in the proportion of revenue from distributed toolbars and other arrangements with third parties who direct traffic to our websites, as well as a shift in partner mix to partners carrying higher traffic acquisition costs. Cost of revenue from Match increased due to the acquisition of Singlesnet and the formation of the Latin America venture. The increase in cost of revenue from Media & Other was primarily due to Notional, which commenced operations during the prior year period.

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For the nine months ended September 30, 2010 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2009

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2010 % Change 2009

(Dollars in thousands)

| | | | |
|----------------------------|------------|--------|------------|
| Cost of revenue | \$ 422,704 | 31% | \$ 323,462 |
| As a percentage of revenue | 35% | 285 bp | 32% |

Cost of revenue in 2010 increased \$99.2 million from 2009 primarily due to increases of \$85.9 million from Search, \$6.1 million from Media & Other and \$5.4 million from Match. The increases in cost of revenue from Search, Media & Other and Match are due primarily to the factors described above in the three month discussion. Partially offsetting the increase in cost of revenue from Media & Other is the inclusion in the prior year period of a write-off of capitalized software, including game development costs, at InstantAction.

Selling and marketing expense

For the three months ended September 30, 2010 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2009

Three Months Ended September 30, 2010 % Change 2009

(Dollars in thousands)

| | | | |
|-------------------------------|------------|----------|------------|
| Selling and marketing expense | \$ 123,347 | 15% | \$ 107,603 |
| As a percentage of revenue | 29% | (272) bp | 32% |

Selling and marketing expense consists primarily of advertising and promotional expenditures and compensation and other employee-related costs (including stock-based compensation) for personnel engaged in sales, sales support and customer service functions. Advertising and promotional expenditures include online marketing, including fees paid to search engines and third parties that distribute our proprietary toolbars, and offline marketing, including television and radio advertising.

Selling and marketing expense in 2010 increased \$15.7 million from 2009 primarily due to increases of \$6.3 million from Match, \$5.8 million from Media & Other and \$4.8 million from ServiceMagic. The increase in selling and marketing expense from Match is due to an increase of \$5.5 million in advertising and promotional expenditures primarily related to a new advertising agreement entered into during the second quarter of 2010, as well as the impact from the acquisition of Singlesnet and the formation of the Latin America venture. The increase in selling and marketing expense from ServiceMagic is due to increases of \$2.8 million and \$2.0 million in marketing and compensation and other employee-related costs, respectively. The increase in compensation and other employee-related costs from ServiceMagic is due in part, to the continued expansion of its sales force. Selling and marketing expense from Media & Other increased primarily due to increases of \$2.2 million and \$1.8 million in online marketing at Gifts.com and Pronto, respectively.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2010 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2009

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2010 % Change 2009

(Dollars in thousands)

| | | | |
|-------------------------------|------------|----------|------------|
| Selling and marketing expense | \$ 379,153 | 5% | \$ 360,121 |
| As a percentage of revenue | 31% | (438) bp | 36% |

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Selling and marketing expense in 2010 increased \$19.0 million from 2009 primarily due to increases of \$20.1 million from ServiceMagic, \$14.7 million from Media & Other and \$7.8 million from Match, partially offset by a decrease of \$24.2 million from Search. The increases in selling and marketing expense from ServiceMagic, Media & Other and Match are primarily due to the factors described above in the three month discussion. The decrease in selling and marketing expense from Search is primarily due to lower advertising and promotional expenditures of \$14.2 million, as the prior year period included expenditures associated with the NASCAR partnership and an ad campaign to rebrand the UK.Ask.com website, as well as a decrease in compensation and other-employee related costs at CityGrid Media (formerly Citysearch), due in part, to a decrease in average headcount.

General and administrative expense

For the three months ended September 30, 2010 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2009

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | |
|------------------------------------|---|-----------------|-------------|
| | 2010 | % Change | 2009 |
| | (Dollars in thousands) | | |
| General and administrative expense | \$ 78,327 | 8% | \$ 72,314 |
| As a percentage of revenue | 19% | (291) bp | 21% |

General and administrative expense consists primarily of compensation and other employee-related costs (including stock-based compensation) for personnel engaged in executive management, finance, legal, tax and human resources, facilities costs and fees for professional services.

General and administrative expense in 2010 increased \$6.0 million from 2009 primarily due to increases of \$5.5 million from Media & Other and \$2.7 million from ServiceMagic, partially offset by a decrease of \$1.7 million from Search. General and administrative expense from Media & Other increased primarily due to increased operating expenses associated with Vimeo and expenses related to Electus, which commenced operations during the prior year period. The increase in general and administrative expense from ServiceMagic is primarily due to an increase of \$1.6 million in compensation and other-employee related costs. The decrease in general and administrative expense from Search is primarily due to the prior year period reflecting an increase in litigation related expenses.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2010 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2009

| | Nine Months Ended September 30, | | |
|------------------------------------|--|-----------------|-------------|
| | 2010 | % Change | 2009 |
| | (Dollars in thousands) | | |
| General and administrative expense | \$ 236,387 | 8% | \$ 218,802 |
| As a percentage of revenue | 20% | (216) bp | 22% |

General and administrative expense in 2010 increased \$17.6 million from 2009 primarily due to increases of \$12.3 million from Media & Other and \$6.6 million from corporate. General and administrative expense from Media & Other increased primarily due to Electus and Notional, which commenced operations during the prior year period, as well as increased operating expenses associated with Vimeo and Evite, partially offset by the cost savings related to certain businesses that have been sold or shutdown. The increase from corporate is principally due to an increase of \$8.5 million in non-cash compensation expense related to equity grants issued subsequent to the third quarter of 2009 and the favorable impact of forfeited awards in the prior year, partially offset by lower professional fees.

Product development expense

For the three months ended September 30, 2010 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2009

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | |
|-----------------------------|---|-----------------|-------------|
| | 2010 | % Change | 2009 |
| | (Dollars in thousands) | | |
| Product development expense | \$ 17,812 | 37% | \$ 12,972 |
| As a percentage of revenue | 4% | 37 bp | 4% |

Product development expense consists primarily of compensation and other employee-related costs (including stock-based compensation) that are not capitalized for personnel engaged in the design, development, testing and enhancement of product offerings and related technology.

Product development expense in 2010 increased \$4.8 million from 2009 primarily due to increases of \$3.0 million from Search and \$0.9 million from Match. Contributing to the increase in product development expense at Search is a decrease in costs being capitalized in the current year period as compared to the prior year period related to the development and enhancement of IAC Search & Media's product offerings and related technology. The increase in product development expense from Match is primarily due to an increase in compensation and other employee-related costs driven by growth in headcount related to recent acquisitions.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2010 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2009

| | Nine Months Ended September 30, | | |
|-----------------------------|--|-----------------|-------------|
| | 2010 | % Change | 2009 |
| | (Dollars in thousands) | | |
| Product development expense | \$ 47,974 | 6% | \$ 45,092 |
| As a percentage of revenue | 4% | (51) bp | 4% |

Product development expense in 2010 increased \$2.9 million from 2009 primarily due to an increase of \$2.5 million from Match. The increase in product development expense from Match is due primarily to the factors described above in the three month discussion.

Depreciation

For the three months ended September 30, 2010 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2009

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | |
|----------------------------|---|-----------------|-------------|
| | 2010 | % Change | 2009 |
| | (Dollars in thousands) | | |
| Depreciation expense | \$ 15,364 | 0% | \$ 15,289 |
| As a percentage of revenue | 4% | (90) bp | 5% |

Depreciation in 2010 increased \$0.1 million from 2009 primarily due to the incremental depreciation associated with capital expenditures made during 2010 and 2009, almost entirely offset by certain fixed assets becoming fully depreciated.

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For the nine months ended September 30, 2010 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2009

| | Nine Months Ended September 30, | | |
|----------------------------|--|-----------------|-------------|
| | 2010 | % Change | 2009 |
| | (Dollars in thousands) | | |
| Depreciation expense | \$ 50,608 | 5% | \$ 48,380 |
| As a percentage of revenue | 4% | (62) bp | 5% |

Depreciation in 2010 increased \$2.2 million from 2009 primarily due to the factors described above in the three month discussion. Depreciation expense was further impacted in 2010 by the write-off of certain capitalized software costs.

Operating Income Before Amortization

For the three months ended September 30, 2010 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2009

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|-----------------|-------------|
| | 2010 | % Change | 2009 |
| | (Dollars in thousands) | | |
| Operating Income Before Amortization | \$ 55,576 | 43% | \$ 38,885 |
| As a percentage of total revenue | 13% | 163 bp | 12% |

Operating Income Before Amortization in 2010 increased \$16.7 million from 2009 primarily due to an increase of \$12.6 million from Match and reduced losses of \$4.1 million at Media & Other, reflecting, in each case, higher revenue.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2010 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2009

| | Nine Months Ended September 30, | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|-----------------|-------------|
| | 2010 | % Change | 2009 |
| | (Dollars in thousands) | | |
| Operating Income Before Amortization | \$ 134,595 | 119% | \$ 61,462 |
| As a percentage of total revenue | 11% | 503 bp | 6% |

Operating Income Before Amortization in 2010 increased \$73.1 million from 2009 primarily due to increases of \$40.2 million and \$18.0 million from Search and Match, respectively, and reduced losses of \$14.4 million at Media & Other. The increase in Operating Income Before Amortization reflects higher revenue across these segments, as well as lower marketing costs from Search, a reduction in acquisition related expenses from Match and cost savings related to certain businesses that have been sold or shutdown and the profit participations related to our interests in Reveille from Media & Other.

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Operating income (loss)

For the three months ended September 30, 2010 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2009

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | |
|----------------------------|---|-----------------|-------------|
| | 2010 | % Change | 2009 |
| | (Dollars in thousands) | | |
| Operating income | \$ 35,934 | 405% | \$ 7,121 |
| As a percentage of revenue | 9% | 641 bp | 2% |

Operating income in 2010 increased \$28.8 million from 2009 primarily due to an increase of \$16.7 million in Operating Income Before Amortization described above and decreases of \$7.9 million in amortization of intangibles and \$5.0 million in amortization of non-cash marketing, partially offset by an increase of \$0.8 million in non-cash compensation expense. The decrease in amortization of intangibles is primarily due to the write-off of certain definite-lived intangible assets at IAC Search & Media during the fourth quarter of 2009. The amortization of non-cash marketing referred to in this report consists of non-cash advertising credits secured from Universal Television as part of the transaction pursuant to which Vivendi Universal Entertainment, LLLP ("VUE") was created, and the subsequent transaction by which IAC sold its partnership interests in VUE.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2010 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2009

| | Nine Months Ended September 30, | | |
|----------------------------|--|-----------------|-------------|
| | 2010 | % Change | 2009 |
| | (Dollars in thousands) | | |
| Operating income (loss) | \$ 63,187 | NM | \$ (22,096) |
| As a percentage of revenue | 5% | NM | (2)% |

Operating income in 2010 increased \$85.3 million from 2009 primarily due to an increase of \$73.1 million in Operating Income Before Amortization described above and decreases of \$15.9 million in amortization of intangibles and \$7.5 million in amortization of non-cash marketing, as well as the inclusion in the prior year period of a goodwill impairment charge of \$1.1 million, partially offset by an increase of \$12.3 million in non-cash compensation expense. The decrease in amortization of intangibles is primarily due to the write-off of certain definite-lived intangible assets at IAC Search & Media during the fourth quarter of 2009, partially offset by an increase in amortization of intangibles at Match relating to the acquisition of Singlesnet and its formed venture with Meetic in Latin America.

The increase in non-cash compensation expense is primarily due to the expense related to equity grants issued subsequent to the third quarter of 2009 and the favorable impact of forfeited awards in the prior year period. As of September 30, 2010, there was \$123.0 million of unrecognized compensation costs, net of estimated forfeitures, related to all equity-based awards, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of approximately 2.3 years.

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Other income (expense)

For the three months ended September 30, 2010 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2009

| Three Months Ended September 30, | | | | |
|---|-------------|-----------------|----|-------------|
| | 2010 | % Change | | 2009 |
| (Dollars in thousands) | | | | |
| Other income (expense): | | | | |
| Interest income | \$ 1,550 | (35)% | \$ | 2,374 |
| Interest expense | (1,321) | (2)% | | (1,345) |
| Equity in losses of unconsolidated affiliates | (547) | (86)% | | (3,961) |
| Other income, net | 586 | (99)% | | 53,892 |

Interest income in 2010 decreased \$0.8 million from 2009 primarily due to the impact of lower average investment balances and lower average interest rates.

Equity in losses of unconsolidated affiliates in 2010 decreased \$3.4 million from 2009 primarily due to the positive contribution from the Company's investment in Meetic, as well as reduced losses from certain other equity method investees. The Company recognized a loss in the prior year period related to its investment in Meetic primarily due to the amortization of intangibles, which is required by purchase accounting rules.

Other income, net in 2009 of \$53.9 million is principally due to a gain of \$36.2 million related to the Company's sale of 1.8 million common shares of OpenTable, Inc. ("OpenTable") and an increase of \$15.4 million on the gain related to the sale of Match Europe. The gain on sale of Match Europe was adjusted in the third quarter of 2009 due to a reduction in the goodwill allocated to Match Europe upon its sale reflecting a more time proximate estimate of the fair value of the Match reporting unit as of the date of sale.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2010 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2009

| Nine Months Ended September 30, | | | | |
|---|-------------|-----------------|----|-------------|
| | 2010 | % Change | | 2009 |
| (Dollars in thousands) | | | | |
| Other income (expense): | | | | |
| Interest income | \$ 4,851 | (43)% | \$ | 8,546 |
| Interest expense | (3,967) | (3)% | | (4,070) |
| Equity in losses of unconsolidated affiliates | (27,162) | 241% | | (7,973) |
| Other income, net | 5,259 | (95)% | | 115,849 |

Interest income in 2010 decreased \$3.7 million from 2009 primarily due to the factors described above in the three month discussion.

Equity in losses of unconsolidated affiliates in 2010 increased \$19.2 million from 2009 primarily due to an \$18.3 million impairment charge to write-down the Company's investment in The HealthCentral Network, Inc. ("HealthCentral") to fair value. The decline in value was determined to be other-than-temporary due to HealthCentral's continued losses and negative operating cash flows, which are due, in part, to macroeconomic and industry specific factors. The valuation of our investment in HealthCentral reflects the Company's assessment of these factors. The Company estimated the fair value of its investment in HealthCentral using a multiple of revenue approach in the context of a different valuation environment than that which prevailed when our initial investment was made. Equity in losses of unconsolidated affiliates also includes increased losses related to the Company's investment

in Meetic, which is not in the full prior year period, due to the amortization of intangibles, which is required by purchase accounting rules.

Other income, net in 2010 of \$5.3 million was primarily due to a gain of \$4.0 million related to the sale of our remaining shares of OpenTable.

Other income, net in 2009 of \$115.8 million is principally due to a \$132.2 million gain related to the sale of Match Europe to Meetic and a gain of \$36.2 million related to the Company's sale of 1.8 million common shares of OpenTable. Partially offsetting other income in 2009 is a loss of \$12.3 million related to the Company's sale of 4.3 million shares of Arcandor AG ("ARO") stock, and write-downs of \$38.2 million and \$4.4 million related to the derivative asset associated with the ARO stock (referred to as a contingent value right or "CVR") and the 1.1 million shares of ARO stock that the Company still owned at September 30, 2009, respectively. ARO filed for insolvency on June 9, 2009. The impairment charge related to the CVR was based upon the Company's assessment of its fair value at June 30, 2009.

Income tax provision

For the three months ended September 30, 2010 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2009

In 2010, the Company recorded an income tax provision for continuing operations of \$14.8 million on pre-tax income of \$36.2 million, which represents an effective tax rate of 41%. This rate is higher than the federal statutory rate of 35% due principally to state taxes and interest on tax contingencies, partially offset by the reversal of a valuation allowance on the deferred tax asset related to an unconsolidated affiliate and foreign income taxed at lower rates. In 2009, the Company recorded an income tax provision for continuing operations of \$34.3 million on pre-tax income of \$58.1 million, which represents an effective tax rate of 59%. This rate is higher than the federal statutory rate of 35% due principally to a change in the estimated annual effective tax rate, interest on tax contingencies and state taxes, partially offset by a non-taxable gain associated with the sale of Match Europe and net adjustments related to the reconciliation of tax returns to provision accruals.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2010 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2009

In 2010, the Company recorded an income tax provision for continuing operations of \$23.8 million on pre-tax income of \$42.2 million, which represents an effective tax rate of 56%. This rate is higher than the federal statutory rate of 35% due principally to interest on tax contingencies, a valuation allowance on the deferred tax asset created by the impairment charge for our investment in HealthCentral, and state taxes, partially offset by foreign tax credits and the reversal of a valuation allowance on the deferred tax asset related to an unconsolidated affiliate. In 2009, the Company recorded an income tax provision for continuing operations of \$53.7 million on pre-tax income of \$90.3 million, which represents an effective tax rate of 60%. This rate is higher than the federal statutory rate of 35% due principally to non-deductible goodwill associated with the sale of Match Europe, an increase in reserves and related interest for tax contingencies and an increase in valuation allowances on deferred tax assets related to the impairments of the Company's shares of ARO stock and the related CVR, offset by foreign tax credits related to the sale of Match Europe.

At September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the Company had unrecognized tax benefits of \$389.2 million and \$394.3 million, respectively. Unrecognized tax benefits for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 decreased by \$5.1 million due principally to a net decrease in deductible temporary differences. The Company recognizes interest and, if applicable, penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits in income tax expense. Included in the income tax expense from continuing operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010 is a \$2.5 million expense and a \$7.2 million expense,

respectively, net of related deferred taxes of \$1.7 million and \$4.9 million, respectively, for interest on unrecognized tax benefits. At September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the Company has accrued \$90.4 million and \$68.7 million, respectively, for the payment of interest. At September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, the Company has accrued \$5.0 million for penalties.

The Company is routinely under audit by federal, state, local and foreign authorities in the area of income tax. These audits include questioning the timing and the amount of income and deductions and the allocation of income and deductions among various tax jurisdictions. The Internal Revenue Service is currently examining the Company's tax returns for the years ended December 31, 2001 through 2006. The statute of limitations for these years has been extended to December 31, 2011. Various state, local and foreign jurisdictions are currently under examination, the most significant of which are California, New York and New York City, for various tax years beginning with December 31, 2003. These examinations are expected to be completed by 2011. Income taxes payable include reserves considered sufficient to pay assessments that may result from examination of prior year tax returns. Changes to reserves from period to period and differences between amounts paid, if any, upon resolution of issues raised in audits and amounts previously provided may be material. Differences between the reserves for tax contingencies and the amounts owed by the Company are recorded in the period they become known. The Company believes that it is reasonably possible that its unrecognized tax benefits could decrease by \$19.9 million within twelve months of the current reporting date primarily due to the reversal of deductible temporary differences which will primarily result in a corresponding increase in net deferred tax liabilities, the reversal of state tax reserves based upon the receipt of favorable income tax rulings, statute of limitations expirations, and settlements. An estimate of other changes in unrecognized tax benefits, while potentially significant, cannot be made.

Discontinued operations

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010 compared to the three and nine months ended September 30, 2009

| | Three Months Ended September 30, | | | Nine Months Ended September 30, | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------|--------|------------|---------------------------------|--------|------------|
| | | % | | | % | |
| | 2010 | Change | 2009 | 2010 | Change | 2009 |
| | (Dollars in thousands) | | | | | |
| Discontinued operations | \$ (3,737) | 49% | \$ (2,514) | \$ (7,227) | 108% | \$ (3,472) |

The 2010 and 2009 amounts are primarily due to interest on tax contingencies and reserves for penalties.

Recoverability of Goodwill and Indefinite-Lived Intangible Assets

Goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets, which consist of certain of the Company's trade names and trademarks, are tested annually for impairment as of October 1 or more frequently if an event occurs or circumstances change that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of a reporting unit or the fair value of an indefinite-lived intangible asset below its carrying value.

Goodwill impairment is determined using a two-step process. The first step involves a comparison of the estimated fair value of each of the Company's reporting units to its carrying value, including goodwill. In performing the first step, the Company determines the fair value of a reporting unit using a discounted cash flow ("DCF") analysis. Determining fair value requires the exercise of significant judgment, including judgment about the amount and timing of expected future cash flows and appropriate discount rates. The expected cash flows used in the DCF analyses are based on the Company's most recent budget and, for years beyond the budget, the Company's estimates, which are based, in part, on forecasted growth rates. The discount rates used in the DCF analyses are intended to reflect the risks inherent in the expected future cash flows of the respective reporting units. If the estimated fair value of a reporting unit exceeds its carrying value, goodwill of the reporting unit is not impaired and the second step of the impairment test is not necessary. If the carrying value of a reporting unit exceeds its estimated fair value, then the second step of the goodwill impairment test must be performed. The second step of the goodwill impairment test compares the implied fair value of the reporting unit's goodwill with its carrying value to measure the amount of impairment, if any. The implied fair value of goodwill is determined in the same manner as the amount of goodwill recognized in a business combination. In other words, the estimated fair value of the reporting unit is allocated to all of the assets and liabilities of that unit (including any unrecognized intangible assets) as if the reporting unit had been acquired in a business combination and the fair value of the reporting unit was the purchase price paid. If the carrying value of the reporting unit's goodwill exceeds the implied fair value of that goodwill, an impairment is recognized in an amount equal to that excess.

The Company's indefinite-lived intangible assets consist of acquired trade names and trademarks. The impairment test for indefinite-lived intangible assets involves a comparison of the estimated fair value of the intangible asset with its carrying value. If the carrying value of the intangible asset exceeds its fair value, an impairment loss is recognized in an amount equal to that excess. The estimates of fair value of indefinite-lived intangible assets are determined using an avoided royalty DCF valuation analysis. Significant judgments inherent in this analysis include the selection of appropriate royalty and discount rates and estimating the amount and timing of expected future cash flows. The discount rates used in the DCF analyses are intended to reflect the risks inherent in the expected future cash flows generated by the respective intangible assets. The royalty rates used in the DCF analyses are based upon an estimate of the royalty rates that a market participant would pay to license the Company's trade names and trademarks.

The Company has seven reporting units with goodwill. Of these, IAC Search & Media, InstantAction and Connected Ventures have fair values that approximate their carrying values. The amount of goodwill of each of these reporting units was \$527.6 million, \$31.6 million and \$8.4 million, respectively, at December 31, 2009. If operating results of these businesses vary significantly from anticipated results, future, potentially material, impairments of goodwill and/or indefinite-lived intangible assets could occur. To illustrate the magnitude of potential impairment charges relative to future changes in estimated fair values, had the estimated fair values of each of these reporting units been hypothetically lower by 10% as of October 1, 2009, the carrying values of IAC Search & Media, InstantAction and Connected Ventures would have exceeded their respective fair values by approximately \$80 million, \$4 million and \$4 million, respectively. Had the estimated fair values of each of these reporting units been hypothetically lower by 20% as of October 1, 2009, the carrying values of IAC Search & Media, InstantAction and Connected Ventures would have exceeded their respective fair values by approximately \$160 million, \$8 million and \$8 million, respectively.

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Any impairment charge that might result in the future would be determined based upon the excess of the carrying value of goodwill over its implied fair value using the second step of the impairment analysis that is described above but, in any event, would not be expected to be lower than the excess of the carrying value of the reporting unit over its fair value. The primary driver in the DCF valuation analyses and the determination of the fair values of the Company's reporting units is the estimate of future revenue and profitability. Generally, the Company would expect to record an impairment if forecasted revenue and profitability are no longer expected to be achieved and as a result, the carrying value of a reporting unit(s) exceeds its fair value. This assessment would be based, in part, upon the performance of its businesses relative to budget, the Company's assessment of macroeconomic factors, industry and competitive dynamics and the strategies of its businesses in response to these factors.

Segment Results

In addition to the discussion of consolidated results above, the following is a discussion of the results of each segment.

Search

For the three months ended September 30, 2010 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2009

Our Search segment includes toolbars and other destination websites, including Ask.com, Dictionary.com and DailyBurn.com, through which we primarily provide search services; and CityGrid Media, an online media company that aggregates and integrates local ads and content and distributes them to publishers across web and mobile platforms.

Revenue increased 20% to \$205.1 million, reflecting growth in queries from distributed and proprietary toolbars and destination websites. The increase in queries from distributed toolbars is attributable to new partners and growth from existing partners, while the increase from proprietary toolbars and destination websites was driven by increased traffic acquisition efforts and enhancements within our proprietary toolbar business. Revenue was negatively impacted by a decline in revenue per query, as distributed toolbar queries generally monetize at lower rates. CityGrid Media revenue increased primarily due to increased advertising from new resellers and growth from existing resellers.

Operating Income Before Amortization increased 10% to \$29.3 million, primarily due to the higher revenue noted above, partially offset by an increase of \$29.5 million in traffic acquisition costs. The increase in traffic acquisition costs is primarily due to an increase in revenue. As a percentage of revenue, traffic acquisition costs increased over the prior year period due to an increase in the proportion of revenue from distributed toolbars and other arrangements with third parties who direct traffic to our websites, as well as a shift in partner mix to partners carrying higher traffic acquisition costs.

Operating income increased 43% to \$28.9 million, primarily due to the increase in Operating Income Before Amortization described above and a decrease of \$5.9 million in amortization of intangibles resulting from the write-off of certain definite-lived intangible assets at IAC Search & Media during the fourth quarter of 2009.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2010 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2009

Revenue increased 20% to \$601.2 million, driven primarily by the factors described above in the three month discussion.

Operating Income Before Amortization increased 76% to \$92.9 million, primarily due to the higher revenue noted above and decreases of \$24.2 million in selling and marketing expense and \$4.5 million in general and administrative expense, partially offset by an increase of \$77.9 million in traffic acquisition costs. The decrease in selling and marketing expense is primarily due to a decrease of \$14.2 million in advertising and promotional expenditures, as the prior year period included expenditures associated with the NASCAR partnership and an ad campaign to rebrand the UK.Ask.com website, as well as a decrease in compensation and other-employee related costs at CityGrid Media, due in part, to a decrease in average headcount. The decrease in general and administrative expense is primarily due to the prior year period reflecting an increase in litigation related expenses.

Operating income increased 200% to \$91.5 million, primarily due to the increase in Operating Income Before Amortization described above and decreases of \$18.3 million in amortization of

intangibles and \$2.5 million in amortization of non-cash marketing. The decrease in amortization of intangibles is due to the factors described above in the three month discussion.

Match

For the three months ended September 30, 2010 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2009

Revenue increased 31% to \$106.2 million, reflecting strong organic growth at Match.com U.S. and People Media. Revenue in the current year period was further impacted by a combined contribution of \$8.7 million from Singlesnet, acquired March 2, 2010, and Match's venture with Meetic in Latin America, formed March 10, 2010. Revenue in the prior year period was negatively impacted by the write-off of \$3.6 million of deferred revenue associated with the People Media acquisition. Excluding the impact of the aforementioned items, revenue grew 15%.

Operating Income Before Amortization increased 47% to \$39.4 million, growing at a faster rate than revenue primarily due to the write-off in the prior year period of \$3.6 million of deferred revenue described above, and lower selling and marketing expense and general administrative expense as a percentage of revenue.

Operating income increased 60% to \$38.1 million, due to the increase in Operating Income Before Amortization described above and a decrease of \$1.7 million in amortization of intangibles.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2010 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2009

Revenue increased 13% to \$292.4 million, driven primarily by the factors described above in the three month discussion. Further impacting revenue is the contribution of \$29.6 million from People Media, acquired July 13, 2009, partially offset by a decline in international revenue due to the sale of Match Europe to Meetic on June 5, 2009. Excluding the results of People Media from both the current and prior period, Match Europe from the prior period and Singlesnet and the Latin America venture from the current period, revenue grew 8%.

Operating Income Before Amortization increased 28% to \$83.3 million primarily due to the increase in revenue noted above, partially offset by increases of \$7.8 million in selling and marketing expense, \$5.4 million in cost of revenue and \$2.5 million in product development expense. The increases in these expenses reflect the acquisitions of People Media and Singlesnet and the formation of the Latin America venture, partially offset by the sale of Match Europe. The increase in selling and marketing expense is further impacted by an increase in advertising and promotional expenditures due, in part, to a new advertising agreement entered into during the second quarter of 2010.

Operating income increased 25% to \$77.3 million, primarily due to the increase in Operating Income Before Amortization described above, partially offset by an increase of \$3.0 million in amortization of intangibles, relating primarily to the acquisition of Singlesnet and the formation of the Latin America venture.

ServiceMagic

For the three months ended September 30, 2010 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2009

Revenue increased 10% to \$48.4 million, benefiting from a 3% increase in service requests and a 10% increase in accepted service requests domestically and from the growth at ServiceMagic International, partially offset by lower average lead acceptance fees. The increase in service requests was driven primarily by increased online marketing efforts. The increase in accepted service requests

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was driven, in part, by a 28% increase in service providers. A service request can be transmitted to and accepted by more than one service provider.

Operating Income Before Amortization decreased 33% to \$6.7 million, despite the increase in revenue described above, primarily due to increases of \$4.8 million in selling and marketing expense and \$2.7 million in general and administrative expense. The increase in selling and marketing expense is primarily driven by an increase of \$2.8 million in advertising and promotional expenditures related principally to online marketing. Also contributing to the increase in selling and marketing expense is an increase in compensation and other employee-related costs, due in part, to the continued expansion of its sales force. The increase in general and administrative expense is primarily due to an increase in compensation and other employee-related costs driven by growth in headcount related to ServiceMagic International.

Operating income increased 44% to \$6.2 million, despite the decrease in Operating Income Before Amortization described above due to a decrease of \$5.0 million in amortization of non-cash marketing.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2010 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2009

Revenue increased 19% to \$140.1 million, driven primarily by the factors described above in the three month discussion.

Operating Income Before Amortization decreased 19% to \$15.7 million despite the increase in revenue described above primarily due to increases of \$20.1 million in selling and marketing expense and \$4.4 million in general and administrative expense. The increases in both selling and marketing expense and general administrative expense are primarily due to the factors described above in the three month discussion. Operating Income Before Amortization reflects the reversal in 2010 of a \$2.5 million provision for contingent consideration related to the 2009 acquisition of Market Hardware, which will not be earned.

Operating income increased 20% to \$14.3 million, despite the decrease in Operating Income Before Amortization described above primarily due to decreases of \$5.0 million in non-cash marketing and \$1.0 million in amortization of intangibles.

Media & Other

For the three months ended September 30, 2010 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2009

Revenue increased 44% to \$62.7 million primarily reflecting the contribution from Notional and Electus, which had no revenue in the prior year period, and strong growth at Pronto, Gifts.com and CollegeHumor.

Operating Income Before Amortization loss decreased by \$4.1 million to a loss of \$3.6 million. Losses decreased due primarily to the increase in revenue described above.

Operating loss decreased by \$3.7 million to \$4.6 million primarily due to the decreased Operating Income Before Amortization loss described above and a decrease of \$0.2 million in amortization of intangibles, partially offset by an increase of \$0.6 million in non-cash compensation expense.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2010 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2009

Revenue increased 33% to \$178.2 million, driven primarily by the factors described above in the three month discussion. Also impacting revenue is the inclusion in the current year period of revenue

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associated with profit participations related to our interests in Reveille, partially offset by revenue in the prior year period associated with ReserveAmerica before its sale on January 31, 2009.

Operating Income Before Amortization loss decreased by \$14.4 million to a loss of \$13.7 million. Losses decreased due primarily to \$9.8 million in cost savings related to certain businesses that have been sold or shutdown, profitability at Gifts.com and \$3.1 million in profit participations related to our interests in Reveille noted above, partially offset by Electus, which commenced operations during the prior year period, and increased operating expenses associated with The Daily Beast.

Operating loss decreased by \$13.6 million to \$17.7 million primarily due to the decreased Operating Income Before Amortization loss described above, and the impact in 2009 of a \$1.1 million goodwill impairment charge related to our gift card business, partially offset by increases in 2010 in non-cash compensation expense and amortization of intangibles of \$1.5 million and \$0.4 million, respectively.

Corporate

For the three months ended September 30, 2010 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2009

Operating Income Before Amortization loss decreased by \$0.6 million to a loss of \$16.1 million primarily due to lower professional fees and depreciation.

Operating loss decreased \$0.3 million to \$32.7 million primarily due to the decreased Operating Income Before Amortization loss described above, partially offset by an increase of \$0.3 million in non-cash compensation expense.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2010 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2009

Operating Income Before Amortization loss decreased by \$4.4 million to a loss of \$43.5 million primarily due to the factors described above in the three month discussion.

Operating loss increased \$7.0 million to \$102.3 million despite the decrease in Operating Income Before Amortization loss due to an increase of \$11.4 million in non-cash compensation expense. The increase in non-cash compensation is primarily due to the expense related to equity grants issued subsequent to the third quarter of 2009 and the favorable impact of forfeited awards in the prior year.

FINANCIAL POSITION, LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

As of September 30, 2010, the Company had \$902.2 million of cash and cash equivalents, \$471.2 million of marketable securities and \$95.8 million in long-term debt. Long-term debt consists of \$80.0 million in Liberty Bonds due September 1, 2035 and \$15.8 million in 7% Senior Notes due January 15, 2013.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, the Company purchased 23.1 million and 20.9 million shares of IAC common stock for aggregate consideration, on a trade date basis, of \$530.9 million and \$336.5 million, respectively. On February 26, 2010, the Company's Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to 20 million shares of IAC common stock. At October 22, 2010, IAC had approximately 7.2 million shares remaining in its share repurchase authorization. IAC may purchase shares over an indefinite period of time, depending on those factors IAC management deems relevant at any particular time, including, without limitation, market conditions, share price and future outlook.

Net cash provided by operating activities attributable to continuing operations was \$205.6 million and \$146.3 million in 2010 and 2009, respectively. The increase of \$59.3 million in net cash provided by operating activities attributable to continuing operations is primarily due to the payment of the 2009 discretionary cash bonuses in 2010, whereas the 2008 discretionary cash bonuses were paid in the fourth quarter of 2008, and lower net income tax refunds in 2010.

Net cash used in investing activities attributable to continuing operations in 2010 of \$30.3 million includes capital expenditures of \$34.0 million and acquisitions, net of cash acquired, of \$17.3 million, partially offset by the dividend received from Meetic of \$11.4 million, net proceeds of \$6.1 million related to purchases, sales and maturities of marketable debt securities, and proceeds of \$5.3 million from the sale of the Company's remaining shares of OpenTable. Net cash used in investing activities attributable to continuing operations in 2009 of \$291.3 million includes net purchases of \$217.3 million related to purchases, sales and maturities of marketable debt securities, acquisitions, net of cash acquired, of \$85.5 million and capital expenditures of \$28.9 million, partially offset by the proceeds of \$58.1 million from the sales of long-term investments, primarily the sale of 1.8 million common shares of OpenTable.

Net cash used in financing activities attributable to continuing operations in 2010 of \$518.0 million includes the purchase of treasury stock of \$537.8 million, partially offset by proceeds related to the issuance of common stock, net of withholding taxes, of \$13.3 million and the excess tax benefits from stock-based awards of \$6.6 million. Net cash used in financing activities attributable to continuing operations in 2009 of \$199.0 million includes the purchase of treasury stock of \$336.5 million and the settlement of vested stock-based awards denominated in a subsidiary's equity of \$14.0 million, partially offset by the proceeds related to the issuance of common stock, net of withholding taxes, of \$150.0 million. Included in the proceeds related to the issuance of common stock are aggregate proceeds of \$150.9 million from the exercise of warrants to acquire 11.5 million shares of IAC common stock that were due to expire on February 4, 2009. The strike price of the warrants was \$13.09 per share.

IAC anticipates that it will need to make capital and other expenditures in connection with the development and expansion of its operations. The Company may make a number of acquisitions which could result in the reduction of its cash and/or marketable securities balance or the incurrence of debt. IAC expects that 2010 capital expenditures will be higher than 2009. IAC believes that its cash on hand along with its anticipated operating cash flows in 2010 and its access to capital markets are sufficient to fund its operating needs, capital, investing and other commitments and contingencies for the foreseeable future.

CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS AND COMMERCIAL COMMITMENTS

| Contractual Obligations(a) | Total | Payments Due by Period | | | More Than 5 Years |
|------------------------------------|------------|------------------------|-----------|-----------|----------------------|
| | | Less Than 1 Year | 1-3 Years | 3-5 Years | |
| (In thousands) | | | | | |
| Long-term obligations(b) | \$ 198,617 | \$ 5,109 | \$ 25,508 | \$ 8,000 | \$ 160,000 |
| Purchase obligations(c) | 72,179 | 15,988 | 31,881 | 24,310 | |
| Operating leases | 294,536 | 20,889 | 37,678 | 25,910 | 210,059 |
| Total contractual cash obligations | \$ 565,332 | \$ 41,986 | \$ 95,067 | \$ 58,220 | \$ 370,059 |

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- (a) At September 30, 2010, the Company has recorded \$479.6 million of unrecognized tax benefits which includes accrued interest of \$90.4 million. This amount includes \$300.7 million for unrecognized tax benefits and related interest that could result in future net cash payments to taxing authorities. The Company cannot make a reasonably reliable estimate of the expected period of cash settlement of these items.
- (b) Represents contractual amounts due, including interest.
- (c) The purchase obligations primarily include advertising commitments, which commitments are reducible or terminable such that these commitments can never exceed associated revenue by a meaningful amount. Purchase obligations also include minimum payments due under telecommunication contracts related to data transmission lines.

IAC'S PRINCIPLES OF FINANCIAL REPORTING

IAC reports Operating Income Before Amortization as a supplemental measure to generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). This measure is one of the primary metrics by which we evaluate the performance of our businesses, on which our internal budgets are based and by which management is compensated. We believe that investors should have access to, and we are obligated to provide, the same set of tools that we use in analyzing our results. This non-GAAP measure should be considered in addition to results prepared in accordance with GAAP, but should not be considered a substitute for or superior to GAAP results. IAC endeavors to compensate for the limitations of the non-GAAP measure presented by providing the comparable GAAP measure with equal or greater prominence, financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP, and descriptions of the reconciling items, including quantifying such items, to derive the non-GAAP measure. We encourage investors to examine the reconciling adjustments between the GAAP and non-GAAP measure which we discuss below.

Definition of IAC's Non-GAAP Measure

Operating Income Before Amortization is defined as operating income excluding, if applicable: (1) non-cash compensation expense, (2) amortization of non-cash marketing, (3) amortization and impairment of intangibles, (4) goodwill impairment, (5) pro forma adjustments for significant acquisitions, and (6) one-time items. We believe this measure is useful to investors because it represents the consolidated operating results from IAC's segments, taking into account depreciation, which we believe is an ongoing cost of doing business, but excluding the effects of any other non-cash expenses. Operating Income Before Amortization has certain limitations in that it does not take into account the impact to IAC's statement of operations of certain expenses, including non-cash compensation, non-cash marketing, and acquisition-related accounting.

Pro Forma Results

We will only present Operating Income Before Amortization on a pro forma basis if we view a particular transaction as significant in size or transformational in nature. For the periods presented in this report, there are no transactions that we have included on a pro forma basis.

One-Time Items

Operating Income Before Amortization is presented before one-time items, if applicable. These items are truly one-time in nature and non-recurring, infrequent or unusual, and have not occurred in the past two years or are not expected to recur in the next two years, in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Commission rules. For the periods presented in this report, there are no one-time items.

Non-Cash Expenses That Are Excluded From IAC's Non-GAAP Measure

Non-cash compensation expense consists principally of expense associated with the grants, including invested grants assumed in acquisitions, of stock options, restricted stock units and restricted stock. These expenses are not paid in cash, and we include the related shares in our fully diluted shares outstanding which, for stock options and restricted stock units, are included on a treasury method basis. Upon the exercise of certain stock options and vesting of restricted stock units and restricted stock, the awards are settled, at the Company's discretion, on a net basis, with the Company remitting the required tax withholding amount from its current funds.

Amortization of non-cash marketing consists of non-cash advertising credits secured from Universal Television as part of the transaction pursuant to which VUE was created, and the subsequent transaction by which IAC sold its partnership interests in VUE (collectively referred to as "NBC Universal Advertising"). The NBC Universal Advertising was available for television advertising on

various NBC Universal network and cable channels without any cash cost. There are no NBC Universal Advertising credits available as all credits were used prior to December 31, 2009.

The NBC Universal Advertising is excluded from Operating Income Before Amortization because it is non-cash and generally is incremental to the advertising the Company otherwise secures as a result of its ordinary cost/benefit marketing planning process. Accordingly, the Company's aggregate level of advertising, and the increased concentration of that advertising on NBC Universal network and cable channels, does not reflect what our advertising effort would otherwise be without these credits. As a result, management believes that treating the NBC Universal Advertising as an expense does not appropriately reflect its true cost/benefit relationship, nor does it best reflect the Company's long-term level of advertising expenditures. Nonetheless, while the benefits directly attributable to television advertising are always difficult to determine, and especially so with respect to the NBC Universal Advertising due to its incrementality and heavy concentration, it is likely that the Company does derive benefits from it, though management believes such benefits are generally less than those received through its regular advertising for the reasons stated above. Operating Income Before Amortization therefore has the limitation of including those benefits while excluding the associated expense.

Amortization of intangibles (including impairment of intangibles, if applicable) is a non-cash expense relating primarily to acquisitions. At the time of an acquisition, the intangible assets of the acquired company, such as technology and supplier agreements, are valued and amortized over their estimated lives. Value is also assigned to acquired indefinite-lived intangible assets, which comprise trade names and trademarks, which are not subject to amortization. An impairment is recorded when the carrying value of an intangible asset exceeds its fair value. While it is likely that we will have intangible amortization expense as we continue to acquire companies, we believe that intangible assets represent costs incurred by the acquired company to build value prior to acquisition and the related amortization is not an ongoing cost of doing business.

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME BEFORE AMORTIZATION

For a reconciliation of Operating Income Before Amortization to operating income (loss) by business and to net earnings attributable to IAC shareholders in total for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, see Note 9 to the consolidated financial statements.

Item 3. *Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk*

Interest Rate Risk

The Company's exposure to market rate risk for changes in interest rates relates primarily to the Company's investment portfolio and long-term debt.

Investment Portfolio

The Company invests its excess cash in certain cash equivalents and marketable debt securities, which consist primarily of money market instruments and short-to-intermediate-term debt securities issued by the U.S. government, U.S. governmental agencies, states of the U.S. and subdivisions thereof and investment grade corporate issuers. The Company employs a methodology that considers available evidence in evaluating potential impairment of its investments. Investments are considered to be impaired when a decline in fair value below the amortized cost basis is determined to be other-than-temporary. If a decline in fair value is determined to be other-than-temporary, an impairment charge is recorded and a new cost basis in the investment is established.

Based on the Company's total investment in marketable debt securities as of September 30, 2010, a 100 basis point increase or decrease in the level of interest rates would, respectively, decrease or increase the fair value of the debt investment securities by \$3.1 million. Such potential increase or decrease in fair value is based on certain simplifying assumptions, including a constant level and rate of debt securities and an immediate across-the-board increase or decrease in the level of interest rates with no other subsequent changes for the remainder of the period. Conversely, since almost all of the Company's cash and cash equivalents balance of approximately \$902.2 million is invested in short-term fixed or variable rate money market instruments, the Company would also earn more (less) interest income due to such an increase (decrease) in interest rates.

Long-term Debt

At September 30, 2010, the Company's outstanding debt approximated \$95.8 million, all of which pays interest at fixed rates. If market rates decline, the Company runs the risk that the related required payments on the fixed rate debt will exceed those based on market rates. A 100 basis point increase or decrease in the level of interest rates would, respectively, decrease or increase the fair value of the fixed-rate debt by \$11.2 million. Such potential increase or decrease in fair value is based on certain simplifying assumptions, including a constant level and rate of fixed-rate debt for all maturities and an immediate across-the-board increase or decrease in the level of interest rates with no other subsequent changes for the remainder of the period.

Equity Price Risk

At September 30, 2010, the Company has two investments in equity securities of publicly traded companies. One of these investments is the Company's investment in Meetic which is accounted for using the equity method. The other investment is an available-for-sale marketable equity security. Both investments are included in "Long-term investments" in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet. The available-for-sale marketable equity security is reported at fair value based on its quoted market price with any unrealized gain or loss, net of tax, included as a component of "Accumulated other comprehensive income" in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet. Investments in equity securities of publicly traded companies are exposed to significant fluctuations in fair value due to the volatility of the stock market, among other factors. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2010, the Company did not record any other-than-temporary impairment charges related to its available-for-sale marketable equity security. It is not customary for the Company to make significant investments in equity securities as part of its marketable securities investment strategy.

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On June 5, 2009, in exchange for Match Europe, IAC received approximately 6.1 million shares of common stock (a 27% stake) in Meetic, an online dating company based in France. Meetic shares are listed on the Euronext stock exchange (EPA: MEET) and as a result, IAC is exposed to changes in Meetic's stock price. The investment in Meetic is accounted for using the equity method and the Company records its share of the results of Meetic and related amortization of intangibles on a one-quarter lag within "Equity in losses of unconsolidated affiliates" in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations. The carrying value of the Meetic investment is \$116.5 million at September 30, 2010. This value is lower than the carrying value of \$156.5 million at December 31, 2009, due primarily to the impact of foreign currency exchange rates and a dividend of \$11.4 million. The fair value of the Meetic investment, based on its quoted market price, was \$190.8 million at September 30, 2010.

Foreign Currency Exchange Risk

The Company conducts business in certain foreign markets, primarily in the European Union. The Company's primary exposure to foreign currency risk relates to investments in foreign subsidiaries that transact business in a functional currency other than the U.S. Dollar, primarily the British Pound Sterling and Euro. However, the exposure is mitigated since the Company has generally reinvested profits from international operations in order to grow the businesses. The statements of operations of the Company's international operations are translated into U.S. dollars at the average exchange rates in each applicable period. To the extent the U.S. dollar strengthens against foreign currencies, the translation of these foreign currency denominated transactions results in reduced revenue and operating income. Similarly, the Company's revenue and operating income will increase for our international operations if the U.S. dollar weakens against foreign currencies. The Company is also exposed to foreign currency risk related to its assets and liabilities denominated in a currency other than the functional currency.

The economic impact of currency exchange rate movements on the Company is often linked to variability in real growth, inflation, interest rates, governmental actions and other factors. These changes, if material, could cause the Company to adjust its financing and operating strategies. Foreign exchange gains and losses were not material to the Company's earnings in 2010 and 2009. As currency exchange rates change, translation of the income statements of the Company's international businesses into U.S. dollars affects year-over-year comparability of operating results. Historically, the Company has not hedged foreign currency translation risks because cash flows from international operations were generally reinvested locally. However, the Company periodically reviews its strategy for hedging foreign currency translation risks. The Company's objective in managing its foreign currency risk is to minimize its potential exposure to the changes that exchange rates might have on its earnings, cash flows and financial position.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

The Company monitors and evaluates on an ongoing basis its disclosure controls and internal control over financial reporting in order to improve its overall effectiveness. In the course of these evaluations, the Company modifies and refines its internal processes as conditions warrant.

As required by Rule 13a-15(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined by Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act). Based upon that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that as of the end of the period covered by this report, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective in providing reasonable assurance that information we are required to disclose in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Commission's rules and Forms, and include controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive and principal financial officers, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

As required by Rule 13a-15(d) of the Exchange Act, the Company, under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, also evaluated whether any changes occurred to the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the period covered by this report that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, such control. Based on that evaluation, the Company concluded that there has been no such change during the period covered by this report.

**PART II
OTHER INFORMATION**

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Information

This quarterly report on Form 10-Q contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. The use of words such as "anticipates," "estimates," "expects," "intends," "plans" and "believes," among others, generally identify forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements include, among others, statements relating to: IAC's future financial performance, IAC's business prospects and strategy, anticipated trends and prospects in the industries in which IAC's businesses operate and other similar matters. These forward-looking statements are based on management's current expectations and assumptions about future events, which are inherently subject to uncertainties, risks and changes in circumstances that are difficult to predict.

Actual results could differ materially from those contained in these forward-looking statements for a variety of reasons, including, among others: changes in senior management at IAC and/or its businesses, changes in our relationship with Google, adverse changes in economic conditions, either generally or in any of the markets or industries in which IAC's businesses operate, adverse trends in the online advertising industry or the advertising industry generally, our ability to convert visitors to our various websites into users and customers, our ability to offer new or alternative products and services in a cost-effective manner and consumer acceptance of these products and services, changes in industry standards and technology, actual tax liabilities that differ materially from our estimates, operational and financial risks relating to acquisitions, our ability to expand successfully into international markets and regulatory changes. Certain of these and other risks and uncertainties are discussed in IAC's filings with the SEC, including in Part II "Item 1A. Risk Factors" of our quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2010. Other unknown or unpredictable factors that could also adversely affect IAC's business, financial condition and results of operations may arise from time to time. In light of these risks and uncertainties, the forward-looking statements discussed in this report may not prove to be accurate. Accordingly, you should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which only reflect the views of IAC management as of the date of this report. IAC does not undertake to update these forward-looking statements.

Risk Factors

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the risk factors discussed in Part II "Item 1A. Risk Factors" of our quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2010, which could materially affect our business, financial condition or future results. The risks described in this report are not the only risks we face. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and/or operating results.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds**Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities**

The following table sets forth purchases by the Company of its common stock during the quarter ended September 30, 2010:

| Period | (a) Total Number of Shares Purchased | (b) Average Price Paid Per Share(1) | (c) Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs(2) | (d) Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under Publicly Announced Plans or Programs(3) |
|----------------|---|--|--|---|
| July 2010 | 1,140,200 | \$ 22.41 | 1,140,200 | 12,055,057 |
| August 2010 | 3,149,522 | \$ 24.54 | 3,149,522 | 8,905,535 |
| September 2010 | 1,704,538 | \$ 26.14 | 1,704,538 | 7,200,997 |
| Total | 5,994,260 | \$ 24.59 | 5,994,260 | 7,200,997 |

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- (1) Reflects the weighted average price paid per share of IAC common stock.
- (2) Reflects repurchases made pursuant to the repurchase authorization previously announced in February 2010.
- (3) Represents the total number of shares of common stock that remained available for repurchase pursuant to the February 2010 repurchase authorization.

At October 22, 2010, IAC had approximately 7.2 million shares remaining under the February 2010 share repurchase authorization. IAC may purchase shares pursuant to this repurchase authorization over an indefinite period of time, depending on those factors IAC management deems relevant at any particular time, including, without limitation, market conditions, share price and future outlook.

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Item 6. Exhibits

| Exhibit Number | Description | Location |
|----------------|---|---|
| 3.1 | Restated Certificate of Incorporation of IAC/InterActiveCorp. | Exhibit 3.1 to the Registrant's Registration Statement on Form 8-A/A, filed on August 12, 2005. |
| 3.2 | Certificate of Amendment of the Restated Certificate of Incorporation of IAC/InterActiveCorp. | Exhibit 3.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on August 22, 2008. |
| 3.3 | Amended and Restated By-Laws of IAC/InterActiveCorp. | Exhibit 3.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on July 2, 2008. |
| 31.1 | Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.(1) | |
| 31.2 | Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) or Rule 15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.(1) | |
| 32.1 | Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.(2) | |
| 32.2 | Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.(2) | |
| 101.INS | XBRL Instance(3) | |
| 101.SCH | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema(3) | |
| 101.CAL | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation(3) | |
| 101.DEF | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition(3) | |
| 101.LAB | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels(3) | |
| 101.PRE | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation(3) | |

(1) Filed herewith.

(2) Furnished herewith.

(3) Pursuant to applicable securities laws and regulations, the Company is deemed to have complied with the reporting obligation relating to the submission of interactive data files in such exhibits and is not subject to liability under any anti-fraud provisions or other liability provisions of the federal securities laws as long as the Company has made a good faith attempt to comply with the submission requirements and promptly amends the interactive data files after becoming aware that the interactive data files fail to comply with the submission requirements. In addition, users of this data are advised that, pursuant to Rule 406T of Regulation S-T, these interactive data files are deemed not filed or part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of Sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933 or Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and otherwise are not subject to liability under these sections.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Dated: October 29, 2010

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP

By: /s/ THOMAS J. MCINERNEY

*Thomas J. McInerney
Executive Vice President and
Chief Financial Officer*

| Signature | Title | Date |
|---|---|------------------|
| <u> /s/ THOMAS J. MCINERNEY </u> Thomas J. McInerney | Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer | October 29, 2010 |

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IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

IAC/INTERACTIVECORP AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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